

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization
International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date
13 April 2006 (13.04.2006)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number
WO 2006/037544 A1

(51) International Patent Classification:
G06F 1/16 (2006.01)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/EP2005/010510

(22) International Filing Date:

29 September 2005 (29.09.2005)

(25) Filing Language:

English

(26) Publication Language:

English

(30) Priority Data:

04023755.4 6 October 2004 (06.10.2004) EP

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): **NOKIA CORPORATION** [FI/FI]; Keilalahdentie 4, FIN-02150 ESPOO (FI).

(72) Inventors; and

(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): **CHIPCHASE, Jan** [GB/JP]; 2-20-4, 601 Shuwa Shimezuike Residence, Meguro Honcho, Meguro Ku, Tokyo 157-0002 (JP). **GRIGNANI, Raphael** [FR/FI]; Fabianinkatu 5A6, Fin-00130 Helsinki (FI). **HASHIZUME, Kenichi** [JP/JP]; 370-3601396-7 Urushibara, Yoshilka-town, Kitagunma-gun Gunma (JP).

(74) Agent: **VAN WALSTIJN, B., Gerard, G.**; Walstijn Intellectual Property ApS, Parkovsvej 3, DK-2820 Gentofte (DK).

(81) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW.

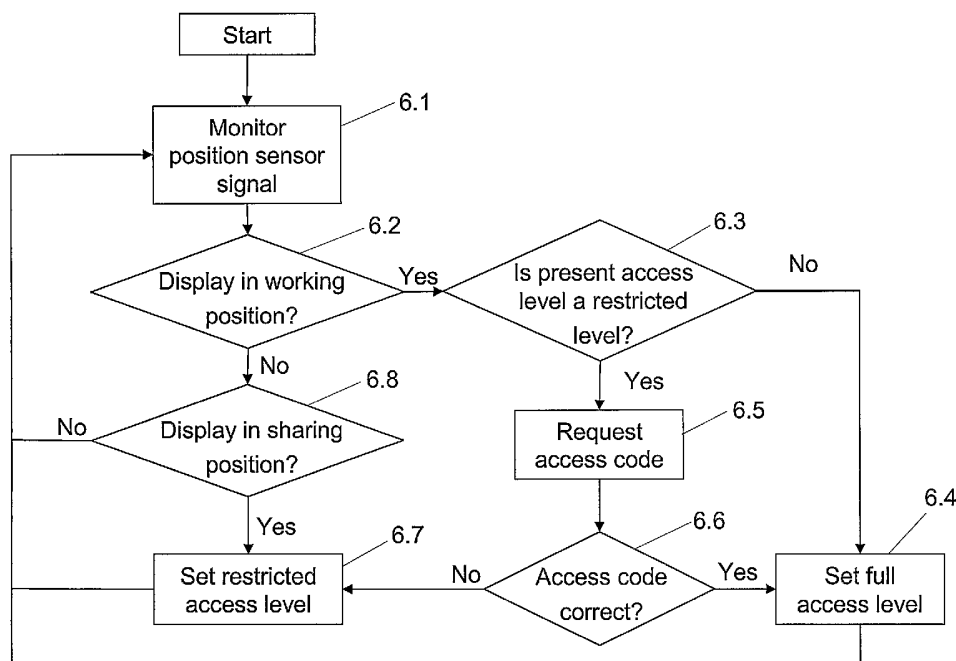
(84) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European (AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published:

— with international search report

[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: DATA TERMINAL ACCESS CONTROL



(57) Abstract: A terminal can assume a working and a sharing position. Access to the terminal is controlled in dependence of the position assumed by the terminal. In the working position there is full access. In the sharing position access is limited to allow the proprietor of the terminal to pass the terminal on to other users for sharing content, whilst minimizing the risk of deliberate or accidental access to private and/or confidential data by the other users.

WO 2006/037544 A1



For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

TERMINAL ACCESS CONTROL

The present invention relates to controlling access to
5 terminals, in particular to terminals that contain
private and/or confidential information and are used to
share non-private or non-confidential information
information, e.g. information suitable for sharing.

10 BACKGROUND ART

Terminals, such as PCs, Notebooks, Tablet PCs, and
increasingly Personal digital assistants (PDA), and
mobile phones are used to share information, e.g. showing
15 photos, videos, messages, playing video games, etc. Some
of the data on the terminals is suitable for sharing,
whilst other information such as bank statements, credit
card information, certain messages, etc., are private
and/or confidential.

20

Image and video capture can be highly social - involving
others in the image/video capture, and browsing the
content together. The terminals are carried in a wide
range of social situations, and consequently there are
25 many planned and unplanned opportunities to share with
peer group and non-peer group. Browsing of content may
involve everyone clustered around the capturing device,
or handing the terminal around in a group. Once the user
(owner) of the terminal has handed the terminal out
30 he/she is reliant on the social rules of the group, but
essentially he/she has little control over the data that
is accessed by the other users while browsing. Persons in
the group could deliberately or accidentally access
information that was not intended for them. The risk may

lead owners of terminals to refrain from passing their terminal on, thus not exploiting all the possible uses of the device. The consequence is that there is a risk of revealing private information and of deleting or recording information, especially dynamic lists.

