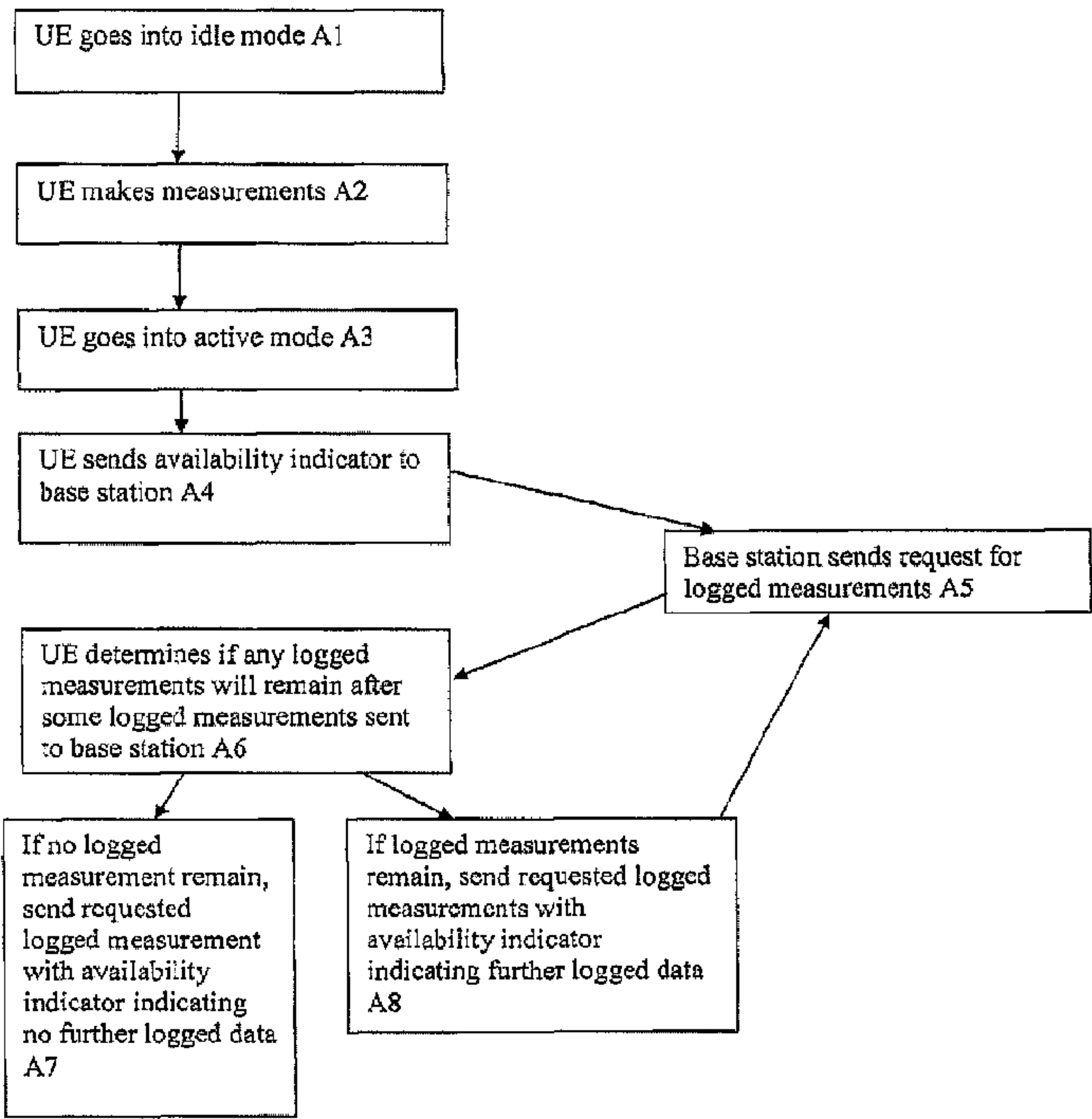




(86) Date de dépôt PCT/PCT Filing Date: 2010/06/21	(51) Cl.Int./Int.Cl. <i>H04W 24/08</i> (2009.01)
(87) Date publication PCT/PCT Publication Date: 2011/12/29	(72) Inventeurs/Inventors: ZHOU, WEIHUA, CN; ZHANG, YI, CN; TOMALA, MALGORZATA, PL
(45) Date de délivrance/Issue Date: 2018/08/07	(73) Propriétaire/Owner: NOKIA SOLUTIONS AND NETWORKS OY, FI
(85) Entrée phase nationale/National Entry: 2012/12/19	(74) Agent: MARKS & CLERK
(86) N° demande PCT/PCT Application No.: CN 2010/074128	
(87) N° publication PCT/PCT Publication No.: 2011/160274	

(54) Titre : PROCEDES ET DISPOSITIFS DESTINES A RAPPORTER DES INFORMATIONS DE MESURE
(54) Title: METHODS AND APPARATUS FOR REPORTING MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



(57) **Abrégé/Abstract:**
A method comprising causing a plurality of measurements to be performed by a user equipment to provide measurement information; causing a message to be sent from the user equipment to a network element indicating that measurement information is available; and responsive to a message from said network element requesting said measurement information, causing a response to be sent from the user equipment to said network with only some of said measurement information and information indicating that further measurement information is available.

(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization
International Bureau

(43) International Publication Date
29 December 2011 (29.12.2011)



(10) International Publication Number
WO 2011/160274 A1

(51) International Patent Classification:
H04W 24/08 (2009.01)

(21) International Application Number:
PCT/CN2010/074128

(22) International Filing Date:
21 June 2010 (21.06.2010)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): **NOKIA SIEMENS NETWORKS OY** [FI/FI]; Karaportti 3, FIN-02610 Espoo (FI).

(72) Inventors; and

(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): **ZHOU, Weihua** [CN/CN]; Zaojunmiao Jie #16, Haidian District, Beijing 100081 (CN). **ZHANG, Yi** [CN/CN]; Nanshatan 2#, Chaoyang District, Beijing 100101 (CN). **TOMALA, Malgorzata** [PL/PL]; Klonowa 7, PL 26-420 Nowe Miasto nad Pilica (PL).

(74) Agent: **KING & WOOD PRC LAWYERS**; 31st Floor, Tower A, Jianwai SOHO, 39 Dongsanhuan Zhonglu, Chaoyang District, Beijing 100022 (CN).

(81) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available): AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CL, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW.

(84) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LR, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European (AL, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MK, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, SM, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Declarations under Rule 4.17:

— of inventorship (Rule 4.17(iv))

Published:

— with international search report (Art. 21(3))

(54) Title: METHODS AND APPARATUS FOR REPORTING MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

