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(54) **Tube expanding drum machine**

Maschine mit Trommel zum Aufweiten von Rohren

Machine à tambour pour élargir les tubes

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Description

TECHNICAL FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present invention concerns a tube expanding drum machine.

[0002] More specifically, the present invention concerns a tube expanding drum machine in industrial contexts that is improved from the constructive and functional point of view.

STATE OF THE ART

[0003] In the field of production of heat exchangers, but also in other industrial fields, machines for expanding pipes are used that carry out the expansion of pipes, according to *per se* known ways of operating, for connection to the respective finned packs.

[0004] Some particular types of machines for expanding pipes are of the so-called drum type.

[0005] An example of such a machine is described in international patent application WO 2010/115427 A1.

[0006] The machine described in this document comprises a plurality of coaxial drums on each of which a flexible shaft is wound having a first end fixed to the surface of the drum, and a second free end to which an expanding mandrel is connected that, when actuated to expand through suitable means, is pulled from one end of a pipe to the other, expanding its diameter.

[0007] The pulling of the expanding mandrel is carried out through the winding of the cable around the drum, and thus by setting the drum in rotation about its axis, thanks to suitable motorisation.

[0008] This machine comprises a certain number of coaxial and arranged side-by-side drums, so as to be able to simultaneously carry out the expansion of a certain number of pipes, e.g. an entire row of pipes comprised in a heat exchanger, or a fraction of such a row.

[0009] In an entirely general way, one of the main problems connected to the pipe-expanding operation is the lubrication of the inner surface of the pipes.

[0010] Without this, indeed, the operation could not be completed due to the extremely high frictions, and the consequent overheating of the mechanical parts.

[0011] The quoted document WO 2010/115427 A1 says absolutely nothing about the problem of lubricating the inner surfaces of the pipes during pipe expansion.

[0012] Another of the main characteristics of the machine described in this document is the possibility of being able to actuate, at the user's discretion and in relation to the specific application requirements, just some of the drums foreseen in the machine, and not all of them at the same time.

[0013] In order to obtain this result, in the machine described in document WO 2010/115427 A1 a complex actuation system is used comprising a series of motors each associated with a respective drum.

[0014] In order to obtain a solution that is compact in

terms of axial bulk - since the pipes to be expanded inside the same battery can also be very close together - the machine comprises, for each drum, a toothed crown coaxial with the drum and a series of pinions all meshed with the aforementioned crown, only one of which is connected to a respective motor, whereas the others are idle.

[0015] Obviously, this is a very expensive and mechanically complicated solution, both in terms of assembly and in terms of the actuation and control.

PURPOSES OF THE INVENTION

[0016] The technical task of the present invention is therefore to improve the state of the art.

[0017] In such a technical task, a purpose of the present invention is to devise a machine for expanding pipes with a drum that allows the efficient lubrication of the inner surfaces of the pipes during the expansion operation.

[0018] Another purpose of the present invention is to make a machine for expanding pipes with a drum that is simplified from the constructive and functional point of view.

[0019] This task and these purposes are accomplished by the tube expanding drum machine according to the attached claim 1.

[0020] The dependent claims refer to preferred and advantageous embodiments of the invention.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS.

[0021] The characteristics of the invention will become clearer to any man skilled in the art from the following description and from the attached tables of drawings, given as a non-limiting example, in which:

figure 1 is a perspective view of the machine according to the invention;

figure 2 is a section of the machine at one of the drums;

figure 3 is a section of the machine at the plane III-III of figure 2;

figure 4 is a detailed diametral section of the expanding mandrel;

figure 5 is a detail of figure 2;

figure 6 is another detail of figure 2;

figure 7 is a detailed perspective view of a drum of the machine;

figure 8 is a rear perspective view of the machine;

figure 9 is another detail of figure 2;

figure 10 is a perspective view from below of the machine;

figure 11 is a detailed and schematic plan view of the machine in an embodiment in which the pipe expansion is carried out by pushing forward;

figure 12 is a rear perspective view of the machine in a particular operating step.

EMBODIMENTS OF THE INVENTION.

[0022] With reference to the attached figure 1, a tube expanding drum machine according to the present invention is wholly indicated with 1.

[0023] The machine according to the present invention is suitable for expanding pipes belonging, for example, to heat exchangers or other similar elements, of any shape and size and comprising any number of pipes, without any limitation.

[0024] The machine can however also be suitable for other applications in which it is necessary, for whatever reason, to widen the diameter of pipes or groups of pipes.

[0025] As will become clearer hereafter, the machine can be used for pipe expansion operations both under draft and under push.

[0026] The machine 1 comprises a support frame 2.

[0027] The machine 1 also comprises at least one drum 3, rotatably supported in the frame 2.

[0028] The machine also comprises rotation means, wholly indicated with 4, of the drum 3 about its axis.

[0029] The rotation means 4 comprise, in greater detail, a first gearmotor group 5.

[0030] The machine 1 comprises a flexible pipe-expanding shaft 6, wound on a mobile inner part 13 of the drum 3 and having a first end 7 fixed to the drum 3 itself.

[0031] An expanding mandrel 8 is connected to the second end 9 of the flexible pipe-expanding shaft 6.

[0032] The expanding mandrel 8 is suitable for expanding the diameter of a pipe 10 thanks to the pulling action exerted by the flexible pipe-expanding shaft 6, as will become clearer hereafter.

[0033] According to an aspect of the present invention, the machine 1 comprises automatic lubrication means, wholly indicated with 11, of the inner surface of the pipe 10 during pipe expansion.

[0034] The automatic lubrication means 11 are advantageously foreseen inside the flexible pipe-expanding shaft 6.

[0035] In the present embodiment, the machine comprises a plurality of drums 3, so as to carry out the expansion of a plurality of pipes 10 arranged side-by-side with parallel axes.

[0036] The drums 3 are supported coaxial and side-by-side on the frame 2, as described hereafter.

[0037] In particular, all of the drums 3 are actuated through a single gearmotor group 5.

[0038] In other embodiments that have not been represented, however, the machine can comprise a single drum 3 with a single flexible pipe-expanding shaft 6.

[0039] In the present embodiment, there can be any number of drums 3, in relation to the specific application requirements.

[0040] Each drum 3 comprises a fixed outer part 12 and the aforementioned mobile inner part 13.

[0041] Between the outer part 12 and the inner part 13 bearings 14 are mounted, along a certain rolling circumference.

[0042] Outside of the drum 3 there is a bearing guide 15 for the flexible pipe-expanding shaft 6.

[0043] In this way, the flexible pipe-expanding shaft 6 is always kept coaxial with the axis of the pipe 10 to be expanded.

[0044] The frame 2 of the machine 1 comprises floor guides 16 mounted perpendicular to the axis of the pipes 10.

[0045] The frame 2 also comprises a carriage 17, with which the drums 3 are associated.

[0046] The carriage 17 is thus mobile in a first horizontal direction X, perpendicular with respect to the axis of the pipes 10.

[0047] In greater detail, the carriage 17 is actuated through a second gearmotor group 18 fixed to the carriage 17 itself.

[0048] The second gearmotor group 18 comprises a gear wheel 19 mounted on its output axis and meshing on a rack 20 associated with one of the floor guides 16.

[0049] The frame 2 also comprises a bracket structure 21, with which the drums 3 are also associated.

[0050] More specifically, the bracket structure 21 is able to slide in a second vertical direction Z, along vertical guides 22 foreseen in the carriage 17.

[0051] The bracket structure 21 is actuated by a third gearmotor group 23, associated with the vertical guides 22.

[0052] The third gearmotor group 23 is, in particular, associated with a worm screw 24, with which a nut 25 is coupled, fixed to the bracket structure 21.

[0053] The frame 2 of the machine 1 also comprises a slide 26, on which the drums 3 are directly mounted.

[0054] The slide 26 is able to slide along a third horizontal direction Y - parallel to the axis of the pipes 10 to be expanded - along horizontal guides 27 foreseen in the bracket structure 21.

[0055] In particular, the slide 26 is actuated by a fourth gearmotor group 28 mounted on the slide 26 itself, see in particular figure 10.

[0056] The drums 3 are mounted on guide bars 26A mounted on a plate 26B fixedly connected to the slide 26, and on which the first gearmotor group 5 is also fixed.

[0057] The drums 3 of the machine are thus mobile according to three directions that are perpendicular to one another, to obtain the maximum operative flexibility, as will become clearer hereafter.

[0058] The rotation means 4 of the drums 3 comprise, as stated, a first gearmotor group 5, on the output axis of which a sprocket 29 is fitted.

[0059] The rotation means 4 also comprise a tubular shaft 30 along which the drums 3 are fitted.

[0060] The rotation means 4 also comprise a toothed crown 31 associated with the tubular shaft 30, and meshing with the aforementioned sprocket 29, as illustrated in figure 7.

