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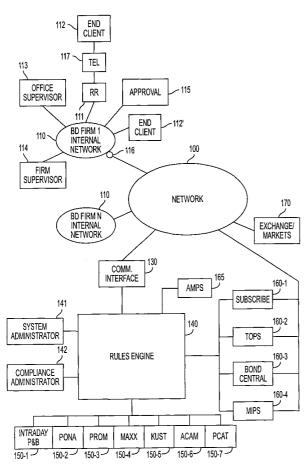
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[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: RULES BASED SECURITIES ORDER PROCESSING



(57) Abstract: Orders for execution of securities transactions and requests for asset movement are screened by a rules engine (140) with automatic approval. The rules engine (140) has rules which are user configurable. The rules provide different outcomes, to provide a user selectable scope of application and to provide user selectable parameters. A transaction is processed against the rule set applicable in order to increase scope. Rules applicable to the account level are processed before rules applicable to the registered representative (111), office, or firm (110).

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Rules Based Securities Order Processing

Cross Reference to Related Applications

This invention disclosed herein is related to and claims priority from copending U.S. Provisional Patent Application Serial No. 60/195,196 filed April 7, 2000 by inventors Syed K. Quraishi et al. and entitled RULES BASED ORDER PROCESSING, which is hereby incorporated herein in its entirety by reference.

Computer Program Listing Appendix

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A computer program listing Appendix is included on a CD-ROM, the contents of which, including several files, are hereby incorporated herein in their entirety.

Background of the Invention

Field of the Invention

The invention disclosed herein relates to computer systems and, more particularly, to rules-based systems for order execution and asset movement processing.

Description of Related Art

In the securities industry, the traditional approach to placing orders is for a customer to call his stock broker who, typically, is associated with a broker-dealer

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firm which has personnel or connections with personnel on the floors of various trading exchanges. The customer's order is reviewed by the registered representative with whom he works and a plurality of reviews take place within the registered representative's firm prior to forwarding the customer's order to a specialist on the floor of an appropriate exchange for execution.

Recently, a number of on-line trading companies have been formed which permit customers to utilize their personal computers to place orders for execution over a network, such as the internet.

In the field of artificial intelligence, rules based systems are known in which one or more conditions trigger a rule *resulting in a desired outcome for the condition(s) presented.

There are a number of problems associated with the techniques of the prior art. First, the regulatory environment of securities trading is extremely complex and changes rapidly. Different security firms have different environments and different policies for implementing compliance with regulatory requirements. When market conditions are good, hiring of registered representatives occurs rapidly creating an immediate training problem. When market conditions are bad, downsizing results in reallocation of responsibilities which may also require new training for particular individuals who survive the downsizing. As in any environment in which large amounts of money are involved, there is always a potential for fraud.

Brief Summary of the Invention

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The problems of the prior art are overcome, in accordance with the invention, by providing techniques for automating the handling process for customer orders and asset movement requests, especially in the securities industry.

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This is accomplished, in accordance with the invention, by providing a rules engine which is designed and configured (1) to prevent problems in the order handling, approval and execution processes, (2) to ensure compliance with regulatory requirements, (3) to enforce diverse policies for different broker-dealer firms using the rules engine and to allow broker-dealer firms to flexibly tailor, in real time, their own policies appropriate to various levels of administrative hierarchy within the firm.

The foregoing and other features, aspects and advantages of the present invention will become more apparent from the following detailed description of the present invention when taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

Brief Description of the Drawings

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The object, features and advantages of the system of the present invention will be apparent from the following descriptions, in which:

Figure 1 is a diagram of an order management system in accordance with one aspect of the invention.

Figure 2 is a diagram of a rules engine in accordance with one aspect of the invention.

Figures 3A and 3B describe exemplary rule formats in accordance with one aspect of the invention.

Figure 4 is a flow chart of a process for setting up the rules engine of Figure 2 in accordance with one aspect of the invention.

Figure 5 is a flow chart of a rules assignment update process.

Figure 6 is an exemplary rules assignment definition screen.

Figure 7 is an exemplary rule code definition screen.

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Figure 8 is an exemplary parameter screen for rules generated by the screen shown in Figure 7.

