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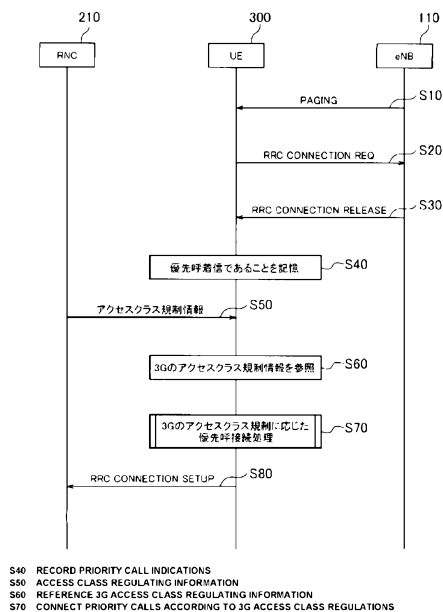
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(54) Title: MOBILE UNIT, COMMUNICATION CONTROL DEVICE, AND COMMUNICATION CONTROL METHOD

(54) 発明の名称: 移動機、通信制御装置及び通信制御方法

[図4]



(57) Abstract: Provided are a mobile unit, a communication control device, and a communication control method that make it possible to control incoming calls in response to the conditions of wireless communication systems, even when the methods of prioritizing incoming calls vary thereamong. A mobile unit (300) is able to connect wirelessly to an LTE system, which issues notifications of call priority information indicating incoming call processing priority, and to a 3G system, which reports access class restricting information that establishes incoming call restrictions in response to the access classes of incoming calls. When an incoming call is a priority call, having priority call information indicating processing priority greater than that of other calls, and has restrictions established by access class restricting information, the mobile unit (300) connects to the 3G system (20), regardless of access class regulating information, and processes the incoming call.

(57) 要約: 無線通信システム間において着信呼の優先度の取扱いが異なる場合でも、当該無線通信システムの状態に応じた適切な着信呼の制御を実現し得る移動機、通信制御装置及び通信制御方法を提供する。移動機 300 は、着信呼の処理の優先度を示す優先呼情報を通知する LTE システムと、着信呼のアクセスクラスに応じて着信呼の規制を規定するアクセスクラス規制情報を報知する 3G システムとに無線により接続可能である。移動機 300 は、優先呼情報による優先度が他の呼よりも優先して処理される優先呼であって、かつアクセスクラス規制情報による規制が設定されていた場合、アクセスクラス規制情報にかかわらず、3G システム 20 との接続を実行し、当該着信呼を処理する。

WO 2012/020807 A1

WO 2012/020807 A1



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DESCRIPTION

**Title of Invention: MOBILE DEVICE, COMMUNICATION CONTROL DEVICE,
AND COMMUNICATION CONTROL METHOD**

TECHNICAL FIELD

[0001]

The present invention relates to a mobile device, a communication control device, and a communication control method, the mobile device being wirelessly connectable to a first radio communication system configured to notify the mobile device of priority call information indicating a priority level of processing for an terminating call and to a second radio communication system configured to notify the mobile device of access class barring information specifying barring of an terminating call.

BACKGROUND ART

[0002]

In a Multimedia Priority Service (MPS) of Long Term Evolution (LTE), it has been considered that a mobile device is notified of priority call information indicating a priority level of processing for an terminating call included in an terminating call signal (PAGING) or an RRC control signal such as an RRC CONNECTION RELEASE (see Non-Patent Document 1). The mobile device executes priority control of the terminating call based on the informed priority level.

[0003]

Meanwhile, CS (Circuit Switched) fallback (hereinafter, CSFB) from an LTE system (hereinafter, LTE) to a 3G system

(hereinafter, 3G) is specified such that a mobile device follows access class barring information (AC/DSAC/PPAC) set in 3G when transmitting an RRC CONNECTION REQUEST in 3G (see Non-Patent Document 2)

Citation List

Non-Patent Document

[0004]

Non-Patent Document 1: 3GPP TS 22.153, Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Multimedia priority service Non-Patent Document 2: 3GPP TS 25.331, Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; Radio Resource Control (RRC); Protocol specification

DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

[0005]

However, the above-described conventional methods have the following problem. Specifically, since a mobile device follows access class barring information of 3G after performing a CSFB from LTE to 3G, priority call information of LTE may not be reflected in some cases. Accordingly, a terminating call to be handled as a priority call to be processed with a higher priority than other calls in LTE is barred by access class barring information of 3G. As a result, there is a possibility that the mobile device fails to receive the terminating call.

[0006]

Therefore, an advantage of the present invention is that it typically provides a mobile device, a communication control device, and a communication control method which are capable of performing terminating call control appropriate for conditions of radio communication systems, even when the setting of the priority level of the terminating call differs between the radio communication systems.