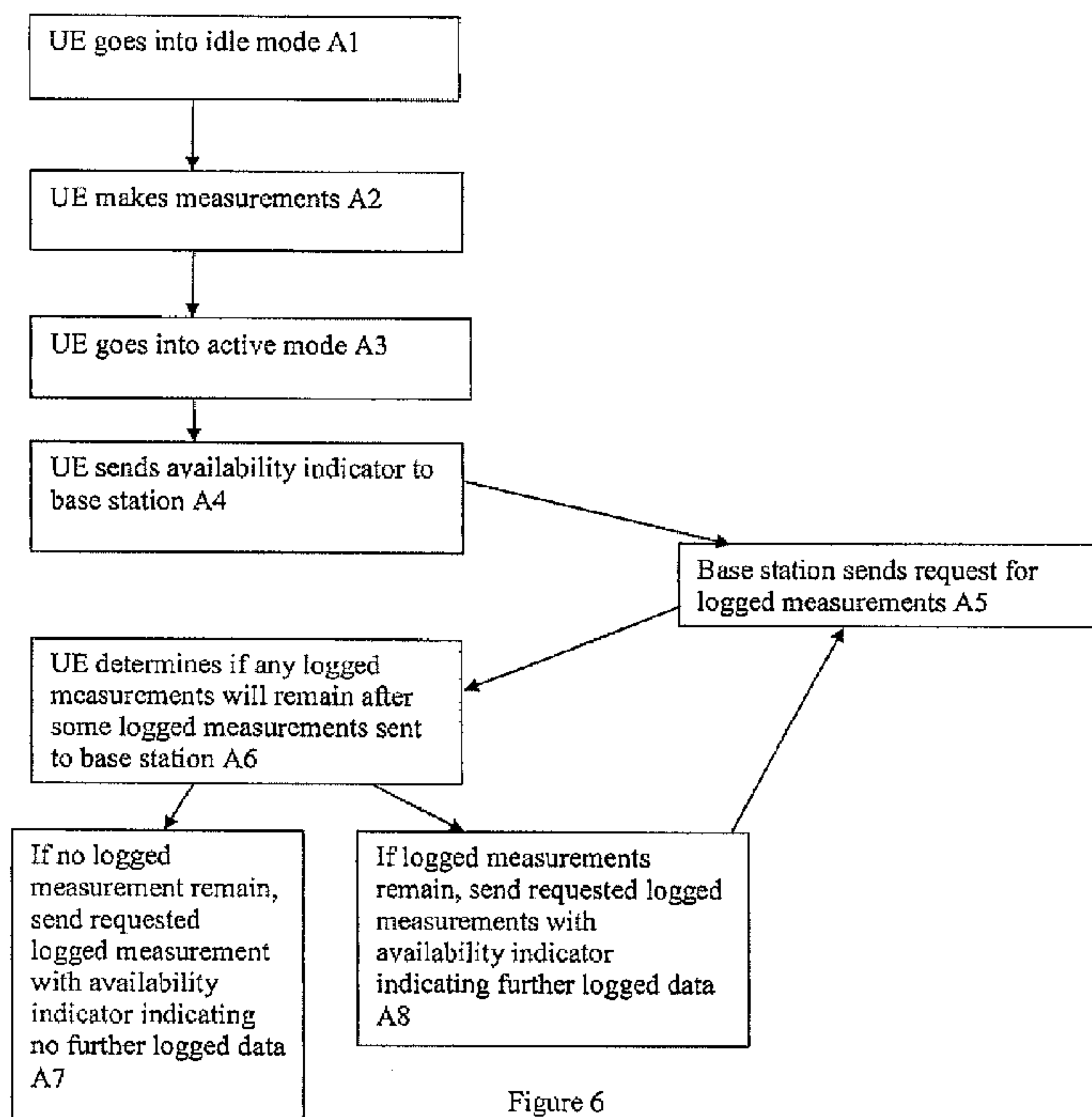


Figure 6

(57) Abstract: A method comprising causing a plurality of measurements to be performed by a user equipment to provide measurement information; causing a message to be sent from the user equipment to a network element indicating that measurement information is available; and responsive to a message from said network element requesting said measurement information, causing a response to be sent from the user equipment to said network with only some of said measurement information and information indicating that further measurement information is available.

WO 2011/160274 A1

METHODS AND APPARATUS FOR REPORTING MEASUREMENT
INFORMATION

5 Some embodiments of the present invention relate to methods and apparatus and in particular but not exclusively to methods and apparatus for the reporting of measurement information.

10 A communication system can be seen as a facility that enables communication sessions between two or more entities such as user terminals, base stations and/or other nodes by providing carriers between the various entities involved in the communications path. A communication system can be provided for example by means of a communication network and one or more compatible communication
15 devices. The communications may comprise, for example, communication of data for carrying communications such as voice, electronic mail (email), text message, multimedia and/or content data and so on. Non-limiting examples of services provided include two-way or multi-way calls, data communication or
20 multimedia services and access to a data network system, such as the Internet.

25 In a wireless communication system at least a part of communications between at least two stations occurs over a wireless link. Examples of wireless systems include public land mobile networks (PLMN), satellite based communication systems and different wireless local networks, for example wireless local area networks (WLAN). The wireless systems can typically be divided into cells, and are therefore often referred to as
30 cellular systems.

35 A user can access the communication system by means of an appropriate communication device or terminal. A communication device of a user is often referred to as user equipment (UE). A communication device is provided with an appropriate signal

receiving and transmitting apparatus for enabling communications, for example enabling access to a communication network or communications directly with other users. The communication device may access a carrier provided by a station, for example
5 a base station of a cell, and transmit and/or receive communications on the carrier.

The communication system and associated devices typically operate in accordance with a given standard or specification
10 which sets out what the various entities associated with the system are permitted to do and how that should be achieved. For example, it can be defined if carrier aggregation is used. Communication protocols and/or parameters which shall be used for the connection are also typically defined. An example of attempts
15 to solve the problems associated with the increased demands for capacity is an architecture that is known as the long-term evolution (LTE) of the Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS) radio-access technology. The LTE is being standardized by the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).
20 The various development stages of the 3GPP LTE specifications are referred to as releases. The aim of the standardization is to achieve a communication system with, inter alia, reduced latency, higher user data rates, improved system capacity and coverage, and reduced cost for the operator. A further development of the
25 LTE is referred to as LTE-Advanced (LTE-A). The LTE-Advanced aims to provide further enhanced services by means of even higher data rates and lower latency with reduced cost.

According to an embodiment, there is provided a method comprising
30 causing a plurality of measurements to be performed by a user equipment to provide measurement information; causing a message to be sent from the user equipment to a network element indicating that measurement information is available; and responsive to a message from said network element requesting said measurement
35 information, causing a response to be sent from the user equipment

to said network element with only some of said measurement information and information indicating that further measurement information is available.

5 According to another embodiment, there is provided a method comprising receiving a message from a user equipment at a network element indicating that measurement information is available; responsive to said message, sending a request for at least some measurement information; and receiving a further message from
10 said user equipment with only some of said measurement information and information indicating that further measurement information is available.

According to a further embodiment , there is provided an
15 apparatus comprising at least one processor and at least one memory comprising computer program code, the at least one memory and the computer program code configured, with the at least one processor to cause the apparatus to: cause a plurality of measurements to be performed by a user equipment to provide
20 measurement information; cause a message to be sent from the user equipment to a network element indicating that measurement information is available; and responsive to a message from said network element requesting said measurement information, cause a response to be sent from the user equipment to said network
25 element with only some of said measurement information and information indicating that further measurement information is available.

According to a further embodiment, there is provided an apparatus
30 comprising at least one processor and at least one memory comprising computer program code, the at least one memory and the computer program code configured, with the at least one processor to cause the apparatus to: receive a message from a user equipment at a network element indicating that measurement information is
35 available; responsive to said message, send a request for at least

some measurement information; and receive a further message from said user equipment with only some of said measurement information and information indicating that further measurement information is available.

5

According to another embodiment, there is provided an apparatus comprising means for receiving a message from a user equipment at a network element indicating that measurement information is available; responsive to said message, means for sending a
10 request for at least some measurement information; and means for receiving a further message from said user equipment with only some of said measurement information and information indicating that further measurement information is available.

15 According to another embodiment, there is provided an apparatus comprising means for causing a plurality of measurements to be performed by a user equipment to provide measurement information; means for causing a message to be sent from the user equipment to a network element indicating that measurement
20 information is available; and means, responsive to a message from said network element requesting said measurement information, for causing a response to be sent from the user equipment to said network element with only some of said measurement information and information indicating that further
25 measurement information is available.

