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(54) **METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR ENHANCED PERFORMANCE IN SERIAL PERIPHERAL INTERFACE**

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(57) ABSTRACT

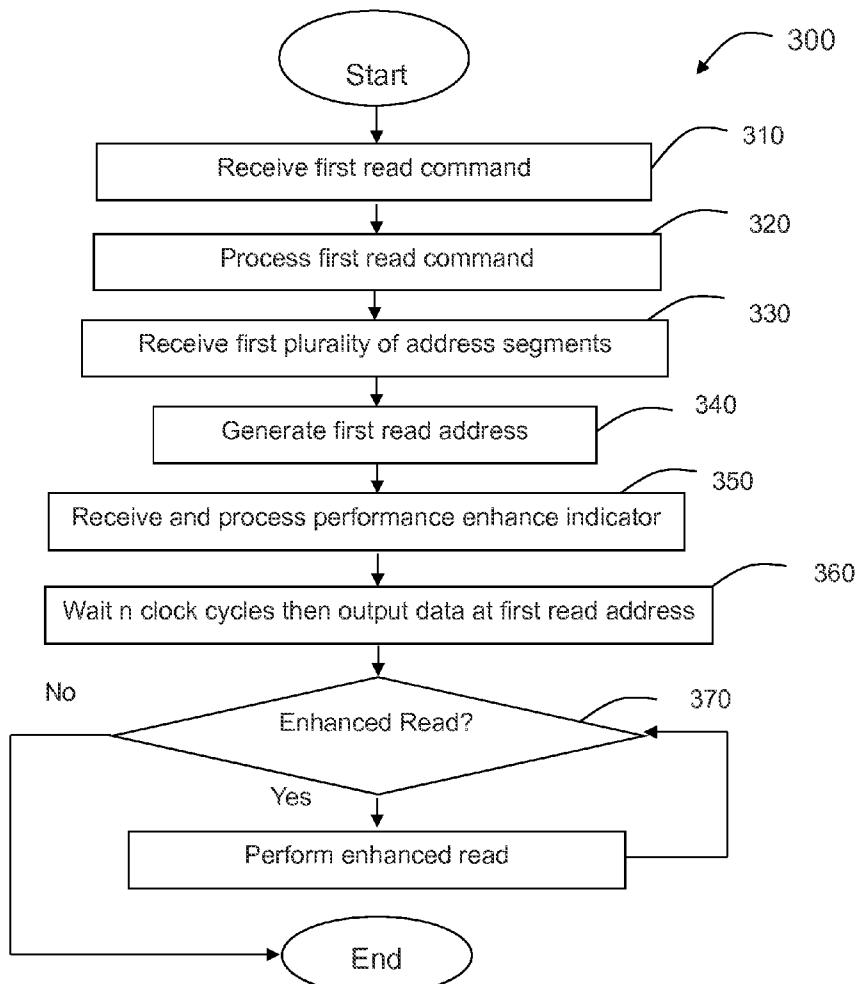
(21) **Appl. No.: 14/264,013**

A method of conducting an operation in an integrated circuit having a plurality of memory cells includes receiving an operating command for the memory cells and receiving a first address segment associated with the memory cells in at least one clock cycle after receiving the operating command. The method further includes receiving a first performance enhancement indicator in at least one clock cycle after ending the first address segment while before starting to transfer data, for determining whether an enhanced operation is to be performed.

(22) **Filed: Apr. 28, 2014**

Related U.S. Application Data

(63) Continuation of application No. 13/686,917, filed on Nov. 28, 2012, now Pat. No. 8,738,849, which is a



