

No. 842,096.

PATENTED JAN. 22, 1907.

H. T. HUGHES.
GAME.

APPLICATION FILED APR. 13, 1906. RENEWED DEC. 14, 1906.

2 SHEETS—SHEET 1.

Fig. 1.

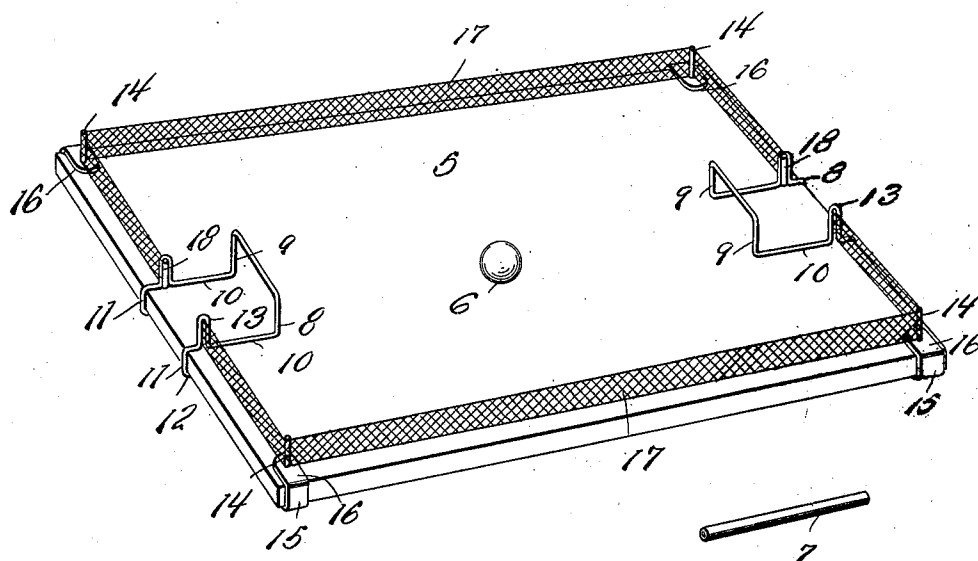


Fig. 5.

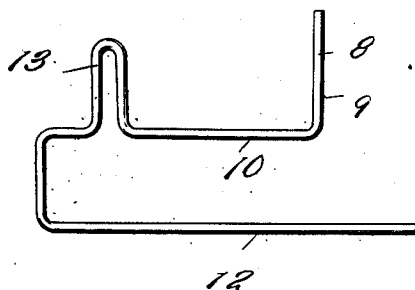


Fig. 2.

Witnesses

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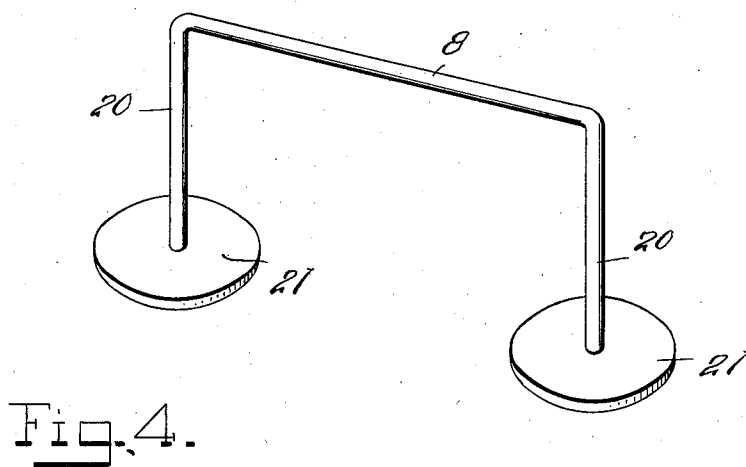
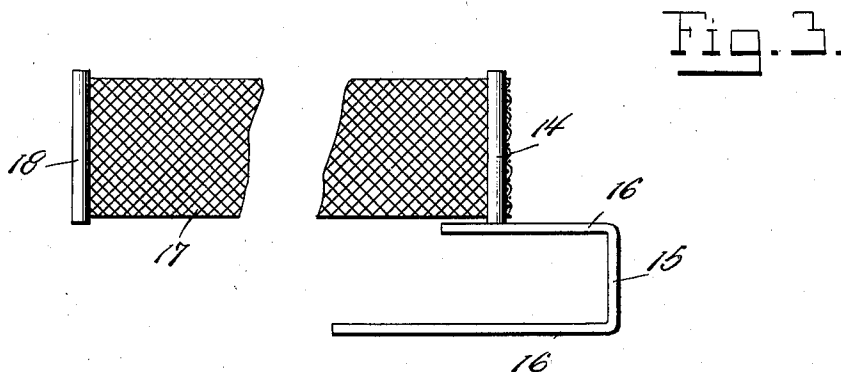
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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

HUGH T. HUGHES, OF FRANKFORT, NEW YORK.

