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(54) Title: IMPROVED STAIN RESISTANCE OF NYLON CARPET (57) Abstract Stain-resistant nylon, especially cationic-dyeable carpet nylon, is prepared by dyeing cationic-dyeable nylon fibers with acid or premetalized dye. Lightfastness and depth of shade of an apparent value equal to acid dyeable nylons is obtained with superior stain resistance equal to commercially available solution dyed nylon carpeting.		

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IMPROVED STAIN RESISTANCE OF NYLON CARPET

Cross-Reference to Related Applications

This application is a continuation-in-part of earlier application Serial No. 07/519,237, filed May 4, 1990.

This invention relates to improving the stain resistance, lightfastness and ozone resistance of nylon, especially nylon carpet.

Background of the Invention

Stain resistant nylon carpets enjoy significant market acceptance. Stain resistance is typically imparted to nylon by treating the fiber as a solid filament or in a carpet form by the application of a chemical finish as described in the following U.S. patents to Monsanto: U.S. 4,501,591; 4,592,940; and 4,839,212.

Nylon carpet fiber is generally classified as to type, depending upon its receptivity to acid dyes and basic or cationic dyes. Cationic dyeable nylons contain SO_3H groups or COOH groups within the polymer structure which are receptive to cationic or basic dyes. Acid dyeable nylons are essentially conventional nylons, such as polyhexamethylene adipamide and polycaprolactam. Acid dyeable nylons vary as to type and are characterized as being weakly dyed with acid dyes, average dyed with acid dyes, or deeply dyed with acid dyes.

Cationic dyeable nylons generally exhibit inherent stain resistant properties, especially to acid-type stains, as compared to other nylon types used for carpet. Cationic dyeable nylons are dyeable with selected cationic dyes, but suffer from poorer lightfastness, especially in light shades, than do comparable shades dyed on acid dyeable nylon using monosulfonated or premetalized acid dyes. This has resulted in the under-utilization of cationic dyeable nylon as a carpet fiber. The fiber's inherently useful properties which otherwise make it attractive as a carpet fiber previously have not been fully realized.

This invention provides a procedure for dyeing cationic dyeable nylon with acid and premetalized acid dyes resulting in nylon carpet having improved stain resistance and fastness properties.

The preferred techniques for practicing the invention include exhaust dyeing, pad/steam dyeing, continuous carpet dyeing and the like. Illustrative examples for dyeing procedures thought to be suited to the process of this invention are:

Pad/Steam - A dye bath is prepared as follows:

guar gum (Celcagum V-60)	0.3
antifoam (Sedgekill A0)	0.15
wetting/penetrating agent (Dyebath SS-75)	0.7
premetalized acid dyestuff	X%
(pH adjusted to 6.0 with monosodium phosphate)	

and applied to the cationic dyeable nylon at wet pickup of 90 to 140% based on the weight of the yarn. For proper fixation, the yarn is steamed for 6 to 12 minutes then washed, extracted, treated with a fluorchemical soil repellant and dried.

Exhaust Dyeing - an aqueous dyebath is prepared containing the required amount of premetalized acid dyestuff, the pH adjusted to 6.0 with monosodium phosphate and, optionally, up to 0.5% Irgasol SW, a weakly cationic complexing agent which retards the strike of the acid dye by complexing with the dye and then slowly releasing the dye to the fiber as the temperature rises, is added. The dyebath temperature, initially at 80°F, is increased at a rate of 2°F per minute to 140°F and held there for 15 minutes, then raised again at 2°F per minute to 208-212°F. Cationic dyeable nylon is then exhaust dyed for 30 to 60 minutes or longer as needed to achieve the desired depth of shade.

Illustrative cationic dyeable nylons include:

<u>Filament:</u>			
<u>DuPont</u>	<u>Monsanto</u>	<u>Allied</u>	<u>BASF</u>
"Antron" Type 924	"Ultron" 2360-68-JEJ		
"Antron" Type 494		"Anso" Type 7L422	
"Antron" Type 754		"Anso" Type 7K53	
"Antron" Type 854			
"Antron" Type P695			
"Antron Lumena"			
Type P-807A			

Nylon Staple:

"Antron" P-676A "Ultron"-750-JES "Anso" Type 591 "Zeftron" W118S

"Antron" P-683A

"Antron" 543A

"Antron" 547A

An affinity for cationic dyes is usually imparted by the incorporation of a monomer containing sulfonic acid groups. Thus one such modification of a polyamide fiber is obtained by adding a certain amount of sulphoisophthalic acid prior to polymerization.

