

(12) PATENT
(19) AUSTRALIAN PATENT OFFICE

(11) Application No. AU 199876907 B2
(10) Patent No. 742751

(54) Title
Compounds for immunotherapy and diagnosis of tuberculosis and methods of their use

(51)⁷ International Patent Classification(s)
C12N 015/31 C12N 001/20
A61K 039/04 C12N 001/21
A61K 048/00 C12N 005/10
A61K 049/00 C12N 015/62
C07K 014/35 G01N 033/50
C07K 019/00 G01N 033/569
C12N 001/19 G01N 033/60

(21) Application No: **199876907**

(22) Application Date: **1998.05.20**

(87) WIPO No: **WO98/53075**

(30) Priority Data

(31) Number	(32) Date	(33) Country
08/859381	1997.05.20	US
09/073010	1998.05.05	US

(43) Publication Date : **1998.12.11**

(43) Publication Journal Date : **1999.02.04**

(44) Accepted Journal Date : **2002.01.10**

(71) Applicant(s)
Corixa Corporation

(72) Inventor(s)
Mark R. Alderson; Davin C. Dillon; Yasir A.W. Skeiky; Antonio Campos-Neto

(74) Agent/Attorney
SPRUSON and FERGUSON,GPO Box 3898,SYDNEY NSW 2001

(56) Related Art
GENPEPT ACCESSION NO AAK 20893



(51) International Patent Classification ⁶ : C12N 15/31, C07K 14/35, A61K 39/04, 48/00, 49/00, C12N 15/62, C07K 19/00, G01N 33/50, 33/60, 33/569, C12N 1/19, 1/20, 1/21, 5/10 // (C12N 1/21, C12R 1:19)	A2	(11) International Publication Number: WO 98/53075 (43) International Publication Date: 26 November 1998 (26.11.98)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/US98/10407 (22) International Filing Date: 20 May 1998 (20.05.98) (30) Priority Data: 08/859,381 20 May 1997 (20.05.97) US 09/073,010 5 May 1998 (05.05.98) US (71) Applicant: CORIXA CORPORATION [US/US]; Suite 200, 1124 Columbia Street, Seattle, WA 98104 (US). (72) Inventors: ALDERSON, Mark, R.; 1116 Grow Avenue Northwest, Bainbridge Island, WA 98110 (US). DILLON, Davin, C.; 21607 Northeast 24th Street, Redmond, WA 98053 (US). SKEIKY, Yasir, A., W.; 8327 - 25th Avenue N.W., Seattle, WA 98117 (US). CAMPOS-NETO, Antonio; 9308 N.E. Midship Court, Bainbridge Island, WA 98110 (US). (74) Agents: MAKI, David, J. et al.; Seed and Berry LLP, 6300 Columbia Center, 701 Fifth Avenue, Seattle, WA 98104-7092 (US).		(81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published <i>Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report.</i>
(54) Title: COMPOUNDS FOR IMMUNOTHERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF TUBERCULOSIS AND METHODS OF THEIR USE (57) Abstract Compounds and methods for inducing protective immunity against tuberculosis are disclosed. The compounds provided include polypeptides that contain at least one immunogenic portion of one or more <i>M. tuberculosis</i> proteins and DNA molecules encoding such polypeptides. Such compounds may be formulated into vaccines and/or pharmaceutical compositions for immunization against <i>M. tuberculosis</i> infection, or may be used for the diagnosis of tuberculosis.		

DescriptionCOMPOUNDS FOR IMMUNOTHERAPY AND
DIAGNOSIS OF TUBERCULOSIS AND METHODS OF THEIR USE5 Technical Field

The present invention relates generally to detecting, treating and preventing *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection. The invention is more particularly related to polypeptides comprising a *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* antigen, or a portion or other variant thereof, and the use of such polypeptides for diagnosing and vaccinating
10 against *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection.

Background of the Invention

Tuberculosis is a chronic, infectious disease, that is generally caused by infection with *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*. It is a major disease in developing
15 countries, as well as an increasing problem in developed areas of the world, with about 8 million new cases and 3 million deaths each year. Although the infection may be asymptomatic for a considerable period of time, the disease is most commonly manifested as an acute inflammation of the lungs, resulting in fever and a nonproductive cough. If left untreated, serious complications and death typically result.

20 Although tuberculosis can generally be controlled using extended antibiotic therapy, such treatment is not sufficient to prevent the spread of the disease. Infected individuals may be asymptomatic, but contagious, for some time. In addition, although compliance with the treatment regimen is critical, patient behavior is difficult to monitor. Some patients do not complete the course of treatment, which can lead to
25 ineffective treatment and the development of drug resistance.

Inhibiting the spread of tuberculosis requires effective vaccination and accurate, early diagnosis of the disease. Currently, vaccination with live bacteria is the most efficient method for inducing protective immunity. The most common
Mycobacterium employed for this purpose is *Bacillus Calmette-Guerin* (BCG), an
30 avirulent strain of *Mycobacterium bovis*. However, the safety and efficacy of BCG is a source of controversy and some countries, such as the United States, do not vaccinate

the general public. Diagnosis is commonly achieved using a skin test, which involves intradermal exposure to tuberculin PPD (protein-purified derivative). Antigen-specific T cell responses result in measurable induration at the injection site by 48-72 hours after injection, which indicates exposure to Mycobacterial antigens. Sensitivity and specificity have, however, been a problem with this test, and individuals vaccinated with BCG cannot be distinguished from infected individuals.

While macrophages have been shown to act as the principal effectors of *M. tuberculosis* immunity, T cells are the predominant inducers of such immunity. The essential role of T cells in protection against *M. tuberculosis* infection is illustrated by the frequent occurrence of *M. tuberculosis* in AIDS patients, due to the depletion of CD4 T cells associated with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection. Mycobacterium-reactive CD4 T cells have been shown to be potent producers of gamma-interferon (IFN- γ), which, in turn, has been shown to trigger the anti-mycobacterial effects of macrophages in mice. While the role of IFN- γ in humans is less clear, studies have shown that 1,25-dihydroxy-vitamin D₃, either alone or in combination with IFN- γ or tumor necrosis factor-alpha, activates human macrophages to inhibit *M. tuberculosis* infection. Furthermore, it is known that IFN- γ stimulates human macrophages to make 1,25-dihydroxy-vitamin D₃. Similarly, IL-12 has been shown to play a role in stimulating resistance to *M. tuberculosis* infection. For a review of the immunology of *M. tuberculosis* infection see Chan and Kaufmann in *Tuberculosis: Pathogenesis, Protection and Control*, Bloom (ed.), ASM Press, Washington, DC, 1994.

Accordingly, there is a need in the art for improved vaccines and methods for preventing, treating and detecting tuberculosis. The present invention fulfils these needs and further provides other related advantages.

Summary of the Invention

Briefly stated, there are described herein compounds and methods for preventing and diagnosing tuberculosis. In one aspect, polypeptides are described comprising an immunogenic portion of an *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of such an antigen that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications, the antigen comprising an amino acid sequence encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of the sequences recited in SEQ ID NO:1, 11, 12, 83, 103-108, 125, 127, 129-137, 139 and 140, the complements of said sequences, and DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID NO:1, 11, 12, 83, 103-108, 125, 127, 129-137, 139 and 140, or a complement thereof under moderately stringent conditions. In a second aspect, there are described herein polypeptides comprising an immunogenic portion of a *M. tuberculosis*



antigen having an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences provided in SEQ ID NO: 16-33, 109, 126, 138, 141, 142 and variants thereof.

In related aspects, DNA sequences encoding the above polypeptides, expression vectors comprising these DNA sequences and host cells transformed or transfected with such expression vectors are also described.

In another aspect, there are described herein fusion proteins comprising a first and a second inventive polypeptide or, alternatively, an inventive polypeptide and a known *M. tuberculosis* antigen.

Within other aspects, there are described herein pharmaceutical compositions that comprise one or more of the above polypeptides, or a DNA molecule encoding such polypeptides, and a physiologically acceptable carrier. There is also described herein vaccines comprising one or more of the polypeptides as described above and a non-specific immune response enhancer, together with vaccines comprising one or more DNA sequences encoding such polypeptides and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

In yet another aspect, methods are described for inducing protective immunity in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of one or more of the above polypeptides.

In further aspects, methods and diagnostic kits are described for detecting tuberculosis in a patient. The methods comprise contacting dermal cells of a patient with one or more of the above polypeptides and detecting an immune response on the patient's skin. The diagnostic kits comprise one or more of the above polypeptides in combination with an apparatus sufficient to contact the polypeptide with the dermal cells of a patient.

In yet another aspect, methods are described for detecting tuberculosis in a patient, such methods comprising contacting dermal cells of a patient with one or more polypeptides encoded by a DNA sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2-10, 102, 128, the complements of said sequences, and DNA sequences that hybridize to a sequence recited in SEQ ID NO: 2-10, 102, 128; and detecting an immune response on the patient's skin. Diagnostic kits for use in such methods are also described.

Accordingly, in a first embodiment of the invention there is provided a pharmaceutical composition comprising:

(a) at least one isolated polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:142, or an amino acid sequence comprising an immunogenic portion of SEQ ID NO:142; and



(b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.

According to a second embodiment of the invention there is provided a method for inducing protective immunity in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a pharmaceutical composition according to the first embodiment.

5 According to a third embodiment of the invention there is provided a pharmaceutical composition comprising:

(a) at least one isolated polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:142, or an amino acid sequence comprising an immunogenic portion of SEQ ID NO:142; and

10 (b) a physiologically acceptable carrier,
when used for inducing protective immunity in a patient.

According to a fourth embodiment of the invention there is provided a vaccine comprising:

(a) at least one isolated polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:142, or an amino acid sequence comprising an immunogenic portion of SEQ ID NO:142; and

(b) a non-specific immune response enhancer.

20 According to a fifth embodiment of the invention there is provided a method for inducing protective immunity in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a vaccine according to the fourth embodiment.

According to a sixth embodiment of the invention there is provided a vaccine comprising:

(a) at least one isolated polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:142, or an amino acid sequence comprising an immunogenic portion of SEQ ID NO:142; and

(b) a non-specific immune response enhancer,
when used for inducing protective immunity in a patient.

According to a seventh embodiment of the invention there is provided use of a composition comprising:



(a) at least one isolated polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:142, or an amino acid sequence comprising an immunogenic portion of SEQ ID NO:142; and

(b) a non-specific immune response enhancer,

5 for the preparation of a medicament for inducing protective immunity in a patient.

These and other aspects of the present invention will become apparent upon reference to the following detailed description and attached drawings. All references disclosed herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety as if each was incorporated individually.

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Brief Description of the Drawings

Figures 1A and 1B illustrate the stimulation of proliferation and interferon- γ production, respectively, in T cells derived from a first PPD-positive donor (referred to as D7) by recombinant ORF-2 and synthetic peptides to ORF-2.

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Figures 2A and 2B illustrate the stimulation of proliferation and interferon- γ production, respectively, in T cells derived from a second PPD-positive donor (referred to as D160) by recombinant ORF-2 and synthetic peptides to ORF-2.

Detailed Description of the Invention

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As noted above, the present invention is generally directed to compositions and methods for preventing, treating and diagnosing tuberculosis. The compositions of the subject invention include polypeptides that comprise at least one immunogenic portion of a *M. tuberculosis* antigen, or a variant of such an antigen that differs only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications. As used herein, the term "polypeptide" encompasses amino acid chains of any length, including full length proteins (*i.e.*, antigens), wherein the amino acid residues are linked by covalent peptide bonds. Thus, a polypeptide

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comprising an immunogenic portion of one of the above



antigens may consist entirely of the immunogenic portion, or may contain additional sequences. The additional sequences may be derived from the native *M. tuberculosis* antigen or may be heterologous, and such sequences may (but need not) be immunogenic.

5 "Immunogenic," as used herein, refers to the ability to elicit an immune response (*e.g.*, cellular) in a patient, such as a human, and/or in a biological sample. In particular, antigens that are immunogenic (and immunogenic portions or other variants of such antigens) are capable of stimulating cell proliferation, interleukin-12 production and/or interferon- γ production in biological samples comprising one or more cells
10 selected from the group of T cells, NK cells, B cells and macrophages, where the cells are derived from an *M. tuberculosis*-immune individual. Polypeptides comprising at least an immunogenic portion of one or more *M. tuberculosis* antigens may generally be used to detect tuberculosis or to induce protective immunity against tuberculosis in a patient.

15 The compositions and methods of this invention also encompass variants of the above polypeptides. A polypeptide "variant," as used herein, is a polypeptide that differs from the recited polypeptide only in conservative substitutions and/or modifications, such that the therapeutic, antigenic and/or immunogenic properties of the polypeptide are retained. Polypeptide variants preferably exhibit at least about 70%,
20 more preferably at least about 90% and most preferably at least about 95% identity to the identified polypeptides. For polypeptides with immunoreactive properties, variants may, alternatively, be identified by modifying the amino acid sequence of one of the above polypeptides, and evaluating the immunoreactivity of the modified polypeptide. For polypeptides useful for the generation of diagnostic binding agents, a variant may
25 be identified by evaluating a modified polypeptide for the ability to generate antibodies that detect the presence or absence of tuberculosis. Alternatively, variants of the claimed antigens that may be usefully employed in the inventive diagnostic methods may be identified by evaluating modified polypeptides for their ability to detect antibodies present in the sera of tuberculosis-infected patients. Such modified

sequences may be prepared and tested using, for example, the representative procedures described herein.

A "conservative substitution" is one in which an amino acid is substituted for another amino acid that has similar properties, such that one skilled in the art of peptide chemistry would expect the secondary structure and hydrophobic nature of the polypeptide to be substantially unchanged. In general, the following groups of amino acids represent conservative changes: (1) ala, pro, gly, glu, asp, gln, asn, ser, thr; (2) cys, ser, tyr, thr; (3) val, ile, leu, met, ala, phe; (4) lys, arg, his; and (5) phe, tyr, trp, his.

Variants may also (or alternatively) be modified by, for example, the deletion or addition of amino acids that have minimal influence on the immunogenic properties, secondary structure and hydrophobic nature of the polypeptide. For example, a polypeptide may be conjugated to a signal (or leader) sequence at the N-terminal end of the protein which co-translationally or post-translationally directs transfer of the protein. The polypeptide may also be conjugated to a linker or other sequence for ease of synthesis, purification or identification of the polypeptide (e.g., poly-His), or to enhance binding of the polypeptide to a solid support. For example, a polypeptide may be conjugated to an immunoglobulin Fc region.

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In general, *M. tuberculosis* antigens, and DNA sequences encoding such antigens, may be prepared using any of a variety of procedures. For example, genomic or cDNA libraries derived from *M. tuberculosis* may be screened directly using peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) or T cell lines or clones derived from one or more *M. tuberculosis*-immune individuals. Direct library screens may generally be performed by assaying pools of expressed recombinant proteins for the ability of induce proliferation and/or interferon- γ production in T cells derived from an *M. tuberculosis*-immune individual. Potential T cell antigens may be first selected based on antibody reactivity, as described above.

Alternatively, DNA sequences encoding antigens may be identified by screening an appropriate *M. tuberculosis* genomic or cDNA expression library with sera obtained from patients infected with *M. tuberculosis*. Such screens may generally be performed using techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as those described in Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989.

Purified antigens are then evaluated for their ability to elicit an appropriate immune response (e.g., cellular) using, for example, the representative methods described herein. Immunogenic antigens may then be partially sequenced using techniques such as traditional Edman chemistry. See Edman and Berg, *Eur. J. Biochem.* 80:116-132, 1967. Immunogenic antigens may also be produced recombinantly using a DNA sequence that encodes the antigen, which has been inserted into an expression vector and expressed in an appropriate host.

DNA sequences encoding the inventive antigens may also be obtained by screening an appropriate *M. tuberculosis* cDNA or genomic DNA library for DNA sequences that hybridize to degenerate oligonucleotides derived from partial amino acid sequences of isolated antigens. Degenerate oligonucleotide sequences for use in such a screen may be designed and synthesized, and the screen may be performed, as described (for example) in Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989 (and references cited therein). Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) may also be employed, using the above oligonucleotides in methods well known in the art, to isolate a nucleic acid probe from a cDNA or genomic library. The library screen may then be performed using the isolated probe.

Regardless of the method of preparation, the antigens (and immunogenic portions thereof) described herein have the ability to induce an immunogenic response. More specifically, the antigens have the ability to induce proliferation and/or cytokine production (i.e., interferon- γ and/or interleukin-12 production) in T cells, NK cells, B cells and/or macrophages derived from an *M. tuberculosis*-immune individual. The selection of cell type for use in evaluating an immunogenic response to a antigen will,

of course, depend on the desired response. For example, interleukin-12 production is most readily evaluated using preparations containing B cells and/or macrophages. An *M. tuberculosis*-immune individual is one who is considered to be resistant to the development of tuberculosis by virtue of having mounted an effective T cell response to *M. tuberculosis* (i.e., substantially free of disease symptoms). Such individuals may be identified based on a strongly positive (i.e., greater than about 10 mm diameter induration) intradermal skin test response to tuberculosis proteins (PPD) and an absence of any signs or symptoms of tuberculosis disease. T cells, NK cells, B cells and macrophages derived from *M. tuberculosis*-immune individuals may be prepared using methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, a preparation of PBMCs (i.e., peripheral blood mononuclear cells) may be employed without further separation of component cells. PBMCs may generally be prepared, for example, using density centrifugation through Ficoll™ (Winthrop Laboratories, NY).

T cells for use in the assays described herein may also be purified directly from PBMCs. Alternatively, an enriched T cell line reactive against mycobacterial proteins, or T cell clones reactive to individual mycobacterial proteins, may be employed. Such T cell clones may be generated by, for example, culturing PBMCs from *M. tuberculosis*-immune individuals with mycobacterial proteins for a period of 2-4 weeks. This allows expansion of only the mycobacterial protein-specific T cells, resulting in a line composed solely of such cells. These cells may then be cloned and tested with individual proteins, using methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art, to more accurately define individual T cell specificity. In general, antigens that test positive in assays for proliferation and/or cytokine production (i.e., interferon- γ and/or interleukin-12 production) performed using T cells, NK cells, B cells and/or macrophages derived from an *M. tuberculosis*-immune individual are considered immunogenic. Such assays may be performed, for example, using the representative procedures described below. Immunogenic portions of such antigens may be identified using similar assays, and may be present within the polypeptides described herein.

The ability of a polypeptide (e.g., an immunogenic antigen, or a portion or other variant thereof) to induce cell proliferation is evaluated by contacting the cells

(*e.g.*, T cells and/or NK cells) with the polypeptide and measuring the proliferation of the cells. In general, the amount of polypeptide that is sufficient for evaluation of about 10^5 cells ranges from about 10 ng/mL to about 100 μ g/mL and preferably is about 10 μ g/mL. The incubation of polypeptide with cells is typically performed at 37°C for about
5 six days. Following incubation with polypeptide, the cells are assayed for a proliferative response, which may be evaluated by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as exposing cells to a pulse of radiolabeled thymidine and measuring the incorporation of label into cellular DNA. In general, a polypeptide that results in at least a three fold increase in proliferation above background (*i.e.*, the
10 proliferation observed for cells cultured without polypeptide) is considered to be able to induce proliferation.

The ability of a polypeptide to stimulate the production of interferon- γ and/or interleukin-12 in cells may be evaluated by contacting the cells with the polypeptide and measuring the level of interferon- γ or interleukin-12 produced by the
15 cells. In general, the amount of polypeptide that is sufficient for the evaluation of about 10^5 cells ranges from about 10 ng/mL to about 100 μ g/mL and preferably is about 10 μ g/mL. The polypeptide may, but need not, be immobilized on a solid support, such as a bead or a biodegradable microsphere, such as those described in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,268 and 5,075,109. The incubation of polypeptide with the cells is typically
20 performed at 37°C for about six days. Following incubation with polypeptide, the cells are assayed for interferon- γ and/or interleukin-12 (or one or more subunits thereof), which may be evaluated by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) or, in the case of IL-12 P70 heterodimer, a bioassay such as an assay measuring proliferation of T cells. In general,
25 a polypeptide that results in the production of at least 50 pg of interferon- γ per mL of cultured supernatant (containing 10^4 - 10^5 T cells per mL) is considered able to stimulate the production of interferon- γ . A polypeptide that stimulates the production of at least 10 pg/mL of IL-12 P70 subunit, and/or at least 100 pg/mL of IL-12 P40 subunit, per 10^5 macrophages or B cells (or per 3×10^5 PBMC) is considered able to stimulate the
30 production of IL-12.

In general, immunogenic antigens are those antigens that stimulate proliferation and/or cytokine production (*i.e.*, interferon- γ and/or interleukin-12 production) in T cells, NK cells, B cells and/or macrophages derived from at least about 25% of *M. tuberculosis*-immune individuals. Among these immunogenic antigens, polypeptides having superior therapeutic properties may be distinguished based on the magnitude of the responses in the above assays and based on the percentage of individuals for which a response is observed. In addition, antigens having superior therapeutic properties will not stimulate proliferation and/or cytokine production *in vitro* in cells derived from more than about 25% of individuals that are not *M. tuberculosis*-immune, thereby eliminating responses that are not specifically due to *M. tuberculosis*-responsive cells. Those antigens that induce a response in a high percentage of T cell, NK cell, B cell and/or macrophage preparations from *M. tuberculosis*-immune individuals (with a low incidence of responses in cell preparations from other individuals) have superior therapeutic properties.

Antigens with superior therapeutic properties may also be identified based on their ability to diminish the severity of *M. tuberculosis* infection in experimental animals, when administered as a vaccine. Suitable vaccine preparations for use on experimental animals are described in detail below. Efficacy may be determined based on the ability of the antigen to provide at least about a 50% reduction in bacterial numbers and/or at least about a 40% decrease in mortality following experimental infection. Suitable experimental animals include mice, guinea pigs and primates.

Antigens having superior diagnostic properties may generally be identified based on the ability to elicit a response in an intradermal skin test performed on an individual with active tuberculosis, but not in a test performed on an individual who is not infected with *M. tuberculosis*. Skin tests may generally be performed as described below, with a response of at least 5 mm induration considered positive.

Immunogenic portions of the antigens described herein may be prepared and identified using well known techniques, such as those summarized in Paul, *Fundamental Immunology*, 3d ed., Raven Press, 1993, pp. 243-247 and references cited

therein. Such techniques include screening polypeptide portions of the native antigen for immunogenic properties. The representative proliferation and cytokine production assays described herein may generally be employed in these screens. An immunogenic portion of a polypeptide is a portion that, within such representative assays, generates an immune response (*e.g.*, proliferation, interferon- γ production and/or interleukin-12 production) that is substantially similar to that generated by the full length antigen. In other words, an immunogenic portion of an antigen may generate at least about 20%, and preferably about 100%, of the proliferation induced by the full length antigen in the model proliferation assay described herein. An immunogenic portion may also, or alternatively, stimulate the production of at least about 20%, and preferably about 100%, of the interferon- γ and/or interleukin-12 induced by the full length antigen in the model assay described herein.

Portions and other variants of *M. tuberculosis* antigens may be generated by synthetic or recombinant means. Synthetic polypeptides having fewer than about 100 amino acids, and generally fewer than about 50 amino acids, may be generated using techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, such polypeptides may be synthesized using any of the commercially available solid-phase techniques, such as the Merrifield solid-phase synthesis method, where amino acids are sequentially added to a growing amino acid chain. See Merrifield, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 85:2149-2146, 1963. Equipment for automated synthesis of polypeptides is commercially available from suppliers such as Perkin Elmer/Applied BioSystems Division, Foster City, CA, and may be operated according to the manufacturer's instructions. Variants of a native antigen may generally be prepared using standard mutagenesis techniques, such as oligonucleotide-directed site-specific mutagenesis. Sections of the DNA sequence may also be removed using standard techniques to permit preparation of truncated polypeptides.

Recombinant polypeptides containing portions and/or variants of a native antigen may be readily prepared from a DNA sequence encoding the polypeptide using a variety of techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, supernatants from suitable host/vector systems which secrete recombinant

protein into culture media may be first concentrated using a commercially available filter. Following concentration, the concentrate may be applied to a suitable purification matrix such as an affinity matrix or an ion exchange resin. Finally, one or more reverse phase HPLC steps can be employed to further purify a recombinant
5 protein.

Any of a variety of expression vectors known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed to express recombinant polypeptides of this invention. Expression may be achieved in any appropriate host cell that has been transformed or transfected with an expression vector containing a DNA molecule that encodes a
10 recombinant polypeptide. Suitable host cells include prokaryotes, yeast and higher eukaryotic cells. Preferably, the host cells employed are *E. coli*, yeast or a mammalian cell line such as COS or CHO. The DNA sequences expressed in this manner may encode naturally occurring antigens, portions of naturally occurring antigens, or other variants thereof.

15 In general, regardless of the method of preparation, the polypeptides disclosed herein are prepared in substantially pure form. Preferably, the polypeptides are at least about 80% pure, more preferably at least about 90% pure and most preferably at least about 99% pure. In certain preferred embodiments, described in detail below, the substantially pure polypeptides are incorporated into pharmaceutical
20 compositions or vaccines for use in one or more of the methods disclosed herein.

In one embodiment, the subject invention discloses polypeptides comprising at least an immunogenic portion of an *M. tuberculosis* antigen (or a variant of such an antigen) that comprises one or more of the amino acid sequences encoded by
(a) the DNA sequences of SEQ ID NO: 1-12, 83, 102-108, 125, 127-137, 139 and 140;
25 (b) the complements of such DNA sequences, or (c) DNA sequences substantially homologous to a sequence of (a) or (b). In a related embodiment, the present invention provides polypeptides comprising at least an immunogenic portion of an *M. tuberculosis* antigen having an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences provided in SEQ ID NO: 16-33, 109, 126, 138, 141, 142 and variants
30 thereof.

The *M. tuberculosis* antigens provided herein include variants that are encoded by DNA sequences which are substantially homologous to one or more of the DNA sequences specifically recited herein. "Substantial homology," as used herein, refers to DNA sequences that are capable of hybridizing under moderately stringent conditions. Suitable moderately stringent conditions include prewashing in a solution of 5X SSC, 0.5% SDS, 1.0 mM EDTA (pH 8.0); hybridizing at 50°C-65°C, 5X SSC, overnight or, in the case of cross-species homology at 45°C, 0.5X SSC; followed by washing twice at 65°C for 20 minutes with each of 2X, 0.5X and 0.2X SSC containing 0.1% SDS). Such hybridizing DNA sequences are also within the scope of this invention, as are nucleotide sequences that, due to code degeneracy, encode an immunogenic polypeptide that is encoded by a hybridizing DNA sequence.

In a related aspect, the present invention provides fusion proteins comprising a first and a second inventive polypeptide or, alternatively, a polypeptide of the present invention and a known *M. tuberculosis* antigen, such as the 38 kD antigen described in Andersen and Hansen, *Infect. Immun.* 57:2481-2488, 1989, (Genbank Accession No. M30046), or ESAT-6 previously identified in *M. bovis* (Accession No. U34848) and in *M. tuberculosis* (Sorensen et al., *Infect. Immun.* 63:1710-1717, 1995). Variants of such fusion proteins are also provided. The fusion proteins of the present invention may include a linker peptide between the first and second polypeptides.

A DNA sequence encoding a fusion protein of the present invention is constructed using known recombinant DNA techniques to assemble separate DNA sequences encoding the first and second polypeptides into an appropriate expression vector. The 3' end of a DNA sequence encoding the first polypeptide is ligated, with or without a peptide linker, to the 5' end of a DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide so that the reading frames of the sequences are in phase to permit mRNA translation of the two DNA sequences into a single fusion protein that retains the biological activity of both the first and the second polypeptides.

