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(54) Inhibitors of histone deacetylase

(57) This invention relates to five specific N-hydroxybenzamide compounds for the inhibition of histone deacetylase: N-hydroxy-4-(5-(p-tolyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide; N-hydroxy-4-(5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide; N-hydroxy-4-(5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide; 4-(benzo[b]thieno[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-10-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide; and 4-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide.

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Description

Cross Reference to Related Applications

[0001] This application claims the benefit of U.S. provisional application 60/884,287, filed January 10, 2007, and U.S. provisional application 60/863,347, filed October 28, 2006.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

[0002] This invention relates to compounds for the inhibition of histone deacetylase.

Description of Related Art

[0003] In eukaryotic cells, nuclear DNA associates with histones to form a compact complex called chromatin. The histones constitute a family of basic proteins which are generally highly conserved across eukaryotic species. The core histones, termed H2A, H2B, H3, and H4, associate to form a protein core. DNA winds around this protein core, with the basic amino acids of the histones interacting with the negatively charged phosphate groups of the DNA. Approximately 146 base pairs of DNA wrap around a histone core to make up a nucleosome particle, the repeating structural motif of chromatin.

[0004] Csordas, Biochem. J., 286: 23-38 (1990) teaches that histones are subject to posttranslational acetylation of the *N*-terminal lysine residues, a reaction that is catalyzed by histone acetyl transferase (HAT1). Acetylation neutralizes the positive charge of the lysine side chain, and is thought to impact chromatin structure. Indeed, Taunton et al., Science, 272: 408-411 (1996), teaches that access of transcription factors to chromatin templates is enhanced by histone hyperacetylation. Taunton *et al.* further teaches that an enrichment in underacetylated histone H4 has been found in transcriptionally silent regions of the genome.

[0005] Histone acetylation is a reversible modification, with deacetylation being catalyzed by a family of enzymes termed histone deacetylases (HDACs). The molecular cloning of gene sequences encoding proteins with HDAC activity has established the existence of a set of discrete HDAC enzyme isoforms. Grozinger et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 96:4868-4873 (1999), teaches that HDACs may be divided into two classes, the first represented by yeast Rpd3-like proteins, and the second represented by yeast Hd1-like proteins. Grozinger *et al.* also teaches that the human HDAC-1, HDAC-2, and HDAC-3 proteins are members of the first class of HDACs, and discloses new proteins, named HDAC-4, HDAC-5, and HDAC-6, which are members of the second class of HDACs. Kao et al., Gene & Development 14:55-66 (2000), discloses an additional member of this second class, called HDAC-7. More recently, Hu, E. et al. J. Bio. Chem. 275:15254-13264 (2000) disclosed another member of the first class of histone deacetylases, HDAC-8. Zhou et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A., 98: 10572-10577 (2001) teaches the cloning and characterization of a new histone deacetylase, HDAC-9. Kao et al., J. Biol. Chem., 277:187-93 (2002) teaches the isolation and characterization of mammalian HDAC10, a novel histone deacetylase. Gao et al, J. Biol. Chem. (In press) teaches the cloning and functional characterization of HDAC11, a novel member of the human histone deacetylase family. Shore, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 97: 14030-2 (2000) discloses another class of deacetylase activity, the Sir2 protein family. It has been unclear what roles these individual HDAC enzymes play.

[0006] Studies utilizing known HDAC inhibitors have established a link between acetylation and gene expression. Numerous studies have examined the relationship between HDAC and gene expression. Taunton et al., Science 272:408-411 (1996), discloses a human HDAC that is related to a yeast transcriptional regulator. Cress et al., J. Cell. Phys. 184:1-16 (2000), discloses that, in the context of human cancer, the role of HDAC is as a corepressor of transcription. Ng et al., TIBS 25: March (2000), discloses HDAC as a pervasive feature of transcriptional repressor systems. Magnaghi-Jaulin et al., Prog. Cell Cycle Res. 4:41-47 (2000), discloses HDAC as a transcriptional co-regulator important for cell cycle progression.

[0007] Richon et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 95: 3003-3007 (1998), discloses that HDAC activity is inhibited by trichostatin A (TSA), a natural product isolated from *Streptomyces hygroscopicus*, which has been shown to inhibit histone deacetylase activity and arrest cell cycle progression in cells in the G1 and G2 phases (Yoshida et al., J. Biol. Chem. 265: 17174-17179, 1990; Yoshida et al., Exp. Cell Res. 177: 122-131, 1988), and by a synthetic compound, suberoylanilide hydroxamic acid (SAHA). Yoshida and Beppu, Exper. Cell Res., 177: 122-131 (1988), teaches that TSA causes arrest of rat fibroblasts at the G_1 and G_2 phases of the cell cycle, implicating HDAC in cell cycle regulation. Indeed, Finnin et al., Nature, 401: 188-193 (1999), teaches that TSA and SAHA inhibit cell growth, induce terminal differentiation, and prevent the formation of tumors in mice. Suzuki et al., U.S. Pat. No. 6,174,905, EP 0847992 and JP 258863/96, disclose benzamide derivatives that induce cell differentiation and inhibit HDAC. Delorme et al., WO 01/38322

and WO 2001/070675, disclose additional compounds that serve as HDAC inhibitors. Other inhibitors of histone deacetylase activity, including trapoxin, depudecin, FR901228 (Fujisawa Pharmaceuticals), and butyrate, have been found to similarly inhibit cell cycle progression in cells (Taunton et al., Science 272: 408-411, 1996; Kijima et al., J. Biol. Chem. 268(30):22429-22435, 1993; Kwon et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 95(7):3356-61, 1998).

[0008] Research in the past decade has uncovered a new classification of inherited neurodegenerative diseases, the polyglutamine (polyQ) expansion diseases. In each, the underlying mutation is an expansion of a CAG trinucleotide repeat that encodes polyQ in the respective disease protein. All are progressive, ultimately fatal disorders that typically begin in adulthood and progress over 10 to 30 years. The clinical features and pattern of neuronal degeneration differ among the diseases, yet increasing evidence suggests that polyQ diseases share important pathogenic features. In particular, abnormal protein conformations promoted by polyQ expansion seem to be central to pathogenesis. This class of PolyQ expansion neurodegenerative disease are Huntington's Disease (HD), Dentatorubralpallidoluysian atrophy (DRPLA), spinal and bulbar muscular atrophy (SBMA), and five spinocerebellar ataxias (SCA1, SCA2, SCA3/MJD (Machado- Joseph Disease), SCA6 and SCA7).

[0009] It is known that certain HDAC inhibitors, for example SAHA, CBHA and pryoxiamide can cross the blood brain barrier at sufficient amounts to significantly inhibit HDAC activity causing the accumulation of acetylated histones in the brain (WO 03/032921). This discovery therefore provides for the use of HDAC inhibitors for inhibiting HDAC in the brain, for the treatment of polyglutamine (polyQ) expansion diseases.

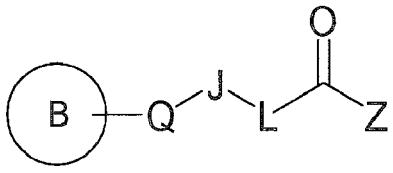
[0010] The art provides data that HDAC inhibitors are promising novel therapeutics for polyglutamine expansion diseases. Other data support a therapeutic benefit of HDAC inhibitors for Huntington's disease. Sadri-Vakili and Cha (Nature Clinical Practice Neurology, 2006, 2(6):330-338), and references cited therein, for example, review the current state of knowledge regarding the status of histones in Huntington's Disease and teach that recent studies have shown a therapeutic role for hisone deacetylase inhibitors in a number of Huntington's Disease models. *In vivo,* HDAC inhibitors arrest ongoing progressive neuronal degeneration induced by polygluatmine repeat expansion, and they reduce lethality in two *Dr osophila* models of polyglutamine disease (Steffan et al., 2001, Nautre 413: 739-743). Similar findings were observed with sodium butyrate and TSA (Zhao et al., 2005, J. Expt. Biol., 208:697-705). Gardian et al. (2005, J. Biol. Chem., 280:556-563) showed that phenylbutyrate is capable of improving survival and attenuating brain atrophy in the N171-82Q transgenic mouse model of Huntington's Disease. In the R6/2 model of Huntington's Disease, sodium butyrate extended survival, improved motor deficits and delayed neuropathological sequelae (Ferrante et al., 2003, J. Neurosci., 23:9418-9427). In that same model, suberoylanilide hydroxamic acid (SAHA) was also active in improving the motor impairment (Hockly, 2003, Proc. Natl. Acad.Sci. USA, 100:2041-0246). Ying et al. (2005, J. Biol. Chem., 281:12580-12586) showed that sodium butyrate improved life span and motor deficits in a mouse model for DRPLA. Bates et al. (2006, The Journal of Neuroscience, 26(10):2830-2838) reported that in *Caenorhabditis elegans* expressing a human huntingtin fragment with an expanded polyglutamine tract (Htn-Q150), knockdown of *C. elegans hda-3* suppressed Htn-Q150 toxicity. Neuronal expression of *hda-3* restored Htn-Q150 toxicity and suggested that C. *elegans* HDAC3 acts within neurons to promote degeneration in response to Htn-Q150.

[0011] These findings suggest that inhibition of HDAC activity represents a novel approach for intervening in cell cycle regulation and that HDAC inhibitors have great therapeutic potential in the treatment of polyglutamine (polyQ) expansion diseases, such as Huntington's Disease. It would be highly desirable to have novel inhibitors of histone deacetylase.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

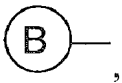
[0012] The present invention provides compounds for the inhibition of histone deacetylase.

[0013] In a first aspect, the present invention provides compounds that are useful as inhibitors of histone deacetylase that have the formula (I) and racemic mixtures, diastereomers and enantiomers thereof and N-oxides, hydrates, solvates, pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs and complexes thereof,



(I)

wherein



Q, J, L and Z are as defined below.

[0014] In a second aspect, the invention provides a composition comprising a compound according to the first aspect and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

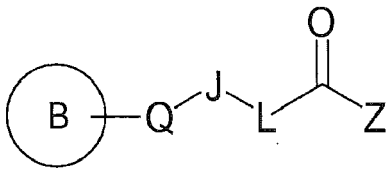
[0015] In a third aspect, the invention provides a method of inhibiting histone deacetylase, the method comprising contacting the histone deacetylase or a cell containing histone deacetylase, with a histone deacetylase inhibiting amount of a compound according to the first aspect or a composition according to second aspect.

[0016] The foregoing merely summarizes various aspects of the invention and is not intended to be limiting in nature. These aspects and other aspects and embodiments are described more fully below. The patent and scientific literature referred to herein establishes knowledge that is available to those with skill in the art. The issued patents, applications, and references that are cited herein are hereby incorporated by reference to the same extent as if each was specifically and individually indicated to be incorporated by reference. In the case of inconsistencies, the present disclosure will prevail.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

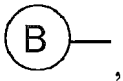
[0017] The present invention provides compounds that are useful as inhibitors of histone deacetylase.

[0018] In one aspect, the invention provides compound of the formula (I)



(I)

and racemic mixtures, diastereomers and enantiomers thereof and N-oxides, hydrates, solvates, pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs and complexes thereof, wherein groups



Q, J, L and Z are as defined herein.

[0019] In the second aspect, the invention provides a composition comprising a compound according to the first aspect or a preferred embodiment thereof and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

[0020] In the third aspect, the invention provides a method of inhibiting histone deacetylase. In one embodiment, the method comprises contacting the histone deacetylase with a histone deacetylase inhibiting amount of a compound according to the first aspect or a preferred embodiment thereof. In a further embodiment of the third aspect, the method comprises contacting the histone deacetylase with a histone deacetylase inhibiting amount of a composition according to the second aspect. In yet another embodiment, the method comprises inhibiting histone deacetylase in a cell comprising contacting the cell with a histone deacetylase inhibiting amount of compound according to the first aspect or a preferred embodiment thereof. In still another embodiment, the method comprises inhibiting histone deacetylase in a cell comprising contacting the cell with a histone deacetylase inhibiting amount of a composition according to the second aspect.

[0021] In a particularly preferred embodiment of the third aspect, compounds according to the first aspect are able to cross the blood brain barrier and inhibit a histone deacetylase in a cell thereacross. In a preferred embodiment, the cell is a cell of the central nervous system, more preferably a brain cell, more preferably a cortical cell.

[0022] In another aspect, the present invention provides a method of inhibiting HDAC in the brain of an individual. The method comprises administering to the individual a HDAC inhibiting amount of a histone deacetylase inhibitor according to the present invention, or a composition thereof.

[0023] In another aspect, the present invention provides a method of treating a polyglutamine (polyQ) expansion disease, comprising administering to an individual in need of treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to the present invention, or a composition thereof.

[0024] In certain preferred embodiments, the disease is selected from the group consisting of Huntington's Disease (HD), Dentatorubralpallidoluysian atrophy (DRPLA), spinal and bulbar muscular atrophy (SBMA), and five spinocerebellar ataxias (SCA1, SCA2, SCA3/MJD (Machado- Joseph Disease), SCA6 and SCA7).

[0025] In a preferred embodiment, the disease is Huntington's Disease.

[0026] In preferred embodiments, the individual is a mammal, preferably a primate, more preferably a human.

[0027] For purposes of the present invention, the following definitions will be used (unless expressly stated otherwise).

[0028] The terms "treating", "treatment", or the like, as used herein covers the treatment of a disease-state in an animal and includes at least one of: (i) preventing the disease-state from occurring, in particular, when such animal is predisposed to the disease-state but has not yet developed symptoms of having it; (ii) inhibiting the disease-state, i.e., partially or completely arresting its development; (iii) relieving the disease-state, i.e., causing regression of symptoms of the disease-state, or ameliorating a symptom of the disease; and (iv) reversal or regression of the disease-state, preferably eliminating or curing of the disease. In a preferred embodiment the terms "treating", "treatment", or the like, covers the treatment of a disease-state in an animal and includes at least one of (ii), (iii) and (iv) above. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention the animal is a mammal, preferably a primate, more preferably a human. As is known in the art, adjustments for systemic versus localized delivery, age, body weight, general health, sex, diet, time of administration, drug interaction and the severity of the condition may be necessary, and will be ascertainable with routine experimentation by one of ordinary skill in the art.

[0029] As used herein, the terms "histone deacetylase" and "HDAC" are intended to refer to any one of a family of enzymes that remove acetyl groups from a protein, such as for example, the ε-amino groups of lysine residues at the *N*-terminus of a histone. Unless otherwise indicated by context, the term "histone" is meant to refer to any histone protein, including H1, H2A, H2B, H3, H4, and H5, from any species. Preferred histone deacetylases include class I and class II enzymes. Other preferred histone deacetylases include class III enzymes. Preferably the histone deacetylase is a human HDAC, including, but not limited to, HDAC-1, HDAC-2, HDAC-3, HDAC-4, HDAC-5, HDAC-6, HDAC-7, HDAC-8, HDAC-9, HDAC-10 and HDAC-11. In some other preferred embodiments, the histone deacetylase is derived from a protozoal or fungal source.

[0030] The terms "histone deacetylase inhibitor" and "inhibitor of histone deacetylase" are intended to mean a compound having a structure as defined herein, which is capable of interacting with a histone deacetylase and inhibiting its enzymatic activity.

[0031] The term "inhibiting histone deacetylase enzymatic activity" is intended to mean reducing the ability of a histone deacetylase to remove an acetyl group from a protein, such as a histone. The concentration of inhibitor which reduces the activity of a histone deacetylase to 50% of that of the uninhibited enzyme is determined as the IC_{50} value. In some preferred embodiments, such reduction of histone deacetylase activity is at least 50%, more preferably at least about 75%, and still more preferably at least about 905. In other preferred embodiments, histone deacetylase activity is reduced by at least 95% and more preferably by at least 99%.

[0032] Preferably, such inhibition is specific, *i.e.,* the histone deacetylase inhibitor reduces the ability of a histone deacetylase to remove an acetyl group from a protein, such as a histone, at a concentration that is lower than the concentration of the inhibitor that is required to produce another, unrelated biological effect. Preferably, the concentration of the inhibitor required for histone deacetylase inhibitory activity is at least 2-fold lower, more preferably at least 5-fold lower, even more preferably at least 10-fold lower, and most preferably at least 20-fold lower than the concentration required to produce an unrelated biological effect.

[0033] For simplicity, chemical moieties are defined and referred to throughout primarily as univalent chemical moieties (e.g., alkyl, aryl, etc.). Nevertheless, such terms are also used to convey corresponding multivalent moieties under the appropriate structural circumstances clear to those skilled in the art. For example, while an "alkyl" moiety generally refers to a monovalent radical (*e.g.* CH_3-CH_2-), in certain circumstances a bivalent linking moiety can be "alkyl," in which case those skilled in the art will understand the alkyl to be a divalent radical (e.g., -CH_2-CH_2-), which is equivalent to the term "alkylene." (Similarly, in circumstances in which a divalent moiety is required and is stated as being "aryl," those skilled in the art will understand that the term "aryl" refers to the corresponding divalent moiety, arylene). All atoms are understood to have their normal number of valences for bond formation (*i.e.,* 4 for carbon, 3 for N, 2 for O, and 2, 4, or 6 for S, depending on the oxidation state of the S). On occasion a moiety may be defined, for example, as $(A)_a$-B-, wherein a is 0 or 1. In such instances, when a is 0 the moiety is B- and when a is 1 the moiety is A-B-.

[0034] For simplicity, reference to a "C_n-C_m" heterocyclyl or "C_n-C_m" heteroaryl means a heterocyclyl or heteroaryl having from "n" to "m" annular atoms, where "n" and "m" are integers. Thus, for example, a C_5-C_6-heterocyclyl is a 5- or 6- membered ring having at least one heteroatom, and includes pyrrolidinyl (C_5) and piperidinyl (C_6); C_6-heteroaryl includes, for example, pyridyl and pyrimidyl.

[0035] The term "hydrocarbyl" refers to a straight, branched, or cyclic alkyl, alkenyl, or alkynyl, each as defined herein. A "C_0" hydrocarbyl is used to refer to a covalent bond. Thus, "C_0-C_3-hydrocarbyl" includes a covalent bond, methyl, ethyl, ethenyl, ethynyl, propyl, propenyl, propynyl, and cyclopropyl.

[0036] The term "alkyl," is intended to mean a straight or branched chain aliphatic group having from 1 to 12 carbon

atoms, preferably 1-8 carbon atoms, and more preferably 1-6 carbon atoms. Other preferred alkyl groups have from 2 to 12 carbon atoms, preferably 2-8 carbon atoms and more preferably 2-6 carbon atoms. Preferred alkyl groups include, without limitation, methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, pentyl, and hexyl. A "Co" alkyl (as in "C_0-C_3-alkyl") is a covalent bond.

[0037] The term "alkenyl" is intended to mean an unsaturated straight or branched chain aliphatic group with one or more carbon-carbon double bonds, having from 2 to 12 carbon atoms, preferably 2-8 carbon atoms, and more preferably 2-6 carbon atoms. Preferred alkenyl groups include, without limitation, ethenyl, propenyl, butenyl, pentenyl, and hexenyl.

[0038] The term "alkynyl" is intended to mean an unsaturated straight or branched chain aliphatic group with one or more carbon-carbon triple bonds, having from 2 to 12 carbon atoms, preferably 2-8 carbon atoms, and more preferably 2-6 carbon atoms. Preferred alkynyl groups include, without limitation, ethynyl, propynyl, butynyl, pentynyl, and hexynyl.

[0039] The terms "alkylene," "alkenylene," or "alkynylene" as used herein are intended to mean an alkyl, alkenyl, or alkynyl, group, respectively, as defined hereinabove, that is positioned between and serves to connect two other chemical groups. Preferred alkylene groups include, without limitation, methylene, ethylene, propylene, and butylene. Preferred alkenylene groups include, without limitation, ethenylene, propenylene, and butenylene. Preferred alkynylene groups include, without limitation, ethynylene, propynylene, and butynylene.

[0040] The term "cycloalkyl" is intended to mean a saturated or unsaturated mono-, bi, tri- or poly-cyclic hydrocarbon group having about 3 to 15 carbons, preferably having 3 to 12 carbons, preferably 3 to 8 carbons, and more preferably 3 to 6 carbons. In certain preferred embodiments, the cycloalkyl group is fused to an aryl, heteroaryl or heterocyclic group. Preferred cycloalkyl groups include, without limitation, cyclopenten-2-enone, cyclopenten-2-enol, cyclohex-2-enone, cyclohex-2-enol, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexenyl, cycloheptyl, and cyclooctyl.

[0041] In certain preferred embodiments, the cycloalkyl group is a bridged cycloalkyl group, preferably a C_5-C_{10} bridged bicyclic group. In certain preferred embodiments, the bridged cycloalkyl group is a C_5 bridged bicyclic group. In certain preferred embodiments, the bridged cycloalkyl group is a C_6 bridged bicyclic group. In certain preferred embodiments, the bridged cycloalkyl group is a C_7 bridged bicyclic group. In certain preferred embodiments, the bridged cycloalkyl group is a C_8 bridged bicyclic group. In certain preferred embodiments, the bridged cycloalkyl group is a C_9 bridged bicyclic. In certain preferred embodiments, the bridged cycloalkyl group has a bridge of 0, 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms. A bridge of 0 carbon atoms is a bond, and equates to a cycloalkyl group fused to another ring structure. In certain preferred embodiments, the bridged cycloalkyl group has a bridge of 0, 1 or 3 carbon atoms. In certain preferred embodiments, the bridged cycloalkyl group has a bridge of 1 or 3 carbon atoms. In certain preferred embodiments, the bridged cycloalkyl group has a bridge of 1 carbon atom. In certain preferred embodiments, the bridged cycloalkyl group has a bridge of 2 carbon atoms. In certain preferred embodiments, the bridged cycloalkyl group has a bridge of 3 carbon atoms. If a bridged cycloalkyl group is described as "optionally substituted", it is intended to be optionally substituted on any position, including the bridge. The bridged cycloalkyl group is not limited to any particular stereochemistry.

[0042] The term "heteroalkyl" is intended to mean a saturated or unsaturated, straight or branched chain aliphatic group, wherein one or more carbon atoms in the chain are independently replaced by a heteroatom selected from the group consisting of O, $S(O)_{0-2}$, N and $N(R^{33})$.

[0043] The term "aryl" is intended to mean a mono-, bi-, tri- or polycyclic C_6-C_{14} aromatic moiety, preferably comprising one to three aromatic rings. Preferably, the aryl group is a C_6-C_{10} aryl group, more preferably a C_6 aryl group. Preferred aryl groups include, without limitation, phenyl, naphthyl, anthracenyl, and fluorenyl.

[0044] The terms "aralkyl" or "arylalkyl" is intended to mean a group comprising an aryl group covalently linked to an alkyl group. If an aralkyl group is described as "optionally substituted", it is intended that either or both of the aryl and alkyl moieties may independently be optionally substituted or unsubstituted. Preferably, the aralkyl group is (C_1-C_6)alk(C_6-C_{10})aryl, including, without limitation, benzyl, phenethyl, and naphthylmethyl. For simplicity, when written as "arylalkyl" this term, and terms related thereto, is intended to indicate the order of groups in a compound as "aryl - alkyl". Similarly, "alkyl-aryl" is intended to indicate the order of the groups in a compound as "alkyl-aryl".

[0045] The terms "heterocyclyl", "heterocyclic" or "heterocycle" are intended to mean a group which is a mono-, bi-, or polycyclic structure having from about 3 to about 14 atoms, wherein one or more atoms are independently selected from the group consisting of N, O, and S. The ring structure may be saturated, unsaturated or partially unsaturated. In certain preferred embodiments, the heterocyclic group is non-aromatic. In a bicyclic or polycyclic structure, one or more rings may be aromatic; for example one ring of a bicyclic heterocycle or one or two rings of a tricyclic heterocycle may be aromatic, as in indan and 9,10-dihydro anthracene. Preferred heterocyclic groups include, without limitation, epoxy, aziridinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, thiazolidinyl, oxazolidinyl, oxazolidinonyl, and morpholino. In certain preferred embodiments, the heterocyclic group is fused to an aryl, heteroaryl, or cycloalkyl group. Examples of such fused heterocycles include, without limitation, tetrahydroquinoline and dihydrobenzofuran. Specifically excluded from the scope of this term are compounds where an annular O or S atom is adjacent to another O or S atom.

[0046] In certain preferred embodiments, the heterocyclic group is a bridged heterocyclic group, preferably a C_6-C_{10} bridged bicyclic group, wherein one or more carbon atoms are independently replaced by a heteroatom selected from

the group consisting of N, O and S. In certain preferred embodiments, the bridged heterocyclic group is a C_6 bridged bicyclic group. In certain preferred embodiments, the bridged heterocyclic group is a C_7 bridged bicyclic group. In certain preferred embodiments, the bridged heterocyclic group is a C_8 bridged bicyclic group. In certain preferred embodiments, the bridged heterocyclic group is a C_9 bridged bicyclic. In certain preferred embodiments, the bridged heterocyclic group has a bridge of 0, 1, 2 or 3 carbon atoms. In certain preferred embodiments, the bridged heterocyclic group has a bridge of 0, 1 or 3 carbon atoms. A bridge of 0 carbon atoms is a bond, and equates to a heterocyclic group fused to another ring structure. In certain preferred embodiments, the bridged heterocyclic group has a bridge of 1 or 3 carbon atoms. In certain preferred embodiments, the bridged heterocyclic group has a bridge of 1 carbon atom. In certain preferred embodiments, the bridged heterocyclic group has a bridge of 2 carbon atoms. In certain preferred embodiments, the bridged heterocyclic group has a bridge of 3 carbon atoms. If a bridged heterocyclic group is described as "optionally substituted", it is intended to be optionally substituted on any position, including the bridge. The bridged heterocyclic group is not limited to any particular stereochemistry.

[0047] In certain preferred embodiments, the heterocyclic group is a heteroaryl group. As used herein, the term "heteroaryl" is intended to mean a mono-, bi-, tri- or polycyclic group having 5 to 14 ring atoms, preferably 5, 6, 9, or 10 ring atoms; having 6, 10, or 14 pi electrons shared in a cyclic array; and having, in addition to carbon atoms, between one or more heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting ofN, O, and S. For example, a heteroaryl group may be pyrimidinyl, pyridinyl, benzimidazolyl, thienyl, benzothiazolyl, benzofuranyl and indolinyl. Preferred heteroaryl groups include, without limitation, thienyl, benzothienyl, furyl, benzofuryl, dibenzofuryl, pyrrolyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl, pyridyl, pyrazinyl, pyrimidinyl, indolyl, quinolyl, isoquinolyl, quinoxalinyl, tetrazolyl, oxazolyl, thiazolyl, and isoxazolyl.

[0048] The terms "arylene," "heteroarylene," or "heterocyclylene" are intended to mean an aryl, heteroaryl, or heterocyclyl group, respectively, as defined hereinabove, that is positioned between and serves to connect two other chemical groups.

[0049] Preferred heterocyclyls and heteroaryls include, but are not limited to, acridinyl, azocinyl, benzimidazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiofuranyl, benzothiophenyl, benzoxazolyl, benzthiazolyl, benztriazolyl, benztetrazolyl, benzisoxazolyl, benzisothiazolyl, benzimidazolinyl, carbazolyl, 4aH-carbazolyl, carbolinyl, chromanyl, chromenyl, cinnolinyl, decahydroquinolinyl, 2H,6H-1,5,2-dithiazinyl, dihydrofuro[2,3-b]tetrahydrofuran, furanyl, furyl, furazanyl, imidazolidinyl, imidazolinyl, imidazolyl, 1H-indazolyl, indolenyl, indolinyl, indolizinyl, indolyl, 3H-indolyl, isobenzofuranyl, isochromanyl, isoindazolyl, isoindolinyl, isoindolyl, isoquinolinyl, isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, methylenedioxyphenyl, morpholinyl, naphthyridinyl, octahydroisoquinolinyl, oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, oxazolidinyl, oxazolyl, oxazolidinyl, pyrimidinyl, phenanthridinyl, phenanthrolinyl, phenazinyl, phenothiazinyl, phenoxathiinyl, phenoxazinyl, phthalazinyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, piperidonyl, 4-piperidonyl, piperonyl, pteridinyl, purinyl, pyranyl, pyrazinyl, pyrazolidinyl, pyrazolinyl, pyrazolyl, pyridazinyl, pyridooxazole, pyridoimidazole, pyridothiazole, pyridinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrrolidinyl, pyrrolinyl, 2H-pyrrolyl, pyrrolyl, quinazolinyl, quinolinyl, 4H-quinolizinyl, quinoxalinyl, quinuclidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydroisoquinolinyl, tetrahydroquinolinyl, tetrazolyl, 6H-1,2,5-thiadiazinyl, thiadiazolyl (e.g., 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,5-thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl), thianthrenyl, thiazolyl, thienyl, thienothiazolyl, thienooxazolyl, thienoimidazolyl, thiophenyl, triazinyl, triazolyl (e.g., 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,5-triazolyl, 1,3,4-triazolyl), and xanthenyl.

[0050] Aromatic polycycles include, but are not limited to, bicyclic and tricyclic fused ring systems, including for example naphthyl.

[0051] Non-aromatic polycycles include, but are not limited to, bicyclic and tricyclic fused ring systems where each ring can be 4-9 membered and each ring can containing zero, 1 or more double and/or triple bonds. Suitable examples of non-aromatic polycycles include, but are not limited to, decalin, octahydroindene, perhydrobenzocycloheptene and perhydrobenzo-[*f*]-azulene.

[0052] Polyheteroaryl groups include bicyclic and tricyclic fused rings systems where each ring can independently be 5 or 6 membered and contain one or more heteroatom, for example, 1, 2, 3 or 4 heteroatoms, independently chosen from O, N and S such that the fused ring system is aromatic. Suitable examples of polyheteroaryl ring systems include quinoline, isoquinoline, pyridopyrazine, pyrrolopyridine, furopyridine, indole, benzofuran, benzothiofuran, benzindole, benzoxazole, pyrroloquinoline, and the like.

[0053] Non-aromatic polyheterocyclic groups include but are not limited to bicyclic and tricyclic ring systems where each ring can be 4-9 membered, contain one or more heteratom, for example 1, 2, 3 or 4 heteratoms, independently chosen from O, N and S, and contain zero, or one or more C-C double or triple bonds. Suitable examples of non-aromatic polyheterocycles include but are not limited to, hexitol, cis-perhydro-cyclohepta[b]pyridinyl, decahydro-benzo[f][1,4]oxazepinyl, 2,8-dioxabicyclo[3.3.0]octane, hexahydro-thieno[3,2-b]thiophene, perhydropyrrolo[3,2-b]pyrrole, perhydronaphthyridine, perhydrop-1H-dicyclopenta[b,e]pyran.

[0054] Mixed aryl and non-aryl polyheterocycle groups include but are not limited to bicyclic and tricyclic fused ring systems where each ring can be 4-9 membered, contain one or more heteroatom independently chosen from O, N and S and at least one of the rings must be aromatic. Suitable examples of mixed aryl and non-aryl polyheteorcycles include 2,3-dihydroindole, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline, 5,11-dihydro-10H-dibenz[b,e][1,4]diazepine, 5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]di-

azepine, 1,2-dihydropyrrolo[3,4-b][1,5]benzodiazepine, 1,5-dihydropyrido[2,3-b][1,4]diazepin-4-one, 1,2,3,4,6,11-hexhydro-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepine-5-one, methylenedioxyphenyl, *bis*-methylenedioxyphenyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene, dibenzosuberane dihydroanthracene and 9H-fluorene.

[0055] As employed herein, and unless stated otherwise, when a moiety (*e.g.,* alkyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, etc.) is described as "optionally substituted" it is meant that the group optionally has from one to four, preferably from one to three, more preferably one or two, non-hydrogen substituents. Suitable substituents include, without limitation, halo, hydroxy, oxo (*e.g.,* an annular -CH- substituted with oxo is -C(O)-) nitro, halohydrocarbyl, hydrocarbyl, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aralkyl, alkoxy, aryloxy, amino, acylamino, alkylcarbamoyl, arylcarbamoyl, aminoalkyl, acyl, carboxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkanesulfonyl, arenesulfonyl, alkanesulfonamido, arenesulfonamido, aralkylsulfonamido, alkylcarbonyl, acyloxy, cyano, and ureido groups. Preferred substituents, which are themselves not further substituted (unless expressly stated otherwise) are:

(a) halo, cyano, oxo, carboxy, formyl, nitro, amino, amidino, guanidino,

(b) C_1-C_5 alkyl or alkenyl or arylalkyl imino, carbamoyl, azido, carboxamido, mercapto, hydroxy, hydroxyalkyl, alkylaryl, arylalkyl, C_1-C_8 alkyl, C_1-C_8 alkenyl, C_1-C_8 alkoxy, C_1-C_8 alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, C_2-C_8 acyl, C_2-C_8 acylamino, C_1-C_8 alkylthio, arylalkylthio, arylthio, C_1-C_8 alkylsulfinyl, arylalkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, C_1-C_8 alkylsulfonyl, arylalkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, C_0-C_6 *N*-alkyl carbamoyl, C_2-C_{15} *N,N*-dialkylcarbamoyl, C_3-C_7 cycloalkyl, aroyl, aryloxy, arylalkyl ether, aryl, aryl fused to a cycloalkyl or heterocycle or another aryl ring, C_3-C_7 heterocycle, C_5-C_{15} heteroaryl or any of these rings fused or spiro-fused to a cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, or aryl, wherein each of the foregoing is further optionally substituted with one more moieties listed in (a), above; and

(c) -($CR^{32}R^{33a}$)$_s$-$NR^{30}R^{31}$, wherein s is from 0 (in which case the nitrogen is directly bonded to the moiety that is substituted) to 6, R^{32} and R^{33a} are each independently hydrogen, halo, hydroxyl or C_1-C_4alkyl,and R^{30} and R^{31} are each independently hydrogen, cyano, oxo, hydroxyl, -C_1-C_8 alkyl, C_1-C_8 heteroalkyl, C_1-C_8 alkenyl, carboxamido, C_1-C_3 alkyl-carboxamido, carboxamido-C_1-C_3 alkyl, amidino, C_2-C_8hydroxyalkyl, C_1-C_3 alkylaryl, aryl-C_1-C_3 alkyl, C_1-C_3 alkylheteroaryl, heteroaryl-C_1-C_3 alkyl, C_1-C_3 alkylheterocyclyl, heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3 alkyl C_1-C_3 alkylcycloalkyl, cycloalkyl-C_1-C_3 alkyl, C_2-C_8 alkoxy, C_2-C_8 alkoxy-C_1-C_4alkyl, C_1-C_8 alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, aryl-C_1-C_3 alkoxycarbonyl, heteroaryloxycarbonyl, heteroaryl-C_1-C_3 alkoxycarbonyl, C_1-C_8 acyl, C_0-C_8 alkyl-carbonyl, aryl-C_0-C_8 alkyl-carbonyl, heteroaryl-C_0-C_8 alkyl-carbonyl, cycloalkyl-C_0-C_8 alkyl-carbonyl, C_0-C_8 alkyl-NH-carbonyl, aryl-C_0-C_8 alkyl-NH-carbonyl, heteroaryl-C_0-C_8 alkyl-NH-carbonyl, cycloalkyl-C_0-C_8 alkyl-NH-carbonyl, C_0-C_8 alkyl-O-carbonyl, aryl-C_0-C_8 alkyl-O-carbonyl, heteroaryl-C_0-C_8 alkyl-O-carbonyl, cycloalkyl-C_0-C_8 alkyl-O-carbonyl, C_1-C_8 alkylsulfonyl, arylalkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, heteroarylalkylsulfonyl, heteroarylsulfonyl, C_1-C_8 alkyl-NH-sulfonyl, arylalkyl-NH-sulfonyl, aryl-NH-sulfonyl, heteroarylalkyl-NH-sulfonyl, heteroaryl-NH-sulfonyl aroyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, heteroaryl, aryl-C_1-C_3 alkyl-, cycloalkyl- C_1-C_3 alkyl-, heterocyclyl- C_1-C_3 alkyl-, heteroaryl-C_1-C_3 alkyl-, or protecting group, wherein each of the foregoing is further optionally substituted with one more moieties listed in (a), above; or R^{30} and R^{31} taken together with the N to which they are attached form a heterocyclyl or heteroaryl, each of which is optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of (a) above, a protecting group, and (X^{30}-Y^{31}-), wherein said heterocyclyl may also be bridged (forming a bicyclic moiety with a methylene, ethylene or propylene bridge); wherein X^{30} is selected from the group consisting of C_1-C_8alkyl, C_2-C_8alkenyl-, C_2-C_8alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl -C_2-C_8alkenyl-C_0-C_3alkyl, C_0-C_3alkyl-C_2-C_8alkynyl-C_0-C_3alkyl, C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-, HO-C_0-C_3alkyl-, C_0-C_4alkyl-N(R^{30})-C_0-C_3alkyl-, N(R^{30})(R^{31})-C_0-C_3alkyl-, N(R^{30})(R^{31})-C_0-C_3alkenyl-, N(R^{30})(R^{31})-C_0-C_3alkynyl-, ($N(R^{30})(R^{31})$)$_2$-C=N-, C_0-C_3alkyl-S(O)$_{0\text{-}2}$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, CF_3-C_0-C_3alkyl-, C_1-C_8heteroalkyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, heteroaryl, aryl-C_1-C_3alkyl-, cycloalkyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-, heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-, heteroaryl-C_1-C_3alkyl-, N(R^{30})(R^{31})-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-, wherein the aryl, cycloalkyl, heteroaryl and heterocycyl are optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 substituents from (a); and Y^{31} is selected from the group consisting of a direct bond, -O-, -N(R^{30})-, -C(O)-, -O-C(O)-, -C(O)-O-, -N(R^{30})-C(O)-, -C(O)-N(R^{30})-, -N(R^{30})-C(S)-, -C(S)-N(R^{30})-, -N(R^{30})-C(O)-N(R^{31})-, -N(R^{30})-C(NR^{30})-N(R^{31})-, -N(R^{30})-C(NR^{31})-, -C(NR^{31})-N(R^{30}), -N(R^{30})-C(S)-N(R^{31})-, -N(R^{30})-C(O)-O-, -O-C(O)-N(R^{31})-, -N(R^{30})-C(S)-O-, -0-C(S)-N(R^{31})-, -S(O)$_{0\text{-}2}$-, -SO_2N(R^{31})-, -N(R^{31})-SO_2-and -N(R^{30})-SO_2N(R^{31})-.

[0056] As a non-limiting example, substituted phenyls include 2-flurophenyl, 3,4-dichlorophenyl, 3-chloro-4-fluorophenyl, 2-fluoro-3-propylphenyl. As another non-limiting example, substituted n-octyls include 2,4-dimethyl-5-ethyl-octyl and 3-cyclopentyl-octyl. Included within this definition are methylenes (-CH_2-) substituted with oxygen to form carbonyl -CO-.

[0057] When there are two optional substituents bonded to adjacent atoms of a ring structure, such as for example phenyl, thiophenyl, or pyridinyl, the substituents, together with the atoms to which they are bonded, optionally form a 5- or 6- membered cycloalkyl or heterocycle having 1, 2, or 3 annular heteroatoms.

[0058] In a preferred embodiment, hydrocarbyl, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclic, aryl, heteroaryl, aromatic polycycle, non-aromatic polycycle, polyheteroaryl, non-aromatic polyheterocyclic and mixed aryl and

non-aryl polyheterocycle groups are unsubstituted.

[0059] In other preferred embodiments, hydrocarbyl, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclic, aryl, heteroaryl, aromatic polycycle, non-aromatic polycycle, polyheteroaryl, non-aromatic polyheterocyclic and mixed aryl and non-aryl polyheterocycle groups are substituted with from 1 to 3 independently selected substituents.

[0060] Preferred substituents on alkyl groups include, but are not limited to, hydroxyl, halogen (e.g., a single halogen substituent or multiple halo substituents; in the latter case, groups such as CF_3 or an alkyl group bearing more than one Cl), cyano, nitro, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, heterocycle, aryl, $-OR^u$, $-SR^u$, $-S(=O)R^y$, $-S(=O)_2R^y$, $-P(=O)_2R^y$, $-S(=O)_2OR^y$, $-P(=O)_2OR^y$, $-NR^vR^w$, $-NR^vS(=O)_2R^y$, $-NR^v(=O)_2R^y$, $-S(=O)2NR^vR^w$, $-P(=O)_2NR^vR^w$, $-C(=O)OR^y$, $-C(=O)R^u$, $-C(=O)NR^vR^w$, $-OC(=O)R^u$, $-OC(=O)NR^vR^w$, $-NR^vC(=O)OR^y$, $-NR^xC(=O)NR^vR^w$, $-NR^xS(=O)_2NR^vR^w$, $-NR^xP(=O)_2NR^vR^w$, $-NR^vC(=O)R^u$ or $-NR^vP(=O)_2R^y$, wherein R^u is hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, heterocycle or aryl; R^v, R^w and R^x are independently hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle or aryl, or said R^v and R^w together with the N to which they are bonded optionally form a heterocycle; and R^y is alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkenyl, alkynyl, heterocycle or aryl. In the aforementioned exemplary substituents, groups such as alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkenyl, heterocycle and aryl can themselves be optionally substituted.

[0061] Preferred substituents on alkenyl and alkynyl groups include, but are not limited to, alkyl or substituted alkyl, as well as those groups recited as preferred alkyl substituents.

[0062] Preferred substituents on cycloalkyl groups include, but are not limited to, nitro, cyano, alkyl or substituted alkyl, as well as those groups recited about as preferred alkyl substituents. Other preferred substituents include, but are not limited to, spiro-attached or fused cyclic substituents, preferably spiro-attached cycloalkyl, spiro-attached cycloalkenyl, spiro-attached heterocycle (excluding heteroaryl), fused cycloalkyl, fused cycloalkenyl, fused heterocycle, or fused aryl, where the aforementioned cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heterocycle and aryl substituents can themselves be optionally substituted.

[0063] Preferred substituents on cycloalkenyl groups include, but are not limited to, nitro, cyano, alkyl or substituted alkyl, as well as those groups recited as preferred alkyl substituents. Other preferred substituents include, but are not limited to, spiro-attached or fused cyclic substituents, especially spiro-attached cycloalkyl, spiro-attached cycloalkenyl, spiro-attached heterocycle (excluding heteroaryl), fused cycloalkyl, fused cycloalkenyl, fused heterocycle, or fused aryl, where the aforementioned cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heterocycle and aryl substituents can themselves be optionally substituted.

[0064] Preferred substituents on aryl groups include, but are not limited to, nitro, cycloalkyl or substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl or substituted cycloalkenyl, cyano, alkyl or substituted alkyl, as well as those groups recited above as preferred alkyl substituents. Other preferred substituents include, but are not limited to, fused cyclic groups, especially fused cycloalkyl, fused cycloalkenyl, fused heterocycle, or fused aryl, where the aforementioned cycloalky, cylcoalkenyl, heterocycle and aryl substituents can themselves be optionally substituted. Still other preferred substituents on aryl groups (phenyl, as a non-limiting example) include, but are not limited to, haloalkyl and those groups recited as preferred alkyl substituents.

[0065] Preferred substituents on heterocylic groups include, but are not limited to, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted cycloalkenyl, nitro, oxo (i.e., =O), cyano, alkyl, substituted alkyl, as well as those groups recited as preferred alkyl substituents. Other preferred substituents on heterocyclic groups include, but are not limited to, spiro-attached or fused cylic substituents at any available point or points of attachement, more preferably spiro-attached cycloalkyl, spiro-attached cycloalkenyl, spiro-attached heterocycle (excluding heteroaryl), fused cycloalkyl, fused cycloakenyl, fused heterocycle and fused aryl, where the aforementioned cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heterocycle and aryl substituents can themselves be optionally substituted.

[0066] In a preferred embodiment, a heterocyclic group is substituted on carbon, nitrogen and/or sulfur at one or more positions. Preferred substituents on nitrogen include, but are not limited to N-oxide, alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylcarbonyl, arylsulfonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, or aralkoxycarbonyl. Preferred substituents on sulfur include, but are not limited to, oxo and $C_{1\text{-}6}$alkyl. In certain preferred embodiments, nitrogen and sulfur heteroatoms may independently be optionally oxidized and nitrogen heteroatoms may independently be optionally quatemized.

[0067] Especially preferred substituents on alkyl groups include halogen and hydroxy.

[0068] Especially preferred substituents on ring groups, such as aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl, include halogen, alkoxy and alkyl.

[0069] Preferred substituents on aromatic polycycles include, but are not limited to, oxo, C_1-C_6alkyl, cycloalkylalkyl (e.g. cyclopropylmethyl), oxyalkyl, halo, nitro, amino, alkylamino, aminoalkyl, alkyl ketones, nitrile, carboxyalkyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl and OR^{aa}, such as alkoxy, wherein R^{aa} is selected from the group consisting of H, C_1-C_6alkyl, C_4-C_9cycloalkyl, C_4-C_9heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylalkyl, heteroarylalkyl and $(CH_2)_{0\text{-}6}Z^aR^{bb}$, wherein Z^a is selected from the group consisting of O, NR^{cc}, S and S(O), and R^{bb} is selected from the group consisting of H, C_1-C_6alkyl, C_4-C_9cycloalkyl, C_4-C_9heterocycloalkyl, C_4-C_9heterocycloalkylalkyl, aryl, mixed aryl and non-aryl polycycle, heteroaryl, arylalkyl, (e.g. benzyl), and heteroarylalkyl (e.g. pyridylmethyl); and R^{cc} is selected from the group consisting of H, C_1-C_6alkyl, C_4-C_9cycloalkyl, C_4-C_9heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylalkyl (e.g. benzyl), heteroarylalkyl (e.g.

pyridylmethyl) and amino acyl.

[0070] Preferred substituents on non-aromatic polycycles include, but are not limited to, oxo, C_3-C_9cycloalkyl, such as cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl and the like. Unless otherwise noted, non-aromatic polycycle substituents include both unsubstituted cycloalkyl groups and cycloalkyl groups that are substituted by one or more suitable substituents, including but not limited to, C_1-C_6alkyl, oxo, halo, hydroxy, aminoalkyl, oxyalkyl, alkylamino and OR^{aa}, such as alkoxy. Preferred substituents for such cycloalkyl groups include halo, hydroxy, alkoxy, oxyalkyl, alkylamino and aminoalkyl.

[0071] Preferred substituents on carbon atoms of polyheteroaryl groups include but are not limited to, straight and branched optionally substituted C_1-C_6alkyl, unsaturation (i.e., there are one or more double or triple C-C bonds), acyl, oxo, cycloalky, halo, oxyalkyl, alkylamino, aminoalkyl, acylamino, OR^{aa} (for example alkoxy), and a substituent of the formula -O-$(CH_2CH{=}CH(CH_3)(CH_2))_{1\text{-}3}H$. Examples of suitable straight and branched C_1-C_6alkyl substituents include but are not limited to methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 2-propyl, n-butyl, sec-butyl, t-butyl and the like. Preferred substituents include halo, hydroxy, alkoxy, oxyalkyl, alkylamino and aminoalkyl. Preferably substitutions on nitrogen atoms include, for example by N-oxide or R^{cc}. Preferred substituents on nitrogen atoms include H, C_1-C_4alkyl, acyl, aminoacyl and sulfonyl. Preferably sulfur atoms are unsubstituted. Preferred substituents on sulfur atoms include but are not limited to oxo and lower alkyl.

[0072] Preferred substituents on carbon atoms of non-aromatic polyheterocyclic groups include but are not limited to straight and branched optionally substituted C_1-C_6alkyl, unsaturation (i.e., there are one or more double or triple C-C bonds), acyl, oxo, cycloalky, halo, oxyalkyl, alkylamino, aminoalkyl, acylamino and OR^{aa}, for example alkoxy. Examples of suitable straight and branched C_1-C_6alkyl substituents include but are not limited to methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, 2-propyl, n-butyl, sec-butyl, t-butyl and the like. Preferred substituents include halo, hydroxy, alkoxy, oxyalkyl, alkylamino and aminoalkyl. Preferably substitutions on nitrogen atoms include, for example, N-oxide or R^{cc}. Preferred N substituents include H, C_1-C_4 alkyl, acyl, aminoacyl and sulfonyl. Preferably, sulfur atoms are unsubstituted. Preferred S substituents include oxo and lower alkyl.

[0073] Preferred substituents on mixed aryl and non-aryl polyheterocycle groups include, but are not limited to, nitro or as described above for non-aromatic polycycle groups. Preferred subsituents on carbon atoms include, but are not limited to, -N-OH, =N-OH, optionally substituted alkyl, unsaturation (i.e., there are one or more double or triple C-C bonds), oxo, acyl, cycloalky, halo, oxyalkyl, alkylamino, aminoalkyl, acylamino and OR^{aa}, for example alkoxy. Preferably substitutions on nitrogen atoms include, for example, N-oxide or R^{cc}. Preferred N substituents include H, C_1-$_4$alkyl, acyl aminoacyl and sulfonyl. Preferably sulfur atoms are unsubstituted. Preferred S substituents include oxo and lower alkyl.

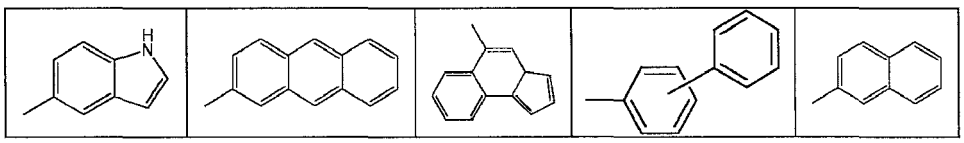
[0074] A "halohydrocarbyl" is a hydrocarbyl moiety in which from one to all hydrogens have been replaced with one or more halo.

[0075] The term "halogen" or "halo" is intended to mean chlorine, bromine, fluorine, or iodine. As herein employed, the term "acyl" refers to an alkylcarbonyl or arylcarbonyl substituent. The term "acylamino" refers to an amide group attached at the nitrogen atom (*i.e.,* R-CO-NH-). The term "carbamoyl" refers to an amide group attached at the carbonyl carbon atom *(i.e.,* NH_2-CO-). The nitrogen atom of an acylamino or carbamoyl substituent is additionally optionally substituted. The term "sulfonamido" refers to a sulfonamide substituent attached by either the sulfur or the nitrogen atom. The term "amino" is meant to include NH_2, alkylamino, arylamino, and cyclic amino groups. The term "ureido" as employed herein refers to a substituted or unsubstituted urea moiety.

[0076] The term "radical" is intended to mean a chemical moiety comprising one or more unpaired electrons.

[0077] Where optional substituents are chosen from "one or more" groups it is to be understood that this definition includes all substituents being chosen from one of the specified groups or the substituents being chosen from two or more of the specified groups.

[0078] In addition, substituents on cyclic moieties (i.e., cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, heteroaryl) include 5-6 membered mono- and 9-14 membered bi-cyclic moieties fused to the parent cyclic moiety to form a bi- or tri-cyclic fused ring system. Substituents on cyclic moieties also include 5-6 membered mono- and 9-14 membered bi-cyclic moieties attached to the parent cyclic moiety by a covalent bond to form a bi- or tri-cyclic bi-ring system. For example, an optionally substituted phenyl includes, but is not limited to, the following:



[0079] An "unsubstituted" moiety (e.g., unsubstituted cycloalkyl, unsubstituted heteroaryl, etc.) means that moiety as defined above that does not have an optional substituent. Thus, for example, "unsubstituted aryl" does not include phenyl substituted with a halo.

[0080] The term "protecting group" is intended to mean a group used in synthesis to temporarily mask the characteristic chemistry of a functional group because it interferes with another reaction. A good protecting group should be easy to put on, easy to remove and in high yielding reactions, and inert to the conditions of the reaction required. A protecting group or protective group is introduced into a molecule by chemical modification of a functional group in order to obtain chemoselectivity in a subsequent chemical reaction. One skilled in the art will recognize that during any of the processes for preparation of the compounds in the present invention, it may be necessary and/or desirable to protect sensitive or reactive groups on any of the molecules concerned. This may be achieved by means of conventional protecting groups, such as but not limited to Bn- (or -CH_2Ph), -$CHPh_2$, alloc (or CH_2=CH-CH_2-O-C(O)-), BOC-, -Cbz (or Z-), -F-moc, -C(O)-CF_3, N-Phthalimide,1-Adoc-, TBDMS-, TBDPS-, TMS-, TIPS-, IPDMS-, -SiR_3, SEM-, t-Bu-, Tr-, THP- and Allyl-. These protecting groups may be removed at a convenient stage using methods known from the art.

[0081] The term "therapeutically effective amount" as that term is used herein refers to an amount which elicits the desired therapeutic effect. The therapeutic effect is dependent upon the disease being treated and the results desired. As such, the therapeutic effect can be a decrease in the severity of symptoms associated with the disease and/or inhibition (partial or complete) of progression of the disease. Further, the therapeutic effect can be inhibition of HDAC in the brain. The amount needed to elicit the therapeutic response can be determined based on the age, health, size and sex of the patient. Optimal amounts can also be determined based on monitoring of the patient's response to treatment. Administration may be by any route, including, without limitation, parenteral, oral, sublingual, transdermal, topical, intranasal, intratracheal, or intrarectal. In certain particularly preferred embodiments, compounds of the invention are administered intravenously in a hospital setting. In certain other preferred embodiments, administration may preferably be by the oral route.

[0082] Some compounds of the invention may have one or more chiral centers and/or geometric isomeric centers (E- and Z- isomers), and it is to be understood that the invention encompasses all such optical, diastereoisomers and geometric isomers. The invention also comprises all tautomeric forms of the compounds disclosed herein.

[0083] The present invention also includes prodrugs of compounds of the invention. The term "prodrug" is intended to represent covalently bonded carriers, which are capable of releasing the active ingredient when the prodrug is administered to a mammalian subject. Release of the active ingredient occurs *in vivo.* Prodrugs can be prepared by techniques known to one skilled in the art. These techniques generally modify appropriate functional groups in a given compound. These modified functional groups however regenerate original functional groups by routine manipulation or *in vivo.* Prodrugs of compounds of the invention include compounds wherein a hydroxy, amino, carboxylic, or a similar group is modified. Examples of prodrugs include, but are not limited to esters (e.g., acetate, formate, and benzoate derivatives), carbamates (e.g., N,N-dimethylaminocarbonyl) of hydroxy or amino functional groups in compounds of Formula (I)), amides (e.g., trifluoroacetylamino, acetylamino, and the like), and the like.

[0084] The compounds of the invention may be administered as is or as a prodrug, for example in the form of an *in vivo* hydrolyzable ester or *in vivo* hydrolyzable amide. An *in vivo* hydrolyzable ester of a compound of the invention containing carboxy or hydroxy group is, for example, a pharmaceutically acceptable ester which is hydrolyzed in the human or animal body to produce the parent acid or alcohol. Suitable pharmaceutically acceptable esters for carboxy include $C_{1\text{-}6}$-alkoxymethyl esters (*e.g.*, methoxymethyl), $C_{1\text{-}6}$-alkanoyloxymethyl esters *(e.g.,* for example pivaloyloxymethyl), phthalidyl esters, $C_{3\text{-}8}$-cycloalkoxycarbonyloxy$C_{1\text{-}6}$-alkyl esters (*e.g.*, 1-cyclohexylcarbonyloxyethyl); 1,3-dioxolen-2-onylmethyl esters (*e.g.*, 5-methyl-1,3-dioxolen-2-onylmethyl; and $C_{1\text{-}6}$-alkoxycarbonyloxyethyl esters (*e.g.*, 1-methoxycarbonyloxyethyl) and may be formed at any appropriate carboxy group in the compounds of this invention.

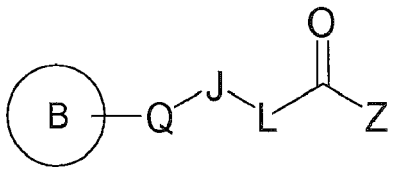
[0085] An *in vivo* hydrolyzable ester of a compound of the invention containing a hydroxy group includes inorganic esters such as phosphate esters and α-acyloxyalkyl ethers and related compounds which as a result of the *in vivo* hydrolysis of the ester breakdown to give the parent hydroxy group. Examples of α-acyloxyalkyl ethers include acetoxymethoxy and 2,2-dimethylpropionyloxy-methoxy. A selection of *in vivo* hydrolyzable ester forming groups for hydroxy include alkanoyl, benzoyl, phenylacetyl and substituted benzoyl and phenylacetyl, alkoxycarbonyl (to give alkyl carbonate esters), dialkylcarbamoyl and *N*-(*N*,*N*-dialkylaminoethy1)-*N*-alkylcarbamoyl (to give carbamates), *N,N*-dialkylaminoacetyl and carboxyacetyl. Examples of substituents on benzoyl include morpholino and piperazino linked from a ring nitrogen atom via a methylene group to the 3- or 4- position of the benzoyl ring. A suitable value for an *in vivo* hydrolyzable amide of a compound of the invention containing a carboxy group is, for example, a *N*-$C_{1\text{-}6}$-alkyl or N,N-di-$C_{1\text{-}6}$-alkyl amide such as *N*-methyl, *N*-ethyl, *N*-propyl, *N,N*-dimethyl, *N*-ethyl-*N*-methyl or *N,N*-diethyl amide.

[0086] For simplicity, and unless stated otherwise, a moiety is written in the direction corresponding to the order given in Formula (I). For example, if moiety J is -$C_{0\text{-}6}$alkyl-aryl-$C_{2\text{-}6}$heteroalkyl-, it is meant that the -$C_{0\text{-}6}$alkyl- portion is attached to Q and the -$C_{2\text{-}6}$heteroalkyl- portion is attached to L.

[0087] The foregoing merely summarizes some aspects and preferred embodiments thereof and is not intended to be limiting in nature. These aspects and preferred embodiments thereof are described more fully below.

Compounds

[0088] In a first aspect, the invention provides novel inhibitors of histone deacetylase. In a first embodiment, the novel inhibitors of histone deacetylase are represented by Formula (I):



(I)

and N-oxides, hydrates, solvates, pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs and complexes thereof, and racemic mixtures, diastereomers and enantiomers thereof, wherein

Z is selected from the group consisting of $-N(R^1)OR^2$ and H;

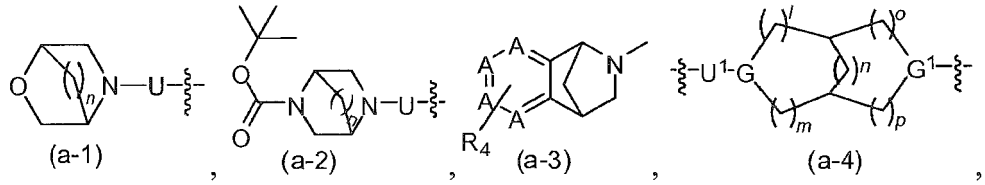
L is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond and $-N(OR^2)-$;

wherein, when L is $-N(OR^2)-$, Z is H; and

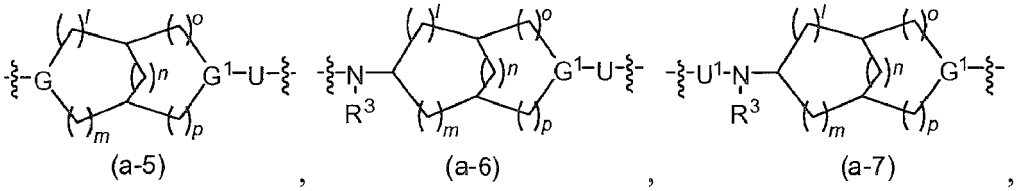
wherein, when Z is H, L is $-N(OR^2)-$;

J is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond, =CH-, $-C_1-C_8$alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-C_1-C_8heteroalkyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-C_2-C_8alkenyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-C_2-C_8alkynyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6heteroalkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-C_1-C_6heteroalkyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-C_1-C_6heteroalkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-cycloalkyl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_4-C_6$heterocyclyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_4-C_6$heterocyclyl-aryl-C_0-C_6heteroalkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-C_4-C_6heterocyclyl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkylheteroaryl-C_0-C_6heteroalkyl-, $-C_4-C_6$heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkynyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkynyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkynyl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-C_2-C_6alkynyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-C_2-C_6alkynyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkylaryl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkylaryl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-heteroaryl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-heteroaryl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-aryl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-aryl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, and $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, and cycloalkyl moiety is optionally substituted, and wherein when J is =CH-, Q is a covalent bond and B is attached through a carbon sp^2 to J;

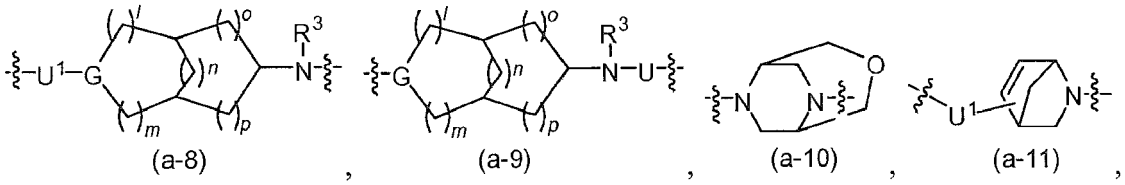
Q is selected from the group consisting of an optionally substituted:



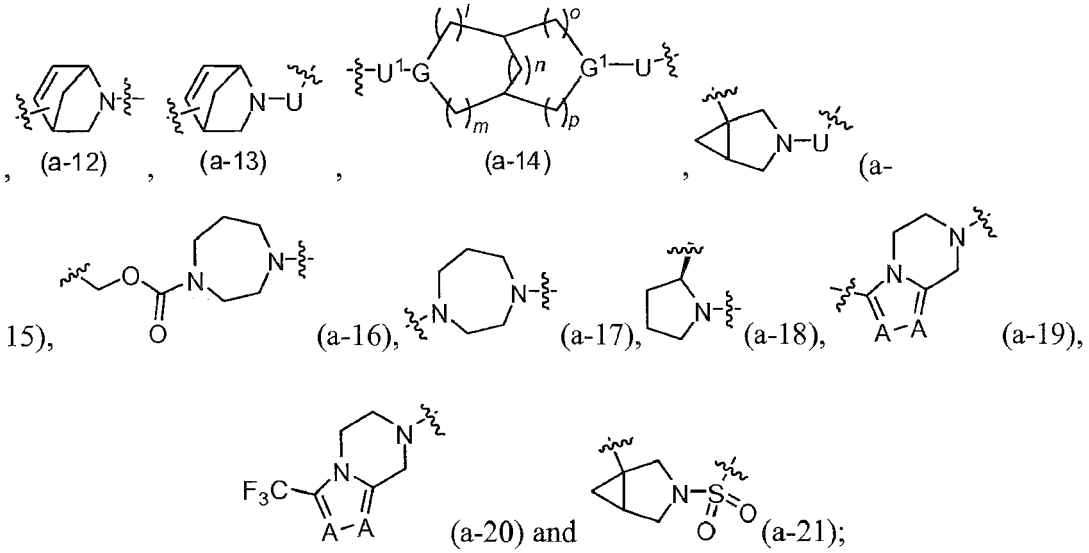
(a-1) , (a-2) , (a-3) , (a-4) ,



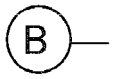
(a-5) , (a-6) , (a-7) ,



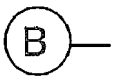
(a-8) , (a-9) , (a-10) , (a-11) ,



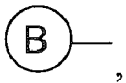
or where possible, an (R,R) or (S,S) enantiomer or a mixture of enantiomers thereof,
wherein G and G^1 are independently selected from carbon and N; the variables *l, m, n, o* and *p* denote numbers that are each independently selected from 0, 1, 2 or 3 provided that the sum total of l, m, n, o and p is 4, 5, 6 or 7, such that the group represented by Q comprises a 6, 7, 8 or 9 membered bridged or fused heterocyclyl, respectively, and further provided that when G and G^1 are both N then the sum total of *l* and *o* is not zero, and the sum total of *m* and *p* is not zero, and wherein n is an integer ranging from 0 to 3; (preferably, Q comprises a 7 or 8-membered ring; in one particular embodiment, n is zero, such that Q comprises a fused bicyclic ring);
U is selected from the group consisting of -C_0-C_8alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-O-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(S)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-O-C(S)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-N(R)-$S(O)_2$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, a covalent bond and -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-; and
U^1 is selected from the group consisting of H, -$C(R^1)(R^2)$-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C()-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -$C(R^1)(R^2)$-$N(R^3)$-C()-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -$C(R^1)(R^2)$-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-O-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -$C(R^1)(R^2)$-O-C()-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(S)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-O-C(S)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$S(O)_2$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, a covalent bond, $(R^3)(R^{3a})$N-C_2-C_4alkyl-, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-, and R^3-O-C_2-C_4alkyl-;
or
Q is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_1-C_8heterocyclyl-, =N-O-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-cycloalkyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(O)-cycloalkyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)$-cycloalkyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}$-$N(R^3)$-cycloalkyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(O)-$N(R^3)$-cycloalkyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-O-C(O)-O-cycloalkyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C()-O-cycloalkyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$(CR^3{=}CR^3)_{1-2}$-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$(C{\equiv}C)_{1-2}$-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C()-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(O)-alkenyl-C_0-C_4alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-$N(R^3)$-C_0-C_4alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-SO_2-$N(R^3)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)$-SO_2-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$S(O)_2$-$N(R^3)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-S-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-S(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_2$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(O)-$N(R^3)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -SO_2-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C(O)-C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -$N(R^3)$-C(O)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -O-C(O)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $N(R^3)$-C(S)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -O-C(S)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $N(R^3)$-$S()_2$-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkylheterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-SO_2-$N(R^3)$-, -C_0-C_6 alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-$N(R^3)$- and -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-O-, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl and heteroaryl moiety is optionally substituted; wherein



is selected from the group consisting of b-1a to b-1k and b-1 to b-125, and wherein when Q is attached to



via =N-O-, or =N-O-C_{0-3}alkyl, it is attached through carbon *Sola-Penna et al.*[2] in



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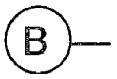
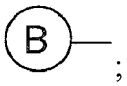
and wherein each alkyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl and alkenyl moiety is optionally substituted; and wherein when Q is a covalent bond and J is attached to

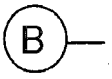


via =CH-, then it is attached through carbon sp^2 in

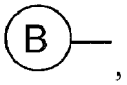


;

or when



is selected from the group consisting of b-1 to b-121 and is attached to Q via a N in



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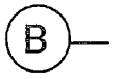
then Q is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond, -C(O)-C_1-C_3alkyl-O-, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_1-C_6alkyl-(CR^3=CR^3)$_{1-2}$-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_1-C_6alkyl-(C≡C)$_{1-2}$-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-alkenyl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_4alkyl-, -C(O)-O-C_0-C_4alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_2$-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-S()$_2$-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_2-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-S(O)$_2$-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_2-C_6alkyl-S-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_2-C_6alkyl-S(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_2$-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_2-C_3alkyl-C=N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl, -SO_2-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C(O)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_2-C_4alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C()-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_2-C_4alkyl-N(R^3)-C(S)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C(S)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_2-C_4alkyl-N(R^3)-S(O)$_2$-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkylheterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-S(O_2)-N(R^3)-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)- and -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-O-, wherein each alkyl, heterocyclyl and alkenyl moiety is optionally substituted, and wherein the heterocyclyl moiety is optionally bridged with -(CH_2)$_{0-3}$-;

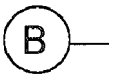
R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from the group consisting of -H, C_1-C_6alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl and a protecting group;

each R^3 is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl, C_1-C_3alkyl-C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_1-C_3alkyl-C_2-C_3alkynyl, -C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, -C_2-C_4alkyl-N$R^{3b}R^{3c}$, -C_2-C_4alkyl-NR^1R^2, heteroalkyl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, C(O)CF_3, -C(O)-NH_2, -C(O)-N$R^{3b}R^{3c}$, -C(O)-NR^1R^2, -C(O)-OR^1, -S(O)$_2$-NR^1R^2, -S(O)$_2$-R^1, -C(O)-R^1, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl and heteroaryl, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl and heteroaryl moiety is optionally substi-

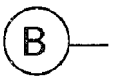
tuted with from one to three independently selected substituents;
each R^{3a} is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, $C(O)CF_3$, -C(O)-NH_2, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl, covalent bond, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl and heteroaryl moiety is optionally substituted;
wherein R^3 and R^{3a}, together with the atom to which they are attached, optionally form a heterocyclic ring, wherein the heterocyclyl moiety is optionally substituted;
wherein R^{3b} and R^{3c}, together with the atom to which they are attached, optionally form a heterocyclic ring, wherein the heterocyclyl moiety is optionally substituted; provided that



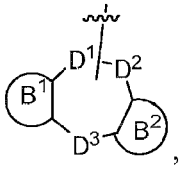
is absent when Q is structure (a-1), (a-2), (a-3), (a-20) or when U^1 is H, $N(R^3)(R^{3a})$-C_2-C_4alkyl- or R^3-O-C_2-C_4alkyl-;

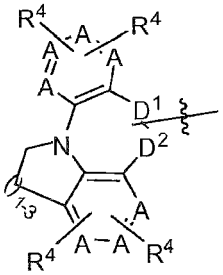


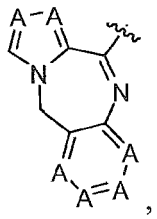
is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, aryl-alkyl-, heteroaryl, heteroaryl-alkyl-, heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl-alkyl, cycloalkyl-alkyl, C_1-C_{10}alkyl, $(aryl)_2$-CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-, (aryl)(heteroaryl)CH-C_0-C_6alkyl- and $(heteroaryl)_2$CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-, each of which is optionally substituted; or

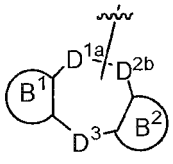


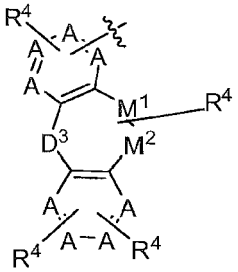
is a radical selected from the group consisting of

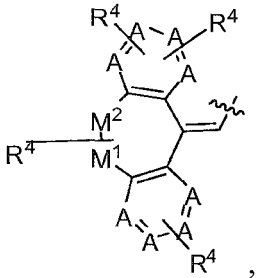

(b-1a),

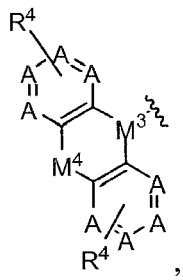

(b-1b),


(b-1c),

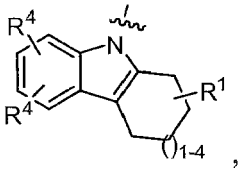

(b-1d),


(b-1e),

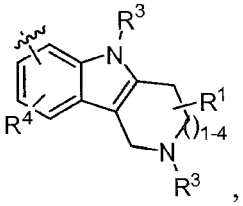

(b-1f),



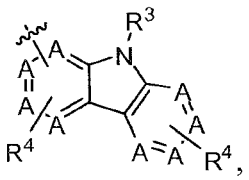
(b-1g)



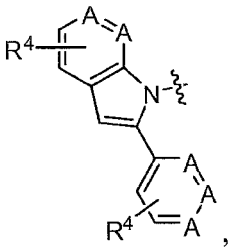
(b-1h)



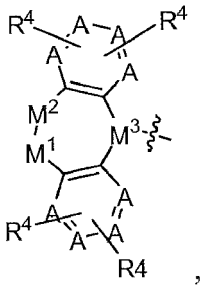
(b-1i)



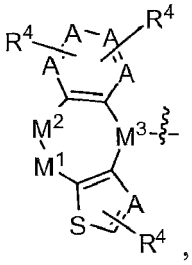
(b-1j)



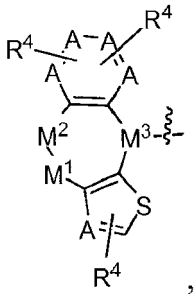
(b-1k)



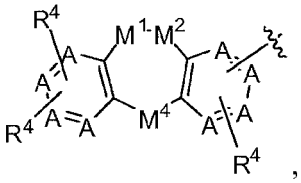
(b-1)



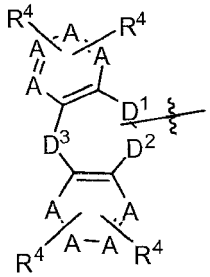
(b-2)



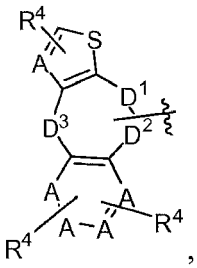
(b-3)



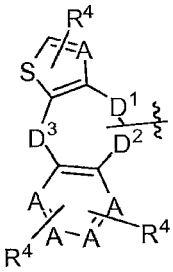
(b-4)



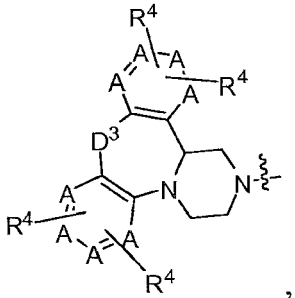
(b-5)



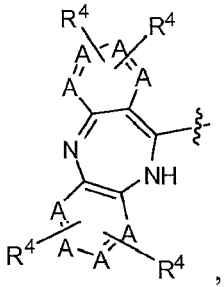
(b-6)



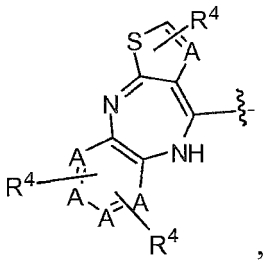
(b-7)



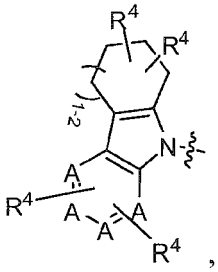
(b-8)



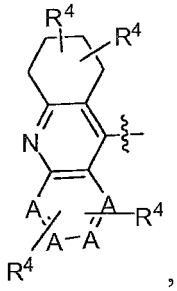
(b-9)



(b-10)



(b-11)



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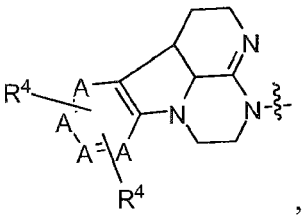

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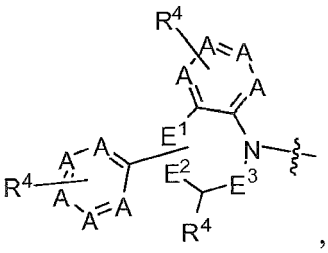
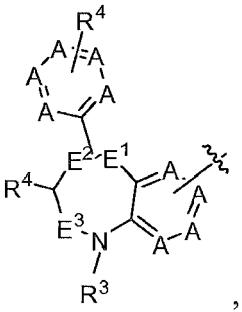


(b-14)



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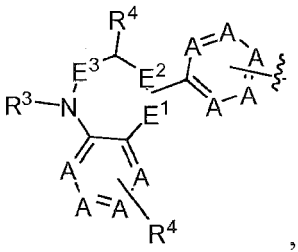

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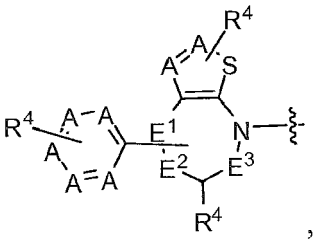

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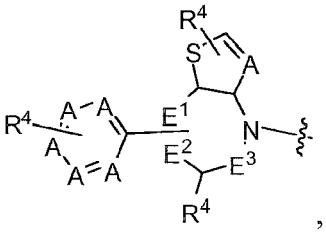
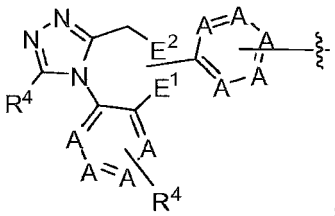


(b-18)



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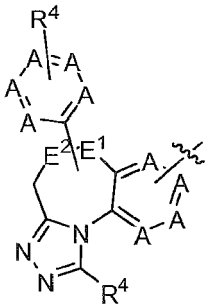

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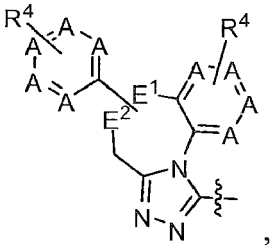
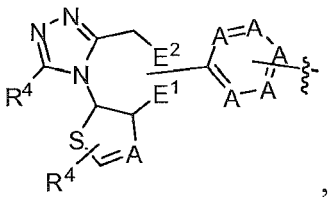


(b-21)



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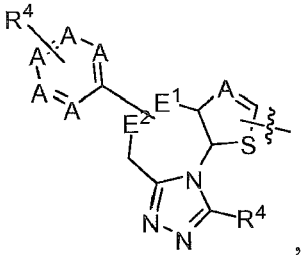
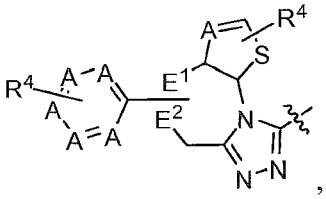


(b-23)



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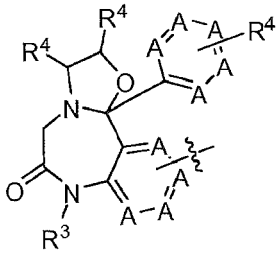

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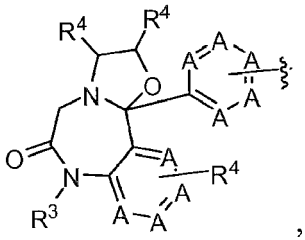

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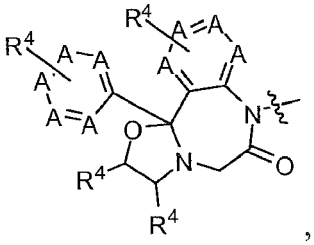

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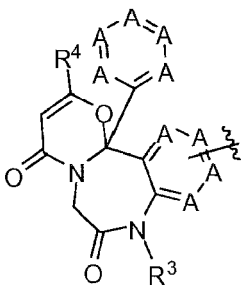

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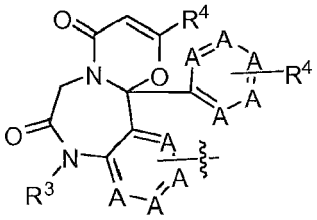

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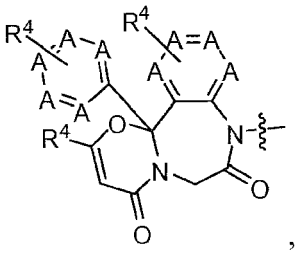

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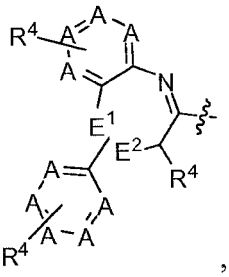

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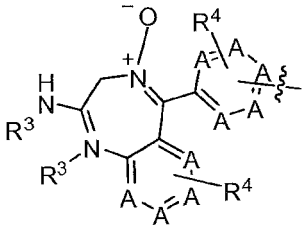

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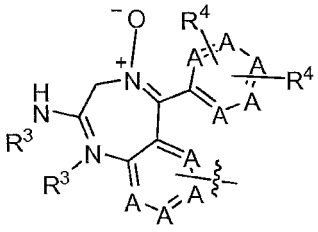

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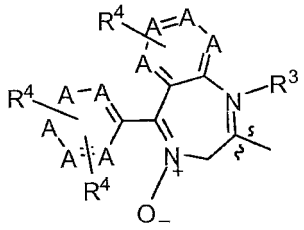

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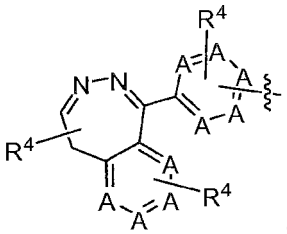

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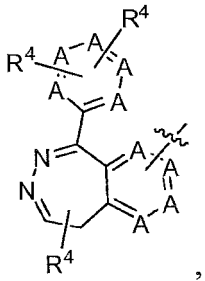

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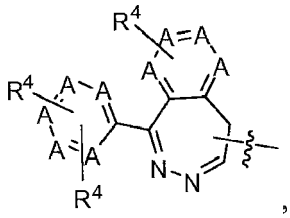

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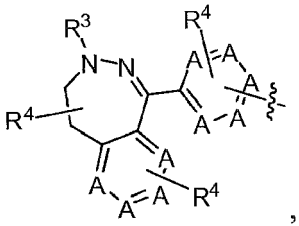

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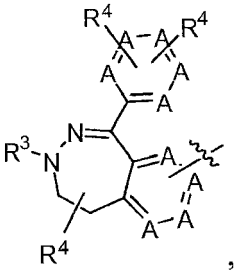

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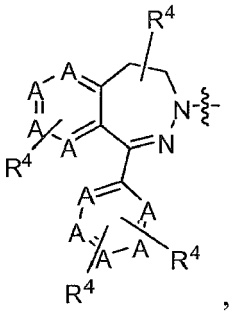

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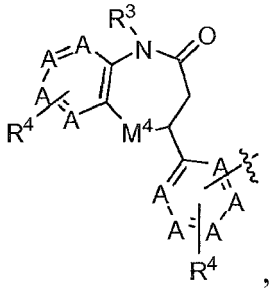

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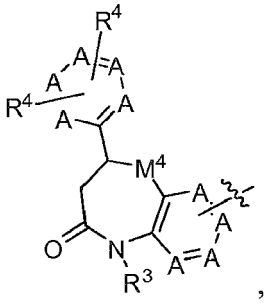

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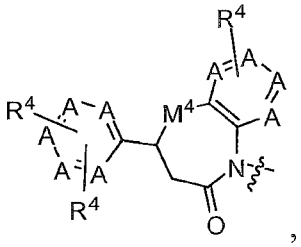

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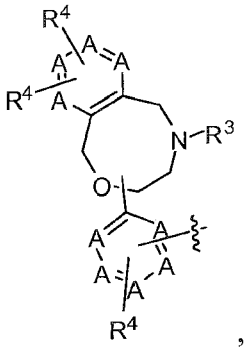

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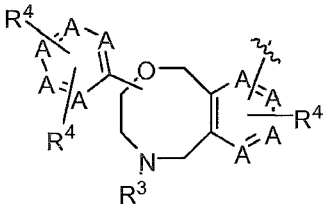

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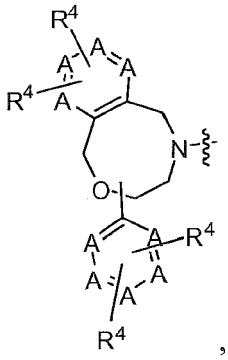

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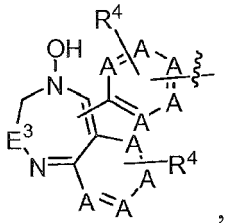

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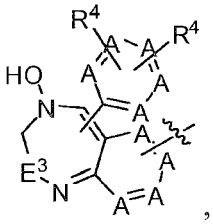

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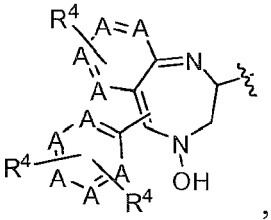
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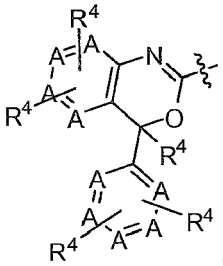
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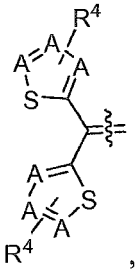
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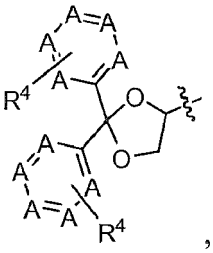
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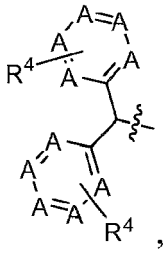
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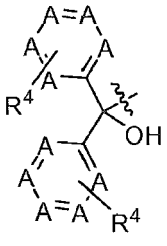
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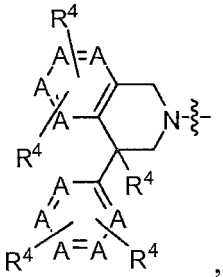
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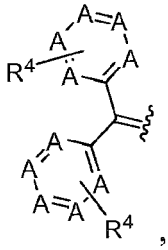
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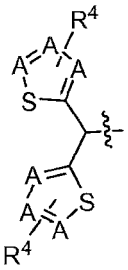
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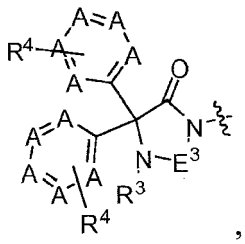
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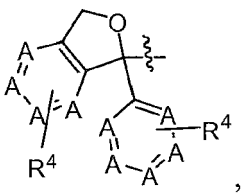
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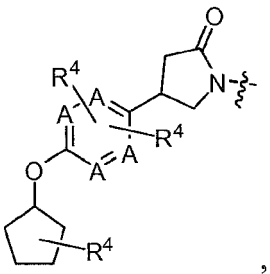
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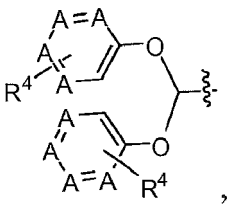
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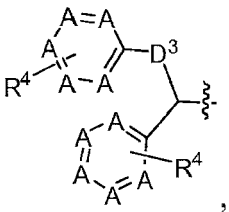
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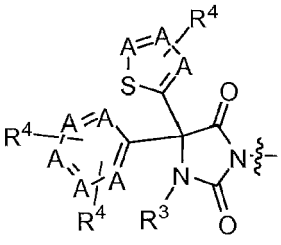
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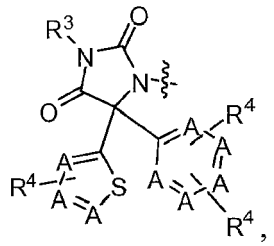

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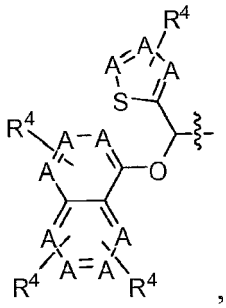

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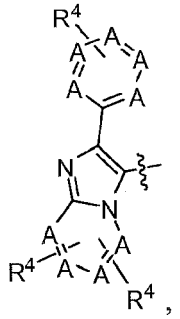

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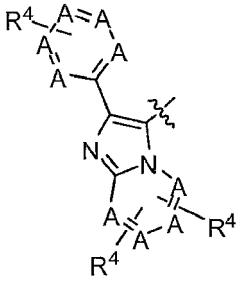

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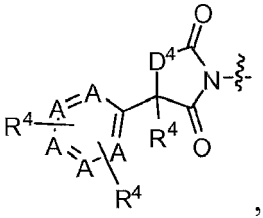

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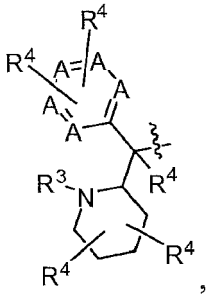

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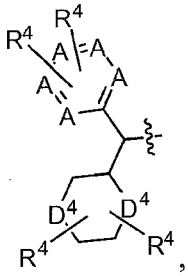

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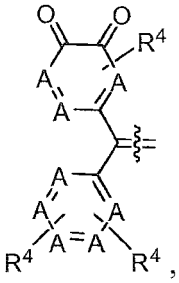

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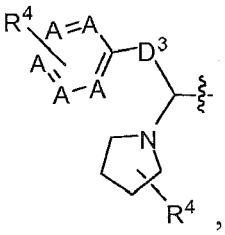

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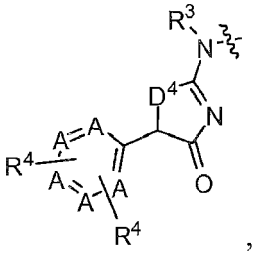

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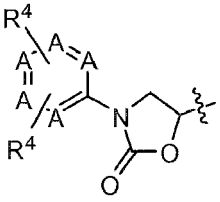

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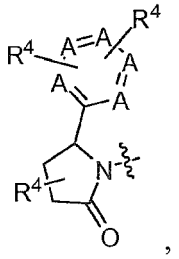

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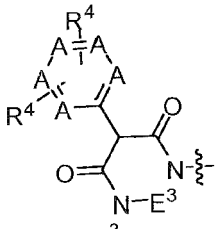

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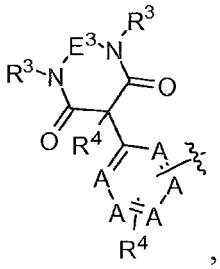

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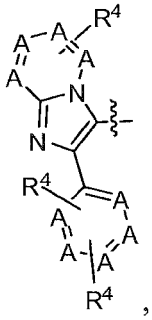

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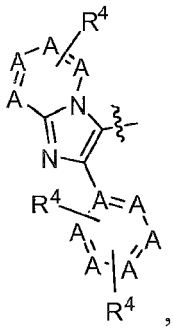

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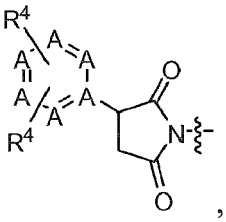

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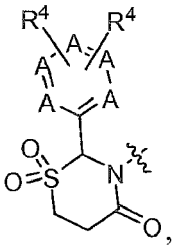

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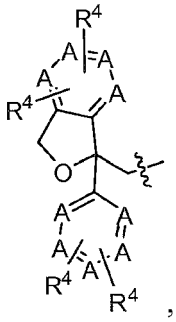

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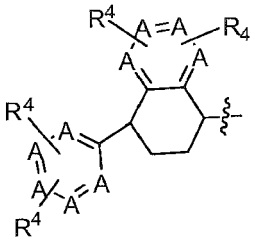

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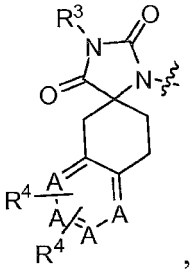

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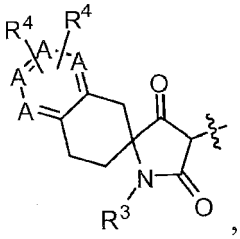

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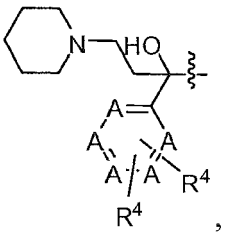

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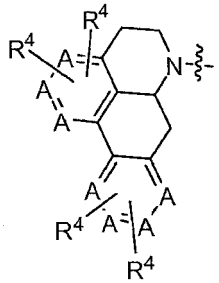

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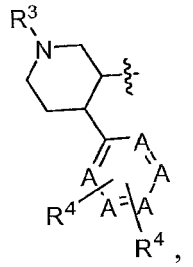
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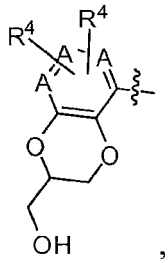
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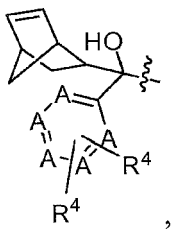
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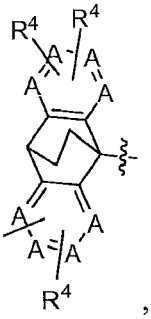
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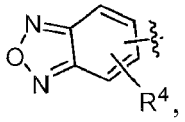
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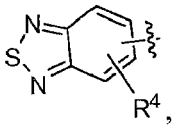
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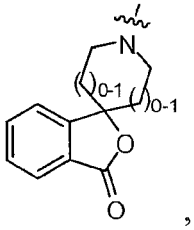
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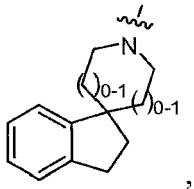
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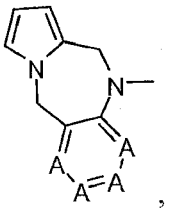
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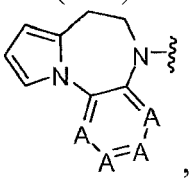
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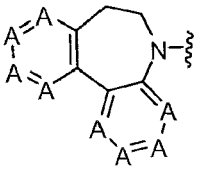
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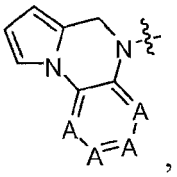
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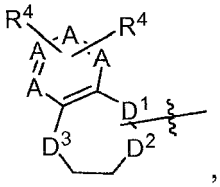
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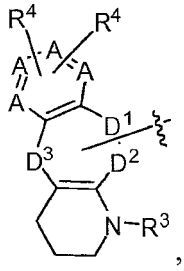
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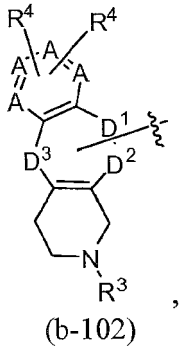
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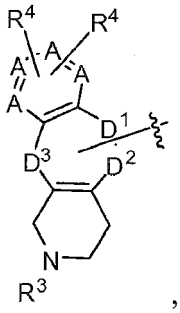

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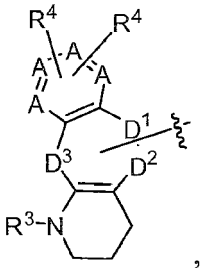

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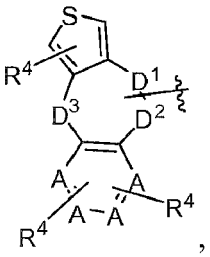

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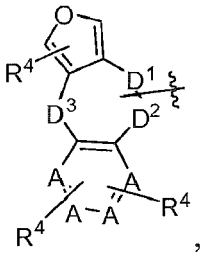

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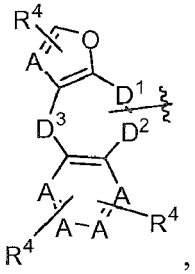

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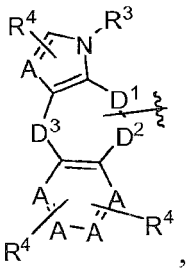

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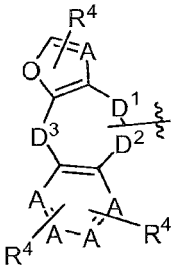

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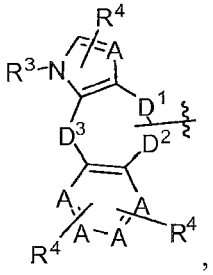

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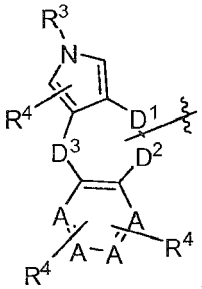

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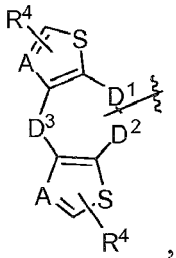

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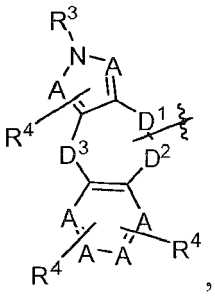

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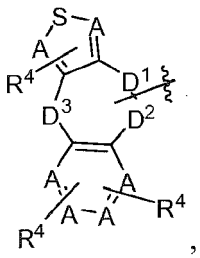
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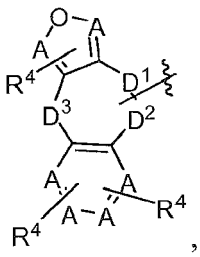
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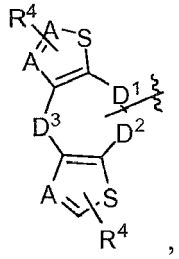
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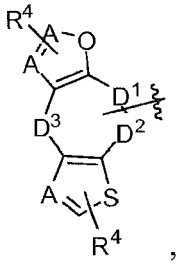
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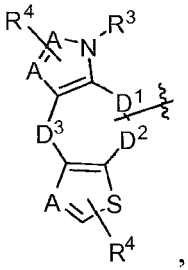
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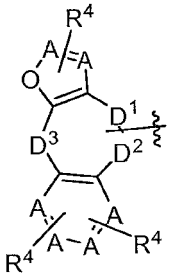
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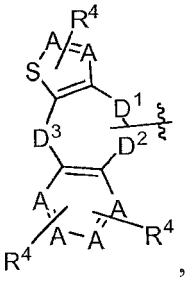
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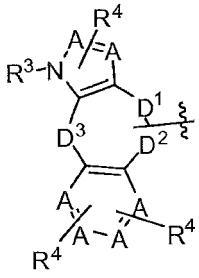
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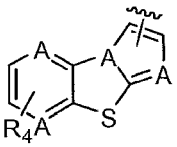
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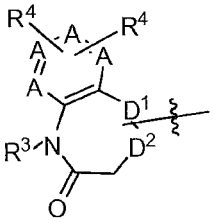
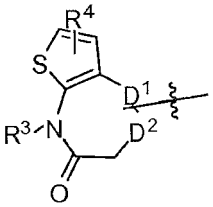
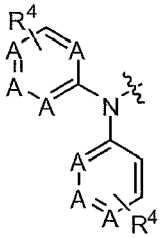
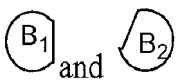

(b-123)

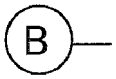

(b-124)


(b-125)

wherein

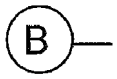

and

are independently selected from phenyl, a 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl and heterocyclyl, each of which is optionally substituted with one to three independently selected substituents;
provided that when

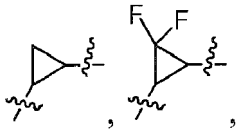


is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, aryl-alkyl-, heteroaryl, heteroaryl-alkyl-, heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl-alkyl, cycloalkyl-alkyl, C_1-C_{10}alkyl, $(aryl)_2$-CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-, (aryl)(heteroaryl)CH-C_0-C_6alkyl- and $(heteroaryl)_2$CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-, each of which is optionally substituted, then Q is selected from the group consisting of a-3, a-4, a-5, a-6, a-7, a-8, a-9, a-10, a-11, a-12, a-13 and a-14, wherein

each A is independently selected from the group consisting of N, -N-oxide, -CH= and -C(R^4)=, wherein no more than two A per 5 or 6 membered ring are N in a

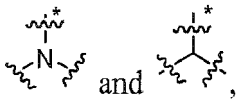


group, and wherein no more than one A is -N-oxide; the group M^1-M^2 is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond, -N(R^3)CH_2-, -CH_2N(R^3)-, -S(O)$_{0-2}$-CH_2-, -CH_2S(O)$_{0-2}$-, -O-CH_2-, -CH_2-O-, -C(O)N(R^3)-, -C(O)-O-, -C(O)-CH_2-, -CH(OH)-CH_2-, -CH(F)-CH_2-, -CH_2-C(O)-, -CH_2-CH(OH)-, -CH_2-CH(F)-, -N(R^3)-C(O)-, -SO_2N(R^3)-, - N(R^3)SO_2-, -CH(R^4)CH_2-, -CH_2CH(R^4)-, -N=C(R^4)-, -C(R^4)=N-, -CH_2-CH_2-, -CH=CH-, -CH(R^3)-CH(R^3)-, -C(R^3)=C(R^3)-, -C(R^4)=C(R^4)-, -CF=CH-, -CH=CF-,

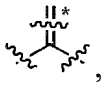


-CH_2-, -C(R^3)(R^{3a})-, -S(O)$_{0-2}$-, -N(R^3)-, or absent;

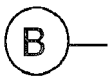
M^3 is selected from the group consisting of



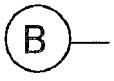
or M^3 is



wherein Q is attached to



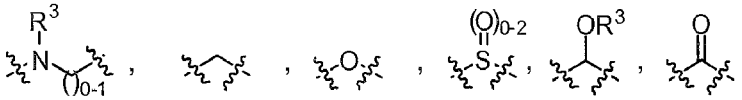
via =N-O-, or =N-O-C_{0-3}alkyl, or J is attached to



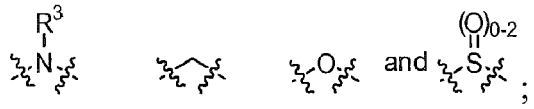
via =CH-,

wherein * represents the point of attachment to Q;

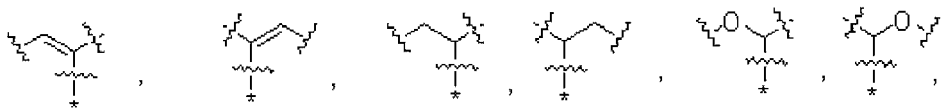
M^4 is selected from the group consisting of

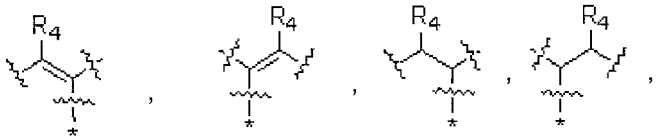


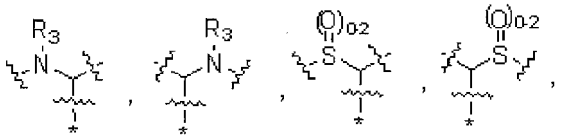
and covalent bond ;
wherein, when M^1-M^2 is a covalent bond, M^4 is selected from the group consisting of

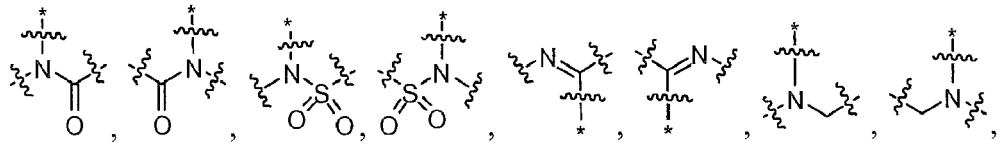


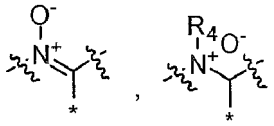
the groups D^1-D^2 and D^{1a}-D^{2a} are selected from the group consisting of

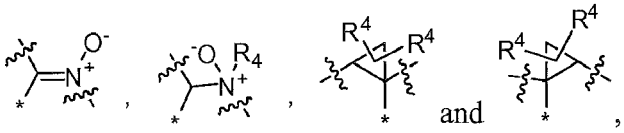




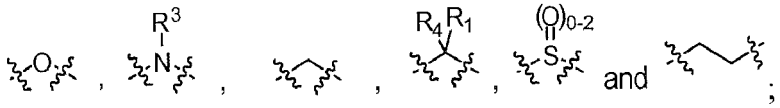






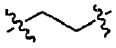


wherein, * represents the point of attachment to Q;
D^3 is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond,

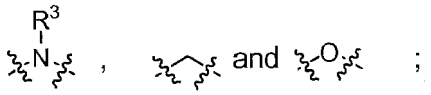


wherein the

and

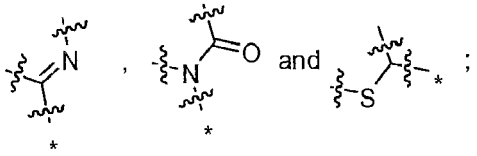


are optionally substituted; D^4 is selected from the group consisting of

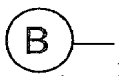


wherein the

is optionally substituted; the group E^1-E^2 is selected from the group consisting of



wherein * represents the point of attachment to Q; and
E^3 is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)-, -C(S)-, $-CH_2$-, $-C(OH)_2$- and -C=N(R^3)-; and
R^4 is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, C_1-C_6alkyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_6alkynyl, C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OR^3, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OR^1, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-OR^3, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)NR^3 R^{3a}, -CH=CH-C(O)-OR^3, -CH=CH-C(O)-N(R^3)(R^{3a}), -N(R^3)-C(O)-CF^3, -N(R^3)-C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)(R^{3a}), -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)(R^{3a}), -N(R^3)-C(O)-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, -N(R^3)-S(O)$_2$-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, - S(O)$_2$-N(R^3)R^{3a}, -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)(R^{3a}), -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-OR^1, -S-R^3, -S(O)-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, -S(O)$_2$-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, C_4-C_7heterocyclyl-R^3, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl, -O-heterocyclyl-C(O)-OR^3, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-aryl, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-heteroaryl, -O-C(O)-NR^3-C_0-C_4alkyl-aryl, -O-C(O)-NR^3-C_0-C_4alkylheteroaryl, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclylaryl, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl-heteroaryl, -N(R^3)-C_2-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl, N(R^3)C(O)N(R^3)-C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl- R^3, -C_0-C_4alkyl-OC(O)-R^3, -C_0-C_4alkyl-N(R^3)C(O)-O-R^3, -C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl-C(O)-O-R^3, -N(R^3)-C_2-C_4alkylheterocyclyl, F, Cl, Br, I, NO_2, $-CF_3$, $-OCF_3$, $-OCHF_2$, $-SCF_3$, $-SF_5$,$-SO_3H$, -CN, -C_1-C_6 alkylaryl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6 alkylheteroaryl, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl and heteroaryl moeity of the aformentioned R^4 is optionally substituted; or

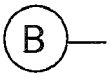


is selected from the group consisting of structures b-1a to b-1k and (b-1) to (b-125) and Q-J-L taken together is selected from the group consisting of -C_3-C_8alkyl-, -C(O)-C_3-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C_3-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_1-C_4alkenyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, =N-O-C_1-C_8alkyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkenyl-, N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkynyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkenyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkylheteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_1-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_1-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(^{3})-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-$_3$alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C()-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C()-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C()-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C()-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C()-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-

$C(O)$-$N(R^3)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$C(O)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$C(O)$-$N(R^3)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$C(O)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$C()$-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$C()$-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-$C(O)$-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$C(O)$-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$C(O)$-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-$C(O)$-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$C(O)$-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$C(O)$-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-$C(O)$-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$C(O)$-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$C(O)$-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-$C(O)$-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$C(O)$-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$C(O)$-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-$C(O)$-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$C(O)$-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$C(O)$-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-$C(O)$-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4allcynyl, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_3akl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-$N(R^3)$-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-$N(R^3)$-bridged heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-$N(R^3)$-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-$N(R^3)$-bridged heterocyclyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-$N(R^3)$-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-$N(R^3)$-bridged heterocyclyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-$N(R^3)$-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-$N(R^3)$-bridged heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-U-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)$-bridged heterocyclyl-U-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-$N(R^3)$-U-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-U-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)$-bridged heterocyclyl-U-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-$N(R^3)$-U-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-U-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)$-bridged heterocyclyl-U-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-$N(R^3)$-U-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-U-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)$-bridged heterocyclyl-U-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, and -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-$N(R^3)$-U-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, alkynyl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl moiety is optionally substituted; and wherein the bridge is methylene or propylene;

provided that Formula (I) excludes those compounds wherein

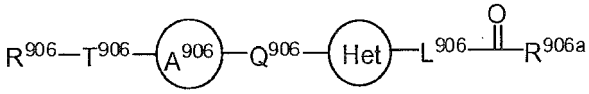
-Q-J-L-C(O)Z is optionally substituted -C_1-C_{13}alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2alkenyl-C(O)NHOH; and



is selected from the group consisting of aromatic polycycles, non-aromatic polycycles, mixed aryl and non-arylpolycycles, polyheteroaryl, non-aromatic polyheterocycles, and mixed aryl and non-aryl polyheterocycles, each of which is optionally substituted;

and

provided that Formula (I) excludes compounds of Formula (A)



wherein R^{906} is selected from the group consisting of aryl and heteroaryl;

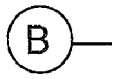
T^{906} is selected from the group consisting of -C_{0-6}alkyl-$S(O)_2$-C_{0-6}alkyl-, -C_{0-6}alkyl-$C(O)$-C_0-$_6$alkyl- and C_{1-3}alkyl, wherein T^{906} is substituted at the carbon atom attached to R^{906} with a moiety selected from the group consisting of;aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and heterocycle;

A^{906} is an optionally substituted unbridged heterocycle;

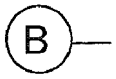
Q^{906} is a bond;

Het is an optionally substituted 5-membered aryl ring;

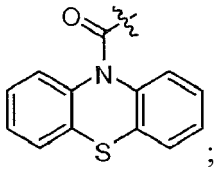
L^{906} is a bond or -C_{1-4}alkyl-; and
R^{906a} is -N(R^{906b})OH, wherein R^{906b} is selected from the group consisting of H, optionally substituted alkyl and optionally substituted aryl;
and
provided that Formula (I) excludes those compounds wherein
-Q-J-L-C(O)Z is optionally substituted -C_0-C_4alkyl-X-C_1-C_4alkyl-phenyl-C_2alkenyl-C(O)NHOH;



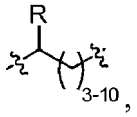
is a 5- or 6-membered aromatic heterocyclic group condensed with a carbon ring or other heterocyclic ring, which



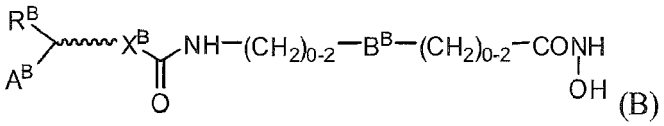
is substituted with 1 to 4 substituents selected from phenyl, another 5- or 6-membered aromatic heterocyclic group and a heterocyclic group, said heterocyclic group being optionally substituted with C_{1-4}alkyl, a benzyl group or a pyridylmethyl group; and
X is a moiety having a structure selected from the group consisting of -C(O)N(R^{A1})-, -O-C(O)-N(R^{A1})-, -SO_2-, -N(R^{A2})SO_2-, wherein R^{A1} and R^{A2} are independently -H or optionally substituted C_1-C_4alkyl;
and
provided that Formula (I) excludes compounds wherein B-Q- is



and -J-L- is



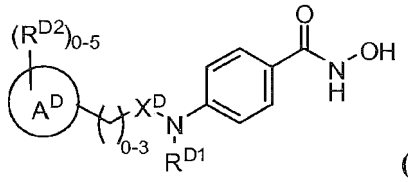
wherein R is directly attached or attached through a linker, and is selected from the group consisting of substituted or unsubstituted aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylamino, naphtha, pyridineamino, piperidino, 9-purine-6-amine, thiazoleamino group, hydroxyl, branched or unbranched alkyl, alkenyl, alkyoxy, aryloxy, arylalkyloxy and pyridine group, wherein the linker is selected from the group consisting of an amide moiety, -O-, -S-, -NH-and -CH_2-; and
provided that Formula (I) excludes compounds of Formula (B)



(B)

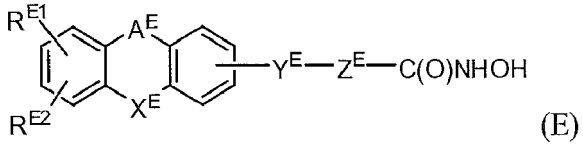
wherein
R^B is H or phenyl;
A^B is a bi- or tricyclic residue optionally partially or totally unsaturated, and which optionally contains one or more heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S and O, and optionally substituted by hydroxy, alkanoyloxy, primary, secondary or tertiary amino, aminoC_1-C_4alkyl, mono- or di(C_1-C_4)alkyl-aminoC_1-C_4alkyl, halogen, C_1-C_4alkyl and tri(C_1-C_4)alkylammoniumC_1-C_4alkyl;

is a chain of 1 to 5 carbon atoms optionally containing a double bond or an NR group, wherein R is H or C_1-C_4alkyl;
X^B is absent, an oxygen atom or an NR group, wherein R is H or C_1-C_4alkyl; and
B^B is a phenylene or cyclohexylene ring;
and
provided that Formula (I) excludes compounds of Formula (D)



(D)

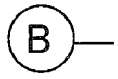
wherein
A^D is selected from the group consisting of a 4- to 10-membered aromatic or non-aromatic heterocyclyl;
X^D is C=O or $S(O)_2$;
R^{D1} is H or C_1-C_6alkyl;
R^{D2} is independently selected from the group consisting of oxo, (C=O)-NH_2, C_1-C_6alkyl-aryl and heterocyclyl, when A^D is a non-aromatic heterocycle, wherein said alkyl, and aryl moieties are optionally substituted with one to three R^b; or
R^{D2} is independently selected from the group consisting of OH, NO_2, $(C=O)_{0-1}$-O_{0-1}-C_1-C_6alkyl, CN, $(C=O)_{0-1}$-O_{0-1}-C_3-C_{10}cycloakyl, halogen, $(C=O)_{0-1}$-$N(R^a)_2$, CF_3, NH-$S(O)_{0-2}$-R^a, $(C=O)_{0-1}$-O_{0-1}-heterocyclyl, $(C=O)_{0-1}$-O_{0-1}-aryl, $S(O)_{0-2}$-R^a, $NH(C=O)R^a$, C_1-C_6alkyl-aryl and heterocyclyl, when A^D is an aromatic heterocyclyl, wherein said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl and heterocyclyl are optionally substituted with one to three R^b;
R^a is independently H or C_1-C_6alkyl; and
R^b is independently selected from the group consisting of oxo, NO_2, $N(R^a)_2$, OH, CN, halogen, CF_3 and C_1-C_6alkyl;
and
provided that Formula (I) excludes compounds of Formula (E)



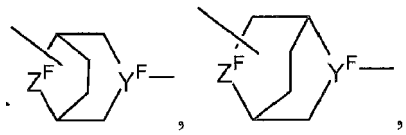
(E)

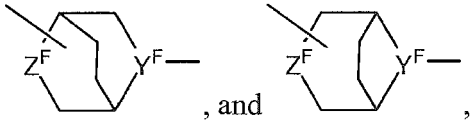
wherein
A^E is selected from the group consisting of -CH_2-O-, -CH_2-S-, -CH_2-CH_2- and -NH-CO-;
X^E is selected from the group consisting of -$N(R^{E3})$-, =C(O) and -CH(OH)-;
Y^E is selected from the group consisting of O, S and -$N(R^{E4})$-;
Z^E is selected from the group consisting of a straight chain C4-C8alkylene, wherein one CH_2 group may be replaced by an oxygen or a sulfur atom, or wherein 2 carbon atoms form a C=C double bond, and which is either unsubstituted or substituted by one or two substituents selected from C_1-C_4alkyl and halogen;
R^{E1} and R^{E2} are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, C_1-C_4alkyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxy, C_1-C_4alkoxy, benzyloxy, C_1-C_3alkylenedioxy, nitro, amino, C_1-C_4alkylamino, di[(C_1-C_4)alkyl]-amino, and C_1-C_4alkanoylamino; and
R^{E3} and R^{E4} are independently selected from H and C_1-C_4alkyl; and
provided that Formula (I) excludes compounds of Formula (F)
A^F-Q^{1F}-J^F-Q^{2F}-C(O)-NH-OH (F)
wherein
A^F is a C_5-C_{20} aryl group or a 5-20 membered heteroaryl group, each having one ring or two or more fused rings, wherein at least one ring is aromatic, said ary and heteroaryl groups being optionally substituted;
Q^{1F} is a linker group having a backbone length of at least 2 carbon atoms, the linker being optionally substituted;
J^F is -$N(R^F)$-C(O)- or -C(O)-$N(R^F)$-;
Q^{2F} is selected from the group consisting of C_1-C_{10}alkyl, C_5-C_{20}aryl, 5 to 20 membered heteroaryl, C_5-C_{20}aryl-C_1-C_{10}alkyl, 5 to 20 membered heteroaryl-C_1-C_{10}alkyl, C_1-C_{10}alkyl-C_5-C_{20}aryl and C_1-C_{10}alkyl-5 to 20 membered het-

eroaryl, each of which is optionally substituted; and
R^F is selected from the group consisting of H, C_1-C_7alkyl, C_3-C_{20}heterocyclyl and C_5-C_{20}aryl, each of which is optionally substituted; and
provided that Formula (I) excludes compounds wherein
Z is -N(R^1)(OR^2);
R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from the group consisting of H, C_1-C_6alkyl, aryl and heteroaryl;
L is a bond; and

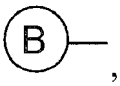


is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, aryl-alkyl-, heteroaryl, heteroaryl-alkyl-, heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl-alkyl, cycloalkyl-alkyl, C_1-C_{10}alkyl, $(aryl)_2$-CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-, (aryl)(heteroaryl)CH-C_0-C_6alkyl- and $(heteroaryl)_2$CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-, each of which is optionally substituted; and Q comprises a ring selected from the group consisting of



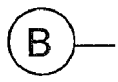


wherein Y^F is nitrogen or -CH<, and Z^F is oxygen, NH or -CH_2- if Z^F is not bonded to



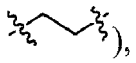
or Z^F is nitrogen or -CH< if Z^F is bonded to

through a covalent bond or a radical group selected from the group consisting of H, -C(R^1)(R^2)-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C(R^1)(R^2)-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C(R^1)(R^2)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-O-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C(R^1)(R^2)-O-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-N(R^3)-C(S)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-O-C(S)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-N(R^3)-$S(O)_2$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, a covalent bond, (R^3)(R^{3a})N-C_2-C_4alkyl-, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-, and R^3-O-C_2-C_4alkyl-;
or



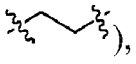
is selected from the group consisting of b-53, b-62 (wherein D^3 is

or



b-69 (wherein R^4 is H), b-70, b-72 (wherein D^3 is

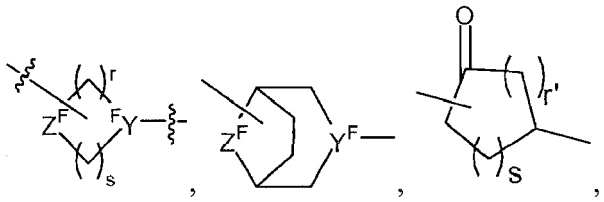
or

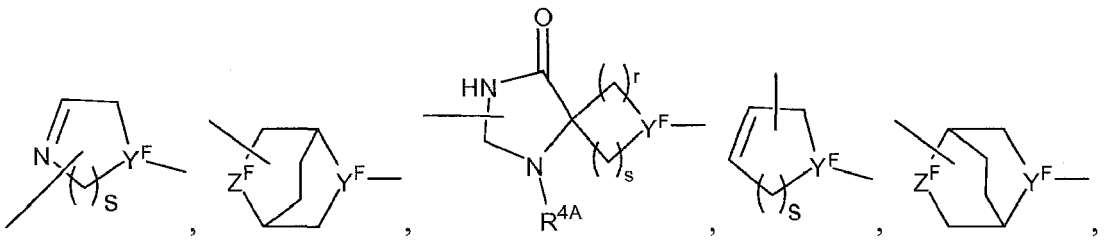


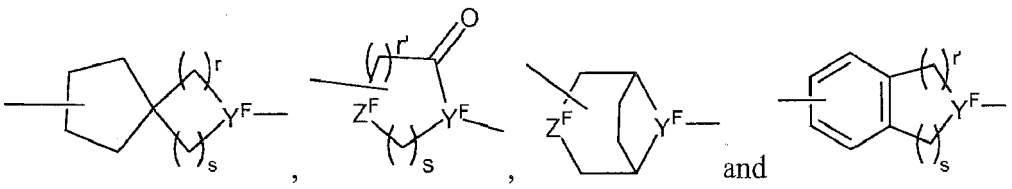
b-92 and b-93; and

Q-J is selected from the group consisting of $-X^F-C_{0-4}$alkyl-aryl-C_{0-4}alkyl-, $-X^F-C_{0-4}$alkylheteroaryl-C_{0-4}alkyl-, and $-X^F-C_{0-4}$alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_{0-4}alkyl-, wherein said alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, and heterocyclyl are optionally substituted, and wherein said hetercyclyl is a mono- or bi-saturated or mono- or bi-unsaturated heterocyclic ring, and wherein

X^F is selected from the group consisting of

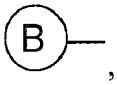






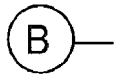
and

wherein the left side attaches to

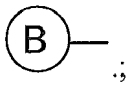


and wherein r and s are each independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5, wherein r and s cannot be both 0 and when r or s are 0 then a direct bound in intended; each r' is independently 0, 1, 3, 3 or 4 and r' cannot be 0 when s is 0; R^{4A} is H, C_{1-6}alkyl or phenyl;

Y^F is nitrogen or -CH<, and Z^F is oxygen, NH or -CH_2- if Z^F is not bonded to

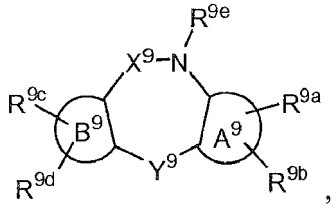


or Z^F is nitrogen or -CH< if Z^F is bonded to



and

provided that Formula (I) excludes those compounds having the following structure:



wherein

X^9 is selected from the group consisting of CO, SO_2 and CH_2;

Y^9 is selected from the group consisting of N-R^{9f}, CH-OR^{9f}, CH-$NR^{9f}R^{9i}$ and C=CH-CO-R^{9g};

A^9 and B^9 are independently selected from 5- or 6-membered rings;

R^{9a}, R^{9b}, R^{9c} and R^{9d} are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, CF_3, NO_2, $NR^{9i}R^{9j}$, CN, COOH, $(CH_2)_{0-2}$-$CONR^{9i}R^{9j}$, C_{1-6}alkyl, OH, O-C_{1-6}alkyl, O-cyclopropyl, O-$(CH_2)_2$-O-C_{1-6}alkyl, O-$(CH_2)_2$-$NR^{9i}R^{9j}$, O-$CONHR^{9i}$, CH_2-Z^9-R^{9h}, COR^{9i}, $CR^{9i}R^{9m}R^{9n}$, SR^{9i}, SO_2R^{9o}, $CR^{9i}NOR^{9i}$, $CR^{9i}NNR^{9i}R^{9j}$, a Q^9-$(CH_2)_{2-9}$CONHOH group, furan, thiophene, pyrrole, oxazole, thiazole, imidazole, pyrazole, isoxazole, isothiazole, 1,2,3-oxathiazole, 1,2,3-triazole, pyridine, pyridazine, pyrimidine, pyrazine, morpholine thiomorpholine, piperidine and pyrrolidine;

R^{9e} and R^{9f} are Q^{9a}-$(CH_2)_{2-9}$CONHOH;

R^{9g} is NH-$(CH_2)_{2-9}$CONHOH;

R^{9h} is a (CH_2)P-R^{9k} group, wherein R^{9k} can be methyl or hydroxyl;

Z^9 is selected from the group consisting of O, NR^{9L} and S;

Q^9 is selected from the group consisting of a chemical bond, -O-, -S-, -NR^{9L}-, -NR^{9i}CO-, -$CONR^{9i}$-, -W^9-, -COW^9-, wherein W^9 is piperidine or pyrrolidine;

Q^{9a} is a bond or a -CO-;

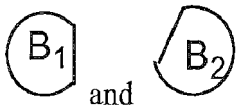
R^{9i} and R^{9j} are independently H or a C_{1-6}alkyl;

R^{9L} is H or R^{9h};

R^{9m} and R^{9n} can either be a fluorine atom or oxygen atoms linked together by an alkyl chain consisting of 2 or 3 CH_2; and

R^{9o} is a C_{1-6}alkyl; provided that (1) only one $(CH_2)_{2-9}$CONHOH is present in the molecule and (2) when X^9 is CO and A^9 and B^9 are both benzene then R^{9c} and R^{9d} cannot signify Q^9-$(CH_2)_{2-9}$CONHOH.

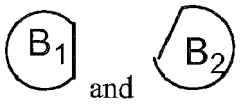
[0089] In a preferred embodiment of the present invention,



are independently selected from the group consisting of phenyl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl, wherein each phenyl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -NO_2, -CN, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_1-C_6alkoxyl, -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-O-R^{53}, -O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl- NR^{52}C(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_2NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$NR^{52}S(O)_2$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OC(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-NR^{52}C(O)O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-NR^{12}C(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OC(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl,

-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -NR^{53}-C_2-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ and -O-heterocyclyl- R^{53}.

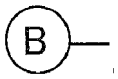
[0090] In a preferred embodiment of the present invention,



are independently selected from the group consisting of phenyl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl, wherein each phenyl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of R^4.

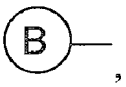
[0091] In a preferred embodiment of the compounds of the present invention, J-Q is selected from the group consisting of -C_1-C_9alkyl, -C_1-C_9heteroalkyl, phenyl, aryl, heteroaryl, -C_1-C_4alkyl-phenyl, -C_1-C_4alkyl-aryl, -C_1-C_4alkyl-heteroaryl, -NR^{33}aryl, -NR^{33}-C_1-C_4alkyl-aryl, -NR^{33}heteroaryl and NR^{33}-C_1-C_4alkyl-heteroaryl, wherein each alkyl and heteroalkyl is optionally substituted with one or three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of F, -OH and oxo, and wherein each phenyl, aryl and heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, -OR^{53}, -C_1-C_4alkyl, -C_1-C_4alkoxyl, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_6alkyl,-CN, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -NO_2, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}R^{53}$, -NH_2, -$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ and -$N(C_1$-C_6alkyl$)_2$, wherein R^{33} is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl and -C_0-C_4alkyl-phenyl, wherein each phenyl and cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one or three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, -NO_2, -CF_3, -OCF_3, amino, -$N(C_1$-C_6alkyl$)_2$, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}R^{53}$, -C_1-C_4alkoxyl -CN, -O-C_2alkyl-O-CH_3, -$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ or -C_1-C_4alkyl.

[0092] In a preferred embodiment, embodiment A, of the compounds of the present invention, Q comprises a bridged heterocycle,



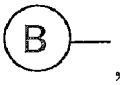
comprises a first ring structure, said first ring structure attached via a covalent bond to said bridged heterocycle and J comprises a second ring structure, said second ring structure attached via a covalent bond to said bridged heterocycle, each of which is optionally substituted. In another preferred embodiment, L is a covalent bond.

[0093] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment B, of the compounds according to the present invention, L is a covalent bond, Q is a heterocycle comprising a one or three carbon bridge, and J is heteroaryl, wherein each of



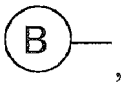
Q and J are optionally substituted.

[0094] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment B-2, of the compounds according to the present invention, L is a covalent bond, Q comprises a heterocycle comprising an unsubstituted methylene, ethylene or propylene bridge, and J is heteroaryl, wherein each of



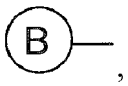
Q and J are otherwise optionally substituted.

[0095] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment B-3, of the compounds according to the present invention, L is a covalent bond, Q comprises a heterocycle comprising an unsubstituted methylene, ethylene or propylene bridge, and J is aryl, wherein each of



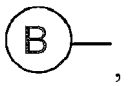
Q and J are otherwise optionally substituted.

[0096] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment C, of the compounds according to the present invention, L is a covalent bond, Q is a heterocycle comprising a one or three carbon bridge, and J is pryimidine, wherein each of



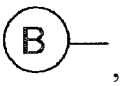
Q and J are optionally substituted.

[0097] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment D, of the compounds according to the present invention, L is a covalent bond, Q is a heterocycle comprising an unsubstituted methylene bridge, and J is pryimidine, wherein each of



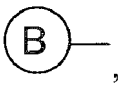
Q and J are otherwise optionally substituted.

[0098] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment E, of the compounds according to the present invention, L is a covalent bond, Q is a heterocycle comprising a three carbon bridge; and J is pryimidine, wherein each of



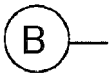
Q and J are optionally substituted.

[0099] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment F, of the compounds according to the present invention, L is a covalent bond, Q is a 2,5-diazabicyclo [2.2.1] heptane, and J is pryimidine, wherein each of



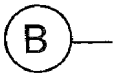
Q and J are optionally substituted.

[0100] In a preferred embodiment, embodiment G, of each of the forgoing,



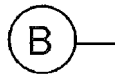
is an optionally substituted aryl or heteroary, preferably aryl, more preferably phenyl.

[0101] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment G-1, of each of the embodiments A to F,

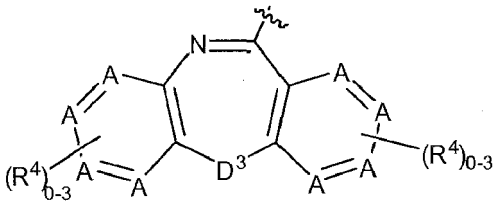


is an optionally substituted heteroary, preferably pyridine.

[0102] In a preferred embodiment, embodiment H, of the compounds of the present invention,



is a radical selected from the group consisting of



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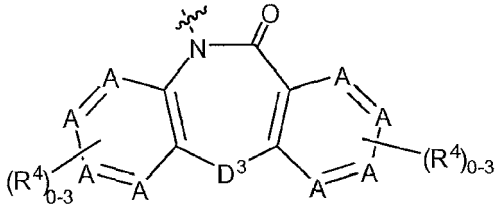
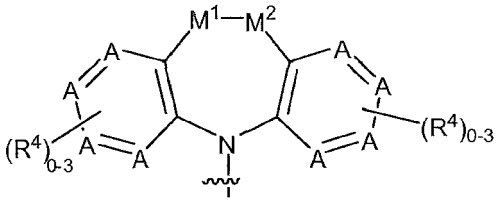


and



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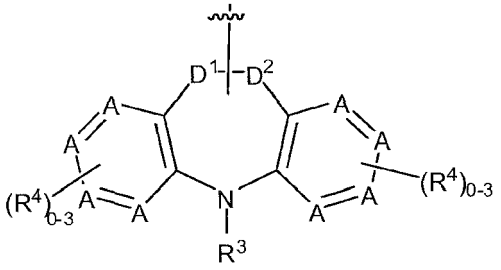

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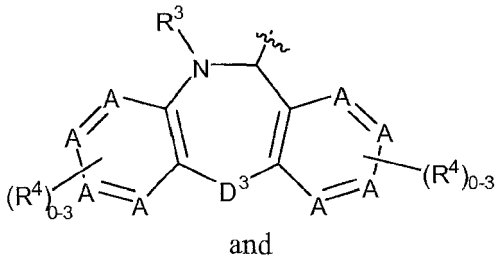

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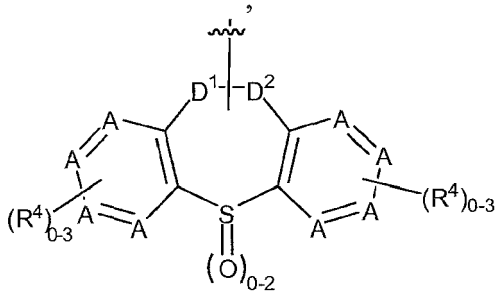
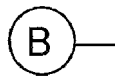
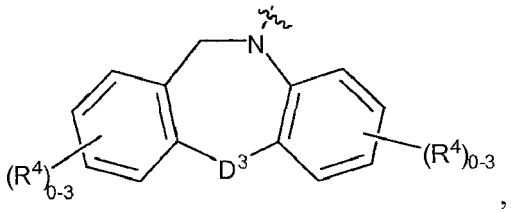


.

[0103] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment I, of the compounds according to the present invention,



is a radical selected from the group consisting of



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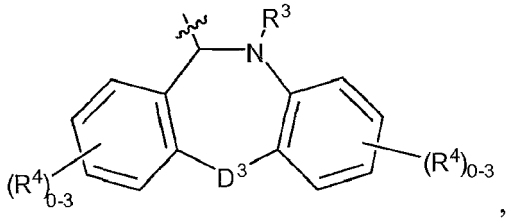

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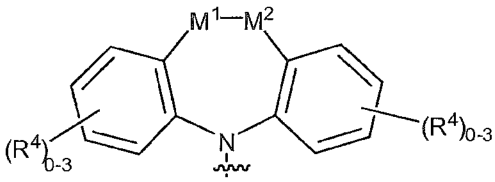
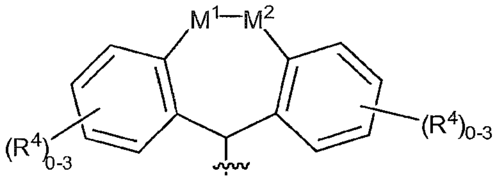
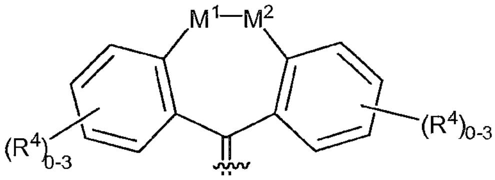
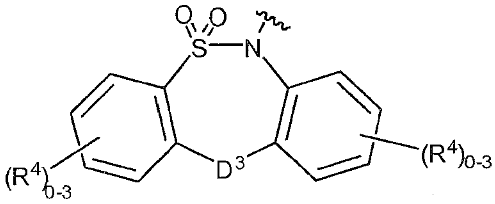
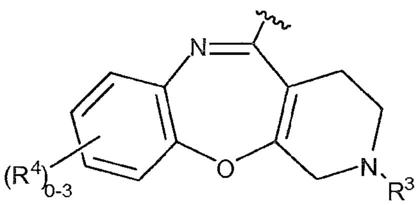
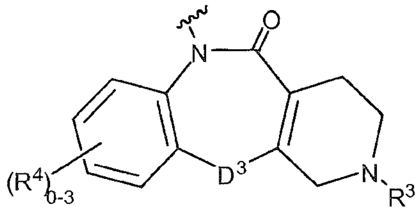
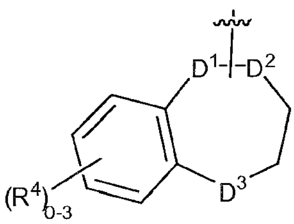
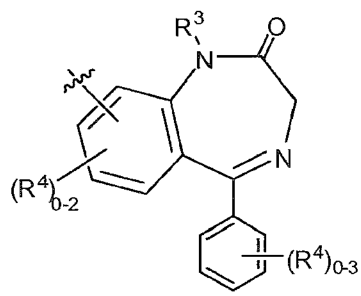
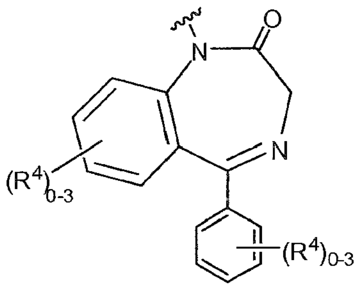
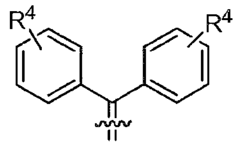
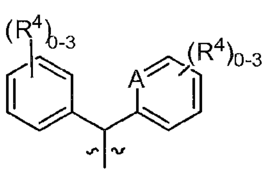
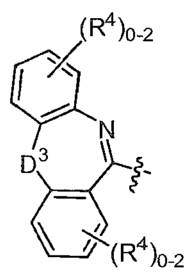
 ,  ,

 ,  ,

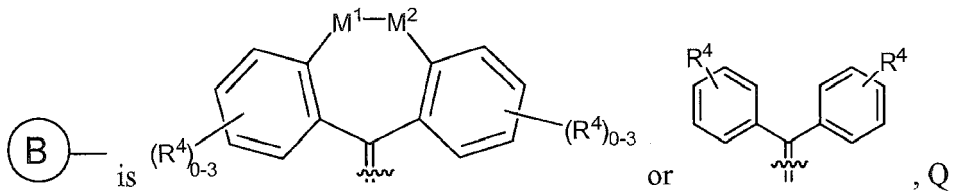
 ,  ,

 ,  ,

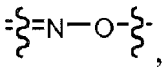
 ,  ,

 and  ,

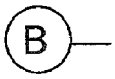
wherein when



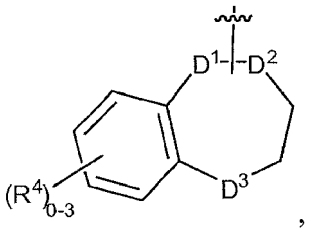
is attached via



and wherein when

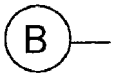


is

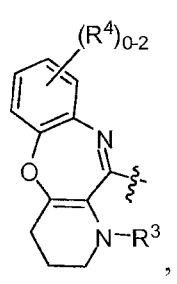


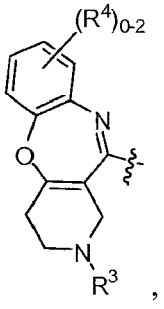
Q is attached via D^1-D^2.

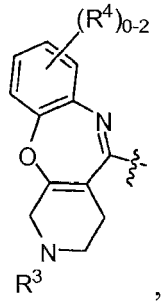
[0104] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment J, of the compounds according to the present invention



is a radical selected from the group consisting of



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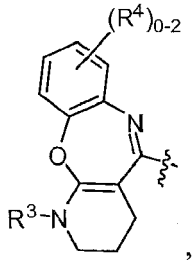
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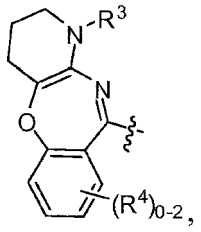
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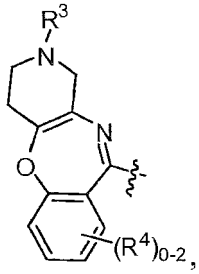
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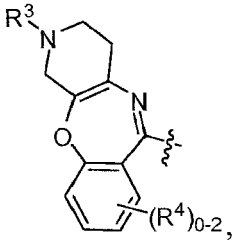
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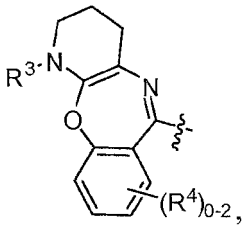
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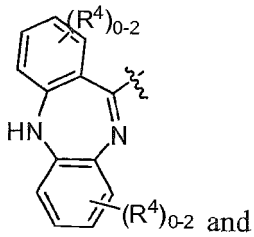
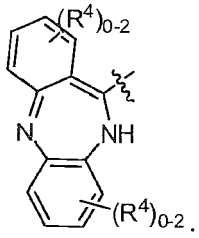
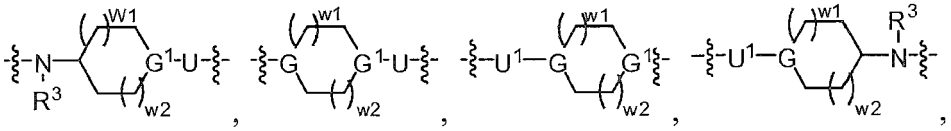
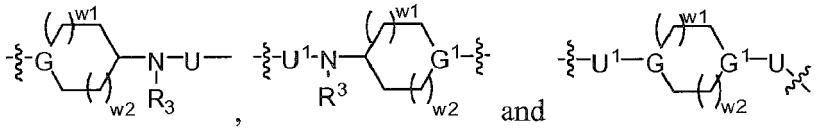

and

.