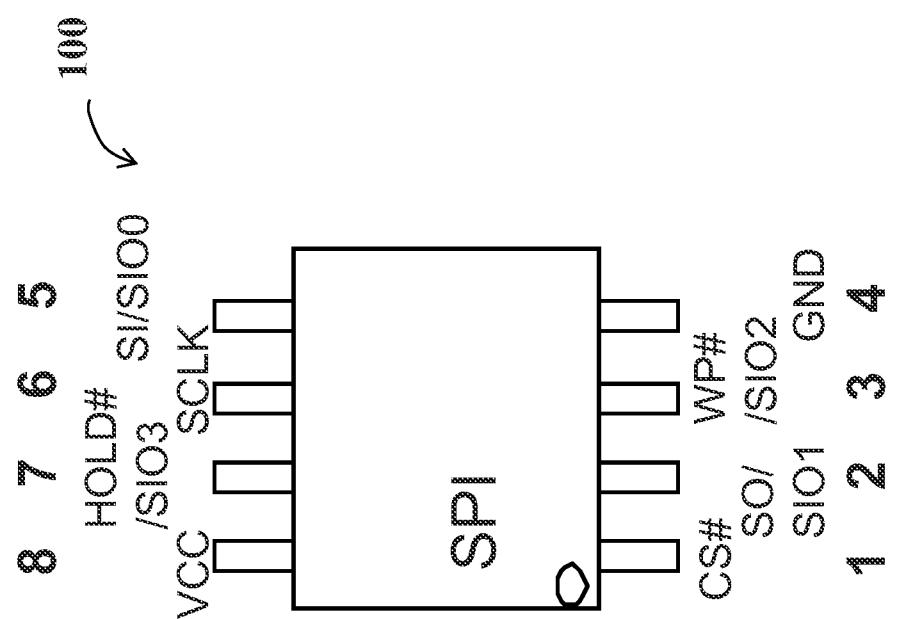


FIGURE 1

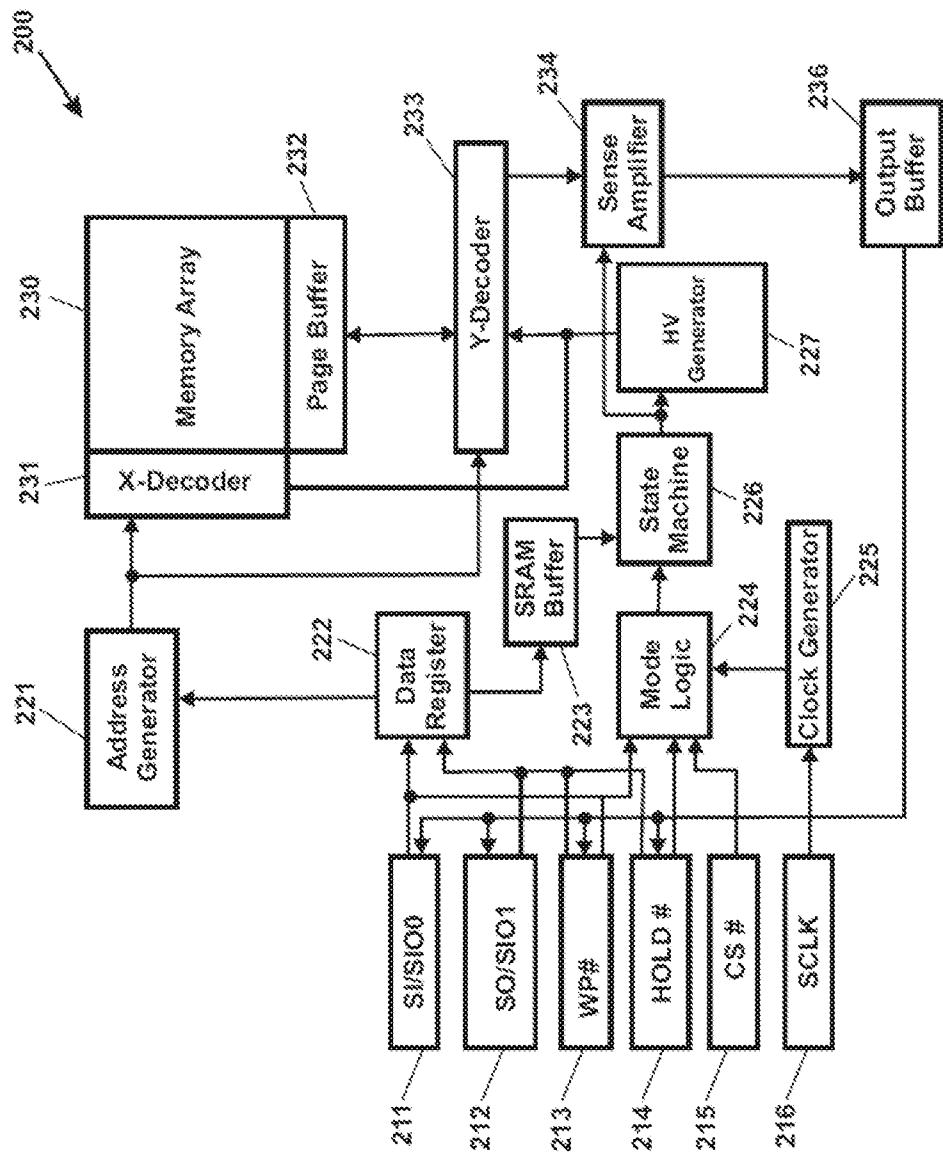


FIGURE 2

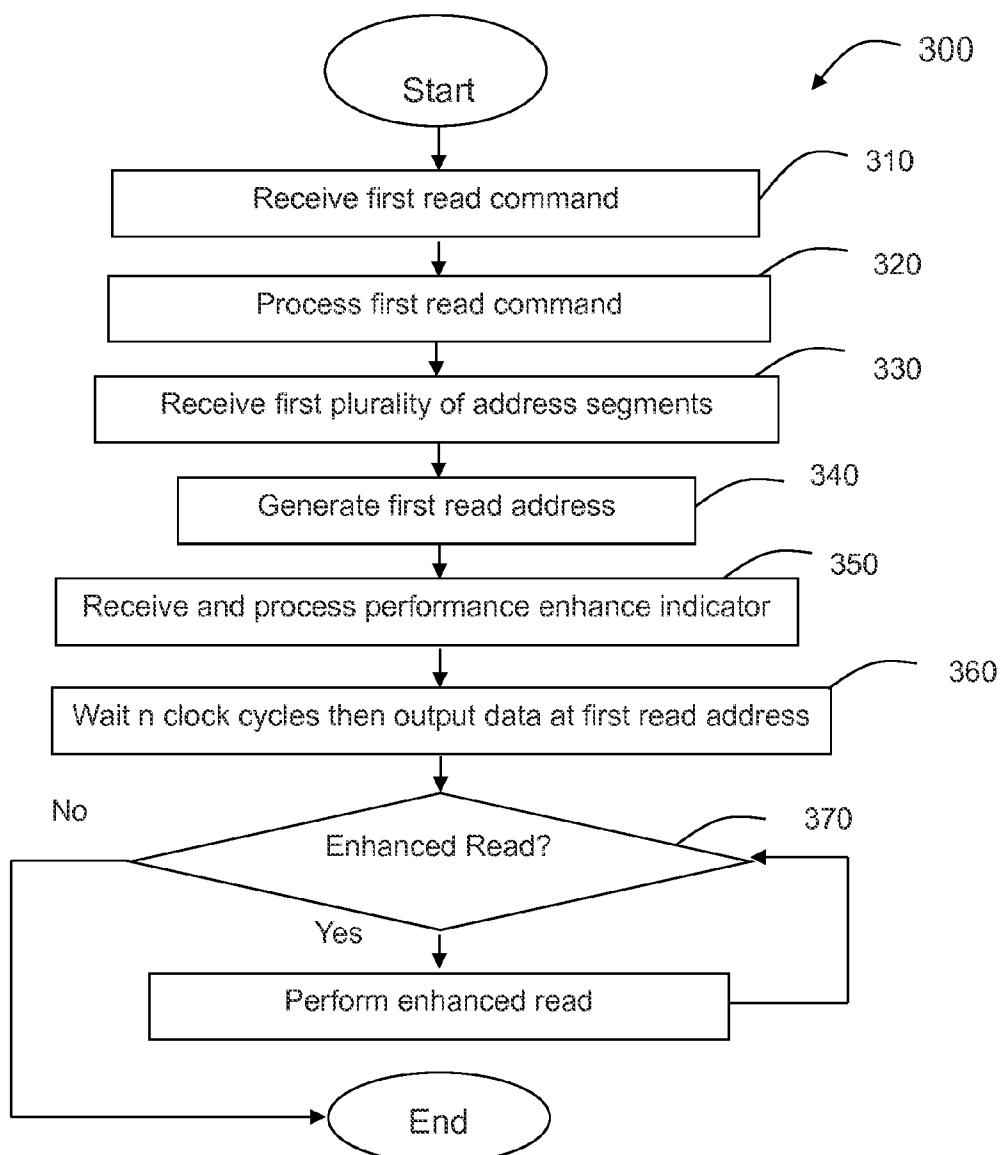


FIGURE 3

