

(19) **DANMARK**

(10) **DK/EP 2135481 T3**



(12)

Oversættelse af
europæisk patentskrift

Patent- og
Varemærkestyrelsen

-
- (51) Int.Cl.: **H 04 R 25/00 (2006.01)** **H 04 R 1/28 (2006.01)**
- (45) Oversættelsen bekendtgjort den: **2017-09-04**
- (80) Dato for Den Europæiske Patentmyndigheds bekendtgørelse om meddelelse af patentet: **2017-05-17**
- (86) Europæisk ansøgning nr.: **07727406.6**
- (86) Europæisk indleveringsdag: **2007-03-27**
- (87) Den europæiske ansøgnings publiceringsdag: **2009-12-23**
- (86) International ansøgning nr.: **EP2007052933**
- (87) Internationalt publikationsnr.: **WO2008116499**
- (84) Designerede stater: **AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IS IT LI LT LU LV MC MT NL PL PT RO SE SI SK TR**
- (73) Patenthaver: **Sonova AG, Laubisrütistrasse 28, 8712 Stäfa, Schweiz**
- (72) Opfinder: **Vonlanthen, Andi, Vordere Gasse 9, 5453 Remetschwil, Schweiz**
GABATHULER, Bruno, Weidstrasse 1, CH-8712 Stäfa, Schweiz
- (54) Benævnelse: **HØREAPPARAT MED AFTAGELIG MIKROFON / HEARING DEVICE WITH DETACHABLE MICROPHONE**
- (56) Fremdragne publikationer:
DE-C- 964 515
US-A- 2 833 868
US-A- 3 048 668
US-A1- 2006 034 473

DESCRIPTION

[0001] The present invention relates to a hearing device according to the preamble of claim 1 and to a method for mounting a microphone according to the preamble of claim 13 or claim 14, respectively.

[0002] The term hearing device shall be understood as a device to be worn at the vicinity or directly within the ear of a person to improve the individual hearing capacity of this person. Such an improvement may include the prevention of the receiving of certain acoustic signals in terms of ear protection. In relation to the application of such hearing devices they can be worn behind the ear (BTE), within the ear (ITE) or completely within the ear (CIC).

[0003] Such hearing devices normally comprise of at least one microphone as acoustic receiving element, a speaker as acoustic output element and an electronic element connected with said microphone and said speaker for the processing and inducement of electronic signals. This electronic element may comprise analogue or digital signal processing devices.

[0004] Said elements are usually arranged within at least one shell of the hearing device.

[0005] Hearing devices of the type of in-the-ear (ITE) usually provides a so called faceplate, a module that is substantially rigid and provides the side facing to the outside of the hearing device, together with a shell, connected firmly with the faceplate and having its shape adapted to the shape of the ear canal of the respective user of the hearing device comprising of soft or smooth material. Faceplate and shell together are thus forming the housing of ITE hearing devices.

[0006] Microphones of such ITE hearing devices are most commonly connected to the faceplate either directly by adhesive sealing or indirectly by mounting within a separate pocket of elastic material. On one hand, the microphone will thus be ruggedly fixed to avoid a loosening of the microphone in case of falling off to the ground for instance, and on the other hand to easily detach the connection of the microphone with the faceplate in case of a replacement action.

[0007] The physical requirements of the mounting parts are thus very high as they have to be mechanically stable, acoustically tight and have to be detachable without any damaging of the microphone and or faceplate respectively. This regularly leads to the use of an extensive bonding technique in view of dimensioning and handling or to the use of separate pockets with the drawback of needing extensive additional space within the miniaturized hearing device.

[0008] Document US 3,048,668 relates to a mounting for a transducer in a hearing aid. Document US 2,833,868 discloses resiliently mounting of a microphone within a casing of a hearing aid.

[0009] The problem of the present invention was to find a hearing device allowing on one hand an easy removing of the microphone and on the other hand providing a stable and acoustically tight attachment of the microphone with the hearing device.

[0010] This problem will be inventively solved by the features according to claim 1. Further inventive embodiments of the present invention result from the features of the further claims 2 to 12.

