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(54) Title: COATING OF POLY(ARYLENE SUI	LFIDE)	 ), FL	UOROPOLYMER AND ALUMINUM FLAKE		
(57) Abstract					
A coating composition of poly(arylene sulfic aqueous or organic, provides durable coatings espe	de), flue	orop usefi	olymer and aluminum flake, in a liquid carrier which is either ul in bakeware.		

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#### TITLE

Coating of Poly(arylene sulfide), Fluoropolymer and Aluminum Flake

# BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5 This invention relates to non-stick coating compositions particularly useful on cookware.

Poly(phenylene sulfide) resins are known for use in cookware coatings. Sometimes fluoropolymers and pigments, extenders or hardening agents such as titanium dioxide and aluminum dioxide are used. Although such coatings are useful on bakeware intended for use in an oven at lower and more uniform

generally not as hard nor as durable as desired

15 for top-of-range cookware and for electrical
appliances such as waffle irons.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

temperatures such as used in baking bread, they are

The present invention provides a coating composition comprising, in weight percentage ranges based on the solids content, about:

- (a) 95-35% poly(arylene sulfide) resin,
- (b) 5-55% fluoropolymer polymerized or copolymerized from monomers selected from one or more monoethylenically unsaturated hydrocarbon monomers and hydrocarbon ether monomers, said monomers being completely substituted with fluorine atoms or a
  - (c) 0.5-20% aluminum flake, and

combination of fluorine atoms and chlorine atoms,

- (d) 0-40% titanium dioxide pigment,
- 30 dispersed in liquid carrier.

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The liquid carrier can be aqueous or organic. The poly(arylene sulfide) resin is preferably poly(phenylene sulfide) resin. The fluoropolymer



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is preferably polytetrafluoroethylene, but it can also be a perfluorinated copolymer of hexafluoropropylene and tetrafluoroethylene or a copolymer of tetrafluoroethylene and hydrocarbon ether monomers which have been completely substituted with fluorine atoms.

The invention also comprises articles of cookware, such as bakeware, coated with such coating compositions and heated to remove the liquid carrier and more or less coalesce the coating.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION

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Applicant has discovered that aluminum flake can substantially increase the hardness at elevated temperatures of coating compositions of poly(arylene sulfide) resins and fluoropolymers, with optional titanium dioxide pigment. Such coating compositions have liquid carriers which are either aqueous or organic.

Applicable arylene sulfide polymers 20 include polymers of the type which are prepared as described in U.S. 3,354,129. As disclosed in this patent, these polymers can be prepared by reacting a polyhalo-substituted cyclic compound containing unsaturation between adjacent ring atoms 25 and an alkali metal sulfide in a polar organic compound. The resulting polymer contains the cyclic structure of the polyhalo-substituted compound coupled in repeating units through a sulfur atom. The polymers which are preferred for use in the coating procedure of this invention, because of their high thermal stability and availability of the materials from which they are prepared, are those polymers having the repeating unit -R-S- where R is phenylene, biphenylene, 35



naphthylene, biphenyl ether, or a lower alkylsubstituted derivative thereof. By "lower alkyl" is meant alkyl groups having 1 to 6 carbon atoms such as methyl, ethyl, propyl, isobutyl, hexyl,

- and the like. Preferably the arylene sulfide polymers have melting temperatures within the range of about 205-483°C. If desired, the arylene sulfide polymer can be lightly cured, i.e., the molecular weight of the polymer can be increased by cross-linking or
- 10 chain extension, e.g., by heating moderately, prior to application to the substrate.

A variety of fluoropolymers can be used, including those of U.S. Patent 4,123,401 and U.S. Patent application Serial No. 956,349, filed

- 15. October 31, 1978, equivalent to Patent Cooperation Treaty International Application US79/00807, filed October 1, 1979, designating Japan along with other countries. All of the patents and applications cited herein are hereby incorporated by reference.
- Preferably poly(phenylene sulfide) resin (PPS) is used in a weight ratio to fluoropolymer of about 80:20. Titanium dioxide pigment in an amount of about 15 parts by weight per 100 parts of poly(phenylene sulfide) resin plus fluoropolymer
- is helpful in further hardening the coating. The fluoropolymer is preferably either polytetra-fluoroethylene (PTFE) such as an irradiated micropowder, or a copolymer of about 80 weight percent tetrafluoroethylene and 20 weight percent
- 30 hexafluoropropylene (FEP).

Although various types of aluminum flake can be used in organic solvent, water tends to react with untreated aluminum flake, causing gassing.

Thus, for aqueous compositions, preferably the aluminum

35 flake has been reacted with phosphate ester or



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emulsified with fatty acid and neutralized to form a morpholine salt.

The invention will now be illustrated by examples. Parts, percentages and proportions herein are by weight except where indicated otherwise.