[0105] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment K, of the compounds according to the present invention, Q is an optionally substituted moiety selected from the group consisting of



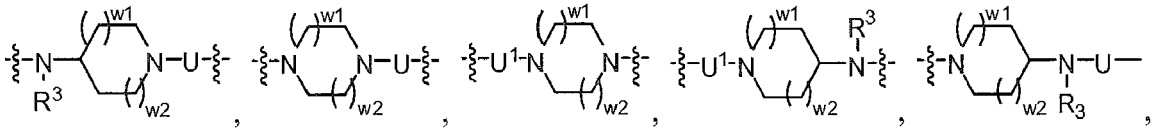


or where possible, an (R,R) or (S,S) enantiomer or a mixture of enantiomers, preferably an (R,R) enantiomer, more preferably an (S,S) enantiomer thereof, wherein G and G^1 are independently selected from -CH- and N; w1 and w2 are independently 0, 1, 2 or 3, provided that when both G and G^1 are N, then w1 and W2 are independently 1, 2 or 3; and wherein each ring structure includes a 0 (i.e., a bond), 1, 2 or 3 carbon bridge between two non-adjacent carbon atoms,

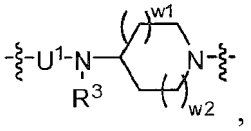
provided that

is absent when U^1 is H, $N(R^3)(R^{3a})$-C_2-C_4alkyl- or R^3-O-C_2-C_4alkyl-. Preferrably the ring size is 6, 7, 8 or 9 ring atoms, excluding any bridge atoms.

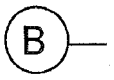
[0106] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment L, of the compounds according to the present invention, Q is an optionally substituted moiety selected from the group consisting of



and

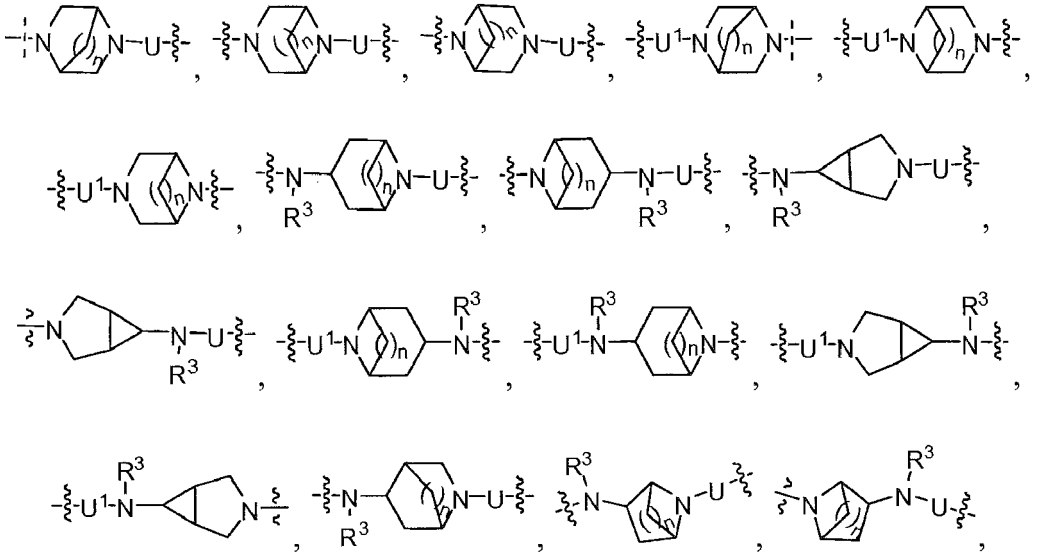


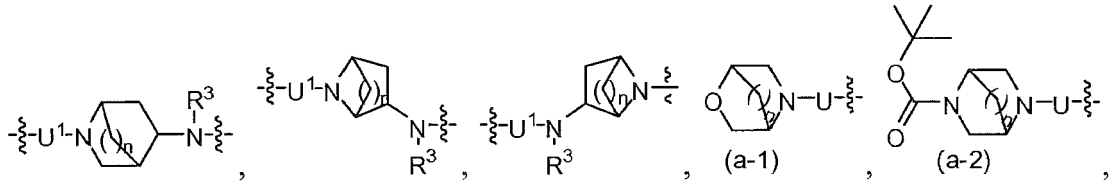
or where possible, an (R,R) or (S,S) enantiomer or a mixture of enantiomers, preferably an (R,R) enantiomer, more preferably an (S,S) enantiomer thereof, wherein w1 and w2 are independently 0, 1, 2 or 3, provided that when the ring includes two N atoms, then w1 and w2 are independently 1, 2 or 3; and wherein each ring structure includes a 0 (i.e., a bond), 1, 2 or 3 carbon bridge between two non-adjacent carbon atoms, provided that

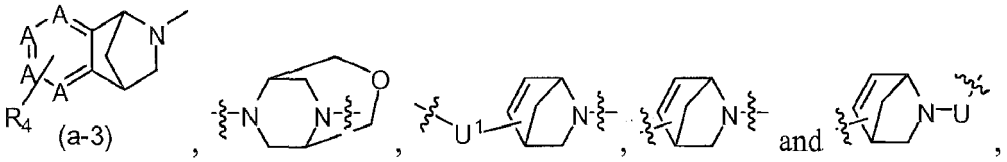


is absent when U^1 is H, $N(R^3)(R^{3a})$-C_2-C_4alkyl- or R^3-O-C_2-C_4alkyl-.

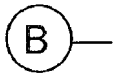
[0107] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment M, of the compounds according to the present invention, Q is an optionally substituted moiety, selected from the group consisting of





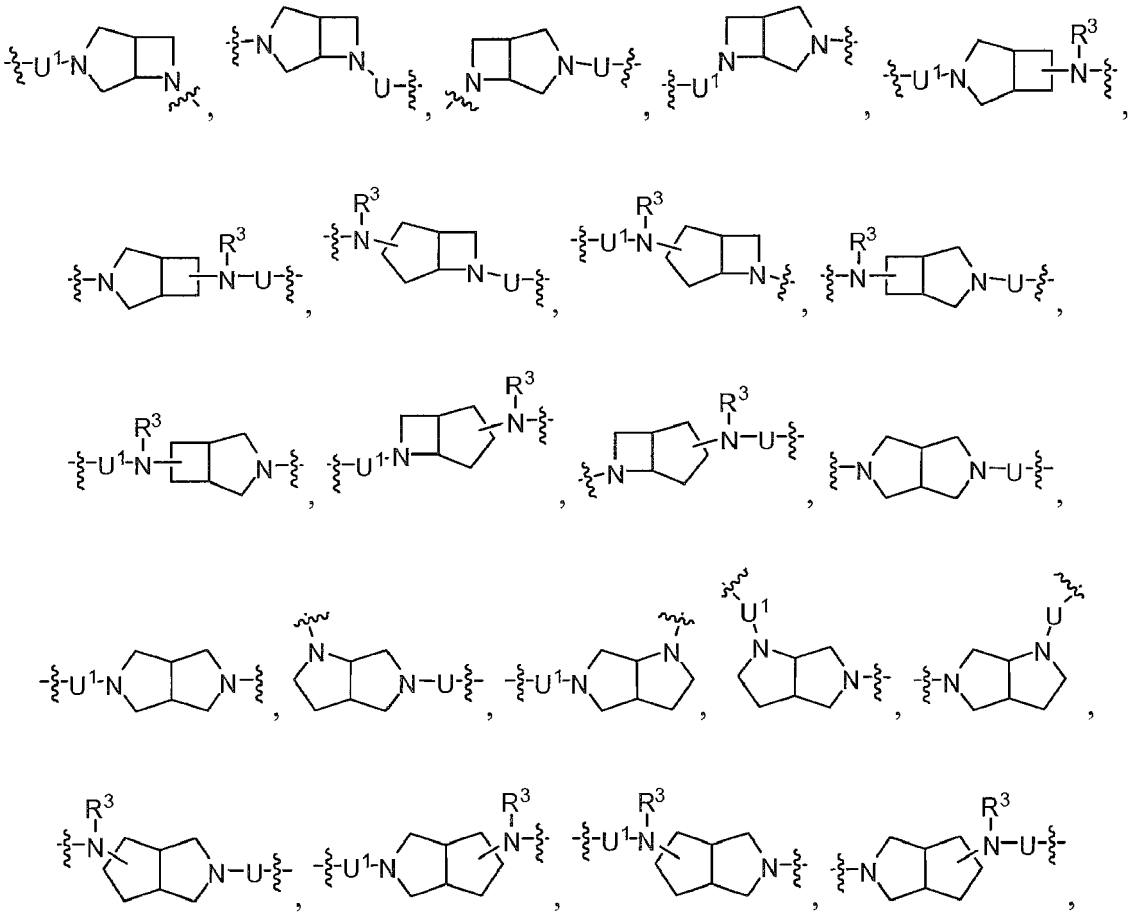


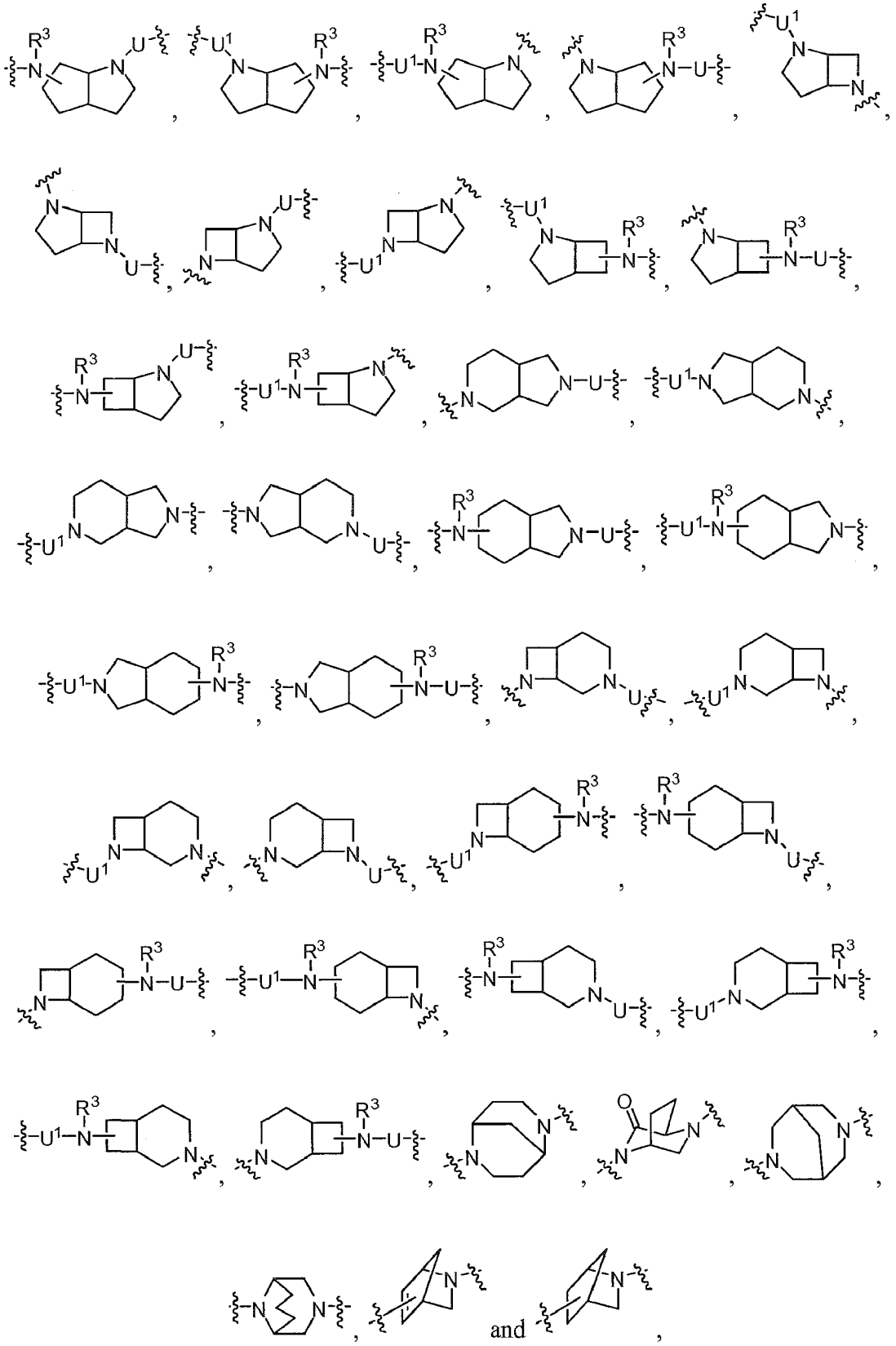
or wherein possible, a (R,R) or (S,S) enantiomer or a mixture of enantiomers, preferably an (R,R) enantiomer, more preferably an (S,S) enantiomer thereof, wherein n is 1, 2 or 3, and wherein



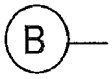
is absent when Q is structure (a-1), (a-2), (a-3) or when U^1 is H, $N(R^3)(R^{3a})$-C_2-C_4alkyl- or R^3-O-C_2-C_4alkyl-.

[0108] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment N, of the compounds according to the present invention, Q is an optionally substituted moiety selected from the group consisting of





or wherein possible, a (R,R) or (S,S) enantiomer or a mixture of enantiomers, preferably an (R,R) enantiomer, more preferably an (S,S) enantiomer thereof, wherein



is absent when U^1 is H, $N(R^3)(R^{3a})$-C_2-C_4alkyl- or R^3-O-C_2-C_4alkyl-.

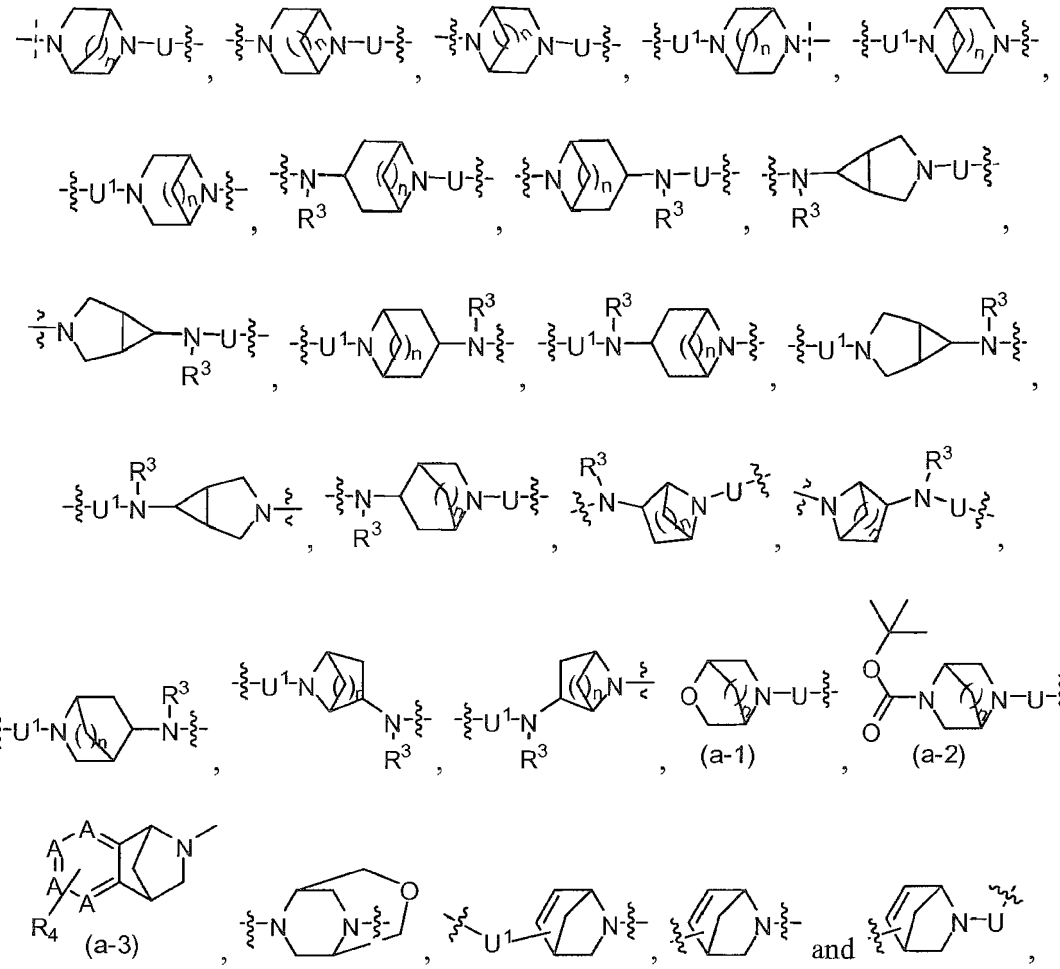
[0109] In a preferred embodiment, embodiment O, of the compounds of the present invention,

Z is $-N(R^1)(OR^2)$;

L is a covalent bond;

J is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond, =CH-, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_1-C_8heteroalkyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_2-C_8alkenyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_2-C_8alkynyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6heteroalkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-cycloalkyl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_4-C_6heterocyclyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_4-C_6heterocyclyl-aryl-C_0-C_6heteroalkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_4-C_6heterocyclyl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6heteroalkyl-, -C_4-C_6heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkynyl-, -C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkynyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkynyl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_2-C_6alkenyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_2-C_6alkenyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkylaryl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkylaryl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl- and -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, and cycloalkyl moiety is optionally substituted, wherein when J is =CH-, Q is a covalent bond and B is attached through a carbon sp^2 to J;

Q is a moiety selected from the group consisting of

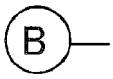


or an optionally substituted (R,R) or (S,S) enantiomer or a mixture of enantiomers, preferably an (R,R) enantiomer, more preferably an (S,S) enantiomer thereof, wherein n is 0, 1, 2 or 3; and

U is selected from the group consisting of -C_0-C_8alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -Co-C_8alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-O-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(S)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-O-

$C(S)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$S(O)_2$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, a covalent bond and -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-; and

U^1 is selected from the group consisting of H, -C_0-C_8alkyl-$C(O)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$C(O)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-O-$C(O)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$C(S)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-O-$C(S)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$S(O)_2$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, a covalent bond, $(R^3)(R^{3a})N$-C_2-C_4alkyl-, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-, and R^3-O-C_2-C_4alkyl-; wherein

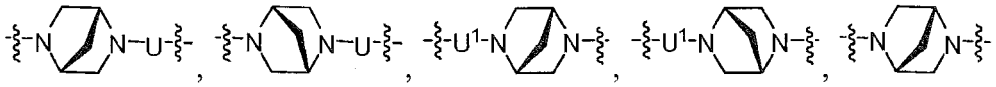


is absent when Q is structure (a-1), (a-2), (a-3) or when U^1 is H, $N(R^3)(R^{3a})$-C_2-C_4alkyl- or R^3-O-C_2-C_4alkyl-.

[0110] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment O, embodiment O-1, of the compounds according to the present invention, J is selected from the group consisting of a -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_1-C_8heteroalkyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6heteroalkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-cycloalkyl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_4-C_6heterocyclyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_4-C_6heterocyclyl-aryl-C_0-C_6heteroalkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_4-C_6heterocyclyl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6heteroalkyl-, -C_4-C_6heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkynyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkynyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkynyl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_2-C_6alkenyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_2-C_6alkenyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkylaryl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkylaryl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl- and -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, and cycloalkyl moiety is optionally substituted.

[0111] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment O-1, embodiment O-2, J is -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl- or -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-.

[0112] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment O-2, embodiment O-3, Q is selected from the group consisting of



and

[0113] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment O-3, embodiment O-4, U and U^1 are a covalent bond.

[0114] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment O-3 embodiment O-5, U and U^1 are -C(O)-.

[0115] In another preferred embodiment of embodiment O-3, embodiment O-6, moiety U is -C(O)-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-.

[0116] In another preferred embodiment of embodiment O-3, embodiment O-7, U^1 is -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C(O)-.

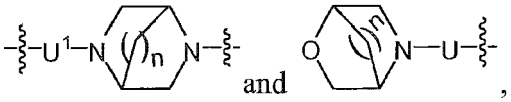
[0117] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment P of the compounds according to the present invention

J is selected from the group consisting of -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-C_2alkenyl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-C_2alkenyl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -Co-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl- and -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, wherein each is optionally substituted;

Q is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, =N-O-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$C(O)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$(CR^3{=}CR^3)_{1\text{-}2}$-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$(C{\equiv}C)_{1\text{-}2}$-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$C(O)$-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-,wherein each alkyl and heterocyclyl moiety is optionally substituted;

or

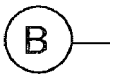
Q is selected from the group consisting of:



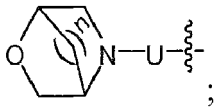
wherein

U^1 is selected from the group consisting of -C_0-C_8alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-O-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl- and a covalent bond;

wherein, when B is attached to Q via a N in B, then Q is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond, -C(O)-C_1-C_3alkyl-O-, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_2-C_6alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$(CR^3{=}CR^3)_{1\text{-}2}$-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl- and -$C_1$-$C_6$alkyl-$(C{\equiv}C)_{1\text{-}2}$-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-, wherein each alkyl moiety is optionally substituted; provided that

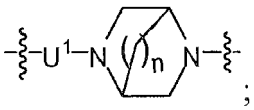


is absent when Q is

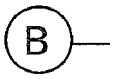


and

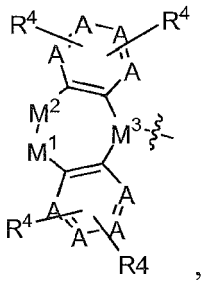
is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, aryl-alkyl-, $(heteroaryl)_2$-CH-C_0-C_6alkyl- and $(aryl)_2$-CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-, each of which is optionally substituted, provided that Q is



or



is a radical selected from the group consisting of



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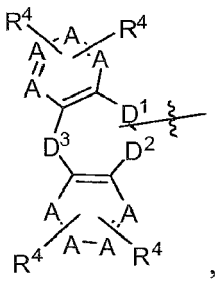

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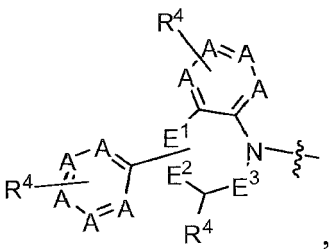

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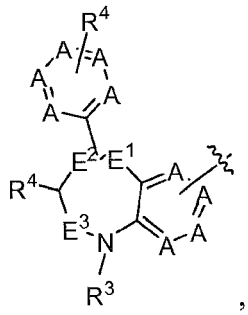
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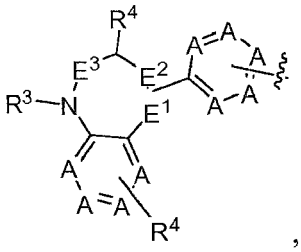
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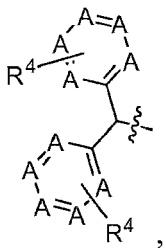
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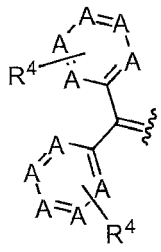
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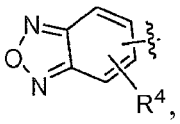
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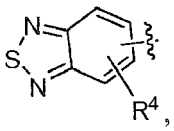
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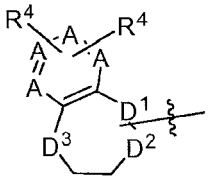
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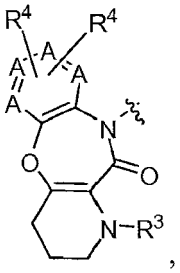
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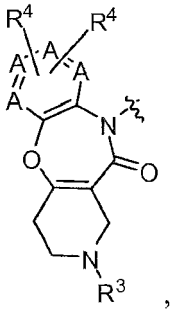
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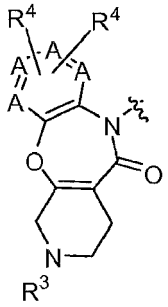
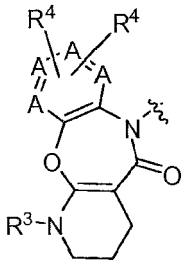
and
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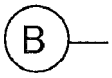
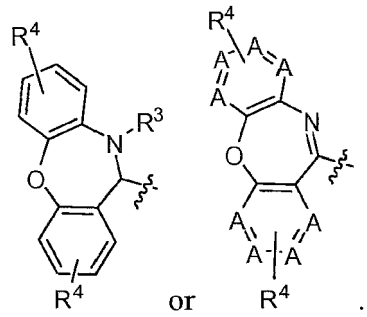
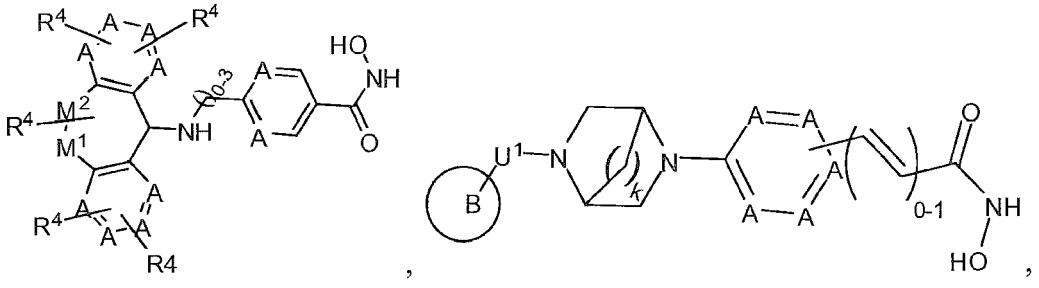
[0118] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment P, embodiment P-1,

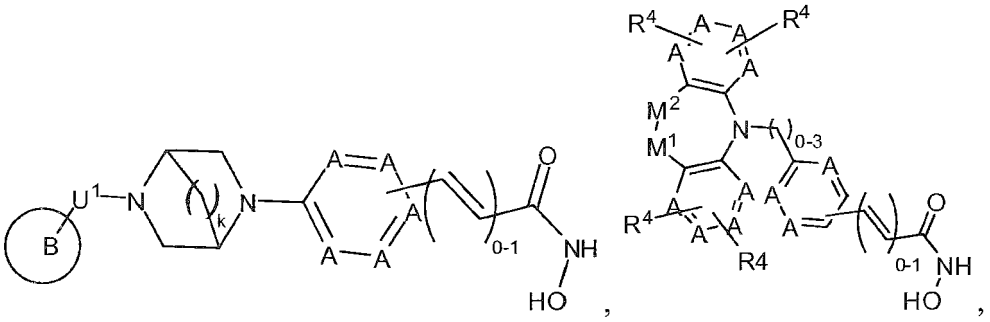


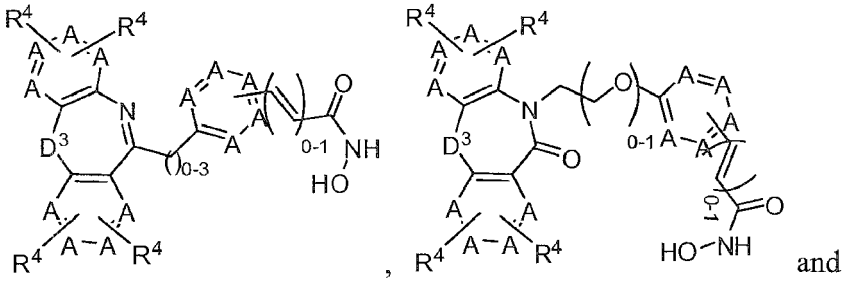
is



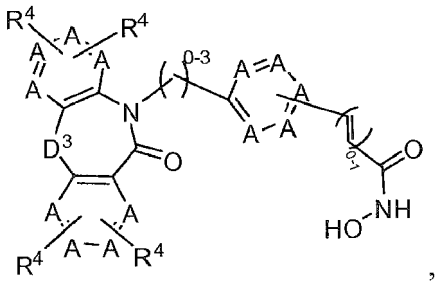
[0119] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment Q, of the compounds according to the present invention, the compound has a structure selected from the group consisting of







and



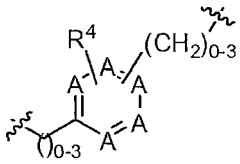
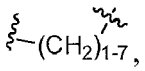
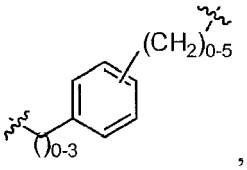
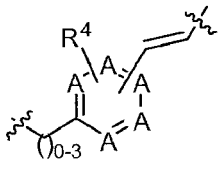
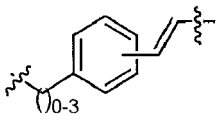
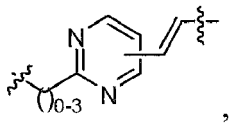
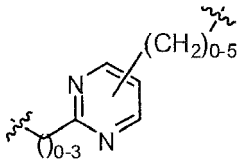
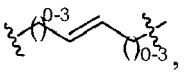
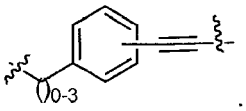
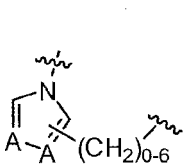
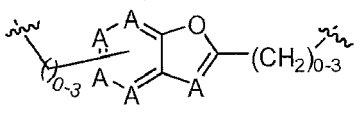
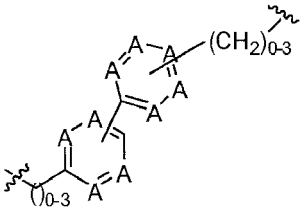
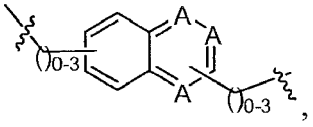
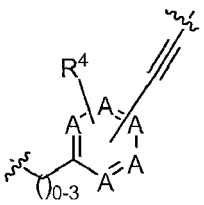
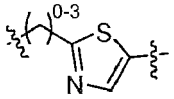
wherein k is 0 or 3.

[0120] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment R, of the compounds according to the present invention, Z is $-NR^1OR^2$, R^1 and R^2 are H, and L is a covalent bond.

[0121] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment S, of the compounds according to the present invention, Z is H and L is -N(OH).

[0122] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment T, of the compounds according to the present invention, J is selected from the group consisting of $-C_1$-C_8alkyl-, $-C_0$-C_3alkyl-C_1-C_8alkenyl-C_0-C_3-alkyl, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl- and $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-.

[0123] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment U, of the compounds according to the present invention, J is selected from the group consisting of

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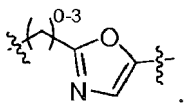
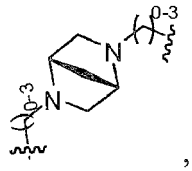


[0124] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment V, of the compounds according to the present invention, Q is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, =N-O-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-(CR^3=CR^3)$_{1-2}$$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-(C≡C)$_{1-2}$-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-N($R^3$)-C(O)-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-N($R^3$)-C(O)-alkenyl-$C_0$-$C_4$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-C(O)-N($R^3$)-$C_0$-$C_4$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$SO_2$-N($R^3$)-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-N($R^3$)-$SO_2$-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-N($R^3$)-S(O)$_2$-N($R^3$)-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-S-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-S(O)-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-S(O)$_2$-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-N($R^3$)-C(O)-N($R^3$)-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-C=N-O-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -heterocyclyl-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-heterocyclyl-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$SO_2$-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -C(O)-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -O-C(O)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -N(R^3)-C(S)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -O-C(S)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -N(R^3)-S(O)$_2$-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-SO_2-N(R^3)-, -C_0-C_6 alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)- and -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-O-, wherein each alkyl, heterocyclyl and alkenyl moiety is optionally substituted.

[0125] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment W, of the compounds according to the present invention, Q is selected from the group consisting of covalent bond, =N-O-, -C_1-C_8 alkyl-, -C_0-C_6 alkyl-N(R_3)-C_0-C_3 alkyl-, -C_0-C_6 alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3 alkyl-, -C_0-C_6 alkyl-C(O)NR_3-C_0-C_3 alkyl-, -C_0-C_6 alkyl-O-C_0-C_3 alkyl- and -C_0-C_3alkyl- heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3-alkyl.

[0126] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment X, of the compounds according to the present invention, Q is selected from the group consisting of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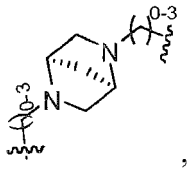
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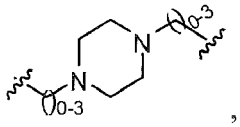
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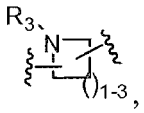
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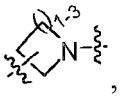
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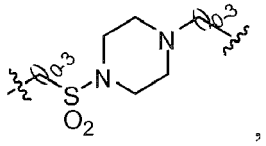
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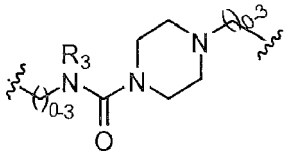
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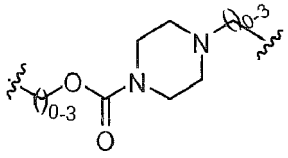
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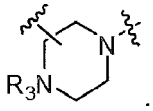
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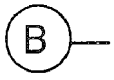
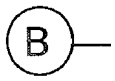
[0127] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment Y, of the compounds according to the present invention,

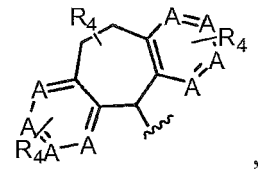


is selected from the group consisting of aryl, aryl-alkyl-, heteroaryl, heteroaryl-alkyl-, (aryl)$_2$-CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-, (aryl)(heteroaryl)CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-, (heteroaryl)$_2$CH-C_0-C_6alkyl- and (aryl)$_2$-CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-, -wherein each group is optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, amino, halo, C_1-C_6alkyl, nitro, cyano, C_2-C_6alkoxy, C_1-C_6alkylamino and CF_3.

[0128] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment Z, of the compounds according to the present invention,



is selected from the group consisting of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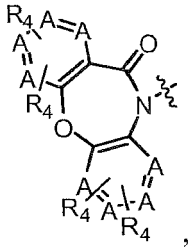
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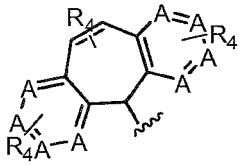
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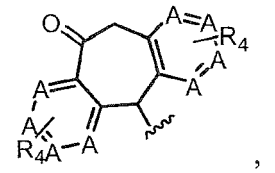
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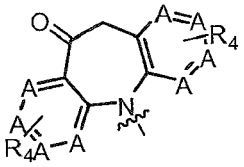
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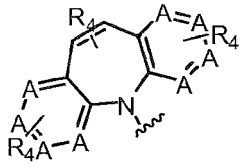
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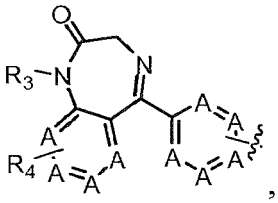
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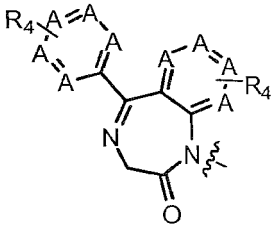
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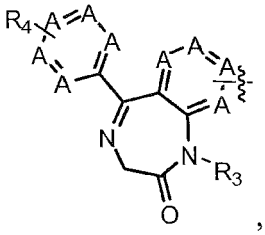
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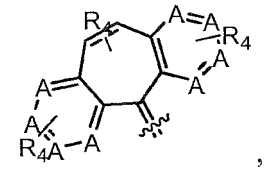
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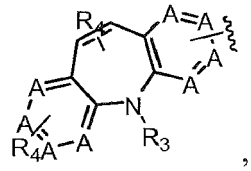
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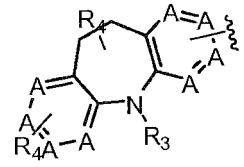
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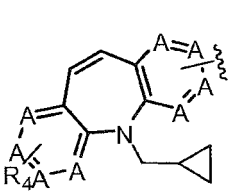
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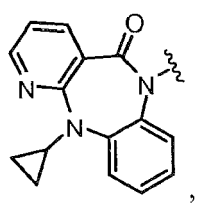
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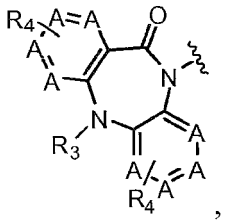
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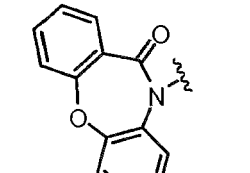
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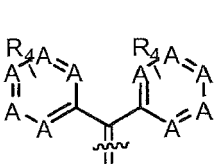
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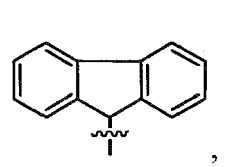
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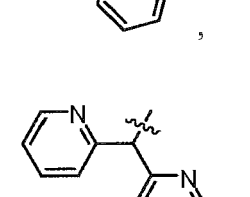
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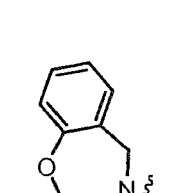
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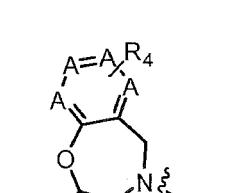
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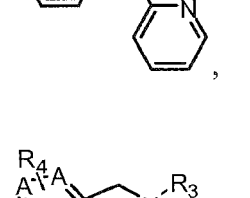
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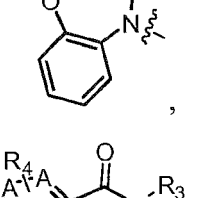
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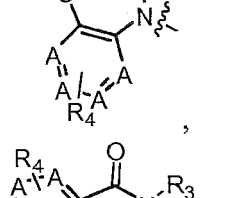
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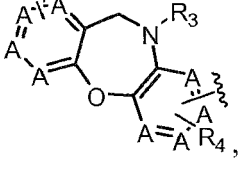
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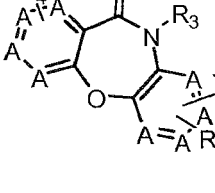
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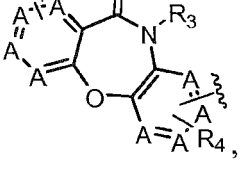
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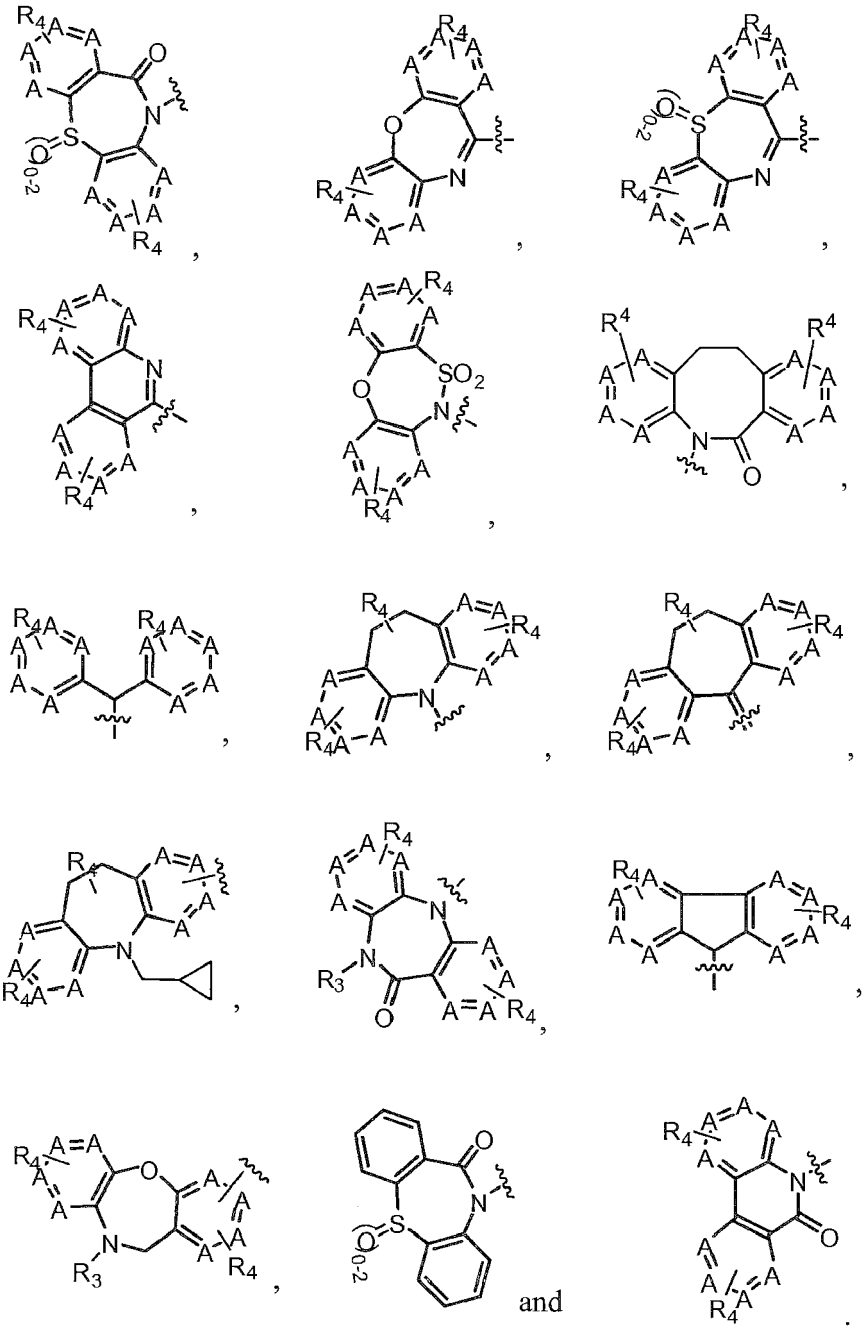
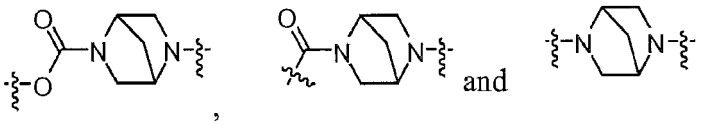


[0129] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment AA, of the compounds according to the present invention, each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, and cycloalkyl moiety of J is optionally substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, $C(O)CF_3$, -$C(O)$-NH_2, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl.

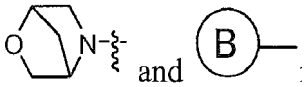
[0130] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment BB, of the compounds according to the present invention, Q is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond, -C_1-Cgalkyl-, =N-O-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$C(O)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$(CR^3{=}CR^3)_{1\text{-}2}$-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$(C{\equiv}C)_{1\text{-}2}$-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$C(O)$-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$C(O)$-alkenyl-$C_0$-$C_4$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$C(O)$-$N(R^3)$-$C_0$-$C_4$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$SO_2$-$N(R^3)$-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$SO_2$-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$S(O)_2$-$N(R^3)$-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-S-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$S(O)$-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl$S(O)_2$-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$C(O)$-$N(R^3)$-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-C=N-O-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -heterocyclyl-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-heterocyclyl-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$SO_2$-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C(O)$-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -$N(R^3)$-$C(O)$-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -O-

C(O)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -N(R^3)-C(S)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -O-C(S)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -N(R^3)-S(O)$_2$-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-SO_2-N(R^3)-, -C_0-C_6 alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)- and -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-O-, wherein each alkyl, heterocyclyl and alkenyl moiety is optionally substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, C(O)CF_3, -C(O)-NH_2, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl.

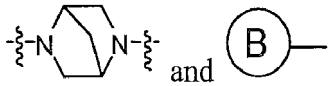
[0131] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment CC, of the compounds according to the present invention, Q is an optionally substituted (1R,4R) or (1 S,4S) 2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane enantiomer or a mixture of enantiomers, preferably an (1R,4R) enantiomer, more preferably an (1S,4S) enantiomer, selected from the group consisting of



or
Q is

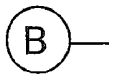


is absent; or
Q is

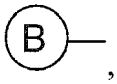


is H.

[0132] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment DD, of the compounds according to the present invention, when



is attached to Q via a N in



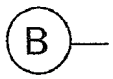
then Q is selected from the group consisting of -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_2-C_6alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_1-C_6alkyl-(CR^3=CR^3)$_{1-2}$-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_1-C_6alkyl-(C≡C)$_{1-2}$-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_2-C_5alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-alkenyl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_4alkyl-, -C(O)-O-C_0-C_4alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_2$-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-S(O)$_2$-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_2-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-S(O)$_2$-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_2-C_6alkyl-S-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_2-C_6alkyl-S(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_2$-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_2-C_3alkyl-C=N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl, -SO_2-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C(O)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -O-C(O)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -N(R^3)-C(S)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -O-C(S)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -N(R^3)-S(O)$_2$-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-S(O_2)-N(R^3)-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)- and -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-O-, wherein each alkyl, heterocyclyl and alkenyl moiety is optionally substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected the group consisting of alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl,

$C(O)CF_3$, $-C(O)-NH_2$, $-C_3-C_6$cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, $-C_1-C_6$alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl, and wherein the heterocyclyl moiety optionally has a bridge of $-(CH_2)_{0-3}-$.

[0133] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment EE, of the compounds according to the present invention, each R_3 is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, $C(O)CF_3$, $-C(O)-NH_2$, $-C_3-C_6$cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, $-C_1-C_6$alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl, heteroaryl and a covalent bond, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl and heteroaryl moiety is optionally substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, $C(O)CF_3$, $-C(O)-NH_2$, $-C_3-C_6$cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, $-C_1-C_6$alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl.

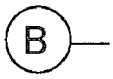
[0134] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment FF, of the compounds according to the present invention, Q-J-L is selected from the group consisting of $-C_3-C_8$alkyl-, $-C(O)-C_3-C_8$alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-O-C_3-C_8alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-C_1-C_4alkenyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, =N-O-C1-C_8alkyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkenyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkynyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkenyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkynyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-aryl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_1-C_3$alkyl-heteroaryl-C_1-C_3alkenyl-, $-C_1-C_3$alkyl-heteroaryl-C_1-C_3alkynyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-$N(R^3)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-$N(R^3)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-$N(R^3)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-$N(R^3)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-$N(R^3)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, $-C_o-C_3$alkyl-$N(R^3)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-$C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-$C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-$C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-$C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3$alkylheteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-$C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-$C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, $-C_2-C_4$alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-, $-C_2-C_4$alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_2-C_4$alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, $-C_2-C_4$alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl, $-C_2-C_4$alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl, $-C_2-C_4$alkyl-O-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl- and $-C_2-C_4$alkyl-O-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, alkynyl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl moiety is optionally substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, $C(O)CF_3$, $-C(O)-NH_2$, $-C_3-C_6$cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, $-C_1-C_6$alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl.

[0135] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment GG, of the compounds according to the present invention,



is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, aryl-alkyl-, heteroaryl, heteroaryl-alkyl-, $(aryl)_2-CH-C_0-C_6$alkyl-, (aryl)(heteroaryl)$CH-C_0-C_6$alkyl-, $(heteroaryl)_2CH-C_0-C_6$alkyl- and $(aryl)_2-CH-C_0-C_6$alkyl-C(O)-, each of which is optionally substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, $C(O)CF_3$, $-C(O)-NH_2$, $-C_3-C_6$cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, $-C_1-C_6$alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl, provided that variable n of Q is 0, 1 or 3.

[0136] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment HH,



is selected from the group consisting of structures (b-1) to (b-121) and Q-J-L taken together is selected from the group consisting of $-C_3-C_8$alkyl-, $-C(O)-C_3-C_8$alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-O-C_3-C_8alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-C_1-C_4alkenyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, =N-O-C_1-C_8alkyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkenyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkynyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkylheteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkenyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkylheteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkynyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-heteroaryl-C_1-C_3alkenyl-, $^2-C_0-C_3$alkyl-heteroaryl-C_1-C_3alkynyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-$N(R^3)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-$N(R^3)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-$N(R^3)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-$N(R^3)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-

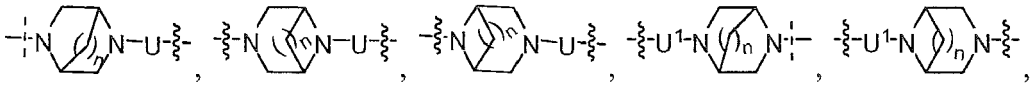
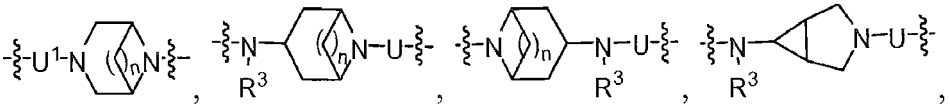
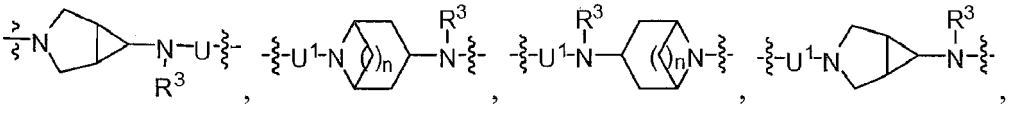
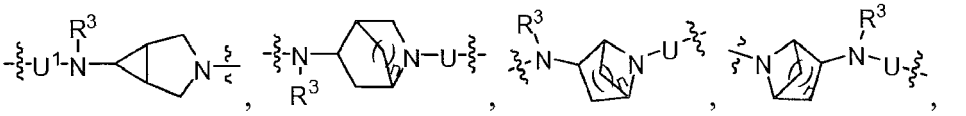
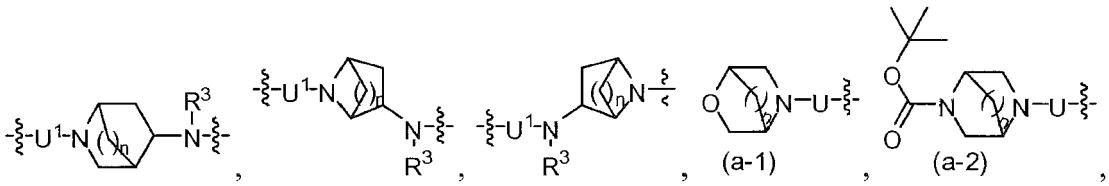
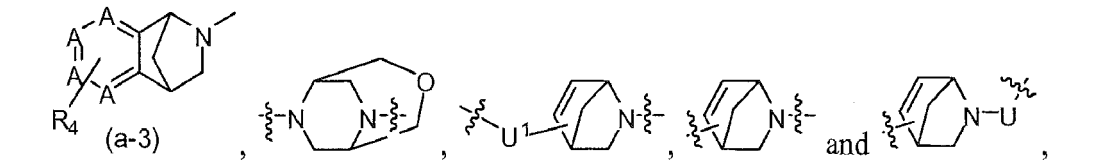
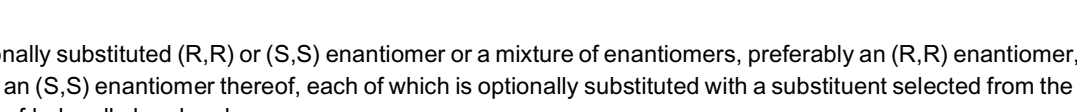
$N(R^3)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-$N(R^3)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-$N(R^3)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-,-C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-$N(R^3)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-$N(R^3)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-$N(R^3)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -Co-C_3alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-$N(R^3)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkylaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkylheteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkylheteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-$N(R^3)$-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-$N(R^3)$-bridged heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-$N(R^3)$-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-$N(R^3)$-bridged heterocyclyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-$N(R^3)$-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-$N(R^3)$-bridged heterocyclyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-$N(R^3)$-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-$N(R^3)$-bridged heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-U-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)$-bridged heterocyclyl-U-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-$N(R^3)$-U-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-U-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)$-bridged heterocyclyl-U-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-$N(R^3)$-U-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-U-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)$-bridged heterocyclyl-U-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-$N(R^3)$-U-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-U-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)$-bridged heterocyclyl-U-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, and -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-$N(R^3)$-U-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, alkynyl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl moiety is optionally substituted; and wherein the bridge is methylene or propylene.

[0137] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment II, of the compounds according to the present invention B-Q-J-L- are taken together, wherein each such B-Q-J-L group is optionally substituted with up to 4 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, amino, halo, C_1-C_6alkyl, nitro, cyano, C_2-C_6alkoxy, C_1-C_6amino and CF_3, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, $C(O)CF_3$, -C(O)-NH_2, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl and alkylheteroaryl.

[0138] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment JJ, of the compounds according to the present invention, R^4 is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, C_1-C_6alkyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_6alkynyl, C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OR^3, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OR^1, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-OR^3, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)NR^3 R^{3a}, -CH=CH-C(O)-OR^3, -CH=CH-C(O)-$N(R^3)(R^{3a})$, -$N(R^3)$-C(O)-CF^3, -$N(R^3)$-C_2-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)(R^{3a})$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)(R^{3a})$, -$N(R^3)$-C(O)-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, -$N(R^3)$-$S(O)_2$-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, - $S(O)_2$-$N(R^3)R^{3a}$, -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)(R^{3a})$, -S-R^3, -S(O)-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, -$S(O)_2$-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, C_4-C_7heterocyclyl-R^3, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl, -O-heterocyclyl-C(O)-OR^3, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-aryl, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-heteroaryl, -O-C(O)-NR^3-C_0-C_4alkyl-aryl, -O-C(O)-NR^3-C_0-C_4alkyl-heteroaryl, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclylaryl, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl-heteroaryl, -$N(R^3)$-C_2-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl, $N(R^3)C(O)N(R^3)$-C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl-R^3, -C_0-C_4alkyl-OC(O)-R^3, -C_0-C_4alkyl-$N(R^3)$C(O)-O-R^3-C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl-C(O)-O-R^3, -$N(R^3)$-C_2-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl, F, Cl, Br, I, NO_2, -CF_3,-SO_3H, -CN, -C_1-C_6 alkylaryl, aryl, heteroaryl, -C_1-C_6 alkylheteroaryl, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl and heteroaryl moeity of the aformentioned R^4 is optionally substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, $C(O)CF_3$, -C(O)-NH_2, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl.

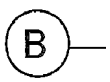
[0139] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment KK, of the compounds according to the present invention, R^{3a} is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, $C(O)CF_3$, -C(O)-NH_2, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl, covalent bond, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl and heteroaryl moiety is optionally substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, $C(O)CF_3$, -C(O)-NH_2, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl.

[0140] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment LL, of the compounds according to the present invention, Q is selected from the group consisting of

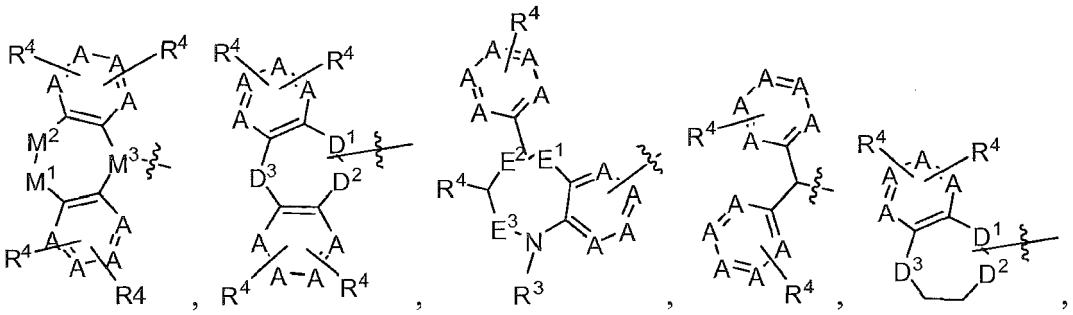








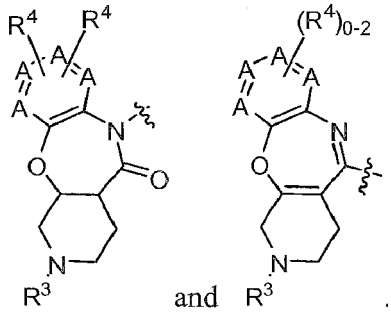
or an optionally substituted (R,R) or (S,S) enantiomer or a mixture of enantiomers, preferably an (R,R) enantiomer, more preferably an (S,S) enantiomer thereof, each of which is optionally substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of halo, alkyl and aryl.

[0141] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment MM, of the compounds according to the present invention,



is selected from the group consisting of

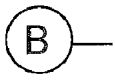




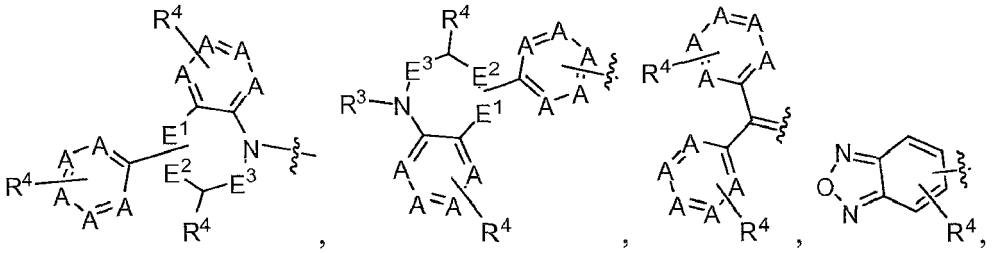
wherein
$-M^1-M^2-$ is -CH=CH- or $-CH_2-CH_2-$;

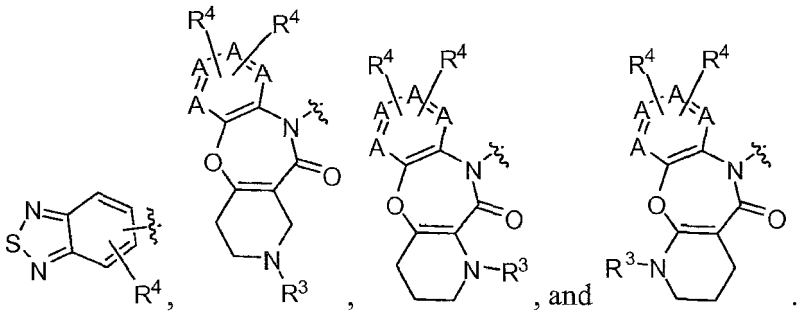
A is selected from the group consisting of N, $C(R^4)$ and CH;
Z is -NHOH;
L is covalent bond;
J is selected from the group consisting of $-C_1-C_8$alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl- and -CH=; and
Q is selected from the group consisting of covalent bond, =N-O-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$N(R^3)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3$alkyl- and $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$C(O)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-.

[0142] In preferred embodiment of embodiment MM, embodiment MM-1,

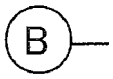


is further selected from the group consisting of

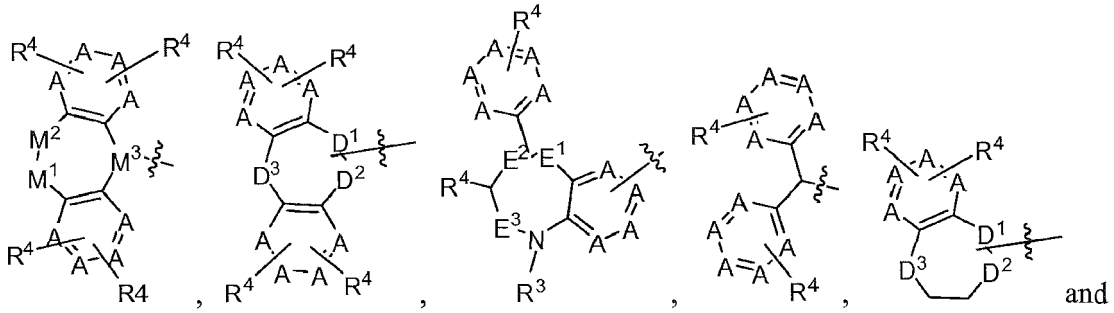


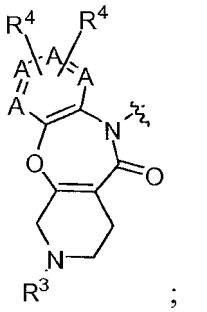


[0143] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment NN, of the compounds according to the present invention,



is selected from the group consisting of



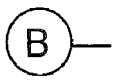


;

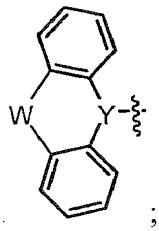
and

Q is -C_0-C_6alkyl-.

[0144] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment OO, of the compounds according to the present invention,



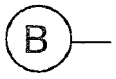
is optionally substituted



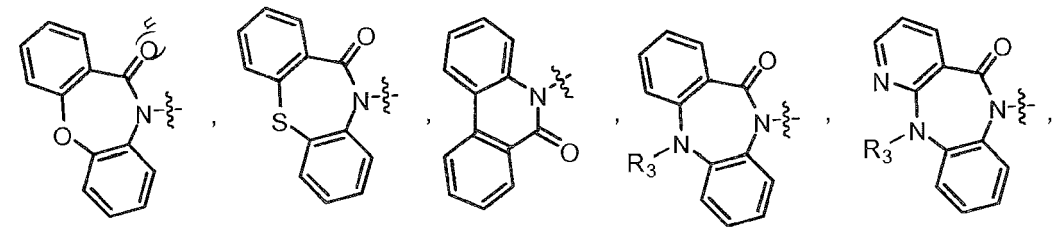
;

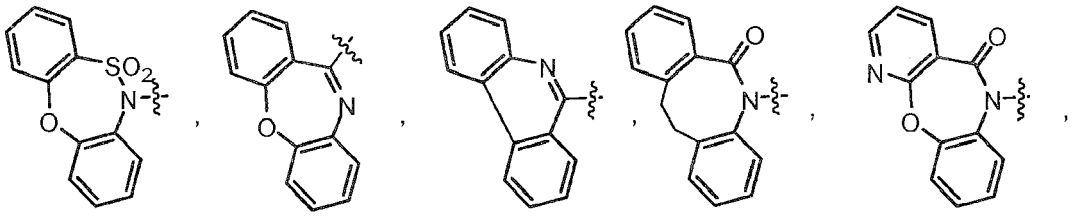
W is -CH=CH- or -CH_2-CH_2-;
Y is selected from the group consisting of N, C(R^4) and CH;
Z is -NHOH;
L is covalent bond;
J is selected from the group consisting of -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl- and -CH=; and
Q is selected from the group consisting of covalent bond, =N-O-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl- and -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-.

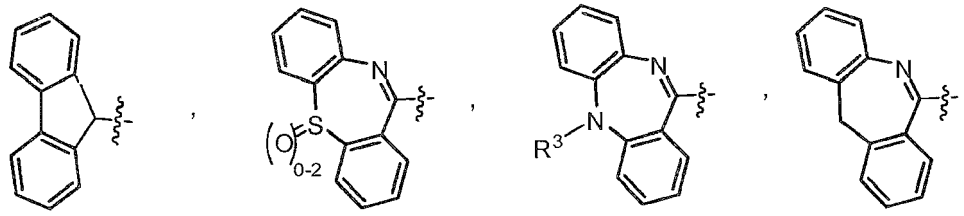
[0145] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment PP, of the compounds of the present invention,



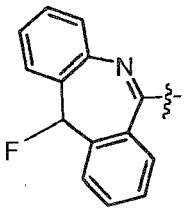
is selected from the group consisting of





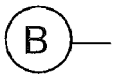


and

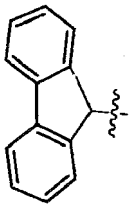


,

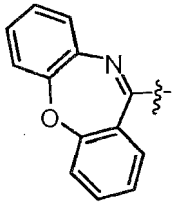
each of which is optionally substituted on a phenyl ring with one or two R^4;
Z is $-NR^1OR^2$ or H;
R^1 and R^2 are -H;
L is covalent bond or -N(OH)-;
J is $-C_1-C_8$alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl- and $-C_2-C_6$alkenyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-;
Q is selected from the group consisting of covalent bond, $-C_1-C_3$alkyl-(C≡C)-C_0-C_3alkyl, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-, $-C_1-C_3$alkyl-(CH=CH)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_2-C_6$alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_2-C_6$alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl- and $-C_2-C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-; or
Q is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond, $-C_1-C_3$alkyl-(C≡C)-C_0-C_3alkyl, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-, $-C_1-C_3$alkyl-(CH=CH)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl- and $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl- when



is



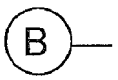
or



;

and
R^3 is H or cycloalkyl.

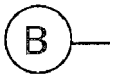
[0146] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment QQ, of the compounds according to the present invention,



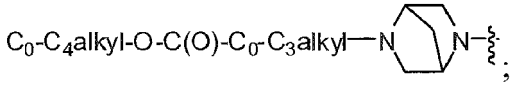
is selected from the group consisting of $(aryl)_2$-CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $(aryl)_2-C_1-C_6$alkyl-and $(heteroaryl)_2-C_1-C_6$alkyl-, wherein each aryl, alkyl and heteroaryl moiety is optionally substituted;
Z is NHOH;
Q is selected from the group consisting of $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, =N-O-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl and $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl;

J is -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl; and
L is a covalent bond.

[0147] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment RR, of the compounds according to the present invention,



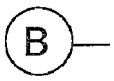
is selected from the group consisting of aryl and $(aryl)_2$-alkyl, each of which is optionally substituted and H;
Q is selected from the group consisting of -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl- and



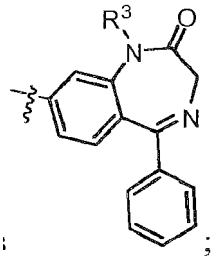
;

J is -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl;
L is a covalent bond; and
Z is NHOH.

[0148] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment SS, of the compounds according to the present invention,



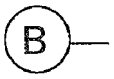
is



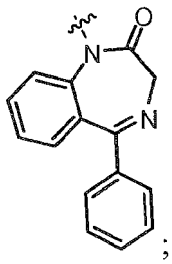
;

Z is -NHOH;
R^3 is H or alkyl;
L is covalent bond;
J is -C_1-C_8alkyl- or -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_1-C_8alkenyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-; and
Q is covalent bond.

[0149] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment TT, of the compounds according to the present invention,



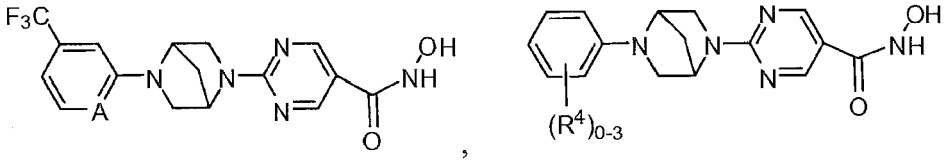
is



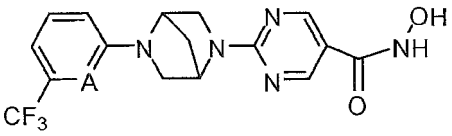
;

Z is -NHOH;
L is a covalent bond;
J is -C_1-C_8alkyl- or -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-; and
Q is a covalent bond.

[0150] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment UU, of the compounds according to the present invention, the compound is selected from one of the following structures:

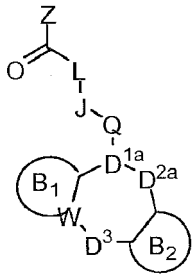


and



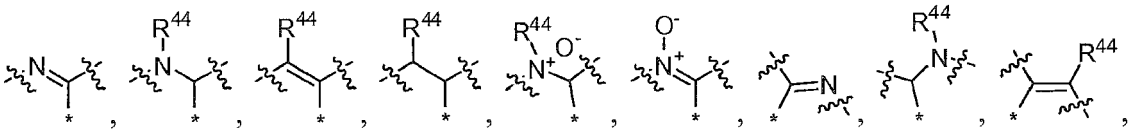
wherein R^4 is as defined for embodiment (A), and A is selected from the group consisting of N and -CH=.

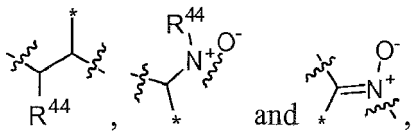
[0151] In another preferred embodiment, embodiment W, of the compounds according to the present invention, the compounds are represented by the Formula II:



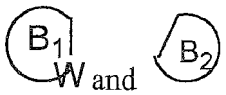
(II)

and N-oxides, hydrates, solvates, pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs, polymorphs and complexes thereof, and racemic and scalemic mixtures, diastereomers and enantiomers thereof, wherein
Z is selected from the group consisting of -N(R^1)OR^2 and H;
L is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond and -N(OR^2)-;
wherein, when L is -N(OR^2)-, then Z is H; and
wherein, when Z is H, then L is -N(OR^2)-;
R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from the group consisting of-H and C_1-C_6alkyl;
W is nitrogen or carbon;
D^{1a}-D^{2a} is selected from the group consisting of





wherein, * represents the point of attachment to Q;
D^3 is independently selected from the group consisting of -C(R^{55})(R^{66})-, -C(R^{55})(OH)-, -C(O)-, -O-, -N(R^{77})- and -S(O)$_{0-2}$-;



are independently selected from the group consisting of phenyl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl, wherein each phenyl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -NO_2, -CN, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_1-C_6alkoxyl, -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-O-R^{53}, -O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_{0-2}$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-R^{s3} -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)N$R^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl- NR^{52}C(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_2$N$R^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl- NR^{52}S(O)$_2$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OC(O)N$R^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl- NR^{52}C(O)O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-NR^{52}C(O)N$R^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OC(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl, -C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-N$R^{50}R^{51}$, -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-N$R^{50}R^{51}$, -NR^{53}-C_2-C_6alkyl-N$R^{50}R^{51}$ and -O-heterocyclyl- R^{53};

R^{44} is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl and -C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl;

R^{50} and R^{51} are independently selected from the group consisting of H, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_2-C_6alkyl-O-C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, wherein each alkyl and cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or -C_1-C_4alkyl;

or

R^{50} and R^{51}, together with the N atom to which they are attached, optionally form a 3-10 membered heterocyclic ring, wherein the heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or -C_1-C_4alkyl;

R^{52} is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_2-C_6alkyl-O-C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, wherein each alkyl and cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or -C_1-C_4alkyl;

R^{53} is independently selected from the group consisting of -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_0-C_4alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, -C_0-C_4alkyl-aryl, -C_0-C_4alkyl-heteroaryl and -C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl, wherein each alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or -C_1-C_4alkyl;

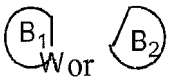
R^{55} and R^{66} are independently selected from the group consisting of -H, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_1-C_6alkoxyl, -C_0-C_4alkyl-C_3-C_7-cycloalkyl and -C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl;

or

R^{55} and R^{66}, together with the atom to which they are attached, optionally form a 3-7 membered cycloalkyl or heterocyclic ring, wherein each cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or -C_1-C_4alkyl;

R^{77} is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_1-C_6heteroalkyl, -C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, -C(O)-R^{53}, -C(O)O-R^{53}, -cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_4alkyl-cycloalkyl, phenyl, -C_1-C_4alkyl-phenyl, -heterocyclyl, -C_1-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl and -C_2-C_6alkyl-N$R^{88}R^{99}$, wherein each alkyl and heteroalkyl is optionally substituted with one or three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of F, -OH and oxo, wherein each phenyl, cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -CN, -C_1-C_4alkyl, -C_1-C_4alkoxyl, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_4alkyl, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -NO_2, -C_1-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_{0-2}$$R^{53}$, -$NH_2$, -N$R^{50}R^{51}$, -$C_1$-$C_6$alkyl-N$R^{50}R^{51}$ and -N(C_1-C_6alkyl)$_2$;

or R^{77} together with the N to which it is attached may form a ring with



wherein the ring is a 5-7 membered heterocyclic ring, and

R^{88} and R^{99} are independently selected from the group consisting of -H, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_2-C_6alkyl-O-C_1-C_6alkyl and -C_0-C_4alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, wherein each cycloalkyl and alkyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or -C_1-C_6alkyl-aryl;

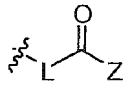
or

R^{88} and R^{99}, together with the N atom to which they are attached, optionally form a 3-10 membered heterocyclic ring, wherein an heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino or -CN

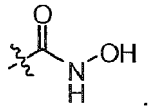
[0152] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment W, embodiment W-1, of the compounds of the present invention,

J-Q is selected from the group consisting of -C_1-C_9alkyl, -C_1-C_9heteroalkyl, phenyl, aryl, heteroaryl, -C_1-C_4alkyl-phenyl, -C_1-C_4alkyl-aryl, -C_1-C_4alkyl-heteroaryl, -NR^{33}aryl, -NR^{33}-C_1-C_4alkyl-aryl, -NR^{33}heteroaryl and NR^{33}-C_1-C_4alkyl-heteroaryl, wherein each alkyl and heteroalkyl is optionally substituted with one or three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of F, -OH and oxo, wherein each phenyl, aryl and heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, -OR^{53}, -C_1-C_4alkyl, -C_1-C_4alkoxyl, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_6alkyl,-CN, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -NO_2, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}R^{53}$, -NH_2, -$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ and -$N(C_1$-C_6alkyl$)_2$, wherein R^{33} is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl and -C_0-C_4alkyl-phenyl, wherein each phenyl and cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one or three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, -NO_2, -CF_3, -OCF_3, amino, -$N(C_1$-C_6alkyl$)_2$, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}R^{53}$, -C_1-C_4alkoxyl-CN, -O-C_2alkyl-O-CH_3, -$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$or -C_1-C_4alkyl.

[0153] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment W, embodiment W-2, of the compounds of the present invention, the moiety



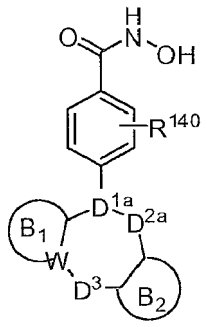
is



.

[0154] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment W, embodiment W-3, of the compounds of the present invention, J-Q is selected from the group consisting of 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl.

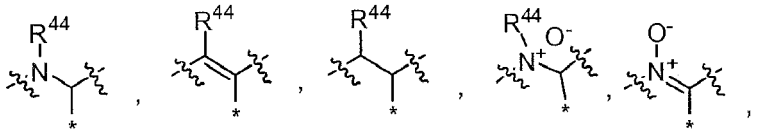
[0155] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment W, embodiment W-4, of the compounds of the present invention, the compounds are represented by the Formula (III):

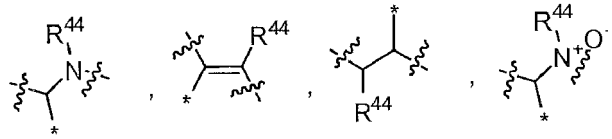


(III)

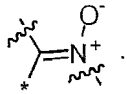
wherein R^{140} is selected from the group consisting of H, -OH, halo, -CN, -C_1-C_4alkyl, -C_1-C_4alkoxyl, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_4alkyl, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -NO_2, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}R^{53}$, -NH_2, -$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ and -$N(C_1$-C_6alkyl$)_2$.

[0156] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment W-4, embodiment W-5, of the compounds of the present invention, D^{1a}-D^{2a} is selected from the group consisting of

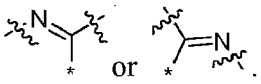




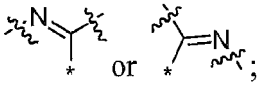
and



[0157] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment W-4, embodiment W-6, of the compounds of the present invention, D^{1a}-D^{2a} is



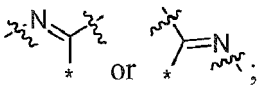
[0158] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment W-4, embodiment W-7, of the compounds of the present invention, D^{1a}-D^{2a} is



and

D^3 is selected from the group consisting of -$C(R^{55})(R^{66})$-, -$C(R^{55})$(OH)-, -C(O)-, -O-, -$N(R^{77})$- and -$S(O)_{0-2}$-.

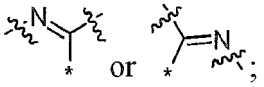
[0159] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment W-4, embodiment W-8, of the compounds of the present invention, D^{1a}-D^{2a} is



and

D^3 is -N(R^{77})-.

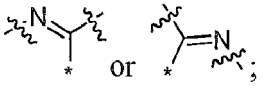
[0160] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment W-4, embodiment W-9, of the compounds of the present invention, D^{1a}-D^{2a} is



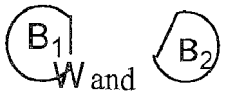
and

D^3 is -O-.

[0161] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment W-4, embodiment W-10, of the compounds of the present invention, D^{1a}-D^{2a} is

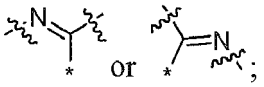


D^3 is -O-; and

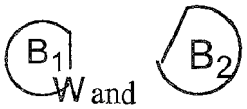


are independently selected from the group consisting of phenyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, thienyl, pyrazolyl, thiazyl and oxazyl.

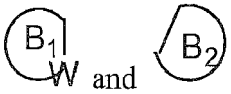
[0162] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment W-4, embodiment W-11, of the compounds of the present invention, D^{1a}-D^{2a} is



D^3 is -O-; and

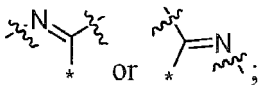


are independently selected from the group consisting of phenyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, thienyl, pyrazolyl, thiazyl and oxazyl, wherein at least one of

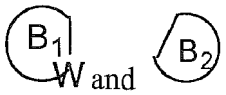


is phenyl, wherein the phenyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, thienyl, pyrazolyl, thiazyl and oxazyl are independently optionally substituted.

[0163] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment W-4, embodiment W-12, of the compounds of the present invention, D^{1a}-D^{2a} is

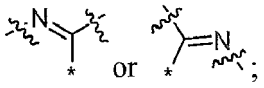


D^3 is -N(R^{77})-; and

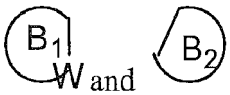


are independently selected from the group consisting of phenyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl and thienyl.

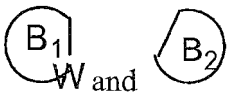
[0164] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment W-4, embodiment W-13, of the compounds of the present invention, D^{1a}-D^{2a} is



D^3 is -N(R^{77})-; and

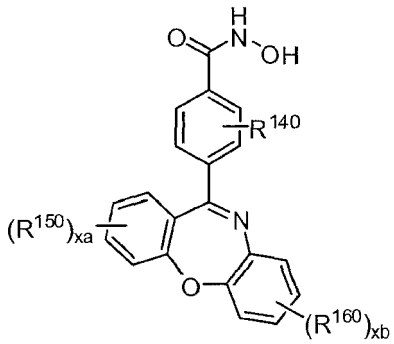


are independently selected from the group consisting of phenyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl and thienyl, wherein at least one of



is phenyl, wherein said phenyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl and thienyl are independently optionally substituted.

[0165] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment W, embodiment W-14, of the compounds of the present invention, the compounds are represented by the Formula (IV):



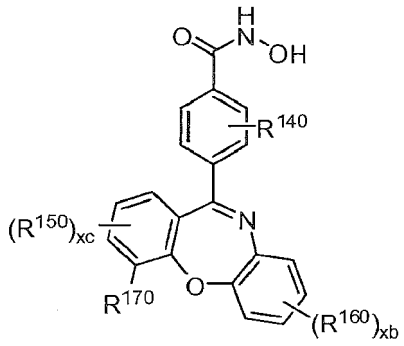
(IV)

wherein R^{140}, is as defined in Formula III;
xa and xb denote numbers that are each independently selected from 0, 1 and 2; and

R^{150} and R^{160} are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halo, -CN, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_1-C_6alkoxyl, -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-O-R^{53}, -OR^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_{0-2}$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl- NR^{52}C(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_2NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-NR^{52}S(O)$_2$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OC(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl- NR^{52}C(O)O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-

$NR^{52}C(O)NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$C(O)O$-R^{53}, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$OC(O)$-R^{53}, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-aryl, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-cycloalkyl, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl, $-NH_2$, $-NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_1$-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-O$-C_2-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-NR^{53}$-C_2-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ and -O-heterocyclyl- R^{53}, wherein each alkyl and heteroalkyl is optionally substituted with one or three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of F, -OH and oxo, and wherein each aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -CN, $-C_1$-C_4alkyl, $-C_1$-C_4alkoxyl, $-O$-C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_4alkyl, $-CF_3$, $-OCF_3$, $-NO_2$, $-C_1$-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0\text{-}2}R^{53}$, $-NH_2$, $-NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_1$-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ and $-N(C_1$-C_6alkyl$)_2$;

[0166] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment W, embodiment W-15, of the compounds of the present invention, the compounds are represented by the Formula (V):

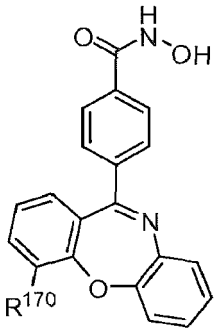


(V)

wherein R^{140} is as defined in Formula III, and xb, R^{150} and R^{160} are as defined in Formula IV; xc is 0 or 1; and

R^{170} is selected from the group consisting of H, halo, -CN, $-CF_3$, $-OCF_3$, $-C_1$-C_6alkyl, $-C_1$-C_6alkoxyl, $-O$-C_2-C_6alkyl-O-R^{53}, $-OR^{53}$, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0\text{-}2}$-R^{53}, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$C(O)$-R^{53}, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$C(O)NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$NR^{52}C(O)$-R^{53}, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_2NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl- $NR^{12}S(O)_2$-R^{53}, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$OC(O)NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl- $NR^{52}C(O)O$-R^{53}, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl- $NR^{52}C(O)NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$C(O)O$-R^{53}, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$OC(O)$-R^{53}, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-aryl, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-cycloalkyl, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl, $-NH_2$, $-NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_1$-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-O$-C_2-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-NR^{53}$-C_2-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ and -O-heterocyclyl- R^{53}, wherein each alkyl and heteroalkyl is optionally substituted with one or three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of F, -OH and oxo, wherein each aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -CN, $-C_1$-C_4alkyl, $-C_1$-C_4alkoxyl, $-O$-C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_4alkyl, $-CF_3$, $-OCF_3$, $-NO_2$, $-C_1$-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0\text{-}2}R^{53}$, $-NH_2$, $-NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_1$-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ and $-N(C_1$-C_6alkyl$)_2$.

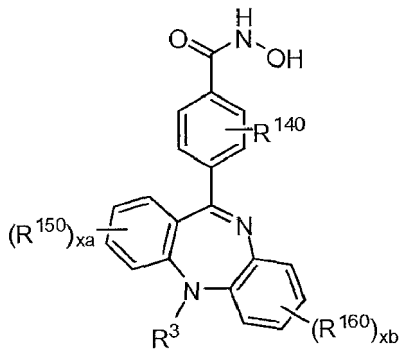
[0167] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment W, embodiment W-16, of the compounds of the present invention, the compounds represented by the Formula (VI):



(VI)

wherein R^{170} is as defined in Formula V.

[0168] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment W, embodiment W-17, of the compounds of the present invention, the compounds are represented by the Formula (VII):



(VII)

wherein R^{140} is as defined in Formula III, xa, xb, R^{150} and R^{160} are as defined in Formula IV; and R^3 is as defined in Formula I.

[0169] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment W, embodiment W-18, of the compounds of the present invention, R^3 is R^{180}, wherein

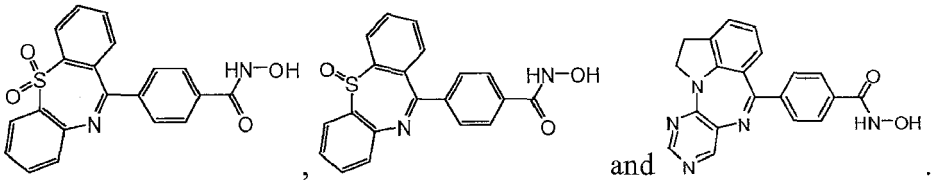
R^{180} is selected from the group consisting of H, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_1-C_6alkenyl, -C_1-C_6alkynyl, -C_2-C_6alkoxyl, -C_2-C_6alkyl-O-R^{53}, -OR^{53}, -C_2-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_{0\text{-}2}$-R^{53}, -C_2-C_6alkyl-C(O)-R^{53}, -C_2-C_6alkyl-C(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_2-C_6alkyl-NR^{52}C(O)-R^{53}, -C_2-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_2NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_2-C_6alkyl-NR^{52}S(O)$_2$-R^{53}, -C_2-C_6alkyl-OC(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_2-C_6alkyl- NR^{52}C(O)O-R^{53}, -C_2-C_6alkyl-NR^{52}C(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_2-C_6alkyl-C(O)O-R^{53}, -C_2-C_6alkyl-OC(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl -heterocyclyl- R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-S(O)$_{0\text{-}2}$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-NR^{52}C(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-S(O)$_2NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-NR^{52}S(O)$_2$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-OC(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-NR^{52}C(O)O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-NR^{52}C(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C(O)O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-OC(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl -cycloalkyl- R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl- cycloalkyl -O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl- cycloalkyl -S(O)$_{0\text{-}2}$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl- cycloalkyl-C(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl- cycloalkyl -C(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkylcycloalkyl-NR^{52}C(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl- cycloalkyl-S(O)$_2NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-cycloalkyl-NR^{52}S(O)$_2$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl- cycloalkyl-OC(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkylcycloalkyl-NR^{52}C(O)O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl- cycloalkyl-NR^{52}C(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkylcycloalkyl-C(O)O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl- cycloalkyl-OC(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl -heteroaryl- R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl- heteroaryl -O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl- heteroaryl -S(O)$_{0\text{-}2}$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl -C(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl- heteroaryl -C(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl- heteroaryl -NR^{52}C(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl- heteroaryl -S(O)$_2NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl- heteroaryl -NR^{52}S(O)$_2$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl- heteroaryl -OC(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-NR^{52}C(O)O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl -NR^{12}C(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl- heteroaryl -C(O)O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl- heteroaryl -OC(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl -aryl- R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkylaryl -O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl- aryl -S(O)$_{0\text{-}2}$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl- aryl -C(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl -C(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl -NR^{52}C(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl- aryl -S(O)$_2NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl -NR^{52}S(O)$_2$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl -OC(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-NR^{52}C(O)O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl -NR^{52}C(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl -C(O)O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl -OC(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-cycloalkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl and -C_2-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$, wherein each alkyl and heteroalkyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of F, -OH and oxo, wherein each aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or two substituents.

[0170] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment W, embodiment W-19, the compound is selected from the group consisting of:

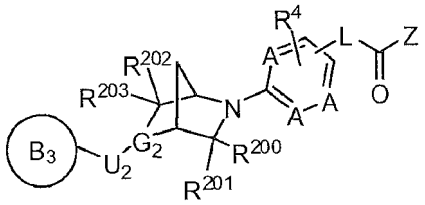
(Z)-4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
4-(10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
N-hydroxy-4-(10-methyl-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(8-chloro-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(benzo[b]pyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,

(Z)-4-(2-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(2-methoxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(benzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(2-(2-(dimethylamino)ethoxy)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(8-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-2-fluoro-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-5-(4-(hydroxycarbamoyl)phenyl)benzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepine 2-oxide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-methoxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-3-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(8-methyldibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(9-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(7-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(7-chlorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(2-chlorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(8-cyanodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-methyldibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-methyldibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(benzo[b]thieno[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-10-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(3-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(8-chlorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(6-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(7-cyanodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-hydroxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methoxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(2-methoxyethoxy)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(1-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)benzo[f]pyrido[2,3-b][1,4]oxazepin-6-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(11-cyclopropyl-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(5-cyclopropyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(2-morpholinoethoxy)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(benzo[f]pyrido[2,3-b][1,4]oxazepin-6-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(2-fluoro-4-methoxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(methylthio)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(methylsulfinyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(5H-benzo[e]pyrrolo[1,2-a][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(methylsulfonyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(E)-4-((dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-ylamino)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxy-8-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-morpholinodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-propyldibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(trifluoromethoxy)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(6-methyldibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(E)-4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-3-fluoro-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(E)-6-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxynicotinamide,
(E)-5-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxyfuran-2-carboxamide,
(E)-5-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxythiophene-2-carboxamide,
(Z)-4-(5-ethyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(5-cyclopropyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxy-N-methylbenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(5-isopropyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(E)-4-((5-cyclopropyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-ylamino)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(4-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(5-(2-methoxyethyl)-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(E)-4-(2-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-ylamino)ethyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(11-ethyl-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,

(Z)-4-(5-cyclopropyl-2-fluoro-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(11-isopropyl-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(benzo[f]thieno[2,3-b][1,4]oxazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-6-(4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamidooxy)-3,4,5-trihydroxytetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-carboxylic acid,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(11-(3-morpholinopropyl)-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(11-(2-morpholinoethyl)-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(11-(cyclopropylmethyl)-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(5-(2-morpholinoethyl)-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)benzamide,

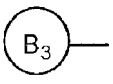


[0171] In a preferred embodiment, embodiment WW, of the compounds according to the present invention, the compounds are represented by the Formula VIII:



(VIII)

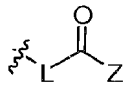
and N-oxides, hydrates, solvates, pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs, polymorphs and complexes thereof, and racemic and scalemic mixtures, diastereomers and enantiomers thereof, wherein
wherein R^4 and A are as defined in Formula I;
Z is $-N(R^1)OR^2$ or H;
L is a covalent bond or $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-$N(OR^2)$-,
wherein, when L is C_0-C_3alkyl-$N(OR^2)$-, then Z is H; and
wherein, when Z is H, then L is $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-$N(OR^2)$-;
G^2 is carbon or N;
U^2 is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond, $-C_1-C_8$alkyl-, $-C(R^{300})(R^{400})-C(O)-C(R^{301})(R^{401})-$, $-C_0-C_2$alkyl-C(O)-O-C_0-C_4alkyl-,$-C_0-C_2$alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_4alkyl-,$-C_0-C_2$alkyl-C(O)-$NR^3-C_0-C_4$alkyl-, -C(O)-O-$C(R^{301})(R^{401})$-, -C(O)-$C(R^{301})(R^{401})$- and -C(O)-$NR^3-C(R^{300})(R^{400})$-,
wherein R^3 and R^{3a} are as defined in Formula I;
R^{300} and R^{400} are independently selected from the group consisting of -H, -F, $-C_1-C_6$alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl and cycloalkyl;
R^{301} and R^{401} are independently selected from the group consisting of -H, F, OR^1, $-NR^3R^{3a}-$, $-C_1-C_6$alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl and cycloalkyl;
R^{200}, R^{201}, R^{202} and R^{203} are independently selected from the group consisting of -H, $-C_1-C_6$alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl and cycloalkyl; and



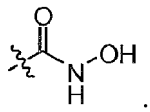
is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, heteroaryl, alkyl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl, wherein each aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, $-CF_3$, $-OCF_3$, $-SCF_3$, $-SF_5$, $-NO_2$, -CN, $-C_1-C_6$alkyl, $-C_1-C_6$alkoxyl, $-O-C_2-C_6$alkyl-O-R^1, -O-R^1, $-OCF_2H$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}-R^1$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-C(O)-R^1, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-C(O)NR^3R^{3a}, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- $NR^3C(O)-R^2$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$S(O)_2NR^3R^{3a}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- $NR^3S(O)_2-R^2$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-OC(O)NR^3R^{3a}, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- $NR^3C(O)O-R^1$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- $NR^1C(O)NR^3R^{3a}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-C(O)O-R^1, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-OC(O)-R^1, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-aryl, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heteroaryl,

-C_0-C_6alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-NR^3R^{3a} and -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-NR^3R^{3a};

[0172] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment WW, embodiment WW-1, the moiety



is



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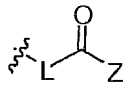
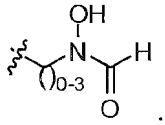
[0173] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment WW, embodiment WW-2, the moiety



is



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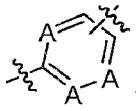
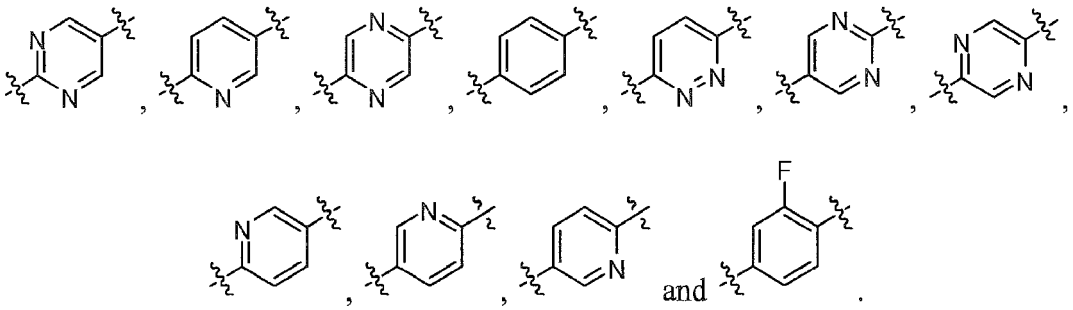
[0174] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment WW, embodiment WW-3, the moiety



is a radical selected from the group consisting of



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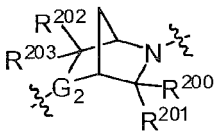
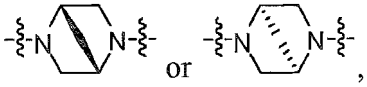
[0175] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment WW, embodiment WW-4, the moiety



is a radical

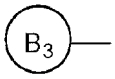


or an enantiomer thereof, a scalemic thereof, or a mixture of enantiomers thereof.

[0176] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment WW, embodiment WW-5, U^2 is a covalent bond.

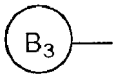
[0177] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment WW, embodiment WW-6, U^2 is selected from the group consisting of a -C_1-C_4alkyl, -CH(aryl)-, -CH(heteroaryl)-, -C(O)-, -C(O)-CH(aryl)-, -C(O)-CH(heteroaryl)-, -C(O)O- C_1-C_2alkyl-, -C(O)O- and -C(O)NH-.

[0178] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment WW, embodiment WW-7, the moiety

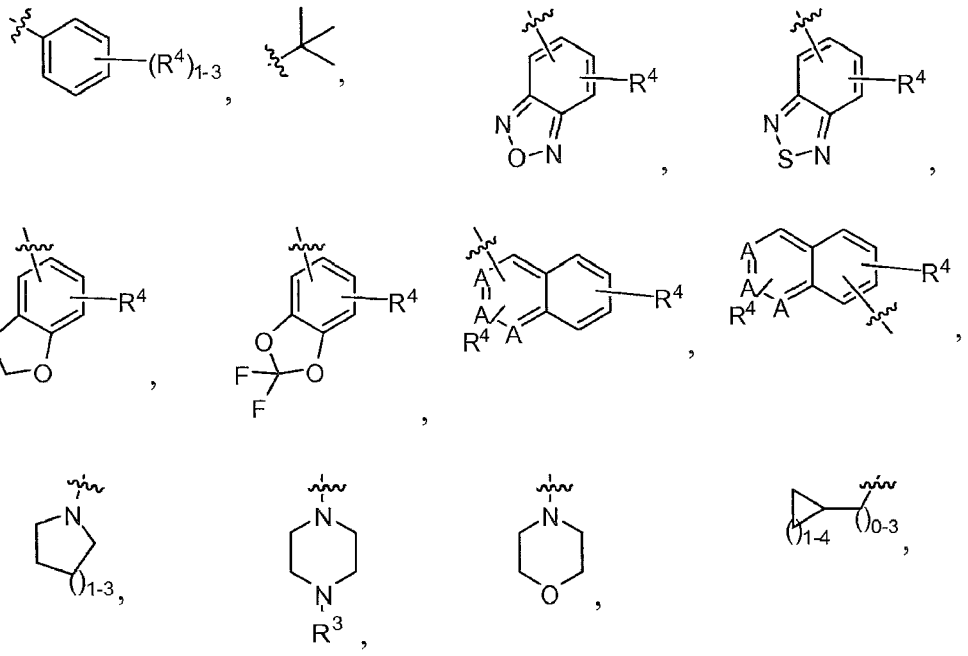


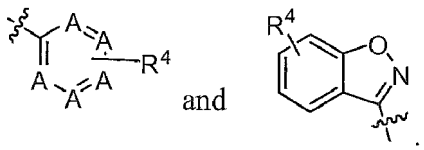
is a radical selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl, wherein each aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -SCF_3, -SF_5, -CN, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-O-R^1, -O-R^1, -OCF_2H, -C_0-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_{0-2}$-R^1, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)NR^3R^{3a}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$NR^3C(O)$-R^2, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_2NR^3R^{3a}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$NR^3S(O)_2$-R^2, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$OC(O)NR^3R^{3a}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$NR^3C(O)O$-R^1, -C_0-C_6alkyl- $NR^1C(O)NR^3R^{3a}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)O-R^1, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OC(O)-R^1, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-NR^3R^{3a} and -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-NR^3R^{3a}.

[0179] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment WW, embodiment WW-8, the moiety

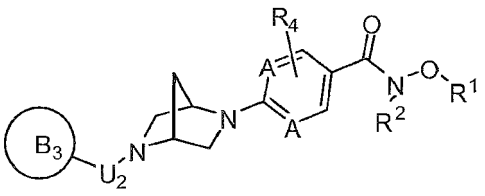


is a radical selected from the group consisting of



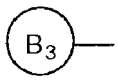


[0180] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment WW, embodiment WW-9, the compounds are represented by the Formula (IX):



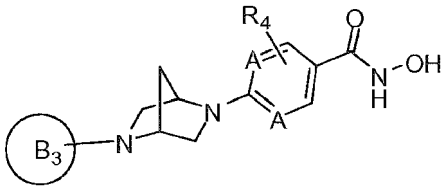
(IX)

or where possible, a (R,R) or (S,S) enantiomer, scalemic or a mixture of enantiomers thereof, wherein



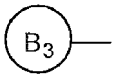
and U_2 are as defined in Formula (VIII); and
A, R^1, R^2 and R^4 are as defined in Formula I.

[0181] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment WW, embodiment WW-10, the compounds are represented by the Formula (X):



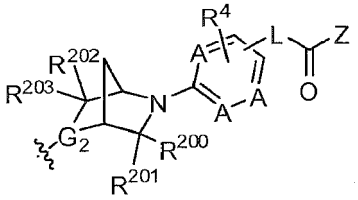
(X)

or where possible, a (R,R) or (S,S) enantiomer, scalemic or a mixture of enantiomers thereof, wherein

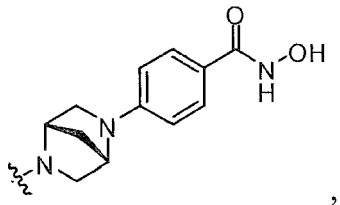


is as defined in Formula (VIII); and
A and R^4 are as defined in Formula I.

[0182] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment WW, embodiment WW-11, the moiety



is a radical selected from the group consisting of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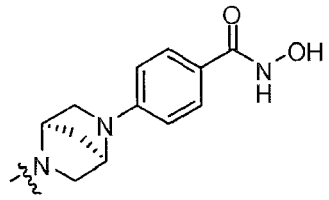
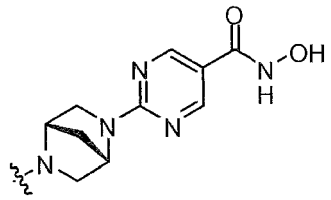
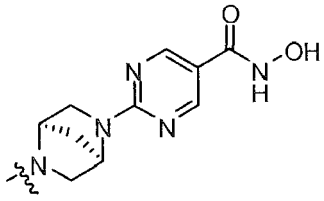
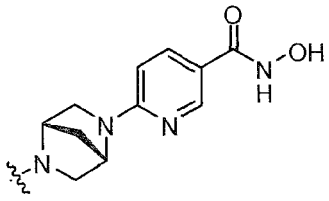
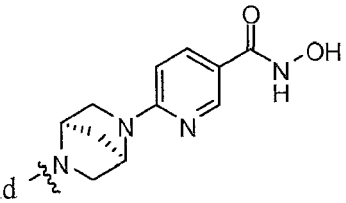

,

,

,

and

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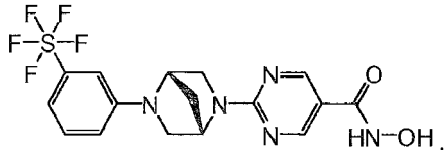
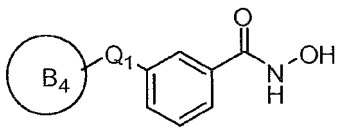
[0183] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment WW, embodiment WW-12, the compound is selected from the group consisting of:

2-((1S,4S)-5-benzyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-p-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-benzhydryl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(4-chlorophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
(1S,4S)-tert-butyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-fluorophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-o-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-phenyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-benzoyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(2-fluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(benzo[c][1,2,5]oxadiazol-5-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(benzo[c][1,2,5]thiadiazol-5-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(benzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(2,2-diphenylacetyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-4-((1S,4S)-5-p-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide,
(1S,4S)-benzyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate,
(1S,4S)-isobutyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(2,2-difluorobenzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethylthio)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(2-(trifluoromethyl)quinolin-4-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(difluoromethoxy)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,

N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
(1S,4S)-cyclopentyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(benzo[c][1,2,5]oxadiazol-4-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1R,4R)-5-p-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
(1S,4S)-isopropyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate,
(1S,4S)-pyridin-3-ylmethyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate,
(1S,4S)-cyclopropylmethyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate,
(1S,4S)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(benzo[d]isoxazol-3-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(dimethylcarbamoyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-((dimethylamino)methyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-m-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-6-(5-p-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)nicotinamide,
N-hydroxy-5-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrazine-2-carboxamide,
2-fluoro-N-hydroxy-4-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-6-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyridazine-3-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1R,4R)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5 -carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1R,4R)-5-m-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-(5-(3-cyanophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-4-(5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide,
N-hydroxy-4-(5-m-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide,
N-hydroxy-4-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide,
N-hydroxy-4-((1S,4S)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide,
4-((1S,4S)-5-(3-cyanophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
N-hydroxy-4-((1R,4R)-5-m-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide,
N-hydroxy-4-((1R,4R)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide,
N-hydroxy-4-((1S,4S)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide,
N-hydroxy-N-methyl-4-((1S,4S)-5-p-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide and

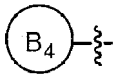


[0184] In a preferred embodiment of the compounds according to the present invention, embodiment XX, the compounds are represented by the Formula (XI):

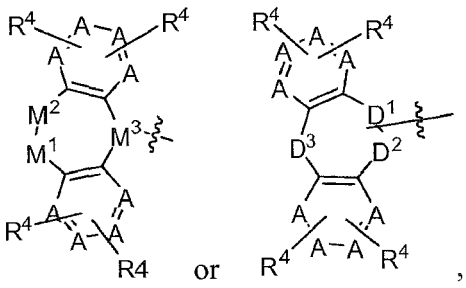


(XI)

and N-oxides, hydrates, solvates, pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs, polymorphs and complexes thereof, and racemic and scalemic mixtures, diastereomers and enantiomers thereof,
wherein

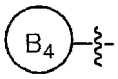


is

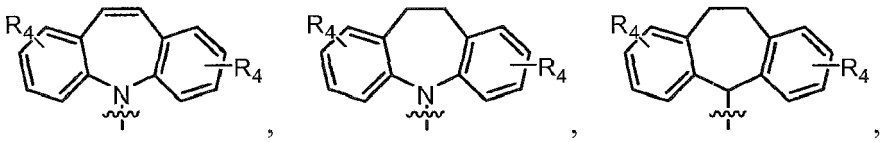


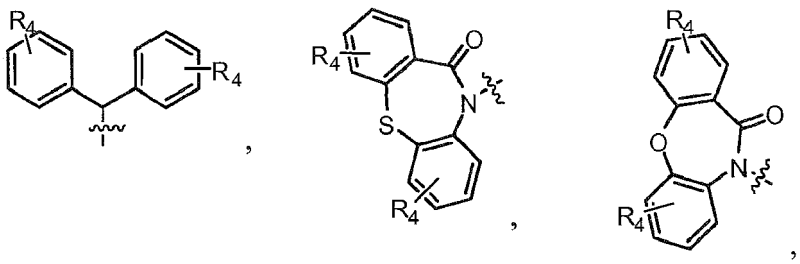
Q^1 is selected from the group consisting of $-C_1$-C_6alkyl, covalent bond, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-O-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-NR_3-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}$-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$NR_3C(O)$-C_0-C_6alkyl-,$-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$C(O)NR_3$-C_0-C_6alkyl- and $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$OC(O)NR_3$-C_0-C_6alkyl-; and
R^3, R^4, M^1-M^2, M^3, A, D^1-D^2, D^3 are as defined in Formula I.

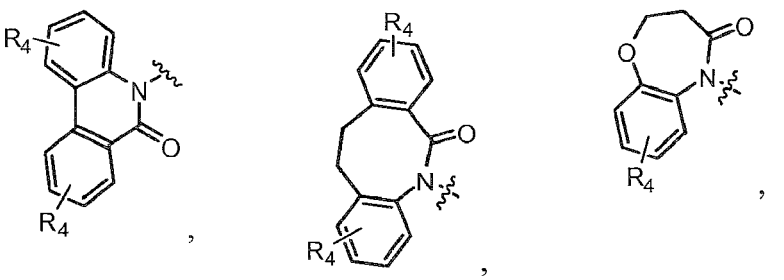
[0185] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment XX, embodiment XX-1, the moiety

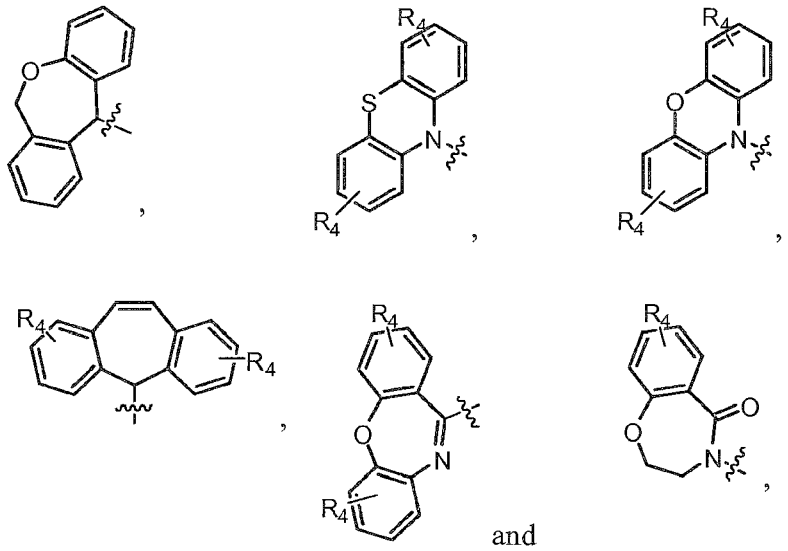


is selected from a radical consisting of





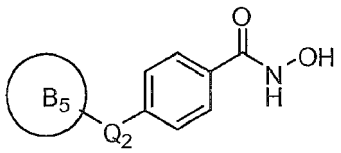




and

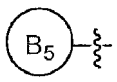
wherein R^4 is as defined in Formula I.

[0186] In a preferred embodiment, embodiment YY, of the compounds according to the present invention, the compounds are represented by the Formula (XII):

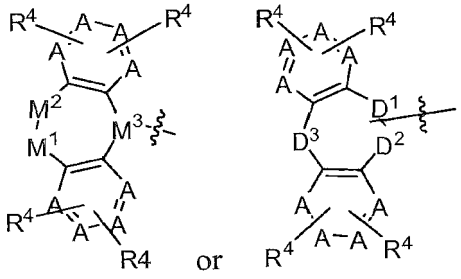


(XII)

and N-oxides, hydrates, solvates, pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs, polymorphs and complexes thereof, and racemic and scalemic mixtures, diastereomers and enantiomers thereof,
wherein

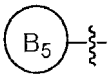


is

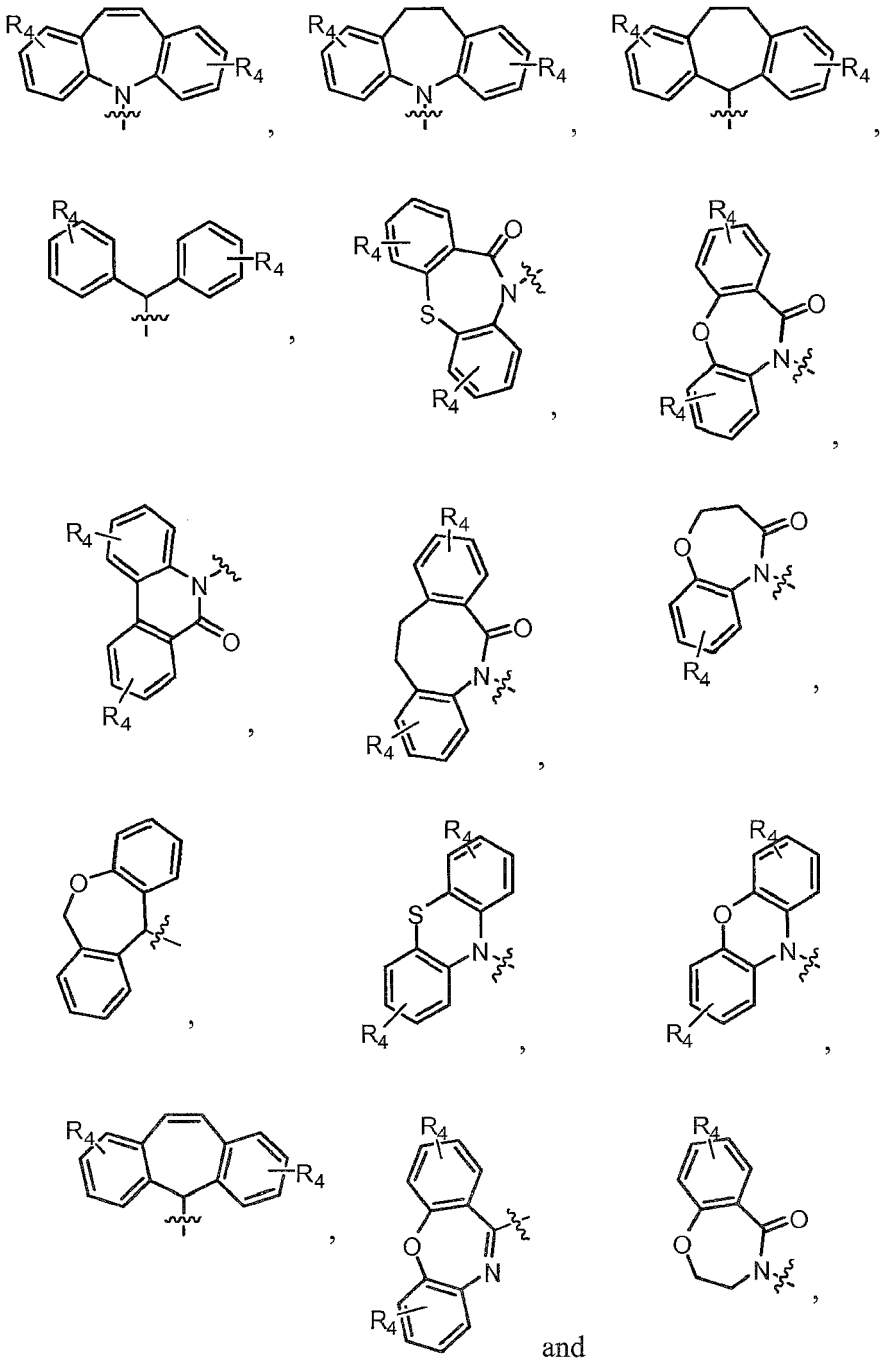


Q^2 is selected from the group consisting of $-C_1$-C_6alkyl, covalent bond, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-O-C_0-C_6alkyl-,$-C_0$-C_6alkyl-NR_3-C_0-C_6alkyl-,$-C_0$-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_{0-2}$-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-NR_3C(O)-C_0-C_6alkyl-,$-C_0$-C_6alkyl-C(O)NR_3-C_0-C_6alkyl- and $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-OC(O)NR_3-C_0-C_6alkyl-; and
R^3, R^4, M^1-M^2, M^3, A, D^1-D^2, D^3 are as defined in Formula I;

[0187] In a preferred embodiment of embodiment YY, embodiment YY-1, the moiety



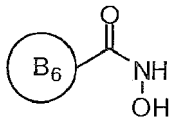
is selected from a radical consisting of



and

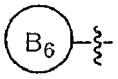
wherein R^4 is as defined in Formula I.

[0188] In a preferred embodiment, embodiment ZZ, of the compounds according to the present invention, the compounds are represented by the Formula (XIII):

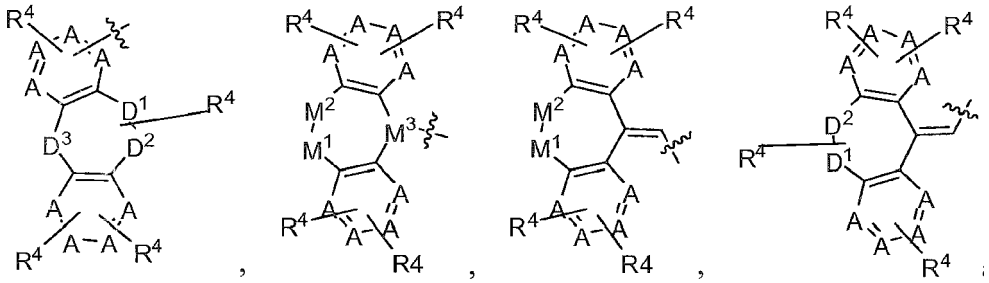


(XIII)

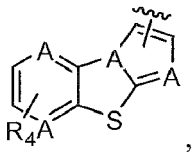
and N-oxides, hydrates, solvates, pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs, polymorphs and complexes thereof, and racemic and scalemic mixtures, diastereomers and enantiomers thereof,
wherein



is a radical selected from the group consisting of

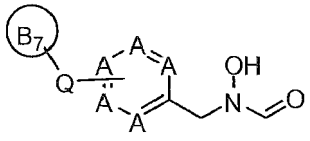


and



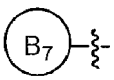
and
R^4, M^1-M^2, M^3, A, D^1-D^2, D^3 are as defined in Formula I.

[0189] In a preferred embodiment, embodiment AAA, of the compounds according to the present invention, the compounds are represent by the Formula (XIV):

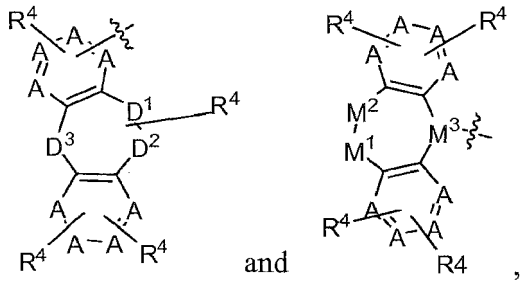


(XIV)

and N-oxides, hydrates, solvates, pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs, polymorphs and complexes thereof, and racemic and scalemic mixtures, diastereomers and enantiomers thereof, wherein



is a radical selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl,



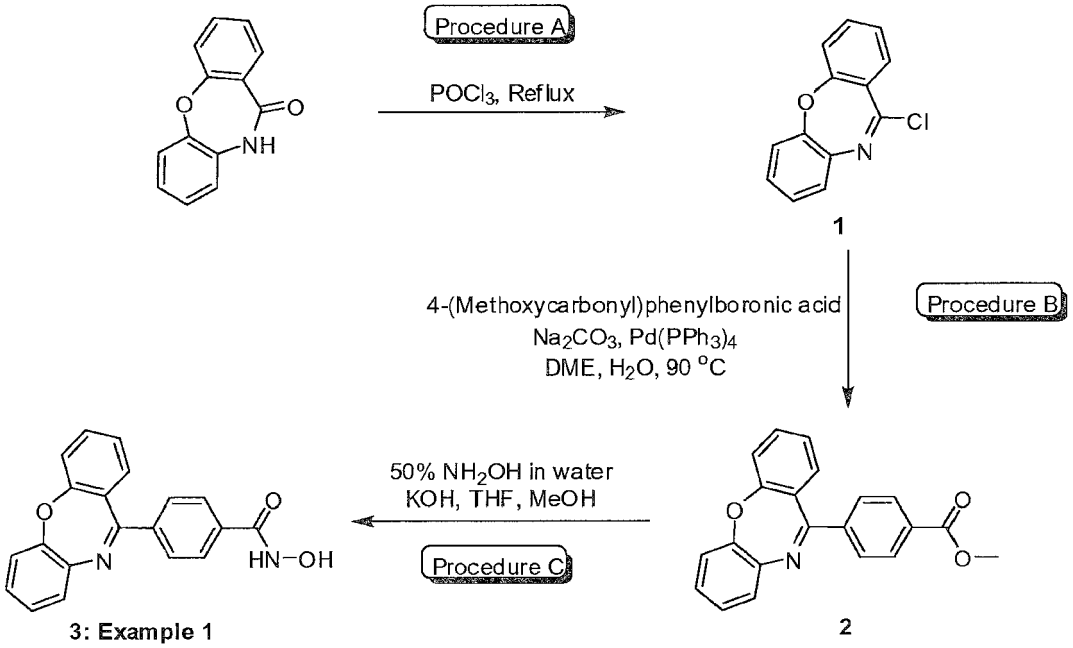
wherein each aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted; and wherein Q, R^4, M^1-M^2, M^3, A, D^1-D^2, D^3 are as defined in Formula I.

[0190] Some examples of the compounds according to the first aspect of the invention are given below. These examples merely serve to exemplify some of the compounds of the first aspect of the invention and do not limit the scope of the invention:

Synthetic Schemes and Experimental Procedures

[0191] The compounds of the invention can be prepared according to the reaction schemes for the examples illustrated below utilizing methods known to one of ordinary skill in the art. These schemes serve to exemplify some procedures that can be used to make the compounds of the invention. One skilled in the art will recognize that other general synthetic procedures may be used. The compounds of the invention can be prepared from starting components that are commercially available. Any kind of substitutions can be made to the starting components to obtain the compounds of the invention according to procedures that are well known to those skilled in the art.

Scheme 1



Example 1

(Z)-4-(Dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide (3)

Step 1: (E)-11-Chlorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine **(1)**

[0192] A solution of 10,11-dihydrodibenz[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-one (1.00 g, 4.74 mmol) and phosphorus oxychloride (40 mL) was stirred for 5 h at reflux. The reaction mixture was then cooled to room temperature and concentrated under

reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved into AcOEt and washed with water and brine. The organic layer was dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered and concentrated to give an orange oil. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography with EtOAc (10%) in Hexanes to afford **1** (939 mg, 86%) as a yellow solid. LRMS (ESI): (calc) 229.0 (found) 230.1 $(MH)^+$.

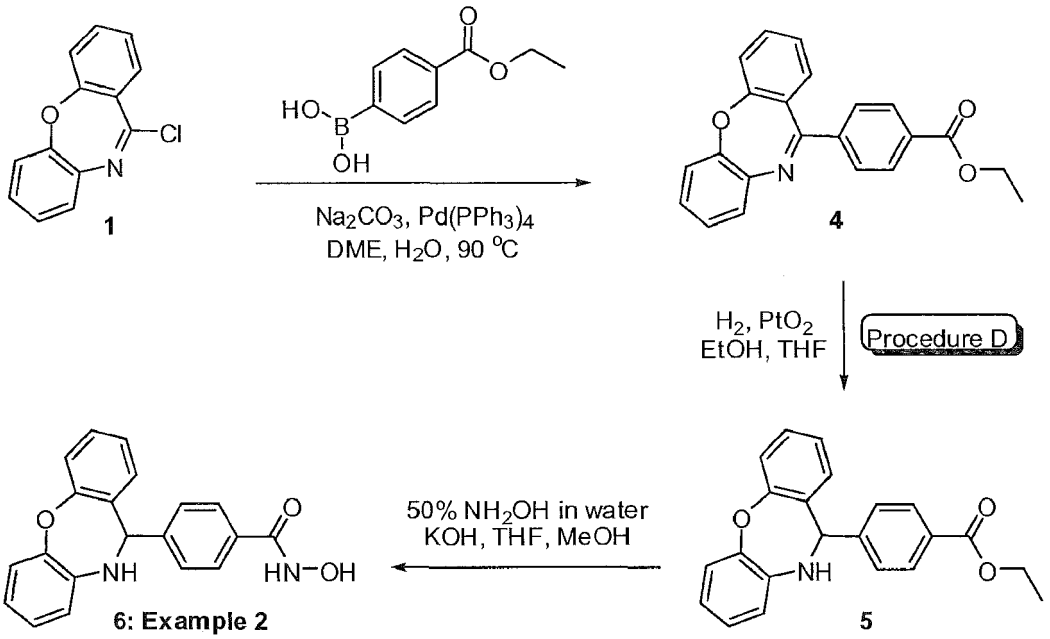
Step 2: (Z)-Methyl 4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzoate **(2)**

[0193] To a solution of **1** (229 mg, 1.00 mmol) in DME (3 mL) was added 4-methoxycarbonylphenylboronic acid (216 mg, 1.20 mmol), $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ (0.065 mg, 0.056 mmol) and 2 N $Na_2CO_{3(aq)}$ (1.5 mL, 3.0 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h at 90°C. The solution was then cooled at room temperature and poured into AcOEt. The organic layer was washed with water, brine and dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered and concentrated to give a yellow oil. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography with EtOAc (15%) in Hexanes to afford **2** (327 mg, 99%) as a yellow foam. LRMS (ESI): (calc) 329.1 (found) 330.3 $(MH)^+$.

Step 3: (Z)-4-(Ddibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(3)**

[0194] To a stirring solution of ester **2** (327 mg, 1.00 mmol) in MeOH (4.0 mL) and THF (4.0 mL) was added hydroxylamine (1.2 mL, excess, 50% in water) followed by KOH (212 mg, 4.00 mmol) and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 min. The reaction mixture was concentrated under vacuum. 3N HCl was added to the residue to reach pH = 7-8. The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (3x). The combined organic phases were washed with water (2x) and brine, dried over sodium sulfate and concentrate *in vacuo* to one third volume. Hexane was added to the mixture and the solid was filtered. The crude product was purified by flash eluting with 75% ethyl acetate in hexanes to afford the title compound **(3)** as a yellow solid (35 mg, 11%). ^{1}HNMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.37 (br s, 1H), 9.14 (br s, 1H), 7.86 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.66-7.62 (m, 1H), 7.43-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.25 (m, 4H), 7.17 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H). LRMS (ESI): (calc) 330.1 (found) 331.4 $(MH)^+$.

Scheme 2



Example 2

4-(10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(6)**

Step 1: (Z)-ethyl 4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzoate **(4)**

[0195] Using Procedure B (Table 1) with compound **1** and 4-(ethoxycarbonyl)phenylboronic acid the title compound **4** was obtained (2.76g, 83%) as a yellow foam. LRMS (ESI): (calc) 343.12 (found) 344.3 $(MH)^+$.

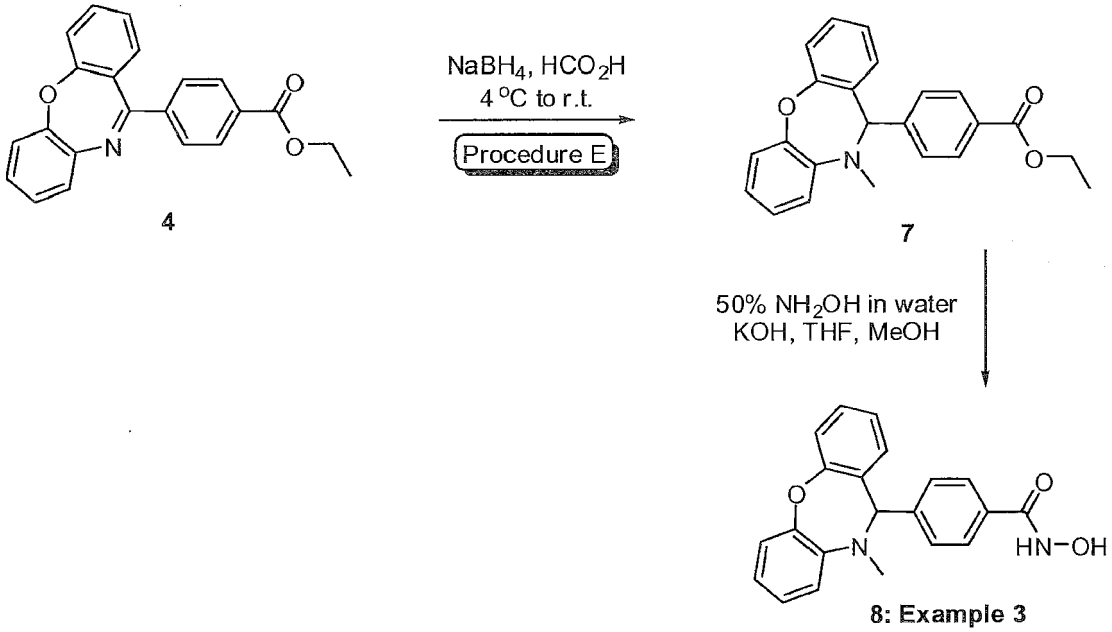
Step 2: ethyl 4-(10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzoate **(5)**

[0196] Title compound **4** was dissolved in ethanol (25 mL) and THF (5 mL). Platinum (IV) oxide (0.075 g, 10% wt) was added. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 h under 1 atmosphere of hydrogen. The catalyst was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to one third volume. The precipitate was filtered to afford title compound **5** (510 mg, 67%) as a white solid. LRMS (ESI): (calc) 345.14 (found) 346.3 $(MH)^+$. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 7.88 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (td, J = 7.7, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (td, J = 7.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.90-6.83 (m, 3H), 6.77 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (td, J = 7.3, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.55 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 4.28 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.28 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H).

Step 3: 4-(10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(6)**

[0197] Using Procedure C (Table 1) with compound **5** the title compound 6 was obtained (133 mg, 66%) as a white solid. ^1H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.12 (s, 1H), 8.99 (s, 1H), 7.65 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.45 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.8Hz, 1H), 7.35-7.30 (m, 3H), 7.18 (td, J = 7.4, 1.2Hz, 1H), 7.10 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.4Hz, 1H), 6.89-6.75 (m, 4H), 6.52-6.48 (m, 1H), 5.51 (d, J = 6.0Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 332.12 (found) 333.19 (MH)+.

Scheme 3



Example 3

N-hydroxy-4-(10-methyl-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide **(8)**

Step 1: ethyl 4-(10-methyl-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzoate **(7)**

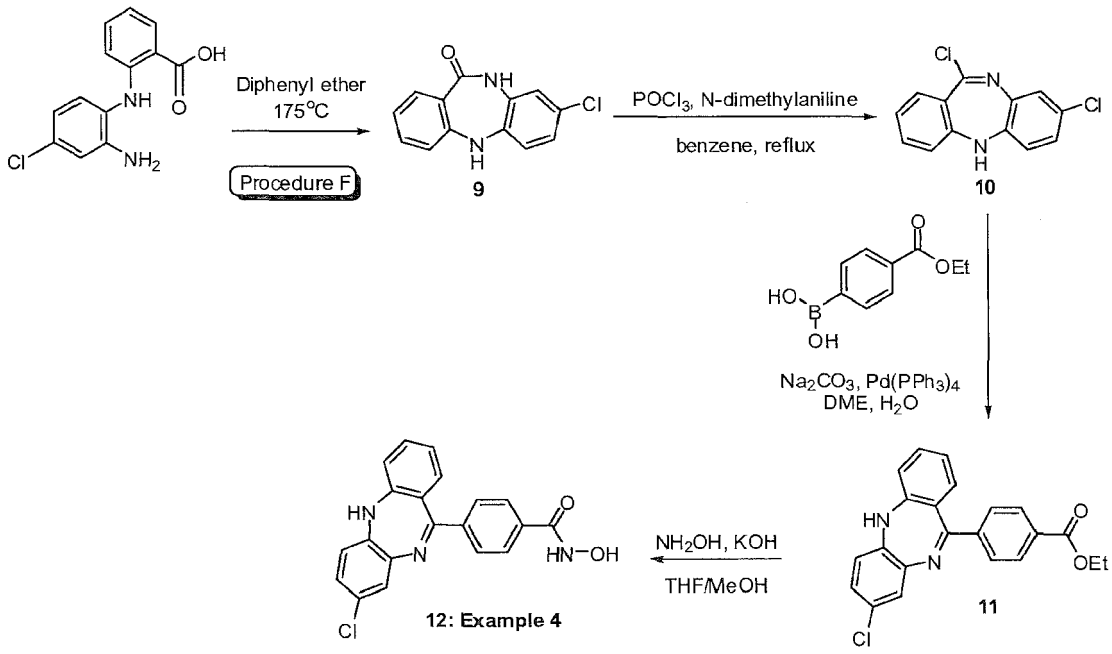
[0198] Title compound **4** (0.508 g, 1.48 mmol) was dissolved in formic acid (5.0 mL) and the mixture was cooled at 4°C. Sodium borohydride (0.502 g) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 90 min. The mixture was diluted in water (50 mL) and solid sodium bicarbonate was added until alkaline (pH = 8-9). This mixture was extracted twice with ethyl acetate. The combined organic extracts were washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate and evaporated. The crude was purified by flash chromatography with 10% ethyl acetate in hexanes to afford title compound 7 (408 mg, 77%) as a colorless oil. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 359.15 (found) 360.3 (MH)+.

Step 2: N-hydroxy-4-(10-methyl-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide **(8)**

[0199] Using Procedure C (Table 1) with compound 7 the title compound **8** (175 mg, 44%) was obtained as an off-white solid. ^1H NMR (MeOD-d_4) δ (ppm): 7.60 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.43-7.39 (m, 1H), 7.35-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.20-7.13 (m, 5H), 7.09-7.05 (m, 1H), 6.94 (dd, J = 8.0Hz, 1.6Hz, 1H), 6.02 (s, 1H), 3.27 (s, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 346.13 (found)

347.28 (MH)+.

Scheme 4



Example 4

(Z)-4-(7-chloro-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide (12)

Step 1: 8-chloro-5H-dibenzor[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11(10H)-one **(9)**

[0200] The 2-(2-amino-4-chlorophenylamino)benzoic acid (2.00g, 7.63 mmol) was mixed with diphenyl ether (5 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at 175 °C for 2 hours. The mixture was cooled down to room temperature and put directly to the column eluting with 10% to 50% ethyl acetate in hexanes to afford the title compound **9** (1.42 g, 76%) as a purple solid.

Step 2: (E)-8,11-dichloro-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepine **(10)**

[0201] A mixture of amide **9** (1.39 g, 5.70 mmol), phosphorus oxychloride (1.6 mL, 17.1 mmol) and N-dimethylaniline (2.9 mL, 22.8 mmol) in benzene (10 mL) was heated at reflux for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was then cooled to room temperature and excess of phosphorus oxychloride, N-dimethylaniline and benzene were removed at reduced pressure. The resulting residue was dissolved in dioxane (20 mL) and 2 M Na_2CO_3 (30 mL 0.06 mol) and then heated at 80 °C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and dioxane was removed at reduced pressure and the resulting aqueous solution was extracted with EtOAc (30 mL). The organic phase was washed with water, brine, dried (Na_2SO_4), filtered and solvent evaporated. The resulting crude residue was purified by column chromatography (10% ethyl acetate in hexanes) to afford title compound **10** (869 mg, 58%) as an orange solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 262.01 (found) 263.1 (MH)+.

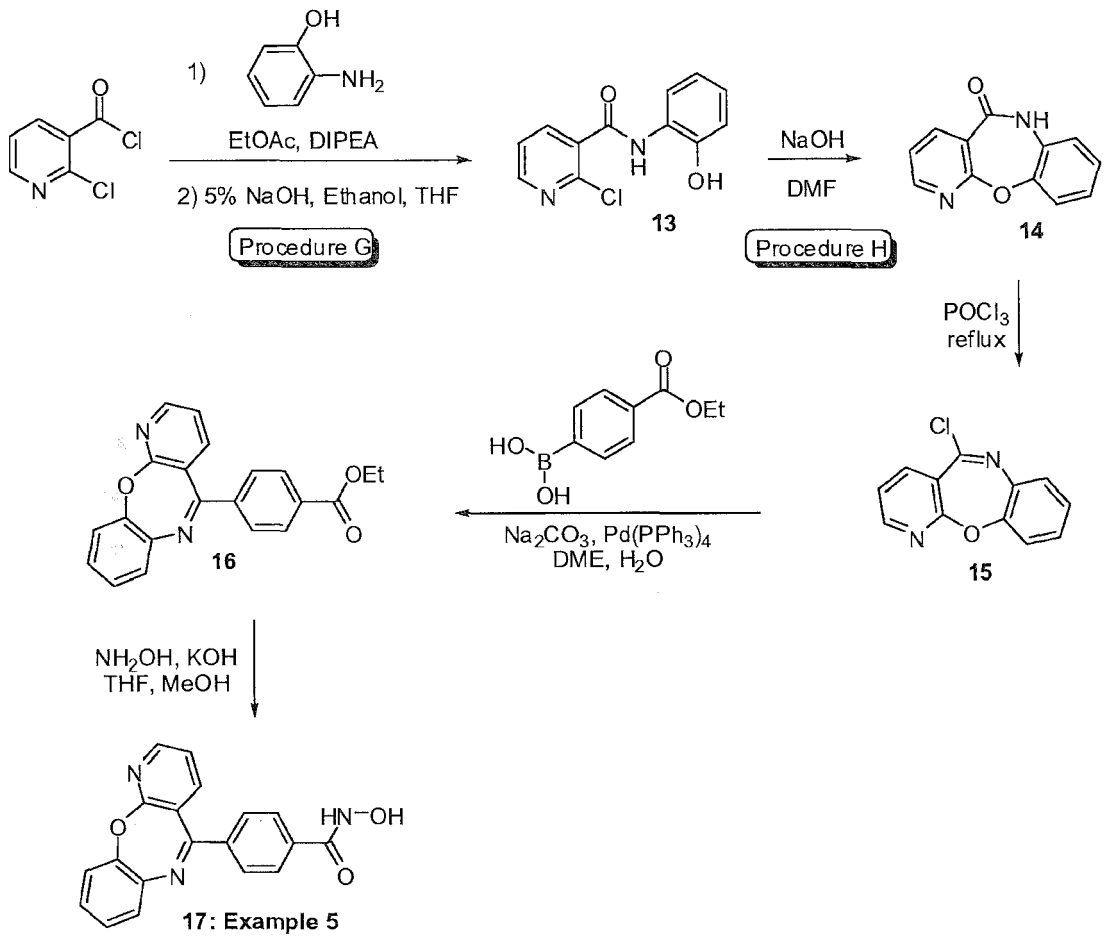
Step 3: (Z)-ethyl 4-(8-chloro-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)benzoate **(11)**

[0202] Using Procedure B (Table 1) with compound 10 the title compound **11** (610 mg, 49%) was obtained as a red foam. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 376.10 (found) 377.2 (MH)+. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 8.03, (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.73 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (s, 1H), 7.40 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (s, 1H), 7.13 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.85 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.34 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H).

Step 4: (Z)-4-(8-chloro-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(12)**

[0203] Using Procedure C (Table 1) with compound **11** the title compound **12** (48 mg, 20%) was obtained as an orange solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-*d6*) δ (ppm): 11.33 (s, 1H), 9.12 (s, 1H), 7.80 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.64 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.46 (s, 1H), 7.40-7.36 (m, 1H), 7.19 (d, J = 2.4Hz, 1H), 7.10 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.8Hz, 1H), 7.01-6.90 (m, 3H), 6.85 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 363.08 (found) 364.2 (MH)+.

Scheme 5



Example 5

Z)-4-(benzo[b]pyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(17)**

Step 1: 2-chloro-N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)nicotinamide **(13)**

[0204] A solution of 2-chloronicotinoyl chloride (2.91 g, 16.6 mmol) in ethyl acetate (50 mL) was added to a mixture of 2-aminophenol (2.00 g, 18.3 mmol) and DIPEA (4.8 mL, 27.5 mmol) in ethyl acetate (50 mL) at 4 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 hour. The organic mixutre was washed with water and brine then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in ethanol / THF 1:1 (75 mL) and 15% sodium hydroxide (25 mL) and the mixture was stirred at 50 °C for 45 min. The mixture was cooled down to room temperature and concentrated in vacuo to one third volume and then acidified to pH = 2 with 3M HCl. The solid was filtered, washed with water and dried to afford title compound **13** (3.69 g, 81 %) as a beige solid. LRMS (ESI): (calc) 248.04 (found) 249.2 $(MH)^+$.

Step 2: benzo[b]pyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepin-5(6H)-one **(14)**

[0205] Title compound **13** (3.65 g, 14.7 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (25.0 mL) and sodium hydroxide (0.706 g, 17.7 mmol) was added. The reaction mixutre was stirred at 130 °C for 5 hours. The mixutre was cooled down to room

temperature and an ice/water mixture was added. The precipitate was filtered then triturated in ethanol to afford title compound **14** (1.798 g, 58%) as a white solid. LRMS (ESI): (calc) 212.06 (found) 213.2 $(MH)^+$.

Step 3: (E)-5-chlorobenzo[b]pyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepine **(15)**

[0206] Using Procedure A (Table 1) with compound **14** the title compound **15** (741 mg) was obtained as a yellow oil. LRMS (ESI): (calc) 230.02 (found) 231.2 $(MH)^+$.