[0061] Each of the drums 3 comprises a respective seat 32, foreseen in an area adjacent to the tubular shaft 30. Each flexible pipe-expanding shaft 6, wound on the

mobile inner part 13 of the respective drum 3, as illustrated in figure 2, is of the helical spring type. For example - see the details of figures 4,5 - it can be of the type with a helical spring having a rectangular section, or having another shaped section. The rectangular section can be preferred to minimise the friction due to the sliding between the juxtaposed coils during the return step of the spring under load. The automatic lubrication means 11 of the inner surface of the pipes 10 to be expanded comprise, for each of the drums 3, a lubrication duct 33 inserted inside the flexible pipe-expanding shaft 6.

[0062] Thanks to this solution, it is possible to send a controlled amount of oil into the pipe expansion area depending on the material used for the pipes.

[0063] The lubrication duct 33 is also flexible.

[0064] It can be made from any material suitable for the application, without any limitation; for example, it can be made from plastic material.

[0065] The lubrication duct 33 comprises a first end portion 34 connected to a fitting 35 foreseen in the respective drum 3, as will become clearer hereafter.

[0066] The lubrication duct 33 also comprises a second end portion 36 communicating with an oil meatus 37, foreseen in the expanding mandrel 8.

[0067] We will return to the characteristics of the expanding mandrel 8 hereafter.

[0068] The flexible pipe-expanding shaft 6 comprises an actuation cable 38 of the expanding mandrel 8, foreseen inside it.

[0069] In greater detail, the actuation cable 38 is slotted inside the lubrication duct 33, as illustrated in figures 4,5.

[0070] In this way, an extremely compact and functional solution is obtained, exploiting the inner cavity of the lubrication duct 33, which still maintains a free section that is sufficient for the desired flow rate of oil to pass.

[0071] The actuation cable 38, obviously also flexible, can be made from any material suitable for the application and for the loads involved.

[0072] The actuation cable 38 comprises a first extremity 39 fixed to an actuator 40 housed in the seat 32 foreseen in the respective drum 3, in particular in an end of such a seat 32.

[0073] The actuation cable 38 also comprises a second extremity 41, fixed to the expanding mandrel 8.

[0074] The actuator 40 can for example be of the double-acting oil-hydraulic type, and it is mobile from an inactive position to an operative position - illustrated in figure 6 - in which it exerts a pulling action on the actuation cable 38, to cause the mandrel 8 to expand. The actuator 40 has, in particular, a stem 42 connected to the first extremity 39 through a clamp 43.

[0075] The fitting 35 is also housed in the seat 32, at the other end thereof.

[0076] The fitting 35 comprises an opening 44 for the actuation cable 38 to come out from.

[0077] The automatic lubrication means 11 also comprise a lubrication control unit 45 connected to the fitting 35.

[0078] The lubrication control unit 45 - of the *per sé* known type - can be fixed for example to the vertical guides 22 of the carriage 17.

[0079] The machine 1 comprises a mobile contrast group, wholly indicated with 46, suitable for abutting at the ends of the pipes 10 to be expanded so as to allow the insertion of the flexible pipe-expanding shafts 6 inside them.

[0080] The mobile contrast group 46 is supported in the frame 2 - in particular on the slide 26 - near to bearing guides 15, and comprises, for each of the pipes to be expanded 10, an abutment head 47 on the end of the pipe 10 itself.

[0081] Inside the abutment head 47 the respective flexible pipe-expanding shaft 6 is mobile.

[0082] In greater detail, the contrast group 46 comprises a support 48 for an actuation cylinder 49 associated with the abutment head 47.

[0083] Between the abutment head 47 and the actuation cylinder 49 a contrast spring 50 is arranged.

[0084] The abutment head 47 is thus mobile between two end positions along the aforementioned third horizontal direction.

[0085] Such a contrast spring 50 is foreseen since in the pipes to be expanded, subject to shortening due to the expansion of the pipes 10 themselves in the return step of the expanding mandrel 8, it makes it possible to accompany the withdrawal of the pipe 10 itself, exerting a slight pressure that allows the final length of the projection of the expanded pipe at the end of the step to be controlled, having the result that all of the pipes will have the same projection from the metallic frame at the end of expansion of the exchanger.

[0086] The expanding mandrel 8, illustrated in the detail of figure 4, comprises a first tubular body 51 directly connected to the flexible shaft 6 by screwing its end part onto a spiral seat.

[0087] In particular, in figure 4 the expanding mandrel 8 is illustrated in expanded configuration, i.e. in expansion configuration of the pipe 10.

[0088] The first tubular body 51 has a second tubular body 52 rigidly connected to it, which has the free end engaged by longitudinal notches 53.

[0089] The second extremity 41 of the actuation cable 38 is, on the other hand, rigidly connected to a rod 54 carrying a conical collar 55 at the free end.

[0090] Between the conical collar 55 and the second tubular body 52 expandable petals 56 are housed and held.

[0091] In a *per sé* known way, the draft exerted by the actuation cable 38 on the rod 54 causes the expansion of the petals 56, so as to carry out the expansion of the pipe 10 by pulling the flexible pipe-expanding shaft 6 due to the winding of the mobile inner part 13 of the respective drum 3.

[0092] According to another aspect of the present invention, the machine 1 comprises a selection group, wholly indicated with 57, of the flexible pipe-expanding

shafts 6 actually operative.

[0093] In other words, the selection group 57 makes it possible to choose which drums 3 to actuate in expansion and which, on the other hand, to keep inactive, in relation to the specific usage requirements.

[0094] Such a selection operation is possible with the following conditions.

[0095] As a first condition, the number of operative drums 3 must be a submultiple of the number of pipes 10 to be expanded.

[0096] The second condition is the possibility, in some steps of the expansion cycle - for example at the start or at the end of the cycle - to make some shafts 6 inactive, inhibiting the action of the conical collar 55.

[0097] It is nevertheless possible to repass individual pipes that have already been expanded, without this causing functionality problems of the product.

[0098] The machine 1 according to the invention operates in the following way.

[0099] Firstly, the slide 26 must be positioned correctly with respect to the position of the pipes 10 to be expanded. The slide 26, carrying the drums 3, is then moved along the directions X,Y,Z to determine the correct position. The drums 3 to be activated are then selected through the selection group 57; the selection is made manually, by deactivating the inoperative drums 3 and excluding them from the rotary movement, as illustrated in figure 12.

[0100] In particular, the advancing of the slide 26 along the third horizontal direction Y is carried out to bring the contrast group 46 closer to the ends of the pipes 10.

[0101] At this point, the expansion of the pipes 10 can begin; here we hypothesise carrying out expansion under draft. The operative drums 3 are set in rotation so as to unwind the respective flexible shafts 6, which completely slit inside the respective pipes 10.

[0102] At this point the actuators 40 are actuated, so as to expand the respective mandrels 8 in the way described earlier.

[0103] The drums 3 are now actuated in the direction of rewinding of the flexible shafts 6.

[0104] The respective mandrels 8 are then pulled inside the respective pipes 10 so as to expand their diameter.

[0105] In this step, the automatic lubrication means 11 are also actuated.

[0106] The oil is sent from the station 45 along the ducts 33, and then reaches the meatus 37 foreseen in the mandrels 8 so as to pour inside the pipes 10, so as to effectively lubricate the contact between the petals 56 and the inner surface of the pipes 10 themselves.

[0107] The expansion ends when each expanding mandrel 8 reaches the end of the respective pipe 10.

[0108] This operation can be carried out again, for example, by translating the slide along the second vertical direction Z to position the flexible shafts 6 at another row of pipes 10 of the same heat exchanger. Otherwise, it is possible to make the carriage 17 translate to expand the

remaining pipes 10 of the same row.

[0109] As stated, the machine 1 can also operate to carry out the expansion of the pipes 10 by pushing.

[0110] In this case, the expansion is carried out by unwinding the flexible shafts 6 inside the pipes 10, and not by winding them back up.

[0111] In order to make this operation possible, the expanding mandrel 8 is replaced by a shaped ogive 58 that is suitably sized to carry out the expansion of the pipes 10, according to concepts that are already known.

[0112] The machine in this particular embodiment is illustrated in the detail of figure 11.

[0113] The shaped ogive 58 is provided with suitable recesses to allow the flow of lubricant from the lubrication duct 33, to the meatus 37 and through such recesses in the area in front of the shaped ogive 58 so as to inject the oil onto the wall of the pipe 10 in front of the movement of the ogive 58 itself and allow an optimal lubrication in the friction area.

[0114] In order to counteract the thrust exerted by the ogive 58, the ends of the pipes 10 are widened in advance to form cups 59 with frusto-conical widening that are held by the end support elements that prevent their axial movement during the expansion step under push.