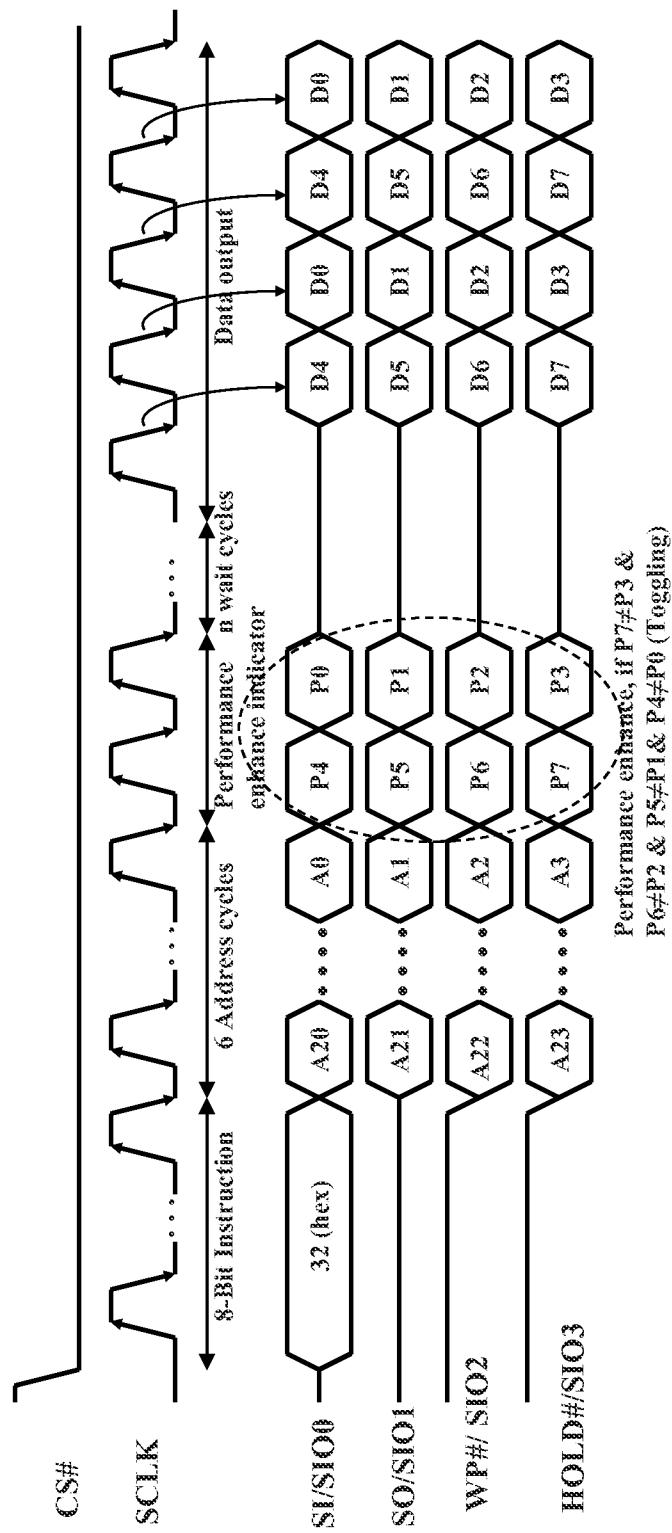


FIGURE 4A

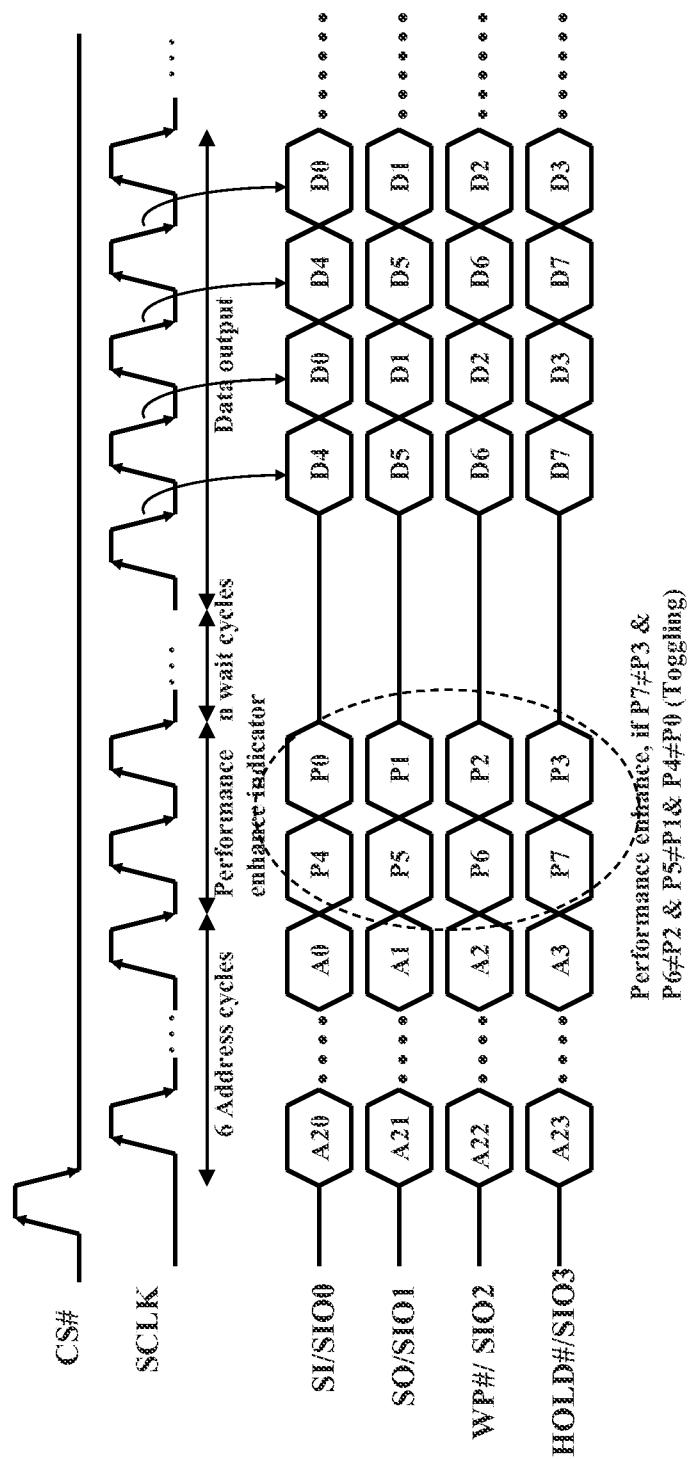
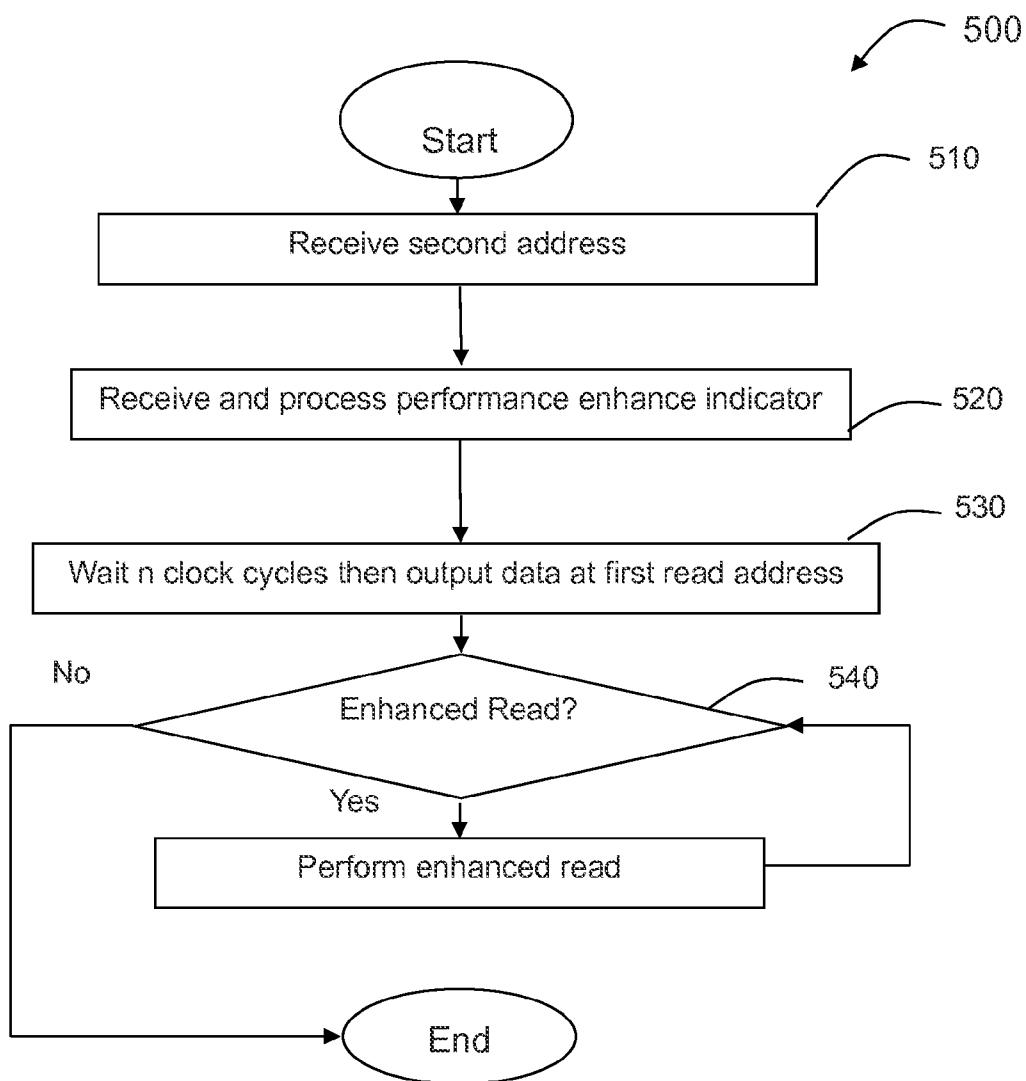
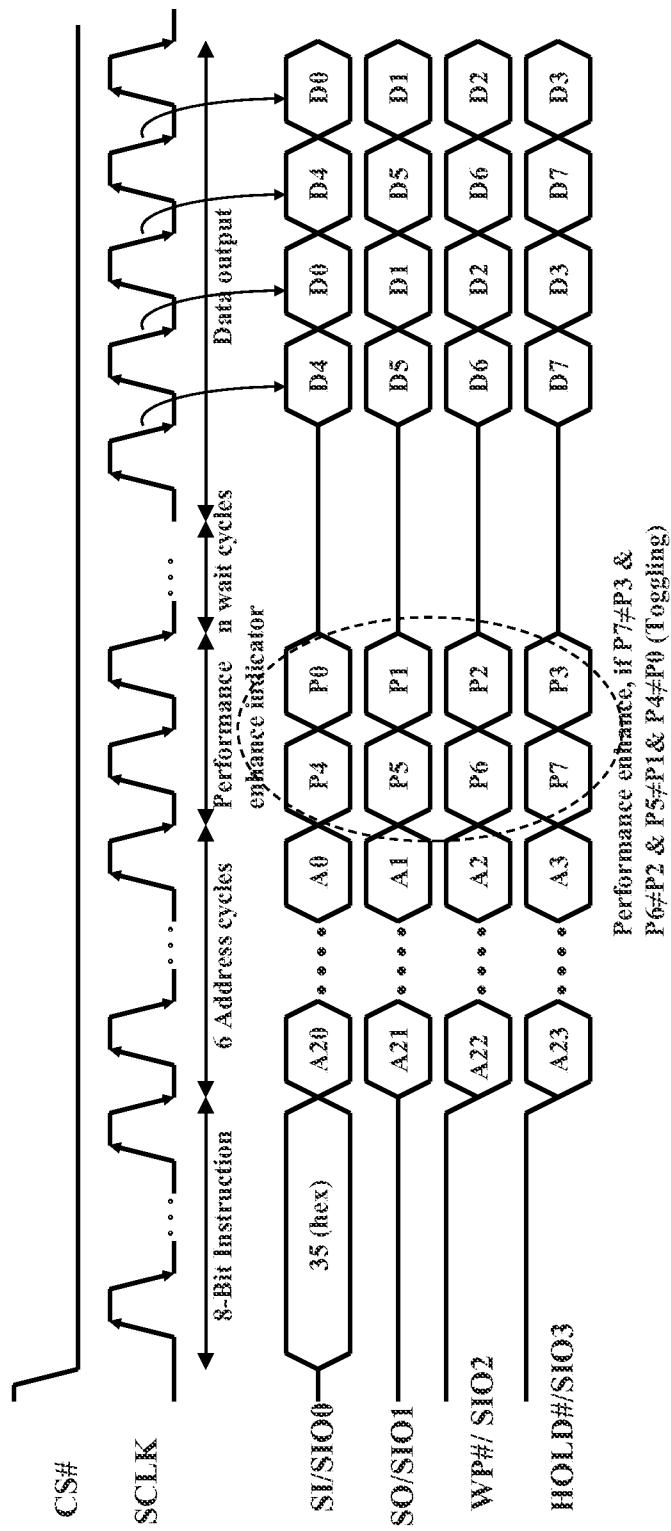