A peptide linker sequence may be employed to separate the first and the second polypeptides by a distance sufficient to ensure that each polypeptide folds into

its secondary and tertiary structures. Such a peptide linker sequence is incorporated into the fusion protein using standard techniques well known in the art. Suitable peptide linker sequences may be chosen based on the following factors: (1) their ability to adopt a flexible extended conformation; (2) their inability to adopt a secondary structure that could interact with functional epitopes on the first and second polypeptides; and (3) the lack of hydrophobic or charged residues that might react with the polypeptide functional epitopes. Preferred peptide linker sequences contain Gly, Asn and Ser residues. Other near neutral amino acids, such as Thr and Ala may also be used in the linker sequence. Amino acid sequences which may be usefully employed as linkers include those disclosed in Maratea et al., *Gene* 40:39-46, 1985; Murphy et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 83:8258-8262, 1986; U.S. Patent No. 4,935,233 and U.S. Patent No. 4,751,180. The linker sequence may be from 1 to about 50 amino acids in length. Peptide sequences are not required when the first and second polypeptides have non-essential N-terminal amino acid regions that can be used to separate the functional domains and prevent steric interference.

The ligated DNA sequences are operably linked to suitable transcriptional or translational regulatory elements. The regulatory elements responsible for expression of DNA are located only 5' to the DNA sequence encoding the first polypeptides. Similarly, stop codons require to end translation and transcription termination signals are only present 3' to the DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide.

In another aspect, the present invention provides methods for using one or more of the above polypeptides or fusion proteins (or DNA molecules encoding such polypeptides) to induce protective immunity against tuberculosis in a patient. As used herein, a "patient" refers to any warm-blooded animal, preferably a human. A patient may be afflicted with a disease, or may be free of detectable disease and/or infection. In other words, protective immunity may be induced to prevent or treat tuberculosis.

In this aspect, the polypeptide, fusion protein or DNA molecule is generally present within a pharmaceutical composition and/or a vaccine. Pharmaceutical compositions may comprise one or more polypeptides, each of which

may contain one or more of the above sequences (or variants thereof), and a physiologically acceptable carrier. Vaccines may comprise one or more of the above polypeptides and a non-specific immune response enhancer, such as an adjuvant or a liposome (into which the polypeptide is incorporated). Such pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may also contain other *M. tuberculosis* antigens, either
5 incorporated into a combination polypeptide or present within a separate polypeptide.

Alternatively, a vaccine may contain DNA encoding one or more polypeptides as described above, such that the polypeptide is generated *in situ*. In such vaccines, the DNA may be present within any of a variety of delivery systems known to
10 those of ordinary skill in the art, including nucleic acid expression systems, bacterial and viral expression systems. Appropriate nucleic acid expression systems contain the necessary DNA sequences for expression in the patient (such as a suitable promoter and terminating signal). Bacterial delivery systems involve the administration of a bacterium (such as *Bacillus-Calmette-Guerrin*) that expresses an immunogenic portion
15 of the polypeptide on its cell surface. In a preferred embodiment, the DNA may be introduced using a viral expression system (*e.g.*, vaccinia or other pox virus, retrovirus, or adenovirus), which may involve the use of a non-pathogenic (defective), replication competent virus. Techniques for incorporating DNA into such expression systems are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. The DNA may also be "naked," as
20 described, for example, in Ulmer et al., *Science* 259:1745-1749, 1993 and reviewed by Cohen, *Science* 259:1691-1692, 1993. The uptake of naked DNA may be increased by coating the DNA onto biodegradable beads, which are efficiently transported into the cells.

In a related aspect, a DNA vaccine as described above may be
25 administered simultaneously with or sequentially to either a polypeptide of the present invention or a known *M. tuberculosis* antigen, such as the 38 kD antigen described above. For example, administration of DNA encoding a polypeptide of the present invention, either "naked" or in a delivery system as described above, may be followed by administration of an antigen in order to enhance the protective immune effect of the
30 vaccine.

Routes and frequency of administration, as well as dosage, will vary from individual to individual and may parallel those currently being employed in immunization using BCG. In general, the pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered by injection (*e.g.*, intracutaneous, intramuscular, intravenous or subcutaneous), intranasally (*e.g.*, by aspiration) or orally. Between 1 and 3 doses may be administered for a 1-36 week period. Preferably, 3 doses are administered, at intervals of 3-4 months, and booster vaccinations may be given periodically thereafter. Alternate protocols may be appropriate for individual patients. A suitable dose is an amount of polypeptide or DNA that, when administered as described above, is capable of raising an immune response in an immunized patient sufficient to protect the patient from *M. tuberculosis* infection for at least 1-2 years. In general, the amount of polypeptide present in a dose (or produced *in situ* by the DNA in a dose) ranges from about 1 pg to about 100 mg per kg of host, typically from about 10 pg to about 1 mg, and preferably from about 100 pg to about 1 μ g. Suitable dose sizes will vary with the size of the patient, but will typically range from about 0.1 mL to about 5 mL.

While any suitable carrier known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed in the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention, the type of carrier will vary depending on the mode of administration. For parenteral administration, such as subcutaneous injection, the carrier preferably comprises water, saline, alcohol, lipids, a wax or a buffer. For oral administration, any of the above carriers or a solid carrier, such as mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, talcum, cellulose, glucose, sucrose, and magnesium carbonate, may be employed. Biodegradable microspheres (*e.g.*, polylactic galactide) may also be employed as carriers for the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention. Suitable biodegradable microspheres are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,268 and 5,075,109.

Any of a variety of adjuvants may be employed in the vaccines of this invention to nonspecifically enhance the immune response. Most adjuvants contain a substance designed to protect the antigen from rapid catabolism, such as aluminum hydroxide or mineral oil, and a nonspecific stimulator of immune responses, such as lipid A, *Bordetella pertussis* or *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*. Suitable adjuvants are

commercially available as, for example, Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant and Freund's Complete Adjuvant (Difco Laboratories) and Merck Adjuvant 65 (Merck and Company, Inc., Rahway, NJ). Other suitable adjuvants include alum, biodegradable microspheres, monophosphoryl lipid A and quil A.

5 In another aspect, this invention provides methods for using one or more of the polypeptides described above to diagnose tuberculosis using a skin test. As used herein, a "skin test" is any assay performed directly on a patient in which a delayed-type hypersensitivity (DTH) reaction (such as swelling, reddening or dermatitis) is measured following intradermal injection of one or more polypeptides as described above. Such
10 injection may be achieved using any suitable device sufficient to contact the polypeptide or polypeptides with dermal cells of the patient, such as a tuberculin syringe or 1 mL syringe. Preferably, the reaction is measured at least 48 hours after injection, more preferably 48-72 hours.

The DTH reaction is a cell-mediated immune response, which is greater
15 in patients that have been exposed previously to the test antigen (*i.e.*, the immunogenic portion of the polypeptide employed, or a variant thereof). The response may be measured visually, using a ruler. In general, a response that is greater than about 0.5 cm in diameter, preferably greater than about 1.0 cm in diameter, is a positive response, indicative of tuberculosis infection, which may or may not be manifested as an active
20 disease.

The polypeptides of this invention are preferably formulated for use in a skin test, as pharmaceutical compositions containing a polypeptide and a physiologically acceptable carrier, as described above. Such compositions typically contain one or more of the above polypeptides in an amount ranging from about 1 μ g to
25 about 100 μ g, preferably from about 10 μ g to about 50 μ g in a volume of 0.1 mL. Preferably, the carrier employed in such pharmaceutical compositions is a saline solution with appropriate preservatives, such as phenol and/or Tween 80TM.

In a preferred embodiment, a polypeptide employed in a skin test is of sufficient size such that it remains at the site of injection for the duration of the reaction
30 period. In general, a polypeptide that is at least 9 amino acids in length is sufficient.

The polypeptide is also preferably broken down by macrophages within hours of injection to allow presentation to T-cells. Such polypeptides may contain repeats of one or more of the above sequences and/or other immunogenic or non-immunogenic sequences.

5

The following Examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of limitation.

EXAMPLE 1

10 PURIFICATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF *M. TUBERCULOSIS* POLYPEPTIDES USING CD4+ T CELL LINES GENERATED FROM HUMAN PBMC

M. tuberculosis antigens of the present invention were isolated by expression cloning of cDNA libraries of *M. tuberculosis* strains H37Rv and Erdman essentially as described by Sanderson et al. (*J. Exp. Med.*, 1995, 182:1751-1757) and
15 were shown to induce PBMC proliferation and IFN- γ in an immunoreactive T cell line.

Two CD4+ T cell lines, referred to as DC-4 and DC-5, were generated against dendritic cells infected with *M. tuberculosis*. Specifically, dendritic cells were prepared from adherent PBMC from a single donor and subsequently infected with tuberculosis. Lymphocytes from the same donor were cultured under limiting dilution conditions with the infected dendritic cells to generate the CD4+ T cell lines DC-4 and DC-5. These cell lines were shown to react with crude soluble proteins from *M. tuberculosis* but not with Tb38-1. Limiting dilution conditions were employed to obtain a third CD4+ T cell line, referred to as DC-6, which was shown to react with
20 both crude soluble proteins and Tb38-1.

Genomic DNA was isolated from the *M. tuberculosis* strains H37Rv and Erdman and used to construct expression libraries in the vector pBSK(-) using the Lambda ZAP expression system (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA). These libraries were transformed into *E. coli*, pools of induced *E. coli* cultures were incubated with dendritic
30 cells, and the ability of the resulting incubated dendritic cells to stimulate cell

proliferation and IFN- γ production in the CD4⁺ T cell line DC-6 was examined as described below in Example 2. Positive pools were fractionated and re-tested until pure *M. tuberculosis* clones were obtained. Nineteen clones were isolated, of which nine were found to contain the previously identified *M. tuberculosis* antigens TbH-9 and Tb38-1, disclosed in Australian Patent Application No. 727602. The determined cDNA sequences for the remaining ten clones (hereinafter referred to as Tb224, Tb636, Tb424, Tb436, Tb398, Tb508, Tb441, Tb475, Tb488 and Tb465) are provided in SEQ ID No: 1-10, respectively. The corresponding predicted amino acid sequences for Tb224 and Tb636 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 13 and 14, respectively. The open reading frames for these two antigens were found to show some homology to TbH-9, described above. Tb224 and Tb636 were also found to be overlapping clones.

Tb424, Tb436, Tb398, Tb508, Tb441, Tb475, Tb488 and Tb465 were each found to contain two small open reading frames (referred to as ORF-1 and ORF-2) or truncated forms thereof, with minor variations in ORF-1 and ORF-2 being found for each clone. The predicted amino acid sequences of ORF-1 and ORF-2 for Tb424, Tb436, Tb398, Tb508, Tb441, Tb475, Tb488 and Tb465 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 16 and 17, 18 and 19, 20 and 21, 22 and 23, 24 and 25, 26 and 27, 28 and 29, and 30 and 31, respectively. In addition, clones Tb424 and Tb436 were found to contain a third apparent open reading frame, referred to as ORF-U. The predicted amino acid sequences of ORF-U for Tb424 and Tb436 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 32 and 33, respectively. Tb424 and Tb436 were found to be either overlapping clones or recently duplicated/transposed copies. Similarly Tb398, Tb508, and Tb465 were found to be either overlapping clones or recently duplicated/transposed copies, as were Tb475 and Tb488.

These sequences were compared with known sequences in the gene bank using the BLASTN system. No homologies to the antigens Tb224 and Tb431 were found. Tb636 was found to be 100% identical to a cosmid previously identified in *M. tuberculosis*. Similarly, Tb508, Tb488, Tb398, Tb424, Tb436, Tb441, Tb465 and Tb475 were found to show homology to known *M. tuberculosis* cosmids. In addition, Tb488 was found to have 100% homology to *M. tuberculosis* topoisomerase I.



Seventeen overlapping peptides to the open reading frame ORF-1 (referred to as 1-1 - 1-17; SEQ ID NO: 34-50, respectively) and thirty overlapping peptides to the open reading frame ORF-2 (referred to as 2-1 - 2-30, SEQ ID NO: 51-80) were synthesized using the procedure described below in Example 3.

5 The ability of the synthetic peptides, and of recombinant ORF-1 and ORF-2, to induce T cell proliferation and IFN- γ production in PBMC from PPD-positive donors was assayed as described below in Example 2. Figs. 1A-B and 2A-B illustrate stimulation of T cell proliferation and IFN- γ by recombinant ORF-2 and the synthetic peptides 2-1 - 2-16 for two donors, referred to as D7 and D160, respectively.

10 Recombinant ORF-2 (referred to as MTI) stimulated T cell proliferation and IFN- γ production in PBMC from both donors. The amount of PBMC stimulation seen with the individual synthetic peptides varied with each donor, indicating that each donor recognizes different epitopes on ORF-2. The proteins encoded by ORF-1, ORF-2 and ORF-U were subsequently named MTS, MTI and MSF, respectively.

15 Eighteen overlapping peptides to the sequence of MSF (referred to as MSF-1 – MSF-18; SEQ ID NO: 84-101, respectively) were synthesized and their ability to stimulate T cell proliferation and IFN- γ production in a CD4+ T cell line generated against *M. tuberculosis* culture filtrate was examined as described below. The peptides referred to as MSF-12 and MSF-13 (SEQ ID NO: 95 and 96, respectively) were found

20 to show the highest levels of reactivity. Two overlapping peptides (SEQ ID NO:81 and 82) to the open reading frame of Tb224 were synthesized and shown to induce T cell proliferation and IFN- γ production in PBMC from PPD-positive donors.

Two CD4+ T cell lines from different donors were generated against *M. tuberculosis* infected dendritic cells using the above methodology. Screening of the *M. tuberculosis* cDNA expression library described above using this cell line, resulted in

25 the isolation of two clones referred to as Tb867 and Tb391. The determined cDNA sequence for Tb867 (SEQ ID NO: 102) was found to be identical to the previously isolated *M. tuberculosis* cosmid SCY22G10, with the candidate reactive open reading frame encoding a 750 amino acid *M. tuberculosis* protein kinase. Comparison of the

determined cDNA sequence for Tb391 (SEQ ID NO: 103) with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to known sequences.

In further studies, CD4⁺ T cell lines were generated against *M. tuberculosis* culture filtrate, essentially as outlined above, and used to screen the *M. tuberculosis* Erdman cDNA expression library described above. Five reactive clones, referred to as Tb431, Tb472, Tb470, Tb838 and Tb962 were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for Tb431, Tb472, Tb470, and Tb838 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 11, 12, 104 and 105, respectively, with the determined cDNA sequences for Tb962 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 106 and 107. The corresponding predicted amino acid sequence for Tb431 is provided in SEQ ID NO: 15.

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of a full-length cDNA sequence for Tb472 (SEQ ID NO: 108). Overlapping peptides were synthesized and used to identify the reactive open reading frame. The predicted amino acid sequence for the protein encoded by Tb472 (referred to as MSL) is provided in SEQ ID NO: 109. Comparison of the sequences for Tb472 and MSL with those in the gene bank, as described above, revealed no homologies to known sequences. Fifteen overlapping peptides to the sequence of MSL (referred to as MSL-1 – MSL-15; SEQ ID NO: 110-124, respectively) were synthesized and their ability to stimulate T cell proliferation and IFN- γ production in a CD4⁺ T cell line generated against *M. tuberculosis* culture filtrate was examined as described below. The peptides referred to as MSL-10 (SEQ ID NO: 119) and MSL-11 (SEQ ID NO: 120) were found to show the highest level of reactivity.

Comparison of the determined cDNA sequence for Tb838 with those in the gene bank revealed identity to the previously isolated *M. tuberculosis* cosmid SCY07H7. Comparison of the determined cDNA sequences for the clone Tb962 with those in the gene bank revealed some homology to two previously identified *M. tuberculosis* cosmids, one encoding a portion of bactoferritin. However, recombinant bactoferritin was not found to be reactive with the T cell line used to isolate Tb962.

The clone Tb470, described above, was used to recover a full-length open reading (SEQ ID NO: 125) that showed homology with TbH9 and was found to encode a 40 kDa antigen, referred to as Mtb40. The determined amino acid sequence

for Mtb40 is provided in SEQ ID NO: 126. Similarly, SUBSEQUENT STUDIES LED TO THE ISOLATION OF THE FULL-LENGTH CDNA SEQUENCE FOR Tb431, PROVIDED IN SEQ ID NO: 83, which was determined to contain an open reading frame encoding Mtb40. Tb470 and Tb431 were also found to contain a potential open reading frame encoding a U-ORF-like antigen.

Screening of an *M. tuberculosis* Erdman cDNA expression library with multiple CD4+ T cell lines generated against *M. tuberculosis* culture filtrate, resulted in the isolation of three clones, referred to as Tb366, Tb433 and Tb439. The determined cDNA sequences for Tb366, Tb433 and Tb439 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 127, 128 and 129, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to Tb366. Tb433 was found to show some homology to the previously identified *M. tuberculosis* antigen MPT83. Tb439 was found to show 100% identity to the previously isolated *M. tuberculosis* cosmid SCY02B10.

A CD4+ T cell line was generated against *M. tuberculosis* PPD, essentially described above, and used to screen the above *M. tuberculosis* Erdman cDNA expression library. One reactive clone (referred to as Tb372) was isolated, with the determined cDNA sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 130 and 131. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies.

In further studies, screening of an *M. tuberculosis* cDNA expression library with a CD4+ T cell line generated against dendritic cells that had been infected with tuberculosis for 8 days, as described above, led to the isolation of two clones referred to as Tb390R5C6 and Tb390R2C11. The determined cDNA sequence for Tb390R5C6 is provided in SEQ ID NO: 132, with the determined cDNA sequences for Tb390R2C11 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 133 and 134. Tb390R5C6 was found to show 100% identity to a previously identified *M. tuberculosis* cosmid.

In subsequent studies, the methodology described above was used to screen an *M. tuberculosis* genomic DNA library prepared as follows. Genomic DNA from *M. tuberculosis* Erdman strain was randomly sheared to an average size of 2 kb,

and blunt ended with Klenow polymerase, followed by the addition of EcoRI adaptors. The insert was subsequently ligated into the Screen phage vector (Novagen, Madison, WI) and packaged *in vitro* using the PhageMaker extract (Novagen). The phage library (referred to as the Erd λ Screen library) was amplified and a portion was converted into a plasmid expression library by an autosubcloning mechanism using the *E. coli* strain BM25.8 (Novagen). Plasmid DNA was purified from BM25.8 cultures containing the pSCREEN recombinants and used to transform competent cells of the expressing host strain BL21(DE3)pLysS. Transformed cells were aliquoted into 96 well microtiter plates with each well containing a pool size of approximately 50 colonies. Replica plates of the 96 well plasmid library format were induced with IPTG to allow recombinant protein expression. Following induction, the plates were centrifuged to pellet the *E. coli* which was used directly in T cell expression cloning of a CD4+ T cell line prepared from a PPD-positive donor (donor 160) as described above. Pools containing *E. coli* expressing *M. tuberculosis* T cell antigens were subsequently broken down into individual colonies and reassayed in a similar fashion to identify positive hits.

Screening of the T cell line from donor 160 with one 96 well plate of the Erd λ Screen library provided a total of nine positive hits. Previous experiments on the screening of the pBSK library described above with T cells from donor 160 suggested that most or all of the positive clones would be TbH-9, Tb38-1 or MTI (disclosed in Australian Patent Application No. 727602 or variants thereof. However, Southern analysis revealed that only three wells hybridized with a mixed probe of TbH-9, Tb38-1 and MTI. Of the remaining six positive wells, two were found to be identical. The determined 5' cDNA sequences for two of the isolated clones (referred to as Y1-26C1 and Y1-86C11) are provided in SEQ ID NO: 135 and 136, respectively. The full length cDNA sequence for the isolated clone referred to as hTcc#1 is provided in SEQ ID NO:137, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO:138. Comparison of the sequences of hTcc#1 to those in the gene bank as described above, revealed some homology to the previously isolated *M. tuberculosis* cosmid MTCY07H7B.06

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EXAMPLE 2INDUCTION OF T CELL PROLIFERATION AND INTERFERON- γ PRODUCTION BY *M.*TUBERCULOSIS ANTIGENS

5

The ability of recombinant *M. tuberculosis* antigens to induce T cell proliferation and interferon- γ production may be determined as follows.

Proteins may be induced by IPTG and purified by gel elution, as described in Skeiky et al. *J. Exp. Med.*, 1995, 181:1527-1537. The purified polypeptides
10 are then screened for the ability to induce T-cell proliferation in PBMC preparations. The PBMCs from donors known to be PPD skin test positive and whose T-cells are known to proliferate in response to PPD, are cultured in medium comprising RPMI 1640 supplemented with 10% pooled human serum and 50 μ g/ml gentamicin. Purified polypeptides are added in duplicate at concentrations of 0.5 to 10 μ g/mL. After six
15 days of culture in 96-well round-bottom plates in a volume of 200 μ l, 50 μ l of medium is removed from each well for determination of IFN- γ levels, as described below. The plates are then pulsed with 1 μ Ci/well of tritiated thymidine for a further 18 hours, harvested and tritium uptake determined using a gas scintillation counter. Fractions that result in proliferation in both replicates three fold greater than the proliferation observed
20 in cells cultured in medium alone are considered positive.

IFN- γ is measured using an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA). ELISA plates are coated with a mouse monoclonal antibody directed to human IFN- γ (PharMingen, San Diego, CA) in PBS for four hours at room temperature. Wells are then blocked with PBS containing 5% (W/V) non-fat dried milk for 1 hour at
25 room temperature. The plates are washed six times in PBS/0.2% TWEEN-20 and samples diluted 1:2 in culture medium in the ELISA plates are incubated overnight at room temperature. The plates are again washed and a polyclonal rabbit anti-human IFN- γ serum diluted 1:3000 in PBS/10% normal goat serum is added to each well. The plates are then incubated for two hours at room temperature, washed and horseradish
30 peroxidase-coupled anti-rabbit IgG (Sigma Chemical So., St. Louis, MO) is added at a

1:2000 dilution in PBS/5% non-fat dried milk. After a further two hour incubation at room temperature, the plates are washed and TMB substrate added. The reaction is stopped after 20 min with 1 N sulfuric acid. Optical density is determined at 450 nm using 570 nm as a reference wavelength. Fractions that result in both replicates giving
5 an OD two fold greater than the mean OD from cells cultured in medium alone, plus 3 standard deviations, are considered positive.

EXAMPLE 3PURIFICATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF *M. TUBERCULOSIS* POLYPEPTIDES USING
CD4+ T CELL LINES GENERATED FROM A MOUSE *M. TUBERCULOSIS* MODEL

5 Infection of C57BL/6 mice with *M. tuberculosis* results in the development of a progressive disease for approximately 2-3 weeks. The disease progression is then halted as a consequence of the emergence of a strong protective T cell-mediated immune response. This infection model was used to generate T cell lines capable of recognizing protective *M. tuberculosis* antigens.

10 Specifically, spleen cells were obtained from C57BL/6 mice infected with *M. tuberculosis* for 28 days and used to raise specific anti-*M. tuberculosis* T cell lines as described above. The resulting CD4+ T cell lines, in conjunction with normal antigen presenting (spleen) cells from C57BL/6 mice were used to screen the *M. tuberculosis* Erd λ screen library described above. One of the reactive library pools,
15 which was found to be highly stimulatory of the T cells, was selected and the corresponding active clone (referred to as Y288C10) was isolated.

 Sequencing of the clone Y288C10 revealed that it contains two potential genes, in tandem. The determined cDNA sequences for these two genes (referred to as mTCC#1 and mTCC#2) are provided in SEQ ID NO: 139 and 140, respectively, with
20 the corresponding predicted amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 141 and 142, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed identity to unknown sequences previously found within the *M. tuberculosis* cosmid MTY21C12. The predicted amino acid sequences of mTCC#1 and mTCC#2 were found to show some homology to previously identified members of the TbH9
25 protein family, discussed above.

EXAMPLE 4
SYNTHESIS OF SYNTHETIC POLYPEPTIDES

5 Polypeptides may be synthesized on a Millipore 9050 peptide synthesizer using Fmoc chemistry with HPTU (O-Benzotriazole-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate) activation. A Gly-Cys-Gly sequence may be attached to the amino terminus of the peptide to provide a method of conjugation or labeling of the peptide. Cleavage of the peptides from the solid support may be carried
10 out using the following cleavage mixture: trifluoroacetic acid:ethanedithiol:thioanisole:water:phenol (40:1:2:2:3). After cleaving for 2 hours, the peptides may be precipitated in cold methyl-t-butyl-ether. The peptide pellets may then be dissolved in water containing 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) and lyophilized prior to purification by C18 reverse phase HPLC. A gradient of 0%-60% acetonitrile
15 (containing 0.1% TFA) in water (containing 0.1% TFA) may be used to elute the peptides. Following lyophilization of the pure fractions, the peptides may be characterized using electrospray mass spectrometry and by amino acid analysis.

From the foregoing, it will be appreciated that, although specific
20 embodiments of the invention have been described herein for the purpose of illustration, various modifications may be made without deviating from the spirit and scope of the invention.

SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

- (i) APPLICANTS: Alderson, Mark
Dillon, Davin C.
Skeiky, Yasir A.W.
Campos-Neto, Antonio
- (ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: COMPOUNDS FOR IMMUNOTHERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF
TUBERCULOSIS AND METHODS OF THEIR USE
- (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 144
- (iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
 - (A) ADDRESSEE: SEED and BERRY
 - (B) STREET: 6300 Columbia Center, 701 Fifth Ave.
 - (C) CITY: Seattle
 - (D) STATE: Washington
 - (E) COUNTRY: US
 - (F) ZIP: 98104
- (v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
 - (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
 - (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
 - (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
 - (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30
- (vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
 - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER:
 - (B) FILING DATE: 05-MAY-1998
 - (C) CLASSIFICATION:
- (viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
 - (A) NAME: Maki, David J.
 - (B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 31,392
 - (C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 210121.440C1
- (ix) TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
 - (A) TELEPHONE: 206-622-4900
 - (B) TELEFAX: 206-682-6031

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 1886 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)
- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

```

CGCTCTGGTG ACCACCAACT TCTTCGGTGT CAACACCATC CCGATCGCCC TCAACGAGGC      60
CGACTACCTG CGCATGTGGA TCCAGGCCGC CACCGTCATG AGCCACTATC AAGCCGTCGC      120
GCACGAAATC TGGTGTCTCC ATGAATANGC CAGTTCGGGA AAGCCGTGGG CCAGTATCAC      180
CACGGGTGCG CCGGGCTCAC CGGCCTCGAC CACTCGCAGT CGCACGCCGT TGGTATCAAC      240
TAACCGTNCN GTANGTGCGC CCATCGTCTC ACCAAATCAC ACCGGGCACC GGCCTGAGAA      300
GGGCTTGGGG AGCANCCAGA GGCGATTGTC GCGGGTGCTG CCGCGCATCA TTGATCGGCC      360
GGCCGGACCA NTCGGGCCCTC CTTGACGTC CGGATCNCAC TTCCTGTGCA GCTGGCATGG      420
CTACAGCTCA CAGTGACTGC CCCACGATTG CCGGCCAGGT CCAGTTCAA TTCCGGTGAA      480
TTCGCGGACA AAAGCAGCAG GTCAACCAAC CGCAGTCAGT CGAGGGTCCC AAACGTGAGC      540
CAATCGGTGA AATGGCTTGC TGCAGTGACA CCGGTACAG GCTTAGCCGA CAGCACCGBA      600
ATAGCTCAGG CGGGCTATAG AGTCCTATAG AAACATTTGC TGATAGAATT AACCGCTGTC      660
TTGGCGTGAT CTTGATACGG CTCGCCGTGC GACCGGTTGG CTCAGTAGCT GACCACCATG      720
TAACCCATCC TCGGCAGGTG TCTACTAAGG CGAGACACCG CATTGGTGGG GCTGCATCGC      780
AAATCGGTCC GAGCATGTAG CACTGCCGTT ATCCCGGGAT AGCAAACCAC CCGGAACCAG      840
GGCTATCCCA GTCGCTCTCC GACGGAGGCC GTTTCGCTTT CCGTTGCCCG ATAACTCCCG      900
AGTGGATATC GGC GTTATCA NATTCAGGCT TTTCTTCGCA AGGTACCGGT GTTCGCTATA      960
TTCGGATATC TCGGACGGAT AATTACTAAA ACTTCAGTGG TTTAGATAAG GCCGCCGCAA      1020
TACTTCGCCG ATCTTGCCGA GCGCAACGGA TTTCCATCGT CGGTTTTCGT CGCCTTATCA      1080
AACATGATCG GAGATAATGA CAGATCGGCC TAGCTAGGTG TTTAGCGGAC GCGATTTAGG      1140
ACAACCGAGA TTTGCTTTGC CTCGCAACCA TGAGAGCGCC CCGCTTCGAC GCCGAATCGG      1200
GTGAGTGATG GTGGGTTAGC ACAGCCCTGA TTGCGCCACC GGCGAGGTGA TTGTGCCCCG      1260
CACGAGGCCG CCGCCGGCTA GCCCCATGAG CACGNTATAT AGACTCTCCT GCAACAGATC      1320
TCATACCGAT CGAAGGCGAA GCGCAGGCAT CGACGTCGGA GACACTGCCT TGGGATCGCG      1380
CCGCCTACAC GGC GTTGGC GCATTGTCGC AGCGCAGTTG CAGGAGGGCA AATGTGCGCA      1440
GACGATGTAG TCGACAACAA GTGNACATGC CGTCTTCACG AACTCAAAAC TGACGATCTG      1500
CTTAGCATGA AAAAACTGT TGACATCGGC CAAGCATGAC AGCCAGACTG TAGGCCTACG      1560
CGTGCAATGC AGAACCAAGG NTATGCATGG AATCGACGAC CGTTGAGATA GGCGGCAGGC      1620
ATGAGCAGAG CGTTCATCAT CGATCCAACG ATCAGTGCCA TTGACGGCTT GTACGACCTT      1680
CTGGGGATTG GAATACCCAA CCAAGGGGGT ATCCTTTACT CCTCACTAGA GTACTTCGAA      1740
AAAGCCCTGG AGGAGCTGGC AGCAGCGTTT CCGGGTGATG GCTGGTTAGG TTCGGCCGCG      1800
GACAAATACG CCGGCAAAAA CCGCAACCAC GTGAATTTTT TCCAGGAACT GGCAGACCTC      1860
GATCGTCAGC TCATCAGCCT GATCCA

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2305 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

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GGCACGCGCT GGCCGCGCAA TACACCGAAA TTGCAACGGA ACTCGCAAGC GTGCTCGCTG      60
CGGTGCAGGC AAGCTCGTGG CAGGGGCCCA GCGCCGACCG GTTCGTCGTC GCCCATCAAC      120
CGTTCCGGTA TTGGCTAACC CACGCTGCCA CGGTGGCCAC CGCAGCAGCC GCCGCGCACN      180

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AAACGGCCGC	CGCCGGGTAT	ACGTCCGCAT	TGGGGGGCAT	GCCTACGCTA	GCCGAGTTGG	240
CGGCCAACCA	TGCCATGCAC	GGCGCTCTGG	TGACCACCAA	CTTCTTCGGT	GTCAACACCA	300
TCCCCGATCGC	CCTCAACGAG	GCCGACTACC	TGCGCATGTG	GATCCAGGCC	GCCACCGTCA	360
TGAGCCACTA	TCAAGCCGTC	GCGCACGAAA	GCGTGGCGGC	GACCCCCAGC	ACGCCGCCGG	420
CGCCGCAGAT	AGTGACCAGT	GCGGCCAGCT	CGGCGGCTAG	CAGCAGCTTC	CCCGACCCGA	480
CCAAATTGAT	CCTGCAGCTA	CTCAAGGATT	TCCTGGAGCT	GCTGCGCTAT	CTGGCTGTTG	540
AGCTGCTGCC	GGGGCCGCTC	GGCGACCTCA	TCGCCCAGGT	GTTGGACTGG	TTCATCTCGT	600
TCGTGTCCGG	TCCAGTCTTC	ACGTTTCTCG	CCTACCTGGT	GCTGGACCCA	CTGATCTATT	660
TCGGACCGTT	CGCCCCGCTG	ACGAGTCCGG	TCCTGTTGCC	TGCTGTGGAG	TTACGCAACC	720
GCCTCAAAAC	CGCCACCGGA	CTGACGCTGC	CACCTACCGT	GATTTTTCGAT	CATCCCACTC	780
CCACTGCGGT	CGCCGAGTAT	GTCGCCCAGC	AAATGTCTGG	CAGCCGCCCA	ACGGAATCCG	840
GTGATCCGAC	GTCGCAGGTT	GTCGAACCCG	CTCGTGCCGA	ATTCGGCAGC	AGTGCTGTTC	900
ATCAAATCCC	CCCAGACCTT	GCGGACACCC	GCGCGCTTG	CCGACATCGA	GATGATGTCC	960
CGCGAGATAG	CAGAATTGCC	CAACATCGTG	ATGGTGCGGG	GCTTGACCCG	ACCGAACGGG	1020
GAACCTCTGA	AGGAGACCAA	GGTCTCGTTT	CAGGCTGGTG	AAGTGGGCGG	CAAGCTCGAC	1080
GAAGCGACCA	CCCTGCTCGA	AGAGCACGGA	GGCGAGCTGG	ACCAGCTGAC	CGGCGGTGCG	1140
CACCAAGTTGG	CCGACGCCCT	CGCCCAAATA	CGCAACGAAA	TCAATGGGGC	CGTGGCCAGC	1200
TCGAGCGGGA	TAGTCAACAC	CCTGCAGGCC	ATGATGGACC	TGATGGGCGG	TGACAAGACC	1260
ATCCGACAAC	TGGAATATGC	GTCCCAATAT	GTCGGGCGCA	TGCGGGCTCT	GGGGGACAAT	1320
CTGAGCGGGA	CCGTCACCGA	TGCCGAACAA	ATCGCCACTT	GGGCCAGCCC	TATGGTCAAC	1380
GCCCTCAACT	CCAGCCCGGT	GTGTAACAGC	GATCCCGCCT	GTCGGACGTC	GCGCGCACAG	1440
TTGGCGGCGA	TTGTCCAGGC	GCAGGACGAC	GGCCTGCTCA	GGTCCATCAG	AGCGCTAGCC	1500
GTCACCCTGC	AACAGACGCA	GGAATACCAG	AACTCGCCCC	GGACGGTGAG	CACACTGGAC	1560
GGGCAACTGA	AGCAAGTCGT	CAGCACCTCT	AAAGCGGTCT	ACGGCCTACC	CACCAAATTG	1620
GCTCAAATGC	AGCAAGGAGC	CAACGCTCTC	GCCGACGGCA	GCGCAGCGCT	GGCGGCAGGC	1680
GTGCAGGAAT	TGGTCGATCA	GGTCAAAAAG	ATGGGCTCAG	GGCTCAACGA	GGCCGCCGAC	1740
TTCTGTGTTG	GGATCAAGCG	GGATGCGGAC	AAGCCGTCAA	TGGCGGGCTT	CAACATTCCA	1800
CCGCAGATTT	TTTCGAGGGA	CGAGTTCAAG	AAGGGCGCCC	AGATTTTCTT	GTCGGCCGAT	1860
GGTCATGCGG	CGCGGTACTT	CGTGCAGAGC	GCGCTGAATC	CGGCCACCAC	CGAGGCGATG	1920
GATCAGGTCA	ACGATATCCT	CCGTGTTGCG	GATTCCGCGC	GACCGAATAC	CGAACTCGAG	1980
GATGCCACGA	TAGGTCTGGC	GGGGGTTCCG	ACTGCGCTGC	GGGATATCCG	CGACTACTAC	2040
AACAGCGATA	TGAAATTCAT	CGTCATTGCG	ACGATCGTTA	TCGTATTCTT	GATTCTCGTC	2100
ATTCTGNTGC	GCGCACTTGT	GGNTCCGATA	TATCTGATAG	GCTCGGTGCT	GATTTCTTAC	2160
TTGTGCGCCC	TAGGCATAGG	AACTTTTCGTT	TTCCAATTGA	TACTGGGCCA	GGAAATGCAT	2220
TGGAGCCTGC	CGGGACTGTC	CTTCATATTA	TTGGTTGCCA	TCGGCGCTGA	CTACAACATG	2280
CTGCTCATTT	CACGCATCCG	CGACG				2305

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1742 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

CCGCTCTCTT	TCAACGTCAT	AAGTTCGGTG	GGCCAGTCGG	CCGCGCGTGC	ATATGGCACC	60
AATAACGCGT	GTCCCATGGA	TACCCGGACC	GCACGACGGT	AGAGCGGATC	AGCGCAGCCG	120
GTGCCGAACA	CTACCGCGTC	CACGCTCAGC	CCTGCCCGCT	TGCGGAAGAT	CGAGCCGAGG	180

TTCTCATGGT	CGTTAACGCC	TTCCAACACT	GCGACGGTGC	GCGCCCCGGC	GACCACCTGA	240
GCAACGCTCG	GCTCCGGCAC	CCGGCGCGCG	GCTGCCAACA	CCCCACGATT	GAGATGGAAG	300
CCGATCACCC	GTGCCATGAC	ATCAGCCGAC	GCTCGATAGT	ACGGCGCGCC	GACACCGGCC	360
AGATCATCCT	TGAGCTCGGC	CAGCCGGCGG	TCGGTGCCGA	ACAGCGCCAG	CGGCGTGAAC	420
CGTGAGGCCA	GCATGCGCTG	CACCACCAGC	ACACCCTCGG	CGATCACCAA	CGCCTTGCCG	480
GTCGGCAGAT	CGGGACNACN	GTCGATGCTG	TTCAGGTCAC	GGAAATCGTC	GAGCCGTGGG	540
TCGTCGGGAT	CGCAGACGTC	CTGAACATCG	AGGCCGTCGG	GGTGCTGGGC	ACAACGGCCT	600
TCGGTCACGG	GCTTTCGTCG	ACCAGAGCCA	GCATCAGATC	GGCGGCGCTG	CGCAGGATGT	660
CACGCTCGCT	GCGGTTTCAGC	GTCGCGAGCC	GCTCAGCCAG	CCACTCTTGC	AGAGAGCCGT	720
TGCTGGGATT	AATTGGGAGA	GGAAGACAGC	ATGTCGTTTC	TGACCACACA	GCCGGAAGCC	780
CTGGCAGCTG	CGGCGGCGAA	CCTACAGGGT	ATTGGCACGA	CAATGAACGC	CCAGAACGCG	840
GCCGCGGCTG	CTCCAACCAC	CGGAGTAGTG	CCCAGAGCCG	CCGATGAAGT	ATCAGCGCTG	900
ACCGCGGCTC	AGTTTGCTGC	GCACGCGCAG	ATGTACCAA	CGGTCAGCGC	CCAGGCCGCG	960
GCCATTACAG	AAATGTTCGT	GAACACGCTG	GTGGCCAGTT	CTGGCTCATA	CGCGGCCACC	1020
GAGGCGGCCA	ACGCAGCCGC	TGCCGGCTGA	ACGGGCTCGC	ACGAACCTGC	TGAAGGAGAG	1080
GGGGAACATC	CGGAGTTCTC	GGGTCAGGGG	TTGCGCCAGC	GCCCAGCCGA	TTCAGNTATC	1140
GGCGTCCATA	ACAGCAGACG	ATCTAGGCAT	TCAGTACTAA	GGAGACAGGC	AACATGGCCT	1200
CACGTTTTAT	GACGGATCCG	CATGCGATGC	GGGACATGGC	GGGCCGTTTT	GAGGTGCACG	1260
CCCAGACGGT	GGAGGACGAG	GCTCGCCGGA	TGTGGGCGTC	CGCGCAAAAC	ATTTCCGGTG	1320
CGGGCTGGAG	TGGCATGGCC	GAGGCGACCT	CGCTAGACAC	CATGACCTAG	ATGAATCAGG	1380
CGTTTCGCAA	CATCGTGAAC	ATGCTGCACG	GGGTGCGTGA	CGGGCTGGTT	CGCGACGCCA	1440
ACAANTACGA	ACAGCAAGAG	CAGGCCTCCC	AGCAGATCCT	GAGCAGNTAG	CGCCGAAAGC	1500
CACAGCTGNG	TACGNTTCT	CACATTAGGA	GAACACCAAT	ATGACGATTA	ATTACCAGTT	1560
CGGGGACGTC	GACGCTCATG	GCGCCATGAT	CCGCGCTCAG	GCGGCGTCGC	TTGAGGCGGA	1620
GCATCAGGCC	ATCGTTTCGTG	ATGTGTTGGC	CGCGGGTGAC	TTTTGGGGCG	GCGCCGGTTC	1680
GGTGCTTGTC	CAGGAGTTCA	TTACCCAGTT	GGGCCGTAA	TTCCAGGTGA	TCTACGAGCA	1740
GG						1742

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2836 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

GTTGATTCCG	TTCGCGGCGC	CGCCGAAGAC	CACCAACTCC	GCTGGGGTGG	TCGCACAGGC	60
GGTTGCGTCG	GTCAGCTGGC	CGAATCCCAA	TGATTGGTGG	CTCNGTGC GG	TTGCTGGGCT	120
CGATTACCCC	CACGGAAAGG	ACGACGATCG	TTCGTTTGCT	CGGTACGTCG	TACTTGGCGA	180
CGGGCATGGC	GCGGTTTCTT	ACCTCGATCG	CACAGCAGCT	GACCTTCGGC	CCAGGGGGCA	240
CAACGGCTGG	CTCCGGCGGA	GCCTGGTACC	CAACGCCACA	ATTCGCCGGC	CTGGGTGCAG	300
GCCCGGCGGT	GTCGGCGAGT	TTGGCGCGGG	CGGAGCCGGT	CGGGAGGTTG	TCGGTGCCGC	360
CAAGTTGGGC	CGTCGCGGCT	CCGGCCTTCG	CGGAGAAGCC	TGAGGCGGGC	ACGCCGATGT	420
CCGTCATCGG	CGAAGCGTCC	AGCTGCGGTC	AGGGAGGCCT	GCTTCGAGGC	ATACCGCTGG	480
CGAGAGCGGG	GCGGCGTACA	GGCGCCTTCG	CTCACCGATA	CGGGTTCCGC	CACAGCGTGA	540
TTACCCGGTC	TCCGTCGGCG	GGATAGCTTT	CGATCCGGTC	TGCGCGGCCG	CCGGAATGTC	600
TGCAGATAGC	GATCGACCGC	GCCGGTCGGT	AAACGCCGCA	CACGGCACTA	TCAATGCGCA	660
CGGCGGGCGT	TGATGCCAAA	TTGACCGTCC	CGACGGGGCT	TTATCTGCGG	CAAGATTTC	720

TCCCCAGCCC	GGTCGGTGGG	CCGATAAATA	CGCTGGTCAG	CGCGACTCTT	CCGGCTGAAT	780
TCGATGCTCT	GGGCGCCCCG	TCGACGCCGA	GTATCTCGAG	TGGGCEGCAA	ACCCGGTCAA	840
ACGCTGTTAC	TGTGGCGTTA	CCACAGGTGA	ATTTGCGGTG	CCAACTGGTG	AACACTTGCG	900
AACGGGTGGC	ATCGAAATCA	ACTTGTTCG	TTGCAGTGAT	CTACTCTCTT	GCAGAGAGCC	960
GTTGCTGGGA	TTAATTGGGA	GAGGAAGACA	GCATGTCGTT	CGTGACCACA	CAGCCGGAAG	1020
CCCTGGCAGC	TGCGGCGGCG	AACCTACAGG	GTATTGGCAC	GACAATGAAC	GCCCAGAACG	1080
CGGCCGCGGC	TGCTCCAACC	ACCGGAGTAG	TGCCCCGAGC	CGCCGATGAA	GTATCAGCGC	1140
TGACCGCGGC	TCAGTTTGCT	GCGCACGCGC	AGATGTACCA	AACGGTCAGC	GCCCAGGCCG	1200
CGGCCATTCA	CGAAATGTTT	GTGAACACGC	TGGTGGCCAG	TTCTGGCTCA	TACGCGGCCA	1260
CCGAGGCGGC	CAACGCAGCC	GCTGCCGGCT	GAACGGGCTC	GCACGAACCT	GCTGAAGGAG	1320
AGGGGGAACA	TCCGGAGTTC	TCGGGTCAGG	GGTTGCGCCA	GCGCCAGCC	GATTCTAGCTA	1380
TCGGCGTCCA	TAACAGCAGA	CGATCTAGGC	ATTCAGTACT	AAGGAGACAG	GCAACATGGC	1440
CTCACGTTTT	ATGACGGATC	CGCATGCGAT	GCGGGACATG	GCGGGCCGTT	TTGAGGTGCA	1500
CGCCCAGACG	GTGGAGGACG	AGGCTCGCCG	GATGTGGGCG	TCCGCGCAA	ACATTTCGG	1560
TGCGGGCTGG	AGTGGCATGG	CCGAGGCGAC	CTCGCTAGAC	ACCATGACCT	AGATGAATCA	1620
GGCGTTTCGC	AACATCGTGA	ACATGCTGCA	CGGGGTGCGT	GACGGGCTGG	TTGCGGACGC	1680
CAACAACACT	GAACAGCAAG	AGCAGGCCTC	CCAGCAGATC	CTGAGCAGCT	AGCGCCGAAA	1740
GCCACAGCTG	CGTACGCTTT	CTCACATTAG	GAGAACACCA	ATATGACGAT	TAATTACCAG	1800
TTCGGGGACG	TCGACGCTCA	TGGCGCCATG	ATCCGCGCTC	AGGCGGCGTC	GCTTGAGGCG	1860
GAGCATCAGG	CCATCGTTTC	TGATGTGTTG	GCCGCGGGTG	ACTTTTGGGG	CGGCGCCGGT	1920
TCGGTGGCTT	GCCAGGAGTT	CATTACCCAG	TTGGGCCGTA	ACTTCCAGGT	GATCTACGAG	1980
CAGGCCAACG	CCCACGGGCA	GAAGGTGCAG	GCTGCCGGCA	ACAACATGGC	GCAAACCGAC	2040
AGCGCCGTCG	GCTCCAGCTG	GGCCTAAAC	TGAACTTCAG	TCGCGGCAGC	ACACCAACCA	2100
GCCGGTGTGC	TGCTGTGTCC	TGCAGTTAAC	TAGCACTCGA	CCGCTGAGGT	AGCGATGGAT	2160
CAACAGAGTA	CCCGCACCGA	CATCACCGTC	AACGTCGACG	GCTTCTGGAT	GCTTCAGGCG	2220
CTACTGGATA	TCCGCCACGT	TGCGCCTGAG	TTACGTTGCC	GGCCGTACGT	CTCCACCGAT	2280
TCCAATGACT	GGCTAAACGA	GCACCCGGGG	ATGGCGGTCA	TGCGCGAGCA	GGGCATTGTC	2340
GTCAACGACG	CGGTCAACGA	ACAGGTCGCT	GCCCCGATGA	AGGTGCTTGC	CGCACCTGAT	2400
CTTGAAGTCG	TCGCCCTGCT	GTCACGCGGC	AAGTTGCTGT	ACGGGGTCAT	AGACGACGAG	2460
AACCAGCCGC	CGGGTTCGCG	TGACATCCCT	GACAATGAGT	TCCGGGTGGT	GTTGGCCCCG	2520
CGAGGCCAGC	ACTGGGTGTC	GGCGGTACGG	GTTGGCAATG	ACATCACCGT	CGATGACGTG	2580
ACGGTCTCGG	ATAGCGCCTC	GATCGCCGCA	CTGGTAATGG	ACGGTCTGGA	GTCGATTAC	2640
CACGCCGACC	CAGCCGCGAT	CAACGCGGTC	AACGTGCCAA	TGGAGGAGAT	CTCGTGCCGA	2700
ATTCGGCACG	AGGCACGAGG	CGGTGTCGGT	GACGACGGGA	TCGATCACGA	TCATCGACCG	2760
GCCGGGATCC	TTGGCGATCT	CGTTGAGCAC	GACCCGGGCC	CGCGGGAAGC	TCTGCGACAT	2820
CCATGGGTTC	TTCCCG					2836

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 900 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

AACATGCTGC	ACGGGGTGCG	TGACGGGCTG	GTTCGCGACG	CCAACAACCTA	CGAGCAGCAA	60
GAGCAGGCCCT	CCCAGCAGAT	CCTCAGCAGC	TAACGTCAGC	CGCTGCAGCA	CAATACTTTT	120
ACAAGCGAAG	GAGAACAGGT	TCGATGACCA	TCAACTATCA	GTTCGGTGAT	GTCGACGCTC	180

ACGGCGCCAT	GATCCGCGCT	CAGGCCGGGT	TGCTGGAGGC	CGAACATCAG	GCCATCATTC	240
GTGATGTGTT	GACCGCGAGT	GACTTTTGGG	GCGGCGCCGG	TTCGGCGGCC	TGCCAGGGGT	300
TCATTACCCA	ATTGGGCCGT	AACTTCCAGG	TGATCTACGA	ACAGGCCAAC	GCCCACGGGC	360
AGAAGGTGCA	GGCTGCCGGC	AACAACATGG	CGCAAACCGA	CAGCGCCGTC	GGCTCCAGCT	420
GGGCCTGACA	CCAGGCCAAG	GCCAGGGACG	TGGTGTACGA	GTGAAGGTTT	CTCGCGTGAT	480
CCTTCGGGTG	GCAGTCTAGG	TGGTCAGTGC	TGGGGTGTTG	GTGGTTTGCT	GCTTGGCGGG	540
TTCTTCGGTG	CTGGTCAGTG	CTGCTCGGGC	TCGGGTGAGG	ACCTCGAGGC	CCAGGTAGCG	600
CCGTCCTTCG	ATCCATTTCG	CGTGTGTTC	GGCGAGGACG	GCTCCGACGA	GGCGGATGAT	660
CGAGGCGCGG	TCGGGGAAGA	TGCCACGAC	GTCGGTTCGG	CGTCGTACCT	CTCGGTTGAG	720
GCGTTCTTGG	GGGTTGTTGG	ACCAGATTG	GCGCCAGATC	TTCTTGGGGA	AGGCGGTGAA	780
CGCCAGCAGG	TCGGTGCGGG	CGGTGTCGAN	GTGCTCGGCC	ACCGCGGGGA	GTTTGTCTGGT	840
CAGAGCGTCG	AGTACCCGAT	CATATTGGGC	AACAACATGAT	TCGGCGTTGG	GCTGGTCGTA	900

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1905 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

GCTCGCCGGA	TGTGGGCGTC	CGCGCAAAAC	ATTTCCGGTG	CGGGCTGGAG	TGGCATGGCC	60
GAGGCGACCT	CGCTAGACAC	CATGGCCCAG	ATGAATCAGG	CGTTTCGCAA	CATCGTGAAC	120
ATGCTGCACG	GGGTGCGTGA	CGGGCTGGTT	CGCGACGCCA	ACAACATACGA	GCAGCAAGAG	180
CAGGCCTCCC	AGCAGATCCT	CAGCAGCTAA	CGTCAGCCGC	TGCAGACAAA	TACTTTTACA	240