[0115] The opposite part of the pipes lacks constraints and can therefore freely contract, following behaviours known in the field.

[0116] The invention thus conceived allows important technical advantages to be obtained.

[0117] Firstly, the automatic lubrication means 11 allow the mandrel 8 - pipe 10 or shaped ogive 58 - pipe 10 contact area to be effectively lubricated during the entire expansion operation, with the desired flow rate of oil.

[0118] This result is obtained with a constructive solution that is extremely simple, compact and cost-effective also in terms of operation and maintenance.

[0119] The controlled lubrication that can be obtained with the solution object of the present invention firstly produces less friction in the expansion step.

[0120] Moreover, it allows better control and management of the process, injecting the right amount of lubricant in relation to the materials and to the friction conditions.

[0121] A correct lubrication causes less friction that produces less and more uniform shrinkage of the pipes 10 to be expanded.

[0122] It is also ensured that it is possible to expand particularly hard materials and large thicknesses. There is also a lengthening of the lifetime of the expansion mandrels and of the shaped ogives.

[0123] In addition the costs for maintaining and replacing the expansion mandrels and the shaped ogives are lower. Last but not least, there is a reduction in consumption of the main motor with energy and economic benefits.

[0124] The general constructive solution of the machine is also extremely simple and cost-effective, since it uses a minimum number of motors and limits the use of mechanical transmissions or other expensive members that are difficult to install and set up.

[0125] It has thus been seen how the invention achieves the proposed purposes.

[0126] The present invention has been described according to preferred embodiments, but equivalent variants can be devised without departing from the scope of protection offered by the following claims.

Claims

1. A tube expanding drum machine, comprising a support frame (2), at least one drum (3) rotatably supported in said frame (2), means for rotating said drum (3) about its axis, a flexible pipe-expanding shaft (6) wound on a mobile inner part (13) of said drum (3) and having a first end (7) fixed to said drum (3), an expanding mandrel (8) or shaped ogive (58), connected to the second end (9) of said flexible pipe-expanding shaft (6), suitable for widening the diameter of a pipe (10) by winding or unwinding said flexible pipe-expanding shaft (6) onto or from said drum (3) inside the pipe (10) itself, **characterised in that** it comprises automatic lubrication means (11) of the inner surface of the pipe (10) during the pipe expansion foreseen inside said flexible shaft (6), said automatic lubrication means (11) comprising a flexible lubrication duct (33) inserted inside said flexible pipe-expanding shaft (6) and a fitting (35) foreseen in said drum (3), to which a first end portion (34) of said lubrication duct (33) is connected, said duct (33) comprising a second end portion (36) communicating with a meatus (37) foreseen in said expanding mandrel (8) or shaped ogive (58).
2. Machine according to claim 1, wherein said automatic lubrication means (11) comprise a lubrication control unit (45) connected to said fitting (35).
3. Machine according to one of the previous claims, wherein said flexible pipe-expanding shaft (6) is of the helical spring type.
4. Machine according to one of claims 1 to 3, wherein said flexible pipe-expanding shaft (6) comprises an actuation cable (38) of said expanding mandrel (8) or shaped ogive, foreseen inside it.
5. Machine according to claim 4, wherein said actuation cable (38) is slitted inside said lubrication duct (33).
6. Machine according to one of claims 4,5, wherein said actuation cable (38) comprises a first extremity (39) fixed to an actuator (40) housed in a seat (32) foreseen in said drum (3), and a second extremity (41) fixed to said expanding mandrel (8) or shaped ogive.

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7. Machine according to the previous claim, wherein said fitting (35) is housed in said seat (32) and comprises an opening (44) for said actuation cable (38) to come out from.
8. Machine according to one of the previous claims, comprising a mobile contrast group (46) slidably supported in said frame (2) and comprising an abutment head (47) on the end of the pipe (10) inside which said flexible pipe-expanding shaft (6) is mobile.
9. Machine according to one of the previous claims, comprising a plurality of said drums (3), supported coaxially and side-by-side on said frame (2), for expanding a plurality of pipes (10) arranged side-by-side with parallel axes.
10. Machine according to the previous claim, wherein said rotation means (4) comprise a first gearmotor group (5) on the output axis of which a sprocket (29) is fitted, a tubular shaft (30) along which said drums (3) are fitted, and a toothed crown (31) associated with said tubular shaft (30) and meshing with said sprocket (29).
11. Machine according to one of claims 9,10, wherein said frame (2) comprises a carriage (17) on which said drums (3) are mounted, said carriage (17) being mobile in a first horizontal direction (X) perpendicular to the axis of said pipes (10).
12. Machine according to the previous claim, wherein said frame (2) comprises a bracket structure (21) on which said drums (3) are mounted, said bracket structure (21) being able to slide in a second vertical direction (Z) along vertical guides (22) foreseen in said carriage (17).
13. Machine according to the previous claim, wherein said frame (2) comprises a slide (26) on which said drums (3) are mounted, said slide (26) being able to slide in a third horizontal direction (Y) along horizontal guides (27) foreseen in said bracket structure (21).
14. Machine according to one of the previous claims, comprising a manual selection group (57) of the flexible pipe-expanding shafts (6) actually operative, associated with said drums (3).

Patentansprüche

1. Eine Rohraufweitungs-Trommelmaschine, umfassend einen Tragrahmen (2), mindestens eine Trommel (3), die drehbar in diesem Rahmen gelagert ist,

- Mittel zum Drehen der besagten Trommel (3) um ihre Achse,
eine biegsame Rohraufweitungswelle (6), die auf ein bewegliches Innenteil (13) der besagten Trommel gewickelt ist und ein erstes Ende (7) aufweist, das an der besagten Trommel (3) befestigt ist, einen Aufweitungsstern (8) oder einen geformten Spitzbogen (58), der mit dem zweiten Ende (9) der besagten biegsamen Rohraufweitungswelle (6) verbunden ist, geeignet zur Aufweitung des Durchmessers eines Rohres (10) durch Aufwickeln oder Abwickeln der besagten biegsamen Rohraufweitungswelle (6) auf die bzw. von der besagten Trommel (3) innerhalb des Rohres (10) selbst,
dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass die Rohraufweitungs-Trommelmaschine automatische Schmiermittel (11) der Innenfläche des Rohres (10) während der Rohraufweitung umfasst, die innerhalb des biegsamen Schaftes (6) vorgesehen sind, besagte automatische Schmiermittel (11) einen biegsamen Schmierkanal (33) umfassen, der in das Innere der besagten biegsamen Rohraufweitungswelle (6) eingesetzt ist und ein Anschlussstück (35), das in der besagten Trommel (3) vorgesehen ist, mit dem ein erster Endabschnitt (34) des besagten Schmierkanals (33) verbunden ist, der besagte Kanal (33) einen zweiten Endabschnitt (36) umfasst, welcher mit einem Gang (37) in Verbindung steht, der in dem besagten Aufweitungsstern (8) oder geformten Spitzbogen (58) vorgesehen ist.
2. Maschine nach Anspruch 1, worin die besagten automatischen Schmiermittel (11) eine Schmiersteuerungseinheit (45) umfassen, die mit dem besagten Anschlussstück (35) verbunden ist.
 3. Maschine nach einem der vorangegangenen Ansprüche, worin die besagte biegsame Rohraufweitungswelle (6) als Spiralfeder ausgeführt ist.
 4. Maschine nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 3, worin die besagte biegsame Rohraufweitungswelle (6) ein Betätigungskabel (38) des besagten Aufweitungssterns (8) oder geformten Spitzbogens, umfasst, das darin vorgesehen ist.
 5. Maschine nach Anspruch 4, worin das besagte Betätigungskabel (38) innerhalb des besagten Schmierkanals (33) gesteckt ist.
 6. Maschine nach einem der Ansprüche 4, 5, worin das besagte Betätigungskabel (38) ein erstes Ende (39) umfasst, das an einem Stellglied (40) befestigt ist, das in einem Sitz (32) untergebracht ist, der in der besagten Trommel (3) vorgesehen ist, und ein zweites Ende (41) das an dem besagten Aufweitungsstern (8) oder geformten Spitzbogen befestigt ist.
 7. Maschine nach dem vorangehenden Anspruch, worin das besagte Anschlussstück (35) in dem besagten Sitz (32) untergebracht ist und eine Öffnung (44) für das besagte Betätigungskabel (38) zum Herausführen umfasst.
 8. Maschine nach einem der vorangegangenen Ansprüche, umfassend eine bewegliche Konstruktionsgruppe (46), die verschiebbar in dem Rahmen (2) gelagert ist und einen Anschlagkopf (47) an dem Ende des Rohres (10) umfasst, innerhalb dessen die besagte biegsame Rohraufweitungswelle (6) beweglich ist.
 9. Maschine nach einem der vorangegangenen Ansprüche, umfassend eine Vielzahl der besagten Trommeln (3), die koaxial und nebeneinander auf dem besagten Rahmen (2) getragen werden, um eine Vielzahl an Rohren (10) aufzuweiten, die nebeneinander parallelachsig angeordnet sind.
 10. Maschine nach dem vorangehenden Anspruch, worin besagte Drehmittel (4) eine erste Getriebemotorgruppe (5) auf deren Ausgangsachse ein Zahnrad (29) angebracht ist, eine Rohrwelle (30), entlang der besagte Trommeln (3) befestigt sind, und einen Zahnkranz (31), der mit der besagten Rohrwelle (30) verbunden ist und mit dem besagten Zahnrad (29) in Eingriff befindlich ist, umfassen.
 11. Maschine nach einem der Ansprüche 9, 10, worin der besagte Rahmen (2) einen Wagen (17) umfasst, auf dem die besagten Trommeln (3) montiert sind, wobei der besagte Wagen (17) in einer ersten horizontalen Richtung (X) senkrecht zur Achse der besagten Rohre (10) beweglich ist.
 12. Maschine nach dem vorangehenden Anspruch, worin der besagte Rahmen (2) eine Trägerstruktur (21) aufweist, auf der die besagten Trommeln (3) montiert sind, wobei die besagte Trägerstruktur (21) in der Lage ist, in einer zweiten vertikalen Richtung (Z) entlang vertikaler Führungen (22), die in dem besagten Wagen (17) vorgesehen sind, zu gleiten.
 13. Maschine nach dem vorangehenden Anspruch, worin der besagte Rahmen (2) einen Schlitten (26) aufweist, auf dem die besagten Trommeln (3) montiert sind, wobei der besagte Schlitten (26) in der Lage ist, in einer dritten horizontalen Richtung (Y) entlang horizontaler Führungen (27), die in der besagten Trägerstruktur (21) vorgesehen sind, zu gleiten.
 14. Maschine nach einem der vorangegangenen Ansprüche, umfassend eine manuelle Auswahlgruppe (57) der tatsächlich betriebsfähigen biegsamen Rohraufweitungswellen (6), die mit den besagten Trommeln verbunden sind.