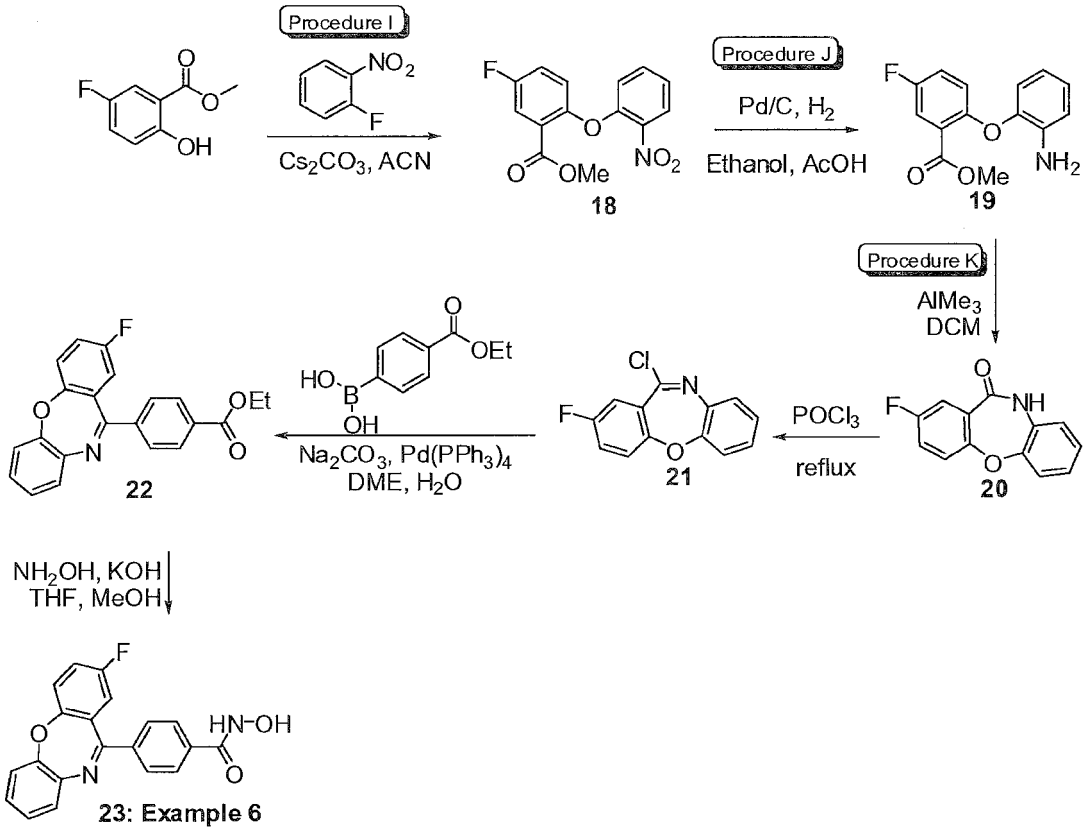
Step 4: (Z)-ethyl 4-(benzo[b]pyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepin-5-yl)benzoate **(16)**

[0207] Using Procedure B (Table 1) with compound **15** the title compound **16** (675 mg, 69% for 2 steps) was obtained as a yellow foam. LRMS (ESI): (calc) 344.12 (found) 345.2 $(MH)^+$.

Step 5: (Z)-4-(benzo[b]pyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(17)**

[0208] Using Procedure C (Table 1) with compound **16** the title compound **17** (80 mg, 36%) was obtained as a yellow solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-*d6*) δ (ppm): 11.39 (s, 1H), 9.16 (s, 1H), 8.52 (dd, J = 5.2, 2.0Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.84 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.75 (dd, J = 8.0, 2.0Hz, 1H), 7.48-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.34-7.30 (m, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 331.12 (found) 332.18 (MH)+.

Scheme 6



Example 6

(Z)-4-(2-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide (23)

Step 1: methyl 5-fluoro-2-(2-nitrophenoxy)benzoate **(18)**

[0209] Methyl 5-fluoro-2-hydroxybenzoate (2.65 g, 15.6 mmo.) and 1-fluoro-2-nitrobenzene (2.02 g, 14.2 mmol) were dissolved in acetonitrile (30 mL) and cesium carbonate (6.10 g, 18.7 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred

at 80°C for 60 hours. The mixture was cooled down to room temperature and poured into ethyl acetate. This organic mixture was washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The crude was purified by flash chromatography with 10-20% ethyl acetate in hexanes and triturated in ethanol to afford the title compound **18** (3.49 g, 84%) as white solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 291.05 (found) 292.2 (MS)+.

Step 2: methyl 2-(2-aminophenoxy)-5-fluorobenzoate **(19)**

[0210] To a stirring solution of title compound **18** (3.48 g, 11.9 mmol) in ethanol (30 mL), acetic acid (1.0 mL) and THF (10 mL) was added palladium on charcol 10% (0.37 g, 10% w/w). The reaction mixture was stirred under hydrogen atmosphere for 20 hours. The catalyst was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo.* The residue was diluted with ether and this organic mixture was washed with a saturated aqueous solution of bicarbonate, water and brine then solvent evaporated to afford title compound **19** (2.95 g, 95%) as a beige solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 261.08 (found) 262.3 (MS)+.

Step 3: 2-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11(10H)-one **(20)**

[0211] Title compound **19** (802 mg, 3.07 mmol) was dissolved in DCM (10 mL) and the mixture was cooled to 0°C. Trimethylaluminum 2M in toluene (1.8 mL, 3.69 mmol) was added dropwise and the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature. The mixutre was then heated to 45°C for 45 h. The mixture was cooled to room temperature for the slow additon of water. The solution was extracted with ethyl acetate then washed twice with HCl (10%), water and saturated solution of bicarbonate. The organic layer was then dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated *in vacuo* until the product precipitated. The solid was filtered and dried to afford title compound **20** (511 mg, 73%) as a white solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 229.05 (found) 230.1 (MS)+.

Step 4: (E)-11-chloro-2-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine **(21)**

[0212] Using Procedure A (Table 1) with compound **20** the title compound **21** was obtained (545 mg, 65%) as a yellow solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 247.02 (found) 248.0 (MS)+.

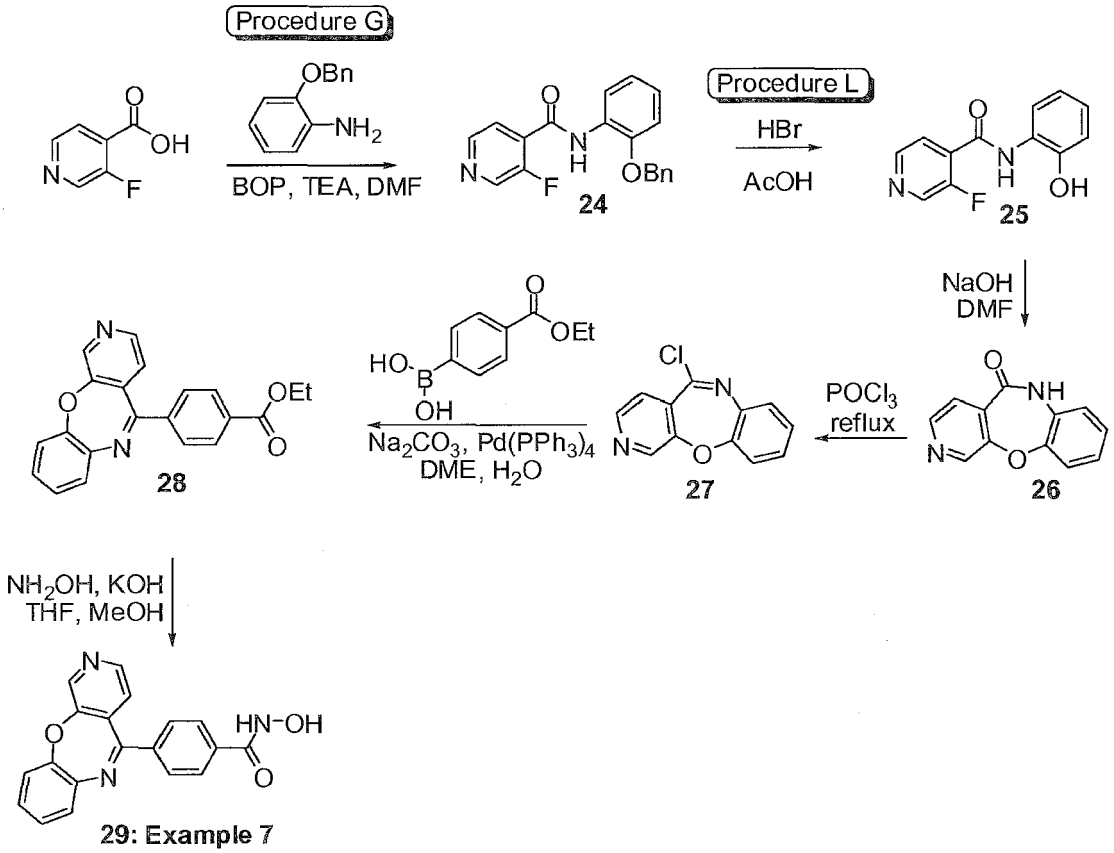
Step 5: (Z)-ethyl 4-(2-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzoate **(22)**

[0213] Using Procedure B (Table 1) with compound 21 the title compound **22** was obtained (680 mg, 86%) as a yellow foam. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 361.11 (found) 362.2 (MS)+.

Step 6: (Z)-4-(2-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(23)**

[0214] Using Procedure C (Table 1) with compound **22** the title compound 23 was obtained (341 mg, 52%) as a yellow solid. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHZ, DMSO-*d6*) δ (ppm): 11.39 (s, 1H), 9.16 (s, 1H), 7.88 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.85 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.53-7.40 (m, 3H), 7.34-7.25 (m, 3H), 6.99 (dd, J = 8.6, 2.4Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 348.09 (found) 349.19 (MH)+.

Scheme 7



Example 7

(Z)-4-(benzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(29)**

Step 1: N-(2-(benzyloxy)phenyl)-3-fluoroisonicotinamide **(24)**

[0215] To a mixture of 3-fluoroisonicotinic acid (2.20 g, 15.6 mmol), 2-(benzyloxy)aniline (2.84 g, 14.2 mmol) and BOP (6.94 g, 15.6 mmol) in DMF (20.0 mL) was added TEA (4.4 mL, 31.2 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 20 min and poured into water. The aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 X). The combined organic extracts were washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated *in vacuo* to a quarter volume. The resulting solid was found to be the desired compound. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to dryness. The residue was triturated in 30% ethyl acetate in hexanes and the 2 solids were combined to afford compound **24** (4.45 g, 97%) as a white solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 322.11 (found) 323.2 (MH)+.

Step 2: 3-fluoro-N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)isonicotinamide **(25)**

[0216] Title compound **24** (4.40 g, 13.6 mmol) was dissolved in 33% HBr in AcOH (30 mL)and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. The mixutre was diluted with water and solid sodium bicarbonate (until alkaline) then extracted twice with ethyl acetate. The combined organic extracts were washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate and concentrated *in vacuo.* The crude was triturated in 30% ethyl acetate in hexanes to afford the title compound **25** (2.36 g, 75%) as a beige solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 232.06 (found) 233.1 (MH)+.

Step 3: benzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-5(6H)-one **(26)**

[0217] Using Procedure H (Table 1) with compound **25** the title compound **26** was obtained (1.86 g, 88%) as a brown solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 212.06 (found) 213.1 (MH)+. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.86 (s, 1H), 8.71 (s, 1H), 8.55 (d, J = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (dd, J = 4.9, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.37 (m, 1H), 7.25-7.15 (m, 3H).

Step 4: (E)-5-chlorobenzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepine **(27)**

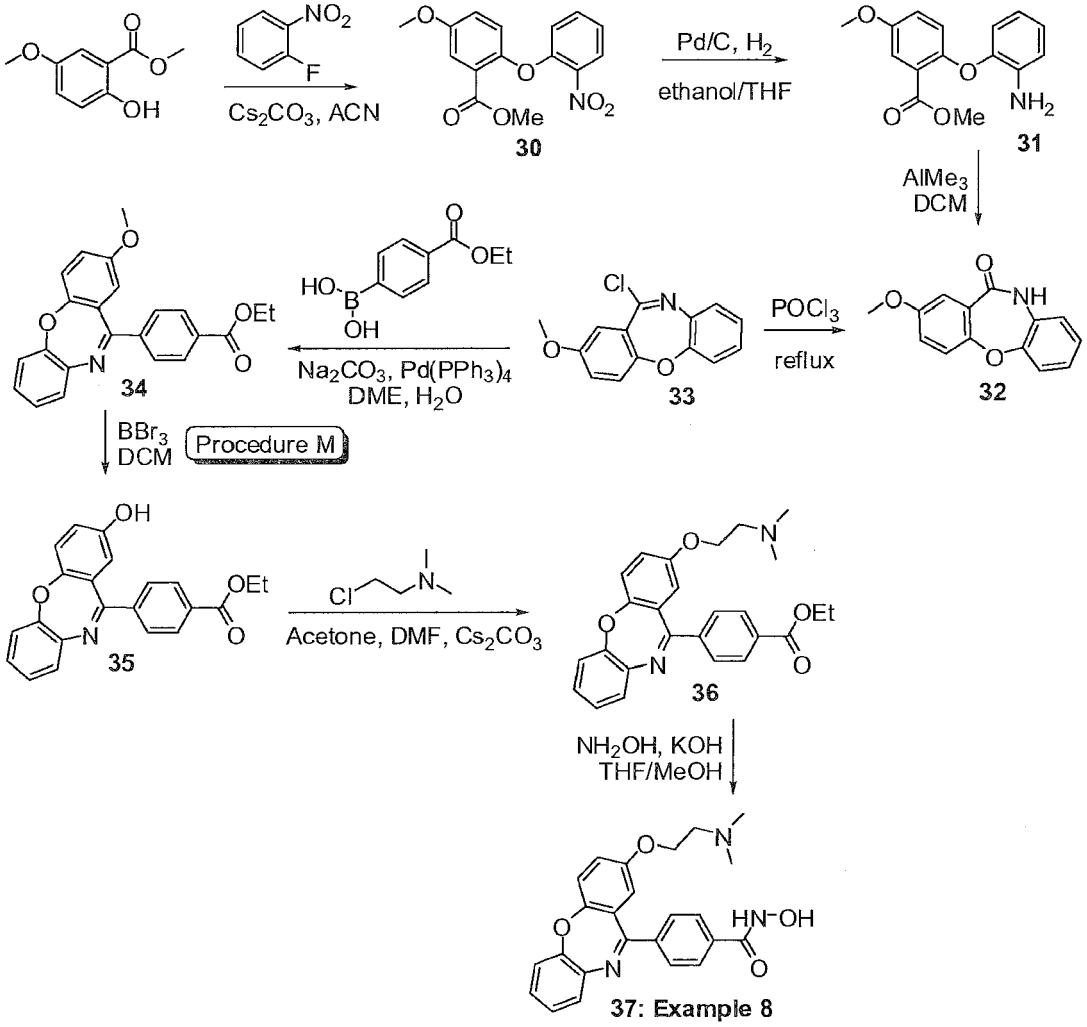
[0218] Using Procedure A (Table 1) with compound 26 the title compound **27** was obtained (1.79 g, 92%) as a light yellow solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 230.02 (found) 231.1 $(MH)^+$. Step 5: (Z)-ethyl 4-(benzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-5-yl)benzoate **(28)**

[0219] Using Procedure B (Table 1) with compound **27** the title compound **28** was obtained (2.39 g, 92%) as a light yellow solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 344.12 (found) 345.0 (MH)+.

Step 6: (Z)-4-(benzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(29)**

[0220] Using Procedure C (Table 1) with compound **28** the title compound **29** was obtained (18 mg, 7%) as a yellow solid. (DMSO-d6) d(ppm) 1H: 11.41 (s, 1H), 9.19 (s, 1H), 8.78 (d, J = 0.4Hz, 1H), 8.55 (d, J = 4.8Hz, 1H), 7.92-7.87 (m, 4H), 7.50-7.48 (m, 1H), 7.42-7.31 (m, 3H), 7.22 (dd, J = 4.8, 0.4Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 331.32 (found) 332.15.

Scheme 8



Example 8

(Z)-4-(2-(2-(dimethylamino)ethoxy)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide

Step 1: methyl 5-methoxy-2-(2-nitrophenoxy)benzoate **(30)**

[0221] Using Procedure I (Table 1) with methyl 2-hydroxy-5-methoxybenzoate and 1-fluoro-2-nitrobenzene the title compound **30** was obtained (4.20 g, 95%) as a yellow solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 303.07 (found) 304.1 (MH)+. ^{1}H NMR

(400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 8.02 (dd, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (ddd, J = 8.6, 7.4, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (dd, J = 2.1, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.23 (ddd, J = 8.4, 7.4, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (dd, J = 8.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.64 (s, 3H).

Step 2: methyl 2-(2-aminophenoxy)-5-methoxybenzoate **(31)**

[0222] Using Procedure J (Table 1) with compound **30** the title compound **31** was obtained (3.71 g, 100%) as a white solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 273.10 (found) 274.1 (MH)+. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 7.27 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (dd, J = 9.1, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 6.88-6.83 (m, 2H), 6.78 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (ddd, J= 8.0, 7.2, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (s, 2H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.76 (s, 3H).

Step 3: 2-methoxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11(10H)-one **(32)**

[0223] Using Procedure K (Table 1) with compound **31** the title compound **32** was obtained (3.00 g, 92%) as a white solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 241.07 (found) 242.0 (MH)+. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.55 (s, 1H), 7.34-7.26 (m, 2H), 7.22 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, 1H), 7.19-7.09 (m, 4H), 3.76 (s, 3H).

Step 4: (E)-11-chloro-2-methoxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine **(33)**

[0224] Using Procedure A (Table 1) with compound **32** the title compound **33** was obtained (1.83 g, 84%) as a light yellow solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 259.04 (found) 260.1 (MH)+.

Step 5: (Z)-ethyl 4-(2-methoxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzoate **(34)**

[0225] Using Procedure B (Table 1) with compound **33** the title compound **34** was obtained (2.23 g, 85%) as a yellow foam. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 373.40 (found) 374.1 (MH)+.

Step 6: (Z)-ethyl 4-(2-hydroxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzoate **(35)**

[0226] To a stirring solution of compound **34** (1.57 g, 4.21 mmol) in DCM (30 mL) was added BBr_3 (1M in DCM, 13.0 mL, 13.0 mmol) at 4 °C drop wise and the reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h. Ethanol (20 mL) was added and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min. Enough MeOH to get everything soluble was added and this mixture was poured into ethyl acetate (600 mL). This organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography with 30% ethyl acetate in hexanes to afford title compound **35** (453 mg, 30%) as a beige solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 359.12 (found) 360.2 (MH)+.

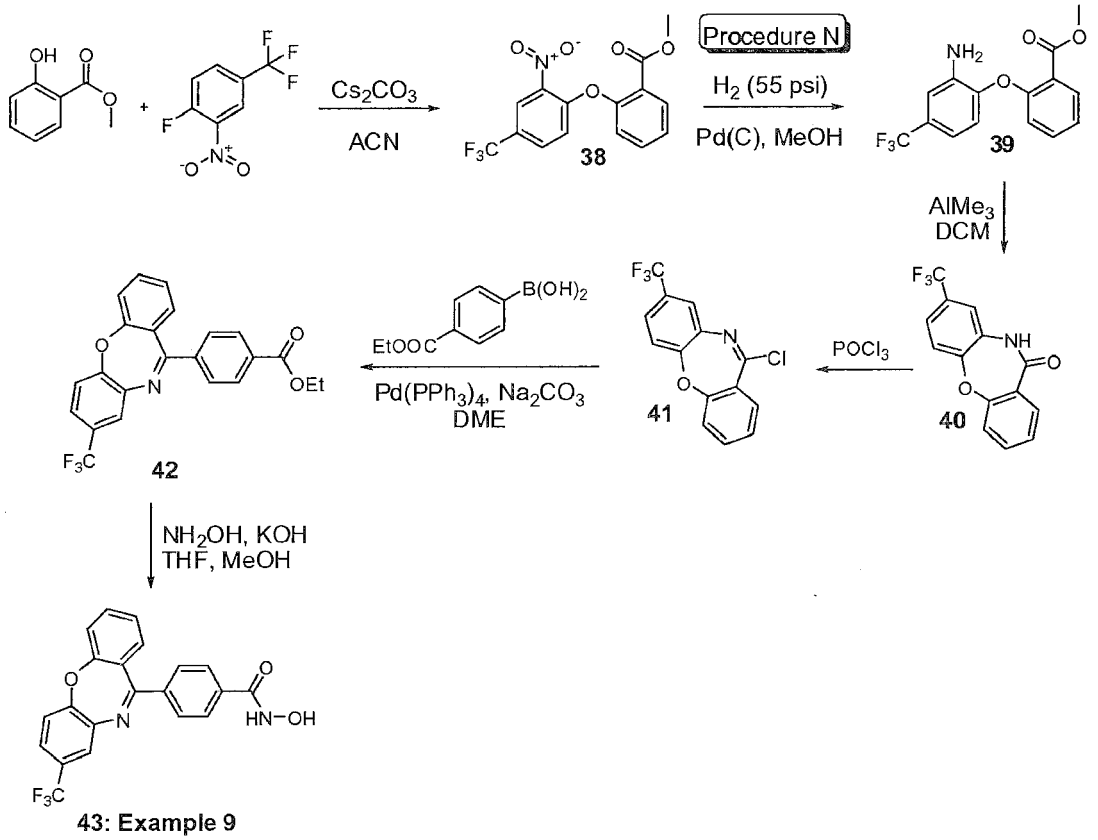
Step 7: (Z)-ethyl 4-(2-(2-(dimethylamino)ethoxy)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzoate **(36)**

[0227] Using Procedure I (Table 1) with compound **35** the title compound **36** was obtained (445 mg, 83%) as yellow oil. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 430.19 (found) 431.4 (MH)+. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.15-8.12 (m, 2H), 7.91-7.88 (m, 2H), 7.41-7.39 (m, 1H), 7.28-7.16 (m, 5H), 6.63 (d, J = 2.9 Hz, 1H), 4.41 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.95 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 2.66 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 6H), 1.41 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

Step 8: (Z)-4-(2-(2-(dimethylamino)ethoxy)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(37)**

[0228] Using Procedure C (Table 1) with compound **36** the title compound **37** was obtained (38 mg, 27%) as yellow solid. 1H NMR (400MHz, MeOH-d4) δ (ppm): 7.91-7.86 (m, 4H), 7.42-7.39 (m, 1H), 7.32-7.21 (m, 5H), 6.70 (d, J = 3.2Hz, 1H), 4.11 (t, J = 5.2Hz, 2H), 3.12 (t, J = 5.2Hz, 2H), 2.61 (s, 6H) LRMS(ESI): (calc) 417.17 (found) 418.47 (MH)+.

Scheme 9



Example 9

(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(8-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide **(43)**

Step 1: methyl 2-(2-nitro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy)benzoate **(38)**

[0229] Using Procedure I (Table 1) with methyl 2-hydroxybenzoate and 1-fluoro-2-nitro-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene the title compound **38** was obtained (1.70 g, 52%). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 341.05 (found) 342.0 (MH)+.

Step 2: methyl 2-(2-amino-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy)benzoate **(39)**

[0230] Title compound 38 (1.70 g, 1.98 mmol), Pd (C) 10% (0.17 g, 10% w/w) and MeOH were put in a Parr-Shaker apparatus and the reaction mixture was pressurized to 55 PSI of H_2. The mixture was agitated over night. The catalyst was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated to afford title compound 39 (1.55 g, 100%) as a clear oil. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 311.08 (found) 312.1 (MH)+.

Step 3: 8-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11(10H)-one **(40)**

[0231] Using Procedure K (Table 1) with compound 39 the title compound **40** was obtained (1.20 g, 86%). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 279.05 (found) 280.1 (MH)+. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.73 (s, 1H), 7.80 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (ddd, J = 8.1, 7.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.58-7.51 (m, 3H), 7.41 (dd, J = 8.2, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (td, J = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H).

Step 4: (E)-11-chloro-8-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine **(41)**

[0232] Using Procedure A (Table 1) with compound **40** the title compound **41** was obtained (0.83 g, 65%). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 297.02 (found) 298.1 (MH)+.

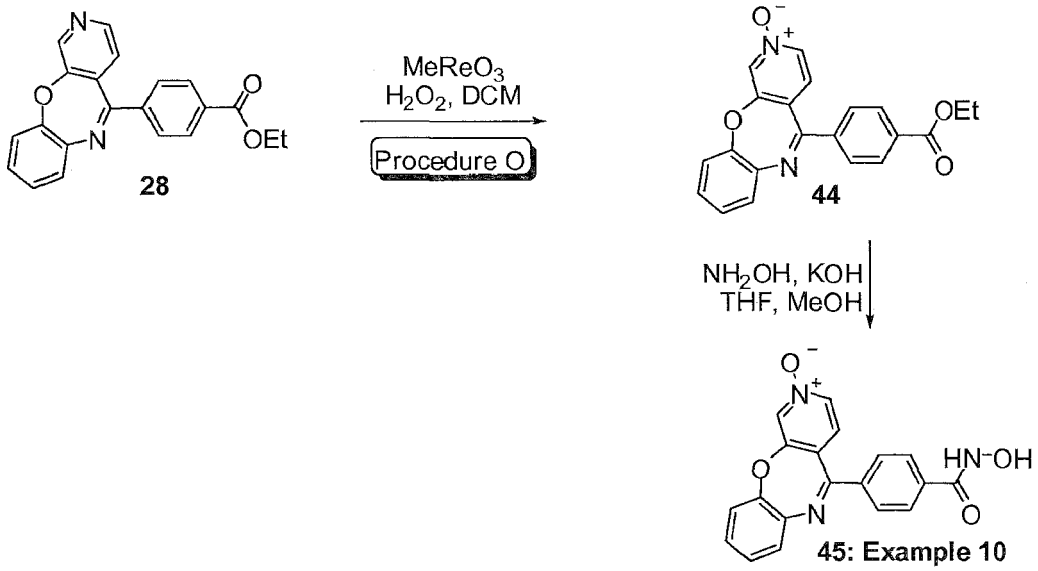
Step 5: (Z)-ethyl 4-(8-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzoate **(42)**

[0233] Using Procedure B (Table 1) with compound **41** the title compound **42** was obtained (0.82 g, 72%). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 411.11 (found) 412.4 (MH)+.

Step 6: (Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(8-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide **(43)**

[0234] Using Procedure C (Table 1) with compound **42** the title compound **43** was obtained (0.166 g, 43%). 1HNMR (400MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.38 (s, 1H), 9.17 (s, 1H), 7.95-7.84 (m, 4H), 7.76 (d, J= 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.72-7.64 (m, 2H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (dd, J = 7.7 and 1.4 Hz, 1H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 398.1 (found) 399.2 (MH)+.

Scheme 10



Example 10

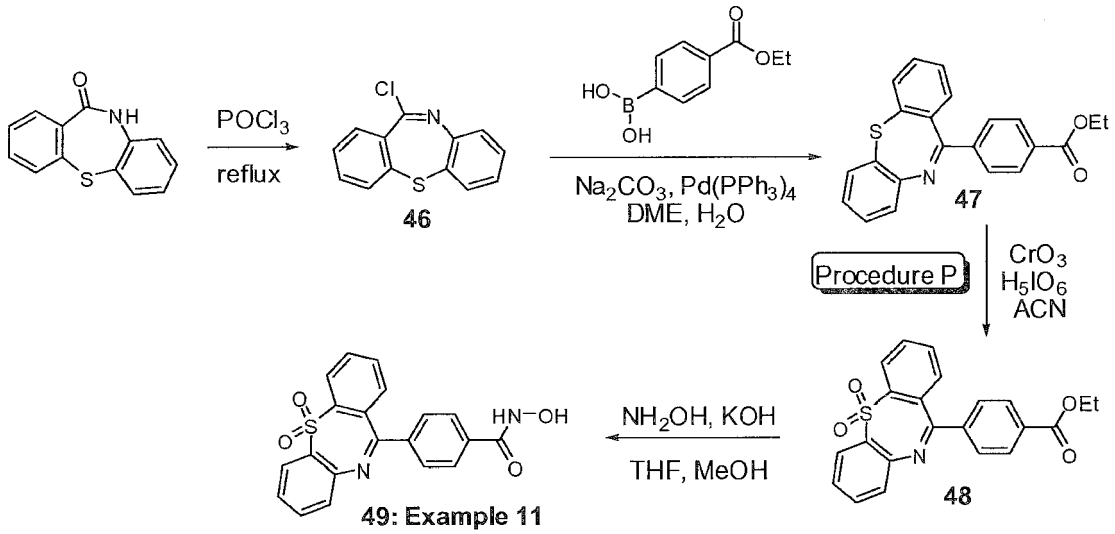
(Z)-5-(4-(hydroxycarbamoyl)phenyl)benzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepine 2-oxide **(45)** Step 1: N-(2-(benzyloxy)phenyl)-3-fluoroisonicotinamide **(44)**

[0235] To a stirring solution of compound **28** (0.37 g, 1.08 mmol) in DCM (5.0 mL) was added methyltrioxorhenium (0.027 g, 0.107 mmol) and the mixture was stirred for 5 min. Hydrogen peroxide (35% w, 0.11 mL, 1.29 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. The mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* and the crude was purified by flash chromatography with 75% ethyl acetate in hexanes to afford title compound **44** (0.132 g, 34%) as a yellow oil. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 360.11 (found) 361.3 (MH)+. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.50-8.49 (m, 1H), 8.17-8.12 (m, 3H), 7.92-7.89 (m, 2H), 7.49-7.46 (m, 1H), 7.36-7.29 (m, 3H), 7.24-7.22 (m, 1H), 4.40 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.41 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

Step 2: (Z)-5-(4-(hydroxycarbamoyl)phenyl)benzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepine 2-oxide **(45)**

[0236] Using Procedure C (Table 1) with compound **44** the title compound **45** was obtained (13 mg, 35%). ^{1}H NMR (400MHz, MeOH-d_4) δ (ppm): 8.51 (d, J = 1.8Hz, 1H), 8.18 (dd, J = 6.8, 1.8Hz, 1H), 7.94-7.89 (m, 4H), 7.51-7.49 (m, 1H), 7.37-7.31 (m, 3H), 7.26 (d, J = 6.7Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 347.09 (found) 348.1 (MH)+.

Scheme 11



Example 11 (49)

Step 1: (E)-11-chlorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine **(46)**

[0237] Using Procedure A (Table 1) with dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11(10H)-one the title compound **46** was obtained.

Step 2: (Z)-ethyl 4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11-yl)benzoate **(47)**

[0238] Using Procedure B (Table 1) with compound **46** the title compound **47** was obtained (1.60 g, 81%) as a yellow foam. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 359.10 (found) 360.3 (MH)+.

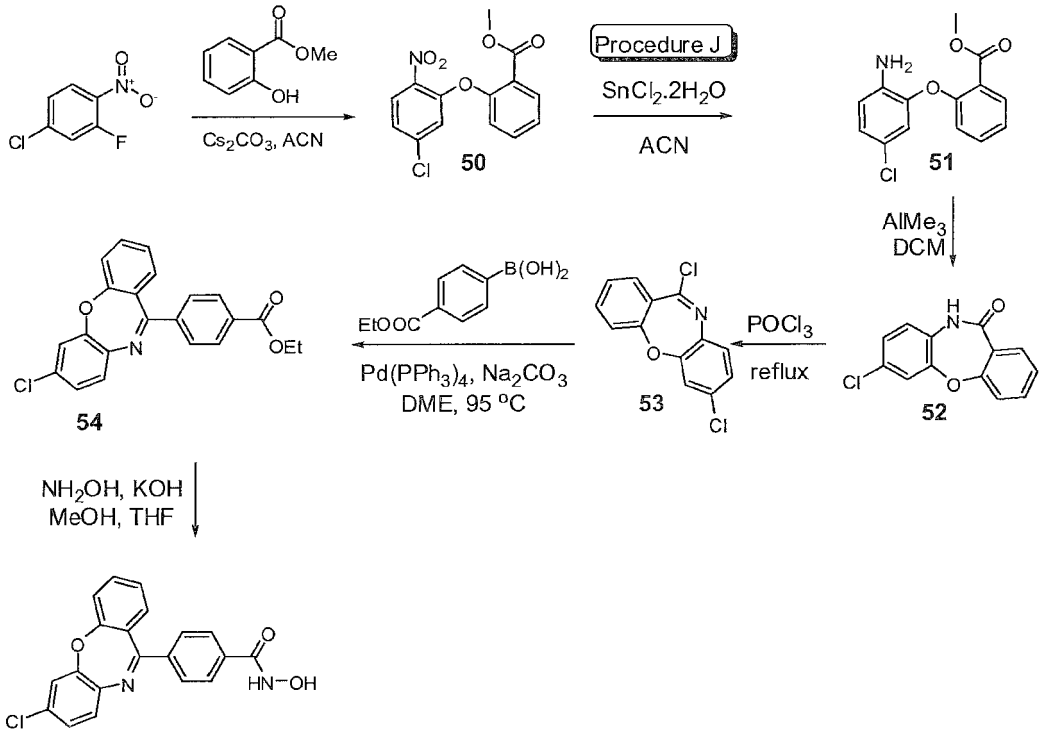
Step 3: **(48)**

[0239] Periodic acid (1.30 g, 5.71 mmol) was added to acetonitrile (30 mL) and the mixture was stirred for 30 min. Chromium(VI) oxide (0.091 g, 0.91 mmol) was added and the mixture was stirred for 5 min. This above mixture was added to a solution of compound 47 (0.684 g, 1.90 mmol) in acetonitrile (20 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The solid was filtered and washed with acetonitrile. The filtrate was concentrated to a volume of 20 mL and ethyl acetate was added. This organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated. The crude was purified by flash chromatography with 10% to 30% ethyl acetate in hexanes to afford title compound **48** (545 mg, 73%) as a yellow solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 391.09 (found) 392.2 (MH)+. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 8.13-8.10 (m, 3H), 8.01 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.94-7.78 (m, 5H), 7.65 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (ddd, J = 8.3, 7.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.35 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H).

Step 4: **(49)**

[0240] Using Procedure C (Table 1) with compound **48** the title compound **49** was obtained (365 mg, 71%) as a light yellow solid. ^{1}H NMR (400MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.42 (s, 1H), 9.20 (s, 1H), 8.13-8.10 (m, 1H), 7.99 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.2Hz, 1H), 7.93-7.83 (m, 6H), 7.81-7.77 (m, 1H), 7.63 (dd, J = 8.0, 0.8Hz, 1H), 7.59-7.57 (m, 1H), 7.53-7.49 (m, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 378.40 (found) 379.1 (MH)+.

Scheme 12



55: Example 12

Example 12

(Z)-4-(7-chlorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide (55)

Step 1: methyl 2-(5-chloro-2-nitrophenoxy)benzoate **(50)**

[0241] Using Procedure I (Table 1) with 4-chloro-2-fluoro-1-nitrobenzene and methyl 2-hydroxybenzoate the title compound **50** was obtained (4.40 g, 100%) as red oil. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 307.02 (found) 308.2 (MH)+.

Step 2: methyl 2-(2-amino-5-chlorophenoxy)benzoate **(51)**

[0242] A mixture of compound **50** (4.40 g, 14.30 mmol) and $SnCl_2.2H_2O$ (16.13 g, 71.5 mmol) in ethanol (100 mL) was stirred at 80°C for 3h. Water and saturated bicarbonate solution (~250 ml) was added (very effervescent). The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and then Celite® was added and the mixture was stirred for 15 min then filtered. The filtrate was extracted with ethyl acetate twice, and the organic extract was dried over Na_2SO_4, filtered and concentrated. The crude was purified by flash chromatography, dry loaded with THF onto 80 g SiO_2 and eluted with 0% to 50% ethyl acetate in hexanes to afford title compound **51** (2.10 g, 51%) as a beige solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 277.05 (found) 278.2 (MH)+. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ (ppm): 7.89 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (ddd, J = 7.9, 7.4, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (td, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (dd, J = 8.3, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (s, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H).

Step 3: 7-chlorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11(10H)-one **(52)**

[0243] Using Procedure K (Table 1) with compound **51** the title compound **52** was obtained (1.60 g, 86%). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 245.02 (found) 246.0 (MH)+.

Step 4: (E)-7,11-dichlorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine **(53)**

[0244] Using Procedure A (Table 1) with compound **52** the title compound **53** was obtained (1.00 g, 93%) as a white solid.

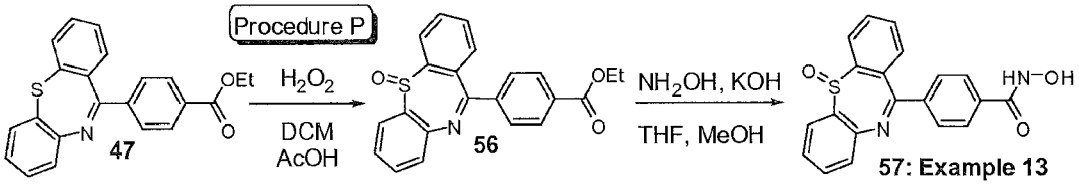
Step 5: (Z)-ethyl 4-(7-chlorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzoate **(54)**

[0245] Using Procedure B (Table 1) with compound **53** the title compound **54** was obtained (0.50 g, 39%). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 377.08 (found) 377.7 (MH)+.

Step 6: (Z)-4-(7-chlorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(55)**

[0246] Using Procedure C (Table 1) with compound **54** the title compound **55** was obtained (0.21 g, 82%). ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.37 (s, 1H), 9.16 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.82 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.70-7.64 (m, 1H), 7.52-7.41 (m, 3H), 7.38-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.17 (m, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 364.06 (found) 365.1 (MH)+.

Scheme 13



Example 13

Compound (57)

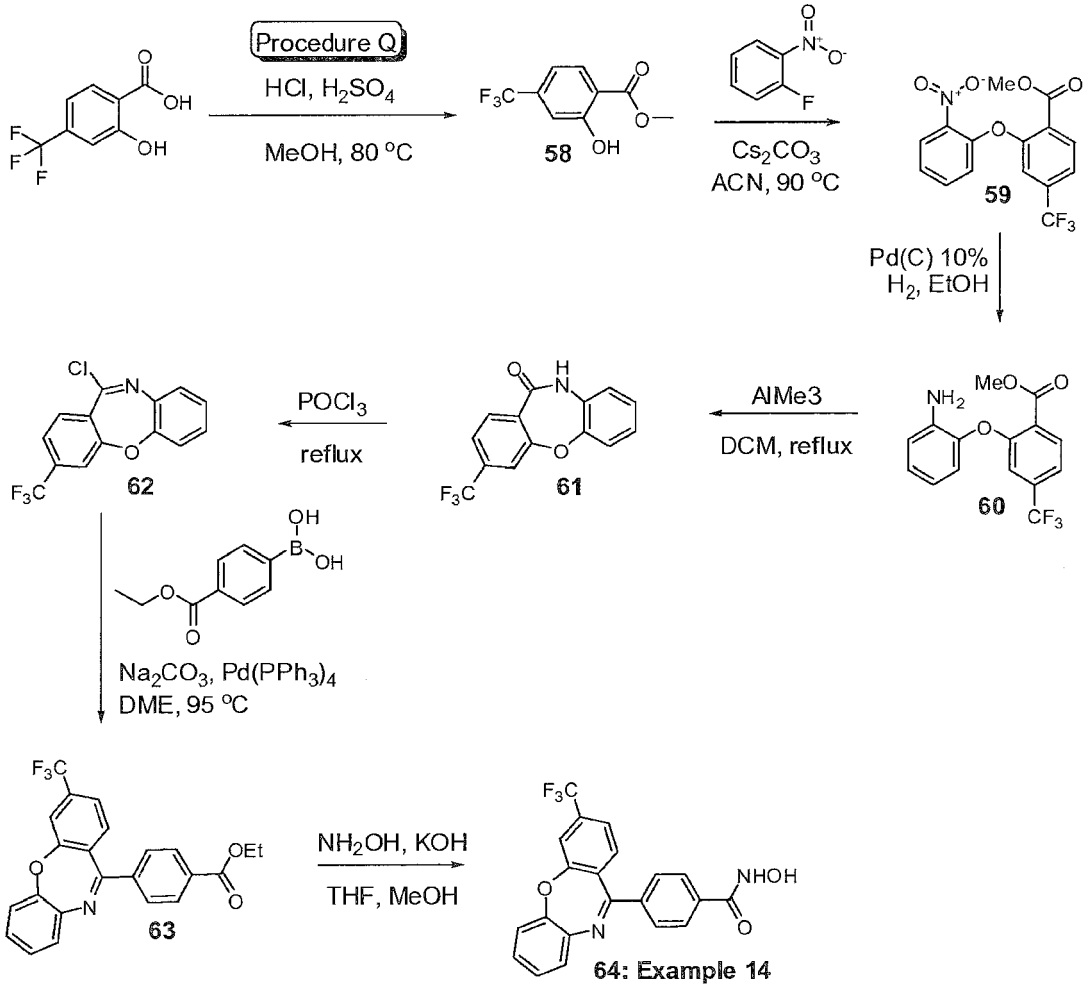
Step 1: Compound **(56)**

[0247] To a stirring solution of title compound **47** (0.359 g, 1.0 mmol) in DCM (5.0 mL) was added AcOH (5.0 mL) and oxygen peroxide (2.5 mL, excess) and the reaction mixture was stirred 20 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and diluted with ethyl acetate. This organic phase was washed with a saturated solution of bicarbonate (2 times) and brine (1 time), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography with 20-30% ethyl acetate in hexanes to afford title compound **56** (345 mg, 92%) as yellow solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 375.09 (found) 376.4 (MH)+.

Step 2: **(57)**

[0248] Using Procedure C (Table 1) with compound **56** the title compound **57** was obtained (27 mg, 16%) as yellow solid. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.42 (s, 1H), 9.20 (s, 1H), 7.91-7.80 (m, 6H), 7.64-7.47 (m, 4H), 7.41 (d, J=7.6Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, J = 8.0Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 362.07 (found) 363.3 (MH)+.

Scheme 14



Example 14

(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide **(64)** Step 1: methyl 2-hydroxy-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoate **(58)**

[0249] 2-Hydroxy-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid (5.0 g, 24.26 mmol), hydrochloric acid (0.2 mL, 2.40 mmol), sulfuric acid (1.5 mL, 28.1 mmol) and methanol (40 mL) were mixed together and the reaction mixture was stirred at 80°C over night. The mixture was concentrated and reloaded, stirred at 100°C overnight. More H_2SO_4 was added (heated to 100°C overnight). The mixture was concentrated and ether was added. The organic layer was washed with water twice, saturated solution of bicarbonate then brine, dried over Na_2SO_4, filtered and concentrated. The residue was dissolved in 20 ml Et_2O and filtered (to remove starting material) and the filtrate was evaporated to afford title compound **58** (3.9 g, 73%) as a clear oil.

Step 2: methyl 2-(2-nitrophenoxy)-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoate **(59)**

[0250] Using Procedure I (Table 1) with compound **58** the title compound **59** was obtained (4.8 g, 87%) as white solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 341.05 (found) 342.3 (MH)+.

Step 3: methyl 2-(2-aminophenoxy)-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoate **(60)**

[0251] Using Procedure J (Table 1) with compound **59** the title compound **60** was obtained (3.9 g, 89%) as brown oil. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 311.08 (found) 312.3 (MH)+.

Step 4: 3-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11(10H)-one **(61)**

[0252] Using Procedure K (Table 1) with compound **60** the title compound **61** was obtained (2.7 g, 77%) as white solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 279.05 (found) 280.2 (MH)+.

Step 5: (E)-11-chloro-3-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine **(62)**

[0253] Using Procedure A (Table 1) with compound **61** the title compound **62** was obtained (1.1 g, 72%) as yellow solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 297.02 (found) 298.2 (MH)+.

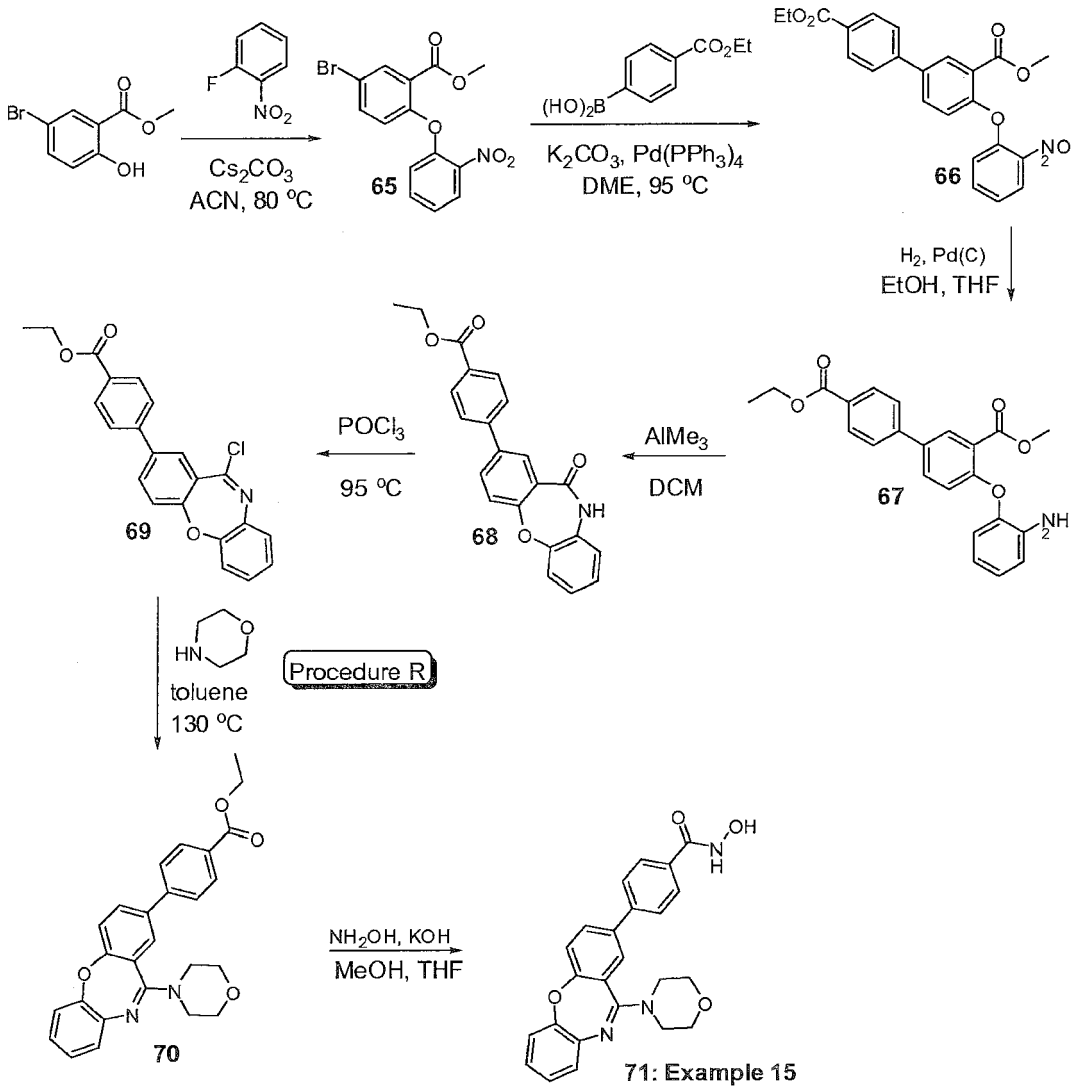
Step 6: (Z)-ethyl 4-(3-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzoate **(63)**

[0254] Using Procedure B (Table 1) with compound **62** the title compound **63** was obtained (1.0 g, 66%). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 411.11 (found) 412.4 (MH)+.

Step 7: (Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide **(64)**

[0255] Using Procedure C (Table 1) with compound **63** the title compound **64** was obtained (0.38 g, 75%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.39 (s, 1H), 9.17 (s, 1H), 7.94-7.82 (m, 5H), 7.66 (d, J = 7.8 HZ, 1H), 7.48-7.39 (m, 3H), 7.36-7.28 (m, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 398.09 (found) 399.4 (MH)+.

Scheme 15



Example 15

(E)-N-hydroxy-4-(11-morpholinodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-2-yl)benzamide **(71)**

Step 1: methyl 5-bromo-2-(2-nitrophenoxy)benzoate **(65)**

[0256] Using Procedure I (Table 1) with methyl 5-bromo-2-hydroxybenzoate and 1-fluoro-2-nitrobenzene the title compound **65** was obtained (3.12 g, 67%) as a yellow oil. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 350.97 (found) 354.2 (MH)+.

Step 2: 4'-ethyl 3-methyl 4-(2-nitrophenoxy)biphenyl-3,4'-dicarboxylate **(66)**

[0257] Using Procedure B (Table 1) with compound **65** the title compound **66** was obtained (2.16 g, 58%) as a beige solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 421.12 (found) 422.4 (MH)+.

Step 3: 4'-ethyl 3-methyl 4-(2-aminophenoxy)biphenyl-3,4'-dicarboxylate **(67)**

[0258] Using Procedure J (Table 1) with compound **66** the title compound **67** was obtained (1.98 g, 100%) as a yellow oil. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 391.14 (found) 392.5 (MH)+.

Step 4: ethyl 4-(11-oxo-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-2-yl)benzoate **(68)**

[0259] Using Procedure K (Table 1) with compound **67** the title compound **68** was obtained (0.58 g, 26%) as a beige solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 359.12 (found) 360.4 (MH)+.

Step 5: (E)-ethyl 4-(11-chlorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-2-yl)benzoate **(69)**

[0260] Using Procedure A (Table 1) with compound **68** the title compound **69** was obtained and used crude for next step.

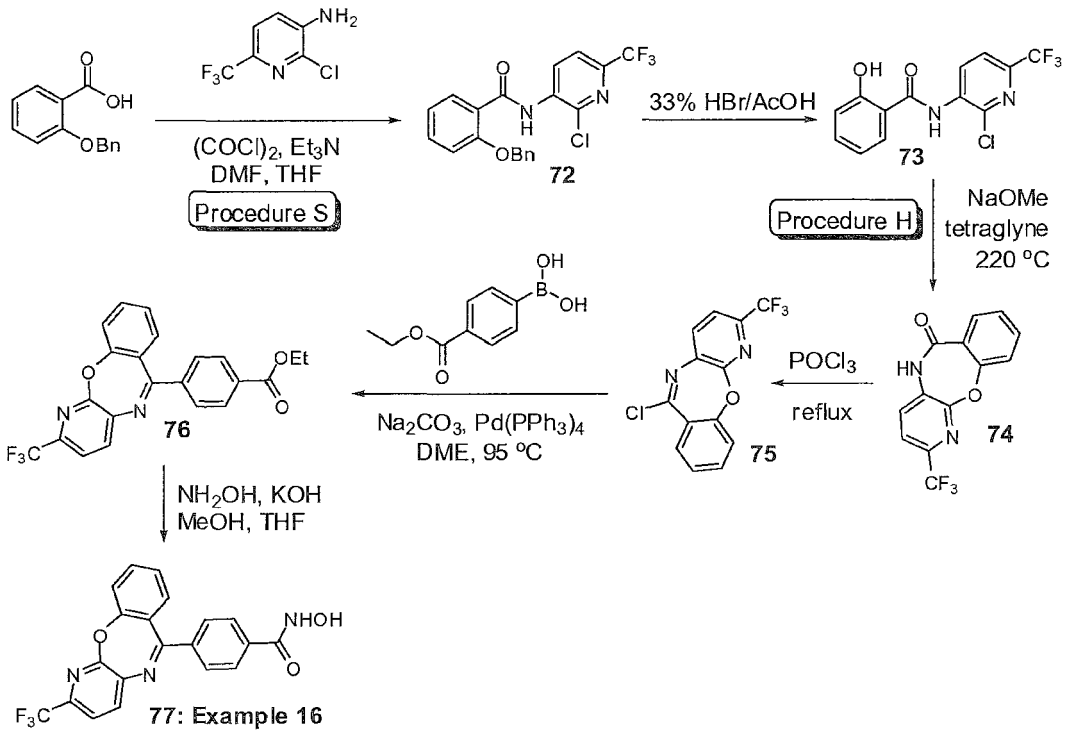
Step 6: (E)-ethyl 4-(11-morpholinodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-2-yl)benzoate **(70)**

[0261] To a stirring solution of title compound **69** (285 mg, 0.754 mmol) in toluene (5.0 mL) was added morpholine (1.00 g, 11.48 mmol) and the reaction mixture was stirred at 130°C for 4 h. It was cooled to room temperature and diluted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo.* The crude was purified by flash chromatography with 10%-30% ethyl acetate in hexanes to afford title compound **70** (223 mg, 69%) as a white solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 428.17 (found) 429.5 (MH)+. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.09 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.84 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.71-7.69 (m, 3H), 7.40 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.17-7.01 (m, 4H), 4.38 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.90-3.75 (m, 4H), 3.60-3.48 (m, 4H), 1.40 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

Step 7: (E)-N-hydroxy-4-(11-morpholinodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-2-yl)benzamide **(71)**

[0262] Using Procedure C (Table 1) with compound **70** the title compound **71** was obtained (74 mg, 35%) as a white solid. 1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) (ppm): 11.28 (s, 1H), 9.08 (s, 1H), 7.90 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.0Hz, 1H), 7.83 (d, J = 8.6Hz, 2H), 7.73 (d, J = 8.6Hz, 2H), 7.68 (d, J = 2.4Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.2Hz, 1H), 7.12-7.06 (m, 2H), 7.03-6.99 (m, 1H), 3.08-3.07 (m, 4H), 3.55-3.54 (m, 4H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 415.15 (found) 416.6 (MH)+.

Scheme 16



Example 16

(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)benzo[f]pyrido[2,3-b][1,4]oxazepin-6-yl)benzamide **(77)**

Step 1: 2-(benzyloxy)-N-(2-chloro-6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl)benzamide **(72)**

[0263] To a stirring solution of 2-(benzyloxy)benzoic acid (2.55 g, 11.19 mmol) and oxalyl chloride (2.84 g, 22.39 mmol) in THF (20 mL) was added a few drops of DMF (0.012 mL, 0.153 mmol) at 0°C. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and further stirred 30 minutes, diluted with toluene and then solvent evaporated. The residue was taken up in THF (20 mL) and to this solution was added 2-chloro-6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-amine (2.0 g, 10.18 mmol) at 0oC followed by the addition of triethylamine (4.68 mL, 33.6 mmol). The reaction mixture was allowed to stir 3 days at room temperature then quenched with saturated bicarbonate solution, extracted with EtOAc and solvent evaporated to afford title compound 72 (3.0 g, 73% yield) after purification by flash chromatography (0 to 100% ethyl acetate in hexane). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 406.07 (found) 407.4 (MH)+.

Step 2: N-(2-chloro-6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl)-2-hydroxybenzamide (73)

[0264] Using Procedure L (Table 1) with compound 72 the title compound 73 was obtained (1.54 g, 82%) as a white solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 316.02 (found) 317.2 (MH)+.

Step 3: 2-(trifluoromethyl)benzo[f]pyrido[2,3-b][1,4]oxazepin-6(5H)-one **(74)**

[0265] To a stirring solution of title compound **73** (0.76 g, 2.4 mmol) in tetraglyne (10 mL) was added sodium methoxide (0.220 g, 4.08 mmol) and the reaction mixture was stirred at 220°C for 3h. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature diluted with water (25 mL), stirred for 20 min then filtered to give a light brown solid which was purified by flash chromatography (0% to 60% ethyl acetate in hexanes) to afford title compound **74** (0.37g, 55%). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 280.05 (found) 281.3 (MH)+.

Step 4: (E)-6-chloro-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzo[f]pyrido[2,3-b][1,4]oxazepine **(75)**

[0266] Using Procedure A (Table 1) with compound **74** the title compound **75** (0.32 g, 50%) was obtained as a yellowish solid.

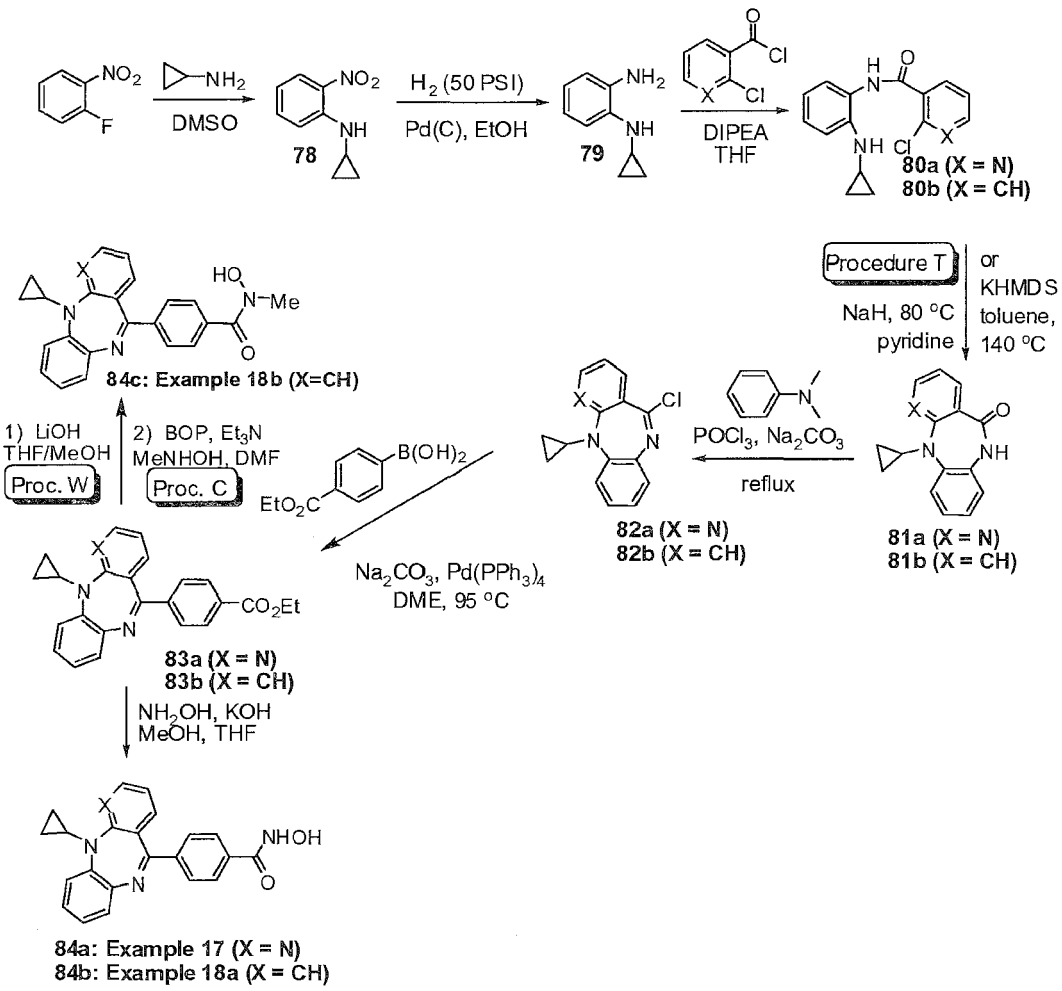
Step 5: (Z)-ethyl 4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)benzo[f]pyrido[2,3-b][1,4]oxazepin-6-yl)benzoate **(76)**

[0267] Using Procedure B (Table 1) with compound **75** the title compound **76** (220 mg, 25%) was obtained as a yellow solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 412.10 (found) 413.4 (MH)+.

Step 6: (Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)benzo[f]pyrido[2,3-b][1,4]oxazepin-6-yl)benzamide **(77)**

[0268] Using Procedure C (Table 1) with compound **76** the title compound **77** (31 mg, 13%) was obtained as a yellow solid. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.43 (s, 1H), 9.20 (s, 1H), 8.18 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.97-7.86 (m, 5H), 7.78-7.72 (m, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 399.08 (found) 400.4 (MH)+.

Scheme 17



Example 17

(Z)-4-(11-cyclopropyl-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(84a)**

Example 18b

(Z)-4-(5-cyclopropyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxy-N-methylbenzamide **(84c)**

Step 1: N-cyclopropyl-2-nitroaniline **(78)**

[0269] Using Procedure I (Table 1) with 1-fluoro-2-nitrobenzene the title compound 78 (18 g, 100%) was obtained as

an orange oil.

Step 2: N1-cyclopropylbenzene-1,2-diamine (79)

[0270] Using Procedure N (Table 1) with compound 78 the title compound 79 (1.9 g, 76%) was obtained as a dark brown oil.

Step 3: 2-chloro-N-(2-(cyclopropylamino)phenyl)nicotinamide (80a)

[0271] Using Procedure G (Table 1) with compound 79 the title compound 80a (1.7 g, 55%) was obtained as a white solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 287.08 (found) 288.1 (MH)+.

Step 4: 11-cyclopropyl-6,11-dihydro-5H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-one (81a)

[0272] To a solution of title compound 80a (1.9 g, 6.6 mmol) in pyridine (60 mL) was added washed sodium hydride (0.8g, 19.8 mmol, 60% in oil). Bubbling occurred and the clear solution turn yellow. The mixture was heated to 80°C for 1 h and overnight at room temperature. It was then heated to 120°C for 1 h (the mixture turned black). The mixture was cooled down to room temperature and 1N HCl (20 mL) was added slowly. This mixture was extracted with DCM (2 X). The combined organic extracts were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated. The crude was purified by flash chromatography (SiO2, 0% to 50% ethyl acetate in hexanes over 20 min then 50% for 10 min) to afford the title compound **81a** (1.12 g, 68%) as a beige solid.

Step 5: (E)-5-chloro-11-cyclopropyl-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepine **(82a)**

[0273] Using Procedure A (Table 1) with compound **81a** the title compound **82a** (0.25 g, 93%) was obtained. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 269.07 (found) 270.2 (MH)+.

Step 6: (Z)-ethyl 4-(11-cyclopropyl-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)benzoate **(83a)**

[0274] Using Procedure B (Table 1) with compound **82a** the title compound **83a** (164 mg, 62%) was obtained as a yellow solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 383.16 (found) 384.4 (MH)+.

Step 7: (Z)-4-(11-cyclopropyl-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(84a)**

[0275] Using Procedure C (Table 1) with compound **83a** the title compound **84a** (31 mg, 13%) was obtained as a yellow solid. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.33 (s, 1H), 9.16 (s, 1H), 8.50-8.46 (m, 1H), 7.83 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.68 (d, J =8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.45-7.41 (m, 1H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.20-7.11 (m, 2H), 3.05-3.48 (m, 1H), 0.95-0.80 (m, 2H), 0.51-0.45 (m, 1H), 0.31-0.23 (m, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 370.14 (found) 371.2 (MH)+.

Step 8: (Z)-4-(5-cyclopropyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxy-N-methylbenzamide **(84c)**

[0276] To a solution of title compound **83b** (0.5 g, 1.307 mmol) in THF (5 mL) and MeOH (5 mL) was added an aqueous solution of lithium hydroxide (2.5 mL, 5 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 2 h at room temperature then diluted with DCM and 1N HCl and extracted with DCM. The combined organic layers were dried over Na_2SO_4, filtered and solvent evaporated to afford the acid intermediate. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 354.14 (found) 355.4 (MH)+.

[0277] To a solution of the acid intermediate (0.3 g, 0.846 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) was added BOP (0.412 g, 0.931 mmol) and triethylamine (0.354 mL, 2.54 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 15 min then *N*-methylhydroxylamine hydrochloride (0.106 g, 1.270 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred for 1 h, poured into water and the resulting solid was filtered then purified by Phenomenex column (50 to 100% MeOH in H_2O) to afford title compound **84c** (92 mg, 28%). ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.10 (s, 1H), 7.66 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (t, J= 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J= 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, J= 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.23 to 7.15 (m, 2H), 7.14 to 7.06 (m, 2H), 6.94 (d, J= 7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.44 to 3.35 (m, 1H), 0.9 to 0.6 (m, 2H), 0.50 to 0.40 (m, 1H), 0.35 to 0.27 (m, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 354.14 (found) 355.4 (MH)+.

Example 18a

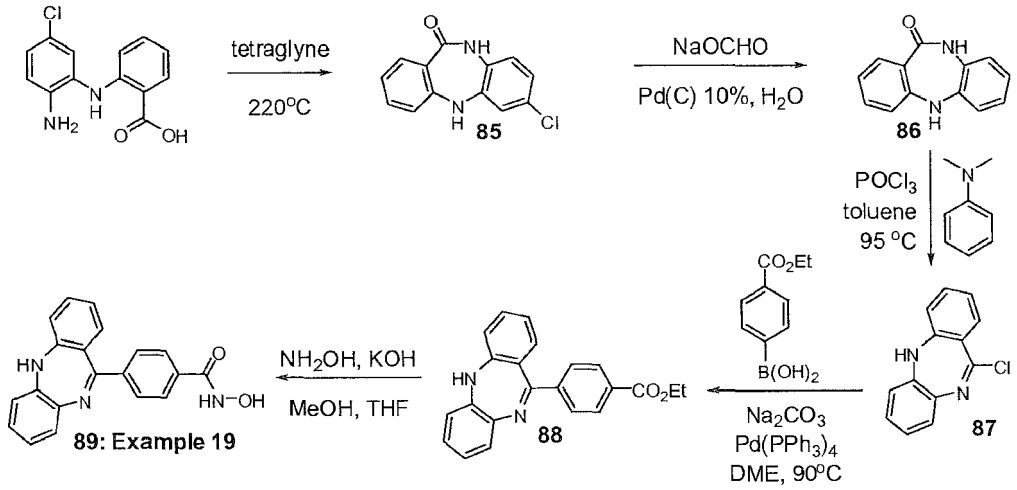
(Z)-4-(5-cyclopropyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(84b)**

[0278] Following the same procedures as for compound **84a** (example 17) except for step 4.

Step 4: 5-cyclopropyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11(10H)-one **(81b)**

[0279] A solution of compound **83b** (0.84 g, 3.11 mmol) and KHMDS (13.67 g, 6.84 mmol, 0.5M in toluene) was heated to 140°C overnight. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and water was added. This mixture was extracted with a mixture of ethyl acetate and THF twice. The organics were washed with brine and dried over Na_2SO_4, filtered and evaporated. The residue was triturated with DCM then purified by flash chromatography (SiO_2, 0% to 50% ethyl acetate in hexanes over 30 min) to afford title compound **81b** (0.45 g, 57%) as a beige solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 369.15 (found) 370.5 (MH)+.

Scheme 18



Example 19

(Z)-4-(5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(89)**

Step 1: 7-chloro-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11(10H)-one **(85)**

[0280] Using Procedure F (Table 1) with 2-(2-amino-5-chlorophenylamino)benzoic acid the title compound **85** (7.45 g, 80%) was obtained as a light brown solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 244.04 (found) 245.2 (MH)+.

Step 2: 5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11(10H)-one **(86)**

[0281] A suspension of title compound **85** (1.75 g, 7.15 mmol) in a solution of sodium formate (2.43 g, 35.8 mmol) in water (32 mL) was stirred at 50°C for 8 hours and then at room temperature. The reaction mixture was filtered and the resulting solid was dissolved in THF (20 mL), diluted with ethyl acetate (200 mL)then filtered through Celite® and concentrated. The crude residue was triturated in 30% ethyl acetate in hexanes to afford title compound **86** (1.17 g, 78%) as a yellow solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 210.08 (found) 211.2 (MH)+. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 9.84 (s, 1H), 7.84 (s, 1H), 7.67 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (ddd, J = 8.1, 7.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.00-6.86 (m, 6H).

Step 3: (E)-11-chloro-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepine **(87)**

[0282] Using Procedure A (Table 1) with **86** the title compound **87** (1.125 g, 90%) was obtained as an orange oil. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 228.05 (found) 229.2 (MH)+.

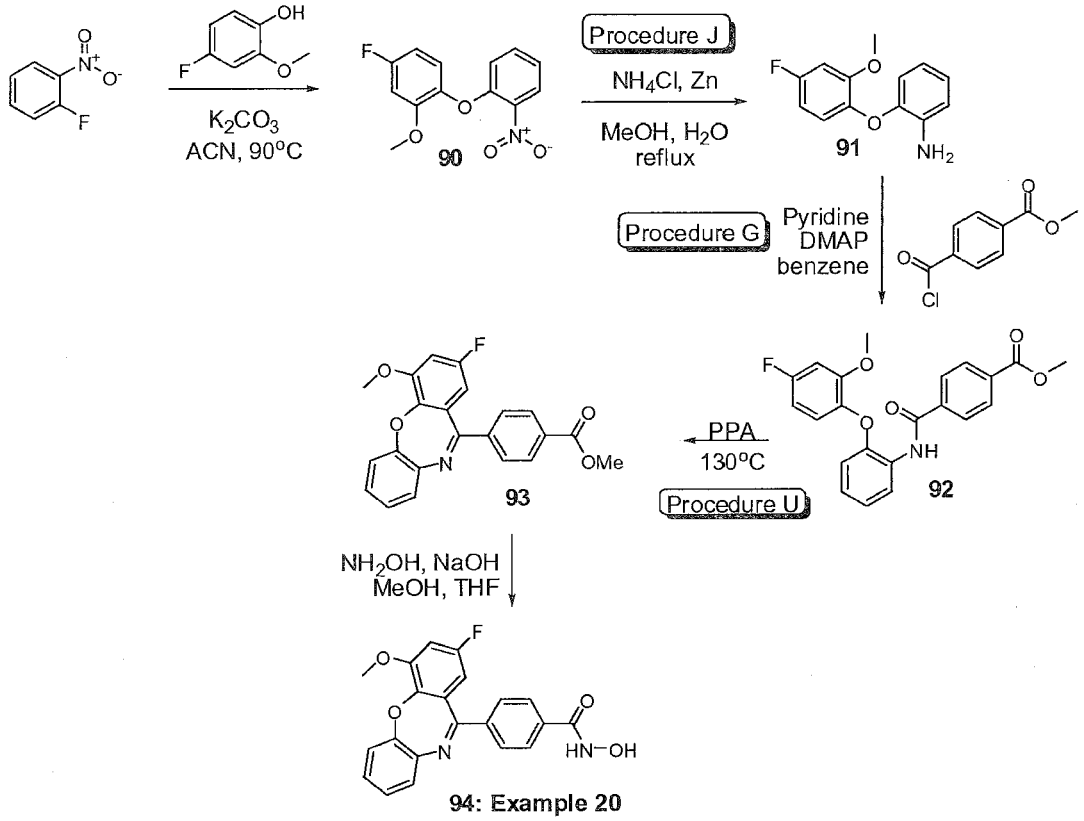
Step 4: (Z)-ethyl 4-(5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)benzoate **(88)**

[0283] Using Procedure B (Table 1) with **87** the title compound **88** (0.954 g, 57%) was obtained as an orange solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 342.14 (found) 343.5 (MH)+.

Step 5: (Z)-4-(5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(89)**

[0284] Using Procedure C (Table 1) with **88** the title compound **89** (14 m g, 3%) was obtained as an orange solid. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.33 (s, 1H), 9.13 (s,1H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.65 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.39-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.16 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.09-6.91 (m, 5H), 7.85 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.2Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 329.12 (found) 330.4 (MH)+.

Scheme 19



Example 20

(Z)-4-(2-fluoro-4-methoxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(94)**

Step 1: 4-fluoro-2-methoxy-1-(2-nitrophenoxy)benzene **(90)**

[0285] Using Procedure I (Table 1) with 1-fluoro-2-nitrobenzene and 4-fluoro-2-methoxyphenol the title compound **90** (9.32 g, 100%) was obtained as yellow oil. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 263.06 (found) 264.3 (MH)+.

Step 2: 2-(4-fluoro-2-methoxyphenoxy)aniline **(91)**

[0286] To a solution of title compound **90** (9.32 g, 35.4 mmol) in MeOH (30 mL) and water (5 mL) was added ammonium chloride (3.79 g, 70.8 mmol) and zinc chloride (20.83 g, 319 mmol) and the reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 2 hours. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and filtered and the solvent removed. The residue was diluted with ethyl acetate and water and the organic phase was washed well with water, dried over Na_2SO_4, filtered and concentrated to afford title compound **91** (8.3 g, 100%). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 233.09 (found) 234.1 (MH)+.

Step 3: methyl 4-(2-(4-fluoro-2-methoxyphenoxy)phenylcarbamoyl)benzoate **(92)**

[0287] To a slurry of title compound 91 (4 g, 17.15 mmol) and methyl 4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzoate (3.58 g, 18.01 mmol) in benzene (60 mL) at 0°C was added pyridine (4.85 mL, 60.0 mmol) drop wise followed by a single crystal of DMAP. The temperature was raised to room temperature and the reaction mixture was left to stir for 1h. The reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate was diluted with 5% aq HCl and ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with 5% aq HCl, water and brine then left in the fridge over the weekend. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with water and hexanes to afford title compound **92** (6.38 g, 94%) as an off-white solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 395.12 (found) 396.4 (MH)+.

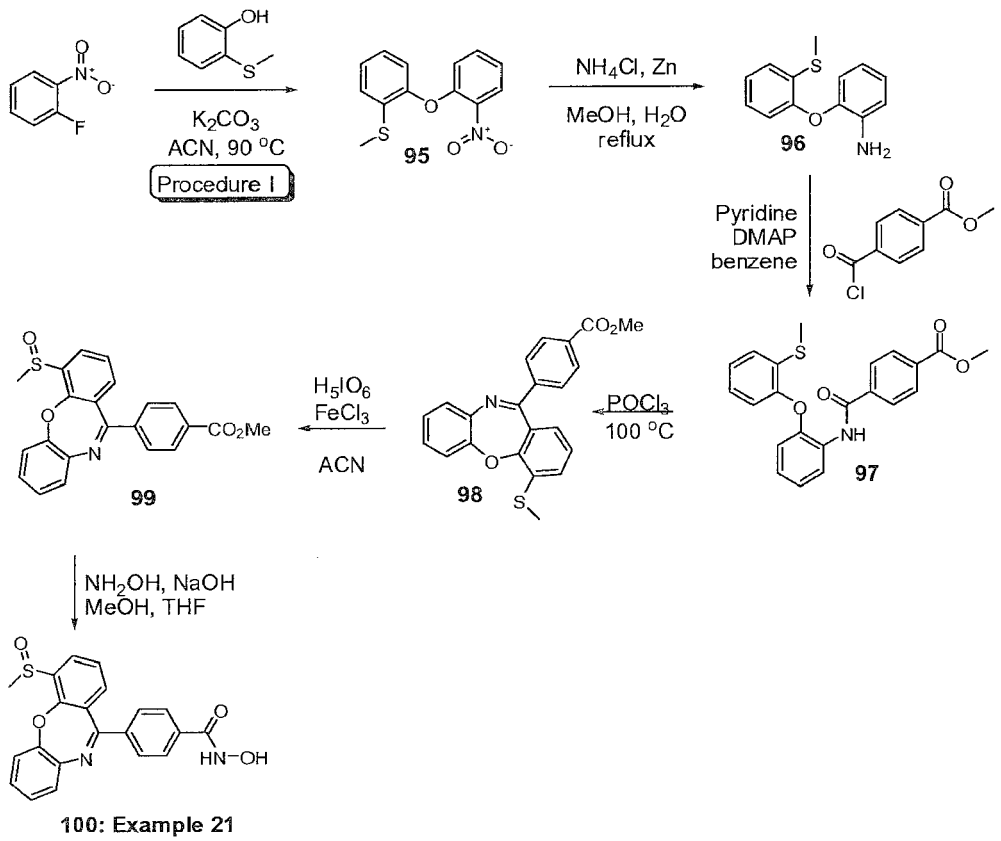
Step 4: (Z)-methyl 4-(2-fluoro-4-methoxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzoate **(93)**

[0288] A stirring mixture of title compound **92** (2 g, 5.06 mmol) in polyphosphoric acid (4.76 ml, 41.7 mmol) was heated at 130°C for 3h. The reaction mixture was cooled, diluted with dichloromethane and water and stirred overnight. The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with dichloromethane. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over $MgSO_4$, filtered and solvent evaporated. The crude residue was purified via ISCO (0-25% Hex/EtOAc; 40g silica gel column) to afford title compound **93** (125 mg, 6.5%) as a light yellow solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 377.11 (found) 378.4 (MH)+.

Step 5: (Z)-4-(2-fluoro-4-methoxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(94)**

[0289] Using Procedure C (Table 1) with compound **93** the title compound **94** (102 mg, 81%) was obtained as yellow solid. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.88 (s, 4H), 7.41 (m, 1H), 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.11 (dd, J = 2.8 Hz, 10.4 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (dd, J = 2.8 Hz, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (s, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 378.10 (found) 377.3 (MH)-.

Scheme 20



Example 21

(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(methylsulfinyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide (100)

Step 1: methyl(2-(2-nitrophenoxy)phenyl)sulfane **(95)**

[0290] Using Procedure I (Table 1) with 1-fluoro-2-nitrobenzene and 2-(methylthio)phenol the title compound **95** (9.25 g, 100%) was obtained as yellow oil.

Step 2: 2-(2-(methylthio)phenoxy)aniline **(96)**

[0291] Using Procedure J (Table 1) with compound **95** the title compound **96** (5.82 g, 71%) was obtained as yellow oil. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 231.07 (found) 232.2 (MH)+.

Step 3: methyl 4-(2-(2-(methylthio)phenoxy)phenylcarbamoyl)benzoate **(97)**

[0292] Using Procedure G (Table 1) with compound **96** the title compound **97** (6.77 g, 100%) was obtained as white solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 393.10 (found) 394.5 (MH)+.

Step 4: (Z)-methyl 4-(4-(methylthio)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzoate **(98)**

[0293] Using Procedure U (Table 1) with compound **97** the title compound **98** (341 mg, 36%) was obtained as yellow solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 375.09 (found) 376.4 (MH)+.

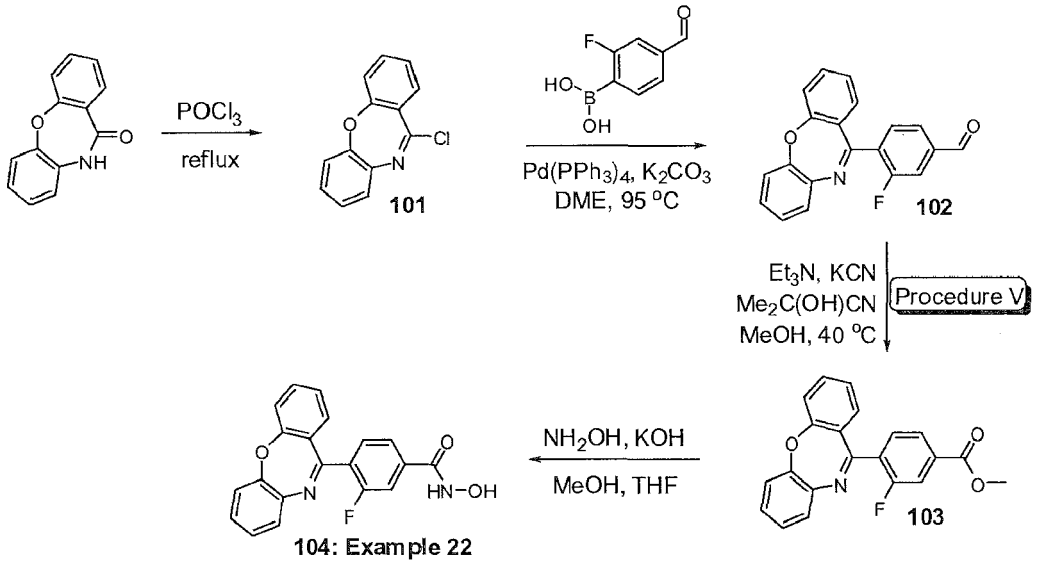
Step 5: (Z)-methyl 4-(4-(methylsulfinyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzoate **(99)**

[0294] To a stirring suspension of compound **98** (100 mg, 0.266 mmol) and iron (III) chloride (1.296 mg, 7.99 μmol) in acetonitrile (2 mL) after 5 minutes was added periodic acid (66.8 mg, 0.293 mmol) in one portion. The reaction mixture was left to stir at room temperature overnight then quenched with saturated sodium thiosulfate solution and diluted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with water, brine, dried over $MgSO_4$, filtered and solvent evaporated. Purification via ISCO (0-40% EtOAc/Hexanes; 40g silica gel column) afforded title compound 99 (60 mg, 57%) as a yellow solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 391.09 (found) 392.4 (MH)+.

Step 6: (Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(methylsulfinyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide **(100)**

[0295] Using Procedure C (Table 1) with compound **99** the title compound **100** (53 mg, 88%) was obtained as yellow solid. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.00 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (s, 4H), 7.52 (t, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (m, 1H), 7.37 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (m, 3H), 3.06 (s, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 392.08 (found) 391.4 (MH)-.

Scheme 21



Example 22

(E)-4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-3-fluoro-N-hydroxybenzamide **(104)**

Step 1: (E)-11-chlorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine **(101)**

[0296] Using Procedure A (Table 1) with dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11(10H)-one the title compound **101** (2.20g, 100%) was obtained.

Step 2: (E)-4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-3-fluorobenzaldehyde **(102)**

[0297] Using Procedure B (Table 1) with compound **101** the title compound **102** (1.21 g, 87%) was obtained as a yellow foam. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 317.09 (found) 318.4 (MH)+.

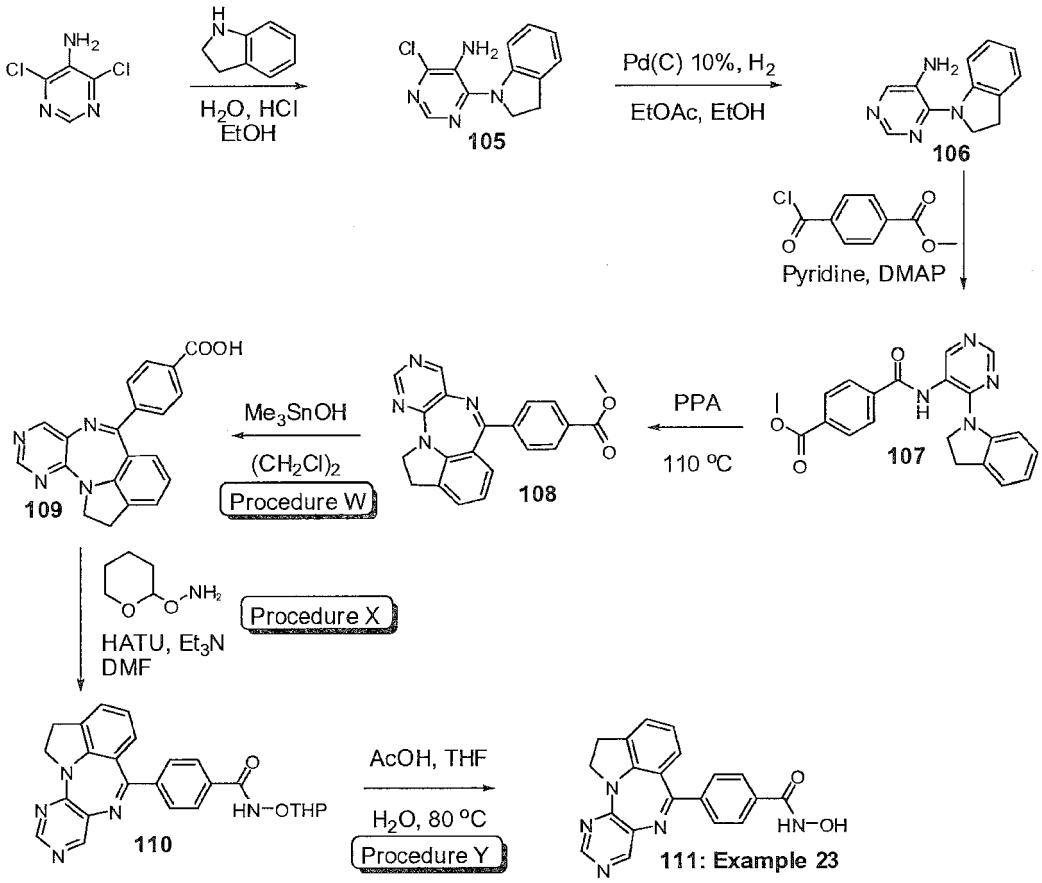
Step 3: (E)-methyl 4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-3-fluorobenzoate **(103)**

[0298] A mixture of compound **102** (0.59 g, 1.90 mmol), triethylamine (1.6 mL, 11.48 mmol), potassium cyanide (0.061 g, 0.93) and 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropanenitrile (1 mL, 10.93) in methanol (15 mL) was stirred at 40 °C for 24 h then solvent evaporated. The resulting crude residue was purified on ISCO (0-100% EtOAc in Hexanes) to afford title compound **103** (0.364 g, 56%) as a yellow solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 347.10 (found) 348.4 (MH)+.

Step 4: (E)-4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-3-fluoro-N-hydroxybenzamide **(104)**

[0299] Using Procedure C (Table 1) with compound **103** the title compound **104** (0.357 g, 55%) was obtained as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.47 (s, 1H), 9.28 (s, 1H), 7.93 (t, J = 7.6Hz, 1H), 7.79 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.6, 1H), 7.66-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.35-7.22 (m, 4H), 7.08 (d, J = 7.6Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 348.09 (found) 349.3 (MH)+.

Scheme 22



Example 23

Compound **(111)**

Step 1: 4-chloro-6-(indolin-1-yl)pyrimidin-5-amine **(105)**

[0300] To a stirring slurry of 5-amino-4,6-dichloropyrimidine (3 g, 18.29 mmol) and indoline (2.057 mL, 18.29 mmol) in ethanol (7 mL) and water (43 mL) was added concentrated aqueous HCl (600 μL) and the mixture was refluxed for 3h and left to stir at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate, washed with water, brine, dried over MgSO4 and solvent evaporated. The resulting residue was triturated in 25% ethyl acetate in hexanes for 1h then filtered to afford title compound 105 (1.55 g, 34%) as a tan solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 246.07 (found) 247.2 (MH)+.

Step 2: 4-(indolin-1-yl)pyrimidin-5-amine (106)

[0301] Using Procedure J (Table 1) with compound 105 the title compound 106 (1.33 g, 100%) was obtained. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 212.11 (found) 213.1 (MH)+.

Step 3: methyl 4-(4-(indolin-1-yl)pyrimidin-5-ylcarbamoyl)benzoate (107)

[0302] Using Procedure G (Table 1) with compound 106 the title compound 107 (1.40 g, 60%) was obtained as a light brown solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 374.14 (found) 375.4 (MH)+. Step 4: Compound (108)

[0303] Using Procedure U (Table 1) with compound **107** the title compound **108** (282 mg, 47%) was obtained as a red solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 356.13 (found) 357.4 (MH)+.

Step 5: Compound **(109)**

[0304] A stirring suspension of compound **108** (282 mg, 0.791 mmol) and trimethyltin hydroxide (858 mg, 4.75 mmol) in dichloroethane (5 mL) was heated at 90°C overnight. The mixture was cooled, diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with 5% aq HCl. The product precipitated out of the aqueous layer therefore it was filtered and dried to afford title compound **109** (155 mg, 57%) as a dark red powder. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 342.11 (found) 343.4 (MH)+.

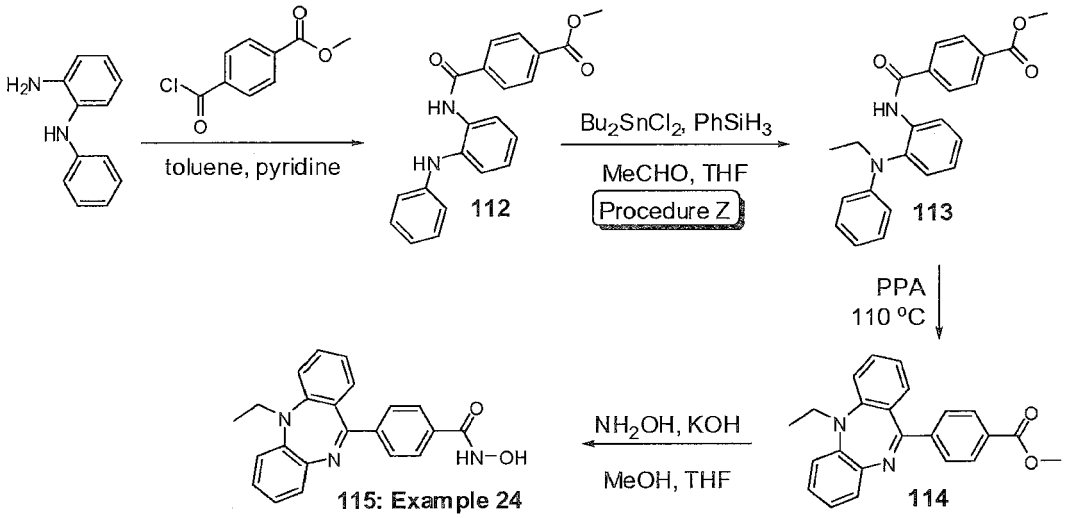
Step 6: Compound **(110)**

[0305] To a stirring solution of compound **109** (155 mg, 0.453 mmol) in dry DMF (15 mL) was added HATU (207 mg, 0.543 mmol) and the suspension was stirred for 10 min at room temperature. O-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)hydroxylamine (106 mg, 0.906 mmol) was added and the resulting clear red solution was stirred for 20 min before triethylamine (0.150 mL, 1.076 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred for 16 h at room temperature, quenched with water and extracted with dichloromethane. The combined organic layers were washed with water, brine, dried over $MgSO_4$, filtered and solvent evaporated. The crude residue was purified via ISCO (50-100% EtOAc/Hexanes) to afford title compound **110** (87 mg, 43%) as a dark red solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 441.18 (found) 442.5 (MH)+.

Step 7: Compound **(111)**

[0306] To a stirring solution of compound **110** (87 mg, 0.197 mmol) in THF (1.0 mL) and water (0.5 mL) was added AcOH (1 mL). The reaction was then heated at 80 °C overnight and then cooled to room temperature. The product precipitated out and was filtered off to afford title compound **111** (16 mg, 23%) as a red powder. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.3 (bs, 1H), 9.12 (bs, 1H), 8.29 (s, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.78 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 2.94 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 357.12 (found) 356.4 (MH)+.

Scheme 23



Example 24

(Z)-4-(5-ethyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(115)**

Step 1: methyl 4-(2-(phenylamino)phenylcarbamoyl)benzoate **(112)**

[0307] Using Procedure G (Table 1) with N1-phenylbenzene-1,2-diamine and methyl 4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzoate the title compound **112** (3.46 g, 92%) was obtained as a red solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 346.13 (found) 347.4 (MH)+.

Step 2: methyl 4-(2-(ethyl(phenyl)amino)phenylcarbamoyl)benzoate **(113)**

[0308] To a stirring solution of compound **112** (1.00 g, 2.89 mmol) in THF was added dibutyltin dichloride (0.175 g,

0.577 mmol) and acetaldehyde (1.182 g, 26.8 mmol) and the reaction mixture was stirred 15 minutes. Phenylsilane (0.375 g, 3.46 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature 60 h then solvent evaporated. The resulting crude product was purified by Isco (80 g column, 10%-50%) to afford title compound **113** (1.145 g, 100%) as a yellowish oil. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 374.16 (found) 375.4 (MH)+.

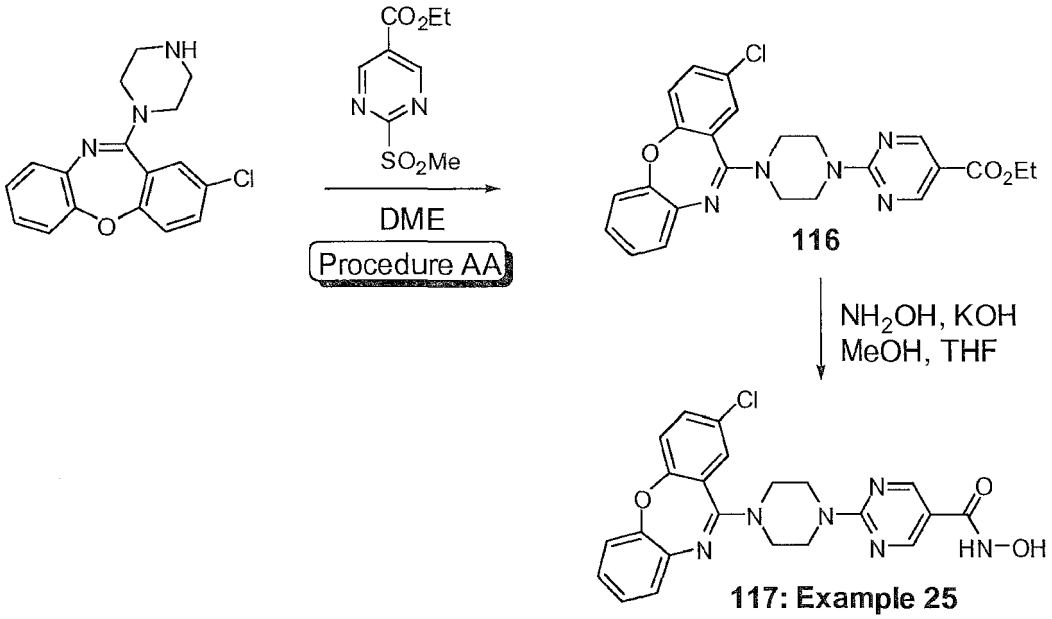
Step 3: (Z)-methyl 4-(5-ethyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)benzoate **(114)**

[0309] Using Procedure U (Table 1) with compound **113** the title compound **114** (353 mg, 54%) was obtained as an orange foam. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 356.15 (found) 357.5 (MH)+.

Step 4: (Z)-4-(5-ethyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(115)**

[0310] Using Procedure C (Table 1) with compound **114** the title compound **115** (248 mg, 72%) was obtained as a yellow solid. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, MeOH-d_4) δ (ppm): 7.83 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.77 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.49 (ddd, J = 8.2, 7.2, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.26 (dd, J = 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.13-7.03 (m, 3H), 7.96 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.2, 1H), 3.83-3.68 (m, 2H), 1.24 (t, J = 6.8Hz, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 357.15 (found) 358.3 (MH)+.

Scheme 24



Example 25

(E)-2-(4-(2-chlorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide **(117)**

Step 1: (E)-ethyl 2-(4-(2-chlorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)piperazin-1-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxylate (116)

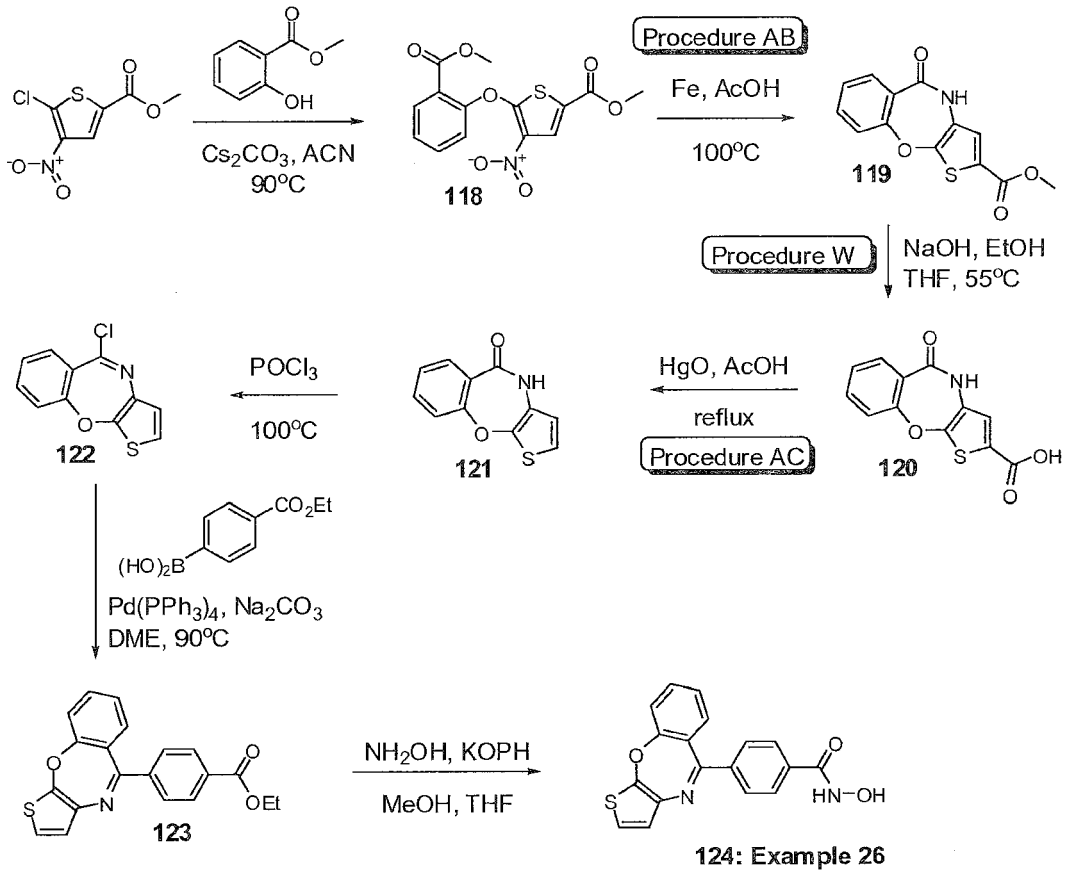
[0311] A solution of (E)-2-chloro-11-(piperazin-1-yl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine (0.25 g, 0.8 mmol) and ethyl 2-(methylsulfonyl)pyrimidine-5-carboxylate (0.13 g, 0.57 mmol) in DME was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The reaction mixture was diluted with water and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic extract was washed with saturated aqueous solution of bicarbonate, water, acetic acid and sodium acetate (pH=4), dried over sodium sulfate and solvent evaporated. The resulting crude residue was purified by flash chromatography (0% to 30% ethyl acetate in hexane) to afford title compound 116 (0.265 g, quant.).

Step 2: (E)-2-(4-(2-chlorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide (117)

[0312] Using Procedure C (Table 1) with compound 116 the title compound 117 (0.2 g, 78%) was obtained as a brown solid. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 8.69 (s, 2H), 7.62 (dd, J=8.6, 2.4Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, J=2.3Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J=8.8Hz, 1H), 7.18 (d, J=7.8Hz, 1H), 7.12-7.04 (m, 2H), 7.03-6.96 (m, 1H), 4.12-3.76 (m, 4H), 3.68-3.44 (m, 4H).

LRMS(ESI): (calc) 450.12 (found) 451.1 (MH)+.

Scheme 25



Example 26

(Z)-4-(benzo[f]thieno[2,3-b][1,4]oxazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(124)**

Step 1: methyl 5-(2-(methoxycarbonyl)phenoxy)-4-nitrothiophene-2-carboxylate **(118)**

[0313] Using Procedure I (Table 1) with methyl 5-chloro-4-nitrothiophene-2-carboxylate and methyl 2-hydroxybenzoate the title compound **118** (1.918 g, 93%) was obtained as an orange oil. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 337.03 (found) 338.0 (MH)+.

Step 2: methyl 5-oxo-4,5-dihydrobenzo[f]thieno[2,3-b][1,4]oxazepine-2-carboxylate **(119)**

[0314] To a stirring solution of compound **118** (1.918 g, 5.69 mmol) in acetic acid was added iron (2.223 g, 39.8 mmol) and the reaction mixture was stirred at 85 °C for 1 h then at 100°C for 1 h. The mixture was cooled to room temperature, poured into 150 mL of ice-cold water and the resulting white precipitate was filtered to afford title compound **119** (1.261 g, 81 %) as a beige solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 275.03 (found) 276.2 (MH)+.

Step 3: 5-oxo-4,5-dihydrobenzo[f]thieno[2,3-b][1,4]oxazepine-2-carboxylic acid **(120)**

[0315] To a stirring solution of compound 119 (0.856 g, 3.11 mmol) in ethanol (16 mL) and THF (8 mL) was added an aqueous solution of sodium hydroxide (5 mL, 31.3 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred at 55°C for 2 h. The reaction mixture was solvent evaporated to one third volume, acidified with 3N HCl to pH 2 and the resulting white precipitate was filtered to afford **120** (0.801 g, 99%) as a beige solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 261.01 (found) 262.1 (MH)+.

Step 4: benzo[f]thieno[2,3-b][1,4]oxazepin-5(4H)-one **(121)**

[0316] To a stirring solution of compound **120** (0.801 g, 3.07 mmol) in acetic acid (30 mL) was added mercuric oxide (red) (0.664 g, 3.07 mmol) and the reaction mixture was stirred at reflux for 8 hours. The mixture was then cooled to room temperature and poured into ice-cold water (75 mL). The resulting solid was filtered and triturated in ethanol to afford title compound **121** (0.527 g, 79%) as a beige solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 217.02 (found) 217.9 (MH)+. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.45 (s, 1H), 7.80 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 1H)..

Step 5: (E)-5-chlorobenzo[f]thieno[2,3-b][1,4]oxazepine **(122)**

[0317] Using Procedure A (Table 1) with compound **121** the title compound **122** was obtained as a brown oil and used crude for next step.

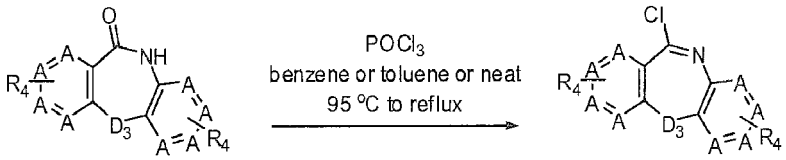
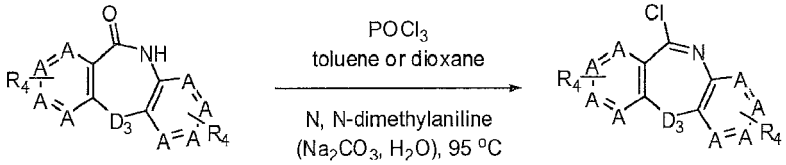
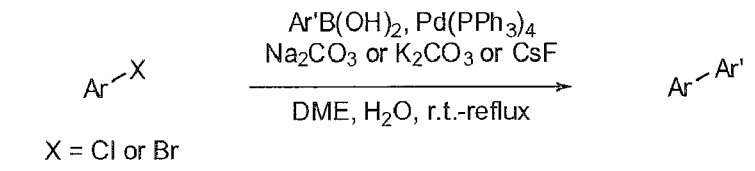
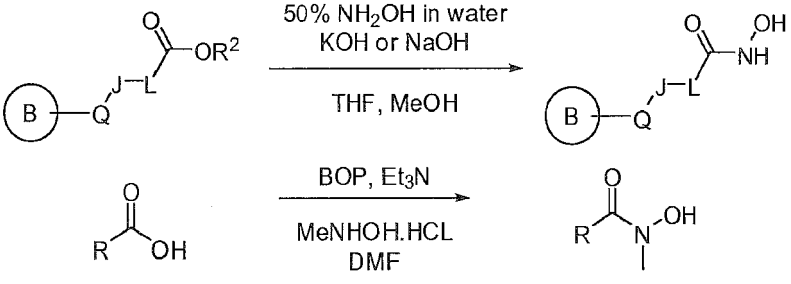
Step 6: (Z)-ethyl 4-(benzo[f]thieno[2,3-b][1,4]oxazepin-5-yl)benzoate **(123)**

[0318] Using Procedure B (Table 1) with compound **122** the title compound **123** (0.461 g, 55%) was obtained as a yellow foam. LRMS(ESI): (calc) 349.08 (found) 350.2 (MH)+. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 8.06 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.83 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.70-7.66 (m, 1H), 7.35 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (dd, J = 7.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (dd, J = 6.1, 0.4 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.34 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

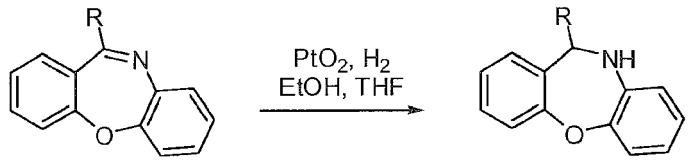
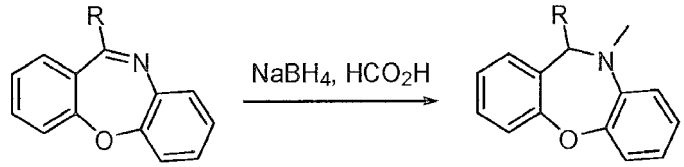
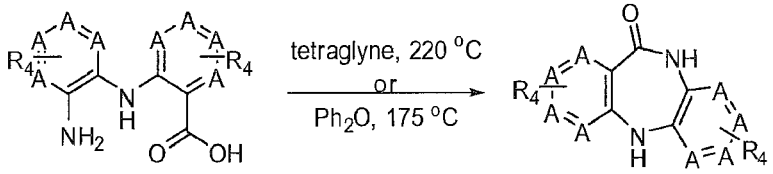
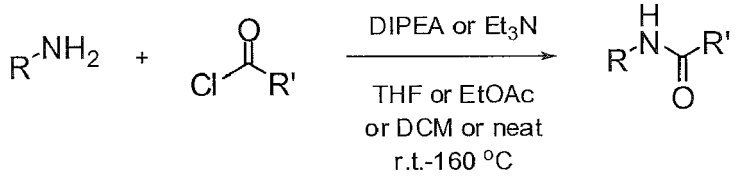
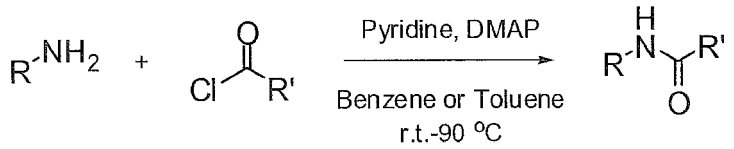
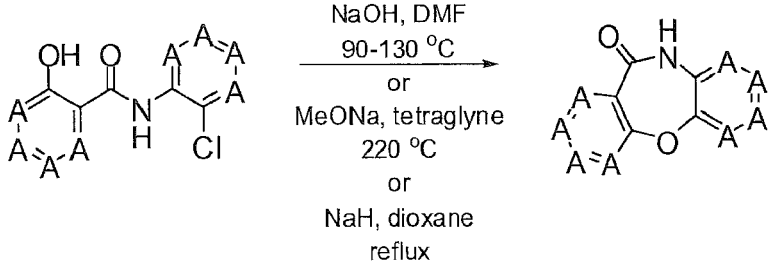
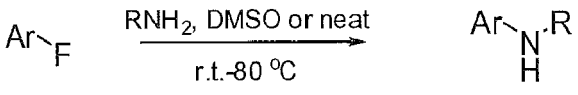
Step 7: (Z)-4-(benzo[f]thieno[2,3-b][1,4]oxazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(124)**

[0319] Using Procedure C (Table 1) with compound 123 the title compound 124 (0.366 g, 83%) was obtained as a yellow solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.36 (s, 1H), 9.16 (s, 1H), 7.86 (d, J= 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.76 (d, J= 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.70-7.65 (m, 1H), 7.35-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.16-7.12 (m, 2H), 6.96 (d, J = 6.1Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 336.06 (found) 337.28 (MH)+.

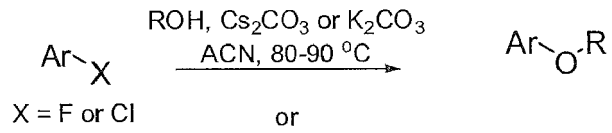
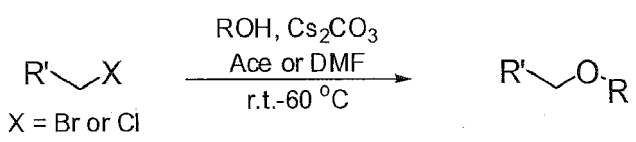
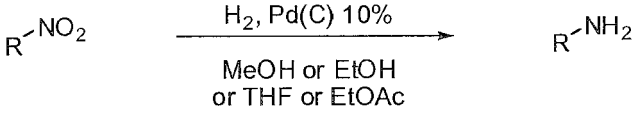
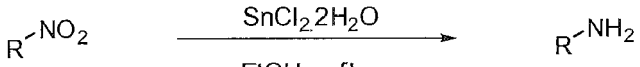
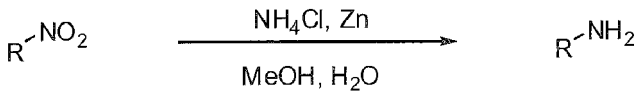
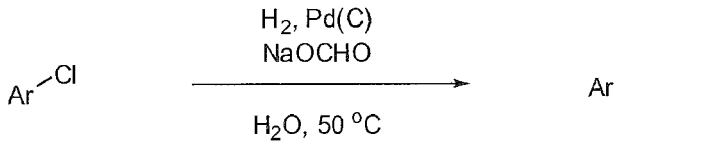
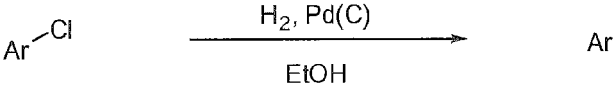
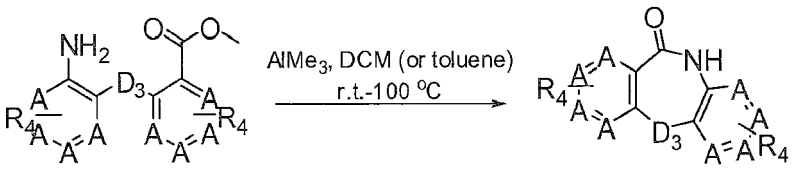
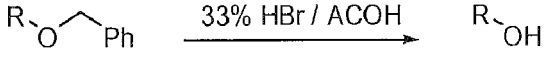
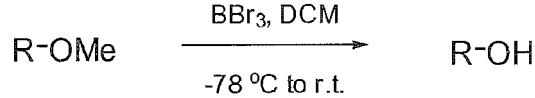
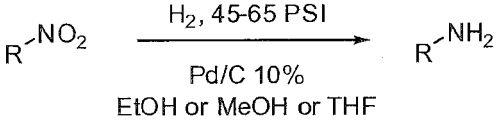
Table 1

Proc	Sc	Ex	Step	Reaction Conditions
A	1	1	1	
A	4	4	2	
B	1	1	2	
C	1	1	3	

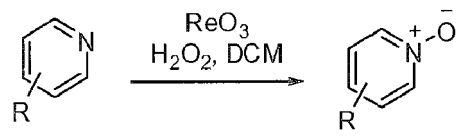
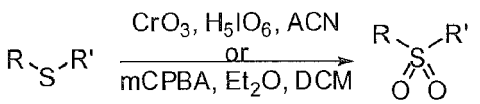
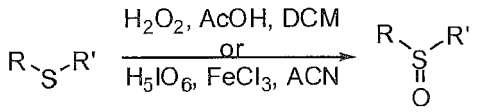
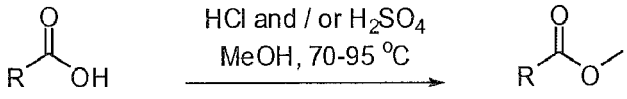
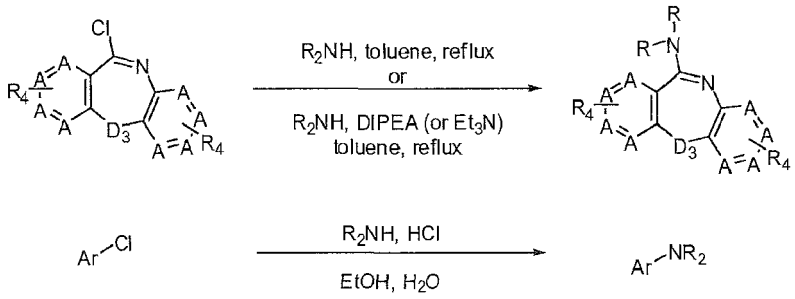
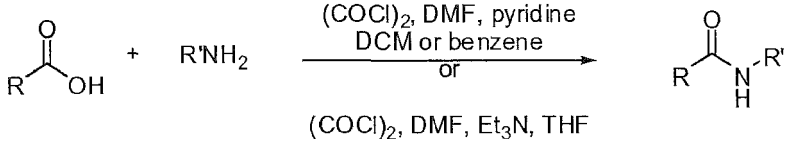
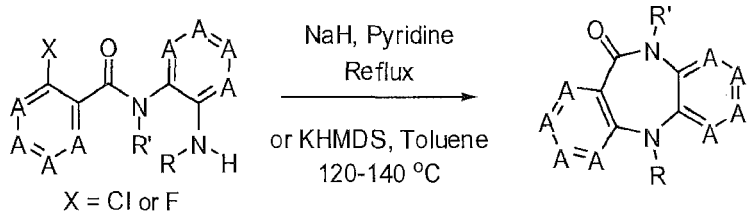
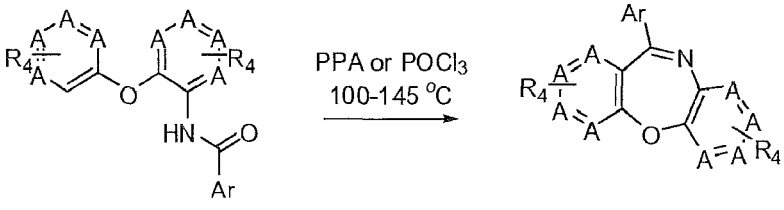
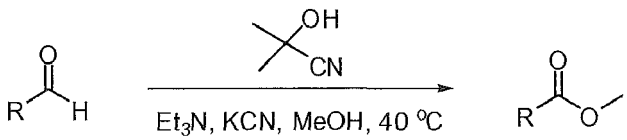
(continued)

Proc	Sc	Ex	Step	Reaction Conditions
D	2	2	2	
E	3	3	1	
F	4	4	1	
G	5	5	1	
G	19	20	3	
G	7	7	1	
H	5	5	2	
I	17	17	1	

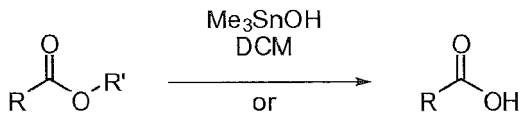
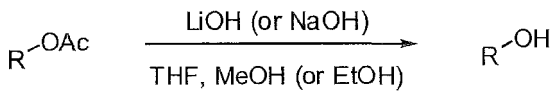
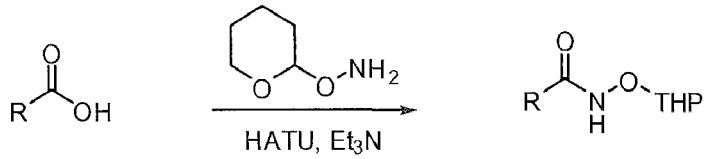
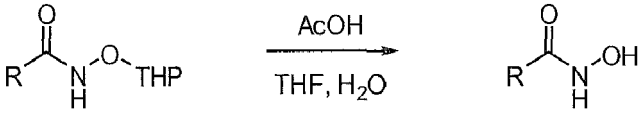
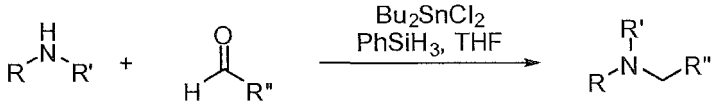
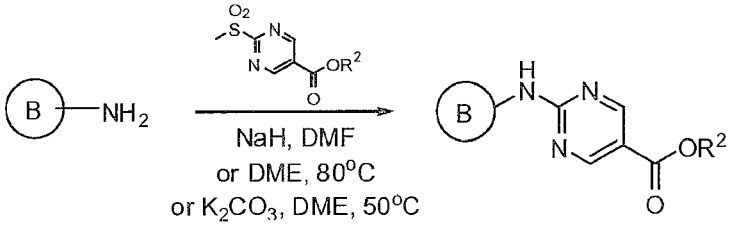
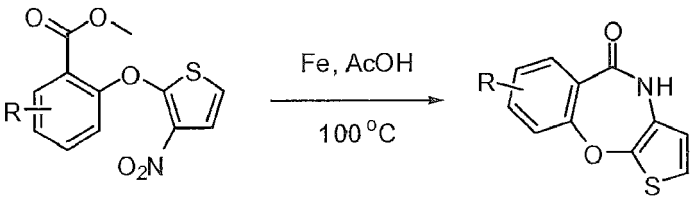
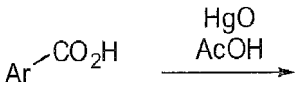
(continued)

Proc	Sc	Ex	Step	Reaction Conditions
I	6	6	1	
I	8	8	7	
J	6	6	2	
J	12	12	2	
J	19	20	2	
J	18	19	2	
J	22	23	2	
K	6	6	3	
L	7	7	2	
M	8	8	6	
N	9	9	2	

(continued)

Proc	Sc	Ex	Step	Reaction Conditions
O	10	10	1	
P	11	11	3	
P	13	13	1	
Q	14	14	1	
R	15	15	6	
S	16	16	1	
T	17	17	4	
U	19	20	4	
V	21	22	3	

(continued)

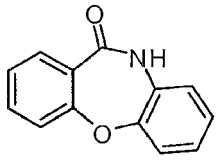
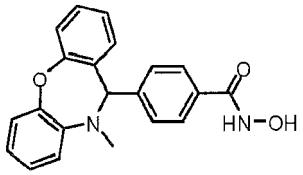
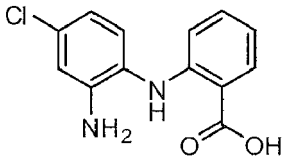
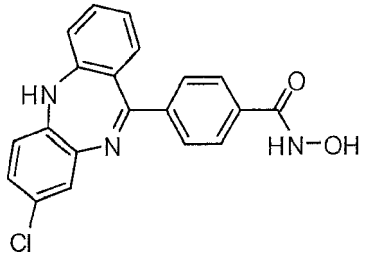
Proc	Sc	Ex	Step	Reaction Conditions
W	22	23	5	
W	25	26	3	
X	22	23	6	
Y	22	23	7	
Z	23	24	2	
AA	24	25	1	
AB	25	26	2	
AC	25	26	4	

[0320] The compounds of the following table of examples (Table 2) are prepared starting from the corresponding starting material and following the preparative sequence (general procedure A to AC) indicated.

