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(54) **LED LAMP**

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

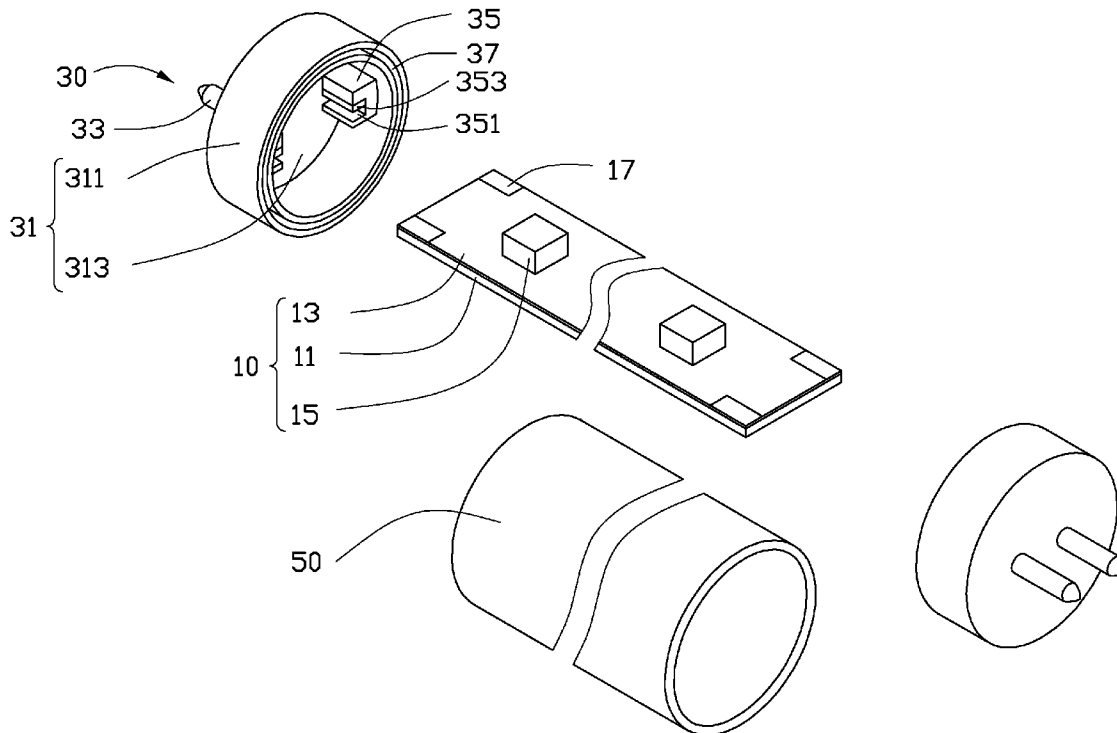
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An LED lamp includes an envelope, two covers, a mounting board and a plurality of LEDs. The covers engages with opposite ends of the envelope. Each of the covers has an electrically conductive part. The mounting board is received in the envelope. Two ends of the mounting board electrically connect with the electrically conductive parts of the two covers, respectively. The LEDs are disposed on the mounting board and received in the envelope.

(30) **Foreign Application Priority Data**

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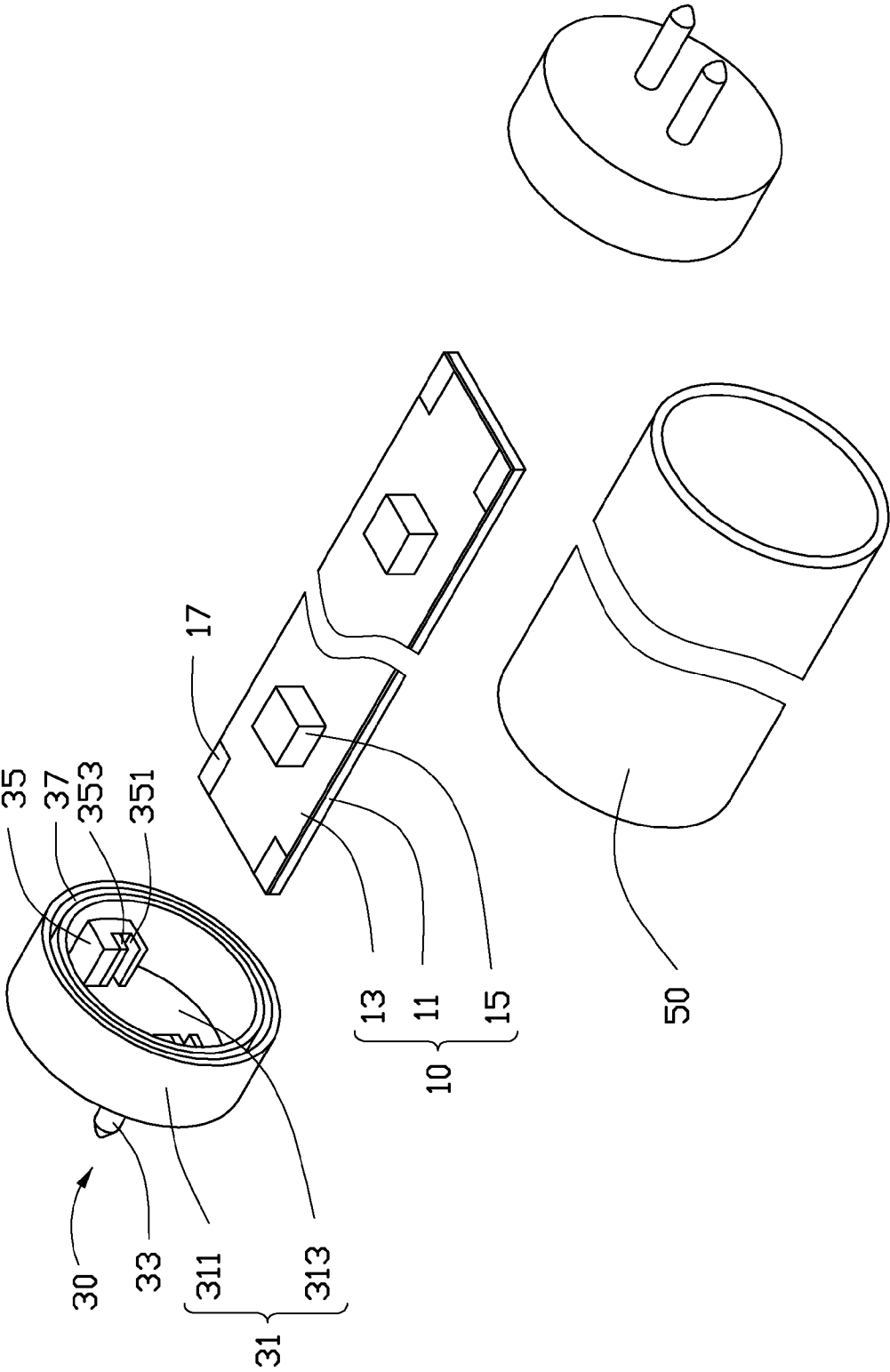


