



(22) Date de dépôt/Filing Date: 2014/08/07

(41) Mise à la disp. pub./Open to Public Insp.: 2015/02/14

(45) Date de délivrance/Issue Date: 2022/08/02

(30) Priorités/Priorities: 2013/08/14 (US61/865811);
2014/07/02 (US14/321895)

(51) Cl.Int./Int.Cl. *H01R 24/64* (2011.01),
F21L 4/00 (2006.01), *F21V 33/00* (2006.01)

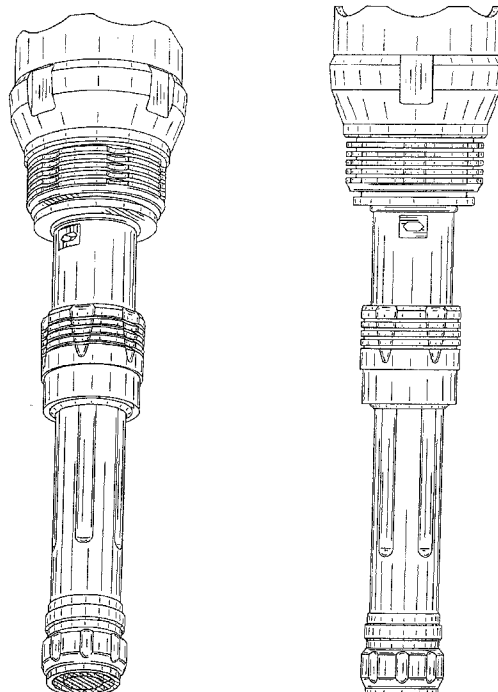
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(54) Titre : LAMPE DE POCHE RECHARGEABLE A HAUTE PUISSANCE AVEC BUS UNIVERSEL EN SERIE A DEUX VOIES

(54) Title: HIGH POWER RECHARGEABLE FLASHLIGHT WITH TWO WAY UNIVERSAL SERIAL BUS



(57) Abrégé/Abstract:

A high power rechargeable flashlight with two way universal serial bus (USB) capable of recharging electronic devices as well as recharging itself.

ABSTRACT

A high power rechargeable flashlight with two way universal serial bus (USB) capable of recharging electronic devices as well as recharging itself.

Title: High Power Rechargeable Flashlight With Two Way Universal Serial BUS

[0001] This application claims the benefit and priority of US Serial No.: 61865811

Statement Regarding Federally Sponsored Research:

[0002] The invention was not made under government contract nor was funded grant money used to fund the research

FIELD

[0003] Rechargeable Flashlights and Portable Power

BACKGROUND

[0004] The present invention is a handheld flashlight with integrated portable power capabilities via two-way universal serial bus (USB). Flashlights are useful portable devices that provide light to users in the event of power outages, nighttime outdoor activities and many other circumstances. This invention combines the utility of a flashlight and a backup power source for recharging various electronic devices.

SUMMARY

[0005] The invention is a high power rechargeable flashlight with two way universal serial bus (USB). This handheld flashlight with integrated portable power capabilities via two way universal serial bus provides the utility of a traditional flashlight with the benefit of on the go backup power. Flashlights are useful portable light sources and are common to almost every home. With our increased reliance on smart phones, tablet style computers and related portable devices, back up power is essential when away from a primary charging source such as a home outlet or automobile. The present invention with its universal serial bus with the assistance of an adapter is capable of

powering and transferring energy to small rechargeable electronic devices. Additionally, the invention uses the same universal serial bus to draw energy from an external adapter to recharge its own internal battery. The invention utilizes USB adapters and modifies their electrical characteristics to allow the adapter to serve the two purposes of both powering and transferring energy to small electronics or recharging itself through the same port. Currently, other market available designs required dual adapters to accomplish this function. The user can take advantage of the present invention by having a built-in USB adapter port that can recharge and power their small portable devices as well as acting as a rechargeable light source, namely a flashlight.