[0011] For a hearing device with at least one microphone arranged within the housing of the hearing device, wherein the microphone is arranged within a mounting plate of the hearing device, an opening for receiving the microphone is provided within said mounting plate and further elastic material is arranged in at least a part area between said microphone and the wall of said opening facing said microphone, wherein pockets or grooves are provided within said wall of said opening for receiving said elastic material, wherein at least one part of the cross section of the elastic material is extending into the opening cross section of said opening, and the groove is provided as an open, embracing groove facing up towards the insertion direction of the microphone. The elastic material is providing a clamping action that reliably fixes the microphone in its built-in position within the mounting plate or the opening respectively. An unintentional removal or loosening of the microphone from its built-in position will therefore be reliably prevented even under mechanical stress such as dropping the hearing device to the ground. Furthermore, an easy replacement or removal action is enabled without the need of tearing down or destroying any connection structure of the microphone. Thus, the assembling or disassembling of the microphone will be performed without the need of any tool only by hand or by a handling robotic.

[0012] For instance the elastic material is provided in form of at least one band or ring embracing said microphone. Such a band or ring is produced easy and efficiently in high quantities and is applied easily to the microphone.

[0013] Alternatively, the elastic material is for instance provided in form of at least one band or ring preferably embracing the periphery of the cross section and arranged in the area of said wall of said opening. The band or ring will be arranged as well in the area of the opening preliminarily of the mounting of the microphone and thus enabling the direct insertion of the microphone into this opening without any pre-assembling.

[0014] For instance said band or ring provides a round or angular cross section. An angular cross section enables an accurate and precise positioning of the band or rings whereas a round cross section allows a rationalized production and is universal with respect to the positioning of the band or ring.

[0015] The microphone is provided for instance in form of a cubical shaped module. This enables an easy and accurate positioning of the microphone.

[0016] The inlet cross section of said opening is for instance greater than the cross section of

said microphone and said elastic material is arranged in the area of the inlet cross section in its built-in state. The microphone will thus be easily inserted into the opening without being accurately adjusted or aligned at the beginning of this insertion action. The elastic material will thus adapt to the contour or shape of the spacing between the wall of the opening and the wall of the microphone and thereby seal this spacing. The pockets or grooves are provided within the wall of said opening for receiving the elastic material, whereby at least one part of the cross section of the elastic material is extending into the opening cross section of said opening.

[0017] The groove is provided as an open, embracing groove facing up towards the insertion direction of the microphone. The elastic material will thus be easily inserted from the upside, e.g. from the insertion side, into the groove, either separated from the microphone or together with the microphone.

[0018] The engaging means are for instance arranged in the area of said opening to resiliently engage with the microphone in its built-in state. An additional locking of the microphone in its built-in state will thus be achieved to prevent reliably any unintentional or accidental falling out or tearing out of the microphone.

[0019] The engaging means for example comprise of a tongue resiliently facing outward from said mounting plate having a hook facing towards the opening cross section of said opening. The tongue will be represented as a separate part of the mounting plate or will be an integrated part of the mounting plate itself. By inserting the microphone into the opening the tongue will self-dependently bend back and will for instance snap into a nut or recess provided at the microphone in the end or final position of the microphone. Thus, the tongue only has to be re-bent back to disable the snap-effect for the disassembling of the microphone.

[0020] The mounting plate is for instance provided by the faceplate of an in-the-ear hearing device. In-the-ear hearing devices (ITE) provide regularly a faceplate for receiving the microphone within an opening of the faceplate.

[0021] The microphone for the hearing device has at least one band or ring of elastic material embracing said microphone. The microphone will be detachably held by this band or ring within its opening of the hearing device. The cross section of the insertion aperture is preferably greater than the cross section of the microphone intended to be inserted within this opening thus providing spacing between the microphone and the wall of the opening. The ring or band will thus be positioned within this spacing and will provide by its elasticity a contact pressure onto the wall of the microphone thereby retaining the microphone in its position within the opening. By applying a suitable traction force from the outside onto the microphone it may be easily extracted from the opening to be removed or replaced if required.

[0022] At least one part of the cross section of said band or ring is for instance protruding out of the cross section of said microphone. This provides an elastic surface to be moved against the wall of the opening for the microphone and to produce the contact pressure mentioned above for the retaining and fixing of the position of the microphone.

[0023] The band or ring is for instance provided in form of a bulge made out of elastic plastic material protruding from the outside of the housing of said microphone and at least partly extending along the periphery of the housing of said microphone. The elastic surface will thus be provided by an easy to manufacture element that will be easily applied to the microphone.