There is therefore a need for a method and terminal that prevents unauthorized access to private and/or confidential information when a terminal has handed over for sharing information that is suitable for sharing.

DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides a terminal comprising a controller, a memory associated with the controller, a user interface through which the user operates the terminal, at least one terminal element that can be moved relative to another terminal element between at least a first and a second position, and sensor means associated with the controller for detecting the position of the at least one element relative to the other element, the controller being configured to restrict access to the terminal in dependence of the position of the at least one terminal element.

The present invention also provides a method for controlling access to a terminal provided with a controller, a user interface through which the user operates the terminal, and at least one terminal element that can be moved relative to another terminal element between at least a first and a second position, the method comprising the steps of giving access to data and/or applications and/or functionality at a first access level in a first position of the at least one

terminal element, and giving access to data and/or applications and/or functionality at a second access level in a second position of the at least one terminal element.

5

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In the following detailed portion of the present description, the invention will be explained in more detail with reference to the exemplary embodiments shown in the drawings, in which

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of a terminal in accordance with the present invention in a closed position;

Fig. 2 is a perspective view of the terminal of Fig. 1 in a working position;

Fig. 3 is a perspective view of the terminal of Fig. 1 in a sharing position;

Fig. 4 is a perspective view of the terminal of Fig. 1 in a camera position;

Fig. 5a is a block diagram illustrating the general architecture of the terminal of Fig. 1,

Fig. 5b and 5c are perspective cut-out views of a position sensor in the terminal of Fig. 1, and

Fig. 6 is a flow chart illustrating an embodiment of access control procedure in accordance with the present invention.

30 DETAILED DESCRIPTION

In the following detailed description, a terminal according to the invention in the form of a hand portable phone, preferably a cellular/mobile phone, will be

described by the preferred embodiments. The term terminal as used here includes all portable/mobile terminals provided with a processor and user interface. Examples of other terminals falling under the term terminal as used
5 here are communicators, PDAs, notebook PCs and tablet PCs.

Referring now to Fig. 1 a mobile phone 1 according to a preferred embodiment of the invention is disclosed.

10

The mobile phone 1 is of the so called swivel type, with two housing parts that can fold about hinge 23 and swivel about a swivel 24. A first housing part 5 contains the battery (not shown), is provided with a 3 by 4 (ITU-T)
15 alphanumeric keypad 2 and with call handling keys 11 (on-hook and off-hook). A camera switch 21 and a loudness toggle switch 12 are disposed on the right hand side of the first housing part 5. The first housing part also includes the microphone 7 (shown in Fig. 5 only, a
20 charger connector 26 and a Pop-Port™ 25.

The second housing part 6 includes the display 3, an on/off button 4, an earpiece 8 (only the openings are shown), two multifunctional softkeys 9 directly under the
25 display 3, a four-way plus select key 10 placed centrally under the display 3, a clear key 13, a marking key 14 (for text editing and marking), and a menu key 15 and a digital camera 22 (only the camera lens is shown in Fig. 3). The phone is operated with a hierarchical menu that
30 is accessed via the softkeys 9 in a well known manner such as e.g. known from the Nokia 6260® phone and belonging User's Guide, hereby incorporated by reference.

The mobile phone 1 according to the preferred embodiment is adapted for communication via a cellular network, such as the GSM 900/1800 MHz network, but could just as well be adapted for use with a Code Division Multiple Access
5 (CDMA) network, a 3G network, or a TCP/IP-based network (e.g. via WLAN, WIMAX or similar).

The display 3 is typically made of an LCD with optional back lighting, such as a TFT matrix capable of displaying
10 color images.

A releasable rear cover (not shown) in the first housing part 5 gives access to a SIM card slot, a memory card slot and a slot for a rechargeable battery pack (not
15 shown) in the back of the first housing part that supplies electrical power for the electronic components of the mobile phone.

The upper housing part 6 can be folded from the closed
20 position shown in Fig. 1 to the working position shown in Fig. 2 by pivoting about hinge 23. The mobile phone is placed in the sharing position shown in Fig. 3 by swiveling the second housing part 6 over 180° and folding the second housing part back. In the sharing position the
25 keypad 2 and the call handling keys 11 cannot be accessed.

Fig 4 illustrates the swiveling principle with the mobile phone 1 in a camera position.