AGCGAAGGAG	AACAGGTTTC	ATGACCATCA	ACTATCAGTT	CGGTGATGTC	GACGCTCACG	300
GCGCCATGAT	CCGCGCTCAG	GCCGGGTTCG	TGGAGGCCGA	GCATCAGGCC	ATCATTCGTG	360
ATGTGTTGAC	CGCGAGTGAC	TTTTGGGGCG	GCGCCGGTTC	GGCGGCCTGC	CAGGGGTTCA	420
TTACCCAGTT	GGGCCGTAA	TTCCAGGTGA	TCTACGAACA	AGCCAACACC	CACGGGCAGA	480
AGGTGCAAGC	TGCCGGCAAC	AACATGGCGC	AAACCGACAG	CGCCGTCNGC	TCCAGCTGGG	540
CCTGACACCA	GGCCAAGGCC	AGGGACGTGG	TGTACNAGTG	AAGGTTCTCT	GCGTGATCCT	600
TCGGGTGGCA	GTCTAGGTGG	TCAGTGCTGG	GGTGTGTTGG	GTTTGCTGCT	TGGCGGGTTC	660
TTCCGGTGCTG	GTCAGTGCTG	CTCGGGCTCG	GGTGAGGACC	TCGAGGCCCA	GGTAGCGCCG	720
TCCTTCGATC	CATTCTGTCG	GTTGTTCCGC	GAGGACNGCT	CCGACGANGC	GGATGATCGA	780
GGCGCGGTTC	GGGAAGATGC	CCACGACGTC	GGTTCGGCGT	CGTACCTCTC	GGTTGAAGCG	840
TTCTTGGGGG	CCACCGCTTG	GCGCCNANGC	ACTCCACGCC	AATTCGTCNC	ACCTAACAGC	900
GGTGGCCAAC	GACTATGACT	ACGACACCGT	TTTTGCCAGG	GCCCTCNAAA	GGATCTGCGC	960
GTCCCGGCGA	CACGCTTTTT	GCGATAAGTA	CCTCCGGCAA	TTCTATGAGT	GTAATGCGGN	1020
CCGCGAAAAC	CGCAAGGGAG	TTGGGTGTGA	CGGTTNTTGC	AAATGACGGG	CGAATCCGGC	1080
GGCCAGCTGG	CAGAATTTCG	AGATTTCTTG	ATCAACGTCC	CGTCACGCGA	CACCGGGCGA	1140
ATCCAGGAAT	CTCACATCGT	TTTTATTTCAT	GCGATCTCCG	AACATGTCGA	ACACGCGCTT	1200
TTCCGCGCCTC	GCCAATAGGA	AAGCCGATCC	TTACGCGGCC	ATTCGAAAGA	TGGTCGCGGA	1260
ACGTGCGGGA	CACCAATGGT	GTCTCTTCTT	CGATAGAGAC	GGGGTCATCA	ATCGACAAGT	1320
GGTCGGCGAC	TACGTACGGA	ACTGGCGGCA	GTTTGAAATGG	TTGCCCGGGG	CGGCGCGGGC	1380
GTTGAAGAAG	CTACGGGCAT	GGGCTCCGTA	CATCGTTGTC	GTGACAAACC	AGCAGGGCGT	1440
GGGTGCCGGA	TTGATGAGCG	CCGTCGACGT	GATGGTGATA	CATCGGCACC	TCCAAATGCA	1500
GCTTGATATC	GATGGCGTGC	TGATAGATGG	ATTTACAGTT	TGCCCCCACC	ACCGTTTCGA	1560
GCGGTGTGGC	TGCCGTAAGC	CGAGACCGGG	TCTGGTCTCT	GACTGGCTCG	GACGACACCC	1620

CGACAGTGAG	CCATTGCTGA	GCATCGTGGT	TGGGGACAGC	CTCAGCGATC	TTGACATTGG	1680
CACACAACGT	CGCCGCTGCT	GCCGGTGCAT	GTGCCAGTGT	CCAGATAGGG	GGCGCCAGTT	1740
CTGGCGGTGT	CGCTGACGCG	TCATTTGACT	CGCTCTGGGA	GTTGCTGTCT	GCAGTCGGAC	1800
ATGCGCGGGG	GGAGCGGGG	TAATGGCGAT	CTTGCGCGGG	CGAGCGCCGT	NGCGGNTCGG	1860
ACTNNGCGGT	GGCGGGACAG	ACGTGGAACC	GTACTCGAGC	CAGTT		1905

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2921 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

CGGGATGCCG	TGGTGGTTGG	TATTGCCCAA	ACCCTGGCGC	TGGTCCCCGG	GGTATCCAGG	60
TCCGGGTCGA	CCATCAGCGC	TGGACTGTTT	CTCGGACTCG	ACCGTGAAC	GGCCGCCCGA	120
TTCGGATTCC	TGCTGGCCAT	TCCAGCGGTG	TTCGCCTCCG	GGTTGTTCTC	GTTGCCCGAC	180
GCATTCCACC	CGGTAACCGA	GGGCATGAGC	GCTACTGGCC	CGCAGTTGCT	GGTGGCCACC	240
CTGATCGCGT	TCGTCTCTCG	TCTGACCGCG	GTGGCCTGGC	TGCTGCGGTT	TCTGGTGCGA	300
CACAACATGT	ACTGGTTTCG	CGGCTACCGG	GTGCTCGTCG	GGACGGGCAT	GCTCGTGCTG	360
CTGGCTACCG	GGACGGTAGC	CGCGACATGA	CCGTCATCTT	GCTACGCCAT	GCCCCGTTCCA	420
CCTCGAACAC	CGCGGGCGTG	CTGGCCGGCC	GGTCCGGCGT	CGACCTCGAC	GAGAAGGGGC	480
GCGAGCAGGC	CACCGGGTTG	ATCGATCGAA	TTGGTGACCT	GCCGATCCGG	GCGGTCGCGT	540
CTTCTCCAAT	GCTGCGGTGT	CAACGCACCG	TCGAACCGCT	GGCCGAGGCG	CTGTGCCTGG	600
AGCCGCTCAT	CGATGACCGG	TTCTCCGAAG	TCGACTACCG	CGAATGGACT	GGCAGAAAAA	660
TCGGTGACCT	GGTCGACGAG	CCGTTGTGGC	GGGTAGTCCA	GGCCCACCCC	AGCGCGGCGG	720
TGTTTCCCGG	CGGTGAGGGT	TTGGCGCAGG	TGCAGACGTG	GTTGTCTCTG	CGGATTTCCTA	780
TGCCGGGGAA	CACCAAGACC	GGATCGGCAC	TGGCGGTTCG	CGGCGAAAAC	CCGGCCGCCA	840
ATAGGGCGAC	CGTCGCTGCG	AATGCGCGTG	GTACCAGGCG	GACCACCTTG	AACTCCCATC	900
CGTCGGGGCC	AAGCGCATCG	CCCGCCGCCG	GTTACGGCTA	AGGCGTACCA	AAACCCGACG	960
GTAATACTTC	GGCAATGTCT	GGTCNCGACG	TTACCGAGAC	GTGACCAGNG	AGGCNGCGGC	1020
ATTGGATTFA	TCGATGGTGC	GCGGTTCCCA	NCCCGGCGGT	CCGAANACGT	AGCCCAGCCG	1080
ATCCCGCAGA	CGTGTGCGG	ACCGCCAGTC	ACGCACGATC	GCCACGTACT	CGCGGGTCTG	1140
CAGCTTCCAG	ATGTTGAACG	TGTCGACCCG	CTTGGTTCAG	CCATAATGCG	GTCGGAATAG	1200
CTCCGGCTGA	AAGCTACCGA	ACAGGCGGTC	CCAGATGATG	AGGATGCCGC	CATAGTTCTT	1260
GTCCANATAC	ACCGGGTCCA	TTCCGTGGTG	GACCCGCTGG	TGCGACGGGG	TATTGAAGAC	1320
GAATTCGAAC	CACCGCGGCA	GCCTGTCTGAT	CCGCTCGGTG	TGCACCCAGA	ACTGGTAGAT	1380
CAAGTTCAGC	GACCAATTGC	AGAACACCAT	CCAAGGGGGA	AGCCCCATCA	GTGGCAGCGG	1440
AACCCACATG	AGAATCTCGC	CGCTGTTGTT	CCANTTTCTG	GCGCAGCGCG	GTGGCGAAGT	1500
TGAAGTATTC	GCTGGAGTGA	TGCGCCTGGT	GGGTAGCCCA	GATCAGCCGA	ACTCGGTGGG	1560
CGATGCGGTG	ATAGGAGTAG	TACAGCAGAT	CGACACCAAC	GATCGCGATC	ACCCAGGTGT	1620
ACCACCGGTG	GGCGGACAGC	TGCCAGGGGG	CAAGGTAGGC	ATAGATTGCG	GCATAACCGA	1680
GCAGGGCAAG	GGACTTCCAG	CCGGCGGTGG	TGGCTATCGA	AACCAGCCCC	ATCGAGATGC	1740
TGGCCACCGA	GTCGCGGGTG	AGGTAAGCGC	CCGAGGCGGG	CCGTGGCTGC	CCGGTAGCAG	1800
CGGTCTCGAT	GCTTTCACG	TTGCGGGCCG	CCGTCCATTC	GAGAATCAGC	AGCAATAGAA	1860
AACATGGAAT	GGCGAACAGT	ACCGGGTCCC	GCATTTCTCT	GGGCAGCGCT	GAGAAGAATC	1920
CGGCGACGGC	ATGGCCGAGG	CGACCTCGNT	AGACACCATG	ACCCAGATGA	ATCAGGCGTT	1980
TCGCAACATC	GTGAACATGC	TGCACGGGGT	GCGTGACGGG	CTGGTTCGCG	ACGCCAACAA	2040

NTACGAACAG	CAAGAGCAGG	CCTCCCAGCA	GATCCTCAGC	AGCTGACCCG	GCCCCGACGAC	2100
TCAGGAGGAC	ACATGACCAT	CAACTATCAA	TTCGGGGACG	TCGACGCTCA	CGGCGCCATG	2160
ATCCGCGCTC	AGGCCGGGTC	GCTGGAGGCC	GAGCATCAGG	CCATCATTTT	TGATGTGTTG	2220
ACCGCGAGTG	ACTTTTGGGG	CGGCGCCGGT	TCGGCGGCCT	GCCAGGGGTT	CATTACCCAG	2280
CTGGGCCGTA	ACTTCCAGGT	GATNTACGAG	CAGGCCAACG	CCCACGGGCA	GAAGGTGCAG	2340
GCTGCCGGCA	ACAACATGGC	ACAAACCGAC	AGCGCCGTCG	GCTCCAGCTG	GGCATAAAGN	2400
TGGCTTAAGG	CCCGCGCCGT	CAATTACAAC	GTGGCCGCAC	ACCGGTTGGT	GTGTGGCCAC	2460
GTTGTTATCT	GAACGACTAA	CTACTTCGAC	CTGCTAAAGT	CGGCGCGTTG	ATCCCCGGTC	2520
GGATGGTGCT	GAAGTGGGAA	GATGGCCTCA	ATGCCCTTGT	TGCGGAAGGG	ATTGAGGCCA	2580
TCGTGTTTCG	TACTTTAGGC	GATCAGTGCT	GGTTGTGGGA	GTCGCTGCTG	CCCGACGAGG	2640
TGCGCCGACT	GCCCCAGGAA	CTGGCCCCGG	TGGACGCATT	GTTGGACGAT	CCGGCGTTCT	2700
TCGCCCCGTT	CGTGCCGTTT	TTCGACCCGC	GCAGGGGCCG	GCCGTCGACG	CCGATGGAGG	2760
TCTATCTGCA	GTTGATGTTT	GTGAAGTTCC	GCTACCGGCT	GGGCTATGAG	TCGCTGTGCC	2820
GGGAGGTGGC	TGATTGCATC	ACCTGACGGC	GGTTTTGCCG	CATTGCGCTG	GACGGGTCGG	2880
TGCCGCATCC	GACCACATTG	ATGAAGCTCA	CCACGCGTTG	C		2921

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1704 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

CGCGATCGTC	GTCAACGANG	TCGACCGTCA	CCACGGACTG	ATCAACAAGT	TCGCAGGCCGA	60
CGCCGCCCTG	GCCATCTTCG	GAGCCCCGAA	CCGCCTCGAC	CGTCCCGAAG	ACGCCGCGCT	120
GGCCGCCGCC	CGGGCCATAN	CCGANCGGCT	GGCCNACGAG	ATGCCCGAGG	TCCAAGCCGG	180
CATCGGGGTG	GCGGCAGGCC	ANATCGTCGC	CGGCAATGTC	GGCGCCAAGC	AAAGATTENA	240
ATACACAGTG	GTCGGCAAGC	CGGTCAACCA	NGCGGCCCGA	TTGTGCGAAC	TGGCCAAATC	300
ACACCCCGCG	CGATTGGGTC	TCGCCCCGCTC	GGCTCATGGT	CACCCAATTC	AAGGACTACT	360
TTGGCCTGGC	GCACGACCTG	CCGAAGTGGG	CGAGTGAAGG	CGCCAAAGCC	GCCGGTGAGG	420
CCGCCAAGGC	GTTGCCGGCC	GCCGTTCCGG	CCATTCCGAG	TGCTGGCCTG	AGCGGCGTTG	480
CGGGCGCCGT	CGGTCAGGCG	GCGTCGGTCG	GGGGATTGAA	GGTTCGCGCC	GTTTGACCGG	540
CCACGACCCC	GGCGGCGAGC	CCCGCGGTGC	TGGCGGCGTC	CAACGGCCTC	GGAGCCGCGG	600
CCGCCGCTGA	AGGTTTCGAC	CACGCGTTTG	GCGGGATGCC	GCTCATGGGT	ANCGGTGCCG	660
GACGTGCGTT	TAACAACCTT	GCTGCCCCCTC	GATACGGATT	CAAGCCGACC	GTGATCGCCC	720
AACCGCCGGC	TGGCGGATGA	CCAACTACGT	TCGTTGATCG	AGGATCGAAT	TCNACGATTC	780
AAAGGGAGGA	ATTATATATGA	CCTCNCGTTT	TATGACGGAT	CCGCACGCNA	TNCGGGACAT	840
GGCGGGCCGT	TTTGAGGTGC	ACGCCCAGAC	GGTGGAGGAC	GAGGCTNGCN	GGATGTGGGC	900
GTCCGCGCAA	AACATTTCCG	GTGCGGGCTG	GAGTGGCATG	GCCGAGGCGA	CCTCGNTAGA	960
CACCATGGCC	CAGATGAATC	AGGCGTTTCN	CAACATCGTG	AACATGCTGC	ACGGGGTGNG	1020
TGACGGGCTG	GTTCCGCGACG	CCAACAACCTA	CGAACAGCAA	GAGCAGGCCT	CCCAGCAGAT	1080
CCTCAGCAGC	TGACCCGGCC	CGACGACTCA	GGAGGACACA	TGACCATCAA	CTATCAATTC	1140
GGGGACGTCG	ACGCTCATGG	CGCCATGATC	CGCGCTNTGG	CCGGGTTGCT	GGAGGCCGAG	1200
CATCAGGCCA	TCATTTCTGA	TGTGTTGACC	GCGAGTGACT	TTTGGGGCGG	CGCCGGTTTCG	1260
GCGGCCTGCC	AGGGGTTTCAT	TACCCAGTTG	GGCCGTAAC	TCCAGGTGAT	TTACGAGCAG	1320
GCCAACGCCC	ACGGGCAGAA	GGTGCAGGCT	GCCGGCAACA	ACATGGCACA	AACCGACAGC	1380
GCCGTNGGNT	CCAGCTGGGC	CTAACCCGGG	TCNTAAGTTG	GGTCCGCGCA	GGGCGGGCCG	1440

ATCAGCGTNG	ACTTTGGCGC	CCGATACACG	GGCATNTTNT	NGTCGGGAAC	ACTGCGCCCG	1500
CGTCAGNTGC	CCGCTTCCCC	TTGTTNGGCG	ACGTGCTCGG	TGATGGCTTT	GACGACCGCT	1560
TCGCCGGCGC	GGCCAATCAA	TTGGTCGCGC	TTGCCTNTAG	CCCATTCTGT	CGACGCCCGC	1620
GGCGCCGCGA	GTTGTCCCTT	GAAATAAGGA	ATCACAGCAC	GGGCGAACAG	CTCATAGGAG	1680
TGAAAGGTTG	CCGTGGCGGG	GCCC				1704

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2286 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

CCGTCTTGGC	GTCTGGGCGC	ATTGTGATCT	GGGCCANTTG	CCCCTCCACC	CAGACCGCGC	60
CCAGCTTGTC	GATCCAGCCC	GCGACCCGGA	TTGCCACCGC	GCGAACCGGG	AACGGATTCT	120
CCGCTGAATT	CTGGGTCACT	TCGCAGTCGC	GCGGGTGATC	CTGTTGGCGA	NCAGCGTCTG	180
GAACGGGCGT	CNAACGCGTG	CCGTAAGCCC	AGCGTGATCG	CCGTCAGCCC	GACGCCGATG	240
CCGAATGCCT	TGCCGCCCAA	GCTGAGCCGC	GCGGGCTCCA	CCAAGAGCGT	CACGGTGAGC	300
CAGCCAACCA	GATGCAAGGC	GACGATCACC	GCGAAGTGCC	GAATTCGGCA	CGAGAGGTGC	360
TGGAAATCCA	GCAATACGCC	CGCGAGCCGA	TCTCGTTGGA	CCAGACCATC	GGCGACGANG	420
GCGACAGNCA	GCTTGGCGAT	TTCATCGAAA	ACAGCGAGGC	GGTGGTGNC	GTCGACGCGG	480
TGTCCTTCAC	TTTGCTGCAT	GATCAACTGC	ANTCGGTGCT	GGACACGCTC	TCCGAGCGTG	540
AGGCGGGCGT	GGTGCGGCTA	CGCTTCGGCC	TTACCGACGG	CCAGCCGCGC	ACCCTTGACG	600
AGATCGGCCA	GGTCTACGGC	GTGACCCGGG	AACGCATCCG	CCAGATCGAA	TCCAAGACTA	660
TGTCGAAGTT	GCGCCATCCG	AGCCGCTCAC	AGGTCTGCG	CGACTATCGT	GCCGAATTCG	720
GCACGAGCCG	TTTTGAGGTG	CACGCCCAGA	CGGTGGAGGA	CGAGGCTCGC	CGGATGTGGG	780
CGTCCGCGCA	AAACATTTCC	GGTGCGGGCT	GGAGTGGCAT	GGCCGANGCG	ACCTCGCTAG	840
ACACCATGGC	CCAGATGAAT	CAGGCGTTTC	GCAACATCGT	GAACATGCTG	CACGGGGTGC	900
GTGACGGGCT	GGTTCGCGAC	GCCAACAAC	ACGAACAGCA	AGAGCAGGCC	TCCCAGCAGA	960
TCCTCAGCAG	CTGACCCGGC	CCGACGACTC	AGGAGGACAC	ATGACCATCA	ACTATCAATT	1020
CGGGGACGTC	GACGCTCATG	GCGCCATGAT	CCGCGCTCTG	GCCGGGTTGC	TGGAGGCCGA	1080
GCATCAGGCC	ATCATTTCTG	ATGTGTTGAC	CGCGAGTGAC	TTTTTGGGGCG	GCGCCGGTTC	1140
GGCGGCCTGC	CAGGGGTTCA	TTACCCAGTT	GGGCCGTAA	TTCCAGGTGA	TCTACGAGCA	1200
GGCCAACGCC	CACGGGCAGA	AGGTGCAGGC	TGCCGGCAAC	AACATGGCAC	AAACCGACAG	1260
CGCCGTCGGC	TCCAGCTGGG	CCTAACCCGG	GTCCTAAGTT	GGGTCCGCGC	AGGGCGGGCC	1320
GATCAGCGTC	GACTTTGGCG	CCCATAACAC	GGGCATGTNG	TNGTCGGGAA	CACTGCGCCC	1380
GCGTCAGCTG	CCCGCTTCCC	CTTGTTTCGGC	GACGTGCTCG	GTGATGGCTT	TGACGACCGC	1440
TTCCGCCGGC	CGGCCAATCA	ATTGGTCGCG	CTTGCTCTA	GCCTCGTGCC	GAATTCGGCA	1500
CGAGGGTGCT	GGTGCCGCGC	TATCGGCAGC	ACGTGAGCTC	CACGACGAAC	TCATCCCAGT	1560
GCTGGGTTCC	GCGGAGTTCG	GCATCGGCGT	GTCGGCCGGA	AGGGCCATCG	CCGGCCACAT	1620
CGGCGCTCAA	GCCCCGTTTC	AGTACACCGT	CATCGGCGAC	CCGGTCAACG	AGGCCGCCCCG	1680
GCTCACCGAA	CTGGCCAAAG	TCGAGGATGG	CCACGTTCTG	GCGTCGGCGA	TCGCGGTCTAG	1740
TGGCGCCCTG	GACGCCGAAG	CATTGTGTTG	GGATGTTGGC	GAGGTGGTTG	AGCTCCGCGG	1800
ACGTGCTGCA	CCCACCCAAC	TAGCCAGGCC	AATGAATNTG	GCNGCACCCG	AAGAGGTTTC	1860
CAGCGAAGTA	CGCGGCTAGT	CGCGCTTGCC	TGCNTTCTTC	GCCGGCACCT	TCCGGGCAGC	1920
TTTCCTGGCT	GGCCGTTTTG	CCGGACCCCCG	GGCTCGGCCA	TCGGCCAACA	GCTCGGCGGC	1980
GCGCTCGTCG	GTTATGGAAG	CCACGTNGTC	GCCCTTACGC	AGGCTGGCAT	TGGTCTCACC	2040

GTCGGTGACG	TACGGCCCCGA	ATCGGCCGTC	CTTGATGACC	ATTGGCTTGC	CAGACGCCGG	2100
ATNTGNTCCC	AGCTCGCGCA	GCGGCGGAGC	CGAAGCGCTT	TGCCGGCCAC	GACNTTTCGG	2160
CTCTGNGTAG	ATNTTCAGGG	CTTCGTCGAG	CGNGATGGTG	AATATATGGT	CTTCGGTGAC	2220
CAGTGATCGA	GAATCGTTGC	CGCGCTTTAG	ATACGGTCNG	TAGCGCCCGT	TCTGCGCGGT	2280
GATNTC						2286

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1136 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

GGGCATCTTC	CCCGACCGCG	CCTCGATCAT	CCGCCTCGTC	GGAGCCGTCC	TCGCCGAACA	60
ACACGACGAA	TGGATCGAAG	GACGGCGCTA	CCTGGGCCTC	GAGGTCTCTA	CCCGAGCCCG	120
AGCAGCACTG	ACCAGCACCG	AAGAACCGCC	AAGCAGCAAA	CCACCAACAC	CCCAGCACTG	180
ACCACCTAGA	CTGCCACCCG	AAGGATCACG	CGAGGAACCT	TCACTCGTAC	ACCACGTCCC	240
TGGCCTTGGC	CTGGTGTGAG	GCCCAGCTGG	AGCCGACGGC	GCTGTGCGTT	TGCGCCATGT	300
TGTTGCCGGC	AGCCTGCACC	TTCTGCCCCG	GGGCGTTGGC	CTGCTCGTAG	ATCACCTGGA	360
AGTTACGGCC	CAACTGGGTA	ATGAACCCCT	GGCAGGCCGC	CGAACC GGCG	CCGCCCCAAA	420
AGTCACTCGC	GGTCAACACA	TCACGAATGA	TGGCCTGATG	CTCGGCCTCC	AGCAACCCGG	480
CCTGAGCGCG	GATCATGGCG	CCGTGAGCGT	CGACATCACC	GAAC TGATAG	TTGATGGTCA	540
TCGAACCTGT	TCTCCTTCGC	TTGTAAAAGT	ATTGTGCTGC	AGCGGCTGAC	GTTAGCTGCT	600
GAGGATCTGC	TGGGAGGCCT	GCTCTTGCC	CGTGCCGAAT	TCGGCACGAG	AGGCCGCCTT	660
CGAAGAAATC	CTTTGAGAAT	TCGCCAAGGC	CGTCGACCCA	GCATGGGGTC	AGCTCGCCAG	720
CCGCGCCGGC	TGGCAACCGT	TCCCGCTCGA	GAAAGACCTG	GAGGAATACC	AGTGACAAAC	780
GACCTCCAG	ACGTCCGAGA	GCGTGACGGC	GGTCCACGTC	CCGCTCCTCC	TGCTGGCGGG	840
CCACGCTTGT	CAGACGTGTG	GGTTTACAAC	GGGCGGGCGT	ACGACCTGAG	TGAGTGGAAT	900
TCCAAGCATC	CCGGCGGCGC	CTTNTTCATT	GGGCGGACCA	AGAACCGCGA	CATCACCGCA	960
ATCGTCAAGT	CCTACCATCG	TGATCCGGCG	ATTGTGCGAGC	GAATCCTGCA	GCGGAGGTAC	1020
GCGTTGGGCC	GCGACGCAAC	CCCTAGGGAC	ATCCACCCCA	AGCACAATGC	ACCGGCATTT	1080
CTGTTCAAAG	ACGACTTCAA	CAGCTGGCGG	GACACCCCGA	AGTATCGATT	NGACGA	1136

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 967 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

TGAGCGCCAA	CCCTACCGTC	GGTTCGTAC	ACGGACCGCA	TGGCCTGCTC	CGCGGACTGC	60
CGCTAGGGTC	GCGGATCACT	CGGCGTAGCG	GCGCCTTTGC	CCACCGATAT	GGGTTCCGTC	120
ACAGTGTGGT	TGCCCCGCCG	CCATCGGCCG	GATAACGCCA	TGACCTCAGC	TCGGCAGAAA	180
TGACAATGCT	CCCAAAGGCG	TGAGCACCCG	AAGACAACCTA	AGCAGGAGAT	CGCATGCCGT	240
TTGTGACTAC	CCAACCAGAA	GCACTGGCGG	CGGCGGCCGG	CAGTCTGCAG	GGAATCGGCT	300
CCGCATTGAA	CGCCCAGAAT	GCGGCTGCGG	CGACTCCCAC	GACGGGGGTG	GTCCGGCGGC	360
CGCCGATGAA	NTGTCGGCGC	TGACGGCGGC	TCAGTTCGCG	GCACACGCCC	AGATCTATCA	420
GGCCGTCAGC	GCCCAGGCCG	CGGCGATTCA	CGAGATGTTC	GTCAACACTC	TACAGATGAG	480
CTCAGGGTCG	TATGCTGCTA	CCGAGGCCGC	CAACGCGGCC	GCGGCCGGNT	AGAGGAGTCA	540
CTGCGATGGA	TTTTGGGGCG	TTGCCGCCGG	AGGTCAATTC	GGTGCGGATG	TATGCCGTTC	600
CTGGCTCGGC	ACCAATGGTC	GCTGCGCGGT	CGGCCTGGAA	CGGGTTGGCC	GCGGAGCTGA	660
GTTTCGGCGGC	CACCGGTTAT	GAGACGGTGA	TCACTCAGCT	CAGCAGTGAG	GGGTGGCTAG	720
GTCCGGCGTC	AGCGGCGATG	GCCGAGGCAG	TTGCGCCGTA	TGTGGCGTGG	ATGAGTGCCG	780
CTGCGGCGCA	AGCCGAGCAG	GCGGCCACAC	AGGCCAGGGC	CGCCGCGGCC	GCTTTTGAGG	840
CGGCGTTTGC	CGCGACGGTG	CCTCCGCCGT	TGATCGCGGC	CAACCGGGCT	TCGTTGATGC	900
AGCTGATCTC	GACGAATGTC	TTTGGTCAGA	ACACCTCGGC	GATCGCGGCC	GCCGAAGCTC	960
AGTACGG						967

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 585 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

TGGATTCCGA	TAGCGGTTTC	GGCCCCCTCGA	CGGGCGACCA	CGGCGCGCAG	GCCTCCGAAC	60
GGGGGGCCGG	GACGCTGGGA	TTCGCCGGGA	CCGCAACCAA	AGAACGCCGG	GTCCGGGCGG	120
TCGGGCTGAC	CGCACTGGCC	GGTGATGAGT	TCGGCAACGG	CCCCCGGATG	CCGATGGTGC	180
CGGGGACCTG	GGAGCAGGGC	AGCAACGAGC	CCGAGGCGCC	CGACGGATCG	GGGAGAGGGG	240
GAGGCGACGG	CTTACCGCAC	GACAGCAAGT	AACCGAATTC	CGAATCACGT	GGACCCGTAC	300
GGGTGCAAAG	GAGAGATGTT	ATGAGCCTTT	TGGATGCTCA	TATCCACAG	TTGGTGGCCT	360
CCCAGTCGGC	GTTTGCCGCC	AAGGCGGGGC	TGATGCGGCA	CACGATCGGT	CAGGCCGAGC	420
AGGCGGCGAT	GTCGGCTCAG	GCGTTTCACC	AGGGGGAGTC	GTCGGCGGCG	TTTCAGGCCG	480
CCCATGCCCC	GTTTGTGGCG	GCGGCCGCCA	AAGTCAACAC	CTTGTTGGAT	GTCGCGCAGG	540
CGAATCTGGG	TGAGGCCGCC	GGTACCTATG	TGGCCGCCGA	TGCTG		585

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 144 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:

```

Ala Leu Val Thr Thr Asn Phe Phe Gly Val Asn Thr Ile Pro Ile Ala
1      5      10      15
Leu Asn Glu Ala Asp Tyr Leu Arg Met Trp Ile Gln Ala Ala Thr Val
      20      25      30
Met Ser His Tyr Gln Ala Val Ala His Glu Ile Trp Cys Leu His Glu
      35      40      45
Xaa Ala Ser Ser Gly Lys Pro Trp Ala Ser Ile Thr Thr Gly Ala Pro
      50      55      60
Gly Ser Pro Ala Ser Thr Thr Arg Ser Arg Thr Pro Leu Val Ser Thr
      65      70      75      80
Asn Arg Xaa Val Xaa Ala Pro Ile Val Ser Pro Asn His Thr Gly His
      85      90      95
Arg Pro Glu Lys Gly Leu Gly Ser Xaa Gln Arg Arg Leu Ser Arg Val
      100     105     110
Leu Pro Arg Ile Ile Asp Arg Pro Ala Gly Pro Xaa Gly Pro Pro Leu
      115     120     125
Thr Ser Gly Ser His Phe Leu Cys Ser Trp His Gly Tyr Ser Ser Gln
      130     135     140

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 352 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

```

His Ala Leu Ala Ala Gln Tyr Thr Glu Ile Ala Thr Glu Leu Ala Ser
1      5      10      15
Val Leu Ala Ala Val Gln Ala Ser Ser Trp Gln Gly Pro Ser Ala Asp
      20      25      30
Arg Phe Val Val Ala His Gln Pro Phe Arg Tyr Trp Leu Thr His Ala
      35      40      45
Ala Thr Val Ala Thr Ala Ala Ala Ala His Xaa Thr Ala Ala Ala
      50      55      60
Gly Tyr Thr Ser Ala Leu Gly Gly Met Pro Thr Leu Ala Glu Leu Ala
      65      70      75      80
Ala Asn His Ala Met His Gly Ala Leu Val Thr Thr Asn Phe Phe Gly
      85      90      95
Val Asn Thr Ile Pro Ile Ala Leu Asn Glu Ala Asp Tyr Leu Arg Met
      100     105     110
Trp Ile Gln Ala Ala Thr Val Met Ser His Tyr Gln Ala Val Ala His
      115     120     125

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Glu Ser Val Ala Ala Thr Pro Ser Thr Pro Pro Ala Pro Gln Ile Val
130                      135                      140
Thr Ser Ala Ala Ser Ser Ala Ala Ser Ser Ser Phe Pro Asp Pro Thr
145                      150                      155                      160
Lys Leu Ile Leu Gln Leu Leu Lys Asp Phe Leu Glu Leu Leu Arg Tyr
                      165                      170                      175
Leu Ala Val Glu Leu Leu Pro Gly Pro Leu Gly Asp Leu Ile Ala Gln
                      180                      185                      190
Val Leu Asp Trp Phe Ile Ser Phe Val Ser Gly Pro Val Phe Thr Phe
                      195                      200                      205
Leu Ala Tyr Leu Val Leu Asp Pro Leu Ile Tyr Phe Gly Pro Phe Ala
210                      215                      220
Pro Leu Thr Ser Pro Val Leu Leu Pro Ala Val Glu Leu Arg Asn Arg
225                      230                      235                      240
Leu Lys Thr Ala Thr Gly Leu Thr Leu Pro Pro Thr Val Ile Phe Asp
                      245                      250                      255
His Pro Thr Pro Thr Ala Val Ala Glu Tyr Val Ala Gln Gln Met Ser
                      260                      265                      270
Gly Ser Arg Pro Thr Glu Ser Gly Asp Pro Thr Ser Gln Val Val Glu
275                      280                      285
Pro Ala Arg Ala Glu Phe Gly Thr Ser Ala Val His Gln Ile Pro Pro
290                      295                      300
Arg Pro Ala Asp Thr Arg Arg Ala Cys Arg His Arg Asp Asp Val Pro
305                      310                      315                      320
Arg Asp Ser Arg Ile Ala Gln His Arg Asp Gly Ala Gly Leu Asp Pro
                      325                      330                      335
Thr Glu Arg Gly Thr Ser Glu Gly Asp Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Gly Trp
                      340                      345                      350

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 141 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:

```

Met Asp Phe Gly Ala Leu Pro Pro Glu Val Asn Ser Val Arg Met Tyr
1          5          10          15
Ala Val Pro Gly Ser Ala Pro Met Val Ala Ala Ala Ser Ala Trp Asn
          20          25          30
Gly Leu Ala Ala Glu Leu Ser Ser Ala Ala Thr Gly Tyr Glu Thr Val
          35          40          45
Ile Thr Gln Leu Ser Ser Glu Gly Trp Leu Gly Pro Ala Ser Ala Ala
          50          55          60
Met Ala Glu Ala Val Ala Pro Tyr Val Ala Trp Met Ser Ala Ala Ala
65          70          75          80
Ala Gln Ala Glu Gln Ala Ala Thr Gln Ala Arg Ala Ala Ala Ala

```

				85					90					95	
Phe	Glu	Ala	Ala	Phe	Ala	Ala	Thr	Val	Pro	Pro	Pro	Leu	Ile	Ala	Ala
			100					105					110		
Asn	Arg	Ala	Ser	Leu	Met	Gln	Leu	Ile	Ser	Thr	Asn	Val	Phe	Gly	Gln
		115				120					125				
Asn	Thr	Ser	Ala	Ile	Ala	Ala	Ala	Glu	Ala	Gln	Tyr	Gly			
	130					135					140				

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 58 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:

Met	Ala	Ser	Arg	Phe	Met	Thr	Asp	Pro	His	Ala	Met	Arg	Asp	Met	Ala
1				5				10					15		
Gly	Arg	Phe	Glu	Val	His	Ala	Gln	Thr	Val	Glu	Asp	Glu	Ala	Arg	Arg
			20				25					30			
Met	Trp	Ala	Ser	Ala	Gln	Asn	Ile	Ser	Gly	Ala	Gly	Trp	Ser	Gly	Met
		35				40					45				
Ala	Glu	Ala	Thr	Ser	Leu	Asp	Thr	Met	Thr						
	50					55									

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 67 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:

Met	Thr	Ile	Asn	Tyr	Gln	Phe	Gly	Asp	Val	Asp	Ala	His	Gly	Ala	Met
1			5				10						15		
Ile	Arg	Ala	Gln	Ala	Ala	Ser	Leu	Glu	Ala	Glu	His	Gln	Ala	Ile	Val
		20					25					30			
Arg	Asp	Val	Leu	Ala	Ala	Gly	Asp	Phe	Trp	Gly	Gly	Ala	Gly	Ser	Val
		35				40					45				
Ala	Cys	Gln	Glu	Phe	Ile	Thr	Gln	Leu	Gly	Arg	Asn	Phe	Gln	Val	Ile
	50					55				60					

Tyr Glu Gln
65

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 58 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:

Met	Ala	Ser	Arg	Phe	Met	Thr	Asp	Pro	His	Ala	Met	Arg	Asp	Met	Ala
1				5				10						15	
Gly	Arg	Phe	Glu	Val	His	Ala	Gln	Thr	Val	Glu	Asp	Glu	Ala	Arg	Arg
			20					25						30	
Met	Trp	Ala	Ser	Ala	Gln	Asn	Ile	Ser	Gly	Ala	Gly	Trp	Ser	Gly	Met
		35					40							45	
Ala	Glu	Ala	Thr	Ser	Leu	Asp	Thr	Met	Thr						
		50					55								

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 94 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:

Met	Thr	Ile	Asn	Tyr	Gln	Phe	Gly	Asp	Val	Asp	Ala	His	Gly	Ala	Met
1				5					10					15	
Ile	Arg	Ala	Gln	Ala	Ala	Ser	Leu	Glu	Ala	Glu	His	Gln	Ala	Ile	Val
			20						25					30	
Arg	Asp	Val	Leu	Ala	Ala	Gly	Asp	Phe	Trp	Gly	Gly	Ala	Gly	Ser	Val
		35					40							45	
Ala	Cys	Gln	Glu	Phe	Ile	Thr	Gln	Leu	Gly	Arg	Asn	Phe	Gln	Val	Ile
	50					55				60					
Tyr	Glu	Gln	Ala	Asn	Ala	His	Gly	Gln	Lys	Val	Gln	Ala	Ala	Gly	Asn
65				70					75					80	
Asn	Met	Ala	Gln	Thr	Asp	Ser	Ala	Val	Gly	Ser	Ser	Trp	Ala		
			85						90						

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 30 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:

```

Asn Met Leu His Gly Val Arg Asp Gly Leu Val Arg Asp Ala Asn Asn
1           5           10           15
Tyr Glu Gln Gln Glu Gln Ala Ser Gln Gln Ile Leu Ser Ser
           20           25           30

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 94 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21:

```

Met Thr Ile Asn Tyr Gln Phe Gly Asp Val Asp Ala His Gly Ala Met
1           5           10           15
Ile Arg Ala Gln Ala Gly Leu Leu Glu Ala Glu His Gln Ala Ile Ile
           20           25           30
Arg Asp Val Leu Thr Ala Ser Asp Phe Trp Gly Gly Ala Gly Ser Ala
           35           40           45
Ala Cys Gln Gly Phe Ile Thr Gln Leu Gly Arg Asn Phe Gln Val Ile
           50           55           60
Tyr Glu Gln Ala Asn Ala His Gly Gln Lys Val Gln Ala Ala Gly Asn
65           70           75           80
Asn Met Ala Gln Thr Asp Ser Ala Val Gly Ser Ser Trp Ala
           85           90

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 69 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:

```

Ala Arg Arg Met Trp Ala Ser Ala Gln Asn Ile Ser Gly Ala Gly Trp
1          5          10          15
Ser Gly Met Ala Glu Ala Thr Ser Leu Asp Thr Met Ala Gln Met Asn
          20          25          30
Gln Ala Phe Arg Asn Ile Val Asn Met Leu His Gly Val Arg Asp Gly
          35          40          45
Leu Val Arg Asp Ala Asn Asn Tyr Glu Gln Gln Glu Gln Ala Ser Gln
          50          55          60
Gln Ile Leu Ser Ser
65

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 94 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23:

```

Met Thr Ile Asn Tyr Gln Phe Gly Asp Val Asp Ala His Gly Ala Met
1          5          10          15
Ile Arg Ala Gln Ala Gly Leu Leu Glu Ala Glu His Gln Ala Ile Ile
          20          25          30
Arg Asp Val Leu Thr Ala Ser Asp Phe Trp Gly Gly Ala Gly Ser Ala
          35          40          45
Ala Cys Gln Gly Phe Ile Thr Gln Leu Gly Arg Asn Phe Gln Val Ile
          50          55          60
Tyr Glu Gln Ala Asn Thr His Gly Gln Lys Val Gln Ala Ala Gly Asn
65          70          75          80
Asn Met Ala Gln Thr Asp Ser Ala Val Xaa Ser Ser Trp Ala
          85          90

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 52 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:

```

Gly Met Ala Glu Ala Thr Ser Xaa Asp Thr Met Thr Gln Met Asn Gln
1           5           10           15
Ala Phe Arg Asn Ile Val Asn Met Leu His Gly Val Arg Asp Gly Leu
          20           25           30
Val Arg Asp Ala Asn Xaa Tyr Glu Gln Gln Glu Gln Ala Ser Gln Gln
          35           40           45
Ile Leu Ser Ser
          50

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 94 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:

```

Met Thr Ile Asn Tyr Gln Phe Gly Asp Val Asp Ala His Gly Ala Met
1           5           10           15
Ile Arg Ala Gln Ala Gly Ser Leu Glu Ala Glu His Gln Ala Ile Ile
          20           25           30
Ser Asp Val Leu Thr Ala Ser Asp Phe Trp Gly Gly Ala Gly Ser Ala
          35           40           45
Ala Cys Gln Gly Phe Ile Thr Gln Leu Gly Arg Asn Phe Gln Val Xaa
          50           55           60
Tyr Glu Gln Ala Asn Ala His Gly Gln Lys Val Gln Ala Ala Gly Asn
          65           70           75           80
Asn Met Ala Gln Thr Asp Ser Ala Val Gly Ser Ser Trp Ala
          85           90

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 98 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:

```

Met Thr Ser Arg Phe Met Thr Asp Pro His Ala Met Arg Asp Met Ala
 1             5             10             15
Gly Arg Phe Glu Val His Ala Gln Thr Val Glu Asp Glu Ala Arg Arg
             20             25             30
Met Trp Ala Ser Ala Gln Asn Ile Ser Gly Ala Gly Trp Ser Gly Met
             35             40             45
Ala Glu Ala Thr Ser Leu Asp Thr Met Ala Gln Met Asn Gln Ala Phe
             50             55             60
Arg Asn Ile Val Asn Met Leu His Gly Val Arg Asp Gly Leu Val Arg
65             70             75             80
Asp Ala Asn Asn Tyr Glu Gln Gln Glu Gln Ala Ser Gln Gln Ile Leu
             85             90             95
Ser Ser

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 94 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:

```

Met Thr Ile Asn Tyr Gln Phe Gly Asp Val Asp Ala His Gly Ala Met
 1             5             10             15
Ile Arg Ala Xaa Ala Gly Leu Leu Glu Ala Glu His Gln Ala Ile Ile
             20             25             30
Ser Asp Val Leu Thr Ala Ser Asp Phe Trp Gly Gly Ala Gly Ser Ala
             35             40             45
Ala Cys Gln Gly Phe Ile Thr Gln Leu Gly Arg Asn Phe Gln Val Ile
             50             55             60
Tyr Glu Gln Ala Asn Ala His Gly Gln Lys Val Gln Ala Ala Gly Asn
65             70             75             80
Asn Met Ala Gln Thr Asp Ser Ala Val Gly Ser Ser Trp Ala
             85             90

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:28:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 81 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:

```

Arg Phe Glu Val His Ala Gln Thr Val Glu Asp Glu Ala Arg Arg Met
1           5           10           15
Trp Ala Ser Ala Gln Asn Ile Ser Gly Ala Gly Trp Ser Gly Met Ala
          20           25           30
Xaa Ala Thr Ser Leu Asp Thr Met Ala Gln Met Asn Gln Ala Phe Arg
          35           40           45
Asn Ile Val Asn Met Leu His Gly Val Arg Asp Gly Leu Val Arg Asp
          50           55           60
Ala Asn Asn Tyr Glu Gln Gln Glu Gln Ala Ser Gln Gln Ile Leu Ser
65           70           75           80
Ser

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:29:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 94 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:29:

```

Met Thr Ile Asn Tyr Gln Phe Gly Asp Val Asp Ala His Gly Ala Met
1           5           10           15
Ile Arg Ala Leu Ala Gly Leu Leu Glu Ala Glu His Gln Ala Ile Ile
          20           25           30
Ser Asp Val Leu Thr Ala Ser Asp Phe Trp Gly Gly Ala Gly Ser Ala
          35           40           45
Ala Cys Gln Gly Phe Ile Thr Gln Leu Gly Arg Asn Phe Gln Val Ile
          50           55           60
Tyr Glu Gln Ala Asn Ala His Gly Gln Lys Val Gln Ala Ala Gly Asn
65           70           75           80
Asn Met Ala Gln Thr Asp Ser Ala Val Gly Ser Ser Trp Ala
          85           90

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:30:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:

Gln Glu Gln Ala Ser Gln Gln Ile Leu Ser Ser
 1 5 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:31:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 94 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:31:

Met Thr Ile Asn Tyr Gln Phe Gly Asp Val Asp Ala His Gly Ala Met
 1 5 10 15
 Ile Arg Ala Gln Ala Gly Leu Leu Glu Ala Glu His Gln Ala Ile Ile
 20 25 30
 Arg Asp Val Leu Thr Ala Ser Asp Phe Trp Gly Gly Ala Gly Ser Ala
 35 40 45
 Ala Cys Gln Gly Phe Ile Thr Gln Leu Gly Arg Asn Phe Gln Val Ile
 50 55 60
 Tyr Glu Gln Ala Asn Ala His Gly Gln Lys Val Gln Ala Ala Gly Asn
 65 70 75 80
 Asn Met Ala Gln Thr Asp Ser Ala Val Gly Ser Ser Trp Ala
 85 90

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:32:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 99 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:32:

Met Ser Phe Val Thr Thr Gln Pro Glu Ala Leu Ala Ala Ala Ala
 1 5 10 15
 Asn Leu Gln Gly Ile Gly Thr Thr Met Asn Ala Gln Asn Ala Ala Ala

49

```

                20                25                30
Ala Ala Pro Thr Thr Gly Val Val Pro Ala Ala Ala Asp Glu Val Ser
                35                40                45
Ala Leu Thr Ala Ala Gln Phe Ala Ala His Ala Gln Met Tyr Gln Thr
                50                55                60
Val Ser Ala Gln Ala Ala Ala Ile His Glu Met Phe Val Asn Thr Leu
        65                70                75                80
Val Ala Ser Ser Gly Ser Tyr Ala Ala Thr Glu Ala Ala Asn Ala Ala
                85                90                95
Ala Ala Gly

