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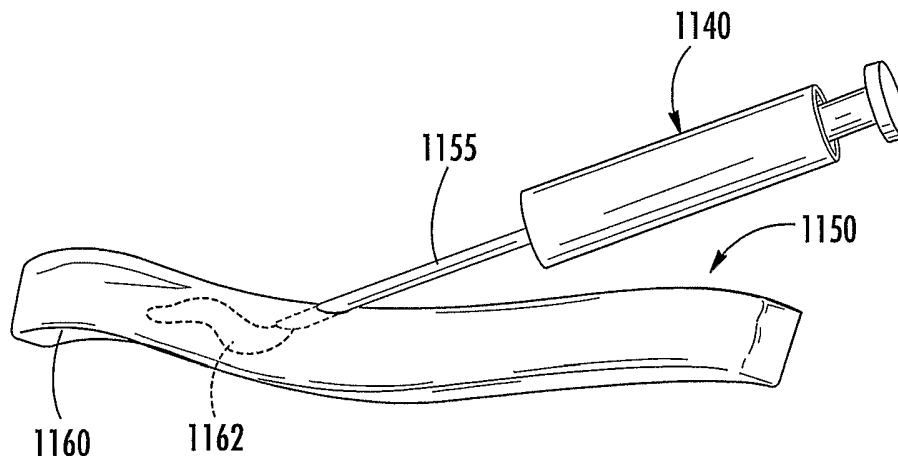
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(54) Title: METHODS AND APPARATUSES FOR DISPENSING CONDIMENTS



(57) Abstract: A condiment dispenser (such as a unique condiment packet, or automated device) that is configured for dispensing one or more types of condiment (e.g., ketchup, mustard mayonnaise, barbeque sauce, or Ranch dressing) relative to a food item, such as a French fry. In one embodiment of the invention, the condiment dispenser includes an injection nozzle that is configured for injecting condiment into the food item's interior. In a particular embodiment, the nozzle is configured for piercing the food item's exterior before injecting condiment into the food item's interior.

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METHODS AND APPARATUSES FOR DISPENSING CONDIMENTS

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims priority from: (1) United States provisional patent application Serial Number 60/430,265, filed December 2, 2002 and entitled "Methods and Apparatuses for Dispensing Condiments"; (2) United States provisional patent application Serial Number 60/465,590, filed April 25, 2003 and entitled "Methods and Apparatuses for Dispensing Condiments"; and (3) United States provisional patent application Serial Number 60/482,731, filed June 26, 2003 and entitled "Methods and Apparatuses for Dispensing Condiments". Each of these three provisional patent applications is hereby incorporated by reference.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Currently, it is common practice to enhance the flavor of food items, such as French fries, by applying a condiment to the exterior of the food items after the food items are cooked. This is done by dipping individual food items in a pool of condiment, such as ketchup, or by dispensing the condiment directly onto the exterior of the food items from a condiment package, or a dispenser such as the large pump-type ketchup and mustard dispensers found at many fast food restaurants.

There are many disadvantages associated with this prior art practice of applying condiments to food items. First, the practice can be messy. This is due to the fact that the condiment may drip off of the food items before, or as, the food items are eaten. In addition, individuals often make pools of condiment for their

food items on flexible sandwich wrappers and other unstable surfaces. This can result in stains if the wrappers inadvertently come into contact with clothing, carpets, or other items.

A further disadvantage of current condiment application techniques is that it is difficult to use these techniques to apply a condiment to food items while driving. This is a common problem for individuals who order food items from a drive-through window, and then attempt to apply a condiment to the food items while driving. Using current techniques, the individual is presented with the food item (e.g., French fries, onion rings, hash browns, French toast sticks, or a soft pretzel) and several individual packets of condiment (e.g., ketchup or syrup) at a drive-through window. The user then opens the individual condiment packets, pours the contents of the packets onto a napkin or sandwich wrapper to form a condiment pool, dips the food items individually into the condiment pool, and eats the food items. This can be stressful, messy, and distracting to the driver.

A further disadvantage to current condiment application practice is that it is wasteful. As will be understood by regular consumers of fast food, it is difficult to squeeze all of the condiment out of a prior art condiment packet without touching the torn opening of the packet, which is often smeared with condiment. Accordingly, in an effort to avoid touching the torn opening of the condiment packet, the user often only empties part of the packet when forming a pool of condiment (e.g., on a sandwich wrapper). In addition, customers rarely consume all of the condiment from any particular pool of condiment. This results in the waste of condiment as the wrappers or napkins used to support the condiment pool are discarded.

Accordingly, there is a need for an improved condiment dispensing apparatus (and corresponding method) that is tidy, efficient, and easy to use.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

One embodiment of the invention comprises a packet or other container of condiment that includes an elongate injection nozzle that is configured for facilitating the injection of condiment from the packet (or other container) into the interior of a food item such as a French fry, onion ring, hash brown, tater tot, soft pretzel, or other food item. In a particular embodiment of the invention, the elongate injection nozzle is configured for facilitating the injection of condiment

into the interior of the food item after the item is cooked (e.g., baked, cooked in a microwave, or deep fried). In a further embodiment of the invention, the elongate injection nozzle is configured for piercing an exterior surface of a food item and then acting as a conduit to deliver condiment from the packet (or other container) to the interior of the food item. In one embodiment of the invention, the elongate injection nozzle is configured much like a hypodermic needle. In one such embodiment, the end of the nozzle is sufficiently dull to avoid harming individuals during normal use.

In one embodiment of the invention, the nozzle is configured for facilitating the delivery of the condiment onto an exterior portion of the food item.

A particular embodiment of the invention comprises an automated injection device that is configured to perform, preferably in the listed sequence, the steps of: (1) receiving a plurality of cooked food items; (2) moving a first of the cooked food items into an injection position; (3) injecting the first cooked food item with a condiment; (4) moving a second of the cooked food items into an injection position; and (5) injecting the second cooked food item with a condiment.

Another embodiment of the invention comprises an automated injection device that is configured for injecting condiment into a cooked food item substantially without manual assistance from a user (e.g., without the user manually injecting the food item with condiment). A further embodiment of the invention comprises an automated injection device that is configured for injecting a stream of food items with a condiment.

A condiment dispenser according to a particular embodiment of the invention comprises: (1) a housing defining an interior portion; and (2) an injection nozzle defining an interior passage, the injection nozzle being: (A) in liquid communication with the housing; and (B) adapted to facilitate the transfer of condiment from the interior portion of the housing into an interior portion of a food item.

A condiment dispenser according to a further embodiment of the invention comprises: (1) a housing defining an interior portion; and (2) an injection nozzle defining an interior passage, the injection nozzle being: (A) in liquid communication with the housing; and (B) adapted to facilitate the transfer of condiment from the interior portion of the housing into an interior portion of a French fry.

A condiment dispenser according to yet another embodiment of the invention comprises: (1) a housing defining an interior portion; and (2) an injection nozzle defining an interior passage, the injection nozzle being: (A) in liquid communication with the housing; (B) adapted to create a hole in an exterior surface of a food item; and (C) adapted to facilitate the transfer of condiment from the interior portion of the housing, through the hole, and into an interior portion of a food item after the injection nozzle creates the hole in the exterior surface of the food item.

A method of preparing a food item according to one embodiment of the invention comprises the steps of: (1) cooking the food item; and (2) after cooking the food item, injecting a condiment into an interior portion of the food item. In one embodiment of the invention, the food item is a French fry. In other embodiments of the invention, the food item may be, for example: (1) a breakfast food item (such as a French toast stick, a pancake, or a waffle); (2) a baked pretzel; (3) a waffle; (4) a hot dog; (5) a hash brown; (6) a chicken nugget; or (7) a baked potato.

In various embodiments of the invention, the condiment may be, for example: (1) ketchup; (2) mustard; (3) cheese sauce; (4) barbeque sauce; (5) dressing (such as Ranch dressing); (6) hot sauce; (7) syrup, such as maple syrup; (8) sour cream; (9) gravy; (10) Worstershire sauce; or (11) butter.

A method, according to a particular embodiment of the invention, of injecting condiment into a plurality of French fries from within a cooked batch of French fries comprises using a substantially automated device to perform the steps of: (1) piercing, with an injection nozzle, an exterior surface of a first French fry from the single batch of French fries; (2) substantially immediately after piercing the exterior surface of the first French fry with an injection nozzle, injecting a first portion of the condiment into an interior portion of the first French fry; (3) piercing, with an injection nozzle, an exterior surface of a second French fry from the single batch of French fries; and (4) substantially immediately after piercing the exterior surface of the second French fry with an injection nozzle, injecting a second portion of the condiment into the interior portion of the second French fry.

A method, according to a particular embodiment of the invention, of preparing a serving of a plurality of French fries comprises: (1) cooking the serving of French fries; and (2) after the step of cooking the serving of French fries, using

an automated French fry injection device to inject, in a substantially automated manner, each of the plurality of French fries with a condiment.

A method, according to another embodiment of the invention, of injecting condiment into a French fry comprises: (1) inserting a dispensing portion of an elongate injection nozzle through an exterior surface of a French fry; (2) positioning the injection nozzle into an "injection position" in which the dispensing portion of the injection nozzle is within an interior portion of the French fry and in which the injection nozzle will direct condiment generally toward a lateral end of the French fry; and (3) after the step of positioning the injection nozzle into the "injection position" and while the nozzle is in the "injection position", injecting condiment through the injection nozzle and into the interior portion of the French fry.

A method, according to one embodiment of the invention, of preparing a breakfast food item comprises the steps of: (1) cooking the breakfast food item; and (2) after cooking the breakfast food item, injecting a condiment into an interior portion of the breakfast food item.

A condiment-filled French fry according to one embodiment of the invention comprises: (1) an outer potato shell; and (2) an interior condiment portion that is disposed within an interior portion of the French fry and that is at least substantially enclosed by the outer potato shell.

Also, a condiment-filled French fry according to a particular embodiment of the invention comprises: (1) a French fry; and (2) a condiment portion disposed within an interior portion of the French fry. In one embodiment of the invention, the French fry is configured to substantially restrict (and preferably prevent) the passage of the condiment portion out of the French fry.

A condiment tap according to one embodiment of the invention comprises: (1) a nozzle having a nozzle inlet and a nozzle outlet, the nozzle defining a nozzle interior passage that extends between the nozzle inlet and the nozzle outlet; and (2) a tap member comprising a tap member inlet and a tap member outlet, the tap member defining a tap member interior passage, the tap member interior passage extending between the tap member inlet and the tap member outlet, the tap member interior passage being in liquid communication with the nozzle interior passage, and the tap member being configured to penetrate an exterior surface of a

condiment packet to thereby allow the condiment tap interior passage to come into liquid communication with an interior portion of the condiment packet.

A condiment tap according to one embodiment is adapted for: (1) puncturing an exterior surface of a condiment packet; and (2) after puncturing the condiment packet, acting as a conduit for the flow of condiment out of the condiment packet. In one embodiment of the invention, the condiment tap is also configured for piercing the exterior of a food item and for injecting condiment into the interior of the food item after piercing the food item's exterior.

A condiment dispenser kit according to one embodiment of the invention comprises: (1) a housing defining an interior portion; and; (2) a condiment tap that includes: (A) a nozzle having a nozzle inlet and a nozzle outlet, the nozzle defining a nozzle interior passage that extends between the nozzle inlet and the nozzle outlet; and (B) a tap member comprising a tap member inlet and a tap member outlet, the tap member defining a tap member interior passage, the tap member interior passage extending between the tap member inlet and the tap member outlet, the tap member interior passage being in liquid communication with the nozzle interior passage, and the tap member being configured to penetrate an exterior surface of the housing to thereby allow the condiment tap interior passage to come into liquid communication with the interior portion of the housing.

A method, according to a particular embodiment of the invention, of providing a condiment to a customer, comprises the steps of: (1) providing the customer with a condiment packet; and (2) providing the customer with a condiment tap that is configured for: (A) puncturing an exterior surface of the condiment packet; and (B) after puncturing the condiment packet, acting as a conduit for the flow of condiment out of an interior portion of the condiment packet.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Having thus described the invention in general terms, reference will now be made to the accompanying drawings, which are not necessarily drawn to scale, and wherein:

FIG. 1 is a cross-sectional diagram of a condiment dispenser according to one embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 2 is a perspective view of an injection nozzle that has been inserted into a food item.

FIG. 3 is a perspective view of a condiment dispenser with its nozzle inserted into an opening in a condiment packet.

FIG. 4 is a front view of a condiment packet according to one embodiment of the invention in which the condiment packet includes a nozzle for dispensing condiment from the interior of the packet.

FIG. 5 is a front view of a condiment packet according to another embodiment of the invention, in which the condiment packet includes a plurality of nozzles for dispensing condiment from the interior of the packet.

FIG. 6A is a front view of a condiment packet according to a further embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 6B is a front view of a condiment packet according to another embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 7 is a front view of a condiment packet according to yet another embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 8 is a perspective view of a condiment dispenser kit according to one embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 9 is perspective view of a condiment injection device according to a particular embodiment of the invention. This condiment injection device is shown with various nozzles removed for purposes of clarity.

FIGS. 10A – 10D are perspective views of various nozzles according to various embodiments of the invention.

FIG. 11 is a perspective view demonstrating one method of injecting a food item (e.g., a French fry) with a condiment.

FIG. 12A is a top view of a filled food item (i.e., a filled French fry) according to one embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 12B is a cross-sectional view of the filled food item of FIG. 12A taken along section 12B-12B, which is shown in FIG. 12A.

FIG. 13A is a top view of a filled food item (i.e., a filled French fry) according to another embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 13B is a cross-sectional view of the filled food item of FIG. 13A taken along section 13B-13B, which is shown in FIG. 13A.

FIG. 14A is a perspective side view of a condiment injection apparatus according to one embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 14B is a top view of the condiment injection apparatus of FIG. 14A.

FIG. 15A is a side view of the injection member and injection-portion conveyor of the condiment injection apparatus shown in FIG. 14A.

FIG. 15B is a cross-sectional side view of one embodiment of the injection member shown in FIG. 14A.

FIG. 16 is a perspective view of a condiment injection apparatus according to another embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 17A is a side view of a condiment injection apparatus according to yet another embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 17B is an end view of selected portions of the condiment injection apparatus of FIG. 17A as viewed from the right end of the condiment injection apparatus of FIG. 17A.

FIG. 17C is a top cross-sectional view of the condiment injection apparatus of FIG. 17A as taken along Section 17C-17C, which is shown in FIG. 17A.

FIG. 18 is a perspective view of a condiment injection apparatus according to another embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 19A is a perspective view of a condiment injection apparatus according to a further embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 19B is a cross sectional top view of the condiment injection apparatus of FIG. 19A taken along section 19B-19B shown in FIG. 19A.

FIG. 20A is a perspective view of a condiment injection apparatus according to yet another embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 20B is a cross sectional side view of the condiment injection apparatus of FIG. 20A taken along section 20B-20B shown in FIG. 20A.

FIG. 21A is a perspective view of a condiment injection apparatus according to a further embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 21B is a cross sectional side view of the condiment injection apparatus of FIG. 21A taken along section 21B-21B shown in FIG. 21A.

FIG. 21C is also a cross sectional side view of the condiment injection apparatus of FIG. 21A taken along section 21B-21B shown in FIG. 21A. This figure shows a food item that is disposed partially within the condiment injection apparatus' food item receiving portion.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention now will be described in detail with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which various embodiments of the invention are shown. This invention may, however, be embodied in many different forms and should not be construed as limited to the embodiments set forth herein. Rather, these embodiments are provided so that this disclosure will be thorough and complete, and will fully convey the scope of the invention to those skilled in the relevant field. Like numbers refer to like elements throughout.

Definitions

As used in this disclosure, the term “cooking” refers to any method of cooking a food item. Such methods include frying (such as deep frying or any other type of frying), baking, boiling, microwaving, broiling, poaching, steaming, sautéing, and any other method of cooking the food item.

Also, as used in this disclosure, the term “nozzle” refers to a projecting spout that is configured for discharging a fluid.

Syringe/Injection Nozzle Embodiment

A first embodiment of a condiment dispenser according to the current invention is shown in Figure 1. As may be understood from this figure, this embodiment is structurally much like a standard syringe and hypodermic needle. More particularly, the condiment dispenser **100** comprises a housing **110**, a plunger **120**, and an injection nozzle **130**. The housing **110** is preferably substantially cylindrical and preferably defines an interior passage **112** (e.g., a cylindrical interior passage), an open top end **114**, and an outlet opening **116** in the bottom end of the housing **110**. The plunger **120** is preferably also substantially cylindrical and is preferably dimensioned so that a leading end **124** of the plunger may be placed into the interior passage **112** of the housing **110** via the housing’s open top end **114** so that at least a portion of the plunger **120** may slide within the housing’s interior passage **112**. In a preferred embodiment of the invention, a seal member (such as an o-ring) **125** is mounted adjacent the leading end **124** of the plunger **120** to provide a seal (which is preferably substantially liquid-tight) between the leading end **124** of the plunger **120** and a portion of the interior of the housing **110**.

The injection nozzle 130 (which is preferably, but not necessarily, elongate, and which is preferably pointed at its outlet end) defines an interior chamber 132 that provides a passage from an inlet 135 of the injection nozzle 130 to the nozzle's outlet 136. As shown in Figure 1, the injection nozzle 130 is disposed adjacent the outlet opening 116 of the housing 110 so that the housing's interior passage 112 is in liquid communication with the interior chamber 132 of the injection nozzle 130 via that housing's outlet opening 116 and the injection nozzle's inlet 135.

To use the condiment dispenser 100, a user first removes the plunger 120 from the housing 110, places a condiment (such as ketchup, mustard, or mayonnaise) into the housing's interior chamber 112, and places the leading end 124 of the plunger 120 back into the housing's interior chamber 112 so that the seal member 125 creates a liquid-tight seal between the plunger 120 and the interior of the housing 110 above the condiment. As shown in Figure 2, the user then inserts the outlet end of the nozzle 130 through the exterior surface of a food item 140 (preferably a cooked food item, such as a deep fried French Fry) so that the nozzle outlet 136 is within the interior of the food item 140. The user then depresses the plunger 120 (see Figure 1), which forces the condiment from the housing's interior chamber 112, through the housing's outlet opening 116, into the injection nozzle's interior chamber 132, out the nozzle's outlet 136, and into the interior of the food item 140.

If desired, the user may withdraw the nozzle 130 and re-inject the food item 140 as necessary until the food item 140 contains the desired amount of condiment within its interior. After withdrawing the nozzle 130 from the food item 140 for the final time, the user then consumes the food item 140.

It should be noted that, in one embodiment of the invention, condiment is injected into a food item substantially immediately after the food item is cooked (e.g., within 5, 4, 3, or 2 minutes after the food item is removed from a cooking apparatus, such as a deep fryer), and preferably while the food item is warm (e.g., from being cooked).

The above method and apparatus are especially useful in delivering condiments to the interior of crispy fried foods, such as French fries, French toast sticks, hash browns, and onion rings. This is due to the fact that these food items generally have a crispy, substantially water-tight outer skin that prevents the condiment from leaving the interior of the food items after the condiment has been

injected into the food items. In addition, these food items include a soft, compressible interior that moves to accommodate the introduction of condiment into the food item. As a result, it is possible to inject a substantial amount of condiment into the interior of these food items without leaving a significant amount of condiment on the exterior surface of the food items.

One advantage of at least one embodiment of the invention is that it allows users to apply a condiment to a food item and then eat the food item without the risk of touching the condiment or dripping the condiment from the food item. In addition, because, in certain embodiments of the invention, the condiment does not physically mask the salty exterior of a salted food item (such as a French fry), the salted food item tastes better than a similar food item with condiment applied to its exterior surface.

To use the invention, a restaurant, such as a fast food restaurant, may provide customers with one or more of the above-described condiment dispensers **100** (see Figure 1) that are pre-filled with a condiment (such as ketchup, cheese sauce, or ranch dressing). The customers then use the condiment dispensers **100** to apply condiment to their various food items (e.g., using the techniques described herein). The restaurant may also provide recycle bins in which customers may deposit used condiment dispensers **100** for washing and reuse, or recycling.

Rather than pre-filling the condiment dispensers **100**, the restaurant may provide central, pump-type dispensers of condiment and also provide users with empty condiment dispensers **100** (such as the condiment dispenser described above). The users may then fill and re-fill the condiment dispensers **100** from the pump-type condiment dispensers as necessary.

Alternatively, or in addition, the restaurant may provide the user with one or more condiment dispensers **100** according to the invention described above, and one or more standard or modified condiment packets that customers may use to fill or re-fill the condiment dispensers **100**. To fill a condiment dispenser **100** from a condiment packet, the user first depresses the condiment dispenser's plunger **120** until the leading end **124** of the plunger **120** is adjacent the housing's outlet opening **116**. The user then inserts the tip of the nozzle **130** into a condiment packet **150** as shown in Figure 3 until the nozzle outlet **136** is in liquid communication with condiment inside the condiment packet **150**. The user then slowly withdraws the plunger **120** so that the leading end **124** of the plunger **120**

moves away from the housing's outlet opening 116. This causes the condiment dispenser 100 to draw condiment from the interior of the condiment packet 150 and into the condiment dispenser's interior passage 112.

In one embodiment of the invention, the condiment package 150 is provided with an opening 152 that is preferably slightly smaller than the perimeter of an end portion of the nozzle 130. In a particular embodiment of the invention, both the opening 152 and a the perimeter of the nozzle's end portion are substantially circular. Also, in a preferred embodiment of the invention, the opening 152 is covered and closed by a sealed opening cover 153 (such as plastic or foil) that is configured to open in response to a user forcing the end of a condiment dispenser nozzle 130 against the opening cover.

In this embodiment of the invention, to fill the condiment dispenser, the user first depresses the condiment dispenser's plunger 120 until the leading end 124 of the plunger 120 is adjacent the housing's outlet opening 116. The user then presses the tip of the nozzle 130 against the condiment packet's opening cover 153 until the opening cover gives way. The user then presses the tip of the nozzle 130 into the interior of the condiment packet 150, as shown generally in Figure 3, until an exterior portion of the nozzle 130 forms a seal with the border of the condiment packet's opening 152 and/or the condiment packet's opening cover 153. The user then slowly withdraws the plunger 120 so that the leading end 124 of the plunger 120 moves away from the housing's outlet opening 116. This causes the condiment dispenser 100 to draw condiment from the interior of the condiment packet 150 into the condiment dispenser's interior passage 112. In one embodiment of the invention, the fact that the exterior of the nozzle 130 forms a seal with the packet 150 allows the dispenser 100 to use a vacuum effect to draw condiment out of the condiment package quickly and efficiently.

In addition, in a particular embodiment of the invention, the above process allows users to draw condiment out of a condiment packet 150 substantially without smearing condiment onto the exterior of the condiment packet 150. This is advantageous because it results in less wasted condiment, and reduces the risk of condiment from the packet undesirably coming into contact with clothing, carpet or other items.

In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the condiment dispenser is formed in a decorative shape, such as the shape of a ray gun or a dinosaur, to make

using the condiment dispenser more enjoyable for children. In one embodiment of the invention, the condiment dispenser is formed in the shape of a ray gun and configured so that, when the user pulls the ray gun's "trigger", condiment squirts from the "barrel" of the "ray gun." In another embodiment of the invention, the condiment dispenser is formed in the shape of a dinosaur (or other character or animal), and an outlet opening for the condiment is positioned within or adjacent the "mouth" of the dinosaur (or other character or animal). Thus, when the user dispenses condiment from the condiment dispenser, it amusingly appears as if the dinosaur (or other character or animal) is projecting the condiment from its mouth.

Condiment Packet with Integrated Nozzle

A second embodiment of the condiment dispenser **200** is shown in Figure 4. As may be understood from this figure, this embodiment of the invention comprises a housing **210**, such as a flexible packet or bag, and an injection nozzle **220** (which is preferably, but not necessarily, elongate, and preferably pointed). The housing **210** defines an interior portion **204** and an outlet opening **215**. The injection nozzle **220** preferably defines an interior passage **217** that provides a passage from an open bottom end **222** of the injection nozzle **220** to a nozzle outlet **224** defined by the nozzle **220**. As shown in Figure 4, the injection nozzle **220** is disposed adjacent the outlet opening **215** of the housing **210** so that the interior portion **204** of the housing **210** is in liquid communication with the injection nozzle's interior passage **217** via the housing's outlet opening **215** and the injection nozzle's open bottom end **222**.

In one embodiment of the invention, the housing **210** is substantially the same size, form and shape (e.g., substantially rectangular, substantially thin, and substantially flat) as a standard individual condiment package, such the individual ketchup, mustard, and mayonnaise packages commonly provided by fast food restaurants. The housing **210** is preferably constructed of flexible plastic or foil. However, the housing **210** may be in other sizes and shapes (e.g., 30% larger than a standard condiment package), and/or may be made of any other materials (rigid or flexible) known in the art. In one embodiment of the invention, the housing **210** is in the form of the body of a standard squeeze bottle.

In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the housing **210** is a substantially rectangular, thin, flat, pocket of flexible material such as plastic.

Also, in a preferred embodiment of the invention, the housing is configured for only one use, and is pre-filled with a condiment and sealed to maintain the condiment in the housing before the condiment is dispensed.

In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the nozzle **220** is substantially rigid. For example, the nozzle **220** may be made of a rigid material, such as hard plastic or metal (such as stainless steel). This makes it easier to pierce the exterior surface of a food item with the nozzle **220**, if desired. However, in other embodiments of the invention, the nozzle **220** may be flexible. For example, the nozzle **220** may be made of a flexible material such as thin, flexible plastic or foil. Flexible nozzles may be especially useful in situations in which it is anticipated that the user will normally dispense condiment onto the exterior surface of food items, rather than into the interior of the food items.

Nozzles according to various embodiments of the invention are discussed in greater detail below. It should be understood that any of the nozzles described herein may be used in conjunction with any of the various embodiments of the invention. Similarly, while some embodiments of the invention are described as comprising an "injection nozzle" that is configured for injecting condiment into the interior of a food item, it should be understood that, in many embodiments of the invention, one or more of these injection nozzles may be replaced with a nozzle that is not configured to inject condiment into the interior of a food item. Such nozzles may be used, for example, to inject condiment onto the exterior of a food item (e.g., substantially automatically).

In one embodiment of the invention, the nozzle **220** and the housing **210** are made of the same material, which is preferably flexible plastic.

In a preferred embodiment of the invention shown in Figure 4, the condiment dispenser **200** includes a flow prevention device, such as a cap **226** (e.g., a twist off cap), an adhesive tab, a lid, or other barrier for preventing condiment from flowing from the condiment dispenser **200** until the user wishes to dispense the condiment. For example, as shown in Figure 4, the dispenser **200** may include a cap **226** that is disposed adjacent the nozzle outlet **224**, and that is configured for obstructing the nozzle outlet **224** until a user removes the cap **226** from the nozzle **220**. In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the flow prevention device is tamper proof or tamper evident for safety purposes.

As may be understood from Figure 4, in a preferred embodiment of the invention, the housing's outlet opening **215** and the injection nozzle **220**, may be disposed adjacent a corner of the housing **210**. However, the housing's outlet opening **215** and the injection nozzle **220** may be located at any convenient location on the housing **210**. For example, in one embodiment of the invention, the housing's outlet opening and the injection nozzle, are disposed adjacent a top edge of the housing, and are substantially centered in the middle of the top edge.

In another embodiment of the invention, the housing is in the form of a tube (preferably an elongate tube) and the housing's outlet opening and the injection nozzle are disposed at one end of the tube. This allows the user to efficiently dispense condiment from the tube by rolling up the bottom end of the tube.

In an alternative embodiment of the invention, the dispenser comprises a plurality of injection nozzles. For example, in an embodiment of the invention shown in Figure 5, the dispenser **600** comprises two injection nozzles **620**. This serves to facilitate quick transfer of condiment from the dispenser **600** to a food item. In various other embodiments of the invention, the dispenser may include three, four, five or more injection nozzles **620**.

Users may use the condiment dispenser **200**, **600** to inject condiment into a food item by inserting the outlet end of the nozzle **220**, **620** into an interior portion of the food item (preferably by piercing an exterior surface of the food item with the nozzle's outlet end, which is preferably pointed), and then squeezing the housing **210**, **610**. This squeezing action forces condiment from the interior of the housing **210**, **610**, through the nozzle **220**, **620**, and into the interior of the food item.

Alternatively, the user may use the condiment dispenser **200**, **600** to apply condiment to the exterior surface of a food item by positioning the outlet end of the nozzle **220**, **620** adjacent the exterior portion of a food item and then squeezing the housing **210**, **610**. This forces condiment from the interior of the housing **210**, **610**, out the nozzle **220**, **620**, and onto the exterior surface of the food item.

Discussion of Figures 6A, 6B, and 7

Figure 6A depicts a condiment packet **300** according to one embodiment of the invention. As may be understood from this figure, this condiment packet **300** comprises a flexible housing **310** that defines an interior cavity **305** that is

configured for storing condiment. The housing **310** also defines an interior nozzle passage **320** (which may, for example, be substantially conical in shape) that is adjacent, and in liquid communication with, the interior cavity **305**. In one embodiment of the invention, the base portion of the interior nozzle passage **320** is adjacent the interior cavity **305**, and the interior nozzle passage **320** gradually narrows as it extends away from the interior cavity **305**. In one embodiment of the invention, this serves to focus the flow of condiment as condiment passes out of the interior nozzle passage **320**.

As may be understood from Figure 6A, in one embodiment of the invention, the condiment packet **300** includes a first tear line **315** that extends across a portion of the interior nozzle passage **320** to allow a user to create an opening in the interior nozzle passage **320** by tearing the condiment packet **300** along the first tear line **315**.

The condiment packet **300** may also include a second tear line **325** that extends between lateral sides of the condiment packet **300**. This tear line is preferably configured to allow a user to form an opening in the condiment packet **300** that has about the same width as the condiment packet's interior portion **305**. The user may then dip food items, such as French fries, into the condiment packet **300** through this relatively wide opening.

Figure 6B depicts a condiment packet **400** that comprises a substantially triangular housing **410** defining a substantially triangular interior cavity **405** that is configured for storing condiment. In one embodiment of the invention, the substantially triangular interior cavity **405** serves to facilitate the focused dispensing of condiment from the condiment packet **400**.

In one embodiment of the invention, the condiment packet **400** comprises a plurality of tear lines **412**, **414**, **416** across one corner of the substantially triangular interior cavity **405** (e.g., as shown in Figure 6B). The various tear lines **412**, **414**, **416** are preferably spaced different distances apart from an apex of the substantially triangular cavity **405**. In one embodiment of the invention, this allows users to create an outlet opening having one of a plurality of pre-determined opening widths by simply tearing the packet **400** along a selected one of the plurality of tear lines **412**, **414**, **416**. In an alternative embodiment of the invention, either the housing **400** or the interior cavity **405** (or both) may be in a

form other than a substantially triangular form (e.g., a substantially rectangular or circular form).

