March 4, 1930. G. WORDINGHAM 1,749,238

GARMENT HANGER COVER

Filed Nov. 7, 1928

Fig. 1.

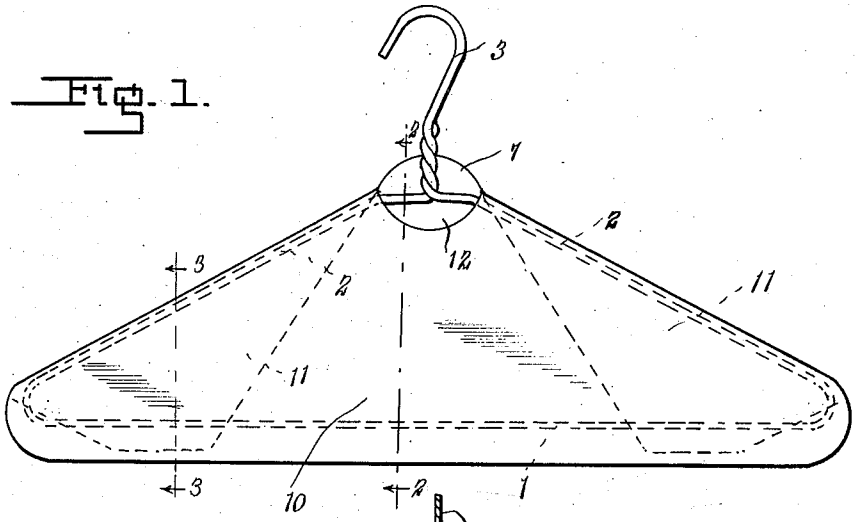


Fig. 2.

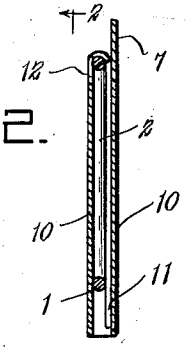


Fig. 3.

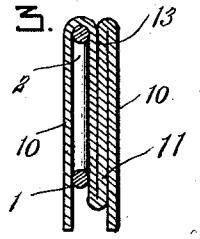
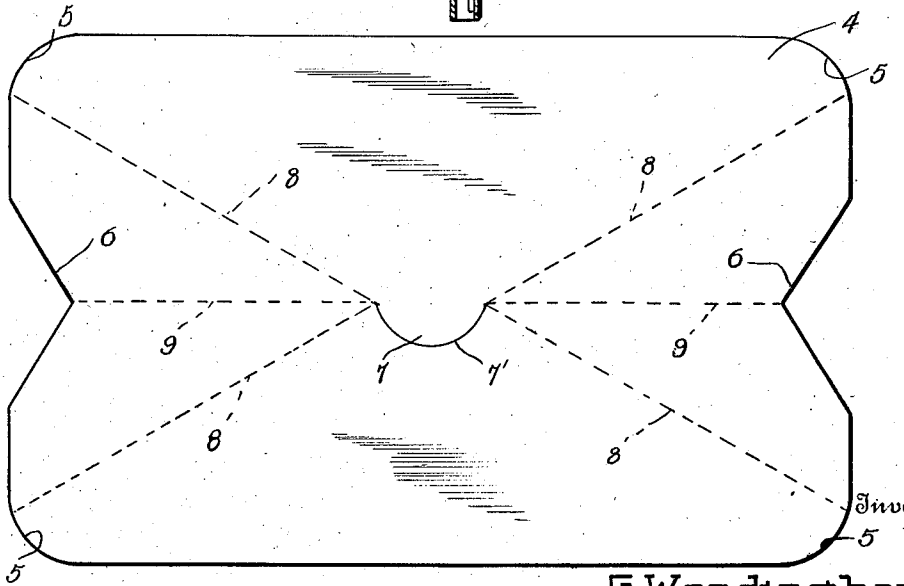


Fig. 4.



Inventor

G. Wordingham

By Lacey & Lacey Attorneys

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

GEORGE WORDINGHAM, OF MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN

GARMENT-HANGER COVER

Application filed November 7, 1928. Serial No. 317,798.

This invention relates to apparel apparatus and more particularly to a cover adapted to be applied to a garment hanger by means of which coats and dresses are hung from an overhead support.

One object of the invention is to provide a cover which may be easily applied to a garment hanger and prevent a garment from being soiled by rust or dirt which may have accumulated upon the hanger.

Another object of the invention is to provide a garment hanger cover formed from a substantially rectangular blank folded to conform to the shape of the garment hanger and of such shape that it will remain in its proper position when in use and be prevented from slipping out of engagement with the garment hanger.

Another object of the invention is to prevent a garment being damaged by engagement with the suspending hook of a hanger.

Another object of the invention is to provide a cover consisting of a single sheet of material which may be cut from a large sheet with a minimum loss of material.

The invention is illustrated in the accompanying drawing, wherein

Figure 1 is a view in elevation showing the improved cover applied to a garment hanger,

Fig. 2 is a transverse sectional view through the cover and hanger taken on the line 2—2 of Fig. 1,

Fig. 3 is a sectional view taken on the line 3—3 of Fig. 1, and

Fig. 4 is a view of the blank from which the cover is formed.