[0005a] In an aspect, there is provided a flashlight capable of both providing light and powering an external electrical device, said flashlight comprising: a body member formed in a shape of a flashlight body, the body member having a first end and a second end; a light member disposed at the first end of the body member; a light circuit in communication with the light member for energizing the light member under certain conditions, the light circuit disposed within the body member; a bidirectional universal serial bus (USB) port accessible through the body member; a rechargeable battery in communication with the light circuit, the rechargeable battery disposed within the body member; a battery charging circuit in communication with the rechargeable battery and in communication with the single USB port, the battery charging circuit disposed within the body member; a microcontroller in communication with the battery charging circuit, the microcontroller disposed within the body member; and an output power supply circuit in communication with the microcontroller and with the rechargeable battery, the output power supply circuit disposed within the body member; wherein the microcontroller is programmed to allow energy from an external source to enter through the single electrical port and recharge the rechargeable battery in connection with the battery charging circuit and to allow energy from the rechargeable battery to exit through the single electrical port in connection with the output power supply circuit to provide power to an external electrical device.

[0005b] In another aspect, there is provided an electrical circuit for a first electrical device which permits for recharging of an internal power source of the first electrical device and also permits using the internal power source to power an external second

electrical device both from a single electrical port associated with the first electrical device, said electrical circuit comprising: a single electrical port; a rechargeable battery; a battery charging circuit in communication with the rechargeable battery and in communication with the single USB port; a microcontroller in communication with the battery charging circuit; an output power supply circuit in communication with the microcontroller and with the rechargeable battery; a first electrical device switch in communication with the microcontroller; and a second electrical port switch in communication with the microcontroller; wherein the microcontroller is programmed to allow energy from an external source to enter through the single electrical port and recharge the rechargeable battery in connection with the battery charging circuit and to allow energy from the rechargeable battery to exit through the single electrical port in connection with the output power supply circuit to provide power to an external second electrical device.

[0005c] In another aspect, there is provided a method for recharging a rechargeable battery of an electrical device and for using the rechargeable battery to power an external electrical device through a single bidirectional universal serial bus (USB) port accessible through the electrical device, said electrical device including a rechargeable battery, a battery charging circuit in communication with the rechargeable battery and in communication with the single bidirectional USB port, a microcontroller in communication with the battery charging circuit, an output power supply circuit in communication with the microcontroller and with the rechargeable battery, and a switch in communication with the microcontroller; said method comprising the steps of: a. pressing the switch which causes a signal to be sent to the microcontroller; b. either activating the battery charging circuit by the microcontroller to charge the rechargeable battery or activating the output power supply circuit by the microcontroller to power or charge an external electrical device by the rechargeable battery; and c. inputting energy through the USB port to the battery charging circuit to charge the rechargeable battery when the microcontroller activates the battery charging circuit and outputting energy from the rechargeable battery through the USB port by the output power supply circuit to power or charge an external electrical device when the microcontroller activates the output power supply circuit.

[0005d] In yet another aspect, there is provided a flashlight capable of both providing light and powering an external electrical device, said flashlight comprising: a body member formed in a shape of a flashlight body, the body member having a first end and a second end; a light member disposed at the first end of the body member; a light circuit in communication with the light member for energizing the light member under certain conditions, the light circuit disposed within the body member; a single electrical port accessible through the body member; a rechargeable battery in communication with the light circuit, the rechargeable battery disposed within the body member; and a microcontroller disposed within the body member; wherein the microcontroller is programmed to allow energy from an external source to enter through the single electrical port and recharge the rechargeable battery and to allow energy from the rechargeable battery to exit through the single electrical port to provide energy to an external electrical device.