Figure 7 depicts a condiment package **500** according to yet another embodiment of the invention. As may be understood from this figure, the condiment package **500** includes a substantially conical housing portion **525** that defines a substantially conical interior portion **503** that is configured for storing condiment. One embodiment of the invention comprises a removable lid member **520** (e.g., a pull-off lid) and an optional pull-back tab **530** for use in removing the lid member **520**.

The removable lid member **520** is preferably positioned adjacent the base portion of the condiment package's substantially conical interior portion **503** and configured to selectively restrict access to condiment disposed within the housing portion **525**. In one embodiment of the invention, the condiment package **500** is configured so that a user may remove the lid member **520** to provide access to the substantially conical interior portion **503** (and preferably substantially the entire open base portion of the substantially conical interior portion **503**). This allows users to dip food items, such as French fries, into condiment disposed within the substantially conical interior portion **503**.

The condiment package **500** may also include one or more tear lines **515** across the tip of the substantially conical interior portion **503**. At least one of the tear lines **515** is preferably configured to allow a user to create an opening in the condiment package **500** adjacent the tip of the substantially conical interior portion **503** (e.g., by tearing the condiment package **500** along a particular tear line **515**). This preferably allows users to dispense condiment in a substantially focused manner from the tip of the condiment package **500**.

As will be understood by one skilled in the art, the various tear lines discussed above are preferably structurally weakened in a manner known in the art to allow a user to tear an item along the tear line.

Condiment Dispenser Kit With Condiment Tap

A further embodiment of the invention comprises a multi-part condiment dispenser kit. One embodiment of this condiment dispenser kit **700**, which is shown in Figure 8, comprises: (1) a housing **710** that defines an interior portion

(e.g., a flexible, sealed packet or bag); and (2) a condiment tap 720. The housing is preferably pre-filled with a condiment such as ketchup, mustard, or mayonnaise;.

In one embodiment of the invention, the condiment tap 720 comprises: (1) a base portion 722; (2) a preferably elongate nozzle 724 extending from the base portion 722 that defines an interior passage 726 extending from a front surface of the base portion 722 to an outlet 728 at the outlet end 725 of the nozzle 724; and (3) a tap member 730 that defines an interior passage 732 extending from a rear surface of the base portion 722 to an inlet 734 at the inlet end 733 of the tap member 730. The condiment tap 720 is preferably configured so that the interior passage 732 of the tap member 730 is in liquid communication with the interior passage 726 of the nozzle 724. This allows liquid to flow from the tap member's inlet 734, through the condiment tap 720, and out the nozzle's outlet 728. In an alternative embodiment of the invention, the nozzle tap includes no base portion 722.

In one embodiment of the invention, the inlet end 733 of the tap member 730 is pointed to allow a user to puncture a housing 710 (e.g., a condiment packet, such as a standard ketchup packet) with the tap member 730. Also, in a preferred embodiment of the invention, the base member 722 is somewhat wider than the tap member 730. This helps to hold the condiment tap 720 in a stable position, and to seal a hole in a condiment packet made by the tap member 730, after the tap member 730 is inserted into the interior of the housing 710. In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the outlet end 725 of the nozzle 724 is configured to puncture the exterior surface of a food item. More particularly, in one embodiment of the invention, the outlet end 725 of the nozzle 724 is pointed.

In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the housing 710 is substantially the same size, form, and shape (e.g., substantially rectangular, substantially flat, and substantially thin) as a standard individual condiment packet, such the individual ketchup and mayonnaise packages provided at fast food restaurants. The housing 710 is preferably constructed of flexible plastic. However, the housing may be configured in other sizes and shapes (e.g., 30% larger than a standard condiment packet), or be made of any other materials known in the art.

To use the condiment dispenser kit 700, a user presses the inlet end 733 of the tap member 730 against the exterior surface of the housing 710 until the tap member 730 penetrates the exterior surface of the housing 710. The user then

continues pushing the condiment tap 720 toward the housing 710 until: (1) the tap member 730 is disposed within the interior of the housing 710; and (2) the condiment tap's base member 722 engages the exterior of the housing 710. Once this is done, condiment that has been pre-loaded into the interior of the housing 710 is free to flow into the tap member's inlet 734, through the tap member's interior passage 732, through the nozzle's interior passage 726, and out the nozzle's outlet 728.

Once the nozzle tap has been properly inserted into the housing 710, a user may use the combined apparatus to inject condiment into a food item by inserting the outlet end 725 of the nozzle 724 into an interior portion of the food item (preferably by piercing an exterior surface of the food item with the nozzle's outlet end 725), and then squeezing the housing 710. This squeezing action forces condiment from the interior of the housing 710, through the condiment tap 720, and into the interior of the food item.

Alternatively, the user may use the combined apparatus to apply condiment to the exterior surface of a food item by positioning the outlet end 725 of the nozzle 724 adjacent the exterior portion of a food item and squeezing the housing 710. This forces condiment from the interior of the housing 710, out the nozzle 724, and onto the exterior surface of the food item.

In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the housing 710 includes a sealed opening 712 that is adapted to open in response to a user pressing the tap member 730 against the sealed opening. This sealed opening is also preferably configured to form a water-tight seal with the tap member 730, or other portions of the condiment tap 720 when the tap member 730 is pressed through the sealed opening 712. This opening functions in much the same way as the opening 152 (and opening seal 153) discussed above in regard to Figure 3.

Condiment Injection Device with Detachable Container

A condiment injection device according to another embodiment of the present invention is shown in Figure 9. As discussed below, this condiment injection device 800 comprises a plurality of injection nozzles, and may be used to simultaneously inject condiment into a plurality of food items.

As may be understood from Figure 9, in one embodiment of the invention, the condiment injection device 800 comprises a food item housing 810 that

comprises a top housing portion **815** and a bottom housing portion **820**. In one embodiment of the invention, the top housing portion **815** is in the form of a short hollow sphere with an open bottom portion (not shown). In this embodiment of the invention, the bottom housing portion **820** is in the form of a short hollow sphere with an open top portion **822**. The bottom surface of the bottom housing portion **824** preferably includes a plurality of holes **828**, each of which is dimensioned to receive an injection nozzle **840**.

The top housing portion **815** and the bottom housing portion **820** are preferably configured to fit together to form an integrated, substantially cylindrical, container (the food item housing **810**) having a plurality of holes **828** in its bottom surface. The container preferably defines a substantially cylindrical interior portion that has a height that is approximately equal to the width or height of a food item into which the condiment injection device **800** is to be used to inject condiment. For example, in one embodiment of the invention, the height of the interior portion of the food item housing **810** is about the height of the average width or height of a particular variety of French fry, onion ring, or hash brown.

The condiment injection device **800** also preferably comprises a nozzle assembly **830** that preferably comprises: (1) a base member **832** that defines an interior portion **834**; (2) a plurality of injection nozzles **840** that extend upwardly from a top surface **836** of the base member **832** as shown in Figure 9. In one embodiment of the invention, the injection nozzles **840** are essentially structurally the same as one or more of the injection nozzles **130**, **220**, **620**, **720** described above, or any other injection nozzle described herein. However, these injection nozzles **840** may, in certain embodiments, be shorter and sharper than the injection nozzles **130**, **220**, **620**, **730** described above.

In one embodiment of the invention, each injection nozzle **840** is dimensioned and positioned to fit (preferably tightly) into a corresponding hole **828** defined by the bottom surface of the bottom housing portion **820** when the bottom housing portion **820** is pressed onto the nozzle assembly **830** as discussed below.

As may be understood from Figure 9, the nozzle assembly's base member **832** and injection nozzles **840** are preferably configured to define a plurality of passages, each of which extends from the interior portion **834** of the base member **832**, through an injection nozzle **840**, through that injection nozzle's outlet (which

is preferably immediately adjacent the outer end of the injection nozzle **840**). As a result, the interior portion **834** of the base member **832** is in liquid communication with the outlets of the various injection nozzles **840**.

The base member **832** further defines an inlet **850** that is in liquid communication with the interior portion **834** of the base member **832**. The interior portion **834** of the base member **832** is preferably sealed so that condiment may only flow in or out of the interior portion **834** of the base member **832** through the inlet **850**, or the outlets of the various injection nozzles **840**.

The apparatus preferably also includes a condiment source **860**, such as a pump-style condiment dispenser that is in liquid communication with the interior portion **834** of the base member **832**. In the embodiment of the invention shown in Figure 9, the condiment source **860** is a pump-style condiment dispenser that is attached to the inlet **850** via a length of rubber tubing **862**. As may be understood by one skilled in the art, any other appropriate condiment source may be used in place of the condiment source described above. For example, a condiment reservoir with an electric pump, or a manually operated squeeze bottle may be used as the condiment source **860**.

To use the condiment injection device **800**, a user opens the food item housing **810**, and inserts one or more food items (such as individual French fries) into the interior of the food item housing **810** (which may, for example, be defined by the inner surfaces of the top and bottom housing portions **815**, **820**). The user then closes the food item housing **810** by securing the top housing portion **815** to the bottom housing portion **820**. When the food item housing **810** is closed, the food items are preferably held in place by frictional contact with the interior surfaces of the top housing portion **815** and the bottom housing portion **820**.

The user then aligns the injection nozzles **840** with the various holes **828** in the bottom of the food item housing **810**, and pushes the food item housing **810** onto the injection nozzles **840** so that the injection nozzles **840** protrude through the holes **828** in the bottom of the food item housing **810**, and into the food items within the food item housing **810**. (In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the injection nozzles **840** and the holes **828** are dimensioned so that each injection nozzle forms a water-tight seal with a mating hole **828** when the injection nozzles **840** are properly fit into the corresponding holes **828** in the bottom of the food item housing **810**.)

The user then causes condiment to flow from the condiment source **860** and into the interior portion **834** of the base member **830**. For example, in the embodiment of the invention shown in Figure 9, this is done by pumping condiment from the interior of the pump-style condiment dispenser **860** (the structure of which is well-known in the art), through the rubber tubing **862**, and into the base member's inlet **850**. The condiment then flows into the base member's interior portion **834**, through the various injection nozzles **840**, and into the interior of the food items in the food item housing **810**. Once a sufficient amount of condiment has been delivered to the food items, the user removes the food item housing **810** and removes the food items for consumption.

As will be understood by one skilled in the art, the condiment injection device **800** may be configured for use directly by consumers. For example, the condiment injection device **800** may be configured for use in the lobby of a fast food restaurant. Alternatively, the condiment injection device **800** may be configured for use by restaurant employees and for use, for example, in a food preparation area (e.g., a kitchen) of a restaurant. The condiment injection device **800** may also be configured to add condiment to food items in either small groupings (for example, individual servings) or medium or large groupings (for example, an entire basket of French fries).

In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the food item housing **810** is made of a single-use material, such as cardboard, which may be used as an insulated container for the food items. In one embodiment of the invention, the food item housing **810** is attractively decorated so that the food items may be served directly to the customer within the food item housing **810**.

In one embodiment of the invention, each of the condiment injection device's injection nozzles **840** is preferably configured to only dispense a condiment when the injection nozzle **840** is disposed within the interior of a food item. This prevents condiment from being dispensed from the injection nozzle **840** onto the exterior of the food items or onto an interior surface of the food item housing **810**. This is advantageous because it helps to assure that substantially all of the condiment is injected into the interior of the food items within the food item housing **810**. This serves to minimize waste of the condiment, and minimizes the consumer's contact with the condiment while consuming the food items (which eliminates much of the potential mess associated with consuming the food items).

This functional aspect of the injection nozzles **840** may be accomplished in many different ways. For example, as shown in Figure 10A, each nozzle **900** may be provided with a hinged trap door **910** at its outer end portion that is forced open when the nozzle **900** is forced into a food item such as a French fry, onion ring, or hash brown. Thus, condiment will only flow through, and out of, the injection nozzle **900** after the injection has been opened by forcing the nozzle **900** into the interior of a food item. Any injection nozzles **900** that have not been inserted into a food item will preferably remain closed.

Alternatively, as shown in figure 10B, each nozzle **1000** may include a temperature-sensitive valve **1010** that only opens when the temperature-sensitive valve **1010** is exposed to a temperature above a pre-determined threshold temperature (e.g., above 150 degrees Fahrenheit). Such a nozzle will preferably only allow condiment to flow through the nozzle **1000** when the valve **1010** on the nozzle **1000** is within the interior of a hot item, such as recently fried food item.

Other temperature-sensitive valve arrangements or systems may be used in place of the temperature-sensitive valve **1010** described above. For example, the temperature-sensitive valve system shown in Figure 10C comprises a temperature sensor **1060** that is disposed adjacent (e.g., on the side of) the nozzle **1050**, and that is configured for measuring a temperature adjacent the nozzle **1050**. The temperature-sensitive valve system preferably further comprises a valve **1065** that is disposed within (or, alternatively, adjacent or remote from) the nozzle **1050**, and a control system that is configured both: (1) for receiving signals from the temperature sensor; and (2) for opening and closing the valve. In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the control system is configured for opening the valve **1065** in response to receiving a signal from the temperature sensor **1060** indicating that a temperature adjacent the nozzle **1050** is above a pre-determined threshold temperature, such as 150 degrees Fahrenheit. The control system is also preferably configured for closing the valve **1065** in response to receiving a signal from the temperature sensor **1060** indicating that a temperature adjacent the nozzle is below a pre-determined threshold temperature, such as 150 degrees Fahrenheit. In one embodiment of the invention, when the valve **1065** is closed, the valve **1065** restricts (and preferably prevents) condiment from flowing through the nozzle **1050** and out of the nozzle's outlet **1067**. Similarly, when the valve **1065** is open,

the valve **1065** does not prevent condiment from flowing through the nozzle **1050** out of the nozzle's outlet **1067**.

Alternatively, as shown in Figure 10D, the outlet **1120** of the injection nozzle **1100** may be covered with a sliding spring-loaded door. In one embodiment of the invention, such a door **1130** comprises: (1) a slidably mounted door **1131**; (2) a mounting member **1137**, that may, for example, be mounted to the nozzle **1100**; and (3) a biasing member **1135**, such as a spring, that extends between the door **1131** and the mounting member **1137** and that is configured for urging the door towards a "home" (e.g., closed) position. In one embodiment of the invention, the spring loaded door **1130** is positioned adjacent the outlet **1120** of the injection nozzle **1100**, and is configured to only slide open when the nozzle **1100** is forced into a food item, such as a French fry. Once the door **1130** is open, condiment may flow from the interior of the injection nozzle **1100** into the food item. Because the door **1130** is spring-loaded, the door **1130** is configured to close when the nozzle **1100** is removed from the interior of the food item. This prevents condiment from flowing through the injection nozzle **1100** when the injection nozzle **1100** is not within the interior of a food item.

As will be understood by one skilled in the art in light of this disclosure, the injection nozzles of the various embodiments of the invention described herein may take many different forms. For example, the injection nozzles may be elongate, short, substantially conical, or substantially cylindrical. In addition, the injection nozzles may include an outlet at the end of the nozzle, on a side portion of the nozzle, or on both the end and on a side portion of the nozzle. Also, the injection nozzles may include either one or a plurality of outlets. Additional outlets may be useful in maximizing the flow of condiment through the nozzle. In addition, in various embodiments of the invention, the injection nozzles may be flexible or rigid, and may be made of any of a variety of materials, such as plastic, metal, foil, or ceramic materials. In various embodiments of the invention, the outlet end of one or more of the injection nozzles is pointed and configured so that this exterior portion of the outlet end the injection nozzle has an interior angle of less than 25, 20, 15, 10, 5, or 3 degrees.

Exemplary Inventive Methods

The present invention includes various inventive methods. Examples of these inventive methods are provided below.

A method of preparing a food item comprising the steps of: (1) cooking the food item; and (2) after cooking the food item, injecting the cooked food item with a condiment, such as mustard, ketchup, or mayonnaise.

A method comprising the steps of: (1) providing a customer with a cooked food item; and (2) providing the customer with a condiment packet (or other container) having a nozzle (e.g., a nozzle that is integrated into the condiment packet) that is configured for dispensing condiment from the condiment packet (or other container) into the interior of the cooked food item. In one embodiment of the invention, the nozzle is substantially rigid, and/or pointed at one end. This makes it easier for the customer to use the nozzle to penetrate the exterior surface of the cooked food item before injecting condiment from the condiment packet (or other container) through the nozzle and into the interior of the food item. In other embodiments, the nozzle is flexible.

A method comprising the steps of: (1) providing a customer with a cooked food item; and (2) providing the customer with a condiment packet (or other container) having a nozzle (e.g., a nozzle that is integrated into the condiment packet) that is configured for dispensing condiment from the condiment packet onto an exterior surface of the food item. In one embodiment, the nozzle is substantially rigid, and/or pointed at one end. In another embodiment, the nozzle is flexible.

A method of providing a condiment to a customer, said method comprising the steps of: (1) providing a customer with a condiment packet; and (2) providing the customer with a condiment tap that is configured to allow the user to tap into the condiment packet and dispense condiment from the condiment packet through the condiment tap.

A method of preparing a food item comprising the steps of: (1) providing a condiment dispenser that is configured for injecting condiment into cooked food items; (2) cooking the food item; and (3) after cooking the food item, using the condiment dispenser to inject the cooked food item with a condiment, such as

mustard, ketchup, or mayonnaise (e.g., while the food is still warm from being cooked).

A method of preparing a food item comprising: (1) cooking (e.g., deep frying or baking) the food item; (2) after cooking the food item, injecting the food item with a condiment; and (3) after injecting the food item with a condiment, serving the food item to a customer.

A method of preparing and serving a French fry comprising: (1) cooking (e.g., frying or baking) the French fry; (2) after cooking the French fry, injecting the French fry with ketchup; and (3) serving the French fry to a customer.

A method of preparing a plurality of food items comprising: (1) cooking the plurality of food items; and (2) after cooking the plurality of food items, simultaneously injecting (preferably with a single device, such as the condiment injection device **800** described above in reference to Figure 9) each of said plurality of food items with a condiment. In one embodiment of the invention, this method is executed in a substantially automated manner. In a further embodiment of the invention, the plurality of food items are injected with condiment sequentially rather than simultaneously.

A method of preparing a plurality of French fries comprising: (1) cooking the plurality of French fries; and (2) after cooking the plurality of French fries, simultaneously injecting (preferably with a single device, such as the condiment injection device **800** described above) each of said plurality of French fries with a condiment, such as ketchup or mayonnaise.

A method of preparing and serving a food item comprising: (1) deep frying the food item; (2) after deep frying the food item, injecting the food item with condiment; and (3) serving the food item to a customer.

A method of preparing and serving a French fry comprising: (1) cooking (e.g., deep frying) the French fry; (2) after cooking the French fry, injecting the French fry with ketchup; and (3) serving the French fry to a customer.

A method of preparing and serving a food item comprising: (1) cooking the food item; (2) after cooking the food item, making a hole in an exterior portion of the food item; (3) transferring condiment from outside the food item, through the hole in the exterior portion of the food item, and into an interior portion of the food item. In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the hole is dimensioned to substantially (and, in one embodiment, entirely) restrict the condiment from

flowing from the interior of the food item to the exterior of the food item. In various embodiments of the invention, the maximum width of the hole is: (1) less than 0.2 inches; (2) less than 0.15 inches; (3) less than 0.1 inches; (4) less than 0.08 inches; (5) less than 0.07 inches; (6) less than 0.05 inches; (7) less than 0.04 inches; and/or (8) less than 0.03 inches. In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the hole is substantially in the shape of a circle that has a diameter of: (1) less than 0.2 inches; (2) less than 0.15 inches; (3) less than 0.1 inches; (4) less than 0.08 inches; (5) less than 0.07 inches; (6) less than 0.05 inches; (7) less than 0.04 inches; and/or (8) less than 0.03 inches. Also, in a preferred embodiment of the invention, the exterior portion of the food item is comprised of an "exterior portion material" that is sufficient to resist passage of said condiment through said exterior portion material. Such an exterior portion material, may be for, example, the exterior material of a deep fried French fry or the exterior material of a deep fried hash brown.

Dimensions of Nozzle

In various embodiments of the invention, at least one of the nozzles used for injecting the food items with a condiment is configured so that the nozzle defines an interior passage that is large enough for condiment (such as ketchup) to flow through the nozzle's interior passage, preferably without clogging the nozzle. In addition, at least one of the nozzles may be selected so that substantially no condiment flows from the nozzle when a driving force (such as pressure) ceases to be applied to the condiment within the nozzle. In one embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that it defines an interior passage having a maximum width (e.g., a maximum diameter) that is less than 0.047 inches.

In a particular embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that a portion of the nozzle's interior passage that is configured to be positioned within the food item when condiment is injected into the food item has a width (and preferably a diameter) of less than 0.05 inches. In another embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that a portion of the nozzle's interior passage that is configured to be positioned within the food item when condiment is injected into the food item has a width (e.g., a diameter) of less than 0.04 inches. In another embodiment of the invention, at least

one of the nozzles is selected so that a portion of the nozzle's interior passage that is configured to be positioned within the food item when condiment is injected into the food item has a width (e.g., a diameter) of less than 0.035 inches.

Furthermore, in various embodiments of the invention, at least one of the nozzles used for injecting the food items with a condiment is configured so that a portion of the nozzle's interior passage that is configured to be positioned within the food item when condiment is injected into the food item has a maximum width (e.g., a maximum diameter) of less than 0.05 inches. In another embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that a portion of the nozzle's interior passage that is configured to be positioned within the food item when condiment is injected into the food item has a maximum width (and preferably a maximum diameter) of less than 0.04 inches. In another embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that a portion of the nozzle's interior passage that is configured to be positioned within the food item when condiment is injected into the food item has a maximum width (and preferably a maximum diameter) of less than 0.035 inches.

In one embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that it defines an interior passage having a diameter greater than 0.0235 inches. In a particular embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that a portion of the nozzle's interior passage that is configured to be positioned within the food item when condiment is injected into the food item has a width (and preferably a diameter) greater than 0.0235 inches. In another embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that a portion of the nozzle's interior passage that is configured to be positioned within the food item when condiment is injected into the food item has a width (and preferably a diameter) greater than 0.03 inches. In another embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that a portion of the nozzle's interior passage that is configured to be positioned within the food item when condiment is injected into the food item has a width (and preferably a diameter) between 0.0235 and 0.047 inches.

In a particular embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that a portion of the nozzle's interior passage that is configured to be positioned within the food item when condiment is injected into the food item has a minimum width (and preferably a minimum diameter) greater than 0.0235

inches. In another embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that a portion of the nozzle's interior passage that is configured to be positioned within the food item when condiment is injected into the food item has a minimum width (and preferably a minimum diameter) greater than 0.03 inches. In another embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that a portion of the nozzle's interior passage that is configured to be positioned within the food item when condiment is injected into the food item has a minimum width (and preferably a minimum diameter) between 0.0235 and 0.047 inches.

Similarly, in one embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is preferably selected so that a hole (and preferably any hole) in the food item created by the nozzle during standard use is small enough to restrict condiment from flowing from the interior of the food item to the exterior of the food item. In one embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that the portion of the nozzle that penetrates the food item is dimensioned so that a hole (and preferably any hole) in the food item created by the nozzle during standard use is small enough to at least substantially prevent condiment from flowing out of the interior of the food item. In one embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so the portion of at least one of the nozzles that penetrates the food item is dimensioned so that a hole (and preferably any hole) in the food item created by the nozzle during standard use is small enough so that no substantial amount of condiment flows from the interior of the food item to the exterior of the food item after condiment is injected into the food item through the nozzle. In one embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so the portion of the nozzle that penetrates the food item is dimensioned to create a hole in the exterior portion of the food item that has a maximum width of 0.09 inches, 0.08 inches, 0.07 inches, 0.065, or 0.055 inches.

In one embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that it defines an exterior portion having a diameter of less than 0.09 inches. In a particular embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that the portion of the nozzle that is configured to be positioned within the food item when condiment is injected into the food item has a width (and preferably a diameter) of less than 0.08 inches. In one embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that the portion of the nozzle that is configured to be positioned within the food item when condiment is injected into the food item

has a width (and preferably a diameter) of less than 0.07 inches. In one embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that an exterior portion of the nozzle that is configured to be positioned within the food item when condiment is injected into the food item has a width (and preferably a diameter) of less than 0.065 inches. In another embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that the portion of the nozzle that is configured to be positioned within the food item when condiment is injected into the food item has a width (and preferably a diameter) of less than 0.058 inches. In another embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that the portion of the nozzle that is configured to be positioned within the food item when condiment is injected into the food item has a width (and preferably a diameter) of less than 0.050 inches. In one embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that the portion of the nozzle that is configured to be positioned within the food item when condiment is injected into the food item has a width (and preferably a diameter) that is between 0.035 and 0.072 inches.

In one embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that it defines an exterior portion having a maximum diameter less than 0.09 inches. In a particular embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that the portion of the nozzle that is configured to be positioned within the food item when condiment is injected into the food item has a maximum width (and preferably a maximum diameter) of less than 0.08 inches. In one embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that the portion of the nozzle that is configured to be positioned within the food item when condiment is injected into the food item has a maximum width (and preferably a maximum diameter) of less than 0.07 inches. In one embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that the portion of the nozzle that is configured to be positioned within the food item when condiment is injected into the food item has a maximum width (and preferably a maximum diameter) of less than 0.065 inches. In another embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that the portion of the nozzle that is configured to be positioned within the food item when condiment is injected into the food item has a maximum width (and preferably a maximum diameter) of less than 0.058 inches. In one embodiment of the invention, at least one of the nozzles is selected so that the portion of the nozzle that is configured to be positioned within the food item when

condiment is injected into the food item has a maximum width (and preferably a maximum diameter) that is between 0.035 and 0.072 inches.

In one embodiment of the invention, the nozzle is a reusable stainless steel 18 gauge dispensing needle supplied by McMaster Carr (www.mcmaster.com) - part number 6710A67. In one embodiment of the invention, this dispensing needle is attached to a Luer lock syringe, such as McMaster Carr part number 7510A653 and the syringe and dispensing needle are used to inject condiment into the food item as described above.

Method of Injecting Condiment into a Food Item at an Angle

Figure 11 and the corresponding discussion below demonstrate certain techniques for injecting condiment into a food item. As will be understood by one skilled in the relevant field in light of this disclosure, while these techniques are described as being used to inject condiment into a French fry 1150, these techniques may be used to inject condiment into any appropriate food item, such as any of the food items discussed herein.

As may be understood from Figure 11, in one embodiment of the invention, to inject condiment into a food item (such as a French fry 1150), a condiment dispenser nozzle 1155 (or other injection member) is inserted through the exterior surface of the French fry 1150 and then positioned so that the nozzle 1155 directs condiment generally toward a lateral end 1160 of the French fry 1150. In one embodiment of the invention, this is done by: (1) inserting the nozzle 1155 into the French fry 1150 so that a portion of the nozzle 1155 and an exterior portion of the French fry 1150 form an angle of about 90 degrees; (2) repositioning the nozzle 1155 into an "injecting position" so that a portion of the nozzle 1155 and an exterior portion of the French fry 1150 form an angle of less than 75 degrees, less than 60 degrees, less than 45 degrees, less than 30 degrees, or less than 20 degrees; and then (3) injecting condiment into the French fry 1150 through the nozzle 1155 while the nozzle 1155 is in the "injecting position". Alternatively, this is done by inserting the nozzle 1155 into the French fry 1150 so that a portion of the nozzle 1155 and an exterior portion of the French fry 1150 form an angle of less than 75 degrees, less than 60 degrees, less than 45 degrees, less than 30 degrees, or less than 20 degrees and then injecting condiment into the French fry 1150 through the nozzle 1155 while the nozzle 1155 is in this position.

Positioning the nozzle so that it directs condiment generally toward a lateral end of the French fry and then injecting the condiment into the French fry while the nozzle is in this position is advantageous because it makes it easier to inject condiment evenly into the French fry. In addition, this technique reduces the danger that the condiment will burst through the opposite side of the French fry as the condiment is injected into the French fry.

Alternative Method of Injecting Condiment into a Food Item

In an alternative embodiment of the invention, condiment may be injected into the interior of a food item without using a nozzle to first pierce the exterior of the food item. In one such example, a nozzle is positioned so that its outlet is adjacent (and preferably immediately adjacent) an exterior surface of the food item. Condiment is then injected (preferably at high pressure) against the exterior surface of the food item so that the condiment exerts sufficient force on the exterior of the food item to create a hole in the food item (this hole is preferably a relatively small hole, such as the holes created by one or more of the injection nozzles discussed herein). The nozzle is then used to inject condiment through the hole created by the stream of condiment. It should be noted that, in one embodiment of the invention, this technique is used to inject condiment into the interior of the food item without positioning the nozzle into the interior of the food item.

Method of Preheating the Condiment Before it is Applied to a Food Item

In one embodiment of the invention, the condiment is pre-heated (e.g., to around 100 degrees Fahrenheit) using known warming techniques before the condiment is injected into the food item (or otherwise applied to the food item). This reduces the likelihood that the condiment will cool the food item when the condiment comes into contact with the food item and may reduce the need to heat a food item (e.g., with a heating lamp) in order to keep the food item warm.

Method of Injecting Different Colored Condiments Into French Fries

A method according to one embodiment of the invention comprises the step of injecting different colored condiments (such as ketchups) into a particular serving (or other grouping) of French fries (or other food items) in order to create a

festive effect. This can be done, for example, by injecting one or more of a serving of French fries with a first color of ketchup (e.g., orange), and also by injecting one or more of the same serving of French fries with a second color of ketchup (e.g., blue). Because it is possible to see the color of ketchup injected into a French fry through the French fry's exterior surface, injecting French fries in this manner produces a festive effect that results from some of the French fries in the serving appearing to be one color while other French fries appear to be another color. This is extremely useful in settings, such as professional football games, in which certain colors (such as the colors of a home football team) are particularly popular with customers.

In another embodiment of the invention, a particular food item (e.g., a French fry) is injected with a plurality of different colors of ketchup. In a further embodiment of the invention, food items within a particular serving of food items are injected with three or more different colors of ketchup. For example, a first French fry from within a serving of French fries may be injected with blue ketchup, a second French fry from within the serving may be injected with yellow ketchup, and a third French fry from within the serving may be injected with green ketchup. As will be understood by one skilled in the art in light of this disclosure, this method of injecting different colored ketchups into French fries may be applied to a variety of different food items using ketchup or a variety of different condiments other than ketchup.

