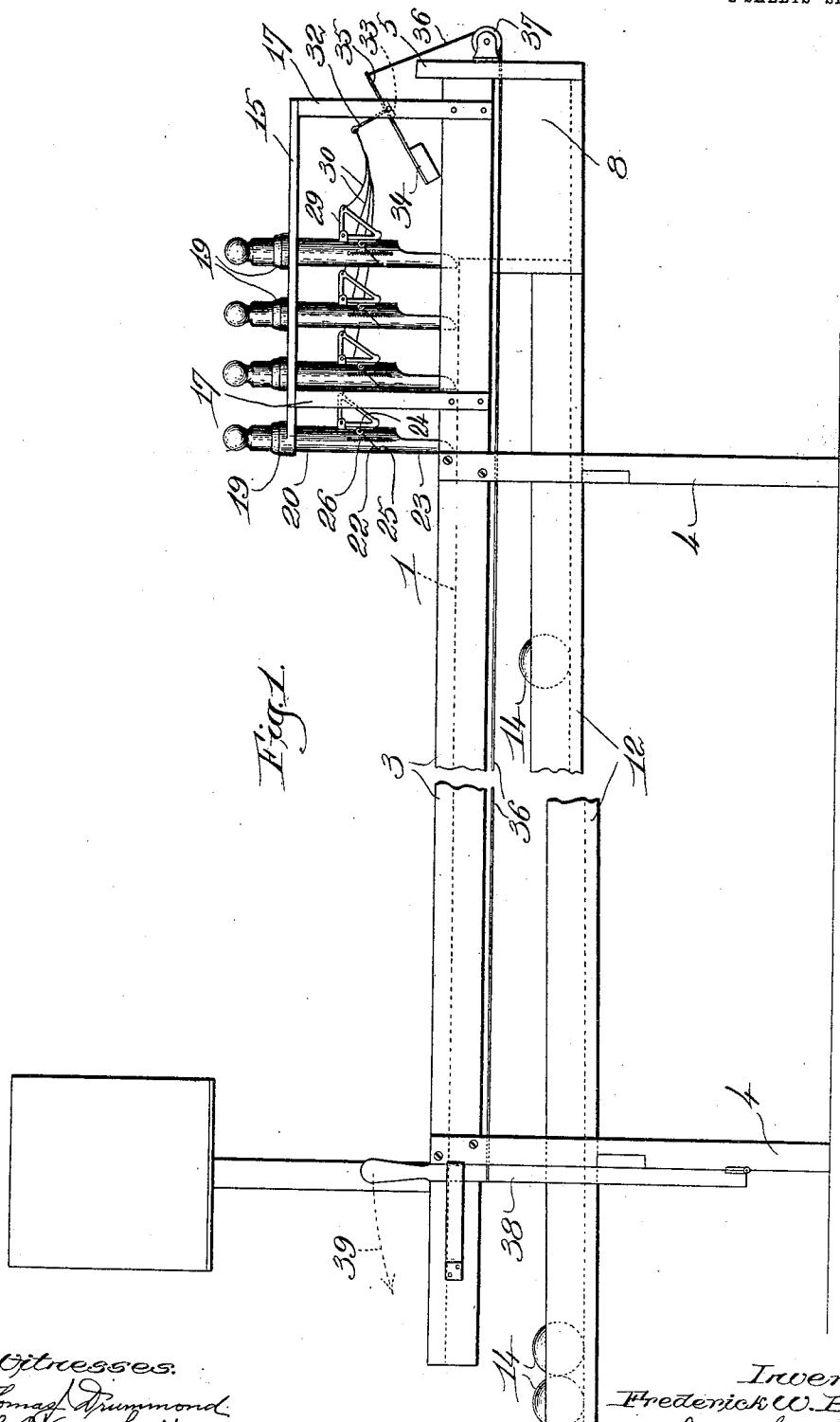


No. 809,606.

PATENTED JAN. 9, 1906.