Premetalized and acid dyes considered suited to the process are:

<u>Trade Name</u>	<u>Manufac- turer</u>	<u>Color Index Name</u>	<u>No.</u>
Amichrome			
Black RB	ICI	Acid Black 63	--
Red RB	"	Acid Red 226	--
Atalan			
Fast Orange YF	ATL	Acid Orange 69	--
Orange GRE	"	Acid Orange 62	--
Yellow GR	"	Acid Yellow 99	13900
Inochrome			
Black BNI	ICI	Acid Black 52	--
Intrachrome			
Black RPL	C&K	--	--
Black WA Ex Conc	"	Acid Black 52	15711
Bordeaux RM	"	Acid Red 194	--
Grey RC	"	Acid Black 127	--
Orange G	"	Acid Orange 74	--
Yellow GR Conc	"	Acid Yellow 99	13900
Intralan			
Black BGL 150%	"	Acid Black 107	--
Black M-RL	"	Acid Black 194	--
Bordeaux M-B	"	Acid Violet 90	--
Brilliant Yellow 3GL	"	Acid Yellow 127	--
Dark Blue M-BR	"	--	--
Red Brown RW	"	--	--
Gray BL 200%	"	Acid Black 60	--
Navy NLF	"	--	--
Orange RDL	"	Acid Orange 60	18732
Yellow 2GL Extra	"	Acid Yellow 129	--
Yellow GL-S	"	--	--
Yellow NW	"	Acid Yellow 151	13906

<u>Trade Name</u>	<u>Manufac-</u> <u>turer</u>	<u>Color Index Name</u>	<u>No.</u>
Iragalan	Ciba-		
Black BGL	Geigy	Acid Blk 107	--
Black GBL	"	--	--
Black RBL	"	Acid Black 132	--
Bordeaux EL	"	Acid Red 251	--
Bordeaux GRL 200%	"	Acid Red 213	--
Brown 2RL	"	Acid Brown 45	--
Gray BL	"	Acid Black 58	--
Gray BRLA	"	Acid Black 60	--
Olive 3BL	"	Acid Green 70	--
Orange 2RL	"	Acid Orange 60	--
Orange RL	"	Acid Orange 86	--
Red B 200%	"	Acid Red 182	--
Red 2GL	"	Acid Red 211	--
Yellow DRL	"	Acid Yellow 151	13906
Yellow 2GL	"	Acid Yellow 129	--
Irganol			
Brilliant Yellow 3GLS	"	Acid Yellow 127	--
Isolan			
Black RL, Liq	Mobay	Acid Black 139	--
Bordeaux R 220%	"	Acid Red 182	--
Brown S-RL	"	Acid Brown 413	--
Grey KP- BL 200	"	--	--
Navy Blue S-RL	"	Acid Blue 335	--
Red S-RL	"	Acid Red 414	--
Yellow K-PRL 200%	"	Acid Yellow 137	--
Yellow NW 250%	"	Acid Yellow 151	13906
Yellow S-GL	"	Acid Yellow 232	--
Lanaperl			
Blue GN 200	Hoechst	Acid Blue 41	--
Blue GN	"	Acid Blue 40	62125
Fast Navy Blue R 200	"	Acid Blue 113	--
Turquoise Blue GL	"	--	--
Lanasyn			
Black BGL 200%	Sandoz	Acid Black 131	--
Black BRL 200%	"	Acid Black 132	--
Black S-DL, Liq	"	Acid Black 194	--
Black S-GL, Liq	"	Acid Black 222	--
Black S-RL, Liq	"	Acid Black 218	--
Bordeaux GRL	"	Acid Red 213	--
Bordeaux RL	"	Acid Red 217	--
Brown 2 GL	"	Acid Brown 304	--
Carbon BL	"	Acid Black 170	--