The improved cover has been shown applied to a garment hanger of a conventional construction and is so shaped that it will fit properly upon the hanger and entirely cover the same with the exception of the hook by means of which the hanger is to be suspended from an overhead support. This hanger includes a stretcher bar 1 from the ends of which extend arms 2 which converge upwardly and are joined above the center of the stretcher bar 1. The hook 3 projects upwardly from the joined ends of the bars 2 and preferably extends longitudinally of the hanger. It is to be understood that the cover may be applied to hangers having constructions specifically different from the one to which it has been shown applied.

The cover is formed from a blank, such as shown in Fig. 4. This blank which is cut from paper or any other suitable material which may be easily folded is indicated in general by the numeral 4 and by referring to Fig. 4 it will be seen that the blank is substantially rectangular in shape but is formed with rounded corners 5 and at its ends the blank is cut to define recesses 6 which are V-shaped and taper inwardly with their inner ends terminating at opposite ends of a tongue 7 formed by cutting an arcuate slit 7′ longitudinally of the blank intermediate its length. Dotted lines 8 and 9 are provided upon the blank with the lines 9 extending between the ends of the tongue 7 and the inner ends of the recesses 6 and the lines 8 diverging from the ends of the tongue and terminating at the ends of the blank close to the rounded corners thereof. These lines 8 and 9 are folding lines and when the blank is folded along these lines it will assume the shape shown in Fig. 1. By referring to this figure and to Figs. 2 and 3, it will be seen that, when the blank is folded, it forms a substantially triangular cover having side walls 10 connected at their ends by tongues 11 which increase in depth from an opening 12 in its apex towards the ends of the cover. Mucilage or any other suitable adhesive is applied to the tongues adjacent the lines 8, as shown at 13, and serves to retain the tongues in the folded position, as shown in Fig. 3. It will thus be seen that, when the blank is folded, a cover will be formed having continuous walls joined at their ends by inwardly extending tongues. Therefore, the cover will be retained in its folded condition and will conform to the contour of the garment hanger to which it is to be applied and even if it should not be properly glued it will be prevented from slipping off the hanger. When the cover is applied to the garment hanger, the hook projects upwardly through the opening 12 and the cover is disposed in enveloping relation about the garment hanger with the tongue 7 extending upwardly against the shank of the

hook. Therefore, if a coat hung upon the hanger should be slightly damp, there will be no danger of the lining becoming stained by rust. Also there will be no danger of a light dress becoming stained or soiled by contact with the hanger. The garment will not only be prevented from resting directly upon the hanger but will also be prevented from contacting with the hook. The folded flaps serve to reinforce the end portions of the cover and prevent it from being easily torn when a coat or dress is applied to the hanger. The tongue 7 not only forms a shield for the hook but also serves as a tab by means of which the cover may be held while being applied to the hanger.

Having thus described the invention, I claim:

1. A garment hanger cover comprising a sheet having an opening formed therein and having portions between the opening and ends of the sheet crimped longitudinally to form tongues extending inwardly and increasing in depth towards their outer ends to provide the cover with tapered end portions, the walls of the tongues being secured together.

2. A garment hanger cover comprising a sheet having an opening formed therein intermediate its ends and front and rear edges and having portions between the opening and ends of the sheet crimped longitudinally to form tongues extending downwardly between front and rear portions of the sheet and transforming the sheet into a cover open at its bottom and having front and rear walls between which said tongues are disposed to connect the walls.

3. A garment hanger cover comprising a sheet having an opening intermediate its length and width and formed with portions between the opening and ends of the sheet crimped longitudinally to form tongues extending downwardly between front and rear portions of the sheet and increasing in depth towards their outer ends and converting the sheet into a cover having substantially triangular front and rear walls joined by intermediate tongues, the cover being open at its bottom and having an opening at its top between the tongues.

4. A garment hanger cover comprising a body substantially triangular in shape and open at its bottom and formed with an opening at its apex whereby the cover may be disposed in covering relation to a hanger with a suspending element of the hanger projecting upwardly through the opening in the cover, the said cover having front and rear walls each having a lower edge and converging upper edges, and tongues between said walls depending from the upper edges thereof and joined to the walls along their upper edges to connect the walls.

5. A garment hanger cover formed from a sheet of material formed with a slit intermediate its length and width defining an unbroken tongue, said sheet being crimped inwardly along lines between the slit and opposed edges of the sheet to form a body open at its bottom having triangular front and rear walls and having an opening in one wall at its apex and the tongue extending upwardly from its other wall along the opening for the full width of the opening.

6. A garment hanger cover formed from a sheet of material formed intermediate its length and width with a slit defining an unbroken tongue disposed entirely to one side of a line intersecting the ends of the slit, said sheet being folded between ends of the slit and opposed edges of the sheet to form a body open at its bottom and having an opening at its top with the tongue extending upwardly along one side of the opening for the full width of the opening.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature.

GEORGE WORDINGHAM. [L. S.]