FIG. 1

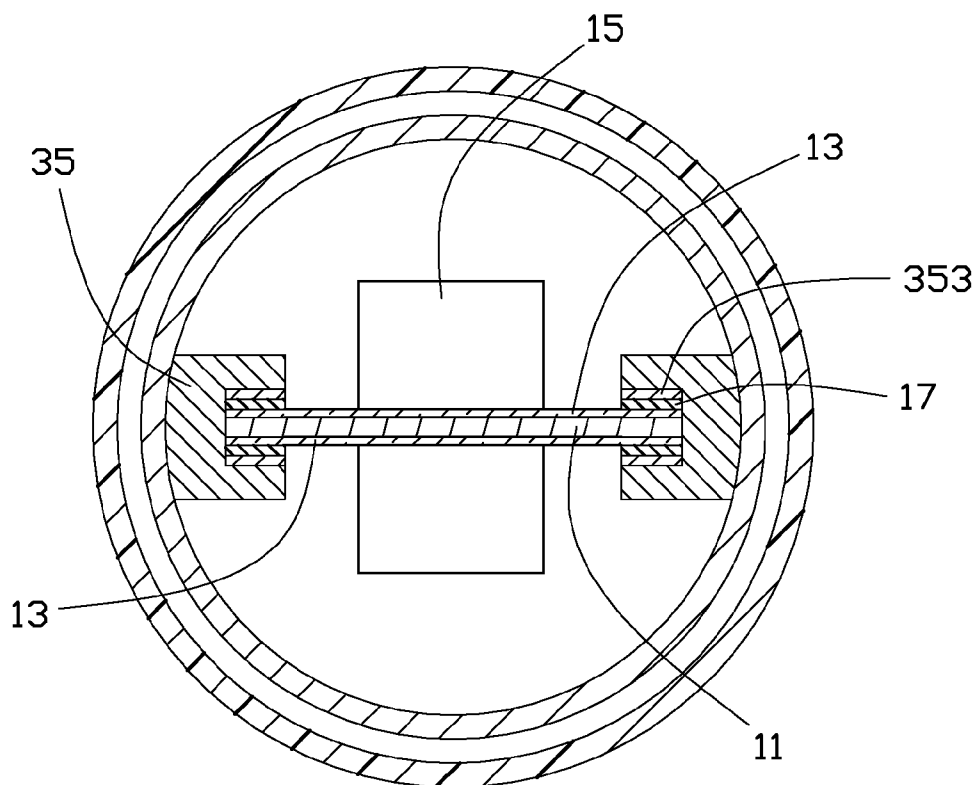


FIG. 2

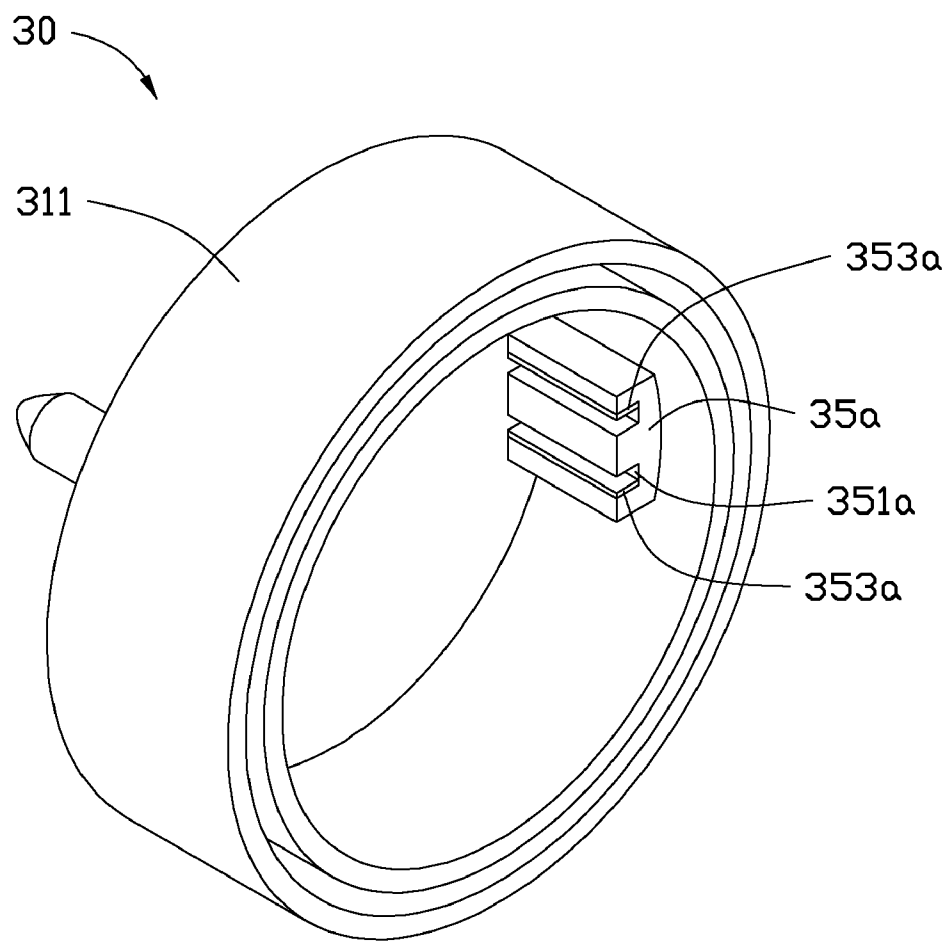


FIG. 3

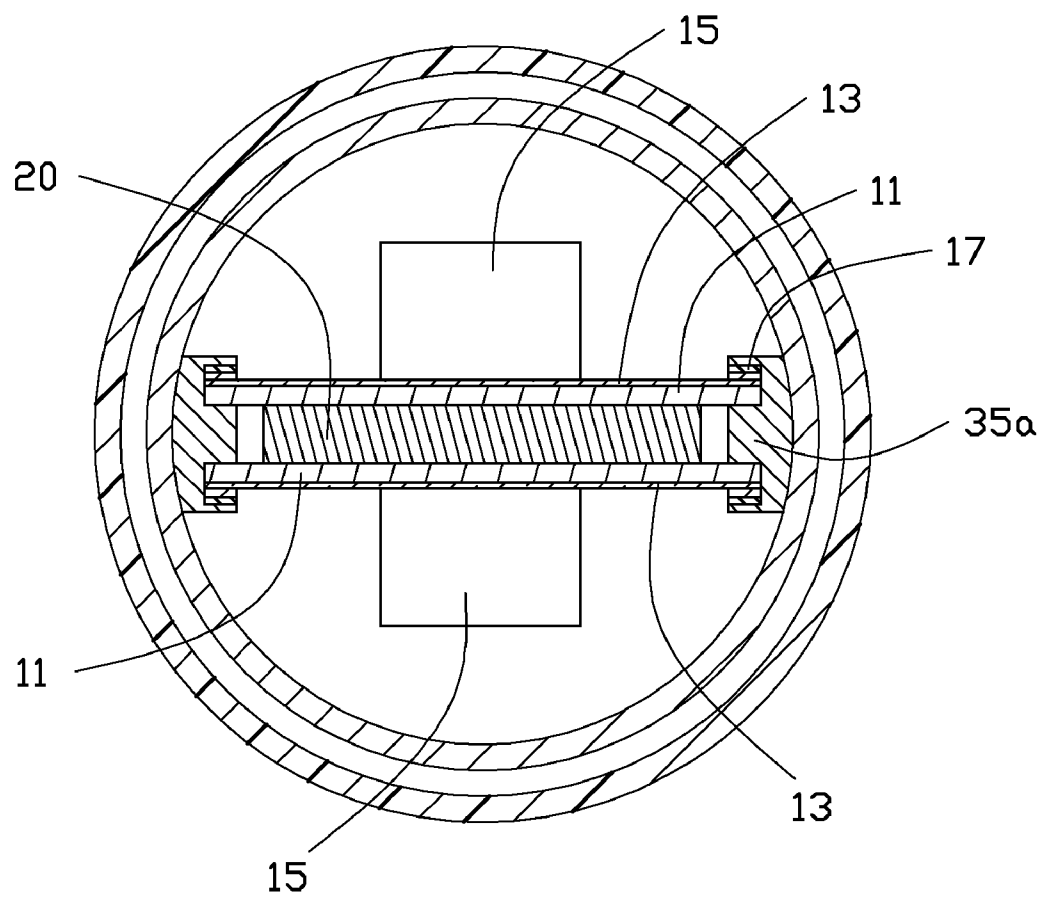


FIG. 4

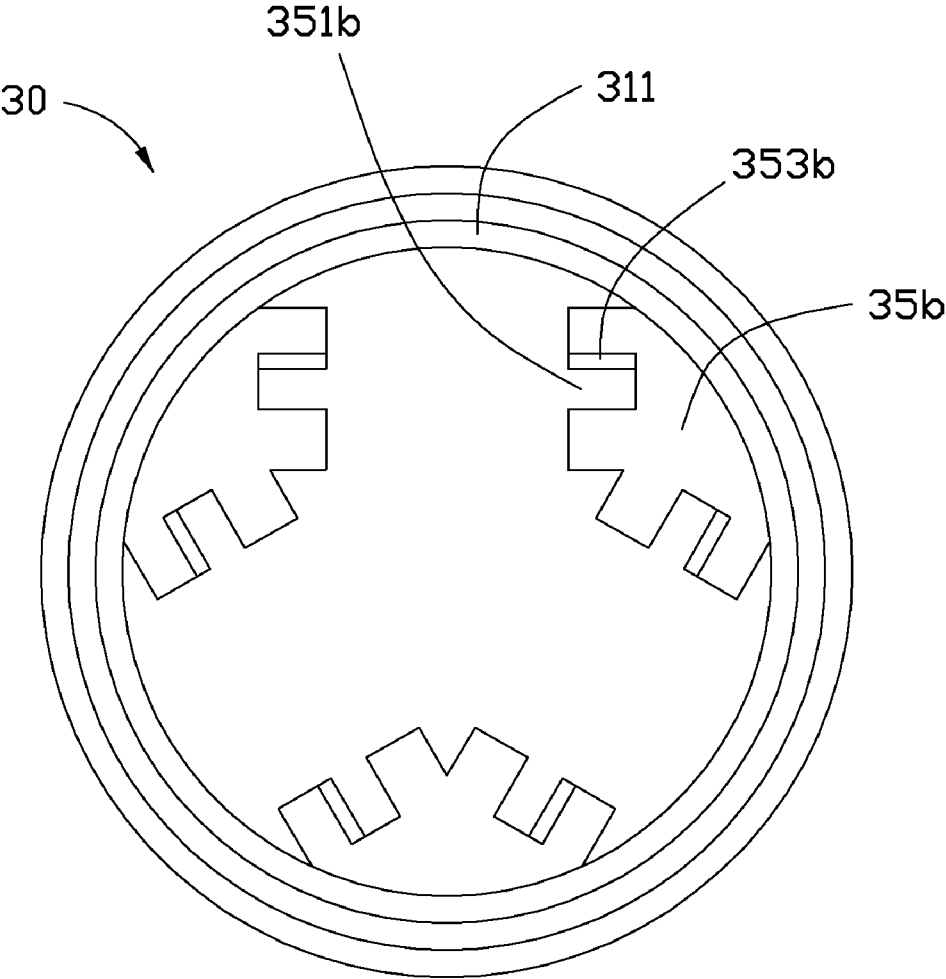


FIG. 5

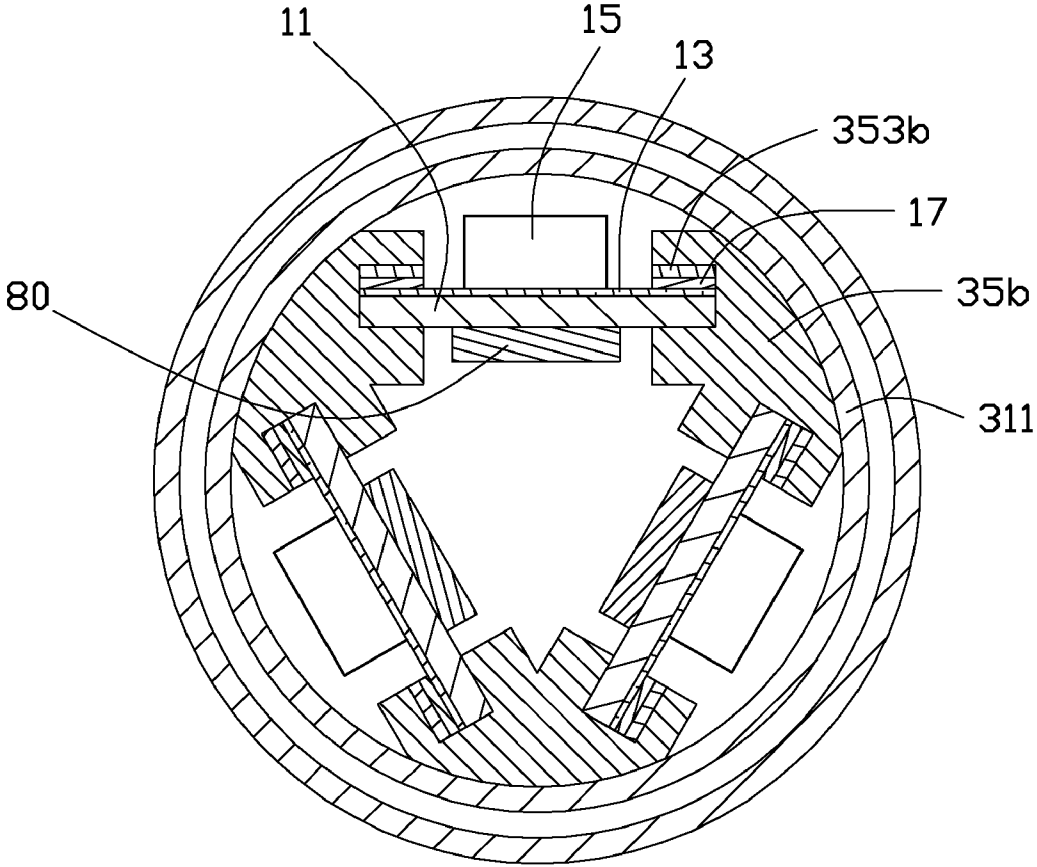


FIG. 6

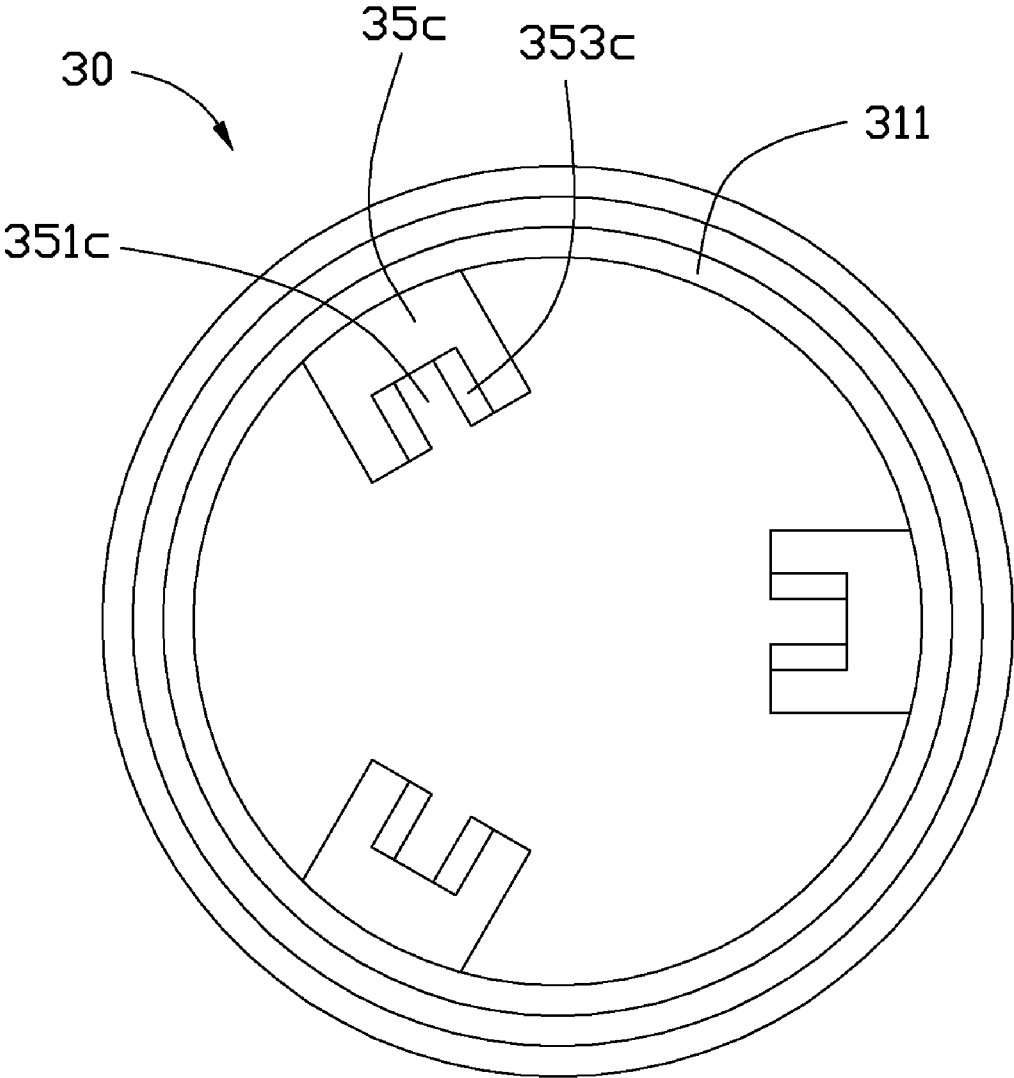


FIG. 7

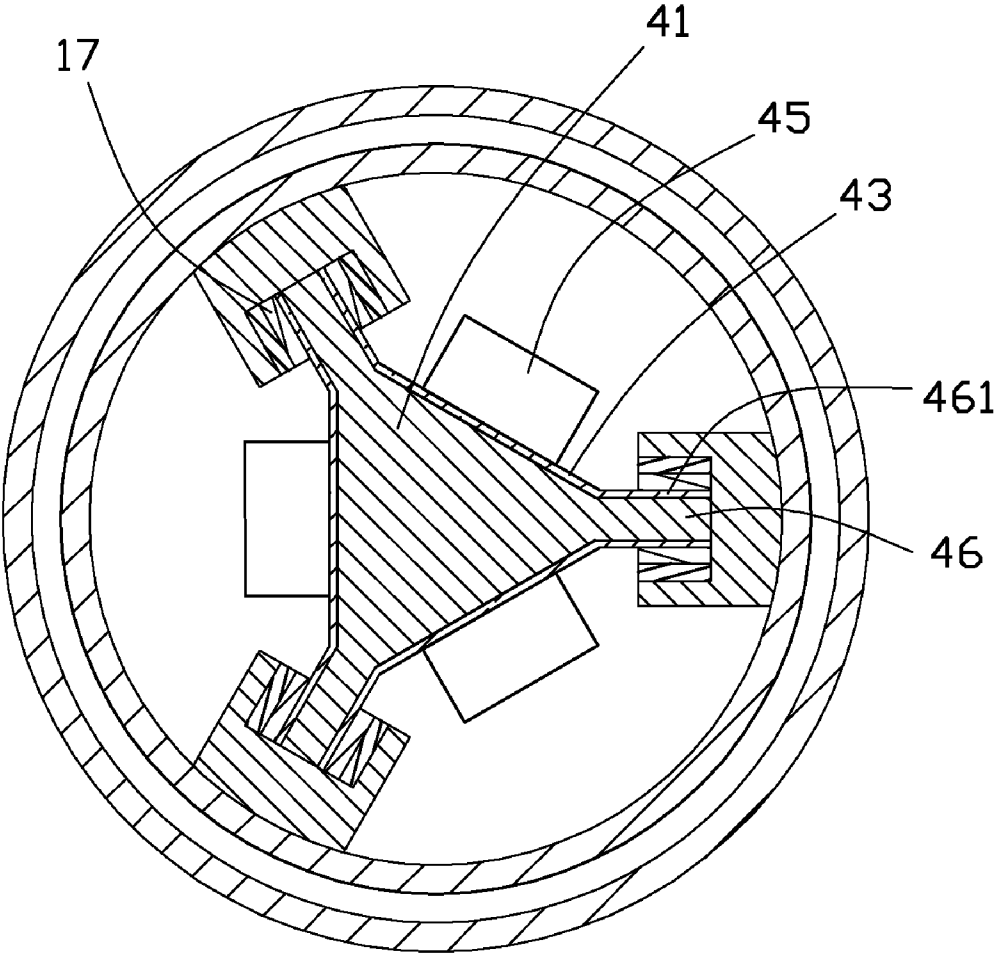


FIG. 8

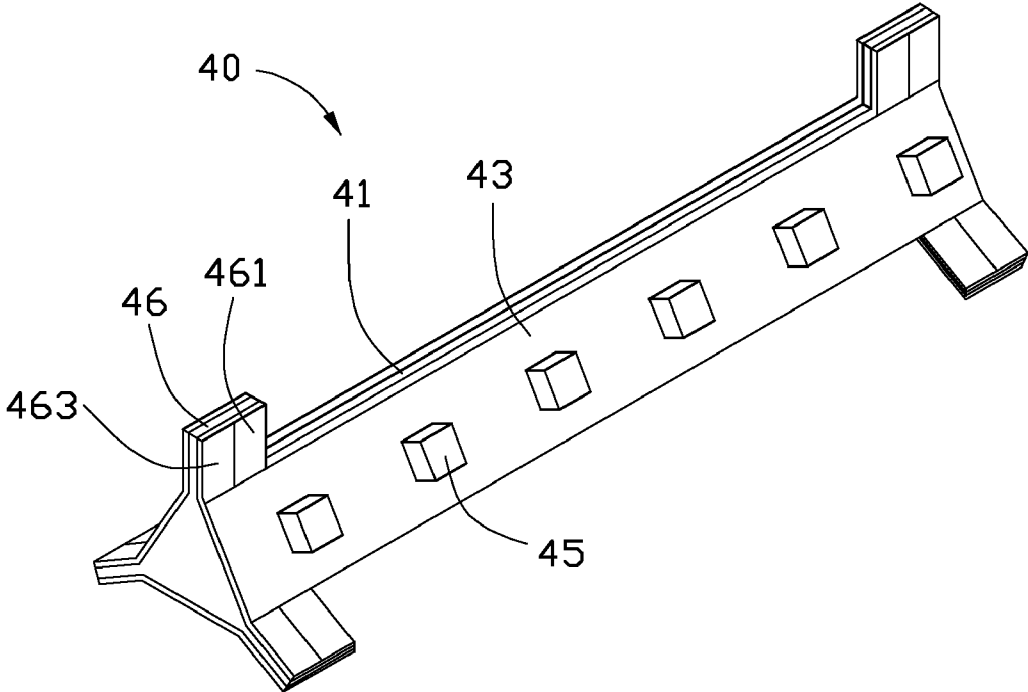


FIG. 9

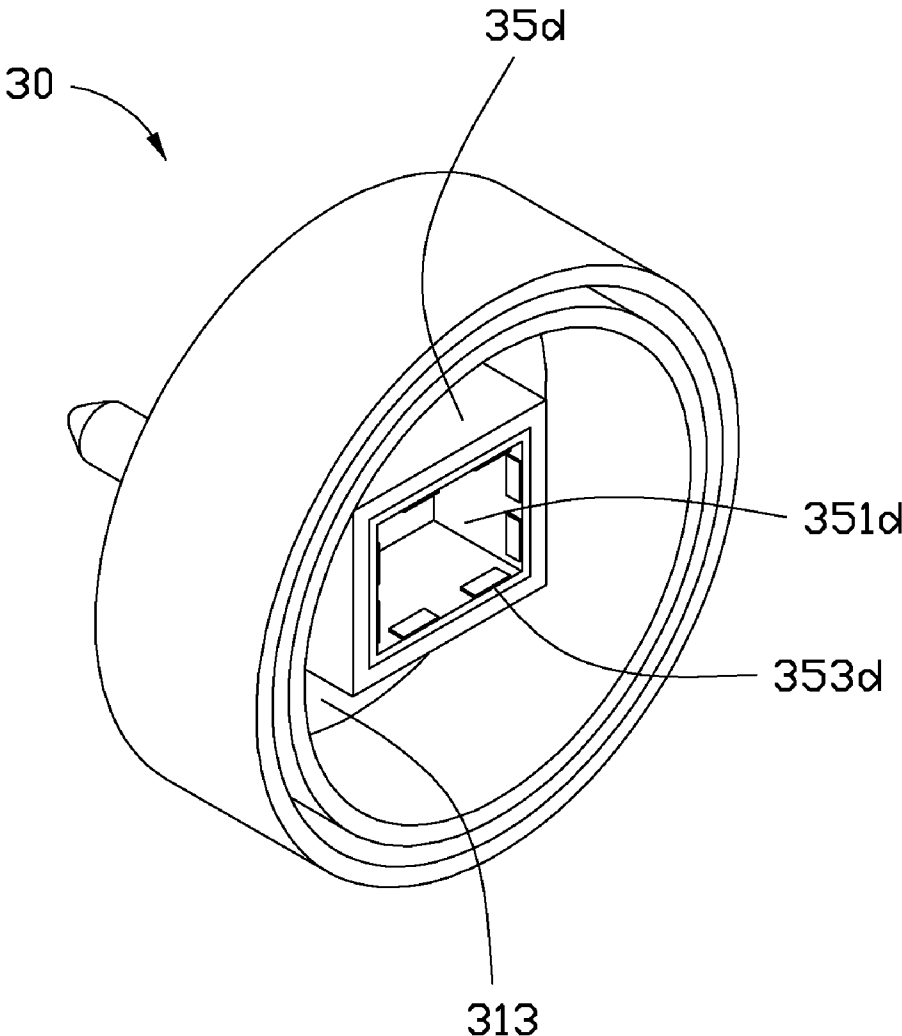


FIG. 10

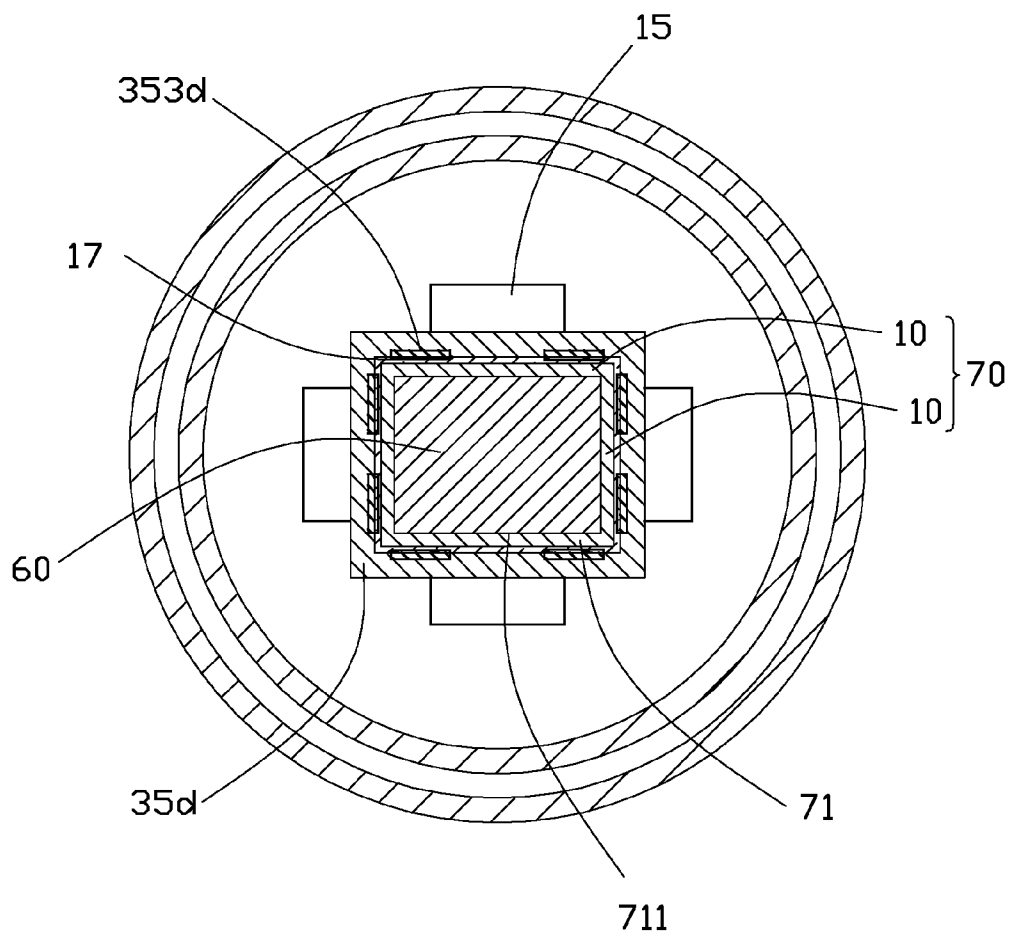


FIG. 11

LED LAMP

BACKGROUND

[0001] 1. Technical Field

[0002] The disclosure relates to LED lamps and, more particularly, to an LED lamp which can be safely and conveniently manipulated during assembly or maintenance.

