No. 742,088. PATENTED OCT. 20, 1903.

F. E. WALKER.

CURRENCY HOLDER.

APPLICATION FILED MAY 23, 1903.

NO MODEL.

Fig. 1

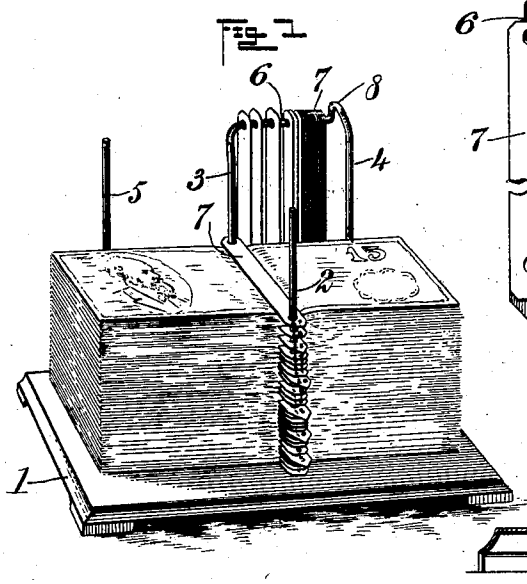


Fig. 3

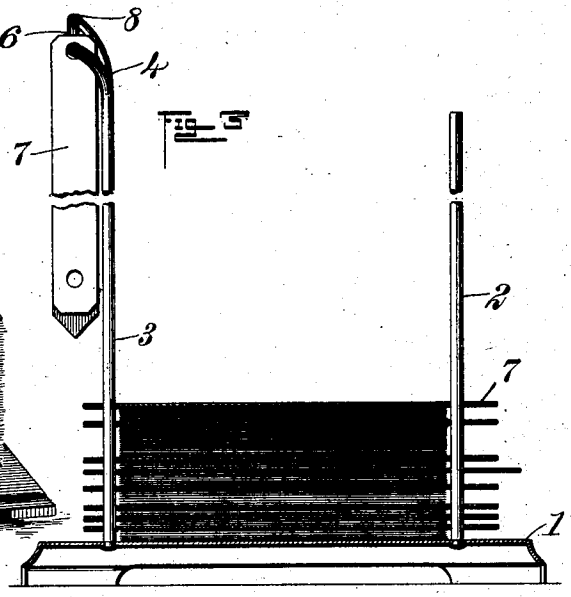
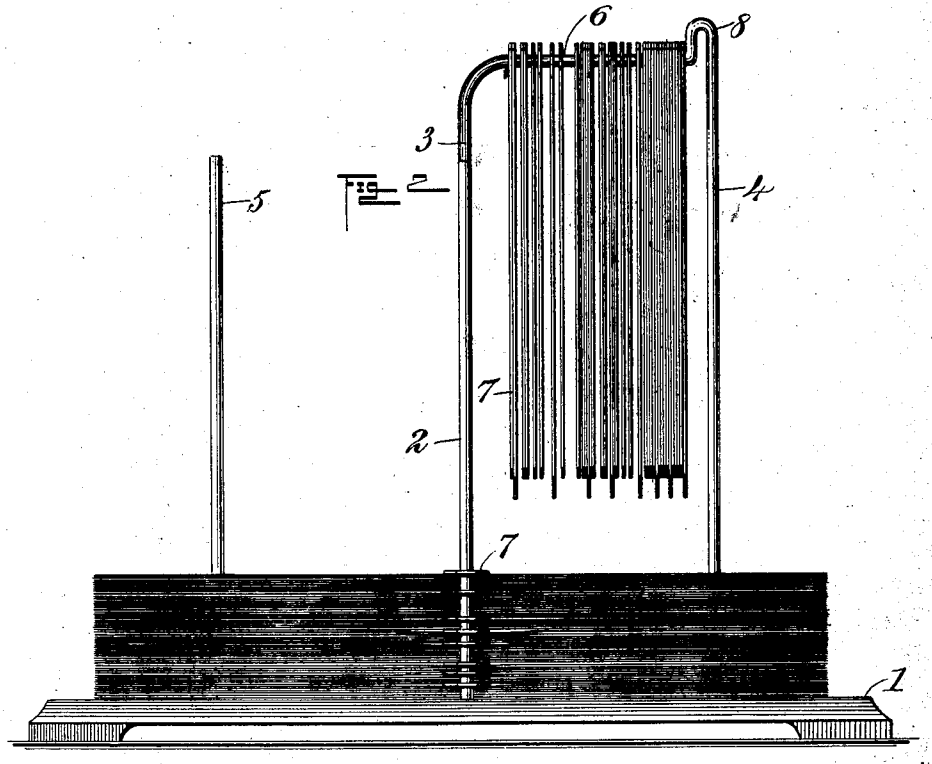


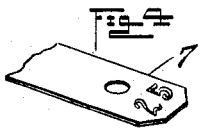
Fig. 2



WITNESSES:

C. R. Ferguson

Fig. 4



INVENTOR

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BY

ATTORNEYS.