30

Fig. 5a illustrates, in block diagram form, the hardware architecture of a mobile phone 1 constructed in accordance with the present invention. A processor 18 controls the communication with the cellular network via the

transmitter/receiver circuit 19 and an internal antenna. A microphone 7 transforms the user's speech into analogue signals, the analogue signals formed thereby are A/D converted in an A/D converter (not shown) before the speech
5 is encoded in a digital signal processing unit 20 (DSP). The encoded speech signal is transferred to the processor 18, which e.g. supports the GSM terminal software. The processor 18 also forms the interface to the peripheral units of the apparatus, including a RAM memory 17a, a
10 Flash ROM memory 17b, a memory card 17c, a SIM card 16, the display 3, the Pop-PortTM, a position sensor 27, a short range (Bluetooth®) transmitter/receiver 28, the digital camera 22, the keypad 2, and keys 4, 9-15, 21 (as well as data, power supply, etc.). The digital signal-
15 processing unit 20 speech-decodes the signal, which is transferred from the processor 18 to the earpiece 8 via a D/A converter (not shown).

With reference to Figs. 5b and 5c, the position sensor 27
20 includes a micro-switch 28 for detecting movement about hinge 23 and another micro-switch 29 for detecting movement about swivel 24. The micro-switches 28,29 are activated by means of cams 30,31 mounted on the hinge and swivel axes, respectively. The micro-switches 28,29 are
25 mounted to the housing parts 5,6 of the mobile phone. Each cam 30,31 can be profiled to activate the respective micro-switch 28,29 for any part of the available rotation angle, or to activate it in more than one discrete position. In Fig. 5b micro-switch 28 is not activated,
30 whilst micro-switch 29 is activated in Fig. 5c. The processor 18 determines the relative position of the housing parts 5,6 by using the information of the two switch-states simultaneously.

According to another embodiment (not shown) the sensors may not only detect end positions but also intermediate positions and include rotary sensors such as potentiometers.

5

The processor 18 monitors the signal from the position sensor 27 and changes the access level to applications, data and functionality in the mobile phone accordingly. In a default configuration, the user has full access to applications, data and functions in the working position, whilst access is restricted in the sharing position. Restricted access, is not necessarily a lesser selection of features and locations, i.e. in the restricted access mode another version of a given application, more suited for sharing whilst maintaining privacy and or confidentiality, could be available. This other version of the application will e.g. not have functions for deleting files, but could e.g. include a slide show function that is not necessarily available in the working position version of the application.

The re-orientation of the display 3 from the sharing position to the working position is easily noticed by the owner (and by bystanders - social control) of the mobile phone 1, should he/she have borrowed the mobile phone 1 to someone for sharing information.

Referring now to Fig. 6 the process of changing access levels is illustrated in the form of a flowchart. At step 6.1 the signal from position sensor 27 is monitored. At step 6.2 it is determined if the display 3 is in the working position. If the display 3 is in the working position it is determined at step 6.3 if the present access level is a restricted access level. If the present

access level is not a restricted access level, then the full access level is activated at step 6.4.

If at step 6.3 the present access level is a restricted
5 access level, then an access code is requested at step 6.5. At step 6.6 it is determined if the access code has been entered correctly. If it has determined at step 6.6 that the access code has been entered correctly, then the full access level is activated at step 6.4. If it has
10 determined at step 6.6 that the access code has been entered incorrectly, then a restricted access level is set at step 6.7. The access code steps 6.5 and 6.6 can be omitted (e.g. this can be a feature that the user can activate and deactivate via the menu) or can be replaced
15 with another form of verification. The verification can include biometric reading such as fingerprint check (the phone will in this case be provided with a finger print sensor, not shown), proximity to another device, e.g. a RFID (Radio Frequency Identification) object, etc.

20

If it has been determined at step 6.2 that the display 3 is not in the working position, then it is determined at step 6.8 if the display 3 is in the sharing position. If it is determined at step 6.8 that the display 3 is in the
25 sharing position, then a restricted access level is set in step 6.7. If it is determined at step 6.8 that the display is not in the sharing position, then it is assumed that the display is in the closed or any intermediate position (such as the camera position) and
30 no change to the access level is performed.

After steps 6.4, 6.7 and 6.8 the process returns at step 6.1 to monitor the signal from the position sensor 27.

The restricted access level or levels in the phone need not be fixed, and may be user set and/or depend on the type of application that is active on the mobile phone at the time that the display 3 is moved to the sharing position. When e.g. a photo displaying application is active when the sharing position is assumed, the only functionality available can be set to browse, zoom and view images in the present folder. When the proprietor of the mobile phone then passes the mobile phone over to someone else, the other person could not, deliberately or accidentally, delete files or access files that were not intended for sharing, unless the display is returned to the working position. Even if the access code request of step 6.5 is not active the proprietor of the mobile phone 1 can easily observe a change of the display 3 from the sharing to the working position and thus timely detect a potential risk of access abuse.