[0024] The problem will be further inventively solved by the features of the method according to claim 13 or claim 14. The method for mounting a microphone within a hearing device is characterized by the following steps:

- sliding on an elastic band or ring over said microphone;
- sliding in said microphone provided with said band or ring into an opening of the hearing device, thereby sliding said elastic band or ring into a groove which is provided within the wall of the opening for receiving said elastic band or ring, wherein at least one part of the cross section of the elastic band or ring is extending into the opening cross section of said opening, and the groove is provided as an open, embracing groove facing up towards the insertion direction of the microphone.

[0025] The elastic band or the elastic ring respectively will be easily slid onto the microphone or the housing of the microphone. The band or ring will preferably be positioned in the mid-area of the microphone. The microphone together with the band or ring respectively will then subsequently be inserted into the insertion aperture of the hearing device. The insertion aperture is for instance provided as a pocket at the underside, e.g. the inner side, of a faceplate of an ITE hearing device. The cross section of the insertion aperture in the area of the opening is slightly greater than the cross section of the microphone. The microphone may thus be inserted together with the band or ring respectively into the insertion aperture, whereby the band or ring respectively will be slid between the microphone and the wall of the opening and thereby slightly pressed together. This causes a contact pressure onto the microphone or the housing of the microphone respectively resulting in a friction fit between microphone and mounting plate, thereby retaining or fixing the microphone in this position.

[0026] The microphone will simply be removed from the opening if required by simply pulling on the upper side of the microphone, for instance very easy if a part of the microphone protrudes from the surface of the mounting plate in its built-in state.

[0027] A further method for mounting a microphone within a hearing device, whereby said microphone will be mounted into an opening of a mounting plate of the hearing device, is characterized by the following steps:

- inserting of an elastic band or ring into a groove which is provided within the wall of the opening for receiving said elastic band or ring, wherein at least one part of the cross section of the elastic band or ring is extending into the opening cross section of said opening, and the groove is provided as an open, embracing groove facing up towards

the insertion direction of the microphone;

- sliding in said microphone into the inlet cross section provided by said band or ring within said opening.

[0028] As already mentioned above, the same friction fit will be provided by the band or ring respectively to retain or fix the microphone in its position. Any common or known microphone may be used for this method.

[0029] One advantage of the present invention lies in the fact that practical no additional space is needed for the retaining or fixing of the microphone beside of a small spacing for the positioning of the band or ring respectively.

[0030] In contrast to the use of adhesives for attaching the microphone, the connection of the microphone with the mounting plate will be non-destructively detached and there are no vapors or adhesive residues that may penetrate into the microphone and thereby damaging or destroying the microphone. Furthermore, the embracing ring provides an acoustic sealing preventing the development of feedback or other acoustical impairments.

[0031] For purpose of facilitating and understanding of the present invention, preferred embodiments are illustrated in the accompanying drawings to be considered in connection with the following description. Thus the invention may be readily understood and appreciated.

Fig. 1 is a schematic view of an inventively configured microphone;

Fig. 2 is a schematic longitudinal section of the microphone of Figure 1 in its built-in state;

Fig. 3 is a schematic perspective view of the built-in microphone;

Fig. 4 is a schematic longitudinal section according to Figure 2 with the shell attached to the faceplate;

Fig. 5 is a schematic longitudinal section of an alternative embodiment of an inventive hearing device prior to the mounting of the microphone;

Fig. 6 is a schematic longitudinal section according to Figure 6 after mounting of the microphone;

Fig. 7 is a schematic view onto a further alternative embodiment of an inventive hearing device with built-in microphone; and

Fig. 8 is a longitudinal section through the embodiment of Figure 7.

[0032] Figure 1 is showing the view of an inventively configured microphone 1 for a hearing

device. The microphone 1 has for instance a substantially cuboidally shaped housing with rectangular cross sections.

[0033] An elastic ring 2 as one embodiment of the present invention is arranged around the microphone 1. This ring 2 is for instance arranged approximately in the mid-area of the microphone 1 in a plane perpendicular with respect to the insertion direction A.

[0034] Such an equipped microphone 1 will be inserted in insertion direction A into an opening 3 of faceplate 4 of a hearing device as depicted in Figure 2 in a longitudinal section. Faceplate 4 is for instance the faceplate of an ITE hearing device and the opening 3 is arranged at the inner side of faceplate 4.

[0035] The opening 3 provides for instance in the area of the insertion aperture a groove 3' opened in direction of the insertion aperture for receiving the ring 2 in the built-in state of microphone 1.