[0005e] In still another aspect, there is provided a flashlight capable of both providing light and powering an external electrical device, said flashlight comprising: a body member formed in a shape of a flashlight body, the body member having a first end and a second end; a light member disposed at the first end of the body member; a light circuit in communication with the light member for energizing the light member under certain conditions, the light circuit disposed within the body member; a universal serial bus (USB) port with bidirectional capabilities with input and output energy transfer functionalities, said USB port accessible through the body member; a rechargeable battery in communication with the light circuit, the rechargeable battery disposed within the body member; a microcontroller disposed within the body member; a first switch in communication with the microcontroller for controlling operation of the light member; and a second switch in communication with the microcontroller for controlling activating the USB port for inputting or outputting energy through the USB port; wherein the microcontroller is programmed such that when a user selects the first switch the rechargeable battery is permitted to provide energy to the light member in connection with the light circuit and the microcontroller is also programmed to disable operations through the USB port; wherein when the second switch is selected by the user the microcontroller is programmed to allow energy from an external source to enter through

the USB port and recharge the rechargeable battery and to allow energy from the rechargeable battery to exit through the USB port to provide energy to an external electrical device, but not both at a same time; wherein the USB port is a two-way port and acts as an input device when recharging the rechargeable battery and the acts as an output device when the rechargeable battery is providing power for the external second electrical device.

[0005f] In still another aspect, there is provided a flashlight capable of both providing light and powering an external electrical device, said flashlight comprising: a body member formed in a shape of a flashlight body, the body member having a first end and a second end; a light member disposed at the first end of the body member; a light circuit in communication with the light member for energizing the light member under certain conditions, the light circuit disposed within the body member; a single electrical port accessible through the body member; a rechargeable battery in communication with the light circuit, the rechargeable battery disposed within the body member; and a microcontroller disposed within the body member; wherein the microcontroller is programmed to allow energy from an external source to enter through the single electrical port and recharge the rechargeable battery and to allow energy from the rechargeable battery to exit through the single electrical port to provide energy to an external electrical device and wherein the single electrical port is a universal serial bus adapter port with bidirectional capabilities with input and output energy transfer functionalities.

DRAWINGS

[0006] FIG.1 is a block diagram of the internal functions of the universal serial bus (USB) control circuit including the function of the rechargeable high power LED flashlight.

[0007] FIG. 2 is a physical appearance of various universal serial ports available that can be used in combination with the flashlight.

[0008] FIG. 3 shows a perspective view of the preferred embodiment with built in universal serial bus (USB).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0009] Figure 1 shows an internal diagram of the present invention and all its major electrical components. The circuitry is divided into section A and section B. Section A describes the major components and internal circuits of the bidirectional universal serial bus (USB) 9 circuit operation. Section B shows the internal circuit operation of the high power rechargeable flashlight. The combination of both circuits are essential to the invention. The USB adapter port 9 can be optimized for different situations. For example the charging port's physical size and power carrying capabilities, to allow high efficiency power across various situations and need not be

limited to only one type of adapter. It may take other form as shown in FIG 2.; USB A, Mini A, Micro AB. Also, this particular adapter port's 9 main characteristic is to be mechanically and electrically coupled with any external device with similar connectivity 10. The external device 10 can be directly coupled to the USB adapter port 9 or through an adapter USB extension cord.

[0010] In Section B of FIG. 1, the High Power Rechargeable Flashlight Fig. 3 is controlled when the flashlight power switch 2 sends a signal to the micro-controller 5 to tell it that the flashlight mode is active and therefore disable all other features. In this scenario, the circuitry converts the USB adapter 9 into an input device where current is drawn from an external adapter to recharge the internal battery 1 of the flashlight to power the LED light 4. The micro-controller 5 processes this information and allows the current to flow from the USB adapter port 9, to the battery charging circuit 8, the internal battery 1, the LED driver circuit and finally into the high powered led light 4. The charging circuit 8 is a switching regulator. Its primary function is to limit the current and voltage potential to the internal battery 1 received from the USB adapter port 9 typically five volt of direct current as per industry standard.