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

<u>Trade Name</u>	<u>Manufac- turer</u>	<u>Color Index Name</u>	<u>No.</u>
Dark Brown S-BL	Sandoz	Acid Brown 289	--
Dark Brown S-GL	"	Acid Brown 298	--
Grey BL	"	Acid Black 58	--
Grey BLR	"	Acid Black 60	18165
Navy S-BL, Liq	"	Acid Blue 296	--
Navy S-DNL	"	--	--
Olive Green S-4GL	"	Acid Green 106	--
Olive S-2GL	"	Acid Green 106	--
Orange S-RL	"	Acid Orange 168	--
Red 2GLN	"	Acid Red 404	--
Red S-G, Liq	"	Acid Red 399	--
Rubine S-5BL	"	Acid Violet 125	--
Yellow LNW	"	Acid Yellow 151	13906
Yellow 2RL	"	Acid Orange 80	--
Yellow S-2GL, Liq	"	Acid Yellow 235	--
Levalan			
Brown I-BRL Cold SOL	Mobay	Acid Brown 330	--
Dark Brown I-TL	"	Acid Brown 331	--
Neolan			
Black WA	Ciba- Geigy	Acid Black 52	15711
Blue 2G Conc	"	Acid Blue 158	14880
Bordeaux RM 133%	"	Acid Red 194	--
Orange G	"	Acid Orange 74	18745
Pink BNA 300%	"	Acid Red 186	18810
Yellow GR	"	Acid Yellow 99	13900
Neutrichrome			
M Black M-R	ICI	Acid Black 194	--
M Bordeaux M-B	"	Acid Violet 90	18762
M Navy M-BD	"	--	--
M Yellow M-3R	"	Acid Brown 384	--
Neutrichrome			
S Black S-2B	"	Acid Black 224	--
S Bordeaux S-BD	"	Acid Violet 121	--
S Brown S-2R	"	Acid Brown 357	--
S Grey S-BG	"	Acid Black 188	--
S Navy S-B	"	Acid Blue 284	--
S Navy S-NA	"	--	--
S Orange S-R	"	Acid Orange 144	--
S Red S-G	"	Acid Red 359	--
S Yellow	"	Acid Yellow 121	18690
S Yellow S-5R	"	Acid Orange 120	--

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

<u>Trade Name</u>	<u>Manufac- turer</u>	<u>Color Index Name</u>	<u>No.</u>
Orcolan			
Fast Black WAN Ex	ORC	Acid Black 52	15711
Fast Blue GGN	"	Acid Blue 158	15050
Fast Orange GEN	"	Acid Orange 74	18745
Fast Orange GLE-S	"	Acid Orange 62	--
Fast Red RN	"	Acid Red 183	--
Fast Yellow BELN	"	Acid Yellow 54	19010
Fast Yellow GRN	"	Acid Yellow 99	13900
Neutral Black BGL	"	Acid Black 107	--
Neutral Black BR	"	Acid Black 194	--
Neutral Black EKC	"	Acid Black 164	--
Ex Conc			
Neutral Black LDS	"	--	--
Neutral Blue GL	"	Acid Blue 127	61135
Neutral Bordeaux BSB	"	Acid Violet 90	18762
Neutral Brilliant	"	Acid Yellow 127	--
Yellow 5G			
Neutral Brown BRL	"	--	--
Neutral Brown 2GL	"	Acid Brown 44	--
Neutral Brown GRS	"	Acid Brown 282	--
Neutral Brown 2RL	"	Acid Brown 45	--
Neutral Dark Blue BR	"	Acid Blue 193	15707
Neutral Grey B	"	Acid Black 60	--
Neutral Grey BLGY-N	"	Acid Black 58	--
Neutral Orange NR	"	Acid Orange 60	--
Neutral Orange RL	"	Acid orange 86	--
250%			
Neutral Red B	"	Acid Red 182	--
Neutral Yellow EKL	"	Acid Yellow 121	--
Ex Conc			
Neutral Yellow 2GL	"	Acid Yellow 129	--
Ex			
Neutral Yellow GLSN	"	Acid Yellow 114	--
Neutral Yellow WN	"	Acid Yellow 151	--
250%			