[0036] Ring 2 provides in this embodiment a circular cross section with a diameter that is slightly greater than the clearance of spacing S between the outer wall of microphone 1 and the wall of groove 3' of the opening 3. Thus ring 2 will be slightly compressed sideways and therefore it applies a contact pressure onto said walls which leads to a friction fit between the microphone 1 and the opening 3 thereby retaining and fixing microphone 1 in its inserted position. The lower part of microphone 1 thereby practically contacts the lower area of opening 3 and will therefore be exactly positioned.

[0037] Figure 3 depicts the microphone 1 in its built-in state in the upper view onto faceplate 4 or the inner side of faceplate 4 respectively. It may be appreciated that the upper side of microphone 1 is freely protruding into the ambient and thus accessible for a subsequent removal process.

[0038] Figure 4 depicts again the longitudinal section according to Figure 2 with the shell 5 attached to faceplate 4 of the ITE hearing device. The shell 5 is thereby arranged close to the microphone 1; as may be seen out of Figure 4 even a slight overlapping of the area of the opening area of groove 3' of opening 3 is possible. Thus, the gain of additional space for the individual shape of shell 5 will be achieved beside of an easy attachment of microphone 1 within faceplate 4, thus enabling the application of the inventive features even for complex and strongly curved ear canals.

[0039] Figure 5 depicts an alternative embodiment in a schematic longitudinal section. The opening 3 is provided analog to the opening 3 of Figure 2 as a pocket with a groove 3' opened towards the insertion aperture. The ring 2 is inserted into this groove 3' preliminary to the insertion of microphone 1 into the opening 3. The ring 2 is simply slid into its position or is attached to the wall of the opening 3 or the groove 3' respectively by adhesives.

[0040] Alternatively, the ring 2 may be constituted by an additional plastic layer provided onto

faceplate 4, preferably as an elastic or soft plastic layer.

[0041] The microphone 1 is subsequently simply plugged into the opening 3, as depicted in Figure 6 with the built-in position of microphone 1. Ring 2 applies therefore a friction fit to microphone 1 and thus retains and fixes microphone 1 in its position. A subsequent removal of microphone 1 is easily applicable by just pulling-out microphone 1.

[0042] Figure 7 shows the schematic view onto a further embodiment of the present invention with a microphone 1 inserted into its built-in position. Besides the friction fit applied by ring 2, the microphone 1 is held additionally by an elastic tongue 6 with hook 7. This securely prevents an unintentional or independent loosening of microphone 1 in the opening 3.

[0043] Figure 8 depicts the longitudinal section of the embodiment of Figure 7. It clearly shows the elastic tongue 6 protruding from the rim of opening 3 to the upper side. A hook 7 facing towards the opening 3 is provided at the head of tongue 6 to be brought into contact against the upper side of microphone 1 in its inserted position and thereby retaining microphone 1 additionally to the ring 2.

REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

This list of references cited by the applicant is for the reader's convenience only. It does not form part of the European patent document. Even though great care has been taken in compiling the references, errors or omissions cannot be excluded and the EPO disclaims all liability in this regard.

Patent documents cited in the description

- US3048668A **[0008]**
- US2833868A **[0008]**

Krav

1. Høreapparat med mindst en mikrofon (1) anbragt inden i høreapparatets hus, hvor mikrofonen (1) er anbragt i en monteringsplade (4) på høreapparatet, en åbning (3) til modtagelse af mikrofonen (1)) er tilvejebragt i monteringspladen (4),
5 og et elastisk materiale (2) er anbragt i mindst et delområde mellem mikrofonen (1) og en væg af åbningen (3) mod mikrofonen (1), **der er kendetegnet ved** at der er tilvejebragt en rille (3') i væggen på åbningen (3) til modtagelse af det elastiske materiale (2), hvor mindst en del af et tværsnit af det elastiske materiale (2) strækker sig ind i en åbningstværsnit på åbningen (3), og rillen (3') er tilvejebragt
10 som en åben, omfavnende rille (3'), der vender op mod en indføringsretning (A) for mikrofonen (1).
2. 3. Høreapparat ifølge patentkrav 1 **kendetegnet ved**, at det elastiske materiale (2) er tilvejebragt i form af mindst ét bånd eller en ring (2), der omslutter
15 mikrofonen (1).
3. 3. Høreapparat ifølge patentkrav 1 **kendetegnet ved**, at det elastiske materiale (2) er tilvejebragt i form af mindst ét bånd eller en ring (2), der omslutter tværsnittets periferi og er anbragt i området ved nævnte åbning (3).
20
4. 3. Høreapparat ifølge patentkrav 1 eller 2 **kendetegnet ved**, at båndet eller ringen (2) tilvejebringer et rundt eller vinklet tværsnit.
5. 7. Høreapparat ifølge et af patentkravene 1 til 4 **kendetegnet ved**, at
25 mikrofonen (1) er tilvejebragt i form af et kuboidformet modul.
6. 7. Høreapparat ifølge et af patentkravene 1 til 5 **kendetegnet ved**, at åbningens (3) indgangstværsnit er større end mikrofonens (1) tværsnit og at det elastiske materiale (2) er anbragt i området ved indgangstværsnittet i sin indbyggede tilstand.
30
7. 7. Høreapparat ifølge et af patentkravene 1 til 6 **kendetegnet ved**, at indgrebsorganer (6, 7) er anbragt i området ved åbningen (3) til at gå i elastisk