[0007]

According to one aspect of the disclosed invention, there is provided a mobile device wirelessly connectable to a first radio communication system configured to notify the mobile device of priority call information indicating a priority level of processing for a terminating call and connectable to a second radio communication system configured to inform the mobile device of access class barring information specifying barring of the terminating call depending on an access class of the terminating call, wherein

if the terminating call is a priority call whose priority level in the priority call information indicates a higher processing priority than other calls and the access class barring information is set,

the mobile device executes connection to the second radio communication system in accordance with the access class barring information and processes the terminating call, , and

the priority call information is notified by being included in an RRC CONNECTION RELEASE.

[0008]

According to another aspect of the present invention, there is provided a communication control method for a mobile device wirelessly connectable to a first radio communication system configured to notify the mobile device of priority call information indicating a priority level of processing for a terminating call and connectable to a second radio communication system configured to inform the mobile device of access class barring information specifying barring of the terminating call depending on an access class of the terminating call, the method comprising:

if the terminating call is a priority call whose priority level in the priority call information indicates a higher processing priority than other calls and the barring by the access class barring information is set, causing the mobile device to execute connection to the second radio communication system in accordance with the access class barring information and to process the terminating call, and

the priority call information is notified by being included in an RRC CONNECTION RELEASE.

Paragraphs [0009] to [00014] has been intentionally deleted.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

[0015]

[Fig. 1] Fig. 1 is an overall schematic configuration diagram of a radio communication system according to an embodiment of the present invention.

[Fig. 2] Fig. 2 is a functional block configuration diagram of a mobile device 300 according to the embodiment of the present invention.

[Fig. 3] Fig. 3 is a functional block configuration diagram of an eNodeB 110 according to the embodiment of the present invention.

[Fig. 4] Fig. 4 is a diagram illustrating an entire communication sequence of the radio communication system according to the embodiment of the present invention.

[Fig. 5] Fig. 5 is a diagram illustrating an operation flow (first example) of the mobile device 300 according to the embodiment of the present invention.

[Fig. 6] Fig. 6 is a diagram illustrating an operation flow (second example) of the mobile device 300 according to the

THE NEXT PAGE IS PAGE 8.

embodiment of the present invention.

[Fig. 7] Fig. 7 is a diagram illustrating an operation flow (third example) of the mobile device 300 according to the embodiment of the present invention.

MODE FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

[0016]

Next, an embodiment of the present invention will be explained. In the descriptions of the following drawings, the same or similar reference numerals are given to the same or similar portions. However, it should be noted that the drawings are schematic and the ratios of sizes or the like differ from an actual one.

[0017]

Therefore, the specific sizes and the like should be determined in consideration of the descriptions below. The portions where the relation and the ratio of the sizes differ may be also included among the drawings.

[0018]

(1) Overall Schematic Configuration of Radio Communication System

Fig. 1 is an overall schematic configuration diagram of a radio communication system according to the embodiment of the present invention. As shown in Fig. 1, a radio communication system according to the present embodiment is composed of an LTE system 10 and the 3G system 20.

[0019]

The LTE system 10 is a radio communication system in conformity with an LTE scheme. The 3G system 20 is a radio communication system in conformity with a 3G scheme (W-CDMA).

[0020]

The LTE system 10 includes an LTE core network 11 and an eNodeB 110. The 3G system 20 includes a 3G core network 21, an RNC 210, and a BTS 220.

[0021]

A mobile device 300 is wirelessly connectable to the LTE system 10 and the 3G system 20. Specifically, the mobile device 300 executes radio communication to the eNodeB 110 to connect to the LTE system 10. Furthermore, the mobile device 300 executes radio communication to the BTS 220 to connect to the 3G system 20.

[0022]

The LTE system 10 (first radio communication system) transmits various types of notification information to the mobile device 300. Specifically, the eNodeB 110 causes an terminating call signal (PAGING) to include priority call information indicating a priority level of processing for an terminating call to the mobile device 300, based on the Multimedia Priority Service (MPS). The eNodeB 110 sends a notification of the terminating call signal to a cell C1 formed by the eNodeB 110.

[0023]

The 3G system 20 (second radio communication system), specifically, the RNC 210 sends a cell C2 formed by the BTS 220 a notification of access class barring information specifying barring of an terminating call to the mobile device 300 depending on the type of the terminating call.

[0024]

Furthermore, the eNodeB 110 transmits notification information specifying an operation of the mobile device 300

when the priority level in the priority call information and the barring by the access class barring information conflict with each other, to the mobile device 300.

[0025]

(2) Functional Block Configuration of Radio Communication System

Next, among devices that constitute the above-described radio communication system, the functional block configurations of the principal devices will be explained.

[0026]

Fig. 2 is a functional block configuration diagram of the mobile device 300. Furthermore, Fig. 3 is a functional block configuration diagram of the eNodeB 110.

[0027]

(2.1) Mobile Device 300

As shown in Fig. 2, the mobile device 300 is configured to include a first radio communication unit 301, a second radio communication unit 303, a notification information acquiring unit 305, an call reception processing unit 307, and a priority call connection processing unit 309.

[0028]

The first radio communication unit 301 executes radio communication to the eNodeB 110 in conformity with the LTE scheme. The second radio communication unit 303 executes radio communication to the BTS 220 in conformity with the 3G scheme.