Figure 9 is a flow chart of an exemplary process for rule processing in accordance with one aspect of the invention.

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Detailed Description of the Invention

Figure 1 is a diagram of an order approval system in accordance with one aspect of the invention. A network 100 interconnects a plurality of broker-dealer firm internal networks 110 with rules engine 140 over communications interface 130. The rules engine 140, in this example, services a plurality of different firms each with their own diverse policies and culture. A typical broker-dealer firm has a plurality of registered representatives 111 which communicate with customers 112. In some circumstances, assistants to the registered representative or support desks will be accessing the broker-dealer network to assist in placement of orders or asset movement requests from customers.

A broker-dealer firm may have a plurality of offices, each with an office supervisor 113. At the firm level, there might also be supervisory personnel 114 responsible for all offices. Typically, when firm policy dictates, certain transactions will be forwarded to an approval desk 115 for approval prior to being forwarded to a specialist on the floor of an exchange for execution.

The internal network 110 associated with a broker-dealer firm has a gateway 116 which serves as an interface to the larger network 100. Rules engine 140 may operate in a service bureau model to service a plurality of broker-dealer firms or, alternatively, the rules engine 140 can be operated internally within a single broker-dealer firm for automating the processing of orders within that firm.

Typically, the rules engine 140 will have a systems administrator 141 which will have total access to all security levels of the rules engine system. A compliance administrator 142 may service all broker-dealer firms or,

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alternatively, each broker-dealer firm may have an individual compliance administrator.

A plurality of databases, 150-1, 150-2, 150-3, 150-4, 150-5, 150-6 and 150-7 in this example, provide information utilized by the rules engine in carrying out order or asset management automation. The intra-day PNB database 150-1 maintains position and balance information, such as account activity occurring during a trading day, so that current information is always available to the rules engine. The PONA database 150-2 is an on-line database of names and addresses of account holders. The PROM database 150-3 is a market product master database which maintains up to date information on each security that might be subject to an order submitted to the rules engine 140 or a trade approved by the rules engine. It obtains current information over the network 100 on an ongoing basis. The MAXX database 150-4 is a position and balance database which is updated at the end of each trading day. The KUST database 150-5, is a documentation database indicating whether certain forms are on file for a particular customer. An example of such forms would be a margin agreement signed by the customer. If such an agreement were in the files, the KUST database would reflect this fact. The ACAM database 150-6 is a reference to the cash available in a particular customer's account. The PCAT reference database contains indications that an account is in a mode of transfer between brokerdealers.

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A number of order execution processes 160, are available to receive approved orders for transactions in respective types of securities from the rules engine 140. The SUBSCRIBE order execution system 160-1 handles transactions in annuities. The TOPS order execution system 160-2 handles approved orders for equities and options and may execute transactions on a plurality of exchanges, 170. The MIPS order execution and processing system 160-4 handles mutual funds transactions. The AMPS process 165 carries out transfers of funds from one account to another in response to a request from a broker-dealer firm.

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Following an exemplary order, end client 112 would telephone his registered representative 111 using an available telephone system 117 and place an order. The registered representative is associated with a Broker-Dealer firm #1 (110) which forwards the order over network 100 and through communications interface 130 to rules engine 140 for validation. The validation process is described more in detail hereinafter. Using information from the databases 150, the rules engine will take the actions described hereinafter. One of those actions may be automatic approval of an order for processing by sending to an exchange or market for execution. If that is the case, the rules engine forwards the order to a selected one of the order execution process 160 to be forwarded over the network 100 to an exchange or a market 170 for execution. The results of the execution are returned and incorporated into the databases. The end client may be an individual or an institution. Some end clients 112' may connect directly or indirectly to the broker-dealer network without going through a registered representative.

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An end client 112 or 112' may have serveral accounts and may, on occasion, request a transfer of assets from one account to another. The request is forwarded to the rules engine 140 and, if the request is approved after being subjected to rules analysis, the transfer will be carried out using AMPS process 165.

The rules engine may also service clients 120 which may be an individual or an institution.

Figure 2 is a diagram of a rules engine in accordance with one aspect of the invention. Rules storage 200 is an area of memory where the individual rules are stored for use in evaluation of submitted orders and other transaction requests. Any change to the rules in recorded in a logging process 210. The logging process permits a variety of reports to be generated and permits restoration of a database which has failed or become corrupted based on a previous backup of the rules from rule storage.