The following level dyeing acid dyes are thought to work particularly in the light depths but do not build very well as strength is increased:

Nylanthrene			
Black GLRT	C&K	--	--
Black GLWC	"	--	--
Blue B-AR 67% Liq	"	--	--
Blue B-AR 200%	"	--	--

<u>Trade Name</u>	<u>Manufac- turer</u>	<u>Color Index Name</u>	<u>No.</u>
Blue B-GA	C&K	--	--
Blue B-NB	"	--	--
Blue GLF	"	--	--
Blue LGGL	"	--	--
Brilliant Blue 3BLF	"	--	--
Brilliant Blue 2RFF	"	--	--
Brilliant Yellow	"	Acid Yellow 49	--
4NGL	"	--	--
Brilliant Yellow	"	--	--
B-NGL	"	Acid Yellow 219:1	--
Brilliant Yellow	"	--	--
B-4RK	"	--	--
Brilliant Yellow	"	--	--
CGL p.a.f.	"	--	--
Brown RSM	"	--	--
Navy LFWG	"	--	--
Orange B-GN	"	Acid Orange 156	--
Orange 3G	"	Acid Orange 116	--
Orange SLF Conc	"	--	--
Pink BLRF (pat)	"	--	--
Red B-2B	"	Acid Red 266	--
Red B-2BSA	"	--	--
Red B-CLN Conc	"	--	--
Red 2RDF	"	--	--
Red 4RL (pat)	"	Acid Red 299	--
Rubine 5BLF	"	--	--
Scarlet B-YKS	"	--	--
Scarlet GYL Ex (pat)	"	--	--
Scarlet YDL p.a.f.	"	Acid Yellow 159	--
Yellow FLW	"	Acid Yellow 152	--
Yellow RAR Liq	"	Acid Yellow 198	--
Yellow SL 200%	"	Acid Yellow 198	--
Yellow SL Liq	"	--	--
Nylomine	"	Acid Black 172	--
Black D-2R	"	Acid Blue 25	62055
Blue A-G Conc Grains	"	Acid Blue 62	62045
Blue A-2R	"	Acid Blue 40	62125
Blue B-3G	"	Acid Blue 127:1	--
Blue C-B	"	Acid Blue 175	--
Blue C-2G	"	Acid Blue 140	--
Blue C-3R	"	Acid Red 128	24125
Bordeaux C-B	"	Acid Red 119	--
Bordeaux C-3B	"	Acid Green 27	61580
Green C-G	"	Acid Green 28	--
Green C-3G	"	Acid Blue 113	26360
Navy C-2R	"	Acid Red 396	--
Red A-B	C&K	--	--

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

<u>Trade Name</u>	<u>Manufac-</u> <u>turer</u>	<u>Color Index Name</u>	<u>No.</u>
Red A-2B 100%	"	Acid Red 266	--
Red B-3B	"	Acid Red 57	--
Red C-2B	"	Acid Red 138	18073
Red C-BA	"	Acid Red 249	18134
Red C-G	"	Acid Red 151	--
Violet C-B	"	Acid Violet 48	--
Yellow A-G	"	Acid Yellow 135	--
Yellow A-G 33% Pst	"	Acid Yellow 135	--
Yellow A-2GA 200%	"	Acid Yellow 49	--
Yellow A-4R 150	"	Acid Yellow 199	--
Nylosan			
Blue 2AL/C-2AL	Sandoz	Acid Blue 25	62055
Blue E/C-BGL 200%	"	--	--
Blue E/C-BRL	"	Acid Blue 288	--
Blue E/C-GL	"	Acid Blue 72	--
Blue F-GBL	"	Acid Blue 127:1	--
Blue F-L	"	Acid Blue 80	61585
Blue F-RL	"	Acid Blue 247	--
Blue N-BLN	"	--	--
Blue N-5GL 200%	"	Acid Blue 280	--
Blue PRL	"	Acid Blue 129	--
Bordeaux E-2BL	"	Acid Red 301	--
Bordeaux N-BL	"	Acid Red 119	--
Brilliant Blue N-FL	"	Acid Blue 278	--
Brilliant Green	"	Acid Green 28	--
F-6GL	"		
Brown N-2R	"	Acid Orange 51	26550
Green F-BL, 200%	"	Acid Green 40	--
Navy N-RBL Conc	"	Acid Blue 113	26360
Orange C-GNS/E-GNS	"	Acid Orange 156	--
Pat	"		
Orange E-2GL	"	Mord Orange 6	26520
Orange N-RL	"	Acid Orange 127	--
Red E-BM	"	--	--
Red F-5B	"	Acid Red 143	--
Red F-BR	"	Acid Red 167	--
Red F-2R/C-2R	"	Acid Red 151	26900
Red F-RL	"	Acid Red 263	--
Red F-RS, Conc	"	Acid Red 114	23635
Red N-2RBL	"	Acid Red 336	--
Rubine N-5BL, 200%	"	Acid Red 299	--
Scarlet F-3GL	"	Acid Red 111	23266
Violet F-BL	"	Acid Violet 48	--
Yellow N-7GL	"	Acid Yellow 218	--
Yellow N-3RL	"	Acid Orange 67	--