F. W. BURNS.
GAME APPARATUS.
APPLICATION FILED AUG. 2, 1905.

2 SHEETS—SHEET 1.



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Inventor.
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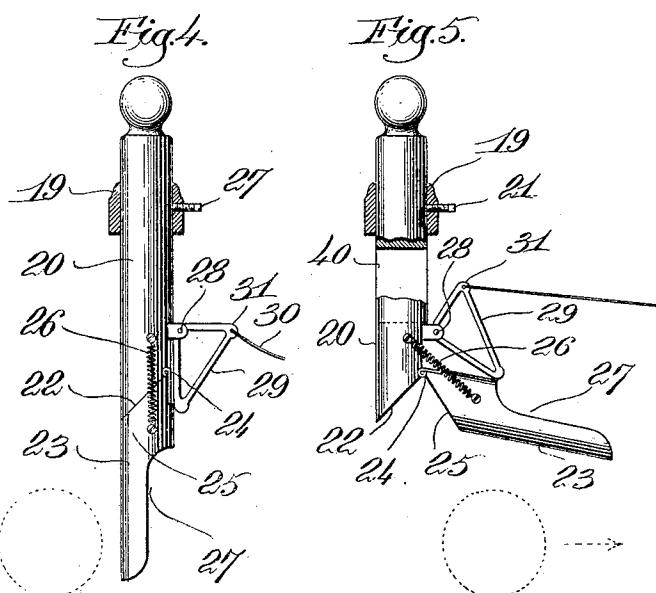
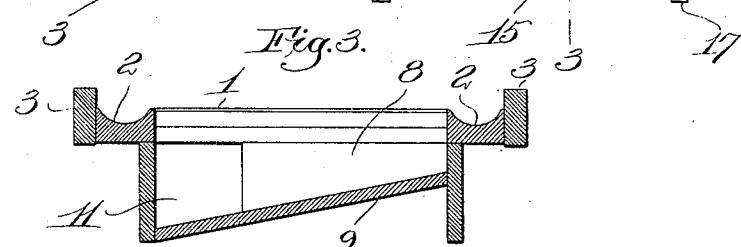
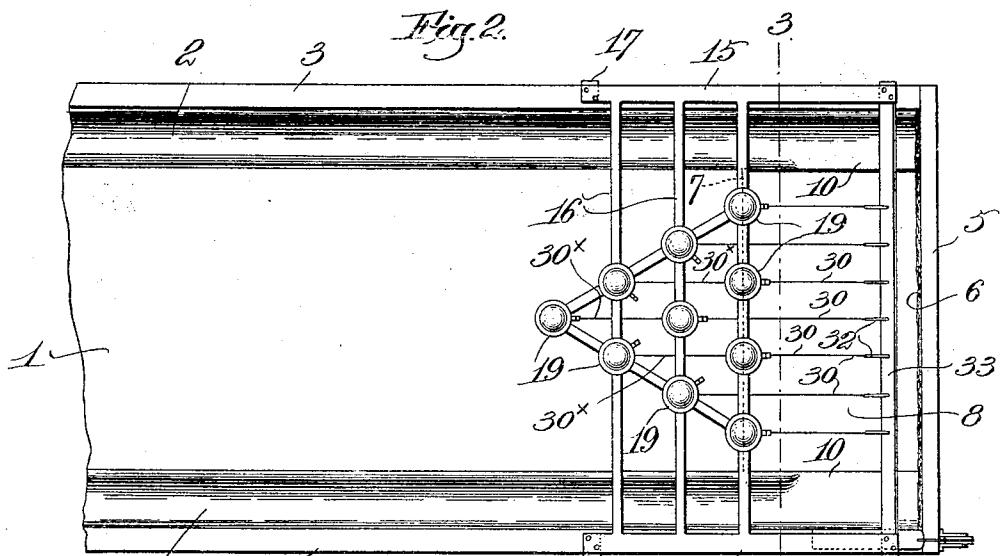
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2 SHEETS--SHEET 2.



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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

FREDERICK W. BURNS, OF BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS.

GAME APPARATUS.

No. 809,606.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Jan. 9, 1906.

Application filed August 2, 1905. Serial No. 272,292.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, FREDERICK W. BURNS, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Boston, county of Suffolk, State of Massachusetts, have invented an Improvement in Game Apparatus, of which the following description, in connection with the accompanying drawings, is a specification, like numerals on the drawings representing like parts.

This invention has for its object the production of a novel game apparatus of the general character of the well-known bowling-alley, but embodying various novel features whereby the game may be played in a more convenient manner.

In the ordinary bowling-alley a group of pins is set up at the end of the alley and the player rolls balls thereon with the object of hitting and knocking down as many of the pins as possible in the fewest number of shots. The pins must be set up one by one by hand and placed on their marks and the balls returned to the front or playing end of the alley, requiring an attendant to perform this work.