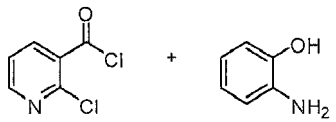
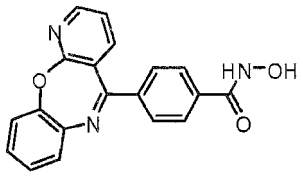
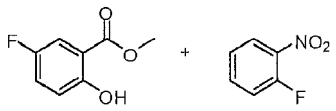
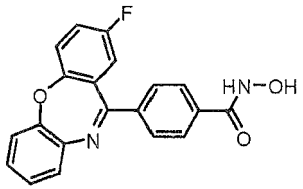
Table 2

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
1	3			(Z)-4-(dibenzo [b,f] [1,4]oxa zepin-ll-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.37 (br s, 1H), 9.14 (br s, 1H), 7.86 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.66-7.62 (m, 1H), 7.43-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.25 (m, 4H), 7.17 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H). LRMS (ESI): (calc) 330.1 (found) 331.4 (MH)+.	A, B, C
2	6			4-(10,11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1,4] oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(DMSO-*d6*) δ (ppm): 11.12 (s, 1H), 8.99 (s, 1H), 7.65 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.45 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.8Hz, 1H), 7.35-7.30 (m, 3H), 7.18 (td, J = 7.4, 1.2Hz, 1H), 7.10 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.4Hz, 1H), 6.89-6.75 (m, 4H), 6.52-6.48 (m, 1H), 5.51 (d, J = 6.0Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 332.12 (found) 333.19 (MH)+	A, B, D, C

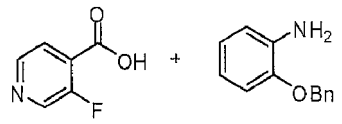
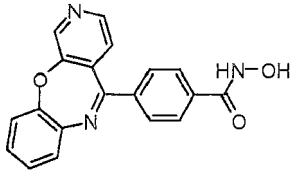
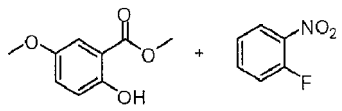
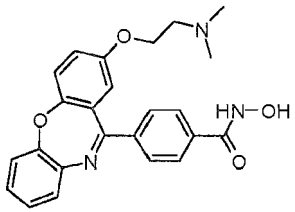
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
3	8			N-hydroxy-4-(10-methyl-10,11-dihydrodibenzo [b,f] [1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	(MeOD-*d4*) δ (ppm): 7.60 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.43-7.39 (m, 1H), 7.35-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.20-7.13 (m, 5H), 7.09-7.05 (m, 1H), 6.94 (dd, J = 8.0Hz, 1.6Hz, 1H), 6.02 (s, 1H), 3.27 (s, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 346.13 (found) 347.28 (MH)+	A, B, E, C
4	12			(Z)-4-(8-chloro-5H-dibenzo[b,e] [1,4]diaz epin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(DMSO-*d6*) δ (ppm): 11.33 (s, 1H), 9.12 (s, 1H), 7.80 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.64 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.46 (s, 1H), 7.40-7.36 (m, 1H), 7.19 (d, J = 2.4Hz, 1H), 7.10 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.8Hz, 1H), 7.01-6.90 (m, 3H), 6.85 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): MS (ESI): (calc) 363.08 (found) 364.22(MH)+	F, A, B, C

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
5	17			(Z)-4-(benzo[b]pyrido[3,2-f][1,4] oxazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(DMSO-*d6*) δ (ppm): 11.39 (s, 1H), 9.16 (s, 1H), 8.52 (dd, J = 5.2, 2.0Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.84 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.75 (dd, J = 8.0, 2.0Hz, 1H), 7.48-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.34-7.30 (m, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 331.12 (found) 332.18 (MH)+	G, H, A, B, C
6	23			(Z)-4-(2-fluorodibenzo[b,f] [1, 4] oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(DMSO-*d6*) δ (ppm): 11.39 (s, 1H), 9.16 (s, 1H), 7.88 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.85 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.53-7.40 (m, 3H), 7.34-7.25 (m, 3H), 6.99 (dd, J = 8.6, 2.4Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 348.09 (found) 349.19 (MH)+	I, J, K, A, B, C

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
7	29			(Z)-4-(benzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4] oxazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(DMSO-d6) d(ppm) 1H: 11.41 (s, 1H), 9.19 (s, 1H), 8.78 (d, J= 0.4Hz, 1H), 8.55 (d, J = 4.8Hz, 1H), 7.92-7.87 (m, 4H), 7.50-7.48 (m, 1H), 7.42-7.31 (m, 3H), 7.22 (dd, J = 4.8, 0.4Hz, 1H) LRMS(ESI): (calc) 331.32 (found) 332.15 (MH)+	G, L, H, A, B, C
8	37			(Z)-4-(2-(2-(dimethylamino) ethoxy)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(MeOH-d4) d(ppm) 1H: 7.91-7.86 (m, 4H), 7.42-7.39 (m, 1H), 7.32-7.21 (m, 5H), 6.70 (d, J = 3.2Hz, 1H), 4.11 (t, J = 5.2Hz, 2H), 3.12 (t, J = 5.2Hz, 2H), 2.61 (s, 6H) LRMS(ESI): (calc) 417.17 (found) 418.47 (MH)+	I, J, K, A, B, M, I, C

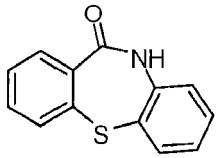
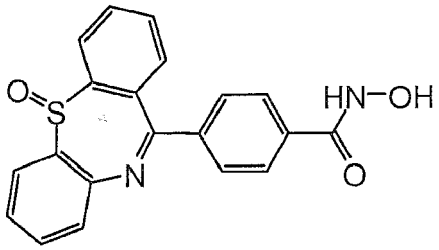
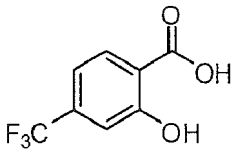
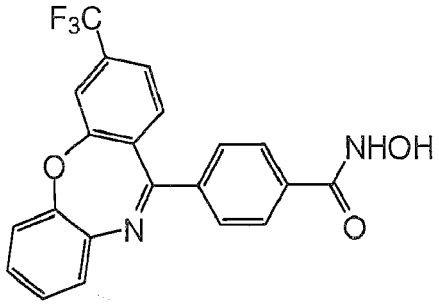
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
9	43			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(8-(trifluoromethyl)dibe nzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin -11-yl)benzamide	(dmso) d(ppm) 1H: 11.38 (s, 1H), 9.17 (s, 1H), 7.95-7.84 (m, 4H), 7.76 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.72-7.64 (m, 2H), 7.55 (d, J= 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (dd, J = 7.7 and 1.4 Hz, 1H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 398.1 (found) 399.2 (MH)+	I, N, K, A, B, C
10	45			(Z)-5-(4-(hydroxycarbamoyl) phenyl)benzo [b]pyri do[4,3-f][1,4] oxazepine 2-oxide	($MeOH-d_4$) δ (ppm): 8.51 (d, J = 1.8Hz, 1H), 8.18 (dd, J = 6.8, 1.8Hz, 1H), 7.94-7.89 (m, 4H), 7.51-7.49 (m, 1H), 7.37-7.31 (m, 3H), 7.26 (d, J = 6.7Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 347.09 (found) 348.1 (MH)+.	G, L, H, A, B, O, C

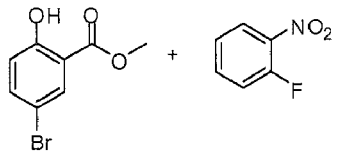
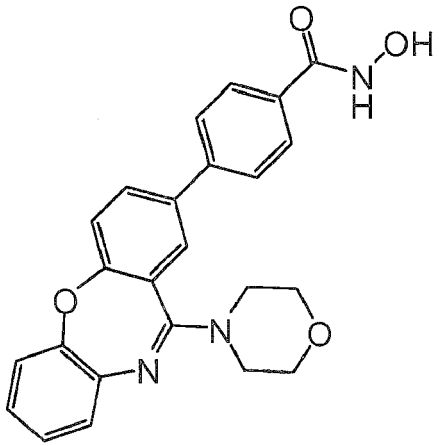
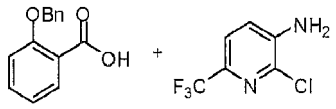
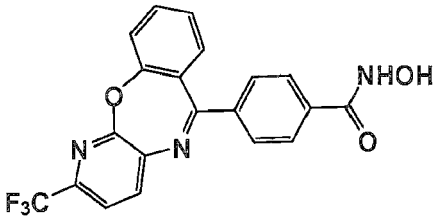
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
11	49				(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.42 (s, 1H), 9.20 (s, 1H), 8.13-8.10 (m, 1H), 7.99 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.2Hz, 1H), 7.93-7.83 (m, 6H), 7.81-7.77 (m, 1H), 7.63 (dd, J = 8.0, 0.8Hz, 1H), 7.59-7.57 (m, 1H), 7.53-7.49 (m, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 378.40 (found) 379.1 (MH)+.	A,B,P,C
12	55	+		(Z)-4-(7-chlorodibenzo[b,f][1, 4] oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.37 (s, 1H), 9.16 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.82 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.70-7.64 (m, 1H), 7.52-7.41 (m, 3H), 7.38-7.28 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.17 (m, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 364.06 (found) 365.1 (MH)+.	I, J, K, A, B, C

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
13	57				(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.42 (s, 1H), 9.20 (s, 1H), 7.91-7.80 (m, 6H), 7.64-7.47 (m, 4H), 7.41 (d, J = 7.6Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, J = 8.0Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 362.07 (found) 363.3 (MH)+.	A, B, P, C
14	64			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-(trifluoromethyl)dibe nzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin -11-yl)benzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.39 (s, 1H), 9.17 (s, 1H), 7.94-7.82 (m, 5H), 7.66 (d, J = 7.8 HZ, 1H), 7.48-7.39 (m, 3H), 7.36-7.28 (m, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 398.09 (found) 399.4 (MH)+.	Q, I, J, K, A, B, C

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
15	71			(E)-N-hydroxy-4-(11-morpholinodibenzo [b ,f][1,4] oxazepin-2-yl)benzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.28 (s, 1H), 9.08 (s, 1H), 7.90 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.0Hz, 1H), 7.83 (d, J= 8.6Hz, 2H), 7.73 (d, J = 8.6Hz, 2H), 7.68 (d, J = 2.4Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.2Hz, 1H), 7.12-7.06 (m, 2H), 7.03-6.99 (m, 1H), 3.08-3.07 (m, 4H), 3.55-3.54 (m, 4H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 415.15 (found) 416.6 (MH)+.	I, B, J, K, A, R, C
16	77			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)benz o[f] pyrido[2,3-b][1,4]oxazepin-6-yl)benzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.43 (s, 1H), 9.20 (s, 1H), 8.18 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.97-7.86 (m, 5H), 7.78-7.72 (m, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 399.08 (found) 400.4 (MH)+.	S, L, H, A, B, C

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
17	84a	+		(Z)-4-(11-cyclopropyl-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.33 (s, 1H), 9.16 (s, 1H), 8.50-8.46 (m, 1H), 7.83 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.68 (d, J =8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.45-7.41 (m, 1H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.20-7.11 (m, 2H), 3.05-3.48 (m, 1H), 0.95-0.80 (m, 2H), 0.51-0.45 (m, 1H), 0.31-0.23 (m, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 370.14 (found) 371.2(MH)+.	I, N, G, T, A, B, C

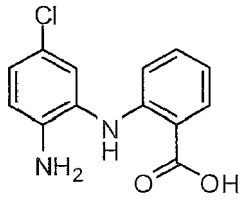
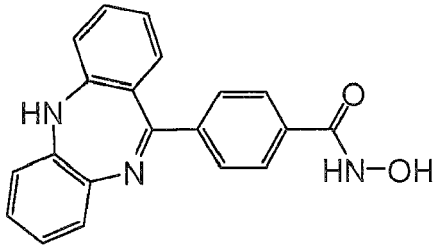
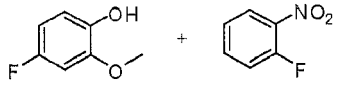
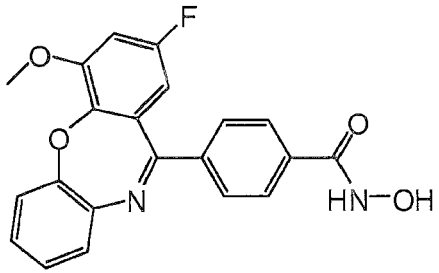
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
18a	84b	+		(Z)-4-(5-cyclopropyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diaz epin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.31 (s, 1H), 9.14 (s, 1H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.55-7.49 (m, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.35-7.31 (m, 1H), 7.22-7.16 (m, 2H), 7.14-7.05 (m, 2H), 6.95-6.90 (m, 1H), 3.45-3.35 (m, 1H), 0.81-0.98 (m, 2H), 0.50-0.40 (m, 1H), 0.39-0.25 (m, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 369.2 (found) 370.5 (MH)+.	I, N, G, T, A, B, C

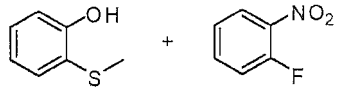
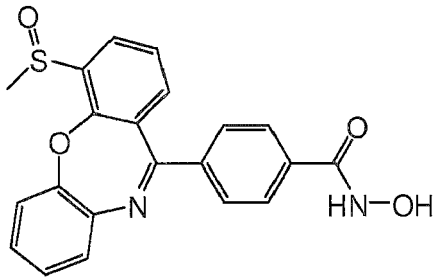
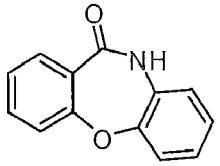
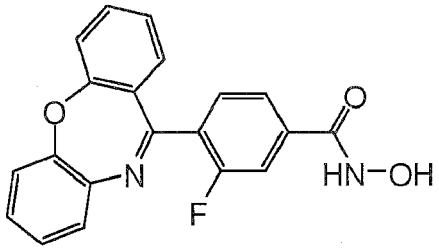
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
18b	84c			(Z)-4-(5-cyclopropyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diaz epin-11-yl)-N-hydroxy-N-methylbenzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.10 (s, 1H), 7.66 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.15 (m, 2H), 7.14-7.06 (m, 2H), 6.94 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.44-3.35 (m, 1H), 3.28 (s, 3H), 0.9-0.6 (m, 2H), 0.50-0.40 (m, 1H), 0.35-0.27 (m, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 383.16 (found) 384.5 (MH)+.	I, N, G, T, A, B, W, C

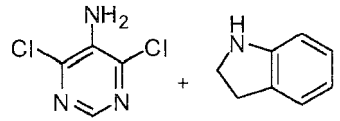
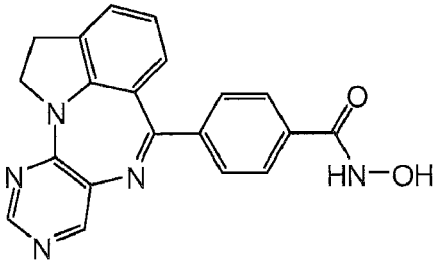
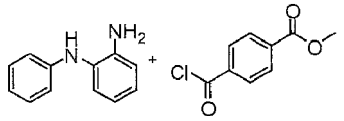
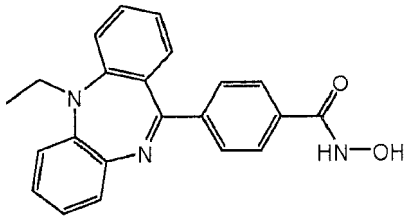
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
19	89			(Z)-4-(5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	($DMSO-d_6$) δ (ppm): 11.33 (s, 1H), 9.13 (s,1H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.65 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.39-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.16 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.09-6.91 (m, 5H), 7.85 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.2Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 329.12 (found) 330.4 (MH)+.	F,J,A,B,C
20	94			(Z)-4-(2-fluoro-4-methoxydibenzo[b,f] [1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.88 (s, 4H), 7.41 (m, 1H), 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.11 (dd, J= 2.8 Hz, 10.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.38 (dd, J = 2.8 Hz, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (s, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 378.10 (found) 377.3 (MH)-.	I, J, G, U, C

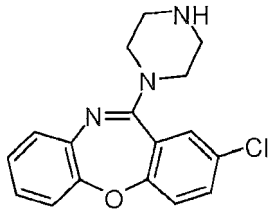
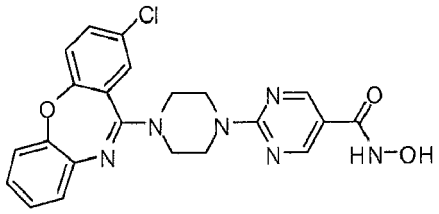
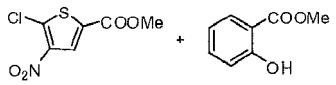
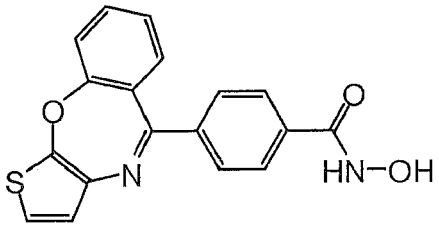
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
21	100			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(methylsulfinyl)dibe nzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin -11-yl)benzamide	(CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.00 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (s, 4H), 7.52 (t, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (m, 1H), 7.37 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (m, 3H), 3.06 (s, 3H). MS (m/z): 391.4 (M-H).	I, J, G, U, P, C
22	104			(E)-4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxa zepin-11-yl)-3-fluoro-N-hydroxybenzamide	($DMSO-d_6$) δ (ppm): 11.47 (s, 1H), 9.28 (s, 1H), 7.93 (t, J = 7.6Hz, 1H), 7.79 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.6, 1H), 7.66-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.35-7.22 (m, 4H), 7.08 (d, J = 7.6Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 348.09 (found) 349.3 (MH)+.	A, B, V, C

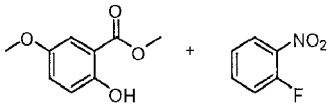
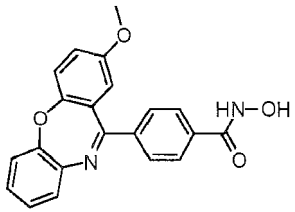
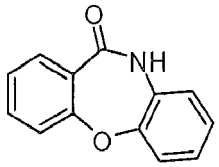
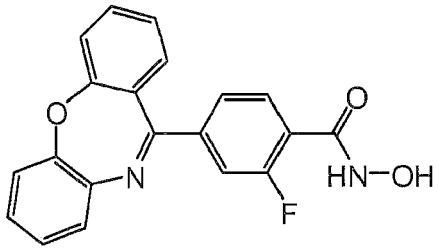
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
23	111				(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.3 (bs, 1H), 9.12 (bs, 1H), 8.29 (s, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.78 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 2.94 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 357.12 (found) 356.4 (MH)+.	R, J, G, U, W, X, Y
24	115			(Z)-4-(5-ethyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e] [1,4] diaz epin-ll-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 7.83 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.77 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.49 (ddd, J = 8.2, 7.2, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.26 (dd, J= 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.13-7.03 (m, 3H), 7.96 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.2, 1H), 3.83-3.68 (m, 2H), 1.24 (t, J = 6.8Hz, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 357.15 (found) 358.3 (MH)+.	G, Z, U, C

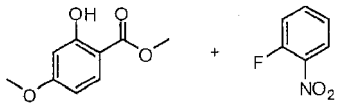
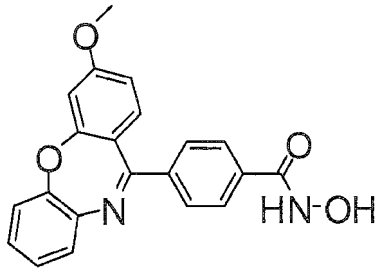
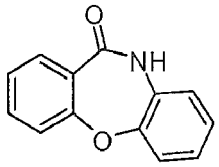
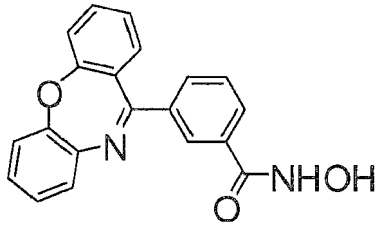
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
25	117			(E)-2-(4-(2-chlorodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] oxazepin-11-yl)pip erazin-1-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 8.69 (s, 2H), 7.62 (dd, J=8.6, 2.4Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, J=2.3Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J=8.8Hz, 1H), 7.18 (d, J=7.8Hz, 1H), 7.12-7.04 (m, 2H), 7.03-6.96 (m, 1H), 4.12-3.76 (m, 4H), 3.68-3.44 (m, 4H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 450.12 (found) 451.1 (MH)+.	AA, C
26	124			(Z)-4-(benzo[f]thieno[2,3-b][1,4] oxazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) (ppm): 11.36 (s, 1H), 9.16 (s, 1H), 7.86 (d, J= 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.76 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.70-7.65 (m, 1H), 7.35-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.16-7.12 (m, 2H), 6.96 (d, J = 6.1Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 336.06 (found) 337.28 (MH)+.	I, AB, W, AC, A, B, C

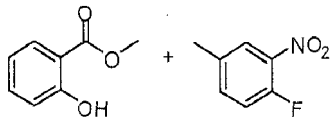
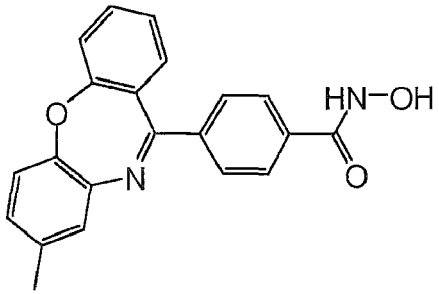
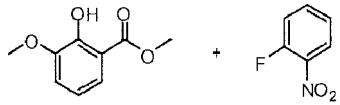
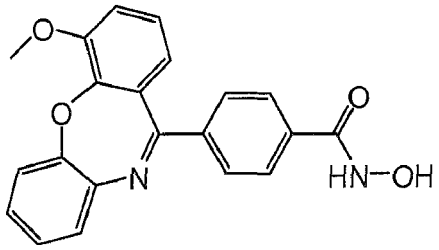
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
27	125			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(2-methoxydibenzo[b,f] [1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	(DMSO-d6) d(ppm) 1H: 11.38 (s, 1H), 9.16 (s, 1H), 7.89 (s, 4H), 7.42-7.40 (m, 1H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 1H), 7.32-7.25 (m, 3H), 7.21 (dd, J = 9.2, 3.4Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, J = 2.8Hz, 1H), 3.65 (s, 3H) LRMS(ESI): (calc) 360.36 (found) 361.09	I, J, K, A, B, C
28	126			(Z)-4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxa zepin-ll-yl)-2-fluoro-N-hydroxybenzamide	(DMSOD6) d(ppm) 1H: 11.12 (s, 1H), 9.32 (s, 1H), 7.70 - 7.63 (m, 3H), 7.59 - 7.56 (m, 1H), 7.45 - 7.41 (m, 2H), 7.38 - 7.25 (m, 4H), 7.22-7.19 (m, 1H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 348.1 (found) 349.2 (MH)+	A,B,C

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
29	127			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-methoxydibenzo [b,f] [1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	(MeOH-d_4) δ (ppm): 7.85 (dd, J = 8.4 Hz, 10.2 Hz, 4H), 7.37 (m, 1H), 7.23 (m, 3H), 7.02 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (dd, J = 2.4 Hz, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 360.11 (found) 359.00 (M)-	I, N, K, A, B, C
30	128			(Z)-3-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxa zepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(MeOH-d_4) δ (ppm): 8.22 (t, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.96-7.86 (m, 2H), 7.60-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.45-7.40 (m, 1H), 7.36-7.32 (m, 1H), 7.28-7.16 (m, 4H), 7.10 (dd, J = 7.81.6 Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 330.3 (found) 331.4 (MH)+	A, B, C

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
31	129			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(8-methyldibenzo [b,f] [1 ,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.38 (s, 1H), 9.17 (s, 1H), 7.89 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.82 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.65-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.39 (dd, J = 8.4, 0.8Hz, 1H), 7.29-7.15 (m, 4H), 7.07 (ddd, J = 8.2, 2.4, 0.8, 1H), 2.29 (s, 3H).). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 344.12 (found) 345.4 (MH)+	I, J, K, A, B, C
32	130			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxydibenzo [b,f] [1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	(MeOH-d_4) δ (ppm): 7.86 (s, 4H), 7.39 (m, 1H), 7.26 (m, 4H), 7.14 (t, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.96 (s, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 360.11 (found) 359.2 (MH)-	I, J, K, A, B, C

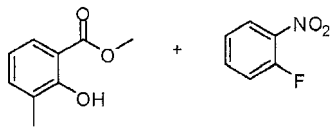
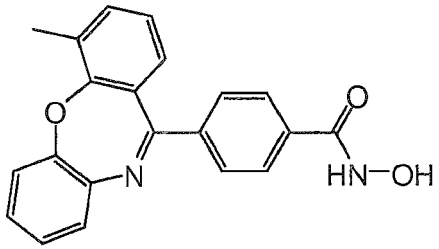
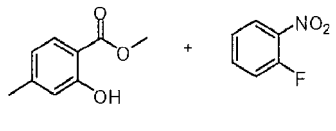
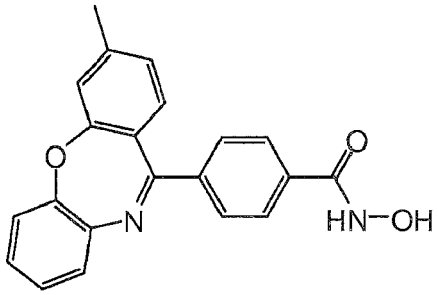
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
33	131			(Z)-4-(9-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1, 4] oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.40 (m, 1H), 9.20 (m, 1H), 7.88 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.82 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.35-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.25-7.14 (m, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 348.3 (found) 349.4 (MH)+	I, N, K, A, B, C
34	132			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(7-(trifluoromethyl)dibe nzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin -11-yl)benzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.39 (s, 1H), 9.17 (s, 1H), 7.93-7.82 (m, 4H), 7.76 (s, 1H), 7.72-7.58 (m, 3H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, J =7.2 Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 398.09 (found) 399.1 (MH)+	I, J, K, A, B, C

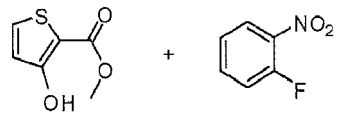
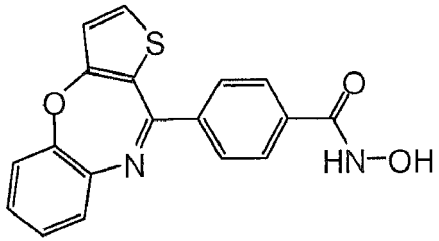
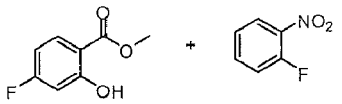
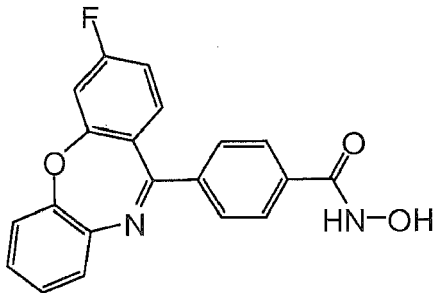
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
35	133			(Z)-4-(2-chlorodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.38 (s, 1H), 9.15 (s, 1H), 7.88 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.84 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.71 (dd, J = 8.6, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.45-7.70 (m, 1H), 7.36-7.26 (m, 3H), 7.18 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 364.06 (found) 365.3 (MH)+	I, J, K, A, B, C
36	134			(Z)-4-(8-cyanodibenzo[b,f][1, 4] oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.41 (s, 1H), 9.18 (s, 1H), 7.93-7.85 (m, 5H), 7.79 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.0Hz, 1H), 7.73-7.69 (m, 1H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 1H), 7.49 (dd, J = 8.4Hz, 1.2Hz, 1H), 7.35 (td, J = 7.6, 1.2Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 355.10 (found) 356.2 (MH)+	I, J, K, A, B, C

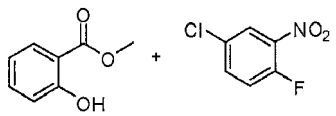
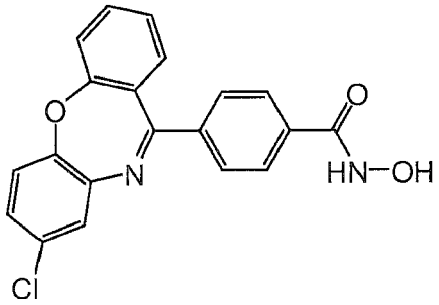
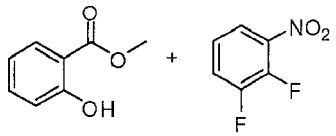
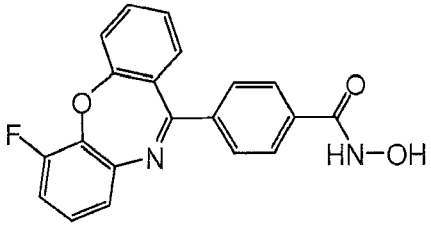
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
37	135			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-methyldibenzo[b,f][1 ,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	(CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.84 (s, 4H), 7.46 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (m, 1H), 7.28 (m, 3H), 7.10 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.55 (s, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 344.12 (found) 343.2 (MH)-	I, J, K, A, B, C K, A, B, C
38	136			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-methyldibenzo [b,f] [1 ,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	(CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.85 (m, 4H), 7.38 (m, 1H), 7.24 (m, 3H), 7.17 (s, 1H), 7.02 (m, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 344.12 (found) 343.3 (MH)-	I, J, K, A, B, C

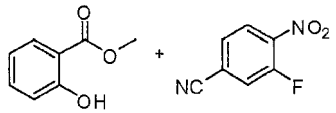
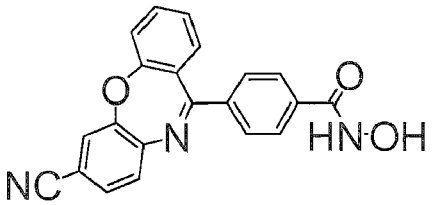
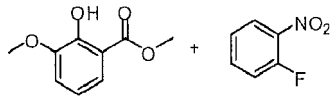
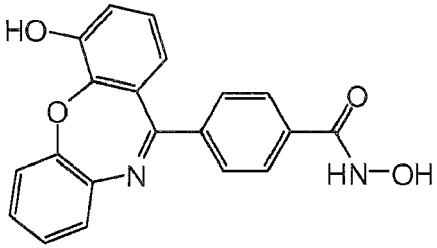
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
39	137			(Z)-4-(benzo[b]thieno[2,3-f][1,4] oxazepin-10-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.40 (s, 1H), 9.18 (s, 1H), 7.99-7.96 (m, 3H), 7.88 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.41 (dd, J = 7.6, 2.0Hz, 1H), 7.36-7.27 (m, 2H), 7.18 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.2Hz, 1H), 7.08 (d, J = 5.2Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 336.36 (found) 337.2 (MH)+	I, J, K, A, B, C
40	138			(Z)-4-(3-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1, 4] oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.39 (s, 1H), 9.17 (s, 1H), 7.88 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.83 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.44-7.42 (m, 2H), 7.35-7.24 (m, 4H), 7.21-7.16 (td, J = 8.4Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 348.09 (found) 349.3 (MH)+	I,J,K,A,B,C

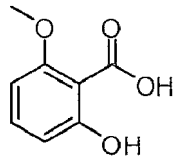
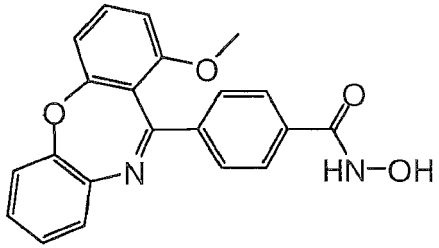
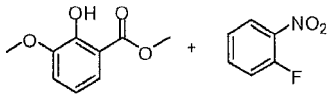
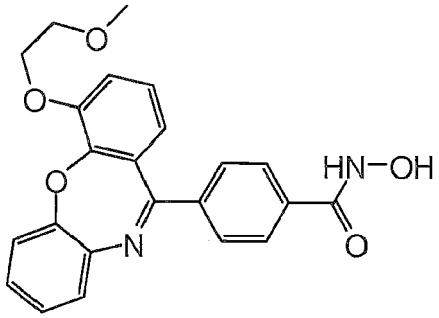
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
41	139			(Z)-4-(8-chlorodibenzo[b,f][1, 4] oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.86 (s, 4H), 7.61 (m, 1H), 7.41 (s, 1H), 7.35 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.18 (m, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 364.06 (found) 363.3 (MH)-	I, J, K, A, B, C
42	140			(Z)-4-(6-fluorodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	($DMSO-d_6$) δ (ppm): 11.40 (s, 1H), 9.18 (s, 1H), 7.90 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.84 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.71-7.67 (m, 1H), 7.40 (d, J = 8.0Hz, 1H), 7.35 (td, J = 7.6, 1.2Hz, 1H), 7.29-7.22 (m, 4H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 348.09 (found) 349.4 (MH)+	I, J, K, A, B, C

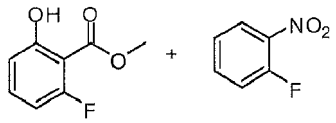
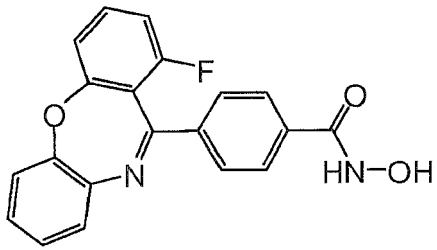
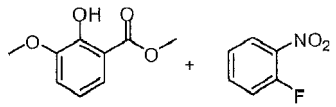
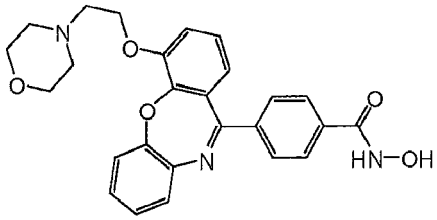
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
43	141			(Z)-4-(7-cyanodibenzo [b,f] [1, 4] oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.41 (s, 1H), 9.18 (s, 1H), 7.93 (d, J= 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.86 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.77-7.70 (m, 2H), 7.58 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 1H), 7.49 (dd, J = 8.0, 0.8Hz, 1H), 7.35 (td, J=7.6, 1.2Hz, 1H), 7.24 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.6Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 355.10 (found) 356.4 (MH)+	I, J, K, A, B, C
44	142			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-hydroxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	(CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.86 (s, 4H), 7.41 (m, 2H), 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.11 (m, 1H), 7.02 (t, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (m, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 346.10 (found) 345.3 (MH)-	I, J, K, A, B, M, C

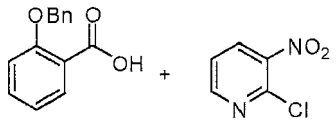
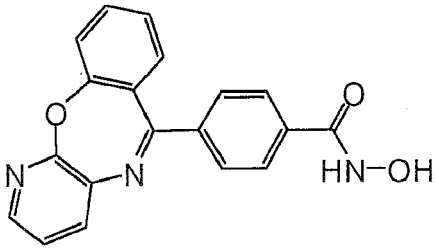
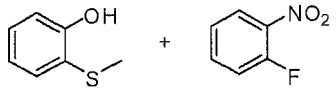
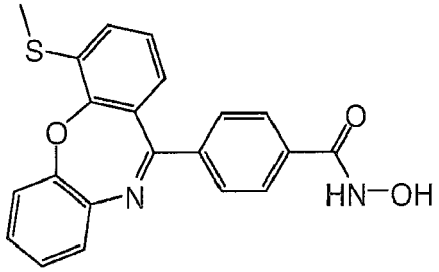
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
45	143			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methoxydibenzo[b,f] [1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.34 (s, 1H), 9.10 (s, 1 H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.70 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.58 (t, J = 8.0Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.36 (m, 1H), 7.29-7.21 (m, 3H), 7.03-6.99 (m, 2H), 3.47 (s, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 360.11 (found) 361.2 (MH)+	Q, I, J, K, A, B, C
46	144			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(2-methoxyethoxy)dibe nzo[b,f][1,4] oxazepin -11-yl)benzamide	(CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.84 (m, 4H), 7.22-7.41 (m, 5H), 7.13 (t, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (t, J = 4.4 Hz, 2H), 3.88 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.51 (s, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 404.14 (found) 403.4 (MH)-	I, J, K, A, B, M, I, C

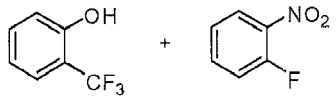
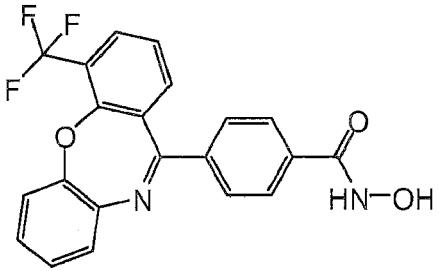
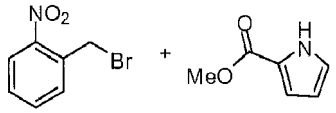
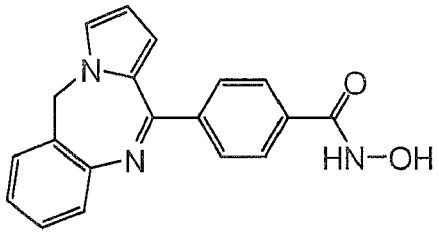
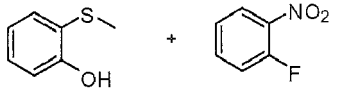
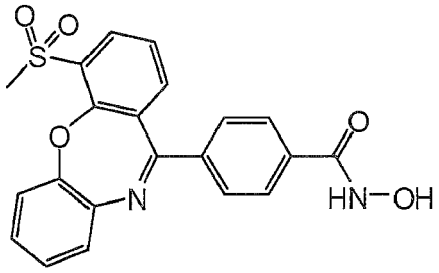
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
47	145			(Z)-4-(1-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1, 4] oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.37 (s, 1H), 9.15 (s, 1H), 7.86 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.74-7.68 (m, 1H), 7.46-7.43 (m, 1H), 7.36-7.30 (m, 4H), 7.22 (t, J = 8.8Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 348.09 (found) 349.4 (MH)+	I, J, K, A, B, C
48	146			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(2-mopholinoethoxy)di benzo[b,f][1,4] oxaze pin-11-yl)benzamide	(CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.87 (s, 4H), 7.10-7.40 (m, 6H), 6.69 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (s, 2H), 3.77 (s, 4H), 2.97 (s, 2H), 2.73 (s, 4H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 459.18 (found) 458.6 (MH)-	I, J, K, A, B, M, I, C

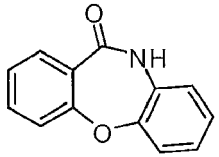
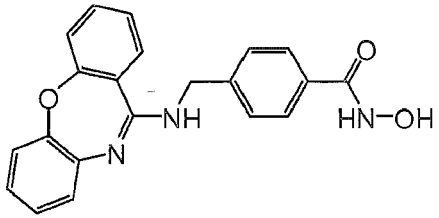
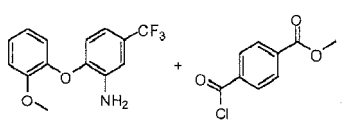
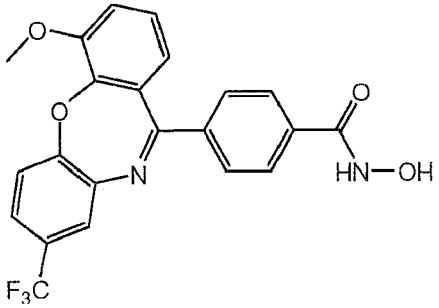
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
49	147			(Z)-4-(benzo[f]pyrido[2,3-b][1,4] oxazepin-6-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.41 (s, 1H), 9.18 (s, 1H), 8.19 (dd, J = 4.4, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.94 (dd, J = 7.6, 2.0Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.85 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.73-7.69 (m, 1H), 7.47-7.42 (m, 2H), 7.35 (td, J = 7.8, 0.8Hz, 1H), 7.24 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.6Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 331.10 (found) 332.4 (MH)+	S, L, H, A, B, C
50	148			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(methylthio)dibenzo[b,f][1,4] oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	(CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.86 (s, 4H), 7.42 (m, 3H), 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.20 (t, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.30 (s, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 376.09 (found) 375.3 (MH)-	I, J, G, U, C

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
51	149			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(trifluoromethyl)dibe nzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin -11-yl)benzamide	(CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.81-7.93 (m, 5H), 7.37-7.47 (m, 3H), 7.27-7.32 (m, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 398.09 (found) 397.5 (MH)-	I, J, G, U, C
52	150			(Z)-4-(5H-benzo[e]pyrrolo[1,2-a][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	($DMSO-d_6$) δ (ppm): 11.36 (s, 1H), 9.14 (s, 1H), 7.99 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.86 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.40-7.38 (m, 3H), 7.27-7.19 (m, 2H), 6,23-6.19 (m, 2H), 5.18 (s, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 317.12 (found) 318.4 (MH)+	I, J, K, A, B, C
53	151			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(methylsulfonyl)dibe nzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin -11-yl)benzamide	(CD3OD) δ (ppm): 8.19 (dd, J = 1.6 Hz, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (q, J = 9.6 Hz, 4H), 7.68 (m, 1H), 7.46 (m, 3H), 7.30 (m, 2H), 3.51 (s, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 408.08 (found) 407.4 (MH)-	I, J, G, U, P, C

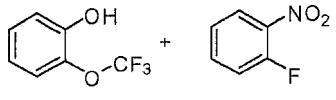
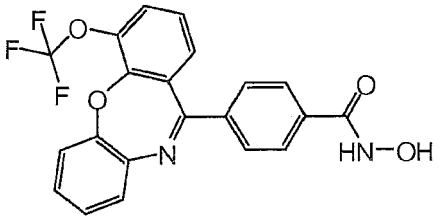
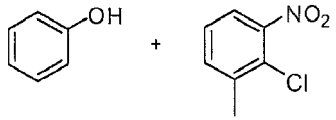
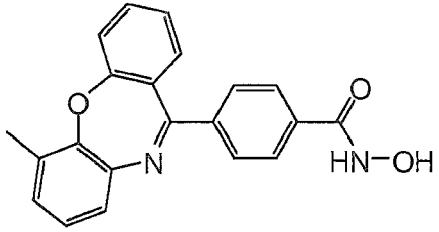
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
54	152			(E)-4-((dibenzo[b,f][1,4]ox azepin-11-ylamino)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.75 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.62-7.51 (m, 4H), 7.29-7.25 (m, 2H), 7.13-7.11 (m, 1H), 7.06-6.94 (m, 3H), 4.78 (s, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 359.13 (found) 360.5 (MH)+	A, R, C
55	153			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxy-8-(trifluoromethyl)dibe nzo[b,f][1,4] oxazepin -11-yl)benzamide	(CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.89 (dd, J = 8.4 Hz, 12.4 Hz, 4H), 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (s, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 428.10 (found) 427.3 (MH)-	G, U, C

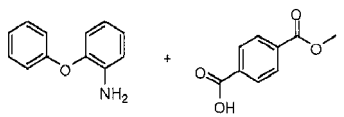
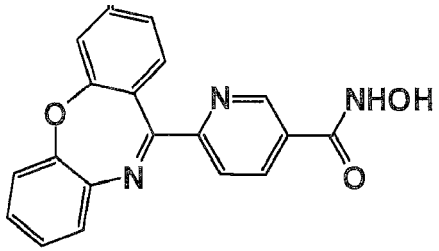
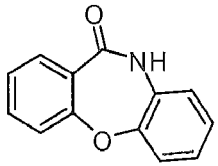
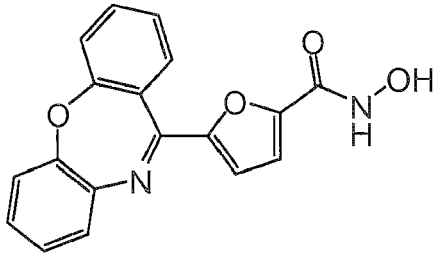
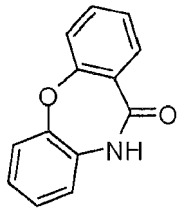
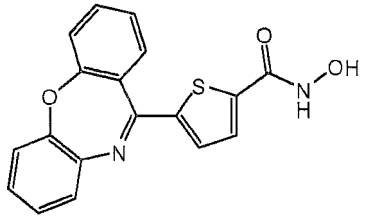
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
56	154			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-mopholinodibenzo[b ,f][1,4] oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.35 (s, 1H), 9.14 (s, 1H), 7.85 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.79 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.38-7.33 (m, 1H), 7.27-7.21 (m, 3H), 6.94 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (dd, J = 8.9 and 2.5 Hz, 1H), 3.74-3.68 (m, 4H), 3.30-3.23 (m, 4H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 415.15 (found) 416.5 (MH)+	I, J, K, I, A, B, C
57	155	+		(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-propyldibenzo [b,f] [1, 4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	(CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.84 (m, 4H), 7.47 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (m, 1H), 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.13 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 2.93 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.76 (m, 2H), 1.08 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 372.15 (found) 371.4 (MH)-	I, J, G, U, C

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
58	156			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(trifluoromethoxy)di benzo[b,f][1,4]oxaze pin-11-yl)benzamide	(CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.88 (s, 4H), 7.63 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (m, 1H), 7.23-7.33 (m, 4H), 7.16 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 414.08 (found) 413.4 (MH)-	I, J, G, U, C
59	157			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(6-methyldibenzo[b,f][1 ,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	($DMSO-d_6$) δ (ppm): 11.38 (s, 1H), 9.16 (s, 1H), 7.88 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.67-7.63 (m, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.0Hz, 1H), 7.30 (td, J = 7.6, 0.8Hz, 1H), 7.25-7.13 (m, 4H), 2.48 (s, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 344.12 (found) 345.4 (MH)+	I, J, G, U, C

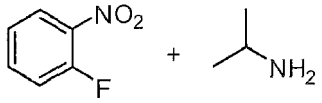
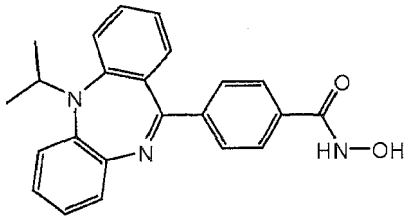
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
60	158			(E)-6-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxa zepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxynicotinamide	(DMSO-d_6) (ppm): 11.54 (s, 1H), 9.33 (br s, 1H), 8.92 (s, 1H), 8.38 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.32 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.64-7.56 (m, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.36-7.21 (m, 5H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 331.10 (found) 332.4 (MH)+	S, U, C
61	159			(E)-5-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxa zepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxyfuran-2-carboxamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.37 (s, 1H), 9.27 (s, 1H), 7.69-7.65 (m, 1H), 7.60 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.42-7.23 (m, 7H), 7.11 (d, J = 3.2Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 320.08 (found) 321.3 (MH)+	A, B, V, C
62	160			(E)-5-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxa zepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxythiophene-2-carboxamide	((CD_3OD)) δ (ppm): 7.63-7.55 (m, 3H), 7.34-7.29 (m, 4H), 7.24-7.19 (m, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 336.06 (found) 337.4 (MH)+	A, B, V, C

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
63	161			(Z)-4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thia zepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 11.37 (s, 1H), 9.15 (s, 1H), 7.86 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.78 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.62 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.0, 1H), 7.57-7.49 (m, 2H), 7.45-7.34 (m, 3H), 7.23-7.16 (m, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 346.08 (found) 347.24 $(MH)^+$.	A,B,C

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
64	162			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(5-isopropyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e] [1,4]diaz epin-11-yl)benzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.35 (s, 1H), 9.15 (s, 1H), 7.86 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.80 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.54-7.50 (m, 1H), 7.32 (d, J = 7.6Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, J = 7.6Hz, 1H), 7.22-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.15-7.09 (m, 2H), 7.02 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.2Hz, 1H), 4.33-4.28 (m, 1H), 1.17 (t, J = 6.0Hz, 3H), 1.09 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 371.16 (found) 372.5 (MH)+.	I, J or N, G, T, A,B,C

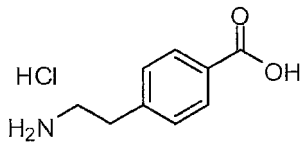
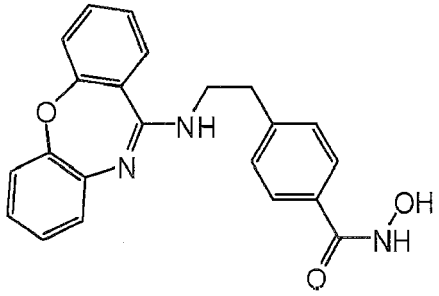
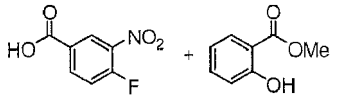
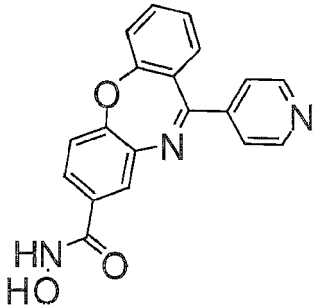
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
65	163			(E)-4-((5-cyclopropyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diaz epin-11-ylamino)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.16 (s, 1H), 8.98 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.57-7.49 (m, 1H), 7.48-7.34 (m, 5H), 7.22-7.16 (m, 1H), 7.18 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 6.88-6.82 (m, 2H), 6.74-6.68 (m, 1H), 4.65-4.50 (m, 2H), 3.40-3.30 (m, 1H), 0.95-0.83 (m, 2H), 0.40-0.27 (m, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 398.17 (found) 399.5 (MH)+.	I, J or N, G, T, A,R,C
66	164			(Z)-4-(4-fluorodibenzo[b,f] [1, 4] oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.39 (s, 1H), 9.19 (s, 1H), 7.89 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.85 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.66-7.62 (m, 1H), 7.48-7.46 (m, 1H), 7.35-7.28 (m, 4H), 7.01 (d, J = 7.6Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 348.09 (found) 349.4 (MH)+.	I, J, G, U, C

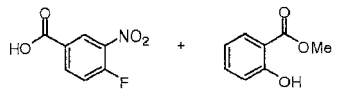
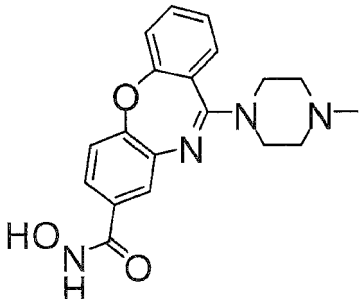
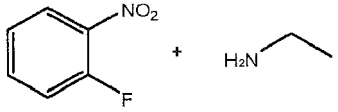
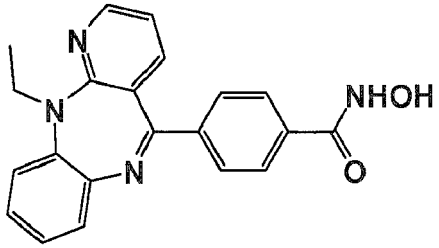
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
67	165			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(5-(2-methoxyethyl)-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4] diaz epin-11-yl)benzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.33 (s, 1H), 9.13 (s, 1H), 7.84 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.72 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.54-7.50 (m, 1H), 7.29-7.17 (m, 3H), 7.13-7.09 (m, 3H), 6.99 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.2, 1H), 3.97-3.91 (m, 1H), 3.82-3.76 (m, 1H), 3.52-3.49 (m, 2H), 3.16 (s, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 387.16 (found) 388.5 $(MH)^+$.	I,JorN,G,T, A, B, C

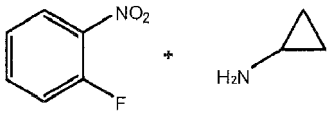
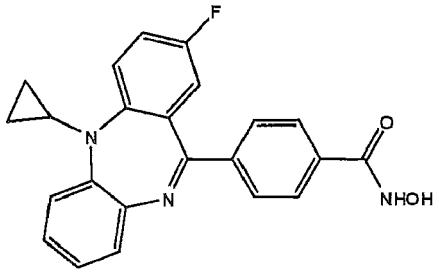
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
68	166			(E)-4-(2-(dibenzo [b,f] [1,4]oxa zepin-11-ylamino)ethyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 8.29 (s, 0.65H, FA salt), 7.73 (d, J = 8.0Hz, 2H), 7.63-7.59 (m, 1H), 7.50-7.45 (m, 3H), 7.32 (dd, J = 8.2, 1.0Hz, 1H), 7.29 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.0Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.10 (m, 4H), 3.85 (t, J = 7.2Hz, 2H), 3.18 (t, J = 7.2Hz, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 373.14 (found) 374.5 (MH)+.	Q,R,C
69	167			(Z)-N-hydroxy-11-(pyridin-4-yl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]o xazepine-8-carboxamide	(MeOD) d(ppm) 1H: 8.71 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 2H), 7.84 - 7.80 (m, 3H), 7.71-7.62 (m, 2H), 7.40 - 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.21 - 7.18 (m, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 331.10 (found) 332.2 (MH)+.	I, Q, J, K, A, B,C

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
70	168			(E)-N-hydroxy-11-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]o xazepine-8-carboxamide	(MeOD) d(ppm) 1H: 7.56 - 7.51 (m, 1H), 7.48 (d, J=2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.44-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.32 - 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.19 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.58 (br s, 4H), 2.58 (br s, 4H), 2.36 (s, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 352.15 (found) 353.4 (MH)+.	I, Q, J, K, A, R, C
71	169			(Z)-4-(11-ethyl-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.34 (br s, 1H), 9.15 (br s, 1H), 8.45 (dd, J = 4.7 and 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.72 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (dd, J = 7.5 and 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (dd, J = 7.6 and 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (td, J = 7.7 and 13.7 Hz, 1H), 7.19-7.08 (m, 3H), 4.08 (br s, 1H), 3.55 (br s, 1H), 1.15 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 358.14 (found) 359.2 (MH)+.	I, J or N, G, T, A,B,C

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
72	170			(Z)-4-(5-cyclopropyl-2-fluoro-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diaz epin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.33 (br s, 1H), 9.13 (br s, 1H), 7.83 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.70 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (dd, J = 9.0 and 4.9 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (td, J = 8.5 and 2.9 HZ, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.25-7.17 (m, 2H), 7.11 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (dd, J = 9.0 and 2.9 Hz, 1H), 3.4 (m, 1H), 0.93-0.80 (m, 2H), 0.46-0.39 (m, 1H), 0.34-0.26 (m, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 387.14 (found) 388.5 (MH)+.	I, J or N, G, T, A, B, C

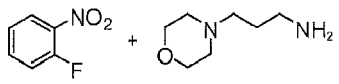
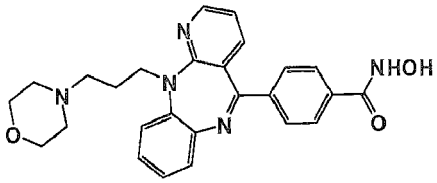
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
73	171			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(11-isopropyl-11H-benzo [b]pyrido [2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.3 (br s, 1H), 9.1 (br s, 1H), 8.50 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.78 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, J = 7.4 HZ, 1H), 7.27-15 (m, 4H), 4.6-4.5 (m, 1H), 1.27 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 3H), 1.14 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 372.16 (found) 373.2 (MH)+.	I, J or N, G, T, A, B, C

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
75	172			(Z)-6-(4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxa zepin-11-yl)benzamidooxy)-3,4,5-trihydroxytetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-carboxylic acid	^{1}H NMR (MeOH-d_4) δ (ppm): 7.94 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.87 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.60 (ddd, J = 7.6, 7.2, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.43-7.41 (m, 1H), 7.35 (dd, J = 8.4, 0.8Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.22 (m, 4H), 7.15 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6Hz, 1H), 4.81 (d, J = 7.6Hz, 1H), 3.95 (d, J = 9.4Hz, 1H), 3.59-3.44 (m, 3H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 506.13 (found) 507.5 (MH)+.	G, U, W, G, W

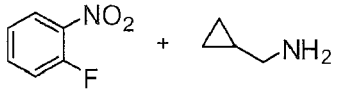
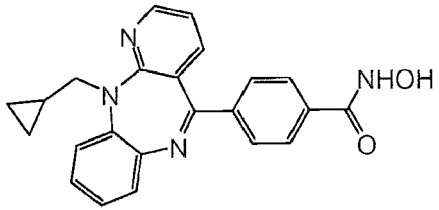
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
76	173			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(11-(3-mopholinopropyl)-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (MeOH-d_4) δ (ppm)-formate salt: 8.43 (d, J = 4.3 Hz, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 7.85 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.78 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J = 7.7 and 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.22-7.10 (m, 2H), 4.32-4.20 (m, 1H), 3.78-3.64 (m, 5H), 2.86-2.78 (m, 2H), 2.78-2.66 (m, 4H), 2.06-1.94 (m, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 457.21 (found) 458.5 (MH)+.	I, J or N, G, T, A, B, C

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
77	174			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(11-(2-morpholinoethyl)-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (MeOH-d_4) δ (ppm)-formate salt: 8.44 (d, J = 4.3 Hz, 1H), 8.32-8.24 (m, 1H), 7.85 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.79 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dd, J = 7.7 and 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.18-7.12 (m, 2H), 4.60-4.50 (m, 1H), 3.92-3.82 (m, 1H), 3.66-3.58 (m, 4H), 3.05-2.96 (m, 2H), 2.90-2.78 (m, 4H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 443.20 (found) 444.5 (MH)+.	I, J or N, G, T, A, B, C

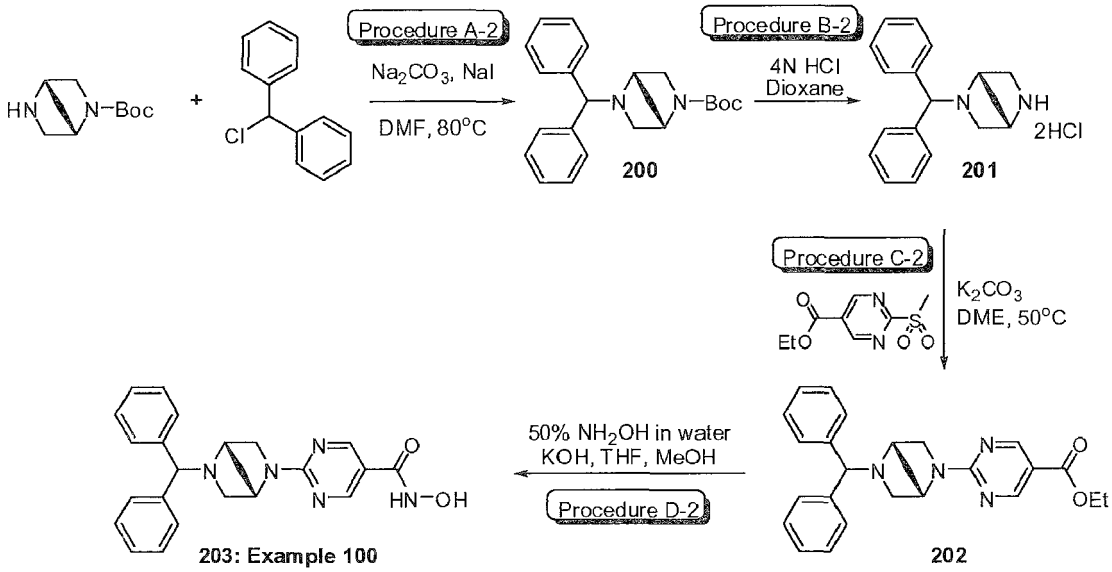
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
78	175			(Z)-4-(11-(cyclopropylmethyl)-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e] [1,4]diazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.34 (s, 1H), 9.14 (s, 1H), 8.43 (dd, J = 5.1 and 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.71 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (dd, J = 7.7 and 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (dd, J = 7.4 and 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (td, J = 7.4 and 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.18-7.09 (m, 3H), 4.10-4.00 (m, 1H), 3.40-3.20 (M, 1H), 1.13-1.04 (m, 1H), 0.44-0.31 (m, 2H), 0.30-0.15 (m, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 384.16 (found) 385.4 (MH)+.	I, J or N, G, T, A, B, C

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Starting Material	Structure	Name	Characterization	Preparative sequence
79	176			(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(5-(2-morpholinoethyl)-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diaz epin-11-yl)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (MeOH-d_4) δ (ppm)-formate salt: 8.26 (s, 1H), 7.87-7.49 (m, 4H), 7.56-7.50 (m, 1H), 7.31-7.21 (m, 3H), 7.18-7.09 (m, 3H), 7.01 (dd, J= 7.8 and 2.2 Hz, 1H), 4.12-3.95 (m, 2H), 3.60-3.55 (m, 4H), 2.99-2.83 (m, 2H), 2.82-2.70 (m, 4H). LRMS(ESI): (calc) 442.20 (found) 443.4 (MH)+.	I, J or N, G, T, A, B, C

Scheme 30



Example 100

2-((1S,4S)-5-Benzhydryl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide **(203)**

Step 1: (1S,4S)-tert-Butyl 5-benzhydryl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate **(200)**

[0321] To a stirred solution of chlorodiphenylmethane (0.39 g, 1.94 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) was added (1S, 4S)-diazabicyclo[2,2,1]-heptane (0.5 g, 2.52 mmol), Na_2CO_3 (0.41 g, 3.88 mmol) and NaI (0.31 g, 2.04 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 2 h at 110°C, then cooled to room temperature and diluted with 75% AcOEt in Hexanes. The mixture was washed with water, brine, dried (Na2SO4), filtered and concentrated. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography with gradient of EtOAc (0-30%) in hexanes to afford 200 (0.5 g, 71%) as a beige solid. LRMS (ESI): (calc) 364.2 (found) 365.5 (MH)+. Step 2: (1S,4S)-2-Benzhydryl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane2HCl (201)

[0322] A solution of compound 200 (0.5 g, 1.37 mmol) in 4N HCl in dioxane (5 mL) was stirred for 1 h at room temperature and then concentrated. The residue was purified by trituration with Et_2O and filtered to afford **201** (0.24 g, 59%) as a beige solid. LRMS (ESI): (calc) 264.2 (found) 265.3 $(MH)^+$.

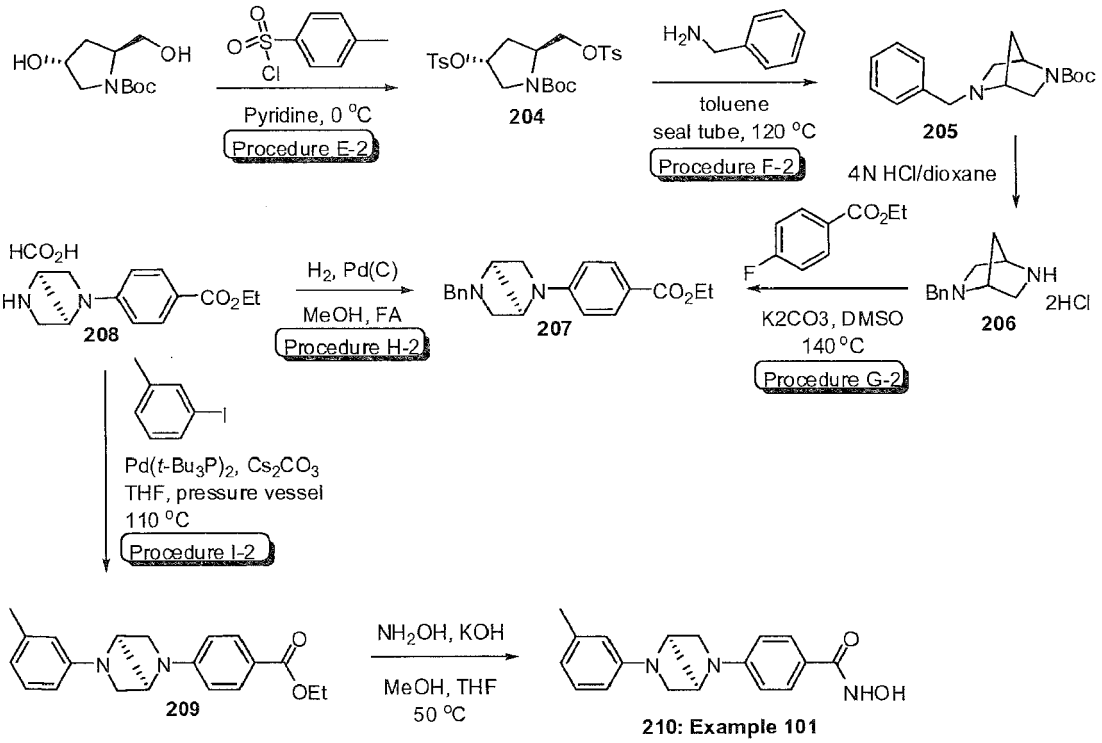
Steps 3: ethyl 2-((1S,4S)-5-benzhydryl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxylate **(202)**

[0323] Title compound **201** (0.250 g, 0.741 mmol), ethyl 2-(methylsulfonyl)pyrimidine-5-carboxylate (0.122 g, 0.529 mmol), potassium carbonate (0.280 g, 2.645 mmol) and DME (5 mL) were combined. The reaction mixture was stirred at 50 oC for 2 hours. The mixture was cooled down and quench with water. The aqueous layer was extracted twice with ethyl acetate. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The crude was purified by flash chromatography eluting with 0% to 30 % ethyl acetate in hexanes to afford title compound 202 (0.141 g, 64%). LRMS (ESI): (calc) 414.21 (found) 415.0 (MH)+.

Step 4: ((1S,4S)-5-Benzhydryl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide (203)

[0324] Title compound 202 (0.140 g, 0.338 mmol), potassium hydroxide (4M, 0.34 mL), hydroxylamine (50% in water, 0.34 mL), MeOH (2 mL) and THF (2 mL) were combined and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 hour. HCL 3N was added to adjust the pH to 8. After 15 minutes stirring, the solid was filtered and well dried to afford the title compound 203 (0.107 g, 79%) as a white powder. 1H NMR (DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 7.80 (dd, J = 8.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (ddd, J = 8.4, 6.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.46-7.41 (m, 3H), 7.38-7.30 (m, 3H), 3.62 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.06 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.61-1.51 (m, 4H), 1.44-1.28 (m, 4H). LRMS: (calc) 390.12 (found) 391.3 $(MH)^+$.

Scheme 31



Example 101

N-hydroxy-4-((1R,4R)-5-m-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide **(210)**

Step 1: (2S,4R)-tert-butyl 4-(tosyloxy)-2-(tosyloxymethyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate **(204)**

[0325] (2S,4R)-tert-butyl 4-hydroxy-2-(hydroxymethyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (5.40 g, 25.84 mmol) and 4-methyl-benzene-1-sulfonyl chloride (14.22g, 74.6 mmol) were combined in pyridine (50 mL) at 0 °C and store in the refrigerator for 3 days. The reaction mixture was concentrated to ~half the volume under vacuo and some water (~300 mL) was added slowly. The mixture was stirred 1h until a white solid formed. The solid was filtered and dried on the pump on high-vacuum over night. The solid was recrystallized from MeOH (~20 ml) and water (few drops) to afford title compound **204** (6.40 g, 49%). LRMS: (calc) 525.15 (found) 426.4 $(MH\text{-}Boc)^+$.

Step 2: tert-butyl 5-benzyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate **(205)**

[0326] A stirring solution of title compound **204** (3 g, 5.71 mmol) and benzylamine (1.78 mL, 16.27 mmol) in toluene (50 mL) was heated to 120 °C in a sealed tube for 18h. The mixture was cooled down, refrigerated for 1h and the PTSA formed was filtered off and rinsed with cold toluene. The filtrate was diluted with a diluted solution of bicarbonate in water (25 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (x3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4, filtered and concentrated. The crude was purified by flash chromatography: 40g SiO_2, 0% to 100% ethyl acetate in hexanes over 30 min to afford title compound 205 (0.56 g, 36%). LRMS: (calc) 288.18 (found) 289.3 $(MH)^+$.

Step 3: 2-benzyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane dihydrochloride **(206)**

[0327] Using Procedure B-2 (Table 3) with compound **205** the title compound **106** was obtained (0.5 g, 99%) as a beige solid foam. LRMS: (calc) 188.13 (found) 189.1 $(MH)^+$.

Step 4: ethyl 4-((1R,4R)-5-benzyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]hentan-2-yl)benzoate **(207)**

[0328] A stirring solution of title compound **206** (0.5 g, 1.914 mmol) and ethyl 4-fluorobenzoate (0.421 ml, 2.87 mmol) in DMSO (19.14 mL) was stirred at 140 °C overnight. The mixture was cooled down and poured over a diluted aqueous

solution of bicarbonate and extracted with ethyl acetate (twice). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4, filtered and evaporated. The crude was purified by flash chromatography: 0% to 60% ethyl acetate in hexanes over 20 min on 20g SiO_2 to afford title compound **207** (0.33g, 51%) as beige oil. LRMS: (calc) 336.18 (found) 337.4 $(MH)^+$.

Step 5: ethyl 4-((1R,4R)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzoate formate **(208)**

[0329] Title compound **207** (0.32 g, 0.878 mmol) and Pd/C (0.093 g, 0.088 mmol) were combined in methanol (16.73 mL) and formic acid (0.836 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at reflux for 2h. The mixture was filtered and concentrated to afford title compound **208** (0.278 g, 99%) as a clear oil. LRMS: (calc) 246.14 (found) 247.3 $(MH)^+$.

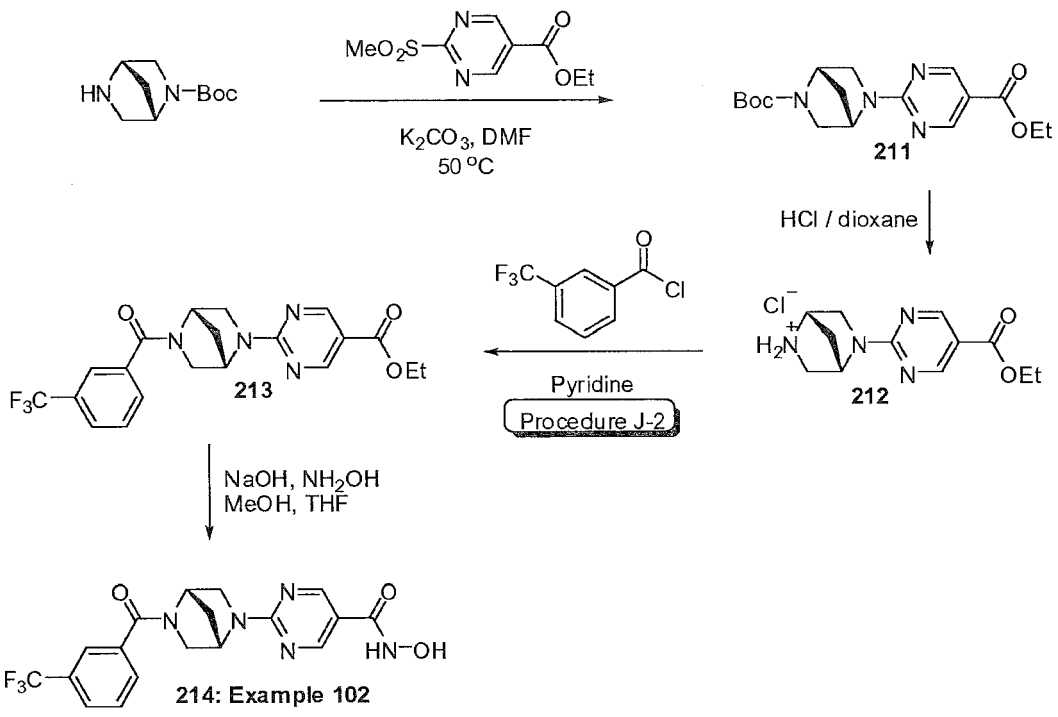
Step 6: ethyl 4-((1R,4R)-5-m-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzoate **(109)**

[0330] To a stirring solution of title compound **208** (0.145 g, 0.496 mmol), cesium carbonate (0.485 g, 1.488 mmol), bis(tri-t-butylphosphine)palladium (0) (0.013 g, 0.025 mmol) in THF (15 mL) was added 3-iodotoluene (0.083 mL, 0.645 mmol) and the resulting suspension was placed under N_2 and stirred at 110 °C overnight. The reaction was cooled, filtered through Celite® and washed with THF. The filtrate was evaporated to afford a brown residue. This residue was dissolved in DCM and purified by chromatography: 0% to 50% ethyl acetate in hexanes over 30 mimutes to afford title compound **209** (110 mg, 66%) as an oil. LRMS: (calc) 336.18 (found) 337.5 $(MH)^+$.

Step 7: N-hydron-4-((1R,4R)-5-m-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide (210)

[0331] Using Procedure D-2 (Table 3) with compound **209** the title compound **210** was obtained (50 mg, 47%) as grey solid. (MeOH-d_4) δ (ppm): 7.55 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.99 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.43 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.42-6.35 (m, 2H), 4.61 (s, 1H), 4.55 (s, 1H), 3.60 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 3.23 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.08 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 2.18-2.03 (m, 2H). LRMS: (calc) 323.16 (found) 324.4 $(MH)^+$.

Scheme 32



Example 102

N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide **(214)**

Step 1: (1S,4S)-tert-butyl 5-(5-(ethoxycarbonyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1] heptane-2-carboxylate **(211)**

[0332] Using Procedure C-2 (Table 3) with (1S,4S)-tert-butyl 2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate and ethyl 2-(methylsulfonyl)pyrimidine-5-carboxylate the title compound **211** was obtained (1.11 g, 63%) as white solid. ^{1}H NMR (400MHz, CDCl3) δ (ppm): 8.84-8.82 (m, 2H), 5.08 (s, 1H), 4.70-4.55 (m, 1H), 4.34 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.70-3.34 (m, 4H), 2.02-1.94 (m, 2H), 1.47-1.43 (m, 9H), 1.37 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

Step 2: ethyl 2-((1S,4S)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxylate (**212**)

[0333] Using Procedure B-2 (Table 3) with compound **211** the title compound **212** was obtained. LRMS: (calc) 248.13 (found) 249.2 $(MH)^+$.

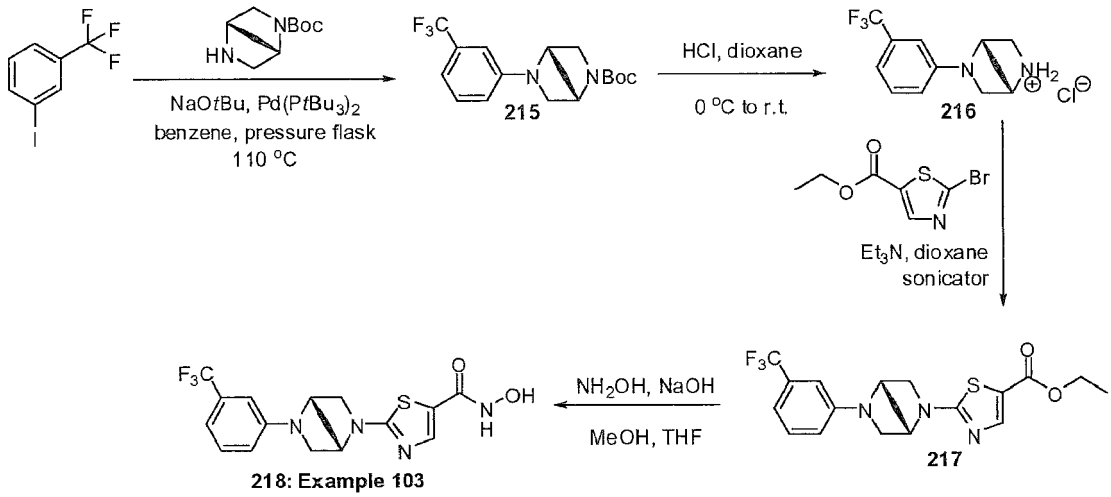
Step 3: ethyl 2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxylate **(213)**

[0334] To a stirring suspension of title compound **212** (160 mg, 0.562 mmol) in pyridine (3 mL) was added benzoyl chloride (0.10 mL, 0.674 mmol) drop wise. The reaction mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature then evaporated. The crude was purified by ISCO (10% to 90% ethyl acetate in hexanes) to afford title compound **213** (202 mg, 85%) as a white foam. LRMS: (calc) 420.14 (found) 421.2 $(MH)^+$.

Step 4: N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1] heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide **(214)**

[0335] Using Procedure D-2 (Table 3) with compound **213** the title compound **214** was obtained (100 mg, 51%) as white solid. ^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm) 1H: 8.70 (bs, 1H), 8.64 (bs, 1H), 7.62-7.85 (m, 4H), 5.20 (s, 1H), 5.10 (m, 1H), 4.53 (s, 1H), 3.56-3.80 (m, 3H), 2.13 (m, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 407.1 (found) 406.3 (M)-.

Scheme 33



Example 103

N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)thiazole-5-carboxamide **(218)**

Step 1: (1S,4S)-tert-butyl 5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate **(215)**

[0336] Using Procedure I-2 (Table 3) with 1-iodo-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzene and (1S,4S)-tert-butyl 2,5-diazabicyc-

lo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate the title compound **215** was obtained (8.88 g, 70%) as white solid. LRMS: (calc) 342.16 (found) 343.3 $(MH)^+$.

Step 2: (1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-5-aza-2-azoniabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane chloride (216)

[0337] Using Procedure B-2 (Table 3) with compound **215** the title compound **216** was obtained (7.17 g, 100%) as yellow solid. LRMS: (calc) 242.0 (found) 243.2 $(MH)^+$.

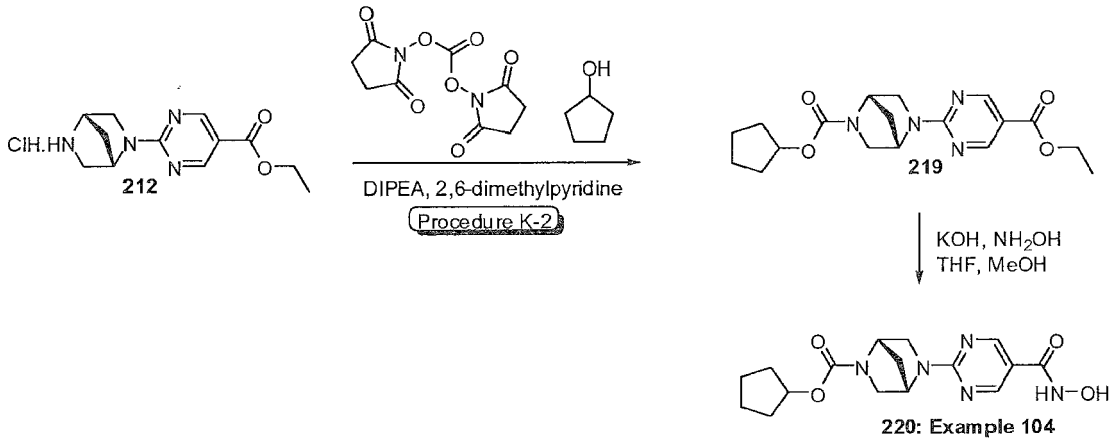
Step 3: ethyl 2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)thiazole-5-carboxylate **(217)**

[0338] A suspension of ethyl 2-bromothiazole-5-carboxylate (0.125 mL, 0.834 mmol), title compound **216** (425 mg, 1.525 mmol), and triethylamine (0.465 mL, 3.34 mmol) in dioxane (1.525 mL) was sonicated for 1 h. More THF (2 mL) was added and the mixture was sonicated for another 2 h. The mixture was partitioned between water and ethyl acetate and the organic layer was washed with water (x2) then with brine. The organic extract was dried (magnesium sulfate) and solvent evpaporated. The residue was purified via ISCO (0-50% Hex/EtOAc; 40g silica gel column) to obtain title compound **217** (316 mg, 95%) as a white foam. LRMS: (calc) 397.11 (found) 398.1 $(MH)^+$.

Step 4: N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)thiazole-5-carboxamide **(218)**

[0339] Using Procedure D-2 (Table 3) with compound **217** the title compound **218** was obtained (124 mg, 82%) as off-white solid. ^1H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.66 (bs, 1H), 7.33 (t, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 6.82-6.91 (m, 3H), 4.76 (s, 1H), 4.74 (s, 1H),3.70 (dd, J = 9.2 Hz, 18 Hz, 2H), 3.40 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.19 (s, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 384.09 (found) 383.2 (M)-.

Scheme 34



Example 104

(1 S,4S)-cyclopentyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate **(220)**

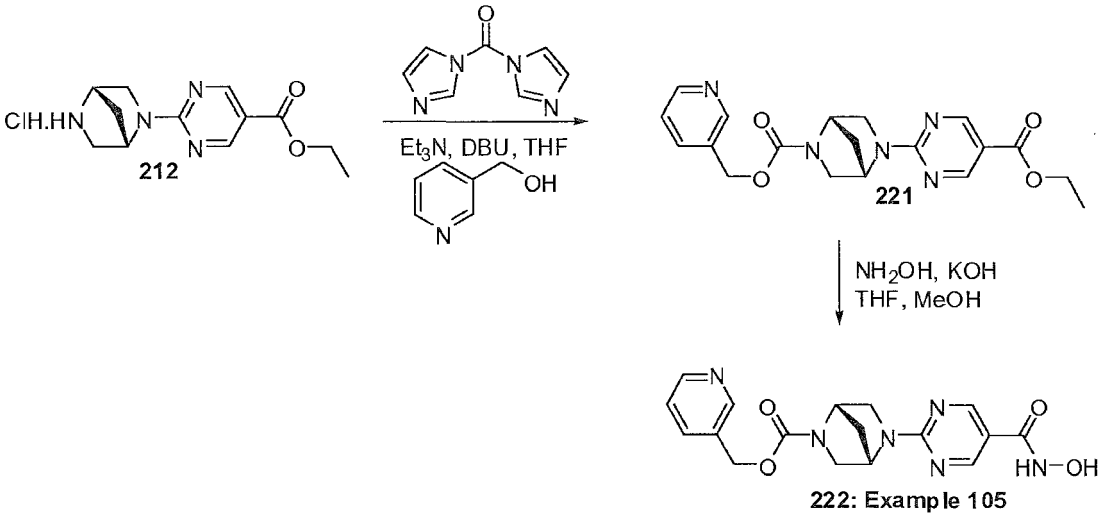
Step 1: (1S,4S)-cyclopentyl 5-(5-(ethoxycarbonyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate **(219)**

[0340] To a solution of cyclopentanol (0.096 mL, 1.054 mmol) and DSC (0.225 g, 0.878 mmol) in ACN (3 mL) and DCM (3 mL) at 0 °C was added 2,6-lutidine (0.102 mL, 0.878 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature, overnight. To the resulting mixture was added a solution of title compound **212** (0.25 g, 0.878 mmol) and DIPEA (0.306 mL, 1.756 mmol) in DCM. The mixture was stirred for 1h at room temperature then at 45 °C overnight. More of the DCS solution substituting bases for DIPEA was made and the mixture was matured 4h before adding to reaction mixture. The reaction mixture was stirred at 45 °C overnight then concentrated and purified by flash chromatography: 40g SiO2, EA / H 0% to 50% over 20 min to afford title compound **219** (83 mg, 26%) as a clear oil that solidified upon standing. LRMS: (calc) 360.18 (found) 361.3 $(MH)^+$. ^1H NMR ($CDCl_3$, 400MHz) δ (ppm): 8.84-8.83 (m, 2H), 5.10 (m, 2H), 4.73-4.58 (m, 1H), 4.34 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.72-3.35 (m, 4H), 2.00-1.60 (m, 10H), 1.37 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H).

Step 2: (1S,4S)-cyclopentyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate **(220)**

[0341] Using Procedure D-2 (Table 3) with compound **219** the title compound **220** was obtained (62mg, 78%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.07 (s, 1H), 9.00 (s, 1H), 8.65 (s, 2H), 4.93 (m, 2H), 4.49 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.60-3.50 (m, 1H), 3.49-3.25 (m, 2H), 3.24-3.10 (m, 1H), 1.93 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 2H), 1.85-1.40 (m, 8H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 347.2 (found) 348.3 (MH)+.

Scheme 35



Example 105

(1S,4S)-pyridin-3-ylmethyl 5 -(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate **(222)**

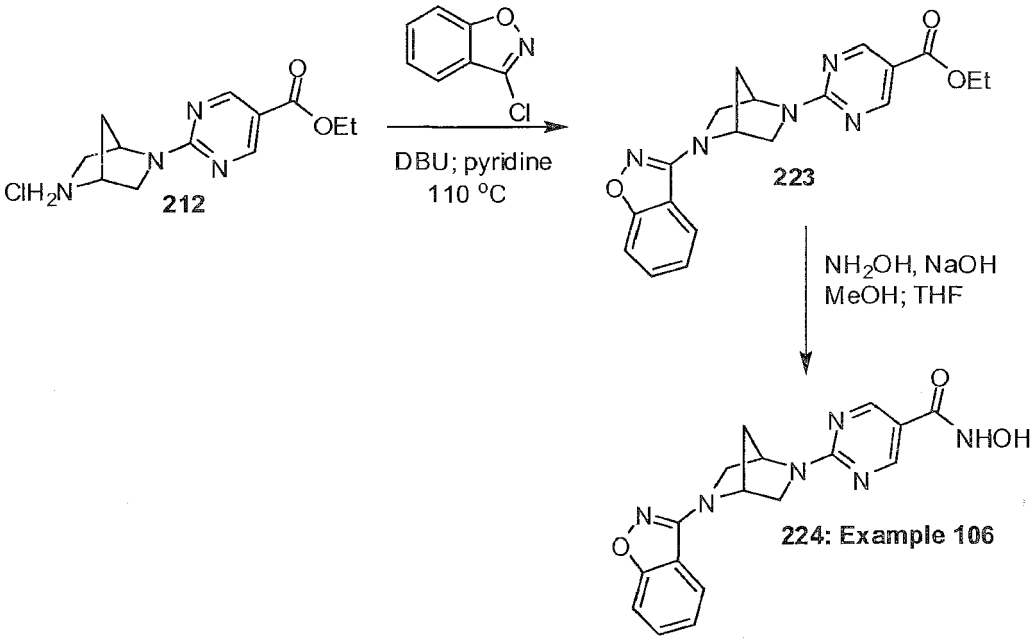
Step 1: (1S,4S)-pyridin-3-ylmethyl 5-(5-(ethoxycarbonyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate **(221)**

[0342] To a solution of pyridin-3-ylmethanol (0.086 mL, 0.878 mmol) in THF (2.5 mL) was added N,N-carbonyldiimidazole (0.142 g, 0.878 mmol). After stirring for 1h a solution of TEA (0.245 mL, 1.756 mmol), DBU (0.132 mL, 0.878 mmol) and the title compound **212** (0.25 g, 0.878 mmol) in THF (2.5 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred overnight at 45 °C. The mixture was cooled down and diluted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with water, brine, dried over Na_2SO_4, filtered and concentrated. The crude was purified by flash chromatography (twice): 40 SiO_2, MeOH / EA 0% to 20% over 20 min to afford title compound **221** (80 mg, 24%) as an oil. 1HNMR (400 MHz, CDCl3) δ (ppm): 8.81-8.77 (m, 2H), 8.60-8.57 (m, 2H), 7.83-7.76 (m, 1H), 7.42-7.35 (m, 1H), 5.21-5.05 (m, 1H), 5.21 (s, 2H), 4.79 (s, 1H), 4.72-4.64 (m, 1H), 4.31 (qd, J = 7.1, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 3.69-3.41 (m, 3H), 1.98 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 1.34 (td, J = 7.1, 2.5 Hz, 3H).

Step 2: (1S,4S)-pyridin-3-ylmethyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate **(222)**

[0343] Using Procedure D-2 (Table 3) with compound **221** the title compound **222** was obtained (30 mg, 39%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (MeOD-d4) δ (ppm): 8.66 (s, 2H), 8.59 and 8.52 (2s, 1H), 8.50 and 8.46 (2d, J = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 7.90 and 7.82 (2d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.39 (m, 1H), 5.21 (s, 1H), 5.07 (s, 1H), 5.20-5.08 (m, 1H), 4.69 (d, J= 9.8 Hz, 1H), 3.66-3.36 (m, 4H), 2.05-1.99 (m, 2H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 370.1 (found) 371.2 (MH)+.

Scheme 36



Example 106

2-((1S,4S)-5-(benzo[d]isoxazol-3-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide **(224)**

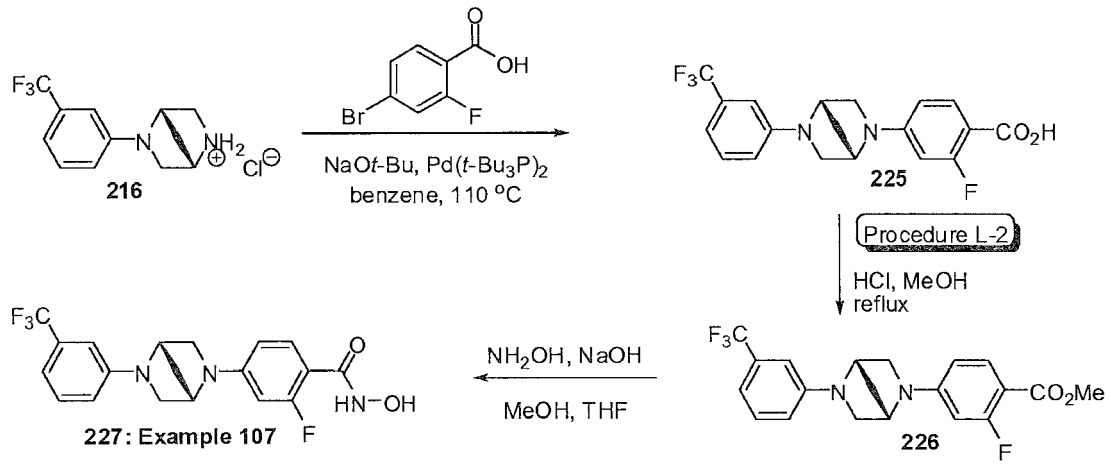
Step 1: ethyl 2-((1S,4S)-5-(benzo[d]isoxazol-3-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxylate **(223)**

[0344] Using Procedure G-2 (Table 3) with compound **212** the title compound **223** was obtained (53.6 mg, 21%) as a white solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 365.15 (found) 366.3 (MH)+.

Step 2: 2-((1S,4S)-5-(benzo[d]isoxazol-3-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide **(25)**

[0345] Using Procedure D-2 (Table 1) with compound **223** the title compound **224** was obtained (35.6 mg, 69%) as an off-white solid. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.66 (s, 1H), 8.59 (s, 1H), 7.82 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (s, 1H), 3.99 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.68 (m, 2H), 2.20 (dd, J = 10 Hz, 13.6 Hz, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 352.1 (found) 351.0 (M-H).

Scheme 37



Example 107

2-fluoro-N-hydroxy-4-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide **(227)**

Step 1: 2-fluoro-4-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzoic acid **(225)**

[0346] Using Procedure I-2 (Table 3) with compound **216** and 4-bromo-2-fluorobenzoic acid the title compound **225** was obtained (250 mg, 75%) as a brown paste. LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 380.11 (found) 377.3 (M-3).

Step 2: methyl 2-fluoro-4-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzoate **(226)**

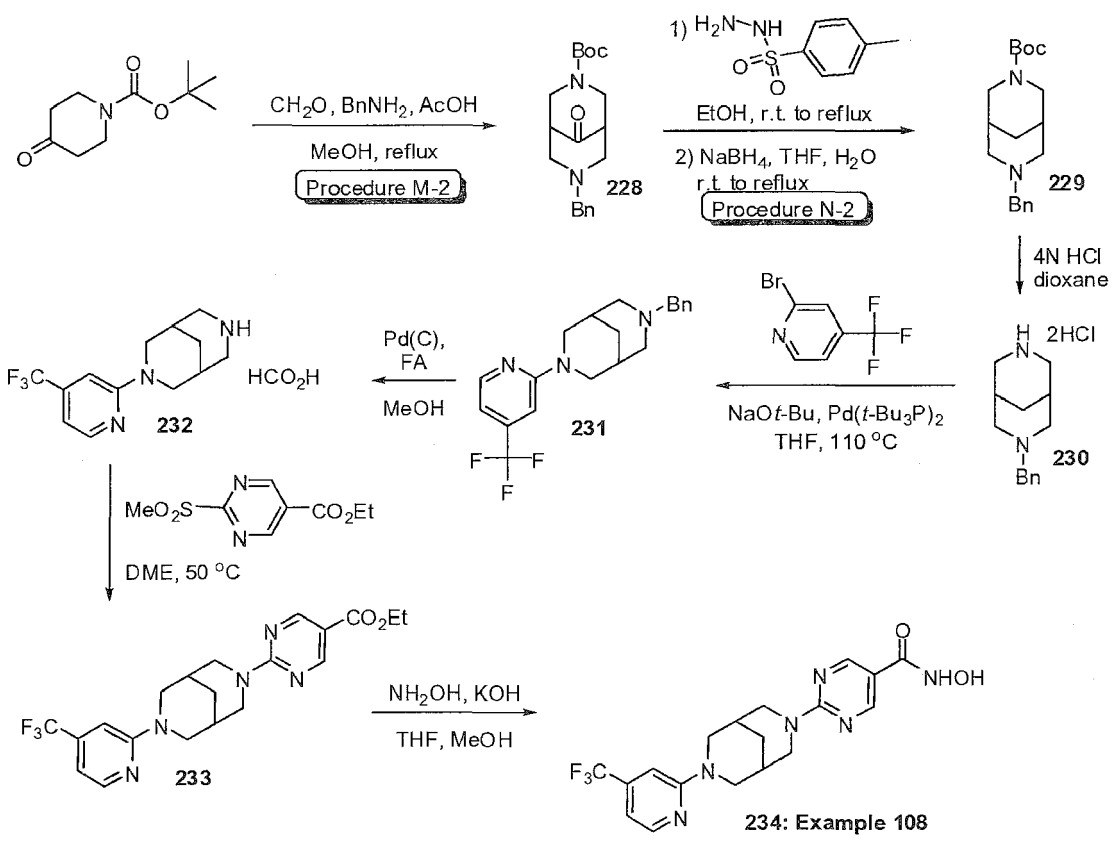
[0347] A stirring solution of title compound **225** (250mg 0.657 mmol), 2N HCl in ether (1 mL, 2.00 mmol) and methanol (25 mL) was refluxed over the weekend. The mixture was concentrated and the residue was purified by chromatography: 20g SiO_2, dry loaded on a samplet, 0% to 50% ethyl acetate in hexanes over 20 minutes to afford title compound **226** (120 mg, 46%) as a white foam. LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 394.13 (found) 395.3 $(MH)^+$.

[0348] ^1H NMR ($CDCl_3$, 400MHz) δ (ppm): 7.77 (t, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (s, 1H), 6.67 (dd, J = 8.3, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.28 (dd, J = 8.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.17 (dd, J = 14.1, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.69 (dd, J = 8.7, 1.8 Hz, 1H) 3.63 (dd, J = 9.0, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 3.30 (dd, J = 9.0, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 3.22 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.20-2.13 (m, 2H).

Step 3: 2-fluoro-N-hydroxy-4-(1S,4S)-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide **(227)**

[0349] Using Procedure D-2 (Table 3) with compound **226** the title compound 227 was obtained (60 mg, 47%) as a white solid. ^1H NMR (400MHz, (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.47 (s, 1H), 8.91 (s, 1H), 7.37 (t, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.88-6.81 (m, 2H), 6.78 (s, 1H), 6.44 (s, 1H), 6.41 (s, 1H), 4.74 (d, J = 13.7 Hz, 2H), 3.63-3.53 (m, 2H), 3.04 (d, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 3.01 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.05 (s, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 395.13 (found) 396.3 (MH)+.

Scheme 38



Example 108

N-hydroxy-2-(7-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-3,7-diazabicyclo[3.3.1]nonan-3-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide **(234)**

Step 1: tert-butyl 7-benzyl-9-oxo-3,7-diazabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane-3-carboxylate **(29)**

[0350] A solution of 1-Boc-4-piperidone (3 g, 15.06 mmol), benzylamine (1.73 mL, 15.81 mmol) and acetic acid (0.86 mL, 15.06 mmol) in MeOH (20 ml) was added a stirred suspension of paraformaldehyde (1g) in MeOH (30 ml) at reflux. The mixture was stirred for 1h and more paraformaldehyde (1g) was added and the mixture was stirred for 4h. The mixture was cooled and concentrated. The residue was dissolved in ether (40 mL) and 1M KOH solution (20 mL) was added. The layers were split and the aqueous mixture was extracted with ether four times. The combined organics were dried over Na_2SO_4 for 20 min, filtered and concentrated. The yellow residue was purified by flash chromatography: 0% to 50% EA/H over 20 min on 80g SiO_2 to afford title compound **228** (5 g, 100%). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 330.19 (found) 362.9 (MH+MeOH)+.

Step 2: tert-butyl 7-benzyl-3,7-diazabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane-3-carboxylate **(229)**

[0351] To a stirring solution of title compound **228** (3.6 g, 10.90 mmol) in EtOH (100 mL) was added *p*-toluenesulfanhydrazine (2.435 g, 13.07 mmol) at room temperature then the reaction mixture was heated at reflux for 2h. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and concentrated. The residue was dissolved in THF (60 mL) and water (15 mL) and $NaBH_4$ (4.12 g, 109 mmol) was added portionwise at 0 °C over 5 min (effervescence). The reaction mixture was stirred for 30 minutes at room temperature then 3h at reflux. The mixture was cooled, water was added and the mixture was extracted with Et_2O (4 times). The organic extracts were dried over Na_2SO_4, filtered and concentrated. Purified residue by flash chromatography: 40g SiO_2, 0% to 50% EA / hexanes over 30 min. to afford title compound **229** (1.35 g, 27%). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 316.22 (found) 317.5 (MH)+.

Step 3: 3-benzyl-3,7-diazabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane dihydrochloride **(230)**

[0352] Using Procedure B-2 (Table 3) with compound 229 the title compound **230** was obtained (1.54 g, 100%) as light pink foam. LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 216.16 (found) 217.3 (MH)+.

[0353] ^{1}H NMR ($CDCl_3$) (ppm): 7.72-7.71 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.41 (m, 3H), 4.46 (s, 2H), 3.51-3.46 (m, 4H), 2.67 (s, 4H), 2.55 (m, 2H), 2.12-2.00 (m, 2H).

Step 4: 3-benzyl-7-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-3,7-diazabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane **(231)**

[0354] Using Procedure I-2 (Table 3) with compound **230** the title compound **231** was obtained (0.41 g, 66%). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 361.18 (found) 362.4 (MH)+. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 8.30 (d, J = 5.1, 1H), 7.12-7.04 (m, 3H), 6.88-6.86 (m, 3H), 6.76 (d, J = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 4.37-4.15 (m, 2H), 3.23 (s, 2H), 3.15 (dd, J = 12.9, 2.3 Hz, 2H), 2.84 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 2H), 2.20 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 2H), 1.99 (s, 2H), 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.64 (m, 1H).

Step 5: 3-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-3,7-diazabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane formate **(232)**

[0355] Using Procedure H-2 (Table 3) with compound **231** the title compound **232** was obtained (0.36 g, 80%) as a clear oil. LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 271.13 (found) 272.3 (MH)+.

[0356] ^{1}H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ (ppm): 8.38 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (s, 3H), 7.06 (s, 1H), 6.98 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (d, J = 12.7 Hz, 2H), 3.65 (d, J = 13.1 Hz, 2H), 3.35 (d, J = 13.1 Hz, 2H), 3.14 (d, J = 12.5 Hz, 2H), 2.34 (s, 2H), 2.04-1.93 (m, 1H), 1.74 (dd, J = 17.5, 5.0 Hz, 1H).

Step 6: ethyl 2-(7-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-3,7-diazabicyclo[3.3.1]nonan-3-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxylate **(233)**

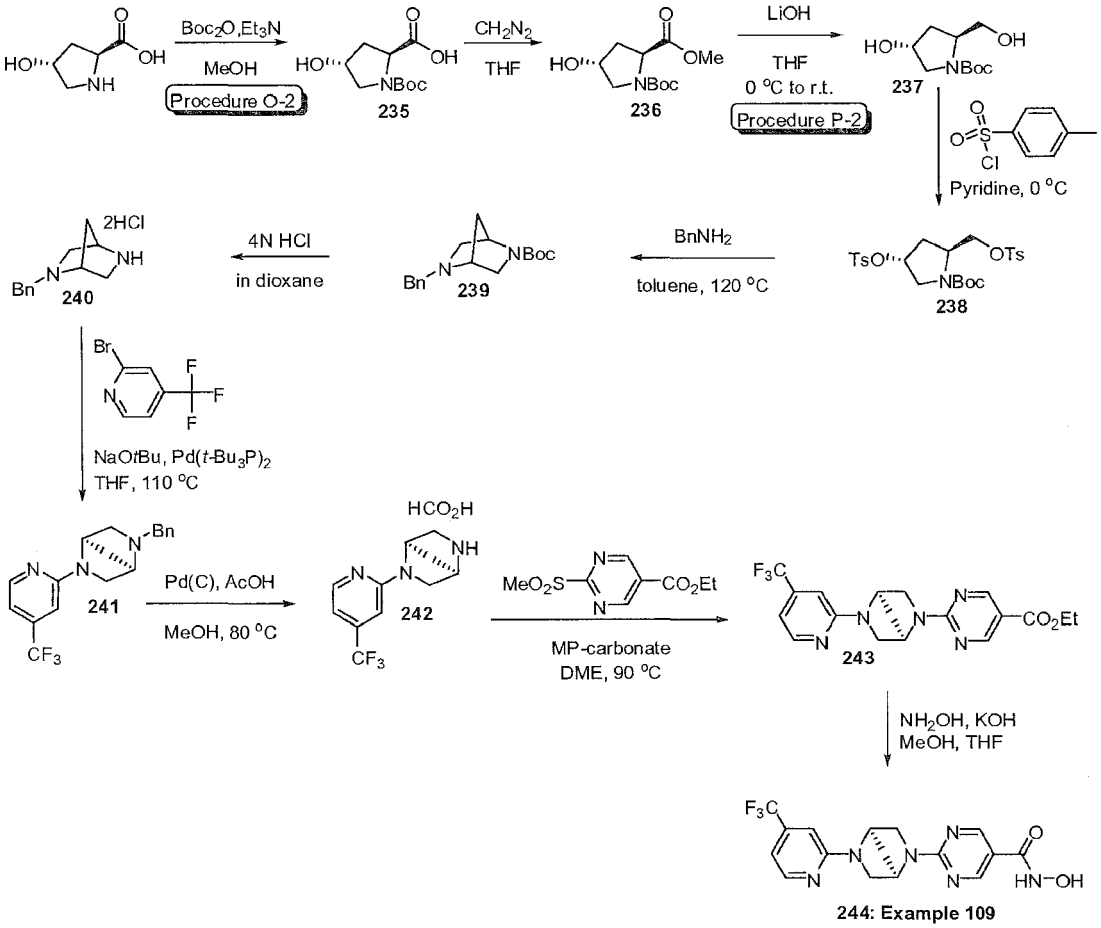
[0357] Using Procedure C-2 (Table 3) with compound **232** the title compound **233** was obtained (0.28 g, 76%) as clear oil. LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 421.17 (found) 422.6 (MH)+.

[0358] ^{1}H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ (ppm): 8.52 (s, 2H), 8.07 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (s, 1H), 6.50 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (d, J = 14.1 Hz, 2H), 4.47 (d, J = 13.1 Hz, 2H), 4.25 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.32-3.20 (m, 4H), 2.18 (s, 2H), 2.11-1.97 (m, 2H), 1.32 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

Step 7: N-hydroxy-2-(7-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-3,7-diazabicyclo[3.3.1]nonan-3-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide **(234)**

[0359] Using Procedure D-2 (Table 3) with compound **233** the title compound **234** was obtained (0.18 g, 64%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.82 (s, 1H), 8.88 (s, 1H), 8.36 (s, 2H), 8.01 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (s, 1H), 6.45 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (d, J = 23.3 Hz, 2H), 4.46 (d, J = 22.9 Hz, 2H), 3.14 (d, J = 23.3 Hz, 2H), 3.05 (d, J = 23.1 Hz, 2H), 2.07 (s, 2H), 2.00-1.90 (m, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 408.15 (found) 409.6 (MH)+.

Scheme 39



Example 109

N-hydroxy-2-((1R,4R)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide **(244)**

Step 1: (2S,4R)-1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-hydroxypyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid **(235)**

[0360] To a suspension of trans-D-hydroxyproline (3 g, 22.88 mmol) in Et_3N (6 mL) and MeOH (30 mL) was added Boc anhydride (5.49 g, 25.2 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 40 °C until a clear solution was obtained. The mixture was then concentrated, diluted with 1N NaOH (20 mL), washed with hexanes, acidified with 3N HCl, salted and extracted with copious amounts of ethyl acetate (four times). Organics were dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated to afford title compound **235** (5.2 g, 98%) as a white foam. LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 231.11 (found) 230.2 (MH)-.

Step 2: (2S,4R)-1-tert-butyl 2-methyl 4-hydroxypyrrolidine-1,2-dicarboxylate **(236)**

[0361] To a solution of compound **235** (5.2 g, 22.49 mmol) in THF (50 mL) was added diazomethane (38.5 mL, 27.0 mmol, 0.7M) dropwise until yellow color persists. The mixture was concentrated to afford title compound **236** (5.3 g,

96%) as a clear oil. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ (ppm): 4.50-4.47 (m, 1H), 4.44 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 3.76-3.43 (m, 2H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 2.33-2.22 (m, 1H), 2.11-2.03 (m, 1H), 1.91 (m, 1H), 1.45-1.41 (m, 9H).. LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 245.13 (found) 146.0 (M-Boc+H)+.

Step 3: (2S,4R)-tert-butyl 4-hydroxy-2-(hydroxymethyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate **(237)**

[0362] To a solution of compound **236** (6.4 g, 26.09 mmol) in THF (80 mL) at 0 °C was added a solution of $LiBH_4$ (2.063 g, 94.76 mmol) in one shot. The suspension was stirred at 0 °C for 1h then at room temperature overnight. The mixture was cooled to 0 °C and water (52 mL) then 6N HCl (20 mL) were added. The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 70 mL). The combined organics were washed with 2N NaOH, 2N HCl and brine (20 mL each). The organic layers were dried over Na_2SO_4 filtered and concentrated to afford title compound **237** (5.4 g, 95%) as clear oil. LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 217.13 (found) 256.3 (M+K).

Step 4: (2S,4R)-tert-butyl 4-(tosyloxy)-2-(tosyloxymethyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate **(238)**

[0363] Using Procedure E-2 (Table 3) with compound **237** the title compound **238** was obtained (6.4 g, 49%) as a white solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 525.15 (found) 426.4 (M-Boc+H).

Step 5: (1R,4R)-tert-butyl 5-benzyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate **(239)**

[0364] Using Procedure F-2 (Table 3) with compound **238** the title compound **239** was obtained (0.7 g, 26%). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 288.18 (found) 289.3 (MH)+.

Step 6: (1R,4R)-2-benzyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane **(240)**

[0365] Using Procedure B-2 (Table 3) with compound **239** the title compound **240** was obtained (0.59 g, 93%) as beige solid.

Step 7: (1R,4R)-2-benzyl-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane (241)

[0366] Using Procedure I-2 (Table 3) with compound **240** the title compound **241** was obtained (0.32 g, 84%). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 333.15 (found) 334.5 (MH)+.

Step 8: (1R,4R)-2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane formate (242)

[0367] Using Procedure H-2 (Table 3) with compound **241** the title compound **242** was obtained (0.30 g, 100%) as clear oil. LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 243.10 (found) 244.2 (MH)+.

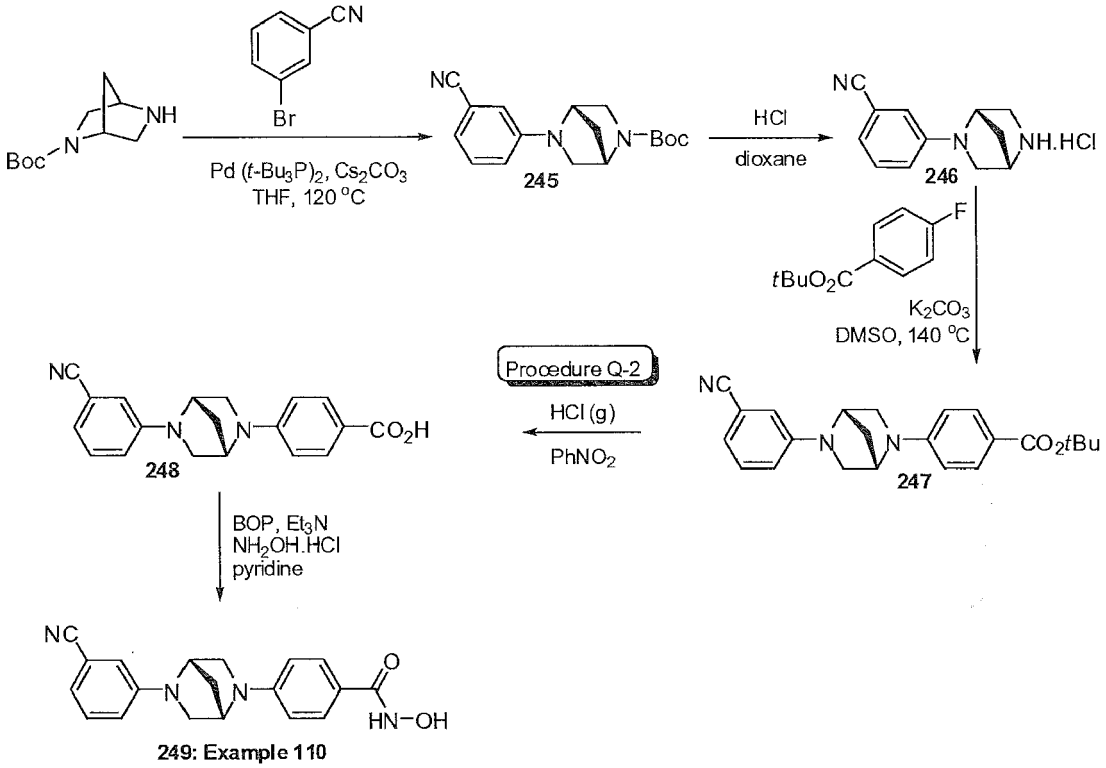
Step 9: ethyl 2-((1R,4R)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxylate **(243)**

[0368] Using Procedure C-2 (Table 3) with compound **242** the title compound **243** was obtained (0.21 g, 70%) as a white solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 393.14 (found) 394.5 (MH)+. ^{1}H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ (ppm): 8.81 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 8.23 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 6.49 (s, 1H), 5.24 (s, 1H), 5.10 (s, 1H), 4.31 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.75-3.68 (m, 3H), 3.43 (d, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 2.13 (s, 2H), 1.34 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

Step 10: N-hydroxy-2-((1R,4R)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide **(244)**

[0369] Using Procedure D-2 (Table 3) with compound **243** the title compound **244** was obtained (0.15 g, 71%) as a yellow solid. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.06 (s, 1H), 9.00 (s, 1H), 8.67 (s, 1H), 8.62 (s, 1H), 8.27 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (s, 1H), 5.08 (s, 1H), 5.05 (s, 1H), 3.70-3.60 (m, 2H), 3.46 (d, J = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 3.40-3.30 (m, 1H), 2.18-2.00 (m, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 380.12 (found) 381.4 (MH)+.

Scheme 40



Example 110

4-((1S,4S)-5-(3-cyanophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(249)**

Step 1: (1S,4S)-tert-butyl 5-(3-cyanophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate (245)

[0370] Using Procedure I-2 (Table 3) with (1R,4R)-tert-butyl 2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate and 3-bromobenzonitrile the title compound **245** was obtained (2.4 g, 79%) as an off-white paste. LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 299.16 (found) 300.3 $(MH)^+$.

Step 2: 3-((1S,4S)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzonitrile hydrochloride **(246)**

[0371] Using Procedure B-2 (Table 3) with compound **245** the title compound **246** was obtained (1.85 g, 98%) as a white solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 199.11 (found) 200.2 (MH)+.

Step 3: tert-butyl 4-((1S,4S)-5-(3-cyanophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzoate (247)

[0372] Using Procedure G-2 (Table 3) with compound **246** the title compound **247** was obtained (0.45 g, 33%) as a clear oil. LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 375.19 (found) 376.5 (MH)+.

[0373] ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 7.65 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (dd, J = 8.4, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (s, 1H), 6.96 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 4.75 (s, 2H), 3.59 (dt, J = 10, 2.5 Hz, 2H), 3.08 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.02 (d, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 2.08 (s, 2H), 1.48 (s, 9H).

Step 4: 4-((1S,4S)-5-(3-cyanophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzoic acid **(248)**

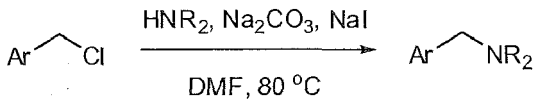
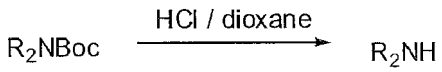
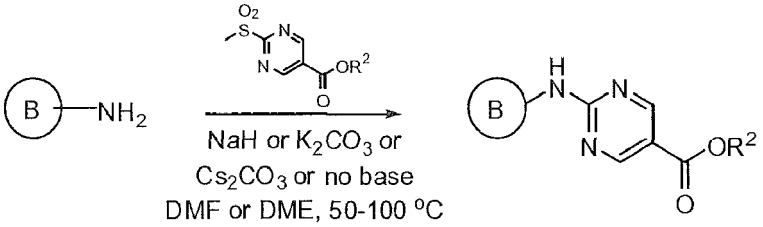
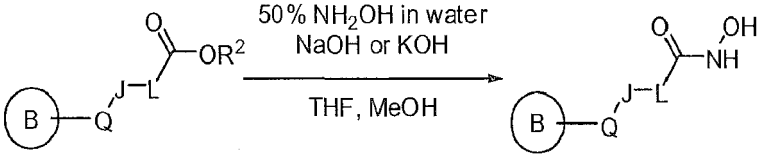
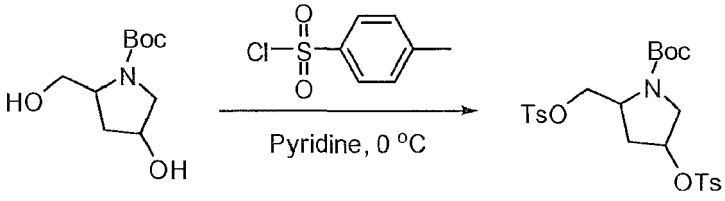
[0374] To a saturated mixture of HCl (gas) and nitromethane (25 mL) was added title compound **247** (0.85 g, 2.264 mmol). The clear solution was stirred 2h then concentrated. The beige residue was triturated with ether overnight and filtered to afford title compound **248** (315 mg, 39%) as a beige solid. LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 319.13 (found) 320.3 (MH)+.

Step 5: 4-((1S,4S)-5-(3-cyanophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(249)**

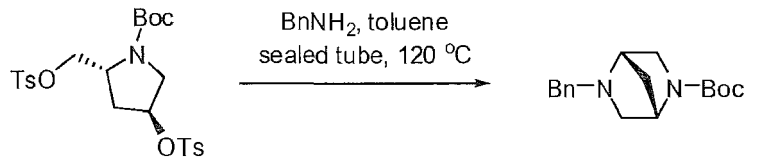
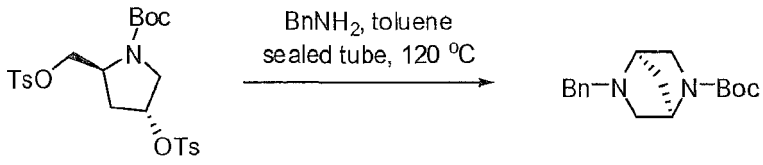
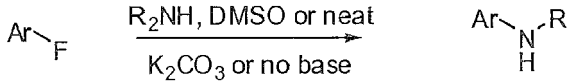
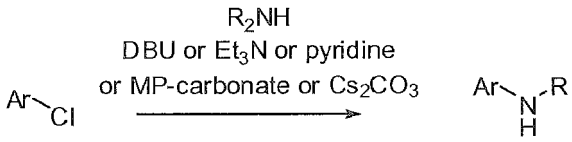
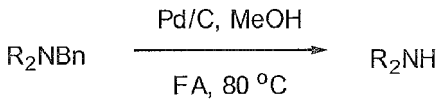
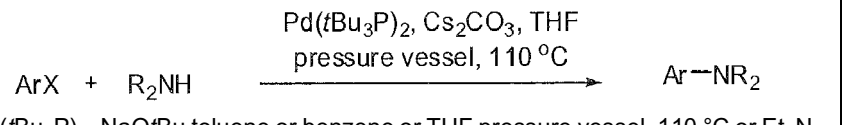
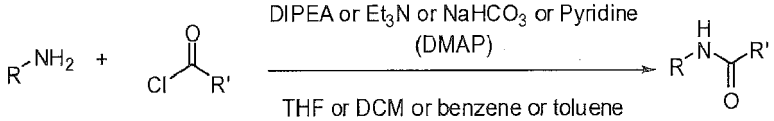
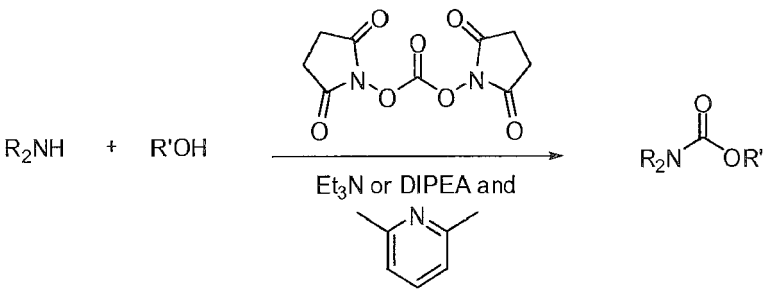
[0375] Title compound **248** (0.21 g, 0.590 mmol) and BOP (0.287 g, 0.649 mmol) were combined and pyridine (5.90 ml) was added. The mixture was stirred 15 min. Hydroxylamine hydrochloride (0.045 g, 0.649 mmol) was added and the mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. The mixture was concentrated, water and 3N HCl were added (to reach pH=5). This aqueous mixture was extracted twice with ethyl acetate. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over Na_2SO_4, filtered and concentrated. The residue was dissolved in THF (3mL) and MeOH (3mL), 4M KOH (0.3 ml) was added and the homogenous mixture was concentrated partially. The resulting aq. solution was diluted with water and 3N HCl (0.4 ml) was added. The precipitate was filtered, washed with water and ether and pumped on Hi-Vac overnight to afford title compound **249** (0.18 g, 91%) as a pink solid. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.81 (s, 1H), 8.70 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (s, 1H), 6.95 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 4.73 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 3.57 (d, J = 9.4 Hz, 2H), 3.03 (t, J = 10.1 Hz, 2H), 2.06 (s, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 334.1 (found) 333.4 (MH)-.

[0376] The general procedures **A-2** to **Q-2** used to synthesize compounds of this invention are described in the Table 3. A specific example of each general procedure is provided in the indicated step of a particular example. It is realized that substrates and methods may be modified and/or adapted by those of skill in the art in order to facilitate the synthesis of the compounds within the scope of the present invention.

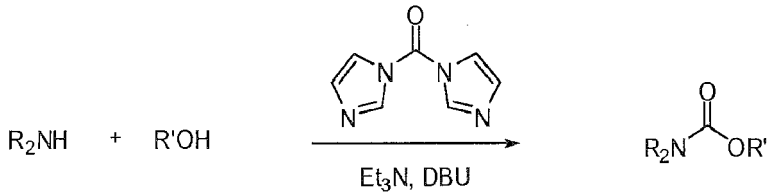
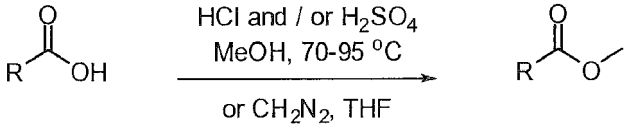
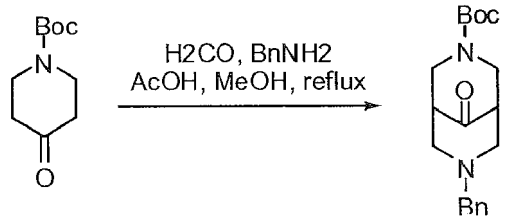
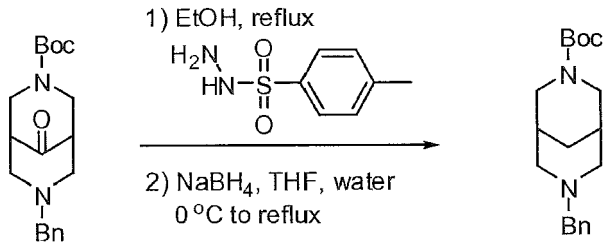
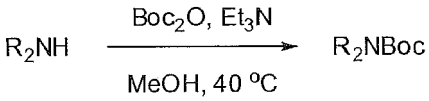
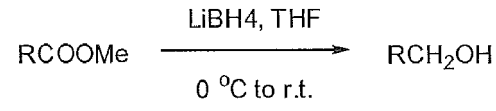
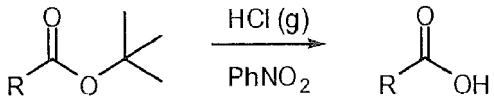
Table 3

Proc	Sc	Ex	Step	Reaction Conditions
A-2	30	100	1	
B-2	30	100	2	
C-2	30	100	3	
D-2	30	100	4	
E-2	31	101	1	

(continued)

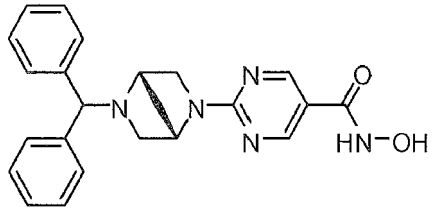
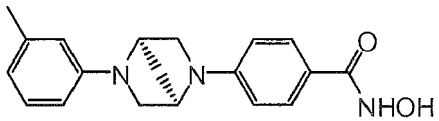
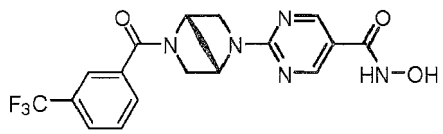
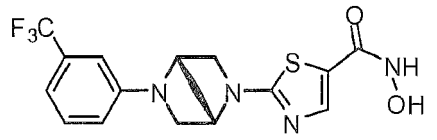
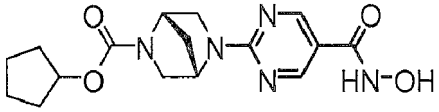
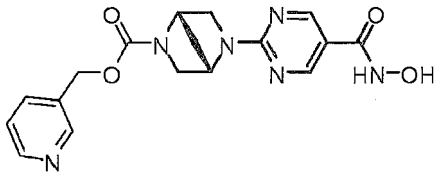
Proc	Sc	Ex	Step	Reaction Conditions
F-2	31	101	2	
				or
F-2	39	109	5	
G-2	31	101	4	
G-2	36	106	1	
H-2	31	101	5	
1-2	31	101	6	 or $Pd(tBu_3P)_2$, NaO*t*Bu toluene or benzene or THF pressure vessel, 110 °C or Et_3N, dioxane sonicator
J-2	32	102	3	
K-2	34	104	1	

(continued)

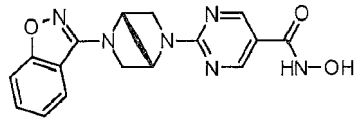
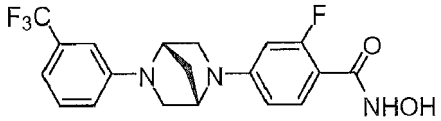
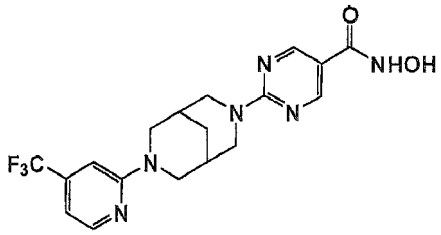
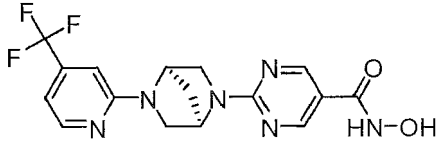
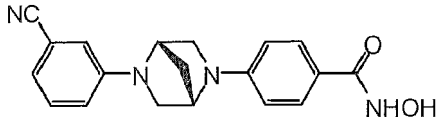
Proc	Sc	Ex	Step	Reaction Conditions
K-2	35	105	1	
L-2	37	107	2	
M-2	38	108	1	
N-2	38	108	2	
O-2	39	109	1	
P-2	39	109	3	
Q-2	40	110	4	

[0377] The examples described in Table 4 were prepared following the preparative sequences (general procedures A-1 to Q-2) as indicated in Table 3 or other preparative sequence(s) from Table 1 and/or Table 5.

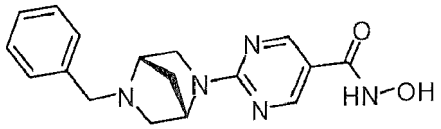
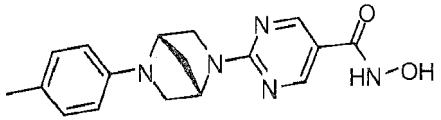
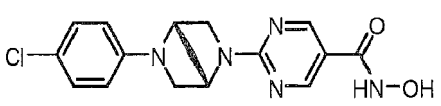
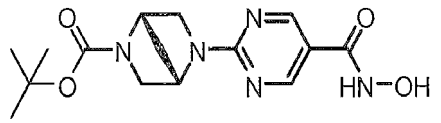
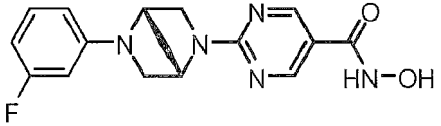
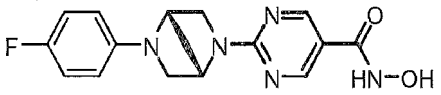
Table 4

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
100	**203**		2-((1S,4S)-5-benzhydryl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	^{1}HNMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 7.80 (dd, J = 8.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (ddd, J = 8.4, 6.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.46-7.41 (m, 3H), 7.38-7.30 (m, 3H), 3.62 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.06 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.61-1.51 (m, 4H), 1.44-1.28 (m, 4H). LRMS: (calc) 390.12 (found) 391.3 $(MH)^+$.
101	**210**		N-hydroxy-4-((1R,4R)-5-m-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide	(MeOH-d_4) δ (ppm): 7.55 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.99 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.57 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.43 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.42-6.35 (m, 2H), 4.61 (s, 1H), 4.55 (s, 1H), 3.60 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 3.23 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.08 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 2.18-2.03 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 324.4 (M+H).
102	**214**		N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(CD_3OD) d(ppm) 1H: 8.70 (bs, 1H), 8.64 (bs, 1H), 7.62-7.85 (m, 4H), 5.20 (s, 1H), 5.10 (m, 1H), 4.53 (s, 1H), 3.56-3.80 (m, 3H), 2.13 (m, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 407.1 (found) 406.3 (M)-
103	**218**		N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)-phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)thiazole-5-carboxamide	(CD_3OD) d(ppm) 1H: 7.66 (bs, 1H), 7.33 (t, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 6.82-6.91 (m, 3H), 4.76 (s, 1H), 4.74 (s, 1H),3.70 (dd, J = 9.2 Hz, 18 Hz, 2H), 3.40 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.19 (s, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 384.0 (found) 383.2 (M)-
104	**220**		(1 S,4S)-cyclopentyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.07 (s, 1H), 9.00 (s, 1H), 8.65 (s, 2H), 4.93 (m, 2H), 4.49 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.60-3.50 (m, 1H), 3.49-3.25 (m, 2H), 3.24-3.10 (m, 1H), 1.93 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 2H), 1.85-1.40 (m, 8H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 347.2 (found) 348.3 (MH)+.
105	**222**		(1S,4S)-pyridin-3-ylmethyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate	(MeOD-d4) d(ppm) 1H: 8.66 (s, 2H), 8.59 and 8.52 (2s, 1H), 8.50 and 8.46 (2d, J = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 7.90 and 7.82 (2d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.39 (m, 1H), 5.21 (s, 1H), 5.07 (s, 1H), 5.20-5.08 (m, 1H), 4.69 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 3.66-3.36 (m, 4H), 2.05-1.99 (m, 2H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 370.1 (found) 371.2 (MH)+

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
106	**224**		2-((1S,4S)-5-(benzo[d]isoxazol-3-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(CD_3OD) d(ppm) 1H: 8.66 (s, 1H), 8.59 (s, 1H), 7.82 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (s, 1H), 3.99 (d, J= 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.68 (m, 2H), 2.20 (dd, J = 10 Hz, 13.6 Hz, 2H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 352.13 (found) 351.0 (M)-
107	**227**		2-fluoro-N-hydroxy-4-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.47 (s, 1H), 8.91 (s, 1H), 7.37 (t, J= 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.88-6.81 (m, 2H), 6.78 (s, 2H), 6.44 (s, 1H), 6.41 (s, 1H), 4.74 (d, J = 13.7 Hz, 2H), 3.63-3.53 (m, 2H), 3.04 (d, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 3.01 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.05 (s, 2H). MS (m/z): 396.3 (M+H).
108	**234**		N-hydroxy-2-(7-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-3,7-diazabicyclo[3.3.1]nonan-3-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.82 (s, 1H), 8.88 (s, 1H), 8.36 (s, 2H), 8.01 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (s, 1H), 6.45 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (d, J = 23.3 Hz, 2H), 4.46 (d, J = 22.9 Hz, 2H), 3.14 (d, J = 23.3 Hz, 2H), 3.05 (d, J = 23.1 Hz, 2H), 2.07 (s, 2H), 2.00-1.90 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 409.6 (M+H).
109	**244**		N-hydroxy-2-((1R,4R)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.06 (s, 1H), 9.00 (s, 1H), 8.67 (s, 1H), 8.62 (s, 1H), 8.27 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (s, 1H), 5.08 (s, 1H), 5.05 (s, 1H), 3.70-3.60 (m, 2H), 3.46 (d, J = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 3.40-3.30 (m, 1H), 2.18-2.00 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 381.4 (M+H).
110	**249**		4-((1S,4S)-5-(3-cyanophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(dmso-d6) δ (ppm) 1H: 10.81 (s, 1H),8.70 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (s, 1H), 6.95 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 4.73 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 3.57 (d, J = 9.4 Hz, 2H), 3.03 (t, J = 10.1 Hz, 2H), 2.06 (s, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 334.1 (found) 333.4 (MH)-

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
111	**250**		2-((1S,4S)-5-benzyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(DMSO-d6) (ppm): 11.03 (s, 0.9H), 8.98 (s, 0.9H), 8.62 (d, J = 13.5Hz, 2H), 7.32-7.24 (m, 4H), 7.22-7.16 (m, 1H), 4.78 (s, 1H), 3.68 (s, 2H), 3.64 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 3.56 (s, 1H), 3.39-3.32 (m, 1H), 2.89-2.80 (m, 1H), 2.44 (d, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 1.92 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 1.77 (d, J = 9.4Hz, 1H). LRMS: (calc.) 325.15 (found) 326.4 $(MH)^+$.
112	**251**		N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-p-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 11.0 (br s, 0.5H), 9.0 (br s, 0.4H), 8.62 (s, 1H), 8.56 (s, 1H), 6.92 (d, J = 8.2Hz, 2H), 6.48 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.97 (s, 1H), 4.56 (s, 1H), 3.55-3.51 (m, 1H), 3.51-3.45 (m, 2H), 2.90 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 2.03 (m, 2H), LRMS: (calc.) 325.2 (found) 324.3 $(MH)^+$.
113	**252**		2-((1S,4S)-5-(4-chlorophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 11.03 (s, 1H), 8.99 (s, 1H), 8.63 (s, 1H), 8.58 (s, 1H), 7.12 (dd, J = 7.0, 2.2 Hz, 2H), 6.60 (dd, J = 8.1, 3.3 Hz, 2H), 5.00 (s, 1H), 4.62 (s, 1H), 3.62 (dd, J = 9.0, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 3.55 (dd, J = 10.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 3.46 (d, J = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 2.95 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 2.05 (s, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 345.1 (found) 346.1 (MH)+
114	**253**		(1S,4S)-tert-butyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate	(DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 11.09 (s, 1H), 9.03 (s, 1H), 8.64 (s, 2H), 4.91 (s, 1H), 4.45 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 3.60-3.30 (m, 3H), 3.14 (d, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 1.93 (s, 1H), 1.90 (s, 1H), 1.38 (s, 5H), 1.33 (s, 4H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 335.16 (found) 336.3 (MH)+
115	**254**		2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-fluorophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(DMSO-*d6*) δ (ppm): 11.03 (s, 1H), 8.98 (s, 1H), 8.64 (s, 1H), 8.59 (s, 1H), 7.20-7.07 (m, 1H), 6.45-6.31 (m, 3H), 5.01 (s, 1H), 4.65 (s, 1H), 3.63-3.61 (m, 1H), 3.58-3.54 (m, 1H), 3.7 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 2.99 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.05 (s, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 329.13 (found) 330.2 (MH)+
116	**255**		2-((1S,4S)-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(DMSO-*d6*) δ (ppm): 11.02 (s, 1H), 8.98 (s, 1H), 8.63 (s, 1H), 8.57 (s, 1H), 6.96 (t, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 6.62-6.55 (m, 2H), 4.99 (s, 1H), 4.59 (s, 1H), 3.63 (dd, J = 8.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 3.56-3.53 (m, 1H), 3.47 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 2.92 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 2.05 (s, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 329.1 (found) 330.2 (MH)+

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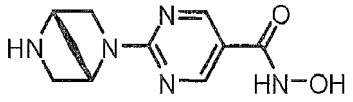
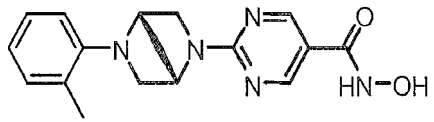
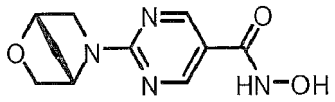
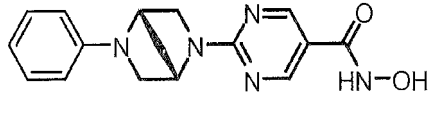
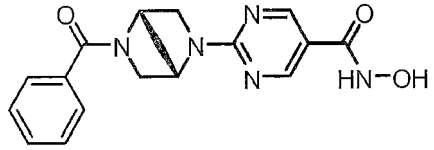
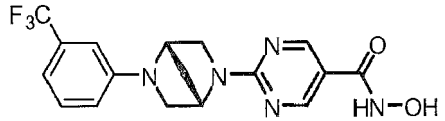
Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
117	**256**		2-((1S,4S)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 11.17 (br s, 0.5H), 9.79 (s, 1H), 9.19 (s, 1H), 8.71 (s, 2H), 5.00 (s, 1H), 4.64 (s, 1H), 3.79 (d, J= 11.7 Hz, 1H), 3.58 (d, J= 11.5 Hz, 1H), 3.38-3.22 (m, 1H), 3.20-3.10 (m, 1H), 2.11 (d, J= 10.6 Hz, 1H), 1.93 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 235.1 (found) 236.1 (MH)+
118	**257**		N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-o-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(DMSO-*d6*) δ (ppm): 11.02 (s, 1H), 8.97 (s, 1H), 8.61 (d, J = 4.7 Hz, 2H), 7.05-6.98 (m, 2H), 6.82 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 4.96 (s, 1H), 4.34 (s, 1H), 3.73 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 3.67-3.61 (m, 1H), 3.60-3.54 (m, 1H), 3.03 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 2.06-1.96 (m, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 326.15 (found) 326.3 (MH)+
119	**258**		2-((1S,4S)-2-oxa-5-azabicyclo[2.2.1] heptan-5-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(DMSO-*d6*) δ (ppm): 11.06 (s, 1H), 8.99 (s, 1H), 8.64 (s, 2H), 4.98 (s, 1H), 4.67 (s, 1H), 3.80-3.76 (d, 1H), 3.63 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.51-3.46 (m, 1H), 3.39 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 1.92 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 1.86 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 236.1 (found) 237.1 (MH)+
120	**259**		N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-phenyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(*DMSO-d6*) δ (ppm): 11.01 (s, 1H), 8.97 (s, 1H), 8.63 (s, 1H), 8.57 (s, 1H), 7.12 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.62-6.54 (m, 3H), 5.00 (s, 1H), 4.62 (s, 1H), 3.63 (dd, J = 8.9, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 3.58-3.53 (m, 1H), 3.49 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 2.97 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 2.05 (s, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 311.14 (found) 312.3 (MH)+
121	**260**		2-((1S,4S)-5-benzoyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(MeOD-*d4*) δ (ppm): 8.69-8.62 (m, 2H), 7.52-7.40 (m, 5H), 5.17 (s,0.5H), 5.05 (s, 0.5H), 4.57 (s, 0.5H), 3.79-3.74 (m, 3H), 3.64 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 0.5H) 3.55 (d, J = 11.35 Hz, 0.5H), 3.35-3.30 (m, 0.5H), 2.15-2.04 (m, 2H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 339.1 (found) 338.3 (M-)
122	**261**		N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(DMSO-*d6*) δ (ppm): 11.0 (bs, 1H), 8.98 (bs, 1H), 8.63 (s, 1H), 8.58 (s, 1H), 7.31 (t, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (s, 1H), 6.86 (s, 1H), 6.81 (s, 1H), 5.03 (s, 1H), 4.76 (s, 1H), 3.69 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.60 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.45 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.03 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.07 (s, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 379.1 (found) 378.2 (M)-

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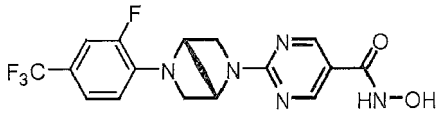
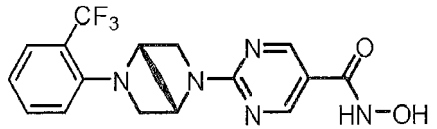
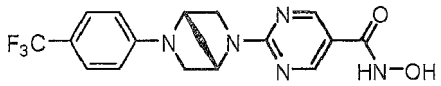
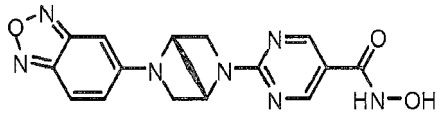
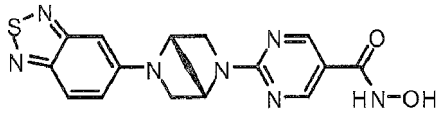
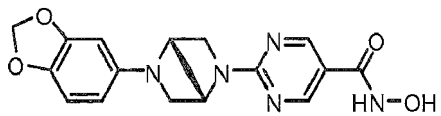
Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
123	**262**		2-((1S,4S)-5-(2-fluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(DMSO-*d6*) δ (ppm): 11.0 (bs, 1H), 8.98 (bs, 1H), 8.63 (s, 1H), 8.60 (s, 1H), 7.42 (d, J = 14 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (t, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.00 (s, 1H), 4.72 (s, 1H), 3.84 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 3.60 (s, 2H), 3.20 (m, 2H), 2.06 (s, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 397.1 (found) 396.2 (M)-
124	**263**		N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(DMSO-*d6*) δ (ppm): 11.0 (bs, 1H), 8.97 (bs, 1H), 8.62 (s, 2H), 7.53 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.00 (s, 1H), 4.48 (s, 1H), 3.71 (m, 2H), 3.61 (m, 1H), 3.07 (d, J= 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.05 (s, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 379.1 (found) 378.1 (M)-
125	**264**		N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 11.0 (bs, 1H), 8.98 (bs, 1H), 8.64 (s, 1H), 8.59 (s, 1H), 7.42 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.72 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.04 (s, 1H), 4.75 (s, 1H), 3.66 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.59 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1H), 3.46 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1H), 3.08 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.06 (s, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 379.1 (found) 378.1 (M)-
126	**265**		2-((1S,4S)-5-(benzo[c][1,2,5]oxadiazol-5-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(DMSO-*d6*) δ (ppm): 11.0 (bs, 1H), 8.98 (bs, 1H), 8.65 (s, 1H), 8.60 (s, 1H), 7.82 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (bs, 1H), 6.46 (bs, 1H), 5.08 (s, 1H), 4.94 (bs, 1H), 3.73-3.54 (m, 2H), 2.11 (m,2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 353.1 (found) 352.2 (M)-
127	**266**		2-((1S,4S)-5-(benzo[c][1,2,5]thiadiazol-5-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 11.0 (bs, 1H), 8.98 (bs, 1H), 8.65 (s, 1H), 8.58 (s, 1H), 7.82 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (bs, 1H), 6.82 (s, 1H), 5.08 (s, 1H), 4.91 (s, 1H), 3.76 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 3.65 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.55 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 2.12 (s, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 369.1 (found) 368.2 (M)-
128	**267**		2-((1S,4S)-5-(benzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 11.0 (bs, 1H), 8.9 (bs, 1H), 8.62 (s, 1H), 8.57 (s, 1H), 6.69 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 5.96 (dd, J = 2.4 Hz, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.83 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.95 (s, 1H), 4.52 (s, 1H) 3.59 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.50 (s, 2H), 2.88 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.02 (s, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 355.1 (found) 353.9 (M)-

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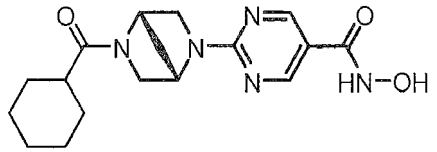
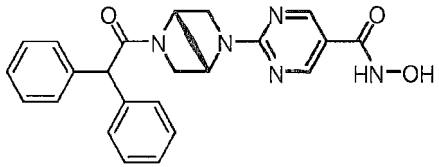
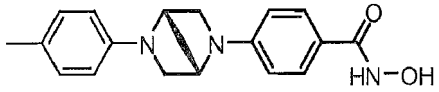
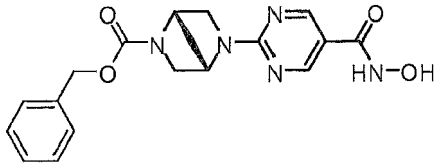
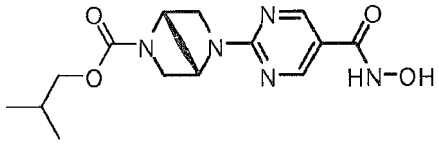
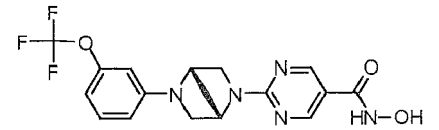
Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
129	**268**		2-((1S,4S)-5-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(MeOD-*d4*) δ (ppm): 8.67 (s, 2H), 5.12 (d, J=18.0Hz, 1H), 3.72 (d, J=10.2Hz, 1H), 3.63 (dd, J=10.8, 1.9Hz, 0.5H), 3.58-3.48 (m, 2H), 3.37 (d, J=11.3Hz, 0.5H), 2.64-2.58 (m, 0.5H), 2.33-2.30 (m, 0.5H), 2.12-1.97 (m, 2H), 1.82-1.66 (m, 5H), 1.57-1.19 (m, 6H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 345.2 (found) 344.3 (M-)
130	**269**		2-((1S,4S)-5-(2,2-diphenylacetyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 11.00 (s, 1H), 9.02 (m, 1H), 8.62 (s, 1H), 8.59 (s, 0.5H), 8.51(s, 0.5H), 7.34-7.14 (m, 7H), 7.13-7.06 (m, 2.5H), 7.02-6.97 (m, 0.5H), 5.51 (s, 0.5H), 5.06 (s, 0.5H), 4.93 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.60-3.10 (m, 4H), 1.95 and 1.85 (AB d, J = 10.0 Hz, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 429.2 (found) 430.3 (MH)+
131	**270**		N-hydroxy-4-((1S,4S)-5-p-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide	(DMSO-*d6*) δ (ppm): 10.79 (s, 1H), 8.70 (s, 1H), 7.53 (d ,J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.90 (d ,J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.54 (d ,J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.45 (d ,J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.64 (s, 1H), 4.54 (s, 1H), 3.54 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 3.04 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.89 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 2.07-1.99 (m, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 323.2 (found) 324.3 (MH)+
132	**271**		(1S,4S)-benzyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo [2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate	(dmso-d6) d(ppm) 1H: 11.10 (s, 1H), 8.99 (s, 1H), 8.65 (s, 2H), 7.39-7.22 (m, 5H), 5.10-5.00 (m, 2H), 4.94 (s, 1H), 4.57 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 3.60-3.30 (m, 4H), 2.0-1.80 (m, 2H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 369.1 (found) 370.3 (MH)+
133	**272**		(1S,4S)-isobutyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate	(dmso-d6) d(ppm) 1H: 11.07 (s, 1H), 9.01 (s, 1H), 8.65 (s, 2H), 5.00-4.90 (m, 1H), 4.53 (s, 1H), 3.82-3.70 (s, 2H), 3.56 (t, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 3.50-3.39 (m, 2H), 3.50-3.30 (m, 1H), 1.96 (s, 1H), 1.93 (s, 1H), 1.91-1.70 (m, 1H), 0.88 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.79 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 335.2 (found) 336.3 (MH)+
134	**273**		N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-diazabicyclo[2.2.1] heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(CD_3OD) d(ppm) 1H: 8.65 (s, 1H), 8.59 (s, 1H), 7.20 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (s, 1H), 5.14 (s, 1H), 4.64 (s, 1H), 3.63-3.70 (m, 3H), 3.12 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.14 (dd, J = 10Hz, 13.2 Hz, 2H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 395.12 (found) 394.17 (M)-

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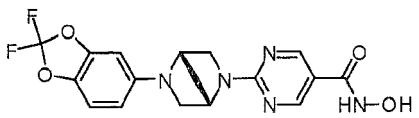
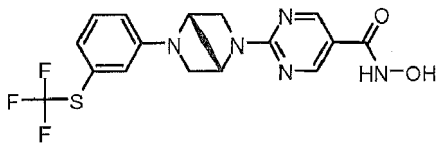
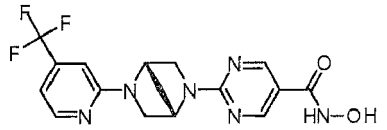
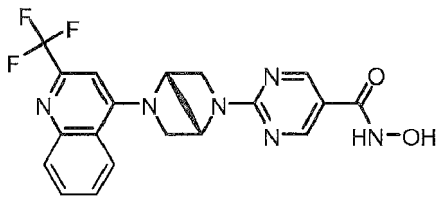
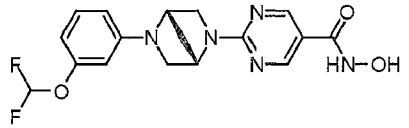
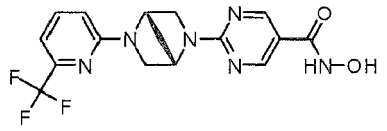
Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
135	**274**		2-((1S,4S)-5-(2,2-difluorobenzo[d][1,3] dioxol-5-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1] heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(CD_3OD) d(ppm) 1H: 8.65 (s, 1H), 8.59 (s, 1H), 6.96 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (s, 1H), 6.30 (d, J= 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (s, 1H), 4.59 (s, 1H), 3.70 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (s, 2H), 3.07 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.14 (dd, J = 9.2 Hz, 17.2 Hz, 2H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 391.1 (found) 390.1 (M)-
136	**275**		N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethylthio)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(CD_3OD) d(ppm) 1H: 8.65 (s, 1H), 8.58 (s, 1H), 7.24 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (s, 1H), 6.78 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (s, 1H), 4.67 (s, 1H), 3.60-3.72 (m, 3H), 3.13 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.14 (dd, J = 10Hz, 13.2 Hz, 2H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 411.1 (found) 410.2 (M)-
137	**276**		N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(CD_3OD) d(ppm) 1H: 8.66 (s, 1H), 8.61 (s, 1H), 8.22 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (s, 1H), 5.20 (s, 1H), 5.05 (s, 1H), 3.72 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 2H), 3.60 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.41 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 2.15 (s, 2H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 380.1 (found) 379.2 (M)-
138	**277**		N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(2-(trifluoromethyl)quinolin-4-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(CD_3OD) d(ppm) 1H: 8.63 (bs, 2H), 8.23 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (s, 1H), 5.23 (s, 1H), 5.04 (s, 1H), 4.42 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (d, J= 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (d, J=10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.65 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.28 (dd, J = 10 Hz, 22 Hz, 2H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 430.14 (found) 429.15 (M)-
139	**278**		2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(difluoromethoxy)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(CD_3OD) d(ppm) 1H: 8.65 (s, 1H), 8.58 (s, 1H), 7.14 (t, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (t, J = 74.5 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 6.33 (s, 1H), 5.13 (s, 1H), 4.62 (s, 1H), 3.69 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (s, 2H), 3.12 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.12 (dd, J = 10 Hz, 14 Hz, 2H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 377.13 (found) 376.24 (M)-
140	**279**		N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(CD_3OD) d(ppm) 1H: 8.66 (s, 1H), 8.60 (s, 1H), 7.62 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (s, 1H), 5.05 (s, 1H), 3.69 (m, 2H), 3.60 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.40 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 2.13 (s, 2H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 380.12 (found) 379.24 (M)-

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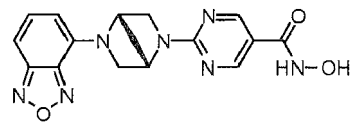
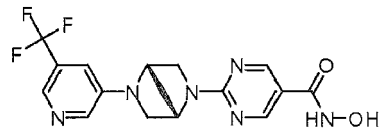
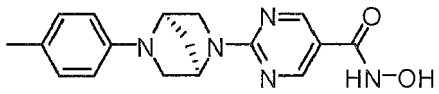
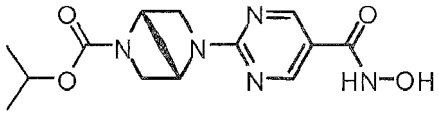
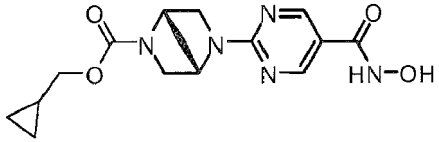
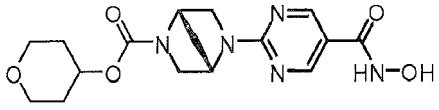
Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
141	**280**		2-((1S,4S)-5-(benzo[c][1,2,5]oxadiazol-4-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(CD_3OD) d(ppm) 1H: 8.67 (s, 1H), 8.59 (s, 1H), 7.28 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.13 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.45 (s, 1H), 5.23 (s, 1H), 3.95 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (dd, J = 10.8 Hz, 23 Hz, 2H), 3.51 (d, J = 10 Hz, 1H), 2.23 (q, J = 11.2 Hz, 2H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 353.1 (found) 352.0 (M)-
142	**281**		N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(CD_3OD) d(ppm) 1H: 8.66 (s, 1H), 8.60 (s, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.26 (s, 1H), 5.21 (s, 1H), 4.83 (s, 1H), 3.76 (m, 2H), 3.60 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.25 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.18 (s, 2H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 380.1 (found) 379.0 (M)-
143	**282**		N-hydroxy-2-((1R,4R)-5-p-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(dmso-d6) d(ppm) 1H: 11.02 (s, 1H), 9.00 (s, 1H), 8.62 (s, 1H), 8.57 (s, 1H), 6.94 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.49 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 4.97 (s, 1H), 4.56 (s, 1H), 3.61 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 3.53 and 3.48 (ab d, J = 10.7 Hz, 2H), 2.90 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 2.13 (s, 3H), 2.10-2.00 (m, 2H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 325.2 (found) 326.2 (MH)+
144	**283**		(1S,4S)-isopropyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate	(dmso-d6) d(ppm) 1H: 11.06 (s, 1H), 9.00 (s, 1H), 8.65 (s, 2H), 4.93 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.80-4.68 (m, 1H), 4.50 (d, J = 14.3 Hz, 1H), 3.60-3.50 (in, 1H), 3.45-3.38 (m, 2H), 3.22-3.15 (m, 1H), 1.95 (s, 1H), 1.92 (s, 1H), 1.22-1.08 (m, 6H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 321.1 (found) 322.2 (MH)+
145	**284**		(1S,4S)-cyclopropylmethyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo [2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate	(dmso-d6) d(ppm) 1H: 11.07 (s, 1H), 9.01 (s, 1H), 8.66 (s, 2H), 4.95 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 4.53 (s, 1H), 3.90-3.70 (m, 2H), 3.56 (t, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.50-3.40 (m, 2H), 3.21 (t, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 1.97 (s, 1H), 1.94 (s, 1H), 1.15-0.95 (m, 1H), 0.55-0.49 (m, 2H), 0.48-0.46 (m, 2H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 333.1 (found) 334.2 (MH)+
146	**285**		(1S,4S)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo [2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate	(dmso-d6) d(ppm) 1H: 11.07 (s, 1H), 9.01 (s, 1H), 8.65 (s, 2H), 4.94 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.78-4.65 (m, 1H), 4.54 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 3.82-363 (m, 2H), 3.56 (t, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.50-3.35 (m, 4H), 3.26-3.15 (m, 1H), 1.95 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 2H), 1.90-1.70 (m, 2H), 1.60-1.40 (m, 2H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 363.2 (found) 364.2(MH)+

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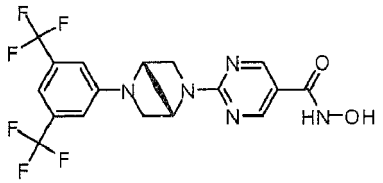
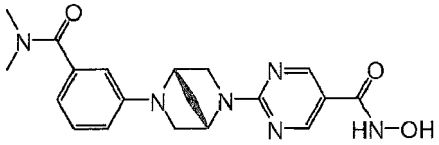
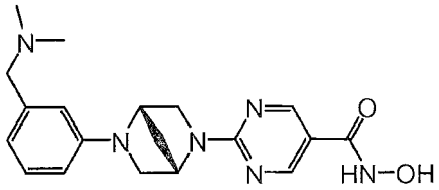
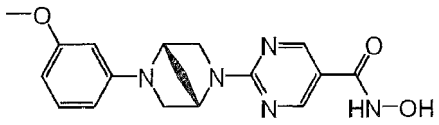
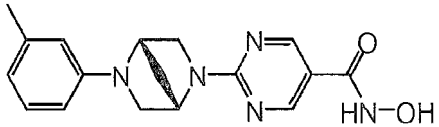
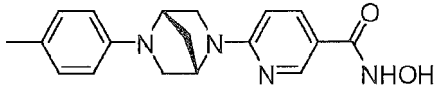
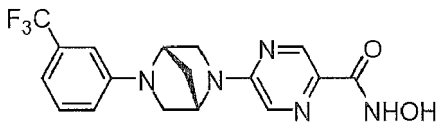
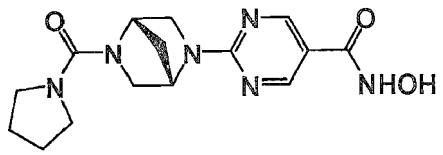
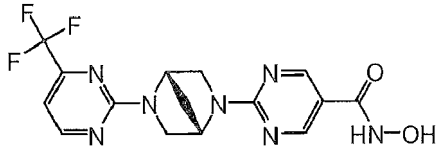
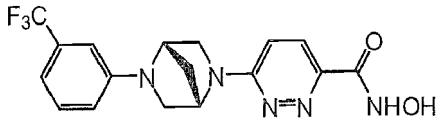
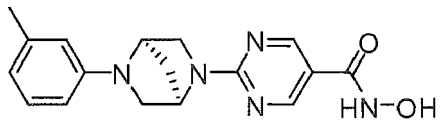
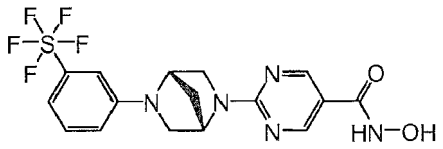
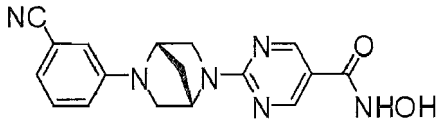
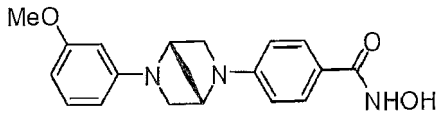
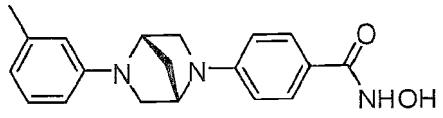
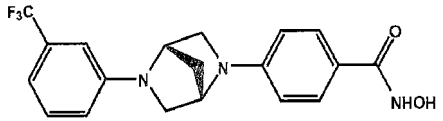
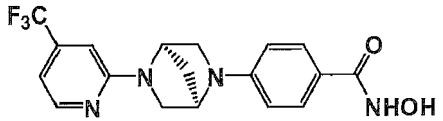
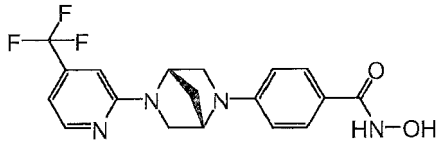
Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
147	**286**		2-((1S,4S)-5-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(CD3OD) d(ppm) 1H: 8.66 (s, 1H), 8.60 (s, 1H), 7.06 (m, 3H), 5.20 (s, 1H), 4.82 (s, 1H), 3.75 (m, 2H), 3.60 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.21 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.17 (m, 2H) LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 447.11 (found) 446.45 (M)-
148	**287**		2-((1S, 4S)-5-(3-(dimethylcarbamoyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(CD3OD) d(ppm) 1H: 8.64 (s, 1H), 8.57 (s, 1H), 7.22 (t, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (m, 3H), 5.12 (s, 1H), 4.65 (s, 1H), 3.70 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (s, 2H), 3.12 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.06 (s, 3H), 2.96 (s, 3H), 2.13 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 381.0 (M-H).
149	**288**		2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-((dimethylamino)methyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(CD3OD) d(ppm) 1H: 8.64 (s, 1H), 8.57 (s, 1H), 7.24 (t, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (m, 3H), 5.13 (s, 1H), 4.65 (s, 1H), 4.15 (s, 2H), 3.70 (d, J= 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (s, 2H), 3.12 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.72 (s, 6H), 2.13 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 369.5 (M+H)
150	**289**		N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1] heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(CD3OD) d(ppm) 1H: 8.64 (s, 1H), 8.57 (s, 1H), 7.04 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H-artifact from sovent), 6.22 (m, 2H), 6.13 (s, 1H), 5.10 (s, 1H), 4.59 (s, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.66 (m, 3H), 3.09 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 2.12 (dd, J = 9.6 Hz, 18.4 Hz, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 341.15 (found) 340.28 (M)-
151	**290**		N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-m-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(CD3OD) d(ppm) 1H: 8.64 (s, 1H), 8.57 (s, 1H), 7.02 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H-artifact from solvent), 6.42 (m, 3H), 5.10 (s, 1H), 4.59 (s, 1H), 3.66 (m, 3H), 3.09 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 2.24 (s, 3H), 2.12 (dd, J = 9.6 Hz, 27.2 Hz, 2H). MS (m/z): 324.3 (M-H)
152	**291**		N-hydroxy-6-((IS,4S)-5-p-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)nicotinamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.87 (s, 1H), 8.82 (s, 1H), 8.40 (s, 1H), 7.75 (dd, J = 9.0, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.47 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.90 (s, 1H), 4.56 (s, 1H), 3.58 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.49 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 3.4-3.2 (m, 1H), 2.88 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 2.10-2.00 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 323.4 (M-H)

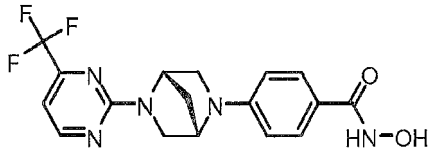
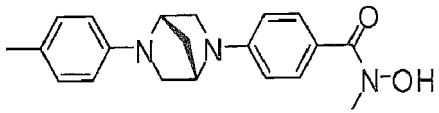
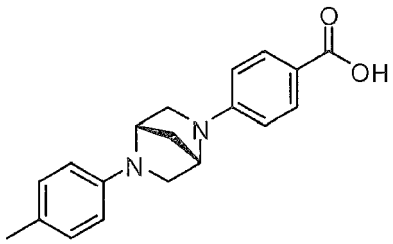
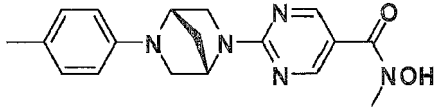
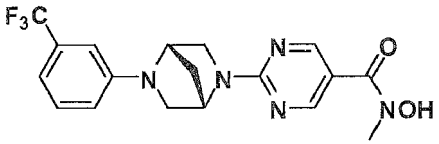
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
153	**292**		N-hydroxy-5-((lS,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrazine-2-carboxamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.99 (s, 1H), 8.87 (s, 1H), 8.48 (s, 1H), 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.32 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.82 (s, 1 H), 5.10 (s, 1H), 4.83 (s, 1H), 3.70-3.59 (m, 2H), 3.44 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 3.08 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.13-2.02 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 380.3 (M+H)
154	**293**		N-hydroxy-2-((lS,4S)-5-(pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.06 (s, 1H), 8.99 (s, 1H), 8.64 (s, 2H), 4.91 (s, 1H), 4.40 (s, 1H), 3.67 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 3.57-3.47 (m, 2H), 3.30-3.19 (m, 2H), 3.17-3.09 (m, 3H), 1.87 (q, J = 9.7 Hz, 2H), 1.80-1.59 (m, 4H). MS (m/z): 333.4 (M+H).
155	**294**		N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(CD3OD) d(ppm) 1H: 8.87 (s, 1H), 8.62 (s, 1H), 8.54 (s, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (s, 1H), 5.16 (s, 1H), 3.72 (m, 2H), 3.60 (m, 2H), 2.15 (s, 2H). MS (m/z): 380.35 (M-H).
156	**295**		N-hydroxy-6-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyridazine-3-carboxamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.34 (s, 1H), 8.98 (s, 1H), 7.71 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (br s, 1H), 6.87 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 6.82 (s, 1H), 5.10 (br s, 1H), 4.83 (s, 1H), 3.72-3.60 (m, 2H), 3.44 (br s, 1H), 3.07 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.15-2.05 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 380.4 (M+H).
157	**296**		N-hydroxy-2-((1R,4R)-5-m-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2. 1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.01 (s, 1H), 8.98 (s, 1H), 8.63 (s, 1H), 8.62 (s, 1H), 7.02-6.90(m, 1H), 6.43-6.35 (m, 3H), 4.98 (s, 1H), 4.59 (s, 1H), 3.62 (dd, J = 8.9 and 1.6 Hz, 1H), 3.60-3.44(m, 2H), 2.94 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 2.04 (s, 2H). MS (m/z): 326.4 (M+H).
158	**297**			(CD3OD) δ (ppm): 8.66 (s, 1H), 8.59 (s, 1H), 7.31 (t, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J = 8Hz, 1H), 6.94 (s, 1H), 6.84 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (s, 1H), 4.70 (s, 1H), 3.73 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (q, J = 10.8 Hz, 2H), 3.14 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.17 (q, J = 10 Hz, 2H). MS (m/z): 436.4 (M-H).