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A rules management process 220, described more hereinafter, enables rules to be created and modified on a real-time basis, and viewed by authorized users interacting with the rules engine, typically over a communications interface. Order/transaction processing 230 permits orders or transactions received over the communications interface 240 to be subjected to application of the rules that relate to accounts, registered representatives, offices and the broker-dealer firm from which the order originates.

The rules engine selectively produces the following audit reports.

A rules assignment report lists the rules assigned or unassigned at each applicable level of the correspondent broker-dealer firm. The levels include account, investment professional (registered representative) office and firm. It lists any changes made to the rules engine assignment for the broke-dealer firm as well as the personal identification of the individual who made the change.

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A rules log file lists any changes made with reference to the rules assignment. The report reflects the level of assignment before and after the change as well as the personal identification of the individual who made the change and when the change was made.

A daily order log documents an audit trail for orders that are approved by the rules engine, as well as those orders that have not been approved. This reports details the funds available in the client's account at the time an order was placed if it is an opening transaction and details the available position if it is the closing transaction.

An order processing and execution log details pertinent information for orders processed by the rules engine that were sent to a particular order and execution unit 160 for execution. This log details whether the rules engine automatically approves the order. It also details whether the order required additional approval because it failed one or more rules, and lists the rules that may have been violated as well. If the order is manually approved, the report will indicate the user ID of the individual who approved the order.

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Figures 3A and 3B describe exemplary rule formats in accordance with one aspect of the invention. Figure 3A illustrates an example of a rule which stops an order for an account that has been closed. This example shows the number of the rule, the type of the rule, the possible levels at which the rule can be applied, and the possible outcomes that are available to the rule. Other fields are typically used with the rule. This rule is very simplistic and does not have the flexibility that the rule shown in Figure 3B has.

The rule shown in Figure 3B is a rule which indicates that an order has been placed which exceeds the credit limit parameter set by the particular broker-dealer firm. It, too, shows a rule number (1141) a rule type but here, four possible levels for application of the rule can be set. A particular level reflects a varying scope of application from the very narrow account level to the broadest application of the rule, namely the firm level. In addition to being able to specify a scope of application for this exemplary rule 1141, it is also possible to selectively change the outcome associated with the rule by selecting one or more possible outcomes shown here. In some embodiments, the acceptance outcome is a default that occurs when no active rules are violated.

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As noted above, the scope of a particular rule can be set to be applicable only to a particular account, to a particular registered representative, to a particular office of a broker-dealer firm or to the broker-dealer firm itself. That is, for a particular level, the scope of the rule would be applied to all transactions, originating from that account, registered representative, office or firm, depending upon the scope selected.

It is convenient to group sets of rules into distinct categories. Examples of such categories include account status, account restriction, documentation, factor, margin, options, order size, position and balances, registration, retirement, stockwatch, trade restriction, security restriction and suitability.

The application of a particular rule, such as shown in Figure 3B, can have outcomes specified by a user. In this example, possible outcomes include stop,

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send to approval queue, provide warning message, and accept. For example, as discussed in conjunction with Figure 3A, an order based on a closed account should be stopped. If one were to hire a new registered representative, one might want to review all of his orders by having them sent to an approval queue in advance. Such a rule could be set to have that outcome and would preferably be set at the registered representative level. As another example, if a particular account were to place an order and the resources of that account have been exhausted, a warning message might be appropriate based on a particular parameter provided for that account. This outcome would be, in this example, applied at the account level. Finally, if all rules applicable to a particular order or transaction are satisfied with no reservations, the transaction would be accepted and processed for execution.

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Considering parameters, examples of parameters that might be associated with a particular rule would be a trading limit by either dollar amount as a parameter or a quantity of securities purchased as a parameter. Similarly, an order for purchase of securities might be checked against the firm's watch list to see if a warning message should be posted. As another example, there might be a dollar limit for the purchase of low-priced securities. Each of these parameters can be associated with a particular rule at any particular level.

A complete set of rules, as currently implemented, are contained in the CD-ROM attached as Appendix A to this specification.