[0003] 2. Description of Related Art

[0004] Generally, an LED lamp comprises a heat sink, a plurality of LED modules mounted on a first side of the heat sink and a cover covering the LED modules and the first side of the heat sink. A second side of the heat sink is bare; thus, workers may be scalded or scratched by the bare second side of the heat sink in assembly, disassembly or repair of the LED lamp.

[0005] What is needed, therefore, is an LED lamp which can overcome the above-described problems.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0006] FIG. 1 is an exploded view of an LED lamp in accordance with a first embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0007] FIG. 2 is a cross sectional view of an LED lamp of a second embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0008] FIG. 3 is an isometric view of a cover of an LED lamp of a third embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0009] FIG. 4 is a cross sectional view of the LED lamp of the third embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0010] FIG. 5 is a side view of a cover of an LED lamp of a fourth embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0011] FIG. 6 is a cross sectional view of the LED lamp of the fourth embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0012] FIG. 7 is a side view of a cover of an LED lamp of a fifth embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0013] FIG. 8 is a cross sectional view of the LED lamp of the fifth embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0014] FIG. 9 is an isometric view of an LED module of the LED lamp of the fifth embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0015] FIG. 10 is an isometric view of a cover of an LED lamp of a sixth embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0016] FIG. 11 is a cross sectional view of the LED lamp of the sixth embodiment of the present disclosure.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0017] Referring to FIG. 1, a first embodiment of an LED lamp comprises an LED module 10, two covers 30 mounted on opposite ends of the LED module 10, an envelope 50 sandwiched between the two covers 30 and enclosing the LED module 10 therein.

[0018] The LED module 10 comprises a mounting board (not labeled) and a plurality of LEDs 15 mounted on the mounting board. The mounting board comprises an elongated base 11 and an electrically insulating and thermally conductive film 13 formed on a side of the base 11. The LEDs 15 are disposed on the film 13. The base 11 is made of aluminum, copper, tin, gold, tungsten, molybdenum, magnesium, titanium or an alloy thereof. A circuit (not shown) is formed on the film 13. Each end of the base 11 forms two spaced metallic patches 17 electrically connecting the circuit. The LEDs 15 electrically connect to the circuit. The LEDs 15 are arranged in a row along a length direction of the mounting board.