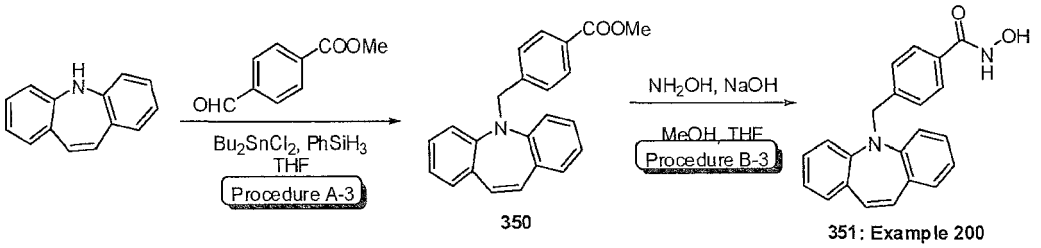
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
159	**298**		2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-cyanophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2. 1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.04 (s, 1H), 9.00 (s, 1H), 8.64 (s, 1H), 8.59 (s, 1H), 7.29 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (s, 1H), 6.97 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.04 (s, 1H), 4.74 (s, 1H), 3.64 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.57 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.45 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 3.04 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.10-2.00 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 337.4 (M+H).
160	**299**		N-hydroxy-4-((1S,4S)-5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1] heptan-2-yl)benzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.19 (s, 1H), 10.79 (s, 1H), 7.54 (d, J= 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.18-6.11 (m, 2H), 6.08-6.04 (m, 1H), 4.65 (s, 1H), 4.58 (s, 1H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 3.54 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 3.06 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.95 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 2.07-1.98 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 340.5 (M+H).
161	**300**		N-hydroxy-4-((1S,4S)-5-m-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.79 (s, 1H), 8.70 (s, 1H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.41-6.33 (m, 3H), 4.65 (s, 1H), 4.57 (s, 1H), 3.55 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.05 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 2.93 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 2.07-1.98 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 324.4 (M+H).
162	**301**		N-hydroxy-4-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.80 (s, 1H), 8.70 (s, 1H), 7.55 (d ,J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (t ,J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d , J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 6.78 (s, 1H), 6.58 (d,J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 4.75 (s, 1H), 4.72 (s, 1H), 3.60 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 3.03 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 2H), 2.06 (s, 2H). MS (m/z): 378.5 (M+H).
163	**302**		N-hydroxy-4-((1R,4R)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2. 1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide	(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.83 (s, 1H), 8.73 (s, 1H), 8.24 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.78 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 6.60 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.02 (s, 1H), 4.75 (s, 1H), 3.63 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.59 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.40-3.30 (m, 1H), 3.05 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.06 (s, 2H). MS (m/z): 379.5 (M+H).
164	**303**		N-hydroxy-4-((1S,4S)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide	(dmso-d6) δ (ppm) 1H: 10.83 (s, 1H), 8.73 (s, 1H), 8.24 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.78 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 6.60 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.02 (s, 1H), 4.75 (s, 1H), 3.63 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.59 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.40-3.30 (m, 1H), 3.05 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.06 (s, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 378.13 (found) 379.1 (MH)+

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
165	**304**		N-hydroxy-4-((1S,4S)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide	^{1}H NMR(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.83 (s, 1H), 8.71 (s, 1H), 8.63 (dd, J = 25.5, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.99 (d, J = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.05 (s, 0.5H), 4.97 (s, 0.5H), 4.74 (s, 1H), 3.68 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.59 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.52-3.35 (m, 1H), 3.15-3.05 (m, 1H), 2.15-2.05 (m, 2H).
166	**305**		N-hydroxy-N-methyl-4-((1S,4S)-5-p-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO -d_6) δ (ppm): 9.77 (s, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.91 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.52 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.47 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.64 (s, 1H), 4.55 (s, 1H), 3.55 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.18 (s, 3H), 3.06 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 2.92 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.13 (s, 3H), 2.08-2.00 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 338.4 (M+H).
167	**306**		4-((1S,4S)-5-p-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzoic acid	^{1}H NMR (DMSO -d_6) δ (ppm): 7.65 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 2H), 6.90 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.54 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.45 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.66 (s, 1H), 4.55 (s, 1H), 3.54 (t, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 3.07 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.90 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 2.04-1.98 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 304.4 (M+H)
168	**307**		N-hydroxy-N-methyl-2-((1S,4S)-5-p-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(DMSO) □ (ppm) 1H: 10.18 (s, 1H), 8.68 (s, 1H), 8.62 (s, 1H), 6.95 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.52 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 5.00 (s, 1H), 4.59 (s, 1H), 3.64 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.60-3.47 (m, 2H), 3.21 (s, 3H), 2.94 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 2.12-2.03 (m, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 339.2 (found) 340.4 (MH)+
169	**308**		N-hydroxy-N-methyl-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	(MeOD) □ (ppm) 1H: 8.76 (s, 1H), 8.70 (s, 1H), 7.31 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (s, 1H), 5.15 (s, 1H), 4.70 (s, 1H), 3.72 (dd, J = 9.0 and 1.6 Hz, 1H), 3.70-3.49 (m, 2H), 3.31 (s, 3H), 3.14 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 2.21-2.10 (m, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 393.1 (found) 394.4 (MH)+

Scheme 50



Example 200

(Z)-4-((5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(351)**

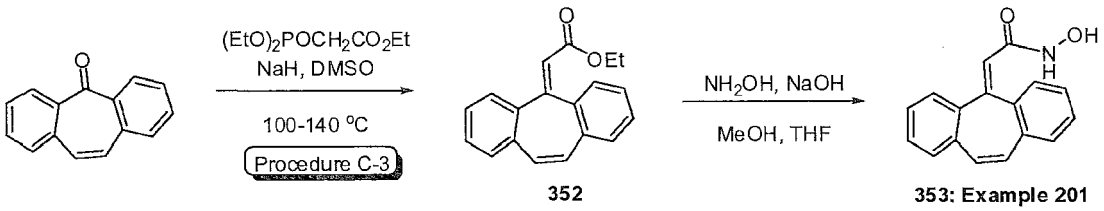
Step 1: (Z)-methyl 4-((5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)methyl)benzoate **(350)**

[0378] (Z)-5H-Dibenzo[b,f]azepine (100 mg, 0.52 mmol), dibutyltin dichloride (54 mg, 0.16 mmol) and methyl 4-formylbenzoate (260 mg, 1.60 mmol) were stirred in THF (2 mL) for 30 minutes. Phenylsilane was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 3 days. The solvent was evaporated and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (0 % to 40% EtOAc in hexanes). The fractions containing some product were washed with $Na_2S_2O_4$. The layers were split and the organic layer was evaporated to afford title compound **350** (147 mg, 83%) as a yellow solid.

Step 2: (Z)-4-((5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(351)**

[0379] Title compound **350** (147 mg, 0.43 mmol), hydroxylamine (50% in water, 6 mL) and sodium hydroxide (138 mg, 3.40 mmol) were stirred in methanol (3 mL) and THF (3 mL) at room temperature overnight. The organic solvent was evaporated and the precipitate was filtered off and washed with a little bit of cold methanol to afford title compound **351** (39 mg, 26%) as a yellow solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 11.06(s, 1H), 8.96(s, 1H), 7.57(d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.47(d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.21(td, J = 1.6 and 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.18-7.13(m, 2H), 7.10(dd, J = 1.6 and 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.6(td, J = 1.2 and 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.85(s, 2H), 5.00(s, 2H). LRMS: 342.1 (calc) 343.2 (found)

Scheme 51



Example 201

Compound **(353)**

Step 1: Compound **(352)**

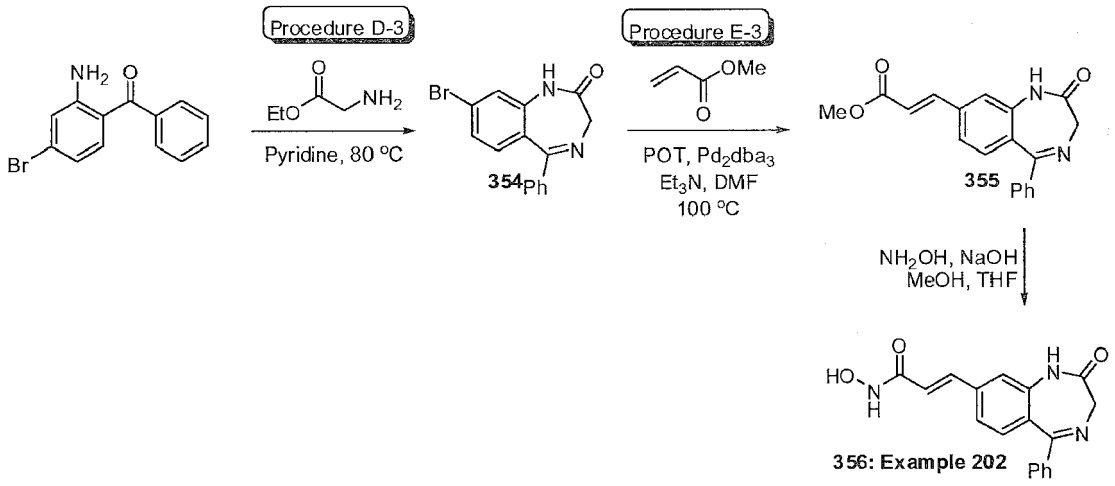
[0380] To a suspension of sodium hydride (0.55 g, 14.0 mmol, 60% in oil, washed with hexanes) in DMSO (20 mL) was added a solution of ethyl 2-(diethoxyphosphoryl)acetate (2.8 mL, 14.0 mmol) in DMSO (5 mL). The mixture was stirred for 30 minutes. A solution of the ketone (2.5 g, 12.1 mmol) in DMSO (20 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 30 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled down to room temperature and poored into an ice-water mixture and stirred vigorously for 1 hour. The precipitate was then filtered and dried to afford title compound **352** (2.75 g, 82% crude yield) as a beige solid. MS (m/z): 277.0 (M+H).

Step 2: Compound **(353)**

[0381] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **352** the title compound **353** was obtained (220 mg, 75%) as a

yellow solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.7-10.4 (1H, br s), 8.9-8.7 (1H, br s), 7.44-7.25 (8H, m), 6.99 and 6.91 (2H, AB doublet, J= 12.1 Hz), 5.75 (1H, s). MS (m/z): 264.0 (M+H).

Scheme 52



Example 202

(E)-N-hydroxy-3-((Z)-2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-8-yl)acrylamide **(356)**

Step 1: (Z)-8-bromo-5-phenyl-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-2(3H)-one **(354)**

[0382] (2-Amino-4-bromophenyl)(phenyl)methanone (1.75 g, 10 mmol),ethyl 2-aminoacetate (2.23 g, 16 mmol) and pyridine (40 mL) were stirred together at 80 °C for about 3 days. The pyridine was evaporated and the residue was triturated in 5% methanol in ethyl acetate to afford title compound 354 (1.6 g, 51 %) as a yellow solid.

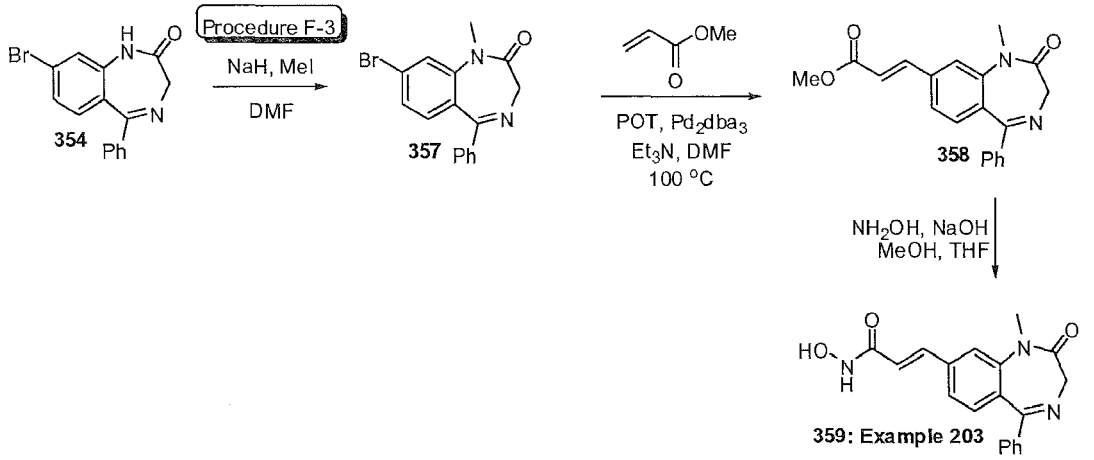
Step 2: (E)-methyl 3-((Z)-2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-8-yl)acrylate (355)

[0383] Title compound 354 (400 mg, 1.28 mmol),methyl acrylate (132 mg, 1.54 mmol), Pd2(dba)3 (16 mg, 0.038 mmol), POT (24 mg, 0.07 mmol) and triethylamine (0.446 mL, 3.2 mmol) were mixed in DMF (15 mL). The mixture was degassed with nitrogen for 5 minutes and the reaction mixture was heated to 100 oC for 2 hours. The DMF was removed and the residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The 2 layers were split and the aqueous layer was extracted with 2 other portions of ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over MgSO4, filtered and evaporated. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography (50% to 65% ethyl acetate in hexanes) to afford title compound **355** (135 mg, 33%) as a light yellow solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.56 (s, 1H), 7.77 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.68 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 7.58-7.54 (m, 1H), 7.49 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (td, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (s, 2H), 3.72 (s, 3H).

Step 3: (E)-N-hydroxy-3-((Z)-2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-8-yl)acrylamide **(356)**

[0384] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **355** the title compound **356** was obtained (20 mg, 24%) as a yellow solid. ^{1}H NMR(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.54 (s, 1H), 7.61 - 7.53 (m, 3H), 7.50 - 7.44 (m, 3H), 7.26 - 7.22 (m, 2H), 7.17 (td, J=7.2, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 4.12 - 4.01 (br s, 2H). MS (m/z): 322.2 (M+H).

Scheme 53



Example 203

(E)-N-hydroxy-3-((Z)-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-8-yl)acrylamide **(359)**

Step 1: (Z)-8-bromo-1-methyl-5-phenyl-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-2(3H)-one **(357)**

[0385] Title compound **354** (3.1 g, 11.8 mmol), sodium hydride (565 mg, 14.14 mmol) and methyliodide (0.88 mL, 14.14 mmol) were stirred together in DMF (60 mL) at room temperature for 6 hours. DMF was removed and the residue was partitioned in EtOAc and water. The organic layer was dried, filtered and evaporated. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography (3:1 to 1:2 hexane: ethyl acetate) to afford title compound 357 (2.3 g, 60%) as a white solid.

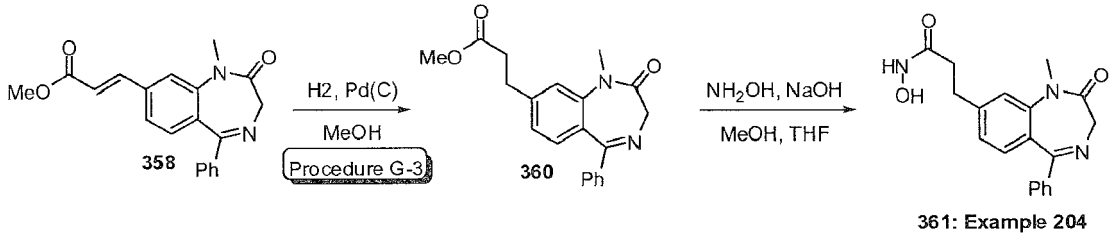
[0386] Step 2: (E)-methyl 3-((Z)-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-8-yl)acrylate (358)

[0387] Using Procedure E-3 (Table 5) with compound **357** the title compound **358** was obtained (380 mg, 45%) as a light brown solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 7.78 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.69 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 7.67-7.63 (m, 1H), 7.58-7.55 (m, 3H), 7.26-7.25 (m, 2H), 6.71 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.30 (s, 3H)..

Step 3: (E)-N-hydroxy-3-((Z)-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-8-yl)acrylamide **(359)**

[0388] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **358** the title compound **359** was obtained (60 mg, 17%) as a beige solid. ^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.70 - 7.56 (m, 7H), 7.29 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 2H), 6.55 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.43 (s, 3H). MS (m/z): 336.1 (M+H).

Scheme 54



Example 204

(Z)-N-hydroxy-3-(1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-8-**yl)propanamide(361)**

Step 1: (Z)-methyl 3-(1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-8-yl)propanoate **(360)**

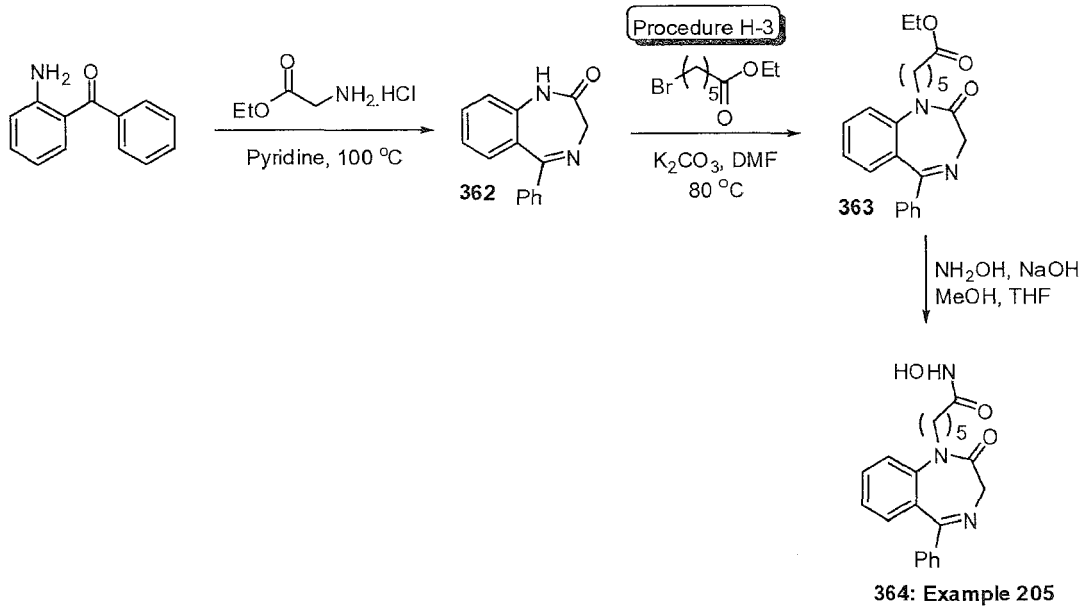
[0389] Title compound **358** (410 mg, 1.23 mmol) was dissolved in methanol (30 mL) and Pd(C) (250 mg) was added.

The reaction mixture was stirred under hydrogen atmosphere for 2 hours. The catalyst was filtered off and the filtrate was evaporated to afford title compound 360 (370 mg, 90%) as a clear oil. 1H NMR (DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 7.65-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.28-7.22 (m, 4H), 4.51 (d, J = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.56 (s, 3H), 3.29 (s, 3H), 2.88 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.64 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H)..

Step 2: (Z)-N-hydroxy-3-(1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-8-yl)propanamide (361)

[0390] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **360** the title compound **361** was obtained (50 mg, 14%) as a clear oil. 1H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.68 - 7.63 (m, 1H), 7.56 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.29 - 7.23 (m, 4H), 4.58 (d, J=11.0 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (d, J=11.0 Hz, 1H), 3.42 (s, 3H), 2.97 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.40 (t, J=7.8 Hz, 2H). MS (m/z): 338.2 (M+H).

Scheme 55



Example 205

(Z)-N-hydroxy-6-(2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-1-yl)hexanamide **(364)**

Step 1: (Z)-5-phenyl-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-2(3H)-one **(362)**

[0391] Using Procedure D-3 (Table 5) with (2-aminophenyl)(phenyl)methanone the title compound 362 was obtained (2.0 g, 34%) as a light yellow solid. 1H NMR (DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 10.56 (s, 1H), 7.56 (ddd, J = 8.5, 7.1, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.39 (m, 5H), 7.25-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.14 (m, 1H), 4.20-4.18 (m, 2H).

Step 2: (Z)-ethyl 6-(2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-1-yl)hexanoate (363)

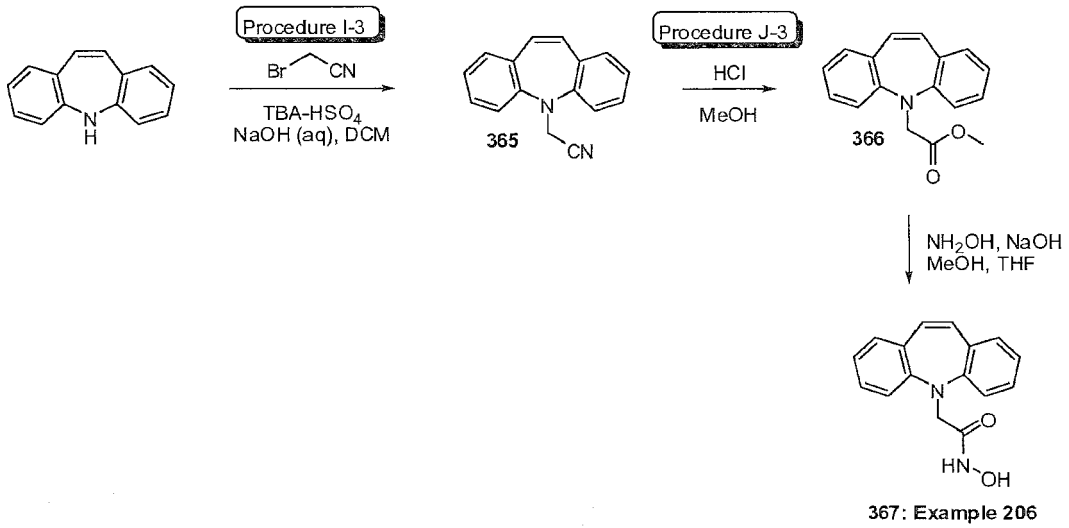
[0392] Title compound 362 (400 mg, 1.69 mmol), ethyl 6-bromohexanoate (0.3 mL, 1.69 mmol) and potassium carbonate (584 mg, 4.23 mmol) were mixed in DMF (20 mL) and the reaction mixture was heated to 80 oC for 24 hours. The DMF was removed and the residue was partitioned between water and ethyl acetate. The 2 layers were split and the aqueous layer was extracted with 2 other portions of ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried, filtered and evaporated. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography (2:1 to 1: 2, hexanes: ethyl acetate) to afford title compound 363 (400 mg, 63%) as a clear oil.

Step 3: (Z)-N-hydroxy-6-(2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-1-yl)hexanamide (364)

[0393] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound 363 the title compound 364 was obtained (100 mg, 26%) as a yellow oily solid. ^1H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.69 - 7.61 (m, 2H), 7.55 - 7.49 (m, 3H), 7.47 - 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.32 - 7.25

(m, 2H), 4.58 (d, J=10.6 Hz, 1H), 4.43 - 4.36 (m, 1H), 3.81 (d, J=10.7 Hz, 1H), 3.78 - 3.71 (m, 1H), 1.85 (t, J=7.7 Hz, 2H), 1.56 - 1.37 (m, 4H), 1.16 - 1.09 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 366.1 (M+H).

Scheme 56



367: Example 206

Example 206

(Z)-2-(5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxyacetamide **(367)**

Step 1: (Z)-2-(5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)acetonitrile (**365**)

[0394] (Z)-5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepine (0.1 g, 0.5 mmol), tetrabutylammonium sulfate (0.35 g, 1.0 mmol), 2-bromoacetonitrile (0.4 mL, 5.0 mmol) and 50% aqueous sodium hydroxide (1 mL) were mixed in DCM (1 mL) and the reaction mixture was stirred for 5 days. The mixture was diluted in water and the aqueous layer was extracted with DCM (2 times). The combined organic layers were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography (0% to 50% ethyl acetate in hexanes) to afford title compound **365** (60 mg, 50%). ^{1}H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ (ppm): 7.36-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.17-7.11 (m, 4H), 6.76 (s, 2H), 4.47 (s, 2H).

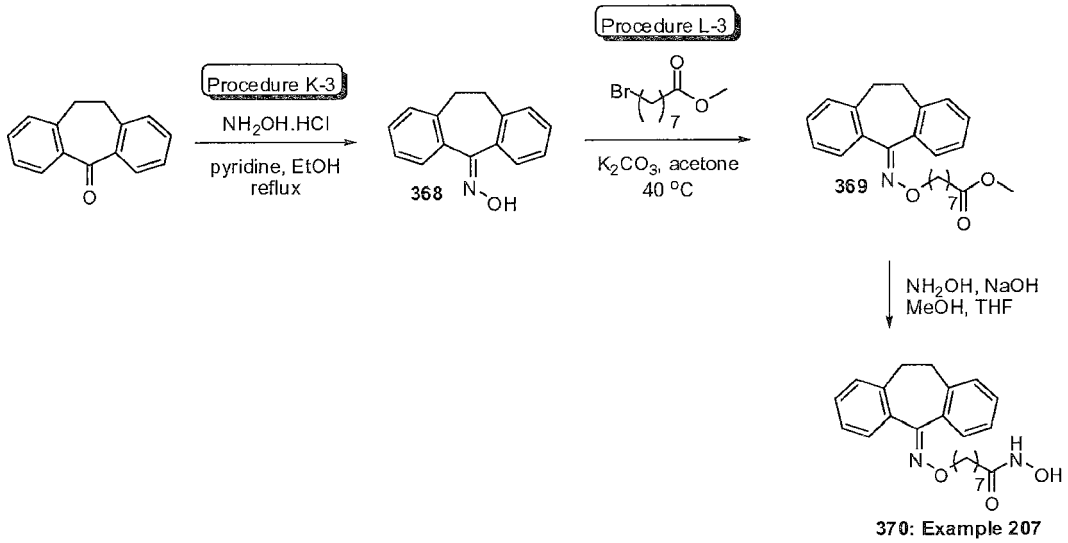
Step 2: (Z)-methyl 2-(5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)acetate **(366)**

[0395] To title compound **365** (60 mg, 0.26 mmol) was added conc HCl and methanol and the reaction mixture was stirred for 5 hours. The mixture was concentrated and the residue was partitioned between sodium bicarbonate and ethyl acetate. The layers were split and the aqueous layer was extracted another time with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were evaporated to afford title compound **366** (40 mg, 58% crude yield). MS (m/z): 266.0 (M+H).

Step 3: (Z)-2-(5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxyacetamide **(367)**

[0396] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **366** the title compound **367** was obtained (30 mg, 24%) as beige solid. ^{1}H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ (ppm): 7.28 (2H, t, J=7.1Hz), 7.16-7.11 (4H, m), 7.04 (2H, t, J=7.1Hz), 6.83 (2H, s), 4.42 (2H, s). MS (m/z): 267.0 (M+H).

Scheme 57



Example 207

Compound **(370)**

Step 1: Compound **(368)**

[0397] Ketone (3.0 g, 14.4 mmol), hydroxylamine hydrochloride (3.0 g) and pyridine (3 mL) were mixed in ethanol (3 mL) and the reaction mixture was refluxed for 4 hours. The ethanol and the pyridine were evaporated and the residue was diluted with water. The aqueous layer was extracted twice with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated. The residue was purified by trituration in ethyl acetate (15 mL) and hexanes (5 mL), filtered, washed with hexanes and dried to afford title compound **368** (1.2 g, 46%) as brown solid. MS (m/z): 223 (M+H).

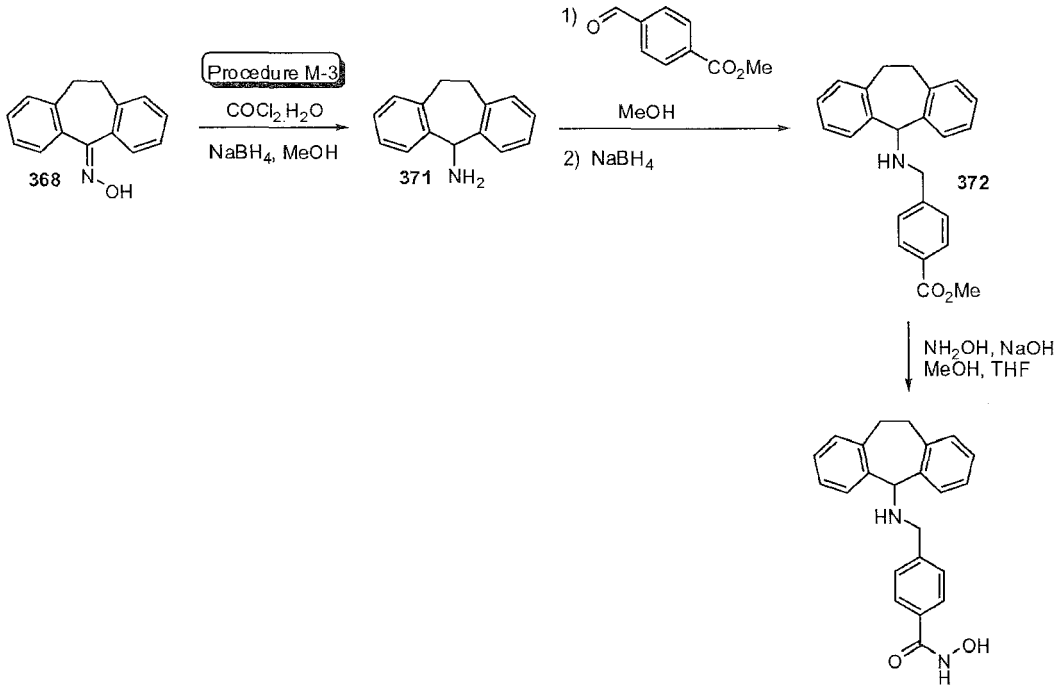
Step 2: Compound **(369)**

[0398] Title compound **368** (100 mg, 0.45 mmol), potassium carbonate (187 mg, 1.35 mmol) and methyl 8-bromooctanoate (0.14 mL, 0.67 mmol) were mixed in acetone (1 mL) and the reaction mixture was heated to 40 °C for 4 hours. The mixture was cooled down and concentrated. PS trisamine (0.3 g) and DCM were added to the residue and the mixture was stirred for 3 hours. The mixture was filtered and concentrated to afford crude title compound 369 that was used directly to next step.

Step 3: Compound **(370)**

[0399] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **369** the title compound **370** was obtained (67 mg, 39% for 2 steps). (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.51 (dd, J=7.8, 1.5Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.25 (m, 4H), 7.24-7.15 (m, 2H), 7.13 (d, J=7.6Hz, 1H), 4.13 (t, J=6.5Hz, 2H), 3.12-3.00 (m, 4H), 2.06 (t, J=7.5Hz, 2H), 1.67-1.56 (m, 4H), 1.40-1.20 (m, 6H). MS (m/z): 381.2 (M+H).

Scheme 58



373: Example 208

Example 208

Compound (373)

Step 1: Compound **(371)**

[0400] Title compound **368** (50 mg, 0.224 mmol) and phosgene (107 mg, 0.448) were dissolved in methanol (5 mL). Sodium borohydride (8.5 mg, 2.24 mmol) was added portion wise and the reaction mixture was stirred for 5 minutes. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with a solution of 5% NaOH in water (twice), water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filterer and evaporated to afford title compound **371.**

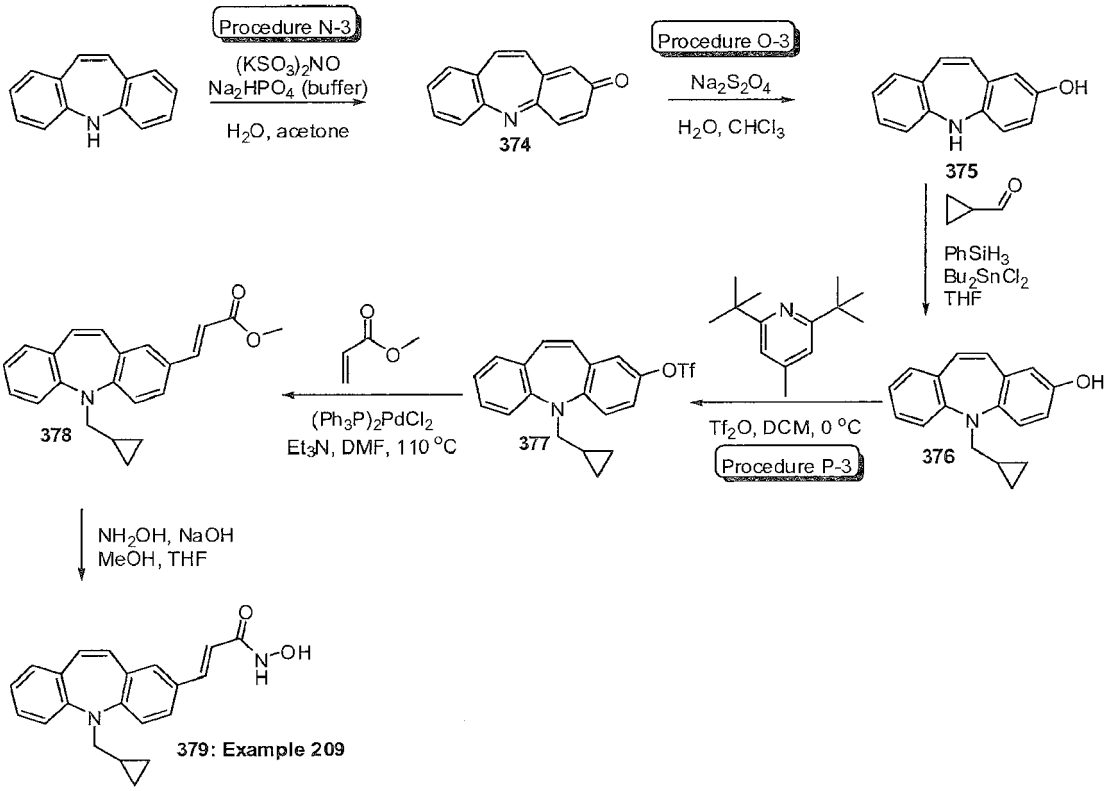
Step 2: Compound **(372)**

[0401] Using Procedure A-3 (Table 5) with compound **371** the title compound **372** was obtained (295 mg, 83%).

Step 3: Compound **(373)**

[0402] To a solution of potassium hydroxide (232 mg, 4.13 mmol) in methanol (10 mL) was added the hydroxylamine hydrochloride (287 mg, 4.13 mmol) followed by a solution of title compound **372** (295 mg, 0.826 mmol) in THF (5 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at r.t. for 1 hour. The mixture was acidified with 40% HCl to reach pH = 2. The precipitate was filtered and the solid was triturated in water, then in methanol and hexanes to afford title compound 373 (65 mg, 22%) as an off-white solid. ^{1}H NMR (MeOH-d_4) δ (ppm): 7.80 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.42-7.38 (m, 4H), 7.33-7.27 (m, 4H), 5.49 (br s, 1H), 4.20 (s, 2H), 3.44-3.42 (m, 2H), 3.08 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 359.1 (M+H).

Scheme 59



Example 209

(E)-3-((Z)-5-(cyclopropylmethyl)-5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-2-yl)-N-hydroxyacrylamide (379)

Step 1: (4aZ,10Z)-2H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-2-one **(374)**

[0403] To a solution of Na_2HPO_4 (2.5 g, 9.32 mmol) in water (95 mL) was added $(KSO_3)_2NO$ (1.8 g, 12.7 mmol). This solution was added to a solution of the (Z)-5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepine (0.5 g, 2.59 mmol) in acetone (50 mL). This reaction mixture was stirred at 4 °C over night. The solid was filtered and the filtrate was evaporated. The residue was dissolved in ether and water. The 2 layers were split. The organic layer and the solid were mixed and evaporated. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography to afford title compound **374** (170 mg, 34%). MS (m/z): 207 (M+H). Step 2: (Z)-5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-2-ol **(375)**

[0404] Title compound **374** (170 mg, 0.82 mmol) was solubilized in $CHCl_3$ (5 mL) and a saturated solution of Na_2S2O_4 in water was added (20 mL). The mixture was stirred for 3 hours. The 2 layers were split and the organic layer was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated to afford title compound 375 (110 mg, 65%). MS (m/z): 209.9 (M+H).

Step 3: (Z)-5-(cyclopropylmethyl)-5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-2-ol **(376)**

[0405] Using Procedure A-3 (Table 5) with compound **375** the title compound **376** was obtained (40 mg, 64%).

Step 4: (Z)-5-(cyclopropylmethyl)-5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-2-yl trifluoromethanesulfonate (377)

[0406] Title compound **376** (90 mg, 0.34 mmol) and 2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-methylpyridine (105 mg, 0.44 mmol) were solubilized in THF (0.5 mL). This solution was added to a solution of trifluoromethanesulfonic anhydride (74 μL, 0.44 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL) at 0 °C. The flask was rinsed with THF (2 X 0.5 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at r.t. for 3 hours. More trifluoromethanesulfonic anhydride (15 μL) was added and the mixture was stirred for 1 hour. A saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate was added and the mixture was stirred for 5 minutes prior to the extraction with DCM (2 times). The combined organic layers were evaporated and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (0% to 20% EtOAc in hexanes) to afford title compound 377 (190 mg) mixed with some base. MS (m/z): 396.1 (M+H).

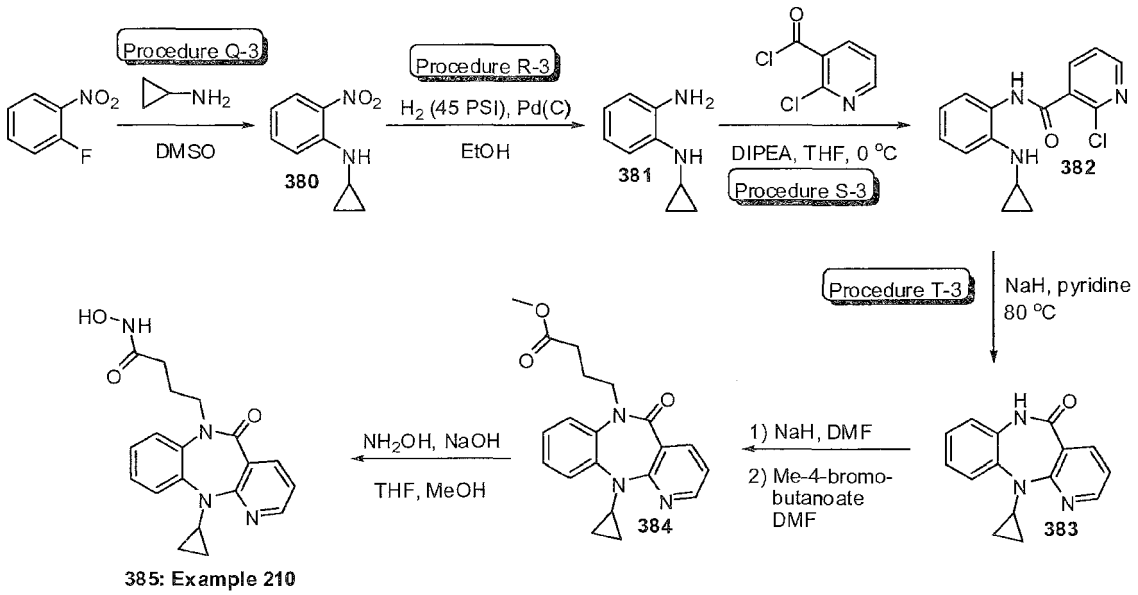
Step 5: (E)-methyl 3-((Z)-5-(cyclopropylmethyl)-5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-2-yl)acrylate **(378)**

[0407] Using Procedure E-3 (Table 5) with compound 377 the title compound **378** was obtained (50 mg, 44%). MS (m/z): 332 (M+H). ^{1}H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ (ppm): 7.38 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.05-6.97 (m, 2H), 6.84-6.75 (m, 4H), 6.53 (d, J = 11.3 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (d, J = 11.3 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 3.57 (s, 3H), 3.37 (d, J = 4.7 Hz, 2H), 0.83-0.79 (m, 1H), 0.24-0.19 (m, 2H), 0.04-0.00 (m, 2H).

Step 6: (E)-3-((Z)-5-(cyclopropylmethyl)-5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-2-yl)-N-hydroxyacrylamide (379)

[0408] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **378** the title compound **379** was obtained (7 mg, 14%). ^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.5-7.4 (2H, m), 7.25-7.2 (2H, m), 7.05-7.0 (3H, m), 6.99-9.93 (1H, m), 6.75-6.65 (2H, observed 2d), 6.33 (1H, d, J=15.7Hz), 3.57 (2H, d, J=6.4Hz), 1.05-0.95 (1H, m), 0.45-0.37 (2H, m), 0.25-0.18 (2H, m). MS (m/z): 333.1 (M+H).

Scheme 60



Example 210

4-(11-cyclopropyl-5-oxo-5H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-6(11H)-yl)-N-hydroxybutanamide **(385)**

Step 1: N-cyclopropyl-2-nitroaniline (**380)**

[0409] 1-fluoro-2-nitrobenzene (1.85 mL, 175 mmol) and cyclopropanamine (2.43 mL, 35 mmol) were stirred in DMSO for 3 hours. Water was added (250 mL) and the mixture was extracted with ether (2 X 250 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated to afford title compound **380** (3.1 g, 99%) as an orange oil. MS (m/z): 178.9 (M+H). ^{1}H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ (ppm): 8.15 (dd, J = 8.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.09 (s, 1H), 7.49-7.45 (m, 1H), 7.32 (dd, J = 8.6, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 6.72-6.67 (m, 1H), 2.60-2.58 (m, 1H), 0.94-0.89 (m, 2H), 0.68-0.64 (m, 2H).

Step 2: N1-cyclopropylbenzene-1,2-diamine (**381)**

[0410] Title compound **380** (3.1 g, 17.4 mmol) and palladium on charcoal 10% (0.3 g, 10% w/w) were mixed in ethanol (100 mL) and the reaction mixture was stirred under 45 PSI of hydrogen for 4 hours. The mixture was filtered to remove the catalyst and the filtrate was evaporated to afford title compound **381** as black oil that was used without further purification. MS (m/z): 148.9 (M+H).

Step 3: 2-chloro-N-(2-(cyclopropylamino)phenyl)nicotinamide **(382)**

[0411] To a solution of title compound **381** (0.83 g, 5.84 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (1.02 mL, 0.74 mmol) in THF (50 mL) was added a solution of 2-chloronicotinoyl chloride (1.03 g, 5.84 mmol) in THF at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred over night and concentrated. To the residue was added a saturated solution of bicarbonate (3 mL) and this aqueous layer was extracted with DCM (2X). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The solid was triturated in DCM (3 mL) and filtered. The filtrate was evaporated and purified by flash chromatography (0% to 80% ethyl acetate in hexanes). The 2 solids were mixed to afford title compound **382** (1.1 g, 65%) as a white solid. MS (m/z): 288.0 (M+H).

Step 4: 11-cyclopropyl-6,11-dihydro-5H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-one **(383)**

[0412] Title compound **382** (0.7 g, 2.4 mmol), sodium hydride (0.292 g, 7.3 mmol) and pyridine (20 mL) were stirred together at 80 °C for 5 hours then at room temperature over week-end. The reaction mixture was then poured into an ice-water mixture and stirred for 1 hour. The beige solid was filtered and the filtrate was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 times). The combined organic extracts were dried and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (10-70% ethyl acetate in hexanes). The 2 solids were mixed together to afford title compound **383** (0.51 g, 85%) as a beige solid. MS (m/z): 251.9 (M+H).

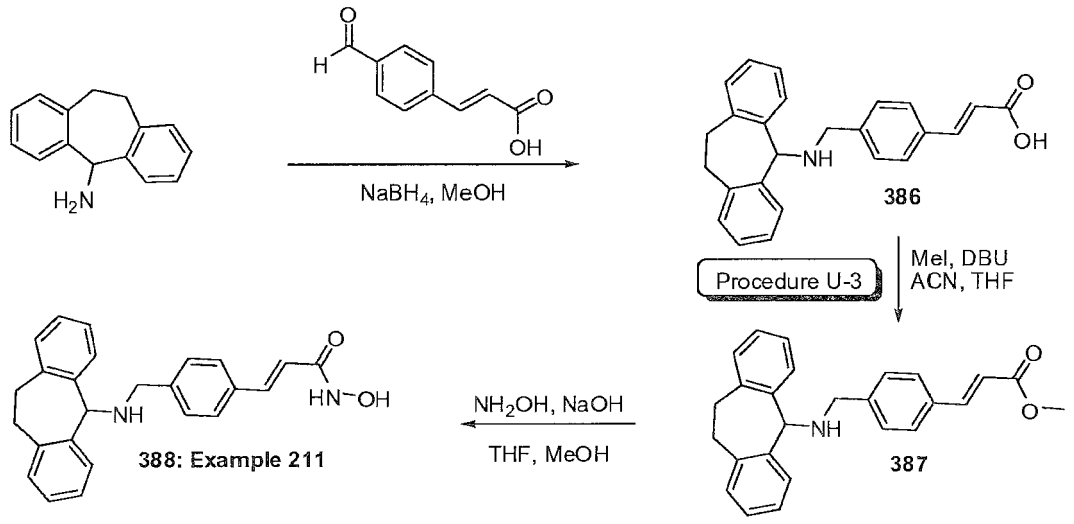
Step 5: methyl 4-(11-cyclopropyl-5-oxo-5H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-6(11H)-yl)butanoate **(384)**

[0413] Using Procedure H-3 (Table 5) with compound **383** the title compound **384** was obtained (50 mg, 71%). MS (m/z): 352 (M+H). ^{1}H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ (ppm): 8.38 (dd, J = 4.8, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (dd, J = 7.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.24-7.13 (m, 3H), 7.02 (dd, J = 7.6, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 4.68-4.61 (m, 1H), 3.69-3.54 (m, 2H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 2.31-2.26 (m, 2H), 1.96 (sept., J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 1.77-1.69 (m, 1H), 1.07-1.02 (m, 1H), 0.93-0.87 (m, 1H), 0.66-0.60 (m, 1H), 0.51-0.45 (m, 1H).

Step 6: 4-(11-cyclopropyl-5-oxo-5H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-6(11H)-yl)-N-hydroxybutanamide **(385)**

[0414] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **384** the title compound **385** was obtained (24 mg, 49%). ^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.36 (1H, dd, J=4.9, 1.7Hz), 8.00 (1H, dd, J=7.6, 1.7Hz), 7.52 (1H, dd, J=8.1, 1.3Hz), 7.38 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.1Hz), 7.26 (1H, td, J=7.8, 1.3Hz), 7.23-7.17 (1H, td observed), 7.12 (1H, dd, J=7.6, 4.9Hz), 4.58-4.48 (1H, m), 3.76-3.68 (1H, m), 3.60-3.55 (1H, m), 2.06 (2H, t, J=7.6Hz), 1.95-1.80 (1H, m), 1.79-1.73 (1H, m), 1.05-0.87 (2H, m), 0.60-0.42 (2H, m). MS (m/z): 353.1 (M+H).

Scheme 61



Example 211

Compound **(388)**

Step 1: Compound **(386)**

[0415] Using Procedure A-3 (Table 5) with starting amine the title compound **386** was obtained (71 mg, 40%). ^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.61-7.53 (3H, m), 7.35 (2H, d, J=8.2Hz), 7.28-7.14 (8H, m), 6.48 (1H, d, J=15.9Hz), 5.05 (1H, s), 3.84 (2H, s), 3.65-3.52 (2H, m), 3.03-2.93 (2H, m). MS (m/z): 368 (M-H).

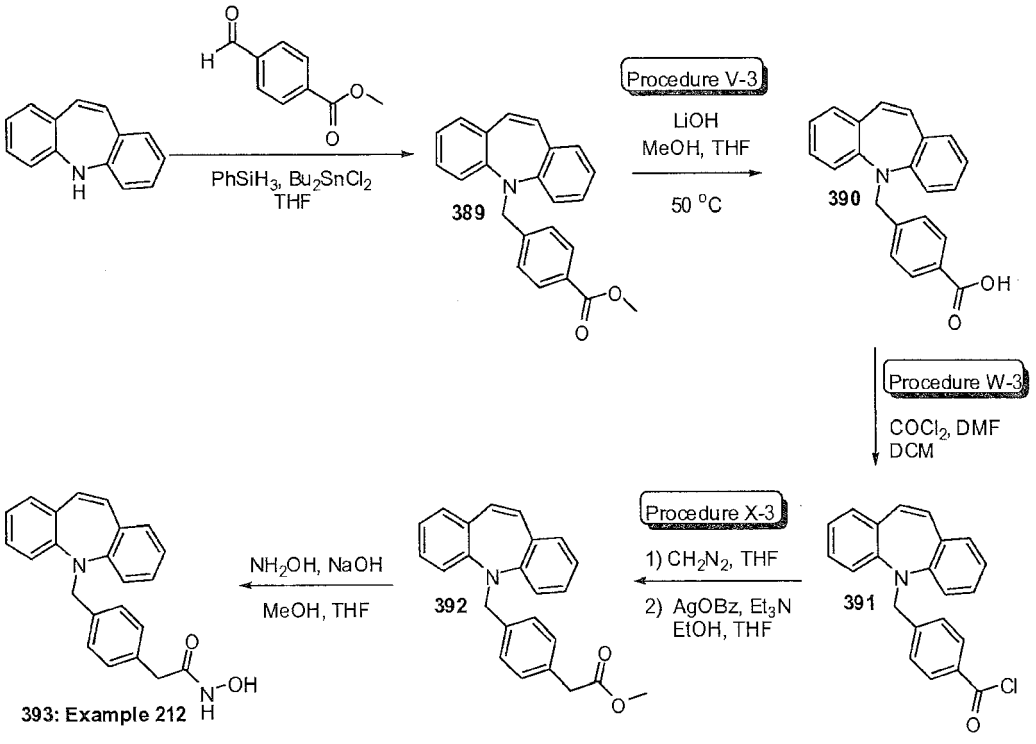
Step 2: Compound **(387)**

[0416] Title compound **386** (71 mg, 0.19 mmol), DBU (30 μL, 0.20 mmol) and methyl iodide (12 μL, 0.20 mmol) were stirred in acetonitrile (1 mL) for 30 minutes. More DBU and methyl iodide were added and the reaction mixture was stirred over week-end. The mixture was concentrated and the residue was partitioned between saturated solution of bicarbonate and ethyl acetate. The aqueous layer was extracted with another portion of ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated to afford crude compound **387** that was used directly for next step.

Step 3: Compound (**388**)

[0417] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **387** the title compound **388** was obtained (50 mg, 50%). ^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.70-7.55 (3H, m), 7.47 (2H, d, J=7.8Hz), 7.42-7.34 (4H, m), 7.33-7.21 (5H, m), 6.56 (1H, d, J=15.9Hz), 5.49 (1H, br s), 4.16 (1H, br s), 3.50-3.36 (2H, m), 3.25-2.98 (2H, m). MS (m/z): 385.1 (M+H).

Scheme 62



Example 212

(Z)-2-(4-((5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)methyl)phenyl)-N-hydroxyacetamide **(393)**

Step 1: (Z)-methyl 4-((5H-dibenzo[b,f]azenin-5-yl)methyl)benzoate **(389)**

[0418] Using Procedure A-3 (Table 5) with (Z)-5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepine the title compound **389** was obtained (1.9 g mg, 100%). MS (m/z): 342.0 (M+H).

Step 2: (Z)-methyl4-((5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)methyl)benzoate **(390)**

[0419] Title compound **389** (1.0 g, 2.93 mmol) and lithium hydroxide (2N in water, 10 mL) were stirred in a mixture of THF (20 mL) and methanol (20 mL) over night. The reaction mixture was then heated to 50 °C for 3 hours. The solvent were evaporated and the residue was acidified to pH = 4-5 with 3N HCl. The solid was filtered, washed with water and dried. The mother liquor was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 times). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The residue was triturated in ether and the 2 solids were mixed together to afford title compound **390** (0.71 g, 74%) as a brown solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 7.74 (2H, d, J=7.8Hz), 7.48 (2H, d, J=7.6Hz), 7.22-7.05 (6H, m), 6.98-6.91 (2H, m), 6.83 (2H, s), 5.00 (2H, s). MS (m/z): 326.1 (M-H).

Step 3: (Z)-4-((5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)methyl)benzoyl chloride (**391**)

[0420] The title compound **390** (0.72 g, 2.2 mmol) and the oxalyl chloride (0.58 mL, 6.6 mmol) were mixed in DCM (10 mL) and few drops of DMF was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 30 minutes and the solvent was evaporated (and stripped with toluene twice) to afford title compound **391** that was used crude for next step.

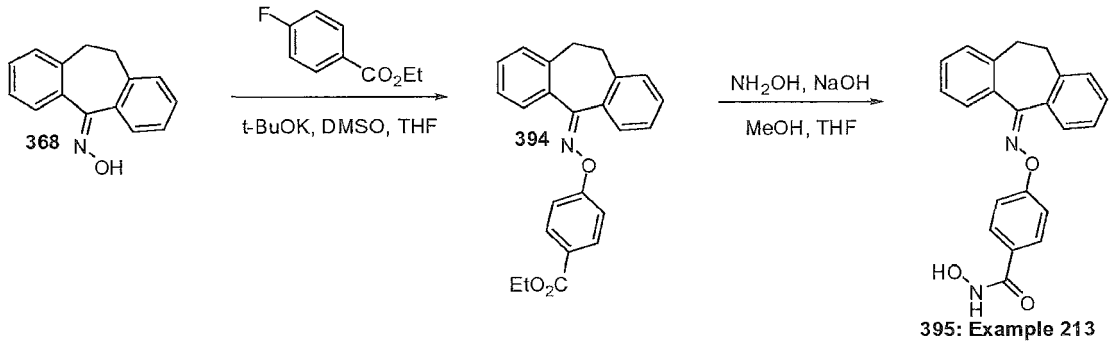
Step 4: (Z)-methyl 2-(4-((5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)methyl)phenyl)acetate **(392)**

[0421] The nitroso methyl urea (4.3 g, 42 mmol) was combined with potassium hydroxide (40% in water, 7.75 mL) in ether at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 30 minutes and cooled to -78 °C. The organic phase was decanted to afford a solution of diazomethane in ether. To half of this solution at 0 °C was added the title compound **391** (2.2 mmol) in THF (20 mL) and this reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 2 hours. The excess of diazomethane was evaporated (flow of air) and a saturated solution of bicarbonate was added. This mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 times). The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (0% to 50% ethyl acetate in hexanes) to afford title compound **392** (0.40 g, 50%) as a solid. MS (m/z): 356.1 (M+H).

Step 5: (Z)-2-(4-((5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)methyl)phenyl)-N-hydroxyacetamide **(393)**

[0422] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **392** the title compound **393** was obtained (40 mg, 36%) as a yellow solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.57 (1H, s), 8.74 (1H, s), 7.31 (2H, d, J=8.2Hz), 7.19 (2H, td, J=7.2, 1.6Hz), 7.11 (2H, d, J=7.2Hz), 7.10-7.04 (4H, m), 6.92 (2H, m), 6.81 (2H, s), 4.89 (2H, s), 3.13 (2H, s). MS (m/z): 357.1 (M+H).

Scheme 63



395: Example 213

Example 213

Compound **(395)**

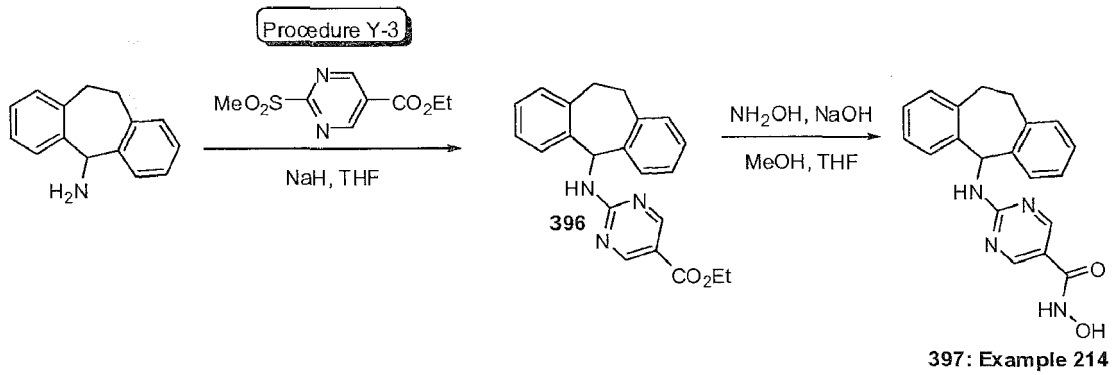
Step 1: Compound (**394**)

[0423] Title compound **368** (0.26 g, 1.16 mmol) and potassium tert-butoxide (0.143 g, 1.17 mmol) were stirred in THF (1 mL) for 20 minutes. A solution of ethyl 4-fluorobenzoate (0.171 mL, 1.16 mmol) in DMSO (0.3 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred 1 hour at room temperature, 1 hour at 50 °C and 2 hours at 75 °C. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate. This organic layer was washed with water (3 times) and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The crude was purified by flash chromatography (0% to 30% ethyl acetate in hexanes) to afford title compound **394** (0.1 g, 23%). MS (m/z): 372 (M+H).

Step 2: Compound **(395)**

[0424] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **394** the title compound **395** was obtained (71 mg, 73%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (BMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.13 (1H, s), 8.94 (1H, s), 7.74 (2H, d, J=8.8Hz), 7.67 (1H, d, J=7.4Hz), 7.42-7.34 (4H, m), 7.32-7.26 (2H, m), 7.26-7.19 (3H, m), 3.21-2.99 (4H, m). MS (m/z): 359.0 (M+H).

Scheme 64



Example 214

Compound (**397**)

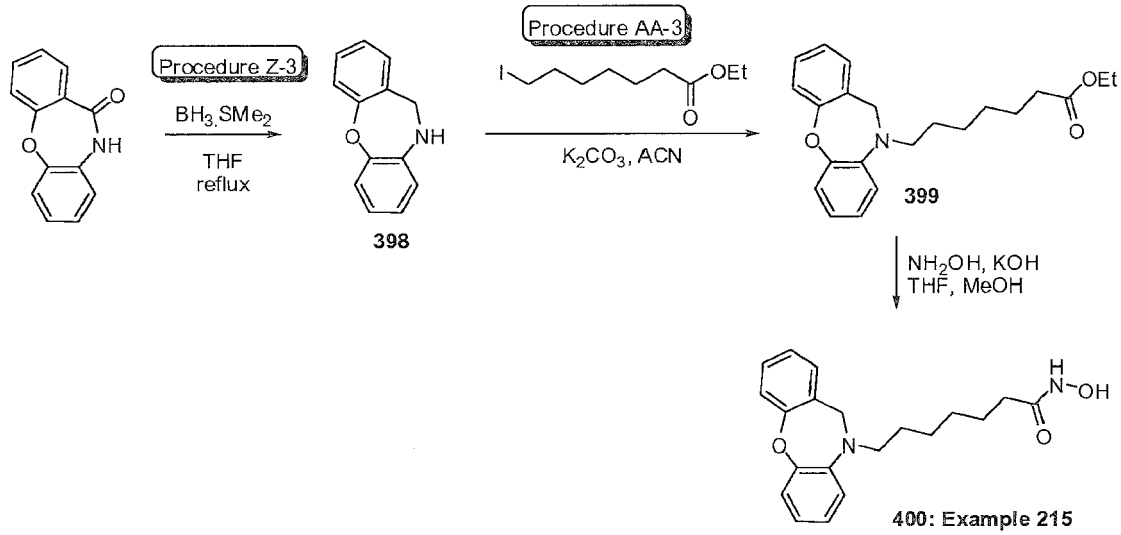
Step 1: Compound **(396)**

[0425] The amine (0.4 g, 1.9 mmol) and the sodium hydride (60% in oil, 84 mg, 2.1 mmol) were stirred in THF (2 mL) for 1 hour. To this mixture at 0 °C was added a suspension of ethyl 2-(methylsulfonyl)pyrimidine-5-carboxylate (0.754 g, 1.9 mmol) in THF (1 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. Some water was added and the solid was filtered and discard. The filtrate was extracted with ethyl acetate (2 times. The combined organic extracts were washed with brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The crude was purified by flash chromatography (0% to 100% ethyl acetate in hexanes) then with HPLC to afford title compound **396** (15 mg, 2.5% yield) as a white solid. MS (m/z): 360.1 (M+H).

Step 2: Compound **(397)**

[0426] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **396** the title compound **397** was obtained (8 mg, 57%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (MeOD) δ (ppm): 8.62 (2H,s), 7.44 (2H, d, J=7.1Hz), 7.17-7.09 (6H, m), 6.66 (1H, s), 3.38-3.30 (2H, m), 3.28-3.18 (2H, m). MS (m/z): 345.1 (M-H).

Scheme 65



Example 215

7-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)-N-hydroxyheptanamide **(400)**

Step 1: 10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine **(398)**

[0427] Dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11(10H)-one (1.001 g, 4.7 mmol) was dissolved in THF (20 mL) and the borane (2M in THF, 20 mL, 40.0 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was refluxed for 3 hours. The mixture was cooled down to room temperature and an excess of ethanol was added to quench the reaction. The resulting mixture was refluxed for 2 hours. The mixture was cooled down and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate and the organic layer was washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated to afford title compound **398** (0.945 g, quantitative). MS (m/z): 198.1 (M+H). ^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.29-7.19 (m, 2H), 7.16-7.04 (m, 2H), 7.01-6.99 (m, 1H), 6.82-6.78 (m, 1H), 6.63-6.59 (m, 2H), 4.88 (s, 1H), 4.39 (s, 2H). MS (m/z): 198.1 (M+H).

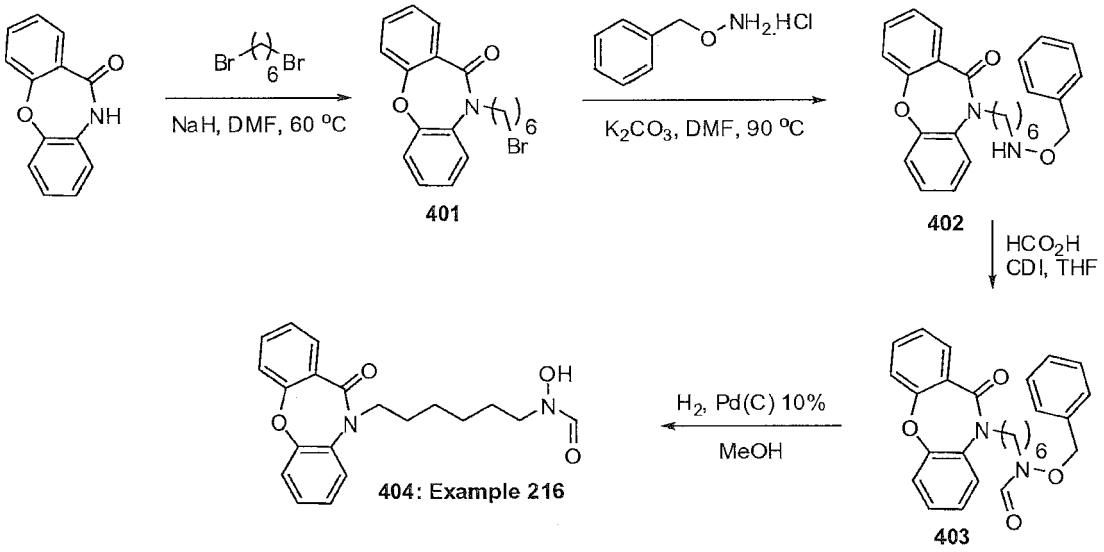
Step 2: ethyl 7-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)heptanoate **(399)**

[0428] Title compound **398** (0.304 g, 1.54 mmol) was dissolved in acetonitrile (5.0 mL) and the ethyl 7-iodoheptanoate (0.613 g, 2.16 mmol) and the potassium carbonate (0.639 g, 4.62 mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 60 hours. The mixture was cooled down and diluted with ethyl acetate. The organic phase was washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography with 10% ethyl acetate in hexanes to afford title compound **399** (201 mg, 37%). MS (m/z): 354.2 (M+H).

Step 3: 7-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)-N-hydroxyheptanamide **(400)**

[0429] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound 399 the title compound **400** was obtained (21 mg, 10%) as an oil. ^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.71 (m, 1H), 7.60 (t, J = 8.0Hz, 1H), 7.52-7.48 (m, 2H), 7.43 (d, J = 7.8Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.27 (t, J = 7.4Hz, 1H), 5.01 (s, 2H), 3.56 (t, J = 8.0Hz, 2H), 2.15 (br s, 2H), 1.73-1.70 (m, 2H), 1.59-1.55 (m, 2H), 1.31 (br s, 4H). MS (m/z): 341.1 (M+H).

Scheme 66



Example 216

N-hydroxy-N-(6-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)hexyl)formamide **(404)**

Step 1: 10-(6-bromohexyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11(10H)-one **(401)**

[0430] Using Procedure H-3 (Table 5) with dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11(10H)-one the title compound **401** was obtained (740 mg, 83%) as a colorless oil. MS (m/z): 374.1 (M+H). Step 2: 10-(6-(benzyloxyamino)hexyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11(10H)-one **(402)**

[0431] Using Procedure I-3 (Table 5) with compound **401** the title compound **402** was obtained (648 mg, 79%) as a colorless oil. MS (m/z): 417.3 (M+H).

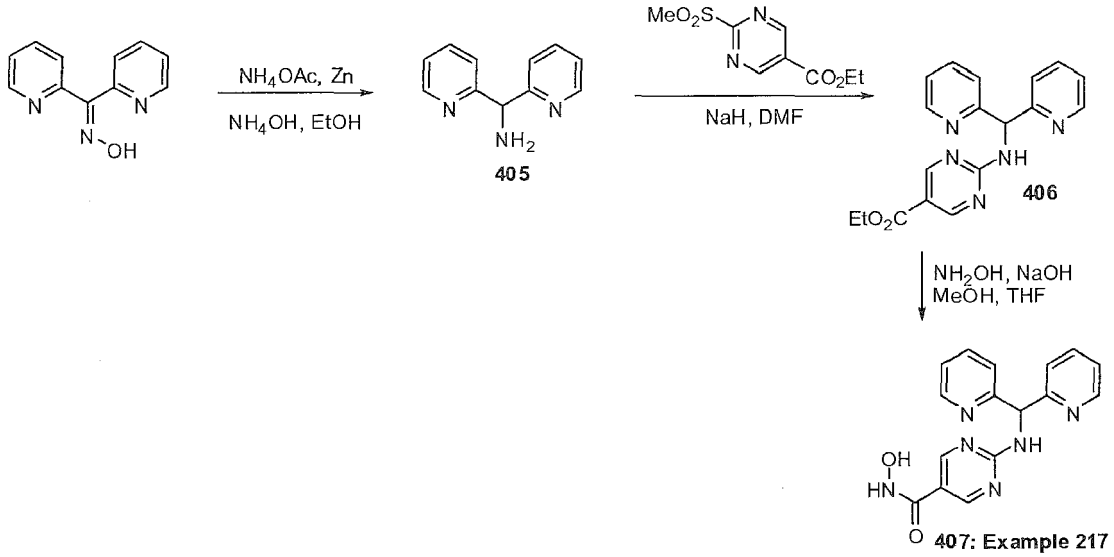
Step 3: N-(benzyloxy)-N-(6-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)hexyl)formamide (403)

[0432] 1, 1'-Carbonyldiimidazole (1.26 g, 7.8 mmol) was dissolved in THF (15 mL) and the mixture was cooled at 0 °C. Title compound **402** (0.646 g, 1.56 mmol) and formic acid in solution in THF (5 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours then diluted in ethyl acetate. The organic phase was washed with a saturated aqueous solution of bicarbonate, water and brine, then evaporated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (30-50% ethyl acetate in hexanes) to afford title compound **403** (348 mg, 50%) as a colorless oil. MS (m/z): 445.2 (M+H).

Step 4: N-hydroxy-N-(6-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)hexyl)formamide (**404**)

[0433] Title compound **403** (348 mg, 0.783 mmol) was dissolved in methanol (10 mL). The 10% palladium on charcoal (120 mg, 33% by wt) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 hours under 1 atmosphere of hydrogen at room temperature. The reaction mixture was filtered to remove the catalyst and the filtrate was evaporated. The residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic layer was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated to afford title compound **404** (18 mg, 6%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.24, 7.89 (2s, rotamers, 1H), 7.74 (d, J = 7.6Hz, 1H), 7.54-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.33 (dt, J = 7.4, 2.0Hz, 1H), 7.28-7.21 (m, 4H), 4.19 (br s, 2H), 3.50 (t, J = 6.8Hz, 1H), 3.44 (t, J = 6.8Hz, 1H), 1.70-1.55 (m, 4H), 1.44-1.29 (m, 4H). MS (m/z): 355.2 (M+H).

Scheme 67



Example 217

2-(dipyridin-2-ylmethylamino)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide **(407)**

Step 1: dipyridin-2-ylmethanamine (**405**)

[0434] Dipyridin-2-ylmethanone oxime (500 mg, 2.510 mmol) and ammonium acetate were solubilized in ethanol and the mixture was reflux for 3 hours adding portion of zinc at 0h, 1h and 2h. The reaction mixture was cooled down to room temperature and stirred over night. The pH was adjusted to 12 with sodium hydroxide and the mixture was filtered through celite. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and the organic layer was washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and evaporated to afford title compound 405 (282 mg, 61 %) as a light yellow oil. MS (m/z): 186.2 (M+H). ^{1}H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ (ppm): 8.50-8.49 (m, 2H), 7.56 (td, J = 7.7, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (dt, J = 8.0, 0.9 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (ddd, J = 7.4, 4.9, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 5.26 (s, 1H), 2.38 (s, 2H).

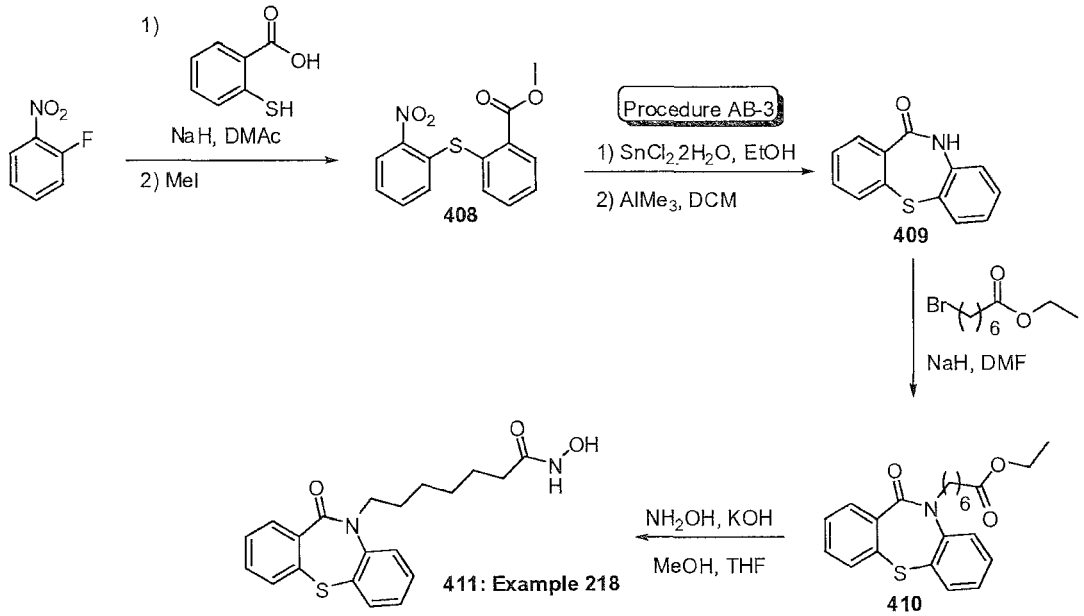
Step 2: ethyl 2-(dipyridin-2-ylmethylamino)pyrimidine-5-carboxylate (**406**)

[0435] Using Procedure Y-3 (Table 5) with compound **405** the title compound **406** was obtained (27 mg, 10%) as a yellow solid. MS (m/z): 336.2 (M+H).

Step 3: 2-(dipyridin-2-ylmethylamino)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide (**407**)

[0436] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **406** the title compound **407** was obtained (8 mg, 31%) as a yellow solid. ^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.65 (bs, 2H), 8.54 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 7.79 (dt, J = 2 Hz, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (dd, J = 2 Hz, 6.8 Hz, 2H), 6.43 (s, 1H).. MS (m/z): 323.4 (M+H).

Scheme 68



Example 218

N-hydroxy-7-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-10(11H)-yl)heptanamide **(411)**

Step 1: methyl 2-(2-nitrophenylthio)benzoate (**408**)

[0437] A solution of 2-mercaptobenzoic acid (6.0 g, 39.0 mmol) in dimethylacetamide (20 mL) was added to a suspension of sodium hydride (60% in oil, 3.1 g, 77.5 mmol) in dimethylacetamide (15 mL). The mixture was stirred for 5 minutes and 1-fluoro-2-nitrobenzene (5.0 g, 35.5 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was heated at 80 °C for one hour. The mixture was cooled down to room temperature and methyl iodide (7.3 mL, 117.15 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature 16 hours. The mixture was then poor into water and extracted with a mixture of 75% ethyl acetate in hexanes (3 times). The combined organic layers were washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The residue was dissolved in a minimum amount of dichloromethane and hexanes was added to precipitate the product. The solid was filtered and dried to afford title compound **408** (7.81 g, 76%) as a yellow solid. MS (m/z): 312.2 (M+H).

Step 2: dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11(10H)-one **(409)**

[0438] Using Procedure J (Table 1) with compound **408** followed by procedure K (Table 1), the title compound **409** was obtained (1.15 g, 40%) as a white solid. MS (m/z): 228.2 (M+H). ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.70 (s, 1H), 7.68 (ddd, J = 7.4, 1.9, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 7.57-7.42 (m, 4H), 7.36 (ddd, J = 8.0, 7.3, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (td, J = 7.5, 1.4 Hz, 1H).

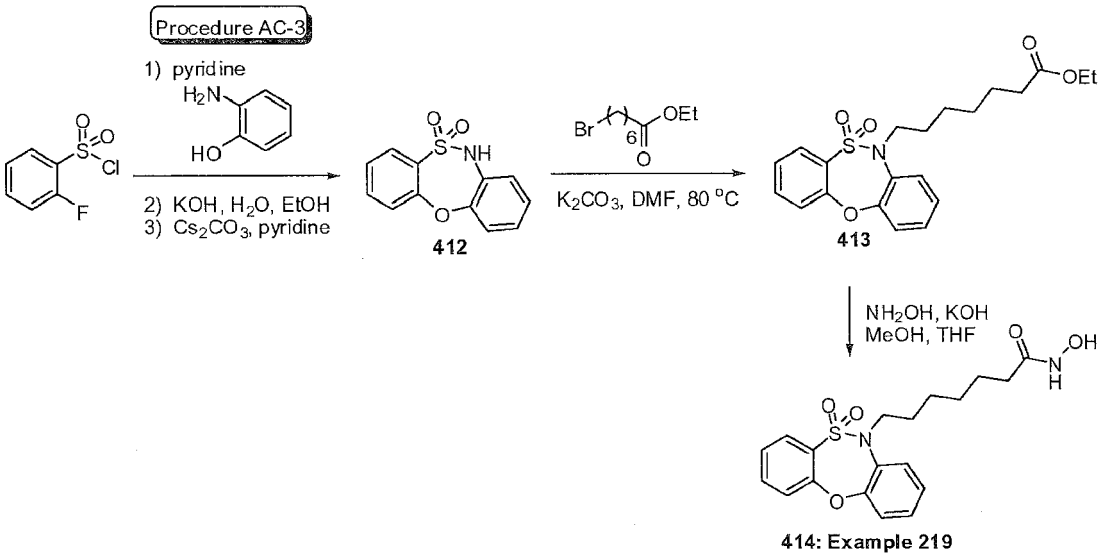
Step 3: ethyl 7-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-10(11H)-yl)hentanoate **(410)**

[0439] Title compound **409** (0.403 g, 1.77 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (5.0 mL) and sodium hydride (60% in oil, 0.0.086 g, 2.13 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 50 °C for 30 minutes. Ethyl 7-bromoheptanoate (0.631 g, 2.66 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at 50 °C for 16hours. The mixture was cooled down to room temperature and quenched with water. The aqueous layer was extrated 3 times with at mixture of 75% ethyl acetate in hexanes. The combined organic extracts were washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (30% ethyl acetate in hexanes) to afford title compound 410 (470 mg, 69%). MS (m/z): 384.4 (M+H).

Step 4: N-hydroxy-7-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-10(11H)-yl)heptanamide (**411**)

[0440] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **410** the title compound 411 was obtained (220 mg, 48%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.63-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.52-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.42-7.34 (m, 3H), 7.19 (td, J = 7.4, 1.4Hz, 1H), 4.70 (dt, J = 13.7, 1.4Hz, 1H), 3.67 (ddd, J = 13.7, 7.4, 5.9Hz, 1H), 2.04 (t, J = 7.0Hz, 2H), 1.65-1.52 (m, 4H), 1.44-1.22 (m, 4H). MS (m/z): 371.4 (M+H).

Scheme 69



Example 219

Compound (**414**)

Step 1: Compound **(414)**

[0441] 2-Aminophenol (0.676 g, 6.2 mmol) was dissolved in pyridine (4.0 mL) and the 2-fluorobenzene-1-sulfonyl chloride (1.80 mL, 13.6 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 20 hours then 10% HCl (20 mL) was added and the mixture was stirred at room temperature 24 hours. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (and a bit of methanol). The organic layer was washed with 10% HCl (5 times), brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The residue was dissolved in ethanol (20 mL) and potassium hydroxide in water (4M, 6 mL) was added. This reaction mixture was stirred at 100 oC in a sealed tube for 24 hours. The mixture was cooled down to room temperature and the pH was adjusted to pH = 2 with 10% HCl. The aqueous layer was extracted twice with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The residue was diluted with pyridine and cesium carbonate was added (2.02 g, 6.2 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 130 oC for 36 hours. The mixture was cooled down to room temperature and the pH was adjusted to pH = 2 with 3N HCl. The aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (3X). The combined organic extracts were washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The crude was purified by flash chromatography (40% ethyl acetate in hexanes) then triturated in a mixture of 30% ethyl acetate in hexanes to afford title compound 412 (685 mg, 45%) as a white solid. MS (m/z): 246.0 (M-H). ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.88 (s, 1H), 7.78 (dd, J = 7.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (ddd, J = 8.1, 7.4, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (dd, J = 8.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (td, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.35 (m, 1H), 7.20-7.15 (m, 2H), 7.08-7.05 (m, 1H).

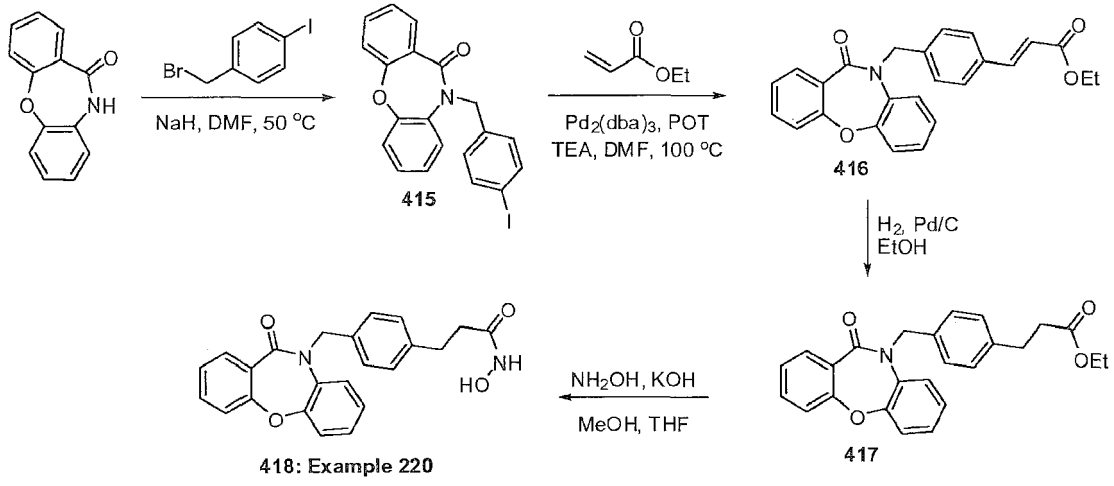
Step 2: Compound **(413)**

[0442] Using Procedure H-3 (Table 5) with compound **412** the title compound **413** was obtained (536 mg, 94%) as a white solid. MS (m/z): 404.2 (M+H). ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 7.80 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (ddd, J = 8.4, 7.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.43 (m, 4H), 7.40-7.33 (m, 2H), 4.02 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.56 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.22 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.49-1.40 (m, 4H), 1.33-1.18 (m, 4H), 1.15 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

Step 3: **(414)**

[0443] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **413** the title compound **414** was obtained (439 mg, 85%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.80 (dd, J = 8.0, 2.0Hz, 1H), 7.61 (ddd, J = 8.4, 6.8, 1.2Hz, 1H), 7.46-7.41 (m, 3H), 7.38-7.30 (m, 3H), 3.62 (t, J = 7.2Hz, 2H), 2.06 (t, J = 7.2Hz, 2H), 1.61-1.51 (m, 4H), 1.44-1.28 (m, 4H). MS (m/z): 391.3 (M+H).

Scheme 70



Example 220

N-hydroxy-3-(4-((11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)methyl)phenyl)propanamide **(418)**

Step 1: 10-(4-iodobenzyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11(10H)-one (**415**)

[0444] Using Procedure H-3 (Table 5) with dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11(10H)-one and 1-(bromomethyl)-4-iodobenzene the title compound **415** was obtained (1.92 g, 78%) as beige foam. MS (m/z): 500 (M-H). ^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.81 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (td, J = 7.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.36 (m, 1H), 7.31-7.27 (m, 3H), 7.19-7.12 (m, 2H), 7.10 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.33 (s, 2H).

Step 2: (E)-ethyl 3-(4-((11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)methyl)phenyl)acrylate (**416**)

[0445] Using Procedure E-3 (Table 5) with compound **415** the title compound **416** was obtained (743 mg, 78%) as pink foam. MS (m/z): 400.4 (M+H).

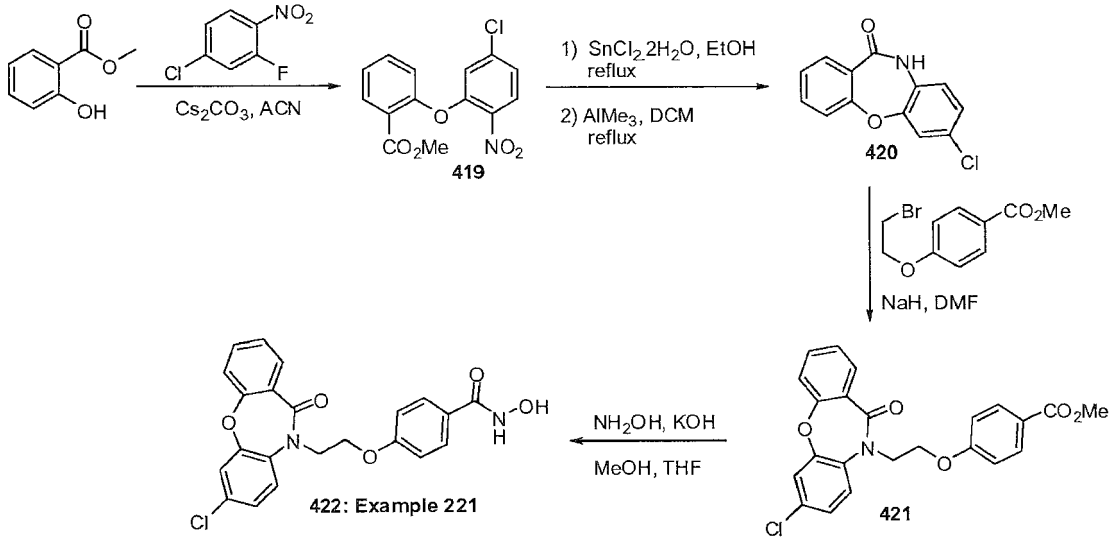
Step 3: ethyl 3-(4-((11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)methyl)pheny)propanoate **(417)**

[0446] Compound **416** (0.364 g, 0.912 mmol) was dissolved in ethanol (10.0 mL) and the palladium on charcoal (0.037 g, 10% w/w) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred over 1 atmosphere of hydrogen at room temperature for 1 hour. The catalyst was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated to afford title compound **417** (346 mg, 95%) that was used crude for next step. MS (m/z): 402.4 (M+H).

Step 4: N-hydroxy-3-(4-((11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)methyl)phenyl)propanamide **(418)**

[0447] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **417** the title compound **418** was obtained (132 mg, 40%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.33 (s, 1H), 8.68 (s, 1H), 7.74 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.60-7.56 (m, 1H), 7.48-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.36-7.28 (m, 3H), 7.19-7.10 (m, 6H), 5.31 (s, 2H), 2.73 (t, J = 7.2Hz, 2H), 2.20 (t, J = 7.2Hz, 2H). MS (m/z): 389.4 (M+H).

Scheme 71



Example 221

4-(2-(7-chloro-11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethoxy)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(421)**

Step 1: methyl 2-(5-chloro-2-nitrophenoxy)benzoate **(419)**

[0448] Methyl 2-hydroxybenzoate (2.75 mL, 21.3 mmol) and 4-chloro-2-fluoro-1-nitrobenzene (1.85 g, 10.6 mmol) were dissolved in acetonitrile (25.0 mL). The cesium carbonate (6.94 g, 21.3 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 24 hours. The mixture was cooled down to room temperature then poor into ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The crude was purified by flash chromatography (10-30% ethyl acetate in hexanes) to afford title compound **419** (2.55 g, 78%). MS (m/z): 308.2 (M+H). ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 8.14 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (ddd, J = 8.1, 7.4, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (td, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (dd, J = 8.3, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H).

Step 2: 7-chlorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11(10H)-one **(420)**

[0449] Using Procedure AB-3 (Table 5) with compound **419** the title compound **420** was obtained (200 mg, 10%) as white solid. MS (m/z): 246.1 (M+H). ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.63 (s, 1H), 7.77 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (ddd, 8.2, 7.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (dd, J = 8.1, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (td, J = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, J = 8.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H).

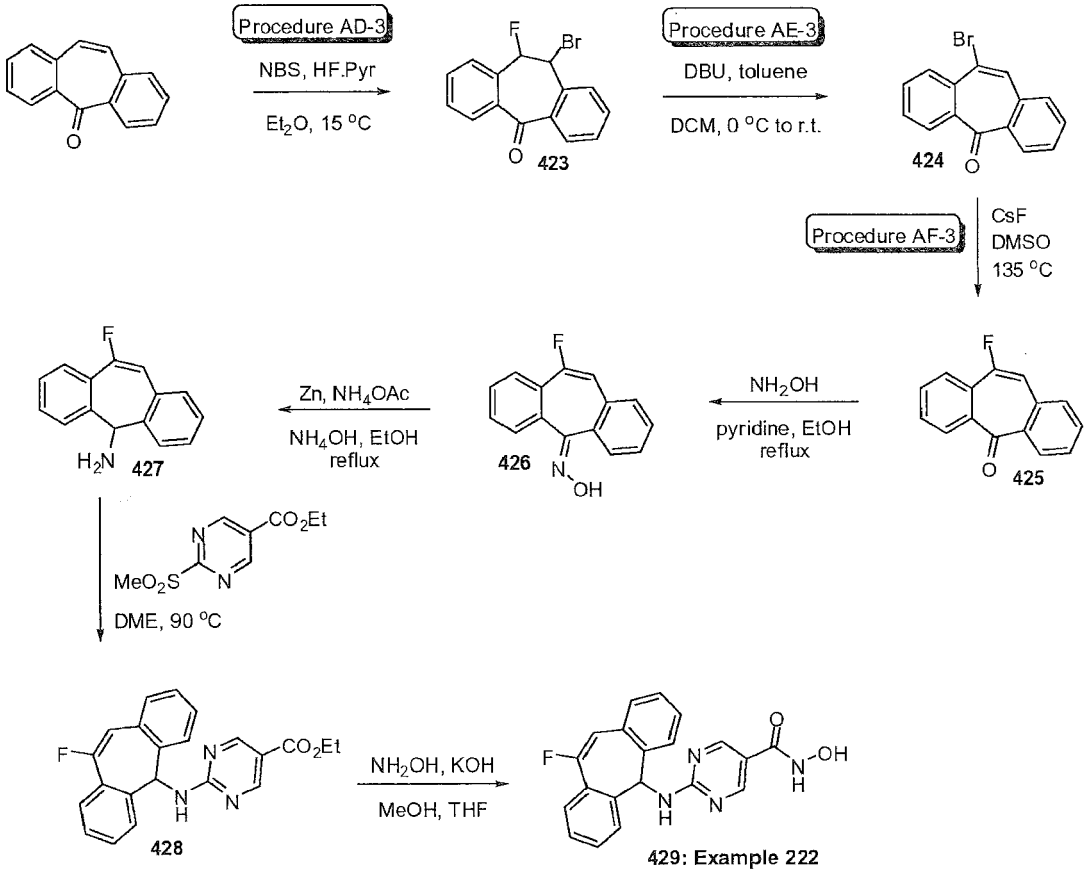
Step 3: methyl 4-(2-(7-chloro-11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethoxy)benzoate (**421**)

[0450] Using Procedure H-3 (Table 5) with compound **420** the title compound **421** was obtained (189 mg, 56%) as white solid. MS (m/z): 424.4 (M+H).

Step 4: 4-(2-(7-chloro-11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethoxy)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(422)**

[0451] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **421** the title compound **422** was obtained (55 mg, 29%) as white solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.04 (s, 1H), 8.90 (s, 1H), 7.74-7.71 (m, 2H), 7.68 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.61-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.39-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.32 (td, J = 7.4, 1.2Hz, 1H), 6.91 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 4.42 (br s, 2H), 4.30 (t, J = 5.2Hz, 2H). MS (m/z): 447.4 (M+Na).

Scheme 72



Example 222

Compound (**429**)

Step 1: Compound **(423)**

[0452] The fluoric acid-pyridine (70%, 20 mL) was combined with ether (20 mL) (in a plastic vessel) and the mixture was cooled to 0 °C. The N-bromosuccinimide (2.5 g, 14 mmol) was added followed by 5-dibenzosuberenone 2.06 g, 10 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 15-20 °C for about 5 hours then poor over ice-water (100 mL) mixture. The aqueous layer was washed with water, saturated aqueous solution of bicarbonate (until it stay basic), water and brine. The organic layer was let evaporated on the bench overnight. The needle that formed were filtered and washed with a bit of ether to afford title compound **423** (2.06 g, 69%) as beige solid..

Step 2: Compound **(424)**

[0453] Title compound **423** (2.0 g, 6.6 mmol) was dissolved in toluene (20 mL) and dichloromethane (2 mL) and the mixture was cooled to 0 °C. The DBU was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with 1N HCl (2 times), water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated to afford title compound **424** (1.3 g, 88%) as a white solid. MS (m/z): 285.2 (M+H).

Step 3: Compound (**425**)

[0454] Title compound **424** (3.60 g, 12.63 mmol) was dissolved in DMSO (50 mL) and cesium fluoride (13.43 g, 88.38 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 135 °C for 5 hours. The mixture was poored over water and extracted with ether. The combined organic layers were washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The crude was purified by flash chromatography (0% to 20% ethyl acetate in hexanes) to afford title

compound **425** (260 mg, 9%).

Step 4: Compound **(426)**

[0455] Using Procedure K-3 (Table 5) with compound **425** the title compound **426** was obtained and used crude for next step.

Step 5: Compound **(427)**

[0456] Using Procedure M-3 (Table 5) with compound **426** the title compound **427** was obtained (300 mg, 85% for 2 steps). MS (m/z): 209.1 (M-NH_2).

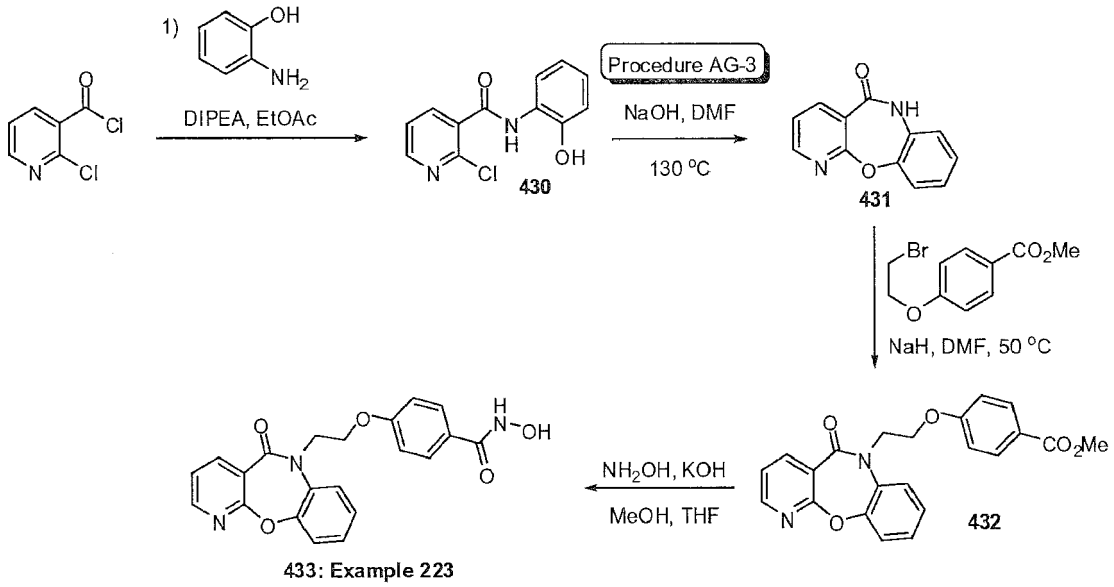
Step 6: Compound **(428)**

[0457] Using Procedure Y-3 (Table 5) with compound **427** the title compound **428** was obtained (200 mg, 63%). ^{1}H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ (ppm):8.86-8.68 (m, 2H), 7.78-7.29 (m, 8H), 6.93 (d, J = 20.3 Hz, 1H), 6.45-6.43 (m, 2H), 4.31 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.34 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H).

Step 7: Compound **(429)**

[0458] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **428** the title compound **429** was obtained (121 mg, 49%) as white solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 9.46 (s, 0.1H), 8.58 (br s, 2H), 7.80 (d, J = 7.8 HZ, 1H), 7.73 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, J = 21.7 Hz, 1H), 5.92 (s, 1H).. MS (m/z): 361.4 (M-H).

Scheme 73



Example 223

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(5-oxobenzo[b]pyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepin-6(5H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide **(433)**

Step 1: N-hydroxy-4-(2-(5-oxobcnzo[b]pyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepin-6(5H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide **(430)**

[0459] Using Procedure S-3 (Table 5) with compound 2-chloronicotinoyl chloride and 2-aminophenol the title compound **430** was obtained (3.69 g, 81%). MS (m/z): 249.2 (M+H).

Step 2: benzo[b]pyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepin-5(6H)-one (**431**)

[0460] Title compound **430** (3.65 g, 14.7 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (25.0 mL) and sodium hydroxide powder (0.706 g, 17.7 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 130 °C for 5 hours. The mixture was cooled down to room temperature and ice cooled water was added. The precipitate was filtered. The solid was triturated in ethanol to afford title compound **431** (1.798 g, 58%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.75 (s, 1H), 8.50 (dd, J = 4.8, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.27 (dd, J = 7.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (dd, J = 7.5, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.25-7.14 (m, 3H). MS (m/z): 213.2 (M+H).

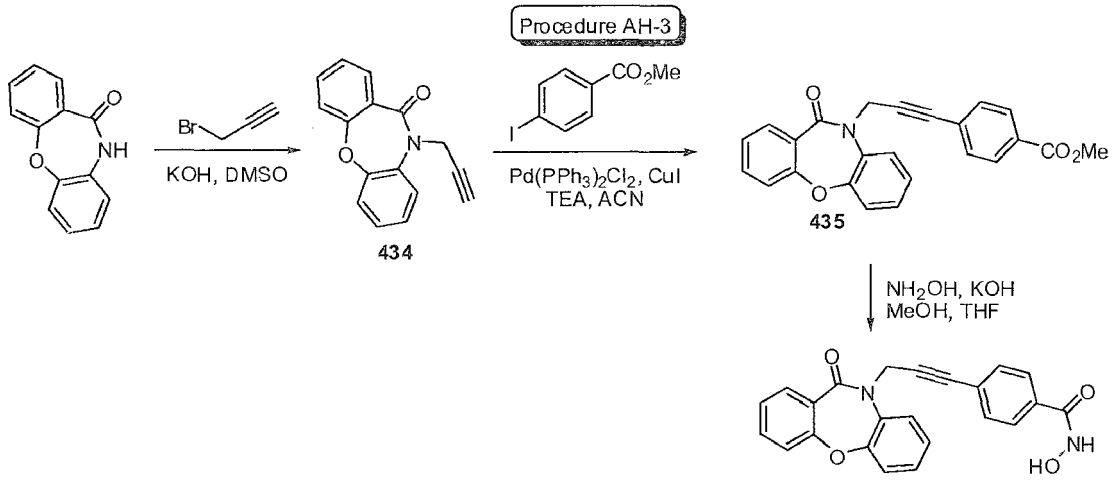
Step 3: methyl 4-(2-(5-oxobenzo[b]pyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepin-6(5H)-yl)ethoxy)benzoate (**432**)

[0461] Using Procedure H-3 (Table 5) with compound **431** the title compound **432** was obtained (0.360 g, 92%). MS (m/z): 391.3 (M+H).

Step 4: N-hydroxy-4-(2-(5-oxobenzo[b]pyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepin-6(5H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide **(433)**

[0462] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **432** the title compound **433** was obtained (27 mg, 8%). ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.05 (s, 1H), 8.90 (s, 1H), 8.46 (dd, J = 4.8, 2.0Hz, 1H), 8.23 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.72 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, J = 9.2Hz, 2H), 7.44 (dd, J = 7.6, 4.4Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.25 (m, 3H), 6.90 (d, J = 9.2Hz, 2H), 4.47 (m, 2H), 4.32 (t, J = 5.2Hz, 2H). MS (m/z): 392.3 (M+H).

Scheme 74



436: Example 224

Example 224

N-hydroxy-4-(3-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)prop-1-ynyl)benzamide **(436)** Step 1: 10-(prop-2-ynyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11(10H)-one **(434)**

[0463] Using Procedure H-3 (Table 5) with dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11(10H)-one and 3-bromoprop-1-yne the title compound **85** was obtained (1.58 g, 89%) as an off-white solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 7.76 (ddd, J = 7.5, 1.7, 0.4 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (ddd, J = 8.2, 7.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (ddd, J = 8.2, 1.0, 0.4 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.24 (m, 3H), 4.83 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 2H), 3.31 (t, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H). MS (m/z): 250.0 (M+H)

Step 2: methyl 4-(3-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)prop-1-ynyl)benzoate (435)

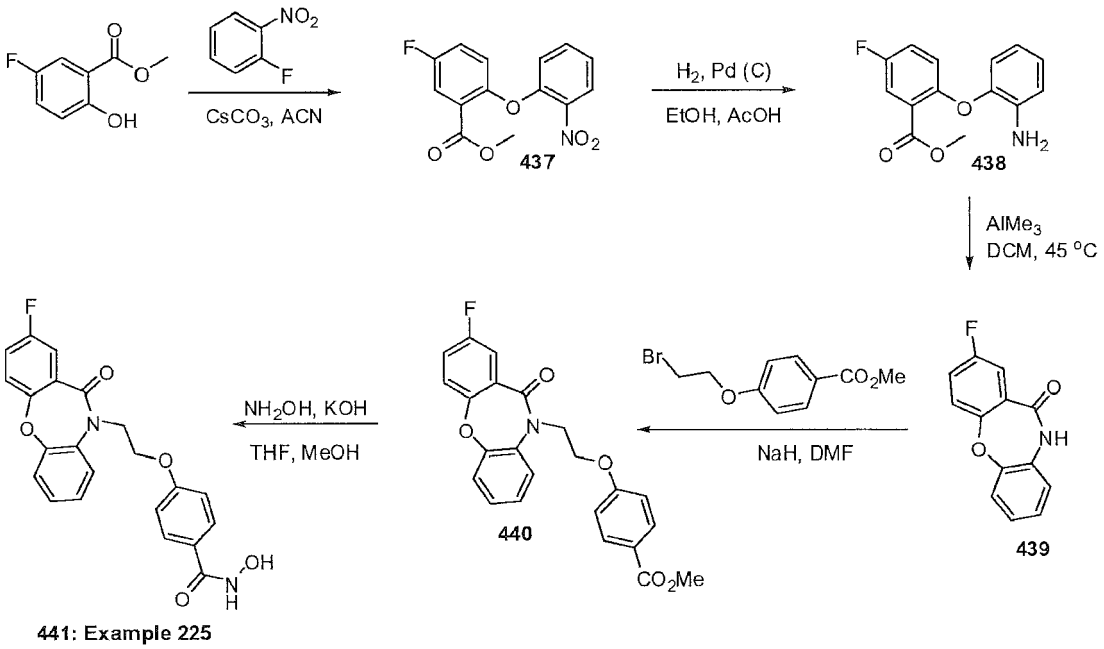
[0464] The title compound **434** (0.310 g, 1.24 mmol) and the methyl 4-iodobenzoate (0.390 g, 1.48 mmol) were stirred in acetonitrile (10.0 mL). Copper iodide (24 mg, 0.124 mmol) and dichlorobis(triphenylphosphine)palladium (87 mg, 0.124 mmol) were added followed by triethylamine (0.44 mL, 3.11 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. The mixture was poor into ethyl acetate and the organic layer was washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The crude was purified by flash chromatography (10-30% ethyl

acetate in hexanes) to afford title compound **435** (285 mg, 60%) as a light brown solid. MS (m/z): 384.3 (M+H).

Step 3: N-hydroxy-4-(3-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)prop-1-ynyl)benzamide **(436)**

[0465] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **435** the title compound **436** was obtained (185 mg, 66%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.30 (s, 1H), 9.11 (s, 1H), 7.79 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.74-7.72 (m, 3H), 7.64-7.59 (m, 1H), 7.47-7.26 (m, 7H), 5.11 (s, 2H) LRMS(ESI):(calc) 384.11 (found) 385.16 (MH)+

Scheme 75



Example 225

4-(2-(2-fluoro-11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethoxy)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(441)**

Step 1: methyl 5-fluoro-2-(2-nitrophenoxy)benzoate (**437**)

[0466] Using the procedure described in Scheme 71, step 1, with methyl 5-fluoro-2-hydroxybenzoate and 1-fluoro-2-nitrobenzene the title compound **437** was obtained (3.49 g, 84%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 8.06 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (dd, J = 8.8, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.63-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.38 (dd, J = 9.0, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (ddd, J = 8.3, 7.3, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (dd, J = 8.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (s, 3H). MS (m/z): 292.2 (M+H).

Steps 2 and 3: 2-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11(10H)-one (**438** and **439**)

[0467] Title compound **437** (3.48 g, 11.9 mmol) was dissolved in ethanol (30.0 mL), acetic acid (1.0 mL) and THF (10 mL). The palladium on charcoal was added and the reaction mixture was stirred under 1 atmosphere of hydrogen during 20 hours. The catalyst was filtered and the filtrate was evaporated. The residue was diluted in ether and the organic layer was washed with sodium bicarbonate saturated solution, water and brine then concentrated to afford title compound **438** (2.95 g, 95%) as a beige solid. MS (m/z): 262.3 (M+H).

[0468] The solid **438** (1.51 g, 5.78 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (20.0 mL) and the mixture was cooled to 0 °C. The trimethylaluminium (2M in tol., 3.2 mL, 6.38 mmol) was added drop wise. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature then heated to 45 °C for 48 hours. The mixture was cooled down to room temperature and some water was added slowly. This mixture was diluted with dichloromethane. This organic layer was washed with 10% HCl (2 times), water and saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The crude was triturated in 30% ethyl acetate in hexanes to afford title compound **439** (1.05 g, 79%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.68 (s, 1H), 7.51-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.44-7.39 (m, 1H), 7.34 (ddd, J = 7.6, 1.5, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.22-7.12 (m, 3H). MS (m/z): 230.1 (M+H).

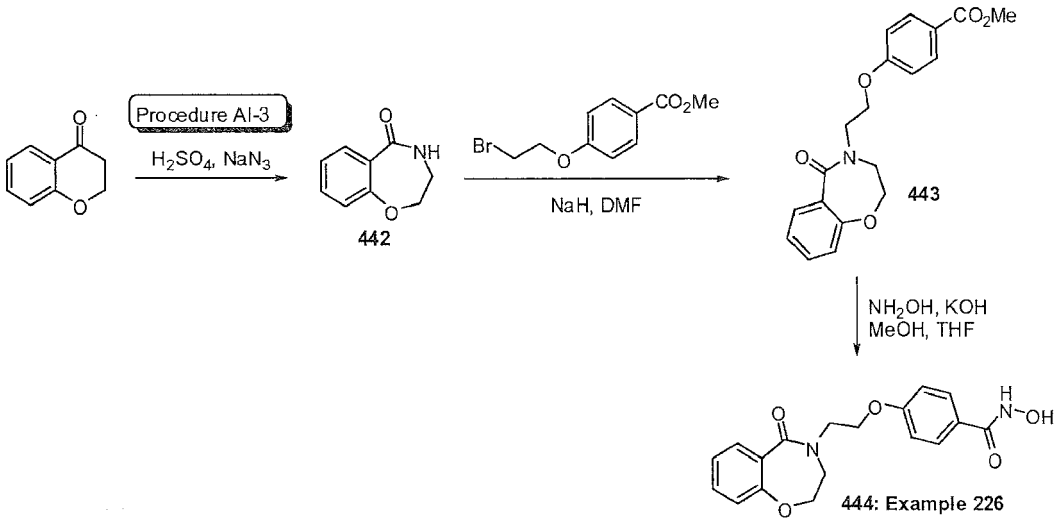
Step 4: methyl 4-(2-(2-fluoro-11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethoxy)benzoate (**440**)

[0469] Using Procedure H-3 (Table 5) with compound **439** the title compound **440** was obtained (0.344 g, 64%) as a white foam. MS (m/z): 408.3 (M+H).

Step 5: 4-(2-(2-fluoro-11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethoxy)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(441)**

[0470] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **440** the title compound **441** was obtained (210 mg, 62%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) (ppm): 11.05 (s, 1H), 8.90 (s, 1H), 7.70-7.65 (m, 3H), 7.49-7.38 (m, 4H), 7.33-7.23 (m, 2H), 6.89 (d, J = 9.0Hz, 2H), 4.45 (br s, 2H), 4.31 (t, J = 5.2Hz, 2H). MS (m/z): 409.3 (M+H).

Scheme 76



Example 226

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(5-oxo-2,3-dihydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepin-4(5H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide (444)

Step 1: 3,4-dihydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepin-5(2H)-one (**442**)

[0471] The chroman-4-one (5.0 g, 33.8 mmol) was dissolved in sulfuric acid (10 mL) and the mixture was cooled at 0 oC. Sodium azide (2.88 g, 44.3 mmol) was added portionwise followed by some sulfuric acid (5 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature over night. The mixture was then pour into ice-water and basified to pH = 7 with potassium hydroxide pellets. This aqueous layer was extracted with ether (twice).

[0472] The combined organic layer was washed with water and brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The crude was purified by flash chromatography (50% to 100% ethyl acetate in hexanes) to afford title compound 442 (2.47 g, 45%) as a white solid. 1H NMR (DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 8.33 (s, 1H), 7.76 (dd, J = 7.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (ddd, J = 7.6, 7.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (ddd, J = 7.8, 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (dd, J = 8.3, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (dd, J = 5.4, 4.4 Hz, 2H), 3.30 (dd, J = 9.5, 5.5 Hz, 2H). MS (m/z): 164.0 (M+H).

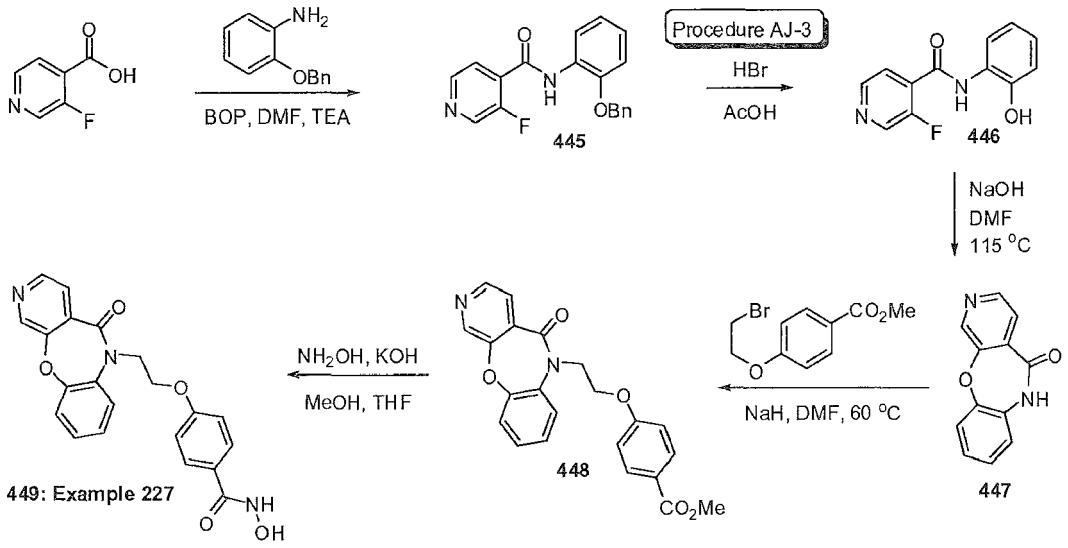
Step 2: methyl 4-(2-(5-oxo-2,3-dihydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepin-4(5H)-yl)ethoxy)benzoate (**443**)

[0473] Using Procedure H-3 (Table 5) with compound **442** the title compound **443** was obtained (300 mg, 59%) as a white solid. MS (m/z): 342.3 (M+H).

Step 3: N-hydroxy-4-(2-(5-oxo-2,3-dihydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepin-4(5H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide **(444)**

[0474] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **443** the title compound **444** was obtained (256 mg, 87%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.08 (s, 1H), 8.92 (s, 1H), 7.73 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.64 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.48-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.16 (td, J = 7.6, 1.2Hz, 1H), 7.05-7.01 (m, 3H), 4.36 (t, J = 4.7Hz, 2H), 4.23 (t, J = 5.7Hz, 2H), 3.92 (t, J = 5.5Hz, 2H), 3.64 (t, J = 5.1Hz, 2H). MS (m/z): 343.2 (M+H).

Scheme 77



Example 227

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(5-oxobenzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-6(5H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide **(449)**

Step 1: N-(2-(benzyloxy)phenyl)-3-fluoroisonicotinamide **(445)**

[0475] Using Procedure S-3 (Table 5) with 3-fluoroisonicotinic acid and 2-(benzyloxy)aniline the title compound 96 was obtained (4.01 g, 88%) as a white solid. MS (m/z): 323.2 (M+H).

Step 2: 3-fluoro-N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)isonicotinamide **(446)**

[0476] Title compound **445** (1.99 g, 6.18 mmol) was dissolved in the solution of HBr (33% in AcOH, 15.0 mL) and acetic acid (10.0 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. The mixture was diluted with water and basified with solid sodium bicarbonate until alkaline. More water was added to dissolve the salt and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (twice). The combined organic layers were washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The residue was triturated in 30% ethyl acetate in hexanes to afford title compound **446** (1.21 g, 84%) as a beige-yellow solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.02 (s, 1H), 9.75 (s, 1H), 8.75 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.59 (dd, J = 4.8, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.94 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (dd, J = 6.1, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (ddd, J = 8.0, 7.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (td, J = 7.6, 1.3 Hz, 1H). MS (m/z): 233.2 (M+H).

Step 3: benzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-5(6H)-one **(447)**

[0477] Using Procedure AG-3 (Table 5) with compound **446** the title compound **447** was obtained (940 mg, 93%) as beige solid. MS (m/z): 213.1 (M+H).

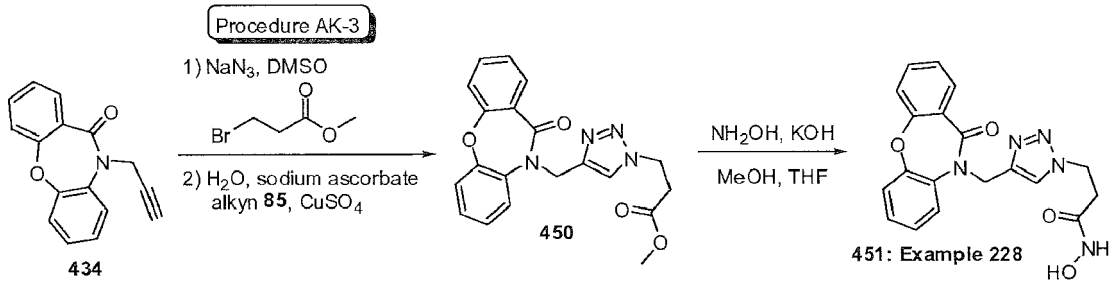
Step 4: methyl 4-(2-(5-oxobenzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-6(5H)-yl)ethoxy)benzoate **(448)**

[0478] Using Procedure H-3 (Table 5) with compound **447** the title compound **448** was obtained (530 mg, 63%) as a white solid. MS (m/z): 391.3 (M+H).

Step 5: N-hydroxy-4-(2-(5-oxobenzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-6(5H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide **(449)**

[0479] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **448** the title compound **449** was obtained (35 mg, 26%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.06 (s, 1H), 8.92 (s, 1H), 8.71 (s, 1H), 8.54 (d, J = 4.8Hz, 1H), 7.72 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.8Hz, 1H), 7.69-7.66 (m, 3H), 7.44 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.8Hz, 1H), 7.35-7.26 (m, 2H), 6.89 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 4.48-4.47 (m, 2H), 4.32 (t, J = 5.4Hz, 2H). MS (m/z): 392.3 (M+H).

Scheme 78



Example 228

methyl 3-(4-((11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)propanoate **(451)**

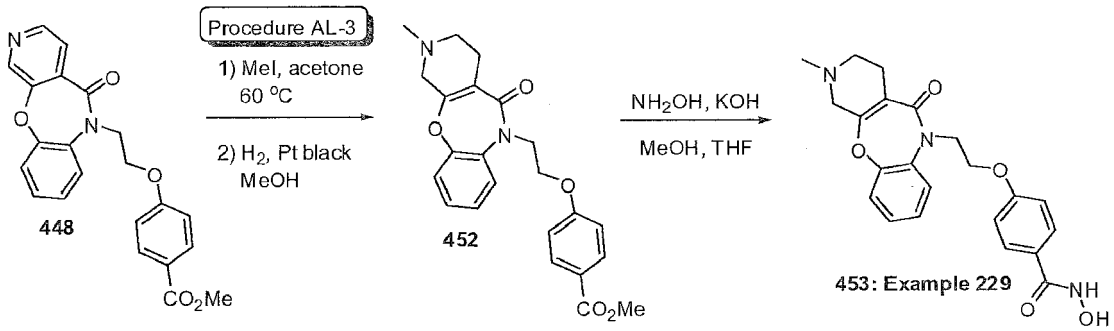
Step 1: methyl 3-(4-((11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)propanoate **(450)**

[0480] Methyl 3-bromopropanoate (0.227 g, 1.37 mmol) was dissolved in a solution of sodium azide in DMSO (0.5M, 2.7 mL, 1.37 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. Water (3.0 mL), followed by sodium ascorbate (0.027 g, 0.137 mmol), followed by compound **434** (0.340 g, 1.37 mmol), followed by copper sulfate (1M, 0.27 mL, 0.274 mmol) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. The gummy solid formed was dissolved in a minimum of DCM and the mixture was pour into ethyl acetate (150 mL). The organic layer was washed with water (2 times) and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filterd and evaporated. The crude was purified by flash chromatography (100% ethyl acetate) to afford title compound **450** (160 mg, 31%) as a colorless oil. MS (m/z): 379.3 (M+H).

Step 2: methyl 3-(4-((11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)propanoate **(451)**

[0481] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **450** the title compound **451** was obtained (44 mg, 28%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.97 (s, 1H), 7.79 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.8Hz, 1H), 7.68-7.65 (m, 1H), 7.56-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.32-7.20 (m, 5H), 5.28 (s, 2H), 4.69 (t, J = 6.8Hz, 2H), 2.71 (t, J = 6.8Hz, 2H). MS (m/z): 380.3 (M+H).

Scheme 79



Example 229

N-hydroxy-4-(2-(2-methyl-5-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydrobenzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-6(5H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide **(453)**

Step 1: methyl 4-(2-(2-methyl-5-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydrobenzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-6(5H)-yl)ethoxy)benzoate **(452)**

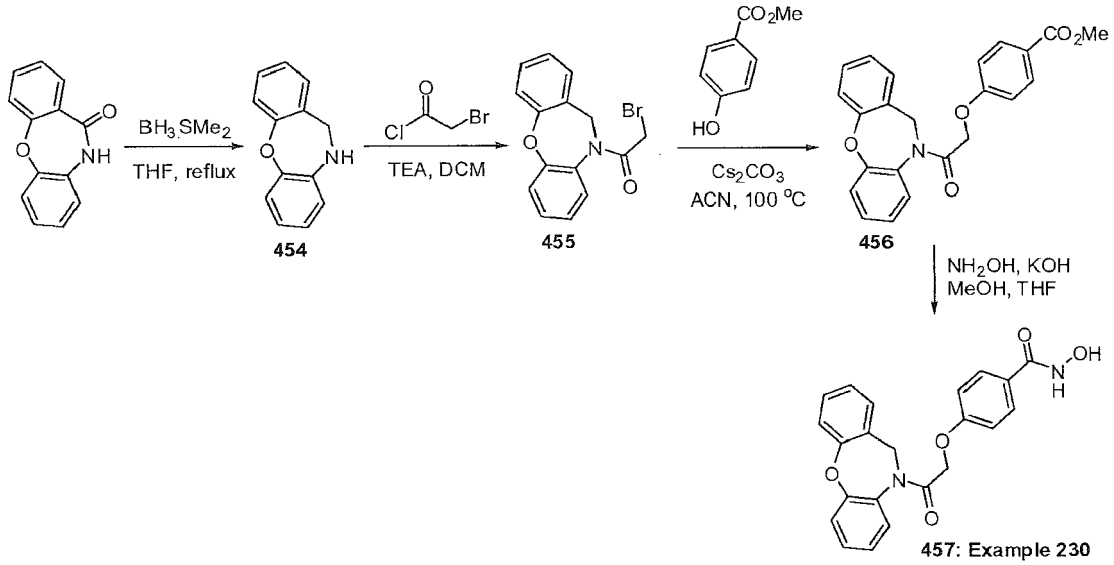
[0482] Title compound **448** (0.249 g, 0.638 mmol) was solubilized in acetone (15.0 mL) and the methyl iodide (2.0 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred in a sealed tube at 60 °C for 18 hours. The mixture was cooled down and evaporated. The residue was dissolved in methanol (15 mL) and Pt black (55 mg) was added. The reaction mixture

was stirred over 55PSI of hydrogen for 3 hours. The catalyst was filtered and the filtrate was evaporated. The crude was purified by flash chromatography (75-100% ethyl acetate in hexanes with 1.5% of ammonium hydroxide) to afford title compound **452** (133 mg, 51%). ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 7.89 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (dd, J = 7.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 4.38 (t, J = 4.9 Hz, 2H), 4.31 (t, J = 4.9 Hz, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.17 (s, 2H), 2.52-2.51 (m, 2H), 2.44 (m, 2H), 2.36 (s, 3H). MS (m/z): 409.4 (M+H).

Step 2: N-hydroxy-4-(2-(2-methyl-5-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydrobenzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-6(5H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide **(453)**

[0483] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **452** the title compound **453** was obtained (45 mg, 36%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.65 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.55 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.2Hz, 1H), 7.27 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.20 (td, J = 8.0, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.10 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.6Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 4.38 (t, J = 5.2Hz, 2H), 4.30 (t, J = 5.2Hz, 2H), 3.34-3.33 (m, 2H), 2.68 (t, J = 5.8Hz, 2H), 2.48 (br s, 5H). MS (m/z): 410.4 (M+H).

Scheme 80



Example 230

4-(2-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)-2-oxoethoxy)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(457)**

Step 1: 10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine **(454)**

[0484] Using Procedure Z-3 (Table 5) with dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11(10H)-one the title compound **454** was obtained (2.075 g, 100%) as beige solid. ^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.29-7.19 (m, 2H), 7.16-7.04 (m, 2H), 7.01-6.99 (m, 1H), 6.82-6.78 (m, 1H), 6.63-6.59 (m, 2H), 4.88 (s, 1H), 4.39 (s, 2H). MS (m/z): 198.1 (M+H).

Step 2: 2-bromo-1-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethanone **(455)**

[0485] Using Procedure S-3 (Table 5) with compound **454** the title compound **455** was obtained (900 mg, 88%) as brown oil. MS (m/z): 318.1 (M+H).

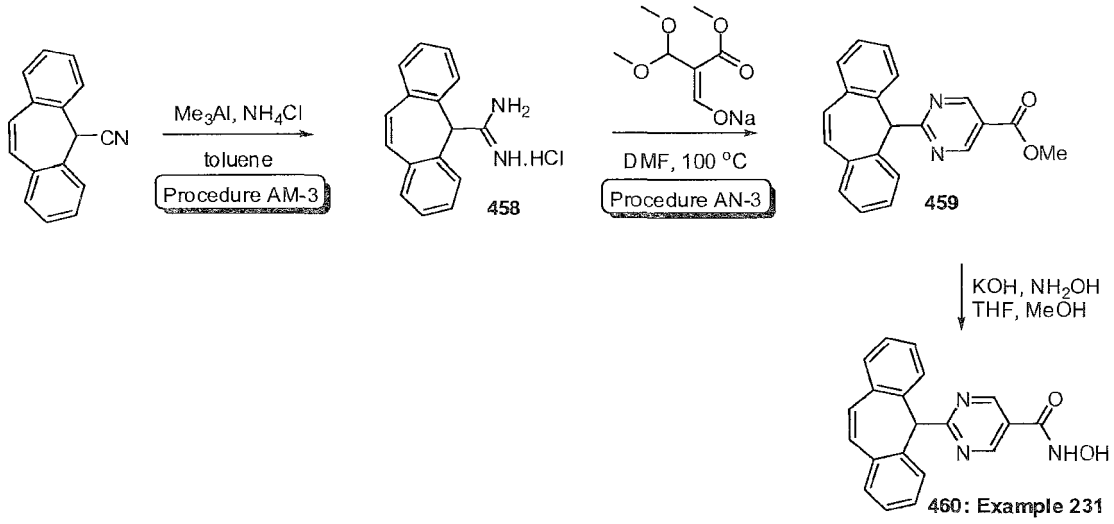
Step 3: methyl 4-(2-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)-2-oxoethoxy)benzoate **(456)**

[0486] Title compound **455** (0.890 g, 2.81 mmol) and the methyl 4-hydroxybenzoate (0.512 g, 3.37 mmol) were dissolved in acetonitile (10.0 mL) and the cesium carbonate (1.83 g, 5.62 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 100 °C in a sealed tube for 4 hours. The mixture was cooled down to room temperature and diluted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with water (2 times) and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The crude was purified by flash chromatography (30-40% ethyl acetate in hexanes) to afford title compound **456** (355 mg, 32%) as white foam. MS (m/z): 390.3 (M+H).

Step 4: 4-(2-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)-2-oxoethoxy)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(457)**

[0487] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **456** the title compound **457** was obtained (305 mg, 89%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.03 (s, 1H), 8.90 (s, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 7.6Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.47-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.30-7.22 (m, 4H), 7.10-7.06 (m, 1H), 6.75 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 5.01-4.66 (m, 4H). MS (m/z): 391.1 (M+H).

Scheme 81



Example 231

Compound (460)

Step 1: Compound **(458)**

[0488] To a suspension of ammonium chloride (0.976 g, 18.242 mmol) in toluene (2.5 mL) was added trimethylaluminium (2M in toluene, 9.1 mL, 18.242 mmol). This mixture was stirred for 1 hour and then added to a solution of the cyano compound (2.000 g, 9.121 mmol) in toluene (2.5 mL). The reaction mixture was heated at 80 °C for 3 hours. The mixture was cooled down to room temperature and poured into a suspension of SiO_2 in chloroform. The mixture was stirred for 5 minutes, filtered and washed with methanol (100 mL). The filtrate was evaporated to afford title compound **458** (2.3 g, 100%) as beige solid. MS (m/z): 236.2 (M+2H).

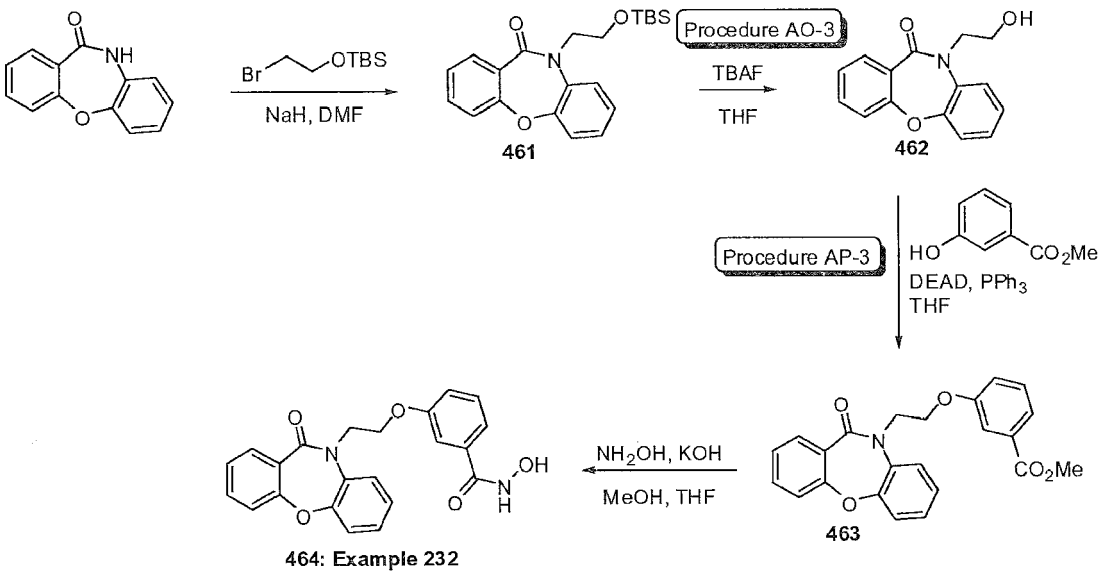
Step 2: Compound **(459)**

[0489] Title compound **458** (0.500 g, 1.833 mmol), sodium (Z)-2-(dimethoxymethyl)-3-methoxy-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-olate (0.418 g, 2.108 mmol) and dimethylformamide (4 mL) were combined and stirred at 100 °C for 1 hour. Water was added and the precipitate was filtered. The solid was purified by flash chromatography (0-30% ethyl acetate in hexanes) to afford title compound **459** (200 mg, 34%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ (ppm): 8.77 (s, 2H), 7.51-7.36 (m, 8H), 6.92 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H). MS (m/z): 330.2 (M+H).

Step 3: Compound **(460)**

[0490] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **459** the title compound **460** was obtained (240 mg, 136%,) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.06 (s, 1H), 9.06 (s, 1H), 8.59 (s, 2H), 7.58-7.47 (m, 6H), 7.40-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.01 (s, 2H).

Scheme 82



Example 232

N-hydroxy-3-(2-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide **(464)**

Step 1: 10-(2-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)ethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11(10H)-one **(461)**

[0491] Using Procedure H-3 (Table 5) with dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11(10H)-one and (2-bromoethoxy)(tert-butyl)dimethylsilane the title compound **461** was obtained (4.35 g, 100%) as a colorless oil. MS (m/z): 370.4 (M+H).

Step 2: 10-(2-hydroxyethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11(10H)-one **(462)**

[0492] Title compound **461** (4.29 g, 11.6 mmol) was dissolved in THF (30.0 mL) and tetrabutylammonium fluoride (1M in THF, 13.4 mL, 13.4 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The mixture was evaporated to 1/3 of the volume and then poured in ether. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The crude was purified by flash chromatography (50-70% ethyl acetate in hexanes) to afford title compound **462** (2.51 g, 85%) as a white solid. MS (m/z): 256.1 (M+H).

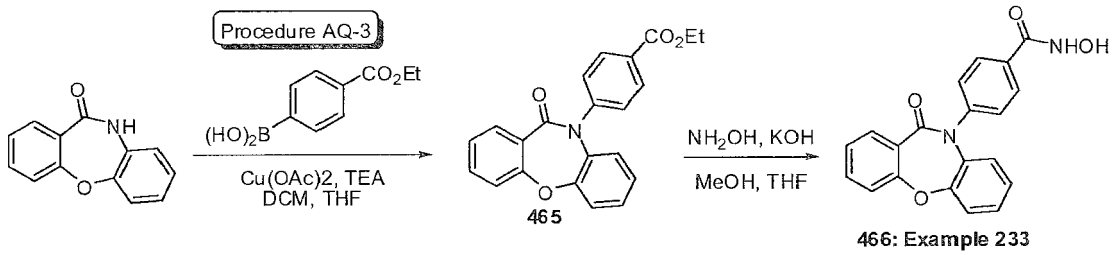
Step 3: methyl 3-(2-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethoxy)benzoate **(463)**

[0493] Title compound **462** (0.300 g, 1.18 mmol), methyl 3-hydroxybenzoate (0.179 g, 1.18 mmol) and triphenylphosphine (0.401 g, 1.53 mmol) were dissolved in THF (5 mL) then diethylazodicarboxylate (0.222 mL, 1.41 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. The solvent was evaporated to provide title compound 463.

Step 4: N-hydroxy-3-(2-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide **(464)**

[0494] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **463** the title compound **464** was obtained (18gm, 11%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.77 (dd, J = 8.0,1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (dd, J = 7.8,1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.58-7.53 (m,1H), 7.38-7.22 (m,8H), 7.09-7.04 (m,1H), 4.59-4.51 (br s,2H), 4.42 (t, J = 5.3 Hz, 2H). MS (m/z): 389.2 (M-H).

Scheme 83



Example 233

N-hydroxy-4-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)benzamide **(466)**

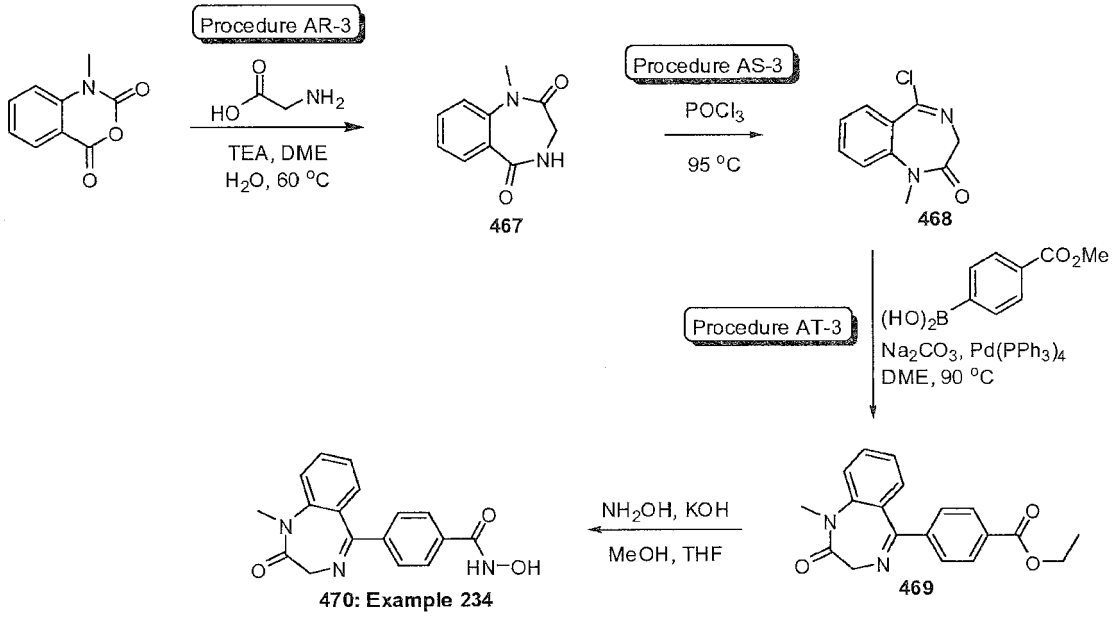
Step 1: ethyl 4-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)benzoate **(465)**

[0495] To a suspension of dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11(10H)-one (0.623 g, 2.95 mmol) in THF (10.0 mL), dichloromethane (10.0 mL) and triethylamine (2.0 mL, 14.7 mmol) was added diacetoxycopper (0.587 g, 3.25 mmol) followed by 4-(ethoxycarbonyl)phenylboronic acid (1.15 g, 5.91 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 days. It was diluted with ethyl acetate and this organic layer was washed with 10% HCl (2 times), water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The crude was purified by flash chromatography (a 1st one with 20% ethyl acetate in hexanes and second one with 0.5% methanol in dichloromethane) to afford title compound **465** (248 mg, 23%) as a white solid. MS (m/z): 360.3 (M+H).