According to another embodiment, there is provided a method comprising causing a plurality of measurements to be performed by a user equipment to provide logged measurement information;
30 causing a message to be sent from the user equipment to a network element indicating that logged measurement information is available; and responsive to a message from said network element requesting said logged measurement information, causing

a response to be sent from the user equipment to said network element with only some of said logged measurement information and with an availability indicator indicating that further logged measurement information is available.

5

According to another embodiment, there is provided a method comprising receiving a message from a user equipment at a network element indicating that logged measurement information is available; responsive to said message, sending a request for
10 at least some logged measurement information; and receiving a further message from said user equipment with only some of said logged measurement information and with an availability indicator indicating that further logged measurement information is available.

15

According to another embodiment, there is provided an apparatus comprising at least one processor and at least one memory comprising computer program code, the at least one memory and the computer program code configured, with the at least one
20 processor, to cause the apparatus to: cause a plurality of measurements to be performed by the apparatus to provide logged measurement information; cause a message to be sent from the apparatus to a network element indicating that logged measurement information is available; and responsive to a
25 message from said network element requesting said measurement information, cause a response to be sent from the apparatus to said network element with only some of said logged measurement information and with an availability indicator indicating that further logged measurement information is available.

According to another embodiment, there is provided an apparatus comprising at least one processor and at least one memory comprising computer program code, the at least one memory and the computer program code configured, with the at least one
5 processor, to cause the apparatus to: receive a message from a user equipment at the apparatus indicating that logged measurement information is available; responsive to said message, send a request for at least some logged measurement information; and receive a further message from said user
10 equipment with only some of said logged measurement information and with an availability indicator indicating that further logged measurement information is available.

According to another embodiment, there is provided an apparatus
15 comprising means for receiving a message from a user equipment at a network element indicating that logged measurement information is available; responsive to said message, means for sending a request for at least some logged measurement information; and means for receiving a further message from
20 said user equipment with only some of said logged measurement information and an availability indicator indicating that further logged measurement information is available.

According to another embodiment, there is provided an apparatus
25 comprising means for causing a plurality of measurements to be performed by a user equipment to provide logged measurement information; means for causing a message to be sent from the user equipment to a network element indicating that logged measurement information is available; and means, responsive to
30 a message from said network element requesting said logged measurement information, for causing a response to be sent from the user equipment to said network element with only some of

said logged measurement information and an availability indicator indicating that further logged measurement information is available.

- 5 Some embodiments will now be described, by way of example only, with reference to the following examples and accompanying drawings in which:

Figure 1 shows an example of a communication system in
10 which some embodiments of the present invention may be implemented;

Figure 2 shows an example of a communication device;

Figure 3 shows a first signal flow between a UE and a base station embodying the present invention;

Figure 4 shows a second signal flow between a UE and a base station embodying the present invention;

Figure 5 schematically shows a base station; and

Figure 6 shows a flow diagram of a method embodying the present invention.

In the following description certain exemplifying embodiments are explained with reference to wireless or mobile communication systems serving mobile communication devices. A wireless communication system and mobile communication device are briefly explained with reference to Figures 1 and 2.

A communication device can be used for accessing various services and/or applications provided via a communication system. In wireless or mobile communication systems the access is provided via a wireless access interface between mobile communication devices 1 and an appropriate access system 10. A mobile device 1 can typically access wirelessly a communication system via an access node such as at least one base station 12 or similar wireless transmitter and/or receiver node of the access system. A base station site typically provides one or more cells of a cellular system. In the figure 1 example the base station 12 is configured to provide a cell, but could provide, for example, three sectors, each sector providing a cell. Each mobile device 1 and base station may have one or more radio channels open at the same time and may receive signals from more than one source.

A base station is typically controlled by at least one appropriate controller so as to enable operation thereof and management of mobile communication devices in communication with the base station. The control entity can be interconnected with other control entities. In Figure 1 the controller is shown to be provided by block 13. An appropriate controller apparatus may comprise at least one memory, at least one data processing unit and an input/output interface. The controller may be provided

with memory capacity and at least one data processor. It shall be understood that the control functions may be distributed between a plurality of controller units. The controller apparatus for a base station may be configured to execute an appropriate software code to provide the control functions as explained below in more detail.

In the example shown in Figure 1, the base station node 12 is connected to a data network 20 via an appropriate gateway 15. A gateway function between the access system and another network such as a packet data network may be provided by means of any appropriate gateway node, for example a packet data gateway and/or an access gateway. A communication system may thus be provided by one or more interconnect networks and the elements thereof, and one or more gateway nodes may be provided for interconnecting various networks. In some embodiments the base station node is an eNodeB.

A communication device can be used for accessing various services and/or applications. The communication devices can access the communication system based on various access techniques, such as code division multiple access (CDMA), or wideband CDMA (WCDMA). The latter technique is used by communication systems based on the third Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) specifications. Other examples include time division multiple access (TDMA), frequency division multiple access (FDMA), space division multiple access (SDMA) and so on. A non-limiting example of mobile architectures where the herein described principles may be applied is known as the Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN).

Non-limiting examples of appropriate access nodes are a base station of a cellular system, for example what is known as NodeB or enhanced NodeB (eNB) in the vocabulary of the 3GPP specifications. The eNBs may provide E-UTRAN features such as user

plane Radio Link Control/Medium Access Control/Physical layer protocol (RLC/MAC/PHY) and control plane Radio Resource Control (RRC) protocol terminations towards mobile communication devices. Other examples include base stations of systems that are based
5 on technologies such as wireless local area network (WLAN) and/or WiMax (Worldwide Interoperability for Microwave Access).

Figure 2 shows a schematic, partially sectioned view of a communication device 1 that can be used for communication on
10 carrier 11 with at least one other wireless station. An appropriate mobile communication device may be provided by any device capable of sending and receiving radio signals. Such a communication device may be referred to as a user equipment UE. Non-limiting examples include a mobile station (MS) such as a
15 mobile phone or smart phone, a portable computer provided with a wireless interface card or other wireless interface facility, personal data assistant (PDA) provided with wireless communication capabilities, or any combinations of these or the like. The communication device or UE may in some embodiments be
20 stationary and generally fixed in position.

A mobile communication device may be used for voice and video calls, for accessing service applications provided via a data network. The mobile device 1 may receive signals via appropriate
25 apparatus for receiving and transmitting radio signals on wireless carriers, or radio bearers. In Figure 2 a transceiver is designated schematically by block 7. The transceiver may be provided for example by means of a radio part and associated antenna arrangement. The antenna arrangement may be arranged
30 internally or externally to the mobile device. A mobile device is also typically provided with at least one data processing entity 3, at least one memory 4 and other possible components 9 for use in tasks it is designed to perform. The data processing, storage and other entities can be provided on an appropriate
35 circuit board and/or in chipsets. This feature is denoted by

reference 6. The user may control the operation of the mobile device by means of a suitable user interface such as key pad 2, voice commands, touch sensitive screen or pad, combinations thereof or the like. A display 5, a speaker and a microphone are also typically provided. Furthermore, a mobile device may comprise appropriate connectors (either wired or wireless) to other devices and/or for connecting external accessories, for example hands-free equipment, thereto.

10 Some embodiments of the present invention may be implemented in an LTE system, for example the LTE-A system. Of course other embodiments of the present invention may be used with other releases of the LTE standard. Yet further embodiments of the present invention may be used with the standards other than the
15 LTE standard.

Minimizing drive tests (MDT) has been proposed in 3GPP RAN Working Groups. In some embodiments of the invention, automatic collection of UE measurements may be defined. In some embodiments
20 of the invention, this may enable easier monitoring of network performance and may replace expensive drive-tests performed by operators manually. This functionality requires relevant input from the terminal or UE.

