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(54) POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR AN ELECTRONIC TUNING TYPE  
 RECEIVER WITH A MEMORY ELEMENT

(71) We, PIONEER ELECTRONIC CORPORATION, a Japanese Company of No. 4-1, Meguro 1-Chome, Meguro-Ku, Tokyo, Japan, do hereby declare the invention for which we pray that a Patent may be granted to us and the method by which it is to be performed, to be particularly described in and by the following statement:-

This invention relates to power supply circuits, and more particularly to a power supply circuit which reserves a power supply for a memory element in an electronic tuning type receiver.

Recently, a variety of receivers in electronic tuning systems have been proposed due to remarkably rapid progress in electronics. In the electronic tuning system, a receiving frequency is controlled by voltage-controlling a variable capacitance diode varicap provided in a tuning section. There are proposed a variety of systems for controlling the tuning voltage. A typical one of the systems is a digital system in which, for purposes of stability, a digital value is employed for indication and the digital value is subjected to digital-to-analog conversion to be employed as a tuning control voltage. In the electronic tuning type receiver thus organized, a preset station selecting circuit is provided in which digital values manually set up are stored in a read-write memory separately according to bands and channels and the values thus stored are read out for station selection. Generally, a memory element is of the volatile type or non-volatile type.

In the above described electronic tuning type receiver, with a suitable volatile type memory element it is necessary to provide a power supply for the memory element for allowing the latter to maintain its memory contents at all times even when the power switch is turned off. This requirement can be readily met if the commercial power supply is utilized for the receiver; however, it is difficult to satisfy the requirement in the case where the receiver is used as a receiver on a vehicle as in the case of a car stereophonic receiver. In other words, if the engine switch is turned off, all of the power supplies are

turned off. Therefore, the memory element cannot maintain its memory operation and, accordingly, the preset station selection cannot be conducted. Furthermore, when the engine of an automobile is started, the starter consumes a great amount of electric power, as a result of which the supply voltage is decreased and, therefore, it is not possible for the memory element to carry out its memory operation.

Accordingly, an object of this invention is to provide a power supply circuit for an electronic tuning type receiver with a memory element, which is suitable for use on a vehicle.

In accordance with the invention there is provided a power supply circuit for an electronic tuning receiver having a memory element, said power supply being of the type in which power is supplied from a battery through a power switch and a constant voltage circuit to a first power supply terminal, the improvement comprising:

a second power supply terminal;

a first diode for providing the the power at said first power supply terminal to said second power supply terminal but which prevents the flow of power from said second to said first power supply terminals;

a second diode for providing power from said battery to said second power supply terminal and preventing the flow of power in the reverse direction; and

a capacitor connected between said second power supply terminal and ground, said first power supply terminal in use supplying power to the circuits of said receiver except said memory element and said second power supply terminal in use supplying power only to said memory element, so that when said power switch is on power is supplied to said memory element through said first diode, when said power switch is off power is supplied to said memory element through said second diode and when said battery is disconnected power is supplied to said memory element from said capacitor.

In the accompanying drawing, the single figure is a circuit diagram showing one example of the power supply circuit accord-

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ing to the present invention.

In the accompanying drawing, the single figure shows one example according to the present invention of a power supply circuit 5 for an electronic tuning type receiver which has a memory element. In the figure, reference numeral 1 designates a battery to be installed on a vehicle; reference numeral 2, a power switch; reference numeral 3, a constant voltage circuit which receives the output of the battery 1 through the power switch 2, the output of the constant voltage circuit 3 being applied to a first power supply terminal 4 through which current is 10 applied to the circuits of the electronic tuning type receiver except for the memory element thereof; and reference numeral 5, a second power supply terminal through which power is supplied to the memory element which is low in power consumption. Furthermore, reference numeral 6 designates a resistor one terminal of which is connected to the positive terminal of the battery 1; reference numeral 7, a diode connected in the forward direction between the other terminal of the resistor 6 and the second power supply terminal 5; reference numeral 8, a diode connected in the forward direction between the output terminal of the constant voltage circuit 3 and the second power supply terminal 5; reference numeral 9, a capacitor connected between the second power supply terminal 5 and ground; and reference numeral 10, a Zener diode connected between the anode of the diode 7 and ground.

