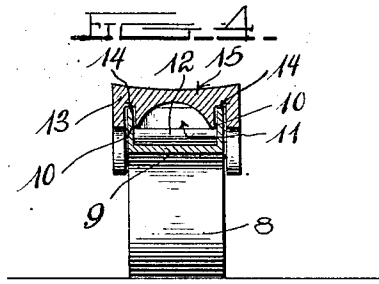
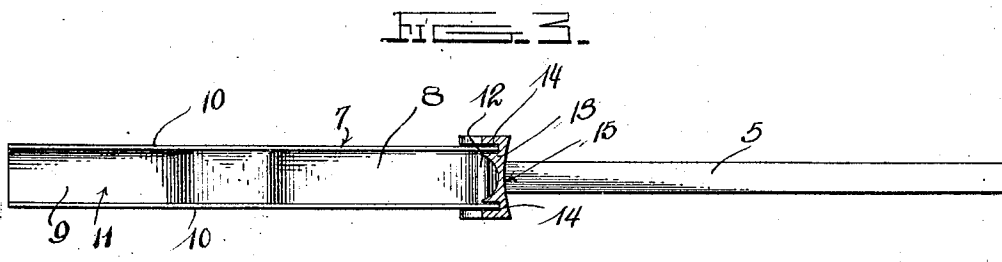
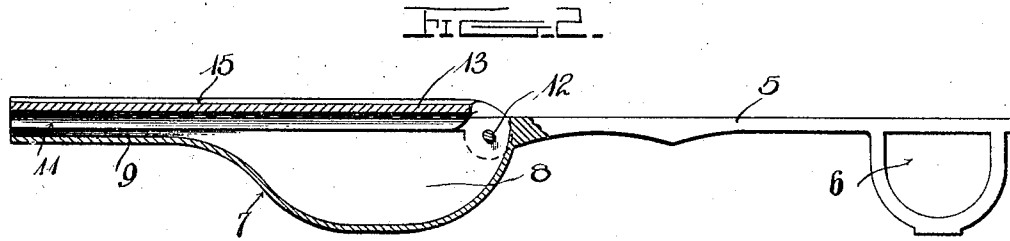
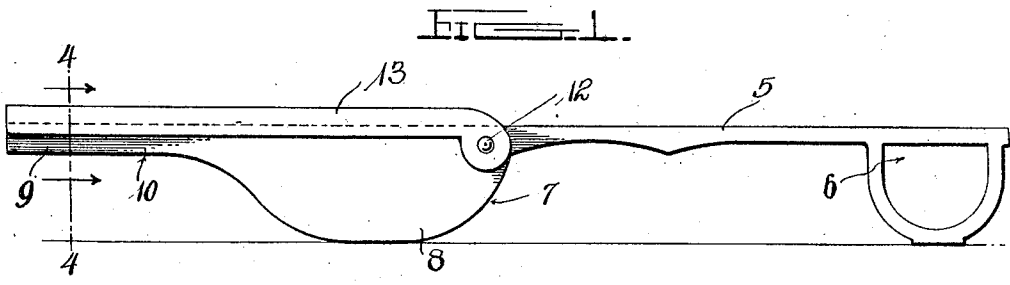


C. C. BEAMER.
 MEDICINE SPOON.
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1,027,976.

Patented May 28, 1912.



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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CHRISTOPHER C. BEAMER, OF STEUBENVILLE, OHIO.

MEDICINE-SPOON.

1,027,976.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented May 28, 1912.

Application filed November 24, 1909. Serial No. 529,743.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHRISTOPHER C. BEAMER, a citizen of the United States, residing at Steubenville, in the county of Jefferson, State of Ohio, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Medicine-Spoons: and I do hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

The invention relates to spoons and more particularly to the class of safety medicine spoons.

The primary object of the invention is the provision of a spoon of this character in which the administering of medicine is greatly facilitated without possibility of spilling the contents of the spoon and also that will enable a person to swallow the medicine without coming in contact with the mouth or teeth so that they will be protected when administering strong and poisonous medicines to the person.

Another object of the invention is the provision of a spoon of this character which can be readily handled with ease and enable the proper administration of medicine to a patient that should resist the dose.

A further object of the invention is the provision of a spoon of this character which is simple in construction, and inexpensive in the manufacture.

With these and other objects in view, the invention consists in the construction, combination and arrangement of parts as will be hereinafter more fully described in detail, illustrated in the accompanying drawings, which disclose the preferred form of embodiment of the invention to enable those skilled in the art to carry the invention into practice and as pointed out in the claim hereunto appended.

In the drawings:—Figure 1 is a side elevation of a spoon constructed in accordance with the invention. Fig. 2 is a fragmentary longitudinal sectional view through the same. Fig. 3 is a top plan view with the lid

or cover in raised position. Fig. 4 is a transverse sectional view on the line 4—4 of Fig. 1.

Similar reference characters indicate corresponding parts throughout the several views in the drawings.

Referring to the drawings by numerals 5 designates a handle terminating at its outer end in a depending finger-loop 6, and has integral with its opposite end a body portion 7, a portion of which is formed with an elongated concaved bowl 8, communicating with a narrow throat portion or mouth extension 9, formed with vertical side walls 10, providing therebetween a discharge passage 11, and to this body 7, is hinged through the medium of a pivot pin 12, a lid 13, the same being of a length corresponding to the bowl and mouth portions 8 and 9, and has formed in its inner face grooves 14, snugly receiving therein the outer edges of the side walls 10, of the body when the lid is in closed position. This lid 13, has that portion of its inner face between the grooves 14, concaved as at 15, to register with the discharge passage 11, so as to increase the space or bore thereof to enable the free egress of the contents held within the bowl 8, of the body portion of the spoon.

It is clearly obvious that when the lid or cover 13, is closed upon the body 7, of the spoon, there is no possibility of the spilling of the contents of the latter other than its discharge through the passage 11, in the elongated mouth 9, when the spoon is placed within the mouth of a patient thus compelling the latter to swallow the entire dose administered.

What is claimed is:—

A medicine spoon comprising a hollow body having vertical sides disposed in parallel relation and having a concaved bottom forming a bowl, a narrow throat having a flat bottom wall and extending from the forward end of the bowl, said throat having vertical sides forming a continuation of the bowl, a handle projecting from the opposite end of the bowl and a rectilinear cover

hinged to the rear end of the bowl upon opposite sides thereof and normally closing the same and throat, said cover having spaced parallel grooves extending longitudinally throughout the length of its undersurface to inclose the upper edges of the sides of the bowl, said cover being also provided with a concaved channel in its undersurface be-

tween the grooves to aline with the throat portion of the bowl.

In testimony whereof, I affix my signature, in presence of two witnesses.

CHRISTOPHER C. BEAMER.

Witnesses:

EDWARD BEAMER,
HALLIE ABRAMS.