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No. 742,088. Patented October 20, 1903.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

FRANCIS E. WALKER, OF BEDFORD, IOWA.

CURRENCY-HOLDER.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 742,088, dated October 20, 1903.

Application filed May 23, 1903. Serial No. 158,494. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, FRANCIS E. WALKER, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Bedford, in the county of Taylor and State of Iowa, have invented a new and Improved Currency-Holder, of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description.

This invention relates to improvements in devices for holding currency or bank-notes, an object being to provide a holder of simple construction in which bills may be held in separate bunches of equal amounts and to so number the separating or partition strips that the total amount of cash in the holder may be ascertained at a glance without counting, thus facilitating the making up of the cash account at the end of a banking day and also facilitating the withdrawing of notes of a desired amount.

I will describe a currency-holder embodying my invention and then point out the novel features in the appended claims.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings, forming a part of this specification, in which similar characters of reference indicate corresponding parts in all the figures.

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a currency-holder embodying my invention. Fig. 2 is a front elevation thereof. Fig. 3 is a cross-section, and Fig. 4 is a perspective view of a portion of one of the partition-strips.

The currency-holder comprises a base 1, of metal or other suitable material, and extended up from the front portion of the base is an upright or guide 2, consisting of wire, and similar guides 3 4 5 are arranged at the back. The upright or guide 3 is directly back of the upright or guide 2, and said upright 3 is connected to the upper portion of the upright 4 by a horizontally-disposed portion 6, which forms a rack from which the partition-strips 7 are suspended in convenient position for instant use. To prevent the partition-strips from moving off the rack at the end adjacent to the upright 4, the wire is curved upward, as at 8, to form a stop, and it will be noted that this rack portion 6 is somewhat rearward of the vertical plane of the rear uprights, so that the suspended strips 7 will be out of the way of the money contained in the holder. Each strip 7 is provided with an opening at one end, through which the parts 3 and 6 pass, and the front ends of the strips are also perforated to receive the front guide or upright 2.

It will be noted that the several strips are consecutively numbered from the bottom upward and that every fifth strip is differentiated from the other strips by making said fifth strip longer than the other strips or by placing a figure thereon of a different color. By this arrangement the withdrawing of money in certain amounts—say five hundred dollars, provided bills amounting to one hundred dollars are placed between the several strips—will be facilitated.

In the operation equal amounts of money are placed between the strips—say one hundred dollars will be placed between the base and strip No. 1, another one hundred dollars between strips No. 1 and No. 2, and so on up—and therefore it is obvious that by glancing at the number on the uppermost strip the amount of money contained in the holder will be instantly revealed.

While I have stated that each fifth strip will be differentiated from the other strips, it is to be understood that my invention is not confined to such arrangement. A device embodying my invention will be found of great service in banks and other places where large amounts of money are handled daily.

Having thus described my invention, I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent—

1. A currency-holder, comprising a base, front and rear uprights on the base, and partition-strips arranged to slide on said uprights, certain of said strips being of greater length than the others.

2. A currency-holder, comprising a base, front and rear uprights on the base, one of said uprights having an offset portion forming a rack, and partition-strips movable on said rack and also movable on the uprights.

3. A currency-holder, comprising a base, a front upright thereon, rear uprights connected at the top to form a rack portion, a stop at one end of said rack portion, and partition-strips movable on said rack portion and adapted to slide on the front upright and one of said rear uprights.

4. A currency-holder, comprising a base, a front upright on said base, a rear upright on said base, an offset from said rear upright

forming a rack portion, and partition-strips mounted to slide on said rack portion and on the uprights, the said strips being consecutively numbered.

5. A currency-holder, comprising a base, a front upright on said base, a rear upright on said base, an offset from said rear upright forming a rack portion, and partition-strips mounted to slide on said rack portion, and on the uprights, the said strips being consecutively numbered and certain of said strips being differentiated from the other strips.

In testimony whereof I have signed my name to this specification in the presence of two subscribing witnesses.

FRANCIS E. WALKER.

Witnesses:
CHAS. G. MARTIN,
HAL R. REYNOLDS.