When the mobile phone 1 is linked via e.g. a wireless connection such as Bluetooth to other terminals for sharing content on the mobile phone 1 with other terminals, access to the mobile phone 1 from the other terminals can be controlled in the same way as described above for access via the user interface. Thus, the proprietor of the mobile phone 1 can in the sharing position safely share a particular application or particular files online with other terminals.

The user can via the menu control the restricted access levels, e.g. in an option under "Menu" > "Settings" > "Display Settings". Examples of these settings are:

specified applications;

- content in a specific location, e.g. a particular folder, drive or memory card;
only in a particular viewing mode, e.g. only full screen when viewing images;
- 5 only a specific file, with or without functionality restrictions; e.g. only a particular SMS is viewable, without any editing or reply, functionality, etc.;
- 10 The default content and applications available in the sharing position include:
- video, still image and audio content that can be browsed;
- 15 camera application can take photos, shoot video; calls can be receive, e.g. not placed.

An additional security measure for re-assuming the normal mode could be a requirement to unlock the sharing mode

20 with an RFID key (identification based on a code stored in RF tag). Suitable RFID keys and methods for this purpose are known from WO 2004/003829, hereby incorporated by reference.

25 According to another embodiment (not shown) the terminal is a laptop or tablet PC with a swivel display. The sharing mode is activated by placing the display face up on the keypad, whilst the working position is any other position in which the display is not placed face down on

30 the keyboard (closed position).

The terminal element that can be moved relative to another terminal element to assume the sharing and working positions does not need to be as described above

a display and a main housing part. A movable keypad, keypad cover, or any other terminal element that can be used to provide at least two visibly easily distinguishable positions of the terminal could be used.

5

According to another embodiment (not shown) the mobile phone could be a multi hinged device, e.g. a device in which the display, keypad, keypad cover, etc. are connected to a main body via a multi-hinged construction.

10 Other embodiments could use any desirable type of connection between two (or more) parts that are movable relative to one another, and wherein a reorientation to change mode is noticeable by people in the immediate vicinity.

15

According to a further aspect of the invention, there may be provided means other than the at least one terminal element by which the user can place the terminal into a restricted access mode. In one embodiment, the processor
20 may be responsive to a PIN code entered by the owner to enter and possibly exit the restricted access mode. In another embodiment, the terminal may include an RFID reader, and the processor may be responsive to a particular RFID tag to enter and possibly exit the
25 restricted access mode. When the owner of the terminal shares the terminal with another person, he maintains possession of the RFID tag. Preferably, the terminal includes means by which the owner can remotely verify that the terminal remains in restricted access mode.
30 Examples include lighting up the phone cover, or modulating the normal display backlighting of the phone in a distinctive way. In this further aspect of the invention, said at least one terminal element need not form part of the terminal.

Although the present invention has been described in detail for purpose of illustration, it is understood that such detail is solely for that purpose, and variations
5 can be made therein by those skilled in the art without departing from the scope of the invention.

CLAIMS:

1. A terminal comprising:

5 a processor,
 a memory associated with said processor,
 a user interface through which the user
 operates the terminal,
 at least one terminal element that can be moved
10 relative to another terminal element between at
 least a first and a second position, and
 sensor means associated with said processor for
 detecting the position of said at least one
 element relative to said other element,

15 said processor being configured to restrict access to the
 terminal in dependence of the position of said at least
 one terminal element.

20 2. A terminal according to claim 1, wherein said one
 terminal element and said other terminal element are
 housing parts of the terminal that are movably connected
 to one another.

25 3. A terminal according to claim 1 or 2, wherein said one
 terminal element comprises a display.

 4. A terminal according to any of claims 1 to 3, wherein
 said one terminal element comprises a keypad or a keypad
30 cover.

 5. A terminal according to any of claims 1 to 4, wherein
 the processor is configured to give full access to data

and/or applications and/or functionality in the terminal when said one terminal element is in the first position.

6. A terminal according to claim 5, wherein the processor
5 is configured to restrict access to data and/or applications and/or functionality in the terminal when said one terminal element is in the second position.

7. A terminal according to claim 6, wherein said
10 processor is configured to request a verification before granting full access to data and/or applications and/or functionality in the terminal when said one terminal element is moved from said second position to said first position.

15

8. A terminal according to any of claims 1 to 7, wherein said processor is configured to limit access in said second position to one or more predetermined applications.

20

9. A terminal according to any of claims 1 to 8, wherein said processor is configured to limit access in said second position to files in one or more predetermined memories or data storage media associated with the
25 terminal, to files in one or more predetermined folders in memories associated with the terminal on storage media associated with said terminal or to one or more predetermined files in memories associated with the terminal.

30

10. A terminal according to any of claims 1 to 9, wherein said processor is configured to limit the access in said second position to one or more predetermined functionalities.

11. A terminal according to any of claims 1 to 10,
wherein the terminal is provided with a connection to one
or more other terminals or to a network, and said
5 processor being configured to restrict use of said
connection in dependence of the position of said at least
one terminal element.