A worksheet may be conveniently used for a particular scope (account, registered rep, office or firm) listing each of the rules with number, rule name, comments, rule type (optional or mandatory), default outcome and check boxes for permitted outcomes and blanks for entry of parameters, to assist broker-dealers in setting up the rules.

The rule management process 220 will now be addressed in more detail. The normal security measures associated with any computer system are available. Access partitions are enforced so that one broker-dealer firm cannot access the

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information from another. Within a broker-dealer firm, access is limited by user ID to those functions that are appropriate to that user. When a new broker-dealer firm is brought into the system, a number of steps occur.

Figure 4 is a flow chart of a process for setting up the rules engine of Figure 2 in accordance with one aspect of the invention. For each broker-dealer (400), one determines what users will have access to the ability to activate and inactivate the rules (410) at particular levels. One also determines the users who will be responsible for approving orders (420). A particular user, authorized by the corresponding broker-dealer firm, sets up the desired rules for the firm/office/registered reps/accounts (450). Optionally, one may invoke Rule 9000 for a particular period of time which directs all orders and transactions to the approval desk of the new broker-dealer firm to ensure that the system is operating as intended.

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Figure 5 is a flow chart of a rules assignment update process. In this process, a user logs in with user ID and password (500). Typically, this user will be a compliance manager for a correspondent broker-dealer firm. The user selects a particular level (510) at which rules are to be set. A check is made to determine whether or not the user is authorized to set rules at that level (520). If the user is not (520-N), a message is displayed indicating the user is not authorized access at that level and the process returns to before step 510. If the level is appropriate for that user (520-Y), the user invokes the assignment update function (530). A list of all rules applicable for the selected level are displayed for editing (540). A user selects a particular rule and edits it (550). If the user desires to edit more rules (560-Y), the user proceeds to do that (550). If the user is done editing rules (560-N), the changes are saved to the rules (570), the rules become immediately operational and the process exits.

Exemplary edits that a user might apply to a rules set would be to enable the rule by entering an indicator such as "Y" within the assigned field of the field or to disable a rule by entering "N" in that field. In addition, one can set rule

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parameters or edit them and one may set or edit the outcomes of a particular rule. A parameter field receives the indication "Y" for example, when parameters are to be associated with a particular rule that permits a drop down screen to be activated which will enable entry of the parameters associated with determining a rule is satisfied or violated. Parameters can be edited, if the parameters where previously established using the same drop down screen.

Although not all users are authorized to make changes to rules, a read only version of the rules assignment update process shown in Figure 5, called a rules assignment list function, is similar but lacks the capability to update the rules.

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Figure 6 is an exemplary rules assignment definition screen. In the particular screen, in the fields labeled "ACT" (i.e. activated), the character "P" indicates that this is a mandatory system wide rule which cannot be modified without global system administrator privileges. The character "Y" indicates that it is an optional rule which has been activated. If a rule is inherited, such as when one is viewing rule assignment definitions for a particular registered representative and a firm wide rule is in effect, the inherited field will be labeled "Y" by virtue of having been activated at a higher level. An entry "N" would indicate that the corresponding inherited rule is not active at that level. The outcome field has been discussed previously. The rule number and the rule description have been discussed previously, the field " PARM IND" indicates whether or not parameters are associated with the rule.

Rules may also be set on an exception basis. For example, if one wanted to impose a rule on all registered representatives in a particular broker-dealer firm, one could impose the rule, excepting out any one or more particular registered representative from application of the rule.

It may be desirable to have separate system administrators for each broker-dealer firm with reduced security access over that which would be held by a global system administrator.

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Figure 7 is an exemplary rule code definition screen. If one desires to define a new rule for the system, and assuming one is authorized to activate new rules, such as a system administrator, one would utilize this screen to activate the particular rule and set any applicable parameters.

Figure 8 is an exemplary parameter screen for a rule generated by the screen shown in Figure 6. If the new rule has an indication that parameters are available (PARM IND = Y), the screen of Figure 8 drops down to allow the particular parameters to be populated or edited.