indgreb med mikrofonen i sin indbyggede tilstand.

35 **8. 8.** Høreapparat ifølge patentkrav 7 **kendetegnet ved**, at indgrebsorganet omfatter en fjeder (6), der er elastisk vendt udad fra monteringspladen (4), og som har en krog (7) vendt mod åbningstværsnittet på åbningen (3).

40 **9. 8.** Høreapparat ifølge et af patentkravene 1 til 8 **kendetegnet ved**, at monteringspladen (4) er tilvejebragt af frontpladen på et høreapparat i øret.

45 **10. 7.** Høreapparat ifølge et af patentkravene 1 til 9, hvor den mindst ene mikrofon (1) omfatter mindst ét bånd eller ring (2) af elastisk materiale, der omslutter mikrofonen (1).

50 **11. 13.** Høreapparat ifølge patentkrav 10, hvori mindst en del af tværsnittet af mindst ét bånd eller ring (2) stikker ud af mikrofonens (1) tværsnit.

55 **12. 13.** Høreapparat ifølge patentkrav 10 eller 11, hvori i det mindste det ene bånd eller ring (2) er tilvejebragt i form af en bøjning fremstillet af elastisk plastmateriale, der rager ud fra mikrofonens (1) udvendige hus og i det mindste delvist strækker sig langs omkredsen af mikrofonens (1) hus.

60 **13.** Fremgangsmåde til montering af en mikrofon (1) i et høreapparat, kendetegnet ved følgende trin:

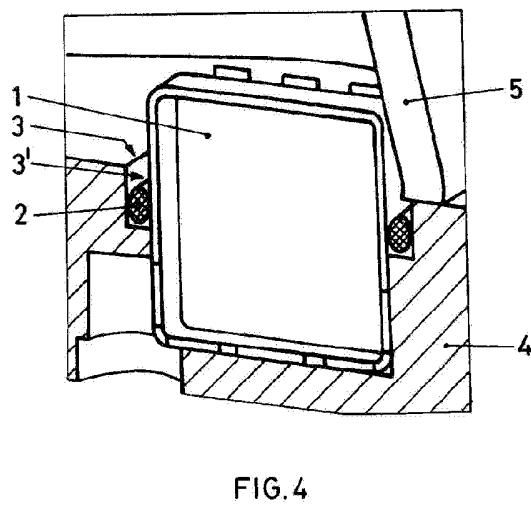
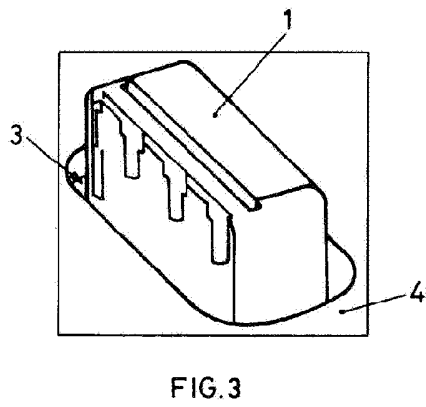
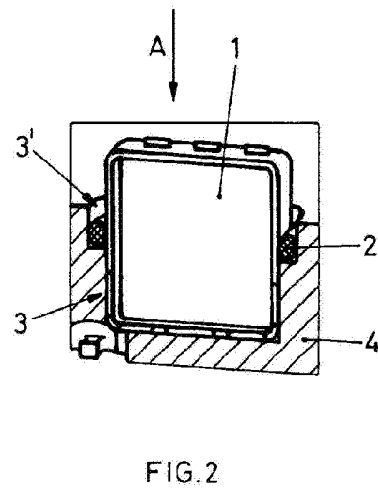
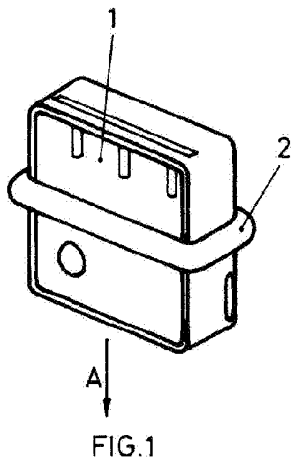
- Glider på en elastisk bånd eller ring (2) over mikrofonen (1)
- Glider inden i mikrofonen (1) forsynet med det elastiske bånd eller ringen (2) ind i en åbning (3) på høreapparatet og derved glider det elastiske bånd eller ringen (2) i en rille (3'), der er tilvejebragt inden i åbningens væg (3) til modtagelse af det elastiske bånd eller ringen (2), hvor i det mindste en del af det elastiske bånd eller ringenes (2) tværsnit strækker sig ind i et åbningstværsnit på åbningen (3), og rillen (3') er tilvejebragt som en åben, omfavnende rille (3'), der vender op mod indføringsretningen (A) for mikrofonen (1).

