



US00PP16677P2

(12) **United States Plant Patent**
Boeder

(10) **Patent No.:** **US PP16,677 P2**

(45) **Date of Patent:** **Jun. 20, 2006**

(54) **CHRYSANTHEMUM PLANT NAMED**
'CRETE'

(51) **Int. Cl.**
A01H 5/00 (2006.01)

(50) Latin Name: *Chrysanthemum morifolium*
Varietal Denomination: **Crete**

(52) **U.S. Cl.** **Plt./288**

(58) **Field of Classification Search** **Plt./288**
See application file for complete search history.

(75) Inventor: **Mark Roland Boeder**, The Hague
(NL)

Primary Examiner—Anne Marie Grunberg

Assistant Examiner—Annette H Para

(73) Assignee: **Chrysanthemum Breeders Association**
N.V. (NL)

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm*—Steptoe & Johnson LLP

(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this
patent is extended or adjusted under 35
U.S.C. 154(b) by 75 days.

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A *chrysanthemum* plant named 'Crete' characterized by its
small sized blooms with white ray florets and good branch-
ing; natural season flower date September 13–20; blooming
for a period of 4 weeks.

(21) Appl. No.: **11/020,134**

(22) Filed: **Dec. 27, 2004**

3 Drawing Sheets

1

2

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

'Crete' is a product of a breeding and selection program
for outdoor pot mums (garden mums) which had the objec-
tive of creating new *chrysanthemum* cultivars with a deco-
rative type flower, a natural season flower date around
September 13–20; blooming for a period of 4 weeks. The
new plant of the present invention comprises a new and
distinct cultivar of *Chrysanthemum* plant 'Crete' is a seed-
ling resulting from a crossing program, which was set up by
a previous breeder, and which records are unknown to the
inventor. The new and distinct cultivar was discovered and
selected as one flowering plant by Mark Roland Boeder on
a cultivated field in Rijsenhout, The Netherlands in 2001. The
first act of asexual production of 'Crete' was accomplished
when vegetative cuttings were taken from the initial selec-
tion in 2001 in a controlled environment in Rijsenhout, The
Netherlands, and propagated further at this location. The new
cultivar has been found to retain its distinctive characteris-
tics through successive propagations.

cold or drought tolerance. This new variety produces small
sized blooms with white ray florets and a cream center
blooming for a period of 4 weeks.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention of a new and distinct variety of
chrysanthemum is shown in the accompanying drawings, the
color being as nearly true as possible with color photographs
of this type.

FIG. 1 shows a plant of the cultivar in full bloom.

FIG. 2 shows the various stages of bloom of the new
cultivar.

FIG. 3 shows the foliage of the new cultivar.

From the cultivars known to inventor the most similar
existing cultivar in comparison to 'Crete' is 'Unicorn' (U.S.
Plant Pat. No. 14,697). When 'Unicorn' and 'Crete' are
being compared the following similarities and differences
are noticed: Both varieties have small white decorative type
blooms. The differences of 'Unicorn' and 'Crete' are (1).
Plant vigor. The plants of 'Unicorn' are more vigorous than
those of 'Crete'. (2). Bloom size. The flowers of 'Unicorn'
are larger than those of 'Crete'.

The following is a description of the plant and character-
istics that distinguish 'Crete' as a new and distinct variety.
The color designations are taken from the plant itself.
Accordingly, any discrepancies between the color designa-
tions and the colors depicted in the photographs are due to
photographic tolerances. The color chart used in this
description is: The Royal Horticultural Society Colour
Chart, edition 1995.

TABLE 1

Botanical Description of *chrysanthemum* plant 'Crete'

Botanical Description of <i>chrysanthemum</i> plant 'Crete'	
<u>Bud</u>	
Size	Small; cross-section 0.3 cm, height 0.2 cm
Outside Color	Yellow-green 145D
Involucral bracts	2 rows, length 7 mm, width 3 mm
Involucral bracts among disc-florets	Not present
Involucral bracts color	Green 138B
<u>Bloom</u>	
Type	Decorative
Height	1 cm
Size	Small
Fully Expanded	3 cm
Peduncle length	4.5 cm
Peduncle color	Greyed-green 194A–Green 138B
Number of blooms per branch	Approx. 4–5 blooms per branch
Performance on the plant	4 weeks
Seeds	Produced in small quantities,

DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

This new variety of *chrysanthemum* is of the botanical
classification *Chrysanthemum morifolium* L. The observa-
tions and measurements were gathered from plants grown
out door in Rijsenhout, The Netherlands under natural day
length and temperature and planted week 24 in 2004. The
natural blooming date of this crop was September 13–20
(week 38). The average height of the plants was 25 cms. No
growth retardants were used. No tests were done on disease
or insect resistance or susceptibility. No tests were done on