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:33:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 99 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:33:

```

Met Ser Phe Val Thr Thr Gln Pro Glu Ala Leu Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala
1                5                10                15
Asn Leu Gln Gly Ile Gly Thr Thr Met Asn Ala Gln Asn Ala Ala Ala
                20                25                30
Ala Ala Pro Thr Thr Gly Val Val Pro Ala Ala Ala Asp Glu Val Ser
                35                40                45
Ala Leu Thr Ala Ala Gln Phe Ala Ala His Ala Gln Met Tyr Gln Thr
                50                55                60
Val Ser Ala Gln Ala Ala Ala Ile His Glu Met Phe Val Asn Thr Leu
        65                70                75                80
Val Ala Ser Ser Gly Ser Tyr Ala Ala Thr Glu Ala Ala Asn Ala Ala
                85                90                95
Ala Ala Gly

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:34:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:34:

Asp Pro His Ala Met Arg Asp Met Ala Gly Arg Phe Glu Val His
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:35:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:35:

Arg Asp Met Ala Gly Arg Phe Glu Val His Ala Gln Thr Val Glu
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:36:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:36:

Arg Phe Glu Val His Ala Gln Thr Val Glu Asp Glu Ala Arg Arg
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:37:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:37:

Ala Gln Thr Val Glu Asp Glu Ala Arg Arg Met Trp Ala Ser Ala

1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:38:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:38:

Asp Glu Ala Arg Arg Met Trp Ala Ser Ala Gln Asn Ile Ser Gly
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:39:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:39:

Met Trp Ala Ser Ala Gln Asn Ile Ser Gly Ala Gly Trp Ser Gly
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:40:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:40:

Gln Asn Ile Ser Gly Ala Gly Trp Ser Gly Met Ala Glu Ala Thr
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:41:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 16 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:41:

Ala	Gly	Trp	Ser	Gly	Met	Ala	Glu	Ala	Thr	Ser	Leu	Asp	Thr	Met	Thr
1				5					10					15	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:

Met	Ala	Glu	Ala	Thr	Ser	Leu	Asp	Thr	Met	Ala	Gln	Met	Asn	Gln
1				5					10					15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:43:

Ser	Leu	Asp	Thr	Met	Ala	Gln	Met	Asn	Gln	Ala	Phe	Arg	Asn	Ile
1				5					10					15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:44:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:44:

Ala	Gln	Met	Asn	Gln	Ala	Phe	Arg	Asn	Ile	Val	Asn	Met	Leu	His
1				5					10				15	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:45:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:45:

Ala	Phe	Arg	Asn	Ile	Val	Asn	Met	Leu	His	Gly	Val	Arg	Asp	Gly
1				5					10				15	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:46:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:46:

Val	Asn	Met	Leu	His	Gly	Val	Arg	Asp	Gly	Leu	Val	Arg	Asp	Ala
1				5					10				15	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:47:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:47:

Gly	Val	Arg	Asp	Gly	Leu	Val	Arg	Asp	Ala	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Glu	Gln
1				5					10				15	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:48:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:48:

Leu	Val	Arg	Asp	Ala	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Glu	Gln	Gln	Glu	Gln	Ala	Ser
1				5				10					15	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:49:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 16 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:49:

Asn	Asn	Tyr	Glu	Gln	Gln	Glu	Gln	Ala	Ser	Gln	Gln	Ile	Leu	Ser	Ser
1				5				10					15		

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:50:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 17 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:50:

Met Ala Ser Arg Phe Met Thr Asp Pro His Ala Met Arg Asp Met Ala
1 5 10 15
Gly

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:51:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:51:

Met Thr Ile Asn Tyr Gln Phe Gly Asp Val Asp Ala His Gly Ala
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:52:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:52:

Gln Phe Gly Asp Val Asp Ala His Gly Ala Met Ile Arg Ala Gln
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:53:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:53:

Asp	Ala	His	Gly	Ala	Met	Ile	Arg	Ala	Gln	Ala	Ala	Ser	Leu	Glu
1				5					10					15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:54:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:54:

Met	Ile	Arg	Ala	Gln	Ala	Ala	Ser	Leu	Glu	Ala	Glu	His	Gln	Ala
1				5					10					15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:55:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:
 (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:55:

Ala	Ala	Ser	Leu	Glu	Ala	Glu	His	Gln	Ala	Ile	Val	Arg	Asp	Val
1				5					10					15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:56:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:56:

Ala	Glu	His	Gln	Ala	Ile	Val	Arg	Asp	Val	Leu	Ala	Ala	Gly	Asp
1				5					10					15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:57:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:57:

Ile	Val	Arg	Asp	Val	Leu	Ala	Ala	Gly	Asp	Phe	Trp	Gly	Gly	Ala
1				5					10					15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:58:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 16 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

- (A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:58:

Leu	Ala	Ala	Gly	Asp	Phe	Trp	Gly	Gly	Ala	Gly	Ser	Val	Ala	Cys	Gln
1				5					10					15	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:59:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids

- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:59:

Phe	Trp	Gly	Gly	Ala	Gly	Ser	Val	Ala	Cys	Gln	Glu	Phe	Ile	Thr
1				5					10					15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:60:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:60:

Gly	Ser	Val	Ala	Cys	Gln	Glu	Phe	Ile	Thr	Gln	Leu	Gly	Arg	Asn
1				5					10					15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:61:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 18 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:61:

Gln	Glu	Phe	Ile	Thr	Gln	Leu	Gly	Arg	Asn	Phe	Gln	Val	Ile	Tyr	Glu
1				5					10					15	
Gln	Ala														

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:62:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids

- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:62:

Arg	Asn	Phe	Gln	Val	Ile	Tyr	Glu	Gln	Ala	Asn	Ala	His	Gly	Gln
1				5					10					15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:63:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:63:

Ile	Tyr	Glu	Gln	Ala	Asn	Ala	His	Gly	Gln	Lys	Val	Gln	Ala	Ala
1				5					10					15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:64:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:64:

Asn	Ala	His	Gly	Gln	Lys	Val	Gln	Ala	Ala	Gly	Asn	Asn	Met	Ala
1				5					10					15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:65:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid

- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:65:

Lys	Val	Gln	Ala	Ala	Gly	Asn	Asn	Met	Ala	Gln	Thr	Asp	Ser	Ala
1				5				10						15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:66:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 16 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:66:

Gly	Asn	Asn	Met	Ala	Gln	Thr	Asp	Ser	Ala	Val	Gly	Ser	Ser	Trp	Ala
1			5					10						15	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:67:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:67:

Asp	Ala	His	Gly	Ala	Met	Ile	Arg	Ala	Leu	Ala	Gly	Leu	Leu	Glu
1				5				10						15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:68:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:68:

Asp	Ala	His	Gly	Ala	Met	Ile	Arg	Ala	Gln	Ala	Gly	Leu	Leu	Glu
1				5					10					15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:69:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:69:

Met	Ile	Arg	Ala	Leu	Ala	Gly	Leu	Leu	Glu	Ala	Glu	His	Gln	Ala
1				5					10					15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:70:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:70:

Met	Ile	Arg	Ala	Gln	Ala	Gly	Leu	Leu	Glu	Ala	Glu	His	Gln	Ala
1				5					10					15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:71:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:71:

Ala	Gly	Leu	Leu	Glu	Ala	Glu	His	Gln	Ala	Ile	Ile	Ser	Asp	Val
1				5				10					15	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:72:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:72:

Ala	Gly	Leu	Leu	Glu	Ala	Glu	His	Gln	Ala	Ile	Ile	Arg	Asp	Val
1				5				10					15	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:73:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:73:

Ala	Glu	His	Gln	Ala	Ile	Ile	Ser	Asp	Val	Leu	Thr	Ala	Ser	Asp
1				5				10					15	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:74:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:74:

Ala Glu His Gln Ala Ile Ile Arg Asp Val Leu Thr Ala Ser Asp
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:75:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:75:

Ile Ile Ser Asp Val Leu Thr Ala Ser Asp Phe Trp Gly Gly Ala
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:76:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:76:

Ile Ile Arg Asp Val Leu Thr Ala Ser Asp Phe Trp Gly Gly Ala
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:77:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 16 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:77:

Leu Thr Ala Ser Asp Phe Trp Gly Gly Ala Gly Ser Ala Ala Cys Gln
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:78:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:78:

Phe Trp Gly Gly Ala Gly Ser Ala Ala Cys Gln Gly Phe Ile Thr
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:79:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: Mycobacterium tuberculosis

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:79:

Gly Ser Ala Ala Cys Gln Gly Phe Ile Thr Gln Leu Gly Arg Asn
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:80:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:80:

Gln Gly Phe Ile Thr Gln Leu Gly Arg Asn Phe Gln Val Ile Tyr
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:81:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 25 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:81:

Val Thr Thr Asn Phe Phe Gly Val Asn Thr Ile Pro Ile Ala Leu Asn
1 5 10 15
Glu Ala Asp Tyr Leu Arg Met Trp Ile
20 25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:82:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 25 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(vi) ORIGINAL SOURCE:

(A) ORGANISM: *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:82:

Asn Glu Ala Asp Tyr Leu Arg Met Trp Ile Gln Ala Ala Thr Val Met
1 5 10 15
Ser His Tyr Gln Ala Val Ala His Glu
20 25

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:83:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 967 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:83:

TGAGCGCCAA	CCCTACCGTC	GGTTCGTCAC	ACGGACCGCA	TGGCCTGCTC	CGCGGACTGC	60
CGCTAGGGTC	GCGGATCACT	CGGCGTAGCG	GCGCCTTTGC	CCACCGATAT	GGGTTCCGTC	120
ACAGTGTGGT	TGCCCCCGCCG	CCATCGGCCG	GATAACGCCA	TGACCTCAGC	TCGGCAGAAA	180
TGACAATGCT	CCCAAAGGCG	TGAGCACCCG	AAGACAATA	AGCAGGAGAT	CGCATGCCGT	240
TTGTGACTAC	CCAACCAGAA	GCACTGGCGG	CGGCGGCCGG	CAGTCTGCAG	GGAATCGGCT	300
CCGCATTGAA	CGCCCAGAAT	GCGGCTGCGG	CGACTCCCAC	GACGGGGGTG	GTCCGGCGGC	360
CGCCGATGAA	NTGTCGGCGC	TGACGGCGGC	TCAGTTCGCG	GCACACGCCC	AGATCTATCA	420
GGCCGTCAGC	GCCCAGGCCG	CGGCGATTCA	CGAGATGTTC	GTCAACACTC	TACAGATGAG	480
CTCAGGGTCG	TATGCTGCTA	CCGAGGCCGC	CAACGCGGCC	GCGGCCGGNT	AGAGGAGTCA	540
CTGCGATGGA	TTTTGGGGCG	TTGCCGCCGG	AGGTCAATTC	GGTGCGGATG	TATGCCGTTT	600
CTGGCTCGGC	ACCAATGGTC	GCTGCGGCGT	CGGCCTGGAA	CGGGTTGGCC	GCGGAGCTGA	660
GTTCGGCGGC	CACCGGTTAT	GAGACGGTGA	TCCTCAGCT	CAGCAGTGAG	GGGTGGCTAG	720
GTCCGGCGTC	AGCGGCGATG	GCCGAGGCAG	TTGCGCCGTA	TGTGGCGTGG	ATGAGTGCCG	780
CTGCGGCGCA	AGCCGAGCAG	GCGGCCACAC	AGGCCAGGGC	CGCCGCGGCC	GCTTTTGAGG	840
CGGCGTTTGC	CGCGACGGTG	CCTCCGCCGT	TGATCGCGGC	CAACCGGGCT	TCGTTGATGC	900
AGCTGATCTC	GACGAATGTC	TTTGGTCAGA	ACACCTCGGC	GATCGCGGCC	GCCGAAGCTC	960
AGTACGG						967

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:84:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:84:

Met	Ser	Phe	Val	Thr	Thr	Gln	Pro	Glu	Ala	Leu	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala
1				5					10				15	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:85:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:85:

Thr	Gln	Pro	Glu	Ala	Leu	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala	Asn	Leu	Gln	Gly
1				5					10				15	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:86:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:86:

Leu Ala Ala Ala Ala Asn Leu Gln Gly Ile Gly Thr Thr Met
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:87:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:87:

Ala Asn Leu Gln Gly Ile Gly Thr Thr Met Asn Ala Gln Asn Ala
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:88:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:88:

Ile Gly Thr Thr Met Asn Ala Gln Asn Ala Ala Ala Ala Pro
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:89:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:89:

Asn Ala Gln Asn Ala Ala Ala Ala Pro Thr Thr Gly Val Val
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:90:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:90:

Ala Ala Ala Ala Pro Thr Thr Gly Val Val Pro Ala Ala Ala Asp
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:91:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:91:

Thr Thr Gly Val Val Pro Ala Ala Ala Asp Glu Val Ser Ala Leu
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:92:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:92:

Pro Ala Ala Ala Asp Glu Val Ser Ala Leu Thr Ala Ala Gln Phe
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:93:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:93:

Glu Val Ser Ala Leu Thr Ala Ala Gln Phe Ala Ala His Ala Gln
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:94:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:94:

Thr Ala Ala Gln Phe Ala Ala His Ala Gln Met Tyr Gln Thr Val
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:95:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:95:

Ala Ala His Ala Gln Met Tyr Gln Thr Val Ser Ala Gln Ala Ala
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:96:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 16 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:96:

Met Tyr Gln Thr Val Ser Ala Gln Ala Ala Ala Ile His Glu Met Phe
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:97:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:97:

Ser Ala Gln Ala Ala Ala Ile His Glu Met Phe Val Asn Thr Leu
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:98:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:98:

Ala Ile His Glu Met Phe Val Asn Thr Leu Val Ala Ser Ser Gly
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:99:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:99:

Phe Val Asn Thr Leu Val Ala Ser Ser Gly Ser Tyr Ala Ala Thr
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:100:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:100:

Val Ala Ser Ser Gly Ser Tyr Ala Ala Thr Glu Ala Ala Asn Ala
 1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:101:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 14 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:101:

Ser Tyr Ala Ala Thr Glu Ala Ala Asn Ala Ala Ala Gly
 1 5 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:102:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1784 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:102:

ATTCGTTTCCT	GCCGCAGCTA	AATCCCGGGG	ACATCGTCGC	CGGCCAGTAC	GAGGTCAAAG	60
GCTGCATCGC	GCACGGCGGA	CTGGGCTGGA	TCTACCTCGC	TCTCGACCGC	AATGTCAACG	120
GCCGTCCGGT	GGTGCTCAAG	GGCCTGGTGC	ATTCGGGTGA	TGCCGAAGCG	CAGGCAATGG	180
CGATGGCCGA	ACGCCAGTTC	CTGGCCGAGG	TGGTGCACCC	GTCGATCGTG	CAGATCTTCA	240
ACTTTGTCTGA	GCACACCGAC	AGGCACGGGG	ATCCGGTCGG	CTACATCGTG	ATGGAATACG	300
TCGGCGGGCA	ATCGCTCAA	CGCAGCAAGG	GTCANAACT	GCCCCGTCGCG	GAGGCCATCG	360
CCTACCTGCT	GGAGATCCTG	CCGGCGCTGA	GCTACCTGCA	TTCCATCGGC	TTGGTCTACA	420
ACGACCTGAA	GCCGGAAGAC	ATCATGCTGA	CCGAGGAACA	GCTCAAGCTG	ATCGACCTGG	480
GCGCGGTATC	GCGGATCAAC	TCGTTCCGGCT	ACCTCTACGG	GACCCCAGGC	TTCCAGGCGC	540
CCGAGATCGT	GCGGACCGGT	CCGACGGTGG	CCACCGACAT	CTACACCGTG	GGACGCACGC	600
TCGCGGCGCT	CACGCTGGAC	CTGCCCCACCC	GCAATGGCCG	TTATGTGGAT	GGGCTACCCG	660
AAGACGACCC	GGTGCTGAAA	ACCTACGACT	CTTACGGCCG	GTTGCTGCGC	AGGGCCATCG	720
ACCCCGATCC	GCGGCAACGG	TTCACCACCG	CCGAAGAGAT	GTCCGCGCAA	TTGACGGGCG	780
TGTTGCGGGA	GGTGGTCGCC	CAGACACCGG	GGTGCCGCGG	CCAGGCTATC	AACGATCTTC	840
AGTCCCAGTC	GGTCGACATT	TGGAGTGGAC	TGCTGGTGGC	GCACACCGAC	GTGTATCTGG	900
ACGGGCAGGT	GCACGCGGAG	AAGCTGACCG	CCAACGAGAT	CGTGACCGCG	CTGTCCGGTGC	960
CGCTGGTCTGA	TCCGACCGAC	GTCGCAGCTT	CGGTCTCTGCA	GGCCACGGTG	CTCTCCCAGC	1020
CGGTGCAGAC	CCTAGACTCG	NTGCGCGCGG	CCCGCCACGG	TGCGCTGGAC	GCCGACGGCG	1080
TCGATTNTCC	GAGTCAGTGG	AGCTGCCGCT	AATGGAAGTC	CGCGCGCTGC	TGGATCTCGG	1140
CGATGTGGCC	AAGGCCACCC	GAAAACCTGA	CGATCTGGCC	GAACGCGTTG	GCTGGCGATG	1200
GCGATTGGTC	TGGTACCGGG	CCGTCGCCGA	GCTGCTCACC	GGCGACTATG	ACTCGGCCAC	1260
CAAACATTTC	ACCGAGGTGC	TGGATACCTT	TCCCGGCGAG	CTGGCGCCCA	AGCTCGCCCT	1320
GGCCGCCACC	GCCGAAC TAG	CCGGCAACAC	CGACGAACAC	AAGTTCTATC	AGACGGTGTG	1380
GAGCACCAAC	GACGGCGTGA	TCTCGGCGGC	TTTCGGACTG	GCCAGAGCCC	GGTCGGCCGA	1440
AGGTGATCGG	GTCGGCGCCG	TGCGCACGCT	CGACGAGGTA	CCGCCCACTT	CTCGGCATTT	1500

CACCACGGCA	CGGCTGACCA	GCGCGGTGAC	TCTGTTGTCC	GGCCGGTCAA	CGAGTGAAGT	1560
CACCGAGGAA	CAGATCCGCG	ACGCCGCCCC	AAGAGTGGAG	GCGCTGCCCC	CGACCGAACC	1620
ACGCGTGCTG	CAGATCCGCG	CCCTGGTGCT	GGGTGGCGCG	CTGGACTGGC	TGAAGGACAA	1680
CAAGGCCAGC	ACCAACCACA	TCCTCGGTTT	CCCGTTCACC	AGTCACGGGC	TGCGGCTGGG	1740
TGTCGAGGCG	TCACTGCGCA	GCCTGGCCCC	GGTAGCTCCC	ACTC		1784

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:103:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 766 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:103:

ACAARACACT	CGGYGGCKGC	CGMTCCGGCC	TGATCGTCGG	TGATCAGCYT	CGTGCCAAAY	60
TCGGCACAAAG	GTGCGCGCTR	CCCAANGAGT	TCTTCGCCGC	RGTGCGMGCM	KAAGTGGCCT	120
ATCNTGGTTG	GGTGCCGTCC	CGCANAAACC	GCGAACTTAA	ACCCATTTTA	ACCGGGCAGG	180
AAGTTTCCTA	CATYTACCCN	RGSMAACCAA	CCGGGCCGCC	NANAAMTCCG	TCCTGGANTC	240
CGANCGGTTT	CCGGTGTTTC	CCGCACTGCT	GACCGGCACG	GARTATCCGC	AGGCGGCGTT	300
GGCCAACGCG	TGGGTGCAAC	TGGCCTACGG	TGCGCACCAS	GACGCCATCA	CCGGCTCGGA	360
GTCCGACCAG	GTACTCAATG	CTGGCGACCA	CACCAGCCAG	CAGACCAAAC	TGGTGCACGC	420
CGATCTCCAG	GCGCGCCGGC	CCGGTGGCAT	ACGGATTGGT	CGAAACCAAT	CCGAAGGAAT	480
TCATCACGGA	CGGTCACGGA	AAACGATCGC	CCCAATGGGN	GGACNACCCN	AGCCAGGCGN	540
ATTNACCGTT	NAACAAGTTG	GNGTAGGTTT	TTTGATATCG	AKCAACCGAT	ACGGAACCGM	600
CCGCGGAATG	GTAAGACCAC	ACCAGTGCCC	NCAMGTMGTG	CACCAAGTTT	GTCATCGCCC	660
GCAGATCGGT	GACCCCGCCA	AGCGTTCGGG	ATGCGGAGAT	GASGGTGACC	AGCCYGGTTG	720
ACCTGTTGAT	CAGGTTNTCC	CAGTGCCACG	TCGGCAGCTG	GCCGGT		766

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:104:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1231 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:104:

CGGCACGAGA	ATGTCGCCTG	TGCCTCGATA	GCCACTTGCG	TGTGGTCGCG	CTGCCAGCGG	60
GTCAGCCAGG	TCGCCTGGTC	CAGGCCATCG	GGCCGGCGCA	GGAGCGCGAT	GTTGGCCAGA	120
CCCGGTGTAC	GAGAACCGBA	CTCGACNAAG	TGTCGGCGCT	GACGGCGGCT	CAGTTCGCGG	180
CACACGCCCA	GATCTATCAG	GCCGTCAGCG	CCCAGGCCGC	GGCGATTAC	GAGATGTTTC	240
TCAACACTCT	ACAGATNANC	TCAGGTCGCT	ATGCTGCTAC	CGAGGCCGCC	AACGCGGCCG	300
CGGCCGGCTA	GAGGAGTCAC	TGCGATGGAT	TTTGGGGCGT	TGCCGCCGGA	GGTCAATTTC	360
GTGCGGATGT	ATGCCGGTCC	TGGCTCGGCA	CCAATGGTCG	CTGCGGCGTC	GGCCTGGAAC	420
GGGTTGGCCG	CGGAGCTGAG	TTCGGCGGCC	ACCGGTTATG	AGACGGTGAT	CACTCAGCTC	480
AGCAGTGAGG	GGTGGCTAGG	TCCGGCGTCA	GCGGCGATGG	CCGAGGCAGT	TGCGCCGTAT	540
GTGGCGTGGA	TGAGTGCCGC	TGCGGCGCAA	GCCGAGCAGG	CGGCCACACA	GGCCAGGGCC	600
GCCGCGGCCG	CTTTTGAGGC	GGCGTTTGCC	GCGACGGTGC	CTCCGCCGTT	GATCGCGGCC	660

AACCGGGCTT	CGTTGATGCA	GCTGATCTCG	ACGAATGTCT	TTGGTCAGAA	CACCTCGGCG	720
ATCGCGGCCG	CCGAAGCTCA	GTACGGCGAG	ATGTGGGCCC	AAGACTCCGC	GGCGATGTAT	780
GCCTACGCGG	GCAGTTCGGC	GAGCGCCTCG	GCGGTCACGC	CGTTTAGCAC	GCCGCCGCAG	840
ATTGCCAACC	CGACCGCTCA	GGGTACGCAG	GCCGCGGCCG	TGGCCACCGC	CGCCGGTACC	900
GCCCAAGTCGA	CGCTGACGGA	GATGATCACC	GGGCTACCCA	ACGCGCTGCA	AAGCCTCACC	960
TCACNTCTGT	TGCAGTCGTC	TAACGGTCCG	CTGTCTGTGGC	TGTGGCAGAT	CTTGTTTCGGC	1020
ACGCCCCAATT	TCCCCACCTC	AATTTTCGGCA	CTGCTGACCG	ACCTGCAGCC	CTACGCGAGC	1080
TTNTTNTATA	ACACCGAGGG	CCTGCCGTAC	TTCAGCATCG	GCATGGGCAA	CAACTTCATT	1140
CAGTCGGCCA	AGACCCTGGG	ATTGATCGGC	TAGGCGGCAC	CGGCTGCGGT	CGCGGNTGCT	1200
GGGGATNCCG	CCAAGGGCTT	GCCTCGTGCC	G			1231

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:105:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 2041 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:105:

CGGCACGAGC	TCGTGCCGAT	CAGTGCCATT	GACGGCTTGT	ACGACCTTCT	GGGGATTGGA	60
ATACCCAACC	AAGGGGGTAT	CCTTTACTCC	TCACTAGAGT	ACTTCGAAAA	AGCCCTGGAG	120
GAGCTGGCAG	CAGCGTTTCC	GGGTGATGGC	TGGTTAGGTT	CGGCCGCGGA	CAAATACGCC	180
GGCAAAAACC	GCAACCACGT	GAATTTTTTC	CAGGAACTGG	CAGACCTCGA	TCGTACAGCTC	240
ATCAGCCTGA	TCCACGACCA	GGCCAACGCG	GTCCAGACGA	CCCGCGACAT	CCTGGAGGGC	300
GCCAAGAAAG	GTCTCGAGTT	CGTGCGCCCG	GTGGCTGTGG	ACCTGACCTA	CATCCCGGTC	360
GTCGGGCACG	CCCTATCGGC	CGCCTTCCAN	GCGCCGTTTT	GCGCGGGCGC	GATGGCCGTA	420
GTGGGCGGCG	CGCTTGCCTA	CTTGGTCGTG	AAAACGCTGA	TCAACGCGAC	TCAACTCCTC	480
AAATTGCTTG	CCAAATTGGC	GGAGTTGGTC	GCGGCCGCCA	TTGCGGACAT	CATTTTCGGAT	540
GTGGCGGACA	TCATCAAGGG	CATCCTCGGA	GAAGTGTGGG	AGTTCATCAC	AAACGCGCTC	600
AACGGCCTGA	AAGAGCTTTG	GGACAAGCTC	ACGGGGTGGG	TGACCGGACT	GTTCTCTCGA	660
GGGTGGTTCGA	ACCTGGAGTC	CTTCTTTGCG	GGCGTCCCCG	GCTTGACCGG	CGCGACCAGC	720
GGCTTGTCGC	AAGTGACTGG	CTTGTTCCGGT	GCGGCCGGTC	TGTCCGCATC	GTCGGGCTTG	780
GCTCACGCGG	ATAGCCTGGC	GAGCTCAGCC	AGCTTGCCCC	CCCTGGCCCG	CATTGGGGGC	840
GGGTCCGGTT	TTGGGGGCTT	GCCGAGCCTG	GCTCAGGTCC	ATGCCGCCTC	AACTCGGCAG	900
GCGCTACGGC	CCCGAGCTGA	TGGCCCCGTC	GGCGCCGCTG	CCGAGCAGGT	CGGCGGGCAG	960
TCGCAGCTGG	TCTCCGCGCA	GGGTTCCTAA	GGTATGGGCG	GACCCGTAGG	CATGGGCGGC	1020
ATGCACCCCT	CTTCGGGGGC	GTGAAAGGG	ACGACGACGA	AGAAGTACTC	GGAAGGCGCG	1080
GCGGCGGGCA	CTGAAGACGC	CGAGCGCGCG	CCAGTCGAAG	CTGACGCGGG	CGGTGGGCAA	1140
AAGGTGCTGG	TACGAAACGT	CGTCTAACGG	CATGGCGAGC	CAAATCCATT	GCTAGCCAGC	1200
GCCTAACAAAC	GCGCAATGCT	AAACGGAAGG	GACACGATCA	ATGACGGAAA	ACTTGACCGT	1260
CCAGCCCGAG	CGTCTCGGTG	TACTGGCGTC	GCACCATGAC	AACGCGGCGG	TCGATGCNTC	1320
CTCGGGCGTC	GAAGCTGCCG	CTGGCCTAGG	CGAATCTGTG	GCGATCACTC	ACGGTCCGTA	1380
CTGCTCACAG	TTCAACGACA	CGTTAAATGT	GTACTTGACT	GCCCACAATG	CCCTGGGCTC	1440
GTCCTTGTCAT	ACGGCCGGTG	TCGATCTCGC	CAAAAGTCTT	CGAATTGCGG	CGAAGATATA	1500
TAGCGAGGCC	GACGAAGCGT	GGCGCAAGGC	TATCGACGGG	TTGTTTACCT	GACCACGTTT	1560
GCTGCCCCGA	GTGCAGGCCA	CGACGTAGCG	CAGGTCGTGT	CCCTCGTAGG	CGTGGATGCG	1620
ACCGGCCAGC	ACCAGCACCC	GGTGCGCACC	GATGGGCACG	GACAGTAGCT	CGCCCCCATG	1680
CCCGGCTGCG	GTTGGCGGCA	CAAACCCGGG	CAGTTCGGCC	TGCGGCAGCA	CGGTGGTNGG	1740
GGAGCCCAAC	GCCGCAACGG	CCGGTAACCA	TCCCGACCCG	AGCACGACCG	AGACGTCATG	1800
TTCCGCCGATC	CCGGTGCGGT	CAGCGATGAC	CTGCGCCGCC	CGCCGGGCCA	GTTTGTCCGG	1860
ATCGGGGCGC	GGGTACGCCA	CACTGGGCGA	GCTTAACTGA	GCCGCTCGCC	GGGGAGCGGG	1920

TGCTNGTCGA	TGAGATACTG	CGAGCATGCC	AGCAGCCAGC	GCATCCGACC	GCGTCGAGGA	1980
ATTGGTGC GG	CGCCGTGGTG	GCGAGCTGGT	CGAGCTGTCC	CATGCCATCC	ACCTCGTGCC	2040
G						2041

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:106:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1202 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:106:

GAGCTCACCG	CTATCAACCA	ATACTTTCTG	CACTCCAAGA	TGCAGGACAA	CTGGGGTTTT	60
ACCGAGCTGG	CGGCCACAC	CCGCGCGGAG	TCGTTTCGACG	AAATGCGGCA	CGCCGAGGAA	120
ATCACCGATC	GCATCTTGTT	GCTGGATGGT	TTGCCGAAC	ACCAGCGCAT	CGGTTTCGTTG	180
CGTATCGGCC	AGACGCTCCG	CGAGCAATTT	GAGGCCGATC	TGGCGATCGA	ATACGACGTG	240
TTGAATCGTC	TCAAGCCAGG	AATCGTCATG	TGCCGGGAGA	AACAGGACAC	CACCAGCGCC	300
GTACTGCTGG	AGAAAATCGT	TGCCGACGAG	GAAGAACACA	TCGACTACTT	GGAAACGCAG	360
CTGGAGCTGA	TGGACAAGCT	AGGAGAGGAG	CTTTACTCGG	CGCAGTGCGT	CTCTCGCCCA	420
CCGACCTGAT	GCCCGCTTGA	GGATTCTCCG	ATACCACTCC	GGGCGCCGCT	GACAAGCTCT	480
AGCATCGACT	CGAACAGCGA	TGGGAGGGCG	GATATGGCGG	GCCCCACAGC	ACCGACCACT	540
GCCCCACCG	CAATCCGAGC	CGGTGGCCCG	CTGCTCAGTC	CGGTGCGACG	CAACATTATT	600
TTCACCGCAC	TTGTGTTTCG	GGTGTGGTTC	GCTGCGACCG	GCCAAACCAT	CGTTGTGCCC	660
GCATTGCCGA	CGATCGTCGC	CGAGCTGGGC	AGCACCGTTG	ACCAGTCGTG	GGCGGTCACC	720
AGCTATCTGC	TGGGGGGAAC	ACTSKYGKKK	KTGKKGKSKS	KSRMRMKCTC	GGTGATCTGC	780
TCGGCCGCAA	CAGGGTGCTG	CTAGGCTCCG	TCGTGGTCTT	CGTCGTTGGC	TCTGTGCTGT	840
GCGGGTTATC	GCAGACGATG	ACCATGCTGG	CGATCTCTCG	CGCACTGCAG	GGCGTCGGTG	900
CCGGTGCGAT	TTCCGTCACC	GCCTACGCGC	TGGCCGCTGA	GGTGGTCCCA	CTGCGGGACC	960
GTGGCCGCTA	CCAGGGCGTC	TTANGTGCGG	TGTTTCGGTGT	CAACACGGTC	ACCGGTCCGC	1020
TGCTGGGGGG	CTGGCTCACC	GACTATCTGA	GCTGGCGGTG	GGCGTTCCGA	CCACCAGCCC	1080
CATCACCGAC	CCGATCGCGG	TCATCGCGGC	GAACACCGCC	CTCGCGGCGT	TGCGGGCAGG	1140
TCCCTTGGGG	AACGTGGTCC	CACAGCGCCA	GAACGGTCGG	AAATGCGATG	GCCGACCCAC	1200
AC						1202

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:107:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 496 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:107:

GGCGGCGGCA	GTTGGCCAGC	AGTTNGGGCG	GGGGAGCCGG	TTCGGNGACC	AAGAAATCGG	60
CCTGGGCAAG	CAGCCGGGAC	CGCNACCGT	GATCAGTTNG	GATCGCCGGG	ACCGCCGCCG	120
ACCAANGCCA	TTCCGCCGNT	GAGGAAGTCG	GAANTNTGCG	CAGTGATGAC	GCCCTGCTGC	180
AACGCNTCCC	GGATTGCCGA	GCGGATCGCC	GCCGAACGGC	GGTGCTCACC	ACCGGCGAGC	240
ACCCCTACNG	ACAGGCCCCG	ATAGCTGAAT	GACGCCGGGT	NACCGCCGTC	CCNTCCACCG	300

NGANATCGGC	CCGGANGCAA	AAGATCCGTC	GCGCTCCGC	CTCGGCGACG	ACAGCCACGT	360
TCACCCGCGC	GTTATCGGTG	GCCGCGATCG	CATACCAGGC	GCCGTCAAGG	TNGCCGTYGC	420
GGTAGTCACG	CACCGACAAG	GTGATYTGTT	CCATCGCCTN	GACGGCGGGG	GTGACGCTGG	480
GGGCGATCAM	GTGCAC					496

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:108:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 849 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:108:

TGGATTCCGA	TAGCGGTTTC	GGCCCCCTCGA	CGGGCGACCA	CGGCGCGCAG	GCCTCCGAAC	60
GGGGGGCCCG	GACGCTGGGA	TTCGCCGGGA	CCGCAACCAA	AGAACGCCCG	GTCCGGGCGG	120
TCGGGCTGAC	CGCACTGGCC	GGTGATGAGT	TCGGCAACGG	CCCCCGGATG	CCGATGGTGC	180
CGGGGACCTG	GGAGCAGGGC	AGCAACGAGC	CCGAGGCGCC	CGACGGATCG	GGGAGAGGGG	240