[0019] The cover 30 comprises a body 31 and two parallel, spaced metallic pins 33 fixed to the body 31 and extending outwardly from the body 31. The body 31 comprises an

annular wall 311 and a circular baffling plate 313 formed on an outer end of the annular wall 311. A central portion of another end of the annular wall 311 defines an annular groove 37 to receive an end of the envelope 50. The pins 33 are mounted on the baffling plate 313 and extend through the baffling plate 313. The pins 33 are provided for electrically connecting a power source (not shown) to drive the LED module 10 to lighten. Two securing members 35 protrude inwardly from an inner surface of the annular wall 311 and face each other. Each of the securing members 35 is a cube and has a groove 351 defined in a top portion thereof, which is remote from the inner surface of the annular wall 311. An electrically conductive part 353 is disposed on an inner surface of the groove 351. The electrically conductive part 353 electrically connects with a corresponding pin 33. The electrically conductive part 353, in the shown embodiment, is a metallic pad. Alternatively, the electrically conductive part 353 can be a metallic film. Opposite sides of an end of the base 11 of the LED module 10 are inserted the grooves 351 of the two securing members 35 of the corresponding cover 30. The patches 17 of the LED module 10 electrically connect with the electrically conductive parts 353 of the two securing members 35 of the cover 30. In another embodiment, the base 11 is made of ceramic, which is electrically insulating and thermally conductive. The mounting board comprises the ceramic base 11 and the circuit is directly formed on the base 11. The film 13 is unnecessary in this embodiment. The base 11 is made of Si₃N₄, SiC, ZrO₂, B₄C, TiB₂, Al_xO_y, AlN, BeO or Sialon. The patches 17 formed on the base 11 electrically connect with the electrically conductive parts 353 of the securing members 35 of the cover 30, whereby the patches 17 are electrically connected with the pins 33.

[0020] The envelope 50 is a cylinder and made of transparent or semi-transparent materials such as resin, epoxy, silicone, polymer and so on. Opposite ends of the envelope 50 are inserted into the grooves 37 of the two covers 30. Thus, the envelope 50 and the covers 30 are assembled together. The LED module 10 is enclosed in the envelope 50. Preferably, an inner surface or an outer surface of the envelope 50 is surface treated so that the light emitted from the LEDs 15 of the LED module 10 can be modulated by the envelope 50 to obtain a desired optical effectiveness, before the light is emitted to an outside of the LED lamp.

[0021] Referring to FIG. 2, an LED lamp of a second embodiment is shown. The LED lamp of this embodiment is similar to the LED lamp of the first embodiment except the LED module 10 and the securing member 35. In this embodiment, opposite sides of the base 11 have the films 13 and the patches 17 thereon. The circuits are formed on the films 13. The LEDs 15 are mounted on the films 13 on the opposite sides of the base 11 of the mounting board, respectively. Two electrically conductive parts 353 are formed on two facing inner surfaces of the groove 351. The electrically conductive parts 353 of the securing member 35 electrically connect the patches 17 formed on the films 13 on the opposite sides of the base 11.

[0022] Referring to FIGS. 3-4, an LED lamp of a third embodiment is shown. The LED lamp comprises securing members 35a different from the securing members 35 of the first embodiment. The securing members 35a defines two spaced, parallel grooves 351a therein. An electrically conductive part 353a is formed on an inner surface of each of the grooves 351a. An end of the base 11 of a first LED module 10 is inserted into an upper groove 351a, while an end of the base

11 of a second LED module **10** is inserted into a lower groove **351a**. The patches **17** on the bases **11** of the mounting boards electrically connect the electrically conductive parts **353a** of the securing members **35a**.

[0023] When the two LED modules **10** and the covers **30** are assembled together, the LEDs **15** of the two LED modules **10** are oriented toward opposite directions and the bases **11** are parallel to and spaced from each other. A heat absorbing plate **20** is sandwiched between and thermally contacts the two bases **11**. The heat absorbing plate **20** is a heat pipe, a vapor chamber, a ceramic plate, or a metallic plate.

[0024] Referring to FIGS. 5-6, an LED lamp of a fourth embodiment is shown. The cover **30** of the LED lamp comprises three securing members **35b** different from the securing members **35** of the first embodiment. The three securing members **35b** are spaced from each other and evenly protrude from the inner surface of the annular wall **311** of the body **31** of the cover **30**. Each of the securing members **35b** has a substantially sector-shaped configuration. An end of the securing member **35b** spaced from the inner surface of the annular wall **311** defines two spaced grooves **351b** oriented toward different directions. Three pairs of confronting grooves **351b** are accordingly defined by the three securing members **35b**, which are used to mount the three LED modules **10** in the LED lamp. Two confronting grooves **351b** of two adjacent securing members **35b** engagingly receive the opposite sides of the end of the base **11** of the LED module **10**. An electrically conductive part **353b** is formed on an inner surface of the groove **351b** to electrically connect with the patch **17** of the LED module **10**.

[0025] When the LED lamp is assembled, three LED modules **10** engage with the two covers **30**. In this state, the opposite sides of one end of the base **11** of the LED module **10** are inserted into the two grooves **351b** facing each other. The patches **17** of the base **11** electrically connect the electrically conductive parts **353b** of the securing members **35b**. The three bases **11** of the three LED modules **10** form a triangular configuration. The LEDs **15** of the LED modules **10** are mounted on outer surfaces of the triangular configuration and are oriented toward the envelope **50**. Three heat absorbing plates **80** are located at inner surfaces of the triangular configuration and directly contact the bases **11**, respectively. The heat absorbing plates **80** each are a heat pipe, a vapor chamber, a ceramic plate, or a metallic plate.

[0026] Referring to FIGS. 7-9, an LED lamp of a fifth embodiment is shown. The cover **30** of the LED lamp comprises three securing members **35c** different from the securing members **35b** of the fourth embodiment. Each of the securing members **35c** is a cube and defines a groove **351c** in a top thereof, which is distant from the inner surface of the annular wall **311**. Two electrically conductive parts **353c** are formed on opposite inner surfaces of the groove **351c**. The electrically conductive parts **353c** of the cover **30** form an anode and a cathode electrically connect with the pins **33**, respectively.

[0027] The LED lamp comprises an LED module **40** different from the LED module **10**. The LED module **40** comprises a heat absorbing portion **41**. The heat absorbing portion **41** is a solid, metallic triangular prism, a heat pipe or a vapor chamber. Each outer surface of the heat absorbing portion **41** has an electrically insulating and thermally conductive film **43** coated thereon. A circuit (not shown) is formed on the film **43**. A number of LEDs **45** are mounted on each of the outside surfaces of the heat absorbing portion **41** and electrically connect with the circuit. Each end of the heat absorbing

portion **41** has three elongated ridges **46**. The ridges **46** of a corresponding end of the heat absorbing portion **41** extend outwardly from three apexes of the heat absorbing portion **41**. The ridge **46** is shorter than the heat absorbing portion **41**. The film **43** has an extended portion **461** covering an outer surface of the ridge **46**. The circuit (not shown) extends to the extended portion **461** of the film **43** on the ridge **46**. A metallic patch **463** is formed on the outer surface of the ridge **46** and electrically connects with the circuit. When the LED lamp is assembled, the ridges **46** are inserted into the grooves **351c** and the patches **463** on the ridges **46** electrically connect with the electrically conductive parts **353c**. In another embodiment, the heat absorbing portion **41** and the ridges **46** are made of ceramic, which is electrically insulating and thermally conductive. The insulating film **43** is unnecessary in this embodiment. The heat absorbing portion **41** and the ridges **46** are made of Si_3N_4 , SiC , ZrO_2 , B_4C , TiB_2 , Al_xO_y , AlN , BeO , or Sialon .