12. A terminal according to any of claims 1 to 11,
10 wherein the terminal is a notebook or tablet PC, and said
one terminal element includes the display.

13. A terminal according to any of claims 1 to 11,
wherein said terminal is a personal digital assistant.
15

14. A terminal according to any of claims 1 to 11,
wherein said terminal is a mobile phone.

15. A method for controlling access to a terminal
20 provided with a processor, a user interface through which
the user operates the terminal, and at least one terminal
element that can be moved relative to another terminal
element between at least a first and a second position,
said method comprising the steps of:

25 giving access to data and/or applications
and/or functionality at a first access level in
a first position of said at least one terminal
element, and

30 giving access to data and/or applications
and/or functionality at a second access level
in a second position of said at least one
terminal element.

16. A method according to claim 15, wherein said first and second position of said one terminal element are easily recognizable by observers, also observers other
5 than the person using the terminal.

17. A method according to claim 15 or 16, comprising the step giving full access to data and/or applications and/or functionality in the terminal in the first access
10 level.

18. A method according to any of claims 15 to 17, comprising the step of giving restricted access to data and/or applications and/or functionality in the terminal
15 in the second access level.

19. A method according to any of claims 15 to 18, comprising the step of requesting a verification before granting full access to data and/or applications and/or
20 functionality in the terminal when said one terminal element is moved from said second position to said first position.

20. A method according to any of claims 15 to 19, wherein
25 said processor is configured to limit the access in said second position to one or more predetermined applications.