A similar effect may also be achieved by sprinkling different fries from within a particular serving (or other grouping) of food items with different colored seasonings (such as blue or yellow seasoning salt). This can be done, for example, by applying a first color of condiment (such as seasoning salt) to the exterior surface of one or more of a plurality (e.g., a serving or batch) of food items (e.g., French fries), and applying a second color of condiment (such as seasoning salt) to the exterior surface of one or more of the same plurality (e.g., serving or batch) of food items. In a further embodiment of the invention, food items from a particular serving of food items are seasoned with three or more different colors of condiment. For example, a blue seasoning may be applied to a first food item from within a particular serving, a yellow seasoning may be applied to a second food item from within the serving, and a green seasoning may be applied to a third food item from within the serving. As will be understood by one skilled in the art in

light of this disclosure, this method of applying different colored condiments to the exterior surfaces of food items may be applied to a variety of different food items (e.g., any of the food items included in this disclosure) and using a variety of condiments other than seasoning salt.

Exemplary Condiments

It should be understood that various different types of condiments may be used in accordance with the present invention. For example, the techniques disclosed herein may be used to inject one or more of the following condiments into the interior of a food item, such as a French fry: (1) ketchup (e.g., ketchup having a viscosity of about 1,000 centipoise, or other appropriate viscosity); (2) mustard; (3) mayonnaise; (4) barbeque sauce; (5) salad dressing (such as Ranch, Caesar, or Italian dressing); (6) worstershire sauce; (7) cheese sauce, such as a "Ragu Cheese Creations!" cheese sauce; (8) hot sauce; (9) butter; (10) gravy; (11) sour cream; or (12) syrup (such as maple syrup). Food items according to various embodiments of the invention are described below.

The Ketchup-Filled French Fry

A French fry according to one embodiment of the invention comprises: (1) an outer potato shell; (2) an interior portion that is defined by the outer potato shell; and (3) a ketchup portion that is disposed within the interior portion of the French fry and that is substantially or entirely enclosed by the outer potato shell. In one embodiment of the invention, the outer potato shell comprises the outer surface of a French fry (either cooked or uncooked) and the ketchup portion comprises ketchup that has been injected (or delivered in another manner) into the interior portion of the French fry. In various embodiments of the invention, the ketchup fills, by percentage volume: (1) from 10% to 20% of the French fry's interior portion; (2) from 20% to 30% of the French fry's interior portion; (3) from 30% to 40% of the French fry's interior portion; (4) from 40% to 50% of the French fry's interior portion; (5) from 50% to 60% of the French fry's interior portion; (6) from 60% to 70% of the French fry's interior portion; (7) from 70% to 80% of the French fry's interior portion; (8) from 80% to 90% of the French fry's interior portion; or (9) from 90% to 100% of the French fry's interior portion. Also, in various embodiments of the invention, the ketchup fills, by percentage

volume, at least 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, or 90% of the French fry. Similarly, in various embodiments of the invention, the ketchup fills, by percentage volume, at least 3% or 5% of the French fry.

The Mayonnaise-Filled French Fry

A French fry according to one embodiment of the invention comprises: (1) an outer potato shell; (2) an interior portion that is defined by the outer potato shell; and (3) a mayonnaise portion that is disposed within the interior portion of the French fry and that is substantially or entirely enclosed by the outer potato shell. In one embodiment of the invention, the outer potato shell comprises the outer surface of a French fry (either cooked or uncooked) and the mayonnaise portion comprises mayonnaise that has been injected (or delivered in another manner) into the interior portion of the French fry. In various embodiments of the invention, the mayonnaise fills, by percentage volume: (1) from 10% to 20% of the French fry's interior portion; (2) from 20% to 30% of the French fry's interior portion; (3) from 30% to 40% of the French fry's interior portion; (4) from 40% to 50% of the French fry's interior portion; (5) from 50% to 60% of the French fry's interior portion; (6) from 60% to 70% of the French fry's interior portion; (7) from 70% to 80% of the French fry's interior portion; (8) from 80% to 90% of the French fry's interior portion; or (9) from 90% to 100% of the French fry's interior portion. Also, in various embodiments of the invention, the mayonnaise fills, by percentage volume, at least 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, or 90% of the French fry. Similarly, in various embodiments of the invention, the mayonnaise fills, by percentage volume, at least 3% or 5% of the French fry.

The Barbeque Sauce-Filled French Fry

A French fry according to one embodiment of the invention comprises: (1) an outer potato shell; (2) an interior portion that is defined by the outer potato shell; and (3) a barbeque sauce portion that is disposed within the interior portion of the French fry and that is substantially or entirely enclosed by the outer potato shell. In one embodiment of the invention, the outer potato shell comprises the outer surface of a French fry (either cooked or uncooked) and the barbeque sauce portion comprises barbeque sauce that has been injected (or delivered in another manner) into the interior portion of the French fry. In various embodiments of the

invention, the barbeque sauce fills, by percentage volume: (1) from 10% to 20% of the French fry's interior portion; (2) from 20% to 30% of the French fry's interior portion; (3) from 30% to 40% of the French fry's interior portion; (4) from 40% to 50% of the French fry's interior portion; (5) from 50% to 60% of the French fry's interior portion; (6) from 60% to 70% of the French fry's interior portion; (7) from 70% to 80% of the French fry's interior portion; (8) from 80% to 90% of the French fry's interior portion; or (9) from 90% to 100% of the French fry's interior portion. Also, in various embodiments of the invention, the barbeque sauce fills, by percentage volume, at least 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, or 90% of the French fry. Similarly, in various embodiments of the invention, the barbeque sauce fills, by percentage volume, at least 3% or 5% of the French fry.

The Dressing-Filled French Fry

A French fry according to one embodiment of the invention comprises: (1) an outer potato shell; (2) an interior portion that is defined by the outer potato shell; and (3) a dressing portion that is disposed within the interior portion of the French fry and that is substantially or entirely enclosed by the outer potato shell. In one embodiment of the invention, the outer potato shell comprises the outer surface of a French fry (either cooked or uncooked) and the dressing portion comprises dressing (such as Ranch, blue cheese, or Italian salad dressing) that has been injected (or delivered in another manner) into the interior portion of the French fry. In various embodiments of the invention, the dressing fills, by percentage volume: (1) from 10% to 20% of the French fry's interior portion; (2) from 20% to 30% of the French fry's interior portion; (3) from 30% to 40% of the French fry's interior portion; (4) from 40% to 50% of the French fry's interior portion; (5) from 50% to 60% of the French fry's interior portion; (6) from 60% to 70% of the French fry's interior portion; (7) from 70% to 80% of the French fry's interior portion; (8) from 80% to 90% of the French fry's interior portion; or (9) from 90% to 100% of the French fry's interior portion. Also, in various embodiments of the invention, the dressing fills, by percentage volume, at least 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, or 90% of the French fry. Similarly, in various embodiments of the invention, the dressing fills, by percentage volume, at least 3% or 5% of the French fry.

The Cheese-Sauce Filled French Fry

A French fry according to one embodiment of the invention comprises: (1) an outer potato shell; (2) an interior portion that is defined by the outer potato shell; and (3) a cheese-sauce portion that is disposed within the interior portion of the French fry and that is substantially or entirely enclosed by the outer potato shell. In one embodiment of the invention, the outer potato shell comprises the outer surface of a French fry (either cooked or uncooked) and the cheese-sauce portion comprises cheese sauce (or other cheese-based mixture) that has been injected (or delivered in another manner) into the interior portion of the French fry. In one embodiment of the invention, the interior cheese-sauce portion comprises a relatively thin cheese sauce such as Ragu's Cheese Creations! cheese sauce. In various embodiments of the invention, the cheese sauce fills, by percentage volume: (1) from 10% to 20% of the French fry's interior portion; (2) from 20% to 30% of the French fry's interior portion; (3) from 30% to 40% of the French fry's interior portion; (4) from 40% to 50% of the French fry's interior portion; (5) from 50% to 60% of the French fry's interior portion; (6) from 60% to 70% of the French fry's interior portion; (7) from 70% to 80% of the French fry's interior portion; (8) from 80% to 90% of the French fry's interior portion; or (9) from 90% to 100% of the French fry's interior portion. Also, in various embodiments of the invention, the cheese sauce fills, by percentage volume, at least 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, or 90% of the French fry. Similarly, in various embodiments of the invention, the cheese sauce fills, by percentage volume, at least 3% or 5% of the French fry.

The Worstershire-Sauce Filled French Fry

A French fry according to one embodiment of the invention comprises: (1) an outer potato shell; (2) an interior portion that is defined by the outer potato shell; and (3) a Worstershire sauce portion that is disposed within the interior portion of the French fry and that is substantially or entirely enclosed by the outer potato shell. In one embodiment of the invention, the outer potato shell comprises the outer surface of a French fry (either cooked or uncooked) and the Worstershire sauce portion comprises Worstershire sauce that has been injected (or delivered in another manner) into the interior portion of the French fry. In various embodiments of the invention, the Worstershire sauce fills, by percentage volume:

(1) from 10% to 20% of the French fry's interior portion; (2) from 20% to 30% of the French fry's interior portion; (3) from 30% to 40% of the French fry's interior portion; (4) from 40% to 50% of the French fry's interior portion; (5) from 50% to 60% of the French fry's interior portion; (6) from 60% to 70% of the French fry's interior portion; (7) from 70% to 80% of the French fry's interior portion; (8) from 80% to 90% of the French fry's interior portion; or (9) from 90% to 100% of the French fry's interior portion. Also, in various embodiments of the invention, the Worstershire sauce fills, by percentage volume, at least 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, or 90% of the French fry. Similarly, in various embodiments of the invention, the Worstershire sauce fills, by percentage volume, at least 3% or 5% of the French fry.

Hot Sauce-Filled French Fry

A French fry according to one embodiment of the invention comprises: (1) an outer potato shell; (2) an interior portion that is defined by the outer potato shell; and (3) a hot sauce portion that is disposed within the interior portion of the French fry and that is substantially or entirely enclosed by the outer potato shell. In one embodiment of the invention, the outer potato shell comprises the outer surface of a French fry (either cooked or uncooked) and the hot sauce portion comprises hot sauce that has been injected (or delivered in another manner) into the interior portion of the French fry. In various embodiments of the invention, the hot sauce fills, by percentage volume: (1) from 10% to 20% of the French fry's interior portion; (2) from 20% to 30% of the French fry's interior portion; (3) from 30% to 40% of the French fry's interior portion; (4) from 40% to 50% of the French fry's interior portion; (5) from 50% to 60% of the French fry's interior portion; (6) from 60% to 70% of the French fry's interior portion; (7) from 70% to 80% of the French fry's interior portion; (8) from 80% to 90% of the French fry's interior portion; or (9) from 90% to 100% of the French fry's interior portion. Also, in various embodiments of the invention, the hot sauce fills, by percentage volume, at least 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, or 90% of the French fry. Similarly, in various embodiments of the invention, the hot sauce fills, by percentage volume, at least 3% or 5% of the French fry.

Gravy-Filled French Fry

A French fry according to one embodiment of the invention comprises: (1) an outer potato shell; (2) an interior portion that is defined by the outer potato shell; and (3) a gravy portion that is disposed within the interior portion of the French fry and that is substantially or entirely enclosed by the outer potato shell. In one embodiment of the invention, the outer potato shell comprises the outer surface of a French fry (either cooked or uncooked) and the gravy portion comprises gravy (such as chicken or turkey gravy) that has been injected (or delivered in another manner) into the interior portion of the French fry. In various embodiments of the invention, the gravy fills, by percentage volume: (1) from 10% to 20% of the French fry's interior portion; (2) from 20% to 30% of the French fry's interior portion; (3) from 30% to 40% of the French fry's interior portion; (4) from 40% to 50% of the French fry's interior portion; (5) from 50% to 60% of the French fry's interior portion; (6) from 60% to 70% of the French fry's interior portion; (7) from 70% to 80% of the French fry's interior portion; (8) from 80% to 90% of the French fry's interior portion; or (9) from 90% to 100% of the French fry's interior portion. Also, in various embodiments of the invention, the gravy fills, by percentage volume, at least 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, or 90% of the French fry. Similarly, in various embodiments of the invention, the gravy fills, by percentage volume, at least 3% or 5% of the French fry.

Syrup-Filled French Fry

A French fry according to one embodiment of the invention comprises: (1) an outer potato shell; (2) an interior portion that is defined by the outer potato shell; and (3) a syrup portion that is disposed within the interior portion of the French fry and that is substantially or entirely enclosed by the outer potato shell. In one embodiment of the invention, the outer potato shell comprises the outer surface of a French fry (either cooked or uncooked) and the syrup portion comprises syrup (such as maple or strawberry syrup) that has been injected (or delivered in another manner) into the interior portion of the French fry. In various embodiments of the invention, the syrup fills, by percentage volume: (1) from 10% to 20% of the French fry's interior portion; (2) from 20% to 30% of the French fry's interior portion; (3) from 30% to 40% of the French fry's interior portion; (4) from 40% to 50% of the French fry's interior portion; (5) from 50% to 60% of the

French fry's interior portion; (6) from 60% to 70% of the French fry's interior portion; (7) from 70% to 80% of the French fry's interior portion; (8) from 80% to 90% of the French fry's interior portion; or (9) from 90% to 100% of the French fry's interior portion. Also, in various embodiments of the invention, the syrup fills, by percentage volume, at least 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, or 90% of the French fry. Similarly, in various embodiments of the invention, the syrup fills, by percentage volume, at least 3% or 5% of the French fry.

As will be understood by one skilled in the art in light of this disclosure, any other suitable condiment may be used in place of any of the specific condiments described in the various French fry embodiments described above. For example, the gravy in the "gravy-injected French fry" may be replaced by sour-cream. In addition, the French fry portion of the above filled food items may be replaced by any other suitable food item, especially other items of food that have been fried (e.g., deep fried), or that will be fried. Suitable food items include, for example: (1) hash browns; (2) tater tots; (3) chicken wings; (4) hush puppies; (5) fried sweet potatoes; (6) breakfast food items (such as pancakes, French toast sticks or waffles); (7) chicken nuggets; (8) fried vegetables, such as fried cauliflower; (9) a pretzel (preferably a soft pretzel defining a hollow interior portion for receiving a condiment after the pretzel has been cooked); (10) a hot dog (preferably a hot dog defining a hollow interior portion for receiving a condiment after the hot dog has been cooked); (11) a bread item, such as a roll (preferably a bread item defining a hollow interior portion for receiving a condiment after the bread item has been cooked); (12) a hamburger (preferably a hamburger defining a hollow interior portion for receiving a condiment after the hamburger has been cooked); (13) a waffle (preferably a waffle defining a hollow interior portion for receiving a condiment after the waffle has been cooked); (14) a pancake (preferably a pancake defining a hollow interior portion for receiving a condiment after the pancake has been cooked); (14) French toast (preferably a piece of French toast defining a hollow interior portion for receiving a condiment after the piece of French toast has been cooked). For example, replacing the French fry portion of the ketchup-filled French fry with a hash brown results in the following:

The Ketchup-Filled Hash Brown

A hash brown according to one embodiment of the invention comprises: (1) an outer potato shell; (2) an interior portion that is defined by the outer potato shell; and (3) a ketchup portion that is disposed within the interior portion of the hash brown and that is substantially or entirely enclosed by the outer potato shell. In one embodiment of the invention, the outer potato shell comprises the outer surface of a hash brown (either cooked or uncooked) and the ketchup portion comprises ketchup that has been injected (or delivered in another manner) into the interior portion of the hash brown. In various embodiments of the invention, the ketchup fills, by percentage volume: (1) from 10% to 20% of the hash brown's interior portion; (2) from 20% to 30% of the hash brown's interior portion; (3) from 30% to 40% of the hash brown's interior portion; (4) from 40% to 50% of the hash brown's interior portion; (5) from 50% to 60% of the hash brown's interior portion; (6) from 60% to 70% of the hash brown's interior portion; (7) from 70% to 80% of the hash brown's interior portion; (8) from 80% to 90% of the hash brown's interior portion; or (9) from 90% to 100% of the hash brown's interior portion. Also, in various embodiments of the invention, the ketchup fills, by percentage volume, at least 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, or 90% of the hash brown. Similarly, in various embodiments of the invention, the ketchup fills, by percentage volume, at least 3% or 5% of the hash brown.

As another example, replacing the French fry portion of the "Ketchup-Filled French fry" described above with a hot dog (and also replacing the Ketchup with mustard) results in the following:

The Mustard-Filled Hot Dog

A hot dog according to one embodiment of the invention comprises: (1) an outer potato shell; (2) an interior portion that is defined by the outer potato shell; and (3) a mustard portion that is disposed within the interior portion of the hot dog and that is substantially or entirely enclosed by the outer potato shell. In one embodiment of the invention, the outer potato shell comprises the outer surface of a hot dog (either cooked or uncooked) and the mustard portion comprises mustard that has been injected (or delivered in another manner) into the interior portion of the hot dog. In various embodiments of the invention, the mustard fills, by percentage volume: (1) from 10% to 20% of the hot dog's interior portion; (2)

from 20% to 30% of the hot dog's interior portion; (3) from 30% to 40% of the hot dog's interior portion; (4) from 40% to 50% of the hot dog's interior portion; (5) from 50% to 60% of the hot dog's interior portion; (6) from 60% to 70% of the hot dog's interior portion; (7) from 70% to 80% of the hot dog's interior portion; (8) from 80% to 90% of the hot dog's interior portion; or (9) from 90% to 100% of the hot dog's interior portion. Also, in various embodiments of the invention, the mustard fills, by percentage volume, at least 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, or 90% of the hot dog. Similarly, in various embodiments of the invention, the mustard fills, by percentage volume, at least 3% or 5% of the hot dog.

As another example, replacing the French fry portion of the "Syrup-Filled French fry" described above with a French toast stick results in the following:

Syrup-Filled French Toast Stick

A French toast stick according to one embodiment of the invention comprises: (1) an outer potato shell; (2) an interior portion that is defined by the outer potato shell; and (3) a syrup portion that is disposed within the interior portion of the French toast stick and that is substantially or entirely enclosed by the outer potato shell. In one embodiment of the invention, the outer potato shell comprises the outer surface of a French toast stick (either cooked or uncooked) and the syrup portion comprises syrup that has been injected (or delivered in another manner) into the interior portion of the French toast stick. In various embodiments of the invention, the syrup fills, by percentage volume: (1) from 10% to 20% of the French toast stick's interior portion; (2) from 20% to 30% of the French toast stick's interior portion; (3) from 30% to 40% of the French toast stick's interior portion; (4) from 40% to 50% of the French toast stick's interior portion; (5) from 50% to 60% of the French toast stick's interior portion; (6) from 60% to 70% of the French toast stick's interior portion; (7) from 70% to 80% of the French toast stick's interior portion; (8) from 80% to 90% of the French toast stick's interior portion; or (9) from 90% to 100% of the French toast stick's interior portion. Also, in various embodiments of the invention, the syrup fills, by percentage volume, at least 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, or 90% of the French toast stick. Similarly, in various embodiments of the invention, the syrup fills, by percentage volume, at least 3% or 5% of the French toast stick.

Structure of a Filled Food Item

Figures 12A, 12B, 13A, and 13B depict the general structure of exemplary filled food items (specifically French fries) according to two different embodiments of the invention. More specifically, Figures 12A and 12B depict a French fry **2000** that comprises an outer potato portion **2005** and a single, substantially discrete interior condiment (e.g., ketchup) portion **2010**. The interior condiment portion **2010** may be injected into the interior of the French fry **2000** using, for example, an injection nozzle as discussed above.

Figures 13A and 13B depict a French fry **2100** that comprises an outer potato portion **2103** and two substantially discrete interior condiment (e.g., ketchup) portions **2105**, **2106**. These discrete interior condiment portions **2105**, **2106** may be injected (e.g., separately) into the interior of the French fry **2100** using, for example, one or more injection nozzles (or other injection members) as discussed herein. In one embodiment of the invention, each interior condiment portion **2105**, **2106** comprises the same condiment (e.g., both condiment portions **2105**, **2106** comprise ketchup). However, the individual condiment portions **2105**, **2106** may alternatively each comprise a different condiment (e.g., the first condiment portion **2105** may comprise ketchup, and the second condiment portion **2106** may comprise Ranch dressing). Other embodiments of the invention may comprise more than two (for example, three, four, five, or six) discrete condiment portions **2105**, **2106**. In one embodiment of the invention, each discrete condiment portion **2105**, **2106** comprises the same condiment. Alternatively, the various discrete condiment portions **2105**, **2106** may comprise different condiments. In one embodiment of the invention, the food item (e.g. French fry) **2100** is configured so that at least one of the food item's discrete condiment portions **2105**, **2106** is physically separate from (e.g., spaced apart from) at least another of the food item's discrete condiment portions **2105**, **2106**.

Injection of Food Items Having an Interior Cavity

The condiment injection techniques described herein may be used to inject condiment into the interior of food items (especially pretzels or other cereal-based food items) that define an interior condiment-receiving cavity. For example, in a preferred embodiment of the invention, a food item is provided that defines at least

one interior cavity (which may be, for example, an elongate internal channel defined by the food item). To add condiment to the interior of the food item, a user first uses an injection member (such as one of the nozzles described above) to pierce the outer surface of the food item. The user then pushes the injection member toward the interior of the food item until an outlet portion of the injection member is within the food item's interior cavity. The user then transfers condiment through the injection member (e.g., nozzle) and into the interior cavity of the food item using the techniques described above.

Like various other food injection techniques described above, one reason that this technique is advantageous is that it may optionally allow for a food item to be pre-manufactured without a condiment filling, shipped to a food vendor (such as a restaurant), cooked (or, alternatively, not cooked), and then injected with condiment on an as-needed basis (e.g., just before the food item is sold to a customer, or as needed to maintain a necessary reserve of freshly injected food items for purchase by customers). This is particularly advantageous for food vendors (such as restaurants) that wish to offer customers the option of ordering a particular food item filled with one or more of a variety of different condiments, but that do not wish to purchase many different varieties of pre-filled food items.

In one embodiment of the invention, the food vendor simply purchases one or more generic food items (e.g., a food item with a hollow condiment-receiving cavity) and then injects the generic food items with one or more of a plurality of condiments at a convenient time. For example, the food vendor may wait until a customer orders a food item with a particular filling before injecting the food item with the requested filling. This technique is especially advantageous in situations in which the condiment is to be pre-heated before injection into the food item. For example, food vendors may inject a hot condiment (such as hot cheese sauce) into a food item (such as a pretzel) substantially immediately before serving the pretzel to a customer. As another example, food vendors may inject a hot condiment (such as hot cheese sauce) into a food item (such as a pretzel) a short time before (e.g., less than 10 minutes before, less than 5 minutes before, or less than one minute before) serving the pretzel to a customer.

As will be understood by one skilled in the art in light of this disclosure, many different food items and condiments may be used in accordance with this aspect of the invention. Such food items include, for example, pretzels, rolls, hot

dogs, hamburgers, hash browns, waffles, pancakes, French fries, onion rings, chicken nuggets, and any of the other food items referenced in this specification. Exemplary condiments include: (1) ketchup; (2) mustard; (3) mayonnaise; (4) barbeque sauce; (5) teriyaki sauce; (6) salad dressing (such as ranch, Caesar, or Italian dressing); (7) Worstershire sauce; (8) cheese sauce, such as Ragu brand cheese sauce; (9) hot sauce; (10) butter; (11) gravy; (12) sour cream; and (13) syrup (such as maple syrup).

As will be also be understood by one skilled in the relevant field, while the condiment injection step described in any of the embodiments described in this specification may be performed after the food item is shipped to a food vendor (such as a restaurant), this step may also be performed before the food item is shipped to a food vendor or other customer (e.g., at the same manufacturing plant where the rest of the food item is prepared).

Pre-Filled Condiment-Filled Food Items

As noted above, one method of preparing condiment-filled food items according to the present invention involves pre-manufacturing the food items to contain condiment (e.g., before shipping the food items to a food vendor or other customer). This may be done either by using one or more of the condiment injection techniques described above, or by adding condiment to the interior of a pre-manufactured food item using any other suitable method. Examples of generally related methods of manufacturing food items are described in the following U.S. patents and patent applications, all of which are hereby incorporated herein by reference: U.S. Patent 4,517,203; U.S. Patent 4,618,499; U.S. Patent 5,009,903; U.S. Patent 5,236,724; and U.S. Patent Application 20020098267.

Examples of pre-manufactured food items according to various embodiments of the present invention include the following: (1) ketchup-filled French fries; (2) cheese-sauce filled French fries; (3) dressing filled French fries; (4) sauce-filled French fries (e.g., French fries filled with barbeque, sweet-and-sour, horseradish, mustard, teriyaki, or other sauce); (5) gravy filled French fries; (6) mayonnaise filled French fries; (7) ketchup-filled hash browns; (8) ketchup-filled hot dogs; (9) mustard-filled hot dogs; (10) mustard-filled pretzels; (11) sauce-filled chicken nuggets (e.g., chicken nuggets filled with barbeque, sweet-

and-sour, horseradish, mustard, or other sauce). However, any of the food items and condiments described herein (or other types of food items or condiments) may be combined to form other pre-manufactured food items according to the present invention. For example, ranch-dressing and a hot dog may be combined to form a ranch-dressing filled hot dog.

Automated Injection of Condiment into a Food Item

In various embodiments of the invention, the injection of one or more condiments into one or more food items is at least partially (and may be entirely) automated. For example, in various embodiments of the invention, the injection process is performed by a condiment injection apparatus that is configured for facilitating the injection of one or more food items with at least one condiment. In one embodiment of the invention, the condiment injection apparatus is configured for receiving a plurality of food items, and injecting each of the plurality of food items with a condiment. In a particular embodiment of the invention, the condiment injection apparatus is configured for sequentially injecting a plurality of food items in a substantially (or entirely) automated manner. For example, one embodiment of the condiment injection apparatus is configured for receiving a batch, an order, or other plurality of French fries, and using an automated device to sequentially, simultaneously, or both sequentially and simultaneously, inject the plurality of French fries with a condiment (e.g., ketchup, ranch dressing, barbeque sauce, hot sauce, mayonnaise, or any of the other condiments referenced in this specification).

In one embodiment of the invention, a single machine (or a plurality of interconnected machines) may be used to inject a selected one or more of a plurality of different condiments into food items in a substantially automated manner. In this embodiment of the invention, a user preferably uses an input device (such as a selection lever, or an electronic user interface) to select one or more of a plurality of condiments that are to be injected into the food item or food items to be processed. The one or more food items are then loaded into the machine, which then at least substantially automatically (and preferably entirely automatically) injects the food items with the selected condiment or condiments.

For example, a condiment injection device according to one embodiment of the invention comprises a French fry receiving portion, an injection portion, and a

French fry output portion. In this embodiment of the invention, the French fry receiving portion is configured for receiving a plurality of French fries from a user and directing the French fries to the French fry injection portion. The French fry injection portion is configured for injecting (for example, automatically or substantially automatically) French fries that are received from the French fry receiving portion. The French fry output portion is configured for receiving the injected French fries from the French fry injection portion and preferably for storing the injected French fries (either within or outside of the condiment injection device) until the injected French fries are retrieved by a user.

In one embodiment of the invention, the condiment injection device comprises an input device for allowing users to select one or more of a plurality of condiments to be injected into the French fries.

It should be understood that, while the condiment injection device above is described for use in injecting French fries with ketchup, similar techniques and devices may be used to inject other condiments (e.g., any of the condiments referenced herein) into other types of food items (e.g., any of the food items referenced herein).

Description of Figures 14A, 14B, 15A, and 15B

A condiment injection apparatus **1200** according to one embodiment of the invention is shown in Figures 14A, 14B, 15A, and 15B. While this embodiment of the invention is discussed below as being used to inject French fries with a condiment, such as ketchup, it should be understood that a similar condiment injection apparatus may use the same general techniques to inject any of a variety of food items (such as any of the food items disclosed in this specification) with a condiment or other food item.

As may be understood from Figure 14A, in this embodiment of the invention, the condiment injection apparatus **1200** comprises: (1) a food item receiving portion **1203**; (2) a food item injection portion **1229**; and (3) an injected food item dispensing portion **1248**. In one embodiment of the invention, the food item receiving portion **1203** comprises a hopper **1210** that is generally funnel shaped (e.g., substantially in the form of a hollow cone) and that defines a relatively wide inlet opening **1204** and a relatively narrow outlet opening **1206**. In one embodiment of the invention, the maximum width of the inlet opening **1204**

(which is preferably substantially circular) is at least 5 times (or, alternatively, at least 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, or 10 times) the average width of French fries to be injected by the condiment injection apparatus **1200**, and the maximum width of the outlet opening **1206** is less than two times (and preferably about equal to) the average width of French fries to be injected by the condiment injection apparatus **1200**.

In one embodiment of the invention, a vibrating device **1215**, such as a rotary motion vibrator for bins and hoppers, is disposed adjacent (and preferably attached to) the hopper **1210** so that when the vibrating device **1215** is activated, the hopper **1210** vibrates. This serves to facilitate movement of the French fries **1205** out of the hopper's outlet opening **1206**.

As shown in Figure 14A, an input conveyor **1220** (which may, for example, be a static slide or a powered conveyor such as an endless belt conveyor) is disposed adjacent the hopper's outlet opening **1206**. The input conveyor **1220** is also preferably positioned to receive French fries **1205** from the hopper's outlet opening **1206** and to transport the French fries **1205** to the injection portion **1229** of the condiment injection apparatus **1200**. In the embodiment of the invention shown in Figure 14A, the input conveyor **1220**, comprises a slide (e.g., having a generally half-circular cross-section) that is configured to convey French fries **1205** from the hopper's outlet opening **1206** to an injection portion conveyor **1225**. This injection portion conveyor **1225** is configured to move the French fries **1205** through the injection portion **1229** of the condiment injection apparatus **1200**.

As shown in Figure 14A, in one embodiment of the invention, the injection portion **1229** of the condiment injection apparatus **1200** comprises: (1) an injection-portion conveyor **1225** that is adapted to transport French fries through the injection portion of the condiment injection apparatus **1200**; and (2) an injection assembly **1230** that is adapted to inject one or more French fries **1205** with condiment as the French fries **1205** pass through the injection portion **1229** of the condiment injection apparatus **1200**.

In one embodiment of the invention, the injection assembly **1230** comprises an injection member **1227**, and a sensor **1240** disposed adjacent the injection member **1227**. In this embodiment of the invention, the injection member **1227** comprises one or more injection nozzles **1235** that are adapted for injecting condiment into the interior of French fries **1205**. These injection nozzles **1235**

may take the form of any of the nozzles described herein, or any other suitable form.

As may be understood from Figure 14A, the injection member **1227** comprises one or more (and preferably a plurality of) injection nozzles **1235** that are positioned adjacent a substantially circular exterior outer surface of the injection member **1227**, so that the injection nozzles **1235** extend outwardly from, and radially from, the injection member **1227**. In one embodiment of the invention, the injection member **1227** comprises a single row of injection nozzles **1235** that are spaced substantially evenly apart from each other around the circumference of a substantially circular outer surface of the injection member **1227**. As discussed in greater detail below, this may allow the injection member **1227** to inject a single French fry **1205** multiple times with a condiment (such as ketchup) as the French fry **1205** moves adjacent the injection member **1227**.