[0011] Section A describes the secondary function of the universal serial bus (USB) 9 which is to output and transfer energy from the internal battery 1 into small rechargeable electronic devices such as mobile phones, digital cameras, mp3 and similar consumer products. This mode is activated when the user selects to use the USB manual electronic switch 7. The electronic switch 7 sends a signal to the micro-controller 5 indicating to toggle to the secondary function and turn the USB adapter port 9 into a power sourcing device. Sourcing device means that the energy transfer will now flow from the internal battery 1 out to the external device 10. The way we accomplish this function is to have the micro-controller 5, send a signal to the output power supply circuit 6 to activate and transfer the energy from the internal battery 1 into the USB adapter port 9. The power supply circuit 6 is a buck regulator that lowers the higher potential voltage from the battery typically above seven volt of direct current down to five volt of direct current which is the industry standard output voltage of a USB adapter

port 9. This power supply circuit 6, allows control of the maximum current deliver to the external device 10.

What is claimed is:

1. A flashlight capable of both providing light and powering an external electrical device, said flashlight comprising:

a body member formed in a shape of a flashlight body, the body member having a first end and a second end;

a light member disposed at the first end of the body member;

a light circuit in communication with the light member for energizing the light member under certain conditions, the light circuit disposed within the body member;

a bidirectional universal serial bus (USB) port accessible through the body member;

a rechargeable battery in communication with the light circuit, the rechargeable battery disposed within the body member;

a battery charging circuit in communication with the rechargeable battery and in communication with the bidirectional USB port, the battery charging circuit disposed within the body member;

a microcontroller in communication with the battery charging circuit, the microcontroller disposed within the body member; and

an output power supply circuit in communication with the microcontroller and with the rechargeable battery, the output power supply circuit disposed within the body member;

wherein the microcontroller is programmed to allow energy from an external source to enter through a single electrical port and recharge the rechargeable battery in connection with the battery charging circuit and to allow energy from the rechargeable battery to exit through the single electrical port in connection with the output power supply circuit to provide power to an external electrical device.

2. The flashlight of claim 1 wherein the bidirectional USB port has input and output energy transfer functionalities.

3. An electrical circuit for a first electrical device which permits for recharging of an internal power source of the first electrical device and also permits using the internal power source to power an external second electrical device both from a single electrical port associated with the first electrical device, said electrical circuit comprising:

a single electrical port;

a rechargeable battery;

a battery charging circuit in communication with the rechargeable battery and in communication with the single electrical port;

a microcontroller in communication with the battery charging circuit;

an output power supply circuit in communication with the microcontroller and with the rechargeable battery; and

a first electrical device switch in communication with the microcontroller; and

wherein the microcontroller is programmed to allow energy from an external source to enter through the single electrical port and recharge the rechargeable battery in connection with the battery charging circuit and to allow energy from the rechargeable battery to exit through the single electrical port in connection with the output power supply circuit to provide power to the external second electrical device.

4. The flashlight of claim 1 further comprising: a first electrical device switch in communication with the microcontroller and accessible through the body member; and a

second USB switch in communication with the microcontroller and accessible through the body member.

5. The electrical circuit of claim 3 wherein the single electrical port is a universal serial bus (USB) adapter port with bidirectional capabilities with input and output energy transfer functionalities integrated into a high power rechargeable flashlight.

6. The electrical circuit of claim 3 wherein the microcontroller is programmed to allow either the recharging of the rechargeable battery or the powering of the external second electrical device at a specific instant in time and not both at the same time.

7. The electrical circuit of claim 6 wherein the single electrical port is a two-way port and acts as an input device when recharging the rechargeable battery and the acts as an output device when the rechargeable battery is providing power for the external second electrical device.

8. The electrical circuit of claim 3 wherein the microcontroller is programmed such that when a user presses the first electrical device switch the rechargeable battery is permitted to provide power for the first electrical device.

9. The electrical circuit of claim 8 wherein the microcontroller is programmed such that when a user presses the first electrical device switch the battery charging circuit and the output power supply circuit are disabled.