25 Currently, in 3GPP two MDT reporting approaches have been agreed and accepted. One approach is Immediate MDT reporting. Immediate MDT reporting means that a UE needs to report MDT measurements immediately to a base station right after MDT measurement has been made.

30 Another approach is Logged MDT reporting. In Logged MDT reporting, a UE in an idle mode will make some MDT measurement results, and the UE will report these measurements to the network when the UE connects again to the network. The idle mode occurs when the UE
35 is switched on and not actively connected to the network. An

active connection occurs, for example, when the UE is on a call or has an active data connection to, for example, the Internet.

The measurements made by the UE when in the idle mode relate to
5 the serving cell and/or neighboring cells. These measurements may be of any suitable parameter such as signal strength of the respective cell as received at the UE. The signal strength of a reference signal, for example a pilot signal, may be measured. Alternatively or additionally interference information may be
10 determined by the UE. The UE may be arranged to provide one or more types of measurement information for one or more cells.

The logging MDT may have one or more of the following defined:
Threshold - this defines one or more thresholds above or below
15 which measurements are performed. For example the UE may be controlled only to make logging measurements of neighboring cells when the signal strength of the serving cell falls below a given threshold value.

Trigger quantity - this may be for event related measurements.
20 For example this will define one or more measures needed to be used to evaluate a triggering condition for the event. The quantities will trigger the UE to start or stop making logging measurements. This may be associated with the serving cell and/or one or more neighboring cells radio environment measurements,
25 such as CPICH (common pilot channel) RSCP (received signal code power), CPICH Ec/No (ratio of energy to noise), or TDD (Time division duplex) P-CCPCH (Primary Common Control Physical Channel) RSCP and ISCP (Interference signal code power), RSRP (reference signal received power) and RSRQ (reference signal
30 received quality).

Report quantity -this may be associated with the trigger quantity. For example this will be measurement results, which fulfilled the triggering condition.

Report amount - this may be the number of measurements made or may be the maximum amount of logged data. It may be that different measurements result in a differing amount of logged data.

Measurement interval - this may be the frequency at which periodic
5 measurements are made.

Measurement area - this may define the size of the area for which measurements may be made. In one embodiment this may instead be defined by a minimum signal strength.

10 One or more of the above may be controlled by at least one of the network and the UE. The values of one or more of the above may be changed by the network. This may be done during an active connection and may be done via RRC messaging.

15 When the UE becomes active, after being in the idle mode, the UE indicates the availability of stored logged MDT reports to the network. When the network gets this information, the network will initiate the UE to report logged MDT reports to network. In one
20 embodiment an availability indication is provided to indicate that there are stored logged MDT reports. In one embodiment, that availability indication may be implemented with one bit, with one value of the bit (for example "1") indicating the availability of the information and the other value (for example "0") indicating that no information is available.

25

The UE may send this indication using one or more of the following messages:

1. A connection set up message such as RRCConnectionSetupComplete at RRC (Radio Resource control) connection establishment;
- 30 2. A connection re-establishment message such as RRCConnectionReestablishmentComplete at RRC connection re-establishment; and
3. A handover message such as RRCConnectionReconfigurationComplete at UE HO (handover).

35

When the network receives the availability indicator within one or more of the above messages, the network may decide when to use request and response procedures, such as UEInformationRequest/Response procedures, to retrieve logged MDT reports from
5 the UE.

The MDT measurement reporting may share the Signaling Radio Bearers SRB2 with one or more other RRC messages. Reference will now be made to Figure 3 which shows one method of logged MDT
10 measurement reporting embodying the present invention. In step S1, the UE 1 send to the base station 12 a message indicating that the connection set up has been complete. The message will include the availability indicator which indicates that there are logged MDT measurements. In one embodiment, that message may be a
15 RRCConnectionSetupComplete message.

In step S2, the base station 12 is arranged to send a message to the UE requesting the logged MDT measurements. This message in one embodiment of the invention may be a UEInformationRequest
20 message.

In step S3, the UE is arranged to provide a response with a list of logged MDT measurements. and, in one embodiment, the availability indicator is provided with a value indicating that
25 there are no logged measurements still to retrieve. As will be discussed later, in some alternative embodiments, the availability indication can selectively indicate whether or not there are further logged measurements still to be retrieved.

30 In some embodiments, the UE can put all its logged MDT measurements into one response message such as a UEInformation-Response message. In some embodiments of the invention, there may be no explicit size limitation of RRC messages. Then, in some embodiments, only one round of logged MDT measurement retrieval
35 is sufficient to obtain the logged MDT measurements.

However, in some embodiments of the invention the number of logged MDT measurements in UE may be too large in some cases, to be practically contained in a single response message. This may occur, for example, where the UE has been in the idle mode for a relative long time and has a relatively large number of measurements. This may alternatively or additionally occur where the UE sends an availability indicator to network indicating logged MDT measurements, but network is very busy. As the network is busy, the network may not initiate logged MDT measurements reporting before the UE goes into the idle mode again. This may alternatively or additionally occur if the UE sends the availability indicator to the network, but the network does not support the MDT feature. Accordingly the network will not initiate logged MDT measurements reporting before UE goes into the idle mode again.

If there are too many logged MDT measurements waiting to be sent to the network, using one response message may not be appropriate, since it will make the response message too big, and/or may block other important RRC messages also carried by the SRB2. If the UE does not send all the logged MDT measurements which the UE has, then the UE may have to wait for the next one of 1) connection setup complete message; 2) connection reestablishment complete message; or 3) connection reconfiguration complete message.

In some scenarios, the UE may go into the idle mode again, before the UE is able to send one of the three messages mentioned previously. In some cases, if UE waits too long for an opportunity to send some of the logged MDT measurements, some of the logged MDT measurements may be out of time and thus not valid. These measurements may have to be deleted.

In some embodiments of the invention, there may be a plurality of rounds of logged MDT measurements reporting. Each round has

some of the logged MDT measurements in one response message. The number of logged measurements and/or the size of the response message may be capped or have an upper limit in order to keep the response message within an acceptable size. By way of example only,
5 the response message from the UE may be an UEInformationResponse.

In some embodiments of the present invention, the three messages mentioned previously may be used to send the availability indicator to the network. The three messages are 1) connection
10 setup complete message; 2) connection reestablishment complete message; or 3) connection reconfiguration complete message. Additionally or alternatively the UE may be arranged to use other messages to provide the availability indication to the network. For example, any RRC message between the UE and the network may
15 be used to carry the availability indicator from the UE to the network. The availability indicator may be a single bit indicator as discussed above or may take any other suitable form. For example the availability indicator may have more than one bit and may be arranged to provide more complex information. Alter-
20 natively or additionally the availability may be provided by encoded data.

In one embodiment, it is proposed to use a UE information response to carry some of the logged MDT measurements and optionally an
25 up-to-date availability indicator to the base station. Reference is made to Figure 4 which shows the signal flow in a method embodying the present invention. Steps T1 and T2 are the same as steps S1 and S2 and will not be described in more detail. Step T3 is the same as step S3, but this time the availability indicator
30 indicates that there are further logged MDT reports which have yet to be sent.

In step T4, the base station requests further logged MDT measurement information from the UE.

35

In step T5, the UE sends the remainder of the logged MDT measurements and the availability indicator is set to indicate that no further MDT reports are available.

- 5 It should be appreciated that in alternative embodiments, more than two messages may be sent from the UE to the network in some embodiments of the invention.

10 In one alternative embodiments of the invention, the base station may send a single request for the logged MDT information, with the UE sending the response with all the MDT information in two or more messages.