Revendications

1. Machine à tambour pour élargir un tube, comprenant un cadre porteur (2), au moins un tambour (3) supporté de manière rotative dans ledit cadre (2), des moyens pour mettre en rotation ledit tambour (3) autour de son axe, une tige flexible d'élargissement de tuyau (6) enroulée sur une partie intérieure mobile (13) dudit tambour (3) et comportant une première extrémité (7) fixée audit tambour (3), un mandrin d'élargissement (8) ou une conformation ogive (58), raccordé à la deuxième extrémité (9) de ladite tige flexible d'élargissement de tuyau (6), adapté pour élargir le diamètre d'un tuyau (10) en enroulant ou en déroulant ladite tige flexible d'élargissement de tuyau (6) sur ou dudit tambour (3) à l'intérieur du tuyau (10) même,
caractérisée en ce qu'elle comprend des moyens de lubrification automatique (11) de la surface intérieure du tuyau (10) pendant l'élargissement du tuyau disposé à l'intérieur de ladite tige flexible (6), lesdits moyens de lubrification automatique (11) comprenant un conduit flexible de lubrification (33) inséré à l'intérieur de ladite tige flexible d'élargissement de tuyau (6) et un raccord (35) disposé dans ledit tambour (3), auquel une première partie d'extrémité (34) dudit conduit de lubrification (33) est raccordée, ledit conduit (33) comprenant une deuxième partie d'extrémité (36) en communication avec un méat (37) disposé dans ledit mandrin d'élargissement (8) ou conformation ogive (58).
2. Machine selon la revendication 1, dans laquelle lesdits moyens de lubrification automatique (11) comprennent une unité de commande de lubrification (45) raccordée audit raccord (35).
3. Machine selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, dans laquelle ladite tige flexible d'élargissement de tuyau (6) est du type à ressort hélicoïdal.
4. Machine selon l'une des revendications 1 à 3, dans laquelle ladite tige flexible d'élargissement de tuyau (6) comprend un câble d'actionnement (38) dudit mandrin d'élargissement (8) ou conformation ogive, disposé à l'intérieur de celle-ci.
5. Machine selon la revendication 4, dans laquelle ledit câble d'actionnement (38) est glissé à l'intérieur dudit conduit de lubrification (33).
6. Machine selon l'une des revendications 4 et 5, dans laquelle ledit câble d'actionnement (38) comprend une première extrémité (39) fixée à un actionneur (40) contenu dans un siège (32) disposé dans ledit tambour (3), et une deuxième extrémité (41) fixée audit mandrin d'élargissement (8) ou conformation ogive.
7. Machine selon la revendication précédente, dans laquelle ledit raccord (35) est contenu dans ledit siège (32) et comprend une ouverture (44) pour ledit câble d'actionnement (38) dont il peut sortir.
8. Machine selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, comprenant un groupe d'opposition mobile (46) supporté de manière coulissante dans ledit cadre (2) et comprenant une tête de butée (47) sur l'extrémité du tuyau (10) à l'intérieur duquel ladite tige flexible d'élargissement de tuyau (6) est mobile.
9. Machine selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, comprenant une pluralité desdits tambours (3), supportés de manière coaxiale et côte-à-côte sur ledit cadre (2), pour élargir une pluralité de tuyaux (10) disposés côte-à-côte avec des axes parallèles.
10. Machine selon la revendication précédente, dans laquelle lesdits moyens de rotation (4) comprennent un premier groupe motoréducteur (5) sur l'axe de sortie duquel un pignon (29) est disposé, un axe tubulaire (30) le long duquel lesdits tambours (3) sont agencés, et une couronne dentée (31) associée audit axe tubulaire (30) et engrenée avec ledit pignon (29).
11. Machine selon l'une des revendications 9, 10, dans laquelle ledit cadre (2) comprend un chariot (17) sur lequel lesdits tambours (3) sont montés, ledit chariot (17) étant mobile dans une première direction horizontale (X) perpendiculaire à l'axe desdits tuyaux (10).
12. Machine selon la revendication précédente, dans laquelle ledit cadre (2) comprend une structure de support (21) sur laquelle lesdits tambours (3) sont montés, ladite structure de support (21) pouvant coulisser dans une deuxième direction verticale (Z) le long de guides verticaux (22) disposés dans ledit chariot (17).
13. Machine selon la revendication précédente, dans laquelle ledit cadre (2) comprend un coulisseau (26) sur lequel lesdits tambours (3) sont montés, ledit coulisseau (26) pouvant coulisser dans une troisième direction horizontale (Y) le long de guides horizontaux (27) disposés dans ladite structure de support (21).
14. Machine selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, comprenant un groupe de sélection

manuelle (57) des tiges flexibles d'élargissement de tuyaux (6) vraiment opérationnels, associé auxdits tambours (3).