[0029]

The notification information acquiring unit 305 acquires notification information transmitted from the eNodeB 110. Specifically, the notification information acquiring unit 305 acquires priority call information indicating a priority level

of processing for an terminating call to the mobile device 300. Furthermore, the notification information acquiring unit 305 also can acquire operation specifying information specifying an operation of the mobile device 300 when the priority level in the priority call information and the barring by the access class barring information conflict with each other.

[0030]

The call reception processing unit 307 executes processing for an terminating call to the mobile device 300. Specifically, the call reception processing unit 307 processes an terminating call received by the mobile device 300 via the LTE system 10, and establishes a communication route to an origin of the terminating call.

[0031]

Furthermore, the call reception processing unit 307 executes a CS (Circuit Switched) fallback (CSFB) from the LTE system 10 to the 3G system 20. In other words, the call reception processing unit 307 executes the processing for the terminating call via the 3G system 20. In this case, the call reception processing unit 307 determines a content of the processing for the terminating call based on the priority call information of LTE and the access class barring information of 3G.

[0032]

When a priority level of the terminating call targeted for the CSFB is a priority call to be processed with a higher priority than other calls, the priority call connection processing unit 309 executes connection processing for the priority call based on the content of the processing for the terminating call determined by the call reception processing

unit 307. Note that, the detailed content of the processing for the terminating call (priority call) will be described below.

[0033]

(2.2) eNodeB 110

As shown in Fig. 3, the eNodeB 110 is configured to include a radio communication unit 111 and a notification information generation unit 113. In the present embodiment, the eNodeB 110 constitutes a communication control device that transmits information to the mobile device 300.

[0034]

The radio communication unit 111 executes radio communication to the mobile device 300 in conformity with the LTE scheme.

[0035]

The notification information generation unit 113 generates notification information to be transmitted to the mobile device 300. Specifically, the notification information generation unit 113 generates priority call information indicating a priority level of processing for an terminating call to the mobile device 300.

[0036]

Furthermore, the notification information generation unit 113 generates operation specifying information that specifies an operation to be performed by the mobile device 300 when the priority level in the priority call information and the barring by the access class barring information conflict with each other. The operation specifying information specifies to which of a priority level specified by the priority call information of LTE and barring (AC/DSAC/PPAC) specified

by the access class barring information a higher priority is assigned. Note that, AC, DSAS, and PPAC mean Access Control, Domain Specific Access Control, and Paging Permission with Access Control, respectively, and barring levels thereof vary in some cases. Note that, the notification information generation unit 113 may instruct an access class (an emergency call or a priority call) that is exempted from the access class barring of the 3G system 20 after the mobile device 300 hands over to the 3G system 20.

[0037]

The priority call information and the operation specifying information generated by the notification information generation unit 113 are transmitted to the mobile device 300 via the radio communication unit 111.

[0038]

The priority call information is notified by being included in a PAGING or an RRC CONNECTION RELEASE. The operation specifying information can be transmitted by being included in a PAGING or an RRC CONNECTION RELEASE. Furthermore, the operation specifying information may be included in UTRA-SIB information provided on the RRC CONNECTION RELEASE. Alternatively, the operation specifying information may be transmitted as separate notification information.

[0039]

(3) Operation of Radio Communication System

Next, the operation of the above-described radio communication system will be explained with reference to Fig. 4 to Fig. 7. Fig. 4 indicates an entire communication sequence of the radio communication system according to the present embodiment. Fig. 5 to Fig. 7 indicate operation flows of the

mobile device 300 when the CSFB is executed.

[0040]

(3.1) Entire Communication Sequence

As shown in Fig. 4, at Step S10, the eNodeB 110 transmits a PAGING to the mobile device 300, based on a CSFB procedure using Redirection. As described above, the PAGING includes priority call information.

[0041]

At Step S20, the mobile device 300 transmits an RRC CONNECTION REQUEST to the eNodeB 110.

[0042]

At Step S30, the eNodeB 110 transmits an RRC CONNECTION RELEASE to the mobile device 300, based on the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST received from the mobile device 300. In this manner, a fallback to the 3G system 20 is instructed.

[0043]

At Step S40, the mobile device 300 memorizes an terminating call to the mobile device 300 as a priority call, based on priority call information included in the PAGING.

[0044]

At Step S50, the RNC 210 sends the mobile device 300 via the BTS 220 access class barring information specifying barring of the terminating call to the mobile device 300 depending on the type of the terminating call. Note that, the mobile device 300 is not necessary to receive the access class barring information at a timing after Step S40.

[0045]

At Step S60, the mobile device 300 refers to the received access class barring information, and determines the type of barring (call reception restriction) in the 3G system 20.

[0046]

At Step S70, the mobile device 300 executes connection processing for the terminating call (priority call) in accordance with the access class barring (call reception restriction) of 3G. Note that, the processing will be described in details below.

[0047]

At Step S80, the mobile device 300 transmits an RRC CONNECTION REQUEST that requests connection of the priority call via the 3G system 20 to the RNC 210, based on a result of the connection processing for the priority call. Note that, an Establishment cause indicating that the priority call is received may be set in the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST.