Figure 9 is a flow chart of an exemplary process for rule processing in accordance with one aspect of the invention. Orders are received from one or more front end systems and are checked for basic format (900). A check is made to see if customized rule settings are in effect for the corresponding broker-dealer firm (905). If they are (905-Y), the rules engine would check the account level rules or the account range to see if the account level rules are satisfied (910). Then it checks rules associated with the registered representative (915), rules for the particular office from which the order originates (970) and the firm level rules (including system level rules and compliance rules) applicable to the brokerdealer firm (930). Once all of the outcomes from all of the checks (910-930) are determined, the outcomes are reviewed to determine the appropriate action to be taken (960). If the outcome is stop (960-stop), the order is rejected (965) upfront with the applicable message(s) for the rule(s) violated. If the outcome is warning (960-warning), the order is sent to the appropriate order execution process and a message is sent to the broker-dealer firm with the warning. If the outcome is approval (960-approval), the order is sent to the corresponding broker-dealer firm for approval along with a message as to the specific rules violated. If it is approved (970-Y) by the broker-dealer firm, the order is forwarded to the appropriate order execution process for fulfillment (980). If the order does not come back approved from the broker-dealer firm, it is assumed that the order was

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rejected by the broker-dealer firm. If the outcome is approved (960-approved), the order is passed to the appropriate order execution process (980).

In some embodiments, the AMPS system 165 operates slightly differently. Since the broker-dealer may not be the custodian of the funds, the request to transfer funds is either stopped upfront or sent to a designated person at the custodian of the funds for approval, rather than sent for approval to the broker-dealer firm from which the request to transfer funds originates.

The broker-dealer firms have the ability to customize the messages returned in response to a rules violation to suit their particular preferences.

Although the present invention has been described and illustrated in detail, it is clearly understood that the same is by way of illustration and example only and is not to be taken by way of limitation.

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What is Claimed Is:

- 1. A rules engine, comprising:
- a. an input circuit for receiving at least one transaction;
- b. a storage medium having rules stored thereon, at least one rule having a plurality of outcomes appropriate to a transaction capable of being selected by a user.
- 2. The rules engine of claim 1, in which one outcome of said plurality of outcomes includes providing warning information to a user.
- 3. The rules engine of claim 1, in which one outcome of said plurality of outcomes includes prohibiting execution of an order requested by said transaction.
- 4. The rules engine of claim 1, in which one outcome of said plurality of outcomes includes forwarding the at least one transaction to a user for approval.
- 5. The rules engine of claim 1, in which one outcome of said plurality of outcomes includes automatic approval of an order submitted with said transaction.
 - 6. A rules engine, comprising:

- a. an input circuit for receiving at least one transaction; and
- b. a storage medium having rules stored thereon, at least one rule having a scope of application which can be selectively set by a user.
- 7. The rules engine of claim 6, in which the scope of application is capable of being set to the account level.
- 8. The rules engine of claim 6, in which the scope of application is capable of being set to the registered representative level.

- 9. The rules engine of claim 6, in which the scope of application is capable of being set to the office level.
- 10. The rules engine of claim 6, in which the scope of application is capable of being set to the firm level.
- 11. The rules engine of claim 6, in which the scope of application is capable of being set to the global level.
- 12. The rules engine of claim 6, in which a rule is accompanied by a message to be sent when a rule is violated.
- 13. The rules engine of claim 12, in which the text of said message can be changed by an user for a selected level.
 - 14. A rules engine, comprising:
 - a. an input circuit for receiving at least one transaction;
- b. storage medium having rules stored thereon, at least one rule having parameters which can be selectively set by a user.
 - 15. A method for processing a transaction comprising the step of checking the transaction by applying rules in order of increasing scope.
 - 16. The method of claim 13, in which the rules are applied by first applying rules at the account lever, then rules at the registered representative level, then rules at the office level, then rules at the firm level and then rules at the global level.
 - 17. The method of claim 13, in which the rules include compliance rules.