Step 2: N-hydroxy-4-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)benzamide **(466)**

[0496] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **465** the title compound **466** was obtained (40 mg, 17%) as a pink solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.33 (s, 1H), 9.14 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.81 (dd, J = 8.0, 2.0Hz, 1H), 7.66-7.62 (m, 1H), 7.51-7.43 (m, 4H), 7.36 (td, J = 7.8, 0.8Hz, 1H), 7.22 (td, J = 7.4, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.11 (td, J = 7.8, 1.6Hz, 1H), 6.76 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.6Hz, 1H). MS (m/z): 347.2 (M+H).

Scheme 84



Example 234

(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methyl-2-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)benzamide **(470)**

Step 1: 1-methyl-3,4-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepine-2,5-dione **(467)**

[0497] 1-Methyl-1H-benzo[d][1,3]oxazine-2,4-dione (11.0 g, 62.1 mmol) and 2-aminoacetic acid (5.13 g, 68.3 mmol) were dissolved in DME (60 mL) and water (20 mL) and triethylamine was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 4 hours. The mixture was concentrated in vacuo to get a light tan heavy oily residue that was dissolved in acetic acid (75 mL). This mixture was refluxed 4 hours then cooled down to room temperature. The solvent was evaporated to get a tan heavy oil. The oil was allowed to stand at room temperature overnight in ether (50 mL). The beige crystalline solid was filtered and washed with ether. The solid was then triturated in ether to afford title compound **467** (7.95 g, 67%) as a beige crystalline solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 8.70 (s, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.75-3.72 (m, 1H), 3.51-3.46 (m, 1H), 3.28 (s, 3H). MS (ESI): 190.90 (MH)+

Step 2: (E)-5-chloro-1-methyl-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-2(3H)-one **(468)**

[0498] The title compound **467** (1.54 g, 8.10 mmol) was heated in phosphorus oxychloride (15 mL) at 95 °C for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was then cooled to room temperature and excess of phosphorus oxychloride was removed under reduced pressure. The black oil was dissolved in ethyl acetate and the organic phase was washed with sodium bicarbonate (saturated solution) and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated to afford crude title compound **468** that was used as such for the next step. MS (ESI): 209.12 (MH)+.

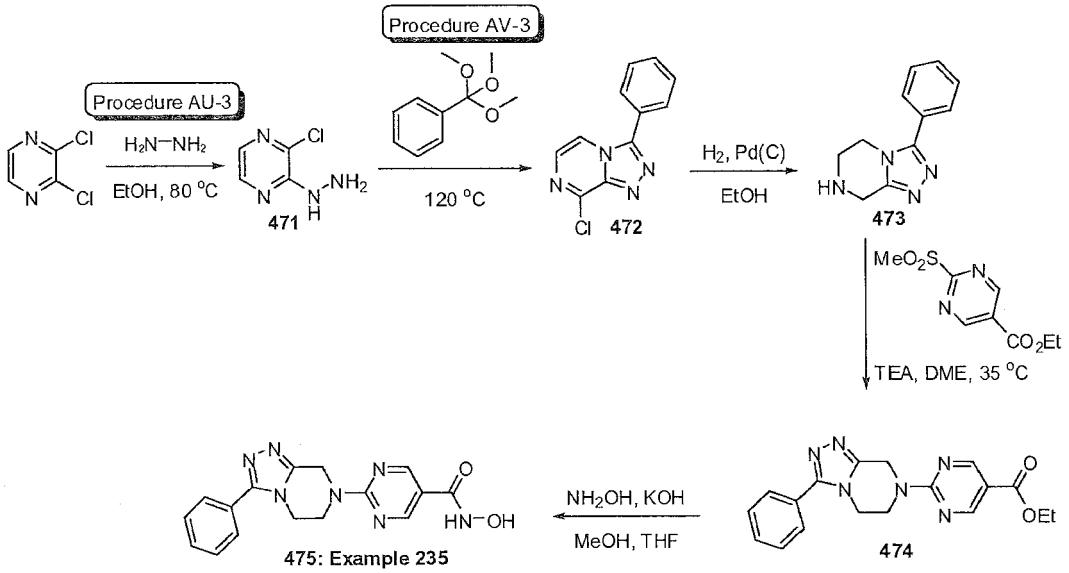
Step 3: (Z)-ethyl 4-(1-methyl-2-oxo-23-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)benzoate **(469)**

[0499] Title compound **468** (1.69 g, 8.10 mmol) was dissolve in DME (50 mL) and 4-(methoxycarbonyl)phenylboronic acid (1.47 g, 7.58 mmol) was added followed by tetrakis(triphenylphosphine) palladium (0) (0.301 g, 0.260 mmol) and then sodium carbonate (2M in water, 12 mL, 24.00 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 90°C for 1h, cooled at room temperature and poured into ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated. The crude was purified by flash chromatography (10% ethyl acetate in hexanes) to afford title compound **469** (1.41 g, 54%) as a red foam. MS (ESI): 323.42 (MH)+.

Step 4: (Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methyl-2-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)benzamide **(470)**

[0500] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **469** the title compound **470** was obtained (323 mg, 24%) as a pink solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.33 (s, 1H), 9.12 (s, 1H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.69-7.65 (m, 1H), 7.62-7.58 (m, 3H), 7.31-7.23 (m, 2H), 4.59 (d, J = 10.4Hz, 1H), 3.76 (d, J = 10.4Hz, 1H), 3.32 (s, 3H). MS (m/z): 310.3 (M+H).

Scheme 85



Example 235

N-hydroxy-2-(3-phenyl-5,6-dihydro-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide **(475)**

Step1: 2-chloro-3-hydrazinylpyrazine **(471)**

[0501] 2,3-Dichloropyrazine (2 g, 13.42 mmol), hydrazine (1.324 g, 26.8 mmol) and ethanol (40 ml) were combined and the reaction mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 1.5h. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and the yellow flakes were filtered off. The solid was washed with a small amount of water and dried. The mother liquor was concentrated to afford a yellow solid triturated with a small amount of water and dried. The 2 solids were combined to afford title product **471** (1.15 g, 59%) as yellow solid. MS (m/z): 145.0 (M+H).

Step2: 8-chloro-3-phenyl-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine **(472)**

[0502] Title compound **471** (0.8 g, 5.53 mmol) and Trimethyl orthobenzoate (5 mL, 29.1 mmol) were combined and the reaction mixture was stirred at 120 °C for 3h. The mixture was cooled to room temperature and the solid was filtered and washed with hexanes to afford title compound **472** (1.35 g, 100%) as a beige solid. MS (m/z): 231.1 (M+H)

Step3: 3-phenyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine **(473)**

[0503] Title compound **472** (310 mg, 1.34 mmol) was dissolved in EtOH (25 mL) and 10% Pd/C (75 mg, 25% w/w) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred under 1 atmosphere of hydrogen over night. The catalyst was filtered and the filtrate was evaporated to afford title compound **473** (269 mg, 100%). MS (m/z): 201.1 (M+H).

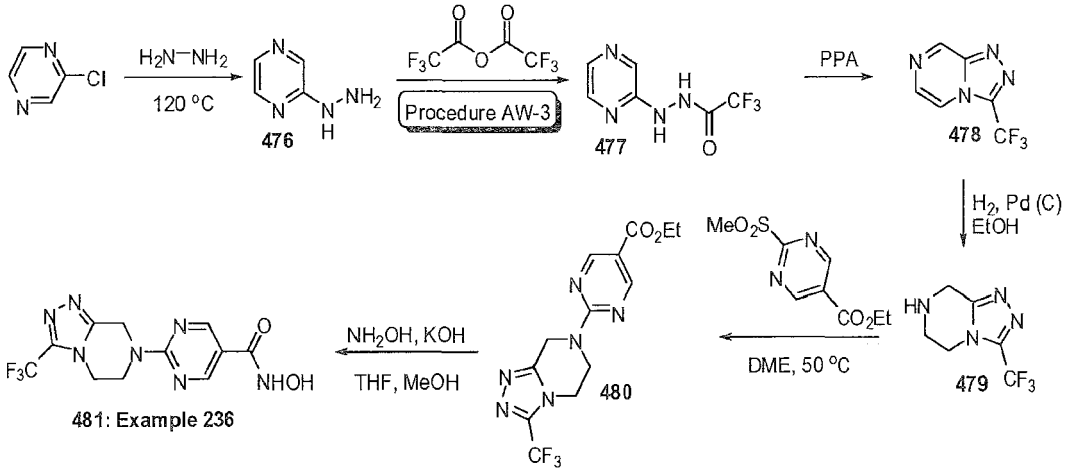
Step 4: ethyl 2-(3-phenyl-5,6-dihydro-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxylate (474)

[0504] Using Procedure Y-3 (Table 5) with compound **473** the title compound **474** was obtained (85 mg, 18%) as a clear oil. MS (m/z): 353.5 (M+3).

Step 5: N-hydroxy-2-(3-phenyl-5,6-dihydro-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide (475)

[0505] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound 474 the title compound 475 was obtained (85 mg, 93%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.19 (s, 1H), 9.09 (s, 1H), 8.79 (s, 2H), 7.78-7.77 (m, 2H), 7.76-7.75 (m, 3H), 5.20-5.15 (m, 2H), 4.35-4.20 (m, 4H). MS (m/z): 338.4 (M+H).

Scheme 86



Example 236

N-hydroxy-2-(3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide **(481)**

Step 1: 2-hydrazinylpyrazine **(476)**

[0506] Using Procedure AU-3 (Table 5) with 2-chloropyrazine the title compound **476** was obtained (4.4 g, 46%) as a yellow solid. MS (m/z): 111.0 (M+H).

Step 2: 2,2,2-trifluoro-N'-(pyrazin-2-yl)acetohydrazide **(477)**

[0507] In a 100 ml RB, trifluoroacetic anhydride (15 mL, 106 mmol) was added slowly to title compound 476 (1.7 g, 15.44 mmol) at 0 °C (exotherm). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2h then concentrated to give compound **477** as a red paste that was used crude for next step (>3.5g).

Step 3: 3-(trifluoromethyl)-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine **(478)**

[0508] To title compound **477** (3.12 g, 15.14 mmol) was added PPA (15 mL). The mixture was heated to 150 °C for 1h then poored over water. The aqueous was basified with conc. NH_4OH (exotherm) at 0 °C. Water was added until everything was dissolved. The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (x4). The organics were washed with brine, died over Na_2SO_4, filtered and concentrated to a brown paste. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (0% to 70% ethyl acetate in hexanes) to afford title compound **478** (0.9 g, 32%)as a brown solid. MS (m/z): 189.1 (M+H).

Step 4: 3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazine **(479)**

[0509] Using Procedure G-3 (Table 5) with compound **478** the title compound **479** (crude) was obtained (130 mg, 89%) as a brown oil. MS (m/z): 193.1 (M+H).

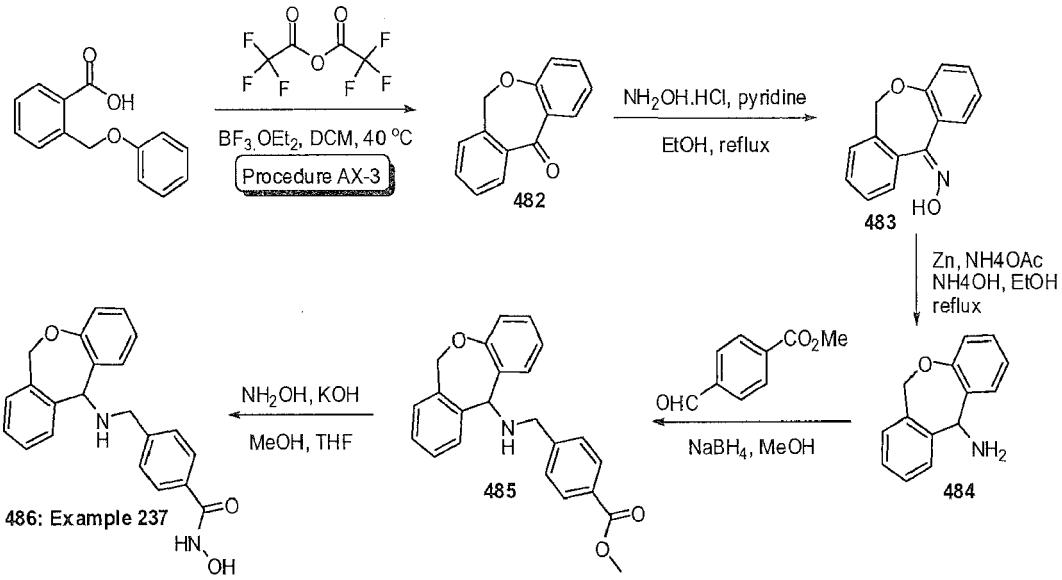
Step 5: ethyl 2-(3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxylate **(480)**

[0510] Using Procedure Y-3 (Table 5) with compound **479** the title compound **480** was obtained (550 mg, 49%) as a beige solid. MS (m/z): 343.4 (M+H).

Step 6: N-hydroxy-2-(3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide **(481)**

[0511] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **480** the title compound **481** was obtained (198 mg, 59%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.19 (s, 1H), 9.10 (s, 1H), 8.77 (s, 2H), 5.20 (s, 2H), 4.32 (t, J = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 4.25 (t, J = 4.9 Hz, 2H).. MS (m/z): 330.2 (M+H).

Scheme 87



Example 237

4-((6,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,e]oxepin-11-ylamino)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(486)**

Step 1: dibenzo[b,e]oxepin-11(6H)-one **(482)**

[0512] The 2-(phenoxymethyl)benzoic acid (22.18 g, 97 mmol) was dissolved in DCM (200 mL) and trifluoroacetic anhydride (20.59 mL, 146 mmol) was added, followed by a catalytic amount of borontrifluoride etherate (2.22 mL, 17.5 mmol). The reaction mixture was heated at 40 °C for 2 hours. The solution was then washed with water, sodium bicarbonate (saturated solution) and water. The organic phases was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified on silica gel (10-20% ethyl acetate in hexanes) to afford title compound **482** (19.937 g, 98%) as a light pink solid. MS (m/z): 211.1 (M+H).

Step 2: (E)-dibenzo[b,e]oxepin-11(6H)-one oxime **(483)**

[0513] Using Procedure K-3 (Table 5) with compound **482** the title compound **483** was obtained (4.458 g, 40%) as a white solid. MS (m/z): 226.2 (M+H).

Step 3: 6,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,e]oxepin-11-amine **(484)**

[0514] Using Procedure M-3 (Table 5) with compound **483** the title compound **484** was obtained (2.87 g, 100%) as a yellow oil. MS (m/z): 212.2 (M+H).

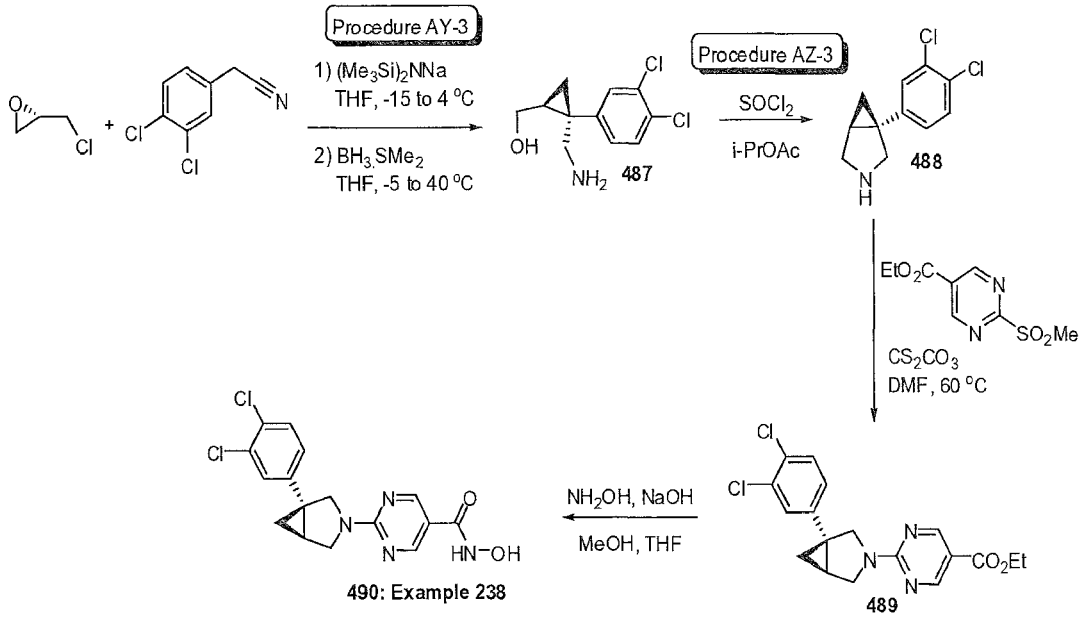
Step 4: methyl 4-((6,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,e]oxepin-11-ylamino)methyl)benzoate **(485)**

[0515] Using Procedure A-3 (Table 5) with compound **484** the title compound **485** was obtained (1.436 g, 93%) as a yellow oil. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 7.89 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.37-7.14 (m, 5H), 6.93-6.78 (m, 2H), 6.44 (d, J = 12.3 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (d, J = 12.1 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, J = 2.9 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (d, J = 0.4 Hz, 3H), 3.69 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 3.19-3.14 (m, 1H). MS (m/z): 360.4 (M+H).

Step 5: 4-((6,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,e]oxepin-11-ylamino)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(486)**

[0516] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **485** the title compound **486** was obtained (56 m g, 4%) as a light pink solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.14 (s, 1H), 8.99 (s, 1H), 7.70-7.68 (d, J = 7.6Hz, 2H), 7.38-7.23 (m, 6H), 7.18-7.14 (m, 2H), 6.87 (t, J = 7.0Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J = 7.6Hz, 1H), 6.44 (d, J = 12.4Hz, 1H), 4.91 (d, J = 12.4Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, J = 2.8Hz, 1H), 3.63 (d, J = 5.6Hz, 2H), 3.07 (br s, 1H). MS (m/z): 361.4 (M+H).

Scheme 88



Example 238

2-((1R,5S)-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-3-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide **(490)**

Step 1: ((1S,2R)-2-(aminomethyl)-2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)cyclopropyl)methanol **(487)**

[0517] To a solution of 2-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)acetonitrile (3.5 g, 18.81 mmol) and (S)-(+)-Epichlorohydrin (1.877 ml, 23.99 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (18.5 mL) at -15 ° C (dry ice/ethanol/water bath, internal temp monitored with thermocouple) under atmosphere of N2 was added sodium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide (16.5 mL, 33.0 mmol) dropwise over 3 hours. The reaction mixture was stirred for additional 3 hours at -15 ° C, then, overnight at 4 °C (cold room). The mixture was cooled to -5 °C and borane-methyl sulfide complex (4.4 mL, 44.0 mmol) was added over 2 hours via syringe pump. The reaction mixture was then gradually warmed to 40 °C over 3 hours. After aging 1.5 hours at 40 °C, the reaction mixture was cooled to 20-25 °C and slowly quenched into a 2N HCl solution (27.7 L). The quenched mixture was then stirred for 1 h at 40 °C. Ammonium hydroxide concentrated (6.3 L) was added and the aqueous layer was discarded. *i*-PrOAc (18.5 L) and 5% dibasic sodium phosphate (18.5 L) were charged. The organic phase was then washed with saturated brine (18.5 L), dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and evaporated to afford title compound **487** (4.63 g, 100%).

Step 2: (1R,5S)-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3,1,0]hexane **(488)**

[0518] Title compound **487** (4.63 g, 18.81 mmol) was dissolved in isopropyl acetate (24.5 mL). The above crude amino alcohol solution in isopropyl acetate was slowly subsurface-added to a solution ofthionyl chloride (1.61 ml, 22.06 mmol) in isopropyl acetate (17.5 mL) at ambient temperature over 2 hours. After aging additional 1-5 h, 5.0 N sodium hydroxide (16.4 mL) was added over 1 hour while the batch temperature was maintained at <30 °C with external cooling. The two-phase reaction mixture was stirred for 1 hour at ambient temperature to allow pH to stabilize (usually to 8.5-9.0) with sodium hydroxide pH titration. The organic phase was washed with 40% aqueous isopropanol (21 mL) followed by water (10.5 mL). Concentrated HCl (1.69 mL) was added. The aqueous isopropyl acetate was azeotropically concentrated in vacuum to ca. 24.5 mL. Methylcyclohexane (17.5 mL) was added dropwise over 2 hours. Compound did not crystallize out. The pH was adjusted to neutral and organic layer was separated. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The residue was purified by ISCO (EtOAc to 60% MeOH in EtOAc, 40g silica column) to afford title compound 488 (1.8 g, 42%) as a thick yellow oil. ^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.44 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 3.31-3.30 (m, 2H), 3.23-3.17 (m, 2H), 1.97-1.93 (m, 1H), 1.20-1.04 (m, 2H). MS (m/z) = 228.15 (M+H)

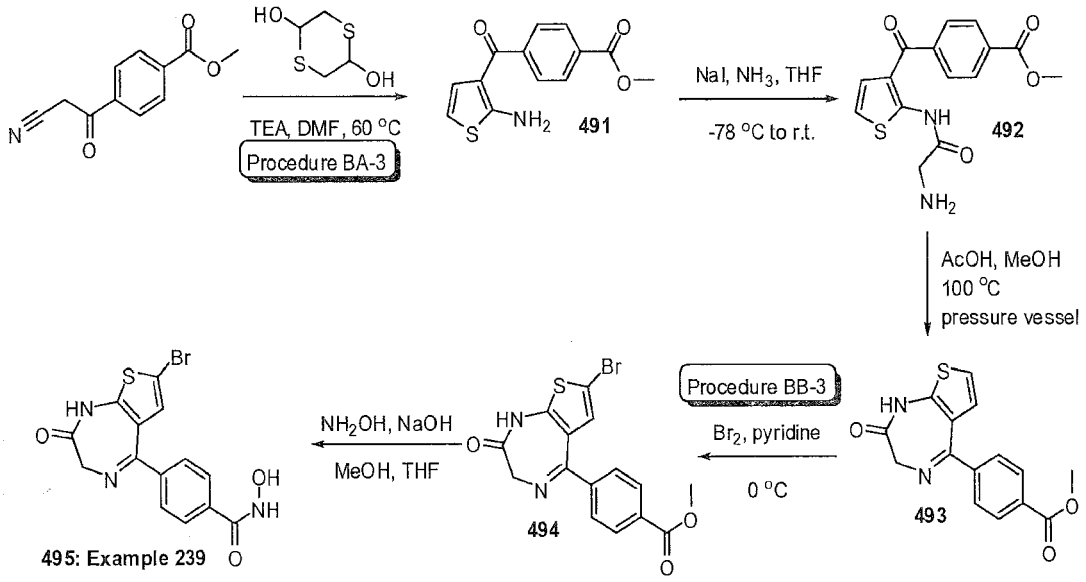
Step 3: ethyl 2-((1R,5S)-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-3-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxylate (489)

[0519] Using Procedure Y-3 (Table 5) with compound 488 the title compound 489 was obtained (176 mg, 43%) as a yellow solid. MS (m/z): 378.5 (M+H).

Step 4: 2-((1R,5S)-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-3-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide **(490)**

[0520] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **489** the title compound **490** was obtained (132 mg, 78%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.67 (s, 2H), 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.23 (dd, J = 2.4 Hz, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 2H), 2.14 (quin, J = 4 Hz, 1H), 1.22 (m, 1H), 0.90 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H). MS (m/z): 363.4 (M-H).

Scheme 89



Example 239

(Z)-4-(7-bromo-2-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-thieno[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(495)**

Step 1: methyl 4-(2-aminothiophene-3-carbonyl)benzoate **(491)**

[0521] Triethylamine (1.331 mL, 9.55 mmol) was added with stirring to a solution of methyl 4-(2-cyanoacetyl)benzoate (4.85 g, 23.87 mmol) and 1,4-dithiane-2,5-diot (1.817 g, 11.93 mmol) in dimethylformamide (10 mL), to give a yellow solution. After 15 min, the solution was heated to 60 °C for 2 hours and stirred at room temperature overnight. Water (50 mL), ethyl acetate (50 mL), and glacial acetic acid (ca. 1-3 mL) were added to the oily residue until the organic layer became clear. After separation of the organic layer and further extraction of the aqueous layer with ethyl acetate (50 mL), the combined organic layers were washed subsequently with 5% aqueous $NaHCO_3$ and H_2O, dried over anhydrous $MgSO_4$. The solvent was removed and the residue was purified via ISCO (0-50% EtOAc/Hexanes; 80g silica gel column) to afford title compound **491** (3.7g, 59%) as a yellow solid. MS (m/z): 357.4 (M+H).

Step 2: methyl 4-(2-(2-aminoacetamido)thiophene-3-carbonyl)benzoate **(492)**

[0522] In a 100 mL round-bottomed flask was dissolved title compound **491** (1 g, 2.96 mmol) and sodium iodide (0.533 g, 3.55 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (20 mL) to give a yellow suspension. The mixture was heated at reflux for 2hours. The mixture was cooled to -78 °C. A Dewar-type condenser was attached and filled with dry ice/acetone. Ammonia was introduced as a gas and about 30 mL was condensed into the flask. The reaction mixture was left to warm up to room temperature over the weekend. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was purified via ISCO (50-100% EtOAc/Hexanes; 40g silica gel column) to obtain product as a tan powder. The solid was purified by suspending it in 1:1 dichloromethane/ether and filtering to afford title compound **492** (265 mg, 28%) as a tan powder which was sufficiently

pure for the next step. MS (m/z): 319.3 (M+H).

Step 3: (Z)-methyl 4-(2-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-thieno[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)benzoate **(493)**

[0523] In a 75 mL pressure flask was suspended compound **492** (0.265 g, 0.832 mmol) and acetic acid (0.071 mL, 1.249 mmol) in methanol (20 mL) to give a yellow suspension. The reaction mixture was heated at 100 °C overnight. The solvent was removed to afford title compound **493** (250 mg, 100%) as a tan powder. MS (m/z): 301.3 (M+H).

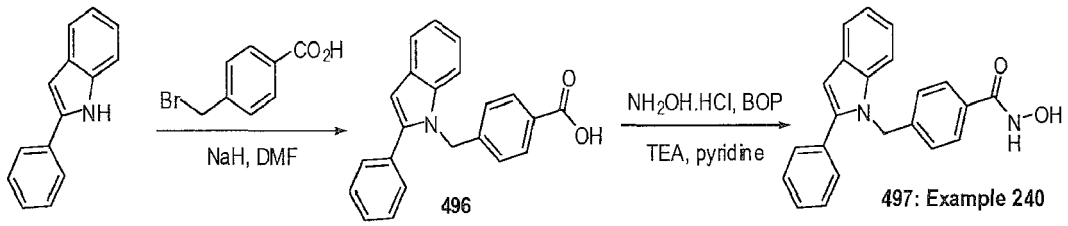
Step 4: (Z)-methyl 4-(7-bromo-2-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-thieno[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)benzoate **(494)**

[0524] In a 20 mL dram screw-cap vial with septum was dissolved compound **493** (0.140 g, 0.466 mmol) in pyridine (3 mL) to give an orange solution. The mixture was cooled to 0 °C and bromine (0.029 mL, 0.559 mmol) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was left to stir at 0 °C for 1 hour. The mixture was quenched with saturated thiosulfate solution and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed several times with water, then brine, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and evaporated. The residue was suspended in ether and filtered to afford title compound **494** (101 mg, 57%) as a tan solid. MS (m/z): 379.33 (M+H).

Step 5: (Z)-4-(7-bromo-2-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-thieno[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide **(495)**

[0525] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **494** the title compound **495** was obtained (40 mg, 40%) as a tan solid. ^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.84 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.85 (s, 1H), 4.36 (s, 2H). MS (m/z): 378.2 (M-H).

Scheme 90



Example 240

N-hydroxy-4-((2-phenyl-1H-indol-1-yl)methyl)benzamide **(497)**

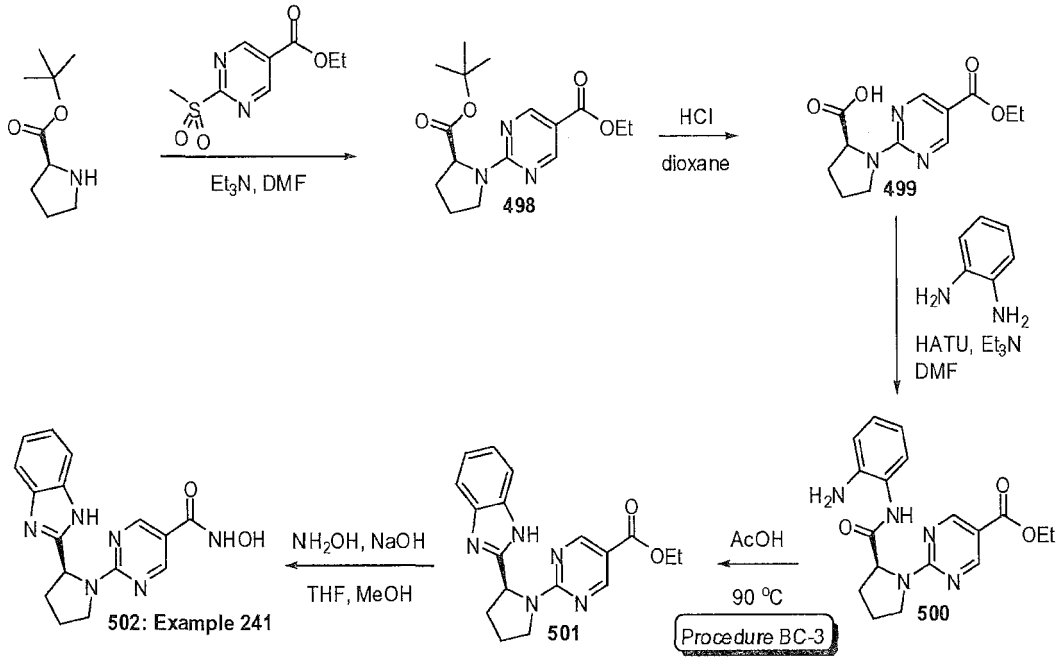
Step 1: 4-((2-phenyl-1H-indol-1-yl)methyl)benzoic acid **(496)**

[0526] Using Procedure H-3 (Table 5) with 2-phenyl-1H-indole and 4-(bromomethyl)benzoic acid the title compound **496** was obtained (332 mg, 22%) as a tan solid. ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 7.78 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (dd, J = 7.0, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.50-7.41 (m, 5H), 7.34 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.14-7.06 (m, 2H), 6.93 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.67 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 5.51 (s, 2H). MS (m/z) = 326.2 (M-H).

Step 2: N-hydroxy-4-((2-phenyl-1H-indol-1-yl)methyl)benzamide **(497)**

[0527] Title compound **496** (332 mg, 1.014 mmol), hydroxylamine hydrochloride (85 mg, 1.217 mmol), BOP (583 mg, 1.318 mmol), triethylamine (0.424 mL, 3.04 mmol) and pyridine (7 mL) were stirred together at room temperature for 1 hour. All solvents were then removed under reduced pressure, and the residue was diluted with ethyl acetate and brine. Following extraction with ethyl acetate, the combined organic layers were dried with anhydrous sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was then purified by column chromatography on silica gel using 50-100% EtOAc/hexanes as the eluent to afford title compound **497** (0.058 g, 17%) as a white solid. ^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.66-7.62 (m,3H), 7.50-7.38 (m,5H), 7.28-7.23 (m,1H), 7.17-7.08 (m,2H), 7.03 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.65 (d, J = 0.6 Hz, 1H), 5.51 (s,2H). MS (m/z): 343.5 (M+H).

Scheme 91



Example 241

(S)-2-(2-(1 H-benzo [d]imidazol-2-yl)pyrrolidin-1-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide **(502)**

Step 1: (S)-ethyl 2-(2-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)pyrrolidin-1-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxylate **(498)**

[0528] Using Procedure Y-3 (Table 5) with (S)-tert-butyl pyrrolidine-2-carboxylate and ethyl 2-(methylsulfonyl)pyrimidine-5-carboxylate the title compound **498** was obtained (278 mg, 66%). MS (m/z): 322.3 (M+H).

Step 2: (S)-1-(5-(ethoxycarbonyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid **(499)**

[0529] HCl in dioxane (3 mL) was added to compound 498 (278 mg, 0.865 mmol) and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight. The reaction was then concentrated to afford compound **499** which was used without further purification. MS (m/z): 266.2 (M+H).

Step 3: (S)-ethyl 2-(2-(2-aminophenylcarbamoyl)pyrrolidin-1-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxylate **(500)**

[0530] Using Procedure S-3 (Table 5) with compound **499** the title compound **500** was obtained (117 mg, 51%).

Step 4: (S)-ethyl 2-(2-(1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)pyrrolidin-1-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxylate **(501)**

[0531] AcOH (2 mL) was added to compound **500** (117 mg, 0.329 mmol) and the solution was heated at 90°C for 30 minutes. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was then partitioned between ethyl acetate and water and the pH adjusted to pH=10. The organic phase was separated, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography eluting with 50-100% EtOAc in hexanes to afford title compound **501** (72 mg, 65%). MS(m/z): 338.4 (M+H).

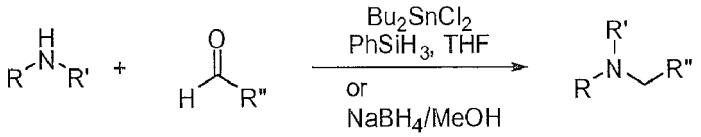
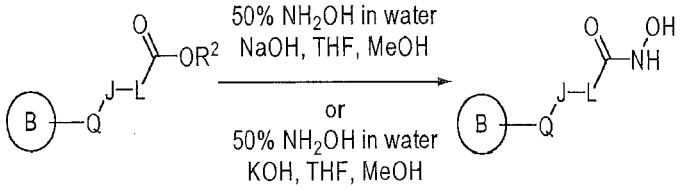
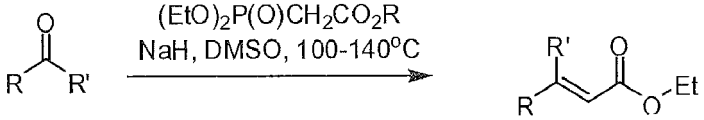
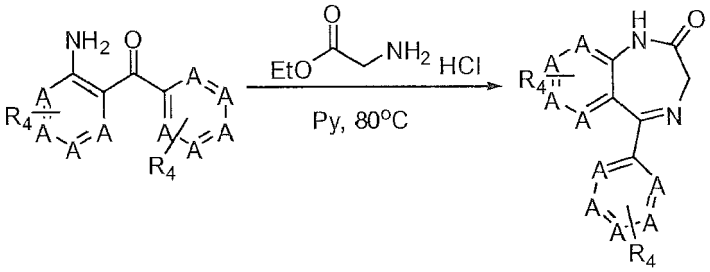
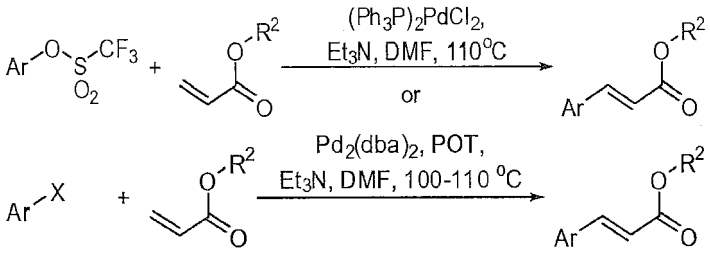
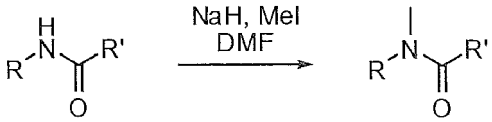
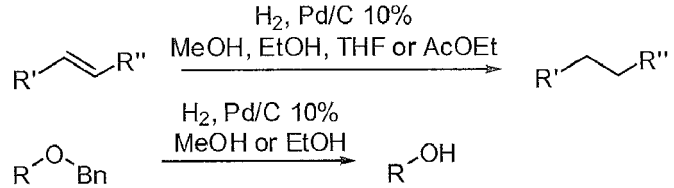
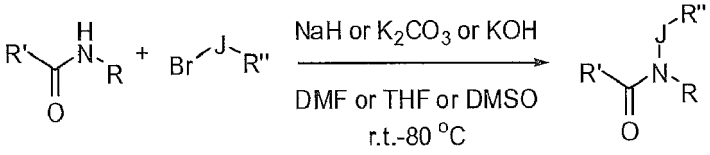
Step 5: (S)-2-(2-(1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)pyrrolidin-1-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide **(502)**

[0532] Using Procedure B-3 (Table 5) with compound **501** the title compound **502** was obtained (17 mg, 25%). ^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.72 (bs, 1H), 8.50 (bs, 1H), 7.46 (s, 2H), 7.17 (m, 2H), 5.48 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.04 (m, 1H), 3.79 (m, 1H), 2.53 (m, 1H), 2.28 (m, 1H), 2.14 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 325.3 (M+H).

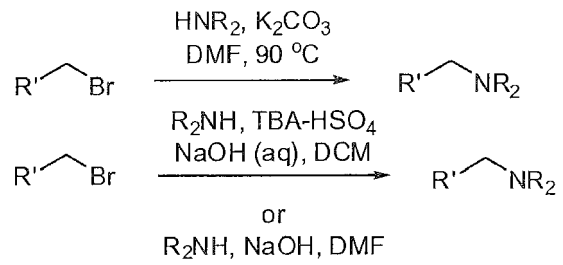
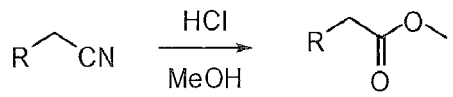
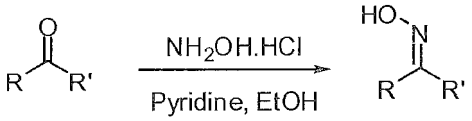
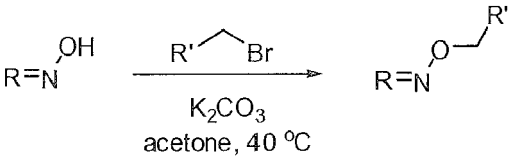
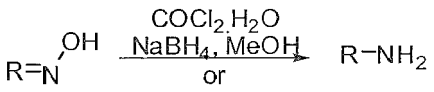
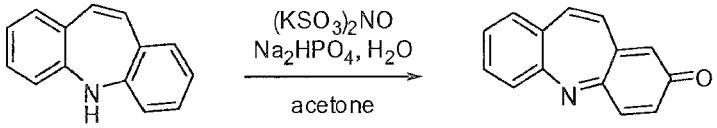
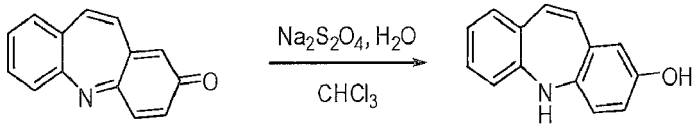
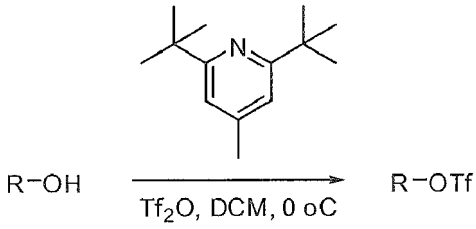
[0533] The general procedures **A-3** to **BC-3** used to synthesize compounds of this invention are described in the Table 5. A specific example of each general procedure is provided in the indicated step of a particular example. It is realized

that substrates and methods may be modified and/or adapted by those of skill in the art in order to facilitate the synthesis of the compounds within the scope of the present invention.

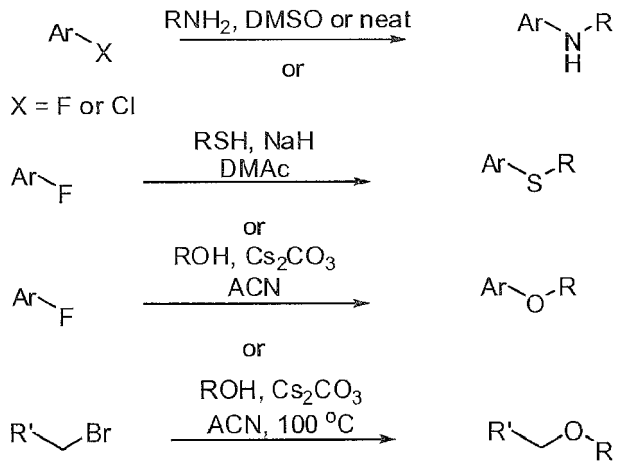
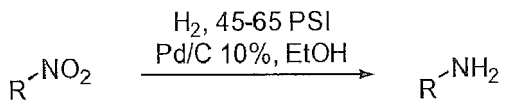
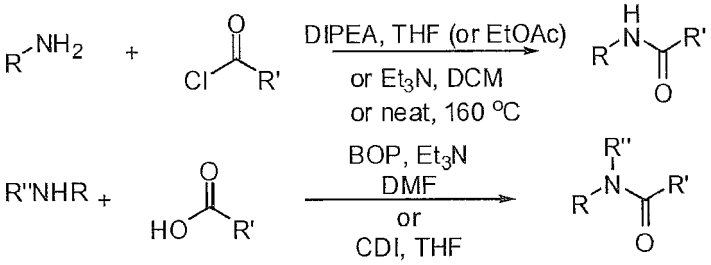
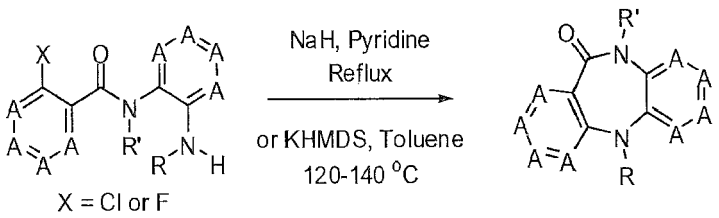
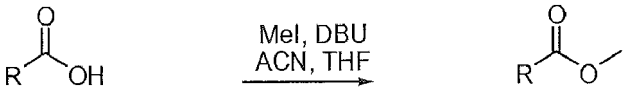
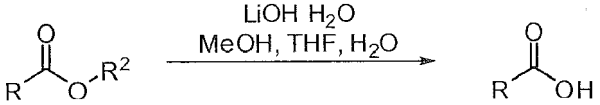
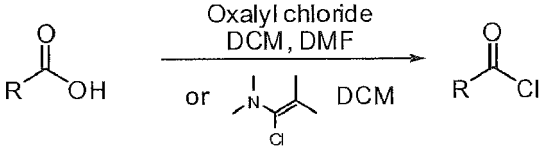
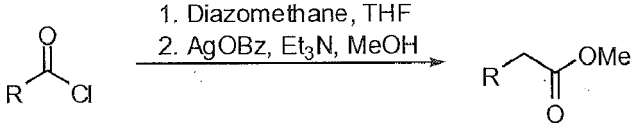
Table 5

Proc	Sc	Ex	Step	Reaction Conditions
A-3	50	200	1	
B-3	50	200	2	
C-3	51	201	1	
D-3	52	202	1	
E-3	52	202	2	
F-3	53	203	1	
G-3	54	204	1	
H-3	55	205	2	

(continued)

Proc	Sc	Ex	Step	Reaction Conditions
I-3	56	206	1	
J-3	56	206	2	
K-3	57	207	1	
L-3	57	207	2	
M-3	58	208	1	
N-3	59	209	1	
O-3	59	209	2	
P-3	59	209	4	

(continued)

Proc	Sc	Ex	Step	Reaction Conditions
Q-3	60	210	1	
R-3	60	210	2	
S-3	60	210	3	
T-3	60	210	4	
U-3	61	211	2	
V-3	62	212	2	
W-3	62	212	3	
X-3	62	212	4	

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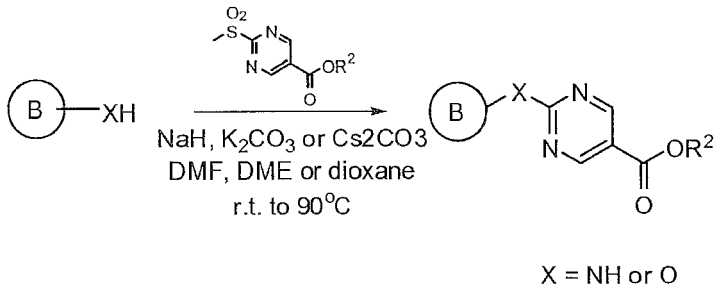
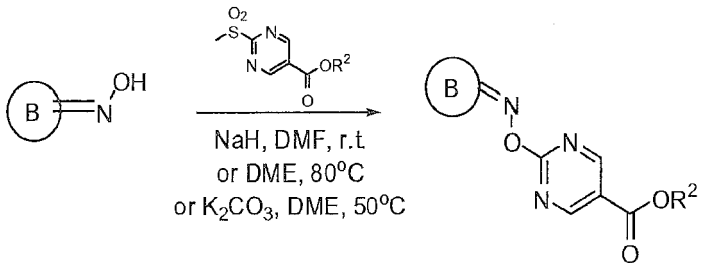
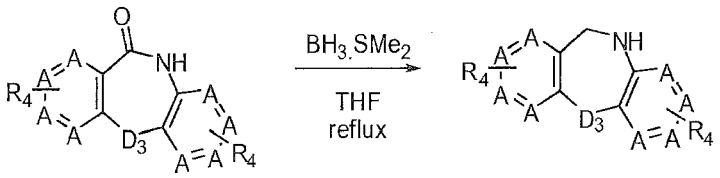
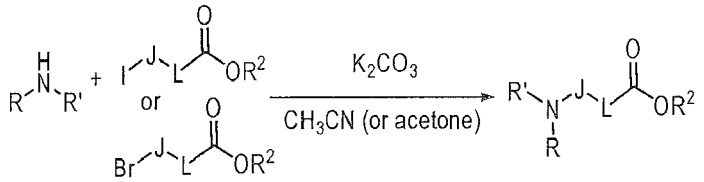
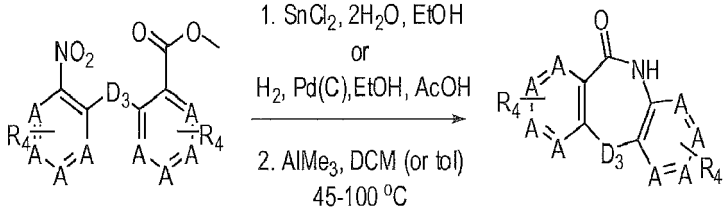
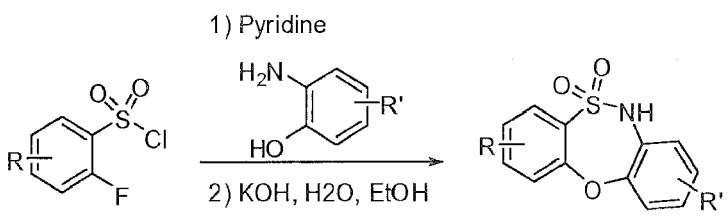
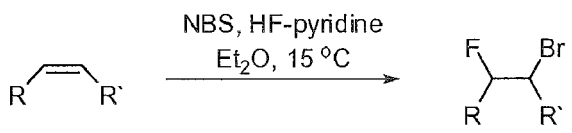
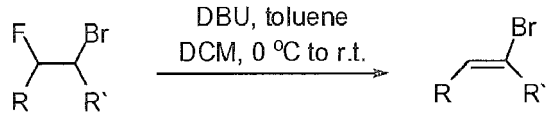
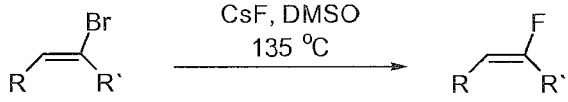
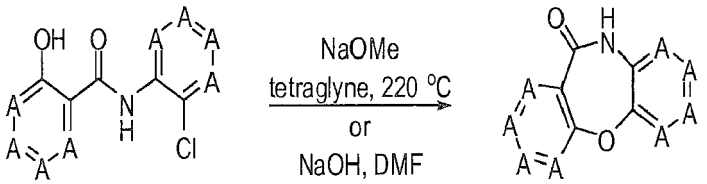
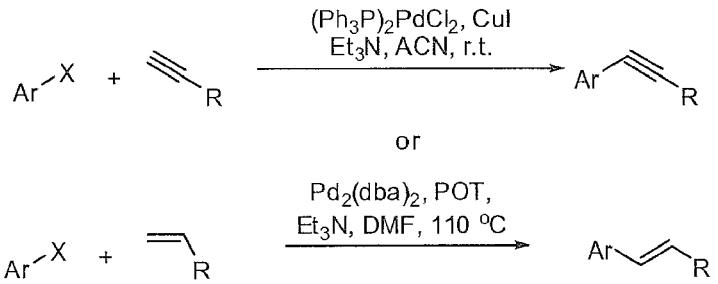
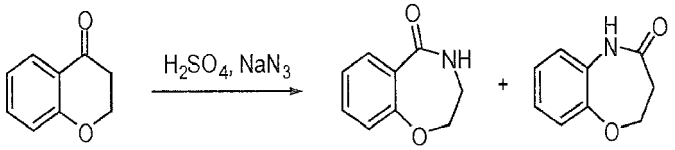
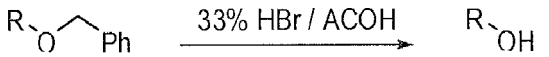
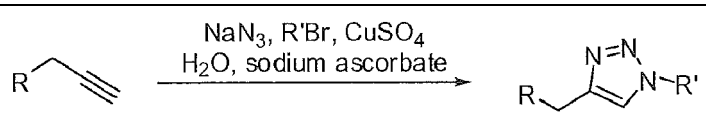
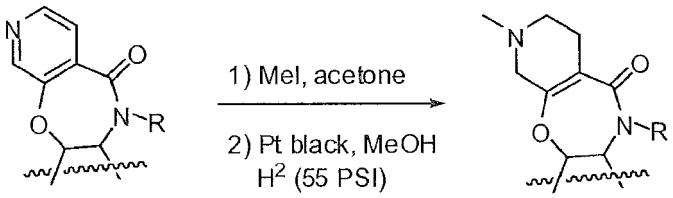
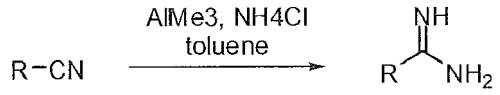
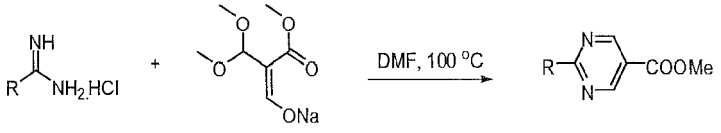
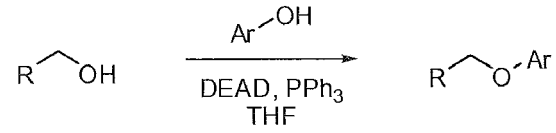
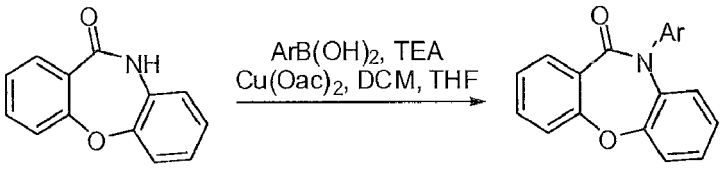
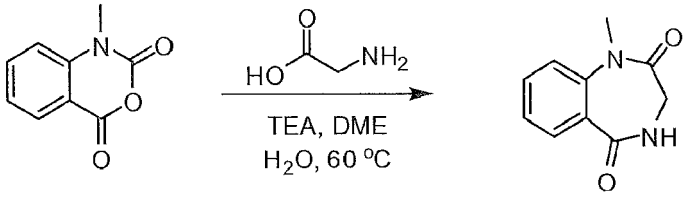
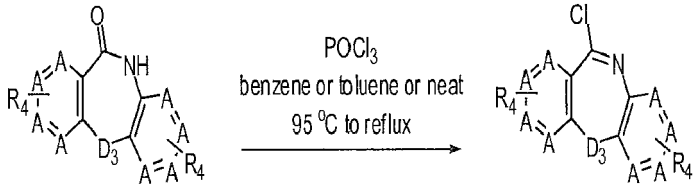
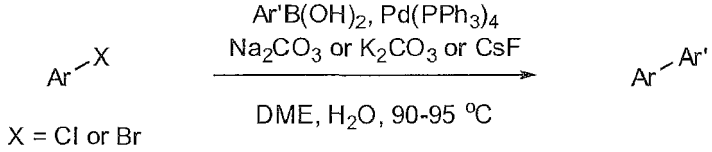
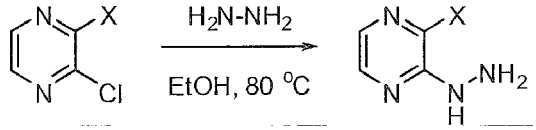
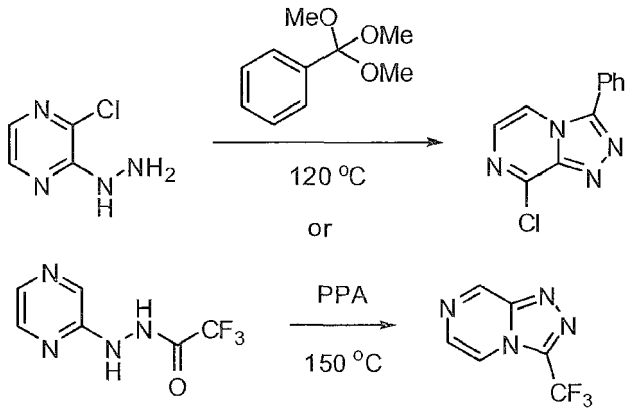
Proc	Sc	Ex	Step	Reaction Conditions
Y-3	64	214	1	
				
Z-3	65	215	1	
AA-3	65	215	2	
AB-3	68	218	2	
AC-3	69	219	1	
AD-3	72	222	1	

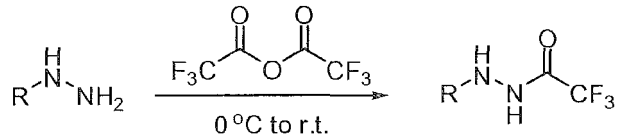
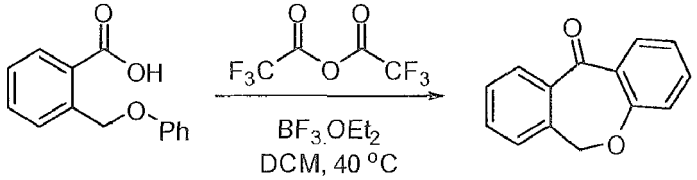
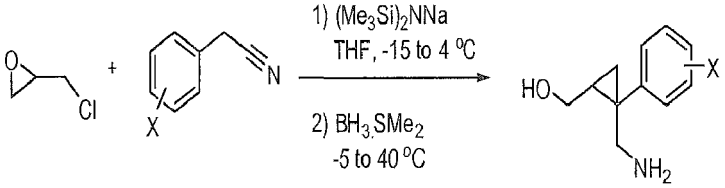
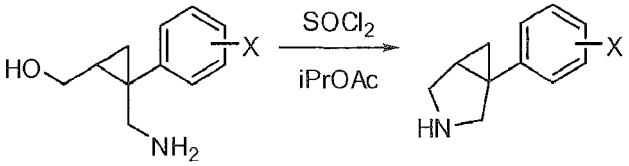
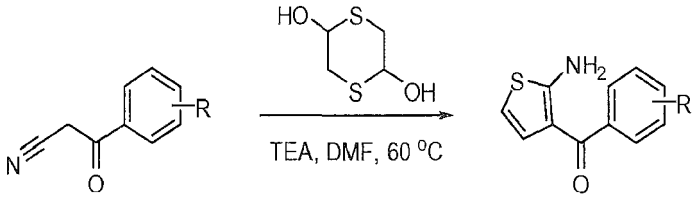
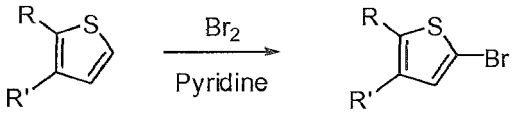
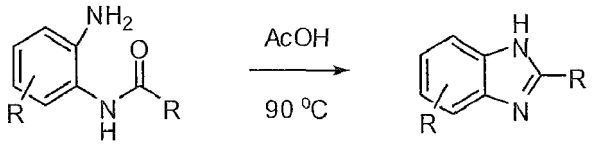
(continued)

Proc	Sc	Ex	Step	Reaction Conditions
AE-3	72	222	2	
AF-3	72	222	3	
AG-3	73	223	2	
AH-3	74	224	2	
AI-3	76	226	1	
AJ-3	77	227	2	
AK-3	78	228	1	
AL-3	79	229	1	
AM-3	81	231	1	
AN-3	81	231	2	

(continued)

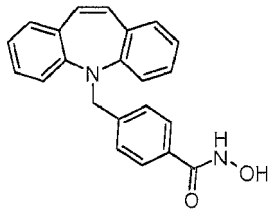
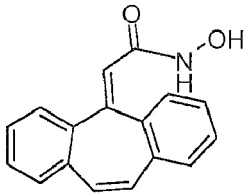
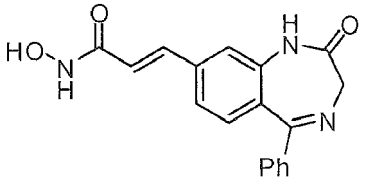
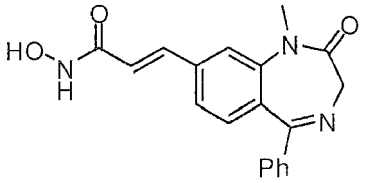
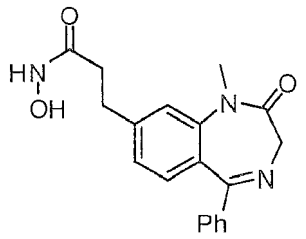
Proc	Sc	Ex	Step	Reaction Conditions
AO-3	82	232	2	
AP-3	82	232	3	
AQ-3	83	233	1	
AR-3	84	234	1	
AS-3	84	234	2	
AT-3	84	234	3	
AU-3	85	235	1	
AV-3	85	235	2	

(continued)

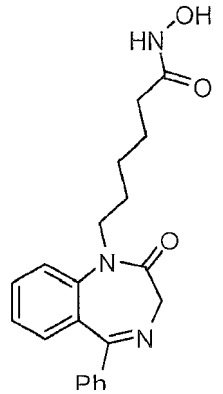
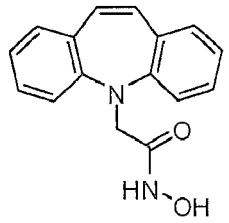
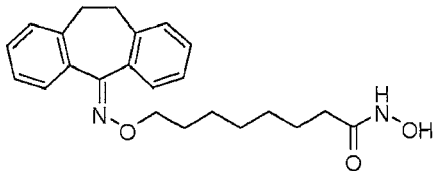
Proc	Sc	Ex	Step	Reaction Conditions
AW-3	86	236	2	
AX-3	87	237	1	
AY-3	88	238	1	
AZ-3	88	238	2	
BA-3	89	239	1	
BB-3	89	239	4	
BC-3	91	241	4	

[0534] The examples described in Table 6 were prepared following the preparative sequences (general procedures **A-3** to **BC-3)** indicated in Table 5 or using a preparative sequence(s) already described (for example, Table 1 and/or Table 3).

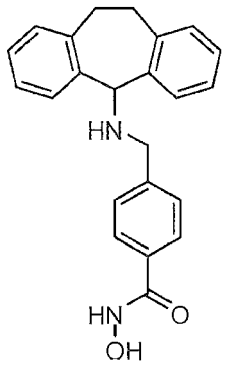
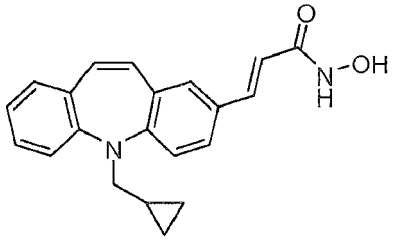
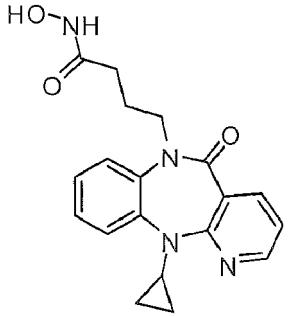
Table 6

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
200	351		(Z)-4-((5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	(DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 11.06(s, 1H), 8.96(s, 1H), 7.57(d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.47(d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.21 (td, J = 1.6 and 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.18-7.13(m, 2H), 7.10(dd, J = 1.6 and 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.6(td, J = 1.2 and 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.85(s, 2H), 5.00(s, 2H). LRMS: 342.1 (calc) 343.2 (found)
201	353			^{1}H NMR(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.7-10.4 (1H , br s), 8.9-8.7 (1H, br s), 7.44-7.25 (8H, m), 6.99 and 6.91 (2H, AB doublet, J= 12.1 Hz), 5.75 (1H, s). MS (m/z): 264.0 (M+H).
202	356		€-N-hydroxy-3-((Z)-2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-8-yl)acrylamide	^{1}H NMR(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm)- formate salt: 10.54 (s, 1H), 7.61 - 7.53 (m, 3H), 7.50 - 7.44 (m, 3H), 7.26 - 7.22 (m, 2H), 7.17 (td, J=7.2, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (d, J=5.9 Hz, 1H), 4.12 - 4.01 (br s, 2H). MS (m/z): 322.2 (M+H)
203	359		€-N-hydroxy-3-((Z)-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4] diazepin-8-yl)acrylamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm)- formate salt: 7.70 - 7.56 (m, 7H), 7.29 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 2H), 6.55 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.43 (s, 3H). MS (m/z): 336.1 (M+H).
204	361		(Z)-N-hydroxy-3-(1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-8-yl)propanamide	(MeOD) d(ppm): 7.68 - 7.63 (m, 1H), 7.56 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.29 - 7.23 (m, 4H), 4.58 (d, J=11.0 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (d, J=11.0 Hz, 1H), 3.42 (s, 3H), 2.97 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.40 (t, J=7.8 Hz, 2H). MS (m/z): 338.2 (M+H)

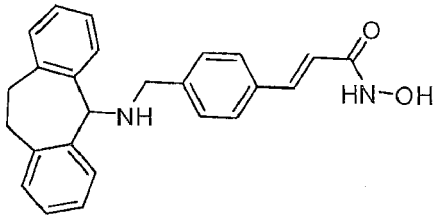
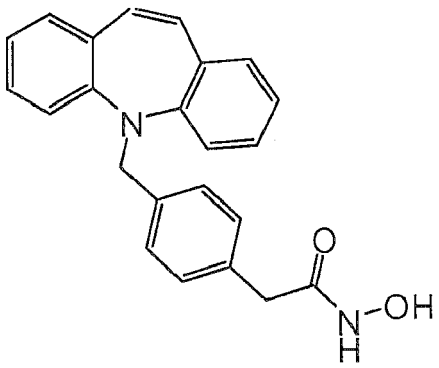
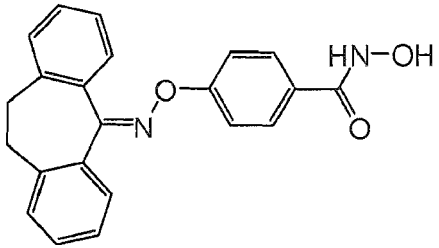
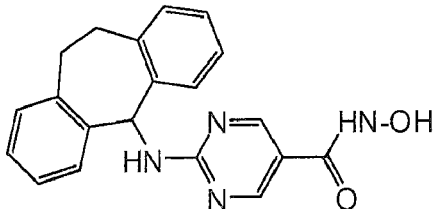
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
205	364		(Z)-N-hydroxy-6-(2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-1-yl)hexanamide	(CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.69 - 7.61 (m, 2H), 7.55 - 7.49 (m, 3H), 7.47 - 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.32 - 7.25 (m, 2H), 4.58 (d, J=10.6 Hz, 1H), 4.43 - 4.36 (m, 1H), 3.81 (d, J=10.7 Hz, 1H), 3.78 - 3.71 (m, 1H), 1.85 (t, J=7.7 Hz, 2H), 1.56-1.37 (m, 4H), 1.16 - 1.09 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 366.1 (M+H).
206	367		(Z)-2-(5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxyacetamide	($CDCl_3$) δ (ppm): 7.28 (2H, t, J=7.1Hz), 7.16-7.11 (4H, m), 7.04 (2H, t, J=7.1Hz), 6.83 (2H, s), 4.42 (2H, s). MS (m/z): 267.0 (M+H).
207	370			(CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.51 (dd, J=7.8, 1.5Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.25 (m, 4H), 7.24-7.15 (m, 2H), 7.13 (d, J=7.6Hz, 1H), 4.13 (t, J=6.5Hz, 2H), 3.12-3.00 (m, 4H), 2.06 (t, J=7.5Hz, 2H), 1.67-1.56 (m, 4H), 1.40-1.20 (m, 6H). MS (m/z): 381.2 (M+H).

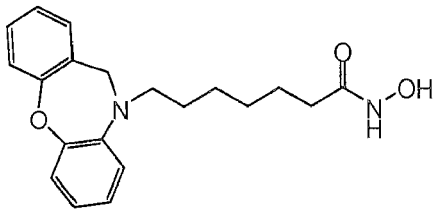
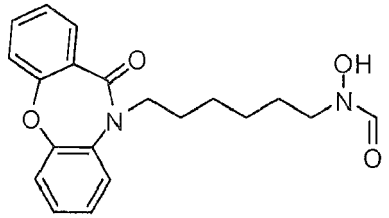
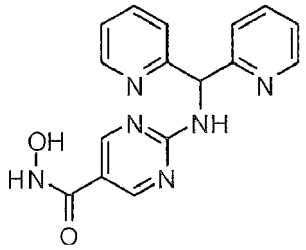
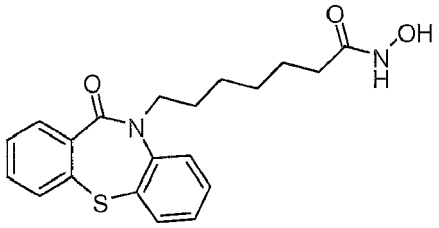
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
208	373			($MeOH-d_4$) (ppm): 7.80 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.42-7.38 (m, 4H), 7.33-7.27 (m, 4H), 5.49 (br s, 1H), 4.20 (s, 2H), 3.44-3.42 (m, 2H), 3.08 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 359.1 (M+H).
209	379		€-3-((Z)-5-(cyclopropylmethyl)-5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-2-yl)-N-hydroxyacrylamide	(CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.5-7.4 (2H, m), 7.25-7.2 (2H, m), 7.05-7.0 (3H, m), 6.99-9.93 (1H, m), 6.75-6.65 (2H, observed 2d), 6.33 (1H, d, J=15.7Hz), 3.57 (2H, d, J=6.4Hz), 1.05-0.95 (1H, m), 0.45-0.37 (2H, m), 0.25-0.18 (2H, m). MS (m/z): 333.1 (M+H).
210	385		4-(11-cyclopropyl-5-oxo-5H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-6(11H)-yl)-N-hydroxybutanamide	(CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.36 (1H, dd, J=4.9, 1.7Hz), 8.00 (1H, dd, J=7.6, 1.7Hz), 7.52 (1H, dd, J=8.1, 1.3Hz), 7.38 (1H, dd, J=8.0, 1.1Hz), 7.26 (1H, td, J=7.8, 1.3Hz), 7.23-7.17 (1H, td observed), 7.12 (1H, dd, J=7.6, 4.9Hz), 4.58-4.48 (1H, m), 3.76-3.68 (1H, m), 3.60-3.55 (1H, m), 2.06 (2H, t, J=7.6Hz), 1.95-1.80 (1H, m), 1.79-1.73 (1H, m), 1.05-0.87 (2H, m), 0.60-0.42 (2H, m). MS (m/z): 353.1 (M+H).

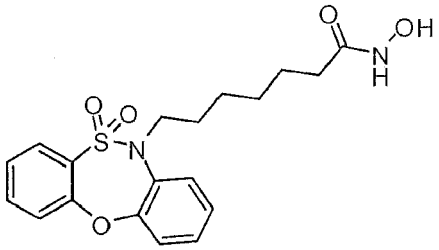
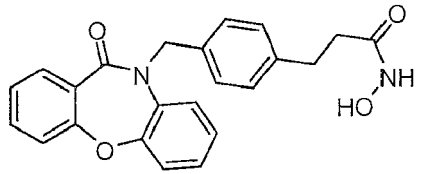
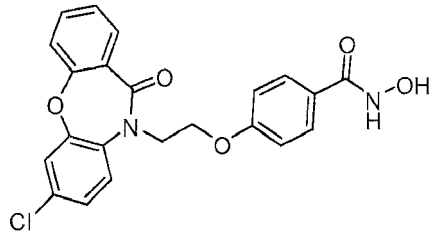
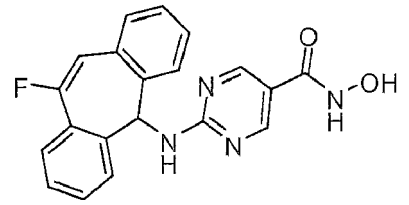
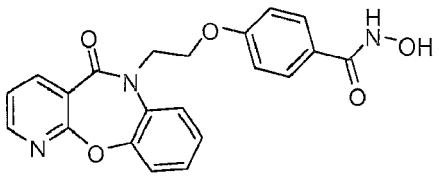
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
211	388			(CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.70-7.55 (3H, m), 7.47 (2H, d, J=7.8Hz), 7.42-7.34 (4H, m), 7.33-7.21 (5H, m), 6.56 (1H, d, J=15.9Hz), 5.49 (1H, br s), 4.16 (1H, br s), 3.50-3.36 (2H, m), 3.25-2.98 (2H, m). MS (m/z): 385.1 (M+H).
212	393		(Z)-2-(4-((5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)methyl)phenyl)-N-hydroxyacetamide	(dmso) δ (ppm): 10.57 (1H, s), 8.74 (1H, s), 7.31 (2H, d, J=8.2Hz), 7.19 (2H, td, J=7.2, 1.6Hz), 7.11 (2H, d, J=7.2Hz), 7.10-7.04 (4H, m), 6.92 (2H, m), 6.81 (2H, s), 4.89 (2H, s), 3.13 (2H, s). MS (m/z): 357.1 (M+H)
213	395			($DMSO-d_6$) δ (ppm): 11.13 (1H, s), 8.94 (1H, s), 7.74 (2H, d, J=8.8Hz), 7.67 (1H, d, J=7.4Hz), 7.42-7.34 (4H, m), 7.32-7.26 (2H, m), 7.26-7.19 (3H, m), 3.21-2.99 (4H, m). MS (m/z): 359.0 (M+H).
214	397			^1H NMR (MeOD) δ (ppm): 8.62 (2H,s), 7.44 (2H, d, J=7.1Hz), 7.17-7.09 (6H, m), 6.66 (1H, s), 3.38-3.30 (2H, m), 3.28-3.18 (2H, m). MS (m/z): 345.1 (M-H).

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
215	400		7-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)-N-hydroxyheptanamide	^{1}H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.71 (m, 1H), 7.60 (t, J = 8.0Hz, 1H), 7.52-7.48 (m, 2H), 7.43 (d, J = 7.8Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.27 (t, J = 7.4Hz, 1H), 5.01 (s, 2H), 3.56 (t, J = 8.0Hz, 2H), 2.15 (br s, 2H), 1.73-1.70 (m, 2H), 1.59-1.55 (m, 2H), 1.31 (br s, 4H). MS (m/z): 341.1 (M+H).
216	404		N-hydroxy-N-(6-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4] oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)hexyl)formamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.24, 7.89 (2s, rotamers, 1H), 7.74 (d, J = 7.6Hz, 1H), 7.54-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.33 (dt, J = 7.4, 2.0Hz, 1H), 7.28-7.21 (m, 4H), 4.19 (br s, 2H), 3.50 (t, J = 6.8Hz, 1H), 3.44 (t, J = 6.8Hz, 1H), 1.70-1.55 (m, 4H), 1.44-1.29 (m, 4H). MS (m/z): 355.2 (M+H).
217	407		2-(dipyridin-2-ylmethylamino)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.65 (bs, 2H), 8.54 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 7.79 (dt, J = 2 Hz, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (dd, J = 2 Hz, 6.8 Hz, 2H), 6.43 (s, 1H).. MS (m/z): 323.4 (M+H).
218	411		N-hydroxy-7-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4] thiazepin-10(11 H)-yl)heptanamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.63-7.59 (m, 2H), 7.52-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.42-7.34 (m, 3H), 7.19 (td, J = 7.4, 1.4Hz, 1H), 4.70 (dt, J= 13.7, 1.4Hz, 1H), 3.67 (ddd, J= 13.7, 7.4, 5.9Hz, 1H), 2.04 (t, J = 7.0Hz, 2H), 1.65-1.52 (m, 4H), 1.44-1.22 (m, 4H). MS (m/z): 371.4 (M+H).

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
219	414			^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.80 (dd, J = 8.0, 2.0Hz, 1H), 7.61 (ddd, J = 8.4, 6.8, 1.2Hz, 1H), 7.46-7.41 (m, 3H), 7.38-7.30 (m, 3H), 3.62 (t, J = 7.2Hz, 2H), 2.06 (t, J = 7.2Hz, 2H), 1.61-1.51 (m, 4H), 1.44-1.28 (m, 4H). MS (m/z): 391.3 (M+H).
220	418		N-hydroxy-3-(4-((11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4] oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)methyl)phenyl)propanamid e	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.33 (s, 1H), 8.68 (s, 1H), 7.74 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.60-7.56 (m, 1H), 7.48-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.36-7.28 (m, 3H), 7.19-7.10 (m, 6H), 5.31 (s, 2H), 2.73 (t, J = 7.2Hz, 2H), 2.20 (t, J = 7.2Hz, 2H). MS (m/z): 389.4 (M+H).
221	422		4-(2-(7-chloro-11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4] oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethoxy)-N-hydroxybenzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.04 (s, 1H), 8.90 (s, 1H), 7.74-7.71 (m, 2H), 7.68 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.61-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.39-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.32 (td, J = 7.4, 1.2Hz, 1H), 6.91 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 4.42 (br s, 2H), 4.30 (t, J = 5.2Hz, 2H). MS (m/z): 447.4 (M+Na).
222	429			^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 9.46 (s, 0.1H), 8.58 (br s, 2H), 7.80 (d, J = 7.8 HZ, 1H), 7.73 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, J = 21.7 Hz, 1H), 5.92 (s, 1H).. MS (m/z): 361.4 (M-H).
223	433		N-hydroxy-4-(2-(5-oxobenzo[b]pyrido[3,2-f] [1,4]oxazepin-6(5H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.05 (s, 1H), 8.90 (s, 1H), 8.46 (dd, J = 4.8, 2.0Hz, 1H), 8.23 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.72 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, J = 9.2Hz, 2H), 7.44 (dd, J = 7.6, 4.4Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.25 (m, 3H), 6.90 (d, J = 9.2Hz, 2H), 4.47 (m, 2H), 4.32 (t, J = 5.2Hz, 2H). MS (m/z): 392.3 (M+H).

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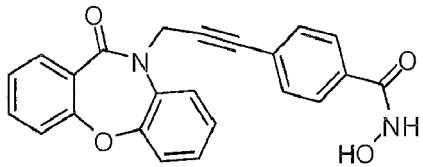
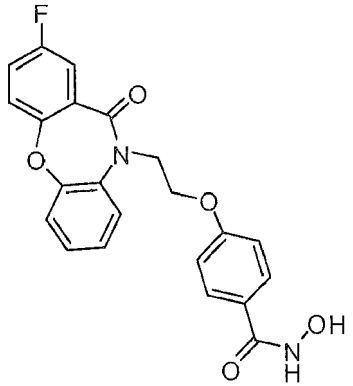
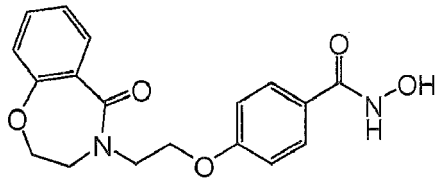
Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
224	436		N-hydroxy-4-(3-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4] oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)prop-1-ynyl)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.30 (s, 1H), 9.11 (s, 1H), 7.79 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.74-7.72 (m, 3H), 7.64-7.59 (m, 1H), 7.47-7.26 (m, 7H), 5.11 (s, 2H) LRMS(ESI):(calc) 384.11 (found) 385.16 (MH)+
225	441		4-(2-(2-fluoro-11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4] oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethoxy)-N-hydroxybenzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.05 (s, 1H), 8.90 (s, 1H), 7.70-7.65 (m, 3H), 7.49-7.38 (m, 4H), 7.33-7.23 (m, 2H), 6.89 (d, J = 9.0Hz, 2H), 4.45 (br s, 2H), 4.31 (t, J = 5.2Hz, 2H). MS (m/z): 409.3 (M+H).
226	444		N-hydroxy-4-(2-(5-oxo-2,3-dihydrobenzo[f] [1,4]oxazepin-4(5H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.08 (s, 1H), 8.92 (s, 1H), 7.73 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.64 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.48-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.16 (td, J = 7.6, 1.2Hz, 1H), 7.05-7.01 (m, 3H), 4.36 (t, J = 4.7Hz, 2H), 4.23 (t, J = 5.7Hz, 2H), 3.92 (t, J = 5.5Hz, 2H), 3.64 (t, J = 5.1Hz, 2H). MS (m/z): 343.2 (M+H).

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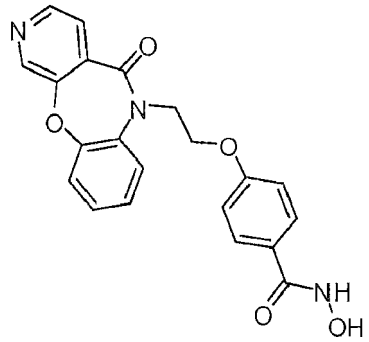
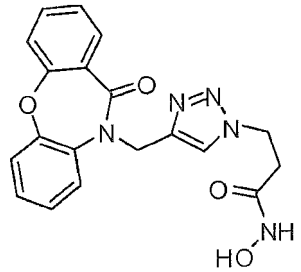
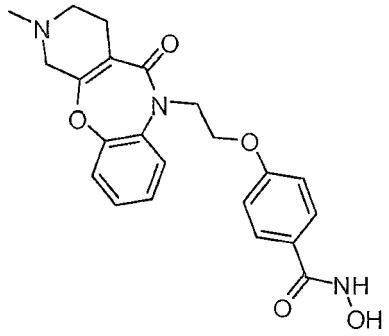
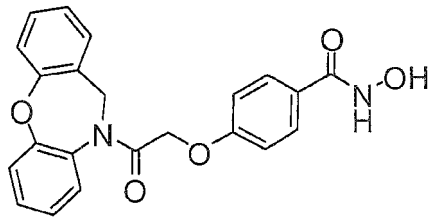
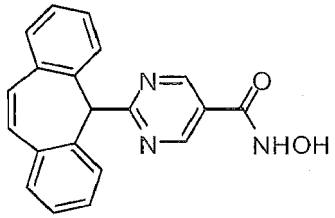
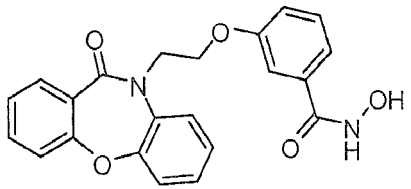
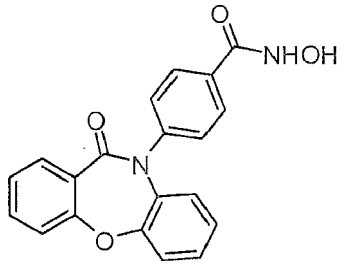
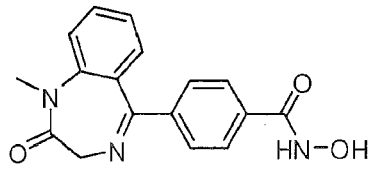
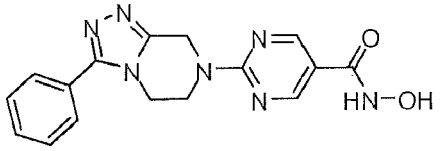
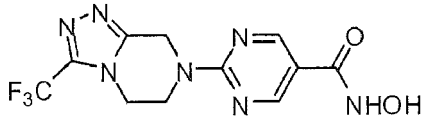
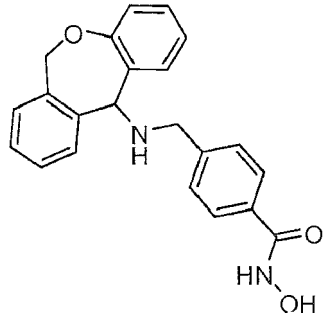
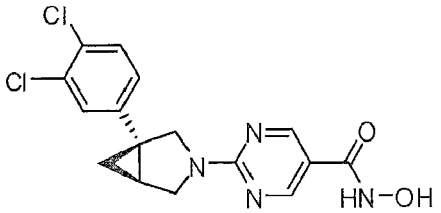
Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
227	449		N-hydroxy-4-(2-(5-oxobenzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-6(5H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.06 (s, 1H), 8.92 (s, 1H), 8.71 (s, 1H), 8.54 (d, J = 4.8Hz, 1H), 7.72 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.8Hz, 1H), 7.69-7.66 (m, 3H), 7.44 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.8Hz, 1H), 7.35-7.26 (m, 2H), 6.89 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 4.48-4.47 (m, 2H), 4.32 (t, J = 5.4Hz, 2H). MS (m/z): 392.3 (M+H).
228	451		N-hydroxy-3-(4-((11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)propanamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.97 (s, 1H), 7.79 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.8Hz, 1H), 7.68-7.65 (m, 1H), 7.56-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.32-7.20 (m, 5H), 5.28 (s, 2H), 4.69 (t, J = 6.8Hz, 2H), 2.71 (t, J = 6.8Hz, 2H). MS (m/z): 380.3 (M+H).
229	453		N-hydroxy-4-(2-(2-methyl-5-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydrobenzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-6(5H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.65 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.55 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.2Hz, 1H), 7.27 (td, J = 7.6, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.20 (td, J = 8.0, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.10 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.6Hz, 1H), 6.87 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 4.38 (t, J = 5.2Hz, 2H), 4.30 (t, J = 5.2Hz, 2H), 3.34-3.33 (m, 2H), 2.68 (t, J = 5.8Hz, 2H), 2.48 (br s, 5H). MS (m/z): 410.4 (M+H).

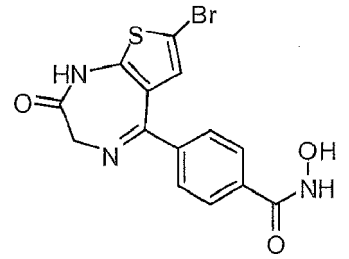
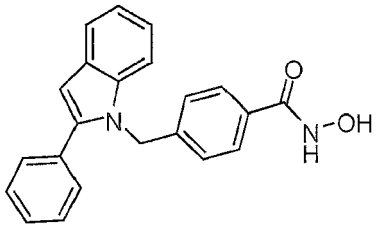
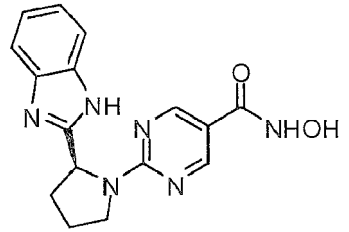
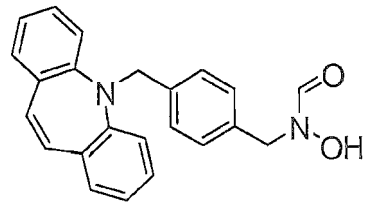
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
230	457		4-(2-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(1H)-yl)-2-oxoethoxy)-N-hydroxybenzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.03 (s, 1H), 8.90 (s, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 7.6Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.47-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.30-7.22 (m, 4H), 7.10-7.06 (m, 1H), 6.75 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 5.01-4.66 (m, 4H). MS (m/z): 391.1 (M+H).
231	460			^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.06 (s, 1H), 9.06 (s, 1H), 8.59 (s, 2H), 7.58-7.47 (m, 6H), 7.40-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.01 (s, 2H).
232	464		N-hydroxy-3-(2-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4] oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.77 (dd, J = 8.0,1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (dd, J=7.8,1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.58-7.53 (m,1H), 7.38-7.22 (m,8H), 7.09-7.04 (m,1H), 4.59-4.51 (br s,2H), 4.42 (t, J = 5.3 Hz, 2H). MS (m/z): 389.2 (M-H).
233	466		N-hydroxy-4-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4] oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.33 (s, 1H), 9.14 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.81 (dd, J = 8.0, 2.0Hz, 1H), 7.66-7.62 (m, 1H), 7.51-7.43 (m, 4H), 7.36 (td, J = 7.8, 0.8Hz, 1H), 7.22 (td, J = 7.4, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.11 (td, J = 7.8, 1.6Hz, 1H), 6.76 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.6Hz, 1H). MS (m/z): 347.2 (M+H).

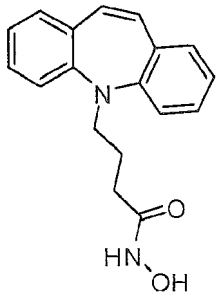
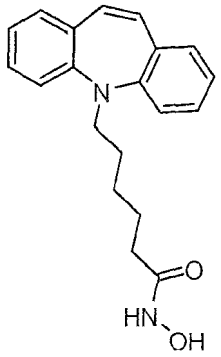
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
234	470		(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methyl-2-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.33 (s, 1H), 9.12 (s, 1H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.69-7.65 (m, 1H), 7.62-7.58 (m, 3H), 7.31-7.23 (m, 2H), 4.59 (d, J = 10.4Hz, 1H), 3.76 (d, J = 10.4Hz, 1H), 3.32 (s, 3H). MS (m/z): 310.3 (M+H).
235	475		N-hydroxy-2-(3-phenyl-5,6-dihydro-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.19 (s, 1H), 9.09 (s, 1H), 8.79 (s, 2H), 7.78-7.77 (m, 2H), 7.76-7.75 (m, 3H), 5.20-5.15 (m, 2H), 4.35-4.20 (m, 4H). MS (m/z): 338.4 (M+H).
236	481		N-hydroxy-2-(3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.19 (s, 1H), 9.10 (s, 1H), 8.77 (s, 2H), 5.20 (s, 2H), 4.32 (t, J = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 4.25 (t, J = 4.9 Hz, 2H).. MS (m/z): 330.2 (M+H).
237	486		4-((6,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,e]oxepin-11-ylamino)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.14 (s, 1H), 8.99 (s, 1H), 7.70-7.68 (d, J = 7.6Hz, 2H), 7.38-7.23 (m, 6H), 7.18-7.14 (m, 2H), 6.87 (t, J = 7.0Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J = 7.6Hz, 1H), 6.44 (d, J = 12.4Hz, 1H), 4.91 (d, J = 12.4Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, J = 2.8Hz, 1H), 3.63 (d, J = 5.6Hz, 2H), 3.07 (br s, 1H). MS (m/z): 361.4 (M+H).
238	490		2-((1R,5S)-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-3-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.67 (s, 2H), 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.23 (dd, J = 2.4 Hz, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 2H), 2.14 (quin, J = 4 Hz, 1H), 1.22 (m, 1H), 0.90 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H). MS (m/z): 363.4 (M-H).

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
239	495		(Z)-4-(7-bromo-2-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-thieno[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.84 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.85 (s, 1H), 4.36 (s, 2H). MS (m/z): 378.2 (M-H).
240	497		N-hydroxy-4-((2-phenyl- 1H-indol-1-yl)methyl)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.66-7.62 (m,3H), 7.50-7.38 (m,5H), 7.28-7.23 (m,1H), 7.17-7.08 (m,2H), 7.03 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.65 (d, J = 0.6 Hz, 1H), 5.51 (s,2H). MS (m/z): 343.5 (M+H).
241	502		(S)-2-(2-(1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)pyrrolidin-1-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.72 (bs, 1H), 8.50 (bs, 1H), 7.46 (s, 2H), 7.17 (m, 2H), 5.48 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.04 (m, 1H), 3.79 (m, 1H), 2.53 (m, 1H), 2.28 (m, 1H), 2.14 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 325.3 (M+H).
242	504		(Z)-N-(4-((5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)methyl)benzyl)-N-hydroxyformamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.29 (s, 0.5H), 8.10 (s, 0.5H), 7.46 (t, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.18-7.12 (m, 4H), 7.09 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.04 (dd, J = 7.7 and 1.4 Hz, 2H), 6.93 (td, J = 7.4 and 0.8 Hz, 2H), 6.90 (s, 2H), 4.95 (d, J = 3.0 Hz, 2H), 4.58 (s, 1H), 4.53 (s, 1H). MS (m/z): 357.3 (M+H).

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
243	505		(Z)-4-(5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybutanamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.27-7.22 (2H, m), 7.05 (4H, dd, J=7.7, 1.8Hz), 6.99-6.95 (2H, m), 6.73 (2H, s), 3.74 (2H, t, J=6.7Hz), 2.16 (2H, t, J=7.4Hz), 1.83-1.79 (2H, m). MS (m/z): 295.1 (M+H).
244	506		(Z)-6-(5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxyhexanamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.25-7.19 (2H, m), 7.03-6.98 (4H, m), 6.95-6.91 (2H, m), 6.67 (2H, s), 3.65 (2H, t, J=6.7Hz), 1.97 (2H, t, J=7.6Hz), 1.55-1.45 (4H, m), 1.4-1.3 (2H, m). MS (m/z): 323.1 (M+H).

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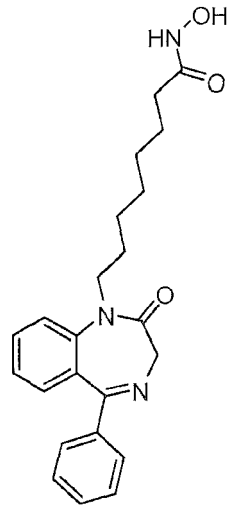
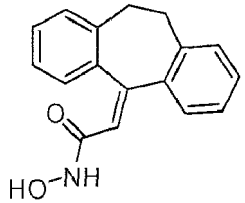
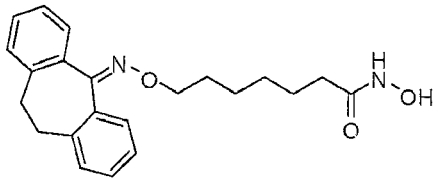
Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
245	507		(Z)-N-hydroxy-8-(2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-1-yl)octanamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.69 - 7.62 (m, 2H), 7.56 - 7.50 (m, 3H), 7.47 - 7.43 (m, 2H), 7.33 - 7.27 (m, 2H), 4.59 (d, J=10.6 Hz, 1H), 4.48 - 4.41 (m, 1H), 3.83 (d, J=10.6 Hz, 1H), 3.78 - 3.71 (m, 1H), 1.91 (t, J=6.3 Hz, 2H), 1.52 - 1.49 (m, 1H), 1.39 (quintet, J=7.6 Hz, 3H), 1.18 - 1.03 (m, 6H). MS (m/z): 394.2 (M+H).
246	508			^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.37-7.26 (1H, m), 7.26-7.40 (7H, m), 6.11 (1H, s), 3.26-2.90 (4H, brm). MS (m/z): 266.0 (M+H).
247	509			^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.49 (d, J=7.7Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.12 (m, 7H), 4.12 (t, J=6.5Hz, 2H), 3.18-3.00 (m, 4H), 2.05 (t, J=7.4Hz, 2H), 1.75-1.55 (m, 4H), 1.42-1.22 (m, 4H). MS (m/z): 367.1 (M+H).

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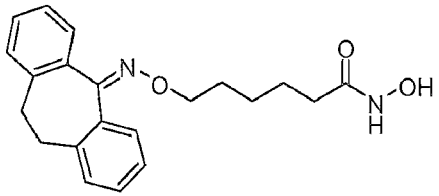
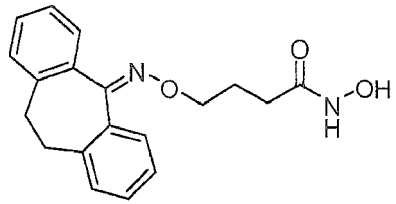
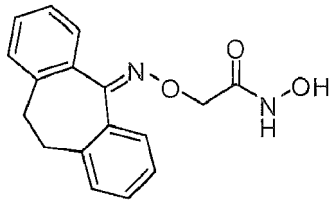
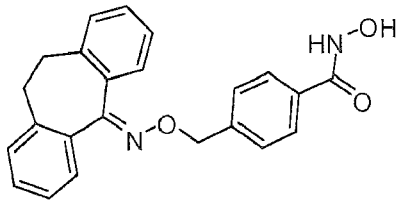
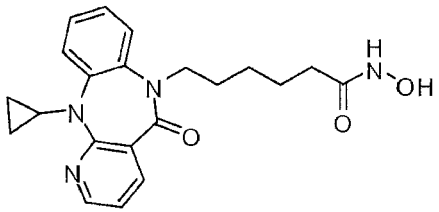
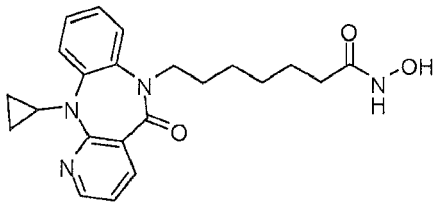
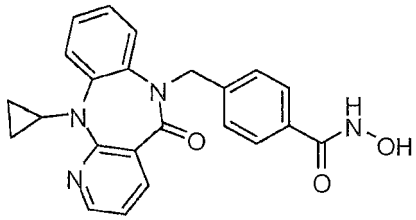
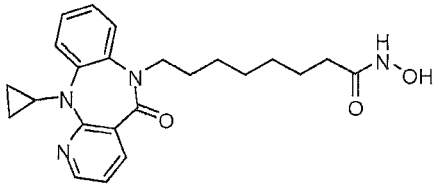
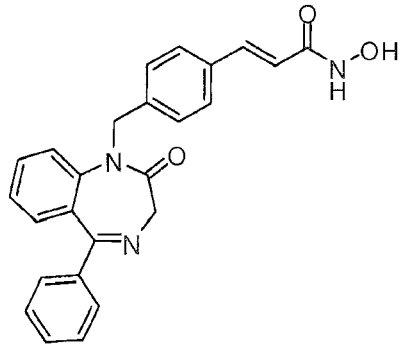
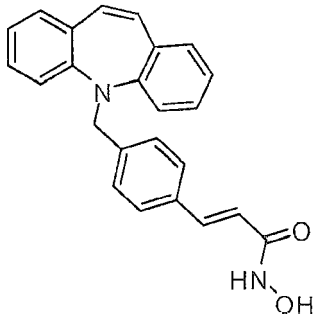
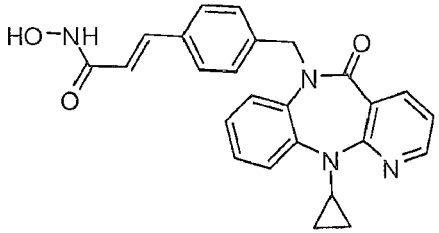
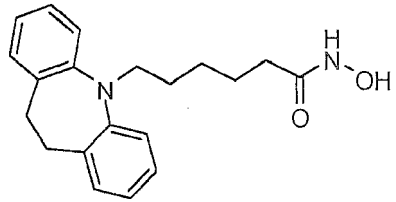
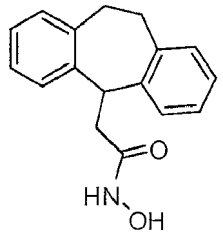
Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
248	510			^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.27 (d, J=6.9Hz, 1H), 7.35-7.12 (m, 7H), 4.14 (t, J=6.4Hz, 2H), 3.18-3.00 (m, 4H), 2.07 (t, J=7.5Hz, 2H), 1.75-1.55 (m, 4H), 1.42-1.32 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 353.1 (M+H).
249	511			^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.55 (1H, dd, J=7.7, 1.2Hz), 7.35-7.2 (6H, m), 7.19-7.10 (1H, m), 4.18 (2H, t, J=5.3Hz), 3.16-3.05 (4H, m), 2.26-2.16 (2H, m), 2.10-1.98 (2H, m). MS (m/z): 325.0 (M+H).
250	512			^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) (ppm): 7.52 (dd, J=7.8, 1.4Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, J=7.5Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.22 (m, 3H), 7.21-7.15 (m, 3H), 4.53 (s, 2H), 3.18-3.02 (m, 4H). MS (m/z): 297.0 (M+H).
251	513			^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 7.69 (2H, d, J=8.2Hz), 7.40 (1H, dd, J=7.7, 1.3Hz), 7.33-7.12 (9H, m), 5.16 (2H, s), 3.06-2.95 (4H, m). MS (m/z): 373.1 (M+H).
252	514		6-(11-cyclopropyl-5-oxo-5H-benzo[b] pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-6(11H)-yl)-N-hydroxyhexanamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.36 (dd, J=4.7, 1.8Hz, 1H), 8.00 (dd, J=7.6, 2.0Hz, 1H), 7.52 (dd, J=8.0, 1.3Hz, 1H), 7.37 (dd, J=8.0, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.17 (m, 2H), 7.14-7.10 (m, 1H), 4.62-4.52 (m, 1H), 3.70-3.55 (m, 2H), 2.05-2.00 (m, 2H), 1.62-1.38 (m, 4H), 1.33-1.20 (m, 2H), 1.08-0.97 (m, 2H), 0.60-0.50 (m, 1H), 0.40-0.30 (m, 1H). MS (m/z): 381.2 (M+H).

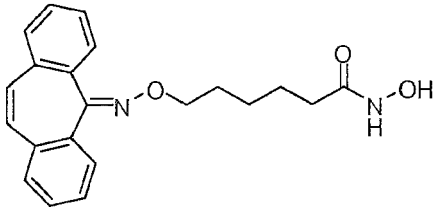
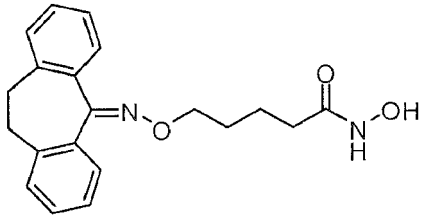
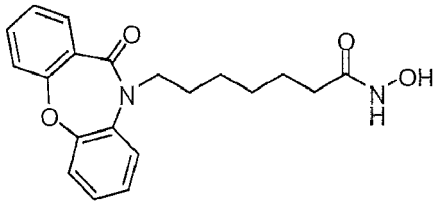
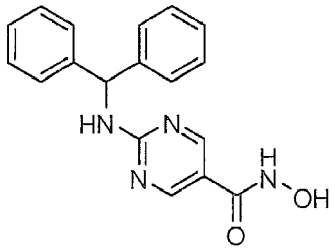
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
253	515		7-(11-cyclopropyl-5-oxo-5H-benzo[b] pyrido[2,3-e]1,4]diazepin-6(11H)-yl)-N-hydroxyheptanamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.37 (dd, J=4.6, 2.0Hz, 1H), 8.00 (dd, J=7.9, 2.1Hz, 1H), 7.52 (dd, J=8.2, 1.4Hz, 1H), 7.36 (dd, J=8.1, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.17 (m, 2H), 7.14-7.10 (m, 1H), 4.65-4.52 (m, 1H), 3.70-3.55 (m, 2H), 2.02 (t, J=7.4Hz, 2H), 1.60-1.45 (m, 3H), 1.44-1.33 (m, 1H), 1.32-1.16 (m, 4H), 1.08-0.87 (m, 2H), 0.60-0.50 (m, 1H), 0.42-0.35 (m, 1H). MS (m/z): 395.1 (M+H).
254	516		4-((11-cyclopropyl-5-oxo-5H-benzo[b] pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-6(11H)-yl)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.42-8.38 (m, 1H), 8.10-8.04 (m, 1H), 7.63 (d, J=8.2Hz, 2H), 7.47-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.30 (d, J=8.3Hz, 2H), 7.22-7.10 (m, 3H), 5.82 (d, J=15.7Hz, 1H), 5.00-4.80 (m, 1H), 3.61-3.50 (m, 1H), 1.03-0.97 (m, 1H), 0.88-0.80 (m,1H), 0.60-0.54 (m, 1H), 0.23-0.17 (m, 1H). MS (m/z): 401.0 (M+H).
256	518		8-(11-cyclopropyl-5-oxo-5H-benzo[b] pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-6(11H)-yl)-N-hydroxyoctanamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.36 (dd, J=5.9, 2.0Hz, 1H), 8.00 (dd, J=7.6, 2.0Hz, 1H), 7.52 (dd, J=8.1, 1.5Hz, 1H), 7.36 (dd, J=7.9, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.17 (m, 2H), 7.14-7.10 (m, 1H), 4.65-4.57 (m, 1H), 3.66-3.57 (m, 2H), 2.05-2.01 (m, 2H), 1.62-1.18 (m, 11H), 1.08-0.90 (m, 2H), 0.56-0.50 (m, 1H), 0.42-0.38 (m, 1H). MS (m/z): 409.1 (M+H).
257	519		(E)-N-hydroxy-3-(4-(((Z)-2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-1-yl)methyl)phenyl)acrylamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 7.65 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.57 - 7.53 (m, 1H), 7.51 - 7.46 (m, 1H), 7.39 (t, J=7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.34 - 7.28 (m, 5H), 7.21 - 7.17 (m, 1H), 7.17 - 7.10 (m, 1H), 6.99 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.32 (d, J=15.8 Hz, 1H), 5.45 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.93 (d, J=16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, J=10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (d, J=10.4 Hz, 1H). MS (m/z): 412.2 (M+H).

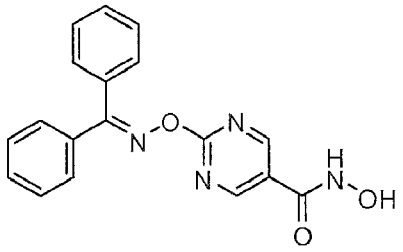
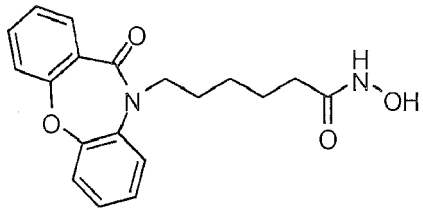
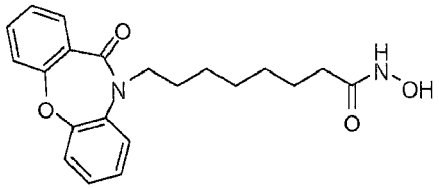
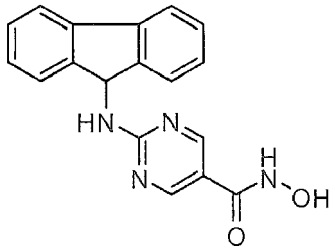
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
258	520		(E)-3-(4-(((Z)-5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)methyl)phenyl)-N-hydroxyacrylamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.48 (1H, d, J=1.5Hz), 7.45 (2H, d, J=10.0Hz), 7.35 (2H, d, J=8.0Hz), 7.19-7.13 (2H, m), 7.08 (2H, d, J=7.6Hz), 7.05 (2H, dd, J=7.6, 1.6Hz), 6.92 (2H, td, J=7.4, 0.9Hz), 6.79 (2H, s), 6.34 (1H, d, J=15.9Hz), 4.96 (2H, s). MS (m/z): 369.2 (M+H).
259	521		(E)-3-(4-((11-cyclopropyl-5-oxo-5H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-6(11H)-yl)methyl)phenyl)-N-hydroxyacrylamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.41-8.36 (1H, m), 8.07 (1H, d, J=7.6, 1.8Hz), 7.49 (1H. d, J=15.8Hz), 7.46-7.40 (4H, m), 7.26-7.10 (5H, m), 6.40 (1H, d, J=15.8Hz), 5.80 (1H, d, J=15.4Hz), 4.84 (1H, d, J=15.7Hz), 3.60-3.50 (1H, m), 1.02-0.92 (1H, m), 0.84-0.74 (1H, m), 0.58-0.48 (1H, m), 0.16-0.06 (1H, m). MS (m/z): 427.2 (M+H).
260	522		6-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxyhexanamide	^{1}H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ (ppm): 7.11-7.02 (m, 6H), 6.87 (t, J=7.4Hz, 2H), 3.60 (t, J=6.6Hz, 2H), 1.87-1.77 (m, 2H), 3.10 (s, 4H), 1.51-1.33 (m, 4H), 1.26-1.14 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 325.2 (M+H).
261	523			^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.23-7.19 (2H, m), 7.11-7.06 (6H, m), 4.65 (1H, t, J=7.8Hz), 3.4-3.31 (2H, m), 3.05-2.98 (2H, m), 2.80 (2H, d, J=7.8Hz).

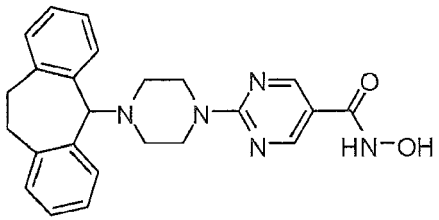
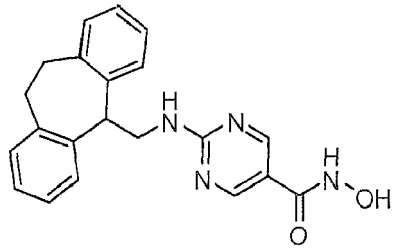
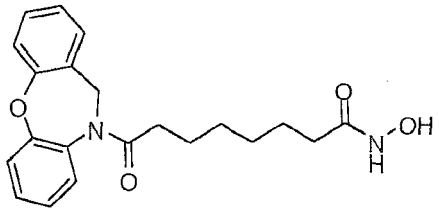
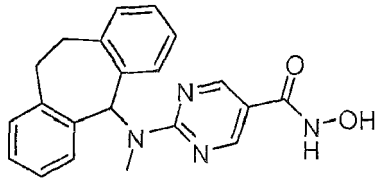
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
262	524			^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.55-7.53 (m, 2H), 7.45-7.36 (m, 6H), 6.93 (s, 2H), 4.16-4.02 (m, 2H), 2.06 (t, J = 7.2Hz, 2H), 1.68-1.57 (m, 4H), 1.39-1.31 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 351.0 (M+H).
263	525			^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.53-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.32-7.14 (m, 7H), 4.16 (t, J = 5.6Hz, 2H), 3.12-3.04 (m, 4H), 2.12-2.09 (m, 2H), 1.68 (br s, 4H). MS (m/z): 339.2 (M+H).
264	526		N-hydroxy-7-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4] oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)heptanamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.75-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.54-7.50 (m, 1H), 7.46 (dd, J = 7.8, l.6Hz, 1H), 7.32 (dd, J = 7.4, 2.2Hz, 1H), 7.28-7.20 (m, 4H), 4.18 (br s, 2H), 2.04 (t, J = 7.4Hz, 2H), 1.70-1.53 (m, 4H), 1.41-1.28 (m, 4H). MS (m/z): 355.2 (M+H).
265	527		2-(benzhydrylamino)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.01 (s, 1H), 8.99 (s, 1H), 8.77 (d, J=9.4Hz, 1H), 8.61 (s, 2H), 7.38 (d, J=7.4Hz, 4H), 7.31 (t, J=7.5Hz, 4H), 7.22 (t, J=7.3Hz, 2H), 6.43 (d, J=9.2Hz, 1H). MS (m/z): 319.2 (M-H).

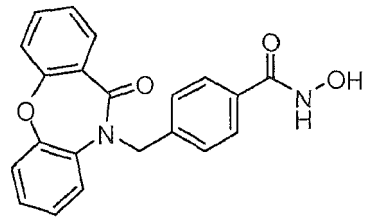
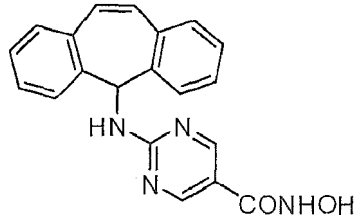
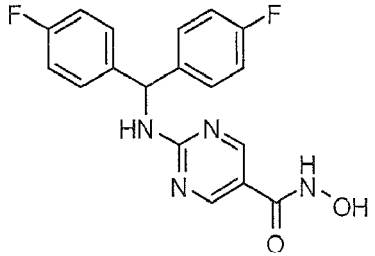
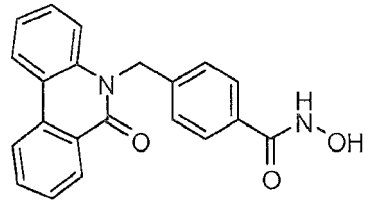
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
266	528		2-(diphenylmethyleneaminooxy) -N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	^{1}H NMR(DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.3 (s, 1H), 8.64 (s, 2H), 7.26-7.4 (m, 10H), 6.42 (s, 1H).
267	529		N-hydroxy-6-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4] oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)hexanamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.73 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.0Hz, 1H), 7.54-7.45 (m, 2H), 7.31 (dd, J = 7.4, 2.2Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.19 (m, 4H), 4.17 (br s, 2H), 2.05 (t, J = 7.0Hz, 2H), 1.71-1.57 (m, 4H), 1.41-1.34 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 341.1 (M+H).
268	530		N-hydroxy-8-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4] oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)octanamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.73 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.8Hz, 1H), 7.53-7.45 (m, 2H), 7.33-7.20 (m, 5H), 4.18 (br s, 2H), 2.05 (t, J = 7.4Hz, 2H), 1.68-1.54 (m, 4H), 1.33-1.29 (m, 6H). MS (m/z): 369.2 (M+H).
269	531		2-(9H-fluoren-9-ylamino)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 8.68 (br s, 2H), 8.23 (d, J=8.8Hz, 1H), 7.85 (d, J=7.7Hz, 2H), 7.47 (d, J=7.4Hz, 2H), 7.40 (t, J=7.5Hz, 2H), 7.28 (t, J=7.4Hz, 2H), 6.33 (m, 1H). MS (m/z): 319.2 (M+H).

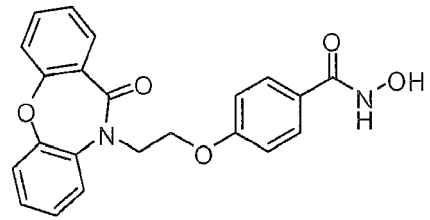
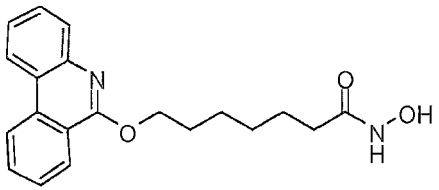
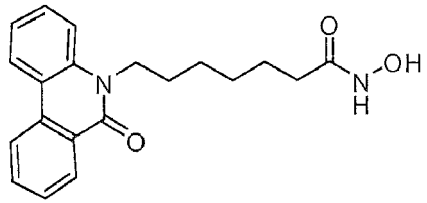
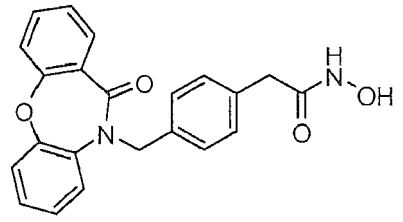
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
270	532			^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.05 (br s, 1H), 8.99 (br s, 1H), 8.62 (s, 2H), 7.22-7.04 (m, 8H), 4.05 (s, 1H), 4.01-3.90 (m, 2H), 3.72 (s, 4H), 2.82-2.70 (m, 2H), 2.29-2.20 (m, 4H). MS (m/z): 414.2 (M+H). LRMS: 415.2 (calc), 414.2 (MH)-
271	533			^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.64 (m, 1H), 8.49 (m, 1H), 7.06-7.17 (m, 8H), 4.40 (t, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (d, J = 8 Hz, 2H), 3.44 (m, 2H), 2.96 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 359.3 (M-H).
272	534		8-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)-N-hydroxy-8-oxooctanamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.44-7.38 (m, 2H), 7.36-7.31 (m, 1H), 7.30-7.14 (m, 4H), 7.04 (t, J=7.4Hz, 1H),6.00-5.20 (m, 1H), 4.50-4.00 (m, 1H), 2.28-2.18 (m, 2H), 1.99 (t, J=7.5Hz, 2H), 1.56-1.40 (m, 4H), 1.22-1.08 (m, 4H). MS (m/z): 369.4 (M+H).
273	535			^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 8.71 (s, 2H), 7.37 (s, 1H), 7.31 (d, J=7.0Hz, 2H), 7.20-7.13 (m, 6H), 3.30-3.17 (m, 2H), 3.02-2.94 (m, 2H), 2.90 (s, 3H). MS (m/z): 359.3 (MH)-.

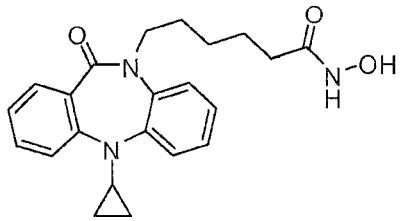
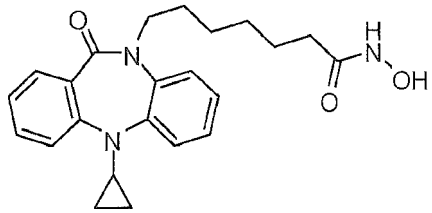
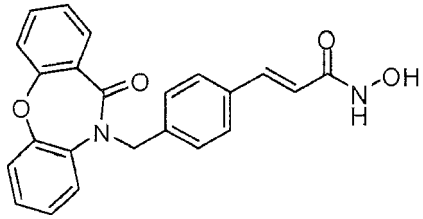
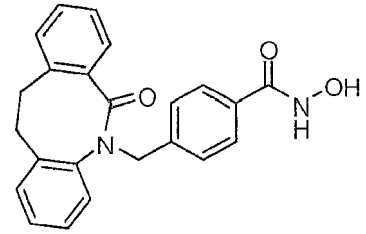
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
274	536		N-hydroxy-4-((11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4] oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)methyl)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.81-7.79 (m, 1H), 7.69 (dt, J = 8.4, 2.0Hz, 2H), 7.58-7.53 (m, 1H), 7.42-7.36 (m, 3H), 7.31-7.27 (m, 3H), 7.18-7.12 (m, 2H), 5.43 (s, 2H). MS (m/z): 361.3 (M+H).
275	537			^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.01 (s, 1H), 8.99 (s, 1H), 8.68-8.51 (m, 2H), 7.72 (d, J = 7.8Hz, 2H), 7.42-7.38 (m, 4H), 7.29-7.24 (m, 4H), 5.95 (br s, 1H). MS (m/z): 343.5 (M-H).
276	538		2-(bis(4-fluorophenyl)methylamino)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.62 (s, 2H), 7.32 (m, 4H), 7.04 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 4H), 6.40 (s, 1H). MS (m/z): 355.3 (M-H).
277	539		N-hydroxy-4-((6-oxophenanthridin-5(6H)-yl)methyl)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm) 11.05 (br s, 1H), 9.00 (br s, 1H), 8.58 (d, J=8.2Hz, 1H), 8.52 (d, J=7.3Hz, 1H), 8.45-8.40 (m, 1H), 7.94-7.86 (m, 1H), 7.73-7.62 (m, 3H), 7.49-7.43 (m, 1H), 7.40-7.34 (m, 1H), 7.34-7.28 (m, 1H), 7.28-7.23 (m, 2H), 5.66 (s, 2H). MS (m/z): 343.3 (MH)-.

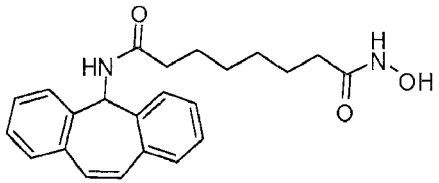
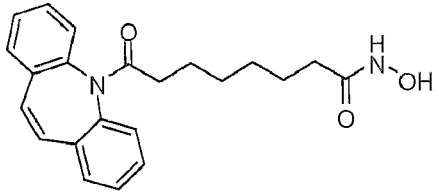
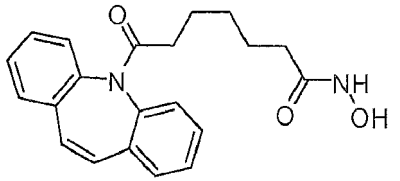
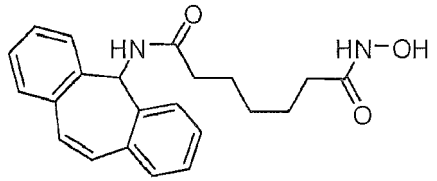
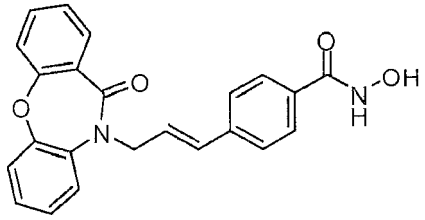
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
278	540		N-hydroxy-4-(2-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4] oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.06 (s, 1H), 8.91 (s, 1H), 7.73-7.66 (m, 4H), 7.59-7.54 (m, 1H), 7.39-7.21 (m, 5H), 6.91 (d, J = 9.0Hz, 2H), 4.45 (br s, 2H), 4.33 (t, J = 5.5Hz,2H). MS (m/z): 413.4 (M+Na).
279	541		N-hydroxy-7-(phenanthridin-6-yloxy)heptanamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) (ppm): 10.33 (s, 1H), 8.73 (d, J=8.2Hz, 1H), 8.66 (br s, 1H), 8.62 (d, J=8.3Hz, 1H), 8.29 (d, J=7.6Hz, 1H), 7.95-7.88 (m, 1H), 7.80-7.70 (m, 2H), 7.68-7.60 (m, 1H), 7.54-7.48 (m, 1H), 4.55 (t, J=16.4Hz, 2H), 1.95 (t, J=7.2Hz, 2H), 1.91-1.81 (m, 2H), 1.58-1.45 (m, 4H), 1.42-1.30 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 339.4 (M+H).
280	542		N-hydroxy-7-(6-oxophenanthridin-5(6H)-yl)heptanamide	^{1}H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ (ppm): 9.47 (s, 1H), 8.51 (d, J=7.9Hz, 1H), 8.28 (t, J=8.6Hz, 2H), 7.80-7.72 (m, 1H), 7.62-7.51 (m, 2H), 7.39 (d, J=8.4Hz, 1H), 7.32 (t, J=7.5Hz, 1H), 4.38 (t, J=7.3Hz, 2H), 2.22 (t, J=7.0Hz, 2H), 1.86-1.62 (m, 4H), 1.52-1.42 (m, 4H). MS (m/z): 337.4 (MH)-.
281	543		N-hydroxy-2-(4-((11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4] oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)methyl)phenyl)acetamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.62 (s, 1H), 8.79 (s, 1H), 7.76 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.59 (ddd, J = 8.0, 7.2, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.49-7.46 (m, 1H), 7.38-7.30 (m, 3H), 7.21-7.14 (m, 6H), 5.33 (s, 2H), 3.22 (s, 2H). MS (m/z): 397.4 (M+Na).

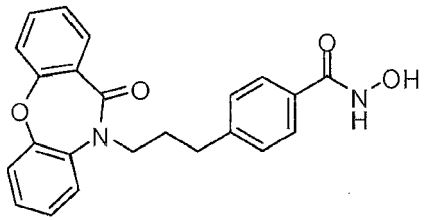
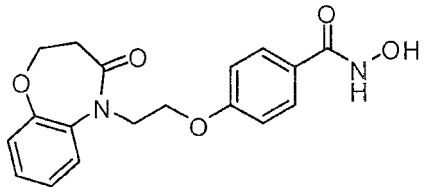
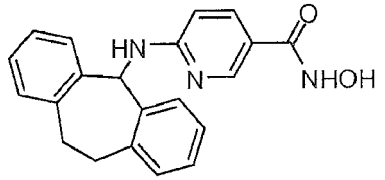
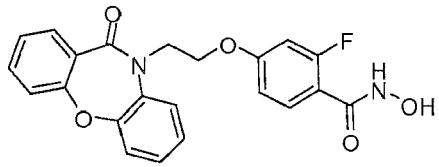
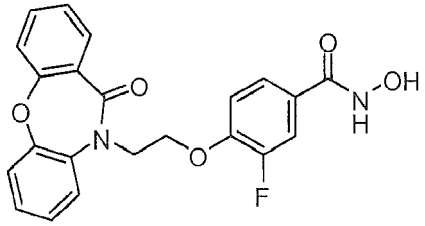
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
282	544		6-(5-cyclopropyl-11-oxo-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-10(11H)-yl)-N-hydroxyhexanamide	7.70 (d, J=7.6Hz, 1H), 7.42-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.28 (d, J=8.4Hz, 1H), 7.25-7.00 (m, 4H), 4.65-4.55 (m, 1H), 3.63-3.53 (m, 1H), 3.25-3.05 (m, 1H), 2.20-2.05 (m, 2H), 1.76-1.40 (m, 4H), 1.39-1.10 (m, 2H), 1.00-0.08 (m, 2H), 0.07-0.05 (m, 1H), 0.05-0.04 (m, 1H).MS (m/z): 378.4 (MH)-
283	545		7-(5-cyclopropyl-11-oxo-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-10(11H)-yl)-N-hydroxyheptanamide	7.70 (d, J=7.6Hz, 1H), 7.37 (t, J=7.5Hz, 2H), 7.25-7.02 (m, 5H), 4.78-4.60 (m, 1H), 3.46-3.60 (m, 1H), 3.27-3.18 (m, 1H), 2.18-1.95 (m, 2H), 1.80-1.01 (m, 8H), 1.00-0.82 (m, 2H), 0.65-0.59 (m, 1H), 0.58-0.43 (m, 1H). MS (m/z): 392.5 (MH)-
284	546		(E)-N-hydroxy-3-(4-((11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)methyl)phenyl)acrylamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.75 (s, 1H), 9.04 (s, 1H), 7.77 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.63-7.58 (m, 1H), 7.51-7.30 (m, 9H), 7.21-7.15 (m, 2H), 6.40 (d, J = 15.6Hz, 1H), 5.38 (s, 2H). MS (m/z): 387.3 (M+H).
285	547		N-hydroxy-4-((6-oxo-11,12-dihydrodibenzo[b,f]azocin-5(6H)-yl)methyl)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.21 (s, 1H), 9.03 (s, 1H), 7.69 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.16-6.95 (m, 8H), 5.26 (d, J = 14.4Hz, 1H), 4.77 (d, J = 14.4Hz, 1H), 3.19-3.11 (m, 1H), 2.90-2.83 (m, 1H), 2.71-2.55 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 373.2 (M+H).

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
287	549			^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 7.56 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.42-7.36 (m, 4H), 7.28-7.26 (m, 2H), 7.17 (s, 2H), 5.63 (s, 1H), 2.26 (br s, 2H), 1.90 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.52-1.36 (m, 4H), 1.30-1.10 (m, 4H). MS (m/z): 377.5 (M-H).
288	550		(Z)-8-(5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxy-8-oxooctanamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.28 (s, 1H), 8.64 (s, 1H), 7.59-7.31 (m, 8H), 7.02 (s, 2H), 2.19-2.10 (m, 1H), 1.84 (t, J=7.4Hz, 2H), 1.81-1.71 (m, 1H), 1.40-1.20 (m, 4H), 1.15-0.99 (m, 4H). MS (m/z): 363.4 (M-H).
289	551		(Z)-7-(5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxy-7-oxoheptanamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.28 (s, 1H), 8.63 (s, 1H), 7.60-7.30 (m, 8H), 7.03 (s, 2H), 2.21-2.09 (m, 1H), 1.82 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.79-1.69 (m, 1H), 1.41-1.24 (m, 4H), 1.09-0.85 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 351.4 (M+H).
290	552			^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.33 (s, 1H), 8.69 (s, 1H), 7.56 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.43-7.35 (m, 4H), 7.29-7.23 (m, 2H), 7.17 (s, 2H), 5.63 (s, 1H), 2.34-2.18 (m, 2H), 1.90 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.54-1.40 (m, 4H), 1.25-1.11 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 363.4 (M-H).
291	553		(E)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)prop-1-enyl)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.20 (s, 1H), 9.00 (s, 1H), 7.76 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.62-7.55 (m, 2H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.41-7.20 (m, 5H), 6.65 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (dt, J = 16.0, 4.4Hz, 1H), 4.86 (d, J = 4.4Hz, 2H). MS (m/z) 387.2 (M+H).

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
292	554		N-hydroxy-4-(3-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4] oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)propyl)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.13 (s, 1H), 8.97 (s, 1H), 7.71 (dd, J = 8.0. 2.0Hz, 2H), 7.63 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 7.59-7.54 (m, 1H), 7.43-7.40 (m, 1H), 7.35 (dd, J = 8.0, 0.8Hz, 1H), 7.31-7.22 (m, 3H), 7.17 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 2H), 4.12 (br s, 2H), 2.62 (t, J = 7.6Hz, 2H), 1.92-1.86 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 389.3 (M+H).
293	555		N-hydroxy-4-(2-(4-oxo-3,4-dihydrobenzo[b] [1,4]oxazepin -5(2H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.05 (s, 1H), 8.90 (s, 1H), 7.67 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 7.58-7.55 (m, 1H), 7.28-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.14-7.12 (m, 1H), 6.87 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 2H), 4.45 (t, J = 6.8Hz, 2H), 4.18-4.15 (m, 2H), 4.10-4.07 (m, 2H), 2.53 (t, J = 6.8Hz, 2H). MS (m/z): 343.3 (M+H).
294	556			^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.87 (s, 1H), 8.82 (s, 1H), 8.34 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.13 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (dd, J = 7.3, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.45-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.06 (m, 6H), 6.81-6.75 (m, 2H), 3.23 (s, 4H). MS (m/z): 346.2 (M+H).
295	557		2-fluoro-N-hydroxy-4-(2-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f] [1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.72 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.62 -7.56 (m, 2H), 7.49 (t, J=7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.29-7.17 (m, 5H), 6.74 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (d, J=12.7 Hz, 1H), 4.49 (br s, 2H), 4.38 - 4.34 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 409.2 (M+H).
296	558		3-fluoro-N-hydroxy-4-(2-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f] [1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.75 - 7.71 (m, 2H), 7.54-7.46 (m, 3H), 7.31 - 7.15 (m, 6H), 4.51 (s, 4H). MS (m/z): 409.2 (M+H).

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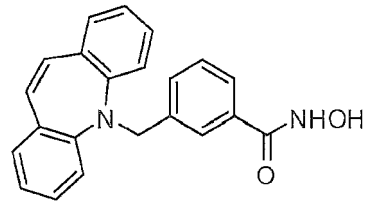
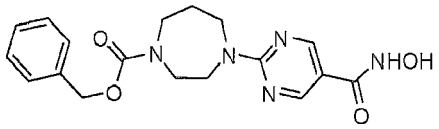
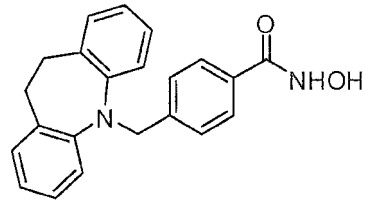
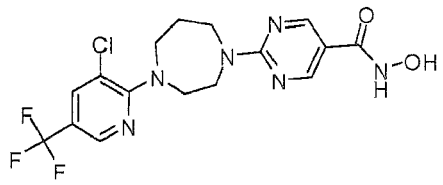
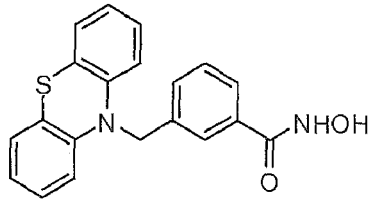
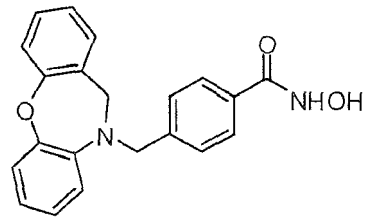
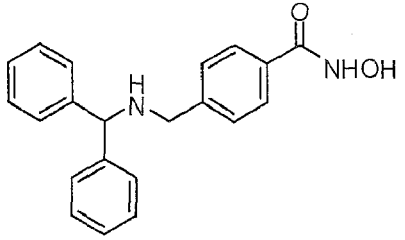
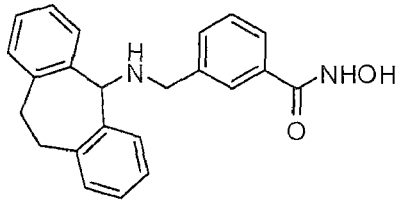
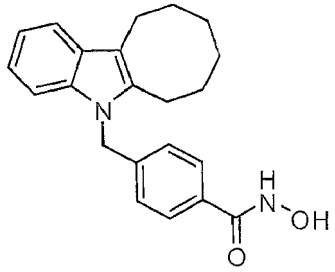
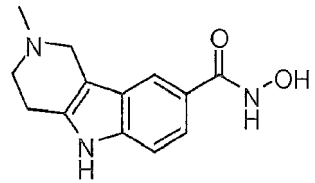
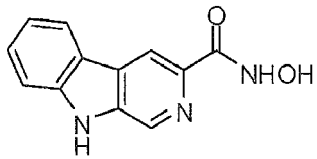
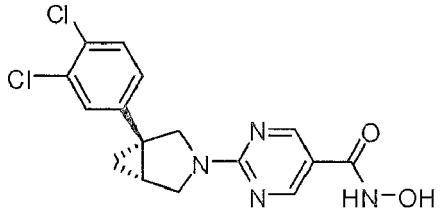
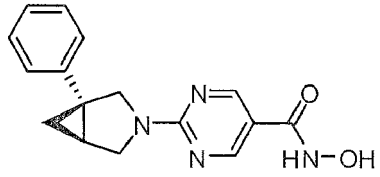
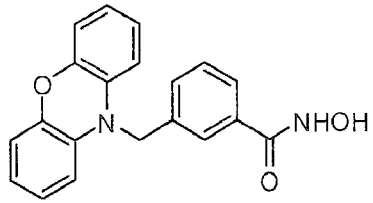
Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
297	559		(Z)-3-((5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.90-7.86 (m,1H), 7.70-7.65 (m,1H), 7.51-7.46 (m,1H), 7.28 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.06 (m,6H), 6.98-6.93 (m,2H), 6.83 (s,2H), 5.03 (s,2H). MS (m/z): 343.4 (M+H).
298	560		benzyl 4-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin -2-yl)-1,4-diazepane-1-carboxylate	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.05 (s, 1H), 9.05 (s, 1H), 8.65 (s, 2H), 7.33-7.17 (m, 5H), 5.74 (s, 1H), 5.01 (s, 1H), 3.93-3.83 (m, 2H), 3.82-3.70 (m, 2H), 3.62 (t, J = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 3.56 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.45-3.30 (m, 2H), 1.8-1.68 (m, 2H). MS (m/z): 372.4 (M+H).
299	561		4-((10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.62 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.19-7.02 (m, 6H), 6.92-6.84 (m,2H), 5.03 (s,2H), 3.24 (s,4H). MS (m/z): 345.4 (M+H).
300	562		2-(4-(3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.64 (s, 1H), 8.59 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 7.81 (s, 1H), 4.10 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 4.01 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.81 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.08 (m, 2H). MS (m/z) 415.4 (M-H).
301	563		3-((10H-phenothiazin-10-yl)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.25 (br s,1H), 9.08 (br s,1H), 7.84-7.80 (m,1H), 7.64-7.59 (m,1H), 7.50-7.39 (m,2H), 7.22-7.07 (m,4H), 6.98-6.92 (m,2H), 6.86-6.80 (m,2H) 5.21 (s,2H). MS (m/z): 349.4 (M+H).

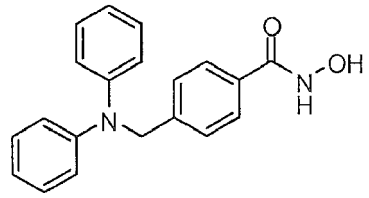
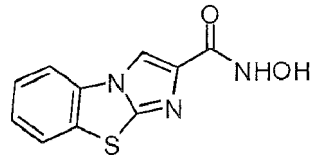
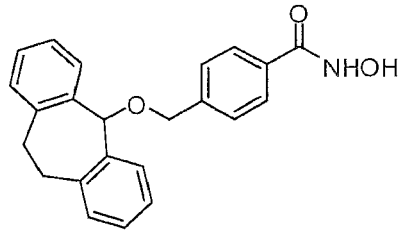
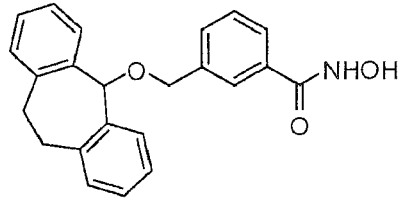
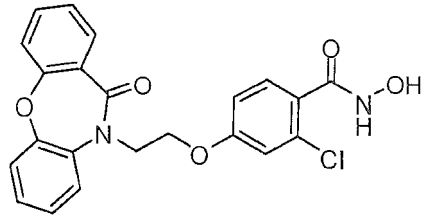
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
302	564		4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-ylmethyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.79-7.73 (m, 2H), 7.52-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.34-7.28 (m, 1H), 7.23-7.18 (m, 1H), 7.16-7.07 (m, 3H), 6.96-6.77 (m, 3H), 4.46 (s, 2H), 4.42 (s, 2H). MS (m/z): 347.4 (M+H).
303	565		4-((benzhydrylamino)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.77-7.72 (m,2H), 7.46-7.40 (m,6H), 7.35-7.30 (m,4H), 7.26-7.21 (m,2H), 4.82 (s,1H) 3.78 (s,2H). MS (m/z): 333.4 (M+H).
304	566			^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.73-7.70 (m,1H), 7.65-7.61 (m,1H), 7.52-7.48 (m,1H), 7.44 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.29-7.24 (m,2H), 7.22-7.11 (m,6H), 4.89 (s,1H), 3.82-3.67 (m,4H), 3.04-2.90 (m,2H). MS (m/z): 359.5 (M+H).
305	567		4-((6,7,8,9,10,11-hexahydro-5H-cycloocta[b]indol-5-yl)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.44 - 7.40 (m, 1H), 7.34-7.25 (m, 4H), 7.21 - 7.18 (m, 1H), 6.67 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 3.19 (dd, J=31.7, 13.9 Hz, 2H), 2.98 - 2.90 (m, 1H), 2.74 (dt, J=12.9, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.63 - 2.54 (m, 1H), 2.32 (dt, J=14.7, 4.1 Hz, 1H), 2.22 - 2.16 (m, 1H), 1.86 - 1.67 (m, 2H), 1.55 - 1.29 (m, 3H), 1.04 - 0.95 (m, 1H), 0.80 - 0.70 (m, 1H). MS (m/z): 349.5 (M+H).

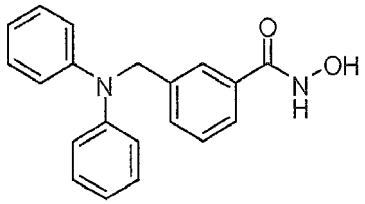
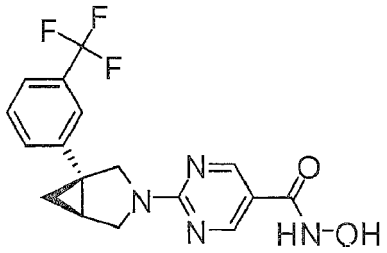
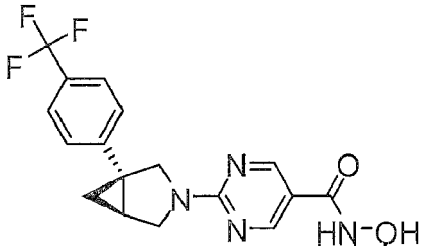
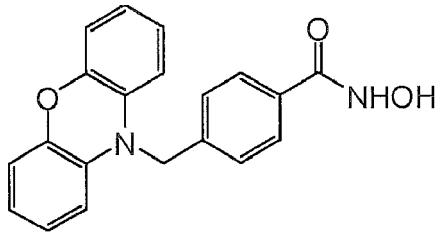
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
306	568		N-hydroxy-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-pyrido [4,3-b]indole-8-carboxamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.08 (s, 1H), 10.98 (br s, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 7.80 (s, 1H), 7.45 (dd, J=8.5, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.61 (s, 2H), 2.84 - 2.76 (m, 4H), 2.47 (s, 3H). MS (m/z): 246.3 (M+H).
307	569		N-hydroxy-9H-pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.97 (s,1H) 11.28 (s,1H), 9.02 (s,1H), 8.89 (s,1H), 8.83 (s,1H), 8.43 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.72-7.60 (m,2H), 7.36-7.31 (m,1H), MS (m/z): 228.2 (M+H).
308	570		2-((1S,5R)-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-3-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.67 (s, 2H), 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.23 (dd, J = 2.4 Hz, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 2H), 2.14 (quin, J = 4 Hz, 1H), 1.22 (m, 1H), 0.90 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H). MS (m/z): 363.5 (M-H).
309	571		N-hydroxy-2-((1R,5S)-1-phenyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-3-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 8.67 (s, 2H), 7.21-7.33 (m, 5H), 4.31 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (m, 2H), 2.10 (quin, J = 4 Hz, 1H), 1.18 (m, 1H), 0.84 (t, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H). MS (m/z): 295.4 (M-H).
310	572		3-((10H-phenoxazin-10-yl)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.28 (s,1H) 9.06 (s,1H) 7.76 (s,1H) 7.67-7.61 (m,1H), 7.47-7.42 (m,2H), 6.81-6.57 (m,6H), 6.51 (dd, J = 7.8,1.4 Hz, 2H), 4.95 (s,2H). MS (m/z): 331.5 (M-H).