[0048]

(3.2) Operation Flow of Mobile Device 300

Next, an operation flow of the mobile device 300, specifically, an operation of the mobile device 300 at Step S70 (priority call connection processing) and at Step S80, which are described above, will be explained.

[0049]

The mobile device 300 can execute operations shown in a first example to a third example when the priority level of the terminating call based on the priority call information is a priority call and the barring by the access class barring information is set.

[0050]

(3.2.1) First Example

As shown in Fig. 5, at Step S110, the mobile device 300 determines whether or not the barring (AC/DSAC/PPAC) specified by the access class barring information of 3G is an ignorable

priority level, in comparison with the priority level of the terminating call in the priority call information of LTE. Note that, this determination can be performed in an RRC layer or a service application layer.

[0051]

For example, when a priority level in the priority call information is "high" and an access class to be barred is specified by the access class barring information, it is determined that the barring (call reception restriction) can be ignored.

[0052]

If the call reception restriction is an ignorable priority level (YES at Step S110), the mobile device 300 transmits the RRC CONNECTION REQUEST in the 3G cell (cell C2) at Step S120.

[0053]

If the call reception restriction is not an ignorable priority level (NO at Step S110), the mobile device 300 searches for another 3G cell at Step S130 because an outgoing call is not allowed in the 3G cell (cell C2).

[0054]

With this manner, in the first example, the mobile device 300 executes connection to the 3G system 20 and processes the terminating call, regardless of the barring by the access class barring information.

[0055]

Furthermore, if the call reception restriction is not an ignorable priority level, the mobile device 300 can execute connection to the 3G system 20 via a cell that is different from a cell where the mobile device 300 is located.

[0056]

(3.2.2) Second Example

As shown in Fig. 6, at Step S210, the mobile device 300 determines whether or not the priority level of the terminating call based on the priority call information of LTE is a priority level in which an outgoing call as an emergency call is allowed in the 3G system 20. Note that, the emergency call is an terminating call not subjected to access class barring.

[0057]

For example, when a priority level in the priority call information is "high", the priority level is determined as a priority level in which an outgoing call as an emergency call is allowed.

[0058]

Processes at Step S220 and S230 are similarly to those at Step S120 and S130.

[0059]

With this manner, in the second example, the mobile device 300 executes connection to the 3G system 20 as an emergency call to be processed with the highest priority among other calls in the 3G system 20, and processes the terminating call. Note that, the mobile device 300 may execute connection to the 3G system 20 not as an emergency call but as a terminating call of an access class not subjected to barring in the 3G system 20.

[0060]

Furthermore, if the priority level of the terminating call based on the priority call information is not a priority level in which an outgoing call as an emergency call is allowed in the 3G system 20, the mobile device 300 can execute connection to the 3G system 20 via a cell that is different from a cell

where the mobile device 300 is located.

[0061]

(3.2.3) Third Example

As shown in Fig. 7, at Step S305, the mobile device 300 ignores the priority call information of LTE.

[0062]

At Step S310, the mobile device 300 determines whether or not the terminating call is exempted from call reception restriction specified by the access class barring information of 3G.

[0063]

For example, when a priority level in the priority call information is "low", it is determined that the terminating call follows the access class barring information.

[0064]

Processes at Step at Step S320 and S330 are similarly to those at Step S120 and S130.

[0065]

With this manner, in the third example, the mobile device 300 executes connection to the 3G system 20 in accordance with the barring by the access class barring information and processes the terminating call, regardless of the priority level in the priority call information.

[0066]

Furthermore, if the mobile device 300 cannot execute connection to the 3G system 20 in accordance with the barring by the access class barring information, the mobile device 300 can execute connection to the 3G system 20 via a cell that is different from a cell where the mobile device 300 is located.

[0067]

(4) Operation and Effect

With the radio communication system according to the present embodiment, the mobile device 300 executes the operations shown in the first example to the third example when the priority level of the terminating call based on the priority call information of LTE is a priority call and the barring by the access class barring information of 3G is set.

[0068]

Accordingly, a terminating call to be handled as a priority call is barred by access class barring information of 3G. As a result, it can be reduced a possibility that the mobile device fails to receive the terminating call. In summary, even when the setting of the priority level of the terminating call differs between the LTE system 10 and the 3G system 20, terminating call control appropriate for conditions of the radio communication systems can be performed.

[0069]

(5) Other Embodiments

As described above, although the content of the present invention is disclosed through one embodiment of the present invention, it should not be understood that the statements and the drawings constituting a part of the disclosure intend to limit the present invention. Various forms of modifications would be obvious to a person skilled in the art from the disclosure.

[0070]

For example, operation specifying information specifying an operation of the mobile device 300, in a case where the priority level in the priority call information and the barring by the access class barring information conflict with each other,

may be informed not from the LTE system 10 but from the 3G system 20.