[0028] Referring to FIGS. 10-11, an LED lamp of a sixth embodiment is shown. The LED lamp comprises an LED module **70** different from the LED module **10** of the first embodiment. The LED module **70** is cube and formed by four LED modules **10**. The bases **11** of the four LED modules **10** interconnect each other to form a rectangular base **71**. A central portion of the base **71** is a hollow to define a chamber **711**. A rectangular heat absorbing portion **60** is fittingly received in the chamber **711**. The heat absorbing portion **60** thermally contacts with the base **71**. The LEDs **15** are located at outer surfaces of the base **71**. The heat absorbing portion **60** is a heat pipe, a vapor chamber, a ceramic plate, or a metallic plate.

[0029] The cover **30** of the LED lamp of this embodiment comprises a securing member **35d** different from the securing member **35** of the first embodiment. The securing member **35d** extends inwardly from a central portion of the baffling plate **313** of the cover **30**. The securing member **35d** is a hollow cube and has a chamber **351d** defined at a central portion thereof. A number of electrically conductive pads **353d** are formed on each inner surface of the chamber **351d** to electrically connect with the patches **17**.

[0030] When the LED lamp is assembled, an end of the LED module **70** is inserted into the chamber **351d** of the cover **30** and the pads **353d** of the securing member **35d** electrically connect with the patches **17**.

[0031] It is to be understood, however, that even though numerous characteristics and advantages of the disclosure have been set forth in the foregoing description, together with details of the structure and function of the disclosure, the disclosure is illustrative only, and changes may be made in detail, especially in matters of shape, size, and arrangement of parts within the principles of the disclosure to the full extent indicated by the broad general meaning of the terms in which the appended claims are expressed.

What is claimed is:

1. An LED (light emitting diode) lamp comprising:
 - an envelope;
 - two covers engaging with opposite ends of the envelope, each of the covers having an electrically conductive part; and
 - a mounting board received in the envelope and, two ends of the mounting board electrically connecting with the electrically conductive parts of the two covers, respectively;

a plurality of LEDs disposed on the mounting board and received in the envelope.

2. The LED lamp as claimed in claim 1, wherein each cover has a securing member, the electrically conductive part is a metallic film or a metallic pad formed on the securing member to electrically connect the mounting board.

3. The LED lamp as claimed in claim 2, wherein the securing member defines a groove therein, and the electrically conductive part is formed on an inner surface of the securing member defining the groove, one of the two ends of the mounting board is received in the groove of the securing member and electrically connects with the electrically conductive part.

4. The LED lamp as claimed in claim 3, wherein the mounting board comprises a base, a circuit formed on a side of the base, and metallic patches formed on two ends of the side of the base and electrically connecting the circuit, the LEDs electronically connect the circuit, the patches electronically connect the electrically conductive parts of the covers.

5. The LED lamp as claimed in claim 4, wherein each of the covers has two spaced securing members, opposite sides of one of the two ends of the base of the mounting board are inserted into the two grooves of the two securing members of the cover, and the patches of the mounting board electrically connect with the electrically conductive parts of the securing members.

6. The LED lamp as claimed in claim 5, wherein another opposite side of the base has circuit, patches and LEDs formed thereon, another inner surface of each of the grooves forms another electrically conductive part electrically connecting with the patches formed on the another opposite side of the base.

7. The LED lamp as claimed in claim 5 further comprising another mounting board having LEDs thereon, wherein the securing member has another groove with an electrically conductive part formed on an inner surface thereof, a side of one of two ends of the base of the another mounting board is inserted into the another groove, and a patch of the another mounting board electronically connects with the electrically conductive part of the another groove.

8. The LED lamp as claimed in claim 7, wherein the two mounting boards are so positioned that one is located above the other and the LEDs disposed on the two mounting boards are oriented toward opposite directions.

9. The LED lamp as claimed in claim 8, wherein a heat absorbing plate is sandwiched between the two mounting boards and thermally contact with the two mounting boards.

10. The LED lamp as claimed in claim 4, wherein each of the covers has three spaced securing members, each of the securing members defines two spaced grooves, three mounting boards engage with the three securing members, the opposite

sides of one of the two ends of the base of the corresponding mounting board is inserted into two facing grooves of two adjacent securing members, and the patches of the corresponding mounting board electrically connect with the electrically conductive parts of the two adjacent securing members.

11. The LED lamp as claimed in claim 10, wherein the three mounting boards form a triangular configuration and the LEDs are mounted on outer surfaces of the triangular configuration.

12. The LED lamp as claimed in claim 11, wherein three heat absorbing plates are located at inner surfaces of the triangular configuration and thermally contact with the mounting boards.

13. The LED lamp as claimed in claim 4, wherein the base is a polyhedron and outer surfaces of the base are oriented toward different directions, the LEDs are mounted on the outer surfaces of the base.

14. The LED lamp as claimed in claim 13, wherein each end of the base has a plurality of ridges extending outwardly therefrom, the patches are formed on the ridges, a plurality of securing members are formed on the cover, the ridges are received in the grooves of the securing members of the cover, the patches electrically connect with the electrically conductive parts of the securing members of the cover.

15. The LED lamp as claimed in claim 14, wherein the base is a triangular prism, three the ridges extend outwardly from three apexes of one of the two ends of the base, three securing members are formed on the cover and engage with the ridges.

16. The LED lamp as claimed in claim 13, wherein the base is cuboid and opposite ends thereof are inserted in the grooves of the two covers.

17. The LED lamp as claimed in claim 16, wherein a heat absorbing portion is received in a central portion of the base and thermally contacts with the base.

18. The LED lamp as claimed in claim 1, wherein the envelope is a cylinder and an inner surface or an outer surface thereof is surface treated to modulate light generated by the LEDs.

19. The LED lamp as claimed in claim 18, wherein each cover defines a groove to receive an end of the envelope.

20. The LED lamp as claimed in claim 1, wherein two metallic pins are mounted on the cover and electrically connect with the electrically conductive parts.

21. The LED lamp as claimed in claim 4, wherein the base is metallic and an electrically insulating and thermally conductive film is formed on the base and the circuit is formed on the film.

22. The LED lamp as claimed in claim 4, wherein the base is made of ceramic.

* * * * *