15 In some embodiments of the invention, the availability indication can be provided by the UE along with some further information. In some embodiments of the invention the further information may be provided by the UE without the availability indication. The availability information may be in the latter case be implicitly provided by the further information. The further information may
20 comprise one or more of the following:

1. Information indicating the size of the remaining information in the log of the UE. This is the part of the log which has yet to be transmitted to the network.
2. Information of the number of chunks or messages which the
25 UE will use to transmit the whole log.

The base station may in its request for the logged MDT information provide an indication as to the maximum size of logged MDT data or size of message incorporating the logged MDT data. The
30 information may be provided in alternative embodiments in messages other than the request for logged MDT reports. The quantity information from the base station may be in any other suitable form in alternative embodiments of the invention.

Thus in preferred embodiments of the invention, the UE measurement logs may be split. The measurement logs may be split when the amount of data exceeds a threshold or where the message size will exceed a given threshold. This may avoid difficulties associated with always including the measurement logs in a single RRC message. Of course if the measurement log is small enough, the measurement log may be included in a single message. This may mean that the shared capacity among all messages utilizing the SRB2 is better controlled.

10

Reference is made to Figure 6 which shows a flow diagram of a method embodying the present invention.

In the first step A1, the UE enters the idle mode. The UE may enter an idle mode after being switched on or may enter the idle mode after an active connection has been terminated leaving no open active connections.

In the second step A2, the UE performs the MDT measurements, as discussed previously.

In the third step A3, the UE enters the active mode. This may be initiated by the base station or the UE.

In the fourth step A4, the UE sends the availability indicator to the base station. This may be in any of the messages discussed previously. The availability indicator may take any of the forms discussed previously.

In the fifth step A5, the base station sends a request for the logged measurement data. This can be in any of the messages discussed previously.

In the sixth step A6, the UE determines if there will be any remaining logged MDT measurements after a response has been sent to the request from the base station.

- 5 The next step will be step A7, if the UE determines that there will be no remaining logged MDT measurements. In this step, all the logged measurements will be sent to the base station along with the availability indicator which will indicate that there are no logged MDT measurements remaining.

10

The next step will be step A8, if the UE determines that there are some remaining logged MDT measurements, some of the logged MDT measurements are sent to the base station along with the availability indicator which will indicate that there are still

15 logged MDT measurements.

Step A8 will be followed by steps A5 and then A6. Step A6 will be followed by step A7 or A8 and so on.

- 20 FIG. 5 depicts an exemplary apparatus 800 for use in a base station. The apparatus may be connected to an antenna 820 for receiving via a downlink and transmitting via an uplink. The apparatus also includes a radio interface 840, which may comprise one of more of the following components such as filters, converters (e.g.,
25 digital-to-analog converters and the like), symbol demappers, an Inverse Fast Fourier Transform (IFFT) module, and the like, to process symbols, such as OFDMA symbols, carried by a downlink or an uplink. The apparatus further includes a processor 820 for controlling the base station and for accessing and executing
30 program code stored in memory 825. It should be appreciated that the processor 820 can comprises one or more processors in practice and the memory 825 may be arranged to comprise one or more memories in practice.

The apparatus of the base station may be configured to receive the messages sent by the UE. One or more of the steps performed by the apparatus of the base station may be performed when one or more associated instructions are run on one or more of the
5 processors. It should be appreciated that the one or more associated instructions may be stored in one or more memories of the base station.

The embodiments described above have had the MDT measurements
10 taking place in the idle mode. Alternatively or additionally, the measurements may be made at other times, for example where the UE is connected or in an active mode. In this alternative, reporting would take place in a similar manner, as described previously

15 Whilst embodiments of the present invention have been described in relation to the LTE systems, it should be appreciated that embodiments of the present invention can be used in conjunction with any other suitable standard. For example, embodiments of the invention may be used in a UMTS environment. In this alternative,
20 the messages may be UMTS messages.

It is noted that whilst embodiments may have been described in relation to user equipment or mobile devices such as mobile terminals, embodiments of the present invention may be applicable
25 to any other suitable type of apparatus suitable for communication via access systems. A mobile device may be configured to enable use of different access technologies, for example, based on an appropriate multi-radio implementation.

30 It is also noted that although certain embodiments may have been described above by way of example with reference to the exemplifying architectures of certain mobile networks and a wireless local area network, embodiments may be applied to any other suitable forms of communication systems than those il-
35 lustrated and described herein. It is also noted that the term

access system may be understood to refer to any access system configured for enabling wireless communication for user accessing applications.

5 The above described operations may require data processing in the various entities. The data processing may be provided by means of one or more data processors. Similarly various entities described in the above embodiments may be implemented within a single or a plurality of data processing entities and/or data
10 processors. The data processing entities may be controlled by one or more computer programs which may be stored in one or more memories of the apparatus.

Alternatively or additionally appropriately adapted computer
15 program code product may be used for implementing the embodiments, when loaded to a computer or a processor. The program code product for providing the operation may be stored on and provided by means of a carrier medium such as a carrier disc, card or tape. In some embodiments, there may be the possibility to download the program
20 code product via a data network.

Some embodiments of the invention may be implemented as a chipset, in other words a series of integrated circuits communicating among each other. The chipset may comprise microprocessors
25 arranged to run code, application specific integrated circuits (ASICs), and/or programmable digital signal processors for performing the operations described above.

Embodiments of the inventions may be practiced in various
30 components such as integrated circuit modules.

The design of integrated circuits may be by a highly automated process. Complex and powerful software tools may be available for converting a logic level design into a semiconductor circuit
35 design ready to be etched and formed on a semiconductor substrate.

Programs, such as those provided by Synopsys, Inc. of Mountain View, California and Cadence Design, of San Jose, California may automatically route conductors and locate components on a semiconductor chip using well established rules of design as well
5 as libraries of pre-stored design modules. Once the design for a semiconductor circuit may have been completed, the resultant design, in a standardized electronic format (e.g., Opus, GDSII, or the like) may be transmitted to a semiconductor fabrication facility or "fab" for fabrication.

10

The scope of the claims should not be limited by the preferred embodiments set forth above, but should be given the broadest interpretation consistent with the description as a whole.

What is claimed is:

1. A method comprising:
 - causing a plurality of measurements to be performed by a user equipment to provide logged measurement information;
 - causing a message to be sent from the user equipment to a network element indicating that logged measurement information is available; and
 - responsive to a message from said network element requesting said logged measurement information, causing a response to be sent from the user equipment to said network element with only some of said logged measurement information and with an availability indicator indicating that further logged measurement information is available.
2. A method as claimed in claim 1, comprising causing said plurality of measurements to be performed in an idle mode.
3. A method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, comprising causing said message to be sent from the user equipment to the network element indicating that logged measurement information is available when said user equipment is in an active mode.
4. A method as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 3, comprising causing at least one further message to be sent to said network element with at least some of said further logged measurement information.
5. A method as claimed in claim 4, wherein said causing of at least one further message to be sent is repeated until all of said logged measurement information has been sent to said network element.

6. A method as claimed in claim 4 or 5, wherein said at least one further message comprises information indicating if further logged measurement information is available.

7. A method as claimed in any one of claims 4 to 6, wherein said causing at least one further message to be sent is responsive to a request from said network element for said further logged measurement information.

8. A method as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 7, comprising causing quantity information to be sent to said network element indicating at least one of the amount of further logged measurement information available and the number of messages over which said logged measurement information will be sent.

9. A method as claimed in claim 8, wherein said quantity information is sent with said information indicating that logged measurement information is available.

10. A method as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein at least one message from said network element comprises quantity information, and said method comprises causing at least one response in accordance with said quantity information.

11. A method as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 10, wherein said logged measurement information comprises drive test measurement information.

12. A method comprising:

receiving a message from a user equipment at a network element indicating that logged measurement information is available;

responsive to said message, sending a request for at least some logged measurement information; and

receiving a further message from said user equipment with only some of said logged measurement information and with an availability indicator indicating that further logged measurement information is available.