10. The electrical circuit of claim 3 wherein the battery charging circuit is a switching regulator.

11. The electrical circuit of claim 3 wherein the external electrical device is adapted for electrical or mechanical coupling to the single electrical port directly or through a cord.
12. The electrical circuit of claim 3 wherein the first electrical device is a flashlight.
13. The electrical circuit of claim 3 wherein the single electrical port is a bidirectional USB port.
14. The electrical circuit of claim 3 wherein the single electrical port is a USB A port, a MINI-A port, a MINI-B port, a MICRO-AB port or a MICRO-B port.
15. The electrical circuit of claim 3 wherein the output power supply circuit is a buck regulator.
16. A method for recharging a rechargeable battery of an electrical device and for using the rechargeable battery to power an external electrical device through a single bidirectional universal serial bus (USB) port accessible through the electrical device, said electrical device including a rechargeable battery, a battery charging circuit in communication with the rechargeable battery and in communication with the single bidirectional USB port, a microcontroller in communication with the battery charging circuit, an output power supply circuit in communication with the microcontroller and with the rechargeable battery, and a switch in communication with the microcontroller; said method comprising the steps of:

- a. pressing the switch which causes a signal to be sent to the microcontroller;

b. either activating the battery charging circuit by the microcontroller to charge the rechargeable battery or activating the output power supply circuit by the microcontroller to power or charge an external electrical device by the rechargeable battery; and

c. inputting energy through the single bidirectional USB port to the battery charging circuit to charge the rechargeable battery when the microcontroller activates the battery charging circuit and outputting energy from the rechargeable battery through the USB port by the output power supply circuit to power or charge an external electrical device when the microcontroller activates the output power supply circuit.

17. The method of claim 16 further comprising the step of electrically connecting an external power source to the single bidirectional USB port prior to activating the battery charging circuit in step b.

18. The method of claim 16 further comprising the step of electrically connecting an external electrical device to the single bidirectional USB port prior to activating the output power supply circuit in step b.

19. A flashlight capable of both providing light and powering an external electrical device, said flashlight comprising:

a body member formed in a shape of a flashlight body, the body member having a first end and a second end;

a light member disposed at the first end of the body member;

a light circuit in communication with the light member for energizing the light member under certain conditions, the light circuit disposed within the body member;

a single electrical port accessible through the body member;

a rechargeable battery in communication with the light circuit, the rechargeable battery disposed within the body member; and

a microcontroller disposed within the body member;

wherein the microcontroller is programmed to allow energy from an external source to enter through the single electrical port and recharge the rechargeable battery and to allow energy from the rechargeable battery to exit through the single electrical port to provide energy to an external electrical device and

wherein the single electrical port is a universal serial bus (USB) adapter port with bidirectional capabilities with input and output energy transfer functionalities.

20. The flashlight of claim 19 further comprising a first switch in communication with the microcontroller for controlling operation of the light member.

21. The flashlight of claim 20 wherein when the first switch is selected by a user, the microcontroller is programmed to disable operations through the single electrical port.

22. The flashlight of claim 20 further comprising a second switch in communication with the microcontroller for controlling activating the single electrical port for inputting or outputting energy through the single electrical port.

23. The flashlight of claim 19 further comprising a sheath member secured to the body member, said sheath member movable from a first position where the sheath member is positioned with respect to the body member such that it covers the single electrical port to a second position where the sheath member is positioned with respect to the body member such that the single electrical port is exposed and accessible for use.

24. The flashlight of claim 19 further comprising a battery charging circuit in communication with the rechargeable battery and in communication with the single electrical port, the battery charging circuit disposed within the body member, the battery charging circuit also in communication with the microcontroller.

25. The flashlight of claim 19 further comprising an output power supply circuit in communication with the microcontroller and with the rechargeable battery, the output power supply circuit disposed within the body member.

26. The flashlight of claim 19 wherein the USB adapter port is a USB A port, a MINI-A port, a MINI-B port, a MICRO-AB port or a MICRO-B port.

27. The flashlight of claim 19 wherein the microcontroller is programmed to allow either the recharging of the rechargeable battery or the powering of the external electrical device at a specific instant in time and not both at the same time.