TABLE 1-continued

Botanical Description of <i>chrysanthemum</i> plant 'Crete'	
Fragrance	ovate grey-brown
Color	199A, 1½ mm in length. Typical <i>chrysanthemum</i> , slightly
Center of the flower	Immature Yellow 2B Mature Yellow 13A
Color of upper surface of the ray-florets	Yellow-white 158D
Color of the lower surface of the ray-florets	White 155D
Tonality from Distance	A garden mum with white flowers and a cream disc
Discoloration to color Ray florets	White 155D
Texture	Upper and under side smooth
Number	180–200
Cross-section	Flat
Longitudinal axis of majority	Straight
Length of corolla tube	0.3 cm
Ray-floret margin	Entire
Ray-floret length	1.6 cm
Ray-floret width	0.3 cm
Ratio length/width	High
Shape of tip	Pointed
Disc florets	
Disc diameter	0.1 cm
Distribution of disc florets	Few, only visible in mature stage
Shape	Tubular
Color	Yellow 11D
Receptacle shape	Conical raised
Reproductive Organs	
Stamen	present in disc florets only
Stamen color	Yellow-green 144A
Pollen	Present
Pollen color	Yellow 7A
Styles	Thin
Style color	Yellow 13A
Style Length	3 mm
Stigma color	Yellow-green 144A
Stigma Width	1 mm
Ovaries	Enclosed in calyx
Plant	
Form	Grown as a spray type potnum, outdoor mounded and round
Growth habit	Spherical shape
Growth rate	Low
Height	25 cm
Width	36 cm
Stem Color	Grey-brown 199B
Stem Strength	Medium

TABLE 1-continued

Botanical Description of <i>chrysanthemum</i> plant 'Crete'	
Stem Brittleness	Not brittle
Stem Anthocyanin Coloration	Absent
Internode length	1.5–2 cm
Length of lateral branch	From top to bottom 10 cm
Lateral branch color	Yellow-green 147C
Lateral branch, attachment	Weak
Branching (average number of lateral branches)	Good with 8–10 breaks after pinching
Natural season blooming date	September 13–20
Foliage	
Leaf color	Upper side Green 139A–139B Lower side Green 136C–139C
Color midvein	Upper side Yellow-green 147D Lower side Yellow-green 147D
Size	Small.; length 3 cm, width 1–3 cm
Quantity (number per lateral branch)	15
Shape	Obovate
Texture upper side	Glabrous
Texture under side	Pubescent
Venation arrangement	Palmate
Shape of the margin	Serrated
Shape of Base of Sinus Between Lateral Lobes	Rounded
Margin of Sinus Between Lateral Lobes	Diverging
Shape of Base	Obtuse
Apex	Mucronulate
Petiole length	0.5 cm
Petiole color	Yellow-green 147D

TABLE 2

Differences with the comparison varieties		
	'Crete'	'Unicorn'
Bloom type	Decorative	Decorative
Bloom size	3 cm	3.5–4 cm
Color upper side ray-florets	Yellow-white 158D	White 155D
Growth rate	Low	High

I claim:

1. A new and distinct variety of *chrysanthemum* plant as described and illustrated.

* * * * *



FIG. 1



FIG. 2

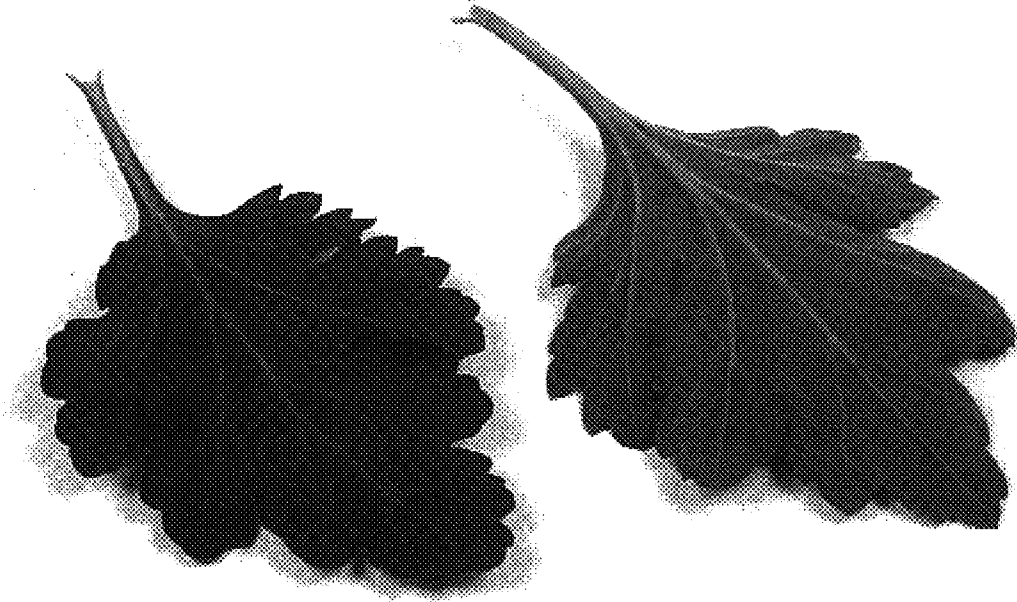


FIG. 3