In one embodiment of the invention, the injection nozzles **1235** are positioned so that an injection portion (e.g., the outer tip) of each injection nozzle **1235** is spaced apart from the injection portion of at least one other injection nozzle **1235** (and preferably all other injection nozzles) by no more than four inches (or, for example, no more than three inches, no more than two inches, no more than one inch, and/or no more than one half inch). Similarly, in one embodiment of the invention, the injection nozzles **1235** are spaced apart so that an injection portion (e.g., the outer tip) of each injection nozzle **1235** is spaced apart from the injection portion of at least one other injection nozzle **1235** (and preferably all other injection nozzles) by at least 1/8 inch (or, for example, at least 1/4 inch, at least 1/2 of an inch, at least 3/4 of an inch, and/or at least one inch).

The interior structure of an injection member **1227** according to one embodiment of the invention is shown in Figure 15B. As may be understood from this figure, the injection member **1227** comprises a rotatable outer portion **1232** and an interior support portion **1231**. The rotatable outer portion **1232** is preferably mounted, in any manner known in the art (e.g., using bearings) so that the rotatable outer portion **1232** rotates (e.g., under the power of a drive mechanism, such as a motor or by manual power) about the exterior surface of the interior support portion **1231**. In one embodiment of the invention, the rotatable outer portion **1232** defines a substantially cylindrical interior portion **1233** that is positioned to substantially conform with a substantially cylindrical exterior portion

1234 of the interior support portion **1231**. This allows the rotatable outer portion **1232** to move smoothly about the substantially cylindrical exterior portion **1234** of the interior support portion **1231**.

As may be understood from Figure 15B, the interior support portion **1231** defines an interior cavity **1236**, and a condiment delivery passage **1262** through which condiment may be delivered from the interior cavity **1236** (e.g., via a condiment supply member **1275** disposed within the interior cavity **1236**) to an interior surface of the rotatable outer portion **1232**. In one embodiment of the invention, a condiment supply member (such as a supply tube) **1275** may be provided for carrying condiment from a condiment source (such as a pressurized, or unpressurized, condiment container) to the interior support condiment delivery passage **1262**. In one embodiment of the invention, the flow of condiment from the condiment supply member **1275** and into the condiment delivery passage **1262** is regulated by a valve **1270** that is disposed between the condiment supply member **1275** and the condiment delivery passage **1262**.

As shown in Figure 15B, the rotatable outer portion **1232** preferably defines a nozzle-supply passage **1257** adjacent an inlet portion **1237** of each nozzle **1235** (each of which, in one embodiment, is positioned adjacent the exterior surface of the rotatable outer portion **1232** as described above). Each nozzle **1235** defines an interior passage **1261** that serves as a conduit between the nozzle-supply passage **1257** adjacent the nozzle **1235** and the nozzle's outlet **1238**. Each nozzle **1235** and corresponding nozzle-supply passage **1257** are preferably positioned so that when the nozzle **1235** and corresponding nozzle-supply passage **1257** reach a pre-determined radial position adjacent the interior support portion **1231**, the nozzle-supply passage **1257** aligns with the interior support portion's condiment delivery passage **1262** so that, when the valve **1270** is open, condiment may flow from the condiment supply member **1275**, through the valve **1270**, through the condiment delivery passage **1262**, through the particular nozzle-supply passage **1257** that is adjacent the condiment delivery passage **1262**, through the nozzle **1235** that is adjacent that particular nozzle-supply passage **1257** and out the nozzle's outlet **1238** (which, in one embodiment of the invention, is adjacent the outer tip of the nozzle **1235**).

As will be understood from Figure 15B, if the valve **1270** is left open and a motor is used to rotate the rotatable outer portion **1232** about the outer surface of

the interior support portion **1231**, condiment will flow out of the outlet **1238** of (e.g., the tip of) each nozzle **1235** when the nozzle **1235** is adjacent the condiment delivery passage **1262**. Thus, in one embodiment of the invention, condiment will flow out of a particular nozzle's outlet **1238** when that particular nozzle **1235** reaches a pre-determined radial position relative to the interior support portion **1231** (and, when, if a valve **1270** is used to regulate condiment flow through the various nozzles **1235**, the valve **1270** is open).

Turning again to Figure 14A, in one embodiment of the invention, a sensor **1240** (e.g., a light, heat, or motion sensor) is provided in a position that is suitable to determine whether a nozzle **1235**, which is in (or about to reach) a condiment delivery position (e.g., a position in which the nozzle **1235** and corresponding nozzle-supply passage **1257** are positioned to receive condiment from a condiment source, such as the condiment supply member **1275**), is positioned within a French fry. For example, as shown in Figures 14A and 15A, a light sensor **1240** may be positioned so that it is adjacent (and preferably immediately adjacent) the tip of a nozzle **1235** (e.g., particular nozzle **1246**) when the nozzle **1235** is in the condiment delivery position. (See, for example, Figures 14A and 15A, which show a particular nozzle **1246** in a condiment delivery position).

The sensor **1240** may then be used to determine whether a French fry **1205** is present while the particular nozzle **1246** is in the condiment delivery position. If so, the sensor **1240** sends a signal (e.g., to a computer processor or other suitable control device) that opens the valve **1270**. This, in turn, causes condiment to flow through the particular nozzle **1246** in the manner discussed above, and into the interior of the French fry **1205**. If the sensor **1240** does not detect a French fry adjacent the particular nozzle **1246**, however, the valve **1270** remains closed and no condiment flows through the nozzle **1246**. This serves to assure that condiment is only dispensed from the nozzle **1246** when a French fry is positioned to receive the condiment. This, in turn, may reduce the amount of condiment wasted during the injection process.

Alternatively, the condiment injection apparatus **1230** may be provided without a valve **1270** (or other device) for regulating condiment flow from the condiment supply member **1275** to the various nozzles **1235**. In such an embodiment, each nozzle **1235** will typically eject condiment each time that the nozzle **1235** reaches a condiment delivery position. In this embodiment, the

apparatus is preferably configured with a condiment receiving member (such as a condiment receiving bin, not shown) for receiving condiment that has been ejected from a nozzle **1235** when a French fry is not positioned to receive the condiment.

As may be understood from Figures 14A and 14B, the injection member **1227** is preferably positioned adjacent the injection-portion conveyor **1225** so that the injection member's axis of rotation is substantially parallel to an upper surface of the injection-portion conveyor **1225** and so that a plane formed by the injection member's various nozzles **1235** (which, in one embodiment of the invention, are substantially co-planar) is both: (1) substantially perpendicular to the upper surface of the injection-portion conveyor **1225**; and (2) substantially parallel to at least one side of the injection-portion conveyor **1225**. In addition, the injection member **1227** is preferably positioned so that when one of the injection member's nozzles **1235** is: (1) positioned between the injection member's axis of rotation and the upper surface of the injection-portion conveyor **1225**; and (2) substantially perpendicular to the upper surface of the injection-portion conveyor **1225**, there is a gap between that nozzle **1235** and the upper surface of the injection-portion conveyor **1225**. In one embodiment of the invention, the length of this gap (the distance between the end of the nozzle **1235** and the upper surface of the injection portion conveyor **1225** when the nozzle **1235** is in the position specified above) is less than the average width of French fries to be injected by the condiment injection apparatus **1200** (e.g., the width of a standard French fry). In various embodiments of the invention, the length of this gap is: (1) less than 1/8 of the average width of French fries to be injected by the condiment injection apparatus **1200**; (2) less than 1/4 of the average width of French fries to be injected by the condiment injection apparatus **1200**; (3) less than 3/8 of the average width of French fries to be injected by the condiment injection apparatus **1200**; (4) less than 1/2 of the average width of French fries to be injected by the condiment injection apparatus **1200**; (5) less than 5/8 of the average width of French fries to be injected by the condiment injection apparatus **1200**; (6) less than 3/4 of the average width of French fries to be injected by the condiment injection apparatus **1200**; and/or (7) less than 7/8 of the average width of French fries to be injected by the condiment injection apparatus **1200**. Also, in various embodiments of the invention, the length of this gap is: (1) less than 3/4 of an inch; (2) less than 5/8 of an inch; (3)

less than 1/2 of an inch; (4) less than 3/8 of an inch; (5) less than 1/4 of an inch; (6) less than 1/8 of an inch; and/or (7) less than 1/16 of an inch.

In one embodiment of the invention, this gap is dimensioned so that when a French fry **1205** passes between the injection member **1227** and the injection-portion conveyor **1225**, at least one of the injection member's nozzles **1235** pierces only one surface (e.g., the upper surface) of the French fry **1205**. This serves to prevent the nozzle **1235** from piercing entirely through the French fry **1205** and ejecting condiment adjacent the exterior of the French fry **1205** rather than into the French fry's interior. However, the gap may also be selected so that the injection member **1227** automatically dispenses condiment onto the exterior surface of the French fry **1205** (e.g., with or without piercing the French fry).

In one embodiment of the invention, a motor is provided to rotate the rotatable outer portion **1232** (see Figure 15B) so that the linear speed of the nozzles **1235** as the nozzles **1235** pass adjacent the top surface of the injection portion conveyor **1225** is about the same as the linear speed of the top surface of the injection portion conveyor **1225** (which may, for example, be a motorized, endless-belt conveyor). In an alternative embodiment of the invention, the injection portion conveyor **1225** is a slanted, fixed smooth surface that is configured to allow the French fries **1205** to slide relative to the injection portion conveyor **1225** as the French fries **1205** are injected by the injection member **1227**.

Returning to Figure 14A, and as noted above, in one embodiment of the invention, the condiment delivery apparatus **1200** further comprises an injected food item dispensing portion **1248** that is configured for dispensing food items that have been injected with condiment in the condiment delivery apparatus' injection portion **1230**. In one embodiment of the invention, the injected food item dispensing portion **1248** comprises a dispensing conveyor **1245** and a dispensing bin **1250**. The dispensing conveyor **1245** (which may be any suitable conveyor for conveying French fries **1205** – e.g., a slide or a belt conveyor) is preferably positioned for conveying injected French fries **1205** from the injection conveyor **1225** into the dispensing bin **1250**, which may be used to dispense injected French fries **1205** to a user (such as a food service worker or a customer).

To use the condiment injection device of Figures 14A, 14B, 15A, and 15B, a user places one or more French fries **1205** into the interior of the hopper **1210**, and then activates the condiment injection apparatus **1200**. Activating the

condiment injection apparatus **1200** causes the vibrating device **1215** to vibrate (and to thereby vibrate the hopper **1210**) and also causes the injection member **1227** to rotate and the injection-portion conveyor **1225** to move as discussed in greater detail below.

The vibration of the hopper **1210** and the shape of the hopper's interior surface (which is preferably substantially conical) orients the French fries **1205** in a generally vertical orientation in which one end of at least one of the French fries is adjacent the outlet portion **1206** of the hopper **1210**. The vibration of the hopper **1210** then causes the French fries **1205** to move, one-by-one, through the hopper's outlet portion **1206** (which is preferably only large enough to dispense one French fry at a time).

When a particular French fry **1205** exits the hopper **1210**, the French fry **1205** is in a substantially vertical position in which the central, longitudinal axis of the French fry is substantially parallel to the longitudinal axis of a portion of the input conveyor **1220** that is immediately adjacent the hopper **1210**. Once the French fry **1205** leaves the hopper **1210**, the French fry **1205** moves along the input conveyor **1220** to the injection-portion conveyor **1225**. As shown in Figure 14A, in one embodiment of the invention, the input conveyor **1220** is configured to move the French fry **1205** from a substantially vertical to a substantially horizontal position while maintaining the French fry **1205** so that the French Fry's longitudinal axis is substantially parallel to (and preferably substantially coplanar with) a plane defined by at least two of, and preferably all of, the injection member's nozzles **1235**.

When the French fry **1205** reaches the injection-portion conveyor **1225**, the injection-portion conveyor **1225** moves the French fry **1205** under the injection member **1227** while maintaining the French fry's longitudinal axis substantially parallel to, and substantially laterally aligned with, a plane defined by at least two of, and preferably all of, the injection member's nozzles **1235**. As shown in Figure 14B, in one embodiment of the invention, the injection portion conveyor **1225** is preferably provided with substantially parallel raised portions **1221**, **1222** (which are omitted from Figure 14A for purposes of clarity) for maintaining the French fry's longitudinal axis substantially parallel to, and substantially laterally aligned with, a plane defined by at least two of, and preferably all of, the injection member's nozzles **1235**. These raised portions **1221**, **1222** are preferably parallel

and spaced apart by a distance that is about equal to the width of a French fry **1205** to be processed by the condiment injection apparatus **1200**. In one embodiment of the invention, these raised portions **1221**, **1222** are about 1/16 inch in height, but they may be dimensioned differently to accommodate the particular French fries **1205** to be injected.

As a French fry **1205** approaches the injection member **1227**, a first nozzle **1235** pierces a top surface of the French fry **1205** as shown generally in Figure 15A. The French fry **1205** and the first nozzle **1235** then move together substantially in tandem as the first nozzle **1235** moves around the injection member's axis of rotation **1242**, and the French fry **1205** is moved under the injection member **1227** by the injection-portion conveyor **1225** and/or the rotational motion of the injection member **1227**. When the first nozzle's nozzle supply passage **1257** (see Figure 15B) aligns with the condiment delivery passage **1262**, the portion of the French fry **1205** immediately adjacent the end of the first nozzle **1235** activates the sensor **1240**, which sends a signal to a control system (e.g., a computer processor or other suitable control system) that opens the valve **1270**. This, in turn, causes condiment to flow from the condiment supply member **1275**, through the valve **1270**, through the condiment delivery passage **1262**, through the first nozzle's nozzle supply passage **1257**, through the nozzle **1235**, and into the interior of the French fry **1205**. As the first nozzle **1235** and the French fry **1205** continue to move, the first nozzle **1235** and its corresponding nozzle supply passage **1257** eventually move so that the nozzle supply passage **1257** is no longer aligned with the condiment delivery passage **1262**. This causes condiment to stop flowing into (and, accordingly, out of) the first nozzle **1235**. The first nozzle **1235** then rotates out of engagement with the French fry **1205**, and the injected French fry **1205** is eventually transported (in various embodiments after being injected with condiment by a second, third, fourth, and/or fifth nozzle **1235**) to the injected food item dispensing portion **1248** so that the injected French fry **1205** may be dispensed to a user.

Returning to Figure 14A, once an injected French fry **1205** reaches the condiment dispensing apparatus' dispensing portion **1248**, the French fry **1205** is conveyed by the dispensing portion conveyor **1245** to a dispensing bin **1250**, where the injected French fry may be retrieved by a user.

As will be understood in view of the above description and the corresponding Figures (especially Figure 15A) the condiment injection apparatus 1200 may be configured to automatically inject a single French fry 1205 with condiment several times. If desired, this serves to provide the French fry 1205 with a substantially uniform condiment filling.

As may be understood from the above description and from Figure 13B, the amount of condiment injected into a particular French fry 1205 by a particular nozzle 1235 will depend upon such factors as: (1) the pressure at which condiment is supplied by the condiment supply member 1275, (2) the size (e.g., the length of the arc defined by) the condiment delivery passage 1262; (3) the size of the nozzle supply passages 1257; (4) the size of the interior bore 1261 of the nozzles 1235; and (5) the speed at which the injection member's rotatable outer portion 1232 rotates about its axis of rotation 1242. One or more of these various factors can be selected and modified (preferably in real time) to fill French fries 1205 with the desired amount (e.g., a predetermined amount) of condiment.

For example, the condiment injection apparatus 1200 may be provided with a "desired condiment fill amount" input device that allows users to select whether they would like their French fries 1205 to be filled with a "large", "medium", or "small" amount of condiment. Input from this input device may be used (for example, by a computer processor connected to a pressure regulator) to vary the pressure at which condiment is delivered by the condiment supply member 1275 so that this pressure corresponds with the selected, desired fill amount. For example, if a user uses the input device to indicate that they would like a "large" amount of condiment injected into their French fries, the computer processor may use the pressure regulator to maintain the pressure of condiment delivered by the condiment supply member 1275 at a relatively high level. This causes a relatively large amount of condiment to be injected into the French fries.

Similarly, if a user uses the input device to indicate that they would like a "small" amount of condiment injected into their French fries, the computer processor uses the pressure regulator to maintain the pressure of condiment delivered by the condiment supply member 1275 at a relatively low level. This causes a relatively small amount of condiment to be injected into the French fries.

As will be understood by one skilled in the art, a similar effect may be accomplished in many other ways (e.g., by replacing the valve 1270 with a

variable flow valve and using this variable flow valve to provide a selectably variable condiment flow through the injection member's nozzles **1235**, or by varying, in accordance with the amount of condiment selected by the user, the speed at which the injection member's rotatable outer portion **1232** rotates about its axis of rotation.

It should be understood that while the above embodiment of the invention is described as being configured for injecting French fries with a condiment, this embodiment of the invention (or modified versions of this embodiment) may also be used to inject other food items (such as any of the food items discussed in this specification) with any condiment or other fluid food item.

As will be understood by one skilled in the art in light of this disclosure, configuration of the embodiment of the invention shown in Figures 14A, 14B, 15A, and 15B, may differ based on design choice. For example, the injection member **1227** may be positioned adjacent the hopper's outlet portion **1206** and configured to inject French fries **1205** with condiment while the French fries **1205** are in a substantially vertical, rather than horizontal, orientation. In this embodiment of the invention, the dispensing bin **1250** may be, for example, positioned generally below the injection member **1227** to receive French fries **1205** after they have been injected with condiment by the injection member **1227**.

Description of Figure 16

A condiment injection apparatus **1405** according to a further embodiment of the invention is shown in Figure 16. As may be understood from this figure, this condiment injection apparatus **1405** comprises an injection member **1420** that comprises an injection member base portion **1425** and a plurality of injection nozzles **1430**. At least one (and preferably all) of these injection nozzles **1430** is supplied with condiment from a (preferably lightly pressurized) condiment source **1415** via a conduit (such as tubing **1455**, **1465**). Flow from the condiment source **1415** may be regulated by a flow regulation device **1460** (such as a valve or pump).

The condiment injection apparatus **1405** further comprises a food item receiving bin **1440** for receiving and supporting food items to be injected by the injection member **1420**. This receiving bin **1440** may include a grate as its bottom surface **1445**, and an excess condiment receiving bin **1450** below the bottom surface **1445**.

As may be generally understood from Figure 16, in one embodiment of the invention, the injection member 1420 is preferably configured to move between an open position (e.g., the position shown in Figure 16), and a closed position, in which the injection member's nozzles 1430 are positioned so that they are substantially perpendicular to the receiving bin's bottom surface 1445, and so that the ends of the nozzles 1430 are spaced apart from the receiving bin's bottom surface 1445 by a gap.

In various embodiments of the invention, the length of this gap is: (1) less than $1/8$ of a thickness of a food item to be injected with condiment by the machine; (2) less than $1/4$ of a thickness of a food item to be injected by the machine; (3) less than $3/8$ of a thickness of a food item to be injected by the machine; (4) less than $1/2$ of a thickness of a food item to be injected by the machine; (5) less than $5/8$ of a thickness of a food item to be injected by the machine; (6) less than $3/4$ of a thickness of a food item to be injected by the machine; and/or (7) less than $7/8$ of a thickness of a food item to be injected by the machine. Also, in various embodiments of the invention, the length of this gap is: (1) less than $3/4$ of an inch; (2) less than $5/8$ of an inch; (3) less than $1/2$ of an inch; (4) less than $3/8$ of an inch; (5) less than $1/4$ of an inch; (6) less than $1/8$ of an inch; and/or (7) less than $1/16$ of an inch.

In one embodiment of the invention, the gap is dimensioned so that when a food item (such as a French fry) is disposed between the injection member 1420 and the receiving bin's bottom surface 1445, and the injection member 1420 is in the closed position, at least one of the injection member's nozzles 1430 pierces only one surface (e.g., the upper surface) of the food item. This serves to prevent the nozzle 1430 from piercing entirely through the food item and ejecting condiment adjacent the exterior of the food item rather than into the food item's interior. (However, the gap may also be selected so that the condiment dispensing apparatus 1405 automatically dispenses condiment onto the exterior surfaces of one or more food items.)

In one embodiment of the invention, the injection member 1420 is attached to rotate relative to the receiving bin 1440 via a hinge 1437. Furthermore, the injection member 1420 is preferably provided with a handle 1435 for facilitating the movement of the injection member 1420 between an open and a closed position.

To use this embodiment of the invention, the user first moves the injection member **1420** into an open position. The user then places one or more food items, such as French Fries, hash browns, French toast sticks, pancakes, tater tots, hot dogs, hamburgers (or any other food item, especially the food items mentioned in this specification) into the interior of the receiving bin **1440** (preferably so that the food items form a single layer on the bottom of the receiving bin **1440**). The user then moves the injection member **1420** into the closed position (e.g., by rotating the injection member **1420** downwardly about the hinge **1437**).

In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the condiment injection apparatus **1405** includes a sensor (e.g., a light sensor, a mechanical sensor, or any other suitable sensor) that senses when the injection member **1420** has been initially moved into the closed position. When the sensor determines that the injection member **1420** has been moved into the closed position, the condiment injection apparatus **1405** (and preferably a computer processor or other suitable control system disposed within or connected to the condiment injection apparatus **1405**) uses the flow regulation device **1460** to allow condiment to flow from the condiment source **1415**, through the injection nozzles **1430** and into the interior of the food items within the receiving bin **1440**. In one embodiment of the invention, one or more of the nozzles **1430** is configured to only eject condiment if the nozzle **1430** is disposed within the interior of a food item. This may be accomplished in any suitable manner, and especially in any manner discussed herein.

Alternatively, each nozzle **1430** is configured to eject condiment whenever the injection member **1420** is moved into the closed position. In this embodiment, if a nozzle **1430** ejects condiment and the condiment does not come to rest on the exterior or within the exterior of a food item, the condiment simply passes through holes defined by the bottom surface **1445** of the receiving bin **1440** and into an excess condiment receiving bin **1450** disposed adjacent (and preferably below) the bottom surface **1445** of the receiving bin **1440**.

Description of Figure 18

Figure 18 depicts a condiment injection apparatus **1600** according to an exemplary embodiment of the invention that is configured for injecting food items with a condiment, especially food items (such as hash browns) that have a distinct exterior contour. As may be understood from this figure, this embodiment of the

invention comprises an injection member **1605** that includes at least one injection subassembly **1620, 1621** having a plurality of injection nozzles **1625**. At least one (and preferably all) of the injection nozzles **1625** within a particular injection subassembly **1620, 1621** is supplied with one or more condiments from a (preferably lightly pressurized) condiment source (not shown) via one or more conduits (such as condiment inlets **1640, 1641, 1642**). Flow from the condiment source is regulated by one or more flow regulation devices, such as a valve or pump (not shown) (e.g., in a manner discussed above).

The condiment injection apparatus **1600** also comprises a base portion **1610** defining one or more food item receiving portions **1615, 1616** each of which is configured for receiving and supporting at least one particular type of food item to be injected by the injection member **1605**. In one embodiment of the invention, each food item receiving portion **1615, 1616** is configured to substantially conform to an exterior profile of a particular food item (such as a hash brown) and to maintain the food item in place when the food item is being injected with a condiment by the condiment injection apparatus **1600**.

In one embodiment of the invention, each food item receiving portion **1615, 1616** includes a grate as its bottom surface **1630**, and an excess condiment receiving bin (not shown) is preferably disposed adjacent to (and preferably below) this grate. In one embodiment of the invention, this excess condiment receiving bin is configured to receive condiment that is ejected from the nozzles **1620, 1621** and that does not come to rest on or within a food item. The excess condiment receiving bin may be configured to be drained, for example, by an excess condiment outlet tube **1635**.

As may be generally understood from Figure 18, in one embodiment of the invention, the injection member **1605** is preferably configured to move between an open position (shown in Figure 18), and a closed position, in which the nozzles of each injection subassembly **1620, 1621** are positioned substantially within a corresponding food item receiving portion **1615, 1616**. For example, when the condiment injection device **1600** is in a closed position, the nozzles **1625** of the leftmost injection subassembly **1621** are disposed substantially within the leftmost food item receiving portion **1616**.

Also, in one embodiment of the invention, the nozzles **1625** of at least a particular one of the injection subassemblies **1620, 1621** together form the general

shape of the food item receiving portion **1615**, **1616** that corresponds to that particular injection subassembly **1620**, **1621**. This may serve to assure that the food item is, for example, substantially uniformly injected with condiment.) Also, in one embodiment of the invention, when the injection member **1605** is in the closed position, the injection member's nozzles **1625** are positioned so that they are substantially perpendicular to their corresponding food item receiving portion's bottom surface **1630**, and so that the ends of the nozzles **1625** are spaced apart from that food item receiving portion's bottom surface **1630** by a gap.

In various embodiments of the invention, the length of this gap is: (1) less than $1/8$ of the thickness of a food item to be injected by the condiment injection apparatus **1600**; (2) less than $1/4$ of the thickness of a food item to be injected by the condiment injection apparatus **1600**; (3) less than $3/8$ of the thickness of a food item to be injected by the condiment injection apparatus **1600**; (4) less than $1/2$ of the thickness of a food item to be injected by the condiment injection apparatus **1600**; (5) less than $5/8$ of the thickness of a food item to be injected by the condiment injection apparatus **1600**; (6) less than $3/4$ of the thickness of a food item to be injected by the condiment injection apparatus **1600**; and/or (7) less than $7/8$ of the thickness of a food item to be injected by the condiment injection apparatus **1600**. Also, in various embodiments of the invention, the length of this gap is: (1) less than $3/4$ of an inch; (2) less than $5/8$ of an inch; (3) less than $1/2$ of an inch; (4) less than $3/8$ of an inch; (5) less than $1/4$ of an inch; (6) less than $1/8$ of an inch; and/or (7) less than $1/16$ of an inch.

In one embodiment of the invention, the gap is dimensioned so that when a food item is disposed between the injection member **1605** and a food item receiving portion's bottom surface **1630**, and the injection member **1605** is in a closed position, at least one of the injection member's nozzles **1625** pierces only one surface (e.g., the upper surface) of the food item. This serves to prevent the nozzle **1625** from piercing entirely through the food item and ejecting condiment adjacent the exterior of the food item rather than into the food item's interior. However, the gap may also (or alternatively) be selected to automatically dispense condiment onto the exterior surface of the food item.

In one embodiment of the invention, the injection member **1605** is attached to rotate relative to the base portion **1610** about a hinge **1607**. Furthermore, the injection member **1605** is preferably provided with a handle **1650** for facilitating

the movement of the injection member **1605** between an open and a closed position.

To use this embodiment of the invention, the user first moves the injection member **1605** into an open position. The user then places at least one (and preferably only one) food item, such as a hash brown, pancake, tater tot, hot dog, hamburger (or any other food item, especially the food items mentioned in this specification) into each food item receiving portion **1615**, **1616**. In one embodiment of the invention, the user places each food item into a food item receiving portion **1615**, **1616** that defines a retaining portion (e.g., the side portions of the food item receiving portion **1615**, **1616**) that are in a form that substantially corresponds to the exterior shape of the food item.

For example, in the example shown in Figure 18, one hash brown is placed into each of the condiment dispensing apparatus' generally hash brown-shaped food item receiving portions **1615**, **1616**. Each hash brown is then aligned within its corresponding food item receiving portion **1615**, **1616** so that the hash brown fits within its corresponding food item receiving portion **1615**, **1616**. The user then moves the injection member **1605** into the closed position.

In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the condiment injection apparatus **1600** includes a sensor (e.g., a light sensor, a mechanical sensor, or any other suitable sensor) that senses when the injection member **1605** has been initially moved into a closed position. When the sensor determines that the injection member **1605** has been moved into the closed position, the condiment injection apparatus **1600** (and preferably a computer processor or other suitable control mechanism disposed within, or attached to, the condiment injection apparatus) uses a flow regulation device (not shown) to convey condiment from at least one condiment source (e.g., one or more condiment inlets **1640**, **1641**, **1642**), through the injection nozzles **1625**, and into the interior of the food items.

In one embodiment of the invention, one or more of the injection nozzles **1625** is configured to only eject condiment if the injection nozzle **1625** is disposed within the interior of a food item. This may be accomplished in any suitable manner (e.g., by providing a sensor apparatus adjacent each nozzle **1625** that detects the presence of a food item and only permits condiment flow through the nozzle **1625** if the sensor detects the presence of a food item adjacent the nozzle **1625**), and especially in any manner discussed above.

Alternatively, one or more sensors may be provided within each food item receiving portion 1615, 1616, and condiment may only be permitted to flow through the nozzles 1625 of a particular injection subassembly 1620, 1621 if: (1) the injection member 1605 is in a closed position; and (2) the one or more sensors detect the presence of a food item within the food item receiving portion 1615, 1616 that corresponds to that particular injection subassembly 1620, 1621.

Alternatively, the condiment injection apparatus 1600 may be configured so that each nozzle 1625 ejects condiment whenever the injection member 1605 is moved into a closed position. In this embodiment, if a nozzle 1625 ejects condiment without being adjacent a food item, the condiment simply passes through holes defined by the bottom surface 1630 of the corresponding food item receiving portion 1615, 1616 and into an excess condiment receiving bin (not shown).

As shown generally in Figure 18, the condiment injection apparatus 1600 may be supplied with a plurality of different condiments via one or more condiment inlets 1640, 1641, 1642. In one embodiment of the invention, the condiment injection apparatus 1600 is configured to allow a user to select one or more condiments from a plurality of condiments for injection into one or more food items. This allows users to use a single machine to inject food items with a variety of different condiments (e.g., ketchup, cheese sauce, ranch dressing, barbeque sauce, or maple syrup)

Description of Figures 17A – 17C

Figures 17A-17C depict yet another embodiment of a condiment injection apparatus 1500 according to the present invention. As may be understood from these figures, this condiment injection apparatus 1500 comprises: (1) a conveyor 1505 (such as an endless belt conveyor or other suitable conveyor) having at least one food item support plate 1507, 1509 disposed adjacent the top surface of the conveyor 1505; (2) a food item scanning system, such as a light grid 1510, that is configured for determining the position and/or the dimensions of food items 1511 passing through food item scanning system; and (3) an automated injection assembly 1520 that is configured for injecting food items 1511 with condiment once the food item scanning system has determined the position and/or dimensions of the food items 1511.

As may be understood from Figure 17A, in this embodiment of the invention, the conveyor **1505** is configured to move food items **1511** (such as French fries) disposed on a support plate **1507**, **1509** relative to both a light grid **1510** (such as a DS3 series AREASCAN™ detection and measurement light grid, which is manufactured by Datasensor SpA) and an automated injection assembly **1520**. As the food items **1511** pass through the light grid **1510** (and towards the automated injection assembly **1520**), the light grid **1510** scans the food items **1511** and determines the dimensions and positions of the food items **1511** on the support plate **1507**, **1509**. The conveyor then moves the support plate **1507**, **1509** adjacent (in this case, under) the automated injection assembly **1520**.