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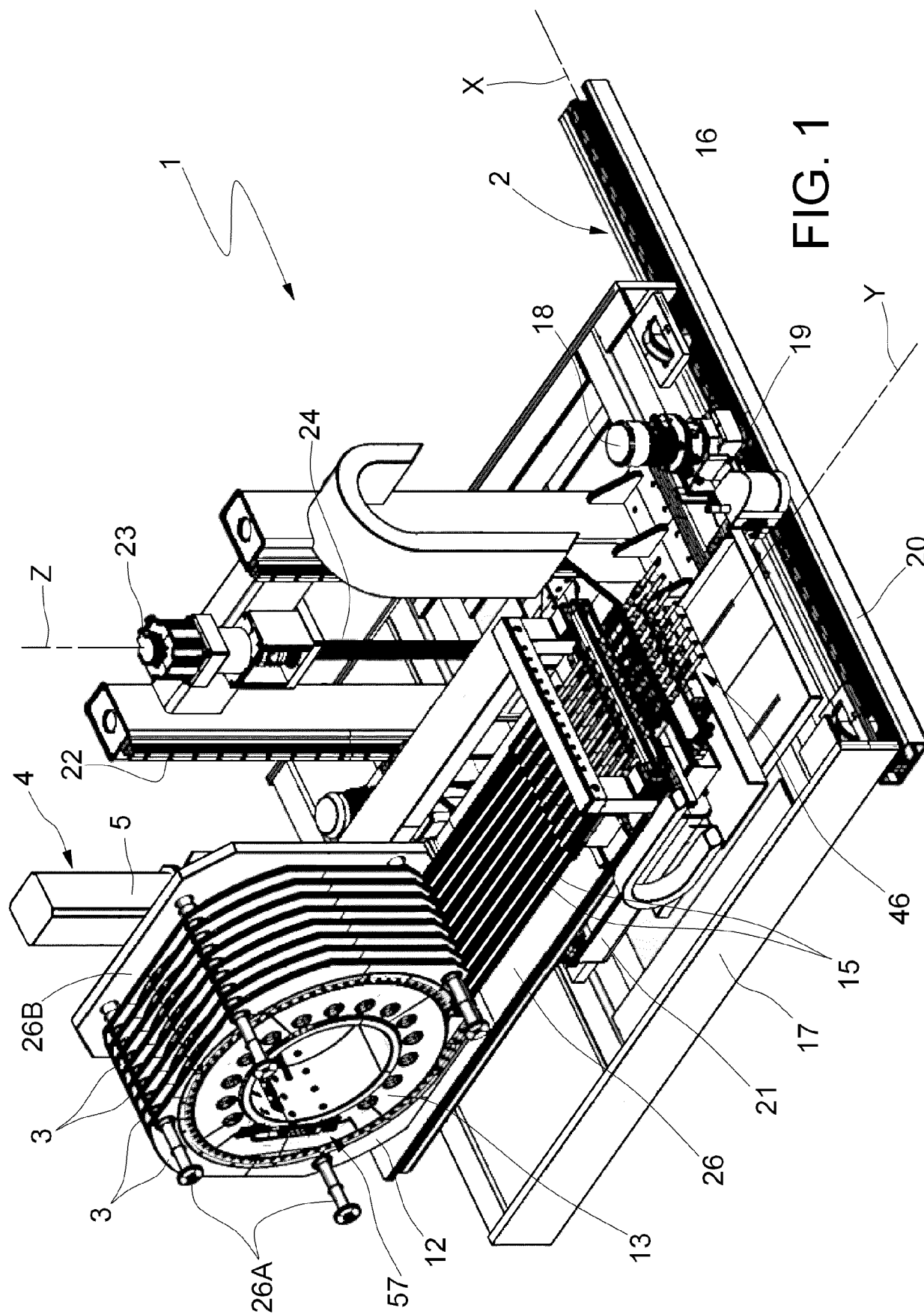