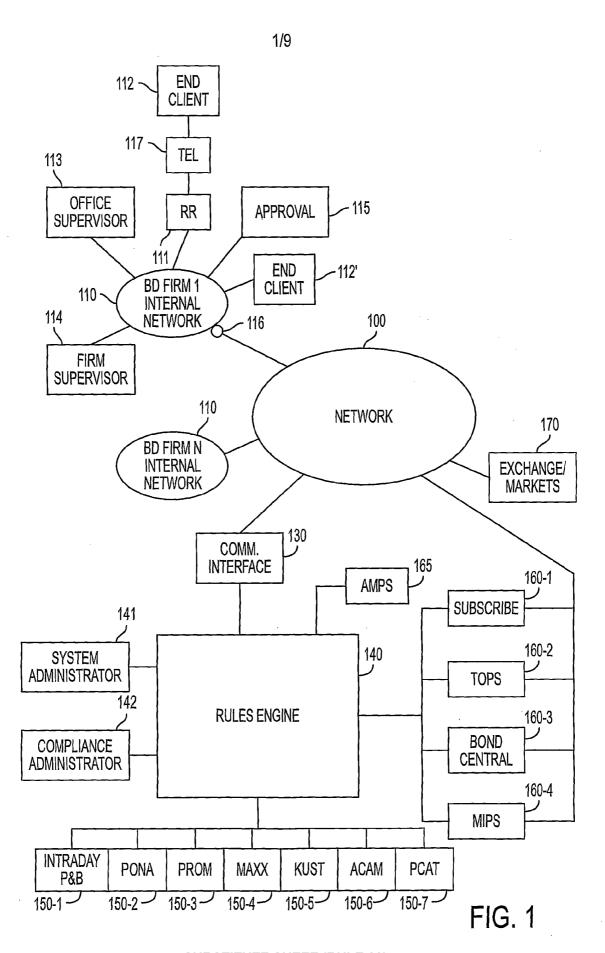
- 18. Apparatus comprising:
- a. a client process for generating and sending a transaction containing an order for execution;
- b. a rules engine for receiving said transaction from said client process and applying at least one user configurable rules to said transaction; and
- c. at least one execution process for receiving said order from said rules engine and for executing the order, when the application of rules by said rules engine results in an approved outcome.
- 19. The apparatus of claim 18, in which said at least one user configurable rule comprises at least one rule with user configurable outcomes.
- 20. The apparatus of claim 19, in which the user configurable outcomes are selected from a group comprising:
 - (1) forwarding the order to a process for execution,
 - (2) forwarding the order to a user for approval,
 - (3) providing a warning to a user about the order, and
 - (4) rejecting the order.
- 21. The apparatus of claim 20, in which forwarding the order to a process for execution includes forwarding the order to a selectable one of
 - (1) a process for executing stock or option trades,
 - (2) a process for executing mutual fund trades, and
 - (3) a process for executing trades in fixed income instruments.
- 22. The apparatus of claim 18, in which said at least one user configurable rule comprises at least one rule with user configurable scope of application.

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23. The apparatus of claim 18, in which said at least one user configurable rule comprises at least one rule with user configurable parameters.

24. Apparatus comprising:

- a. a client process for generating and sending a transaction containing an request to transfer assets between accounts;
- b. a rules engine for receiving said transaction from said client process and applying at least one user configurable rule to said transaction; and
- c. at least one execution process for receiving said request from said rules engine and for transferring assets as requested, when application of rules by said rules engine results in an approved outcome.
- 25. The apparatus of claim 24, in which said at least one user configurable rule comprises at least one rule with user configurable scope of application.
- 26. The apparatus of claim 24, in which said at least one user configurable rule comprises at least one rule with user configurable parameters.



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

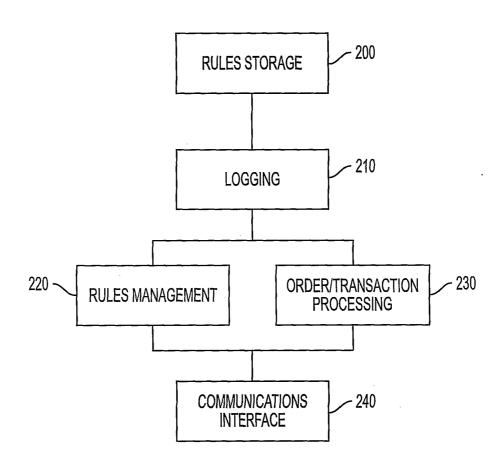


FIG. 2

EXAMPLE:			
NUMBER	TYPE	POSSIBLE LEVEL(S)	POSSIBLE OUTCOME(S)
1011	MANDATORY	FIRM	STOP

THIS RULE STOPS AN ORDER FOR AN ACCOUNT THAT IS CLOSED.