<u>Trade Name</u>	<u>Manufac-</u> <u>turer</u>	<u>Color Index Name</u>	<u>No.</u>
Tectilon	Ciba		
Black GD	Geigy	--	--
Blue 4GN	"	Acid Blue 343	--
Blue GRL	"	Acid Blue 25	62055
Blue 5GS	"	--	--
Blue 4R	"	Acid Blue 277	--
Floxine KL 220%	"	Acid Red 257	--
Orange 3G	"	Acid Orange 156	--
Orange 3R	"	--	--
Orange 4R	"	--	--
Red 2B	"	Acid Red 361	--
Red GR	"	Acid Red 73	27290
Yellow 2G	"	Acid Yellow 169	--
Yellow 4R	"	Acid Yellow 219	--
Telon	Mobay		
Blue ANL	"	Acid Blue 25	62055
Blue ANL Liq 33	"	Acid Blue 25	--
Blue BL 125	"	Acid Blue 78	62105
Blue BRL 200	"	Acid Blue 324	--
Blue BRL Disp 67	"	Acid Blue 324	--
Blue BRL Liq 67	"	Acid Blue 324	--
Blue CD-FG	"	Acid Blue 145	23905
Blue 2GL 200	"	Acid Blue 40	62125
Blue 2GL Disp 50	"	Acid Blue 40	62125
Blue 4GL	"	--	--
Blue RRL 182	"	Acid Blue 62	62045
Fast Black LD	"	Acid Black 172	--
Fast Black LG Liq 40	"	--	--
Fast Black NW	"	--	--
Fast Blue A-FN	"	Acid Blue 264	--
Fast Blue A-3GL	"	Acid Blue 290	--
Fast Blue A-RW	"	Acid Blue 205	--
Fast Blue ESN	"	Acid Blue 221	--
Fast Blue 5G	"	Acid Blue 232	--
Fast Blue GL 200	"	Acid Blue 102	50320
Fast Blue GGN	"	Acid Blue 127:1	--
Fast Blue RLW	"	Acid Blue 204	--
Fast Green BW	"	Acid Green 84	--
Fast Navy Blue R 182	"	Acid Blue 113	26360
Fast Navy Blue RF	"	Acid Blue 113	26360
Fast Orange A-RTL 200	"	Acid Orange 116	--
Fast Red A-FG	"	Acid Red 360	--
Fast Red BRL 200	"	Acid Red 260	--
Fast Red 3BW	"	Acid Red 274	--
Fast Red ER	"	Acid Red 158	20530
Fast Red GN	"	Acid Red 111	23266

