

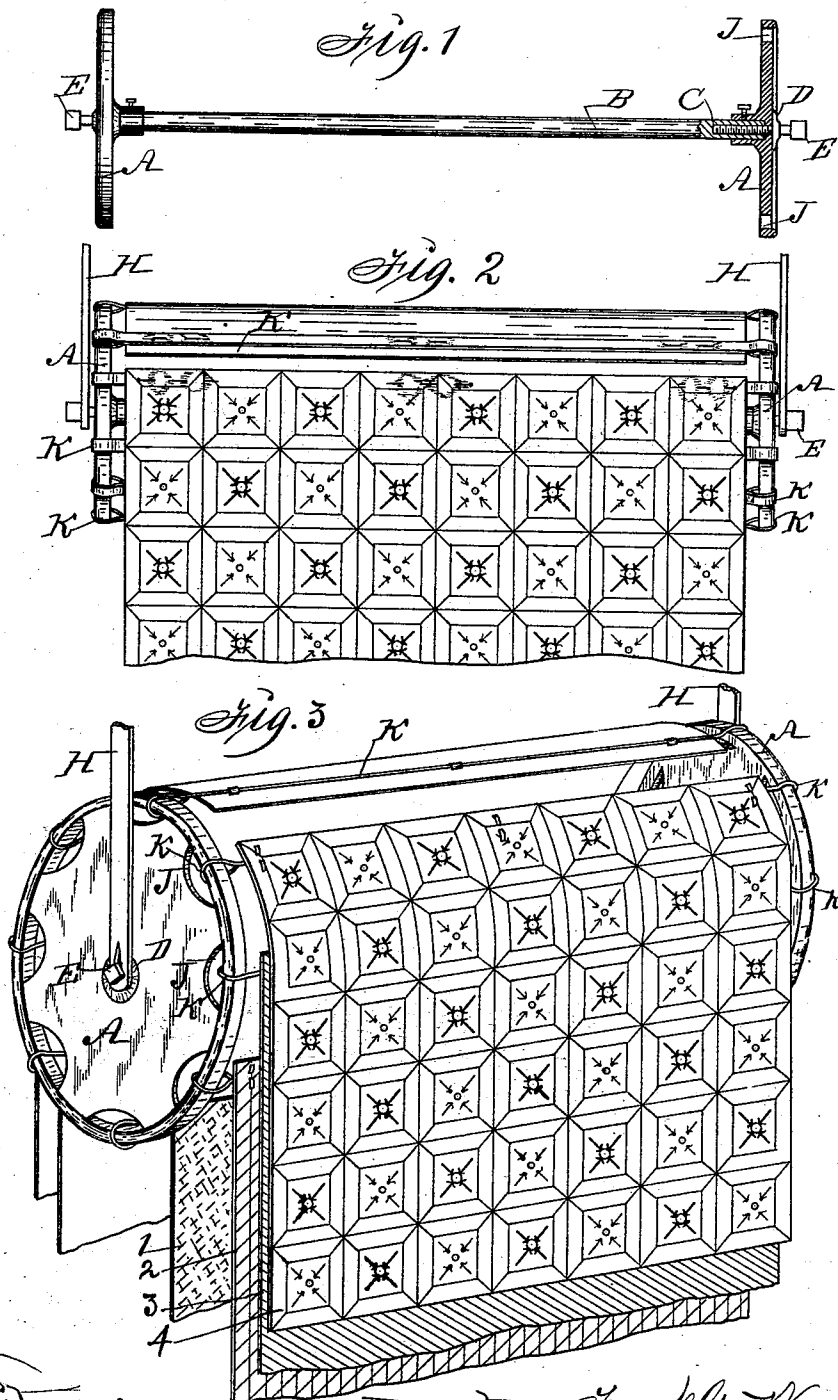
(No Model.)

F. G. WOOD.

ROTATING RACK FOR HOLDING ROBES, &c.

No. 508,459.

Patented Nov. 14, 1893.



Witnesses:
H. J. Sankey.
R. H. Drwig }

Inventor: Frank G. Wood,
By Thomas G. Orwig, Atty.

THE NATIONAL LITHOGRAPHING COMPANY,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

FRANK G. WOOD, OF STUART, IOWA.

ROTATING RACK FOR HOLDING ROBES, &c.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 508,459, dated November 14, 1893.

Application filed May 13, 1892. Serial No. 432,943. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, FRANK G. WOOD, a citizen of the United States, residing at Stuart, in the county of Guthrie and State of Iowa, have invented a new and useful Rotating Rack for Holding Robes, Wall-Paper, &c., of which the following is a specification.

My object is to save time and labor in exhibiting samples of carriage robes, carpets, wall paper, &c., and to prevent them from getting creased by folding, and soiled by frequent handling; and my invention consists in the construction and operation of a rack adapted to be suspended for supporting and handling samples, as hereinafter set forth, pointed out in my claims and illustrated in the accompanying drawings, in which—

Figure 1 is a side view with part in section. Fig. 2 is a side view, and Fig. 3, is a perspective view showing my complete device, and samples of merchandise attached thereto as required in practical use.

A, are metal frames of circular form fixed to the ends of a shaft B, by means of screws C, as shown in the section part of Fig. 1. The disks or circular frames A have central bores to admit screws and sockets in concentric position therewith on their inside faces to admit the ends of the shaft B. The screws have flanges D, and square heads E. The flanges are adapted to overlap the centers of the frames A, and the square heads E adapt them for the application of a wrench, and also to serve as buttons to keep the leather straps or strips of wood, H, connected therewith, for the purpose of suspending the device from a ceiling, or other support, to which the pieces H may be attached.

The circular frames A have central perforations and concentric flanges A² projecting from their inside faces are adapted to serve as sockets for the ends of the shaft B. It is obvious that by inserting the ends of the

shaft in these sockets and then passing the screws C through the perforations in the centers of the frames A and into bores in the ends of the shaft the frames are detachably connected with the shaft so that the parts can be readily separated to economize space in packing and shipping the complete device.

Slots or holes J in the frames A admit tapes or wires K, or other suitable material to be extended through and fastened thereto to remain stretched and spanned from one frame to the other for the purpose of attaching samples thereto.

1, 2, 3, 4, represent samples of merchandise fastened to the wires or tapes K, with pins, or other suitable means.

I claim as my invention—

1. In a rotatable rack the combination of a screw having a head at one end adapted to be engaged by a wrench, a journal contiguous to the head adapted to rest and rotate in a suitable bearing and a flange contiguous to said journal adapted to engage the flat face of a disk, a disk or circular frame having a central bore to admit a screw and a socket concentric with said bore to admit the end of a shaft, and a shaft fitted and fixed in said socket, to operate in the manner set forth for the purposes stated.

2. A device for exhibiting samples, composed of two frames A, a bar or shaft B, screws having flanges D, and square heads E passed through the centers of the said frames and fixed to the ends of the said shaft, and a series of tapes, bars or wires fixed to the frames A, to extend parallel with the shaft, and straps H for suspending the device, as and for the purposes stated.

FRANK G. WOOD.

Witnesses:

JOSEPH SEVER,
S. S. IRWIN.