[0071]

In the above-described embodiment, although a case where a first radio communication system is the LTE system 10 and a second radio communication system is the 3G system 20 has been explained, the configuration is not necessarily limited to such a case. For example, both the systems may be LTE systems, or LTE system may inform of access class barring information relating to the CSFB.

[0072]

In the above-described embodiment, although a case where the mobile device 300 executes the operations of the first example to the third example separately has been explained, the mobile device 300 may be configured to search for another 3G cell when all the determinations at Step S110, S210, and S310 are "NO". Furthermore, the operations at Step S130 in the first example and at Step S230 in the second example may be not necessarily executed.

[0073]

With this manner, it is needless to say that the present invention includes various embodiments and the like which are not described herein. Accordingly, the technical range of the present invention is only defined by the inventive specific matters related to the claims appropriate from the above-described explanation. Note that, the entire contents of Japanese Patent Application 2010-180643 (filed on August 11, 2010) are incorporated in the description of the present application by reference.

Industrial Applicability

[0074]

According to the aspects of the present invention, even when the setting of the priority level of the terminating call differs between radio communication systems, terminating call control appropriate for conditions of the radio communication systems can be performed.

Reference Signs List

[0075]

| | |
|-----|--|
| 10 | LTE system |
| 11 | LTE core network |
| 20 | 3G system |
| 21 | 3G core network |
| 110 | eNodeB |
| 111 | radio communication unit |
| 113 | notification information generation unit |
| 210 | RNC |
| 220 | BTS |
| 300 | mobile device |
| 301 | first radio communication unit |
| 303 | second radio communication unit |
| 305 | notification information acquiring unit |
| 307 | call reception processing unit |
| 309 | priority call processor |

CLAIMS:

[Claim 1]

A mobile device wirelessly connectable to a first radio communication system configured to notify the mobile device of priority call information indicating a priority level of processing for a terminating call and connectable to a second radio communication system configured to inform the mobile device of access class barring information specifying barring of the terminating call depending on an access class of the terminating call, wherein

if the terminating call is a priority call whose priority level in the priority call information indicates a higher processing priority than other calls and the access class barring information is set,

the mobile device executes connection to the second radio communication system in accordance with the access class barring information and processes the terminating call, , and

the priority call information is notified by being included in an RRC CONNECTION RELEASE.

[Claim 2]

The mobile device according to claim 1, wherein when the mobile device is not allowed to execute connection to the second radio communication system in accordance with the access class barring information, the mobile device executes the connection to the second radio communication system via a cell that is different from a cell where the mobile device is located.

[Claim 3]

A communication control method for a mobile device wirelessly connectable to a first radio communication system configured to notify the mobile device of priority call information indicating a priority level of processing for a terminating call and connectable to a second radio communication system configured to inform the mobile device of access class

barring information specifying barring of the terminating call depending on an access class of the terminating call, the method comprising:

if the terminating call is a priority call whose priority level in the priority call information indicates a higher processing priority than other calls and the barring by the access class barring information is set, causing the mobile device to execute connection to the second radio communication system in accordance with the access class barring information and to process the terminating call, and

the priority call information is notified by being included in an RRC CONNECTION RELEASE.

NTT DOCOMO, INC.