In my present invention instead of the usual pins I suspend above the alley a group of pin-like members or obstacles so mounted that when hit by a ball they will be swung up out of normal position, means being provided to automatically retain them in such abnormal position after the ball passes through the group. I have also provided means whereby all of the displaced or abnormally-positioned members can be manually reset simultaneously from the front end of the alley. Means have also been provided to effect automatically the return of the balls from the rear to the front end of the alley.

The various novel features of my invention will be fully described in the subjoined specification and particularly pointed out in the following claims.

Figure 1 is a side elevation, centrally broken out, of a game apparatus embodying my invention. Fig. 2 is a top plan view of the right-hand end thereof, viewing Fig. 1, showing the pin-supporting frame and the resetting means. Fig. 3 is a transverse sectional detail on the line 3-3, Fig. 2, looking toward the left, and omitting the pins and their supporting-frame. Fig. 4 is an enlarged side elevation of one of the two-part pins with its extension or obstacle portion in normal position; and Fig. 5 is a similar view, but showing the extension in inoperative po-

sition, the upper part of the pin being broken out.

Referring to the drawings, the elongated alley 1, shown as rectangular in form, is made of suitable length and width in accordance with the dimensions desired for the apparatus, a longitudinal gutter 2 being formed at each side of the alley, inclosed by side boards 3, the whole being firmly sustained on upright legs or standards 4, Fig. 1. At one end of the alley a cross-board 5 is provided, faced with a suitable cushion, as 6, Fig. 2, the alley terminating at the dotted line 7, Fig. 2, and between such termination and the cross-board 5 form a box-like pocket 8, having its bottom 9 inclined transversely. (See Fig. 3.)

As shown in Fig. 2, the adjacent ends of the gutters open into the pocket by omitting the inner lip of each gutter, as at 10, so that a ball rolling off the alley and into a gutter will pass thence into the pocket.

At its deeper side the pocket communicates at 11, Fig. 3, with one end of a return-conduit 12, located beneath the alley and extended toward the front end thereof on an incline, the front end of the conduit being closed, as at 13. (See dotted lines, Fig. 1.)

A ball deposited in the pocket passes therefrom through the opening 11 into the conduit and rolls down the same to the front end in readiness to be used by the player, several balls 14 being shown in Fig. 1.

Above the end of the alley adjacent the pocket I mount a frame or grating comprising side bars 15, Fig. 2, and connecting cross-bars 16, the frame being rigidly secured to the side boards 3 of the alley by upright posts 17. Two meeting diagonals 18 on the cross-bars form with the rearmost of said bars a triangle, the triangle being herein shown as provided with ten annular bosses 19, one at the apex of the triangle and the others in rows of two, three, and four, substantially as the pins are positioned in the ordinary bowling-alley. Each boss forms an overhead support from which depends a two-part pin-like member, and as said members are similar in construction only one will be described in detail. Having more particular reference to Figs. 4 and 5, each of said members comprises an upper part 20, made as a cylindrical pin adapted to snugly fit into a boss 19 and held in vertically-adjusted position therein by a set-screw 21, the lower end of the part 20 being cut on a bevel at 22 on a diagonal plane transverse to the length of the alley.

The beveled end is faced toward the cross-board 5, and the second portion 23 of the pin, termed an "extension," is pivotally connected by a hinge 24 with the fixed part 20, 5 the upper end of the extension being beveled at 25. When the two beveled ends 22 25 are engaged, as in Fig. 4, the extension 23 is alined with the fixed part of the pin and depends therefrom, it being yieldingly held in 10 such position by a light spring 26, connected at its ends to the two parts 20 23 of the pin at one side of the pivotal connection 24. In order to lighten the extension, it is cut away at its rear side at 27, the lower extremities of 15 the several extensions closely approaching the surface of the alley 1 to be in the path of a ball traversing the latter.