GAME.

No. 842,096.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Jan. 22, 1907.

Application filed April 13, 1906. Renewed December 14, 1906. Serial No. 347,856.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HUGH T. HUGHES, a citizen of the United States, residing at Frankfort, in the county of Herkimer, State of New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Games; and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

This invention relates to games, and more particularly to that class of games in which a ball is driven over the surface of a board or table, the object of the game being to drive the ball past the opponent's goal.

The object of the invention is to provide a simple construction which may be attached to any ordinary form of table and which may be manufactured at a small cost.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a perspective view of the invention applied to a table. Fig. 2 is a detail side elevation of one of the goals. Fig. 3 is a similar view of one of the end posts of the device, and Fig. 4 is a detail view of a slightly-modified form of goal. Fig. 5 is a detailed perspective view of the tube for propelling the balls across the board or table to which the device is applied.

Referring to the drawings, the numeral 5 denotes a board or table to which my invention is applied, 6 the ball which is to be propelled over the surface of the board, and 7 the tubes through which air is to be blown to propel the ball 6.

At opposite sides of the board 5 are goals 8. Each of these goals is formed of a single piece of wire bent at opposite sides of its middle at right angles, as at 9, and thence rearwardly, as at 10, at right angles to the portions 9. Parallel arms thus formed are bent downwardly at right angles adjacent their rear ends, as at 11, and thence forwardly at right angles, as at 12, the portions 10 and 12 of each arm being in parallel relation and in a common vertical plane. The portions 10 adjacent the portions 11 are bent upwardly and thence back upon themselves, as at 13, for a purpose to be hereinafter described.

Disposed adjacent each corner of the board 5 are corner-posts 14, the said corner-posts being mounted upon a clamping-plate formed of spring metal and having a connecting portion 15 and spaced arms 16. In applying the device to a board or table it will be readily understood that the portions 10 of each of the

goals rest upon the top of the board or table and the portions 12 lie against the under face thereof and that the arm of each of the clamping-plates which carries the post 14 lies upon the top of the table, and the other arm rests against the under side thereof. The goals 8 and the clamping-plates being formed of spring material, the said elements are securely held upon the table.

In order to prevent the ball 6 from leaving the table, I provide nets 17 of any suitable material, the said nets being provided at their ends with posts 18, which are engaged with the corresponding portions 13 of each of the goals, and the said nets being engaged around the posts 14.

From the foregoing it will be seen that the invention may be readily applied to any ordinary form of table and that it may be packed in a minimum space. The object of the game is to drive the ball 6 past the opponent's goal.

In the form of goal member shown in Fig. 4 a piece of wire is bent at opposite sides of its middle, downwardly and at right angles, as at 20, to form spaced parallel arms, which are secured at their lower ends to bases 21, which bases serve to support said goal member. In this form of the invention the ends of the nets are attached to the arms 20, as will be readily understood.

What is claimed is—

1. A device of the class described comprising goal members arranged for clamping engagement with a board or the like, and a net engaged at its end with said goal members, and means detachably associated with the board for engagement with the net intermediate its ends.

2. In a device of the class described, the combination with a board, of a goal member detachably engaged upon said board at opposite sides thereof, posts associated with said board at the corners thereof, and nets engaged with said posts and having their ends detachably engaged with said goal members.

3. In a device of the class described, the combination with a board, of goal members carried by the board, corner-posts detachably associated with the board, and a net connected at its ends with said goal members and engaged around said corner-posts.

4. In a device of the class described, the combination with a board, of goal members

arranged for clamping engagement with the
board, said goal members including spaced
arms bent intermediate their ends upon
themselves, posts carried by the board at its
5 corners, and a net engaged at its ends with
the said bent portions of said arms of the
goal members and around the said post.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature
in presence of two witnesses.

HUGH T. HUGHES.

Witnesses:

E. P. F. LUKE,
GEO. H. P. STOUT.