Next, the condiment injection apparatus **1500** moves one or more injection nozzles **1530** in response to the information obtained from the light grid **1510**. More particularly, in one embodiment of the invention, the condiment injection apparatus **1500** uses a control system (e.g., a computer operated control system) to move at least one injection nozzle **1530** above the position of a particular food item. This position is preferably determined based on position and measurement information obtained from the light grid **1510**.

After the nozzle is above the particular food item, the system moves the injection nozzle **1530** toward the food item **1511** (e.g., downwardly toward the top surface of the conveyor **1505**) until the injection nozzle **1530** pierces the exterior surface of the food item (e.g., as described above) and until the outlet portion of the injection nozzle **1530** is disposed within the interior of the food item **1511**. Condiment is then injected through the injection nozzle **1530** and into the interior of the food item **1511** (e.g., as described above).

After the food item **1511** is injected with condiment, the automated injection assembly **1520** withdraws the injection nozzle **1530** from the interior of the food item **1511**. The condiment injection apparatus **1500** then dispenses the injected food item **1511** to a user (e.g., along with other injected food items **1511**) by, for example, moving the support plate **1507**, **1509** back to its starting position (which is shown in the left hand portion of Figures 17A and 17C) where the injected food items are removed by a user.

As may be understood from Figures 17A and 17C, in order to decrease the amount of time required to inject a plurality of food items (e.g., a serving or a batch of French fries) with condiment, in one embodiment of the invention, the

automated injection assembly **1520** comprises a plurality of injection nozzles **1530** that are configured to simultaneously inject a plurality of food items **1511** with condiment. In one embodiment of the invention, a first of the injection nozzles **1530** is configured to inject a first food item **1511** with condiment while a second of the injection nozzles **1530** is injecting a second food item **1511** with condiment. Similarly, in a particular embodiment of the invention, a third of the injection nozzles **1530** is configured to inject a third food item **1511** with condiment while the first and second injection nozzles **1530** are injecting condiment into the first and second food items **1511**, respectively.

In another embodiment of the invention, a first injection nozzle **1530** and a second injection nozzle **1530** are configured to simultaneously inject a single food item **1511** with condiment. This decreases the time needed to inject condiment into the food item **1511**.

In one embodiment of the invention, each injection nozzle **1530** is retractably mounted to a carriage **1563** so that the injection nozzle **1530** may move toward and away from food items **1511** disposed on a support plate **1507**, **1509** positioned beneath the automated injection assembly **1520**. As may be understood from Figure 17B, each carriage **1563** is preferably slidably mounted adjacent a rod **1560** that extends laterally across the conveyor **1505**, (e.g., substantially perpendicular to the lateral sides of the conveyor). This allows each carriage **1535** and corresponding nozzle **1530** to slide laterally relative to the conveyor **1505** as needed to inject condiment into various food items **1511** disposed on the support plate **1507**, **1509**.

As will be understood by one skilled in the art, any appropriate automated motion device (e.g., an actuator) may be used to induce the lateral and vertical motion of the various nozzles **1530** relative to both the support plate **1507**, **1509** and the food items **1511**. In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the movement of each nozzle **1530** is controlled by a central computerized control system, which, as noted above, coordinates the movement of the injection nozzles **1530** in response to food item position information received from the light grid **1510**.

As will be understood in light of the above disclosure, the various nozzles **1530** may be supplied with one or more condiments via a condiment source in any appropriate manner (and especially in a manner described above). For example, in

one embodiment of the invention, flow of the condiment through each nozzle is controlled by an individual flow regulation device **1540** (such as a pump or a valve) that is configured to control condiment flow from a condiment source **1550**, through one or more conduits **1535** and through one or more corresponding nozzles **1530**.

In one embodiment of the invention, the condiment injection apparatus **1500** is configured to allow a user to select, from a plurality of available condiments, one or more particular condiments (e.g., via an input device on the condiment injection apparatus **1500**) to be injected into a particular food item (or plurality of food items). For example, a user may use the input device to direct the condiment injection apparatus **1500** to inject a particular serving of French fries with cheese sauce (rather than ketchup, ranch dressing, or barbeque sauce, which may also be available for selection by the user).

Description of Figures 19A and 19B

Figures 19A and 19B depict a condiment injection apparatus **1700** according to one embodiment of the invention that is configured for injecting condiment into the lateral sides of one or more food items **1710**, such as French toast sticks, waffle sticks, hot dogs, chicken nuggets, or any other food items listed in this specification. As may be understood from Figure 19A, to use the apparatus, at least one food item **1710** is first inserted into a food item receiving portion **1705** defined by the condiment injection apparatus **1700**. As shown in Figure 19B, at least one injection nozzle **1715** is then moved so that it pierces one or more side portions of the food item **1710** and so that the nozzle's outlet is disposed within the interior of the food item **1710**. Condiment is then injected through the nozzle **1715** and into the food item **1710** (e.g., in a manner discussed in detail above). One or more mechanically-controlled or computer-controlled actuators are preferably used to control the movement of the nozzles **1715** relative to the food item **1710**.

As may be understood from Figure 19B, in one embodiment of the invention, the condiment injection apparatus **1700** comprises at least two injection nozzles **1715** that are adjacent opposing lateral sides of the food item **1705**.

The flow of condiments from one or more condiment sources **1720** and through the various injection nozzles **1715** may be regulated in any manner discussed above. For example, in one embodiment of the invention, flow of the

condiment through each injection nozzle **1715** is controlled by an individual flow regulation device (such as a pump or a valve) in a manner discussed above.

Description of Figures 20A and 20B

Figures 20A and 20B depict a condiment injection device **1800** according to yet another embodiment of the invention. As may be understood from these figures, this embodiment of the invention comprises a conveyor **1825** (e.g., an endless conveyor) that is configured to move food items (such as French fries **1830**, **1835**) relative to, and, for example, beneath a substantially cylindrical injection member **1805** that comprises one or more condiment injection nozzles **1810**, and that is mounted to rotate relative to the conveyor **1825**.

In one embodiment of the invention, the injection member **1805** is rotated about a central axis (e.g., in the direction shown in Figure 20A) and, while the injection member **1805** is rotating, the conveyor **1825** is moved to transfer food items **1830**, **1835** from a first end of the conveyor **1825** (e.g., the left end of the conveyor **1825** shown in Figure 20A), underneath the injection member **1805**, and to a second end of the conveyor **1825** (e.g., the right end of the conveyor **1825** shown in Figure 20A). In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the injection member **1805** is positioned and configured to inject the food items **1830**, **1835** (e.g., in a manner described herein) as the food items **1830**, **1835** pass beneath the injection member **1805**.

Alternatively, the food items **1830**, **1835** may remain in a fixed position and the injection member **1805** may be moved relative to the food items **1830**, **1835** to inject the food items **1830**, **1835** with condiment from a condiment source **1815**. In one embodiment of the invention, this is done by moving the injection member **1805**, preferably while the injection member **1805** is rotating, along a substantially planar path that is substantially parallel to a surface on which the food items **1830**, **1835** are supported.

As may be understood from Figure 20A and Figure 20B, which shows an interior cross-section of the injection member **1805**, in one embodiment of the invention, the injection member **1805** defines a condiment-receiving cavity **1840** for receiving condiment from a condiment source **1815**. In this embodiment of the invention, the condiment injection device **1800** is configured to transfer condiment from the condiment-receiving cavity **1840**, through a nozzle-supply passage **1855**

defined by the injection member **1805**, through a nozzle **1810** adjacent the nozzle-supply passage **1855**, out of the nozzle's outlet, and into a food item **1830**, **1835**. In one embodiment of the invention, this flow of condiment is regulated, as discussed generally above in regard to Figures 14A, 14B, 15A, and 15B, by a valve **1845** adjacent the nozzle supply passage **1855**. In one embodiment of the invention, a sensor **1850**, such as a light, temperature, or motion sensor, is disposed adjacent the nozzle **1810** to detect the presence of a food item adjacent the nozzle **1810**. In a particular embodiment of the invention, the condiment injection device **1800** is configured to only open a valve **1845** adjacent a particular nozzle **1810**, when a sensor **1850** detects the presence of a food item **1830**, **1835** adjacent that particular nozzle **1810**. In one embodiment of the invention, this serves to prevent the discharge of condiment from the particular nozzle **1810** when no food item **1830**, **1835** is adjacent that nozzle **1810**.

Description of Figures 21A – 21C

Figures 21A – 21C depict a condiment injection apparatus **1900** according to yet another embodiment of the invention that is configured to inject condiment adjacent (e.g., into) the end portion of a food item **1960** such as a hot dog, chicken nugget, pretzel stick, or any other food item (especially those referenced in this specification). As may be understood from these figures, this condiment injection apparatus **1900** defines a food item receiving portion **1905** (e.g., a recess that is configured for at least partially receiving a food item **1960**), a food item positioning assembly **1919**, and at least one injection member (such as an injection nozzle **1930**).

The food item positioning assembly **1919** is preferably configured to move the food item **1960** relative to the injection member **1930** (which may be, for example, an injection nozzle, such as any injection nozzle described herein) so that the injection member **1930** pierces an end portion of the food item **1960**, and so that an outlet portion **1931** of the injection member **1930** is within an interior portion **1965** (for example, a hollow portion) of the food item **1960**. The condiment injection apparatus **1900** then injects condiment into the interior of the food item **1960** in a manner discussed above. After the food item **1960** is injected with the desired amount of condiment, the food item positioning assembly **1919**

preferably moves the food item 1960 out of engagement with the injection member 1930 and the food item 1960 is then removed by a user.

As shown in Figures 21B and 21C, the injection member 1930 may be supplied with a condiment via a condiment source 1950 and flow of the condiment from the condiment source 1950 to the injection member 1930 may be regulated by a condiment flow regulation device 1940, such as a pump or a valve (e.g., in the manner described above).

In one embodiment of the invention, the food item positioning assembly 1919 is configured for applying pressure to the sides of the food item 1960 and for moving the food item 1960 toward the injection member 1930 while applying pressure to the sides of the food item 1960. This serves to assure that the injection member 1930 will move smoothly into the food item 1960 without the food item 1960 slipping substantially relative to the food item positioning assembly 1919.

In one embodiment of the invention, the food item positioning assembly 1919 comprises one or more actuators 1914, 1916, 1920, 1922 for effecting the above-described movement of the food item 1960 (for example, actuators 1914, 1916, 1920, 1922 may be configured for movement in the directions indicated in Figure 21C). However, any other known device may be used for effecting the movement of the food item 1960 relative to the injection member 1930. For example, a vacuum may be used to draw the food item 1960 onto the injection member, and then flow of the vacuum may be reversed to force the food item 1960 off of the injection member after the food item 1960 has been injected with condiment.

Similarly, movement of the food item 1960 may be accomplished by a user manually moving the food item 1960 relative to the injection member 1930. In this embodiment of the invention, the condiment injection apparatus 1900 is preferably configured to sense the presence of a food item 1960 adjacent the injection member 1930 and, in response to detecting the presence of the food item 1960, injecting the food item 1960 with a condiment. In addition, the injection member 1930 may be configured to move relative to the food item 1960 (rather than moving the food item 1960 relative to the injection member 1930) during the injection process. In this embodiment of the invention, the condiment injection apparatus 1900 is preferably configured to hold the food item 1960 in place while the food item 1960 is injected with condiment.

The embodiment of the invention shown in Figures 21A – 21C is particularly suitable for injecting condiment into hot dogs (especially cooked hot dogs) that define a hollow interior portion 1965 to create a “fresh condiment-filled food item” (a food item that has been filled with a condiment after the food item has been cooked), such as a fresh condiment-filled hot dog. For example, this allows users (such as restaurant workers or customers) to produce a condiment-filled hot dog (preferably at a restaurant) that is filled with a condiment that was not pre-frozen or otherwise heated or cooled along with the hot dog.

Various versions of this embodiment of the invention may also be used to allow users to fill a hot dog (or other food item) on a customized basis. Thus, in response to a customer ordering a food item (such as a hot dog) that is filled with a particular, specified condiment, a food worker may retrieve a cooked food item, inject the food item with the specified condiment, and then serve the food item to the customer. Alternatively, a restaurant (or other food vendor) may provide a customer with a food item (such as a hot dog) that defines a condiment-receiving cavity 1965 (or other recess) and also provide the customer with an apparatus for injecting one or more condiments into the food item’s condiment receiving cavity 1965. In one embodiment of the invention, this may allow customers to fill the food item as desired with one or more condiments of their choice.

Conclusion

It should be understood that while various embodiments above may be described in relation to a particular food item or a particular condiment, any suitable food item (especially any of the food items disclosed in this specification) may be used in any of the above embodiments and any suitable condiment (especially any of the condiments disclosed in this specification) may be used in any of the embodiments described above.

Furthermore, it should be understood that any of the embodiments of the invention described herein may be used with various different types of nozzles (e.g., any of the injection nozzles or other nozzles described herein). In addition, it should be understood that any of the embodiments of the invention described herein may be equipped with nozzles that are configured for injecting condiment onto an exterior surface of, rather than into an interior surface of, a food item.

It should also be understood that, while various embodiments above are described as having a single condiment source, this single condiment source may be replaced by one or more condiment sources that are configured for providing multiple condiments to any of the above embodiments of the invention. This serves to allow the embodiments to be used to inject one or more of a plurality of condiments into one or more food items.

Also, in any embodiment of the invention described above, the condiment source may comprise a disposable condiment container that is configured to be depleted of condiment only once before either being disposed of or returned to a central facility for refilling. Such disposable condiment containers are preferably configured so that they are difficult for a user to refill without tampering.

Furthermore, a method according to one embodiment of the invention comprises the steps of: (1) providing a condiment injection device and at least two disposable condiment containers; (2) using the condiment injection device to inject condiment from the a first disposable condiment container into one or more food items until the first disposable condiment container is substantially depleted of condiment; (3) replacing the first, depleted condiment container with a second condiment container; and (4) using the condiment injection device to inject condiment from the second disposable condiment container into one or more food items until the second disposable condiment container is substantially depleted of condiment.

It should be understood that while many of the embodiments of the invention described above are discussed as being configured for applying condiment to a food item after the food item is cooked, the techniques described above may also be used to apply condiments to uncooked food items. For example, a user may use one or more of the above techniques to inject a food item, such as a hollow French toast stick, with a condiment before cooking the food item.

In addition, it should be understood that while the above disclosure describes using the invention for dispensing a condiment, the invention may also be used for dispensing other fluid materials, such as other fluid food items (i.e., food items that are capable of flowing), and other fluid items. Similarly, while the above disclosure describes using the invention to inject fluid items into food items,

the invention may also be used for dispensing fluid materials into other items, such as non-edible items.

Many modifications and other embodiments of the invention will come to mind to one skilled in the art to which this invention pertains having the benefit of the teachings presented in the foregoing descriptions and the associated drawings. Therefore, it is to be understood that the invention is not to be limited to the specific embodiments disclosed and that modifications and other embodiments are intended to be included within the scope of the appended claims. Although specific terms are employed herein, they are used in a generic and descriptive sense only and not for purposes of limitation.

CLAIMS

What I claim is:

1. A condiment dispenser comprising:
a housing defining an interior portion; and
an injection nozzle defining an interior passage, said injection nozzle being:
(A) in liquid communication with said interior portion of said housing; and (B)
adapted to facilitate the transfer of condiment from said interior portion of said
housing into an interior portion of a food item.
2. The condiment dispenser of Claim 1, wherein said injection nozzle
is adapted to pierce an exterior surface of said food item and to thereby facilitate
the transfer of condiment from said housing into said interior portion of said food
item.
3. The condiment dispenser of Claim 2, wherein said injection nozzle
is configured so that when said injection nozzle pierces said exterior surface of said
food item, said injection nozzle makes a hole in said food item that is dimensioned
to allow condiment to flow into said food item through said injection nozzle
4. The condiment dispenser of claim 3, wherein said injection nozzle
is configured so that said hole in said food item is dimensioned to substantially
restrict said condiment from flowing out of said interior of said food item through
said hole.
5. The condiment dispenser of Claim 5, wherein said hole in said food
item is dimensioned to prevent said condiment from flowing from out of said
interior portion of said food item through said hole.
6. The condiment dispenser of Claim 3, wherein a maximum width of
said hole in said food item is less than 0.2 inches.

7. The condiment dispenser of Claim 3, wherein a maximum width of said hole in said food item is less than 0.15 inches.

8. The condiment dispenser of Claim 3, wherein a maximum width of said hole in said food item is less than 0.1 inches.

9. The condiment dispenser of Claim 3, wherein a maximum width of said hole in said food item is less than 0.05 inches.

10. The condiment dispenser of Claim 3, wherein said hole in said food item is substantially circular and wherein a maximum width of said hole is less than 0.2 inches.

11. The condiment dispenser of Claim 10, wherein a maximum width of said hole in said food item is less than 0.15 inches.

12. The condiment dispenser of Claim 10, wherein a maximum width of said hole in said food item is less than 0.1 inches.

13. The condiment dispenser of Claim 10, wherein a maximum width of said hole in said food item is less than 0.05 inches.

14. The condiment dispenser of Claim 1, wherein said injection nozzle is adapted to pierce an exterior surface of said food item and thereby facilitate the insertion of an outlet end of said injection nozzle into said interior portion of said food item.

15. The condiment dispenser of Claim 1, wherein said injection nozzle is an injection needle.

16. The condiment dispenser of Claim 1, wherein:
said injection nozzle is adapted to pierce an exterior surface of said food item and to allow a portion of said injection nozzle to extend into said interior portion of said food item; and
a maximum width of said portion of said injection nozzle that extends into said interior portion of said food item is less than 0.2 inches.
17. The condiment dispenser of Claim 16, wherein a maximum width of said portion of said injection nozzle that extends into said interior portion of said food item is less than 0.1 inches.
18. The condiment dispenser of Claim 1, wherein said injection nozzle is substantially sharply pointed.
19. The condiment dispenser of Claim 1, wherein said injection nozzle is substantially rigid.
20. The condiment dispenser of Claim 19, wherein said housing is comprised of a flexible material.
21. The condiment dispenser of Claim 1, wherein said injection nozzle is elongate.
22. The condiment dispenser of Claim 1, wherein said food item is a French fry.
23. The condiment dispenser of Claim 22, wherein said condiment is ketchup.
24. The condiment dispenser of Claim 22, wherein said condiment is cheese sauce.

25. The condiment dispenser of Claim 1, wherein said food item is a French toast stick.

26. The condiment dispenser of Claim 25, wherein said condiment is syrup.

27. The condiment dispenser of Claim 1, wherein said condiment dispenser is configured for pre-heating said condiment before said condiment is transferred from said interior portion of said housing into said interior portion of said food item.

28. The condiment dispenser of Claim 1, wherein said injection nozzle is adapted to facilitate the injection of a condiment into an interior portion of said food item without leaving a significant amount of condiment on an exterior surface of said food item.

29. The condiment dispenser of Claim 1, wherein said condiment dispenser is a condiment packet and said housing comprises a pocket of flexible material.

30. The condiment dispenser of Claim 29, wherein said housing is substantially rectangular.

31. The condiment dispenser of Claim 1, wherein said condiment dispenser is pre-filled with a condiment and sealed to maintain the condiment in said housing before said condiment is dispensed from said condiment dispenser.

32. The condiment dispenser of Claim 1, wherein said interior portion of said housing is configured to hold at least one pint of condiment.

33. The condiment dispenser of Claim 1, wherein:

said injection nozzle is a first injection nozzle; and

said condiment dispenser further comprises a second injection nozzle, said second injection nozzle being adapted to facilitate the transfer of condiment from said interior portion of said housing to said interior portion of said food item.

34. The condiment dispenser of Claim 33, wherein:

said first injection nozzle is adapted to pierce said food item a first time to facilitate a first transfer of condiment from said interior portion of said housing to said interior portion of said food item; and

said second injection nozzle is adapted to pierce said food item a second time to facilitate a second transfer of condiment from said interior portion of said housing to said interior portion of said food item.

35. The condiment dispenser of Claim 34, wherein said condiment dispenser is configured so that said first and second transfers of condiment occur at substantially the same time.

36. The condiment dispenser of Claim 34, wherein said condiment dispenser is configured so that said first and second transfers of condiment occur at different times.

37. The condiment dispenser of Claim 33, wherein:

said food item is a first food item;

said first injection nozzle is adapted to pierce said first food item to facilitate a first transfer of condiment, said first transfer of condiment being a transfer of condiment from said interior portion of said housing to said interior portion of said first food item; and

said second injection nozzle is adapted to pierce a second food item to facilitate a second transfer of condiment, said second transfer of condiment being a transfer of condiment from said interior portion of said housing to said interior portion of said second food item.

38. The condiment dispenser of Claim 37, wherein said condiment dispenser is configured so that said first and second transfers of condiment occur at substantially the same time.

39. The condiment dispenser of Claim 37, wherein said condiment dispenser is configured so that said first and second transfers of condiment occur at different times.

40. The condiment dispenser of Claim 1, wherein said condiment dispenser is adapted so that a user may use said condiment dispenser to inject condiment into a food item by inserting an outlet end of said injection nozzle into an interior portion of said food item and then squeezing said housing to force condiment from said interior portion of said housing, through said injection nozzle, and into an interior portion of said food item.

41. The condiment dispenser of Claim 40, wherein said injection nozzle is adapted to allow a user to pierce an exterior surface of said food item and thereby facilitate the insertion of said outlet end of said injection nozzle into said interior portion of said food item.

42. The condiment dispenser of Claim 1, wherein said condiment dispenser is configured for injecting condiment into said food item substantially immediately after said food item has been cooked.

43. The condiment dispenser of Claim 42, wherein said condiment dispenser is configured for injecting condiment into said food item substantially immediately after said food item has been deep fried.

44. The condiment dispenser of Claim 43, wherein said condiment dispenser is configured for injecting condiment into said food item while said food item is still warm from being cooked.

45. The condiment dispenser of Claim 1, wherein said condiment dispenser is configured for injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said food item until said food item is at least 5% filled with said condiment.

46. The condiment dispenser of Claim 1, wherein said condiment dispenser is configured for injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said food item until said food item is at least 10% filled with said condiment.

47. The condiment dispenser of Claim 1, wherein said condiment dispenser is configured for injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said food item until said food item is at least 15% filled with said condiment.

48. The condiment dispenser of Claim 1, wherein said condiment dispenser is configured for injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said food item until said food item is at least 20% filled with said condiment.

49. A condiment dispenser comprising:
a housing defining an interior portion; and
an injection nozzle defining an interior passage, said injection nozzle being:
(A) in liquid communication with said interior portion of said housing; and (B)
adapted to facilitate the transfer of condiment from said interior portion of said
housing into an interior portion of a French fry.

50. The condiment dispenser of Claim 49, wherein said injection nozzle
is configured to pierce an exterior surface of said French fry and to thereby
facilitate the transfer of condiment from interior portion of said housing into said
interior portion of said French fry.

51. The condiment dispenser of Claim 50, wherein said injection nozzle
is configured so that when said injection nozzle pierces said exterior surface of said
French fry, said injection nozzle makes a hole in said French fry that is
dimensioned to allow condiment to flow into said interior portion of said French
fry through said injection nozzle.

52. The condiment dispenser of Claim 51, wherein said hole in said
French fry is dimensioned to substantially restrict said condiment from flowing out
of said interior portion of said French fry.

53. The condiment dispenser of Claim 52, wherein a maximum width of
said hole in said French fry is less than 0.2 inches.

54. The condiment dispenser of Claim 51, wherein a maximum width of
said hole in said French fry is less than 0.1 inches.

55. The condiment dispenser of Claim 51, wherein a maximum width of
said hole in said French fry is less than 0.05 inches.

56. The condiment dispenser of Claim 49, wherein said injection nozzle is adapted to pierce an exterior surface of said French fry and thereby facilitate the insertion of an outlet end of said injection nozzle into said interior portion of said French fry.

57. The condiment dispenser of Claim 49, wherein:
said injection nozzle is adapted to pierce an exterior surface of said French fry and to allow a portion of said injection nozzle to extend into said interior portion of said French fry; and
a maximum width of said portion of said injection that extends into said interior portion of said French fry is less than 0.2 inches.

58. The condiment dispenser of Claim 57, wherein a maximum width of said portion of said injection nozzle that extends into said interior portion of said French fry is less than 0.1 inches.

59. The condiment dispenser of Claim 49, wherein said condiment is ketchup.

60. The condiment dispenser of Claim 49, wherein said condiment is cheese sauce.

61. The condiment dispenser of Claim 49, wherein said condiment dispenser is configured for pre-heating said condiment before said condiment is transferred from said interior portion of said housing into said interior portion of said French fry.

62. The condiment dispenser of Claim 49, wherein said injection nozzle is adapted to facilitate the injection of a condiment into an interior portion of said French fry without leaving a significant amount of condiment on an exterior surface of said French fry.

63. The condiment dispenser of Claim 49, wherein:
said injection nozzle is a first injection nozzle; and
said condiment dispenser further comprises a second injection nozzle, said second injection nozzle being adapted to facilitate the transfer of condiment from said interior portion of said housing into said interior portion of said French fry.

64. The condiment dispenser of Claim 63, wherein:
said first injection nozzle is adapted to pierce said French fry a first time to facilitate a first transfer of condiment from said interior portion of said housing to said interior portion of said French fry; and
said second injection nozzle is adapted to pierce said French fry a second time to facilitate a second transfer of condiment from said interior portion of said housing to said interior portion of said French fry.

65. The condiment dispenser of Claim 64, wherein said condiment dispenser is configured so that said first and second transfers of condiment occur at substantially the same time.

66. The condiment dispenser of Claim 65, wherein said condiment dispenser is configured so that said first and second transfers of condiment occur at different times.

67. The condiment dispenser of Claim 49, wherein said condiment dispenser is configured for injecting condiment into said French fry substantially immediately after said French fry has been cooked.

68. The condiment dispenser of Claim 67, wherein said condiment dispenser is configured for injecting condiment into said French fry substantially while said French fry is warm from being cooked.

69. The condiment dispenser of Claim 49, wherein said condiment dispenser is configured for injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry until said French fry is at least 5% filled with said condiment.

70. The condiment dispenser of Claim 49, wherein said condiment dispenser is configured for injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry until said French fry is at least 10% filled with said condiment.

71. The condiment dispenser of Claim 49, wherein said condiment dispenser is configured for injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry until said French fry is at least 15% filled with said condiment.

72. The condiment dispenser of Claim 49, wherein said condiment dispenser is configured for injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry until said French fry is at least 20% filled with said condiment.

73. The condiment dispenser of Claim 49, wherein said condiment dispenser is configured for transferring condiment from said interior portion of said housing into an interior portion of a French fry in a substantially automated manner.

74. A condiment dispenser comprising:
a housing defining an interior portion; and
an injection nozzle defining an interior passage, said injection nozzle being:
(A) in liquid communication with said housing; (B) adapted to create a hole in an exterior surface of a food item; and (C) adapted to facilitate the transfer of condiment from said interior portion of said housing, through said hole, and into an interior portion of a food item after said injection nozzle creates said hole in said exterior surface of said food item.

75. The condiment dispenser of Claim 74, wherein a portion of said injection nozzle used to create said hole has a maximum width of less than 0.2 inches.

76. The condiment dispenser of Claim 74, wherein a portion of said injection nozzle used to create said hole has a maximum width of less than 0.05 inches.

77. The condiment dispenser of Claim 74, wherein said hole has a maximum width of less than 0.2 inches

78. The condiment dispenser of Claim 74, wherein said hole has a maximum width of less than 0.05 inches.

79. A method of preparing a food item, said method comprising the steps of:
cooking said food item; and
after cooking said food item, injecting a condiment into an interior portion of said food item.

80. The method of Claim 79, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said food item comprises:
injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said food item until said food item is at least 5% filled with said condiment.

81. The method of Claim 79, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said food item comprises:
injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said food item until said food item is at least 10% filled with said condiment.

82. The method of Claim 79, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said food item comprises:
injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said food item until said food item is at least 15% filled with said condiment.

83. The method of Claim 79, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said food item comprises:
injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said food item until said food item is at least 20% filled with said condiment.

84. The method of Claim 79, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said food item comprises:

injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said food item until said food item is at least 25% filled with said condiment.

85. The method of Claim 79, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said food item comprises:

making a hole in an exterior surface of said food item; and

injecting said condiment through said hole and into said interior portion of said food item.

86. The method of Claim 85, wherein said hole is dimensioned to restrict the flow of condiment out of said interior portion of said food item.

87. The method of Claim 85, wherein a maximum width of said hole is less than 0.2 inches.

88. The method of Claim 85, wherein a maximum width of said hole is less than 0.1 inches.

89. The method of Claim 85, wherein a maximum width of said hole is less than 0.05 inches.

90. The method of Claim 79, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said food item comprises:

piercing an exterior surface of said food item with an injection nozzle; and

transferring said condiment through said injection nozzle and into said interior portion of said food item.

91. The method of Claim 90, wherein a maximum width of the portion of said injection nozzle that is used to pierce said food item is less than 0.1 inches.

92. The method of Claim 90, wherein a maximum width of the portion of said injection nozzle that is used to pierce said food item is less than 0.05 inches.

93. The method of Claim 79, further comprising preheating said condiment before said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said food item.

94. The method of Claim 79, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said food item comprises:

piercing an exterior surface of said food item a first time with an injection nozzle;

substantially immediately after piercing said exterior surface of said food item said first time with said injection nozzle, injecting a first portion of said condiment into said interior portion of said food item;

piercing said exterior surface of said food item a second time with said injection nozzle; and

substantially immediately after piercing said exterior surface of said food item said second time with said injection nozzle, injecting a second portion of said condiment into said interior portion of said food item.

95. The method of Claim 79, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said food item comprises:

piercing an exterior surface of said food item with a first injection nozzle;

substantially immediately after piercing said exterior surface of said food item said first time with said first injection nozzle, injecting a first portion of said condiment from said first injection nozzle into said interior portion of said food item;

piercing said exterior surface of said food item with a second injection nozzle, said second injection nozzle being different from said first injection nozzle; and

substantially immediately after piercing said exterior surface of said food item with said second injection nozzle, injecting a second portion of said condiment into said interior portion of said food item.

96. The method of Claim 79, wherein said step of cooking said food item comprises deep frying said food item.

97. The method of Claim 79, wherein said step of cooking said food item comprises baking said food item.

98. The method of Claim 79, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said food item comprises using an automated device to inject said condiment into said interior portion of said food item in a substantially automated manner.

99. The method of Claim 79, wherein said food item is a hash brown.

100. The method of Claim 99, wherein said condiment is ketchup.

101. The method of Claim 79, wherein said food item is a French toast stick.

102. The method of Claim 101, wherein said condiment is syrup.

103. The method of Claim 79, wherein said food item is a pancake.

104. The method of Claim 103, wherein said condiment is syrup.

105. The method of Claim 79, wherein said condiment is cheese sauce.

106. The method of Claim 79, wherein said condiment is barbeque sauce.

107. The method of Claim 79, wherein said condiment is ranch dressing.

108. The method of Claim 79, wherein said condiment is gravy.

109. The method of Claim 79, wherein said condiment is hot sauce.

110. A method of preparing a French fry, said comprising the steps of:
cooking said French fry; and
after cooking said French fry, injecting a condiment into an interior portion of said French fry.