FIGURE 4B

**FIGURE 5**

**FIGURE 6A**

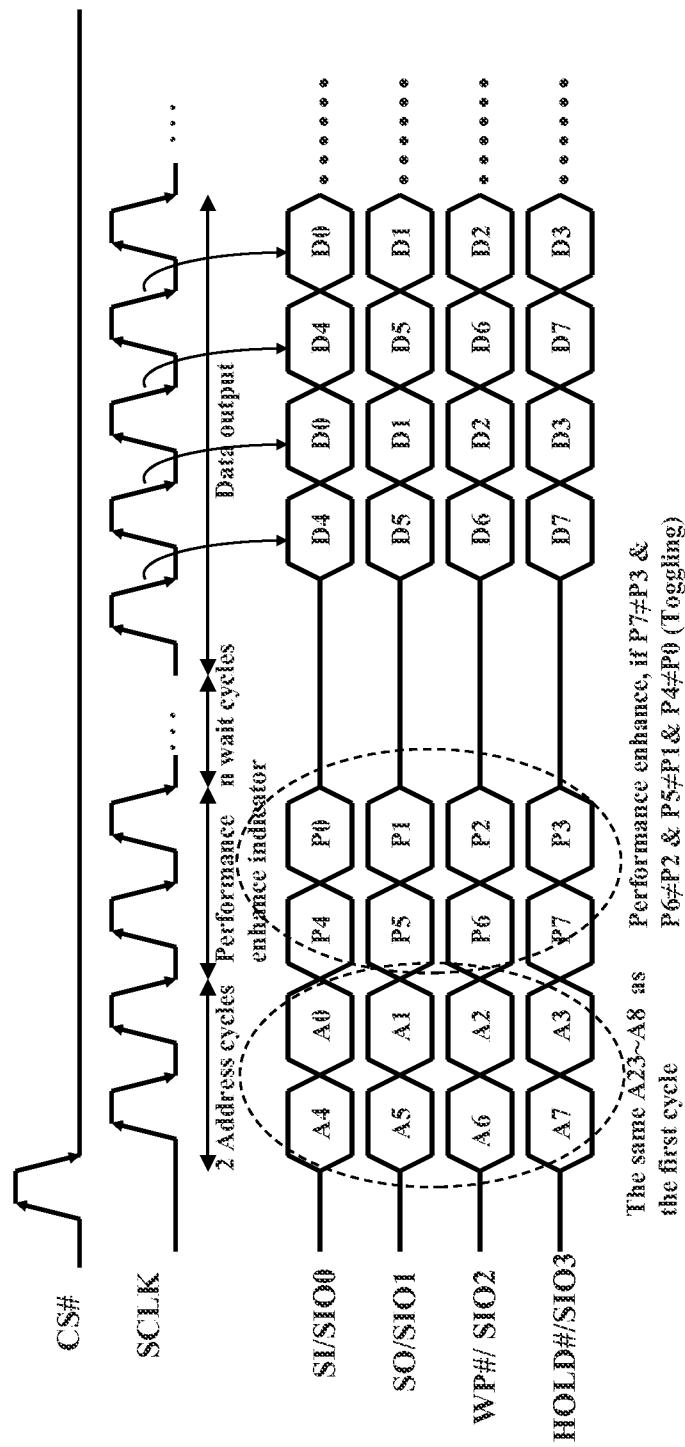


FIGURE 6B

METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR ENHANCED PERFORMANCE IN SERIAL PERIPHERAL INTERFACE

CROSS-REFERENCES TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 13/686,917, filed Nov. 28, 2012, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/970,468, filed Jan. 7, 2008, both of which are commonly owned and herein incorporated by reference in their entirety.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The present invention is directed to integrated circuits and their operation. More particularly, the invention provides a method and system for enhanced data read performance in an integrated circuit. Merely by way of example, the invention has been applied to serial memory devices incorporating a serial peripheral interface protocol for fast data transfer rate. But it would be recognized that the invention has a much broader range of applicability. For example, the invention can be applied to integrated circuits including other stand-alone or embedded memory devices such as DRAM, SRAM, parallel flash, or other non-volatile memories. The present invention can also be applied to a serial peripheral interface for use in communication between electronic devices.

[0003] Flash memories are used in a variety of applications in electronics. These memory devices often include a large number of input and output pins to accommodate data and addresses required to access the memory cells. In response to increasing space and wiring demands, serial flash memories have been developed to provide reduced pin counts, often requiring only one or two data pins. These serial flash memories provide a storage solution for systems with limited space, pin connections, and power supplies. Serial flash memories can be used for code download applications, as well as for storage of voice, video, text, and data, etc. However, conventional serial flash memory devices have many limitations. For example, a conventional serial peripheral interface flash memory device transfers data or address bits in a sequential and serial fashion, limiting the speed of the memory device.

[0004] From the above, it is seen that an improved technique for serial peripheral interface is desired.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0005] The present invention is directed to integrated circuits and their operations. More particularly, this invention provides a method and system for enhanced data read performance in an integrated circuit. Merely by way of example, the invention has been applied to serial memory devices incorporating a serial peripheral interface protocol for fast data transfer rate. But it would be recognized that the invention has a much broader range of applicability. For example, the invention can be applied to integrated circuits including other stand-alone or embedded memory devices such as DRAM, SRAM, parallel flash, or other non-volatile memories. The present invention can also be applied to a serial peripheral interface for use in communication between electronic devices.

[0006] According to a specific embodiment, the invention provides a method for reading data in an integrated circuit. The method includes receiving a read command, which is

associated with an enhanced data read, and receiving a first address from a plurality of input/output pins. The method includes receiving a first performance enhancement indicator and determining whether an enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the first performance enhancement indicator. The method includes waiting n clock cycles, where n is an integer, then outputting data from a memory array in the integrated circuit using the plurality of input/output pins concurrently. The data is associated with the first read address. The method also includes performing an enhanced read operation, if it is determined that the enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the performance enhancement indicator.

[0007] In a specific embodiment, performing the enhanced read operation includes receiving a second address from the corresponding plurality of input/output pins, receiving a second performance enhancement indicator and determining whether an enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the second performance enhancement indicator, and waiting n clock cycles, where n is an integer, then outputting data in the integrated circuit using the plurality of input/output pins, the data being associated with the second read address.

[0008] In an embodiment, the method also includes determining whether a second enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the second performance enhancement indicator. In an embodiment, determining whether an enhanced read operation is to be performed comprises comparing a first bit in the first performance enhancement indicator with a second bit in the first performance enhancement indicator. In a specific embodiment, the integrated circuit comprises a serial peripheral interface pin configuration, the pin configuration including pin #1 (CS#), pin #2 (SO/SIO1), pin #3 (WP#/SIO2), pin #4 (GND), pin #5 (SI/SIO0), pin #6 (SCLK), pin #7 (HOLD#/SIO3), and pin #8 (VCC). In an embodiment, the first address is received in six clock cycles. In a specific embodiment, the first performance enhancement indicator includes indicator bits P4, P5, P6, and P7 received in a first enhance indicator clock cycle and indicator bits P0, P1, P2, and P3 received in a second enhance indicator clock cycle. Each of the indicator bits received in the first enhance indicator clock cycle is compared to a corresponding one of the indicator bits received in the second enhance indicator clock cycle. In an embodiment, an enhanced read operation is determined to be performed if the following condition holds: P7≠P3 AND P6≠P2 AND P5≠P1 AND P4≠P0.

[0009] According to another embodiment, the invention provides a method for reading data in an integrated circuit. The method includes receiving a read command, which is associated with reading data in the same page. The method includes receiving a first address from a corresponding plurality of input/output pins, and receiving a first performance enhancement indicator and determining whether an enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the first performance enhancement indicator. The method includes waiting n clock cycles, where n is an integer, then outputting data from the memory array using the plurality of input/output pins concurrently. The data is associated with the first read address. The method also includes performing an enhanced page read operation, if it is determined that the enhanced read operation is to be per-

formed based on at least information associated with the performance enhancement indicator.

[0010] In a specific embodiment, performing the enhanced page read operation includes receiving a second address from the corresponding plurality of input/output pins, receiving a second performance enhancement indicator and determining whether an enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the second performance enhancement indicator, and waiting n clock cycles then outputting data in the memory array in the integrated circuit using the plurality of input/output pins. The data is associated with the second read address. In an embodiment, the integrated circuit includes a serial peripheral interface pin configuration, the pin configuration including pin #1 (CS#), pin #2 (SO/SIO1), pin #3 (WP#/SIO2), pin #4 (GND), pin #5 (SI/SIO0), pin #6 (SCLK), pin #7 (HOLD#/SIO3), and pin #8 (VCC).

[0011] According to an alternative embodiment, the invention provides a system for enhanced data read. The system includes one or more components configured to receive a read command, which associated with an enhanced data read operation. The system includes one or more components configured to receive a first address from a plurality of input/output pins. The system includes one or more components configured to receive a first performance enhancement indicator. The system also includes one or more components configured to determine whether an enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the first performance enhancement indicator. The system includes one or more components configured to wait n clock cycles, where n is an integer, then output data from a memory array in the integrated circuit using the plurality of input/output pins, the data being associated with the first read address. The system includes one or more components configured to perform the enhanced read operation if it is determined that the enhanced read operation is to be performed.