FIG. 1

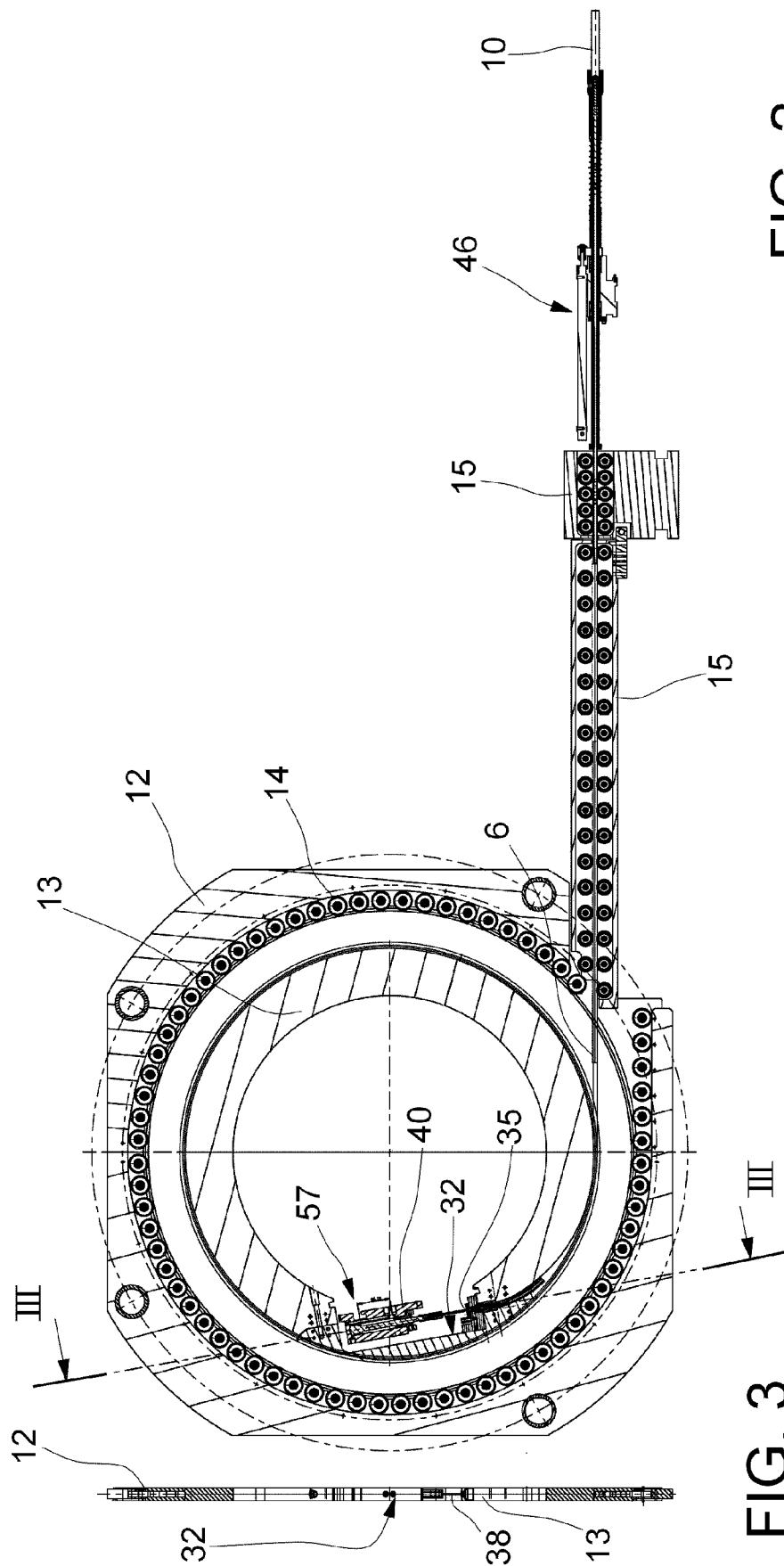


FIG. 2

FIG. 3

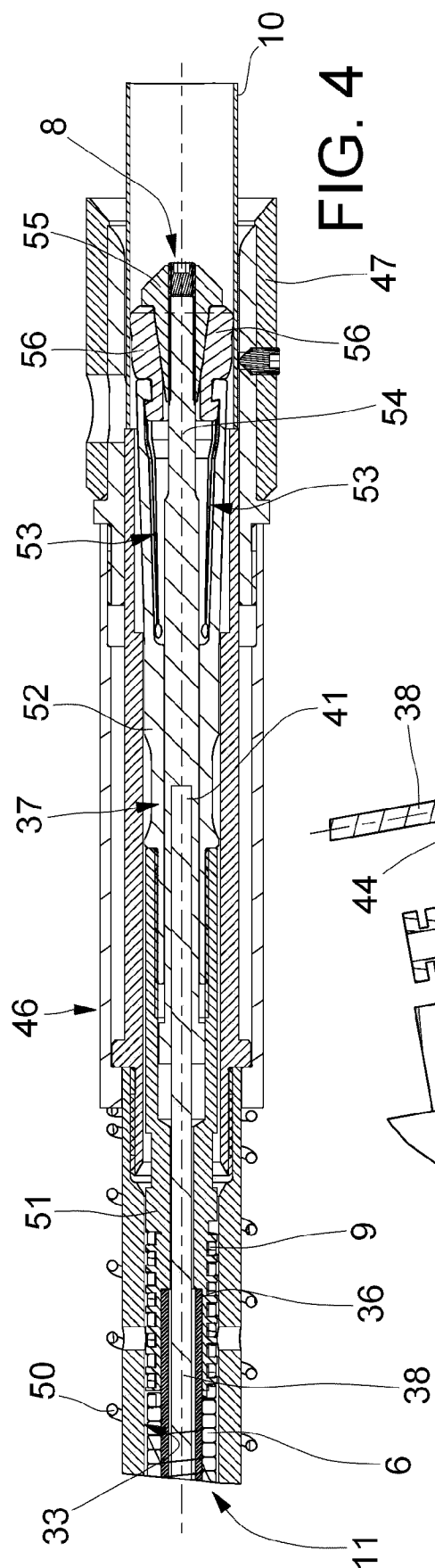


FIG. 4

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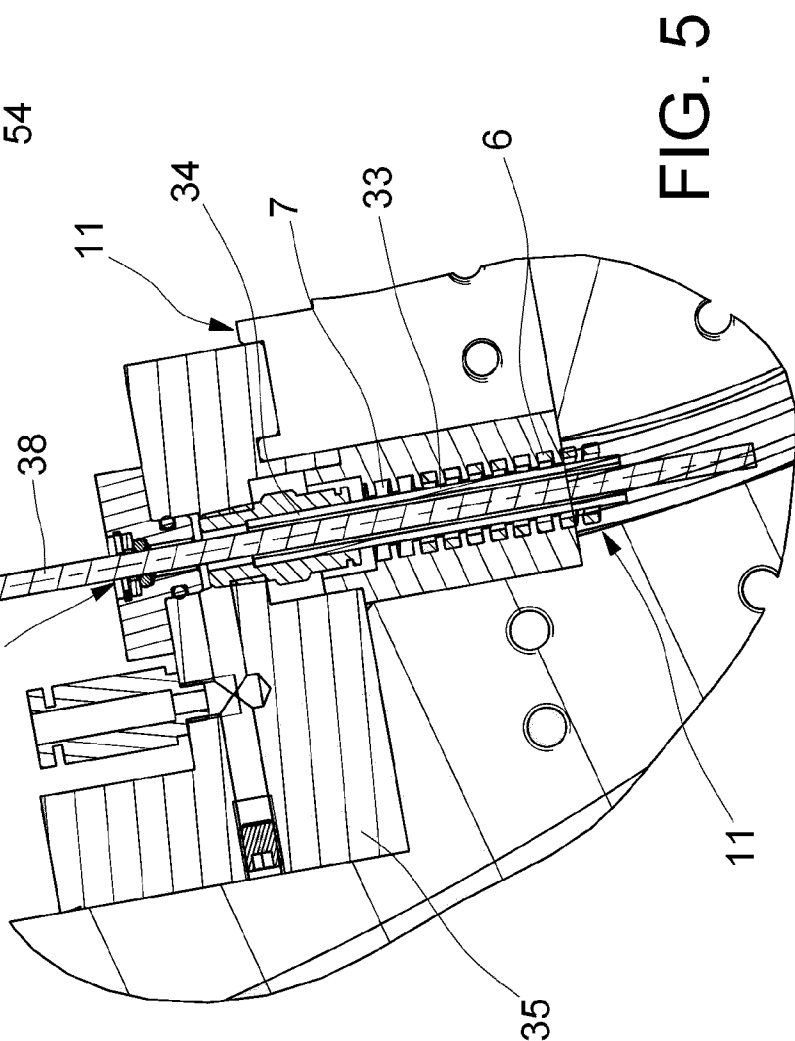