65

14. Metode til montering af en mikrofon (1) i et høreapparat, hvorved mikrofonen (1) vil blive monteret i en åbning (3) på en monteringsplade (4) i høreapparatet, kendetegnet ved følgende trin:

- 70 - indsættelse af et elastikbånd eller ring (2) i en rille (3'), der er tilvejebragt i åbningens (3) væg for modtagelse af det elastiske bånd eller ringen (2), hvor i det mindste en del af tværsnittet af elastikbåndet eller ringen (2) strækker sig ind i et åbningstværsnit i åbningen (3), og rillen (3') er tilvejebragt som en åben, indhyllende rille (3'), der vender op mod
- 75 indføringsretningen (A) for mikrofonen (1);
- Glider i mikrofonen (1) ind i indløbstværsnittet tilvejebragt af båndet eller ringen (2) i åbningen (3).

DRAWINGS



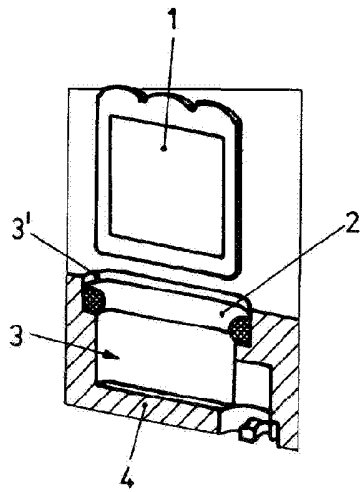


FIG. 5

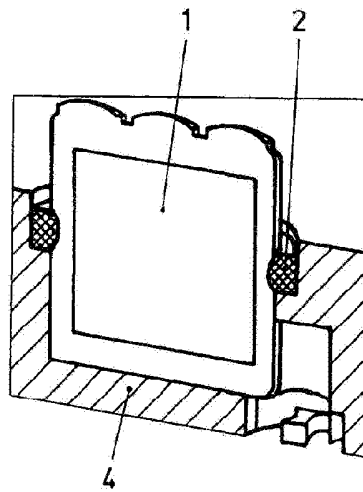


FIG. 6

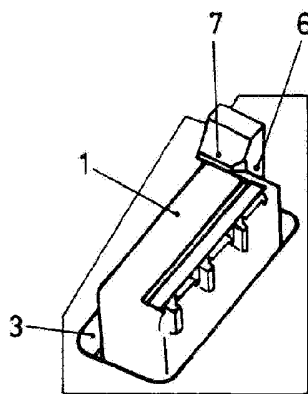


FIG. 7

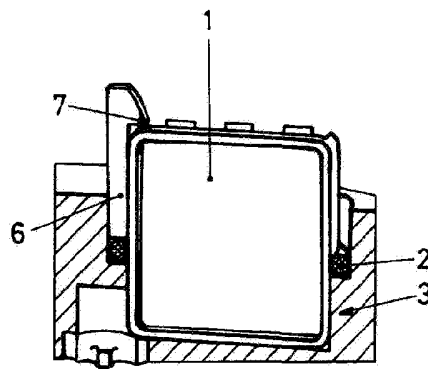


FIG. 8