<u>Trade Name</u>	<u>Manufac-</u> <u>turer</u>	<u>Color Index Name</u>	<u>No.</u>
Fast Rubine A5BL	Mobay	--	--
167			
Fast Rubine A-5BLW	"	Acid Red 299	--
Fast Violet A-BB	"	Acid Violet 103	--
Fast Yellow A-3GL	"	Acid Yellow 216	--
Fast Yellow A-3RL	"	--	--
Fast Yellow 4GL 175	"	Acid Yellow 79	--
Red 2BL 200	"	Acid Red 266	--
Red 2BL Liq 33	"	Acid Red 266	--
Red 2BL Disp 67	"	Acid Red 266	--
Red BR-CL Disp 83	"	--	--
Red BR-CL 250	"	--	--
Red CD-R	"	Acid Red 395	--
Red FL 200	"	Acid Red 337	--
Red FL Liq 33	"	Acid Red 337	--
Red FL Disp 67	"	Acid Red 337	--
Yellow FGL 200	"	Acid Yellow 49	--
Yellow FGL Liq 66	"	Acid Yellow 49	--
Yellow K-RNL 200	"	Acid Yellow 230	--
Yellow Brown 3GL	"	Acid Brown 248	--

Page numbers reference AATCC* Buyer's Guideline for the
Textile Wet Processing Industry

*American Association of Textile Chemists and Colorists

The tests employed in the examples that follow are identified by their AATCC or other monograph and are briefly described as follows:

A-2 Proposed AATCC Stain Test - A solution of eight milligrams FD&C Red Dye No. 40 per one liter solution of distilled water is prepared with pH of the solution adjusted to 5.5 with citric acid. The temperature of this solution is maintained at $75^{\circ}\text{F} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{F}$.

The carpet sample to be tested is placed on a flat surface, and an approximately two inch diameter cylinder (open on both ends) is placed onto the surface of the carpet. Twenty ml. of the above test solution is poured into this cylinder and allowed to absorb into the carpet, after which the cylinder is removed. The carpet is allowed to stand with the stain on it undisturbed for 24 hours. After 24 hours, the carpet is thoroughly flush rinsed under cold or cool tap water, then extracted and either dried in an oven or air dried.

The degree of staining is judged by comparing the amount of discoloration produced in the spotted area as compared to the surrounding area. The Modified Allied Stain Resistance Scale, a 10 point transparency scale, is used to provide a numerical rating. For the purpose of these studies, more interest was given to the relative staining differences between carpet samples.

B-1 - DuPont Blue Dye 1 "Stainmaster" Test - A solution is prepared the same as the above test except eight milligrams of FD&C Blue Dye 1 is used; the test is carried out in the identical manner as the AATCC stain test just described.

A-40 - DuPont Red Dye 40 "Stainmaster" Test - A solution of 45 grams of cherry flavored "Kool-Aid" (sweetened) in 500 ml of distilled water is prepared. The solution is maintained at 75°F $\pm$. Spotting, washing, etc., is conducted the same as that described above.

24 Hour Stain Tests using household foods and stain-producing products - Twenty ml of each of the ingredients listed in the relevant example were placed on each of the three test carpet samples, allowed to stand undisturbed for 24 hours, then flush rinsed under cool tap water, extracted and dried. Any solid matter was first scraped from the surface of the carpet before rinsing. The degree of staining was judged (after drying) visually between carpet samples with no scale being available to provide numerical ratings.

The invention is further explained with reference to the following illustrative examples. All parts and percentages are by weight unless otherwise indicated.

EXAMPLE 1

A sample carpet was made using type 854 Antron dyed in two shades, air entangled into a 4-ply yarn, then tangled into a level loop carpet swatch. The following dyebaths were used:

	<u>Beige</u>	<u>Gray</u>
Irgalan Yellow 3RL		
200% 342 dye	.072%	.0247%
Irgalan Bordeaux EL		
200% 63 dye	.0211%	.0045%
Irgalan Black GBL		
200% 348 dye	.05%	.0448%

Percentages (%) are based upon weight of dye to weight of fiber. Each dyebath was adjusted to pH 6 with 0.2% monosodium phosphate (MSP).

For performance comparisons, two previously dyed yarns 856/857 Antron (acid dyeable) of the same shade were each tufted into carpet swatches. As a control a third pair of carpet swatches was prepared from DuPont's solution dyed Antron Lumena, two ends each of light grey and smoke beige.

The three sets of samples were subjected to each of tests 1, 2 and 3 identified above. The two acid dyeable Antron samples performed poorly for stain resistance, whereas the cationic-dyeable Antron 854 dyed with premetalized acid dyes according to the present invention and Antron Lumena performed very well for stain resistance in all three tests with no residual stain after washing with cold clear water and extracting.

