

I. SILBERSTEIN & S. FRIEND.

Cloaks.

No. 148,515.

Patented March 10, 1874.

Fig. 1.

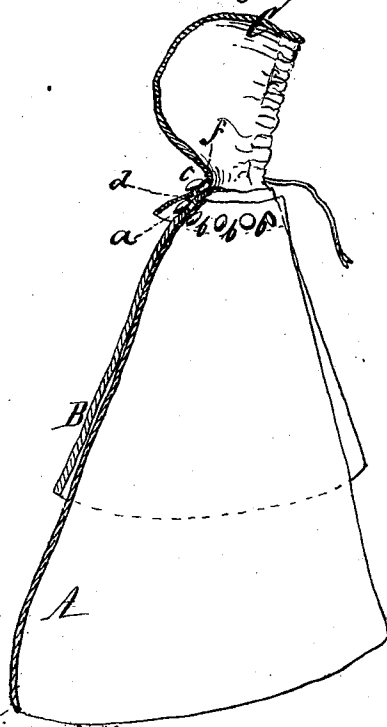


Fig. 2.

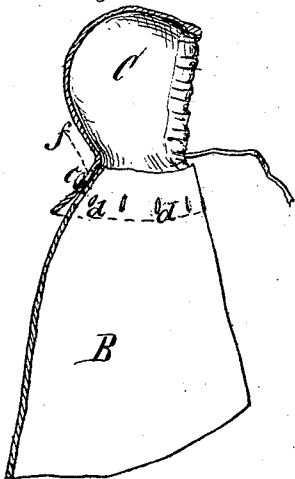
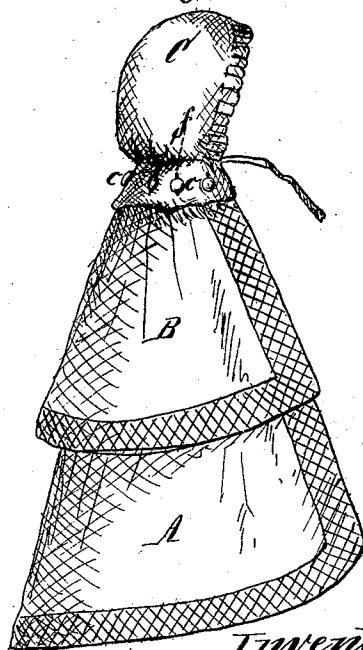


Fig. 3.



Witnesses:  
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# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ISAAC SILBERSTEIN AND SIGMUND FRIEND, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

## IMPROVEMENT IN CLOAKS.

Specification forming part of Letters Patent No. **148,515**, dated March 10, 1874; application filed June 25, 1873.

*To all whom it may concern:*

Be it known that we, ISAAC SILBERSTEIN and SIGMUND FRIEND, both of the city, county, and State of New York, have invented a new and useful Improvement in Cloaks; and we do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description thereof, which will enable those skilled in the art to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawing forming part of this specification, in which drawing—

Figure 1 represents a vertical section of our invention, when all its parts are connected. Fig. 2 is a similar section of the same, when the inner part or mantle has been taken off. Fig. 3 is a side view of the same when complete.

Similar letters indicate corresponding parts.

This invention consists in a cloak, which is composed of three parts, viz., the inner part or mantle, the cape, and the cap or hood; and these parts are provided with button-holes and buttons, or other suitable fastenings, in such a manner that the cap can be attached to the cape or to the mantle, and the garment can be worn either as the cape alone, or as the mantle alone, or the cap can be worn detached, or all parts can be connected and worn together.

In the drawing, the letter A designates the inner part or mantle of our cloak. B is the cape, and C the cap.

The mantle is provided near its upper edge or neck-band with two sets of buttons, *a b*, one inside and the other outside. The cape B is provided with one set of buttons, *c*, and with button-holes *d* beneath them, (see Fig. 2,) and the cap C is provided with a cape, *e*, in which are button-holes *f*. The button-holes *f* in the

cap correspond in number and position to the buttons *c* on the cape B, and also to the inner buttons *b* on the mantle A, so that the cap can be attached either to the cape B or to the mantle A, and either of these parts can be worn with the cap independent of the other part. The button-holes *d* in the cape B correspond in number and position to the outer buttons *a* on the mantle A, and if the cape is fastened to the mantle, the cap can either be buttoned or fastened to the buttons *c* of the cape, or to the inner buttons *b* of the mantle.

It is obvious that instead of buttons and button-holes, other fastenings might be employed, such as hooks and eyes, but we prefer to use buttons and button-holes since such allow of connecting and disconnecting the parts with the greatest convenience.

The advantage of our garment is that it can be readily adapted to the state of the weather or to the temperature. In cold weather the mantle, cape, and cap are connected, and the whole is worn together in the usual manner. In moderate weather the mantle and cap alone, or the cape and the cap alone, can be used, and in hot weather the cap can be worn separate.

What we claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

The cloak consisting of the mantle A, having the inside and outside buttons *a b*, cape B having button *c*, and button-holes *d*, and cap C, having the button-holes *f*, all constructed and arranged for attachment and detachment, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

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