13. A non-transitory computer readable medium having stored thereon computer instructions executable by one or more processors to perform the method of any one of claims 1 to 12.

14. An apparatus comprising:

at least one processor and at least one memory comprising computer program code, the at least one memory and the computer program code configured, with the at least one processor, to cause the apparatus to:

cause a plurality of measurements to be performed by the apparatus to provide logged measurement information;

cause a message to be sent from the apparatus to a network element indicating that logged measurement information is available; and

responsive to a message from said network element requesting said measurement information, cause a response to be sent from the apparatus to said network element with only some of said logged measurement information and with an availability indicator indicating that further logged measurement information is available.

15. An apparatus as claimed in claim 14, wherein the at least one memory and the computer program code are configured, with the at least one processor, to cause said plurality of measurements to be performed in an idle mode.

16. An apparatus as claimed in claim 14 or 15, wherein the at least one memory and the computer program code are configured, with the at least one processor, to cause said message to be sent from the apparatus to the network element indicating that logged measurement information is available when said apparatus is in an active mode.

17. An apparatus as claimed in any of one of claims 14 to 16, wherein the at least one memory and the computer program code are configured, with the at least one processor, to cause at least one further message to be sent to said network element with at least some of said further logged measurement information.

18. An apparatus as claimed in claim 17, wherein the at least one memory and the computer program code are configured, with the at least one processor, to cause said at least one further message to be sent repeatedly until all of said logged measurement information has been sent to said network element.

19. An apparatus as claimed in claim 17 or 18, wherein the at least one memory and the computer program code are configured, with the at least one processor, to cause said at least one further message to comprise information indicating whether further logged measurement information is available.

20. An apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 17 to 19, wherein said causing at least one further message to be sent is responsive to a request from said network element for said further logged measurement information.

21. An apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 14 to 21, wherein the at least one memory and the computer program code are configured, with the at least one processor, to cause quantity information to be sent to said network element indicating at least one of the amount of further logged information available and the number of messages from the apparatus to said network element over which said logged measurement information will be sent.

22. An apparatus as claimed in claim 21, wherein said quantity information is sent with said information indicating that logged measurement information is available.

23. An apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 14 to 20, wherein at least one message from said network element comprises quantity information and the at least one memory and the computer program code are configured, with the at least one processor, to cause at least one response to be sent in accordance with said quantity information.

24. An apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 14 to 23, wherein at least one message is a radio resource control message.

25. A user equipment comprising an apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 14 to 24.

26. An apparatus comprising:

at least one processor and at least one memory comprising computer program code, the at least one memory and the computer program code configured, with the at least one processor, to cause the apparatus to:

receive a message from a user equipment at the apparatus indicating that logged measurement information is available;

responsive to said message, send a request for at least some logged measurement information; and

receive a further message from said user equipment with only some of said logged measurement information and with an availability indicator indicating that further logged measurement information is available.

27. A base station comprising the apparatus as claimed in claim 26.

28. An apparatus comprising:

means for receiving a message from a user equipment at a network element indicating that logged measurement information is available;

responsive to said message, means for sending a request for at least some logged measurement information; and

means for receiving a further message from said user equipment with only some of said logged measurement information and an availability indicator indicating that further logged measurement information is available.

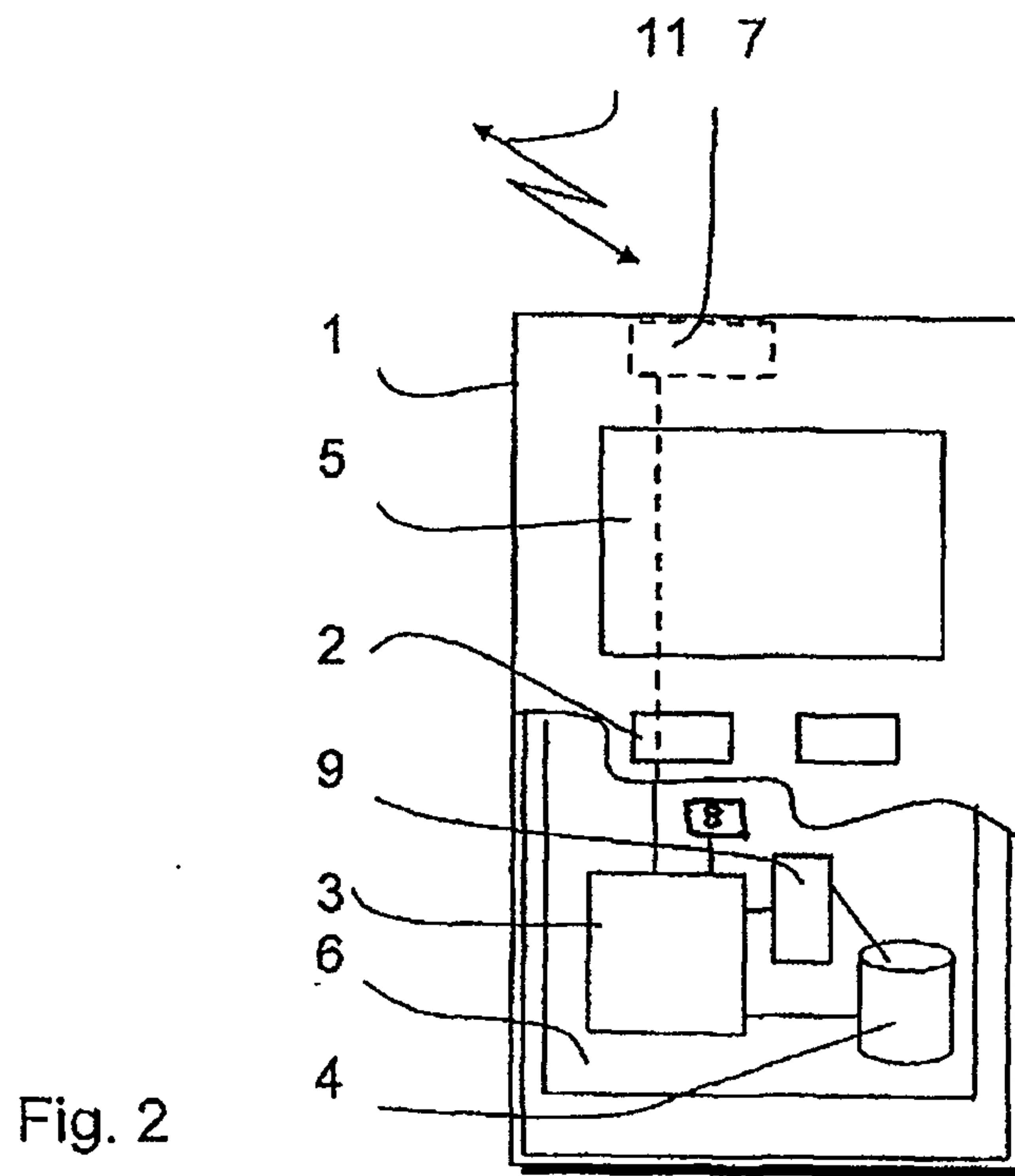
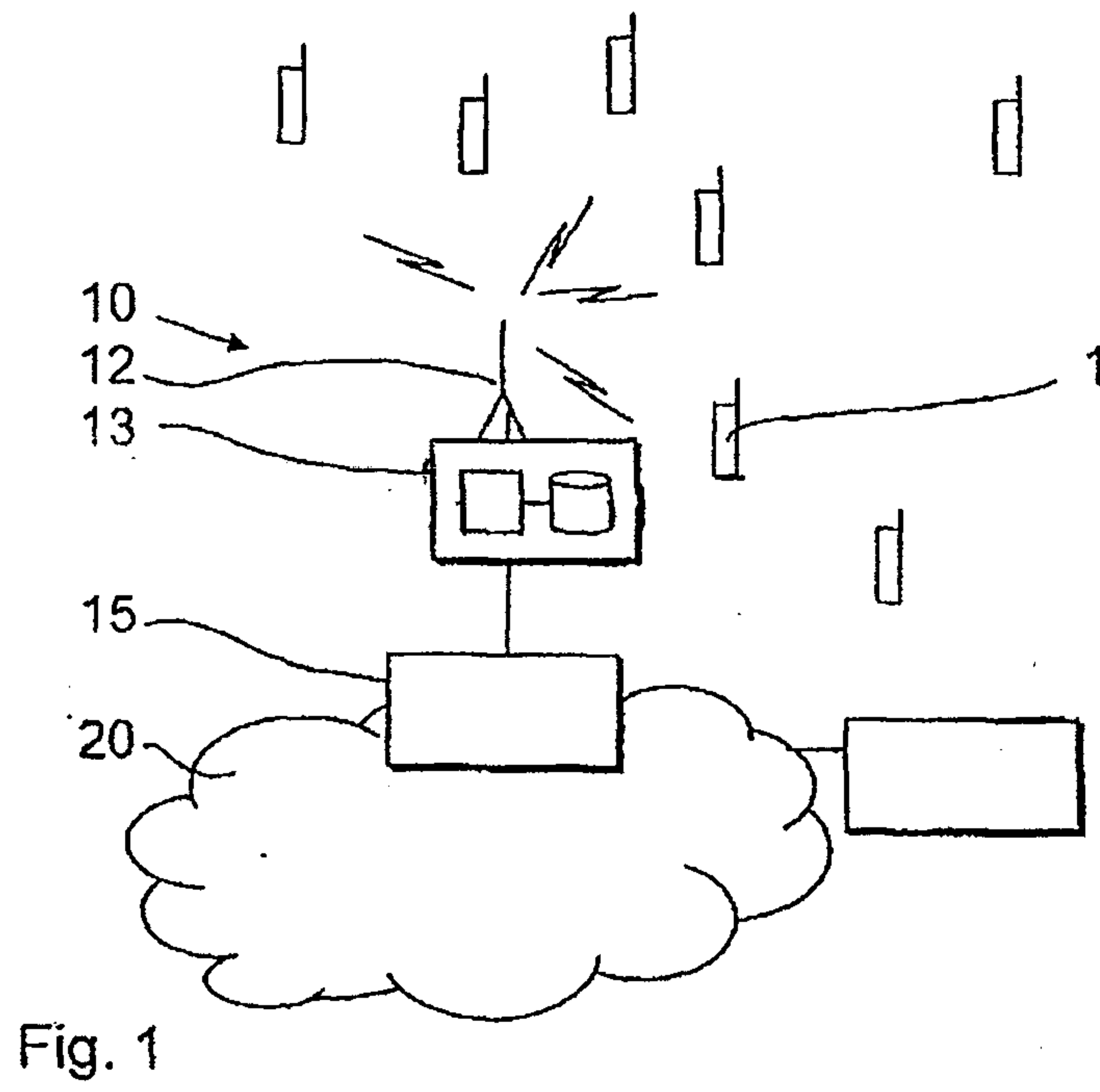
29. An apparatus comprising:

means for causing a plurality of measurements to be performed by a user equipment to provide logged measurement information;

means for causing a message to be sent from the user

equipment to a network element indicating that logged measurement information is available; and

means, responsive to a message from said network element requesting said logged measurement information, for causing a response to be sent from the user equipment to said network element with only some of said logged measurement information and an availability indicator indicating that further logged measurement information is available.



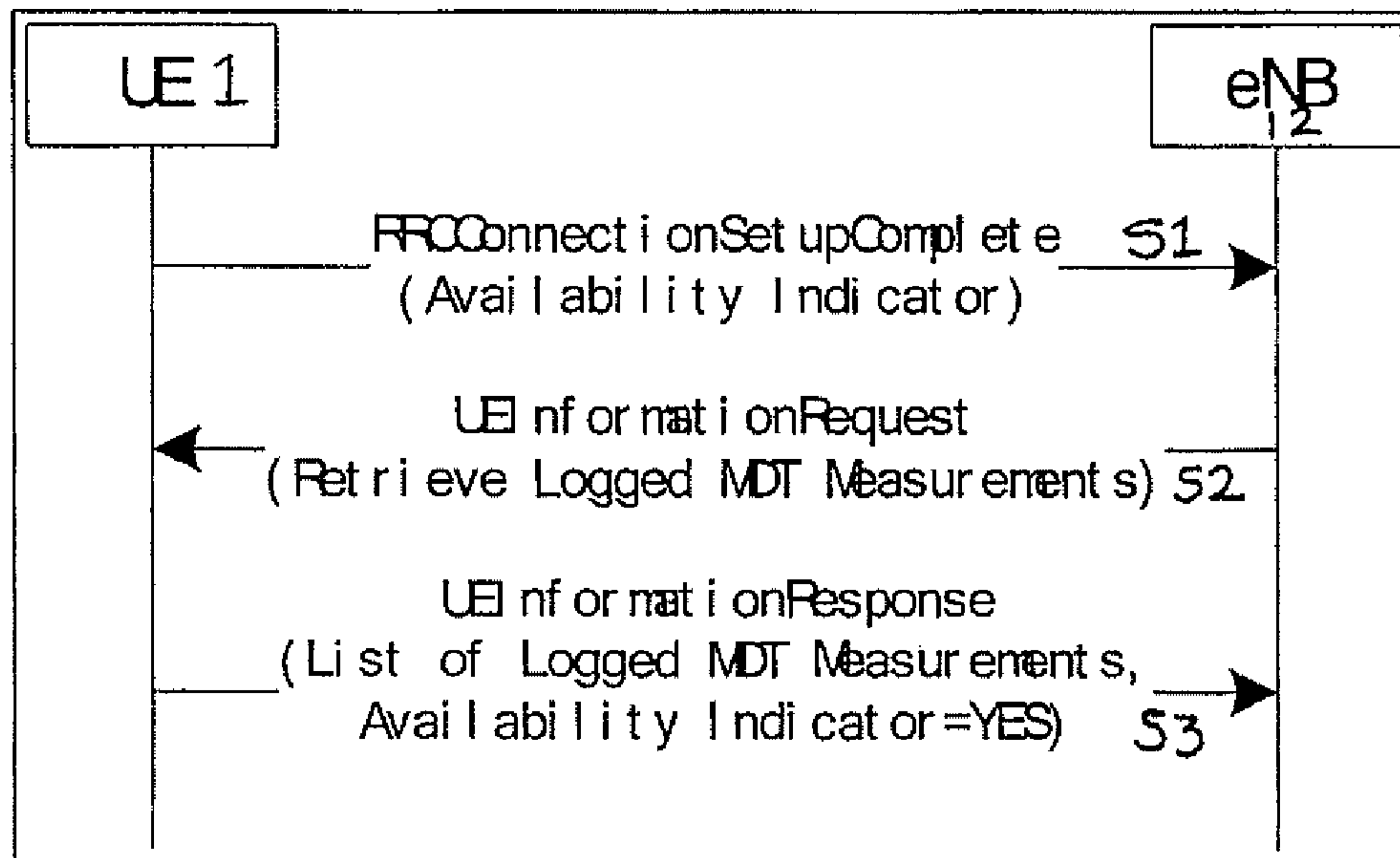


Figure 3

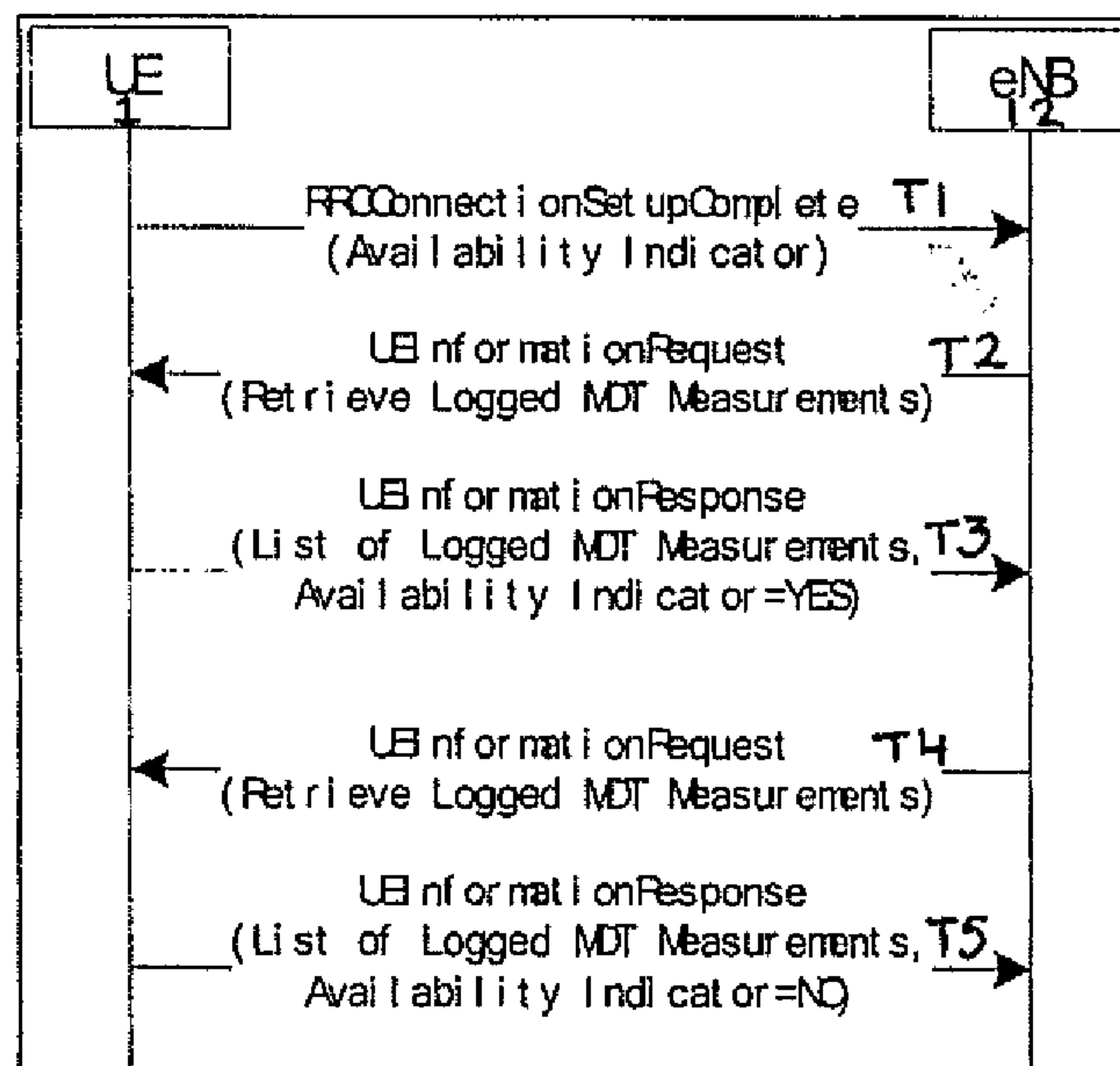


Figure 4

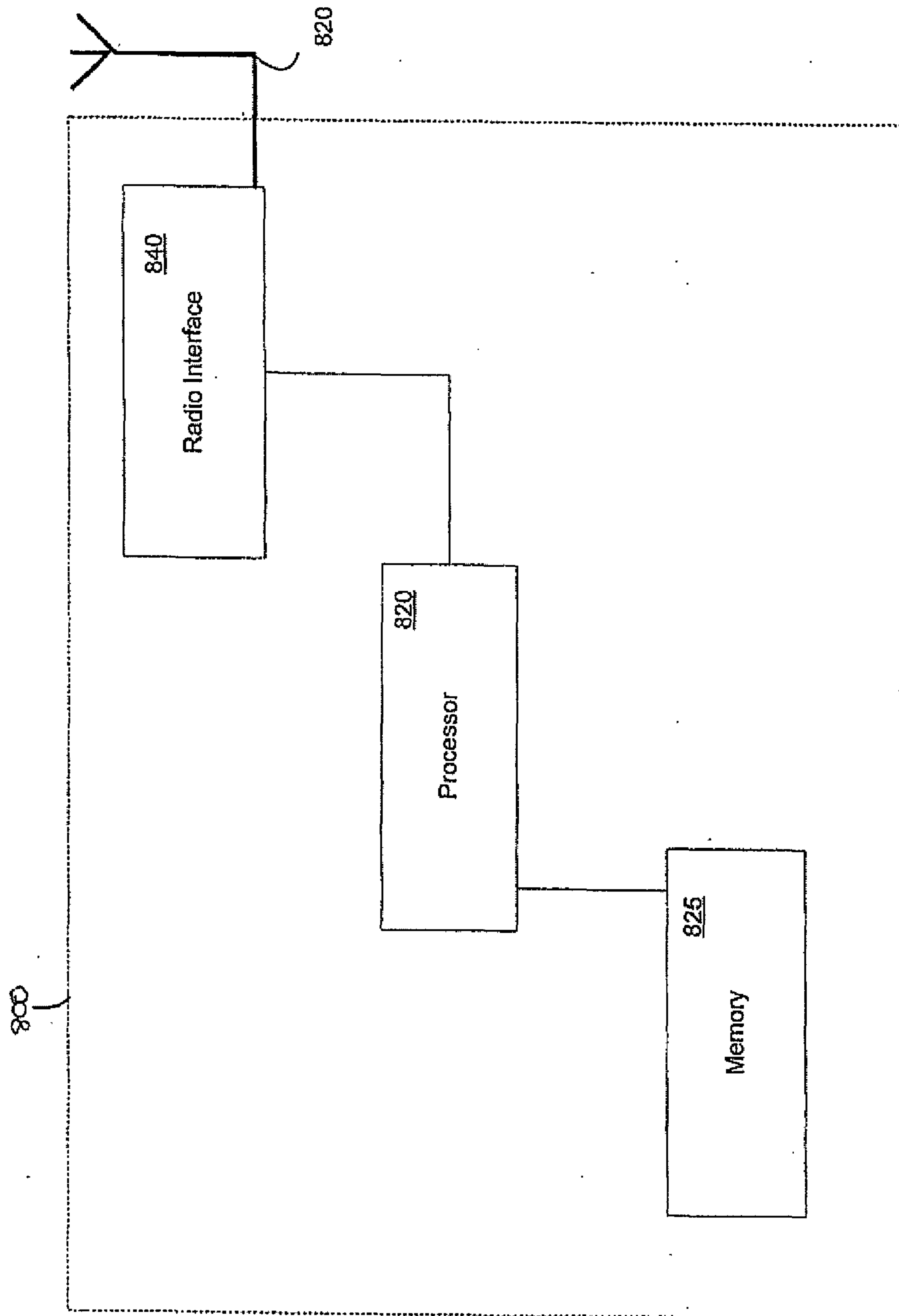


FIG. 5

Figure 6