Patent Attorneys for the Applicant

SPRUSON & FERGUSON

FIG. 1

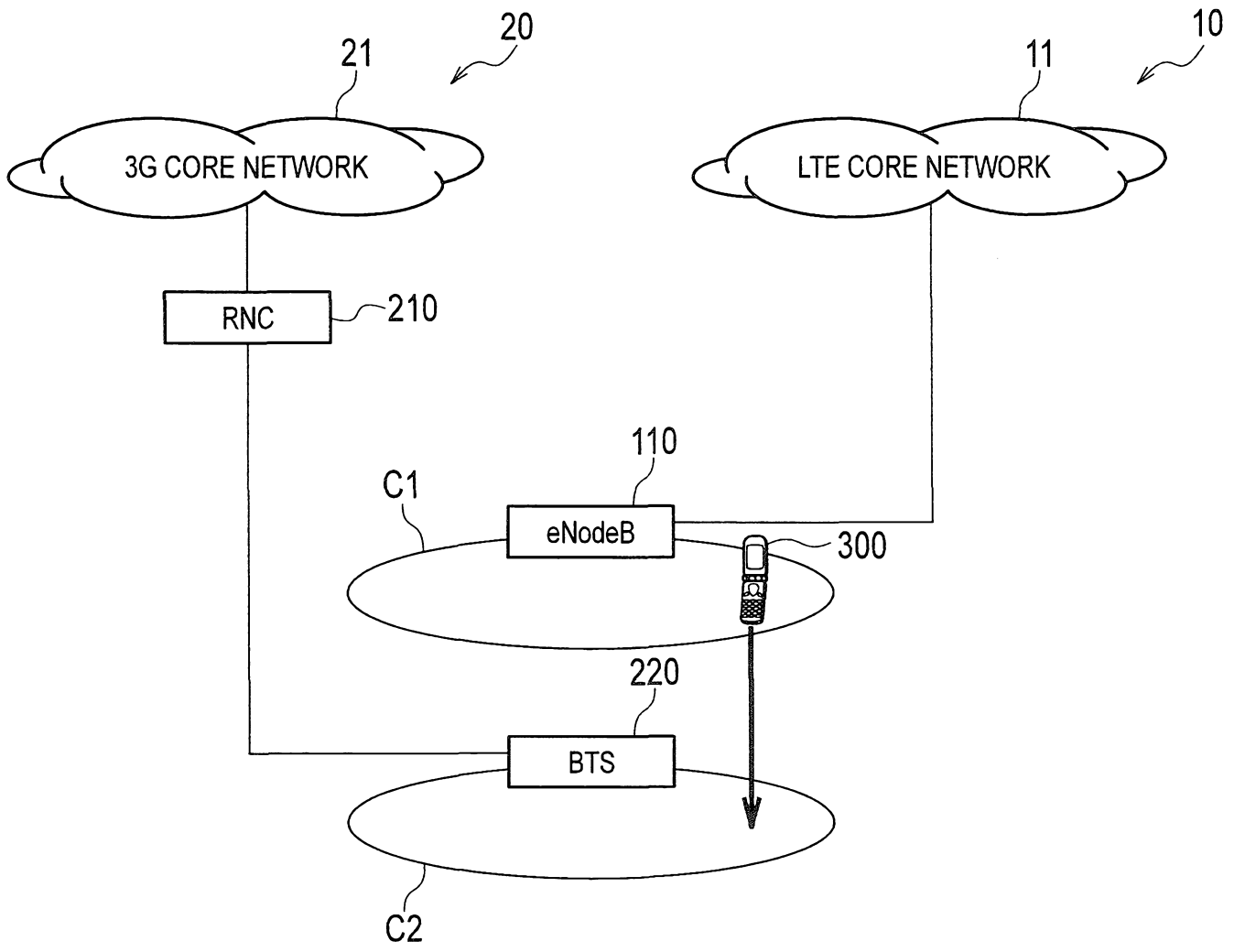


FIG. 2