[0012] In a specific embodiment, the one or more components for performing the enhanced read operation comprise one or more components for performing the following functions:

[0013] 1. receiving a second address from the plurality of input/output pins;

[0014] 2. receiving a second performance enhancement indicator; and

[0015] 3. waiting n clock cycles, where n is an integer, then outputting data in the memory array in the integrated circuit using the plurality of input/output pins, the data being associated with the second read address.

[0016] In an embodiment, the system also includes one or more components for determining whether a second enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the second performance enhancement indicator. In a specific embodiment, the system comprises an integrated circuit which includes a serial peripheral interface pin configuration, the pin configuration including pin #1 (CS#), pin #2 (SO/SIO1), pin #3 (WP#/SIO2), pin #4 (GND), pin #5 (SI/SIO0), pin #6 (SCLK), pin #7 (HOLD#/SIO3), and pin #8 (VCC). In an embodiment, the first plurality of address segments is received in six clock cycles. In some embodiments, the first performance enhancement indicator includes indicator bits P4, P5, P6, and P7 received in a first enhance indicator clock cycle and indicator bits P0, P1, P2, and P3 received in a second enhance indicator clock cycle. In a specific embodiment, an enhanced read operation is determined to be performed if the following condition holds: P7≠P3 AND P6≠P2 AND P5≠P1 AND P4≠P0.

mined to be performed if the following condition holds: P7≠P3 AND P6≠P2 AND P5≠P1 AND P4≠P0.

[0017] According to another alternative embodiment, the present invention provides a method for data read in an integrated circuit. The method includes receiving a first read command associated with an enhanced data read and processing information associated with the first read command. The method includes receiving a first plurality of address segments, each of the first plurality of address segments being received from each of a corresponding plurality of input/output pins concurrently. The method includes generating a first read address based on at least information associated with the first plurality of address segments. The method also includes receiving a first performance enhancement indicator and determining whether an enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the first performance enhancement indicator. The method includes outputting data associated with the first read address from a memory array in the integrated circuit using the plurality of input/output pins concurrently. The method includes performing an enhanced read operation, if it is determined that the enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the performance enhancement indicator.

[0018] In an embodiment of the method, the enhanced read operation includes receiving a second plurality of address segments, each of the second plurality of address segments being received from each of the corresponding plurality of input/output pins concurrently. The method includes generating a second read address based on at least information associated with the second plurality of address segments. The method includes receiving a second performance enhancement indicator and outputting data in the memory array in the integrated circuit using the plurality of input/output pins concurrently, the data being associated with the second read address. In a specific embodiment, the method also includes determining whether a second enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the second performance enhancement indicator. For example, in an embodiment, determining whether an enhanced read operation is to be performed includes comparing a first bit in the first performance enhancement indicator with a second bit in the first performance enhancement indicator.

[0019] In an embodiment of the method, the integrated circuit includes a serial peripheral interface pin configuration, which includes pin #1 (CS#), pin #2 (SO/SIO1), pin #3 (WP#/SIO2), pin #4 (GND), pin #5 (SI/SIO0), pin #6 (SCLK), pin #7 (HOLD#/SIO3), and pin #8 (VCC). In a specific embodiment, the first read command includes a read command. In an embodiment, the first plurality of address segments are received in six clock cycles. In an embodiment, the first performance enhancement indicator includes indicator bits P4, P5, P6, and P7 received in a first enhance indicator clock cycle and indicator bits P0, P1, P2, and P3 received in a second enhance indicator clock cycle. Each of the indicator bits received in the first clock cycle is compared to a corresponding one of the indicator bits received in the second clock cycle. In a specific embodiment, an enhanced read operation is determined to be performed if the following condition holds: P7≠P3 AND P6≠P2 AND P5≠P1 AND P4≠P0.

[0020] According to yet another embodiment, the method provides a method for data read in an integrated circuit. The method includes receiving a first read command associated with an enhanced page read and processing information asso-

ciated with the first read command. The method includes receiving a first plurality of address segments, each of the first plurality of address segments being received from each of a corresponding plurality of input/output pins concurrently. A first read address is generated based on at least information associated with the first plurality of address segments. The first read address is associated with a first page in a memory array in the integrated circuit. The method includes receiving a first performance enhancement indicator and determining whether an enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the first performance enhancement indicator. The method also includes outputting data associated with the first read address in the memory array using the plurality of input/output pins concurrently. If it is determined that the enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the first performance enhancement indicator, the method includes the following processes for performing the enhanced page read operation. The method includes receiving a second plurality of address segments, each of the second plurality of address segments being received from each of the corresponding plurality of input/output pins concurrently. A second read address is generated based on at least information associated with the second plurality of address segments and the first plurality of address segments. The method includes receiving a second performance enhancement indicator and outputting data in the memory array in the integrated circuit using the plurality of input/output pins concurrently, the data being associated with the second read address. In an embodiment, the second read address is associated with the first page in the memory array in the integrated circuit. The method also includes determining whether a second enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the second performance enhancement indicator.

[0021] In a specific embodiment of the method, the integrated circuit which includes a serial peripheral interface pin configuration, which includes pin #1 (CS#), pin #2 (SO/SIO1), pin #3 (WP#/SIO2), pin #4 (GND), pin #5 (SI/SIO0), pin #6 (SCLK), pin #7 (HOLD#/SIO3), and pin #8 (VCC). In an embodiment, the first read command includes a read command for enhanced page read. In a specific embodiment, the page in the memory array comprises n byes (for example: n=256). In an embodiment, the second plurality of address segments are received in m clock cycles (for example: m=2).

[0022] According to another alternative embodiment, the invention provides a system for enhanced data read. The system includes one or more components configured to:

- [0023] 1. receive a first read command, which is associated with an enhanced data read;
- [0024] 2. process information associated with the first read command;
- [0025] 3. receive a first plurality of address segments, each of the first plurality of address segments being received from each of a corresponding plurality of input/output pins concurrently;
- [0026] 4. generate a first read address based on at least information associated with the first plurality of address segments;
- [0027] 5. receive a first performance enhancement indicator and determine whether an enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the performance enhancement indicator;

[0028] 6. output data from a memory array in the integrated circuit using the plurality of input/output pins concurrently, the data being associated with the first read address; and

[0029] 7. perform an enhanced read operation, if the enhanced read operation is to be performed.

[0030] In an embodiment, the system includes one or more components for determining whether a second enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the second performance enhancement indicator. In a specific embodiment, the system includes components for performing the enhanced read operation, for example components for:

[0031] 1. receiving a second plurality of address segments, each of the second plurality of address segments being received from each of the corresponding plurality of input/output pins concurrently;

[0032] 2. generating a second read address based on at least information associated with the second plurality of address segments;

[0033] 3. receiving a second performance enhancement indicator and determining whether a second enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the second performance enhancement indicator; and

[0034] 4. outputting data in the memory array in the integrated circuit using the plurality of input/output pins concurrently, the data being associated with the second read address.

[0035] In a specific embodiment, the system includes an integrated circuit which includes a serial peripheral interface pin configuration, the pin configuration including pin #1 (CS#), pin #2 (SO/SIO1), pin #3 (WP#/SIO2), pin #4 (GND), pin #5 (SI/SIO0), pin #6 (SCLK), pin #7 (HOLD#/SIO3), and pin #8 (VCC). In an embodiment, the first plurality of address segments is received in six clock cycles. In a specific embodiment of the system, the first performance enhancement indicator includes four indicator bits P4, P5, P6, and P7 received in a first clock cycle and four indicator bits P0, P1, P2, and P3 received in a second clock cycle, and an enhanced read operation is determined to be performed if the following condition holds: P7≠P3 AND P6≠P2 AND P5≠P1 AND P4≠P0.

[0036] According to another embodiment of the invention, a method for conducting an operation in an integrated circuit having a plurality of memory cells includes receiving an operating command for the memory cells and receiving a first address segment associated with the memory cells in at least one clock cycle after receiving the operating command. The method further includes receiving a first performance enhancement indicator in at least one clock cycle after ending the first address segment while before starting to transfer data, for determining whether an enhanced operation is to be performed. In a specific embodiment, the integrated circuit comprises a serial peripheral interface pin configuration and the data are transferred using a plurality of pins concurrently in the enhanced operation. In another embodiment, the method further comprises a step of waiting n clock cycles, n being an integer, before starting to transfer data. In yet another embodiment, the method further comprises a step of transferring the data in the enhanced operation if it is determined to be performed. In another embodiment, the method further includes receiving a second address after transferring data related to the first address and receiving a second performance enhancement indicator in a clock cycle immediately

after receiving the second address, for determining whether the enhanced operation is to be performed. In yet another embodiment, the performance enhancement indicator comprises a first bit and a second bit for determining whether the enhanced operation is to be performed. In another embodiment, the first performance enhancement indicator includes a number of first bits P4, P5, P6, and P7 received in a first enhance indicator clock cycle and a number of second bits P0, P1, P2, and P3 received in a second enhance indicator clock cycle, wherein the method further comprising comparing each of the first bits received in the first enhance indicator clock cycle with a corresponding one of the second bits received in the second enhance indicator clock cycle. In another embodiment, an enhanced read operation is determined to be performed if the following condition holds: P7≠P3 AND P6≠P2 AND P5≠P1 AND P4≠P0. In another embodiment, the first address is received from a plurality of pins. In a specific embodiment, the operating command is operated for one of read and write, and the first address is an address for a page mode.