FIG. 3A

	POSSIBLE OUTCOME(S)	STOP	APPROVAL	WARNING	ACCEPTANCE
	POSSIBLE LEVEL(S)	FIRM	OFFICE	INVESTMENT PROFESSIONAL	ACCOUNT
	TYPE	OPTIONAL			
EXAMPLE:	NUMBER	1141			

THIS RULE INDICATES THAT AN ORDER HAS BEEN PLACED WHICH EXCEEDS A CREDIT LIMIT PARAMETER

FIG. 3B

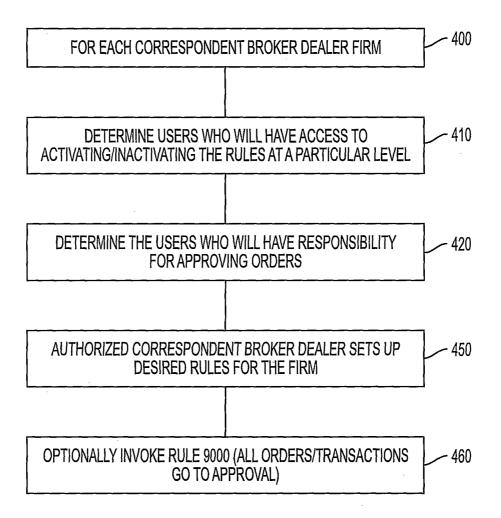


FIG. 4

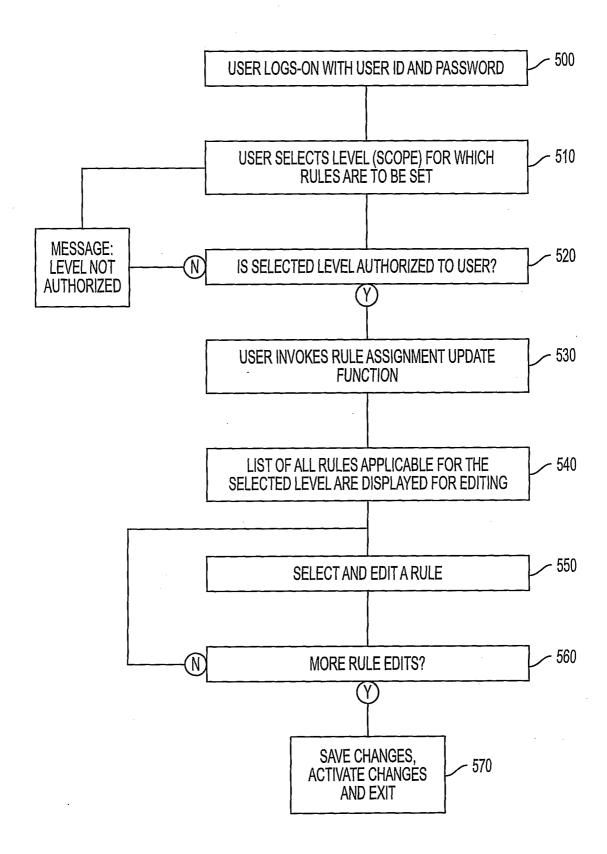


FIG. 5

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

G8E6	 	RULES	ASSIGN	MENT DEFINITION	01/29/99 10:21
FUNCTIO	N: RAMN C	ORR: 4	VC	ACCOUNT: DATA:	NEXT:
MORE PA	AGES AVAILAE	BLE			
RR: _					<u>PAGE 1 OF 2</u>
ACT	INHERITED RULE	OUT COME	RULE CODE	RULE DESCRIPTION	PARM GROUP IND ID
P	P	S	1011	ACCOUNT CLOSE CHECK	
P	Р	S	1012	ACCOUNT TRANSFER CHECK	
P	Р	S	1013	ACCOUNT PENDING CLOSE	
P	Р	Α	1014	OPTION EXPIRATION	
Р	Р	Α	1017	ADOPION AGREEMENT	
P	Р	S	1018	MARGIN ORDER IN RETIREM	
P	P	S	1019	SHORT SALE IN RETIREMEN	
Р	Р	Α	1052	OPTION PAPARS OF FILE	
Y		Α	1080	EQUITY SELL	•
Y		Α	1081	EQUITY BUY TO COVER RUL	
Y		Α	1082	SELL TO CLOSE RULE	
Y		Α	1083	SELL TO OPEN RULE	
Y		Α	1084	BUY TO CLOSE RULE	
		Α	1085	EQUITY SHORT SALE	
P	P	Α	1101	MARGIN PAPERS	
1=HELP 3	=PREV 4=SA	VE 5=C	ANCEL	7=BACK 8=NEXT 9=RULE COD	E 10=RULE PARM 12=MENU