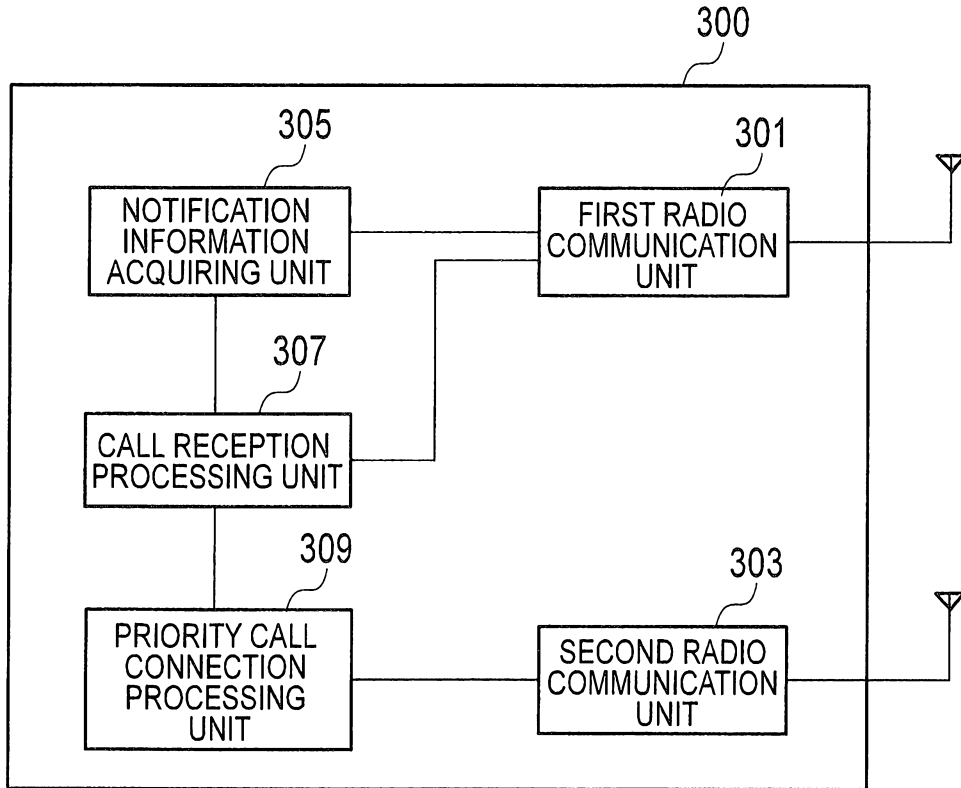


FIG. 3

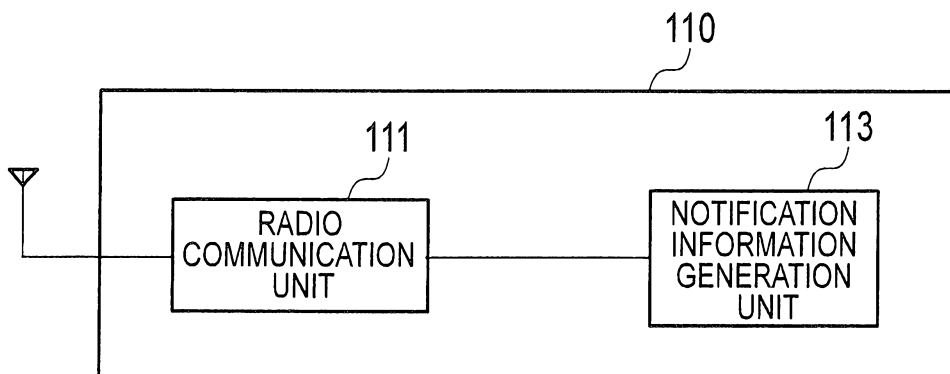


FIG. 4

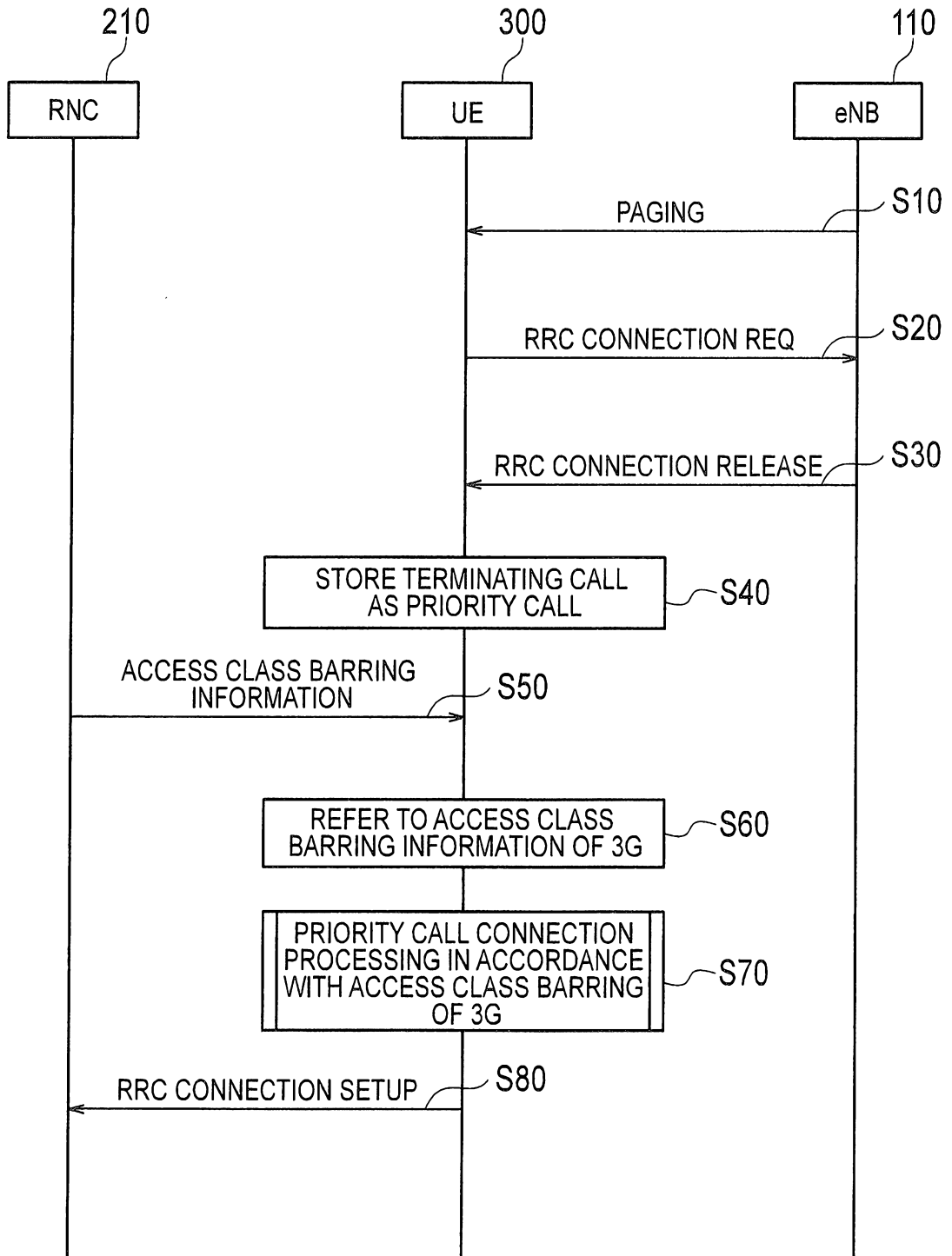