28. The flashlight of claim 27 wherein the single electrical port is a two-way port and acts as an input device when recharging the rechargeable battery and the acts as an output device when the rechargeable battery is providing power for the external electrical device.

29. The flashlight of claim 20 wherein the microcontroller is programmed such that when a user presses the first switch the rechargeable battery is permitted to provide energy to the light member in connection with the light circuit.

30. The flashlight of claim 24 wherein the battery charging circuit is a switching regulator.

31. The flashlight of claim 19 wherein the external electrical device is adapted for electrical or mechanical coupling to the single electrical port directly or through a cord.

32. The flashlight of claim 25 wherein the output power supply circuit is a buck regulator.

33. A flashlight capable of both providing light and powering an external electrical device, said flashlight comprising:

- a body member formed in a shape of a flashlight body, the body member having a first end and a second end;

- a light member disposed at the first end of the body member;

- a light circuit in communication with the light member for energizing the light member under certain conditions, the light circuit disposed within the body member;

- a universal serial bus (USB) port with bidirectional capabilities with input and output energy transfer functionalities, said USB port accessible through the body member;

- a rechargeable battery in communication with the light circuit, the rechargeable battery disposed within the body member;

- a microcontroller disposed within the body member;

- a first switch in communication with the microcontroller for controlling operation of the light member; and

a second switch in communication with the microcontroller for controlling activating the USB port for inputting or outputting energy through the USB port;

wherein the microcontroller is programmed such that when a user selects the first switch the rechargeable battery is permitted to provide energy to the light member in connection with the light circuit and the microcontroller is also programmed to disable operations through the USB port;

wherein when the second switch is selected by the user the microcontroller is programmed to allow energy from an external source to enter through the USB port and recharge the rechargeable battery and to allow energy from the rechargeable battery to exit through the USB port to provide energy to an external electrical device, but not both at a same time;

wherein the USB port is a two-way port and acts as an input device when recharging the rechargeable battery and the acts as an output device when the rechargeable battery is providing power for the external second electrical device.

34. The flashlight of claim 33 further comprising a battery charging circuit in communication with the rechargeable battery and in communication with the USB port, the battery charging circuit disposed within the body member, the battery charging circuit also in communication with the microcontroller.

35. The flashlight of claim 33 further comprising an output power supply circuit in communication with the microcontroller and with the rechargeable battery, the output power supply circuit disposed within the body member.

36. The flashlight of claim 33 wherein the external electrical device is adapted for electrical or mechanical coupling to the USB port directly or indirectly through a cord.