EXAMPLE 2

Cationic dyeable Antron 854 stock was dyed with the following premetalized acid dyes (all Irgalan) at concentrations of 0.05, 0.1, 0.25 and 1.0%.

Bordeaux EL	200%
Yellow 3RL-KWL	250%
Red Brown RL	200%
Blue 3GL	200%
Black RBL	200%
Brilliant Blue 7GS	200%

at pH 6.0 adjusted with MSP. No other additives were used in the aqueous dyebath.

To determine the ability to build the depth of shade, a similar dyeing was made on 855 light acid dyeable Antron. The 855 yarn was only appreciably darker at the 1.0% level, indicating the ability to dye light to medium shades on 854 Antron cationic dyeable nylon with premetalized acid dyes.

EXAMPLE 3

Lightfastness and ozone resistance were assessed to twelve representative shades of premetalized acid dyes on cationic dyeable Antron type 854 nylon.

<u>Shade</u>	<u>Lightfastness*</u>		<u>AATCC-Ozone</u>
	<u>120 hrs</u>	<u>200 hrs</u>	<u>5 cycle</u>
light gold	4/5	3/4	3/4
beige	4/5	4	3/4
green	4/5	3	3
blue	4/5	4	3
rose beige	4/5	4/5	3
dusty rose	5	4	3/4
rust	5	5	4
burgandy	5	4/5	3/4
black	4/5	4/5	3/4
medium gray	5	4/5	3
green gray	4/5	3/4	3
light blue	4/5	3/4	2/3

*AATCC 16E

The level of lightfastness achieved performs very well under the most severe exposure conditions such as those found in direct sunlight or behind glass. In contrast, the cationic dyes began to perform poorly after only 40 hours. A grade of 3 or better after 5 cycles of ozone is accepted by the industry in tropical climates in un-airconditioned installations.

EXAMPLE 4

Traffic performance was evaluated using a commercial carpet construction in a two-tone gray color. Three fibers were selected:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Type</u>
Antron T-854	cationic dyeable
Antron Lumena	solution dyed
Antrol T-857	acid dyable

The cationic dyeable nylon was dyed with the premetalized dye:

Red Grey

Irgalan Yellow 3RL-KWL 250%	.054%
Irgalan Black RBL 200%	.204%

Green Grey

Irgalan Yellow 3RL-KWL 250%	.083%
Irgalan Bordeaux EL 200%	.022%
Irgalan Brilliant Blue 7GS 200%	.08 %

Both dyeings were exhaust dyed with 0.25% Irgasol SW and 2.0% MSP to adjust the pH to 6.0. The other two carpets were used as comparisons as conventionally dyed contract carpets. All three carpets were subjected to spotting with staining agents including coffee, cherry Kool-Aid, organic-bond iodine and laundry bleach. Each agent was applied, allowed to remain on the carpet overnight, then cleaned with a water flush.

The carpet of this invention performed in an equal manner to the solution dyed carpet in all areas except resistance to household bleach where the solution dyed carpet was found to be resistant to bleach discoloration

whereas the carpet of this invention was not resistant. Conventionally dyed Antron type 856/857 stained heavily.

EXAMPLE 5

Cationic dyeable yarn (Antron type 854) knit into a tube was continuously dyed in a laboratory Ilma pad/steam unit with 100% wet pickup with the indicated premetalized dyes depending upon the shade desired, then steamed for approximately 8 minutes to provide the desired base shade. The base shade-dyed tube was then overprinted using a silk screen process:

Pad baths for the background shade were:

Gray:	Irgalan Bordeaux EL	.015%
	Irgalan Yellow 3RL	.015%
	Irgalan Blue 3RL	.1487%
Light Gold:	Irgalan Yellow 3RL	.05%
	Celcagum V-60	.30%
	Dyebath SS-75	.7%

Each pad bath also included Celcagum V-60 (.3%) and Dyebath SS-75 (.7%) and was adjusted to pH 6 with MSP.