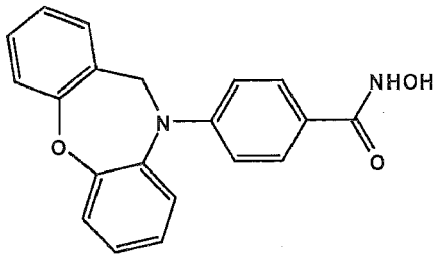
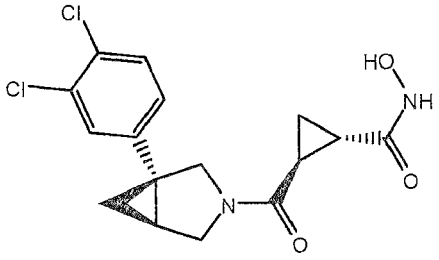
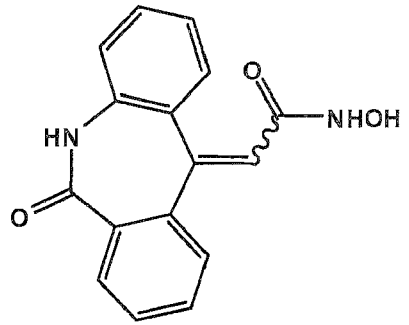
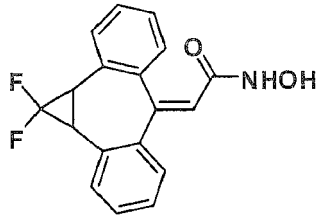
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
311	573		4-((diphenylamino)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.13 (s, 1H), 9.00 (s, 1H), 7.67 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (d, J=8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.26 - 7.21 (m, 4H), 7.04 (dd, J=8.6, 1.0 Hz, 4H), 6.93 - 6.89 (m, 2H), 5.05 (s, 2H). MS (m/z): 319.4 (M+H).
312	574			^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 11.98 (br s,1H), 9.03 (br s,1H), 8.89 (s,1H) 8.20-8.14 (m,1H), 8.11-8.05 (m,1H), 7.64-7.57 (m,1H), 7.53-7.46 (m,1H). MS (m/z): 234.2 (M+H).
313	575			^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.77-7.72 (m,2H), 7.42 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.37-7.33 (m,2H), 7.28-7.16 (m,6H), 5.47 (s,1H) 4.55 (s,2H), 3.66-3.56 (m,2H), 3.04-2.94 (m,2H). MS (m/z): 358.4 (M-H).
314	576			^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.75-7.71 (m,1H), 7.70-7.65 (m,1H), 7.53-7.42 (m,2H), 7.36 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.28-7.16 (m,6H), 5.48 (s,1H) 4.54 (s,2H), 3.67-3.57 (m,2H), 3.04-2.93 (m,2H). MS (m/z): 358.3 (M-H).
315	577		2-chloro-N-hydroxy-4-(2-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 7.74 (dd, J=8.0, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (dd, J=7.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.54 - 7.49 (m, 1H), 7.34 - 7.20 (m, 6H), 6.95 (d, J=2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (dd, J=8.6, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (br s, 2H), 4.38 (t, J=5.1 Hz, 2H). MS (m/z): 425.4 (M+H).

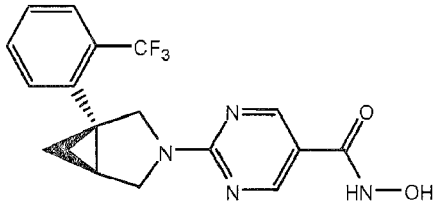
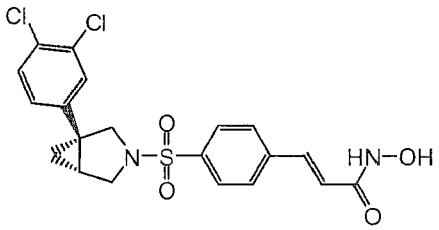
(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
316	578		3-((diphenylamino)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 11.20 (br s, 1H), 9.01 (br s, 1H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.56 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.27 - 7.21 (m, 4H), 7.06 - 7.02 (m, 4H), 6.91 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.04 (s, 2H). MS (m/z): 319.2 (M+H).
319	581		N-hydroxy-2-((1R,5S)-1-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-3-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.68 (s, 2H), 7.54 (m, 4H), 4.38 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (m, 2H), 2.19 (m, 1H), 1.24 (m, 1H), 0.93 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H). MS (m/z): 363.2 (M-H).
321	583		N-hydroxy-2-((1R,5S)-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-3 -azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-3-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm): 8.68 (s, 2H), 7.62 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 4.37 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (dd, J = 4 Hz, 11.2 Hz, 1H), 2.22 (m, 1H), 1.26 (m, 1H), 0.95 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H). MS (m/z): 363.3 (M-H).
322	584		4-((10H-phenoxazin-10-yl)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	^{1}H NMR (MeOD-d4) □ (ppm) 1H: 7.78-7.73 (m,2H), 7.46-7.42 (m,2H), 6.77-6.68 (m,6H), 6.45-6.40 (m,2H), 4.98 (s,2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 332.4 (found) 331.3 (M-H+)

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
323	585		4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)-N-hydroxyb enzamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.88 (s, 1H), 8.80 (s, 1H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.39-7.28 (m, 4H), 7.25-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.09-6.99 (m, 2H), 6.74 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.98 (S, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 332.12 (found) 333.4 (MH)+
324	586		(1S,2S)-2-((1R,5S)-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-3-carbonyl)-N-hydroxycyclopropanecarboxa mide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) δ (ppm) 1H: [Both diastereomers, 28H total] 7.41-7.46 (m, 4H), 7.16-7.21 (m, 2H), 4.21-4.31 (m, 1H), 4.07-4.11 (m, 1H), 3.82-4.02 (m, 4H), 3.55 (m, 2H), 2.2-2.29 (m, 2H), 2.10 (m, 1H), 2.03 (m, 1H), 1.95 (m, 2H), 1.25-1.35 (m, 4H), 1.19 (m, 2H), 0.86 (m, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 354.05 (found) 353.27 (M)-
325	587		(Z and E)-N-hydroxy-2-(6-oxo-5H-dibenzo[b,e]azepin-11(6H)-ylidene)acetamide	^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.77 (s, 1H), 10.50 and 10.49 (2s, 1H), 8.95 (brs, 1H), 7.81 and 7.78 (2d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 0.5H), 7.48 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.45-7.39 (m, 0.5H), 7.36-7.21 (m, 3H), 7.19-7.09 (m, 1.5 H), 7.05 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 0.5H), 6.07 (s, 0.5H), 6.01 (s, 0.5H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 280.1 (found) 281.2 (MH)+
326	588			^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d_6) δ (ppm): 10.67 (s, 1H), 8.91 (s, 1H), 7.36-7.08 (m, 8H), 6.05 (s. 1H), 3.55-3.40 (m, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 313.1 (found) 314.3 (MH)+

(continued)

Ex	Cpd	Structure	Name	Characterization
327	589			^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) □ (ppm) 1H: 8.66 (bs, 2H), 7.70 (m, 2H), 7.61 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (d, J = 11.6Hz, 1H), 3.87 (dd, J = 4 Hz, 11.2 Hz, 1H), 3.53 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 1H) 2.09 (m, 1H), 1.27 (m, 1H), 0.908 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 364.11 (found) 363.26 (M)-
328	590		(E)-3-(4-((1S,5R)-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-3-ylsulfonyl)phenyl)-N-hydroxyacrylamide	^{1}H NMR (CD_3OD) □ (ppm) 1H: 7.80 (dd, J = 8 Hz, 29.2 Hz, 4H), 7.60 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 7.06 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.60 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 2H), 1.92 (m, 1H), 0.98 (m, 2H). LRMS(ESI): (calc.) 452.04 (found) 451.27 (M)-

Compositions

[0535] In a second aspect, the invention provides compositions comprising an inhibitor of histone deacetylase according to the invention and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, excipient, or diluent. Compounds of the invention may be formulated by any method known in the art and may be prepared for administration by any route, including, without limitation, parenteral, oral, sublingual, transdermal, topical, intranasal, intratracheal, or intrarectal. In certain preferred embodiments, compounds of the invention are administered intravenously in a hospital setting. In certain other preferred embodiments, administration may preferably be by the oral route. The compositions may be in any form, including but not limited to, liquid solutions or suspensions; for oral administration, formulations may be in the form of tablets or capsules; and for intranasal formulations, in the form of powders, nasal drops or aerosols. The compositions of the invention may be administered systemically or locally.

[0536] The characteristics of the carrier will depend on the route of administration. As used herein, the term "pharmaceutically acceptable" means a non-toxic material that is compatible with a biological system such as a cell, cell culture, tissue, or organism, and that does not interfere with the effectiveness of the biological activity of the active ingredient(s). Thus, compositions according to the invention may contain, in addition to the inhibitor, diluents, fillers, salts, buffers, stabilizers, solubilizers, or other materials well known in the art. The preparation of pharmaceutically acceptable formulations is described in, e.g., Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, 18th Edition, ed. A. Gennaro, Mack Publishing Co., Easton, PA, 1990.

[0537] As used herein, the term "pharmaceutically acceptable salts" is intended to mean salts that retain the desired biological activity of the above-identified compounds and exhibit minimal or no undesired toxicological effects. Examples of such salts include, but are not limited to acid addition salts formed with inorganic acids (for example, hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, sulfuric acid, phosphoric acid, nitric acid, and the like), and salts formed with organic acids such as acetic acid, oxalic acid, tartaric acid, succinic acid, malic acid, ascorbic acid, benzoic acid, tannic acid, pamoic acid, alginic acid, polyglutamic acid, naphthalenesulfonic acid, naphthalenedisulfonic acid, and polygalacturonic acid. The compounds can also be administered as pharmaceutically acceptable quaternary salts known by those skilled in the art, which specifically include the quaternary ammonium salt of the formula -NR + Z-, wherein R is hydrogen, alkyl, or benzyl, and Z is a counterion, including chloride, bromide, iodide, -O-alkyl, toluenesulfonate, methylsulfonate, sulfonate, phosphate, or carboxylate (such as benzoate, succinate, acetate, glycolate, maleate, malate, citrate, tartrate, ascorbate, benzoate, cinnamoate, mandeloate, benzyloate, and diphenylacetate). As used herein, the term "salt" is also meant to encompass complexes, such as with an alkaline metal or an alkaline earth metal.

[0538] The active compound is included in the pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent in an amount sufficient to deliver an inhibition effective amount without causing serious toxic effects. The effective dosage range of the pharmaceutically acceptable derivatives can be calculated based on the weight of the parent compound to be delivered. If the derivative exhibits activity in itself, the effective dosage can be estimated as above using the weight of the derivative, or by other means known to those skilled in the art.

[0539] In certain preferred embodiments of the second aspect of the invention, the composition further comprises an antisense oligonucleotide that inhibits the expression of a histone deacetylase gene. The combined use of a nucleic acid level inhibitor (e.g., antisense oligonucleotide) and a protein level inhibitor (i.e., inhibitor of histone deacetylase enzyme activity) results in an improved inhibitory effect, thereby reducing the amounts of the inhibitors required to obtain a given inhibitory effect as compared to the amounts necessary when either is used individually. The antisense oligonucleotide according to this aspect of the invention is complementary to regions of RNA or double-stranded DNA that encode one or more of, for example, HDAC-1, HDAC-2, HDAC-3, HDAC-4, HDAC-5, HDAC-6, HDAC-7, HDAC-8, HDAC-9, HDAC-10 and HDAC-11 (see e.g., GenBank Accession Number U50079 for HDAC-1, GenBank Accession Number U31814 for HDAC-2, and GenBank Accession Number U75697 for HDAC-3).

Inhibition of Histone Deacetylase

[0540] In a third aspect, the present invention provides a method of inhibiting histone deacetylase, comprising contacting the histone deacetylase with an inhibition effective amount of an inhibitor of histone deacetylase of the present invention.

[0541] In another embodiment of the third aspect, the invention provides a method of inhibiting histone deacetylase in a cell, comprising contacting the cell in which inhibition of histone deacetylase is desired with an inhibition effective amount of an inhibitor of histone deacetylase, or composition thereof, according to the present invention.

[0542] Because compounds of the invention inhibit histone deacetylase, they are useful research tools for *in vitro* study histone deacetylases and their role in biological processes.

[0543] Measurement of the enzymatic activity of a histone deacetylase can be achieved using known methodologies. For Example, Yoshida et al., J. Biol. Chem., 265: 17174-17179 (1990), describes the assessment of histone deacetylase enzymatic activity by the detection of acetylated histones in trichostatin A treated cells. Taunton et al., Science, 272:

408-411 (1996), similarly describes methods to measure histone deacetylase enzymatic activity using endogenous and recombinant HDAC-1.

[0544] In some preferred embodiments, the histone deacetylase inhibitor interacts with and reduces the activity of all histone deacetylases in a cell. In some other preferred embodiments according to this aspect of the invention, the histone deacetylase inhibitor interacts with and reduces the activity of fewer than all histone deacetylases in the cell. In certain preferred embodiments, the inhibitor interacts with and reduces the activity of one histone deacetylase (e.g., HDAC-1), but does not interact with or reduce the activities of other histone deacetylases (e.g., HDAC-2, HDAC-3, HDAC-4, HDAC-5, HDAC-6, HDAC-7, HDAC-8, HDAC-9, HDAC-10 and HDAC-11).

[0545] The term "inhibition effective amount" is meant to denote a dosage sufficient to cause inhibition of histone deacetylase activity in a cell, which cell can be in a multicellular organism. The multicellular organism can be a plant or an animal, preferably a mammal, more preferably a human. If in a multicellular organism, the method according to this aspect of the invention comprises administering to the organism a compound or composition according to the present invention. Administration may be by any route, including, without limitation, parenteral, oral, sublingual, transdermal, topical, intranasal, intratracheal, or intrarectal. In certain particularly preferred embodiments, compounds of the invention are administered intravenously in a hospital setting. In certain other preferred embodiments, administration may preferably be by the oral route.

[0546] In certain preferred embodiments of the third aspect of the invention, the method further comprises contacting a histone deacetylase enzyme or a cell expressing histone deacetylase activity with an antisense oligonucleotide that inhibits the expression of a histone deacetylase gene. The combined use of a nucleic acid level inhibitor (e.g., antisense oligonucleotide) and a protein level inhibitor (i.e., inhibitor of histone deacetylase enzyme activity) results in an improved inhibitory effect, thereby reducing the amounts of the inhibitors required to obtain a given inhibitory effect as compared to the amounts necessary when either is used individually. The antisense oligonucleotides according to this aspect of the invention are complementary to regions of RNA or double-stranded DNA that encode, for example, HDAC-1, HDAC-2, HDAC-3, HDAC-4, HDAC-5, HDAC-6, HDAC-7, HDAC-8, HDAC-9, HDAC-10 and HDAC-11 (see e.g., GenBank Accession Number U50079 for HDAC-1, GenBank Accession Number U31814 for HDAC-2, and GenBank Accession Number U75697 for HDAC-3).

[0547] For purposes of the invention, the term "oligonucleotide" includes polymers of two or more deoxyribonucleosides, ribonucleosides, or 2'-substituted ribonucleoside residues, or any combination thereof. Preferably, such oligonucleotides have from about 6 to about 100 nucleoside residues, more preferably from about 8 to about 50 nucleoside residues, and most preferably from about 12 to about 30 nucleoside residues. The nucleoside residues may be coupled to each other by any of the numerous known internucleoside linkages. Such internucleoside linkages include without limitation phosphorothioate, phosphorodithioate, alkylphosphonate, alkylphosphonothioate, phosphotriester, phosphoramidate, siloxane, carbonate, carboxymethylester, acetamidate, carbamate, thioether, bridged phosphoramidate, bridged methylene phosphonate, bridged phosphorothioate and sulfone internucleoside linkages. In certain preferred embodiments, these internucleoside linkages may be phosphodiester, phosphotriester, phosphorothioate, or phosphoramidate linkages, or combinations thereof. The term oligonucleotide also encompasses such polymers having chemically modified bases or sugars and/or having additional substituents, including without limitation lipophilic groups, intercalating agents, diamines and adamantane.

[0548] For purposes of the invention the term "2'-substituted ribonucleoside" includes ribonucleosides in which the hydroxyl group at the 2' position of the pentose moiety is substituted to produce a 2'-O-substituted ribonucleoside. Preferably, such substitution is with a lower alkyl group containing 1-6 saturated or unsaturated carbon atoms, or with an aryl or allyl group having 2-6 carbon atoms, wherein such alkyl, aryl or allyl group may be unsubstituted or may be substituted, e.g., with halo, hydroxy, trifluoromethyl, cyano, nitro, acyl, acyloxy, alkoxy, carboxyl, carbalkoxyl, or amino groups. The term "2'-substituted ribonucleoside" also includes ribonucleosides in which the 2'-hydroxyl group is replaced with an amino group or with a halo group, preferably fluoro.

[0549] Particularly preferred antisense oligonucleotides utilized in this aspect of the invention include chimeric oligonucleotides and hybrid oligonucleotides.

[0550] For purposes of the invention, a "chimeric oligonucleotide" refers to an oligonucleotide having more than one type of internucleoside linkage. One preferred example of such a chimeric oligonucleotide is a chimeric oligonucleotide comprising a phosphorothioate, phosphodiester or phosphorodithioate region, preferably comprising from about 2 to about 12 nucleotides, and an alkylphosphonate or alkylphosphonothioate region (see e.g., Pederson et al. U.S. Patent Nos. 5,635,377 and 5,366,878). Preferably, such chimeric oligonucleotides contain at least three consecutive internucleoside linkages selected from phosphodiester and phosphorothioate linkages, or combinations thereof.

[0551] For purposes of the invention, a "hybrid oligonucleotide" refers to an oligonucleotide having more than one type of nucleoside. One preferred example of such a hybrid oligonucleotide comprises a ribonucleotide or 2'-substituted ribonucleotide region, preferably comprising from about 2 to about 12 2'-substituted nucleotides, and a deoxyribonucleotide region. Preferably, such a hybrid oligonucleotide contains at least three consecutive deoxyribonucleosides and also contains ribonucleosides, 2'-substituted ribonucleosides, preferably 2'-O-substituted ribonucleosides, or combina-

tions thereof (see e.g., Metelev and Agrawal, U.S. Patent No. 5,652,355).

[0552] The exact nucleotide sequence and chemical structure of an antisense oligonucleotide utilized in the invention can be varied, so long as the oligonucleotide retains its ability to inhibit expression of the gene of interest. This is readily determined by testing whether the particular antisense oligonucleotide is active. Useful assays for this purpose include quantitating the mRNA encoding a product of the gene, a Western blotting analysis assay for the product of the gene, an activity assay for an enzymatically active gene product, or a soft agar growth assay, or a reporter gene construct assay, or an *in vivo* tumor growth assay, all of which are known in the art, or are as described in detail in this specification or in, for example, Ramchandani et al. (1997) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 94: 684-689.

[0553] Antisense oligonucleotides utilized in the invention may conveniently be synthesized on a suitable solid support using well known chemical approaches, including H-phosphonate chemistry, phosphoramidite chemistry, or a combination of H-phosphonate chemistry and phosphoramidite chemistry (i.e., H-phosphonate chemistry for some cycles and phosphoramidite chemistry for other cycles). Suitable solid supports include any of the standard solid supports used for solid phase oligonucleotide synthesis, such as controlled-pore glass (CPG) (see, e.g., Pon, R.T. (1993) Methods in Molec. Biol. 20: 465-496).

[0554] Particularly preferred oligonucleotides have nucleotide sequences of from about 13 to about 35 nucleotides which include the nucleotide sequences shown in Table 44. Yet additional particularly preferred oligonucleotides have nucleotide sequences of from about 15 to about 26 nucleotides which include the nucleotide sequences shown in Table 7.

Table 7

Oligo	Target	Accession Number	Nucleotide Position	Sequence	position within Gene	Seq ID No.
HDAC1 AS1	Human HDAC1	U50079	1585-1604	5'-GAAACGTGAGGGACTCAGCA-3'	3'-UTR	Seq ID No:1
HDAC1 AS2	Human HDAC 1	U50079	1565-1584	5'-GGAAGCCAGAGCTGGAGAGG-3'	3'-UTR	Seq ID No:2
HDAC2 AS	Human HDAC2	U31814	1643-1622	5'-GCTGAGCTGTTCTGATTTGG-3'	3'-UTR	Seq ID No:3
HDAC3 AS	Human HDAC3	AF039703	1276-1295	5'-CGCTTTCCTTGTCATTGACA-3'	3'-UTR	Seq ID No:4
HDAC4 AS1	Human HDAC4	AB006626	514-33	5-GCTGCCTGCCGTGCCCACCC-3'	5'-UTR	Seq ID No:5
HDAC4 AS2	Human HDAC4	AB006626	7710-29	5'-TACAGTCCATGCAACCTCCA-3'	3'-UTR	Seq ID No:6
HDAC5 AS	Human HDAC5	AF039691	2663-2682	5'-CTTCGGTCTCACCTGCTTGG-3'	3'-UTR	Seq ID No:7
HDAC6 AS	Human HDAC6	AJ011972	3791-3810	5'-CAGGCTGGAATGAGCTACAG-3'	3'-UTR	Seq ID No:8
HDAC7 AS	Human HDAC7	AF239243	2896-2915	5'-CTTCAGCCAGGATGCCCACA-3'	3'-UTR	Seq ID No:9
HDAC8AS1	Human HDAC8	AF230097	51-70	5'-CTCCGGCTCCTCCATCTTCC-3'	5'-UTR	Seq ID No:10
HDAC8 AS2	Human HDAC8	AF230097	1328-1347	5'-AGCCAGCTGCCACTTGATGC-3'	3'-UTR	Seq ID No:11

[0555] In certain preferred embodiments of the invention, the antisense oligonucleotide and the HDAC inhbitor of the present invention are administered separately to a mammal, preferably a human. For example, the antisense oligonucleotide may be administered to the mammal prior to administration to the mammal of the HDAC inhibitor of the present invention. The mammal may receive one or more dosages of antisense oligonucleotide prior to receiving one or more dosages of the HDAC inhibitor of the present invention.

[0556] In another embodiment, the HDAC inhibitor of the present invention may be administered to the mammal prior to administration of the antisense oligonucleotide. The mammal may receive one or more dosages of the HDAC inhibitor of the present invention prior to receiving one or more dosages of antisense oligonucleotide.

[0557] In certain other preferred embodiments of the present invention, the HDAC inhibitor of the present invention may be administered together with another HDAC inhibitor known in the art or which will be discovered. Administration of such HDAC inhibitor(s) may be done sequentially or concurrently. In certain preferred embodiments of the present invention the composition comprises an HDAC inhibitor of the present invention and/or an antisense oligonucleotide and/or another HDAC inhibitor known in the art or which will be discovered. The active ingredients of such compositions preferably act synergistically to produce a therapeutic effect.

[0558] In certain embodiments, the known HDAC inhibitor is selected from the group consisting of, but not limited to, trichostatin A, depudecin, trapoxin, suberoylanilide hydroxamic acid, FR901228, MS-27-275, CI-994 sodim butyrate, MGCD0103, and those compounds found in WO 2003/024448, WO 2004/069823, WO 2001/038322, US 6,541,661, WO 01/70675, WO 2004/035525 and WO 2005/030705.

[0559] The following examples are intended to further illustrate certain preferred embodiments of the invention, and are not intended to limit the scope of the invention.

ASSAY EXAMPLES

Assay Example 1

Inhibition of Histone Deacetylase Enzymatic Activity

[0560] The following protocol is used to assay the compounds of the invention. In the assay, the buffer used is 25 mM HEPES, pH 8.0, 137 mM NaCl, 2.7 mM KCl, 1 mM $MgCl_2$ and the subtrate is Boc-Lys(Ac)-AMC in a 50 mM stock solution in DMSO. The enzyme stock solution is 4.08 μg/mL in buffer.

[0561] The compounds are pre-incubated (2 μl in DMSO diluted to 13 μl in buffer for transfer to assay plate) with enzyme (20 μl of 4.08 μg/ml) for 10 minutes at room temperature (35 μl pre-incubation volume). The mixture is pre-incubated for 5 minutes at room temperature. The reaction is started by bringing the temperature to 37°C and adding 16 μl substrate. Total reaction volume is 50 μl. The reaction is stopped after 20 minutes by addition of 50 μl developer, prepared as directed by Biomol (Fluor-de-Lys developer, Cat. # KI-105). A plate is incubated in the dark for 10 minutes at room temperature before reading (λ_{Ex}=360nm, λ_{Em}=470nm, Cutoff filter at 435nm).

[0562] All compounds exemplified have an IC_{50} value less than or equal to 10 μM against one or more of HDAC-1, HDAC-2, HDAC-3, HDAC-4, HDAC-5, HDAC-6, HDAC-7, HDAC-8, HDAC-9, HDAC-10 and HDAC-11. Tables 8, 9 and 10 show selected examples. In the Tables 8, 9 and 10, A ≤ 0.05 μM; 0.05 μM < B ≤ 0.1 μM; 0.1 μM < C ≤ 1 μM; and 1 μM < D ≤ 10 μM.

Assay Example 2

Whole-Cell Histone Deacetylase (HDAC) Inhibition Assay in Primary Mouse Cortical Cultures

[0563] Primary neocortical cultures are established through the dissection of the neocortex from E17 embryos harvested from time-pregnant Balb/C mice. Following dissection, the neocortical tissue specimens undergo digestion by incubation at 37°C for 10 minutes in dissection medium (1xHBSS/10mM HEPES/1mM Sodium Pyruvate) supplemented with (0.25%) Trypsin and (0.1%) DNase I. Digested tissue is washed and resuspended in plating medium (NeuroBasal/10%HS/0.5mM L-Glutamine (Invitrogen Corporation)) for trituration. Additional plating medium is added, and the contents are passed over a 70um cell-strainer. The cell-density is quantified using a hemacytometer, and dilutions are made to allow for the plating of 50000 cells/well/100uL in 96-well PDL-coated plates. Plates are incubated for 4-5 hours in 37°C/5% CO_2-incubator, after which time the entire volume is exchanged to feeding medium (NeuroBasal/2% B-27 Serum-free supplement/0.5mM L-Glutamine/1% Penicillin-Streptomycin (Invitrogen Corporation)). The cultures undergo two 50% fresh feeding medium exchanges at 3 days *in vitro* (DIV3), and again at DIV7.

[0564] Compounds for testing are resuspended in dimethyl sulphoxide (DMSO), and further diluted in DMSO for a ten-point dose-response curve, with appropriate controls. Each master plate is assayed in triplicate. 3.5uL/well of the master dilution plate is transferred to a 96-well round-bottom daughter plate, to which 175uL/well of warmed feeding

medium is added and thoroughly mixed. Three DIV9 culture plates are leveled to 50uL/well, onto which each has overlaid 50uL/well of the diluted daughter plate. The plates are returned to the 37°C/5% CO_2-incubator for 16-18 hours.

[0565] The next step of the assay involves the exposure of a HDAC colorimetric substrate, comprising an acetylated lysine side chain, to the compound-treated neuronal cultures. Based on the ability of the compound to inhibit HDAC activity in the neuronal cultures, the substrate is deacetylated by HDACs, and subsequently sensitized. A 7.5mM BOC-Lys(Ac)-AMC (Bachem Bioscience, Inc.) substrate solution is prepared by making a 1:1 dilution of 15mM BOC-Lys(Ac)-AMC with HDAC Assay Buffer (25mM Tris-Cl/137mM NaCl/2.7mM KCl/1mM $MgCl_2$). Compound-incubated culture plates are again leveled to 50uL/well and 2uL/well of 7.5mM BOC-Lys (Ac)-AMC substrate is added and thoroughly mixed. Plates are returned to the 37°C/5% CO_2-incubator for 1 hour.

[0566] The final addition to the culture plates entails treatment with a Fluor de Lys™-based developer (BIOMOL Research Laboratories, Inc.) to produce a fluorophore, which is analyzed using a spectrophotometer. The developer solution (1x Fluor de Lys™/1% NP-40/1uM TSA in HDAC Buffer Solution) is prepared, and 50uL/well is added to each of the wells of the culture plates. Trichostatin A is typically added as an "inhibitor stop" for class I and II HDACs. The plates are returned to the 37°C/5% CO_2-incubator for 10-15 minutes, after which time, they are removed and set in the dark at room temperature for 5-10 minutes. The plates are read, and the results used to determine the percent HDAC activity of each compound compared to DMSO controls, and subsequently, used to calculate the corresponding IC_{50} values.

Assay Example 3

Ex vivo histone acetylation analysis via Western blotting of mouse liver and striatal tissues from mice orally-dosed with histone deacetylase (HDAC) inhibitors

[0567] Pre-weighed liver and striatal specimens are transferred from -80°C to wet-ice to be processed for tissue-homogenization. For the liver specimens, a 20-fold excess of chilled 1x XT LDS (Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc.) sample buffer is added over the weight of each individual liver sample, and a 10-fold excess over the weight of the striatal samples. After adding 1.0mm Zirconia-Silica beads (BioSpec Products, Inc.) to each sample, the tubes are loaded into the Mini-Beadbeater™ (BioSpec Products, Inc.), the liver samples are homogenized for 4 minutes, and the striatal samples for 3 minutes.

[0568] Rescued homogenates are then heated at 95°C for 10-15 minutes, vortexed briefly, and centrifuged at 13200 rpm for 4 minutes. Samples are diluted 1:10, and 20x XT Reducing agent (Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc.) is added in preparation for loading.

[0569] 15uL of each diluted sample is loaded in CRITERION™ 4-12% Bis-Tris gels (Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc.) and run at 150V (constant) in a 1x XT MES buffer system (Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc.) until the dye-front reaches the bottom.

[0570] Immobilon-FL PVDF-membranes (Millipore Corporation) are briefly activated in Methanol, hydrated in diH_2O, and then equilibrated in chilled 1x Tris-Glycine transfer buffer (Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc.) supplemented with 10% Methanol until the transfer-sandwiches are ready to be assembled. Gels are removed from the cartridges and equilibrated for 15 minutes in chilled transfer buffer. Transfer-sandwiches are assembled, loaded into the CRITERION™ Blotter System, and transferred for 40 minutes at 100V (constant).

[0571] PVDF-membranes are removed, rinsed briefly in diH_2O, and then blocked for 1 hour in 1:1 dilution (in PBS) of Odyssey Blocking Buffer solution (LI-COR Bioscience, Inc.).

[0572] Primary antibody solution is prepared as follows: Into 40mL of 1:1 diluted Odyssey Blocking Buffer is added 4uL of anti-Actin (AC-15) antibody (Sigma-Aldrich Co.), 8uL of anti-Acetylated H2A antibody (Millipore Corporation) and 20uL of anti-Acetylated H4 antibody (Millipore Corporation). PVDF membranes are incubated in primary antibody solution overnight at 4°C.

[0573] Membranes are washed 4 x 5 minutes in TBS-T (Sigma-Aldrich Co.). Secondary antibody solution is prepared as follows: Into 40mL of TBS-T solution, supplemented with 0.02% SDS (Sigma-Aldrich Co.), is added 4uL of goat anti-rabbit IRDye800 antibody (Rockland, Inc.) and 4uL of goat anti-mouse AlexaFluor 680 antibody (Invitrogen Corporation). PVDF membranes are incubated in secondary antibody solution, protected from light, for 1h at room temperature. Membranes are washed 4 x 5 minutes in TBS-T, followed by 2 x 2 minute washes in PBS solution.

[0574] PVDF membranes are scanned using LI-COR/Odyssey Infrared Imaging System. Induced acetylation of Histone 2A or Histone 4 is calculated for each sample by dividing the integrated intensity of the designated acetylated histone band by the integrated intensity of the actin band from the same sample, correcting for loading variability. The individually normalized sample values from each treatment group, assayed in triplicate, are then averaged and plotted as a relative Histone 2A or Histone 4 acetylation level.

Assay Example 3

Whole-Cell Histone Deacetylase (HDAC) Inhibition Assay in Normal Human Astrocyte Cultures

[0575] Normal human astrocyte cultures (Lonza, Inc.) are passaged using standard passaging techniques. Pelleted cells are resuspended in Astrocyte Growth Medium (Astrocyte Basal Medium/3% FBS/1% L-Glutamine/0.1% Ascorbic acid/0.1% rhEGF/0.25% Insulin/0.1% Gentamycin Sulfate-Amphotericin; (Lonza, Inc.)). The cell density is quantified using a hemacytometer, and dilutions are made to allow for the plating of 10000 cells/well/100uL into 96-well flat-bottomed TC-treated plates. The cultures plates are incubated at 37°C/5% CO_2 overnight.

[0576] Compounds for testing are resuspended in dimethyl sulphoxide (DMSO), and further diluted in DMSO for a ten-point dose-response curve, with appropriate controls. Each master plate is assayed in triplicate. 3.5uL/well of the master dilution plate is transferred to a 96-well round-bottom daughter plate, to which 175uL/well of warmed Astrocyte Growth Medium is added and thoroughly mixed. Three culture plates are leveled to 50uL/well, onto which each has overlaid 50uL/well of the diluted daughter plate. The plates are returned to the 37°C/5% CO_2-incubator for 16-18 hours.

[0577] The next step of the assay involves the exposure of a HDAC colorimetric substrate, comprising an acetylated lysine side chain, to the compound-treated human astrocyte cultures. Based on the ability of the compound to inhibit HDAC activity in the human astrocyte cultures, the substrate is deacetylated by HDACs, and subsequently sensitized. A 7.5mM BOC-Lys(Ac)-AMC (Bachem Bioscience, Inc.) substrate solution is prepared by making a 1:1 dilution of 15mM BOC-Lys(Ac)-AMC with HDAC Assay Buffer (25mM Tris-Cl/137mM NaCl/2.7mM KCl/1mM $MgCl_2$). Compound-incubated culture plates are again leveled to 50uL/well and 2uL/well of 7.5mM BOC-Lys (Ac)-AMC substrate is added and thoroughly mixed. Plates are returned to the 37°C/5% CO_2-incubator for 1 hour.

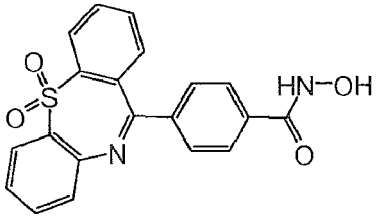
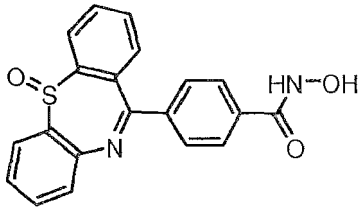
[0578] The final addition to the culture plates entails treatment with a Fluor de Lys™-based developer (BIOMOL Research Laboratories, Inc.) to produce a fluorophore, which is analyzed using a spectrophotometer. The developer solution (1x Fluor de Lys™/1% NP-40/1uM TSA in HDAC Buffer Solution) is prepared, and 50uL/well is added to each of the wells of the culture plates. Trichostatin A is typically added as an "inhibitor stop" for class I and II HDACs. The plates are returned to the 37°C/5% CO_2-incubator for 10-15 minutes, after which time, they are removed and set in the dark at room temperature for 5-10 minutes. The plates are read, and the results are used to determine the percent HDAC activity of each compound compared to DMSO controls, and subsequently, used to calculate the corresponding IC50 values.

[0579] The activity (IC_{50} μM) of selected compounds in the above-mentioned neuronal cell based assay are shown in Tables 8, 9 and 10. In the Tables 8, 9 and 10, W ≤ 1 μM; 1 < X ≤ 5 μM; 5 < Y ≤ 15 μM; and 15 < Z.

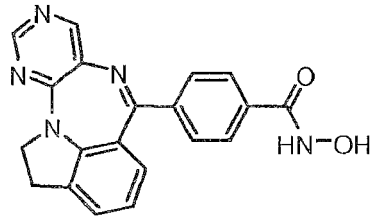
Table 8

Compound Name	HDAC Inhibtion (IC_{50} μM)	
	HDAC Enzyme	WC mouse cortical neurons
(E)-2-(4-(2-chlorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	Y
(Z)-4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	A	W
(Z)-4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	C	-
4-(10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	A	X
N-hydroxy-4-(10-methyl-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	C	Y
(Z)-4-(8-chloro-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	B	X
(Z)-4-(benzo[b]pyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	B	X
(Z)-4-(2-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	A	X
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(2-methoxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	C	Y
(Z)-4-(benzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	C	W
(Z)-4-(2-(2-(dimethylamino)ethoxy)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	n/d	Z
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(8-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	C	Y

(continued)

Compound Name	HDAC Inhibtion (IC_{50} μM)	
	HDAC Enzyme	WC mouse cortical neurons
(Z)-4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-2-fluoro-N-hydroxybenzamide	C	Y
(Z)-5-(4-(hydroxycarbamoyl)phenyl)benzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepine 2-oxide	C	Y
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-methoxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	C	X
(Z)-3-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	C	Z
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(8-methyldibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	B	X
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	B	X
	D	Y
(Z)-4-(9-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	B	X
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(7-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	C	Z
(Z)-4-(7-chlorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	C	Y
(Z)-4-(2-chlorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	A	Y
	C	X
(E)-N-hydroxy-11-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	C	n/d
(Z)-4-(8-cyanodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	B	X
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-methyldibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	B	X
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-methyldibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	A	X
(Z)-N-hydroxy-11-(pyridin-4-yl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepine-8-carboxamide	C	n/d
(Z)-4-(benzo[b]thieno[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-10-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	A	X
(Z)-4-(3-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	C	Z
(Z)-4-(8-chlorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	C	Y
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	B	Z
(Z)-4-(6-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	B	Y
(Z)-4-(7-cyanodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	A	Y
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-hydroxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	B	W
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methoxydibenzo[b,f][,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	C	Z
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(2-methoxyethoxy)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	A	X

(continued)

Compound Name	HDAC Inhibtion (IC_{50} μM)	
	HDAC Enzyme	WC mouse cortical neurons
(E)-N-hydroxy-4-(11-morpholinodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-2-yl)benzamide	A	Z
(Z)-4-(1-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	A	Y
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)benzo[f]pyrido[2,3-b][1,4]oxazepin-6-yl)benzamide	B	Y
(Z)-4-(11-cyclopropyl-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	A	W
(Z)-4-(5-cyclopropyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	C	X
(Z)-4-(5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	C	X
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(2-morpholinoethoxy)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	A	W
(Z)-4-(benzo[f]pyrido[2,3-b][1,4]oxazepin-6-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	A	X
(Z)-4-(2-fluoro-4-methoxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	A	X
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(methylthio)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	A	X
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	A	Z
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(methylsulfinyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	B	X
(Z)-4-(5H-benzo[e]pyrrolo[1,2-a][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	A	X
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(methylsulfonyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	A	X
(E)-4-((dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-ylamino)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	A	W
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxy-8-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	C	Y
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-morpholinodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	C	Y
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-propyldibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	C	Z
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(trifluoromethoxy)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	C	Z
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(6-methyldibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide	C	Y
(E)-4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-3-fluoro-N-hydroxybenzamide	D	Y
(E)-6-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxynicotinamide	C	Y
(E)-5-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxyfuran-2-carboxamide	D	Z
	C	Y
(E)-5-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxythiophene-2-carboxamide	A	X
(Z)-4-(5-ethyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	B	X
(Z)-4-(5-cyclopropyl-5H-dibenzo[b,c][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxy-N-methylbenzamide	D	n/d

(continued)

Compound Name	HDAC Inhibtion (IC_{50} μM)	
	HDAC Enzyme	WC mouse cortical neurons
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(5-isopropyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)benzamide	A	W
(E)-4-((5-cyclopropyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-ylamino)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	C	Y
(Z)-4-(4-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	C	Y
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(5-(2-methoxyethyl)-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)benzamide	C	X
(E)-4-(2-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-ylamino)ethyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	C	Y
(Z)-4-(11-ethyl-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	A	W
(Z)-4-(5-cyclopropyl-2-fluoro-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	B	X
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(11-isopropyl-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)benzamide	A	W
(Z)-4-(benzo[f]thieno[2,3-b][1,4]oxazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	C	X
(Z)-6-(4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamidooxy)-3,4,5-trihydroxytetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-carboxylic acid	-	Z
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(11-(3-morpholinopropyl)-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4] diazepin-5-yl)benzamide	C	X
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(11-(2-morpholinoethyl)-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4] diazepin-5-yl)benzamide	B	X
(Z)-4-(11-(cyclopropylmethyl)-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	D	n/d
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(5-(2-morpholinoethyl)-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)benzamide	C	n/d

Table 9

Compound Name	HDAC Inhibition (IC_{50} μM)	
	HDAC Enzyme	WC mouse cortical neurons
2-((1S,4S)-5-benzyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	C	X
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-p-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
2-((1S,4S)-5-benzhydryl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	X
2-((1S,4S)-5-(4-chlorophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
(1S,4S)-tert-butyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1] heptane-2-carboxylate	A	W
2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-fluorophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W

(continued)

Compound Name	HDAC Inhibition (IC_{50} μM)	
	HDAC Enzyme	WC mouse cortical neurons
2-((1S,4S)-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	B	W
2-((1S,4S)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	C	Y
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-o-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	B	X
2-(2-oxa-5-azabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-5-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	C	X
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-phenyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	B	W
2-((1S,4S)-5-benzoyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1] heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
2-((1S,4S)-5-(2-fluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	X
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1] heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	C	X
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1] heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	X
2-((1S,4S)-5-(benzo[c][1,2,5]oxadiazol-5-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
2-((1S,4S)-5-(benzo[c][1,2,5]thiadiazol-5-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1] heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	B	X
2-((1S,4S)-5-(benzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
2-((1S,4S)-5-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	n/d	X
2-((1S,4S)-5-(2,2-diphenylacetyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	B	X
N-hydroxy-4-((1S,4S)-5-p-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide	C	X
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1] heptan-2-yl)thiazole-5-carboxamide	A	X
(1S,4S)-benzyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1] heptane-2-carboxylate	A	W
(1 S,4S)-isobutyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1] heptane-2-carboxylate	A	W
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1] heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
2-((1S,4S)-5-(2,2-difluorobenzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	X

(continued)

Compound Name	HDAC Inhibition (IC_{50} μM)	
	HDAC Enzyme	WC mouse cortical neurons
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethylthio)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1] heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	X
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1] heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(2-(trifluoromethyl)quinolin-4-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1] heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(difluoromethoxy)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1] heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
(1S,4S)-cyclopentyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate	A	W
2-((1S,4S)-5-(benzo[c][1,2,5]oxadiazol-4-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1] heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
N-hydroxy-2-((1R,4R)-5-p-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
(1 S,4S)-isopropyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1] heptane-2-carboxylate	A	W
(1S,4S)-pyridin-3-ylmethyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2 yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate	A	W
(1S,4S)-cyclopropylmethyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate	A	W
(1S,4S)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate	A	W
2-((1S,4S)-5-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	X
2-((1S,4S)-5-(benzo[d]isoxazol-3-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(dimethylearbamoyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-((dimethylamino)methyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-m-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
N-hydroxy-6-(5-p-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)nicotinamide	A	W
N-hydroxy-5-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1] heptan-2-yl)pyrazine-2-carboxamide	C	Y

(continued)

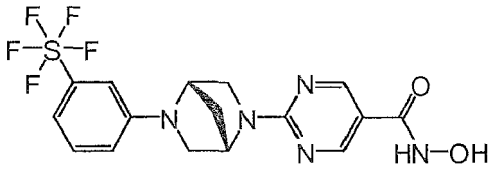
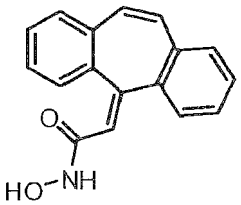
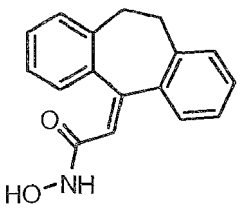
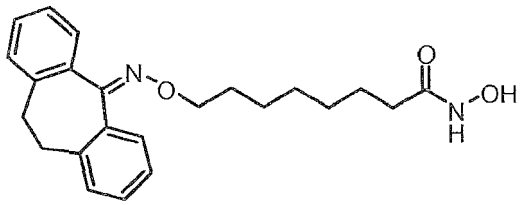
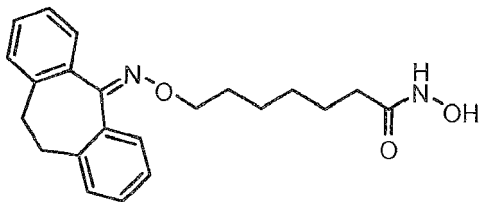
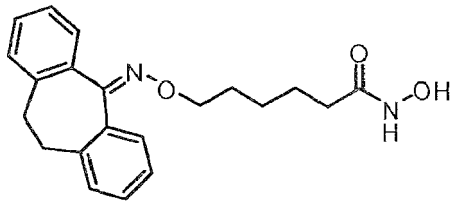
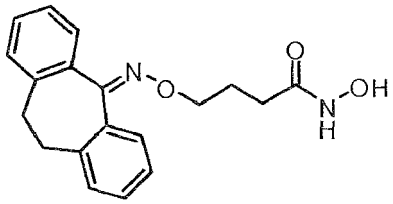
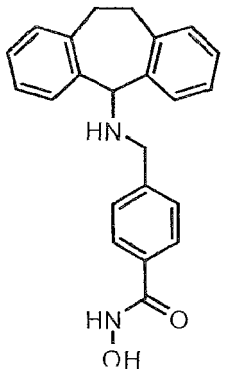
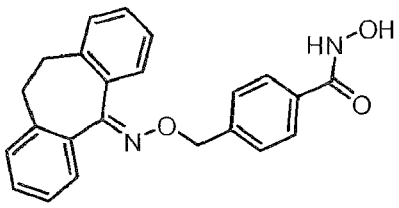
Compound Name	HDAC Inhibition (IC_{50} μM)	
	HDAC Enzyme	WC mouse cortical neurons
2-fluoro-N-hydroxy-4-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide	C	Y
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	B	W
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
N-hydroxy-6-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyridazine-3-carboxamide	C	Y
N-hydroxy-2-(7-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-3,7-diazabicyclo[3.3.1]nonan-3-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	C	Z
N-hydroxy-2-((1R,4R)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
N-hydroxy-2-((1R,4R)-5-m-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	B	W
	A	X
2-(5-(3-cyanophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
N-hydroxy-4-(5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide	C	X
N-hydroxy-4-(5-m-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide	C	X
N-hydroxy-4-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide	C	X
N-hydroxy-4-((1S,4S)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide	C	X
4-((1S,4S)-5-(3-cyanophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	C	X
N-hydroxy-4-((1R,4R)-5-m-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide	C	X
N-hydroxy-4-((1R,4R)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide	D	Y
N-hydroxy-4-((1S,4S)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide	n/d	X
n/d = Not Determined		

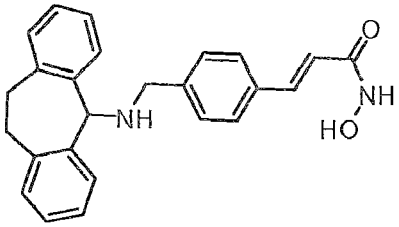
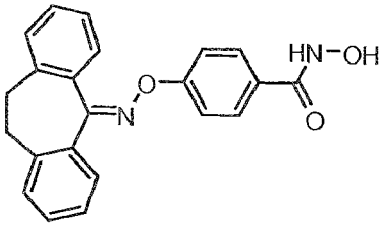
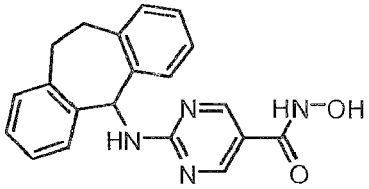
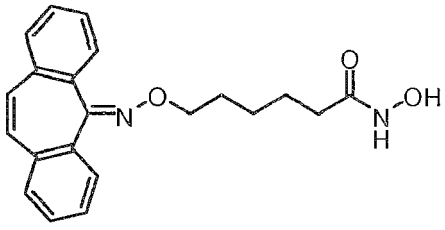
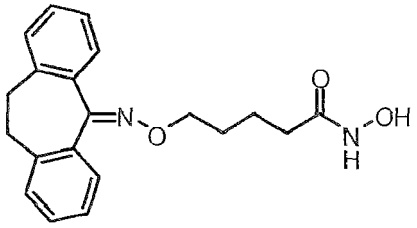
Table 10

Compound Name	HDAC Inhibition (IC_{50} μM)	
	HDAC Enzyme	WC mouse cortical neurons
(Z)-4-((5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	A	Y
	C	n/d
(Z)-4-(5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybutanamide	D	Y
(E)-N-hydroxy-3-((Z)-2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-8-yl)acrylamide	B	X
(E)-N-hydroxy-3-((Z)-1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-8-yl)acrylamide	C	X
(Z)-6-(5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxyhexanamide	A	X
(Z)-N-hydroxy-3-(1-methyl-2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-8-yl)propanamide	C	Y
(Z)-N-hydroxy-6-(2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-1-yl)hexanamide	C	X
(Z)-N-hydroxy-8-(2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-1-yl)octanamide	C	X
	D	n/d
(Z)-2-(5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxyacetamide	D	n/d
	C	X
	C	X

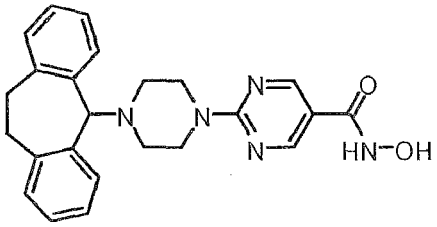
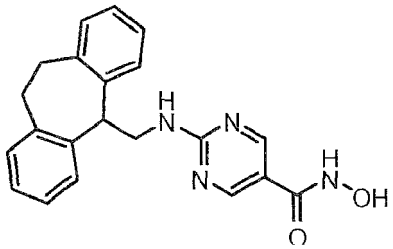
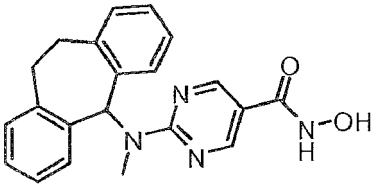
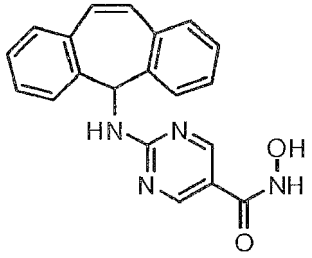
(continued)

Compound Name	HDAC Inhibition (IC_{50} μM)	
	HDAC Enzyme	WC mouse cortical neurons
	C	Y
	C	Y
	A	Y
	C	Y
(E)-3-((Z)-5-(cyclopropylmethyl)-5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-2-yl)-N-hydroxyacrylamide	C	Y
4-(11-cyclopropyl-5-oxo-5H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-6(1H)-yl)-N-hydroxybutanamide	D	n/d
6-(11-cyclopropyl-5-oxo-5H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-6(11H)-yl)-N-hydroxyhexanamide	C	X
7-(11-cyclopropyl-5-oxo-5H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-6(11H)-yl)-N-hydroxyheptanamide	B	X
4-((11-cyclopropyl-5-oxo-5H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-6(11H)-yl)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	C	Y
8-(11-cyclopropyl-5-oxo-5H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-6(11H)-yl)-N-hydroxyoctanamide	C	W
(E)-N-hydroxy-3-(4-(((Z)-2-oxo-5-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-1-yl)methyl)phenyl)acrylamide	B	X

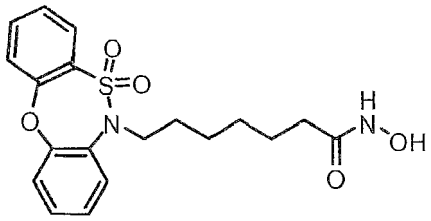
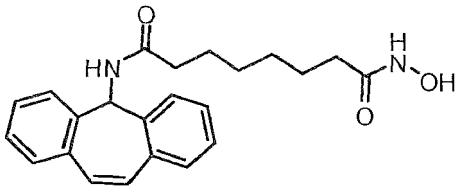
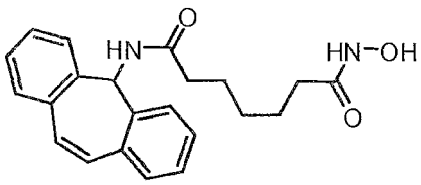
(continued)

Compound Name	HDAC Inhibition (IC_{50} μM)	
	HDAC Enzyme	WC mouse cortical neurons
(E)-3-(4-(((Z)-5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)methyl)phenyl)-N-hydroxyacrylamide	B	X
	B	Y
(E)-3-(4-((11-cyclopropyl-5-oxo-5H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-6(11H)-yl)methyl)phenyl)-N-hydroxyacrylamide	A	W
(Z)-2-(4-((5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)methyl)phenyl)-N-hydroxyacetamide	C	Y
	C	Y
	A	n/d
6-(10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxyhexanamide	A	X
(Z)-5-(5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)-N-1-hydroxypentanamide	C	Y
(Z)-7-(5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxyheptanamide	A	X
	C	Y
	C	Y
N-hydroxy-7-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)heptanamide	A	W

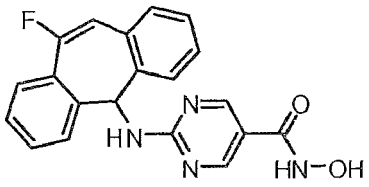
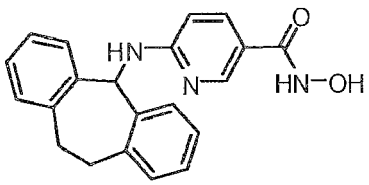
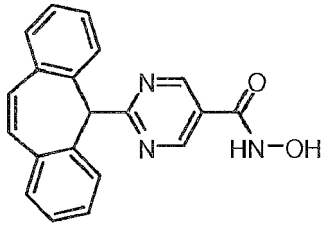
(continued)

Compound Name	HDAC Inhibition (IC_{50} μM)	
	HDAC Enzyme	WC mouse cortical neurons
7-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)-N-hydroxyheptanamide	C	Z
2-(benzhydrylamino)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	W
2-(diphenylmethyleneaminooxy)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	D	Y
N-hydroxy-6-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)hexanamide	A	W
N-hydroxy-8-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)octanamide	B	X
2-(9H-fluoren-9-ylamino)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	C	Y
	C	Y
N-hydroxy-N-(6-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)hexyl)formamide	A	n/d
	A	Y
2-(dipyridin-2-ylmethylamino)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	-	W
8-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)-N-hydroxy-8-oxooctanamide	C	X
N-hydroxy-7-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-10(11H)-yl)heptanamide	A	W
	A	X
N-hydroxy-4-((11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)methyl)benzamide	A	W
	A	W
2-(bis(4-fluorophenyl)methylamino)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	n/d

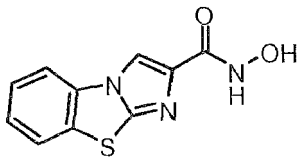
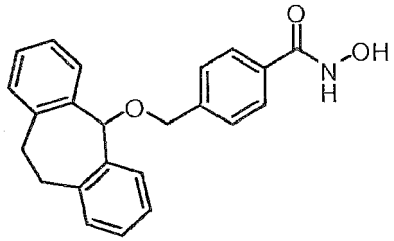
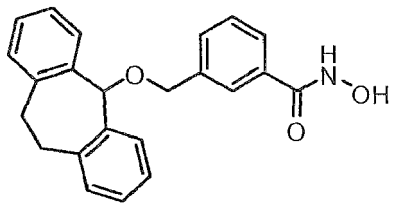
(continued)

Compound Name	HDAC Inhibition (IC_{50} μM)	
	HDAC Enzyme	WC mouse cortical neurons
N-hydroxy-4-((6-oxophenanthridin-5(6H)-yl)methyl)benzamide	A	W
N-hydroxy-4-(2-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethyloxodibenzo[b,f][1,4] oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide	A	W
N-hydroxy-7-(phenanthridin-6-yloxy)heptanamide	A	Y
N-hydroxy-7-(6-oxophenanthridin-5(6H)-yl)heptanamide	A	W
N-hydroxy-2-(4-((11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)methyl)phenyl)acetamide	C	X
6-(5-cyclopropyl-11-oxo-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-10(11H)-yl)-N-hydroxyhexanamide	C	X
7-(5-cyclopropyl-11-oxo-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-10(11H)-yl)-N-hydroxyheptanamide	C	X
	C	X
(E)-N-hydroxy-3-(4-((11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)methyl)phenyl)acrylamide	A	X
N-hydroxy-3-(4-((11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)methyl)phenyl)propanamide	C	X
N-hydroxy-4-((6-oxo-11,12-dihydrodibenzo[b,f]azocin-5(6H)-yl)methyl)benzamide	C	X
4-(2-(7-chloro-11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(1H)-yl)ethylchloro-11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(1H)-yl)ethoxy)-N-hydroxybenzamide	A	X
2-(bis(4-fluorophenyl)methoxy)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	C	Z
	C	X
(Z)-8-(5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxy-8-oxooctanamide	C	Y
(Z)-7-(5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxy-7-oxoheptanamide	A	W
	C	X

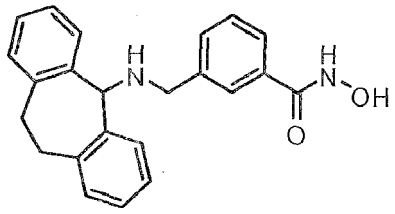
(continued)

Compound Name	HDAC Inhibition (IC_{50} μM)	
	HDAC Enzyme	WC mouse cortical neurons
	A	W
N-hydroxy-4-(2-(5-oxobenzo[b]pyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepin-6(5H)-yl)ethyloxobenzo[b]pyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepin-6(5H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide	A	W
(E)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)prop-1-enyl)benzamide	B	W
N-hydroxy-4-(3-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)propyl)benzamide	B	W
N-hydroxy-4-(3-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)prop-1-ynyl)benzamide	A	X
4-(2-(2-fluoro-11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethylfluoro-11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(1H)-yl)ethoxy)-N-hydroxybenzamide	A	W
N-hydroxy-4-(2-(5-oxo-2,3-dihydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepin-4(5H)-yl)ethyloxo-2,3-dihydrobenzo[f][1,4]oxazepin-4(5H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide	A	X
N-hydroxy-4-(2-(4-oxo-3,4-dihydrobenzo[b][1,4]oxazepin-5(2H)-yl)ethyloxo-3,4-dihydrobenzo[b][1,4]oxazepin-5(2H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide	A	W
N-hydroxy-4-(2-(5-oxobenzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-6(5H)-yl)ethyloxobenzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-6(5H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide	A	W
N-hydroxy-3-(4-((11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)methyl)-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)propanamide	C	X
N-hydroxy-4-(2-(2-methyl-5-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydrobenzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-6(5H)-yl)ethylmethyl-5-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydrobenzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-6(5H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide	A	W
4-(2-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)-2-oxoethyldibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)-2-oxoethoxy)-N-hydroxybenzamide	C	X
	A	W
	C	Z
2-fluoro-N-hydroxy-4-(2-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethyloxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide	B	n/d

(continued)

Compound Name	HDAC Inhibition (IC_{50} μM)	
	HDAC Enzyme	WC mouse cortical neurons
N-hydroxy-3-(2-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(1H)-yl)ethyloxodibenzo[b,f][1,4] oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide	C	Z
3-fluoro-N-hydroxy-4-(2-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethyloxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide	B	W
	C	n/d
N-hydroxy-4-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)benzamide	C	Z
(Z)-3-((5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	C	n/d
benzyl 4-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-1,4-diazepane-1-carboxylate	B	X
	C	n/d
4-((10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo[b,f]azepin-5-yl)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	A	n/d
2-(4-(3-chloro-5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	Y
	C	n/d
(S)-2-(2-(1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)pyrrolidin-1-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	C	n/d
2-chloro-N-hydroxy-4-(2-(11-oxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethyloxodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-yl)ethoxy)benzamide	D	n/d
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methyl-2-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)benzamide	C	Y
3-((10H-phenothiazin-10-yl)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	C	n/d
4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-10(11H)-ylmethyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	A	n/d
4-((benzhydrylamino)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	A	n/d

(continued)

Compound Name	HDAC Inhibition (IC_{50} μM)	
	HDAC Enzyme	WC mouse cortical neurons
	C	n/d
N-hydroxy-2-(3-phenyl-5,6-dihydro-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	A	X
4-((6,7,8,9,10,11-hexahydro-5H-cycloocta[b]indol-5-yl)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	C	n/d
N-hydroxy-2-(3-(trifluoromethyl)-5,6-dihydro-[1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]pyrazin-7(8H)-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	B	X
N-hydroxy-2-methyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-pyrido[4,3-b]indole-8-carboxamide	D	n/d
N-hydroxy-9H-pyrido[3,4-b]indole-3-carboxamide	D	n/d
4-((6,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,e]oxepin-11-ylamino)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	C	n/d
2-((1R,5S)-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-3-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	C	n/d
2-((1S,5R)-1-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-3 yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide	C	n/d
N-hydroxy-2-((1R,5S)-1-phenyl-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-3-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	C	n/d
N-hydroxy-4-((2-phenyl-1H-indol-1-yl)methyl)benzamide	C	n/d
3-((10H-phenoxazin-10-yl)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	D	n/d
(Z)-4-(7-bromo-2-oxo-2,3-dihydro-1H-thieno[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	C	n/d
4-((diphenylamino)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	C	n/d
3-((diphenylamino)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide	D	n/d
(Z)-N-(5H-dibenzo[b,flazepin-5-yl)methyl)benzyl)-N-hydroxyformamide	C	n/d
N-hydroxy-2-((1R,SS)-1-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-3-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	C	n/d
N-hydroxy-2-((1R,5S)-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexan-3-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide	C	n/d
n/d = Not Determined		

Assay Example 4

In vivo Drosophila Fly Assay for Treatment of Huntington's Disease

[0580] The present invention discloses methods and pharmaceutical compositions for treating polyglutamine (polyQ) expansion diseases. In certain preferred embodiments, the disease is selected from the group consisting of Huntington's Disease (HD), Dentatorubralpallidoluysian atrophy (DRPLA), spinal and bulbar muscular atrophy (SBMA), and five

spinocerebellar ataxias (SCA1, SCA2, SCA3/MJD (Machado- Joseph Disease), SCA6 and SCA7).

[0581] The suitability of a compound for treatment of a polyglutamine (polyQ) expansion diseases can be assessed in any of a number of animal models. For example, mice transgenic for an expanded polyglutamine repeat mutant of ataxin-1 develop ataxia typical of spinocerebellar ataxia type 1 (SCA-I) are known (Burright et al., 1995, Cell 82: 937-948; Lorenzetti et al., 2000, Hum. Mol. Genet. 9: 779-785; Watase, 2002, Neuron 34: 905-919), and can be used to determine the efficacy of a given compound in the treatment or prevention of neurodegenerative disease. Additional animal models, for example, for Huntington's disease (see, e.g., Mangiarini et al., 1996, Cell 87: 493-506, Lin et al., 2001, Hum. Mol. Genet. 10: 137-144), can be used to evaluate the efficacy of the compounds of the present invention in a similar manner.

[0582] Animal models are not limited to mammalian models. For example, Drosophila strains provide accepted models for a number of neurodegenerative disorders.

[0583] The Drosophila Huntington's Disease assay used to screen compounds of the present invention followed that of WO 2007/002497, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

***Drosohila melanogaster* Fly Production:**

[0584] Briefly, parental (model and driver) lines are maintained in sufficient quantities to provide virgins and males for assay crosses as well as perpetuating the lines. Disease model flies are maintained with the disease genes "silent", functionally linked to a UAS enhancer element. The "driver" lines contain a GAL4 element under the control of a tissue-specific promoter. These are crossed together to generate the assay flies which have tissue-specific (i.e. CNS) expression of the disease gene(s).

[0585] Weekly assay crosses are set up with sufficient virgins and males to generate enough assay embryos for sorting. Approximately 50,000 males and 75,000 virgins are crossed in population cages. Embryos are collected for an eight hour window two days later. The embryos are then sorted onto 16mm assay vials containing regular fly media and allowed to develop. Flies containing both the GAL4 driver element and the disease gene(s) are detected by the presence of GFP, a fluorescing protein. Approximately 10 assay flies eclose per vial, the optimal number for the behavioral assay. Once the flies eclose, they are transferred onto assay vials containing liquid *Drosophila* food. Similarly, control crosses are set up with virgins of the driver and males from a non-disease UAS line. Throughout fly production and the assay days, all flies are maintained at constant temperature and humidity, with preset light cycle, optimized for the particular lines and crosses.

[0586] Quality control (QC) for the parental lines is carried out weekly by collecting a sample of random male flies from each line. Single-fly PCR is carried out to ascertain the presence of the GAL4 or UAS clement. If greater than 5% of the individuals lack the appropriate element, the assay cross is aborted. A second form of QC is also carried out to ensure that the GAL4 element is able to drive expression of a transgene. A sample of individual "driver" virgins is crossed to UAS-GFP males. Their progeny are visually checked for GFP expression in the appropriate tissues. Lack of GFP in greater than 4% of the crosses results in the assay being aborted.

Compound handling and dosing:

[0587] Test compounds are weighed out and dissolved in DMSO at stock concentrations 100x what is desired in the assay and arrayed into 96-well master plates, including wells for DMSO-only controls and the positive control(s). A single well is reserved for a colored dye used to ensure proper orientation of compounds during drug dispensing and fly transfer. Replicate daughter plates for each day of the assay are stamped out. The plates are bar coded and stored at -20C until used for the assay.

[0588] For a particular assay day, the plates are thawed and a robotic liquid handler is used to dilute the test compound into the liquid fly food and dispense the mixture into the assay vials. For Huntington Disease (HD) models, eight replicates per single treatment (one compound, one concentration) are dispensed. Fresh test compound treated media is made daily during an assay.

Automated behavioral assay:

[0589] On the day the assay flies eclose (emerge from larvae; assay Day 0) they are transferred to the test compound treated vials. On assay Day 1, the flies are transferred onto clean test compound treated vials one hour before assay time. They are then placed in the assay machine to acclimate to the appropriate climate conditions.

[0590] The assay machine is an environmentally-enclosed and controlled robot that can maintain user-set temperature and humidity. The machine can hold up to sixteen 96-vial racks in four quadrants, for a total of 1536 vials. There are four camera stations, which hold four vials each and a CCD camera for movie capture. A robotic arm carries a gripper which picks up four vials at a time, places them in a designated camera station, taps the vials to stimulate fly climbing behavior, then moves onto the next rack to pick up four vials into the next camera station, etc. For HD assays, each vial

is recorded four times for 7.5 seconds, the recording starting after the vials are tapped.

[0591] After the assay run, the racks of flies are returned to the warm rooms at the designated temperature and humidity. This process is repeated for all days of the assay (10 for HD assays).

[0592] The movies are then "tracked"; using a number of parameters given in the TrackingServer custom application, movement of the flies in each movie is converted into a tracking file. Each tracking file is then processed by the scoring server, converting the movement of the flies into a number of measurements for each movie for each individual vial for a particular trial day. The measurements for each movie are outputted as a .CSV file.

Analysis and hit determination:

[0593] Examples of metrics are included below:

(1) xpos: The average of all the x-positions of all detected regions (i.e. flies) before 7.5 seconds in the tracking file.
(2) xspeed: The average of all the x-speeds of all detected regions before 7.5 seconds in the tracking file.
(3) speed: The average of all the speeds of all detected regions before 7.5 seconds in the tracking file.
(4) turning: The average of all turning angles of all detected regions before 7.5 seconds. The turning is determined by the angle between a speed vector and the previous one.
(5) stumbling: The average of all stumbling angles of all detected regions before 7.5 seconds. The stumbling is determined by the angle between a speed vector and the orientation of the corresponding region.
(6) size: The average area of all detected regions.
(7) tcount: The total number of trajectories.
(8) pcount: The total number of detected regions.
(9) tlength: The total sum of all trajectory lengths.
(10) crosshigh: The number of trajectories that cross or start above a certain high threshold
(11) crosslow: The number of trajectories that cross or start above a certain high threshold
(12) fcount: The maximum number of detected regions in any one frame. Used as an estimate of the number of flies in the video.

[0594] The particular spectrum of metrics to detect improvement in behavior of a treated disease fly vs. an untreated disease fly differs from disease model to disease model. Metrics are chosen based on the dynamic range of i) the difference between untreated disease and positive control and ii) the difference between untreated disease and non-disease. For the Huntington's disease screening model, speed is the best metric. Summary metrics for performance are used to determine effect sizes of treatments vs. control. The summary metrics used for the HD model are "early speed", the average speed for days 1-7 and "late speed", the average speed for days 8-10. These day ranges were chosen based on the shape of the speed curves and the t-statistic for all different day ranges. Toxicity for a compound treatment is determined by fly loss throughout the assay.

[0595] The effect sizes for the performance metrics are calculated for the different treatments by dividing the value for the metric by the pooled standard deviation for the assay. Certain systematic variations in the data can be modeled and integrated into the analysis. For example, a linear statistical model for rack position or drug dispense order can be applied to correct the effect sizes. A final assessment of assay and data quality is done by the experimenters.

[0596] For test compound treatments, a multiple repeat strategy is used to define compound hits. Statistical power is set to decrease the number of false positives and to increase the number of true positives. A threshold of effect size is set for each of three assays per treatment. A treatment below threshold for the first or second pass is not run in a third pass without convincing rationale. For current screening with the HD model, the effect size threshold for a hit after three passes is >0.4 early speed (effect size) or >0.6 late speed (effect size). Strong hits are defined are effect sizes of >0.8 early speed and >1.2 late speed. Effect size is defined as the difference between DMSO-carrier control and test compound divided by the pooled standard deviation in the whole assay (preferred test compounds have early effect size > 0.4 or late effect size >0.6; more preferred test compounds have early effect size >0.6 or late effect size >1.2). TSA was used as a HDAC positive control.

STRUCTURE	Speed 1 to 7 (concentration)					Speed 8 to 10 (concentration)				
	30uM	100uM	50uM	1200uM	300uM	30uM	100uM	150 uM	1200uM	300uM
	0.02	0.48			0.506	-0.14	0.3			-0.112
	0.118	-0.004			0.444	-0.108	0.139			0.47
	0.05	-0.01			0.68	0.15	0.16			0.35
	0.28	0.64			0.66	0.22	0.46			0.58
	0.63	0.38			0.03	0.28	0.02			-0.29
	0.468	0.82			0.3	0.087	0.82			0.54
	0.781	0.549			0.411	0.291	0.376			0.471

(continued)

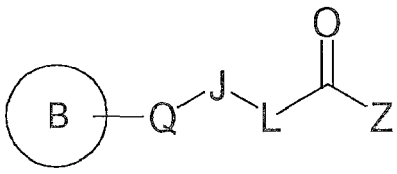
STRUCTURE	Speed 1 to 7 (concentration)					Speed 8 to 10 (concentration)				
	30uM	100uM	50uM	1200uM	300uM	30uM	100uM	150 uM	1200uM	300uM
		0.84			0.68		0.26			0.5
	-0.007	0.046			0.829	-0.134	-0.369			-0.107
	0.495	0.33			-0.469	0.338	0.368			0.512
	0.493	0.588			0.412	0.036	0.359			0.43°

[0597] Compounds according to the present invention are able to cross the blood brain barrier in treated mice and inhibit a histone deacetylase in a cell thereacross, thereby increasing histone acetylation in the brain.

[0598] While the invention has been described in connection with specific embodiments thereof, it will be understood that it is capable of further modifications and this application is intended to cover any variations, uses, or adaptations of the invention following, in general, the principles of the invention and including such departures from the present disclosure as come within known or customary practice within the art to which the invention pertains and as may be applied to the essential features hereinbefore set forth, and as follows in the scope of the appended claims.

[0599] Various preferred features and embodiments of the present invention will now be described with reference to the following numbered paragraphs (paras).

1. A compound represented by Formula (I):



(I)

and N-oxides, hydrates, solvates, pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs and complexes thereof, a nd racemic mixtures, diastereomers and enantiomers thereof, wherein

Z is selected from the group consisting of -N(R^1)OR^2 and H;

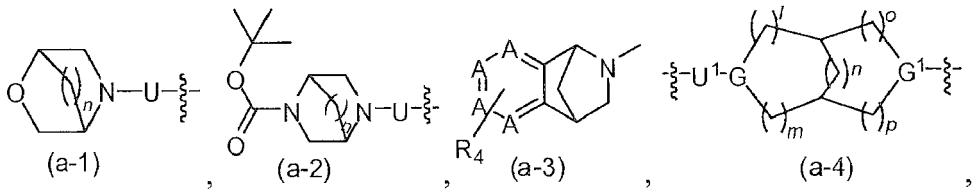
L is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond and -N(OR^2)-;

wherein, when L is -N(OR^2)-, Z is H; and

wherein, when Z is H, L is -N(OR^2)-;

J is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond, =CH-, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_1-C_8heteroalkyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_2-C_8alkenyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_2-C_8alkynyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6heteroalkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_1-C_6heteroalkyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_1-C_6heteroalkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-cycloalkyl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_4-C_6heterocyclyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_4-C_6heterocyclyl-aryl-C_0-C_6heteroalkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_4-C_6heterocyclyl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl-C_0-C_6heteroalkyl-, -C_4-C_6heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkynyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkynyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkynyl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_2-C_6alkynyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_2-C_6alkynyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkylaryl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkylaryl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkylheteroaryl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, and -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, and cycloalkyl moiety is optionally substituted, and wherein when J is =CH-, Q is a covalent bond and B is attached through a carbon sp^2 to J;

Q is selected from the group consisting of an optionally substituted:



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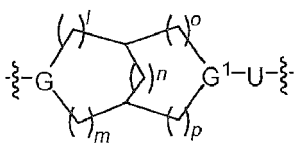
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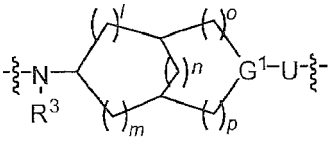
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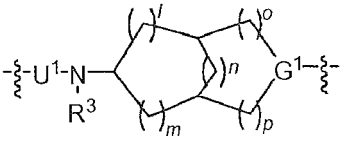
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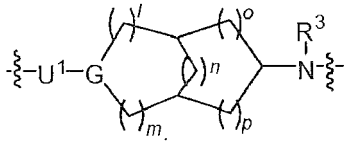
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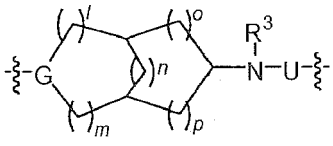
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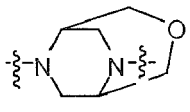
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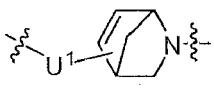
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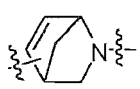
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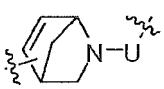
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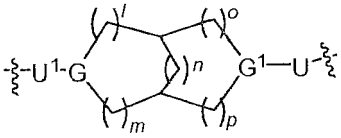
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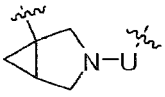
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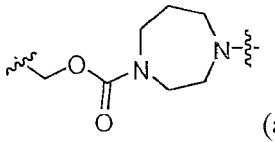
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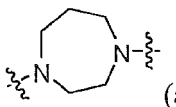
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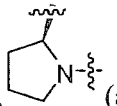
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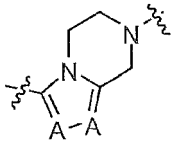
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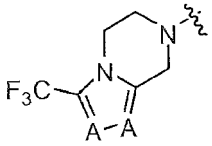
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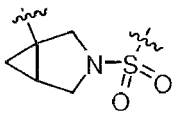

(a-21);

or where possible, an (R,R) or (S,S) enantiomer or a mixture of enantiomers thereof,
wherein G and G^1 are independently selected from carbon and N; the variables *l, m, n, o* and p denote numbers that are each independently selected from 0, 1, 2 or 3 provided that the sum total of l, m, n, o and p is 4, 5, 6 or 7, such that the group represented by Q comprises a 6, 7, 8 or 9 membered bridged or fused heterocyclyl, respectively, and further provided that when G and G^1 are both N then the sum total of l and *o* is not zero, and the sum total of *m* and *p* is not zero, and wherein n is an integer ranging from 0 to 3; (preferably, Q comprises a 7 or 8-membered ring; in one particular embodiment, n is zero, such that Q comprises a fused bicyclic ring);

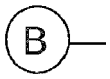
U is selected from the group consisting of -C_0-C_8alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-O-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-N(R^3)-C(S)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-O-C(S)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-N(R^3)-S(O)$_2$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8atkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, a covalent bond and -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-; and

U^1 is selected from the group consisting of H, -C(R^1)(R^2)-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C(R^1)(R^2)-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C(R^1)(R^2)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-O-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C(R^1)(R^2)-O-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-N(R^3)-C(S)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-O-C(S)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-N(R^3)-S(O)$_2$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, a covalent bond, (R^3)(R^{3a})N-C_2-C_4alkyl-, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-, and R^3-O-C_2-C_4alkyl-;

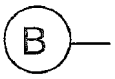
or

Q is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_1-C_8heterocyclyl-, =N-O-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-,

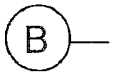
$-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}-C_0-C_3$alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl- , $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$C(O)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$O-C_0-C_3$alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-cycloalkyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$N(R^3)-C(O)$-cycloalkyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$N(R^3)$-cycloalkyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}-N(R^3)$-cycloalkyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$N(R^3)-C(O)-N(R^3)$-cycloalkyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$O-C(O)-O$-cycloalkyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$N(R^3)-C(O)-O$-cycloalkyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$(CR^3=CR^3)_{1-2}-C_0-C_6$alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$(C\equiv C)_{1-2}-C_0-C_6$alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$N(R^3)-C(O)$-alkenyl-C_0-C_4alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_4$alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$SO_2-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$N(R^3)-SO_2-C_0-C_3$alkyl-, $-C_0-C_3$alkyl-$N(R^3)-S(O)_2-N(R_2)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$S-C_0-C_3$alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$S(O)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$S(O)_2-C_0-C_3$alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$N(R^3)-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-, =N-O-$C_0-C_3$alkyl-, -heterocyclyl-$C_0-C_3$alkyl-heterocyclyl-$C_0-C_3$alkyl-, $-SO_2-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C(O)-C_0-C_6$alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-O-C(O)-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-N(R^3)-C(S)-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-O-C(S)-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-N(R^3)-S(O)_2-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-$SO_2-N(R^3)-$, $-C_0-C_6$ alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-$C(O)-N(R^3)-$ and $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-$C(O)-O-$, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl and heteroaryl moiety is optionally substituted; wherein



is selected from the group consisting of b-1a to b-1k and b-1 to b-125, and wherein when Q is attached to



via =N-O-, or =N-O-C_{0-3}alkyl, it is attached through carbon *Sola-Penna et al.*[2] in



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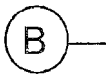
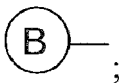
and wherein each alkyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl and alkenyl moiety is optionally substituted; and wherein when Q is a covalent bond and J is attached to

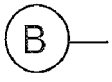


via =CH-, then it is attached through carbon sp^2 in

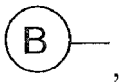


;

or
when



is selected from the group consisting of b-1 to b-121 and is attached to Q via a N in



,

then Q is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond, -C(O)-C_1-C_3alkyl-O-, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_1-C_6alkyl-(CR^3=CR^3)$_{1-2}$$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-, -$C_1$-$C_6$alkyl-(C≡C)$_{1-2}$$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-, -$C_2$-$C_6$alkyl-N($R^3$)-C(O)-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl, -$C_2$-$C_6$alkyl-N($R^3$)-C(O)-alkenyl-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-C(O)-N($R^3$)-$C_0$-$C_4$alkyl-, -C(O)-O-$C_0$-$C_4$alkyl, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-S(O)$_2$-N($R^3$)-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl, -$C_2$-$C_6$alkyl-N($R^3$)-S(O)$_2$-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl, -$C_2$-$C_3$alkyl-N($R^3$)-S(O)$_2$-N($R^3$)-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_2$-$C_6$alkyl-S-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl, -$C_2$-$C_6$alkyl-S(O)-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-S(O)$_2$-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl, -$C_2$-$C_6$alkyl-N($R^3$)-C(O)-N($R^3$)-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl, -$C_2$-$C_3$alkyl-C=N-O-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl, -$SO_2$-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -C(O)-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_2$-$C_4$alkyl-N($R^2$)-C(O)-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_2$-$C_4$alkyl-O-C(O)-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_2$-$C_4$alkyl-N($R^3$)-C(S)-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_2$-$C_4$alkyl-O-C(S)-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_2$-$C_4$alkyl-N($R^3$)-S(O)$_2$-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-S($O_2$)-N($R^3$)-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-C(O)-N($R^3$)- and -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-C(O)-O-, wherein each alkyl, heterocyclyl and alkenyl moiety is optionally substituted, and wherein the heterocyclyl moiety is optionally bridged with -(CH_2)$_{0-3}$-;

R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from the group consisting of -H, C_1-C_6alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl and a protecting group;

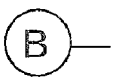
each R^3 is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl, C_1-C_3alkyl-C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_1-C_3alkyl-C_2-C_3alkynyl, -C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, -C_2-C_4alkyl-$NR^{3b}R^{3c}$, -C_2-C_4alkyl-NR^1R^2, heteroalkyl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, $C(O)CF_3$, -C(O)-NH_2, -C(O)-$NR^{3b}R^{3c}$, -C(O)-NR^1R^2, -C(O)-OR^1, -S(O)$_2$-NR^1R^2, -S(O)$_2$-R^1, -C(O)-R^1, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, C_0-C_3alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl and heteroaryl moiety is optionally substituted with from one to three independently selected substituents;

each R^{3a} is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, $C(O)CF_3$, -C(O)-NH_2, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl, covalent bond, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl and heteroaryl moiety is optionally substituted;

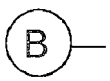
wherein R^3 and R^{3a}, together with the atom to which they are attached, optionally form a heterocyclic ring, wherein the heterocyclyl moiety is optionally substituted;

wherein R^{3b} and R^{3c}, together with the atom to which they are attached, optionally form a heterocyclic ring, wherein the heterocyclyl moiety is optionally substituted;

provided that

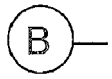


is absent when Q is structure (a-1), (a-2), (a-3), (a-20) or when U^1 is H, N(R^3)(R^{3a})-C_2-C_4alkyl- or R^3-O-C_2-C_4alkyl-;

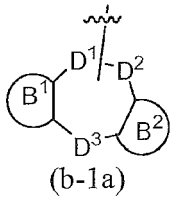


is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, aryl-alkyl-, heteroaryl, heteroaryl-alkyl-, heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl-alkyl, cycloalkyl-alkyl, C_1-C_{10}alkyl, (aryl)$_2$-CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-, (aryl)(heteroaryl)CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-

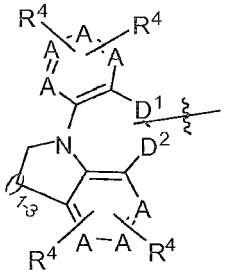
and (heteroaryl)$_2$CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-, each of which is optionally substituted; or



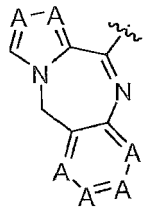
is a radical selected from the group consisting of



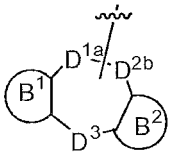
(b-1a)



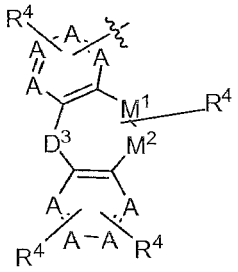
(b-1b)



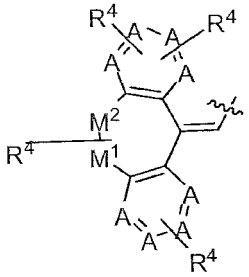
(b-1c)



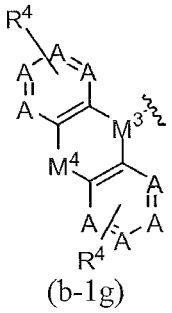
(b-1d)



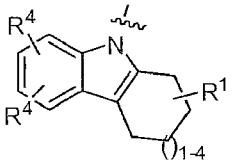
(b-1e)



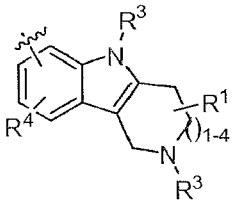
(b-1f)



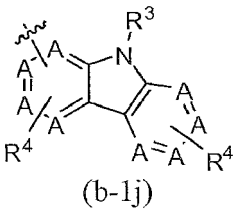
(b-1g)



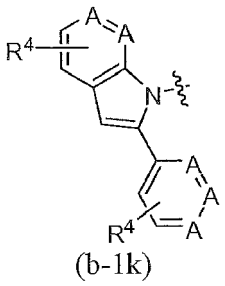
(b-1h)



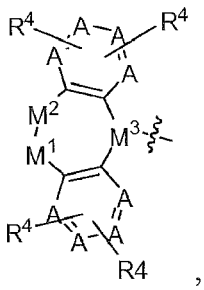
(b-1i)



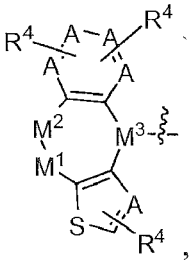
(b-1j)



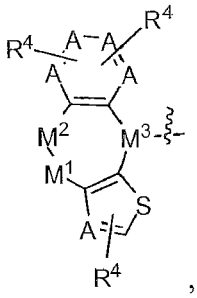
(b-1k)



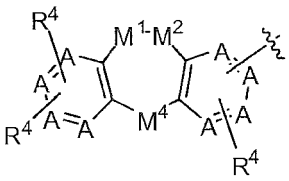
(b-1)



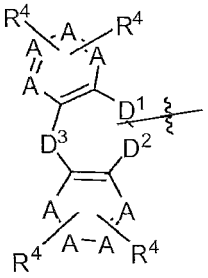
(b-2)



(b-3)



(b-4)



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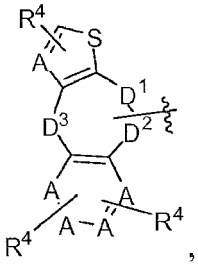

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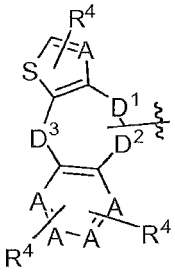

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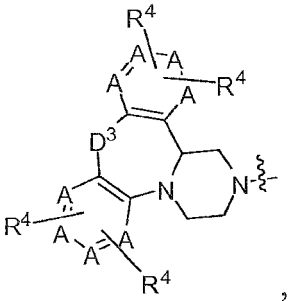

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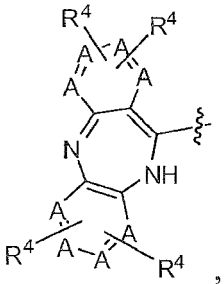

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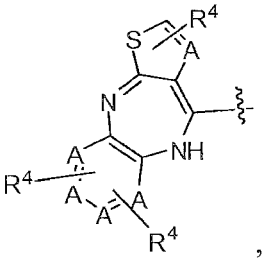

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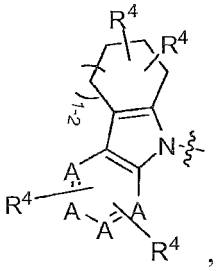

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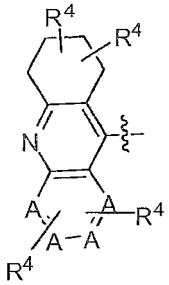

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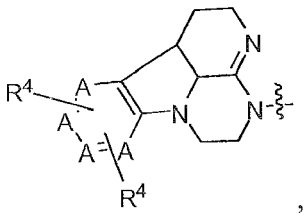

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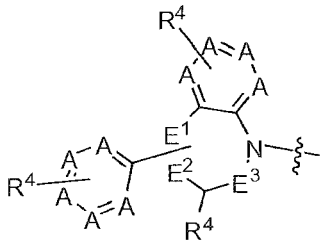

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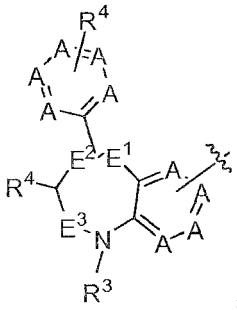

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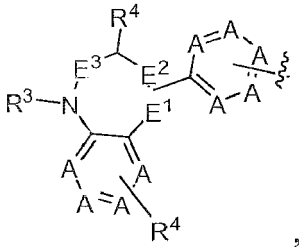

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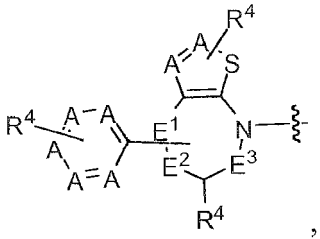

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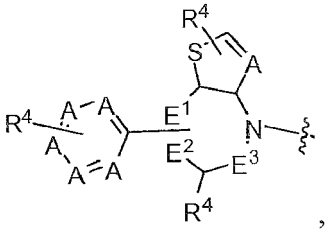

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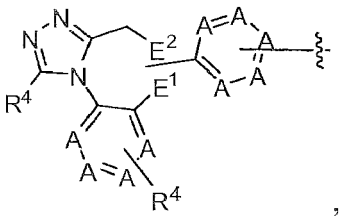

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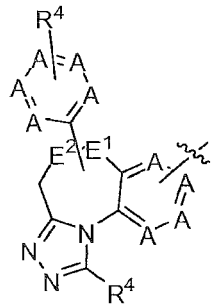

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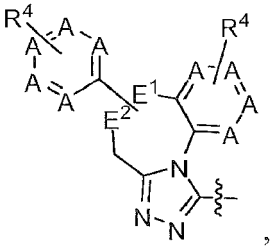

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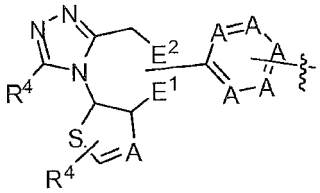

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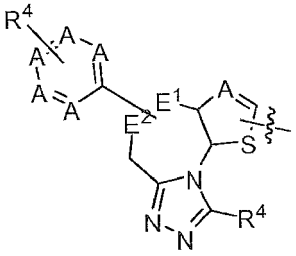

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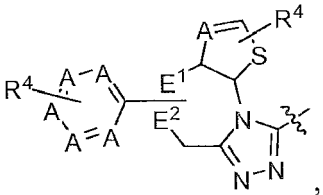

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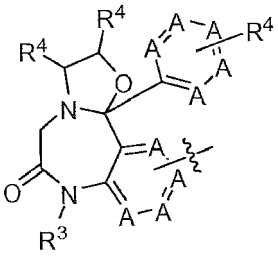

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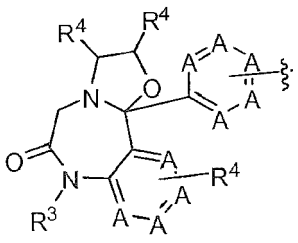

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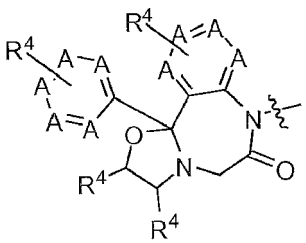

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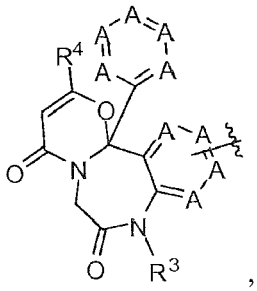

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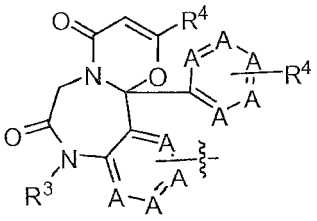

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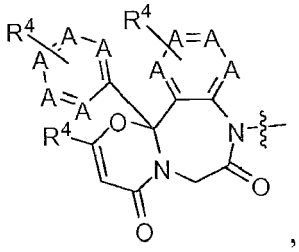

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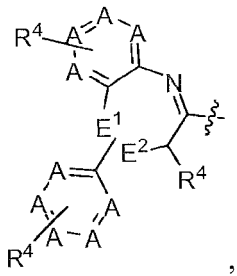

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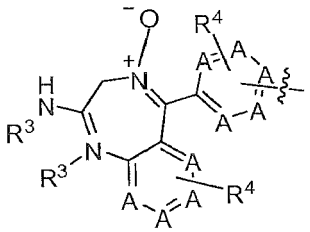

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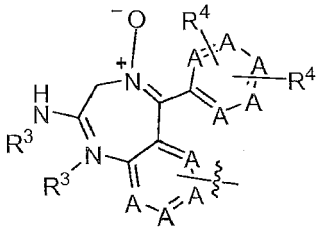

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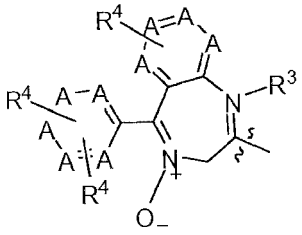

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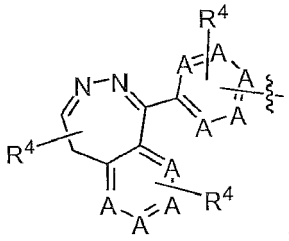

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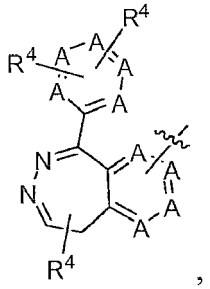

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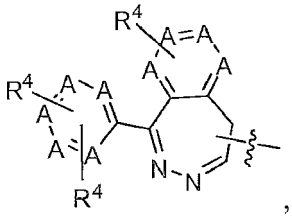

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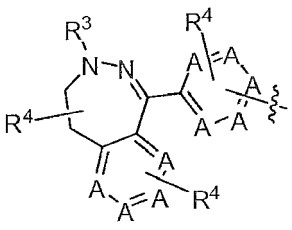

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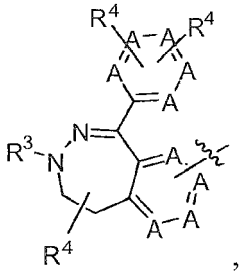

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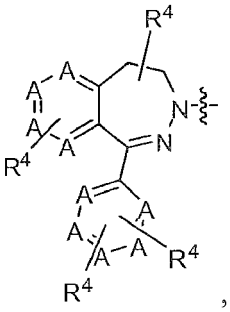

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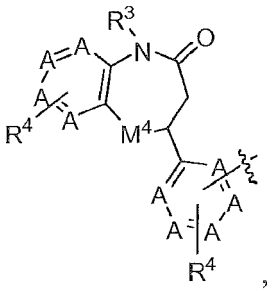

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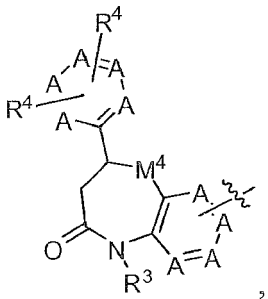

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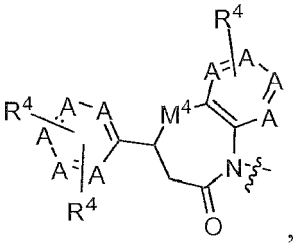

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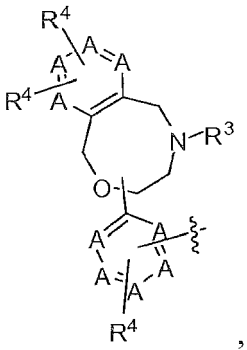

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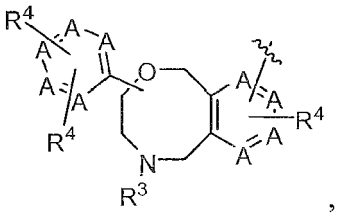

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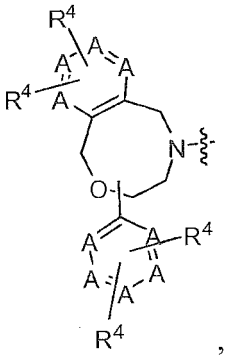

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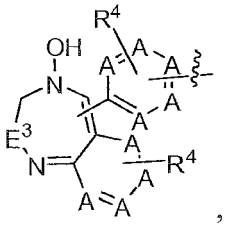

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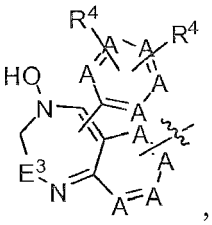

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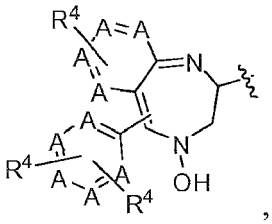

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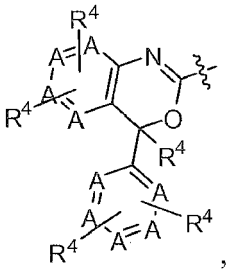

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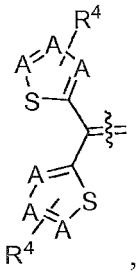

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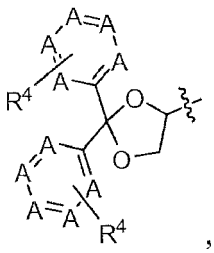

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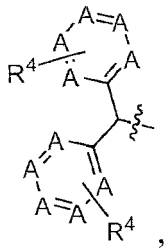

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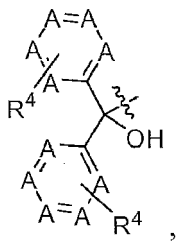

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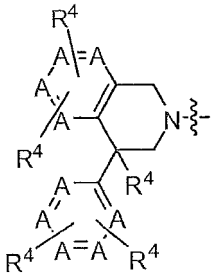

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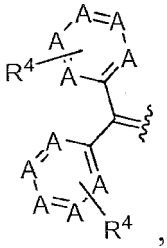

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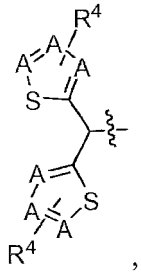

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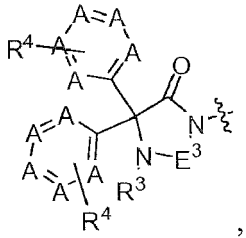

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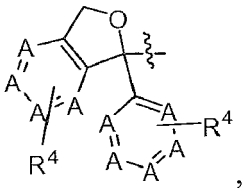

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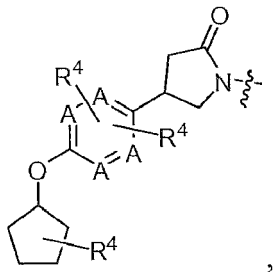

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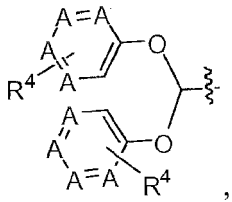

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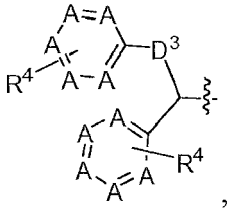

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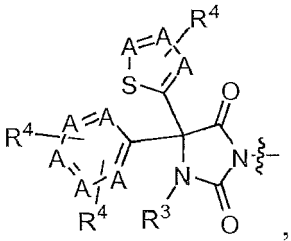

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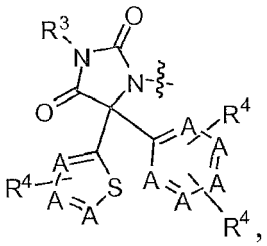

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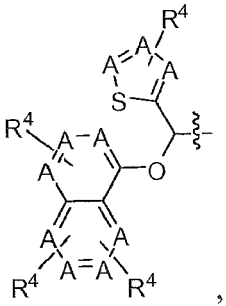

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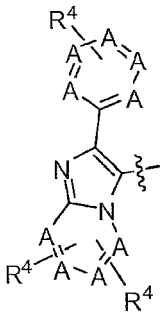

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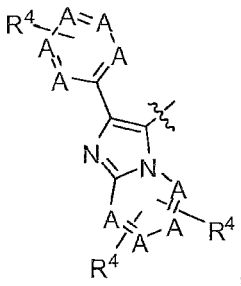
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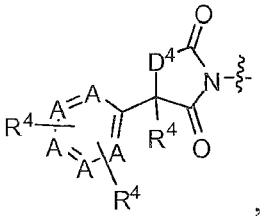
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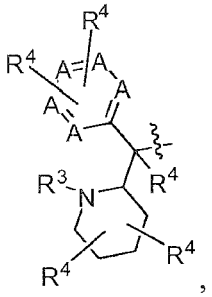
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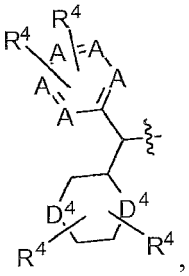
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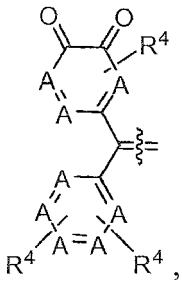
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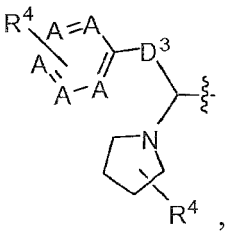
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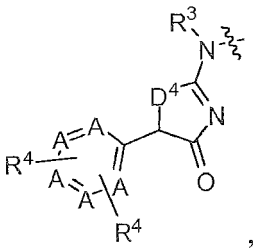
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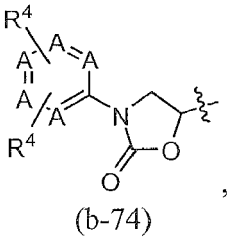
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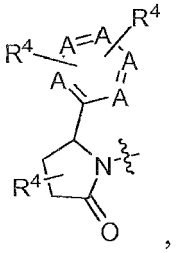
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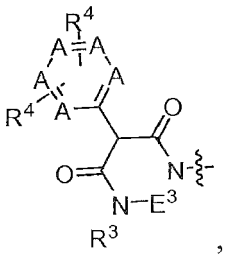
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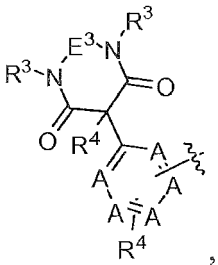
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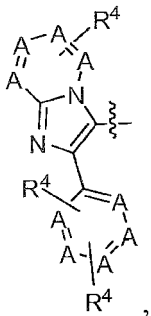
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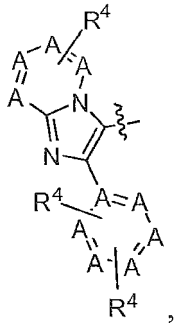

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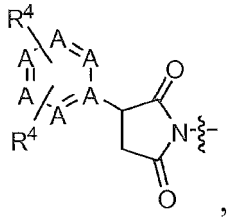

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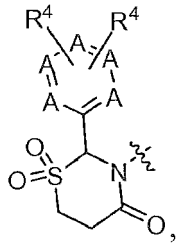

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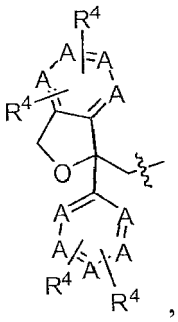

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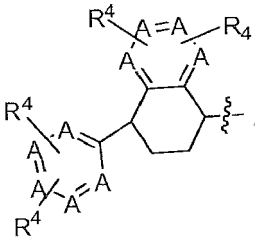

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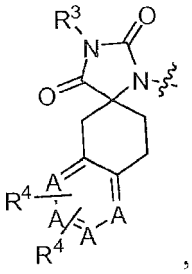

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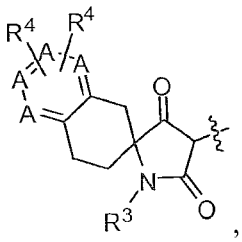

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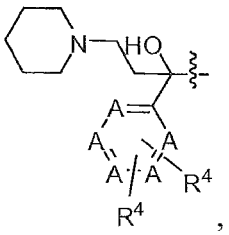

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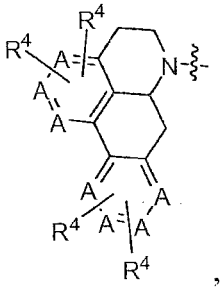

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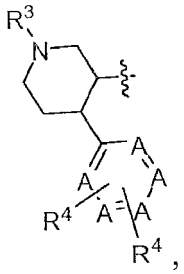

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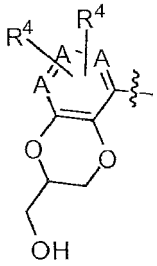

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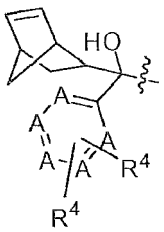

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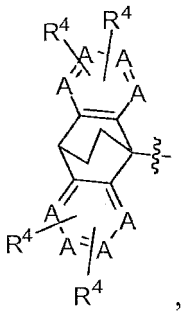

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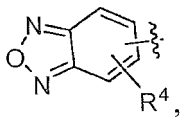

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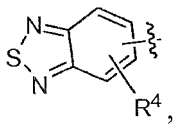

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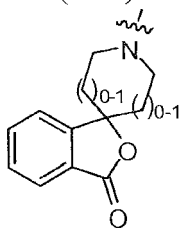

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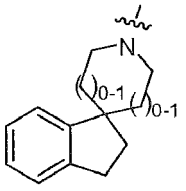

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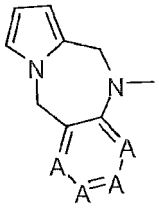

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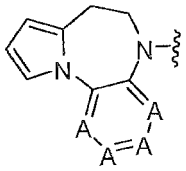

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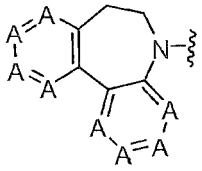

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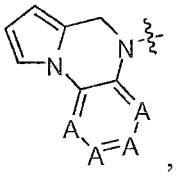

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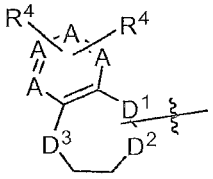

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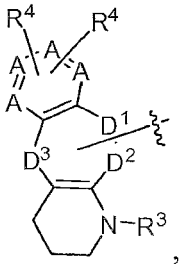

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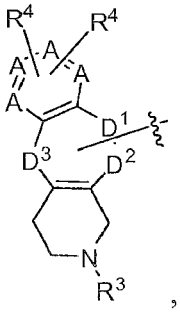

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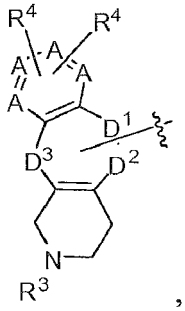
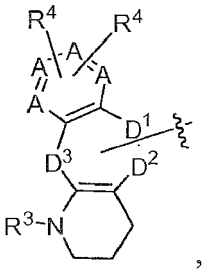
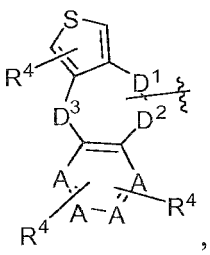
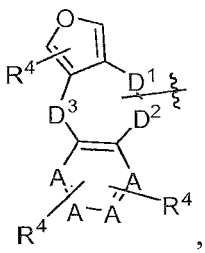


(b-103)



(b-104)


(b-105),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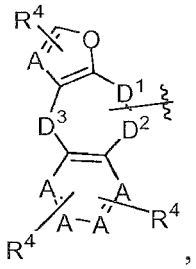
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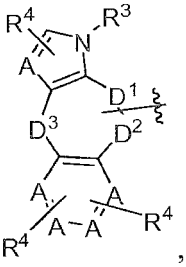
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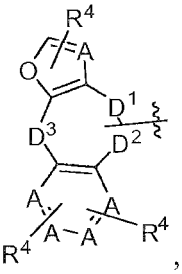
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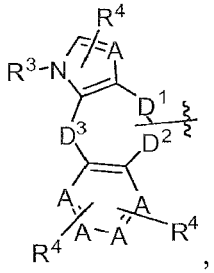
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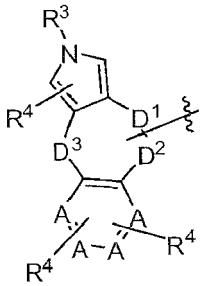
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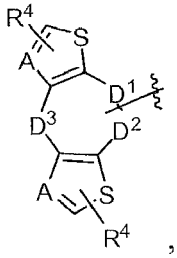
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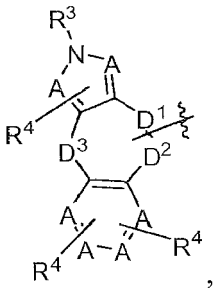
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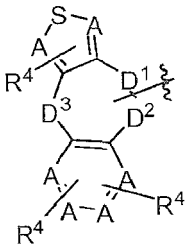
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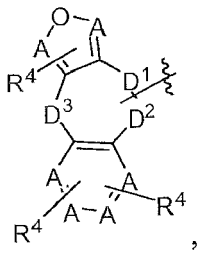
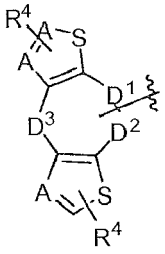
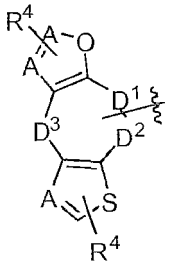

(b-115),


(b-116),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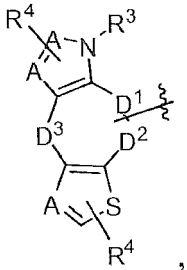
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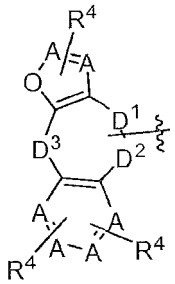
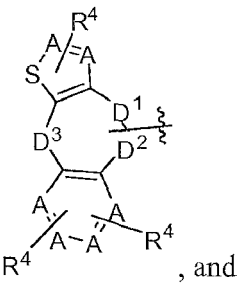

(b-119),


(b-120)

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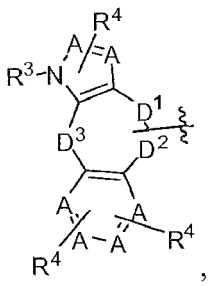
(b-121)

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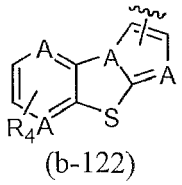
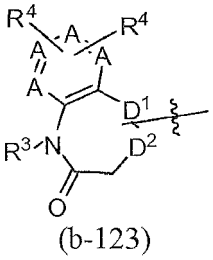
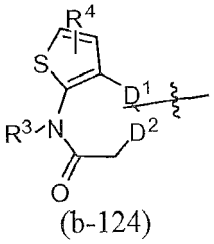
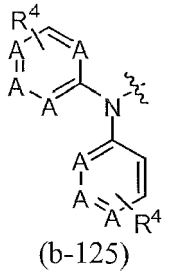
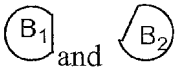

(b-122)


(b-123)


(b-124)


(b-125)

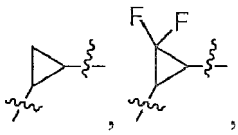
wherein



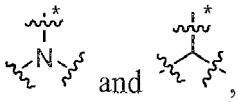
are independently selected from phenyl or a 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl, wherein each of which is optionally substituted with one to three substituents;
provided that when

is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, aryl-alkyl-, heteroaryl, heteroaryl-alkyl-, heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl-alkyl, cycloalkyl-alkyl, C_1-C_{10}alkyl, $(aryl)_2$-CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-, (aryl)(heteroaryl)CH-C_0-C_6alkyl- and $(heteroaryl)_2$CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-, each of which is optionally substituted, then Q is selected from the group consisting of a-3, a-4, a-5, a-6, a-7, a-8, a-9, a-10, a-11, a-12, a-13 and a-14,
wherein
each A is independently selected from the group consisting ofN, -N-oxide, -CH= and -C(R^4)=, wherein no more than two A per 5 or 6 membered ring are N in a

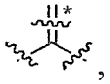
group, and wherein no more than one A is -N-oxide;
the group M^1-M^2 is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond, -N(R^3)CH_2-, -CH_2N(R^3)-, -S(O)$_{0-2}$-CH_2-, -CH_2S(O)$_{0-2}$-, -O-CH_2-, -CH_2-O-, -C(O)N(R^3)-, -C(O)-O-, -C(O)-CH_2-, -CH(OH)-CH_2-, -CH(F)-CH_2-, -CH_2-C(O)-, -CH_2-CH(OH)-, -CH_2-CH(F)-, -N(R^3)-C(O)-, -SO_2N(R^3)-, - N(R^3)SO_2-, -CH(R^4)CH_2-, -CH_2CH(R^4)-, -N=C(R^4)-, -C(R^4)=N-, -CH_2-CH_2-, -CH=CH-, -CH(R^3)-CH(R^3)-, -C(R^3)=C(R^3)-, -C(R^4)=C(R^4)-, -CF=CH-, -CH=CF-,



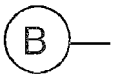
$-CH_2-$, $-C(R^3)(R^{3a})-$, $-S(O)_{0-2}-$, $-N(R^3)-$, or absent;
M^3 is selected from the group consisting of



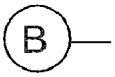
or M^3 is



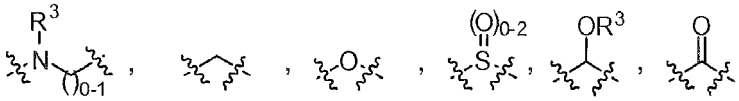
wherein Q is attached to



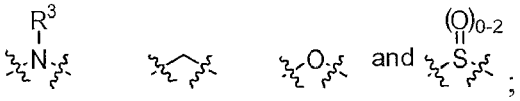
via =N-O-, or =N-O-C_{0-3}alkyl, or J is attached to



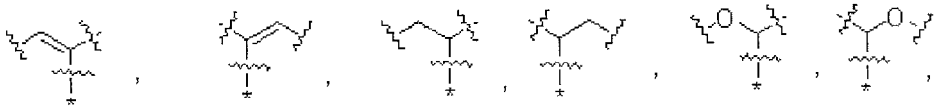
via =CH-,
wherein * represents the point of attachment to Q;
M^4 is selected from the group consisting of

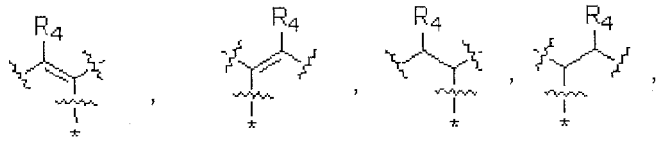


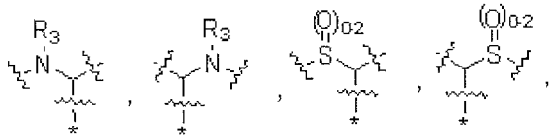
and covalent bond;
wherein, when M^1-M^2 is a covalent bond, M^4 is selected from the group consisting of

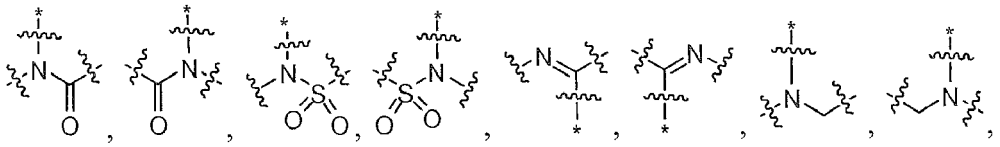


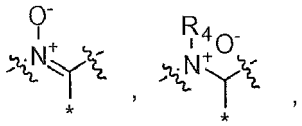
the groups D^1-D^2 and D^{1a}-D^{2a} are selected from the group consisting of

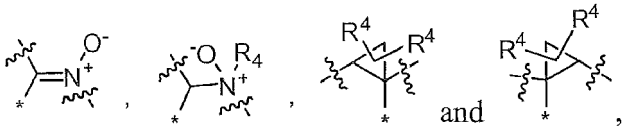




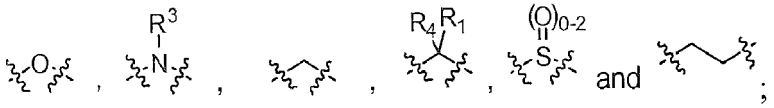






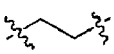


wherein, * represents the point of attachment to Q;
D^3 is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond,

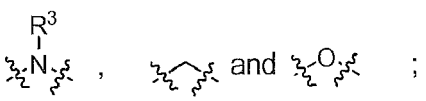


wherein the

and

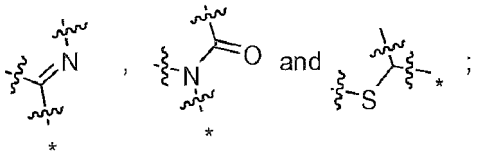


are optionally substituted;
D^4 is selected from the group consisting of

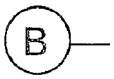


wherein the

is optionally substituted;
the group E^1-E^2 is selected from the group consisting of

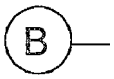


wherein * represents the point of attachment to Q; and
E^3 is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)-, -C(S)-, $-CH_2$-, $-C(OH)_2$- and -C=N(R^3)-; and
R^4 is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, C_1-C_6alkyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_6alkynyl, C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OR^3, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OR^1, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-OR^3, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)NR^3 R^{3a}, -CH=CH-C(O)-OR^3, -CH=CH-C(O)-N(R^3)(R^{3a}), -N(R^3)-C(O)-CF^3, -N(R^3)-C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)(R^{3a}), -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)(R^{3a}), -N(R^3)-C(O)-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, -N(R^3)-S(O)$_2$-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, -S(O)$_2$-N(R^3)R^{3a}, -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)(R^{3a}), -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-OR^1, -S-R^3, -S(O)-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, -S(O)$_2$-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, C_4-C_7heterocyclyl-R^3, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl, -O-heterocyclyl-C(O)-OR^3, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-aryl, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-heteroaryl, -O-C(O)-NR^3-C_0-C_4alkyl-aryl, -O-C(O)-NR^3-C_0-C_4alkyl-heteroaryl, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclylaryl, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl-heteroaryl, -N(R^3)-C_2-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl, N(R^3)C(O)N(R^3)-C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl-R^3, -C_0-C_4alkyl-OC(O)-R^3, -C_0-C_4alkyl-N(R^3)C(O)-O-R^3, -C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl-C(O)-O-R^3, -N(R^3)-C_2-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl, F, Cl, Br, I, NO_2, $-CF_3$, $-OCF_3$, $-OCHF_2$, $-SCF_3$, $-SF_5$, $-SO_3H$, -CN, C_1-C_6 alkylaryl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, C_1-C_6 alkylheteroaryl, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl and heteroaryl moeity of the aformentioned R^4 is optionally substituted;
or



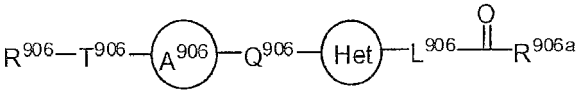
is selected from the group consisting of structures b-1a to b-1k and (b-1) to (b-125) and Q-J-L taken together is selected from the group consisting of -C_3-C_8alkyl-, -C(O)-C_3-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C_3-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_1-C_4alkenyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, =N-O-C_1-C_8alkyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkenyl-, =NO-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkynyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkenyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_1-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_1-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3atkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-heterocyclyl-Co-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-

C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_3alkylheteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-N(R^3)-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-N(R^3)-bridged heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-N(R^3)-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-N(R^3)-bridged heterocyclyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-N(R^3)-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-N(R^3)-bridged heterocyclyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-N(R^3)-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-N(R^3)-bridged heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-U-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-bridged heterocyclyl-U-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-N(R^3)-U-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-U-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-bridged heterocyclyl-U-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-N(R^3)-U-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-U-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-bridged heterocyclyl-U-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-N(R^3)-U-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-U-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-bridged heterocyclyl-U-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, and -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-N(R^3)-U-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, alkynyl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl moiety is optionally substituted; and wherein the bridge is methylene or propylene; provided that Formula (I) excludes those compounds wherein
-Q-J-L-C(O)Z is optionally substituted -C_1-C_{13}alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2alkenyl-C(O)NHOH; and



is selected from the group consisting of aromatic polycycles, non-aromatic polycycles, mixed aryl and non-arylpolycycles, polyheteroaryl, non-aromatic polyheterocycles, and mixed aryl and non-aryl polyheterocycles, each of which is optionally substituted;

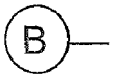
and
provided that Formula (I) excludes compounds of Formula (A)



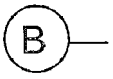
wherein R^{906} is selected from the group consisting of aryl and heteroaryl;

T^{906} is selected from the group consisting of -C_{0-6}alkyl-$S(O)_2$-C_{0-6}lkyl-, -C_{0-6}alkyl-C(O)-C_{0-6}alkyl- and C_{1-3}alkyl, wherein T^{906} is substituted at the carbon atom attached to R^{906} with a moiety selected from the group consisting of;aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and heterocycle;
A^{906} is an optionally substituted unbridged heterocycle;
Q^{906} is a bond;
Het is an optionally substituted 5-membered aryl ring;
L^{906} is a bond or -C_{1-4}alkyl-; and
R^{906a} is -N(R^{906b})OH, wherein R^{906b} is selected from the group consisting of H, optionally substituted alkyl and optionally substituted aryl;

and
provided that Formula (I) excludes those compounds wherein
-Q-J-L-C(O)Z is optionally substituted -C_0-C_4alkyl-X-C_1-C_4alkyl-phenyl-C_2alkenyl-C(O)NHOH;



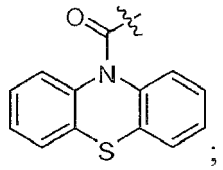
is a 5- or 6-membered aromatic heterocyclic group condensed with a carbon ring or other heterocyclic ring, which



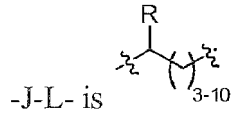
is substituted with 1 to 4 substituents selected from phenyl, another 5- or 6-membered aromatic heterocyclic group and a heterocyclic group, said heterocyclic group being optionally substituted with C_{1-4}alkyl, a benzyl group or a pyridylmethyl group; and

X is a moiety having a structure selected from the group consisting of -C(O)N(R^{A1})-, -O-C(O)-N(R^{A1})-, -SO_2- -N(R^{A2})SO_2-, wherein R^{A1} and R^{A2} are independently -H or optionally substituted C_1-C_4alkyl;

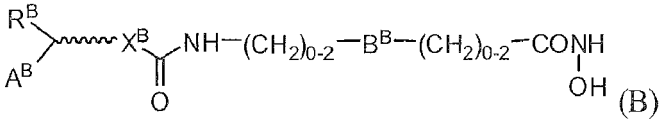
and
provided that Formula (I) excludes compounds wherein B-Q- is



and



wherein R is directly attached or attached through a linker, and is selected from the group consisting of substituted or unsubstituted aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylamino, naphtha, pyridineamino, piperidino, 9-purine-6-amine, thiazoleamino group, hydroxyl, branched or unbranched alkyl, alkenyl, alkyoxy, aryloxy, arylalkyloxy and pyridine group, wherein the linker is selected from the group consisting of an amide moiety, -O-, -S-, -NH- and -CH_2-; and
provided that Formula (I) excludes compounds of Formula (B)



wherein

R^B is H or phenyl;

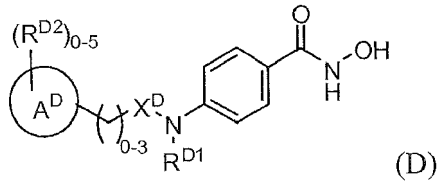
A^B is a bi- or tricyclic residue optionally partially or totally unsaturated, and which optionally contains one or more heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, S and O, and optionally substituted by hydroxy, alkanoyloxy, primary, secondary or tertiary amino, aminoC_1-C_4alkyl, mono- or di(C_1-C_4)alkyl-aminoC_1-C_4alkyl, halogen, C_1-C_4alkyl and tri(C_1-C_4)alkylammoniumC_1-C_4alkyl;

is a chain of 1 to 5 carbon atoms optionally containing a double bond or an NR group, wherein R is H or C_1-C_4alkyl;

X^B is absent, an oxygen atom or an NR group, wherein R is H or C_1-C_4alkyl; and

B^B is a phenylene or cyclohexylene ring;

and
provided that Formula (I) excludes compounds of Formula (D)



(D)

wherein

A^D is selected from the group consisting of a 4- to 10-membered aromatic or non-aromatic heterocyclyl;

X^D is C=O or $S(O)_2$;

R^{D1} is H or C_1-C_6alkyl;

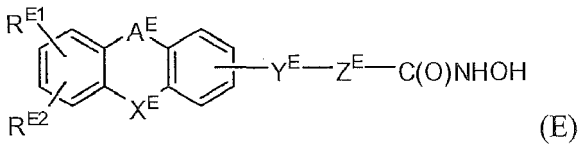
R^{D2} is independently selected from the group consisting of oxo, (C=O)-NH_2, C_1-C_6alkyl-aryl and heterocyclyl, when A^D is a non-aromatic heterocycle, wherein said alkyl, and aryl moieties are optionally substituted with one to three R^b; or

R^{D2} is independently selected from the group consisting of OH, NO_2, $(C=O)_{0-1}$-O_{0-1}-C_1-C_6alkyl, CN, $(C=O)_{0-1}$-O_{0-1}-C_3-C_{10}cycloakyl, halogen, $(C=O)_{0-1}$-$N(R^a)_2$, CF_3, NH-$S(O)_{0-2}$-R^a, $(C=O)_{0-1}$-O_{0-1}-heterocyclyl, $(C=O)_{0-1}$-O_{0-1}-aryl, $S(O)_{0-2}$-R^a, NH(C=O)R^a, C_1-C_6alkyl-aryl and heterocyclyl, when A^D is an aromatic heterocyclyl, wherein said alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl and heterocyclyl are optionally substituted with one to three R^b;

R^a is independently H or C_1-C_6alkyl; and

R^b is independently selected from the group consisting of oxo, NO_2, $N(R^a)_2$, OH, CN, halogen, CF_3 and C_1-C_6alkyl;

and
provided that Formula (I) excludes compounds of Formula (E)



(E)

wherein

A^E is selected from the group consisting of -CH_2-O-, -CH_2-S-, -CH_2-CH_2- and -NH-CO-;

X^E is selected from the group consisting of -$N(R^{E3})$-, =C(O) and -CH(OH)-;

Y^E is selected from the group consisting of O, S and -$N(R^{E4})$-;

Z^E is selected from the group consisting of a straight chain C4-C8alkylene, wherein one CH_2 group may be replaced by an oxygen or a sulfur atom, or wherein 2 carbon atoms form a C=C double bond, and which is either unsubstituted or substituted by one or two substituents selected from C_1-C_4alkyl and halogen;

R^{E1} and R^{E2} are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, C_1-C_4alkyl, trifluoromethyl, hydroxy, C_1-C_4alkoxy, benzyloxy, C_1-C_3alkylenedioxy, nitro, amino, C_1-C_4alkylamino, di[(C_1-C_4)alkyl]-amino, and C_1-C_4alkanoylamino; and

R^{E3} and R^{E4} are independently selected from H and C_1-C_4alkyl; and

provided that Formula (I) excludes compounds of Formula (F)
A^F-Q^{1F}-J^F-Q^{2F}-C(O)-NH-OH (F)
wherein

A^F is a C_5-C_{20} aryl group or a 5-20 membered heteroaryl group, each having one ring or two or more fused rings, wherein at least one ring is aromatic, said ary and heteroaryl groups being optionally substituted;

Q^{1F} is a linker group having a backbone length of at least 2 carbon atoms, the linker being optionally substituted;

J^F is -N(R^F)-C(O)- or -C(O)-N(R^F)-;

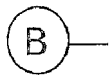
Q^{2F} is selected from the group consisting of C_1-C_{10}alkyl, C_5-C_{20}aryl, 5 to 20 membered heteroaryl, C_5-C_{20}aryl-C_1-C_{10}alkyl, 5 to 20 membered heteroaryl-C_1-C_{10}alkyl, C_1-C_{10}alkyl-C_5-C_{20}aryl and C_1-C_{10}alkyl-5 to 20 membered heteroaryl, each of which is optionally substituted; and

R^F is selected from the group consisting ofH, C_1-C_7alkyl, C_3-C_{20}heterocyclyl and C_5-C_{20}aryl, each of which is optionally substituted; and

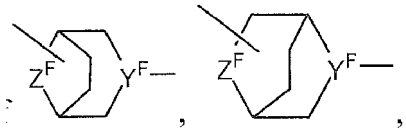
provided that Formula (I) excludes compounds wherein
Z is -N(R^1)(OR^2);

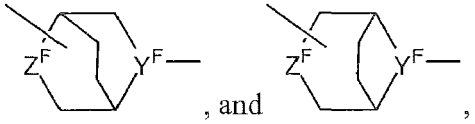
R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from the group consisting of H, C_1-C_6alkyl, aryl and heteroaryl;

L is a bond; and

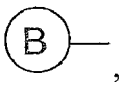


is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, aryl-alkyl-, heteroaryl, heteroaryl-alkyl-, heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl-alkyl, cycloalkyl-alkyl, C_1-C_{10}alkyl, $(aryl)_2$-CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-, (aryl)(heteroaryl)CH-C_0-C_6alkyl- and $(heteroaryl)_2$CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-, each of which is optionally substituted; and
Q comprises a ring selected from the group consisting of

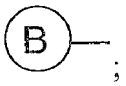




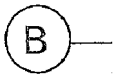
wherein Y^F is nitrogen or -CH<, and Z^F is oxygen, NH or -CH_2- if Z^F is not bonded to



or Z^F is nitrogen or -CH< if Z^F is bonded to

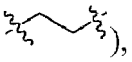


or

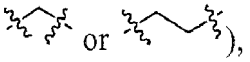


is selected from the group consisting of b-53, b-62 (wherein D^3 is

or



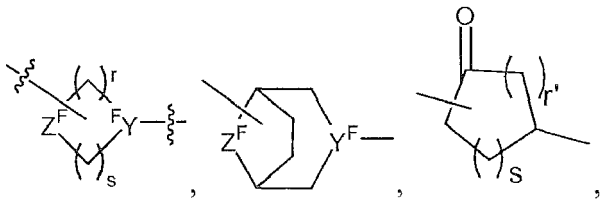
b-69 (wherein R^4 is H), b-70, b-72 (wherein D^3 is

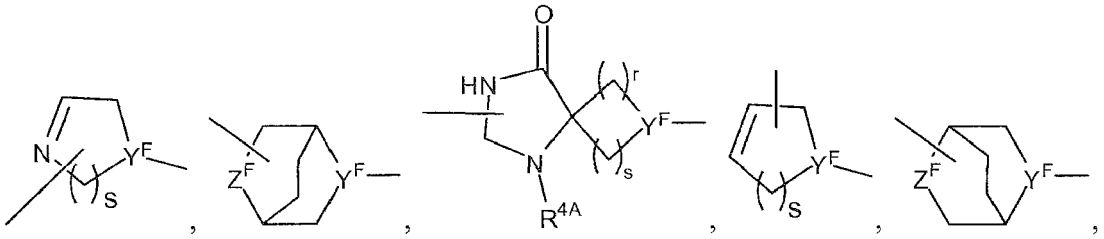


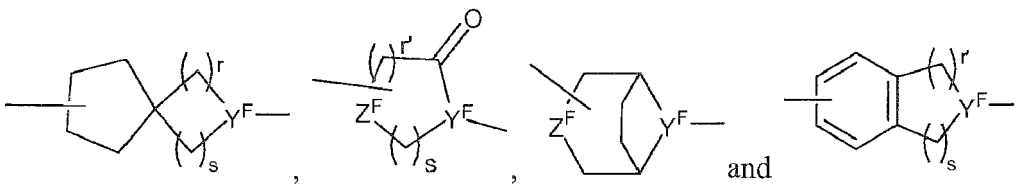
b-92 and b-93; and

Q-J is selected from the group consisting of $-X^F-C_{0-4}$alkyl-aryl-C_{0-4}alkyl-, $-X^F-C_{0-4}$alkyl-heteroaryl-C_{0-4}alkyl-, and $-X^F-C_{0-4}$alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_{0-4}alkyl-, wherein said alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, and heterocyclyl are optionally substituted, and wherein said hetercyclyl is a mono- or bi-saturated or mono- or bi-unsaturated heterocyclic ring, and wherein

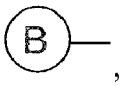
X^F is selected from the group consisting of



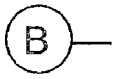




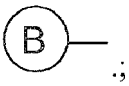
wherein the left side attaches to



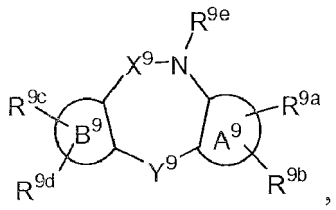
and wherein r and s are each independently 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5, wherein r and s cannot be both 0 and when r or s are 0 then a direct bound in intended; each r' is independently 0, 1, 3, 3 or 4 and r' cannot be 0 when s is 0; R^{4A} is H, C_{1-6}alkyl or phenyl; Y^F is nitrogen or -CH<, and Z^F is oxygen, NH or -CH_2- if Z^F is not bonded to



or Z^F is nitrogen or -CH< if Z^F is bonded to



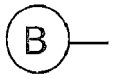
and provided that Formula (I) excludes those compounds having the following structure:



wherein

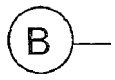
X^9	is selected from the group consisting of CO, SO_2 and CH_2;
Y^9	is selected from the group consisting of N-R^{9f}, CH-OR^{9f}, CH-$NR^{9f}R^{9i}$ and C=CH-CO-R^{9g};
A^9 and B^9	are independently selected from 5- or 6-membered rings;
R^{9a}, R^{9b}, R^{9c} and R^{9d}	are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, CF_3, NO_2, $NR^{9i}R^{9J}$, CN, COOH, $(CH_2)_{0-2}$-$CONR^{9i}R^{9j}$, C_{1-6}alkyl, OH, O-C_{1-6}alkyl, O-cyclopropyl, O-$(CH_2)_2$-O-C_{1-6}alkyl, O-(CH_2)2-$NR^{9i}R^{9j}$, O-$CONHR^{9i}$, CH_2-Z^9-R^{9h}, COR^{9i}, $CR^{9i}R^{9m}R^{9n}$, SR^{9i}, SO_2R^{9o}, $CR^{9i}NOR^{9i}$, $CR^{9i}NNR^{9i}R^{9j}$, a Q^9-$(CH_2)_{2-9}$CONHOH group, furan, thiophene, pyrrole, oxazole, thiazole, imidazole, pyrazole, isoxazole, isothiazole, 1,2,3-oxathiazole, 1,2,3-triazole, pyridine, pyridazine, pyrimidine, pyrazine, morpholine thiomorpholine, piperidine and pyrrolidine;
R^{9e} and R^{9f} are Q^{9a}	-$(CH_2)_{2-9}$CONHOH;
R^{9g}	is NH-$(CH_2)_{2-9}$CONHOH;
R^{9h}	is a (CH_2)P-R^{9k} group, wherein R^{9k} can be methyl or hydroxyl;
Z^9 is	selected from the group consisting of O, NR^{9L} and S;
Q^9	is selected from the group consisting of a chemical bond, -O-, -S-, -NR^{9L}-, -NR^{9i}CO-, -$CONR^{9i}$-, -W^9-, -COW^9-, wherein W^9 is piperidine or pyrrolidine;
Q^{9a}	is a bond or a -CO-;
R^{9i} and R^{9j}	are independently H or a C_{1-6}alkyl;
R^{9L}	is H or R^{9h};
R^{9m} and R^{9n}	can either be a fluorine atom or oxygen atoms linked together by an alkyl chain consisting of 2 or 3 CH_2; and
R^{9o}	is a C_{1-6}alkyl; provided that (1) only one $(CH_2)_{2-9}$CONHOH is present in the molecule and (2) when X^9 is CO and A^9 and B^9 are both benzene then R^{9c} and R^{9d} cannot signify Q^9-$(CH_2)_{2-9}$CONHOH.

2. The compound according to para 1, wherein Q comprises a bridged heterocycle,

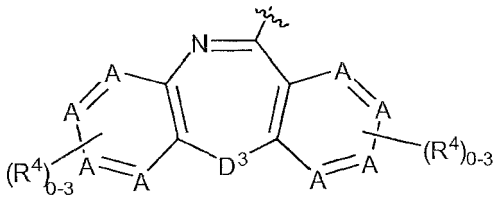


comprises a first ring structure, said first ring structure attached via a covalent bond to said bridged heterocycle and J comprises a second ring structure, said second ring structure attached via a covalent bond to said bridged heterocycle, each of which is optionally substituted. In another preferred embodiment, L is a covalent bond.