FIG. 5

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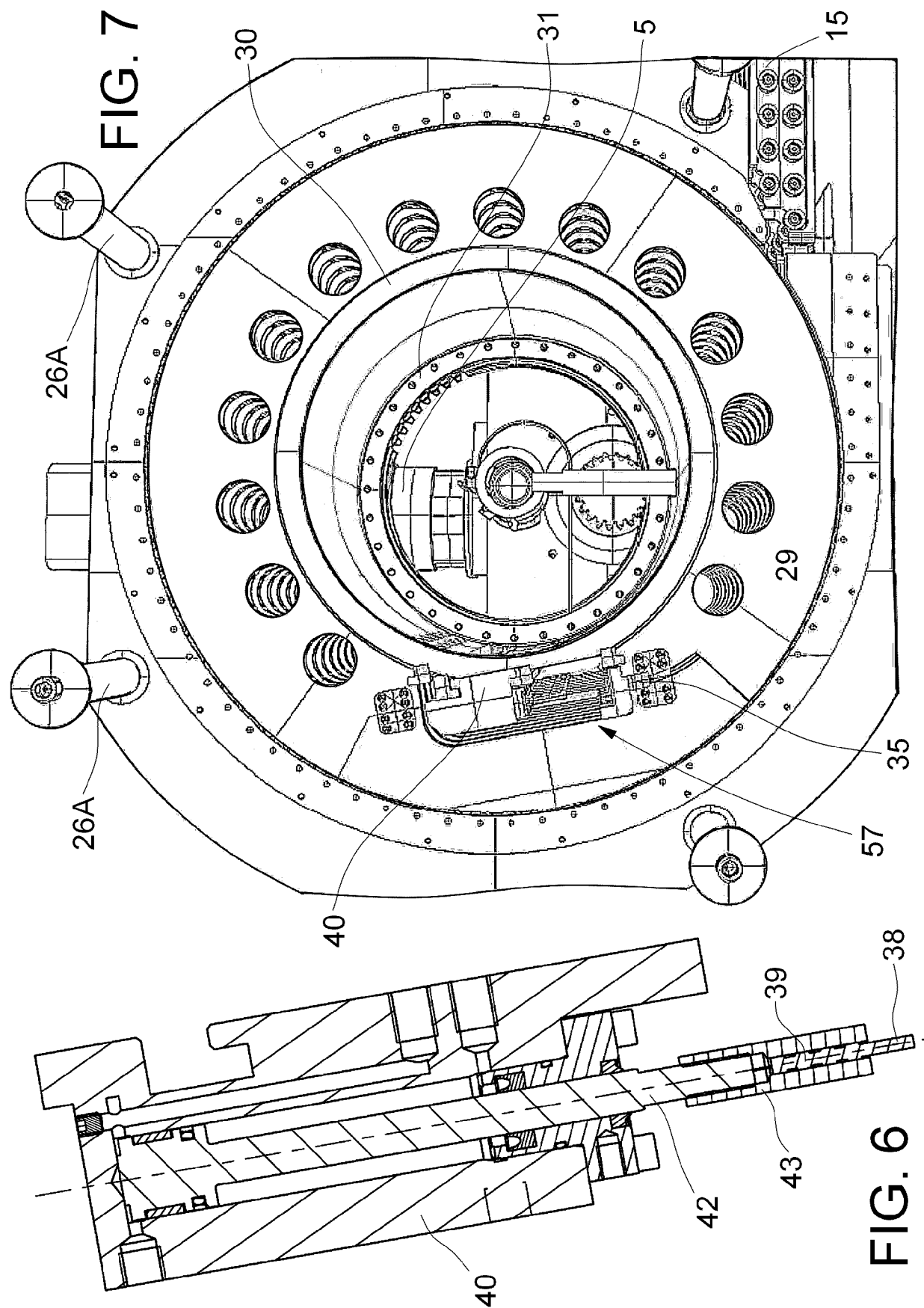
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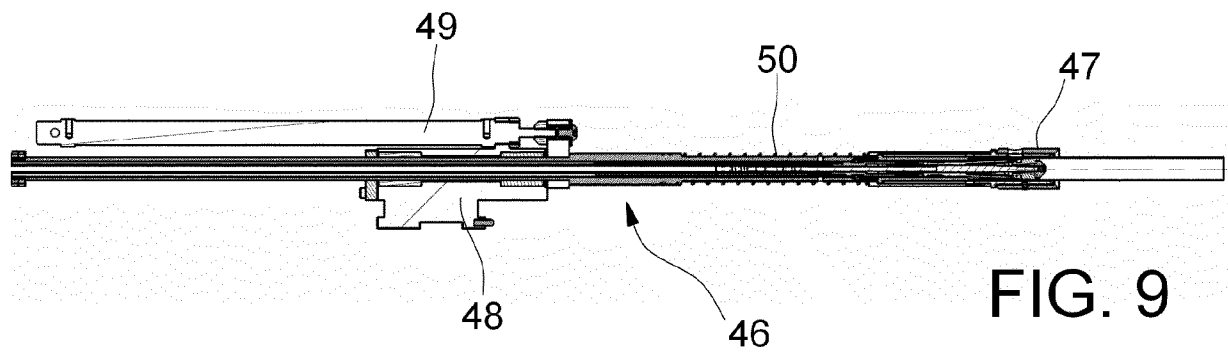
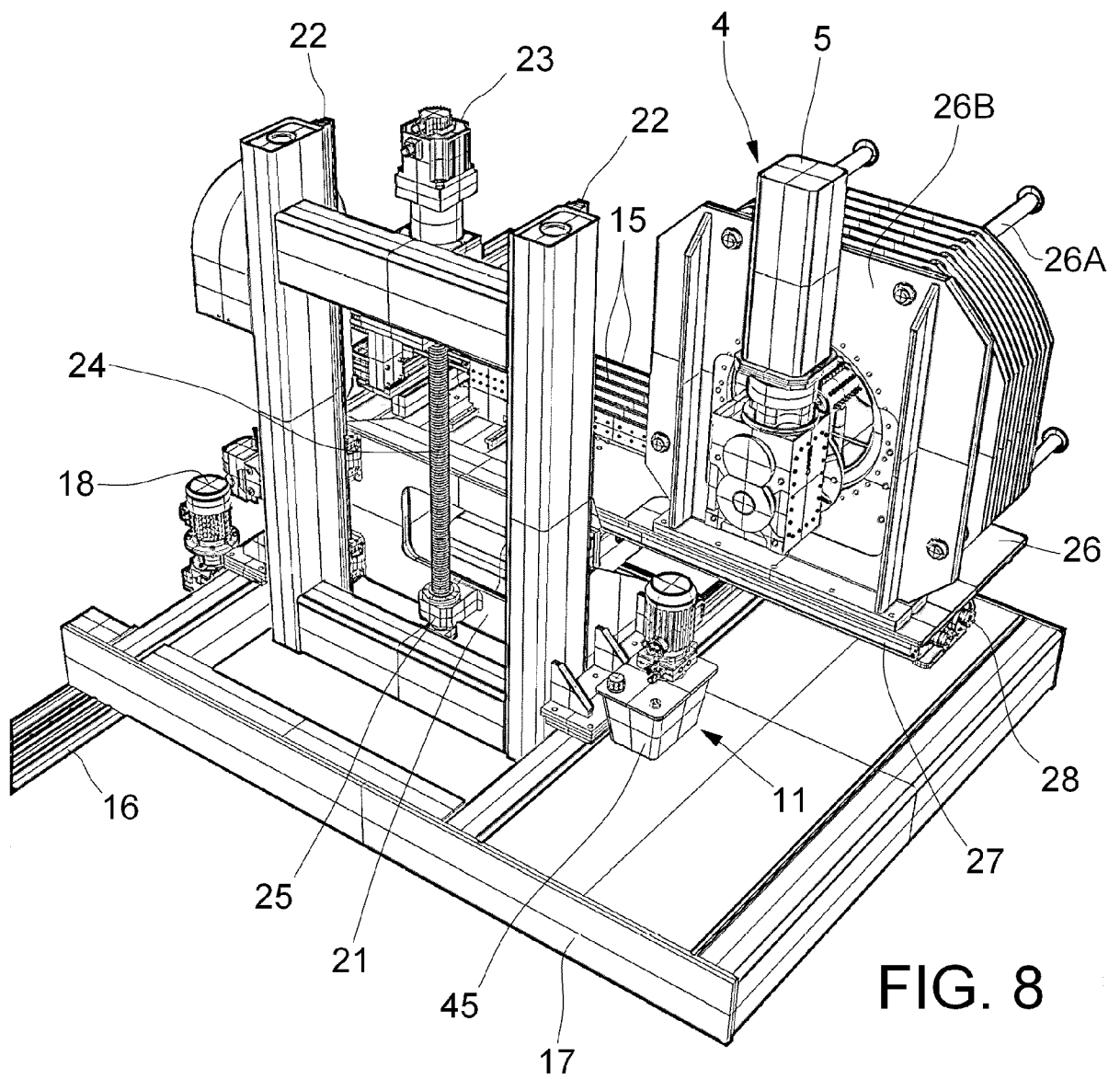
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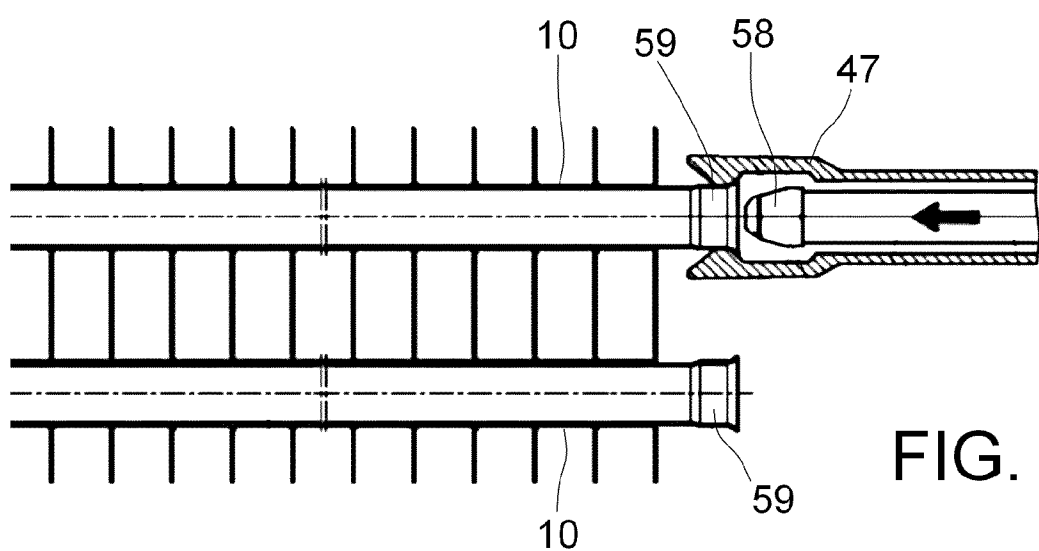
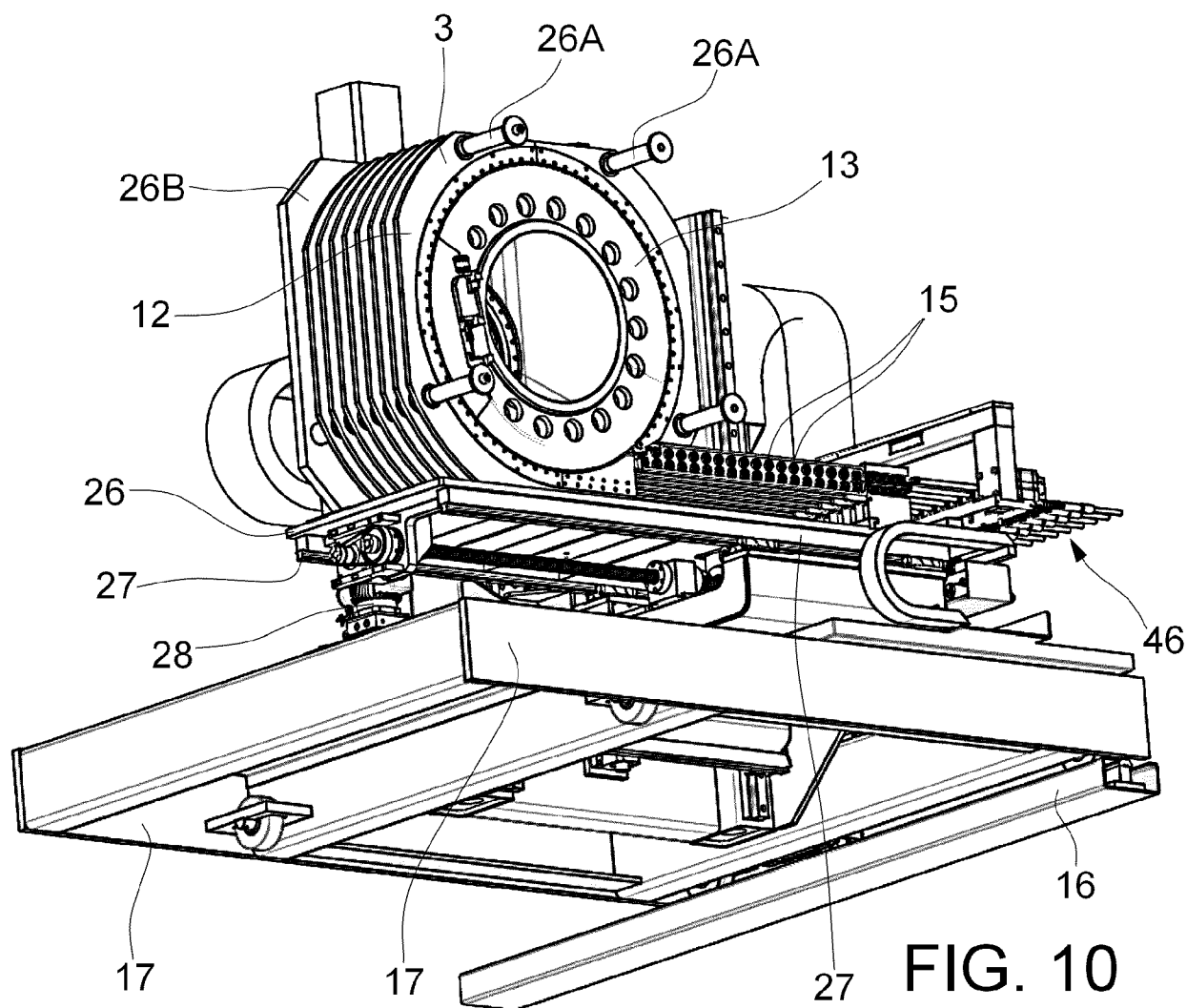
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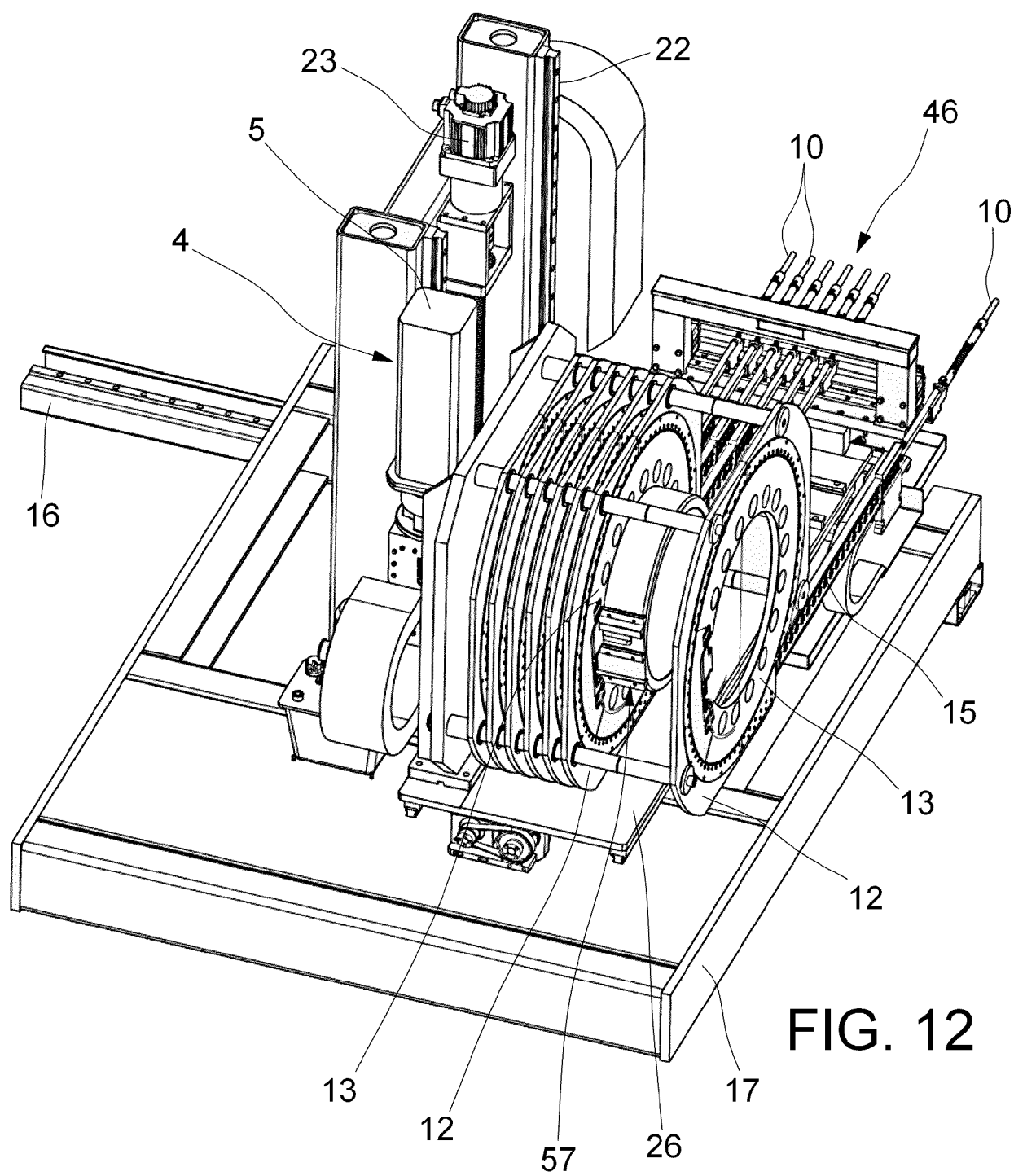


