

E. L. BEVINGTON.
COLLAR.
APPLICATION FILED OCT. 26, 1908.

939,204.

Patented Nov. 9, 1909.

Fig 1.

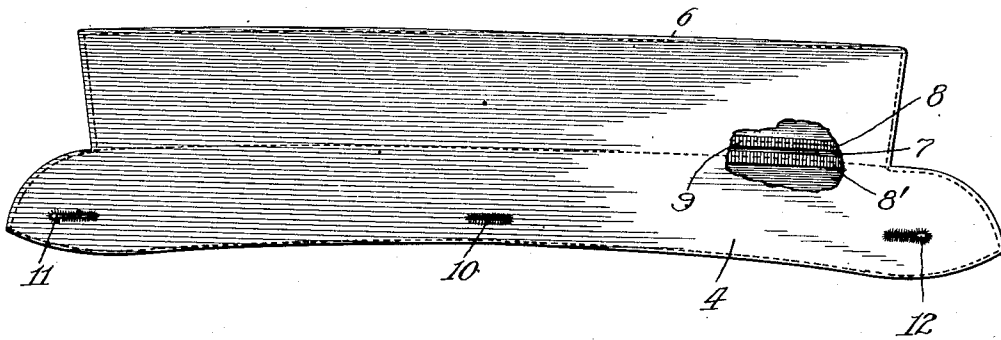


Fig 2.

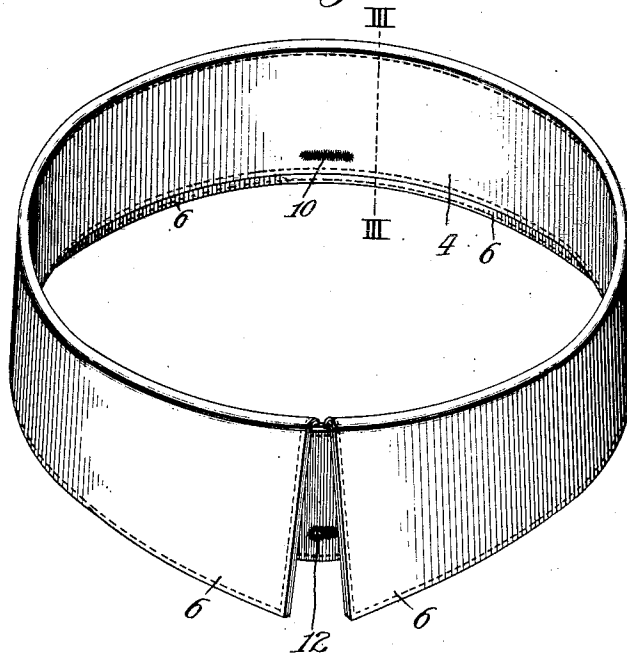
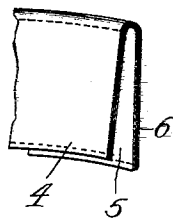


Fig 3.



Witnesses:
Geo. C. Davison
D. C. Williams

Inventor:
Edwin L. Bevington
By Symmes & Carpenter
Attys.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

EDWIN L. BEVINGTON, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

COLLAR.

939,204.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Nov. 9, 1909.

Application filed October 26, 1908. Serial No. 459,560.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, EDWIN L. BEVINGTON, a citizen of the United States, residing at Chicago, in the county of Cook and State of Illinois, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Collars, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to collars such as are usually detachably connected to a shirt, though collars embodying my improved construction may be applied permanently to a shirt with equal advantage, and relates particularly to the "high band fold" and to the "turned down" types of construction, wherein the cravat is adapted to be placed between the folds.

The principal objects of my invention are to provide a collar of the class described wherein a substantial saving of material and reduction of number of processes of manufacture, and a consequent lessening of expense may be attained, and collars thereby produced more economically; to provide a collar wherein the tendency to pinch the cravat between the folds is obviated; to provide a collar that is readily reversible and may be worn either side out to equal advantage, and thereby if desired not only reduce the amount of laundrying required, but also increase the life of the collar which is shortened by repeated laundrying, and by presenting two surfaces for wear enable the collar to be worn after one of the surfaces has become serrated or soiled; to provide a collar the inner fold of which will not buckle against the outer fold and thereby destroy the contour of the outer fold; to provide a collar made of a single piece of material throughout its entire width; to provide means for reinforcing the collar at the points normally receiving the most wear, and to insure that when folded such collar is folded on a curve or arc requisite to give the collar the proper contour; together with such other objects and advantages as will hereinafter appear and will be apparent to those skilled in the art to which my invention relates.

To accomplish the objects stated I have provided the construction illustrated in the accompanying drawings wherein—

Figure 1 is a view, partly in section, em-

bodying my improvements, taken before the collar is folded for use;

Figure 2 is a view of the collar folded and ready to wear and

Figure 3 is a section taken on the line III—III of Figure 2.

It will be noted that in constructing a collar containing my improvements I provide a sheet of material, 4, forming one entire face of the flat collar before folding and a second sheet of material, 5, forming the other entire flat face, though it will be apparent that if the contour of the faces, 4 and 5, permits I may make the entire superficial area of the collar of one piece of material by folding on the line 6. Between the surfaces or folds, 4 and 5, an interlining, 7, is inserted, if desired, in order to give the collar the required thickness or body.

Between the surfaces or folds, 4 and 5, or between one of them and the interlining, 7, if such be used, I insert narrow strips of material, 8 and 8', throughout the entire length of the collar, which material is inserted on a curved line, 9, the highest point of which is immediately above the button hole, 10, at the back of the neck, the ends of such line gradually approaching the button holes, 11 and 12, at the front of the collar, so that when the collar is folded such fold will take place between the strips, 8, 8', and the inner band of the collar will stand away from the outer portion as indicated in Figure 3 and leave room for the insertion of the cravat without pinching or buckling.

From an inspection of Figure 1 it will be apparent that when the collar is folded along the line, 9, it may be folded in either direction with equal facility and to equal advantage, and that when the surface, 4, is soiled or frayed the collar may be reversed and the surface, 5, used and the discomfort of soiled or frayed linen avoided. It will also be seen that the placing of the strips 8, 8' between the sheets 4 and 5 protects such strips from displacement and permits the collar to be readily ironed.

Having thus described my invention and illustrated its use, what I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent is the following:—

1. A fold over member of the character

described comprising a pair of continuous
opposing sheets folded over intermediate
their edges with a guide strip interposed be-
tween the sheets adjacent the line of folding
5 over but entirely at one side of such line of
folding over.

2. A fold over member of the character
described comprising a pair of continuous
opposing sheets folded over intermediate
10 their edges with a pair of guide strips in-

terposed between the sheets adjacent the
line of folding, one on either side of such
line.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto
signed my name in the presence of the two 15
subscribed witnesses.

EDWIN L. BEVINGTON.

Witnesses:

PAUL CARPENTER,
GEO. C. DAVISON.