[0037] According to another embodiment of the invention an integrated circuit device having a plurality of memory cells for storing data includes at least one pin for transferring an operating command for the memory cells, a first address associated with the memory cells, and data associated with the first address and a circuit being able to control the device in an enhanced operation which allows the omission of the some operating command for an transfer of data associated with a second address. In a specific embodiment, the enhanced operation is activated/deactivated by an enhanced operation indicator which is received in an interval after transferring the first address while before transferring the associated data. In an embodiment, the enhanced operation indicator is also received in an interval after transferring the second address while before transferring the data associated with the second address. In another embodiment, the enhanced operation indicator comprises a first bit and a second bit for determining whether the enhanced operation is to be performed. In another specific embodiment, the enhanced operation indicator includes a number of first bits P4, P5, P6, and P7 received in a first enhance indicator clock cycle and a number of second bits P0, P1, P2, and P3 received in a second enhance indicator clock cycle, the activation of enhanced operation is determined by comparing each of the first bits received in the first enhance indicator clock cycle to each corresponding one of the second bits received in the second enhance indicator clock cycle. In another embodiment, the operating command is operated for one of read and write, and the first address is an address for page mode. In yet another embodiment, the device also includes a serial peripheral interface pin configuration and the data are transferred using a plurality of pins concurrently.

[0038] Many benefits can be achieved by way of the present invention over conventional techniques. For example, in an embodiment, the present technique provides an easy to use method that relies upon conventional serial peripheral interface pin out technology. In embodiments of the invention, the data and address transfer rates are increased. In some embodiments, the invention provides methods for high speed and random read operation. In a specific embodiment, a page read method is provided for random accessing of data in a page without repeating redundant address bits. Depending upon the embodiment, one or more of these benefits may be

achieved. These and other benefits will be described in more detail throughout the present specification and more particularly below.

[0039] Various additional objects, features, and advantages of the present invention can be more fully appreciated with reference to the detailed description and accompanying drawings that follow.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0040] FIG. 1 is a simplified pin out diagram for an integrated circuit which includes a serial memory I/O interface according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0041] FIG. 2 is a simplified block diagram of an integrated circuit according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0042] FIG. 3 is a simplified flow chart for an enhance data read method according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0043] FIGS. 4A and 4B are simplified timing diagrams for an enhanced data read method according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0044] FIG. 5 is a simplified flow chart for an enhance page data read method according to an embodiment of the present invention; and

[0045] FIGS. 6A and 6B are simplified timing diagrams for an enhanced page read method according to an embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0046] The present invention is directed to integrated circuits and their operation. More particularly, this invention provides a method and system for enhanced data read performance in an integrated circuit. Merely by way of example, the invention has been applied to serial memory devices incorporating a serial peripheral interface protocol for fast data transfer rate. But it would be recognized that the invention has a much broader range of applicability. For example, the invention can be applied to integrated circuits including other stand-alone or embedded memory devices such as DRAM, SRAM, parallel flash, or other non-volatile memories. The present invention can also be applied to a serial peripheral interface for use in communication between electronic devices, e.g. microprocessor, components, and other devices.

[0047] Depending upon the embodiment, the present invention includes various features, which may be used. These features include the following:

[0048] High data transmission rate data read operations using conventional serial peripheral interface pin-out;

[0049] Multiple random read operations requiring only one read command; and

[0050] Multiple random read operations within a page of data requiring only one read command and partial address information.

[0051] As shown, the above features may be in one or more of the embodiments to follow. These features are merely examples, which should not unduly limit the scope of the claims herein. One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize many variations, modifications, and alternatives.

[0052] FIG. 1 is a simplified pin out diagram for an integrated circuit which includes a serial peripheral interface I/O according to an embodiment of the present invention. This diagram is merely an example, which should not unduly limit the scope of the claims herein. One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize other variations, modifications, and alterna-

tives. As shown, according to a specific embodiment of the invention, integrated circuit device **100** includes pin #1 CS# (chip select), pin #2 SO (serial data out), pin #3 WP# (write protect), pin #4 GND (ground), pin #5 SI (serial data in), pin #6 SCLK (clock), pin #7 HOLD# (hold), and pin #8 VCC (power supply). In certain embodiments, pin #2 is designated as SO/SIO1, pin #3 is designated as WP#/SIO2, pin 5 is designated as SI/SIO0, and pin #7 is designated as HOLD#/SIO3. In the discussion below, these I/O pins are used in address and data transfers in various methods according to embodiments of the present invention.

[0053] FIG. 2 is a simplified block diagram of an integrated circuit according to an embodiment of the present invention. This diagram is merely an example, which should not unduly limit the scope of the claims herein. One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize other variations, modifications, and alternatives. As shown, integrated circuit device **200** includes several input blocks coupled to respective input/output pins. In a specific embodiment, the integrated circuit device includes I/O pins consistent with the serial peripheral interface pin assignment discussed above. For example, device **200** may include I/O pins coupled to the following input/output circuit blocks.

[0054] SI/SIO0 pin coupled to SI/SIO0 block **211**;
 [0055] SO/SIO1 pin coupled to SO/SIO1 block **212**,
 [0056] WP#/SIO2 pin coupled to WP# block **213**,
 [0057] HOLD#/SIO3 pin coupled to HOLD# block **214**,
 [0058] CS# pin coupled to CS# block **215**, and
 [0059] SCLK pin coupled to SCLK block **216**.

[0060] As shown in FIG. 2, device **200** also includes the following circuit blocks associated with the memory array **230**.

[0061] Memory Array **230**,
 [0062] X-Decoder **231**,
 [0063] Page Buffer **232**,
 [0064] Y-decoder **233**,
 [0065] Sense Amplifier **234**, and
 [0066] Output Buffer **236**.

[0067] Device **200** also includes the following control and support circuit blocks.

[0068] Address Generator **221**,
 [0069] Data Register **222**,
 [0070] SRAM Buffer **223**,
 [0071] Mode Logic **224**,
 [0072] Clock Generator **225**,
 [0073] State Machine **226**, and
 [0074] HV Generator **227**.

[0075] Merely as examples, certain operations of device **200** are now discussed according to a specific embodiment of the present invention. System clock signal SCLK on input terminal **216** is coupled to Clock Generator **225**, which in turn is coupled to Mode Logic **224**. Mode Logic **224** is operably coupled to receive a chip select signal CS# on CS# input terminal **215**. Commands or instructions may be input through input SI/SIO0 block **211** and then transferred to Data Register **222** and Mode Logic **224**. Mode Logic **224**, in combination with State Machine **226**, interprets and executes the command such as a read, erase, or write operation. In an embodiment, Mode Logic **224** also receives a signal from WP# block **213** to perform a write protect function, and a signal from HOLD# block **214** to keep a clock signal from entering the State Machine **226**.

[0076] According to a specific embodiment, data may be input through SI/SIO0 block **211**, SO/SIO1 block **212**, WP#

block **213**, and HOLD# block **214**, which are coupled to Data Register **222**. Data Register **222** is coupled to SRAM Buffer **223** for temporary storage. Data may be output through SI/SIO0 block **211**, SO/SIO1 block **212**, WP# block **213**, and HOLD# block **214**, which are coupled to the Output Buffer **236**. A data address corresponding to a location in memory array **230** may be supplied from Data Register **222** to Address Generator **221**. The address is then decoded by X-decoder **231** and Y-decoder **233**. Page Buffer **232** is coupled to memory array **230** to provide temporary storage for memory operation. In a read operation, the data is transferred from memory array **230** through Sense Amplifier **234** to the Output Buffer **236**. For a write, or program, operation, data is transferred from Data Register to Page Buffer **232** and then written into Memory Array **230**. For high voltage operation, e.g., for a write operation, High Voltage Generator **227** is activated.

[0077] Although the above has been shown using a selected group of components for the integrated circuit device, there can be many alternatives, modifications, and variations. For example, some of the components may be expanded and/or combined. Other components may be inserted to those noted above. Depending upon the embodiment, the arrangement of components may be interchanged with others replaced. Further details of these components are found throughout the present specification and more particularly below.

[0078] FIG. 3 is a simplified flow chart for an enhanced data read method according to an embodiment of the present invention. This diagram is merely an example, which should not unduly limit the scope of the claims herein. One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize other variations, modifications, and alternatives. As shown, the method for the enhanced data read can be briefly outlined below.