111. The method of Claim 110, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry comprises:
injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry until said French fry is at least 5% filled with said condiment.

112. The method of Claim 110, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry comprises:
injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry until said French fry is at least 10% filled with said condiment.

113. The method of Claim 110, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry comprises:
injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry until said French fry is at least 15% filled with said condiment.

114. The method of Claim 110, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry comprises:
injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry until said French fry is at least 20% filled with said condiment.

115. The method of Claim 110, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry comprises:
injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry until said French fry is at least 25% filled with said condiment.

116. The method of Claim 110, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry comprises:

making a hole in an exterior surface of said French fry; and
injecting said condiment through said hole and into said interior portion of said French fry.

117. The method of Claim 116, wherein said hole is dimensioned to restrict the flow of condiment from said interior portion of said French fry to said exterior surface of said French fry.

118. The method of Claim 116, wherein a maximum width of said hole is less than 0.2 inches.

119. The method of Claim 116, wherein a maximum width of said hole is less than 0.1 inches.

120. The method of Claim 116, wherein a maximum width of said hole is less than 0.05 inches.

121. The method of Claim 110, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry comprises:

piercing an exterior surface of said French fry with an injection nozzle; and
transferring said condiment through said injection nozzle and into said interior portion of said French fry.

122. The method of Claim 121, wherein a maximum width of the portion of the injection nozzle that is used to pierce said French fry is less than 0.1 inches.

123. The method of Claim 121, wherein a maximum width of the portion of the injection nozzle that is used to pierce said French fry is less than 0.05 inches.

124. The method of Claim 110, further comprising preheating said condiment before said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry.

125. The method of Claim 110, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry comprises:

piercing an exterior surface of said French fry a first time with an injection nozzle;

substantially immediately after piercing said exterior surface of said French fry said first time with said injection nozzle, injecting a first portion of said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry;

piercing said exterior surface of said French fry a second time with said injection nozzle; and

substantially immediately after piercing said exterior surface of said French fry said second time with said injection nozzle, injecting a second portion of said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry.

126. The method of Claim 110, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry comprises:

piercing an exterior surface of said French fry with a first injection nozzle;

substantially immediately after piercing said exterior surface of said French fry with said first injection nozzle, injecting a first portion of said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry;

piercing said exterior surface of said French fry with a second injection nozzle, said second injection nozzle being different from said first injection nozzle; and

substantially immediately after piercing said exterior surface of said French fry with said second injection nozzle, injecting a second portion of said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry.

127. The method of Claim 110, wherein said step of cooking said French fry comprises deep frying said French fry.

128. The method of Claim 110, wherein said step of cooking said French fry comprises baking said French fry.

129. The method of Claim 110, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry comprises using an automated device to inject said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry in a substantially automated manner.

130. The method of Claim 110, wherein said condiment is cheese sauce.

131. The method of Claim 110, wherein said condiment is barbeque sauce.

132. The method of Claim 110, wherein said condiment is ranch dressing.

133. The method of Claim 110, wherein said condiment is gravy.

134. The method of Claim 110, wherein said condiment is hot sauce.

135. A method of injecting condiment into a plurality of French fries from within a single cooked batch of French fries, said method comprising using a substantially automated device to perform the steps of:

piercing, with an injection nozzle, an exterior surface of a first French fry from said single batch of French fries;

substantially immediately after piercing said exterior surface of said first French fry with an injection nozzle, injecting a first portion of said condiment into an interior portion of said first French fry;

piercing, with an injection nozzle, an exterior surface of a second French fry from said single batch of French fries; and

substantially immediately after piercing said exterior surface of said second French fry with an injection nozzle, injecting a second portion of said condiment into said interior portion of said second French fry.

136. The method of Claim 135, wherein said step of injecting said first portion of said condiment into said interior portion of said first French fry is executed at substantially the same time as said step of injecting said second portion of said condiment into said interior portion of said second French fry.

137. The method of Claim 135, wherein both said step of injecting said first portion of said condiment into said interior portion of said first French fry and said step of injecting said second portion of said condiment into said interior portion of said second French fry are executed substantially immediately after said single batch of French fries is cooked.

138. The method of Claim 137, wherein both said step of injecting said first portion of said condiment into said interior portion of said first French fry and said step of injecting said second portion of said condiment into said interior portion of said second French fry are executed substantially immediately after said single batch of French fries is deep fried.

139. The method of Claim 137, wherein both said step of injecting said first portion of said condiment into said interior portion of said first French fry and said step of injecting said second portion of said condiment into said interior portion of said second French fry are executed within five minutes after said single batch of French fries is cooked.

140. A method of preparing a serving of French fries, said serving of French fries comprising a plurality of French fries, said method comprising:
cooking said serving of French fries; and
after said step of cooking said serving of French fries, using an automated French fry injection device to inject, in a substantially automated manner, each of said plurality of French fries with a condiment.

141. The method of Claim 140, wherein said plurality of French fries comprises at least five French fries.

142. The method of Claim 140, wherein said step of using an automated French fry injection device to inject each of said plurality of French fries with a condiment comprises:

using a sensor to detect the presence of a particular one of said plurality of French fries; and

in response to said sensor detecting said presence of said particular French fry, injecting said particular French fry with said condiment.

143. The method of Claim 142, wherein said sensor is a temperature sensor.

144. A method of injecting condiment into a French fry, said method comprising the steps of:

inserting a dispensing portion of an elongate injection nozzle through an exterior surface of a French fry;

positioning said injection nozzle into an "injection position" in which said dispensing portion of said injection nozzle is within an interior portion of said French fry and in which said injection nozzle will direct condiment generally toward a lateral end of said French fry; and

after said step of positioning said injection nozzle into said "injection position" and while said nozzle is in said "injection position", injecting condiment through said injection nozzle and into said interior portion of said French fry.

145. The method of Claim 144, wherein a central axis of said injection nozzle and an exterior surface of said French fry form an angle of less than 75 degrees when said injection nozzle is in said injection position.

146. The method of Claim 144, wherein a central axis of said injection nozzle and an exterior surface of said French fry form an angle of less than 60 degrees when said injection nozzle is in said injection position.

147. The method of Claim 144, wherein a central axis of said injection nozzle and an exterior surface of said French fry form an angle of less than 45 degrees when said injection nozzle is in said injection position.

148. The method of Claim 144, wherein a central axis of said injection nozzle and an exterior surface of said French fry form an angle of less than 30 degrees when said injection nozzle is in said injection position.

149. A method of preparing a breakfast food item, said method comprising the steps of:

cooking said breakfast food item; and

after cooking said breakfast food item, injecting a condiment into an interior portion of said breakfast food item.

150. The method of Claim 149, wherein said condiment is syrup.

151. The method of Claim 149, wherein said breakfast food item is a French toast stick.

152. The method of Claim 149, wherein said breakfast food item is a pancake.

153. The method of Claim 149, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said breakfast food item comprises:

injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said breakfast food item until said breakfast food item is at least 3% filled with condiment.

154. The method of Claim 149, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said breakfast food item comprises:

injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said breakfast food item until said breakfast food item is at least 5% filled with condiment.

155. The method of Claim 149, wherein said step of injecting syrup into said interior portion of said breakfast food item comprises:

making a hole in an exterior surface of said breakfast food item; and

injecting said condiment through said hole and into said interior portion of said breakfast food item.

156. The method of Claim 149, wherein said hole is dimensioned to restrict the flow of condiment out of said interior portion of said breakfast food item.

157. The method of Claim 156, wherein said breakfast food item is a French toast stick.

158. The method of Claim 156, wherein said breakfast food item is a pancake.

159. The method of Claim 155, wherein a maximum width of said hole is less than 0.2 inches.

160. The method of Claim 155, wherein a maximum width of said hole is less than 0.1 inches.

161. The method of Claim 155, wherein a maximum width of said hole is less than 0.05 inches.

162. The method of Claim 149, wherein said step of injecting a condiment into said interior portion of said breakfast food item comprises:

 piercing an exterior surface of said breakfast food item with an injection nozzle; and

 transferring said condiment through said injection nozzle and into said interior portion of said breakfast food item,

163. The method of Claim 162, wherein a maximum width of the portion of the injection nozzle that is used to pierce said breakfast food item is less than 0.1 inches.

163. The method of Claim 149, further comprising preheating said condiment before said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said breakfast food item.

164. The method of Claim 149, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said breakfast food item comprises:

piercing an exterior surface of said breakfast food item a first time with an injection nozzle;

substantially immediately after piercing said exterior surface of said breakfast food item said first time with said injection nozzle, injecting a first portion of said condiment into said interior portion of said breakfast food item;

piercing said exterior surface of said breakfast food item a second time with said injection nozzle; and

substantially immediately after piercing said exterior surface of said breakfast food item said second time with said injection nozzle, injecting a second portion of said condiment into said interior portion of said breakfast food item.

165. The method of Claim 149, wherein said step of injecting said condiment into said interior portion of said breakfast food item comprises:

piercing an exterior surface of said breakfast food item with a first injection nozzle;

substantially immediately after piercing said exterior surface of said breakfast food item with said first injection nozzle, injecting a first portion of said condiment into said interior portion of said breakfast food item;

piercing said exterior surface of said breakfast food item with a second injection nozzle, said second injection nozzle being different from said first injection nozzle; and

substantially immediately after piercing said exterior surface of said breakfast food item with said second injection nozzle, injecting a second portion of said condiment into said interior portion of said French fry.

166. The method of Claim 165, wherein said step of injecting said first portion of said condiment, and said step of injecting said second portion of said condiment are executed at substantially the same time.

167. The method of Claim 165, wherein said step of injecting said first portion of said condiment into said interior portion of said breakfast food item is executed within a minute after said step of piercing the exterior surface of said breakfast food item with a first injection nozzle.

168. The method of Claim 149, wherein said step of cooking said breakfast food item comprises frying said breakfast food item.

169. A condiment-filled French fry comprising:
an outer potato shell; and
an interior condiment portion that is disposed within an interior portion of said French fry and that is at least substantially enclosed by said outer potato shell.

170. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 169, wherein said interior condiment portion has been injected into said interior portion of said French fry through said outer potato shell.

171. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 169, wherein said outer potato shell defines a condiment receiving hole through which said condiment portion has been injected into said interior portion of said French fry.

172. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 171, wherein a maximum width of said hole is less than 0.1 inches.

173. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 169, wherein said French fry is at least 10% filled with said condiment portion.

174. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 169, wherein said French fry is at least 20% filled with said condiment portion.

175. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 169, wherein said French fry is at least 25% filled with said condiment portion.

176. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 169, wherein said interior condiment portion comprises ketchup.

177. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 169, wherein:
said interior condiment portion is a first interior condiment portion; and
said French fry further comprises a second interior condiment portion, said second interior condiment portion being physically separated from said first interior condiment portion.

178. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 169, wherein:
said French fry defines a first interior chamber, and a second interior chamber that is remote from said first interior chamber; and
said first interior condiment portion is disposed within said first interior chamber; and
said second interior condiment portion is disposed within said second interior chamber.

179. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 178, wherein:
said first interior condiment portion comprises a first condiment; and
said second interior condiment portion comprises a second condiment, said second condiment being different from said first condiment.

180. A condiment-filled French fry comprising:
a French fry; and
a condiment portion disposed within an interior portion of said French fry.

181. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 180, wherein said interior condiment portion has been injected through an outer surface of said French fry.

182. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 180, wherein said French fry is a cooked French fry.

183. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 180, wherein said French fry is a French fry that has not been cooked.

184. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 180, wherein said French fry is at least 10% filled by said condiment.

185. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 184, wherein said condiment portion comprises ketchup.

186. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 184, wherein said condiment comprises gravy.

187. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 184, wherein said condiment comprises Ranch dressing.

188. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 184, wherein said condiment comprises cheese sauce.

189. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 184, wherein said condiment comprises barbeque sauce.

190. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 184, wherein said condiment comprises hot sauce.

191. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 184, wherein said condiment comprises gravy.

192. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 180, wherein said French fry is at least 15% filled by said condiment.

193. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 180, wherein said French fry is at least 20% filled by said condiment.

194. The condiment-filled French fry of Claim 180, wherein said French fry is at least 30% filled by said condiment.

195. A condiment tap comprising:

a nozzle having a nozzle inlet and a nozzle outlet, said nozzle defining a nozzle interior passage that extends between said nozzle inlet and said nozzle outlet; and

a tap member comprising a tap member inlet and a tap member outlet, said tap member defining a tap member interior passage, said tap member interior passage extending between said tap member inlet and said tap member outlet, said tap member interior passage being in liquid communication with said nozzle interior passage, and said tap member being configured to penetrate an exterior surface of a condiment packet to thereby allow said condiment tap interior passage to come into liquid communication with an interior portion of said condiment packet.

196. The condiment tap of Claim 195, further comprising a base member that is adapted to prevent the passage of said nozzle into said interior portion of said condiment packet after said tap member penetrates said exterior surface of said condiment packet.

197. The condiment tap of Claim 195, wherein said base member is disposed between said tap member and said nozzle.

198. The condiment tap of Claim 197, wherein said base member is wider than said tap member.

199. The condiment tap of Claim 195, further comprising a base member that is adapted to seal a hole in said condiment packet, said hole being made by said tap member after said tap member penetrates said exterior surface of said condiment packet.

200. The condiment tap of Claim 195, wherein said condiment packet is sealed, and wherein condiment is disposed within said interior portion of said condiment packet.

201. The condiment tap of Claim 195, wherein said condiment tap is configured to facilitate the flow of condiment from said interior portion of said condiment packet, through said condiment tap interior passage, through said nozzle interior passage, and out of said nozzle outlet.

202. The condiment tap of Claim 195, wherein:
said nozzle is configured to form a hole in an exterior surface of a food item; and

said condiment tap is configured to facilitate the flow of condiment from said interior portion of said condiment packet, through said condiment tap interior passage, through said nozzle interior passage, out of said nozzle outlet, through said hole in said exterior surface of said food item, and into an interior portion of said food item.

203. The condiment tap of Claim 202, wherein said outlet end of said nozzle is configured to form said hole in said exterior surface of said food item by piercing said food item.

204. The condiment tap of Claim 203, wherein said outlet end of said nozzle is substantially pointed.

205. The condiment tap of Claim 195, wherein said nozzle is elongate.

206. The condiment tap of Claim 195, wherein said tap member is pointed to allow a user to puncture said condiment packet with said tap member.

207. The condiment tap of Claim 195, wherein said tap member is adapted to form a substantially water-tight seal with said condiment packet when said tap member is in liquid communication with said interior portion of said condiment packet.

208. A condiment tap that is configured for:
puncturing an exterior surface of a condiment packet; and
after puncturing said condiment packet, acting as a conduit for the flow of
condiment out of said condiment packet.

209. The condiment tap of Claim 208, further comprising a base member
that is adapted to prevent the passage of said nozzle into said interior portion of
said condiment packet after said tap member punctures said exterior surface of said
condiment packet.

210. The condiment tap of Claim 208, further comprising a base member
that is adapted to seal a hole in said condiment packet, said hole being made by
said condiment tap after said condiment tap penetrates said exterior surface of said
condiment packet.

211. The condiment tap of Claim 208, wherein said condiment packet is
sealed, and wherein condiment is disposed within said interior portion of said
condiment packet.

212. The condiment tap of Claim 208, wherein said condiment tap is
configured to:

form a hole in an exterior surface of a food item; and
facilitate the flow of condiment from said interior portion of said condiment
packet, through said condiment tap, through said hole in said food item, and into an
interior portion of said food item.

213. The condiment tap of Claim 212, wherein said condiment tap is
configured to form said hole in said exterior surface of said food item by piercing
said food item.

214. A condiment dispenser kit comprising:

a housing defining an interior portion; and

a condiment tap comprising: (A) a nozzle having a nozzle inlet and a nozzle outlet, said nozzle defining a nozzle interior passage that extends between said nozzle inlet and said nozzle outlet; and (B) a tap member comprising a tap member inlet and a tap member outlet, said tap member defining a tap member interior passage, said tap member interior passage extending between said tap member inlet and said tap member outlet, said tap member interior passage being in liquid communication with said nozzle interior passage, and said tap member being configured to penetrate an exterior surface of said housing to thereby allow said condiment tap interior passage to come into liquid communication with said interior portion of said housing.

215. The condiment dispenser kit of Claim 214, wherein said condiment tap further comprises a base portion, said base portion being adapted to prevent the passage of said nozzle into said interior portion of said housing after said tap member penetrates said exterior surface of said housing.

216. The condiment dispenser kit of Claim 215, wherein said base portion is wider than said tap member.

217. The condiment dispenser kit of Claim 214, wherein said condiment tap comprises a base portion that is adapted to seal a hole in said housing made by said tap member, said hole being made when said tap member penetrates said exterior surface of said housing.

218. The condiment dispenser kit of Claim 214, wherein said housing is a sealed condiment packet, and wherein condiment is disposed within said interior portion of said housing.

219. The condiment dispenser kit of Claim 214, wherein said condiment tap is configured to facilitate the flow of condiment from said interior portion of

said housing, through said condiment tap interior passage, through said nozzle interior passage, and out of said nozzle outlet.

220. The condiment dispenser kit of Claim 214, wherein:

said nozzle is configured to form a hole in an exterior surface of a food item; and

said condiment tap is configured to facilitate the flow of condiment from said interior portion of said housing, through said condiment tap interior passage, through said nozzle interior passage, out of said nozzle outlet, through said hole in said exterior surface of said food item, and into an interior portion of said food item.

221. The condiment dispenser kit of Claim 220, wherein said outlet end of said nozzle is configured to pierce said exterior surface of said food item.

222. The condiment dispenser kit of Claim 220, wherein said outlet end of said nozzle is pointed.

223. The condiment dispenser kit of Claim 214, wherein said nozzle is elongate.

224. The condiment dispenser kit of Claim 214, wherein said tap member is pointed to allow a user to puncture said exterior surface of said housing with said tap member.

225. The condiment dispenser kit of Claim 214, wherein said housing includes a sealed opening that is adapted to open in response to a user pressing said tap member against said sealed opening.

226. The condiment dispenser kit of Claim 214, wherein said sealed opening is configured to form a substantially water-tight seal with said condiment tap when said tap member is in liquid communication with said interior portion of said housing.

227. A method of providing a condiment to a customer, said method comprising the steps of:

providing said customer with a condiment packet; and

providing said customer with a condiment tap that is configured for: (A) puncturing an exterior surface of said condiment packet; and (B) after puncturing said packet, acting as a conduit for the flow of condiment out of an interior portion of said condiment packet.

228. The method of Claim 227, wherein said condiment tap comprises:

a nozzle having a nozzle inlet and a nozzle outlet, said nozzle defining a nozzle interior passage that extends between said nozzle inlet and said nozzle outlet; and

a tap member comprising a tap member inlet and a tap member outlet, said tap member defining a tap member interior passage, said tap member interior passage extending between said tap member inlet and said tap member outlet, said tap member interior passage being in liquid communication with said nozzle interior passage, and said tap member being configured to penetrate an exterior surface of said condiment packet to thereby allow said condiment tap interior passage to come into liquid communication with said interior portion of said condiment packet.

229. The method of Claim 228, wherein said condiment tap further comprises a base portion, said base portion being adapted to prevent the passage of said nozzle into said interior portion of said condiment packet after said tap member penetrates said exterior surface of said condiment packet.

230. The method of Claim 229, wherein said base portion is wider than said tap member.

231. The method of Claim 228, wherein said condiment tap further comprises a base portion that is adapted to seal a hole in said condiment packet, said hole being made by said tap member after said tap member penetrates said exterior surface of said condiment packet.

232. The method of Claim 228, wherein:
said nozzle is configured to pierce an exterior surface of a food item; and
said condiment tap is configured to facilitate the flow of condiment out of said interior portion of said condiment packet.

233. The method of Claim 228, wherein said nozzle is adapted to facilitate the flow of condiment from said interior portion of said condiment packet and into an interior portion of said food item until said food item is at least 20% filled by condiment from said condiment packet.

234. The method of Claim 233, wherein said nozzle is adapted to pierce an exterior surface of said food item and to thereby facilitate the flow of condiment from said interior portion of said condiment packet.

235. The method of Claim 228, wherein said nozzle is adapted to facilitate the flow of condiment from said interior portion of said condiment packet and into an interior portion of said food item until said food item is at least 35% filled by condiment from said condiment packet.

236. The method of Claim 228, wherein said nozzle is adapted to facilitate the flow of condiment from said interior portion of said condiment packet and into an interior portion of said food item until said food item is at least 70% filled by condiment from said condiment packet.

237. A condiment-filled, potato-based food item comprising:
an outer, potato-based shell; and
a liquid condiment disposed within said outer shell, wherein said potato-based shell is configured to substantially restrict said liquid condiment from flowing out of said outer shell.

238. The food item of Claim 237, wherein said food item is a French fry.

239. The food item of Claim 238, wherein said condiment is ketchup.

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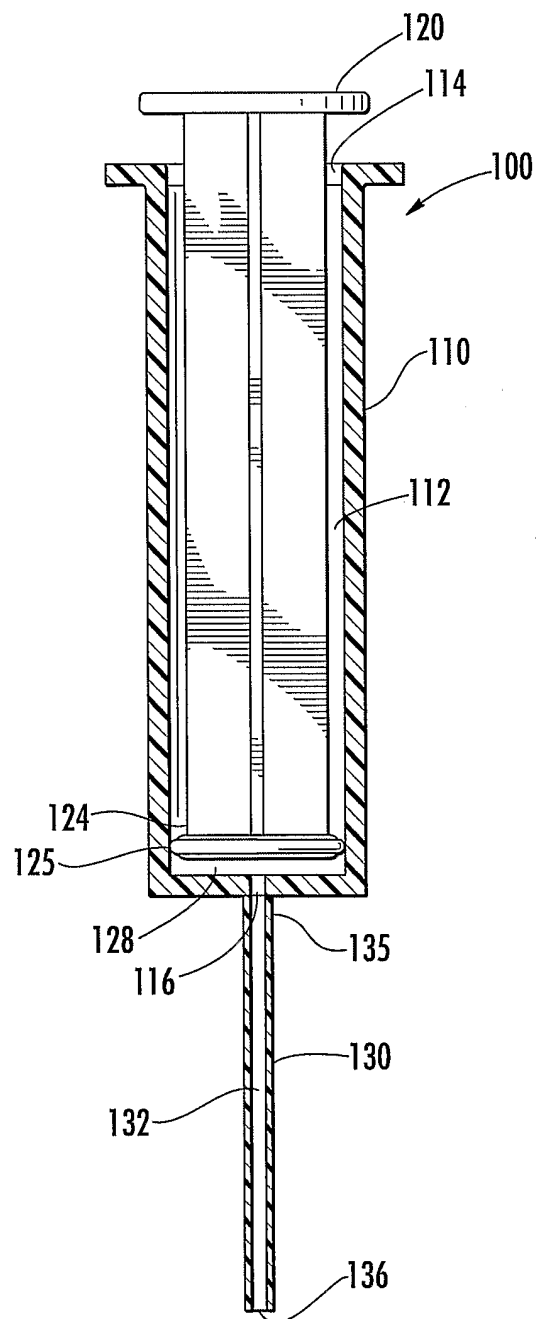


FIG. 1

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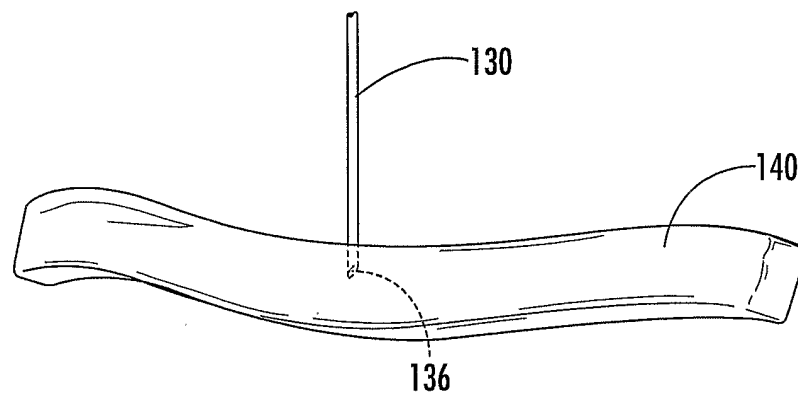
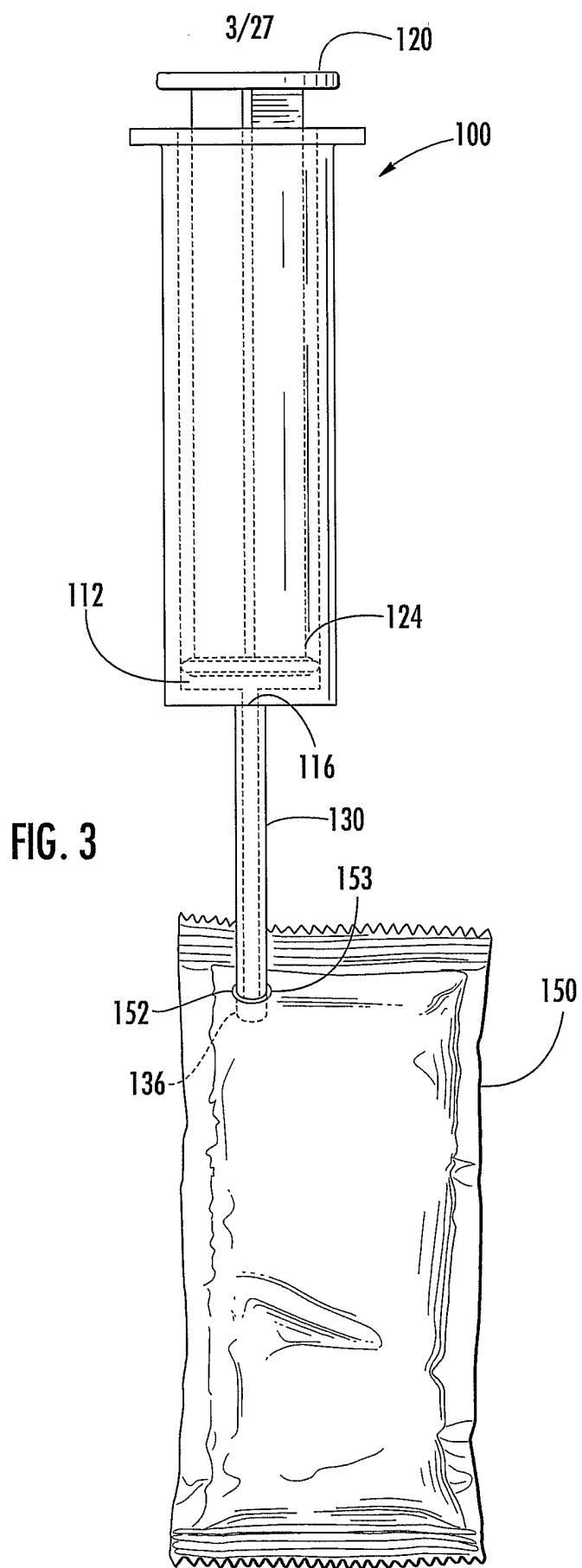


FIG. 2



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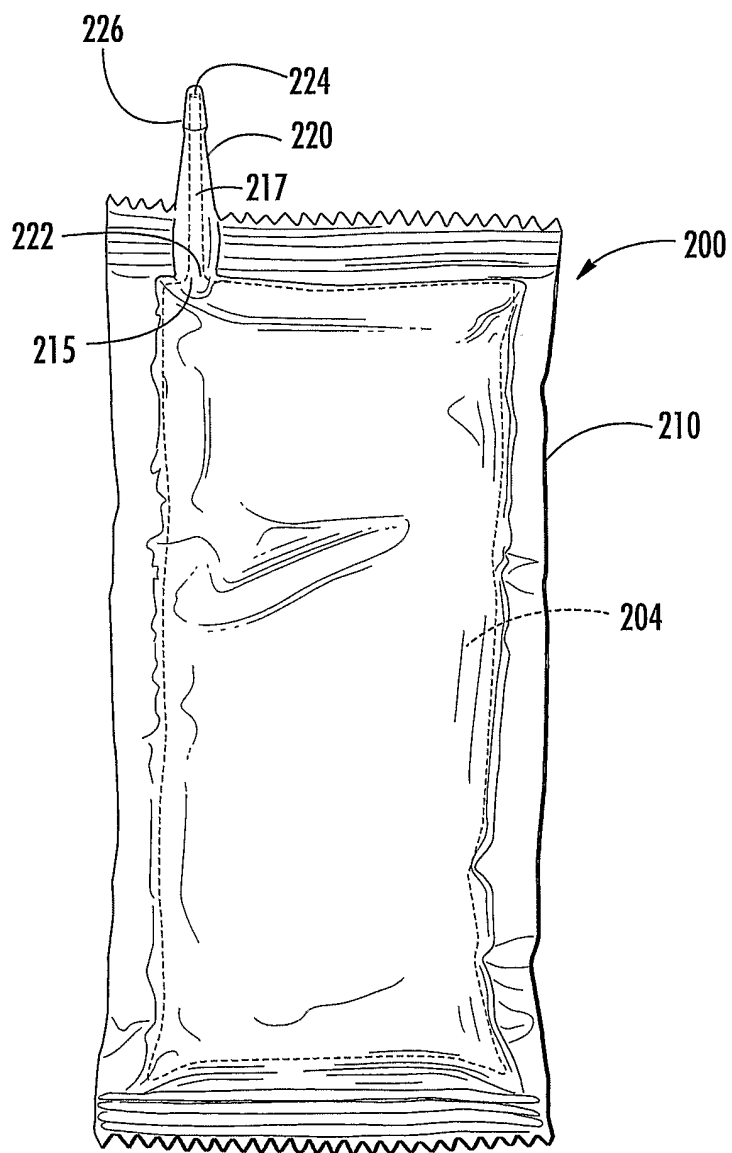