Referring to Fig. 1, all of the pin members are shown with the extensions set or in operative position, forming obstacles for the ball, it being the object of the player to hit and swing up as many as possible of the extensions with each ball rolled down the alley. When an extension is struck by a ball, it is 20 swung upward and rearward on its pivot 24, and the spring 26 is thereby carried to the opposite side of the pivot, as shown in Fig. 5, the tension of the spring acting to hold the extension in such abnormal or inoperative 25 position, so that when the number of balls 30 constituting a "turn" have been rolled the player can ascertain his score by counting the number of abnormally-positioned extensions. The extensions must now be reset in 35 readiness for the next player, and I have provided manually-controlled means for such resetting. At the back of each fixed part 20 of a pin I fulcrum at 28 a resetting member, shown as a triangular frame 29, movable in a 40 vertical plane and having one side long enough to depend below the pivot 24 on which the extension is hung, the normal position of the resetting member being shown in Figs. 1 and 4. A wire or cord 30, fastened 45 to the corner 31 of said member, leads back to a pin 32 on a rocking bar 33, mounted in the endmost posts 17, a series of seven pins being provided, the connections 30 being slack when the extensions 23 are in normal 50 position. A counterweight 34, Fig. 1, keeps the rocking bar in the position shown, an arm 35 rearwardly extended from the bar having attached to it a flexible connection 36, which is led around a guide-sheave 37 beneath the alley to the front end thereof and attached to a handle 38, pivoted on one of the supports 4. By pulling the handle in the direction of arrow 39, Fig. 1, the rocking bar is turned to swing the pins 32 rearward or to 55 the right, viewing Fig. 1, tightening the cords or wires 30.

When an extension 23 is swung into abnormal position, Fig. 5, it acts to swing the triangular resetting member 29 on its pivot 28 60 into the position shown, and its cord or wire

30 is then tightened. If, then, the rocking bar 33 be turned as described, all of the cords or wires 30, which are already taut, will be pulled rearward, thereby swinging down the triangular members 29 and pressing the extensions 23 back into normal operative position in alinement with their fixed parts 20, the springs 26 being by such movement carried back into retaining position, as shown in Fig. 4. 70

The balls are returned automatically to the front of the alley, and by the resetting means just described the extensions, one or all, can be reset from the front end of the alley. 80

Referring to Fig. 2, it will be seen that the two pin-like members in the second row are directly in front of two others in the rear or fourth row and the front or apex member is in front of a member in the third row, and in 85 order to let the connections 30^x from the said two members in the front row and from the apex member pass rearward the members behind have their fixed parts apertured, as at 40, Fig. 5, one of the connections 30^x 90 passing through each aperture. Thus the three pins 32 nearest the center of the series have each two connections secured to them, the other four pins having only one connection 30 attached to each. 95

Various changes in details may be made without departing from the spirit and scope of my invention, one practical embodiment thereof being herein shown and described.

Having fully described my invention, what 100 I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

1. An elongated, rectangular alley having a pocket at one end, and a return-duct leading from the pocket to the opposite end of 105 the alley, a group of pins fixedly suspended above the alley in front of the pocket, a normally depending, pivotally-connected extension on each pin, adapted to be hit and swung upward by a ball traversing the alley, a single 110 instrumentality to automatically lock an extension in either its depending, normal position, or in abnormal position when swung upward, and manually-controlled means to simultaneously restore to depending position 115 such extensions as have been swung upward.

2. An elongated, rectangular alley, a group of swinging pin-like members suspended above the alley in front of the pocket and normally depending toward the alley, a spring 120 connected with each member to retain it either in normal, or in abnormal position, and means to simultaneously restore to normal position all members abnormally positioned. 125

3. An elongated, rectangular alley, a group of pins fixedly suspended above one end thereof and beveled at their lower ends, an extension pivotally connected with each pin and beveled correspondingly, a spring to retain 130

the beveled portions of the pin and extension in contact and thereby maintain the extension alined with the pin, and also to retain the extension elevated when swung rearwardly, a resetting member for each extension, and manually-controlled means to act through the resetting members of all abnormally-positioned extensions and simultaneously reset them.

10 4. An elongated alley having a pocket at one end and longitudinal side gutters leading thereto, a return-conduit from the pocket to the opposite end of the alley, a group of vertically-adjustable, two-part pins suspended above the alley, in front of the pocket, the lower part or extension of each pin being pivoted to the fixed upper part, a single instrumentality to hold the extensions in alinement with the upper parts, and also at an angle thereto when struck by a ball traversing the alley, and means manually operated from the front end of the alley to simultaneously restore to alined position all extensions

which have been previously moved into abnormal position.

5. An elongated alley, an overhead frame at one end, a group of triangularly-arranged pins suspended from the frame, a depending extension pivoted on the lower end of each pin and normally in alinement therewith and in the path of a ball traversing the alley, engagement of the ball with an extension swinging the latter upward, a single instrumentality to automatically retain the extensions in depending or in upturned position, and manually-controlled means to reset the extensions in depending position, in alinement with the pins to which they are pivoted.

25 In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of 40 two subscribing witnesses.

FREDERICK W. BURNS.

Witnesses:

JOHN C. EDWARDS,
ELIZABETH R. MORRISON