Print pastes in 4 shades were prepared from a base of thickener (Lyngum CP-3) 2.35%, penetrant (Tergitol) 1%, an antifoaming agent (Antifoam CK-2) 0.15% and adjusted to pH 6.0 with MSP. Dyes used for the 4 shades were:

dark gold:	Irgalan Yellow 3RL 1%
bright blue:	Irgalan Brilliant Blue 7GS 0.25%
burgandy:	Irgalan Bordeaux EL 200% 1%
green:	Irgalan Brilliant Blue 7GS 0.25%
	Irgalan Yellow 3RL 0.25%

The printed samples were fixed with steam, washed and dried. The print design was satisfactorily fixed to the nylon tube with good crockfastness. This dyed and space printed product offers a styling versatility advantage over solution dyed nylon, in which pigment is extruded with the polymer, by allowing multiple colors on one yarn while maintaining the antistaining advantage inherent in cationically dyed nylon yarns.

Additionally a skein of "Antron Lumena" P-807A solution pigmented yarn (colored pigment is incorporated into the polymer prior to extrusion into filament form) which also exhibits cationic dyeable properties, was printed with the same dark gold, bright blue and burgundy formulation above. This was followed by fifteen minutes atmospheric steaming at 210°F, washing and drying. The resulting overprint with the premetalized acid dye was judged to have acceptable crock fastness and performance as a product styling tool.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A process of dyeing cationic-dyeable nylon fibers comprising dyeing said fibers with an acid dye or an premetalized acid dye at a pH of less than 7.0 and fixing the dye to the fibers.
2. A process of preparing a stain-resistant, lightfast nylon carpet comprising dyeing cationic-dyeable nylon fibers with an acid dye or a premetalized acid dye to impart the requisite depth of shade to the nylon fibers and heating the dye-laden fibers to fix the dye into the fibers.
3. The process of claim 1 or 2, in which the nylon fibers contain SO_3H and/or COOH groups receptive to cationic or basic dyes.
4. The process of claim 1 or 2, in which the nylon fibers are dyed at a pH of from about 4.0 to 6.5.
5. The process of claim 1 or 2, in which, subsequent to dye fixation, a fluorocarbon repellant is applied to the fibers.
6. The process of claim 1 or 2, in which a premetalized acid dye is used.
7. Nylon carpet having improved stain resistnace composed of cationic-dyeable fibers dyed with an acid or premetalized acid dye having the apparent stain resistance and fastness to light as acid dyeable nylon dyed to the

corresponding shade.

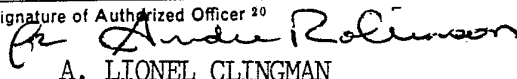
8. A nylon carpet composed of cationic-dyeable nylon and dyed to a predetermined depth of shade with an acid dye or a premetalized acid dye, the carpet being resistant to acid type stains and exhibiting improved fastness to light as compared to cationic-dyeable nylon dyed to a similar depth of shade with a cationic dye.

9. The process of claims 1 or 2, in which the nylon fibers are overprinted to give multiple color effects on the same strand of yarn.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/US90/06579

I. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER (if several classification symbols apply, indicate all) ³		
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both National Classification and IPC		
IPC(5): D06P 3/06; D06P 3/24; C09B 45/00		
US CL.: 8/539; 680, 685		
II. FIELDS SEARCHED		
Minimum Documentation Searched ⁴		
Classification System	Classification Symbols	
US	8/539; 680, 685	
Documentation Searched other than Minimum Documentation to the Extent that such Documents are Included in the Fields Searched ⁵		
III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT ¹⁴		
Category *	Citation of Document, ¹⁶ with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages ¹⁷	Relevant to Claim No. ¹⁸
A	US, A, 4,043,749 (HUFFMAN) 23 August 1977	1-9
* Special categories of cited documents: ¹⁵ "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. "&" document member of the same patent family		
IV. CERTIFICATION		
Date of the Actual Completion of the International Search ²	Date of Mailing of this International Search Report ²	
27 FEBRUARY 1991	15 MAR 1991	
International Searching Authority ¹	Signature of Authorized Officer ²⁰	
ISA/US	 A. LIONEL CLINGMAN	