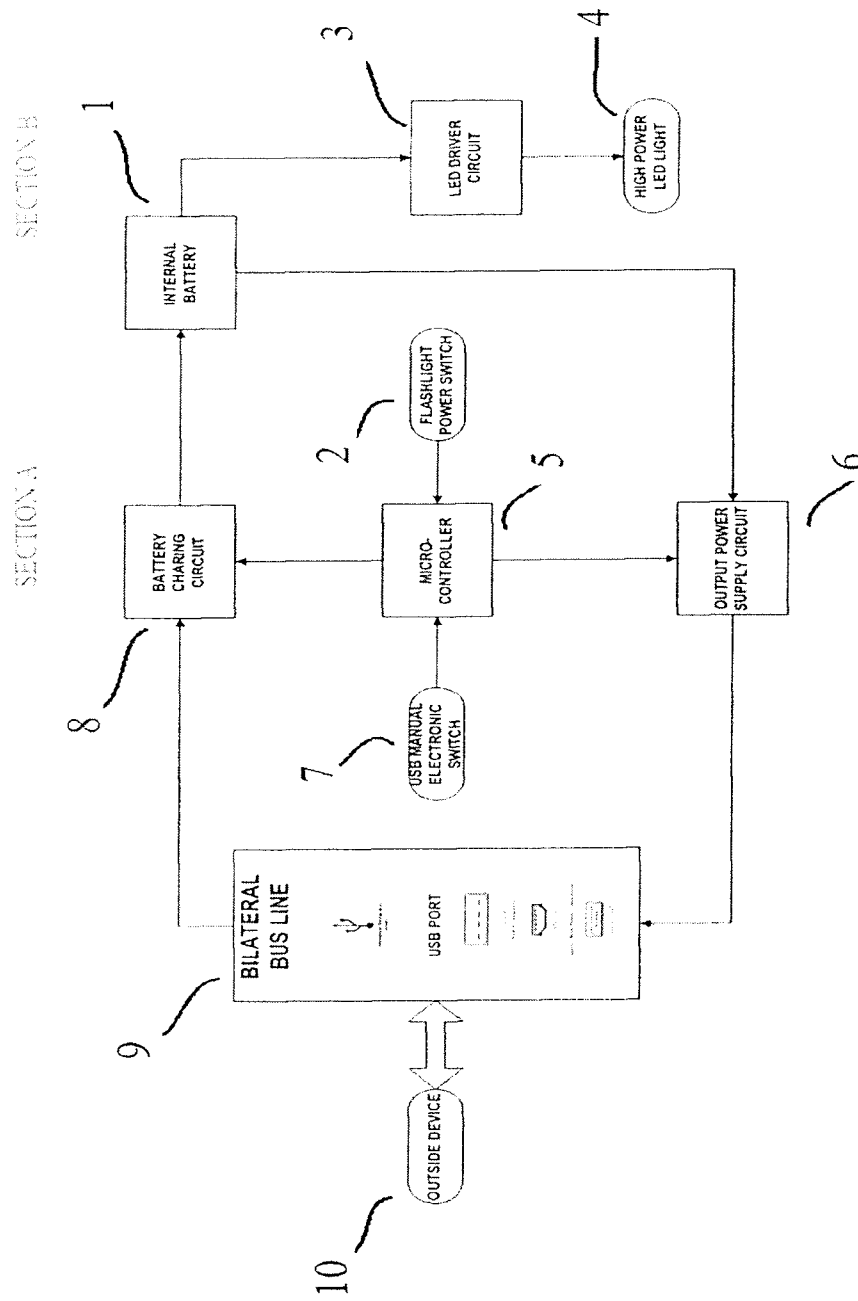


FIG. 1

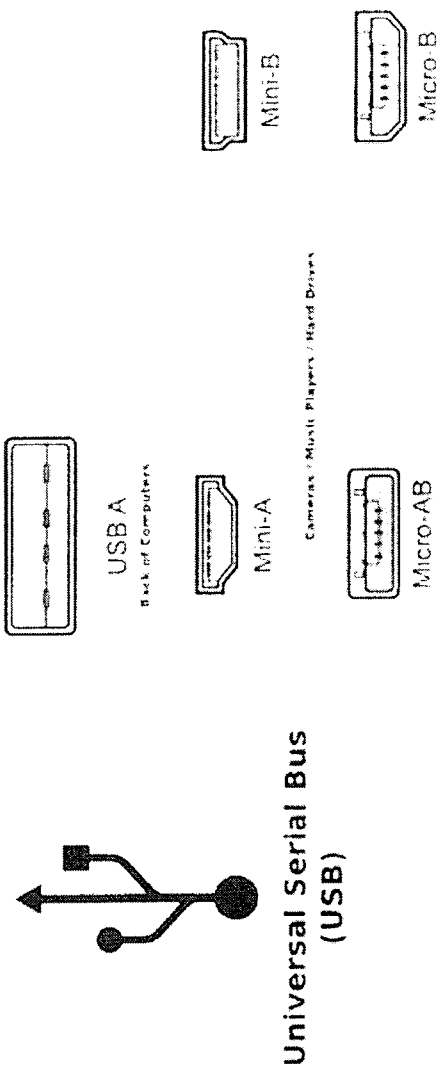