3. The compound according to para 1 or para 2, wherein



is a radical selected from the group consisting of



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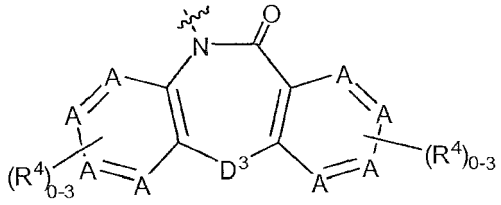
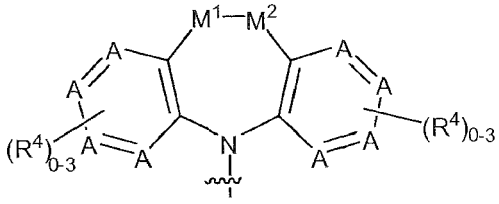


and



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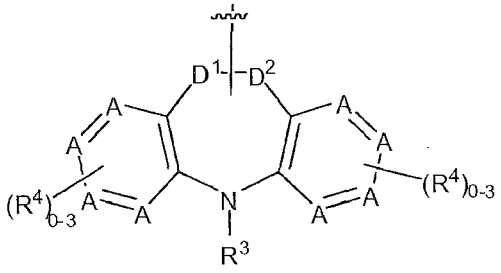

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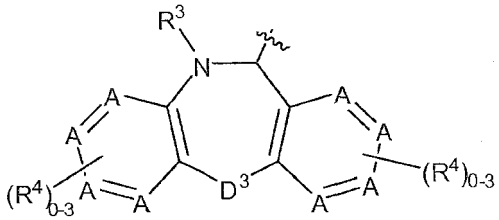

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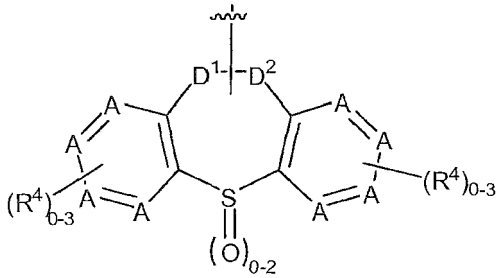

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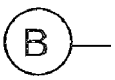
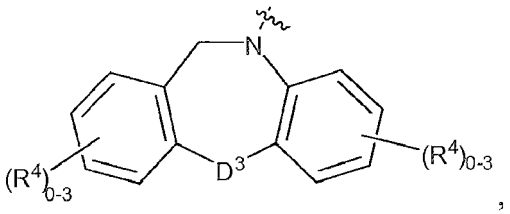
4. The compound according to any of paras 1 to 3, wherein



is a radical selected from the group consisting of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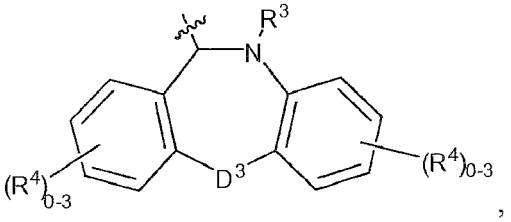
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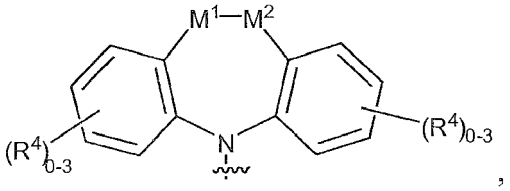
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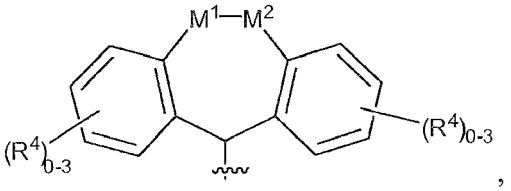
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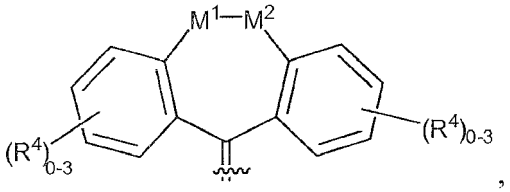
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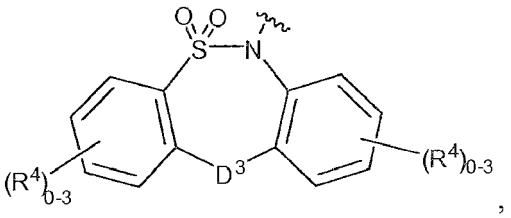
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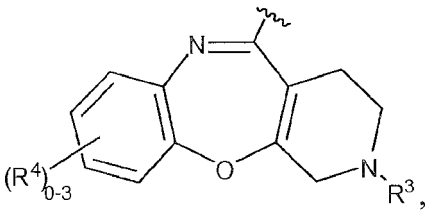
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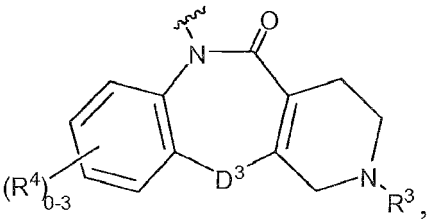
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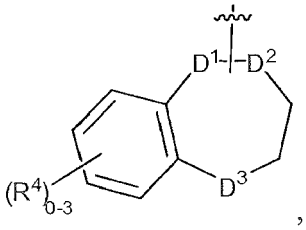
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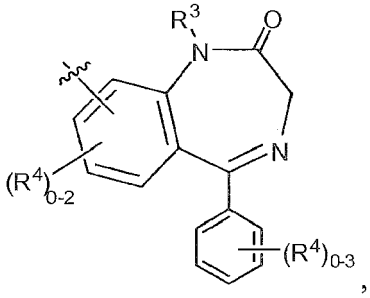
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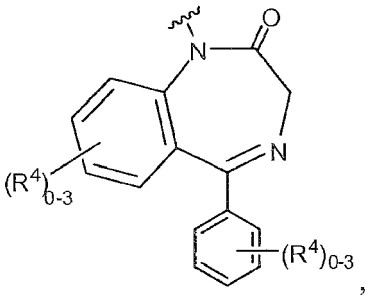
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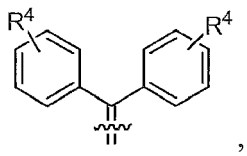
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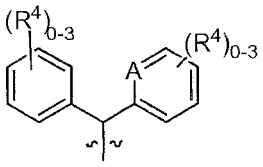

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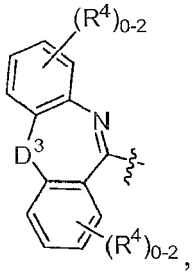

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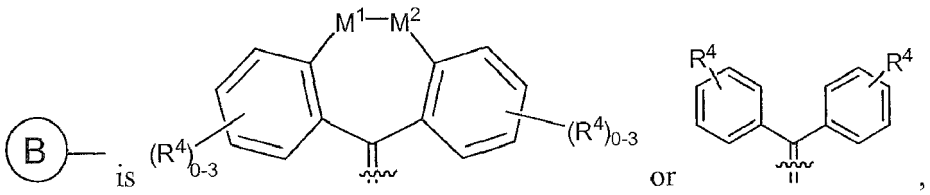
wherein when



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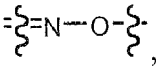
Q is attached via



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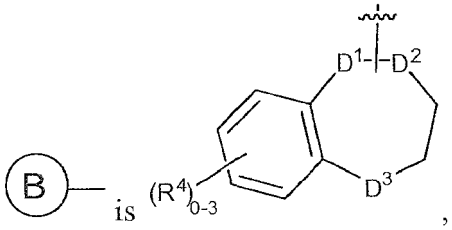
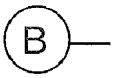
and wherein when



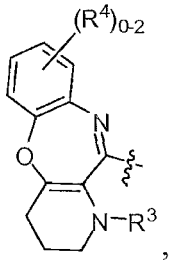
,

Q is attached via D^1-D^2.

5. The compound according to any of paras 1 to 4, wherein



is a radical selected from the group consisting of



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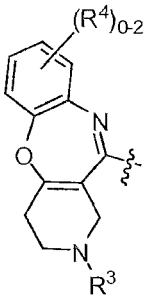

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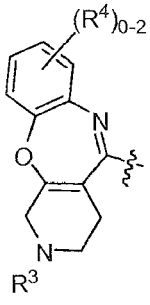
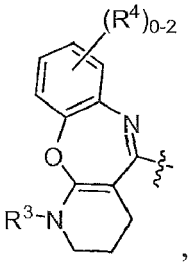
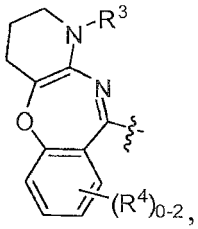
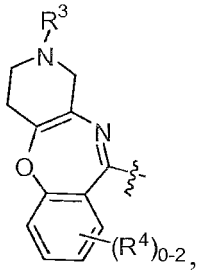
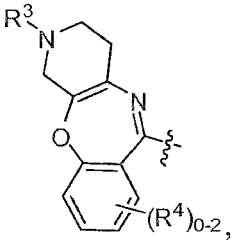
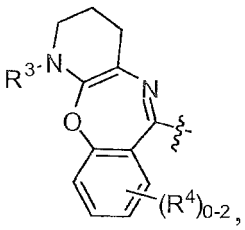
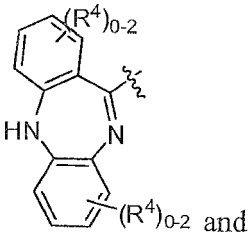
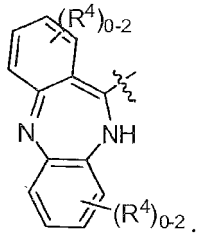
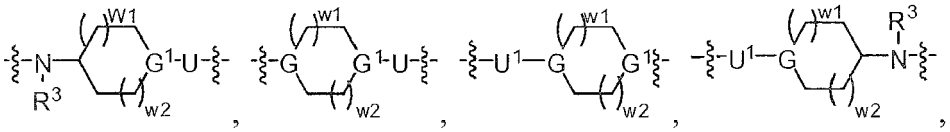
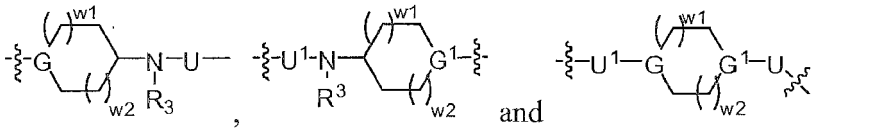
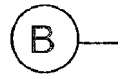









6. The compound according to any of paras 1 to 5, wherein Q is an optionally substituted moiety selected from the group consisting of

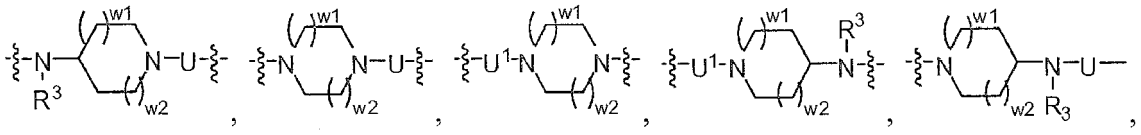
or where possible, an (R,R) or (S,S) enantiomer or a mixture of enantiomers, preferably an (R,R) enantiomer, more preferably an (S,S) enantiomer thereof, wherein G and G^1 are independently selected from -CH- and N; w1 and w2 are independently 0, 1, 2 or 3, provided that when both G and G^1 are N, then w1 and W2 are independently 1, 2 or 3; and wherein each ring structure includes a 0 (i.e., a bond), 1, 2 or 3 carbon bridge between two non-adjacent

carbon atoms, provided that

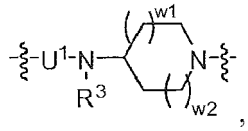


is absent when U^1 is H, $N(R^3)(R^{3a})$-C_2-C_4alkyl- or R^3-O-C_2-C_4alkyl-. Preferrably the ring size is 6, 7, 8 or 9 ring atoms, excluding any bridge atoms.

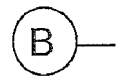
7. The compound according to any of paras 1 to 6, wherein Q is an optionally substituted moiety selected from the group consisting of



and

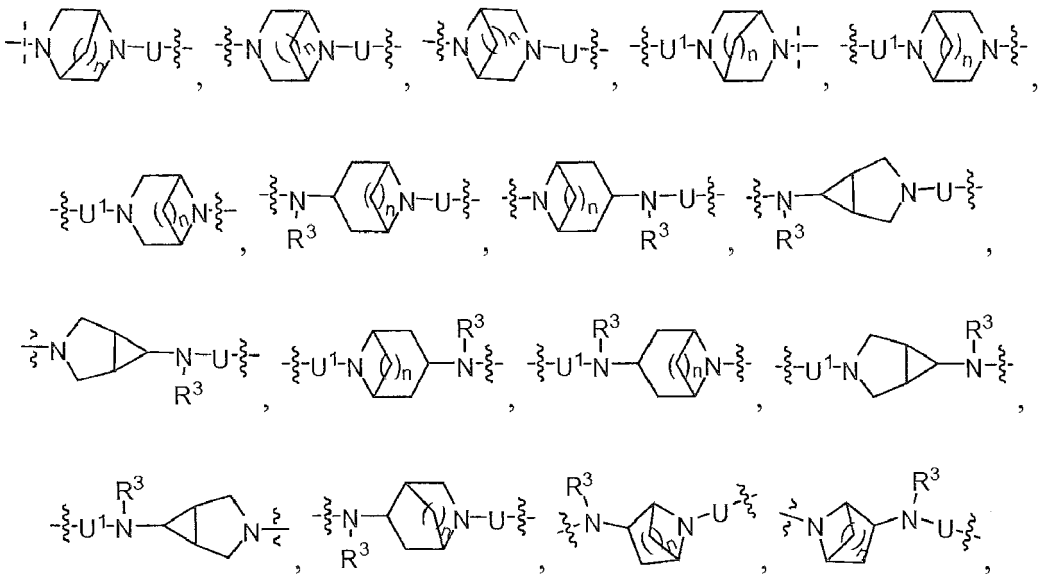


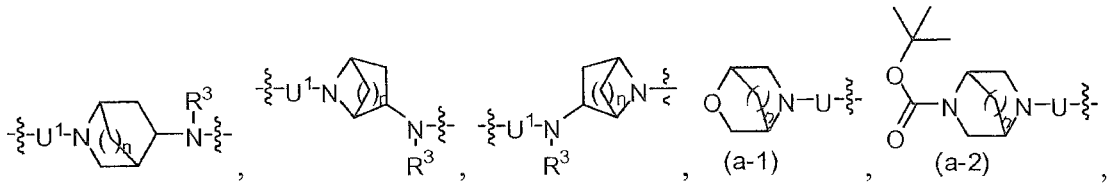
or where possible, an (R,R) or (S,S) enantiomer or a mixture of enantiomers, preferably an (R,R) enantiomer, more preferably an (S,S) enantiomer thereof, wherein w1 and w2 are independently 0, 1, 2 or 3, provided that when the ring includes two N atoms, then w1 and w2 are independently 1, 2 or 3; and wherein each ring structure includes a 0 (i.e., a bond), 1, 2 or 3 carbon bridge between two non-adjacent carbon atoms, provided that

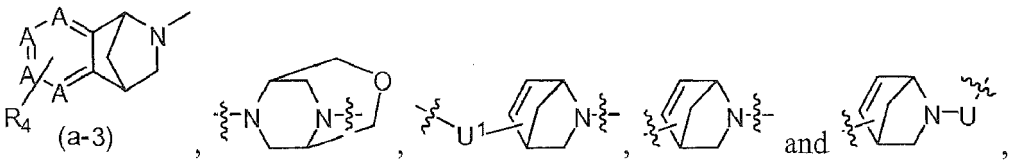


is absent when U^1 is H, $N(R^3)(R^{3a})$-C_2-C_4alkyl- or R^3-O-C_2-C_4alkyl-.

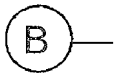
8. The compound according to any of paras 1 to 5, wherein Q is an optionally substituted moiety, selected from the group consisting of





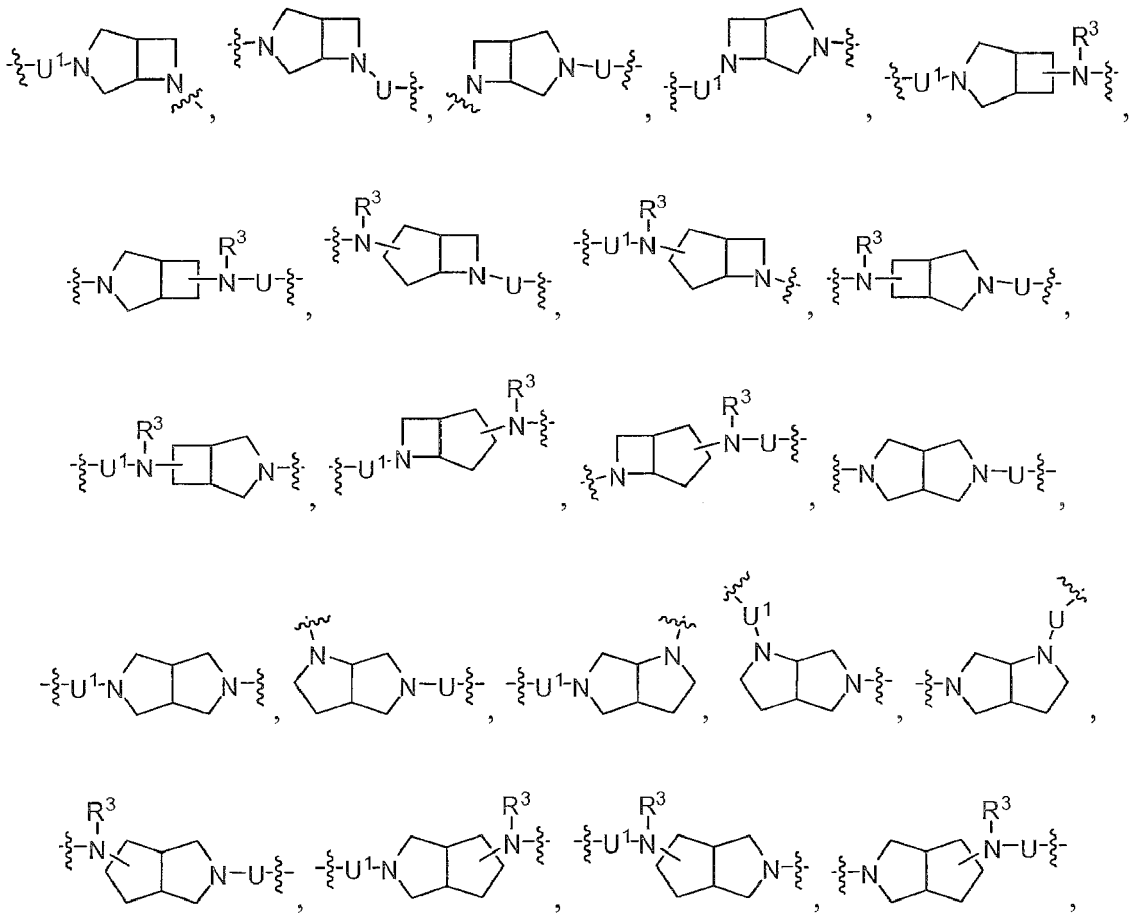


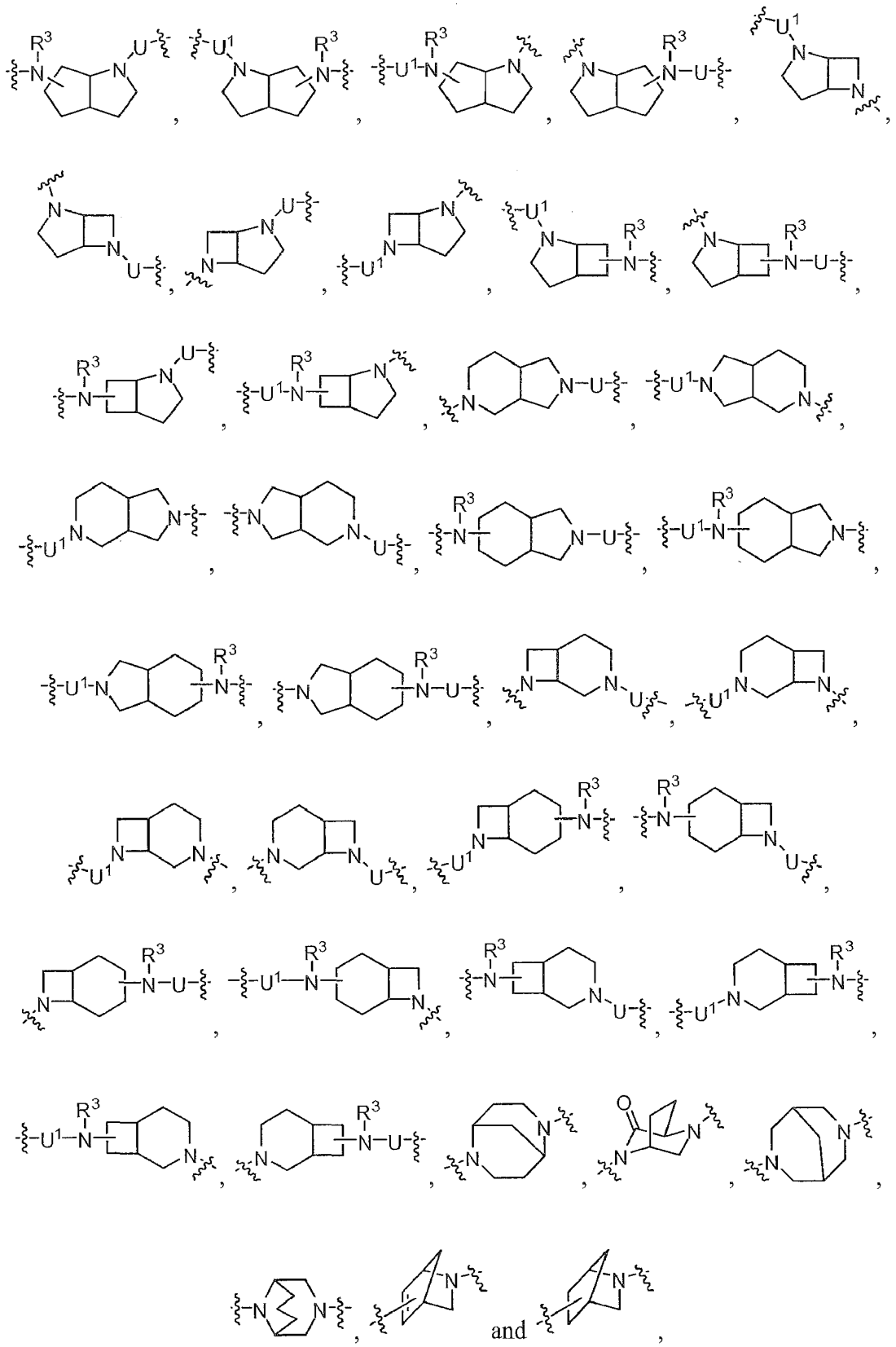
or wherein possible, a (R,R) or (S,S) enantiomer or a mixture of enantiomers, preferably an (R,R) enantiomer, more preferably an (S,S) enantiomer thereof, wherein n is 1, 2 or 3, and wherein



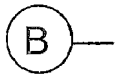
is absent when Q is structure (a-1), (a-2), (a-3) or when U^1 is H, $N(R^3)(R^{3a})$-C_2-C_4alkyl- or R^3-O-C_2-C_4alkyl-.

9. The compound according to any of paras 1 to 5, wherein Q is an optionally substituted moiety selected from the group consisting of





or wherein possible, a (R,R) or (S,S) enantiomer or a mixture of enantiomers, preferably an (R,R) enantiomer, more preferably an (S,S) enantiomer thereof, wherein



is absent when U^1 is H, $N(R^3)(R^{3a})$-C_2-C_4alkyl- or R^3-O-C_2-C_4alkyl-.

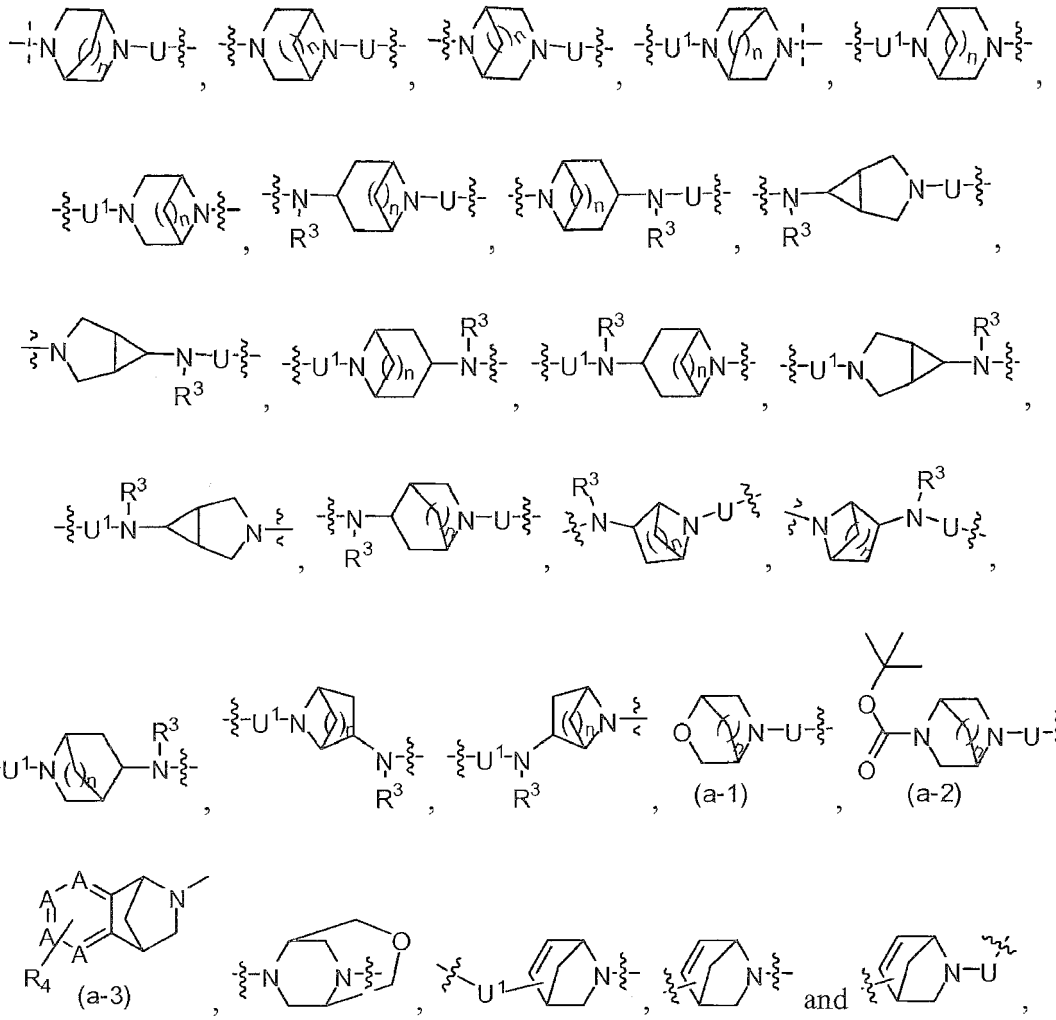
10. The compound according to para 1, wherein

Z is $-N(R^1)(OR^2)$;

L is a covalent bond;

J is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond, =CH-, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_1-C_8heteroalkyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_2-C_8alkenyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_2-C_8alkynyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6heteroalkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-cycloalkyl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_4-C_6heterocyclyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_4-C_6heterocyclyl-aryl-C_0-C_6heteroalkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_4-C_6heterocyclyl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6heteroalkyl-, -C_4-C_6heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkynyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkynyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkynyl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_2-C_6alkenyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_2-C_6alkenyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkylaryl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkylaryl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl- and -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, and cycloalkyl moiety is optionally substituted, wherein when J is =CH-, Q is a covalent bond and B is attached through a carbon sp^2 to J;

Q is a moiety selected from the group consisting of



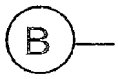
or an optionally substituted (R,R) or (S,S) enantiomer or a mixture of enantiomers, preferably an (R,R) enantiomer,

more preferably an (S,S) enantiomer thereof, wherein n is 0, 1, 2 or 3; and

U is selected from the group consisting of -C_0-C_8alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-O-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(S)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-O-C(S)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$S(O)_2$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, a covalent bond and -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-; and

U^1 is selected from the group consisting of H, -C_0-C_8alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-O-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(S)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-O-C(S)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$S(O)_2$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_8alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, a covalent bond, $(R^3)(R^{3a})$N-C_2-C_4alkyl-, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-, and R^3-O-C_2-C_4alkyl-;

wherein

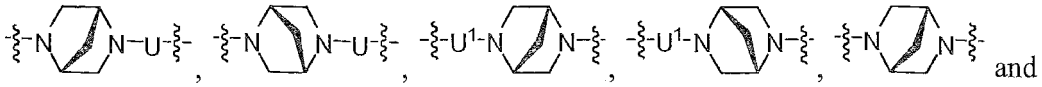


is absent when Q is structure (a-1), (a-2), (a-3) or when U^1 is H, $N(R^3)(R^{3a})$-C_2-C_4alkyl- or R^3-O-C_2-C_4alkyl-.

11. The compound according to any of para 10, wherein J is selected from the group consisting of a -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_1-C_8heteroalkyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6heteroalkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-cycloalkyl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_4-C_6heterocyclyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_4-C_6heterocyclyl-aryl-C_0-C_6heteroalkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_4-C_6heterocyclyl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6heteroalkyl-, -C_4-C_6heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkynyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkynyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkynyl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_2-C_6alkenyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_2-C_6alkenyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkylaryl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkylaryl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl- and -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, and cycloalkyl moiety is optionally substituted.

12. The compound according to para 11, wherein J is -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-or -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-.

13. The compound according to any of paras 10 to 12, wherein Q is selected from the group consisting of



and

14. The compound according to any of paras 10 to 13, wherein U and U^1 are a covalent bond.

15. The compound according to any of paras 10 to 13, wherein U and U^1 are -C(O)-.

16. The compound according to any of paras 10 to 13, wherein U is -C(O)-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-.

17. The compound according to any of paras 10 to 13, wherein U^1 is -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C(O)-.

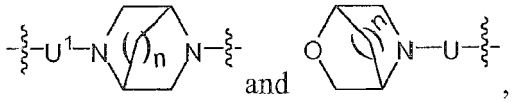
18. The compound according to para 1, wherein

J is selected from the group consisting of -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-C_2alkenyl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-C_2alkenyl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl- and -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, wherein each is optionally substituted;

Q is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, =N-O-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$(CR^3{=}CR^3)_{1\text{-}2}$-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$(C{\equiv}C)_{1\text{-}2}$-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C(O)-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-,wherein each alkyl and heterocyclyl moiety is optionally substituted;

or

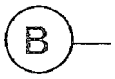
Q is selected from the group consisting of:



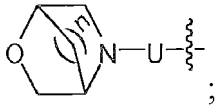
wherein

U^1 is selected from the group consisting of $-C_0$-C_8alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_1$-C_8alkyl-, -Co-C_8alkyl-O-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl- and a covalent bond;

wherein, when B is attached to Q via a N in B, then Q is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond, -C(O)-C_1-C_3alkyl-O-, $-C_1$-C_8alkyl-, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_2$-C_6alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_1$-C_6alkyl-$(CR^3{=}CR^3)_{1\text{-}2}$-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl- and $-C_1$-C_6alkyl-$(C{\equiv}C)_{1\text{-}2}$-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-, wherein each alkyl moiety is optionally substituted;
provided that



is absent when Q is



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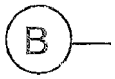
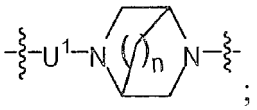


is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkyl, arylalkyl-, $(heteroaryl)_2$-CH-C_0-C_6alkyl- and $(aryl)_2$-CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-, each of which is optionally substituted, provided that Q is



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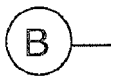
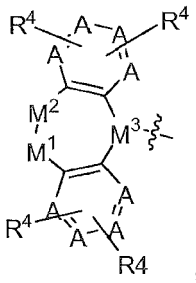


is a radical selected from the group consisting of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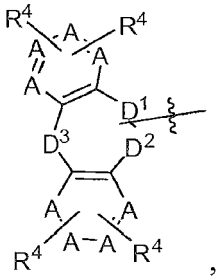
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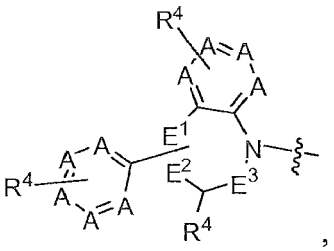
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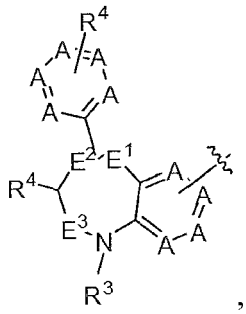
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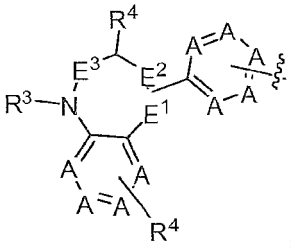
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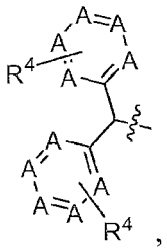
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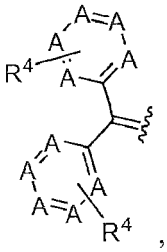
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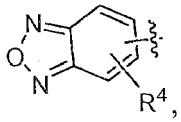
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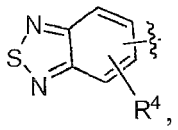
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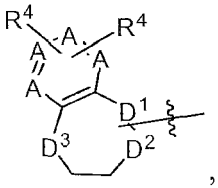
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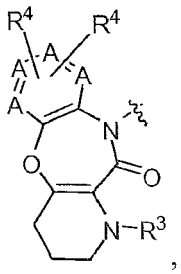
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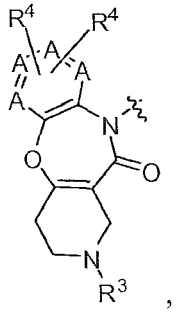
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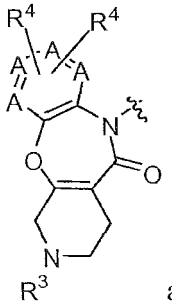
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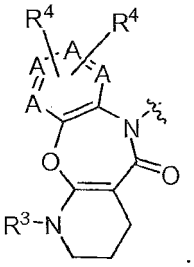
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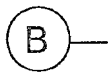
19. The compound according to para 18, wherein



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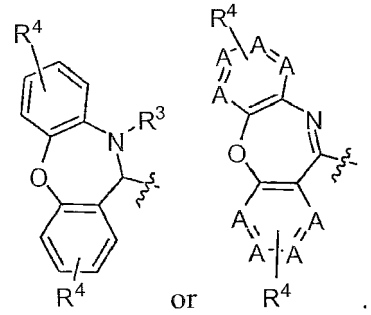
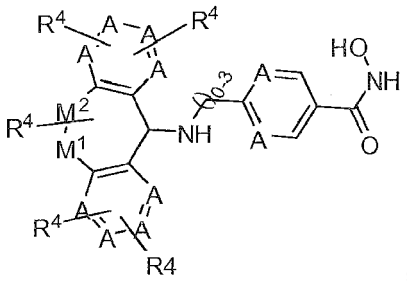


20. The compound according to para 1, wherein the compound has a structure selected from the group consisting of



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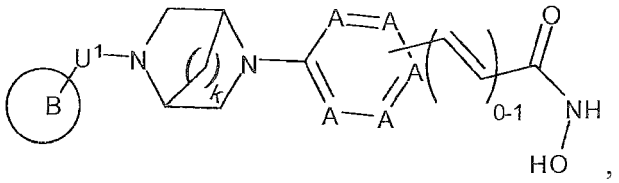

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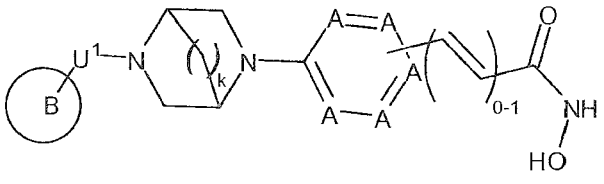

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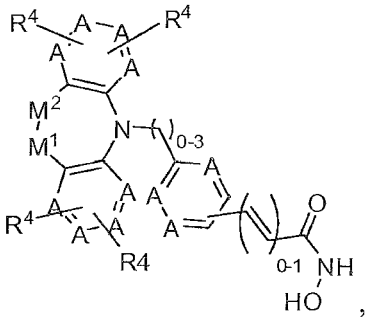

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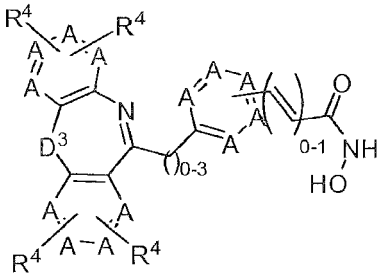

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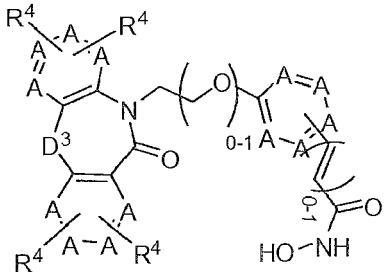

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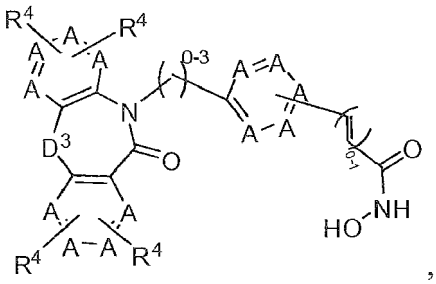


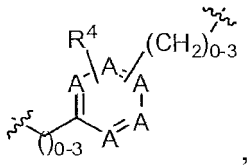
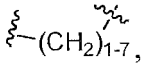
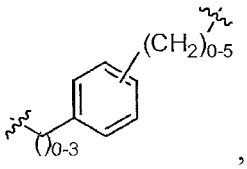
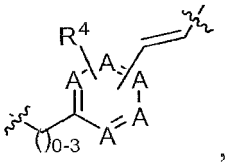
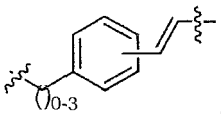
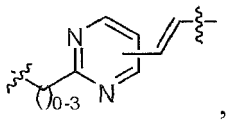
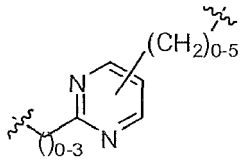
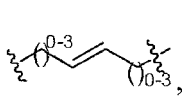
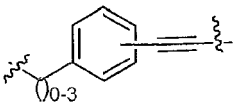
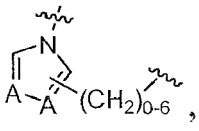
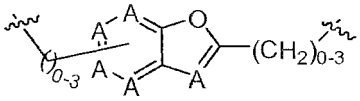
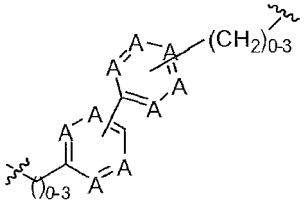
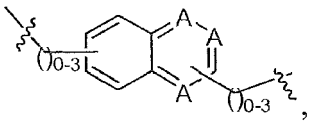
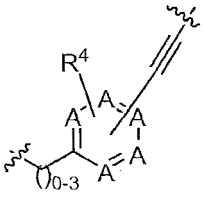
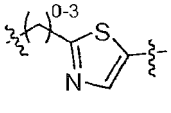
wherein k is 0 or 3.

21. The compound according to any of paras 1 to 9, wherein Z is $-NR^1OR^2$, R^1 and R^2 are H, and L is a covalent bond.

22. The compound according to any of paras 1 to 9, wherein Z is H and L is -N(OH).

23. The compound according to any of paras 1 to 9, wherein J is selected from the group consisting of $-C_1$-C_8alkyl-, $-C_0$-C_3alkyl-C_1-C_8alkenyl-C_0-C_3-alkyl, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl- and $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-.

24. The compound according to any of paras 1 to 9, wherein J is selected from the group consisting of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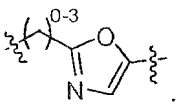
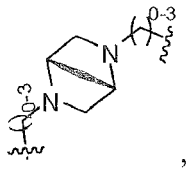


25. The compound according to any of paras 1 to 5, wherein Q is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, =N-O-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-(CR^3=CR^3)$_{1-2}$-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-(C≡C)$_{1-2}$-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-alkenyl-C_0-C_4alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_4alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-SO_2-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-SO_2-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-S(O)$_2$-N(R_3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-S-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-S(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_2$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C=N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-, heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -SO_2-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C(O)-C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -O-C(O)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -N(R^3)-C(S)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -O-C(S)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -N(R^3)-S(O)$_2$-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-SO_2-N(R^3)-, -C_0-C_6 alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)- and -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-O-, wherein each alkyl, heterocyclyl and alkenyl moiety is optionally substituted.

26. The compound according to any of paras 1 to 5, wherein Q is selected from the group consisting of covalent bond, =N-O-, -C_1-C_8 alkyl-, -C_0-C_6 alkyl-N(R_3)-C_0-C_3 alkyl-, -C_0-C_6 alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3 alkyl-, -C_0-C_6 alkyl-C(O)NR_3-C_0-C_3 alkyl-, -C_0-C_6 alkyl-O-C_0-C_3 alkyl- and -C_0-C_3alkyl- heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3-alkyl.

27. The compound according to any of paras 1 to 5, wherein Q is selected from the group consisting of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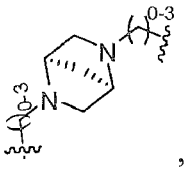
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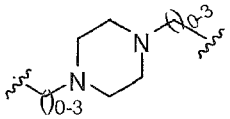
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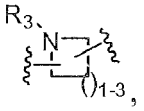
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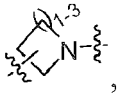
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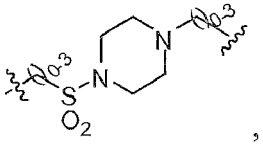
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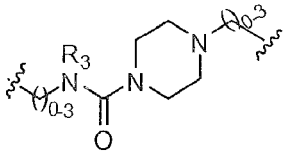
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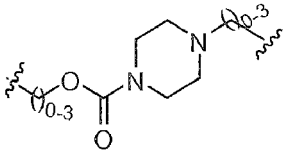
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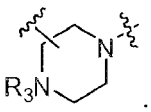
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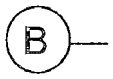
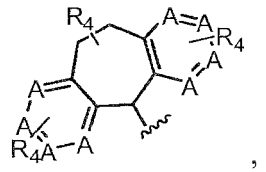
28. The compound according to para 1, wherein



is selected from the group consisting of aryl, aryl-alkyl-, heteroaryl, heteroaryl-alkyl-, (aryl)$_2$-CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-, (aryl)(heteroaryl)CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-, (heteroaryl)$_2$CH-C_0-C_6alkyl- and (aryl)$_2$-CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-, -wherein each group is optionally substituted with 1, 2, 3 or 4 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, amino, halo, C_1-C_6alkyl, nitro, cyano, C_2-C_6alkoxy, C_1-C_6alkylamino and CF_3.

29. The compound according to para 1, wherein

is selected from the group consisting of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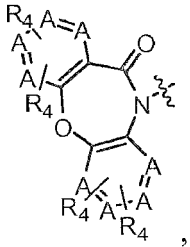
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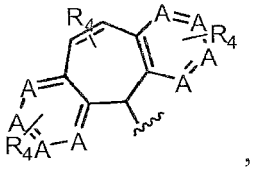
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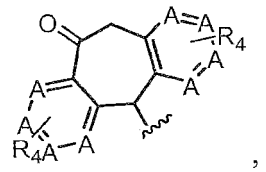
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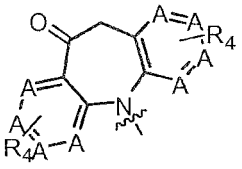
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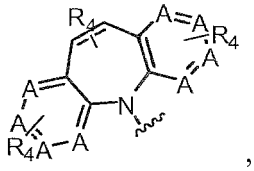
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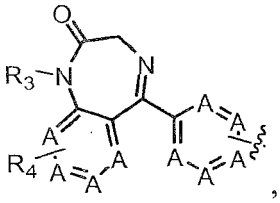
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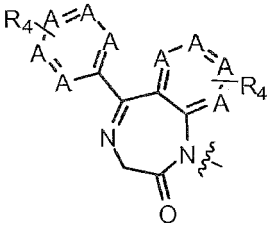
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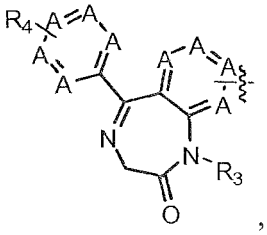
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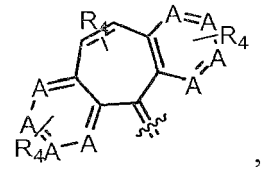
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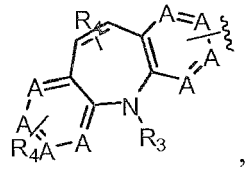
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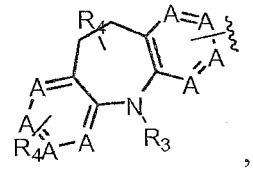
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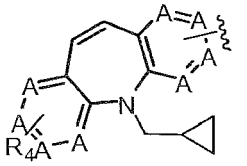
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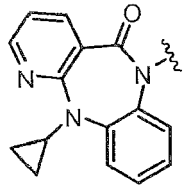
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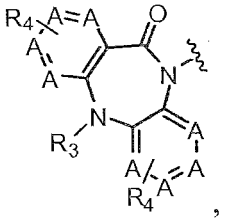
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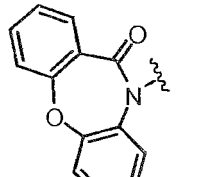
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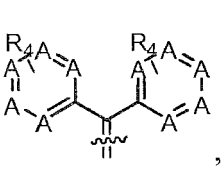
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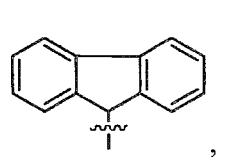
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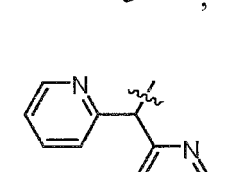
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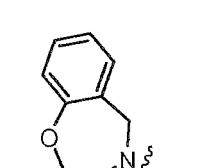
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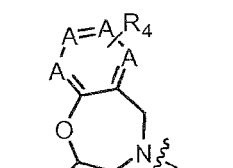
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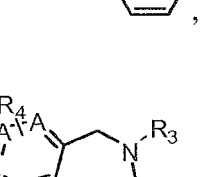
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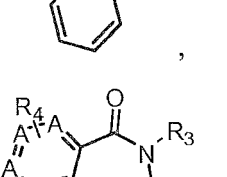
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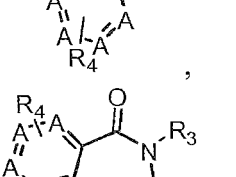
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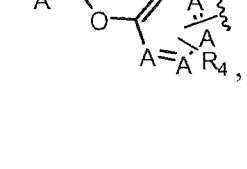
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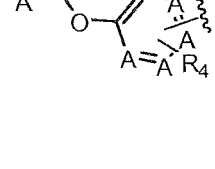
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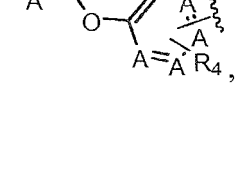
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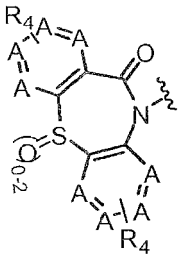
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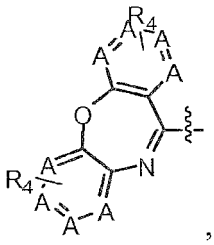
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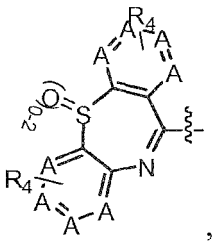
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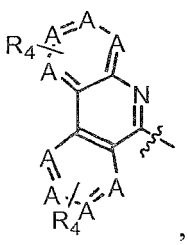
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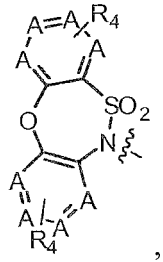
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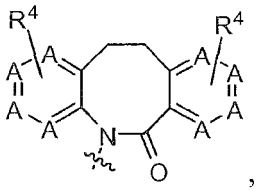
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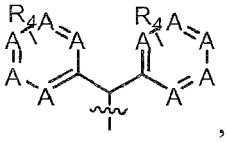
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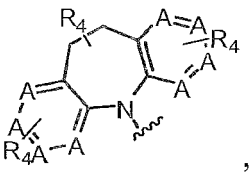
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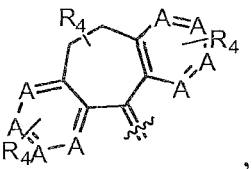
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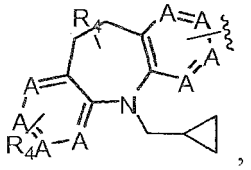
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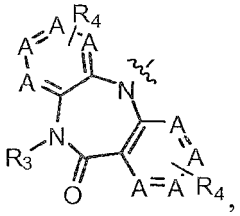
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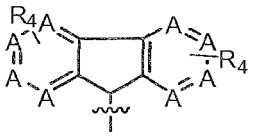
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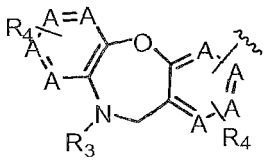
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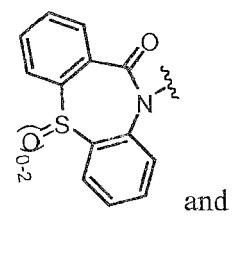
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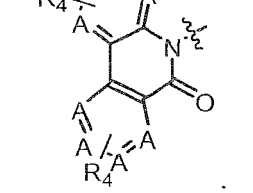
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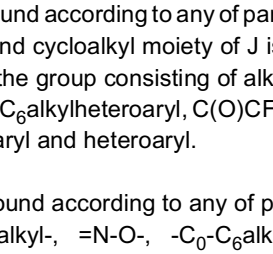
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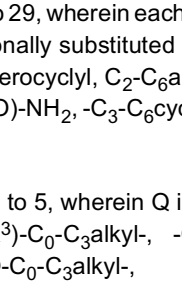
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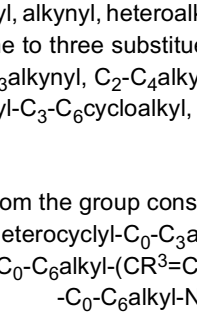
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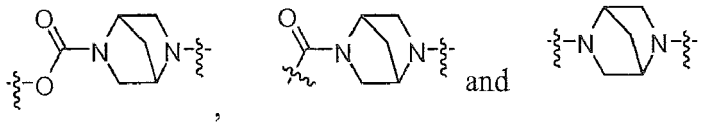
30. The compound according to any of paras 1 to 29, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, and cycloalkyl moiety of J is optionally substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, $C(O)CF_3$, -$C(O)$-NH_2, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl.

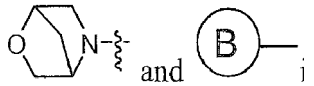
31. The compound according to any of paras 1 to 5, wherein Q is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, =N-O-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$N(R^3)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$C(O)$-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$(CR^3{=}CR^3)_{1\text{-}2}$-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$(C{\equiv}C)_{1\text{-}2}$-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$C(O)$-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$C(O)$-alkenyl-$C_0$-$C_4$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$C(O)$-$N(R^3)$-$C_0$-$C_4$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$SO_2$-$N(R^3)$-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$SO_2$-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-$N(R^3$-$S(O)_2$-$N(R^3)$-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-S-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$S(O)$-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$S(O)_2$-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$N(R^3)$-$C(O)$-$N(R^3)$-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-C=N-O-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -heterocyclyl-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-heterocyclyl-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$SO_2$-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-$C_0$-$C_3$alkyl-, -$C(O)$-$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -$N(R^3)$-$C(O)$-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -O-$C(O)$-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -$N(R^3)$-$C(S)$-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -O-$C(S)$-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $N(R^3)$-$S(O)_2$-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-SO_2-$N(R^3)$-, -C_0-C_6 alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-$C(O)$-$N(R^3)$- and -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-$C(O)$-O-, wherein each alkyl, heterocyclyl and alkenyl moiety is optionally substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-

OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, $C(O)CF_3$, -C(O)-NH_2, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl.

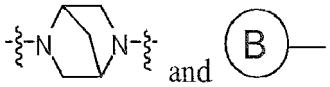
32. The comound according to any of paras 1 to 5, wherein Q is an optionally substituted (1R,4R) or (1 S,4S) 2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane enantiomer or a mixture of enantiomers, preferably an (1R,4R) enantiomer, more preferably an (1S,4S) enantiomer, selected from the group consisting of



or
Q is



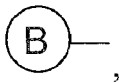
is absent; or
Q is



is H.

33. The compound according to para 1, wherein when

is attached to Q via a N in

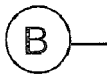


then Q is selected from the group consisting of -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_2-C_6alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_1-C_6alkyl-(CR^3=CR^3)$_{1-2}$-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_1-C_6lkyl-(C≡C)$_{1-2}$-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-alkenyl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_4alkyl-, -C(O)-O-C_0-C_4alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_2$-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-S(O)$_2$-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_2-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-S(O)$_2$-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_2-C_6alkyl-S-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_2-C_6alkyl-S(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-S(O)2-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_2-C_3alkyl-C=N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl, -SO_2-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C(O)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -O-C(O)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -N(R^3)-C(S)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -O-C(S)-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -N(R^3)-S(O)$_2$-C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-S(O$_2$)-N(R^3)-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)- and -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-O-, wherein each alkyl, heterocyclyl and alkenyl moiety is optionally substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected the group consisting of alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, $C(O)CF_3$, -C(O)-NH_2, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl, and wherein the heterocyclyl moiety optionally has a bridge of -(CH_2)$_{0-3}$-.

34. The compound according to any of paras 1 to 33, wherein each R_3 is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, $C(O)CF_3$, -C(O)-NH_2, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl, heteroaryl and a covalent bond, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl and heteroaryl moiety is optionally substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, $C(O)CF_3$, -C(O)-NH_2, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl.

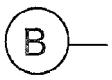
35. The compound according to any of paras 1 to 5, wherein Q-J-L is selected from the group consisting of -C_3-C_8alkyl-, -C(O)-C_3-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C_3-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_1-C_4alkenyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, =N-O-C_1-C_8alkyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkenyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkynyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkylheteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkenyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkylheteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_1-C_3alkenyl-, -C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_1-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkylheteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_2-C_4atkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, -C_2-C_4akl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryt-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl- and -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, alkynyl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl moiety is optionally substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, $C(O)CF_3$, -C(O)-NH_2, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl.

36. The compound according to para 1, wherein



is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, aryl-alkyl-, heteroaryl, heteroaryl-alkyl-, $(aryl)_2$-CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-, (aryl)(heteroaryl)CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $(heteroaryl)_2$CH-C_0-C_6alkyl- and $(aryl)_2$-CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-, each of which is optionally substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, $C(O)CF_3$, -C(O)-NH_2, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl, provided that variable n of Q is 0, 1 or 3.

37. The compound according to para 1, wherein



is selected from the group consisting of structures (b-1) to (b-121) and Q-J-L taken together is selected from the group consisting of -C_3-C_8alkyl-, -C(O)-C_3-C_8alkyl -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C_3-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_1-C_4alkenyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, =N-O-C_1-C_8alkyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkenyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkynyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkenyl-, =N-O-C_0-C_3alkylheteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_1-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-

C_1-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkylheteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3 alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkylaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkylheteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3atkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_3alkyl-O-C(O)-heterocyclyl-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_2-C_4alk-yl-O-C_0-C_3atkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkenyl, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_4alkynyl, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkylheteroaryl-C_0-C_3alkyl, -C_2-C_4akl-O-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkenyl-, -C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_3alkynyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-N(R^3)-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-N(R^3)-bridged heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridgedheterocyclyl-N(R^3)-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-N(R^3)-bridged heterocyclyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-N(R^3)-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-N(R^3)-bridged heterocyclyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-bridged heterocyclyl-N(R^3)-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-U-N(R^3)-bridged heterocyclyl-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-U-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-bridged heterocyclyl-U-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-N(R^3)-U-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-U-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-bridged heterocyclyl-U-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-N(R^3)-U-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-U-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-bridged heterocyclyl-U-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-N(R^3)-U-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-U-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-bridged heterocyclyl-U-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, and -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-N(R^3)-U-heteroaryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, alkynyl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl moiety is optionally substituted; and wherein the bridge is methylene or propylene.

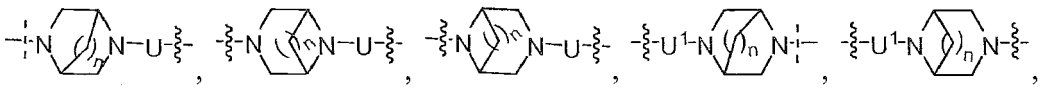
38. The compound according to para 1, wherein B-Q-J-L- are taken together, wherein each such B-Q-J-L group is optionally substituted with up to 4 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, amino, halo, C_1-C_6alkyl, nitro, cyano, C_2-C_6alkoxy, C_1-C_6amino and CF_3, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, $C(O)CF_3$, -C(O)-NH_2, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl and alkylheteroaryl.

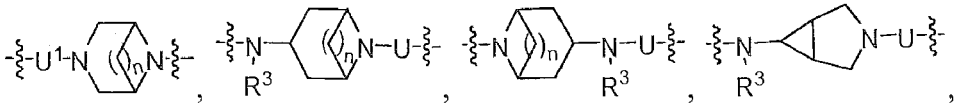
39. The compound according to any of claims 1 to 38, wherein each R^4 is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, C_1-C_6alkyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_6alkynyl, C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OR^3, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OR^1, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-OR^3, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)NR^3R^{3a}, -CH=CH-C(O)-OR^3, -CH=CH-C(O)-N(R^3)(R^{3a}), -N(R^3)-C(O)-CF^3, -N(R^3)-C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)(R^{3a}), -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)(R^{3a}), -N(R^3)-C(O)-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, -N(R^3)-S(O)$_2$-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, -S(O)$_2$-N(R^3)R^{3a}, -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)(R^{3a}), -S-R^3, -S(O)-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, -S(O)$_2$-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, C_4-C_7heterocyclyl-R^3, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl, -O-heterocyclyl-C(O)-OR^3, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-aryl, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-heteroaryl, -O-C(O)-NR^3-C_0-C_4alkyl-aryl, -O-C(O)-NR^3-C_0-C_4alkyl-heteroaryl, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclylaryl, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl-heteroaryl, -N(R^3)-C_2-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl, -N(R^3)C(O)N(R^3)-C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl-R^3, -C_0-C_4alkyl-OC(O)-R^3, -C_0-C_4alkyl-N(R^3)C(O)-O-R^3, -C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl-C(O)-O-R^3, -N(R^3)-C_2-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl, F, Cl, Br, I, NO_2, -CF_3,-SO_3H, -CN, -C_1-C_6 alkylaryl, aryl, heteroaryl, -C_1-C_6 alkyl-

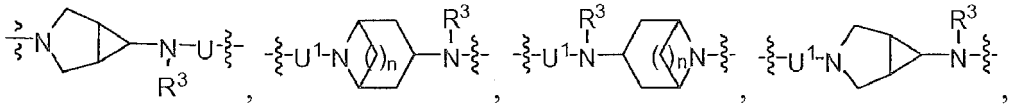
heteroaryl, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl and heteroaryl moeity of the aforementioned R^4 is optionally substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, $C(O)CF_3$, -C(O)-NH_2, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl.

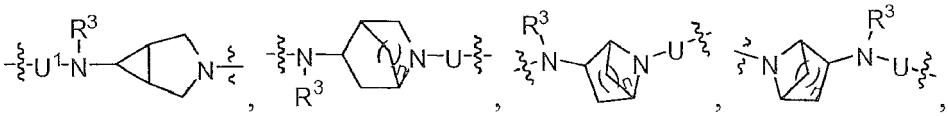
40. The compound according to any of paras 1 to 39, wherein each R^{3a} is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, $C(O)CF_3$, -C(O)-NH_2, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl, covalent bond, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl and heteroaryl moiety is optionally substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, $C(O)CF_3$, -C(O)-NH_2, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl.

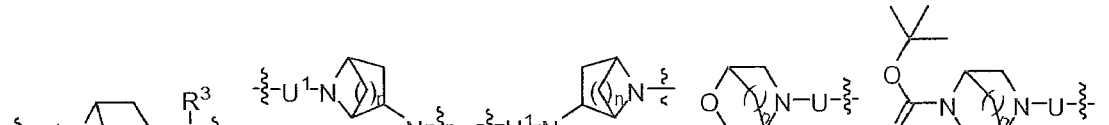
41. The compound according to any of paras 1 to 5, wherein Q is selected from the group consisting of

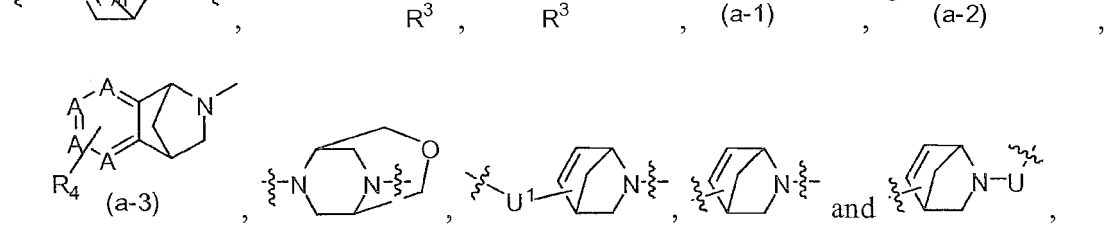












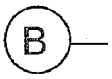
(a-1) (a-2)

(a-3)

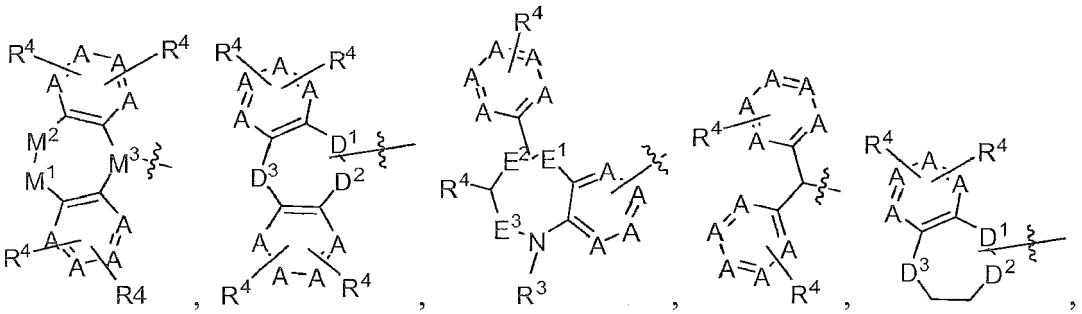
and

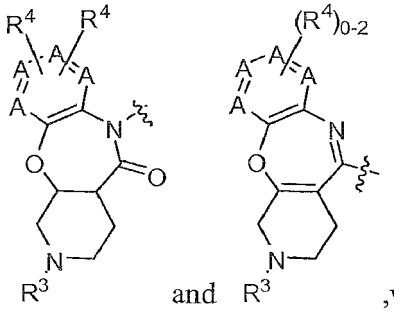
or an optionally substituted (R,R) or (S,S) enantiomer or a mixture of enantiomers, preferably an (R,R) enantiomer, more preferably an (S,S) enantiomer thereof, each of which is optionally substituted with a substituent selected from the group consisting of halo, alkyl and aryl.

42. The compound according to para 1, wherein



is selected from the group consisting of

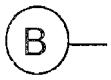




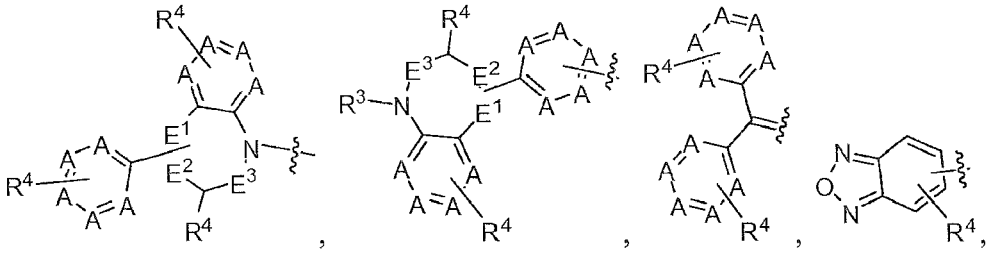
wherein
$-M^1-M^2-$ is -CH=CH- or $-CH_2-CH_2-$;

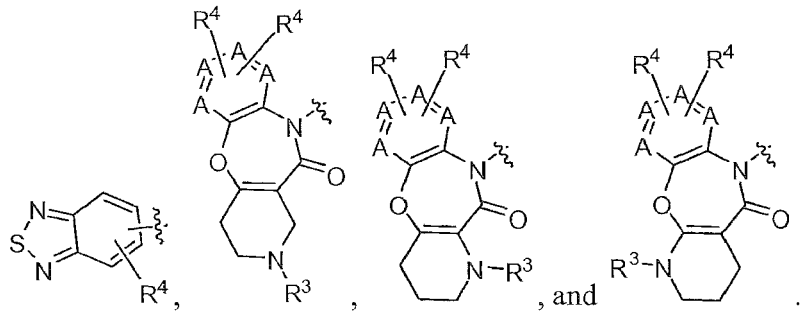
A is selected from the group consisting of N, $C(R^4)$ and CH;
Z is -NHOH;
L is covalent bond;
J is selected from the group consisting of $-C_1-C_8$alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl- and -CH=; and
Q is selected from the group consisting of covalent bond, =N-O-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$N(R^3)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3$alkyl- and $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$C(O)-C_0-C_3$alkyl-.

43. The compound according to para 1, wherein

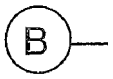


is further selected from the group consisting of

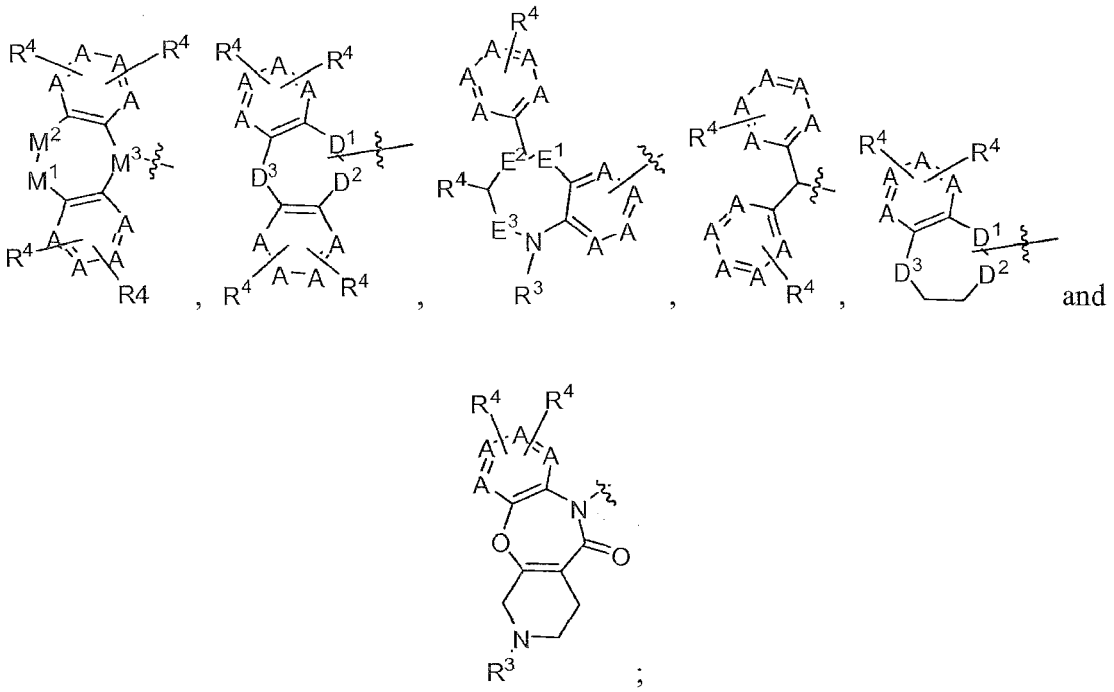




44. The compound according to para , wherein



is selected from the group consisting of



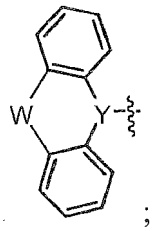
and

;

and
Q is -C_0-C_6alkyl-.

45. The compound according to para 1, wherein

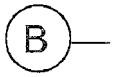
is optionally substituted



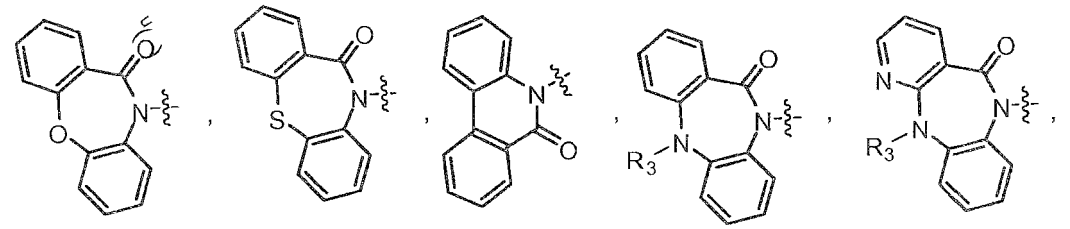
;

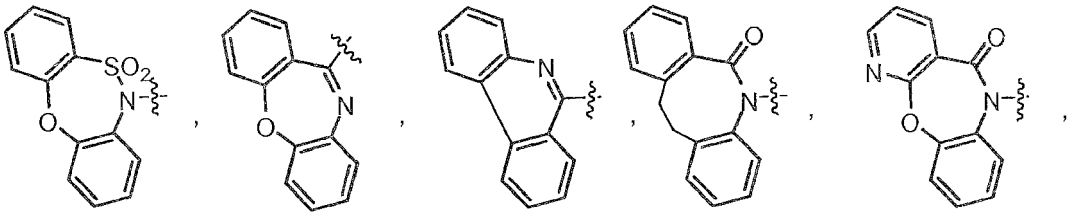
W is -CH=CH- or -CH_2-CH_2-;
Y is selected from the group consisting of N, C(R^4) and CH;
Z is -NHOH;
L is covalent bond;
J is selected from the group consisting of -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl- and -CH=; and Q is selected from the group consisting of covalent bond, =N-O-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl- and -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl-.

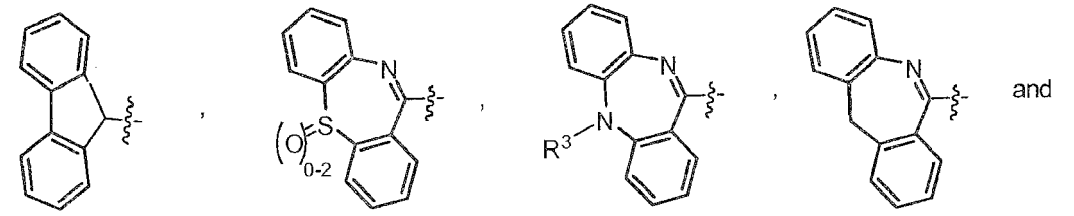
46. The compound according to para 1, wherein



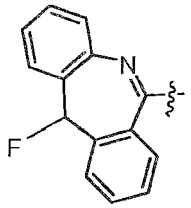
is selected from the group consisting of







and



,

each of which is optionally substituted on a phenyl ring with one or two R^4;

Z is $-NR^1OR^2$ or H;

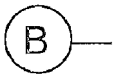
R^1 and R^2 are -H;

L is covalent bond or -N(OH)-;

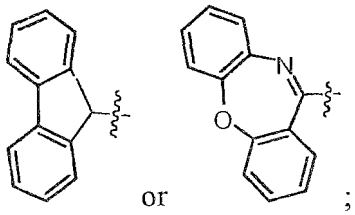
J is $-C_1$-C_8alkyl-, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $-C_0$-C_3alkyl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl- and $-C_2$-C_6alkenyl-aryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-;

Q is selected from the group consisting of covalent bond, $-C_1$-C_3alkyl-(C≡C)-C_0-C_3alkyl, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-, $-C_1$-C_3alkyl-(CH=CH)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_2$-C_6alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_2$-C_6alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl- and $-C_2$-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-; or

Q is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond, $-C_1$-C_3alkyl-(C=C)-C_0-C_3alkyl, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-, $-C_1$-C_3alkyl-(CH=CH)-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl-, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_3alkyl- and $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl- when



is

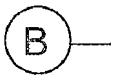


or ;

and

R^3 is H or cycloalkyl.

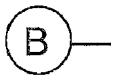
47. The compound according to para 1, wherein



is selected from the group consisting of $(aryl)_2$-CH-C_0-C_6alkyl-, $(aryl)_2$-C_1-C_6alkyl-and $(heteroaryl)_2$-C_1-C_6alkyl-, wherein each aryl, alkyl and heteroaryl moiety is optionally substituted;

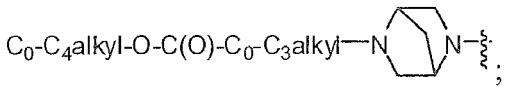
Z is NHOH;
Q is selected from the group consisting of $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl-, =N-O-, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl and $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-O-C_0-C_3alkyl;
J is $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl; and
L is a covalent bond.

48. The compound according to para 1, wherein



is selected from the group consisting of aryl and $(aryl)_2$-alkyl, each of which is optionally substituted and H;

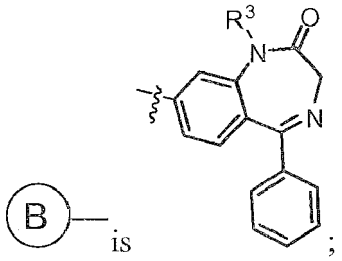
Q is selected from the group consisting of -C_0-C_6alkyl-bridged heterocyclyl-C_0-C_3alkyl- and



;

J is -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl-C_0-C_6alkyl;
L is a covalent bond; and
Z is NHOH.

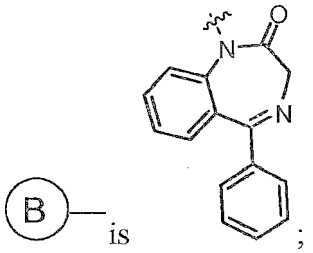
49. The compound according to para 1, wherein



is ;

Z is -NHOH;
R^3 is H or alkyl;
L is covalent bond;
J is -C_1-C_8alkyl- or -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_1-C_8alkenyl-C_0-C_3alkyl-; and
Q is covalent bond.

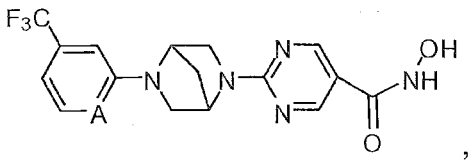
50. The compound according to para 1, wherein



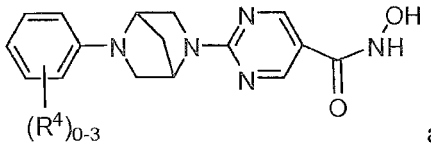
is ;

Z is -NHOH;
L is a covalent bond;
J is -C_1-C_8alkyl- or -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl-C_2-C_6alkenyl-; and
Q is a covalent bond.

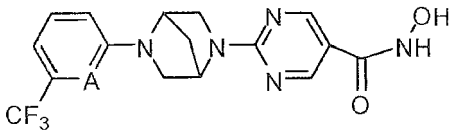
51. The compound according to para 1, selected from one of the following structures:



,

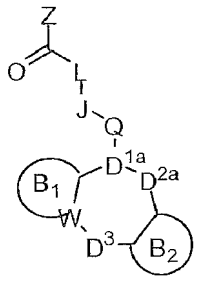


and



wherein A is N or -CH=.

52. A compound represented by the Formula (II):



(II)

and N-oxides, hydrates, solvates, pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs, polymorphs and complexes thereof, and racemic and scalemic mixtures, diastereomers and enantiomers thereof, wherein

Z is selected from the group consisting of $-N(R^1)OR^2$ and H;

L is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond and $-N(OR^2)-$;

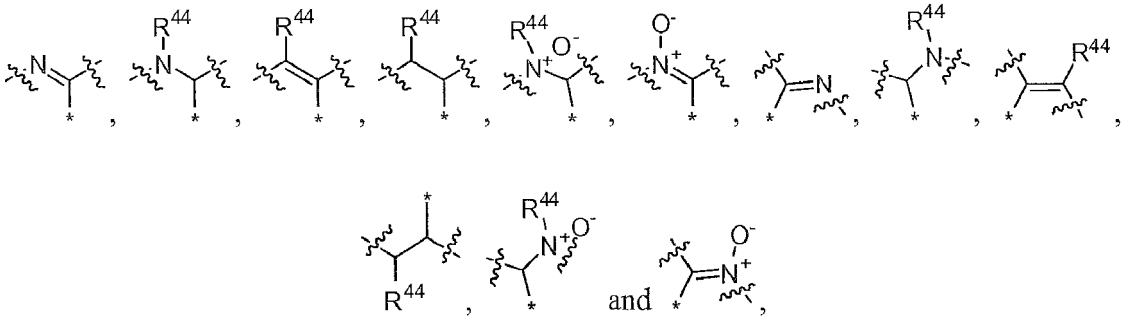
wherein, when L is $-N(OR^2)-$, then Z is H; and

wherein, when Z is H, then L is $-N(OR^2)-$;

R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from the group consisting of -H and C_1-C_6alkyl;

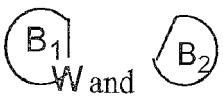
W is nitrogen or carbon;

D^{1a}-D^{2a} is selected from the group consisting of



wherein, * represents the point of attachment to Q;

D^3 is independently selected from the group consisting of $-C(R^{55})(R^{66})-$, $-C(R^{55})(OH)-$, -C(O)-, -O-, $-N(R^{77})-$ and $-S(O)_{0-2}-$;



are independently selected from the group consisting of phenyl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl, wherein each phenyl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, $-CF_3$, $-OCF_3$, $-NO_2$, -CN, $-C_1$-C_6alkyl, $-C_1$-C_6alkoxyl, $-O-C_2$-C_6alkyl-O-R^{53}, -O-R^{53}, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}$-R^{53}, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-C(O)-R^{53}, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$C(O)NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$NR^{52}C(O)$-R^{53}, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_2NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$NR^{52}S(O)_2$-R^{53}, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$OC(O)NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$NR^{52}C(O)O$-R^{53},

$-C_0-C_6$alkyl- $NR^{52}C(O)NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$C(O)O-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$OC(O)-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-aryl, $-C_0-C_6$alkylheteroaryl, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-O-C_2-C_6$alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-NR^{53}-C_2-C_6$alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ and -O-heterocyclyl- R^{53};

R^{44} is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, $-C_1-C_6$alkyl, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl and $-C_0-C_4$alkyl-heterocyclyl;

R^{50} and R^{51} are independently selected from the group consisting of H, $-C_1-C_6$alkyl, $-C_2-C_6$alkyl-O-C_1-C_6alkyl, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, wherein each alkyl and cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or $-C_1-C_4$alkyl;

or

R^{50} and R^{51}, together with the N atom to which they are attached, optionally form a 3-10 membered heterocyclic ring, wherein the heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or $-C_1-C_4$alkyl;

R^{52} is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, $-C_1-C_6$alkyl, $-C_2-C_6$alkyl-O-C_1-C_6alkyl, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, wherein each alkyl and cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or $-C_1-C_4$alkyl;

R^{53} is independently selected from the group consisting of $-C_1-C_6$alkyl, $-C_0-C_4$alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, $-C_0-C_4$alkyl-aryl, $-C_0-C_4$alkyl-heteroaryl and $-C_0-C_4$alkyl-heterocyclyl, wherein each alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or $-C_1-C_4$alkyl;

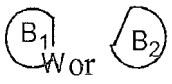
R^{55} and R^{66} are independently selected from the group consisting of -H, $-C_1-C_6$alkyl, $-C_1-C_6$alkoxyl, $-C_0-C_4$alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl and $-C_0-C_4$alkyl-heterocyclyl;

or

R^{55} and R^{66}, together with the atom to which they are attached, optionally form a 3-7 membered cycloalkyl or heterocyclic ring, wherein each cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or $-C_1-C_4$alkyl;

R^{77} is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, $-C_1-C_6$alkyl, $-C_1-C_6$heteroalkyl, $-C_3-C_7$cycloalkyl, $-C(O)-R^{53}$, $-C(O)O-R^{53}$, -cycloalkyl, $-C_1-C_4$alkyl-cycloalkyl, phenyl, $-C_1-C_4$alkyl-phenyl, -heterocyclyl, $-C_1-C_4$alkyl-heterocyclyl and $-C_2-C_6$alkyl-$NR^{88}R^{99}$, wherein each alkyl and heteroalkyl is optionally substituted with one or three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of F, -OH and oxo, wherein each phenyl, cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -CN, $-C_1-C_4$alkyl, $-C_1-C_4$alkoxyl, $-O-C_2-C_4$alkyl-$O-C_1-C_4$alkyl, $-CF_3$, $-OCF_3$, $-NO_2$, $-C_1-C_6$alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}R^{53}$, $-NH_2$, $-NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_1-C_6$alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ and $-N(C_1-C_6alkyl)_2$;

or R^{77} together with the N to which it is attached may form a ring with



wherein the ring is a 5-7 membered heterocyclic ring, and

R^{88} and R^{99} are independently selected from the group consisting of -H, $-C_1-C_6$alkyl, $-C_2-C_6$alkyl-O-C_1-C_6alkyl and $-C_0-C_4$alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, wherein each cycloalkyl and alkyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or $-C_1-C_6$alkyl-aryl;

or

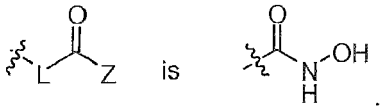
R^{88} and R^{99}, together with the N atom to which they are attached, optionally form a 3-10 membered heterocyclic ring, wherein an heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino or -CN

53. The compound according to para 52, wherein

J-Q is selected from the group consisting of -C_1-C_9alkyl, -C_1-C_9heteroalkyl, phenyl, aryl, heteroaryl, -C_1-C_4alkyl-phenyl, -C_1-C_4alkyl-aryl, -C_1-C_4alkyl-heteroaryl, -NR^{33}aryl, -NR^{33}-C_1-C_4alkyl-aryl, -NR^{33}heteroaryl and NR^{33}-C_1-C_4alkyl-heteroaryl, wherein each alkyl and heteroalkyl is optionally substituted with one or three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of F, -OH and oxo, and wherein each phenyl, aryl and heteroaryl is optionally substituted with one or two substituents

independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, -OR^{53}, -C_1-C_4alkyl, -C_1-C_4alkoxyl, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_6alkyl,-CN, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -NO_2, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}R^{53}$, -NH_2, -$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ and -$N(C_1$-C_6alkyl$)_2$, wherein R^{33} is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl and -C_0-C_4alkyl-phenyl, wherein each phenyl and cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one or three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, -NO_2, -CF_3, -OCF_3, amino, -$N(C_1$-C_6alkyl$)_2$, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}R^{53}$, -C_1-C_4alkoxyl -CN, -O-C_2alkyl-O-CH_3, -$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$or -C_1-C_4alkyl.

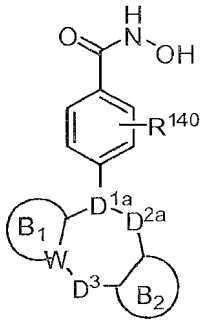
54. The compound according to para 52 or para 53, wherein



.

55. The compound according to any of paras 52 to 54, wherein J-Q is selected from the group consisting of 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl.

56. The compound according to para 52, represented by the Formula (III):

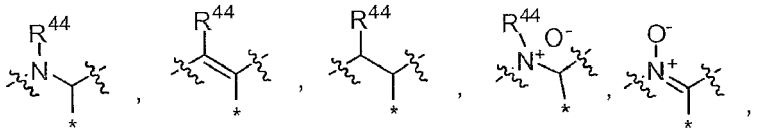


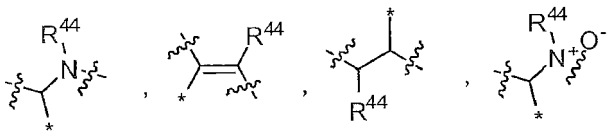
(III)

wherein

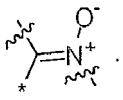
R^{140} is selected from the group consisting ofH, -OH, halo, -CN, -C_1-C_4alkyl, -C_1-C_4alkoxyl, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_4alkyl, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -NO_2, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}R^{53}$, -NH_2, -$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ and -$N(C_1$-C_6alkyl$)_2$.

57. The compound according to para 56, wherein D^{1a}-D^{2a} is selected from the group consisting of

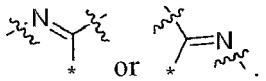




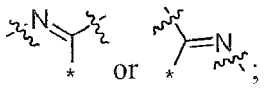
and



58. The compound according to para 56, wherein
D^{1a}-D^{2a} is

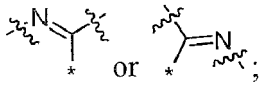


59. The compound according to para 56, wherein
D^{1a}-D^{2a} is



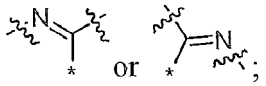
and
D^3 is selected from the group consisting of $-C(R^{55})(R^{66})-$, $-C(R^{55})(OH)-$, -C(O)-, -O-, $-N(R^{77})-$ and $-S(O)_{0-2}$.

60. The compound according to para 56, wherein
D^{1a}-D^{2a} is



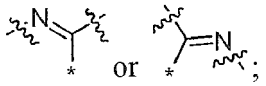
and
D^3 is $-N(R^{77})-$.

61. The compound according to para 56, wherein
D^{1a}-D^{2a} is

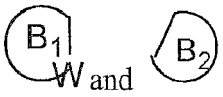


and
D^3 is -O-.

62. The compound according to para 56, wherein
D^{1a}-D^{2a} is

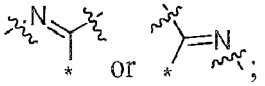


and
D^3 is -O-; and

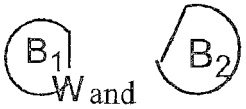


are independently selected from the group consisting of phenyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, thienyl, pyrazolyl, thiazyl and oxazyl.

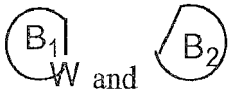
63. The compound according to para 56, wherein
D^{1a}-D^{2a} is



D^3 is -O-; and

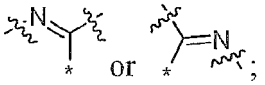


are independently selected from the group consisting of phenyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, thienyl, pyrazolyl, thiazyl and oxazyl, wherein at least one of

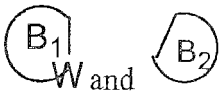


is phenyl, wherein the phenyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl, thienyl, pyrazolyl, thiazyl and oxazyl are independently optionally substituted.

64. The compound according to para 56, wherein
D^{1a}-D^{2a} is

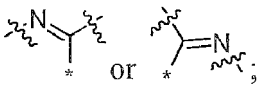


D^3 is -N(R^{77})-; and

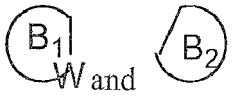


are independently selected from the group consisting of phenyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl and thienyl.

65. The compound according to para 56, wherein D^{1a}-D^{2a} is

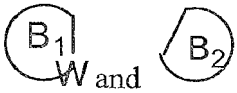


D^3 is -N(R^{77})-; and



and

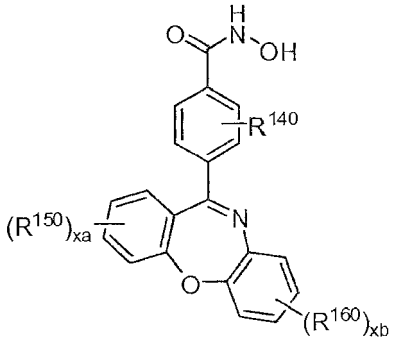
are independently selected from the group consisting of phenyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl and thienyl, wherein at least one of



and

is phenyl, wherein said phenyl, pyridyl, pyrimidyl and thienyl are independently optionally substituted.

66. The compound according to para 56, represented by the Formula (IV):



(IV)

wherein

R^{140}	is selected from the group consisting of H, -OH, halo, -CN, -C_1-C_4alkyl, -C_1-C_4alkoxyl, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_4alkyl, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -NO_2, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}R^{53}$, -NH_2, -$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ and -$N(C_1$-C_6alkyl$)_2$;
xa and xb	denote numbers that are each independently selected from 0, 1 and 2; and
R^{150} and R^{160}	are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halo, -CN, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_1-C_6alkoxyl, -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-O-R^{53}, -OR^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl- $NR^{52}C(O)$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_2NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$NR^{52}S(O)_2$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$OC(O)NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$NR^{52}C(O)O$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$NR^{52}C(O)NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OC(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-cycloalkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl, -NH_2, -$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -NR^{53}-C_2-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ and -O-heterocyclyl-R^{53}, wherein each alkyl and heteroalkyl is optionally substituted with one or three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of F, -OH and oxo, and wherein each aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -CN, -C_1-C_4alkyl, -C_1-C_4alkoxyl, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_4alkyl, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -NO_2, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}R^{53}$, -NH_2, -$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ and -$N(C_1$-C_6alkyl$)_2$;
R^{50} and R^{51}	are independently selected from the group consisting of H, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_2-C_6alkyl-O-C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, wherein each alkyl and cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or -C_1-C_4alkyl;

or

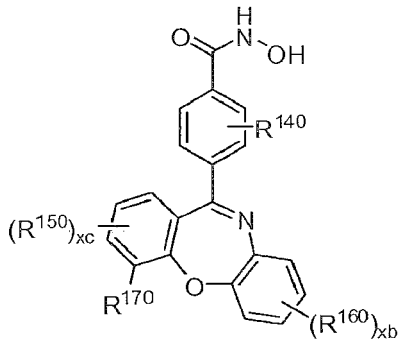
R^{50} and R^{51},	together with the N atom to which they are attached, optionally form a 3-10 membered heterocyclic ring, wherein the heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently

selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or -C_1-C_4alkyl;

R^{52} is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_2-C_6alkyl-O-C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, wherein each alkyl and cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or -C_1-C_4alkyl;

R^{53} is independently selected from the group consisting of -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_0-C_4alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, -C_0-C_4alkyl-aryl, -C_0-C_4alkyl-heteroaryl and -C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl, wherein each alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or -C_1-C_4alkyl.

67. The compound according to para 66, represented by the Formula (V):



(V)

wherein

R^{140} is selected from the group consisting of H, -OH, halo, -CN, -C_1-C_4alkyl, -C_1-C_4alkoxyl, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_4alkyl, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -NO_2, -C_1-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_{0\text{-}2}$$R^{53}$, -$NH_2$, -$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -$C_1$-$C_6$alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ and -N(C_1-C_6alkyl)$_2$;

xb denotes a number selected from 0, 1 and 2; and

R^{150} and R^{160} are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halo, -CN, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_1-C_6alkoxyl, -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-O-R^{53}, -OR^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_{0\text{-}2}$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl- NR^{52}C(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_2$$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$NR^{52}$S(O)$_2$-$R^{53}$, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-OC(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl- NR^{52}C(O)O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-NR^{52}C(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OC(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-cycloalkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl, -NH_2, -$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -NR^{53}-C_2-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ and -O-heterocyclyl-R^{53}, wherein each alkyl and heteroalkyl is optionally substituted with one or three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of F, -OH and oxo, and wherein each aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -CN, -C_1-C_4alkyl, -C_1-C_4alkoxyl, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_4alkyl, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -NO_2, -C_1-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_{0\text{-}2}$$R^{53}$, -$NH_2$, -$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -$C_1$-$C_6$alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ and -N(C_1-C_6alkyl)$_2$;

xc is 0 or 1; and

R^{170} is selected from the group consisting of H, halo, -CN, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_1-C_6alkoxyl, -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-O-R^{53}, -OR^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_{0\text{-}2}$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl- NR^{52}C(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_2$$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$NR^{52}$S(O)$_2$-$R^{53}$, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-OC(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$NR^{52}$C(O)O-$R^{53}$, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-$NR^{52}$C(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-C(O)O-$R^{53}$, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-OC(O)-$R^{53}$, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-aryl, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-heteroaryl, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-cycloalkyl, -$C_0$-$C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl, -$NH_2$, -$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -$C_1$-$C_6$alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -O-$C_2$-$C_6$alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -$NR^{53}$-$C_2$-$C_6$alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ and -O-heterocyclyl-R^{53}, wherein each alkyl and heteroalkyl is optionally substituted with one or three substituents

independently selected from the group consisting of F, -OH and oxo, wherein each aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -CN, -C_1-C_4alkyl, -C_1-C_4alkoxyl, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_4alkyl, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -NO_2, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}R^{53}$, -NH_2, -$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ and -$N(C_1$-C_6alkyl$)_2$

R^{50} and R^{51} are independently selected from the group consisting of H, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_2-C_6alkyl-O-C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, wherein each alkyl and cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or -C_1-C_4alkyl;

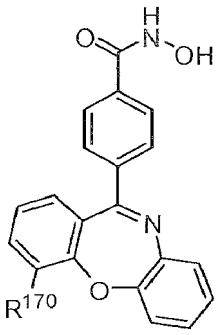
or

R^{50} and R^{51}, together with the N atom to which they are attached, optionally form a 3-10 membered heterocyclic ring, wherein the heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or -C_1-C_4alkyl;

R^{52} is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_2-C_6alkyl-O-C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, wherein each alkyl and cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or -C_1-C_4alkyl;

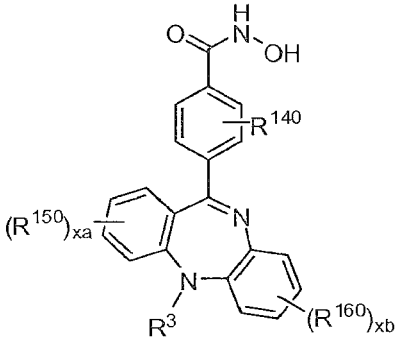
R^{53} is independently selected from the group consisting of -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_0-C_4alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, -C_0-C_4alkyl-aryl, -C_0-C_4alkyl-heteroaryl and -C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl, wherein each alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or -C_1-C_4alkyl;

68. The compound according to para 67, represented by the Formula (VI):



(VI).

69. The compound according to para 56, represented by the Formula (VII):



(VII)

wherein

R^{140} is selected from the group consisting of H, -OH, halo, -CN, -C_1-C_4alkyl, -C_1-C_4alkoxyl, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_4alkyl, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -NO_2, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}R^{53}$, -NH_2, -$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ and -$N(C_1$-C_6alkyl$)_2$;

xa and xb denote numbers that are each independently selected from 0, 1 and 2; and

R^{150} and R^{160} are independently selected from the group consisting of H, halo, -CN, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_1-C_6alkoxyl, -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-O-R^{53}, -OR^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl- NR^{52}C(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_2NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$NR^{52}S(O)_2$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OC(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-NR^{52}C(O)O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-NR^{52}C(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OC(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-cycloalkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl, -NH_2, -$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -NR^{53}-C_2-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ and -O-heterocyclyl-R^{53}, wherein each alkyl and heteroalkyl is optionally substituted with one or three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of F, -OH and oxo, and wherein each aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or two substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -CN, -C_1-C_4alkyl, -C_1-C_4alkoxyl, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-O-C_1-C_4alkyl, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -NO_2, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}R^{53}$, -NH_2, -$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_1-C_6alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$ and -$N(C_1$-C_6alkyl$)_2$;

R^{50} and R^{51} are independently selected from the group consisting of H, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_2-C_6alkyl-O-C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, wherein each alkyl and cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or -C_1-C_4alkyl;

or

R^{50} and R^{51}, together with the N atom to which they are attached, optionally form a 3-10 membered heterocyclic ring, wherein the heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or -C_1-C_4alkyl;

R^{52} is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_2-C_6alkyl-O-C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, wherein each alkyl and cycloalkyl is optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or -C_1-C_4alkyl;

R^{53} is independently selected from the group consisting of -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_0-C_4alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, -C_0-C_4alkyl-aryl, -C_0-C_4alkyl-heteroaryl and -C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl, wherein each alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -OH, amino, -CN or -C_1-C_4alkyl; and

R^3 is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl, C_1-C_3alkyl-C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_1-C_3alkyl-C_2-C_3alkynyl, -C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, -C_2-C_4alkyl-$NR^{3b}R^{3c}$, -C_2-C_4alkyl-NR^1R^2, heteroalkyl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, C(O)CF_3, -C(O)-NH_2, -C(O)-$NR^{3b}R^{3c}$, -C(O)-NR^1R^2, -C(O)-OR^1, -$S(O)_2$-NR^1R^2, -$S(O)_2$-R^1, -C(O)-R^1, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl and heteroaryl, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl and heteroaryl moiety is optionally substituted with from one to three independently selected substituents; wherein

R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from the group consisting of -H, C_1-C_6alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl and a protecting group; and

wherein R^{3b} and R^{3c}, together with the atom to which they are attached, optionally form a heterocyclic ring, wherein the heterocyclyl moiety is optionally substituted.

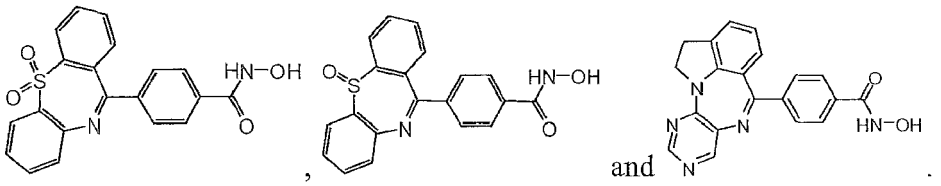
70. The compound according to claim 69, wherein R^3 is R^{180}, wherein R^{180} is selected from the group consisting of H, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_1-C_6alkenyl, -C_1-C_6alkynyl, -C_2-C_6alkoxyl, -C_2-C_6alkyl-O-R^{53}, -OR^{53}, -C_2-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}$-R^{53}, -C_2-C_6alkyl-C(O)-R^{53}, -C_2-C_6alkyl-C(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_2-C_6alkyl-NR^{52}C(O)-R^{53}, -C_2-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_2NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_2-C_6alkyl-$NR^{52}S(O)_2R^{53}$, -C_2-C_6alkyl-OC(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_2-C_6alkyl-NR^{52}C(O)O-R^{53}, -C_2-C_6alkyl-NR^{52}C(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_2-C_6alkyl-C(O)O-R^{53}, -C_2-C_6alkyl-OC(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl -heterocyclyl- R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-O-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-$S(O)_{0-2}$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-C(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-NR^{52}C(O)-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-$S(O)_2NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-$NR^{52}S(O)_2$-R^{53}, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-OC(O)$NR^{50}R^{51}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl-NR^{52}C(O)P-R^{53},

$-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-$NR^{52}C(O)NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-$C(O)O-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl-$OC(O)-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl -cycloalkyl- R^{53}, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- cycloalkyl $-O-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- cycloalkyl $-S(O)_{0-2}-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkylcycloalkyl-$C(O)-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- cycloalkyl $-C(O)NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- cycloalkyl-$NR^{52}C(O)-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- cycloalkyl-$S(O)_2NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- cycloalkyl-$NR^{52}S(O)_2-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- cycloalkyl-$OC(O)NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- cycloalkyl-$NR^{52}C(O)O-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- cycloalkyl-$NR^{52}C(O)NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-cycloalkyl-$C(O)O-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkylcycloalkyl-$OC(O)-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl -heteroaryl- R^{53}, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- heteroaryl $-O-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- heteroaryl $-S(O)_{0-2}-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- heteroaryl $-C(O)-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- heteroaryl $-C(O)NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- heteroaryl $-NR^{52}C(O)-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- heteroaryl $-S(O)_2NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- heteroaryl $-NR^{52}S(O)_2-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- heteroaryl $-OC(O)NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- heteroaryl-$NR^{52}C(O)O-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- heteroaryl $-NR^{52}C(O)NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- heteroaryl $-C(O)O-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- heteroaryl $-OC(O)-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-aryl- R^{53}, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- aryl-$O-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- aryl $-S(O)_{0-2}-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- aryl $-C(O)-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-aryl $-C(O)NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-aryl $-NR^{52}C(O)-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl- aryl $-S(O)_2NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-aryl $-NR^{52}S(O)_2-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-aryl $-OC(O)NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-aryl-$NR^{52}C(O)O-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-aryl $NR^{52}C(O)NR^{50}R^{51}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-aryl $-C(O)O-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-aryl $-OC(O)-R^{53}$, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-aryl, $-C_0-C_6$alkylheteroaryl, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-cycloalkyl, $-C_0-C_6$alkyl-heterocyclyl and $-C_2-C_6$alkyl-$NR^{50}R^{51}$, wherein each alkyl and heteroalkyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of F, -OH and oxo, wherein each aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one or two substituents.

71. A compound selected from the group consisting of:

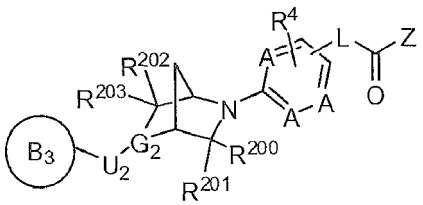
(Z)-4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
4-(10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
N-hydroxy-4-(10-methyl-10,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(8-chloro-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(benzo[b]pyrido[3,2-f][1,4]oxazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(2-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(2-methoxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(benzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(2-(2-(dimethylamino)ethoxy)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(8-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-2-fluoro-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-5-(4-(hydroxycarbamoyl)phenyl)benzo[b]pyrido[4,3-f][1,4]oxazepine 2-oxide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-methoxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-3-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(8-methyldibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(9-fluorodibcnzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(7-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(7-chlorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(2-chlorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(8-cyanodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-methyldibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-methyldibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(benzo[b]thieno[2,3-f][1,4]oxazepin-10-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(3-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(8-chlorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(6-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(7-cyanodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-hydroxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(1-methoxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(2-methoxyethoxy)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(1-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(2-(trifluoromethyl)benzo[f]pyrido[2,3-b][1,4]oxazepin-6-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(11-cyclopropyl-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(5-cyclopropyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,

(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(2-morpholinoethoxy)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(benzo[f]pyrido[2,3-b][1,4]oxazepin-6-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(2-fluoro-4-methoxydibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(methylthio)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(methylsulfinyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(5H-benzo[e]pyrrolo[1,2-a][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(methylsulfonyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(E)-4-((dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-ylamino)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxy-8-(trifluoromethyl)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(3-morpholinodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-propyldibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(4-(trifluoromethoxy)dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(6-methyldibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(E)-4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-3-fluoro-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(E)-6-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxynicotinamide,
(E)-5-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxyfuran-2-carboxamide,
(E)-5-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxythiophene-2-carboxamide,
(Z)-4-(5-ethyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(5-cyclopropyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxy-N-methylbenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(5-isopropyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(E)-4-((5-cyclopropyl-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-ylamino)methyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(4-fluorodibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(5-(2-methoxyethyl)-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)benzamide,
(E)-4-(2-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-ylamino)ethyl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(11-ethyl-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-4-(5-cyclopropyl-2-fluoro-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(11-isopropyl-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(benzo[f]thieno[2,3-b][1,4]oxazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-6-(4-(dibenzo[b,f][1,4]oxazepin-11-yl)benzamidooxy)-3,4,5-trihydroxytetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-carboxylic acid,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(11-(3-morpholinopropyl)-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(11-(2-morpholinoethyl)-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)benzamide,
(Z)-4-(11-(cyclopropylmethyl)-11H-benzo[b]pyrido[2,3-e][1,4]diazepin-5-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide,
(Z)-N-hydroxy-4-(5-(2-morpholinoethyl)-5H-dibenzo[b,e][1,4]diazepin-11-yl)benzamide,



and .

72. A compound represented by the Formula VIII:

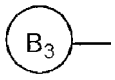


(VIII)

and N-oxides, hydrates, solvates, pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs, polymorphs and complexes thereof, and racemic and scalemic mixtures, diastereomers and enantiomers thereof, wherein

R^4	is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, C_1-C_6alkyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_6alkynyl, C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OR^3, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OR^1, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-OR^3, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)NR^3R^{3a}, -CH=CH-C(O)-OR^3, -CH=CH-C(O)-N(R^3)(R^{3a}), -N(R^3)-C(O)-CF^3, -N(R^3)-C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)(R^{3a}), -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)(R^{3a}), -N(R^3)-C(O)-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, -N(R^3)-S(O)$_2$-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, -S(O)$_2$-N(R^3)R^{3a}, -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)(R^{3a}), -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-OR^1, -S-R^3, -S(O)-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, -S(O)$_2$-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, C_4-C_7heterocyclyl-R^3, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl, -O-heterocyclyl-C(O)-OR^3, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-aryl, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-heteroaryl, -O-C(O)-NR^3-C_0-C_4alkyl-aryl, -O-C(O)-NR^3-C_0-C_4alkyl-heteroaryl, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclylaryl, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl-heteroaryl, -N(R^3)-C_2-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl, -N(R^3)C(O)N(R^3)-C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl-R^3, -C_0-C_4alkyl-OC(O)-R^3, -C_0-C_4alkyl-N(R^3)C(O)-O-R^3, -C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl-C(O)-O-R^3, -N(R^3)-C_2-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl, F, Cl, Br, I, NO_2, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -$OCHF_2$, -SCF_3, -SF_5,-SO_3H, -CN, -C_1-C_6 alkylaryl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6 alkyl-heteroaryl, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl and heteroaryl moeity of the aformentioned R^4 is optionally substituted;
each A	is independently selected from the group consisting of N, -N-oxide, -CH= and -C(R^4)=, wherein no more than two A per 5 or 6 membered ring are N, and wherein no more than one A is -N-oxide;
Z	is -N(R^1)OR^2 or H;
L	is a covalent bond or -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(OR^2)-; wherein, when L is C_0-C_3alkyl-N(OR^2)-, then Z is H; and wherein, when Z is H, then L is -C_0-C_3alkyl-N(OR^2)-;
G^2	is carbon or N;
U^2	is selected from the group consisting of a covalent bond, -C_1-C_8alkyl-, -C(R^{300})(R^{400})-, -C(O)-C(R^{301})(R^{401})-, -C_0-C_2alkyl-C(O)-O-C_0-C_4alkyl-,-C_0-C_2alkyl-C(O)-C_0-C_4alkyl-,-C_0-C_2alkyl-C(O)-NR^3-C_0-C_4alkyl-, -C(O)-O-C(R^{301})(R^{401})-, -C(O)-C(R^{301})(R^{401})- and -C(O)-NR^3-C(R^{300})(R^{400})-,
each R^3	is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl, C_1-C_3alkyl-C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_1-C_3alkyl-C_2-C_3alkynyl, -C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, -C_2-C_4alkyl-$NR^{3b}R^{3c}$, -C_2-C_4alkyl-NR^1R^2, heteroalkyl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, C(O)CF_3, -C(O)-NH_2, -C(O)-$NR^{3b}R^{3c}$, -C(O)-NR^1R^2, -C(O)-OR^1, -S(O)$_2$-NR^1R^2, -S(O)$_2$-R^1, -C(O)-R^1, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, C_0-C_3alkyl-heteroaryl and heteroaryl, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl and heteroaryl moiety is optionally substituted with from one to three independently selected substituents;
each R^{3a}	is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, C(O)CF_3, -C(O)-NH_2, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl, covalent bond, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl and heteroaryl moiety is optionally substituted;
wherein R^3 and R^{3a},	together with the atom to which they are attached, optionally form a heterocyclic ring, wherein the heterocyclyl moiety is optionally substituted;
R^{300} and R^{400}	are independently selected from the group consisting of -H, -F, -C_1-C_6alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl and cycloalkyl;
R^{301} and R^{401}	are independently selected from the group consisting of -H, F, OR^1, -NR^3R^{3a}-, -C_1-C_6alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl and cycloalkyl;

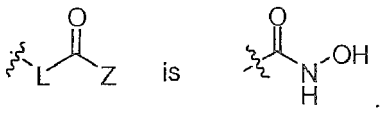
R^{200}, R^{201}, R^{202} and R^{203} are independently selected from the group consisting of -H, -C_1-C_6alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl and cycloalkyl; and



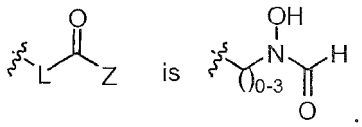
is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, heteroaryl, alkyl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl, wherein each aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -SCF_3, -SF_5, -NO_2, -CN, -C_1-C_6alkyl, -C_1-C_6alkoxyl, -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-O-R^1, -O-R^1, -OCF_2H, -C_0-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_{0-2}$-R^1, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-R^1, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)NR^3R^{3a}, -C_0-C_6alkyl- $NR^3C(O)$-R^2, -C_0-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_2NR^3R^{3a}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl- $NR^3S(O)_2$-R^2, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OC(O)NR^3R^{3a}, -C_0-C_6alkyl- $NR^3C(O)O$-R^1, -C_0-C_6alkyl- $NR^1C(O)NR^3R^{3a}$, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)O-R^1, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OC(O)-R^1, -C_0-C_6alkyl-aryl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl, -C_0-C_6alkyl-NR^3R^{3a} and -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-NR^3R^{3a}; and

R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from the group consisting of -H, C_1-C_6alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl and a protecting group.

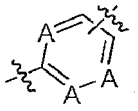
73. The compound according to para 72, wherein the moiety



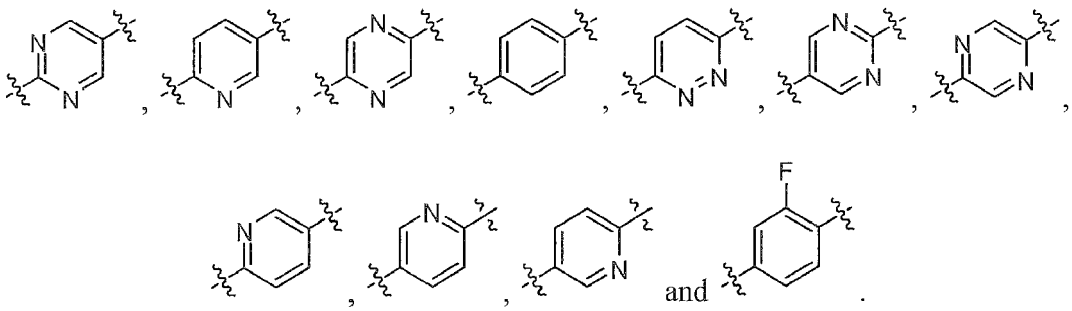
74. The compound according to para 72, wherein the moiety



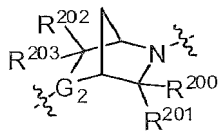
75. The compound according to any of paras 72 to 74, wherein the moiety



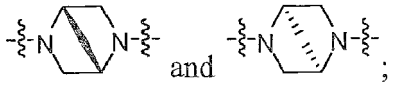
is a radical selected from the group consisting of



76. The compound according to any of paras 72 to 75, wherein the moiety



is a radical selected from the group consisting of

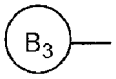


or an enantiomer thereof, a scalemic thereof, or a mixture of enantiomers thereof.

77. The compound according to any of paras 72 to 76, wherein U^2 is a covalent bond.

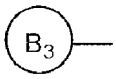
78. The compound according to any of paras 72 to 76, wherein U^2 is selected from the group consisting of a-C_1-C_4alkyl, -CH(aryl)-, -CH(heteroaryl)-, -C(O)-, -C(O)-CH(aryl)-, -C(O)-CH(heteroaryl)-, -C(O)O- C_1-C_2alkyl-, -C(O)O- and -C(O)NH-.

79. The compound according to any of paras 72 to 78, wherein the moiety

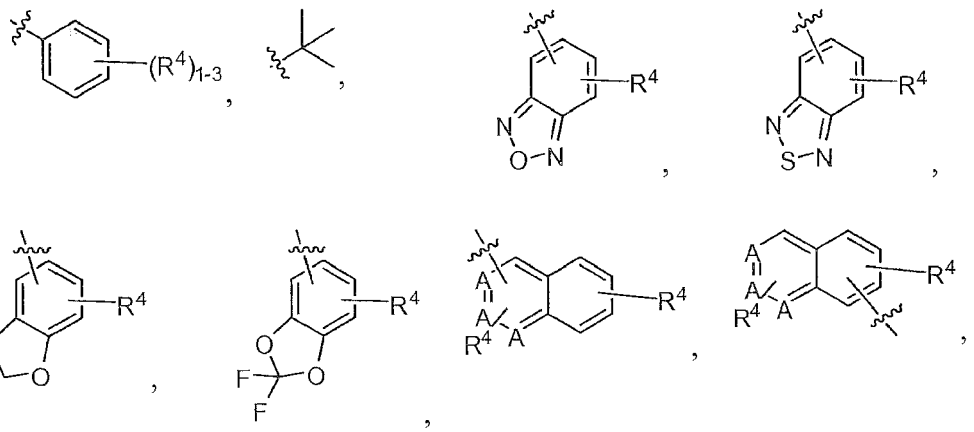


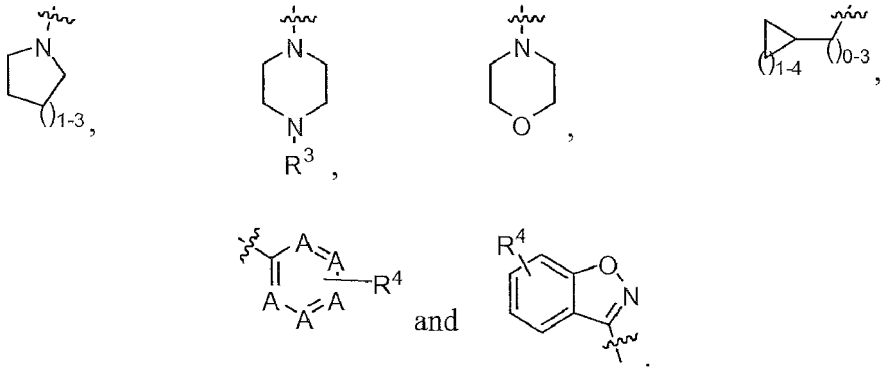
is a radical selected from the group consisting of H, alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl, wherein each aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of halo, $-CF_3$, $-OCF_3$, $-SCF_3$, $-SF_5$, -CN, $-C_1$-C_6alkyl, -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-O-R^1, -O-R^1, $-OCF_2H$, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}$-R^1, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$C(O)NR^3R^{3a}$, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl- $NR^3C(O)$-R^2, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_2NR^3R^{3a}$, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl- $NR^3S(O)_2$-R^2, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$OC(O)NR^3R^{3a}$, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$NR^3C(O)O$-R^1, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$NR^1C(O)NR^3R^{3a}$, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$C(O)O$-R^1, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-$OC(O)$-R^1, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-aryl, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-heteroaryl, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloatkyl, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-heterocyclyl, $-C_0$-C_6alkyl-NR^3R^{3a} and -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-NR^3R^{3a}.

80. The compound according to any of paras 72 to 78, wherein the moiety

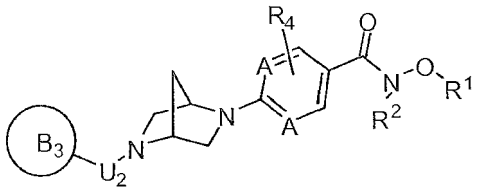


is a radical selected from the group consisting of





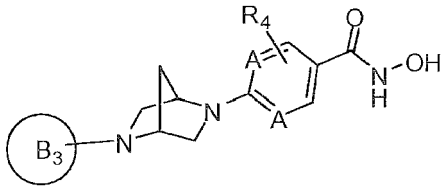
81. The compound according to para 72, represented by the Formula (IX):



(IX)

or where possible, a (R,R) or (S,S) enantiomer, scalemic or a mixture of enantiomers thereof.

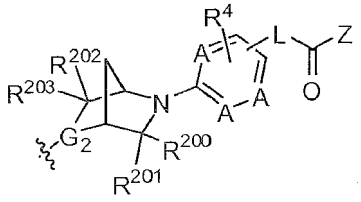
82. The compound according to para 72, represented by the Formula (X):



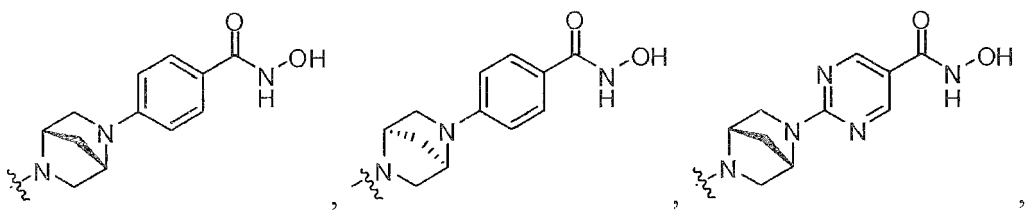
(X)

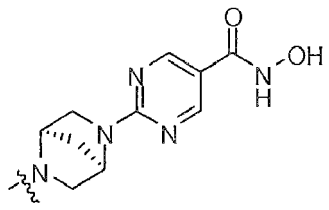
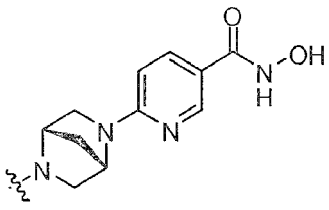
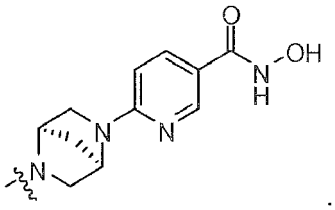
or where possible, a (R,R) or (S,S) enantiomer, scalemic or a mixture of enantiomers thereof.

83. The compound according to para 72 , wherein the moiety



is a radical selected from the group consisting of




,

and

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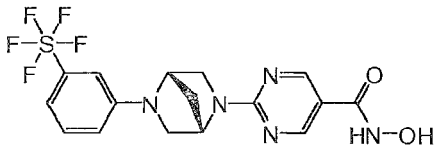
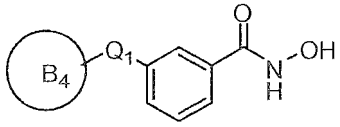
84. A compound selected from the group consisting of:

2-((1S,4S)-5-benzyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-p-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-benzhydryl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(4-chlorophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
(1S,4S)-tert-butyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-fluorophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-o-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-phenyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-benzoyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(2-fluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(benzo[c][1,2,5]oxadiazol-5-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(benzo[c][1,2,5]thiadiazol-5-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(benzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(2,2-diphenylacetyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-4-((1S,4S)-5-p-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide,
(1S,4S)-benzyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate,
(1S,4S)-isobutyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(2,2-difluorobenzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethylthio)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(2-(trifluoromethyl)quinolin-4-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5 -carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(difluoromethoxy)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
(1S,4S)-cyclopentyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(benzo[c][1,2,5]oxadiazol-4-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-car-

boxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(5-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1R,4R)-5-p-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
(1S,4S)-isopropyl5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate,
(1S,4S)-pyridin-3-ylmethyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate,
(1S,4S)-cyclopropylmethyl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate,
(1S,4S)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl 5-(5-(hydroxycarbamoyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylate,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-y1)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(benzo[d]isoxazol-3-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(dimethylcarbamoyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-((dimethylamino)methyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-m-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-6-(5-p-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)nicotinamide,
N-hydroxy-5-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrazine-2-carboxamide,
2-fluoro-N-hydroxy-4-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(pyrrolidine-1-carbonyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1S,4S)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-6-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyridazine-3-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1R,4R)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-2-((1R,4R)-5-m-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)pyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
2-(5-(3-cyanophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxypyrimidine-5-carboxamide,
N-hydroxy-4-(5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide, N-hydroxy-4-(5-m-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide,
N-hydroxy-4-((1S,4S)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide,
N-hydroxy-4-((1S,4S)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide,
4-((1S,4S)-5-(3-cyanophenyl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N-hydroxybenzamide, N-hydroxy-4-((1R,4R)-5-m-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide,
N-hydroxy-4-((1R,4R)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide,
N-hydroxy-4-((1S,4S)-5-(4-(trifluoromethyl)pyrimidin-2-yl)-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide,
N-hydroxy-N-methyl-4-((1S,4S)-5-p-tolyl-2,5-diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)benzamide and

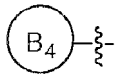


85. The compound according to para 1, represented by the Formula (XI):

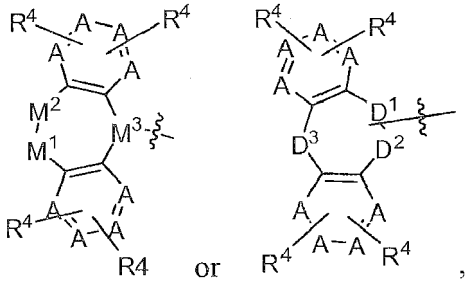


(XI)

and N-oxides, hydrates, solvates, pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs, polymorphs and complexes thereof, and racemic and scalemic mixtures, diastereomers and enantiomers thereof,
wherein



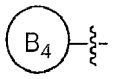
is



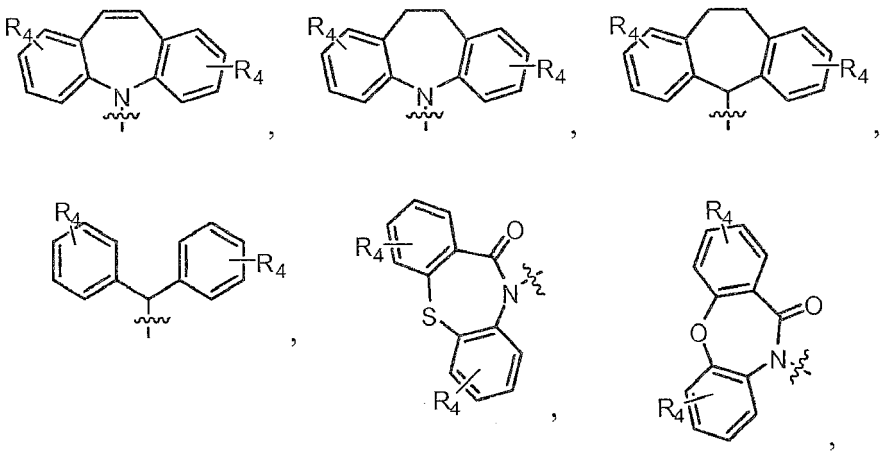
and

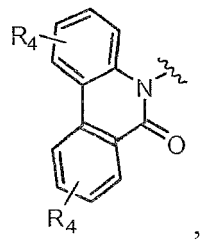
Q^1 is selected from the group consisting of -C_1-C_6alkyl, covalent bond, -C_0-C_6alkyl-O-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-NR_3-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$S(O)_{0-2}$-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-$NR_3C(O)$-C_0-C_6alkyl-,-C_0-C_6alkyl-$C(O)NR_3$-C_0-C_6alkyl- and -C_0-C_6alkyl-$OC(O)NR_3$-C_0-C_6alkyl-.

86. The compound according to para 85, wherein the moiety



is selected from a radical consisting of

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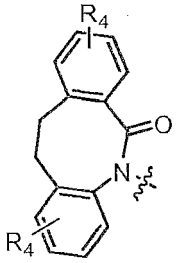
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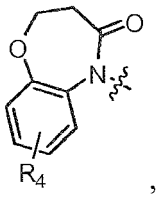
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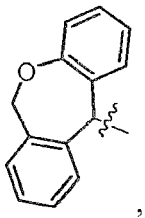
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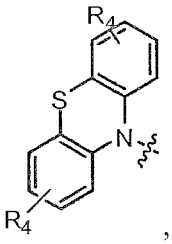
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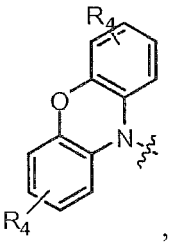
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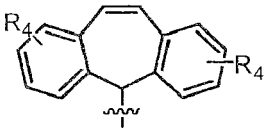
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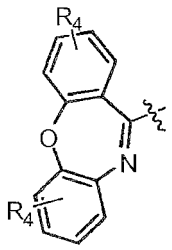
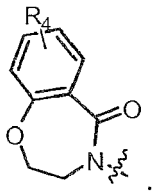
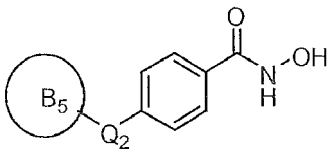


.

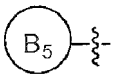
and

87. The compound according to para 1, represented by the Formula (XII):

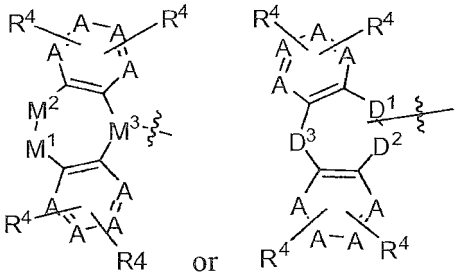


(XII)

and N-oxides, hydrates, solvates, pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs, polymorphs and complexes thereof, and racemic and scalemic mixtures, diastereomers and enantiomers thereof,
wherein



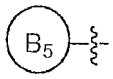
is



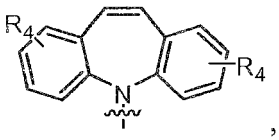
and

Q^2 is selected from the group consisting of -C_1-C_6alkyl, covalent bond, -C_0-C_6alkyl-O-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-NR_3-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-S(O)$_{0-2}$-C_0-C_6alkyl-, -C_0-C_6alkyl-NR_3C(O)-C_0-C_6alkyl-,-C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)NR_3-C_0-C_6alkyl- and -C_0-C_6alkyl-OC(O)NR_3-C_0-C_6alkyl-.

88. The compound according to para 87, wherein the moiety



is selected from a radical consisting of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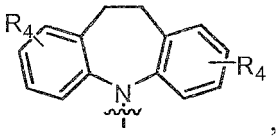
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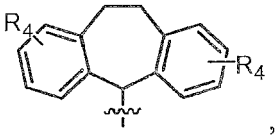
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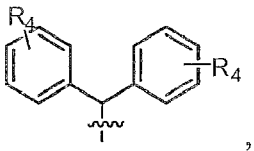
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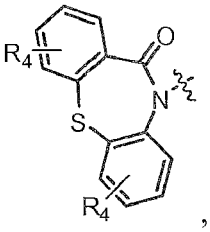
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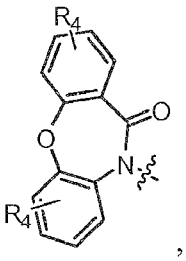
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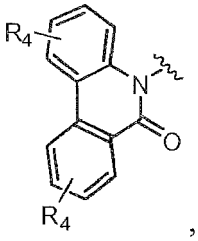
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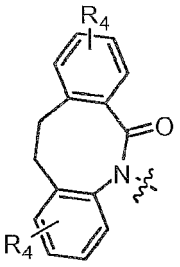
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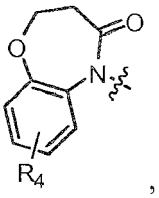
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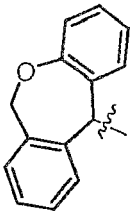
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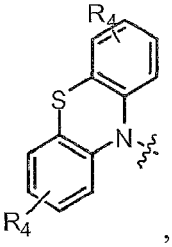
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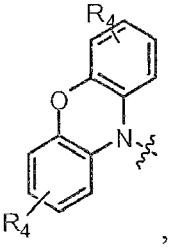
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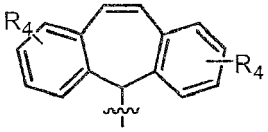
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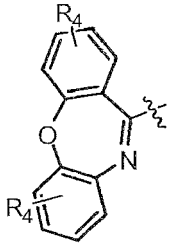
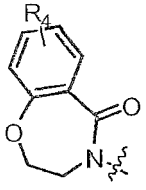
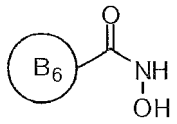
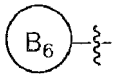

and


89. The compound according to para 1, represented by the Formula (XIII):

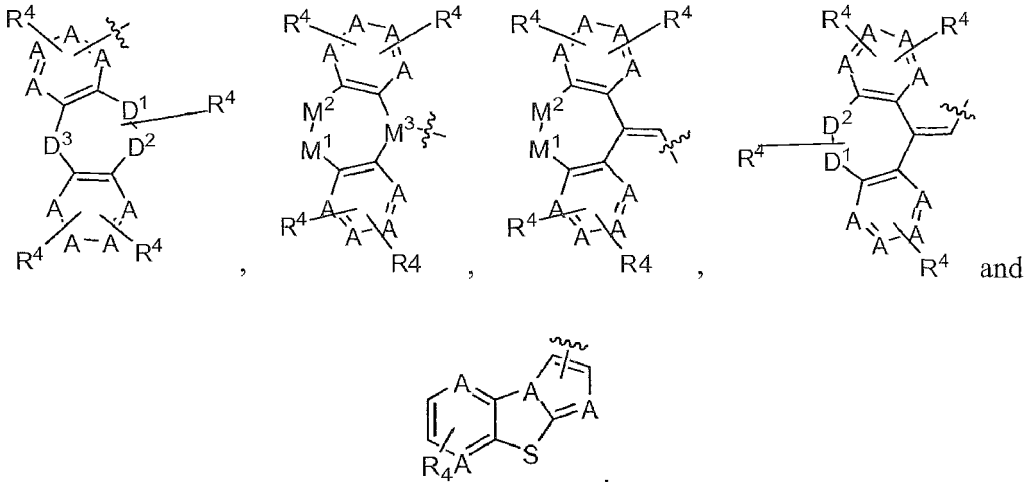


(XIII)

and N-oxides, hydrates, solvates, pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs, polymorphs and complexes thereof, and racemic and scalemic mixtures, diastereomers and enantiomers thereof,
wherein

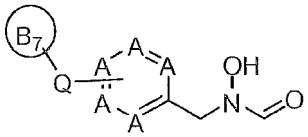


is a radical selected from the group consisting of



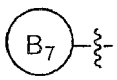
and

90. The compound according to para 1, represent by the Formula (XIV):

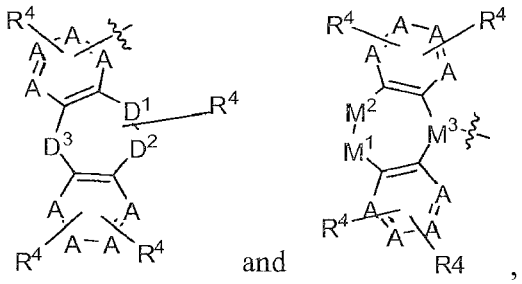


(XIV)

and N-oxides, hydrates, solvates, pharmaceutically acceptable salts, prodrugs, polymorphs and complexes thereof, and racemic and scalemic mixtures, diastereomers and enantiomers thereof,
wherein

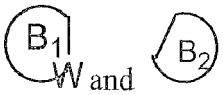


is a radical selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl,



wherein each aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted.

91. The compound according to para 52, wherein



are independently selected from the group consisting of phenyl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl, wherein each phenyl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl is optionally substituted with one to three substituents independently selected from the group consisting of R^4,
wherein

R^4 is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, C_1-C_6alkyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_6alkynyl, C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OR^3, -C_0-C_6alkyl-OR^1, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)-OR^3, -C_0-C_6alkyl-C(O)NR^3 R^{3a}, -CH=CH-C(O)-OR^3, -CH=CH-C(O)-N(R^3)(R^{3a}), -N(R^3)-C(O)-CF^3, -N(R^3)-C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)(R^{3a}), -C_0-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)(R^{3a}), -N(R^3)-C(O)-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, -N(R^3)-$S(O)_2$-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, - $S(O)_2$-N(R^3)R^{3a}, -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-N(R^3)(R^{3a}), -O-C_2-C_6alkyl-OR^3, -S-R^3, -S(O)-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, -$S(O)_2$-C_1-C_6alkyl-R^3, C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, C_4-C_7heterocyclyl-R^3, -O-C_2-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl, -O-heterocyclyl-C(O)-OR^3, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-aryl, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-heteroaryl, -O-C(O)-NR^3-C_0-C_4alkyl-aryl, -O-C(O)-NR^3-C_0-C_4alkyl-heteroaryl, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclylaryl, -O-C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl-heteroaryl, -N(R^3)-C_2-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl, -N(R^3)C(O)N(R^3)-C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl-R^3, -C_0-C_4alkyl-OC(O)-R^3, -C_0-C_4alkyl-N(R^3)C(O)-O-R^3, -C_0-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl-C(O)-O-R^3, -N(R^3)-C_2-C_4alkyl-heterocyclyl, F, Cl, Br, I, NO_2, -CF_3, -OCF_3, -$OCHF_2$, -SCF_3, -SF_5,-SO_3H, -CN, -C_1-C_6 alkylaryl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6 alkylheteroaryl, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl and heteroaryl moeity of the aformentioned R^4 is optionally substituted; wherein

each R^3 is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, C_0-C_3alkyl-heterocyclyl, C_1-C_3alkyl-C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_1-C_3alkyl-C_2-C_3alkynyl, -C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, -C_2-C_4alkyl-$NR^{3b}R^{3c}$, -C_2-C_4alkyl-NR^1R^2, heteroalkyl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, C(O)CF_3, -C(O)-NH_2, -C(O)-$NR^{3b}R^{3c}$, -C(O)-NR^1R^2, -C(O)-OR^1, -$S(O)_2$-NR^1R^2, -$S(O)_2$-R^1, -C(O)-R^1, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_0-C_3alkyl-C_3-C_7cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, C_0-C_3alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl and heteroaryl moiety is optionally substituted with from one to three independently selected substituents;

each R^{3a} is independently selected from the group consisting of -H, alkyl, heterocyclyl, C_2-C_6alkenyl, C_2-C_3alkynyl, C_2-C_4alkyl-OR^1, heteroalkyl, heteroaryl, C_0-C_6alkylheteroaryl, C(O)CF_3, -C(O)-NH_2, -C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -alkyl-C_3-C_6cycloalkyl, -C_1-C_6alkylaryl, aryl, alkylheteroaryl and heteroaryl, covalent bond, wherein each alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl and heteroaryl moiety is optionally substituted; wherein R^3 and R^{3a}, together with the atom to which they are attached, optionally form a heterocyclic ring, wherein the heterocyclyl moiety is optionally substituted; wherein R^{3b} and R^{3c}, together with the atom to which they are attached, optionally form a heterocyclic ring, wherein the heterocyclyl moiety is optionally substituted; and

R^1 and R^2 are independently selected from the group consisting of -H, C_1-C_6alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, cycloalkyl and a protecting group.

92. The use of a compound according to any of paras 1 to 91 for inhibition of histone deacetylase.

93. A composition comprising a compound according to any of paras 1 to 91 and a pharmaceutically accetable carrier.

94. A method of inhibiting histone deacetylase, the method comprising contacting the histone deacetylase with a compound according to any of paras 1 to 91 or a composition thereof.

95. A method of inhibiting histone deacetylase in a cell, the method comprising contact the cell with a compound according to any of paras 1 to 91 or a composition thereof.

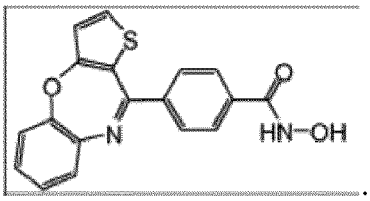
96. A method of treating a polyglutamine (polyQ) expansion disease, comprising administering to an individual in need of treatment a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to any of paras 1 to 91, or a composition thereof.

97. The method according to para 96, wherein the disease is selected from the group consisting of Huntington's Disease (HD), Dentatorubralpallidoluysian atrophy (DRPLA), spinal and bulbar muscular atrophy (SBMA), and five spinocerebellar ataxias (SCA1, SCA2, SCA3/MJD (Machado- Joseph Disease), SCA6 and SCA7).

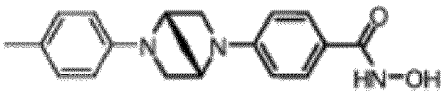
98. The method according to para 97, wherein the disease is Huntington's Disease.

Claims

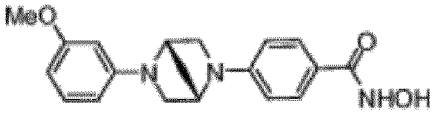
1. A compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof:



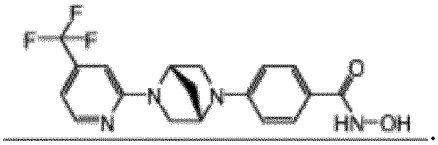
2. A compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof:



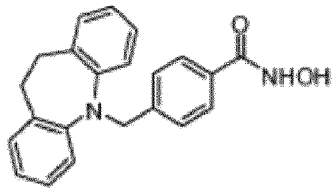
3. A compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof:



4. A compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof:



5. A compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof:



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6. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the compound of any one of claims 1 to 5 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

7. An *in vitro* method of inhibiting histone deacetylase, the method comprising contacting the histone deacetylase with the compound of any one of claims 1 to 5 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or the pharmaceutical composition according to claim 6.

8. A compound of any one of claims 1 to 5 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for use in inhibiting histone deacetylase.

9. A compound of any one of claims 1 to 5 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof for use in treating a polyglutamine expansion disease.

10. The compound for use according to claim 9 wherein the polyglutamine expansion disease is Huntington's Disease.

11. The compound for use according to claim 9, wherein the polyglutamine expansion disease is Dentatorubralpallidoluysian atrophy.

12. The compound for use according to claim 9, wherein the polyglutamine expansion disease is spinocerebellar ataxia type 3.

13. The compound for use according to claim 9, wherein the polyglutamine expansion disease is spinal and bulbar muscular atrophy.

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摘要

本發明關於五個具體的 N-羥基苯化合物用於組蛋白去乙酰的抑制：N-羥基-4-(5-p-甲苯)-2,5-二氮雜雙環[2.2.1] 庚烷-2-基)苯甲酰胺；N-羥基-4-(5-(3-甲氧苯基)-2,5-二氮雜雙環[2.2.1] 庚烷-2-基)苯甲酰胺；N-羥基-4-(5-(4-(三氟甲基) 吡啶-2-基)- 2,5-二氮雜雙環[2.2.1] 庚烷-2-基)苯甲酰胺；4-(苯並[b] 噻吩並[2,3-f][1,4] 去甲羥安定-10-基)-N-羥基苯甲酰胺；和 4-(10,11-二氫-5H-二苯[b,f] 氮雜-5-基)-N-羥基苯甲酰胺。