### Example 1

# Solvent-Based 66.6 PPS/17 FEP/ 12.75 TiO<sub>2</sub>/3.65 Al Flake

Prepare a premix by grinding in a pebble mill 10 for 48 hours or grinding in a Dyno-mill for 5 passes a blend of:

	"Ryton" V-I PPS resin from Phillips Petroleum Co.	22.16
	FEP powder from Du Pont	5.65
15	"Tipure R 900" TiO <sub>2</sub> pigment from Du Pont	4.24
	"Triton X-100" from Rohm & Haas (isooctylphenoxy-polyethoxyethanol)	6.14
	Channel black (carbon colorant)	2.00
20	Cobalt blue pigment	0.50
	Odorless kerosene	29.66
	Butylcellosolve	29.65
		100.00

This premix is then mixed in the following proportions:

	Premix	96.44
	Aluminum flake	1.78
30	"Solvesso 150" from Exxon fraction of petroleum distillate mainly aromatics	1.78
	•	100.00



The coating composition is applied to a substrate of any suitable material such as aluminum by suitable techniques such as spraying or roller coating. The coating is cured by heating 10 minutes at 400°C. This drives off the liquid carrier and coalesces into a desirable coating. Alternately, the coating can be cured at 370°C for 15 minutes, at 425°C for 5-7 minutes or under equivalent conditions.

#### Example 2

10	Aqueous 66.6 PPS/17 FEP/ 12.75 TiO <sub>2</sub> /3.65 Al Flake	
	Make a premix as in Example 1	from:
	"Ryton V-I" PPS resin	33.76
15	PTFE micropowder Du Pont "DLX 6000" or ICI "Fluon L170"	8.44
	Channel black (carbon colorant)	1.94
	"Tipure R 900"	6.33
	"Triton X-100"	4.94
20	Demineralized water	44.59
		100.00

This premix is then mixed in the following proportions:

	Premix	73.80	
25	Aluminum flake pigment paste XP24050 from Claremont Polychemical Co., Old Bethpag N.Y., U.S.A., premixed with	1.31 e,	
	<pre>demineralized water and "Triton X-100"</pre>	1.00	Premixed
30	Demineralized water	18.04	
	"Cemulsol ES" from Rhone- Poulenc condensation product of ethylene oxide and alkyl		
	phenol	5.54	
		100.00	



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These coating compositions are applied and cured as in Example 1.

### Comparative Test

Two coating compositions were prepared and applied as in Example 1, differing in that one contained the aluminum flake of Example 1 while the other did not. The hardness of the two coatings was compared at elevated temperatures by the Erichsen technique described, inter alia, in the article by Weinmann entitled "Ein neues Gerat zur Hartemessung von Antrichen und anderen Schutzüberzügen", published in Farbe und Lack, 68, No. 5, 323-326 (1962). The results in the following table demonstrate advantages of the invention.

15		Erichsen Ha	rdness (grams)
	Temperature (°C)	No Flake	With Flake
	100	600	2000
	130	400	2000
	150		2000
20	170	300	
	190	250	1400
	230	180	800
	260		500
	270	100	
25	280		250
	300	90	
	325		150
	390		100



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### CLAIMS

- 1. A coating composition comprising, in weight percentage ranges based on the solids content, about:
  - (a) 95-35% poly(arylene sulfide) resin,
- (b) 5-55% fluoropolymer polymerized or copolymerized from monomers selected from one or more monoethylenically unsaturated hydrocarbon monomers and hydrocarbon ether monomers, said monomers being completely substituted with fluorine atoms or a combination of fluorine atoms and chlorine atoms,
  - (c) 0.5-20% aluminum flake, and
  - (d) 0-40% titanium dioxide pigment, dispersed in liquid carrier.
- 2. The coating composition of Claim 1 wherein the poly(arylene sulfide) of (a) is poly(phenylene sulfide).
  - 3. The coating composition of Claim 2 wherein the liquid carrier is aqueous.
- 4. The coating composition of Claim 2 wherein the liquid carrier is organic.
  - 5. The coating composition of Claim 2 containing, by weight, about:
    - (a) 66.6% poly(phenylene sulfide) resin,
- 25 (b) 17% polytetrafluoroethylene,
  - (c) 3.65% aluminum flake, and
  - (d) 12.75% titanium dioxide pigment, dispersed in organic liquid carrier.
- 6. The coating composition of Claim 2 wherein the fluoropolymer of (b) is polytetrafluoroethylene.
- 7. The coating composition of Claim 2 wherein the fluoropolymer of (b) is a perfluorinated copolymer of hexafluoropropylene and tetrafluoro-ethylene.



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- 8. The coating composition of Claim 2 wherein the fluoropolymer of (b) is a copolymer of tetrafluoroethylene and hydrocarbon ether monomers which have been completely substituted with fluorine atoms.
- 9. An article of cookware having a substrate and a coating produced by applying a coating composition of Claim 1 to the substrate, and heating the coated substrate to remove the liquid carrier and coalesce the coating.



# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/US79/00985

I. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER (if several classification symbols apply, Indicate all) 3				
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both National Classification and IPC				
INTL. CL. CO8K 3/08 U.S. CL. 260/42.22				
II. FIELDS SEARCHED				
	entation Searched 4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Classification System	Classification Symbols			
U.S. 260/29.6F, 37M, 42.2 428/422	22, 42.27			
Documentation Searched other to the Extent that such Document	than Minimum Documentation s are Included in the Fields Searched <sup>5</sup>			
III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT 14				
Category * Citation of Document, 16 with indication, where app	propriate, of the relevant passages 17	Relevant to Claim No. 18		
A US,A, 3,622,376, PUBLISHED	23 NOVEMBER 1971, TIESZEN ET. AL.			
A US,A, 3,701,665, PUBLISHE	O 31 OCTOBER 1972, GRIMES ET. AL.			
X US,A, 3,993,843, PUBLISHED	O 23 NOVEMBER 1976, VASTA.	1-9		
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