GAGGCGACGG	CTTACCGCAC	GACAGCAAGT	AACCGAATTC	CGAATCACGT	GGACCCGTAC	300
GGGTCGAAAG	GAGAGATGTT	ATGAGCCTTT	TGGATGCTCA	TATCCCACAG	TTGGTGGCCT	360
CCCAGTCGGC	GTTTGCCGCC	AAGGCGGGGC	TGATGCGGCA	CACGATCGGT	CAGGCCGAGC	420
AGGCGGCGAT	GTCGGCTCAG	GCGTTTCACC	AGGGGGAGTC	GTCGGCGGCG	TTTCAGGCCG	480
CCCATGCCCG	GTTTGTGGCG	GCGGCCGCCA	AAGTCAACAC	CTTGTTGGAT	GTCGCGCAGG	540
CGAATCTGGG	TGAGGCCGCC	GGTACCTATG	TGGCCGCCGA	TGCTGCGGCC	GCGTCGACCT	600
ATACCGGGTT	CTGATCGAAC	CCTGCTGACC	GAGAGGACTT	GTGATGTCGC	AAATCATGTA	660
CAACTACCCC	GCGATGTTGG	GTCACGCCGG	GGATATGGCC	GGATATGCCG	GCACGCTGCA	720
GAGCTTGGGT	GCCGAGATCG	CCGTGGAGCA	GGCCGCGTTG	CAGAGTGCGT	GGCAGGGCGA	780
TACCGGGATC	ACGTATCAGG	CGTGGCAGGC	ACANTGGTAA	CCANGCCANG	GAAGATTGTTG	840
TGCGGGCCT						849

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:109:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 97 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:109:

Met	Ser	Leu	Leu	Asp	Ala	His	Ile	Pro	Gln	Leu	Val	Ala	Ser	Gln	Ser
1			5					10					15		
Ala	Phe	Ala	Ala	Lys	Ala	Gly	Leu	Met	Arg	His	Thr	Ile	Gly	Gln	Ala
		20					25					30			
Glu	Gln	Ala	Ala	Met	Ser	Ala	Gln	Ala	Phe	His	Gln	Gly	Glu	Ser	Ser
		35				40					45				
Ala	Ala	Phe	Gln	Ala	Ala	His	Ala	Arg	Phe	Val	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala	Lys
	50				55				60						
Val	Asn	Thr	Leu	Leu	Asp	Val	Ala	Gln	Ala	Asn	Leu	Gly	Glu	Ala	Ala
65				70				75					80		

Gly Thr Tyr Val Ala Ala Asp Ala Ala Ala Ala Ser Thr Tyr Thr Gly
85 90 95
Phe

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:110:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:110:

Met Ser Leu Leu Asp Ala His Ile Pro Gln Leu Val Ala Ser Gln
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:111:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:111:

Ala His Ile Pro Gln Leu Val Ala Ser Gln Ser Ala Phe Ala Ala
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:112:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:112:

Leu Val Ala Ser Gln Ser Ala Phe Ala Ala Lys Ala Gly Leu Met
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:113:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid

77

- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:113:

Ser Ala Phe Ala Ala Lys Ala Gly Leu Met Arg His Thr Ile Gly
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:114:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:114:

Lys Ala Gly Leu Met Arg His Thr Ile Gly Gln Ala Glu Gln Ala
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:115:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:115:

Arg His Thr Ile Gly Gln Ala Glu Gln Ala Ala Met Ser Ala Gln
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:116:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:116:

Gln Ala Glu Gln Ala Ala Met Ser Ala Gln Ala Phe His Gln Gly
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:117:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:117:

Ala Met Ser Ala Gln Ala Phe His Gln Gly Glu Ser Ser Ala Ala
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:118:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:118:

Ala Phe His Gln Gly Glu Ser Ser Ala Ala Phe Gln Ala Ala His
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:119:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:119:

Glu Ser Ser Ala Ala Phe Gln Ala Ala His Ala Arg Phe Val Ala
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:120:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:120:

Phe Gln Ala Ala His Ala Arg Phe Val Ala Ala Ala Lys Val
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:121:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:121:

Ala Arg Phe Val Ala Ala Ala Lys Val Asn Thr Leu Leu Asp
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:122:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:122:

Ala Ala Ala Lys Val Asn Thr Leu Leu Asp Val Ala Gln Ala Asn
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:123:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:123:

Asn Thr Leu Leu Asp Val Ala Gln Ala Asn Leu Gly Glu Ala Ala
1 5 10 15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:124:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 18 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:124:

Val Ala Gln Ala Asn Leu Gly Glu Ala Ala Gly Thr Tyr Val Ala Ala
1 5 10 15
Asp Ala

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:125:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1752 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:125:

CGGCACGAGA	ATGTCGCCTG	TGCCTCGATA	GCCACTTGCG	TGTGGTTCGG	CTGCCAGCGG	60
GTCAGCCAGG	TCGCCTGGTC	CAGGCCATCG	GGCCGGCGCA	GGAGCGCGAT	GTTGGCCAGA	120
CCCGGTGTAC	GAGAACCGGA	CTCGACNAAG	TGTCGGCGCT	GACGGCGGCT	CAGTTCGCGG	180
CACACGCCCA	GATCTATCAG	GCCGTCAGCG	CCCAGGCCGC	GGCGATTAC	GAGATGTTTCG	240
TCAACACTCT	ACAGATNANC	TCAGGGTCGT	ATGCTGCTAC	CGAGGCCGCC	AACGCGGCCG	300
CGGCCGGCTA	GAGGAGTCAC	TGCGATGGAT	TTTGGGGCGT	TGCCGCCGGA	GGTCAATTTCG	360
GTGCGGATGT	ATGCCGGTCC	TGGCTCGGCA	CCAATGGTCG	CTGCGGCGTC	GGCCTGGAAC	420
GGGTGGCCG	CGGAGCTGAG	TTCGGCGGCC	ACCGGTTATG	AGACGGTGAT	CACTCAGCTC	480
AGCAGTGAGG	GGTGGCTAGG	TCCGGCGTCA	GCGGCGATGG	CCGAGGCAGT	TGCGCCGTAT	540
GTGGCGTGGA	TGAGTGCCGC	TGCGGCGCAA	GCCGAGCAGG	CGGCCACACA	GGCCAGGGCC	600
GCCGCGGCCG	CTTTTGAGGC	GGCGTTTGCC	GCGACGGTGC	CTCCGCCGTT	GATCGCGGCC	660
AACCGGGCTT	CGTTGATGCA	GCTGATCTCG	ACGAATGTCT	TTGGTCAGAA	CACCTCGGCG	720
ATCGCGGCCG	CCGAAGCTCA	GTACGGCGAG	ATGTGGGCCC	AAGACTCCGC	GGCGATGTAT	780
GCCTACGCGG	GCAGTTCGGC	GAGCGCCTCG	GCGGTACGCG	CGTTTAGCAC	GCCGCCGCAG	840
ATTGCCAACC	CGACCGCTCA	GGGTACGCAG	GCCGCGGCCG	TGGCCACCGC	CGCCGGTACC	900
CCCCAGTCGA	CGCTGACGGA	GATGATCACC	GGGCTACCCA	ACGCGCTGCA	AAGCCTCACC	960
TCACNTCTGT	TGCAGTCGTC	TAACGGTCCG	CTGTCGTGGC	TGTGGCAGAT	CTTGTTTCGGC	1020
ACGCCCAATT	TCCCCACCTC	AATTTTCGGCA	CTGCTGACCG	ACCTGCAGCC	CTACGCGAGC	1080
TTNTTNTATA	ACACCGAGGG	CCTGCCGTAC	TTCAGCATCG	GCATGGGCAA	CAACTTCATT	1140
CAGTCGGCCA	AGACCCTGGG	ATTGATCGGC	TAGGCGGCAC	CGGCTGCGGT	CGCGGCTGCT	1200
GGGGATGCCG	CCAAGGGCTT	GCCTGGACTG	GGCGGGATGC	TCGGTGGCGG	GCCGGTGGCG	1260
GCGGGTCTGG	GCAATGCGGC	TTCGGTTGGC	AAGCTGTCCG	TGCCGCCGGT	GTGGANTGGA	1320
CCGTTGCCCC	GGTCGGTGAC	TCCGGGGGCT	GCTCCGCTAC	CGGTGAGTAC	GGTCAGTGCC	1380
GCCCCGGAGG	CGGCGCCCCG	AAGCCTGTTG	GGCGGCCTGC	CGCTANCTGG	TGCGGGCGGG	1440
GCCGGCGCGG	GTCCACGCTA	CGGATTCCRT	CCCACCGTCA	TGGCTCGCCC	ACCCTTCGMC	1500
GGGATAGTCG	CTGCCGCAAC	GTATTAACGC	GCCGGCCTCG	GCTGGTGTGG	TCCGCTGCGG	1560
GTGGCAATTG	GTCNGCGCCG	AAATCTCSGT	GGGTATTTTR	CGGTGGGATT	TTTTCCCGAA	1620
GCCGGGTTCA	RCACCGGATT	TCCTAACGGT	CCCGCKACTC	TCGTGCCGAA	TTCSGCACTA	1680
AGTGACGTCC	GGCGGAAACC	CGTTGGGTNT	GAAAGCTTCA	GAAAGGCCCG	CTCCCAGGGG	1740
TTCGGCAAAC	GG					1752

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:126:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 400 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:126:

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Met Asp Phe Gly Ala Leu Pro Pro Glu Val Asn Ser Val Arg Met Tyr
 1          5          10          15
Ala Gly Pro Gly Ser Ala Pro Met Val Ala Ala Ala Ser Ala Trp Asn
 20          25          30
Gly Leu Ala Ala Glu Leu Ser Ser Ala Ala Thr Gly Tyr Glu Thr Val
 35          40          45
Ile Thr Gln Leu Ser Ser Glu Gly Trp Leu Gly Pro Ala Ser Ala Ala
 50          55          60
Met Ala Glu Ala Val Ala Pro Tyr Val Ala Trp Met Ser Ala Ala Ala
 65          70          75          80
Ala Gln Ala Glu Gln Ala Ala Thr Gln Ala Arg Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala
 85          90          95
Phe Glu Ala Ala Phe Ala Ala Thr Val Pro Pro Pro Leu Ile Ala Ala
100          105          110
Asn Arg Ala Ser Leu Met Gln Leu Ile Ser Thr Asn Val Phe Gly Gln
115          120          125
Asn Thr Ser Ala Ile Ala Ala Glu Ala Gln Tyr Gly Glu Met Trp
130          135          140
Ala Gln Asp Ser Ala Ala Met Tyr Ala Tyr Ala Gly Ser Ser Ala Ser
145          150          155          160
Ala Ser Ala Val Thr Pro Phe Ser Thr Pro Pro Gln Ile Ala Asn Pro
165          170          175
Thr Ala Gln Gly Thr Gln Ala Ala Val Ala Thr Ala Ala Gly Thr
180          185          190
Ala Gln Ser Thr Leu Thr Glu Met Ile Thr Gly Leu Pro Asn Ala Leu
195          200          205
Gln Ser Leu Thr Ser Xaa Leu Leu Gln Ser Ser Asn Gly Pro Leu Ser
210          215          220
Trp Leu Trp Gln Ile Leu Phe Gly Thr Pro Asn Phe Pro Thr Ser Ile
225          230          235          240
Ser Ala Leu Leu Thr Asp Leu Gln Pro Tyr Ala Ser Xaa Xaa Tyr Asn
245          250          255
Thr Glu Gly Leu Pro Tyr Phe Ser Ile Gly Met Gly Asn Asn Phe Ile
260          265          270
Gln Ser Ala Lys Thr Leu Gly Leu Ile Gly Ser Ala Ala Pro Ala Ala
275          280          285
Val Ala Ala Ala Gly Asp Ala Ala Lys Gly Leu Pro Gly Leu Gly Gly
290          295          300
Met Leu Gly Gly Gly Pro Val Ala Ala Gly Leu Gly Asn Ala Ala Ser
305          310          315          320
Val Gly Lys Leu Ser Val Pro Pro Val Trp Xaa Gly Pro Leu Pro Gly
325          330          335
Ser Val Thr Pro Gly Ala Ala Pro Leu Pro Val Ser Thr Val Ser Ala

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			340					345					350						
Ala	Pro	Glu	Ala	Ala	Pro	Gly	Ser	Leu	Leu	Gly	Gly	Leu	Pro	Leu	Xaa				
			355					360					365						
Gly	Ala	Gly	Gly	Ala	Gly	Ala	Gly	Pro	Arg	Tyr	Gly	Phe	Xaa	Pro	Thr				
			370					375					380						
Val	Met	Ala	Arg	Pro	Pro	Phe	Xaa	Gly	Ile	Val	Ala	Ala	Ala	Thr	Tyr				
			385					390					395						400

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:127:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 474 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:127:

GGCACGAGCA	CCAGTTGACC	CGCGAAGAAC	CTGACCGCGC	CACCCAGCGC	CGCCCGCATC	60
ACCGGCCCCG	TCCCACGAAC	CTTTTCGGTA	AACGAGCCAC	TCCAGCGGAG	ATCGGTACCG	120
CCCAGCGCAT	TTGGTGTAAG	GACCACCTCG	CCGAAGTAGT	CCTGGACGGG	TGTCCTCGCG	180
CCAACCAGCT	TGTAGACGTG	GCGACGGTCC	TGCTCATACT	CGACGGTCTC	TTCTGCACG	240
AACACCGGCC	ACATGCCTAG	TTTGCGGATG	GCCCCGATGC	CGCCGGGCGC	GGGATCACCG	300
CGTCGCGCCC	AACTCGATTG	AGCAACGATG	GGCTTGGCCC	AGGTCGCCCC	GTTGCCACCG	360
TCTGTCACGA	GCCGAAACAA	GGTTGCAGCC	GGCGCGCTGC	TGGTCTTGGT	GACCTCGAAC	420
GAAAAATTTC	GACCCGACAT	GCGCGACTCC	CGAAACGACA	ACTGAAGCTC	GTGC	474

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:128:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1431 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:128:

CTGCGCGCCG	GAAAAAANTA	TTACTGGCAG	GACCGGCAGA	ATGCATGGTG	ATATTCCGGT	60
GATGAGGCCG	CCGAGGAACC	GACTAGTGCG	AGGGTCAACA	CATCGGTTAT	TCGTTGCCGT	120
TTAGGTCTTG	GATCTGCCGG	GACGGCAACG	AGTTGGCAGG	ACCGCTCACG	CGAGCGCTGT	180
TGACAGAGTC	GGTTCACGTC	GAAGTCGCCA	CCCGTCAGAT	GCGAATGATA	GCCACATCGG	240
CCACACCATC	GACGGCGTCG	AAGTCGCCGT	CGTGGGTCAC	GACCGGCACC	CCTTGCGACG	300
TGGCAACGGC	AGCGGCCCTC	ACCGGACGGG	ACCGAGATCG	TCGGTGGTGT	CGCCAGTGAG	360
CGTTGCGAGG	TCGCGGGTGC	AATCCCGCAT	CTGCTTGCGT	ATGCCGAAGC	CGCCGCAGCA	420
GCTCGTCTCG	ACTCAACCAT	CGGCGCCGTG	CGGGCTGCCT	GCGGTCAGCA	GCGCAACGGG	480
TTTGCCGTTG	GCAGTGATGG	TGATGTCTTC	GCCGGCCTGC	ACGCGCCGTA	GCAGCCCCGGC	540
GGTGTGTGTT	CGCAGTTCGC	GAGACGCGAC	TTCAGCAGGC	ATGCTGCGGG	GATCGGCTTG	600
CGCTGGGCGC	GGTGTCACCG	TCATGCGCTT	GGGATATCAC	GTGATCTATC	GGCACGAAGC	660
CGCCGGATGA	GCGAGGCAAA	CCGCCTACAC	GGGCTGCCTC	GCCTTGACCG	CGCCGAACGT	720
TACTGTGCCG	GGGGCATCAG	CACCGTATCG	ATCATGTACA	CCGTCGCGTG	GGCGGTGTGA	780
CTCCGCCACA	TACCAACGGG	GCGTTGTTGA	CCATGAGTCG	TCGCGGGCGC	CTATCACCGT	840

CAGGTCGGCA	CCTTGCAGGT	CTGATGGGTG	CCGTCGATCC	TGCTCGGACT	CGCCTGGCCG	900
GCTATCACGT	GGTAGGTCAG	GATGCTGCTG	AGCAGCTTGG	CGTCAGTCTT	GAGTTGATCG	960
ATAGTGGCCG	CCGGCAGCTT	GTCGAATGCG	GCGTTGGTGG	GGGCGAAAAC	GGTGTACTCG	1020
CCGCCGTTGA	GGGTGTCGAC	CAGATTCACA	TCCGGGTTC A	GCTTGCCCGA	CAGAGCCGAG	1080
GTCAGGGTAC	TGAGCATCGG	GTTGTTGGAA	GCCGCGGTAG	CGACCGGGTC	TTGCGCCATT	1140
CCGGCCACCG	ATCCGGGACC	GGTGGGATTT	TGCGCCGCGT	ATTGCGCGCA	CCCACGACCA	1200
ATCAGGTCCG	CTGCGGTCAG	CCATTGCCGC	CGTGGAACG	GGCGCCGCCG	GGCTGGTCGC	1260
CGGTTTCGGG	CTGGTGCTTT	GCGACACGGG	TTTGGTGCTC	GAACAACCCG	CTAAGAACGC	1320
AATCGCGATG	GCTGCGAGGC	TCGCTGCTGC	GGCCGGTTTG	GCCTGAACGT	TGATCATCGC	1380
TTGATTCTCT	TTGCTTCTGC	GCGGCGGTTG	AACGCCGTCC	TCCTGGGTGG	A	1431

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:129:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 279 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:129:

GCACGAGAGT	CGTATCTTTG	CACCCAGCGC	CCGTAGGAAA	CCGCTGGCCT	GGCTAACTCA	60
GATGCGGGCG	GCCGTCGATT	CGAGAGGTAA	CCGATCGCCC	GCCGACAATG	GGTTACCCAC	120
CGAGACTGAT	TGCCGCGCAG	CCGCCTTCGA	CGTGTAAGCG	CCGGTTCGTG	CATGCCCGGA	180
ACGGGTGCAC	TCACGGACCT	TCTACGTAGT	ACGTGACGGA	CTTTTACGCA	TTATCGCTGA	240
CGATCTTTGC	CTCCCAGGAC	TCCAGAATCT	ACTCGTGCC			279

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:130:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1470 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:130:

ACCGCCACCC	GCAGCCCGGA	ATCACCGTCG	GTAACCTGCG	AATACAATTT	CTTCATCGAC	60
GACTTCGCGA	ACAGCGAACC	CGAGCCCACC	GCCTGATAGC	CTTCTTCCTC	GATGTTCCAA	120
CCGCCGGCGG	CGTCGAACGA	AACGATACGA	CCCGCGCTCT	GCGGGTCAGA	CGCATGAATG	180
TCGTAGCCCG	CCAGCAACGG	CAACGCCAGC	AGACCCTGCA	TCGCGGCCGC	CAGATTGCCA	240
CGCACCATAA	TCGCCAGCCG	GTTGATTTTG	CCGGCAAACG	TCAGCGGCAC	ACCCTCGAGC	300
TTCTCGTAGT	GCTCAAGTTC	CACGGCATA C	AGCCGGGCAA	ACTCAACCGC	GACCGCAGCC	360
GTGCCAGCGA	TGCCGGTAGC	GGTGTAGTCA	TCGGTGATAT	ACACCTTGCG	CACATCACGC	420
CCAGAAATCA	TGTTGCCCTG	CGTCGAACGC	CGGTACCCCG	CCATGACAAC	ACCGCCGGGG	480
TATTTACGCG	CGACAATGGT	GGTGCCGTGC	GGCAGTTGCG	CATCGCCGCC	TGCGAGTGGC	540
GCACCGCCGC	TGATGCTTGC	CGGCAGCAAC	TCCGGCGCCT	GGCGGCGCAG	GAAGTCAAGT	600
GAAAGAAGAT	AGGTCTACAG	CGGGTGTTCC	AGAGAGTGAA	TTAATGGACA	GGCGATCGGG	660
CAACGGCCAG	GTCACGTGCC	GCCCTTTTGG	ACGTATGCGC	GGACGAAGTC	CTCGGCGTTC	720
TCCTCGAGGA	CGTCGTCGAT	TTCGTCGAGC	AGATCGTCGG	TCTCCTCGGT	CAGCTTTTCG	780
CGACGCTCCT	GGCCCCGGGC	GGTGCTGCCG	GCGATGTCGT	CATCATCGCC	GCCGCCACCG	840

CCACGCTTGG	TCTGCTCTTG	CGCCATCGCC	GCCTCCTGCT	TCCTCATGGC	CTTTCAAAAG	900
GCCGCGGGTG	CGCGTCACAC	GCCCCGTGTC	TTTCTCTCAC	CTACCGGTCA	ACACCAACGT	960
TTCCCGGCCT	AACCAGGCTT	AGCGAGGCTC	AGCGGTCACT	TGCTCTACCA	GCTCCACGGC	1020
ACTGTCCACC	GAATCCAGCA	ACGCACCAAC	ATGCGCCTTA	CTACCCCGCA	ACGGCTCCAG	1080
CGTCGGGATG	CGAACCAGCG	AGTCGCCGCC	AGGTCGAAGA	TCACCGAGTC	CCAGCTAGCC	1140
GCGGCGATAT	CAGCCCCGAA	CCGGCGCAGG	CATTTCGCCG	CGGAAATACG	CGCGGGTGTC	1200
GGTCGGCGGT	TCTCCACCGC	ACTCAGCACC	TGGTGTTCG	GTGACTAAAC	GCTTTATCGA	1260
GCCGCGCGCG	ACCAGCCGGT	TGTACAGGCC	CTTGTCACGC	CGGACATCGG	AGTACTGCAG	1320
GTTGACGAGG	TGCAGCCGGG	GCGCCGACCA	GCTCAGGTTC	TCCCGCTGCC	GGAAACCGTC	1380
GAGCAGCCGC	AGTTTGGCCG	GCCAGTCCAG	CAGCTCCGCG	CAATCCATCG	GGTCACGCTC	1440
GAGCTGATCC	AGCACGTGTG	CCCAGGTTTC				1470

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:131:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1059 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:131:

ATTCCCATCG	CTCCGGCACC	TATCACCAGG	TAGTCGGTTT	CGATGGTTTT	CGCCGGCCCT	60
TGCGTTGGCC	TGGGCCACGG	GTCGTTTCATG	GGCCCTCCTG	TGCGGATTGG	AATTTGTGAC	120
AACGAAATCG	GGCGATCGGT	GAGCAATCGT	CGCCGATGCA	AGACACGCTT	TCGCTGCCGC	180
GGCGTCAGGT	GGAGTTTAGG	CCAGCGTAAC	AACGTAGACC	GGCCACTGAC	CAAACCCCAA	240
ACCCACAAAC	CCTGGACGCA	TGCGGGTCTC	GGGCGTCAAA	TTCCGGGTAG	ATATCGTATA	300
CCGATATCGG	ATGCCGTAGC	CTTATCGAGG	CATGAGACGC	CCGCTAGACC	CACGCGATAT	360
TCCAGATGAG	CTGCGGCGAC	GGCTGGGGCT	CTTGGATGCG	GTGGTGATCG	GGCTTGGGTC	420
CATGATCGGT	GCCGGAATCT	TTGCTCGTGC	CGAATTCGGC	ACGAGCTCGT	GCCGAATTCG	480
GCACGAGATT	CCAATCCCCA	GAAGGTCGTA	CAAGCCGTCA	ATGGCACTTG	ATCGTTGGAT	540
CGATGATGAA	CGCTCTGCTC	ATGCCTGCCG	CCTATCTCAA	CGGTCGTCGA	TTCCATGCAT	600
TAGCCTTGGT	TCTGCATTGC	ACGCGTAGGG	CCTACAGTCT	GGCTGTTCATG	CTTGGCCGAT	660
GTCAACAGTT	TTTTTCATGC	TAAGCAGATC	GTCAGTTTTC	AGTTCGTGAA	GACGGCATGT	720
TCACTTGTTG	TCGACTACAT	CGTCTGCGCA	CATTTGCCCT	CCTGCAACTG	CGCTGCGACA	780
ATGCGCCAAC	CGCCGTGTAG	CTCGTGCCGA	ATTCGGCACG	AGGATCCACC	GGAGATGGCC	840
GACGACTACG	ACGAGGCCTG	GATGCTCAAC	ACCGTGTTTC	ACTATCACAA	CGAGAACGCA	900
AAAGAAGAGG	TCATCCATCT	CGTGCCCGAC	GTGAACAAGG	AGAGGGGGCC	CATCGAACTC	960
GTAACCAAGG	TAGACAAAGA	GGGACATCAG	ACTCGTCTAC	GATGGGGAGC	CACGTTTTTC	1020
TACAAGGAAC	ATCCTAAGTT	TTGATTCGGG	AACATCCTA			1059

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:132:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 153 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:132:

GCACGAGGCA TTGGCGGGCA TCTGCATAAA CGGTGACGTA TCAGCACAAA ACAGCGGAGA	60
GAACAACATG CGATCAGAAC GTCTCCGGTG GCTGGTAGCC GCAGAAGGTC CGTTTCGCCTC	120
GGTGTATTTT GACGACTCGC ACGACTCGTG CCG	153

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:133:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 387 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:133:

CCGCGCGGTC GATCAGCGAG CCAGGCAAAA ACTCCGTCGA GCCCGAGTCG ATGATGGTCA	60
CCCGGCGCAG CATCTGGCGA ACGATCACCT CGATGTGCTT GTCGTGGATC GACACACCTT	120
GGGCGCGGTA GACCTCCTGG ACCTCGCGAA CCAGGTGTAT CTGCACCTCG CGGGGGCCCT	180
GCACCCGAG CACCTCATGC GGGTCGGCCG AGCCTTCCAT CAGCTGCTGG CCCACCTCGA	240
CGTGGTCGCC ATCGGAGAGC ACCCGTTCGG AACCCTCTTC GTGCTTGAAC ACCCGCAGCC	300
GCTGCCGCTT GGAGATCTTG TCGTAGACCA CTTCCTCACC GCCGTCGTCA GGAACGATGG	360
TGATCTTGTA GAACCGCTCG CCGTCCT	387

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:134:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 389 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:134:

GTTCAGCACG GCTATCCGAT TGTGCCGTTT GCTTCGGTGG GTGCTGAACA CGGCATCGAC	60
ATCGTGCTCG ACAACGAATC CCCACTGCTG GCACCGGTCC AGTTCCTCGC CGAGAAGCTG	120
CTCGGCACCA AAGACGGTCC GCGCTGGTTC CGTGGTGTGC GACTGACACC GGTACCGCGC	180
CCCGAACGGC AGTATTACTG GTTCGGCGAG CCAACCGACA CCACAGAGTT TATGGGGCAG	240
CAAGCCGACG ATAACGCCGC ACGCAGGGTG CGCGAGCGTG CCGCCGCCGC TATCGAACAC	300
GGCATCGAGC TGATGCTGGC CGAGCGCGCA GCCGATCCAA ATCGATCCCT GGTCGGACGG	360
CTCTTGCGCT CGGACGCCTA AGGCGCCCC	389

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:135:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 480 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:135:

CCCGCGGTCG	GAATGATCCC	CGTCTCGTCG	CGCGCCCAT	TGATGCTGTT	GATGAGCTGT	60
TTGGAGAAGC	CCGGTTGGCG	TACCGGTGAG	CCGGAATATC	TGTTGGAAGC	GTCACCGGAT	120
GTNCACATGA	ANTNCNTTGN	CCCGTNGCG	GTNTTGGNTG	NGGNAAACAC	GTGTTGTNTA	180
AGCCTTGNTG	GNCTCGNAAG	NGCCGTNGAC	GCCTGTGTCG	CCGAAGATAA	TGAGCACCTG	240
ACGGTTGGCG	GGATCGCCGT	TATCCCAAGG	AATTCCGAGG	TCGGTCCCGG	AGATGCCGAA	300
GCGTTCCAGG	GTCTTGTTGG	GGCTGTCCGG	TCCGGTCACC	CACTCGGCGA	GGGATGTGGN	360
AGCCCCGGCG	AGCGTGGCAC	CAGGATCCGG	CGCCGCCGCC	GGAGCAGGGT	CGGNNGCTGN	420
NCTGNNTTCC	TNNNGCCNAA	TTNNACTCCN	NCNACAANCT	TGNNNCCGAC	TCNNACCCGN	480

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:136:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 587 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:136:

GCACGAGGCT	ACCGGCGCGT	CGCCCGCCAT	GCCCTGGATG	CACGCGTAGC	CACCCGTNCA	60
TNCAGCGGGT	CAGCCGCCGC	GTCCGGGCTT	AACGCTATAG	CAGCTGCAAA	CAACCCAGCG	120
CCGGCAATTA	CTTTGATGTT	GAACCGATGA	CCATNGCCTN	CGNGTNCAAT	CTCNTCTCTT	180
NGCGCGCCNC	TATTTNNGCC	ATANATTTGG	TTNNANNCGN	AACGCTAGAC	GTATCGAGTT	240
CCTTTTCGAC	CACCGGCTCA	ATTGTCAGCA	TCCTATGGGG	AACATGAGCC	CCGCCGCACC	300
GGGCCGTTTC	CAAATGGTGA	CGTCACAACG	GTGTCACAAG	CCAGCGCAAT	GTCCGCGGTA	360
GGGACGCGGC	GGCTGGGATC	GGTGGGGTGA	GCGCCCGGCT	TCTCAAAGCG	AGGGGAGCCC	420
CGGGACTCTT	ACCGGCCGAA	GGCGGCGGGT	GTCAGTGATC	TAGGCTGACG	GCCAGTGGTT	480
GNTNAGCCAA	CAAGGATGAC	NACAAATAAN	CCGAGGANAG	ACANGNGACG	GNCCGANANG	540
CTNANCCGGN	NTTGNNCNAA	NNNNACNCAC	TTNTACCGNN	CTTATGN		587

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:137:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1200 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:137:

CAGGCATGAG	CAGAGCGTTC	ATCATCGATC	CAACGATCAG	TGCCATTGAC	GGCTTGTTACG	60
ACCTTCTGGG	GATTGGAATA	CCCAACCAAG	GGGGTATCCT	TTACTCCTCA	CTAGAGTACT	120
TCGAAAAAGC	CCTGGAGGAG	CTGGCAGCAG	CGTTTCCGGG	TGATGGCTGG	TTAGGTTCCGG	180
CCGCGGACAA	ATACGCCGGC	AAAAACCGCA	ACCACGTGAA	TTTTTTCCAG	GAACTGGCAG	240
ACCTCGATCG	TCAGCTCATC	AGCCTGATCC	ACGACCAGGC	CAACGCGGTC	CAGACGACCC	300
GCGACATCCT	GGAGGGCGCC	AAGAAAGGTC	TCGAGTTCGT	GCGCCCGGTG	GCTGTGGACC	360
TGACCTACAT	CCCGGTGCTC	GGGCACGCCC	TATCGGCCGC	CTTCCAGGCG	CCGTTTTGCG	420
CGGGCGCGAT	GGCCGTAGTG	GGCGGCGCGC	TTGCCTACTT	GGTCGTGAAA	ACGCTGATCA	480
ACGCGACTCA	ACTCCTCAAA	TTGCTTGCCA	AATTGGCGGA	GTTGGTCGCG	GCCGCCATTG	540
CGGACATCAT	TTCGGATGTG	GCGGACATCA	TCAAGGGCAC	CCTCGGAGAA	GTGTGGGAGT	600

TCATCACAAA	CGCGCTCAAC	GGCCTGAAAAG	AGCTTTGGGA	CAAGCTCACG	GGGTGGGTGA	660
CCGGACTGTT	CTCTCGAGGG	TGGTCGAACC	TGGAGTCCTT	CTTTGCGGGC	GTCCCCGGCT	720
TGACCGGCGC	GACCAGCGGC	TTGTGCGAAG	TGACTGGCTT	GTTCGGTGCG	GCCGGTCTGT	780
CCGCATCGTC	GGGCTTGGCT	CACGCGGATA	GCCTGGCGAG	CTCAGCCAGC	TTGCCCCGCC	840
TGGCCGGCAT	TGGGGGCGGG	TCCGGTTTTG	GGGGCTTGCC	GAGCCTGGCT	CAGGTCCATG	900
CCGCCTCAAC	TCGGCAGGCG	CTACGGCCCC	GAGCTGATGG	CCCGGTCGGC	GCCGCTGCCG	960
AGCAGGTCGG	CGGGCAGTCG	CAGCTGGTCT	CCGCGCAGGG	TTCCCAAGGT	ATGGGCGGAC	1020
CCGTAGGCAT	GGGCGGCATG	CACCCCTCTT	CGGGGGCGTC	GAAAGGGACG	ACGACGAAGA	1080
AGTACTCGGA	AGGCGCGGCG	GCGGGCACTG	AAGACGCCGA	GCGCGCGCCA	GTCGAAGCTG	1140
ACGCGGGCGG	TGGGCAAAAAG	GTGCTGGTAC	GAAACGTCGT	CTAACGGCAT	GGCGAGCCAA	1200

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:138:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 392 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:138:

Met	Ser	Arg	Ala	Phe	Ile	Ile	Asp	Pro	Thr	Ile	Ser	Ala	Ile	Asp	Gly	
1				5					10					15		
Leu	Tyr	Asp	Leu	Leu	Gly	Ile	Gly	Ile	Pro	Asn	Gln	Gly	Gly	Ile	Leu	
			20					25					30			
Tyr	Ser	Ser	Leu	Glu	Tyr	Phe	Glu	Lys	Ala	Leu	Glu	Glu	Leu	Ala	Ala	
		35					40					45				
Ala	Phe	Pro	Gly	Asp	Gly	Trp	Leu	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ala	Asp	Lys	Tyr	Ala	
	50					55				60						
Gly	Lys	Asn	Arg	Asn	His	Val	Asn	Phe	Phe	Gln	Glu	Leu	Ala	Asp	Leu	
65					70					75				80		
Asp	Arg	Gln	Leu	Ile	Ser	Leu	Ile	His	Asp	Gln	Ala	Asn	Ala	Val	Gln	
			85						90					95		
Thr	Thr	Arg	Asp	Ile	Leu	Glu	Gly	Ala	Lys	Lys	Gly	Leu	Glu	Phe	Val	
			100					105					110			
Arg	Pro	Val	Ala	Val	Asp	Leu	Thr	Tyr	Ile	Pro	Val	Val	Gly	His	Ala	
		115					120					125				
Leu	Ser	Ala	Ala	Phe	Gln	Ala	Pro	Phe	Cys	Ala	Gly	Ala	Met	Ala	Val	
	130					135					140					
Val	Gly	Gly	Ala	Leu	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Val	Val	Lys	Thr	Leu	Ile	Asn	Ala	
145				150						155				160		
Thr	Gln	Leu	Leu	Lys	Leu	Leu	Ala	Lys	Leu	Ala	Glu	Leu	Val	Ala	Ala	
			165						170					175		
Ala	Ile	Ala	Asp	Ile	Ile	Ser	Asp	Val	Ala	Asp	Ile	Ile	Lys	Gly	Thr	
		180					185						190			
Leu	Gly	Glu	Val	Trp	Glu	Phe	Ile	Thr	Asn	Ala	Leu	Asn	Gly	Leu	Lys	
		195					200					205				
Glu	Leu	Trp	Asp	Lys	Leu	Thr	Gly	Trp	Val	Thr	Gly	Leu	Phe	Ser	Arg	
	210					215					220					
Gly	Trp	Ser	Asn	Leu	Glu	Ser	Phe	Phe	Ala	Gly	Val	Pro	Gly	Leu	Thr	
225				230						235				240		
Gly	Ala	Thr	Ser	Gly	Leu	Ser	Gln	Val	Thr	Gly	Leu	Phe	Gly	Ala	Ala	
			245						250					255		

Gly Leu Ser Ala Ser Ser Gly Leu Ala His Ala Asp Ser Leu Ala Ser
 260 265 270
 Ser Ala Ser Leu Pro Ala Leu Ala Gly Ile Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Phe
 275 280 285
 Gly Gly Leu Pro Ser Leu Ala Gln Val His Ala Ala Ser Thr Arg Gln
 290 295 300
 Ala Leu Arg Pro Arg Ala Asp Gly Pro Val Gly Ala Ala Ala Glu Gln
 305 310 315 320
 Val Gly Gly Gln Ser Gln Leu Val Ser Ala Gln Gly Ser Gln Gly Met
 325 330 335
 Gly Gly Pro Val Gly Met Gly Gly Met His Pro Ser Ser Gly Ala Ser
 340 345 350
 Lys Gly Thr Thr Thr Lys Lys Tyr Ser Glu Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Thr
 355 360 365
 Glu Asp Ala Glu Arg Ala Pro Val Glu Ala Asp Ala Gly Gly Gly Gln
 370 375 380
 Lys Val Leu Val Arg Asn Val Val
 385 390

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:139:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 439 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:139:

ACGTTTACCC ATGCCGTCGG TGCAGAGCAA CGCCAGACAA CACAAAGTAG TCTAATTCCG	60
TTATAAAGCA GACATTTCCG TGGTTATGTA GAAGATGTCG ACCGATCAGA TGAAGCGATC	120
CGCGTCAGGT GGTATCCGAT GTCTTTTGTG ACCATCCAGC CGGTGGTCTT GGCAGCCGCG	180
ACGGGGGACT TGCCGACGAT CGGTACCGCC GTGAGTGCTC GGAACACAGC CGTCTGTGCC	240
CCGACGACGG GGGTGTTACC CCCTGCTGCC AATGACGTGT CGGTCCTGAC GGCGGCCCGG	300
TTCACCGCGC ACACCAAGCA CTACCGAGTG GTGAGTAAGC CGGCCGCGCT GGTCCATGGC	360
ATGTTTCGTGG CCCTCCCGGC GGCCACCGCC GATGCGTATG CGACCACCGA GGCCGTCAAT	420
GTGGTCGCGA CCGGTTAAG	439

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:140:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1441 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:140:

GAGGTTGCTG GCAATGGATT TCGGGCTTTT ACCTCCGGAA GTGAATTCAA GCCGAATGTA	60
TTCCGGTCCG GGGCCGGAGT CGATGCTAGC CGCCGCGGCC GCCTGGGACG GTGTGGCCGC	120
GGAGTTGACT TCCGCCGCGG TCTCGTATGG ATCGGTGGTG TCGACGCTGA TC GTTGAGCC	180

GTGGATGGGG	CCGGCGGCGG	CCGCGATGGC	GGCCGCGGCA	ACGCCGTATG	TGGGGTGGCT	240
GGCCGCGCACG	GCGGCGCTGG	CGAAGGAGAC	GGCCACACAG	GCGAGGGCAG	CGGCGGAAGC	300
GTTTGGGACG	GCGTTCGCGA	TGACGGTGCC	ACCATCCCTC	GTCGCGGCCA	ACCGCAGCCG	360
GTTGATGTCG	CTGGTCGCGG	CGAACATTCT	GGGGCAAAAC	AGTGCGGCGA	TCGCGGCTAC	420
CCAGGCCGAG	TATGCCGAAA	TGTGGGCCCCA	AGACGCTGCC	GTGATGTACA	GCTATGAGGG	480
GGCATCTGCG	GCCGCGTCGG	CGTTGCCCGC	GTTCACTCCA	CCCGTGCAAG	GCACCGGCCC	540
GGCCGGGCCC	GCGGCCGCGAG	CCGCGGCGAC	CCAAGCCGCC	GGTGCGGGCG	CCGTTGCGGA	600
TGCACAGGCG	ACACTGGCCC	AGCTGCCCCC	GGGGATCCTG	AGCGACATTC	TGTCCGCATT	660
GGCCGCCAAC	GCTGATCCGC	TGACATCGGG	ACTGTTGGGG	ATCGCGTCGA	CCCTCAACCC	720
GCAAGTCGGA	TCCGCTCAGC	CGATAGTGAT	CCCCACCCCG	ATAGGGGAAT	TGGACGTGAT	780
CGCGCTCTAC	ATTGCATCCA	TCGCGACCGG	CAGCATTGCG	CTCGCGATCA	CGAACACGGC	840
CAGACCCTGG	CACATCGGCC	TATACGGGAA	CGCCGGCGGG	CTGGGACCGA	CGCAGGGCCA	900
TCCACTGAGT	TCGGCGACCG	ACGAGCCGGA	GCCGCACTGG	GGCCCCTTCG	GGGGCGCGGC	960
GCCGGTGTC	GCGGGCGTCG	GCCACGCAGC	ATTAGTCGGA	GCGTTGTTCG	TGCCGCACAG	1020
CTGGACCACG	GCCGCCCCCG	AGATCCAGCT	CGCCGTTTCA	GCAACACCCA	CCTTCAGCTC	1080
CAGCGCCGGC	GCCGACCCGA	CGGCCCTAAA	CGGGATGCCG	GCAGGCCTGC	TCAGCGGGAT	1140
GGCTTTGGCG	AGCCTGGCCG	CACGCGGCAC	GACGGGCGGT	GGCGGCACCC	GTAGCGGCAC	1200
CAGCACTGAC	GGCCAAGAGG	ACGGCCGCAA	ACCCCCGTA	GTTGTGATTA	GAGAGCAGCC	1260
GCCGCCCCGA	AACCCCCCGC	GGTAAAAGTC	CGGCAACCGT	TCGTGCGCCG	GCGGAAAATG	1320
CCTGGTGAGC	GTGGCTATCC	GACGGGCCGT	TCACACCGCT	TGTAGTAGCG	TACGGCTATG	1380
GACGACGGTG	TCTGGATTCT	CGGCGGCTAT	CAGAGCGATT	TTGCTCGCAA	CCTCAGCAA	1440
G						1441

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:141:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 99 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:141:

Met	Ser	Phe	Val	Thr	Ile	Gln	Pro	Val	Val	Leu	Ala	Ala	Ala	Thr	Gly
1				5				10						15	
Asp	Leu	Pro	Thr	Ile	Gly	Thr	Ala	Val	Ser	Ala	Arg	Asn	Thr	Ala	Val
			20					25					30		
Cys	Ala	Pro	Thr	Thr	Gly	Val	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ala	Ala	Asn	Asp	Val	Ser
			35				40					45			
Val	Leu	Thr	Ala	Ala	Arg	Phe	Thr	Ala	His	Thr	Lys	His	Tyr	Arg	Val
			50			55				60					
Val	Ser	Lys	Pro	Ala	Ala	Leu	Val	His	Gly	Met	Phe	Val	Ala	Leu	Pro
65				70					75				80		
Ala	Ala	Thr	Ala	Asp	Ala	Tyr	Ala	Thr	Thr	Glu	Ala	Val	Asn	Val	Val
				85				90					95		
Ala	Thr	Gly													

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:142:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 423 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:142:

```

Met Asp Phe Gly Leu Leu Pro Pro Glu Val Asn Ser Ser Arg Met Tyr
 1           5           10           15
Ser Gly Pro Gly Pro Glu Ser Met Leu Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Trp Asp
          20           25           30
Gly Val Ala Ala Glu Leu Thr Ser Ala Ala Val Ser Tyr Gly Ser Val
          35           40           45
Val Ser Thr Leu Ile Val Glu Pro Trp Met Gly Pro Ala Ala Ala Ala
          50           55           60
Met Ala Ala Ala Ala Thr Pro Tyr Val Gly Trp Leu Ala Ala Thr Ala
65           70           75           80
Ala Leu Ala Lys Glu Thr Ala Thr Gln Ala Arg Ala Ala Ala Glu Ala
          85           90           95
Phe Gly Thr Ala Phe Ala Met Thr Val Pro Pro Ser Leu Val Ala Ala
          100          105          110
Asn Arg Ser Arg Leu Met Ser Leu Val Ala Ala Asn Ile Leu Gly Gln
          115          120          125
Asn Ser Ala Ala Ile Ala Ala Thr Gln Ala Glu Tyr Ala Glu Met Trp
          130          135          140
Ala Gln Asp Ala Ala Val Met Tyr Ser Tyr Glu Gly Ala Ser Ala Ala
145          150          155          160
Ala Ser Ala Leu Pro Pro Phe Thr Pro Pro Val Gln Gly Thr Gly Pro
          165          170          175
Ala Gly Pro Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Thr Gln Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly
          180          185          190
Ala Val Ala Asp Ala Gln Ala Thr Leu Ala Gln Leu Pro Pro Gly Ile
          195          200          205
Leu Ser Asp Ile Leu Ser Ala Leu Ala Ala Asn Ala Asp Pro Leu Thr
          210          215          220
Ser Gly Leu Leu Gly Ile Ala Ser Thr Leu Asn Pro Gln Val Gly Ser
225          230          235          240
Ala Gln Pro Ile Val Ile Pro Thr Pro Ile Gly Glu Leu Asp Val Ile
          245          250          255
Ala Leu Tyr Ile Ala Ser Ile Ala Thr Gly Ser Ile Ala Leu Ala Ile
          260          265          270
Thr Asn Thr Ala Arg Pro Trp His Ile Gly Leu Tyr Gly Asn Ala Gly
          275          280          285
Gly Leu Gly Pro Thr Gln Gly His Pro Leu Ser Ser Ala Thr Asp Glu
          290          295          300
Pro Glu Pro His Trp Gly Pro Phe Gly Gly Ala Ala Pro Val Ser Ala
305          310          315          320
Gly Val Gly His Ala Ala Leu Val Gly Ala Leu Ser Val Pro His Ser
          325          330          335
Trp Thr Thr Ala Ala Pro Glu Ile Gln Leu Ala Val Gln Ala Thr Pro
          340          345          350
Thr Phe Ser Ser Ser Ala Gly Ala Asp Pro Thr Ala Leu Asn Gly Met
          355          360          365
Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Ser Gly Met Ala Leu Ala Ser Leu Ala Ala Arg
          370          375          380

```

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 97 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:143:

[illegible]

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:144:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 99 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:144:

Cys	Arg	Leu	Cys	Leu	Asp	Ser	His	Leu	Arg	Val	Val	Ala	Leu	Pro	Ala
1				5					10					15	
Gly	Gln	Pro	Gly	Arg	Leu	Val	Gln	Ala	Ile	Gly	Pro	Ala	Gln	Glu	Arg
			20					25					30		
Asp	Val	Gly	Gln	Thr	Arg	Cys	Thr	Arg	Thr	Gly	Leu	Asp	Xaa	Val	Ser
		35					40					45			
Ala	Leu	Thr	Ala	Ala	Gln	Phe	Ala	Ala	His	Ala	Gln	Ile	Tyr	Gln	Ala
	50					55					60				
Val	Ser	Ala	Gln	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ile	His	Glu	Met	Phe	Val	Asn	Thr	Leu

The claims defining the invention are as follows:

1. A pharmaceutical composition comprising:
 - (a) at least one isolated polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:142, or an amino acid sequence comprising an immunogenic portion of SEQ ID NO:142; and
 - (b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.
2. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1, said composition comprising:
 - (a) at least one isolated polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:142; and
 - (b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.
3. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1 or 2, further comprising an adjuvant.
4. A method for inducing protective immunity in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a pharmaceutical composition according to any one of claims 1 to 3.
5. A pharmaceutical composition comprising:
 - (a) at least one isolated polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:142, or an amino acid sequence comprising an immunogenic portion of SEQ ID NO:142; and
 - (b) a physiologically acceptable carrier,
 when used for inducing protective immunity in a patient.
6. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 5, said composition comprising:
 - (a) at least one isolated polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:142; and
 - (b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.
7. A vaccine comprising:
 - (a) at least one isolated polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:142, or an amino acid sequence comprising an immunogenic portion of SEQ ID NO:142; and
 - (b) a non-specific immune response enhancer.
8. The vaccine of claim 7, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.



9. A method for inducing protective immunity in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a vaccine according to claim 7 or 8.

10. A vaccine comprising:

5 (a) at least one isolated polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:142, or an amino acid sequence comprising an immunogenic portion of SEQ ID NO:142; and

(b) a non-specific immune response enhancer,
when used for inducing protective immunity in a patient.

11. Use of a composition comprising:

10 (a) at least one isolated polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:142, or an amino acid sequence comprising an immunogenic portion of SEQ ID NO:142; and

(b) a non-specific immune response enhancer,
for the preparation of a medicament for inducing protective immunity in a patient.

15 **Dated 2 November, 2001**

Corixa Corporation

20 **Patent Attorneys for the Applicant/Nominated Person**
SPRUSON & FERGUSON



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CPM Incorporated

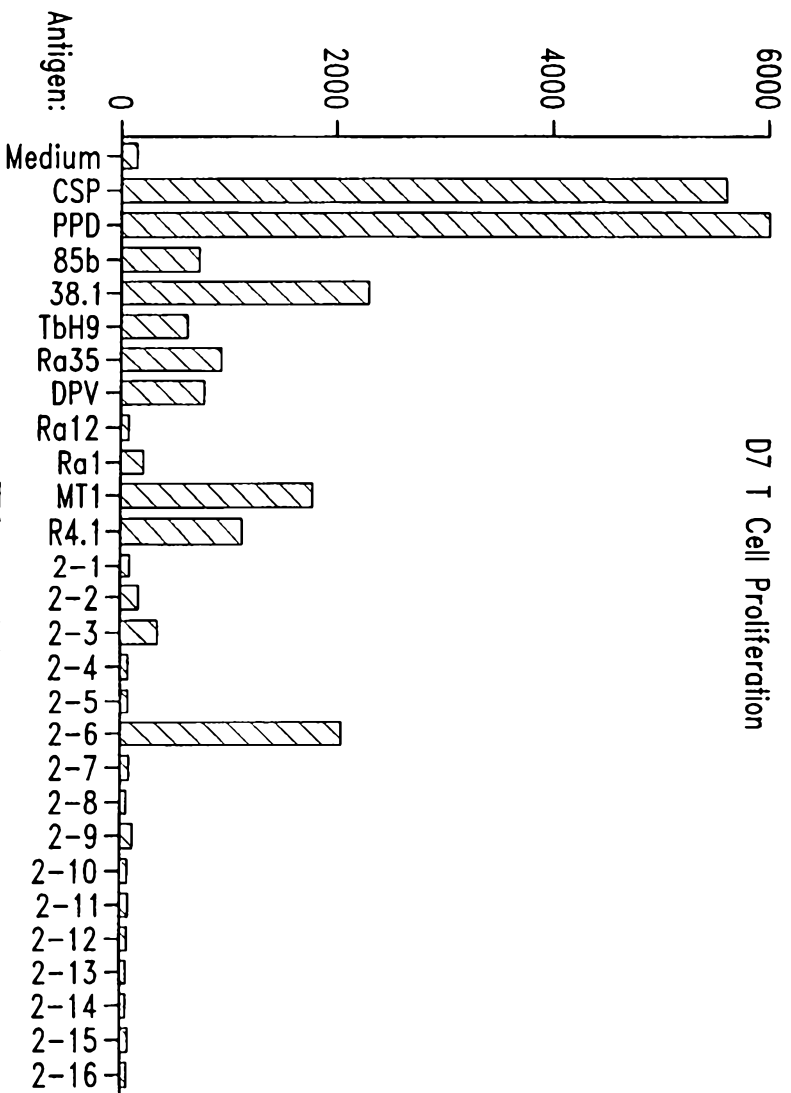


Fig. 1A

O.D. 450-570

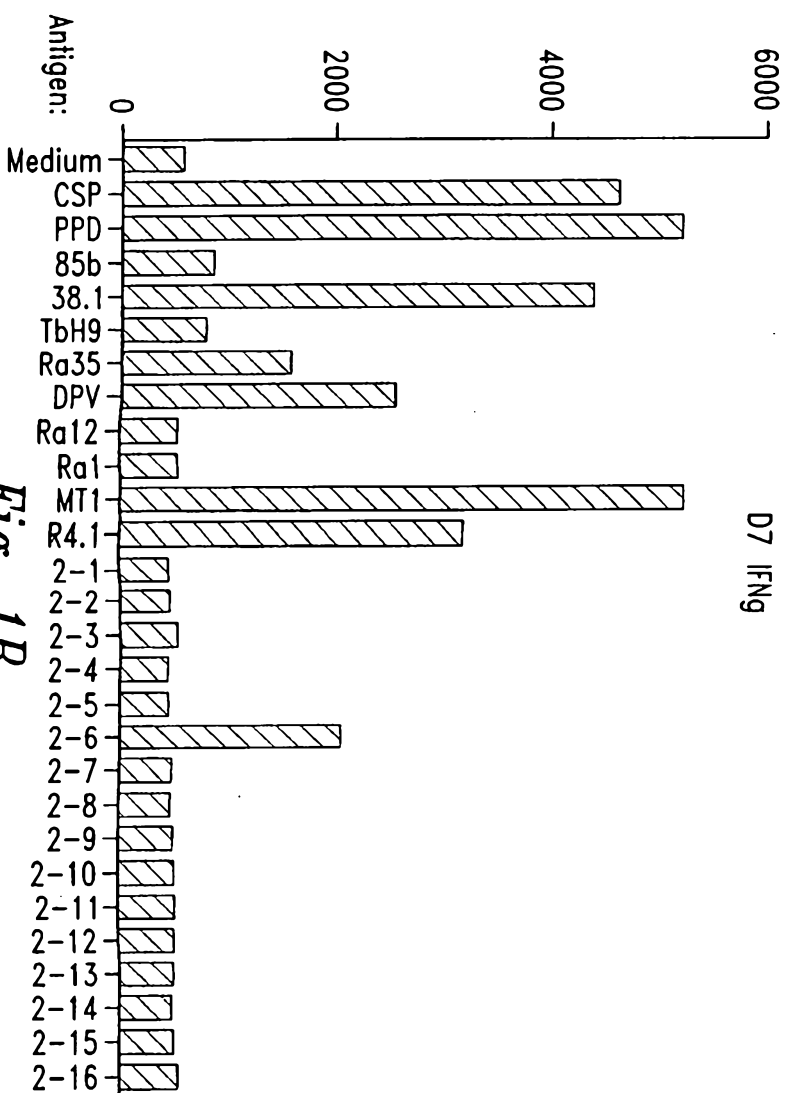
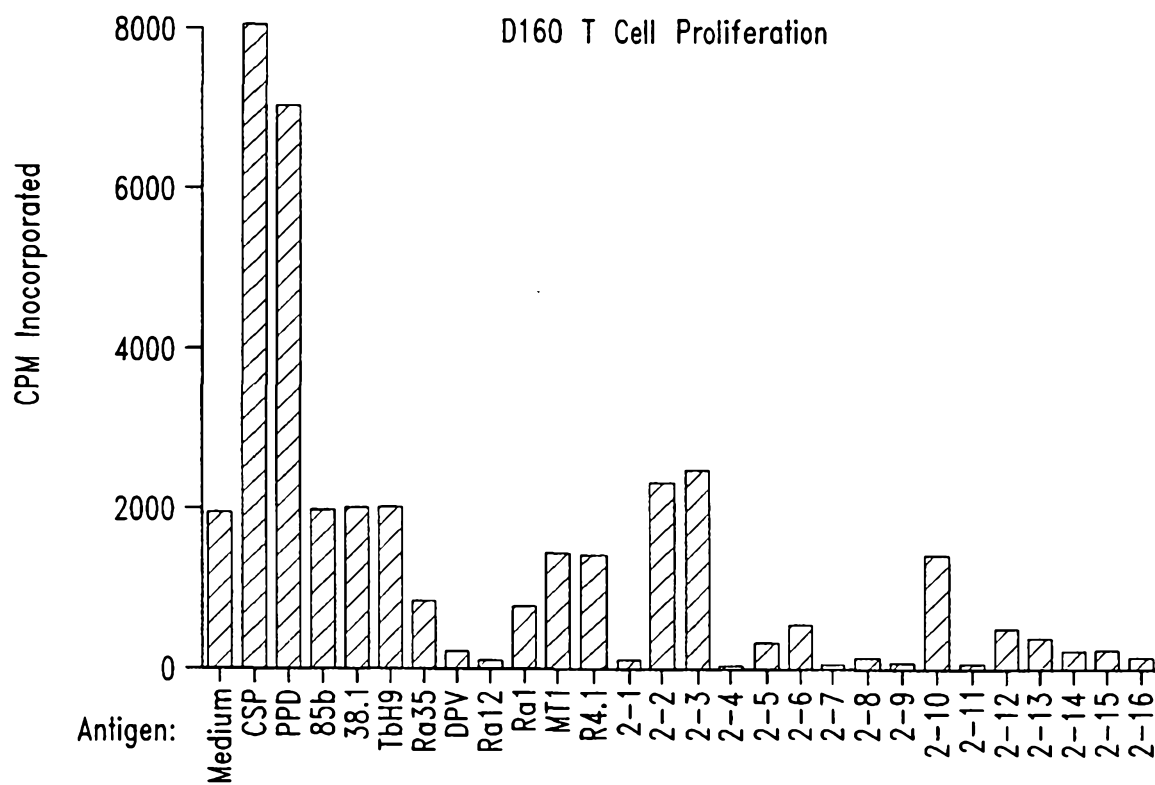
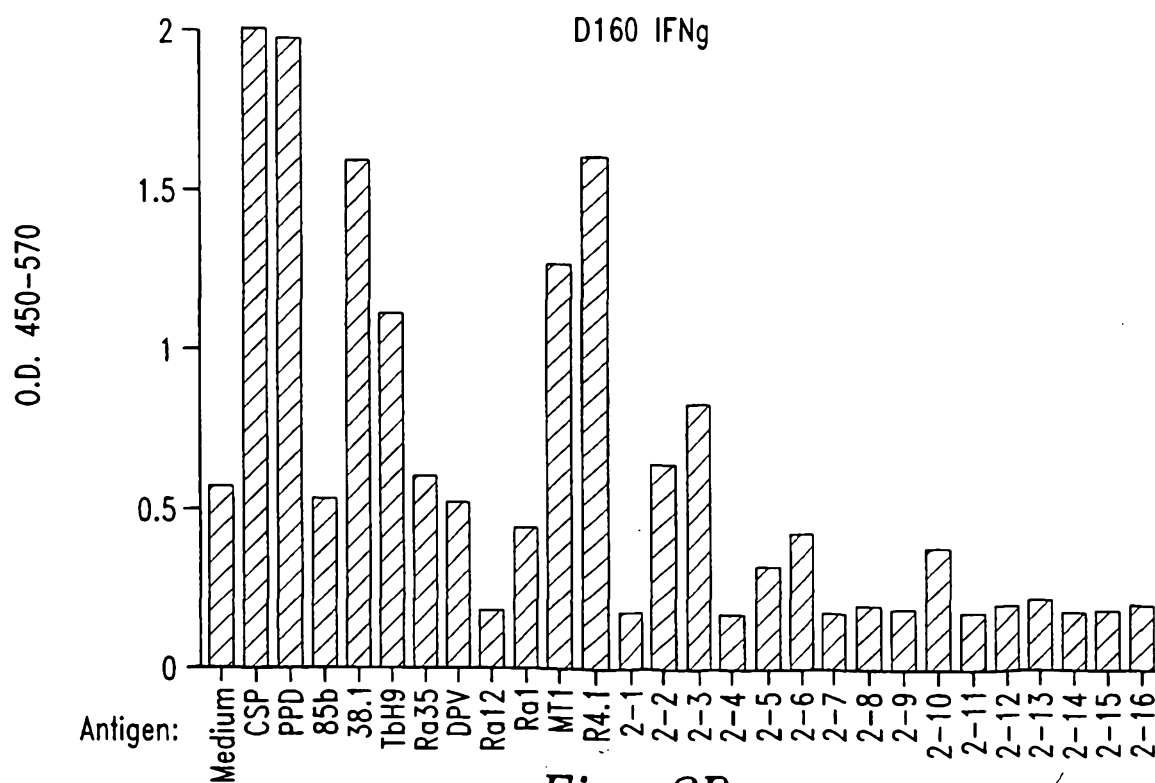


Fig. 1B

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*Fig. 2A**Fig. 2B*