FIG. 2

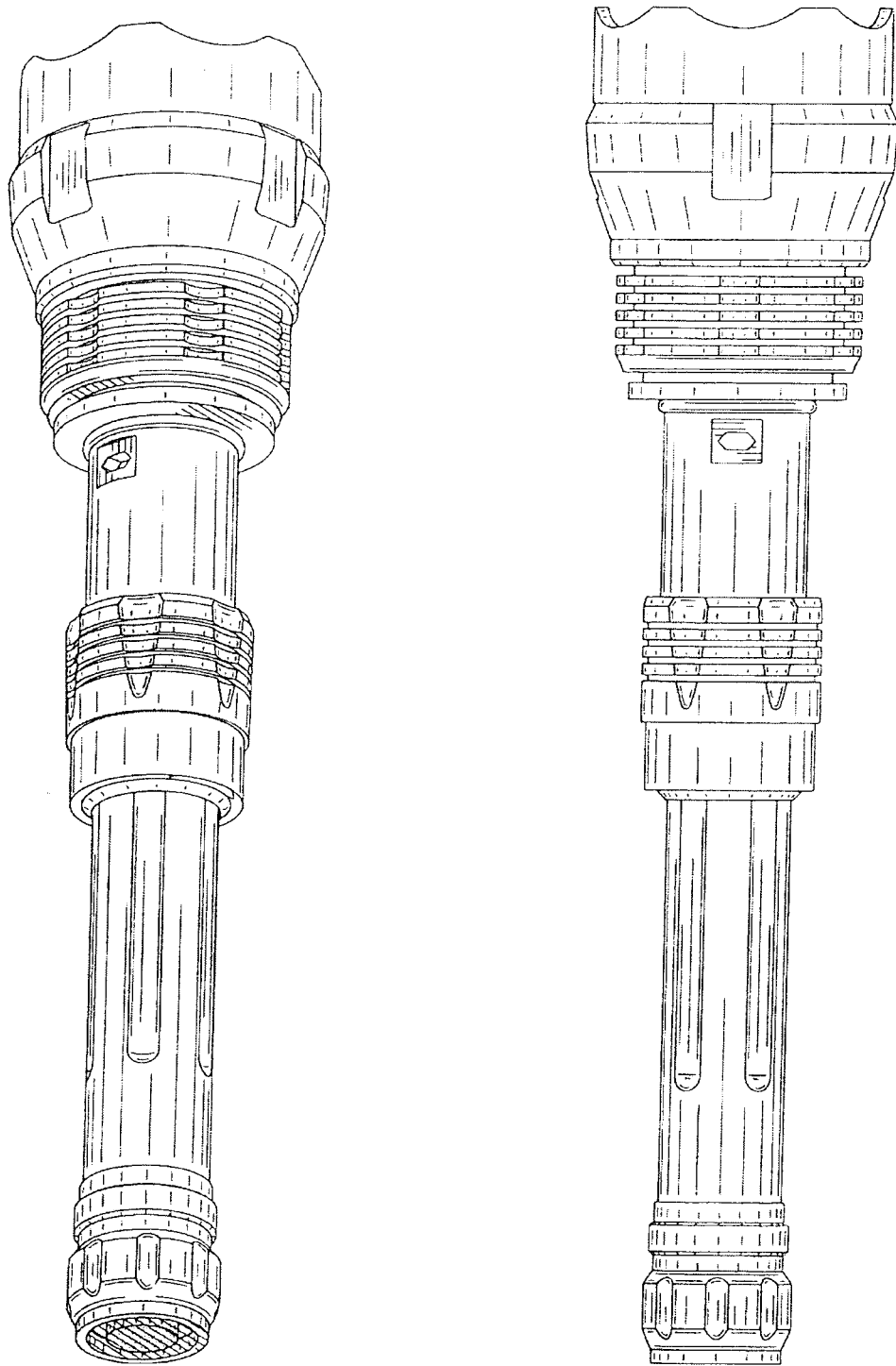


FIG. 3