- [0079] 1. (Process **310**) Receive a first read command;
- [0080] 2. (Process **320**) Process information associated with the first read command;
- [0081] 3. (Process **330**) Receive a first plurality of address segments;
- [0082] 4. (Process **340**) Generate a first read address based on at least information associated with the address segments;
- [0083] 5. (Process **350**) Receive a first performance enhancement indicator and determine whether an enhanced read operation is to be performed;
- [0084] 6. (Process **360**) Wait n clock cycles, where n is an integer, then output data from a memory array in the integrated circuit; and
- [0085] 7. (Process **370**) Perform an enhanced read operation, if it is determined that enhanced read operation is to be performed.

[0086] The above sequence of processes provides an enhanced data read method according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown, the method uses a combination of processes including a way of transmitting address and data information using a plurality of pins concurrently, and performing multiple data read operations in response to performance enhancement indicator information. Other alternatives can also be provided where processes are added, one or more processes are removed, or one or more processes are provided in a different sequence without departing from the scope of the claims herein. Further details of the present method can be found throughout the present specification and more particularly below.

[0087] FIGS. 4A and 4B are simplified timing diagrams for an enhanced data read method for an integrated circuit

according to an embodiment of the present invention. These diagrams are merely examples, which should not unduly limit the scope of the claims herein. One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize other variations, modifications, and alternatives. The method for enhanced data read utilizing four I/O pins concurrently is now discussed with reference to the simplified flow chart in FIG. 3 and the simplified timing diagrams FIGS. 4A and 4B. In a specific example, a clock rate of 75 MHz is used. In other embodiments, different clock rates may be used depending on the application. As shown, the CS# (chip select) signal is set to low. In Process 310, an 8-bit instruction, designated as 32 (hex), is transferred using the SI/SIO0 pin. In Process 320, the method includes process information associated with the first read command. Referring to FIG. 2, the command is transferred to Mode Logic 224 where it is decoded, and State Machine 226 is activated in preparation for further information regarding the enhance read command. In Process 330, a 24-bit address A0, . . . , A23 is received using pin SI/SIO0, pin SO/SIO1, pin WP#/SIO2, and pin HOLD#/SIO3. Each pin receives a series of address bits, which is designated as an address segment. In a specific embodiment, the 24-bit address is received in six address clock cycles of clock signal SCLK. The timing of address transfer is illustrated in Table 1 below.

TABLE 1

I/O Pins	Address Clock Cycles					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
SI/SIO0	A20	A16	A12	A8	A4	A0
SO/SIO1	A21	A17	A13	A9	A5	A1
WP#/SIO2	A22	A18	A14	A10	A6	A2
HOLD#/SIO3	A23	A19	A15	A11	A7	A3

[0088] For example, at the first address clock cycle, address bit A20 is received at pin SI/SIO0, address bit A21 is received at pin SO/SIO1, address bit A22 is received at pin WP#/SIO2, and address bit A23 is received at pin HOLD#/SIO3. Subsequently, address bits A16, A17, A18, and A19 are received concurrently in the second address clock cycle, address bits A12, A13, A14, and A15 are received concurrently in the third address clock cycle, address bits A8, A9, A10, and A11 are received concurrently in the fourth address clock cycle, address bits A4, A5, A6, and A7 are received concurrently in the fifth address clock cycle, and address bits A0, A1, A2, and A3 are received concurrently in the sixth address clock cycle.

[0089] Referring to FIG. 2, in an embodiment, the first address segment of address bits A20, A16, A12, A8, A4, and A0 are received using pin SI/SIO0 and transferred from block SI/SIO0 211 to Data Register 222. The second address segment of address bits A21, A17, A13, A9, A5, and A1 are received using pin SO/SIO1 212 and transferred from block SO/SIO1 212 to Data Register 222. The third address segment of address bits A22, A18, A14, A10, A6, and A2 are received using pin WP#/SIO2 and transferred from block WP#/213 to Data Register 222. The fourth address segment of address bits A23, A19, A15, A11, A7, and A3 are received using pin HOLD#/SIO3 and transferred from block HOLD#/214 to Data Register 222. In Process 340, the address segments are transferred to Address Generator block 221, where the address bits in the address segments are assembled into a read address, for example, A24, A23, . . . , A1, A0.

[0090] Referring back to FIG. 4A, in the next two clock cycles of SCLK, the method receives a first performance

enhancement indicator (Process 350). In a specific embodiment, the first performance enhancement indicator includes eight bits, i.e. P0-P7, which are received using the four I/O pins. For example, four indicator bits P4, P5, P6, and P7 are received in a first enhance indicator clock cycle, and four indicator bits P0, P1, P2, and P3 are received in a second enhance indicator clock cycle. In Process 350, the performance enhancement indicator is processed to determine whether an enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the performance enhancement indicator. In a specific embodiment, each of the four indicator bits received in the first enhance indicator clock cycle is compared to a corresponding one of the four indicator bits received in the second enhance indicator clock cycle. In an example, an enhanced read operation is determined to be performed when the following condition holds: P7≠P3 AND P6≠P2 AND P5≠P1 AND P4≠P0. Of course, there can be other variations and modifications.

[0091] In an embodiment, the method includes a waiting period of n wait clock cycles, where n is an integer selected to suit specific applications. In a specific embodiment, the waiting period can be 8 wait clock cycle. In Process 360, the method includes accessing the Memory Array 230 to retrieve data associated with the first read address generated in Process 340. The method also includes outputting the retrieved data from memory array in the integrated circuit using the input/output pins concurrently. As shown in FIG. 4A, a byte of data D0-D7 are transferred in two clock cycles, i.e. data bits D4-D7 are transferred in a first data clock cycle, and data bits D0-D3 are transferred in a second data clock cycle. In an embodiment, the number of bytes being output in each read operation is selected according to application requirements. For example, the number of bytes transferred in a read operation can be one byte, two bytes, or four bytes, etc.

[0092] In Process 370, if an enhanced read operation is to be performed based on information associated with the performance enhance indicator, then an enhanced read is carried out. In an embodiment of the enhance read, a data read is carried out without requiring a new read command. Here, address segments for a second read address are received, and a second read address is formed to select a second memory location. In a specific embodiment, the method for enhanced read includes the following processes (FIG. 5).

[0093] 1. (Process 510) Receiving a second address;

[0094] 2. (Process 530) Receiving a second performance enhancement indicator;

[0095] 3. (Process 540) Wait n clock cycles, where n is an integer, then outputting data in the memory array in the integrated circuit using the plurality of input/output pins concurrently; and

[0096] 4. (Process 550) Determining whether a second enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the second performance enhancement indicator.

[0097] In Process 510, a second address is received from the corresponding plurality of input/output pins. For example, in FIG. 4B, address bits A23-A0 are received in address segments at the four I/O pins concurrently. The second address is constituted by A23-A0, so it is independent from the first address. The first address and the second address can be located in different pages

[0098] In Process 520, a second performance enhancement indicator is received. In FIG. 4B, performance enhance indicator bits P7-P0 are received concurrently at four I/O pins, as discussed above.

[0099] In Process 530, the method includes wait n clock cycles, where n is an integer, then outputting data in the memory array in the integrated circuit using the input/output pins concurrently. The data are associated with the second read address. As shown in FIG. 4B, data bits D7-D0 are output using four I/O pins in two clock cycles separately.

[0100] In Process 540, the method includes determining whether a second enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the second performance enhancement indicator. Similar to discussions above, performance enhance indicator bits P7-P0 are examined, and an enhanced read is to be performed if the following condition is met: P7≠P3 AND P6≠P2 AND P5≠P1 AND P4≠P0. In an embodiment, the enhanced read is continued as long as the performance enhance indicator is set.

[0101] According to the embodiment discussed above, the method for enhanced read continues as required by the performance enhance indicator. Thus, a single read command allows multiple random data read operations. In contrast, conventional techniques allow for a single read operation per each read command. For multiple data read operations, conventional techniques would require a command to be received and decoded for each data read operation, leading to more system overhead.

[0102] In certain integrated circuits, a memory array is often organized in pages. In an example, a page includes 256 bytes. In other examples, a page may include 512 bytes, 1K bytes, 4K bytes, etc. In some applications, it may be desirable to perform multiple read operations at different memory locations within a page of a memory array. According to another embodiment of the invention, a method is provided for performing multiple data read operations within a page in a memory array without repeating the read command or repeating duplicate address information. More details of the embodiment are discussed below.

[0103] FIGS. 6A and 6B are simplified timing diagrams for an enhanced page read method for an integrated circuit according to an embodiment of the present invention. These diagrams are merely examples, which should not unduly limit the scope of the claims herein. One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize other variations, modifications, and alternatives. The method for enhanced page read includes multiple data read operations within a page of a memory array. The enhanced page read method includes the following processes.