FIG. 4

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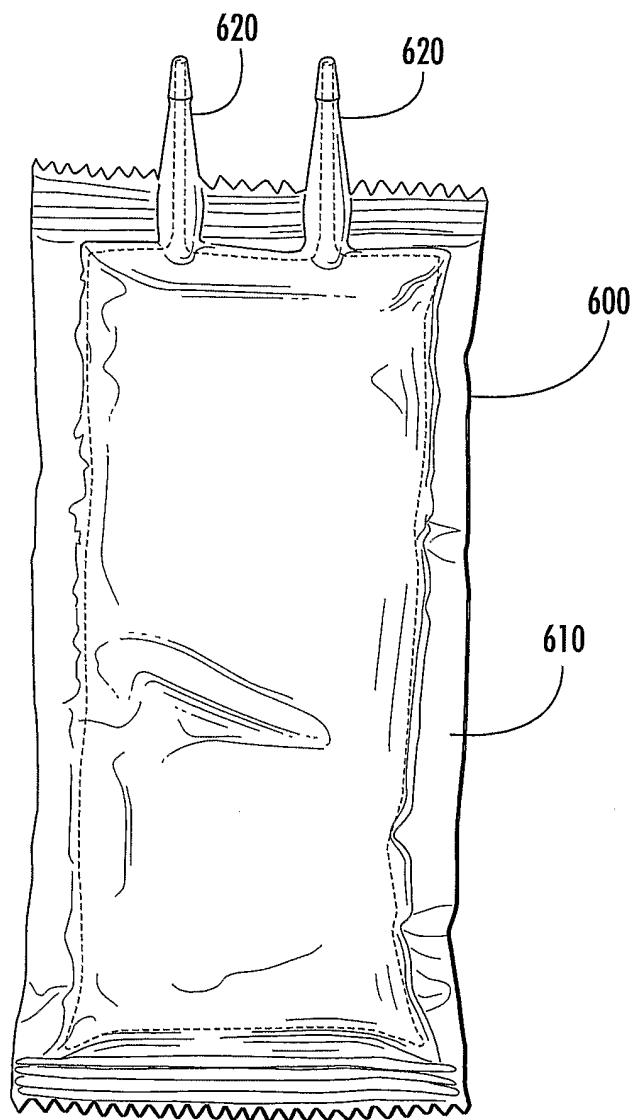


FIG. 5

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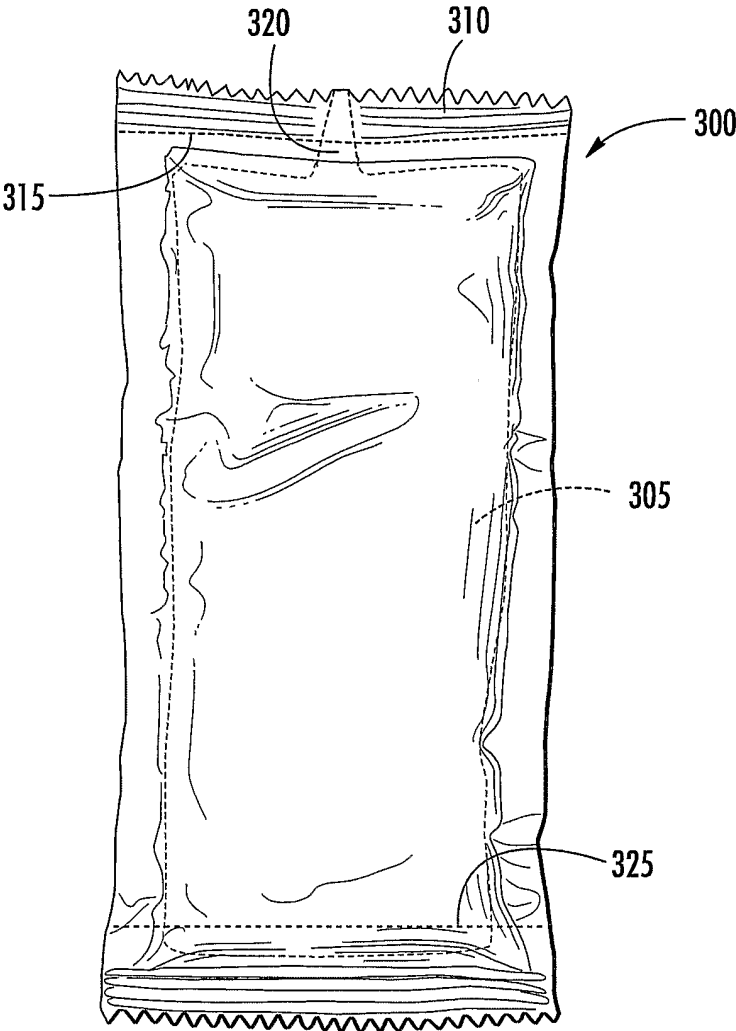


FIG. 6A

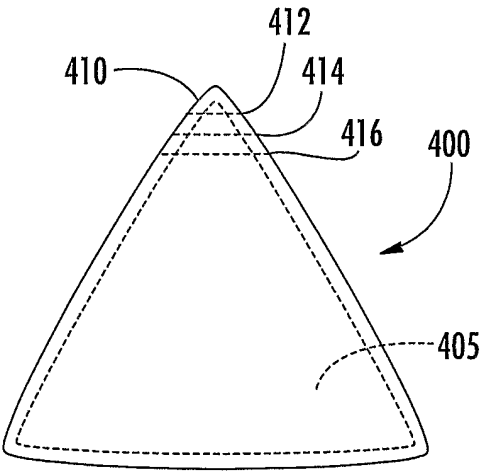


FIG. 6B

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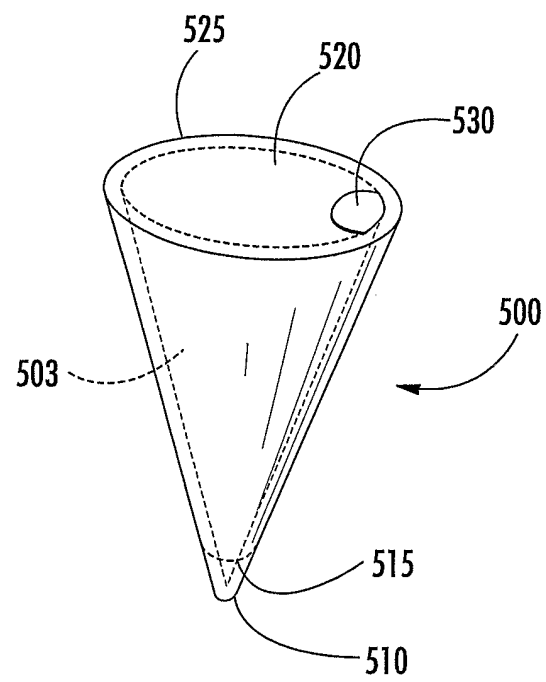


FIG. 7

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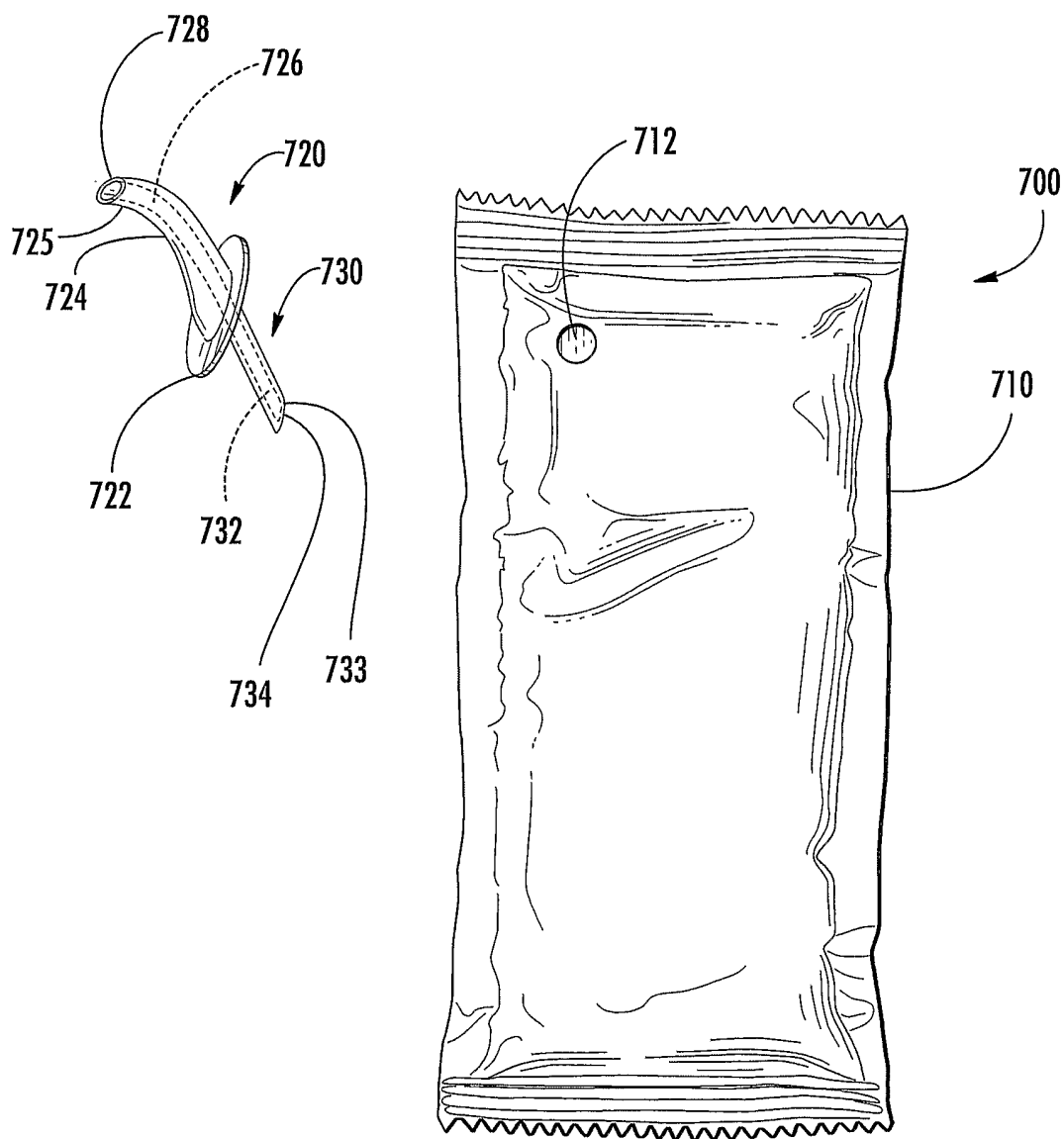


FIG. 8

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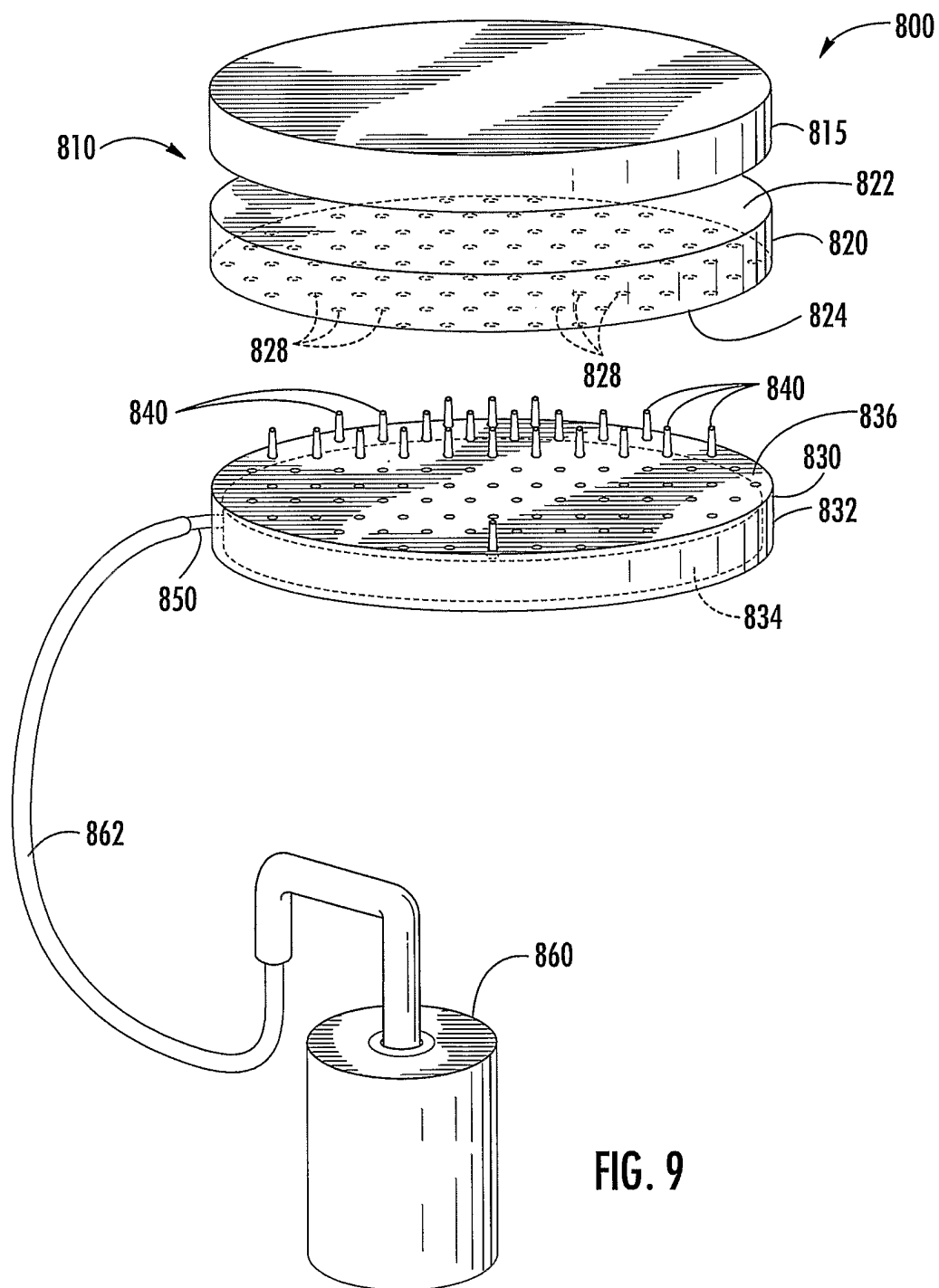


FIG. 9

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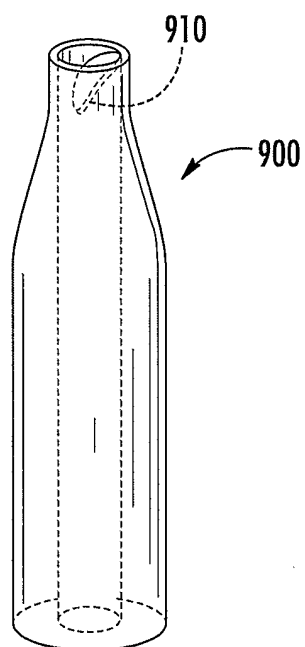


FIG. 10A

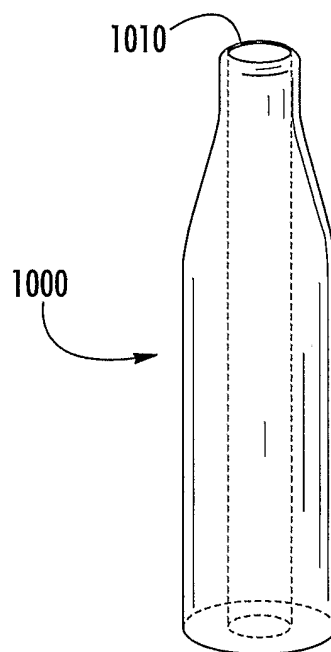


FIG. 10B

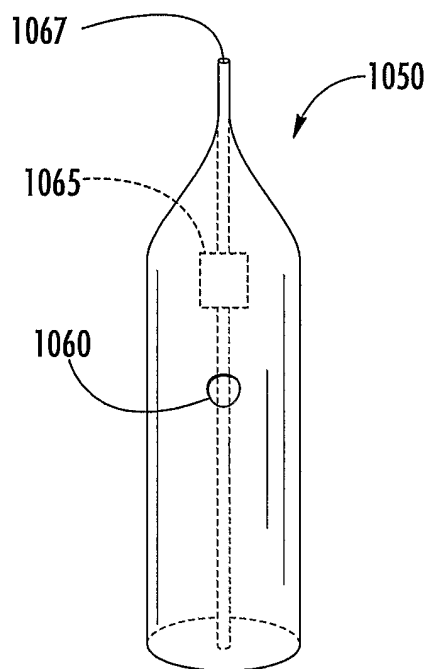


FIG. 10C

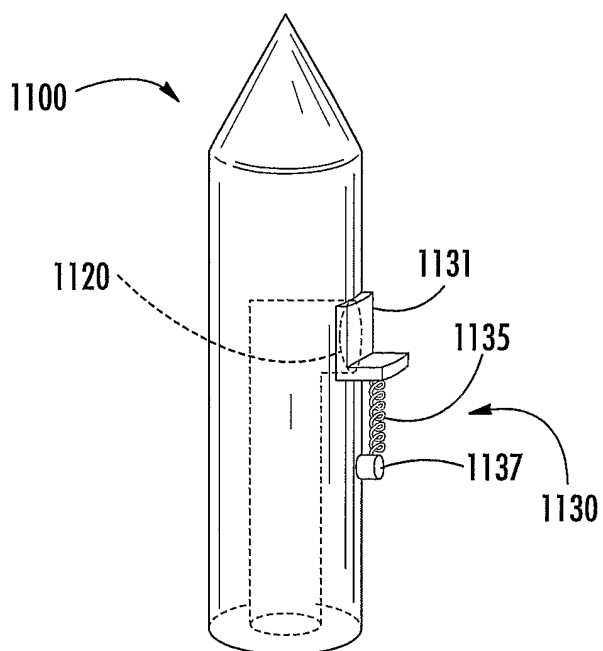


FIG. 10D

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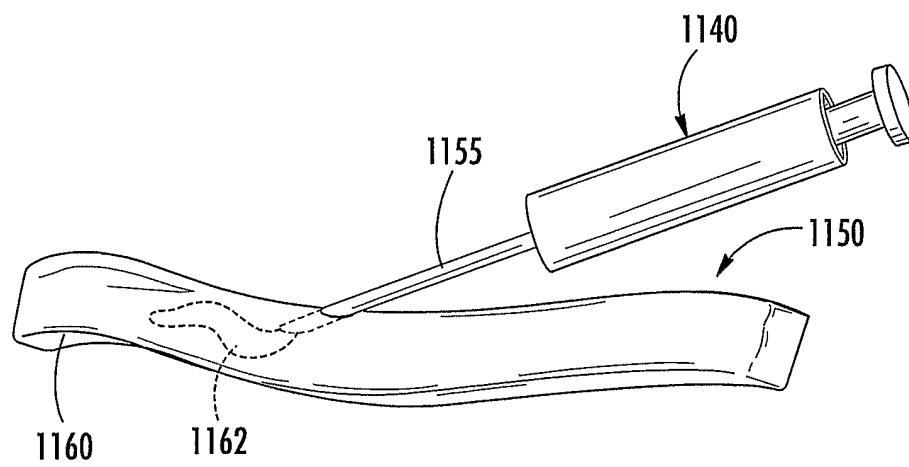


FIG. 11

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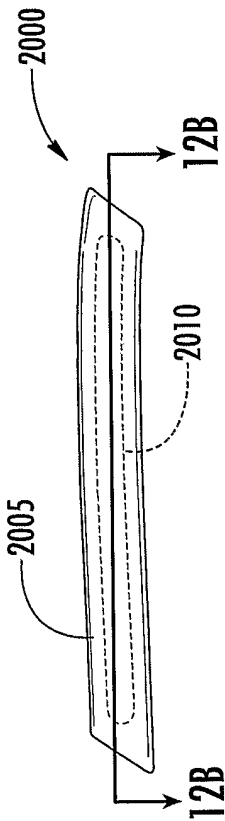


FIG. 12A

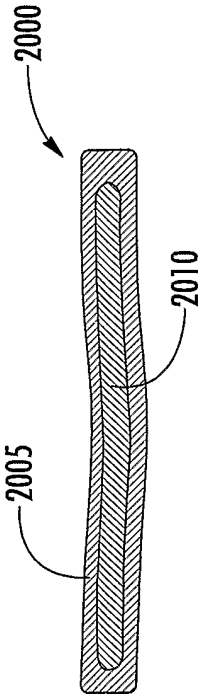


FIG. 12B

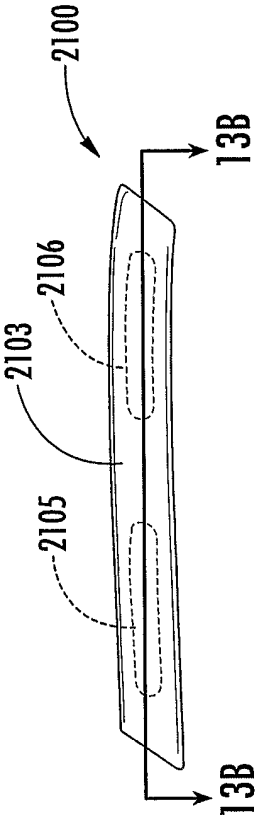


FIG. 13A

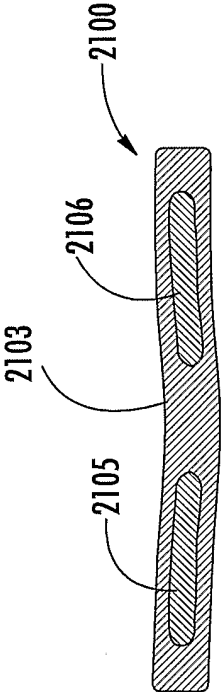


FIG. 13B

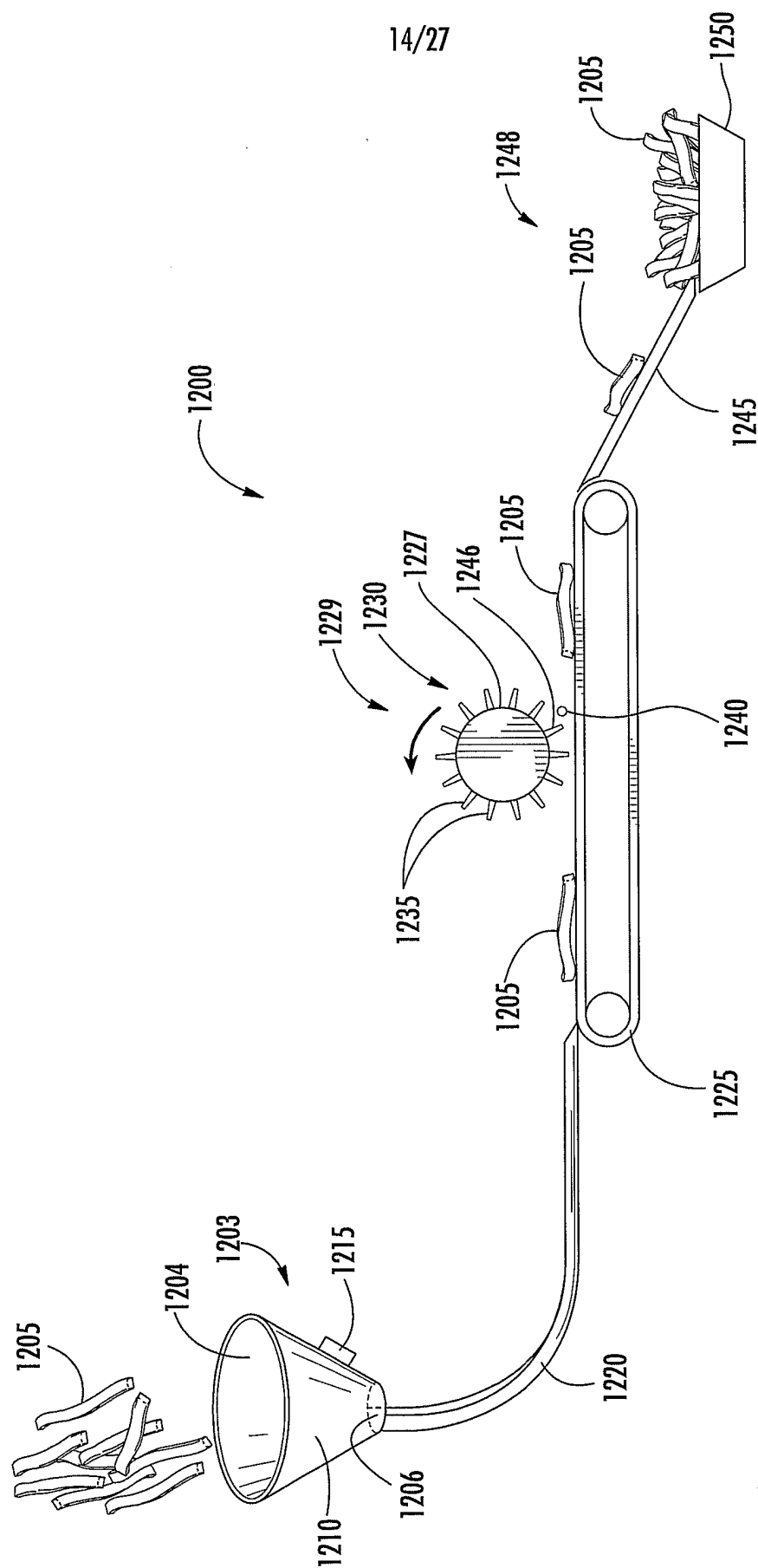


FIG. 14A

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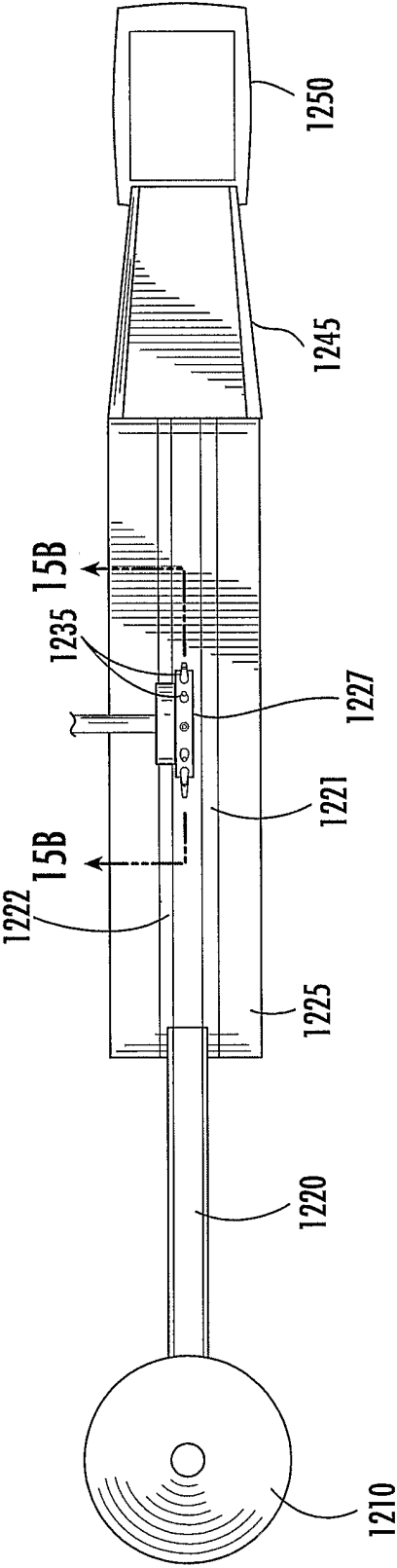


FIG. 14B

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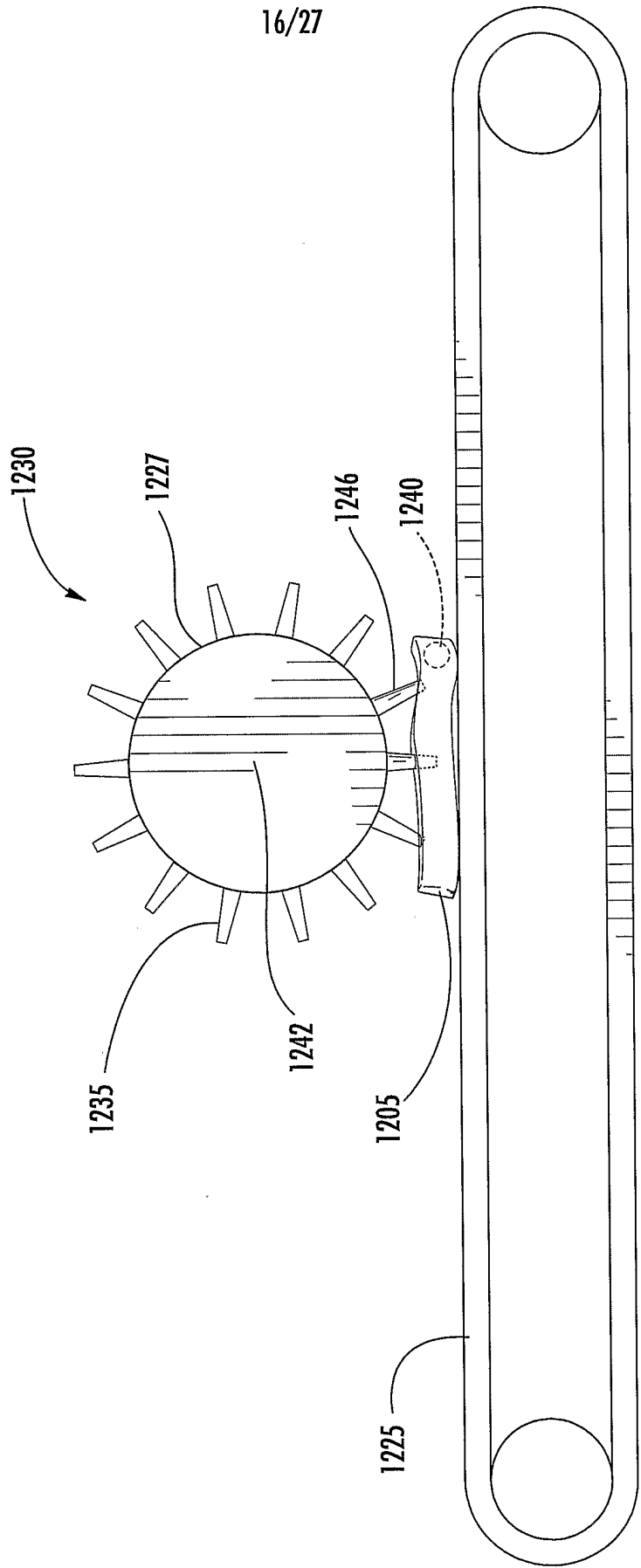