With the power supply circuit thus organized, when the power switch 2 is closed, the output of the battery 1 is supplied through the power switch 2 to the constant voltage circuit 3, where variations of the supply voltage due to other loads are removed and the output of the battery is converted into a constant voltage. The constant voltage is 45 supplied through the first power supply terminal 4 to the receiver circuits except for the memory element. The output of the constant voltage circuit 3 is charged into the capacitor 9 through the diode 8 and is supplied to the memory element (not shown), which is low in power consumption, through the second power supply terminal 5. Thus, the electronic tuning type receiver with the memory element can perform its normal 55 operation.

When the power switch 2 is turned off, no output is provided by the constant voltage circuit 3. Accordingly, no current is supplied through the terminal 4 to the circuits other 60 than the memory element and, therefore, the signal receiving operation of the receiver is suspended. On the other hand, when the power switch 2 is turned off, the output of the battery 1 is applied through the resistor 65 6 and the diode 7 to the second power supply

terminal 5. Therefore, the output of the battery is applied to the memory element, and the contents stored in the memory element are maintained. In this operation, the variation in output of the battery 1 is 70 absorbed by the Zener diode 10 so as to provide a constant voltage, while the current sneaking into the first power supply terminal 4 can be prevented by the diode 8.

It is preferable that a stabilized voltage is 75 supplied through the constant voltage circuit 3 during the normal operation. Therefore, the operating voltage of the Zener diode 10 is lower than the output voltage of the constant voltage circuit, so that the battery output variation does not affect the capacitor 9 and so that even when the power switch 2 is turned off, the Zener voltage is maintained across the capacitor 9.

When the engine of the vehicle is started, 85 the starter (not shown) thereof will consume great electric power. When the cable of the battery is removed from its terminal for instance, the output of the battery is interrupted for a relatively short time. In these 90 cases, the charges in the capacitor 9 are supplied only to the memory element through the second power supply terminal 5 and, therefore, the contents stored therein are maintained. In this case, the output of the capacitor 9 leaking into the other circuits is 95 prevented by diodes 7 and 8. Therefore, the output of the capacitor 9 is supplied to the low power consumption type memory element only, so that if the capacitance of the capacitor 9 is set to a relatively high value, it is possible to energize the memory element for several days, even several tens of days, when the output of the battery 1 is interrupted for some reason. Thus, it is possible 105 to stably use the electronic tuning type receiver as a receiver on a vehicle.

As is apparent from the above description, the power supply circuit for the electronic tuning type receiver with the memory 110 element according to this invention is provided with a first power supply terminal which is deenergized by opening the power switch, and a second power supply terminal which, under normal conditions, supplies 115 the output of the power switch through the leak current preventing diode, which directly supplies the output of the battery through the leak current preventing diode 7 when the power switch is turned off and 120 which outputs the charge in the capacitor when the output of the battery is interrupted. The output of the first power supply terminal is employed as a power supply for all the circuits except for the memory element, while the output of the second power supply terminal is employed as a power supply 125 for the memory element only, which is low in power consumption. Therefore, even if the power switch is turned off, the out- 130

put of the battery is decreased or temporarily interrupted, the contents stored in the memory element can be positively maintained. Thus, the power supply circuit according to the invention is most suitable as a power supply to be installed on a vehicle for an electronic tuning type receiver having a memory element.

WHAT WE CLAIM IS:

- 10 1. A power supply circuit for an electronic tuning receiver having a memory element, said power supply being of the type in which power is supplied from a battery through a power switch and a constant voltage circuit to a first power supply terminal, the improvement comprising:
  - a second power supply terminal;
  - a first diode for providing the the power at said first power supply terminal to said
  - 20 second power supply terminal but which prevents the flow of power from said second to said first power supply terminals;
  - a second diode for providing power from said battery to said second power supply
  - 25 terminal and preventing the flow of power in the reverse direction; and
  - a capacitor connected between said second power supply terminal and ground, said first power supply terminal in use supplying

power to the circuits of said receiver except 30 said memory element and said second power supply terminal in use supplying power only to said memory element, so that when said power switch is on power is supplied to said memory element through said 35 first diode, when said power switch is off power is supplied to said memory element through said second diode and when said battery is disconnected power is supplied to said memory element from said capacitor. 40

2. A power supply circuit according to claim 1, further comprising a Zener diode connected between ground and the side of said second diode away from said second power supply terminal. 45

3. A power supply circuit according to claim 2, wherein the operating voltage of said Zener diode is less than the output voltage of said constant voltage circuit.

4. A power supply circuit for an electronic tuning receiver substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

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