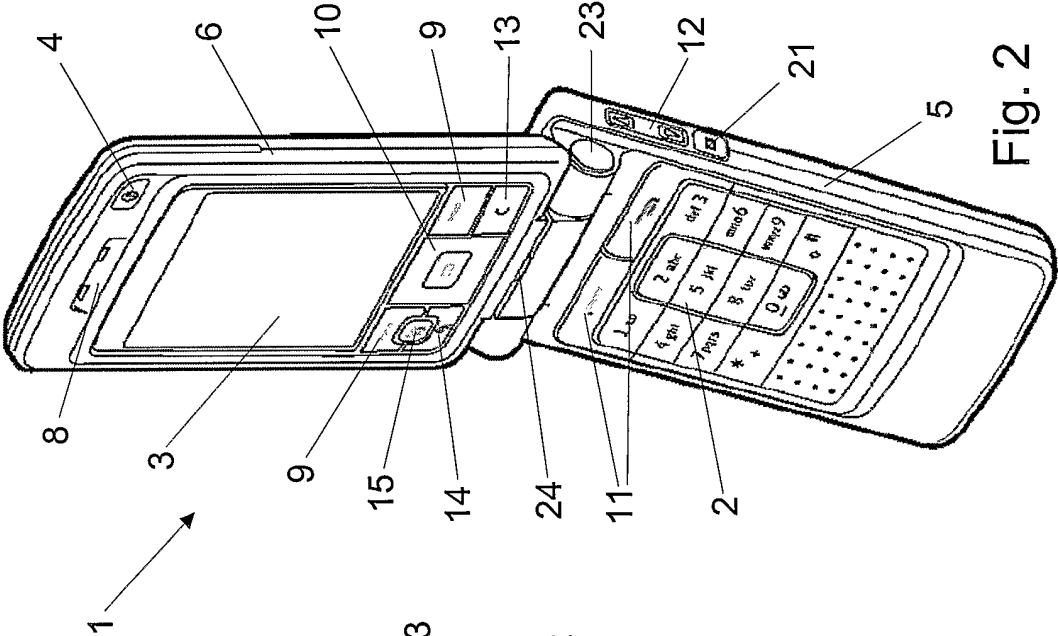


Fig. 2

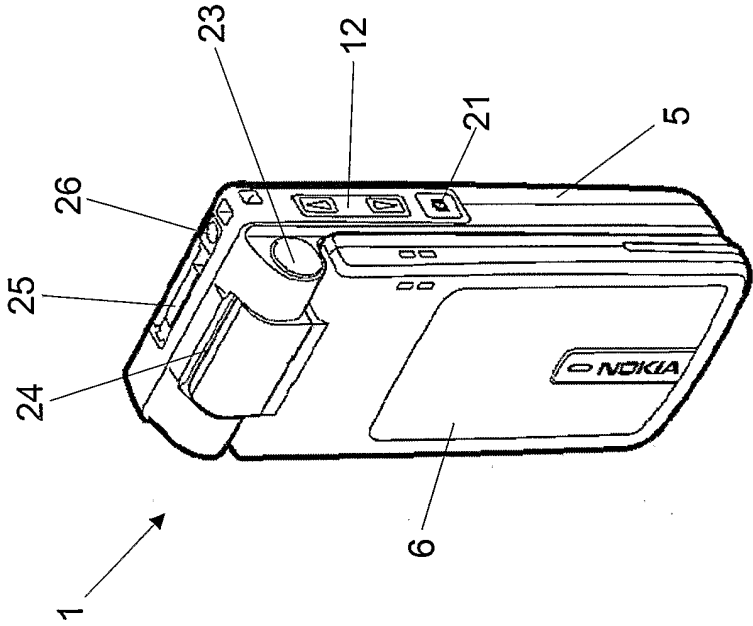


Fig. 1

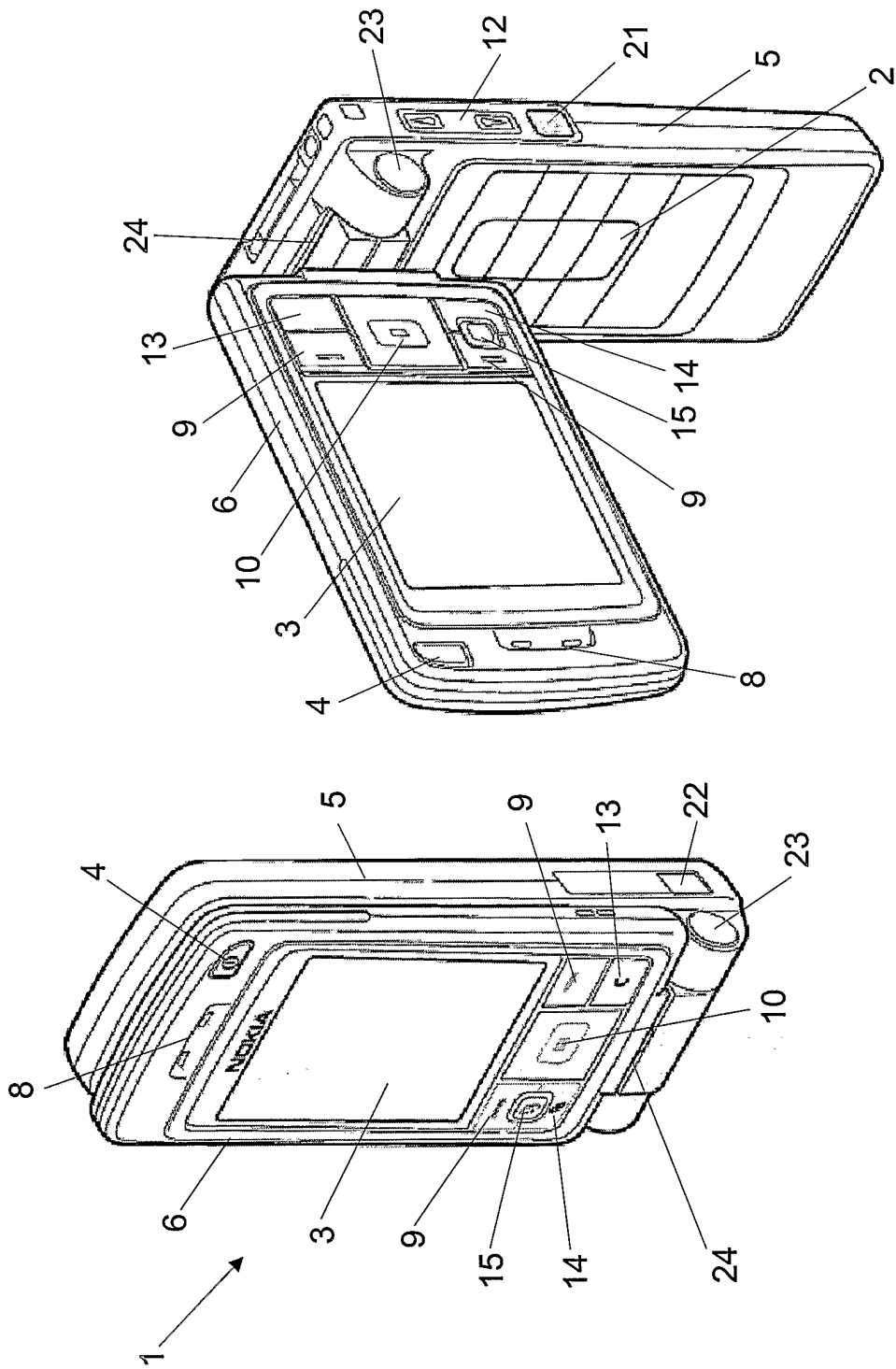


Fig. 4

Fig. 3

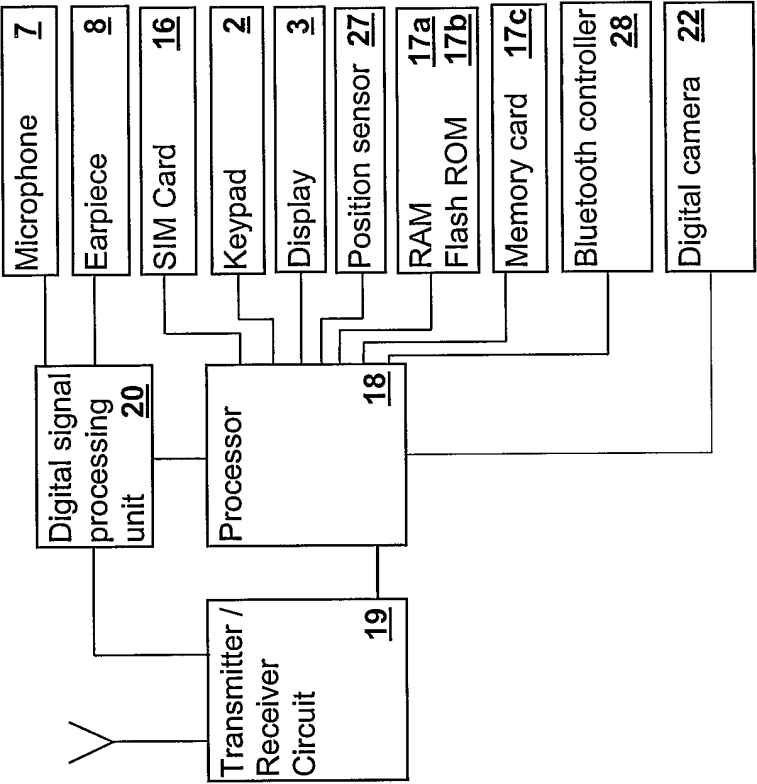


Fig. 5a

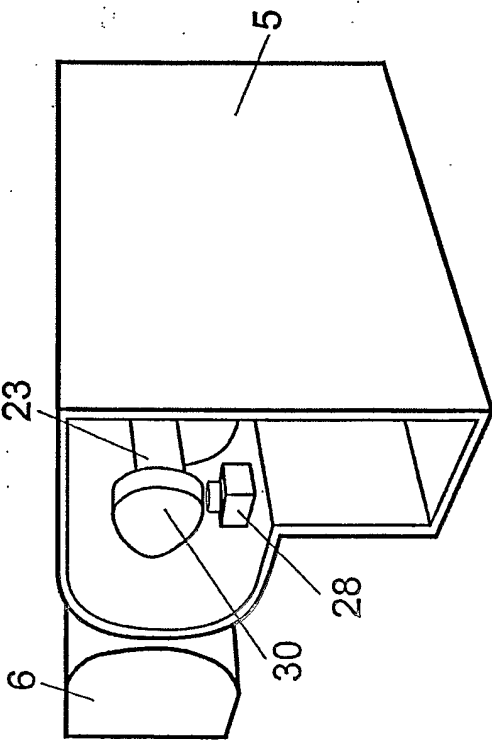


FIG. 5B

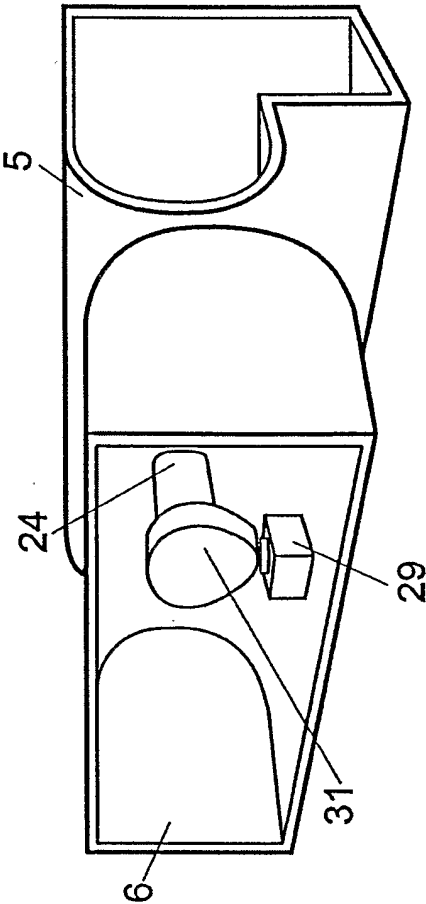


FIG. 5C

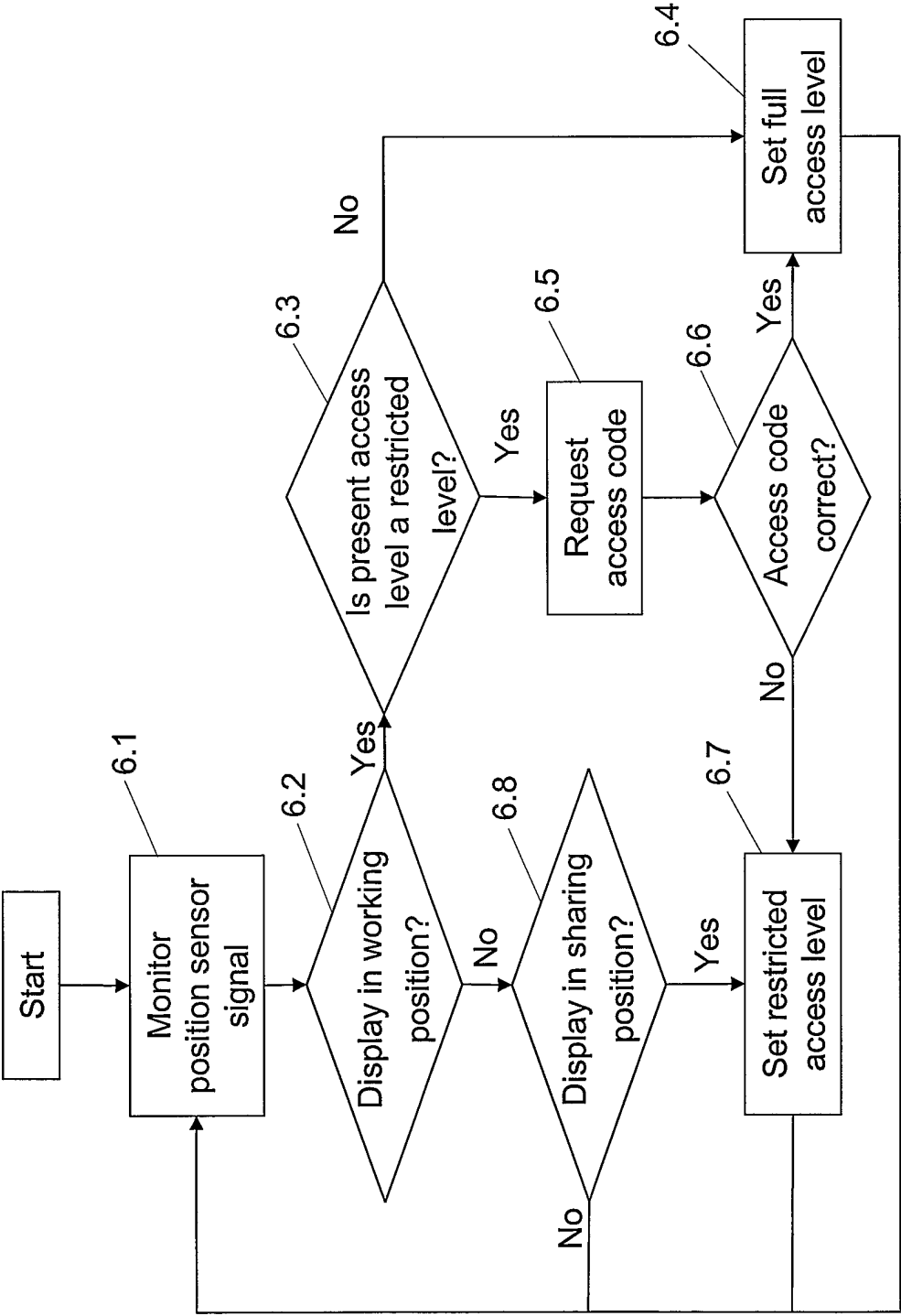


Fig. 6

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No
PCT/EP2005/010510

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
G06F1/16

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
G06F H04M

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	EP 0 840 197 A (HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPANY) 6 May 1998 (1998-05-06) column 2, line 9 - line 53 column 9, line 47 - column 10, line 58; figures 1,13	1-6