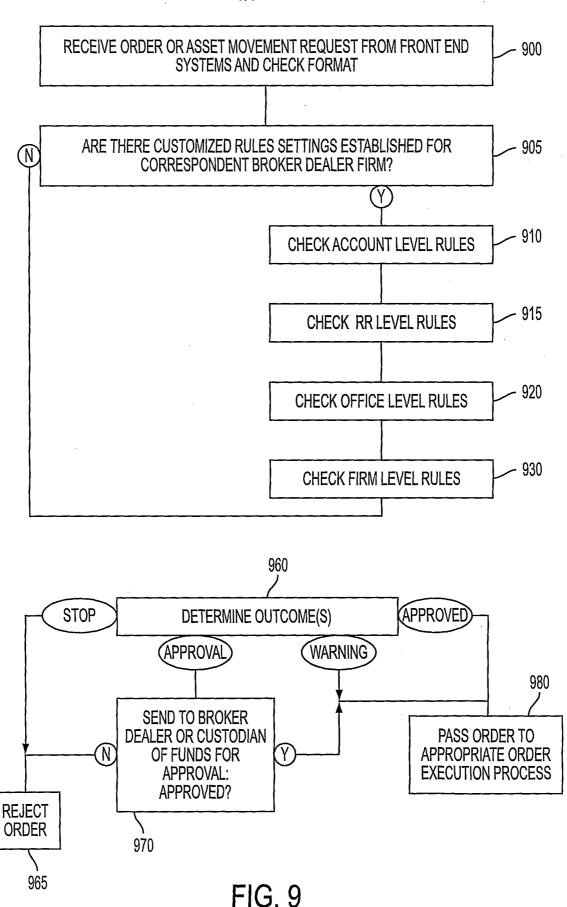
FIG. 6

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FIG. 7

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FIG. 8



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Intern 1 application No.

PCT/US01/11179

			C1/0301/111/9				
A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER							
IPC(6) : G06F 17/60							
US CL: 705/37							
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC							
B. FIELDS SEARCHED							
	Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)						
U.S.: 70	05/37, 36, 35						
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched							
BARRON'S DICTIONARY OF FINANCE AND INVESTMENT TERMS							
The state of the intermedianal second (name of data base and where practicable search terms used)							
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)							
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	JMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			D-1t			
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where ap	propriate, of the relevan	nt passages	Relevant to claim No.			
X	US 5,101,353 A (LUPIEN et al.) 31 March 1992 (3			1-26			
X	US 5,819,238 A (FERNHOLZ) 06 October 1998, (1	1-26			
Y	STAMAS, V. Brokers May Face Mandatory Job Sk	ills Training Public Fi	nance Watch	1-26			
	20 September 1993, Vol. 7, No. 35, Page 9, see ent			1.06			
Y	MICHAELS, J. Buy Side Champions Alternative Trading Systems Wall Street & 1-26						
	Technology June 1993, Vol. 10, No. 11, pages 38-48, see entire document.						
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Further	documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.	See patent fa	mily annex.				
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"A" document	defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be		conflict with the applic ory underlying the inve	eation but cited to understand the ention			
	lar relevance	• •					
"F" earlier an	plication or patent published on or after the international filing date	"X" document of pa considered nove	document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive s				
	when the document is taken alone						
	establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be specified) considered to involve an inventive step when the document is						
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		"&" document mem	ber of the same patent	family			
	t published prior to the international filing date but later than the late claimed	& document mem	bet of the same patent	lanny			
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