- [0104] 1. Receive a first read command;
- [0105] 2. Process information associated with the first read command;
- [0106] 3. Receive a first plurality of address segments;
- [0107] 4. Generate a first read address based on at least information associated with the address segments;
- [0108] 5. Receive a first performance enhancement indicator and determine whether an enhanced read operation is to be performed;
- [0109] 6. Wait n clock cycles, where n is an integer, then output data from a memory array in the integrated circuit; and
- [0110] 7. If the enhanced read operation is to be performed, perform an enhanced read operation.

[0111] As shown, the method for enhanced page read includes processes similar to processes described above for

the enhanced read method. However, in contrast to the method in FIG. 3 for reading random memory locations, the method for enhanced page read includes performing multiple data read operations at memory locations in a specific page of the memory array. The method is discussed further below.

[0112] As shown in FIG. 6B, if the enhanced page read operation is to be performed for enhanced page read, a second read address A7-A0 are formed to select a second memory location in the same page as the first memory location associated with the first read address. Bits A23-A8 are specified to different pages, and bits A7-A0 are specified to different bytes in the same page in this embodiment. In a specific embodiment, the method for enhanced page read includes the following processes.

- [0113] 1. Receiving a second page address;
- [0114] 2. Receiving a second performance enhancement indicator;
- [0115] 3. Wait n clock cycles, where n is an integer, then outputting data in the memory array in the integrated circuit using the plurality of input/output pins concurrently; and
- [0116] 4. Determining whether a second enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the second performance enhancement indicator.

[0117] In the FIG. 6B, a second plurality of address segments are received. Each of the second plurality of page address segments is received from each of the corresponding plurality of input/output pins concurrently. For example, in FIG. 6B, address bits A7-A0 are received at the four I/O pins, namely, pin SI/SIO0, pin SO/SIO1, pin WP#/SIO2, and pin HOLD#/SIO3. In a specific embodiment, a page includes 256 bytes which can be addressed by an 8-bit address within the page. Thus as shown in FIG. 6B, the address bits A7-A0 are arranged in four address segments of two bits each, i.e., A4 and A0, A5 and A1, A6 and A2, and A7 and A3.

[0118] A second read address is generated based on at least information associated with the second plurality of page address segments and the first plurality of address segments. For example, in FIG. 6B, a second read address is generated using address bits A23-A8 from the first plurality of address segments and address bits A7-A0 from the second plurality of page address segments. Since the second read address points to a memory location in the same page as the first read address, only eight bits of the second read address need to be transferred according to an embodiment of the invention. A read command and the duplicate address bits A23-A8 do not need to be transferred. As a result, system overhead can be reduced.

[0119] Second performance enhancement indicator is received. In FIG. 6B, performance enhance indicator bits P7-P0 are received at four I/O pins in two clock cycles separately, as discussed above.

[0120] The method includes wait n clock cycles then outputting data in the memory array in the integrated circuit using the input/output pins concurrently. The number of wait clock cycles, n, can be selected depending on the applications. For example, in a specific embodiment, n can be set to be 8 wait clock cycles. The data are associated with the second read address. As shown in FIG. 6B, data bits D7-D0 are output using four I/O pins in two clock cycles separately.

[0121] The method includes determining whether a second enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the second performance

enhancement indicator. Here, performance enhance indicator bits P7-P0 are processed, and an enhanced read is to be performed if the following condition is met: P7≠P3 AND P6≠P2 AND P5≠P1 AND P4≠P0. In an embodiment, the enhanced read is continued as long as the performance enhancement indicator is set.

[0122] According to an alternative embodiment, the invention provides a system for enhanced data read. An example of such a system is discussed above with reference to FIGS. 2-6B. For example, the system includes one or more components configured to:

- [0123] 1. receive a first read command, which is associated with an enhanced data read;
- [0124] 2. process information associated with the first read command;
- [0125] 3. receive a first plurality of address segments, each of the first plurality of address segments being received from each of a corresponding plurality of input/output pins concurrently;
- [0126] 4. generate a first read address based on at least information associated with the first plurality of address segments;
- [0127] 5. receive a first performance enhancement indicator;
- [0128] 6. determine whether an enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the performance enhancement indicator;
- [0129] 7. wait n clock cycles, where n is an integer, then output data from a memory array in the integrated circuit using the first plurality of input/output pins concurrently, the data being associated with the first read address; and
- [0130] 8. perform an enhanced read operation, if the enhanced read operation is to be performed.

[0131] In an embodiment, the system includes one or more components for determining whether a second enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the second performance enhancement indicator. In a specific embodiment for performing the enhanced read operation, the system includes one or more components for:

- [0132] 1. receiving a second plurality of (page) address segments, each of the second plurality of (page) address segments being received from each of the corresponding plurality of input/output pins concurrently;
- [0133] 2. generating a second read address based on at least information associated with the second plurality of (page) address segments;
- [0134] 3. receiving a second performance enhancement indicator and determining whether a second enhanced read operation is to be performed based on at least information associated with the second performance enhancement indicator; and
- [0135] 4. wait n clock cycles, where n is an integer, then outputting data in the memory array in the integrated circuit using the plurality of input/output pins concurrently, the data being associated with the second read address.

[0136] In a specific embodiment, the system includes an integrated circuit which includes a serial peripheral interface pin configuration, the pin configuration including pin #1 (CS#), pin #2 (SO/SIO1), pin #3 (WP#/SIO2), pin #4 (GND), pin #5 (SI/SIO0), pin #6 (SCLK), pin #7 (HOLD#/SIO3), and pin #8 (VCC). In an embodiment, the first plurality of address

segments are received in six clock cycles. In a specific embodiment of the system, the first performance enhancement indicator includes four indicator bits P4, P5, P6, and P7 received in a first enhance indicator clock cycle and four indicator bits P0, P1, P2, and P3 received in a second enhance indicator clock cycle, and an enhanced read operation is determined to be performed if the following condition holds: P7≠P3 AND P6≠P2 AND P5≠P1 AND P4≠P0.

[0137] Although the above has been shown using a selected group of components, pin configuration, and timing sequences for the serial peripheral interface methods for memory device according to embodiments of the present invention, there can be many alternatives, modifications, and variations. For example, some of the pin assignments and functions can be interchanged or modified. Depending upon the embodiment, the arrangement of timing sequence may be altered. As another example, the use of falling and rising clock edges may be interchanged and modified. Many other variations, modifications, and alternatives can be implemented by one skilled in the art in view of this disclosure. For example, the invention can be applied to other memory devices such as DRAM, SRAM, parallel flash, or other non-volatile memories, etc.

[0138] It is also understood that the examples and embodiments described herein are for illustrative purposes only and that various modifications or changes in light thereof will be suggested to persons skilled in the art and are to be included within the spirit and purview of this application and scope of the appended claims.

What is claimed is:

1. An integrated circuit device having a plurality of memory cells for storing data, comprising:
 - at least one pin for transferring an operating command for the memory cells, a first address associated with the memory cells, and data associated with the first address;
 - a circuit being able to control the device in an enhanced operation which allows the omission of the some operating command for an transfer of data associated with a second address.
2. The device of claim 1, wherein the enhanced operation is activated/deactivated by an enhanced operation indicator which is received in an interval after transferring the first address while before transferring the associated data.
3. The device of claim 2, wherein the enhanced operation indicator is also received in an interval after transferring the second address while before transferring the data associated with the second address.
4. The device of claim 2, wherein the enhanced operation indicator comprises a first bit and a second bit for determining whether the enhanced operation is to be performed.
5. The device of claim 4, wherein the enhanced operation indicator includes a number of first bits P4, P5, P6, and P7 received in a first enhance indicator clock cycle and a number of second bits P0, P1, P2, and P3 received in a second enhance indicator clock cycle, the activation of enhanced operation is determined by comparing each of the first bits received in the first enhance indicator clock cycle to each corresponding one of the second bits received in the second enhance indicator clock cycle.
6. The device of claim 1, wherein the operating command is operated for one of read and write, and the first address is an address for page mode.

7. The device of claim **1**, further comprises a serial peripheral interface pin configuration and the data are transferred using a plurality of pins concurrently.

8. An integrated circuit device having a plurality of memory cells for storing data, comprising:

at least one pin, in a first operation, configured to transfer an operating command for the memory cells, a first address associated with the memory cells, and a first data associated with the first address; and

a circuit for setting the device into an enhanced operation related to the first operation to transfer a second address and a second data associated with a second address under an omission of the operating command associated to the second address based upon an indication in the first operation.

9. The device of claim **8**, wherein the enhanced operation is activated/deactivated by an enhanced operation indicator which is received in an interval after transferring the first address and before transferring the associated data.

10. The device of claim **9**, wherein the performance enhancement indicator comprises a first bit and a second bit for determining whether the enhanced operation is to be performed.

11. The device of claim **10**, wherein the first bit and the second bit constitutes a code for this enhancement operation.

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