X	EP 1 156 640 A (NEC CORPORATION) 21 November 2001 (2001-11-21) column 5, line 29 - column 7, line 55; figures 2a,2b,4-7	15-18
A	US 5 235 532 A (SUGINO ET AL) 10 August 1993 (1993-08-10) the whole document	1-20
A	EP 1 132 803 A (FUJITSU LIMITED) 12 September 2001 (2001-09-12) the whole document	1-20

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents :

- "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
- "&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

14 December 2005

Date of mailing of the international search report

29/12/2005

Name and mailing address of the ISA

European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2
NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk
Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,
Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

Anastassiades, G

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/EP2005/010510

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
EP 0840197	A	06-05-1998	CN 1181549 A DE 69733929 D1 JP 10143280 A US 5757616 A	13-05-1998 15-09-2005 29-05-1998 26-05-1998
EP 1156640	A	21-11-2001	AU 780348 B2 AU 4379301 A CN 1324170 A JP 3428564 B2 JP 2001326710 A US 2001044319 A1	17-03-2005 22-11-2001 28-11-2001 22-07-2003 22-11-2001 22-11-2001
US 5235532	A	10-08-1993	JP 4169920 A	17-06-1992
EP 1132803	A	12-09-2001	WO 0025195 A1 JP 2000132259 A US 2001014952 A1	04-05-2000 12-05-2000 16-08-2001