FIG. 5

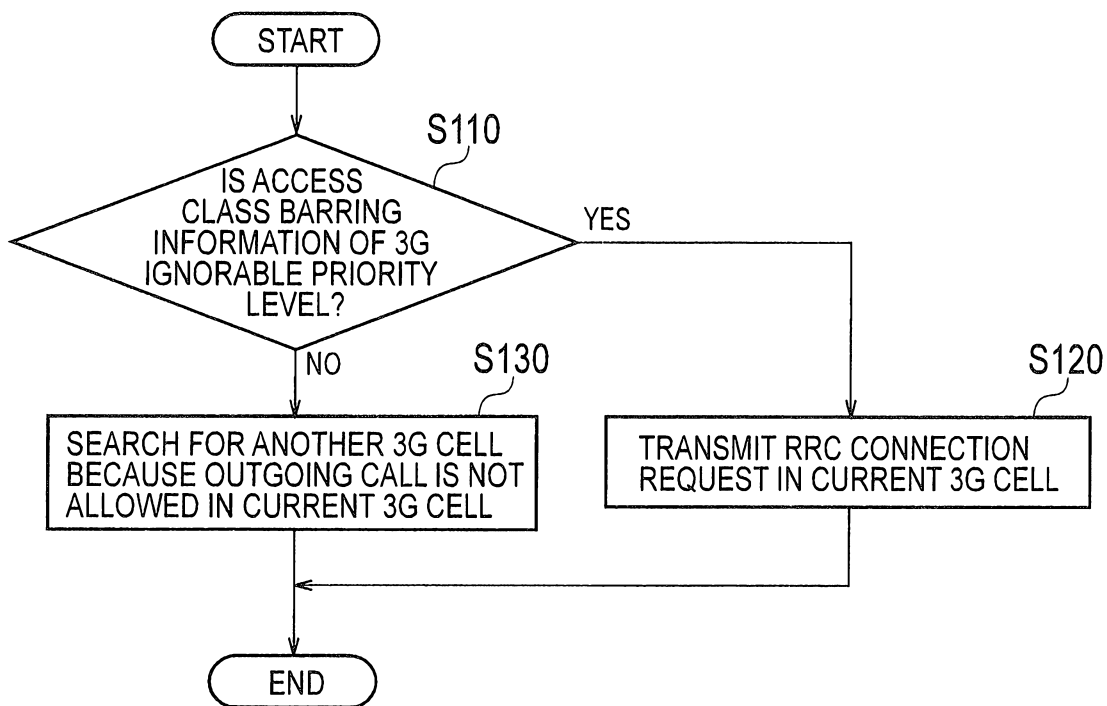


FIG. 6

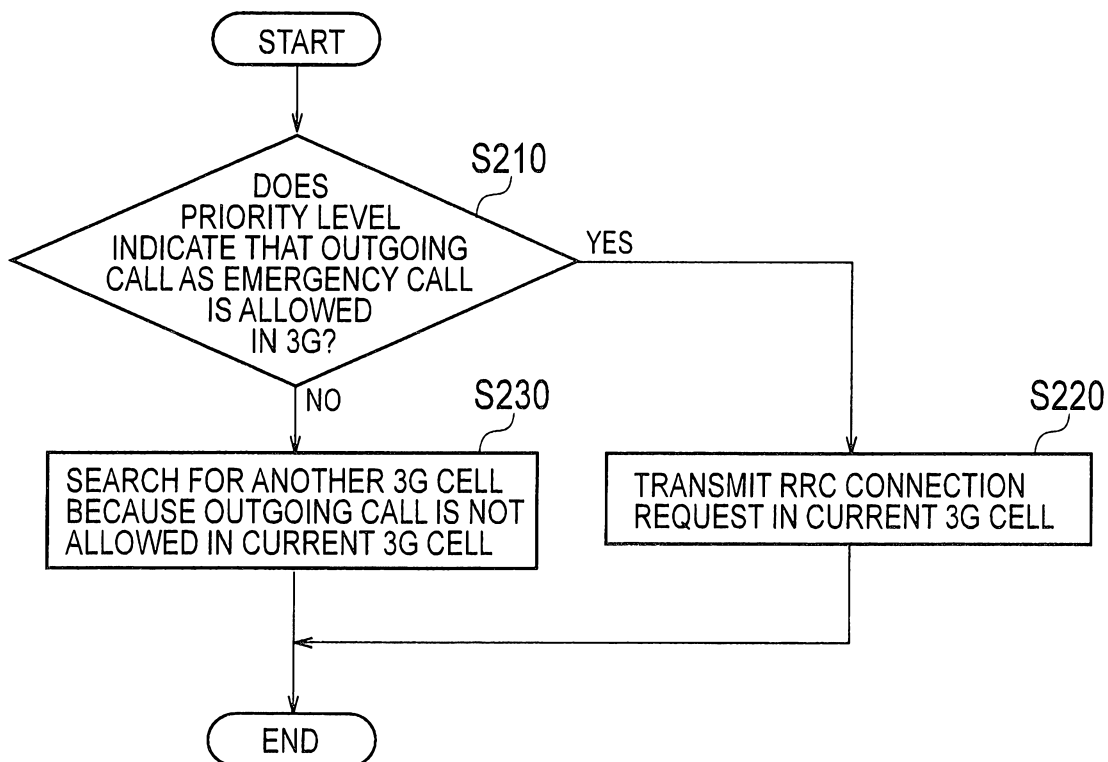


FIG. 7