FIG. 12

REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

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Patent documents cited in the description

- WO 2010115427 A1 [0005] [0011] [0013]

CSŐTÁGÍTÓ-DOBOS GÉP

SZABADALMI IGÉNYPONTOK

1. Csőtagító-dobos gép, amely magában foglal egy vázat (2),
legalább egy dob (3), amely a vázban (2) forgathatóan van tartva,
eszközt a dob (3) forgatására annak mértani tengelye körül,
egy hajlékony csőtagító rudat (6), amely a dob (3) egy mozgatható belső részére (13) van tekerve, és amelynek van egy, a dobhoz (3) rögzített első vége (7),
egy tágitó tűskét (8) vagy csúcsíves idomot (58), amely a hajlékony csőtagító rúd (6) második végéhez (9) csatlakozik, és alkalmas egy cső átmérőjének (10) növelésére magában a csőben (10) a hajlékony csőtagító rúd (6) a dob (3) történő rátekerése vagy róla történő letékerése révén,
azzal jellemezve, hogy magában foglal egy, a cső (10) belső felületének csőtagítás közben történő automatikus kenésére szolgáló eszközt (11) a hajlékony rúd (6),
amely automatikus kenőeszköz (11) magában foglal egy hajlékony kenővezeték (33), amely be van vezetve a hajlékony csőtagító rúd (6), és egy, a dob (3) rendelkezésre álló szerelvényt (35), amelyhez a kenővezeték (33) egy első végrésze (34) csatlakozik,
továbbá a vezeték (33) magában foglal egy második végrészt (36), amely összeköttetésben van egy, a tágitó tűskében (8) vagy csúcsíves idomban (58) rendelkezésre álló járattal (37).
2. Az 1. igénypont szerinti gép, amelyben az automatikus kenőeszköz (11) magában foglal egy, a szerelvényhez (35) csatlakoztatott kenésvezérlő egységet (45).
3. Az 1. vagy a 2. igénypont szerinti gép, amelyben a hajlékony csőtagító rúd (6) típusát tekintve tekercsrugó.
4. Az 1-3. igénypontok egyike szerinti gép, amelyben a hajlékony csőtagító rúd (6) magában foglalja a tágitó tűske (8) vagy csúcsíves idom egy benne rendelkezésre álló működtető kábelét (38).
5. A 4. igénypont szerinti gép, amelyben a működtető kábel (38) bele van hornyolva a kenővezetékbe (33).
6. A 4. vagy az 5. igénypont szerinti gép, amelyben a működtető kábel (38) magában foglal egy első véget (39), amely egy, a dob (3) rendelkezésre álló fészek (32) által befogadott működtető taghoz (40) van rögzítve, és egy második véget (41), amely a tágitó tűskéhez (8) vagy csúcsíves idomhoz van rögzítve.



7. Az előző igénypont szerinti gép, amelyben a szerelvény (35), amelyet a fészek (32) fogad be, magában foglal egy nyílást (44) a működtető kábel (38) kivezetése céljából.

8. Az előző igénypontok bármelyike szerinti gép, amely magában foglal egy mozgatható kontrasztcsoportot (46), amely a vázban (2) csúszthatóan van tartva, és amely magában foglal egy ütközőfejet (47) a cső végén (10), amelyen belül a hajlékony csőtágító rúd (6) mozgatható.

9. Az előző igénypontok bármelyike szerinti gép, amely több dob (3) foglal magában, amelyek a vázon (2) koaxiálisan és egymás mellett vannak tartva több, párhuzamos mértani tengelyű, egymás mellett elhelyezett cső (10) tágítása céljából.

10. Az előző igénypont szerinti gép, amelyben a forgatóeszköz (4) magában foglal egy első fogaskerék-motor csoportot (5), amelynek a kimeneti tengelyére rá van szerelve egy lánckerék (29), egy cső alakú rudat (30), amelynek mentén a dobok (3) fel vannak szerelve, és egy fogaskoronát (31), amely össze van kötve a cső alakú rúddal (30), és összekapcsolódik a lánckerékkel (29).

11. A 9. vagy a 10. igénypont szerinti gép, amelyben a váz (2) magában foglal egy kocsi (17), amelyre a dobok (3) rá vannak erősítve, amely kocsi (17) egy, a csövek (10) mértani tengelyére merőleges, első vízszintes irányban (X) mozgatható.

12. Az előző igénypont szerinti gép, amelyben a váz (2) magában foglal egy tartószerkezetet (21), amelyre a dobok (3) rá vannak erősítve, amely tartószerkezet (21) a kocsi (17) rendelkezésre álló függőleges vezetők (22) mentén egy második függőleges irányban (Z) tud síklni.

13. Az előző igénypont szerinti gép, amelyben a váz (2) magában foglal egy szánt (26), amelyre a dobok (3) rá vannak erősítve, amely szán (26) a tartószerkezetben (21) rendelkezésre álló vízszintes vezetők (27) mentén egy harmadik vízszintes irányban (Y) tud síklni.

14. Az előző igénypontok bármelyike szerinti gép, amely magában foglalja az aktuálisan üzemelő hajlékony csőtágító rudak (6) egy kézi kezelésű kiválasztó csoportját (57), amely össze van kötve a dobokkal (3).