FIG. 15A

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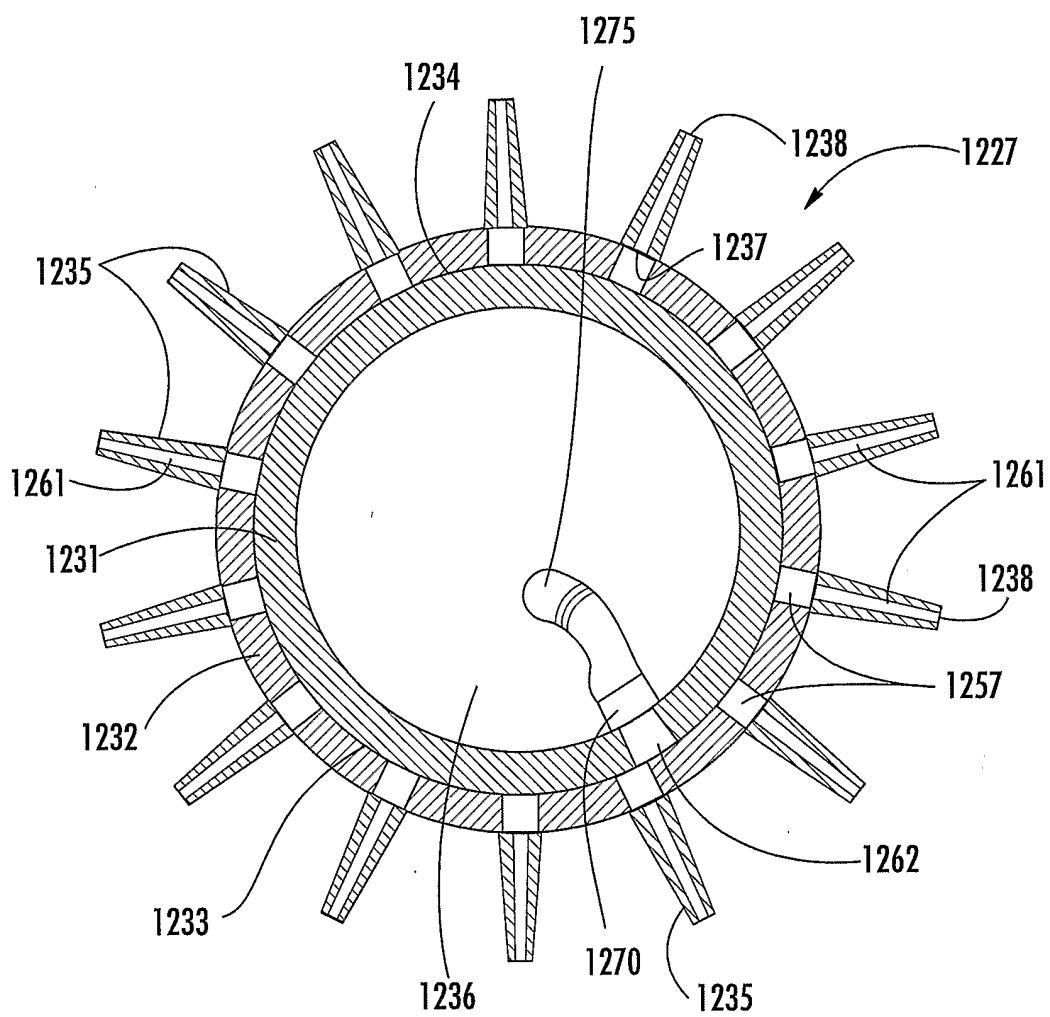
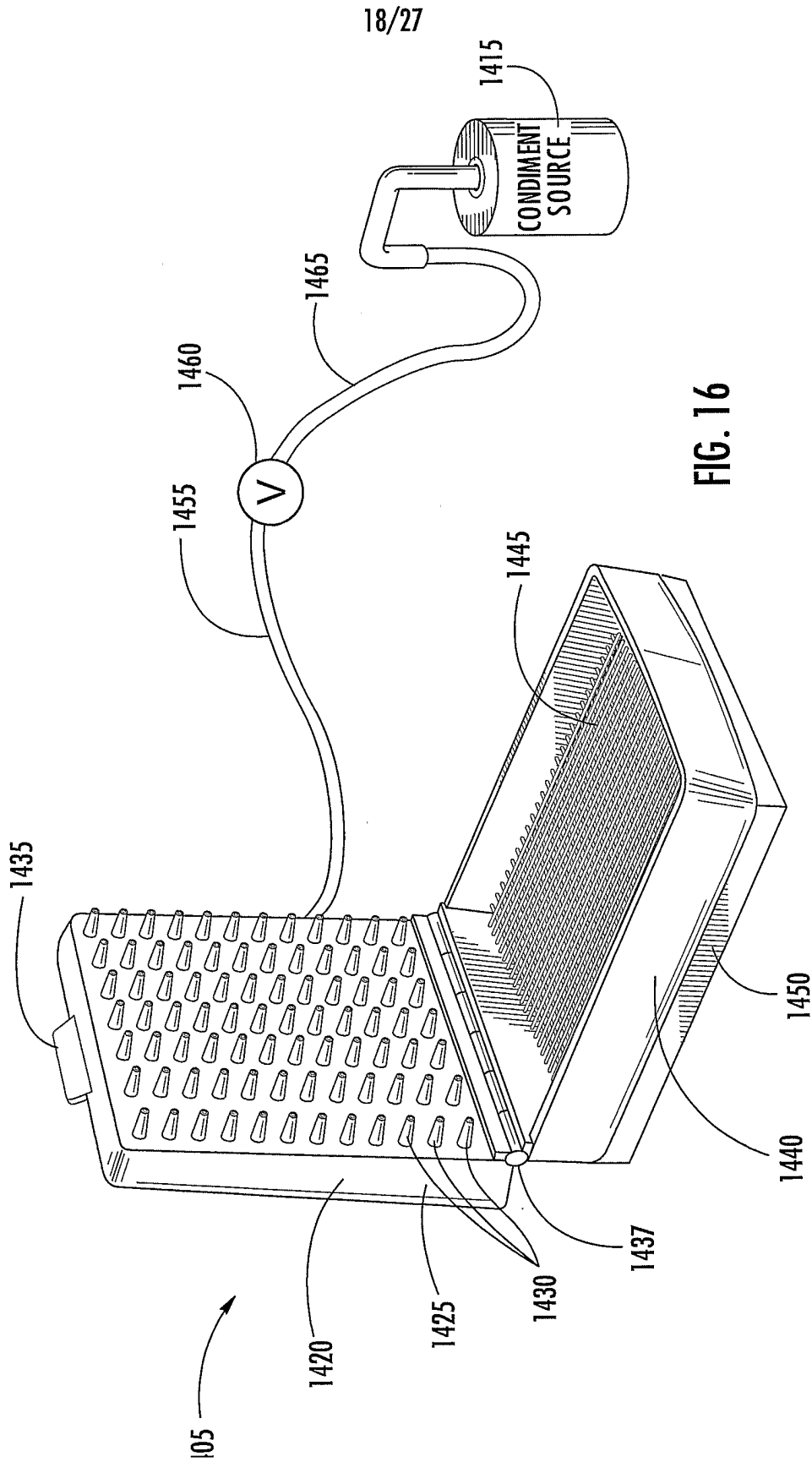


FIG. 15B



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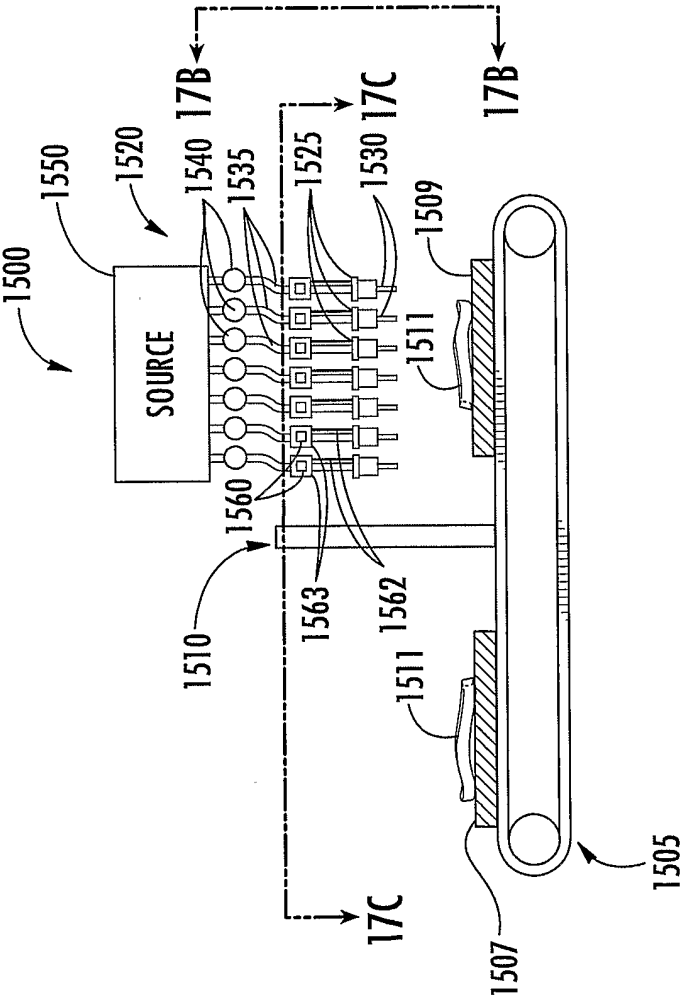


FIG. 17A

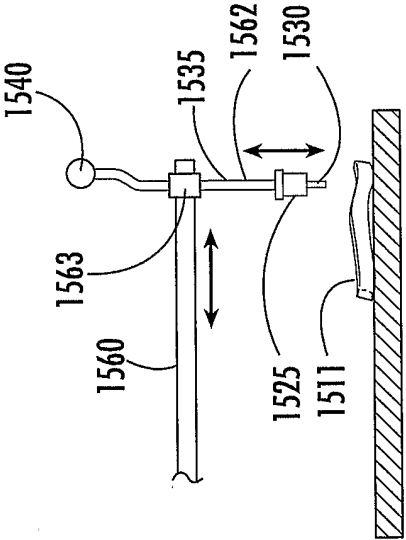
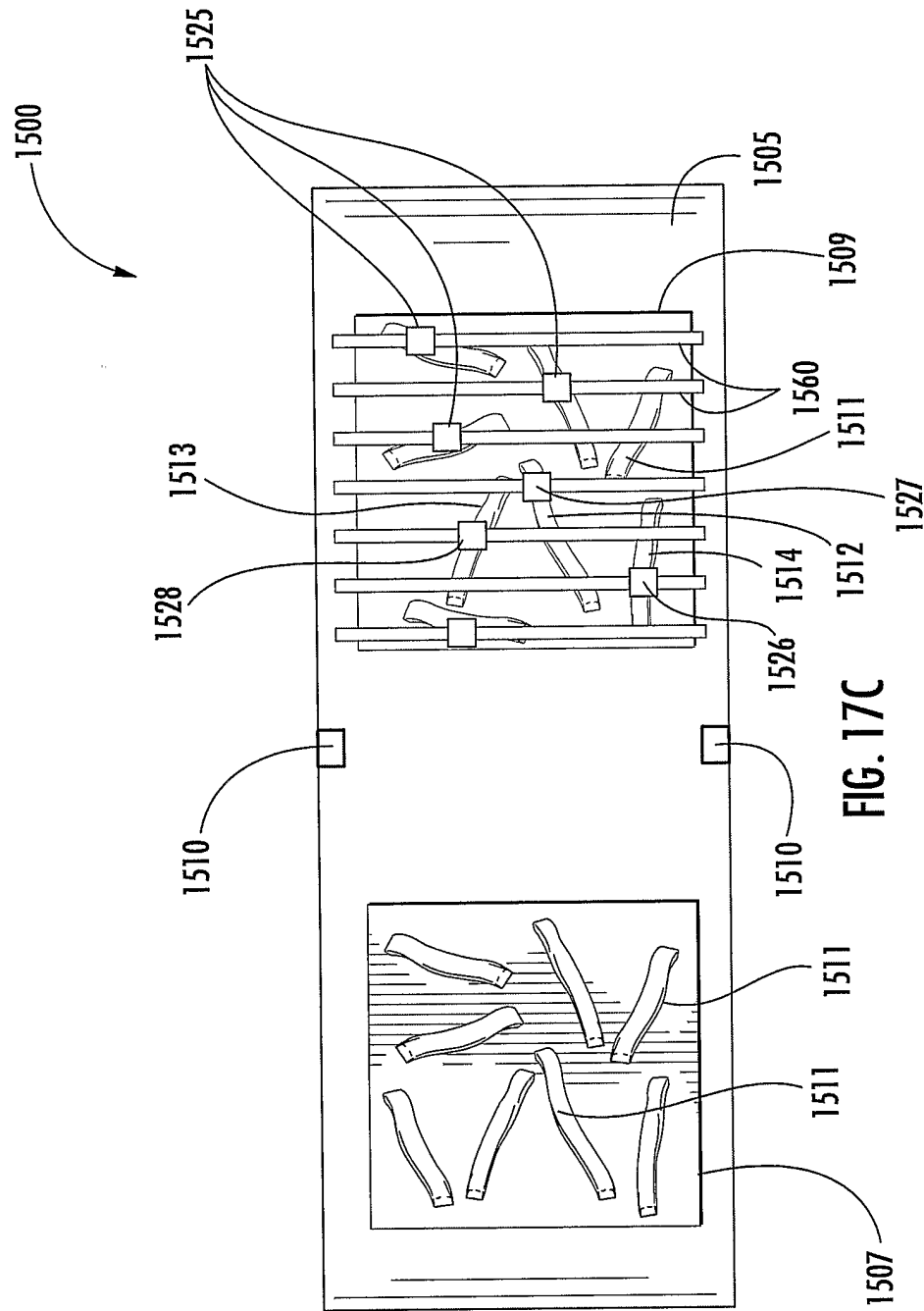
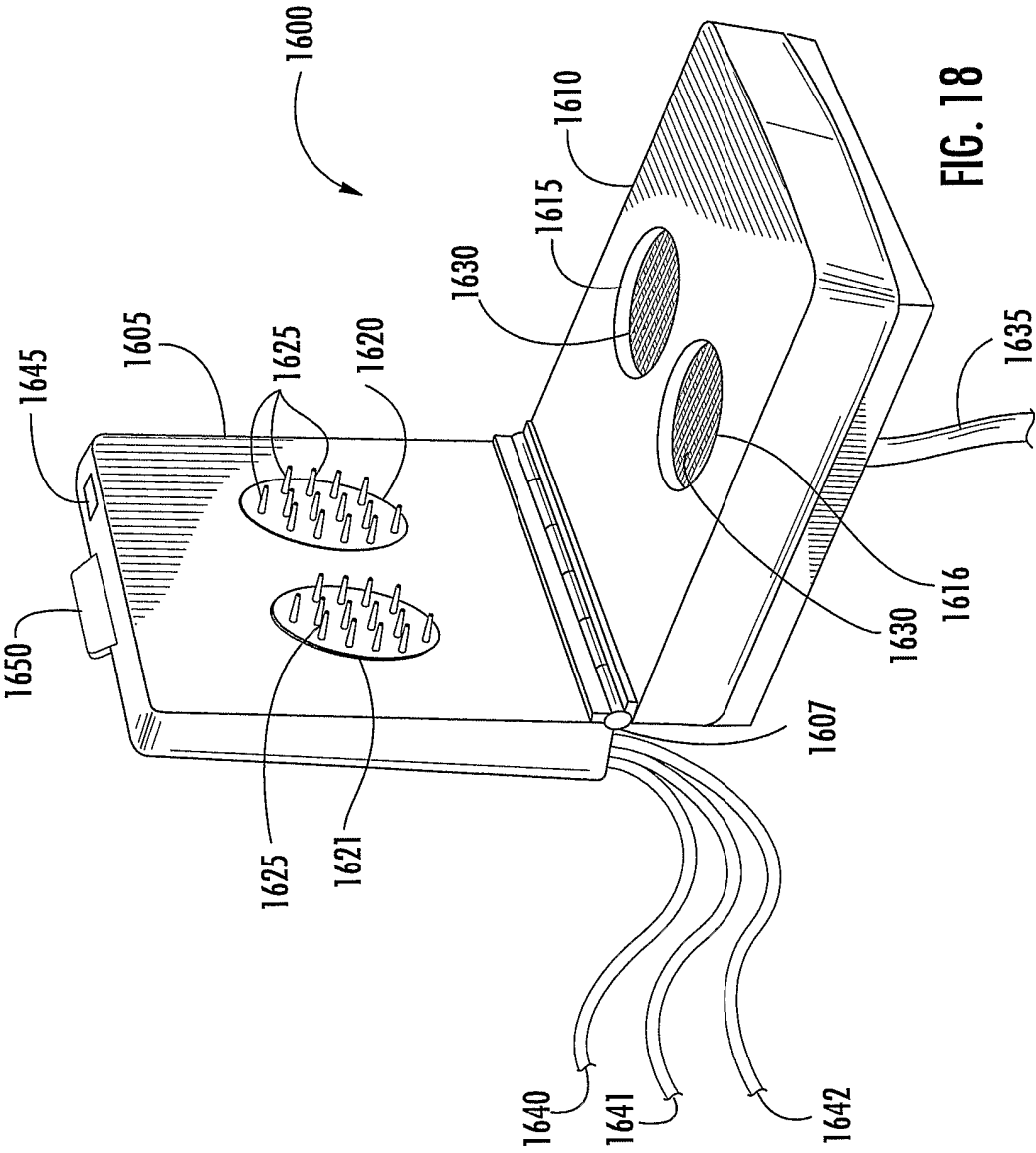
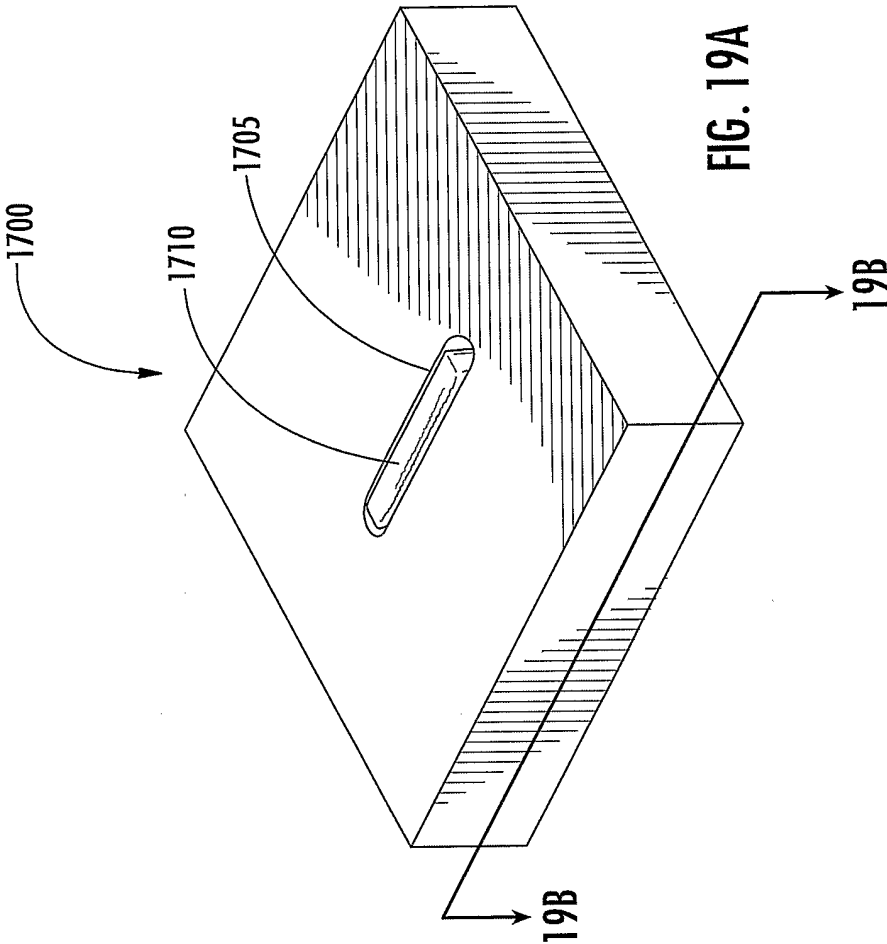


FIG. 17B







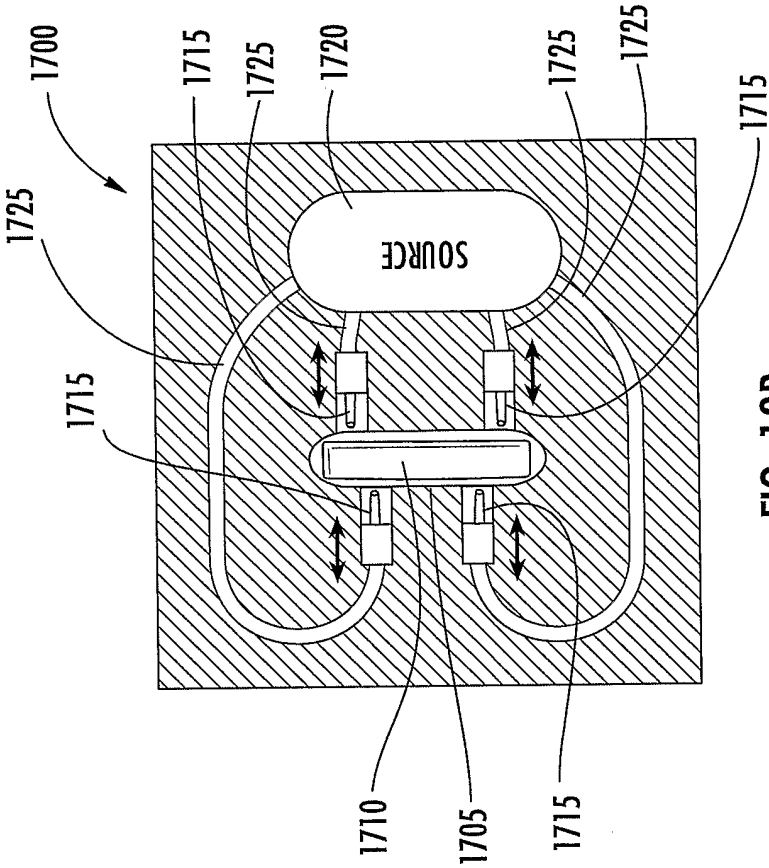


FIG. 19B

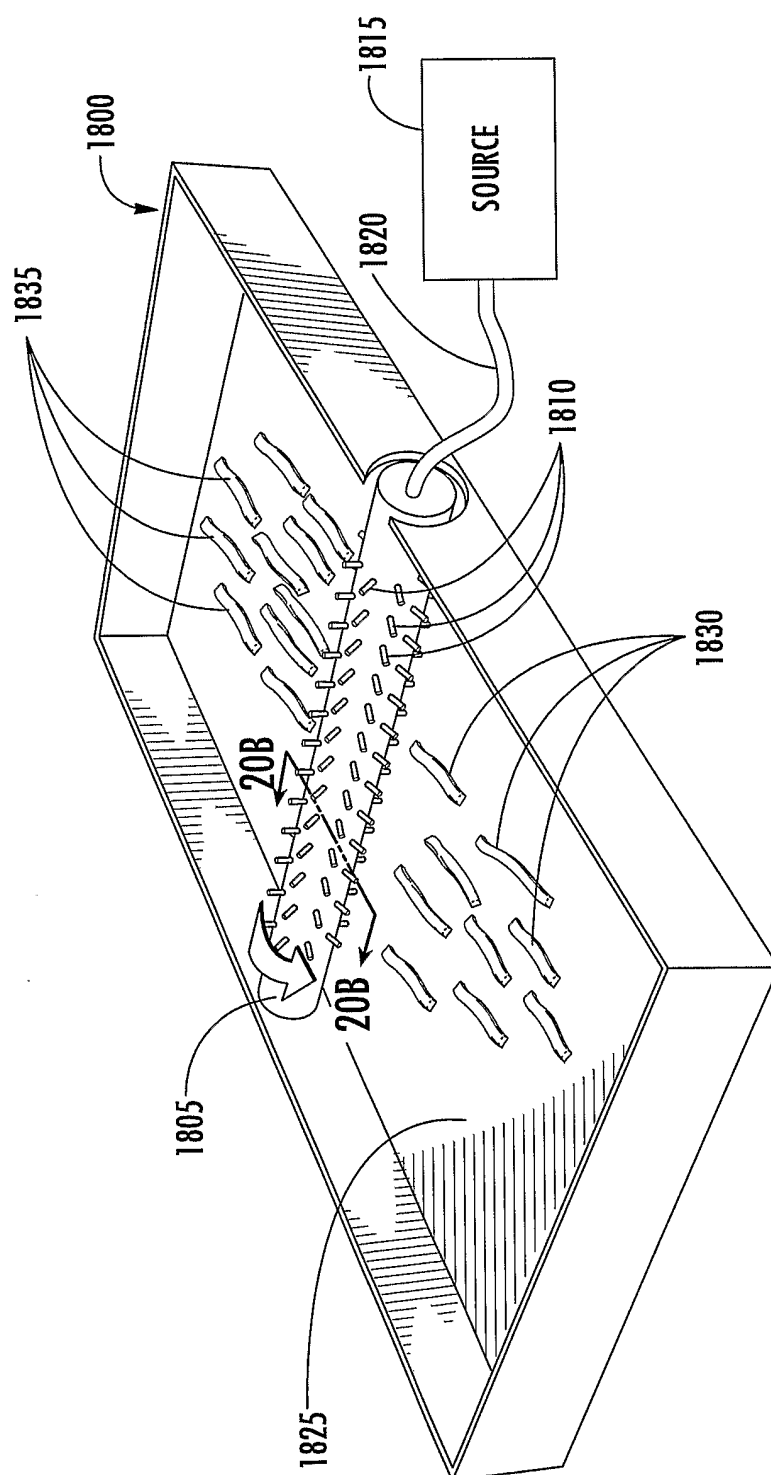
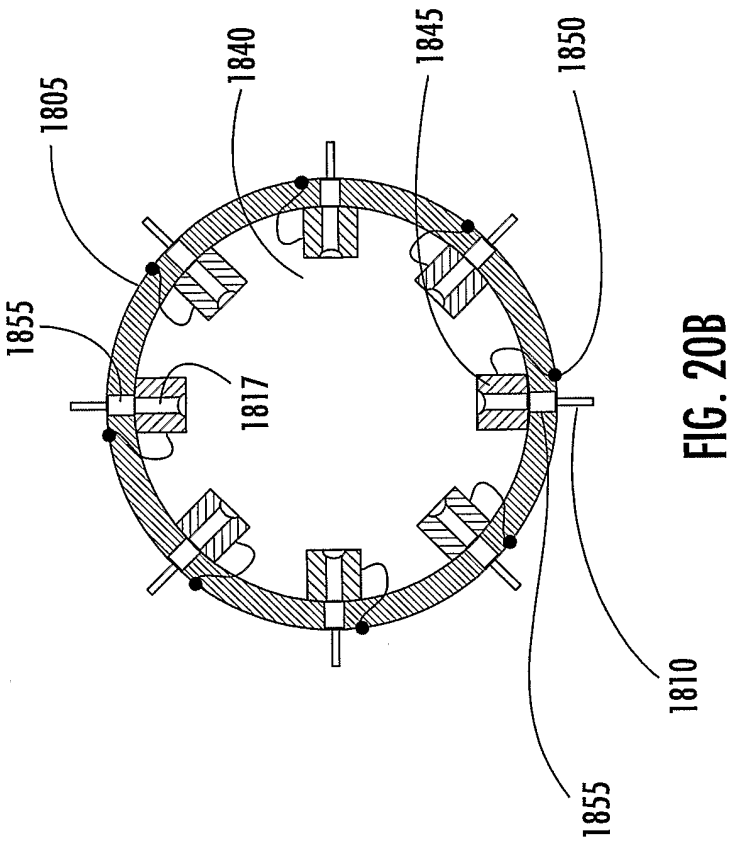


FIG. 20A



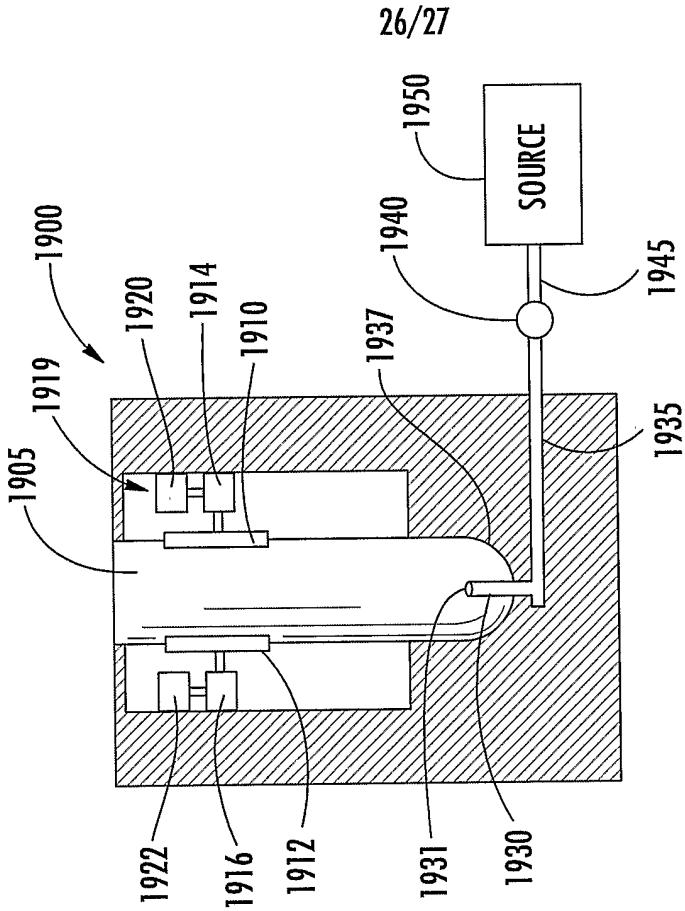


FIG. 21B

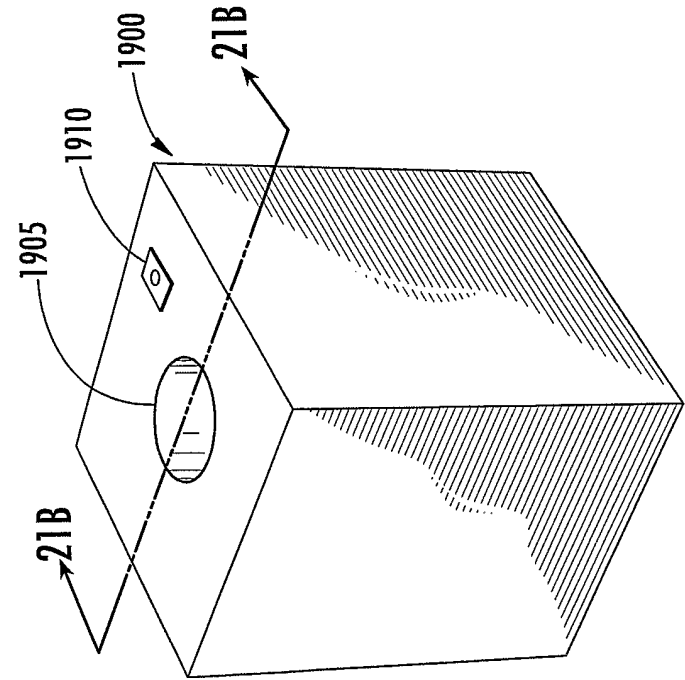


FIG. 21A

