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(19) **United States**(12) **Patent Application Publication****Seidel, III et al.**(10) **Pub. No.: US 2020/0010528 A1**(43) **Pub. Date: Jan. 9, 2020**(54) **METHODS FOR MODULATING AN IMMUNE RESPONSE**(71) Applicant: **Cue Biopharma, Inc.**, Cambridge, MA (US)(72) Inventors: **Ronald D. Seidel, III**, Cambridge, MA (US); **Rodolfo J. Chaparro**, Cambridge, MA (US)(21) Appl. No.: **16/489,586**(22) PCT Filed: **Mar. 14, 2018**(86) PCT No.: **PCT/US18/22492**

§ 371 (c)(1),

(2) Date: **Aug. 28, 2019****Related U.S. Application Data**

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(57)

ABSTRACT

The present disclosure provides methods of modulating an immune response in an individual. The present disclosure provides methods of treatment. The present disclosure provides methods comprising administering a multimeric polypeptide (synTac) and an immune checkpoint inhibitor to an individual. The present disclosure provides methods comprising administering a multimeric polypeptide (synTac) to an individual who is undergoing treatment with immune checkpoint inhibitor.

Specification includes a Sequence Listing.

FIG. 1A

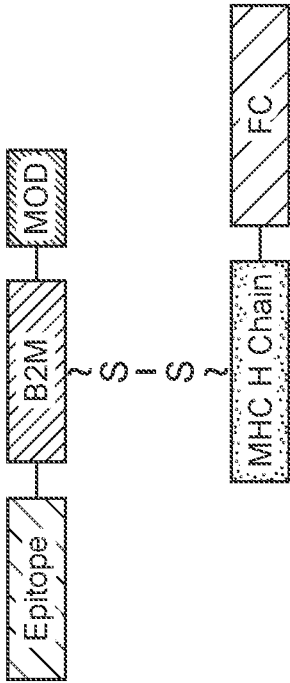


FIG. 1C

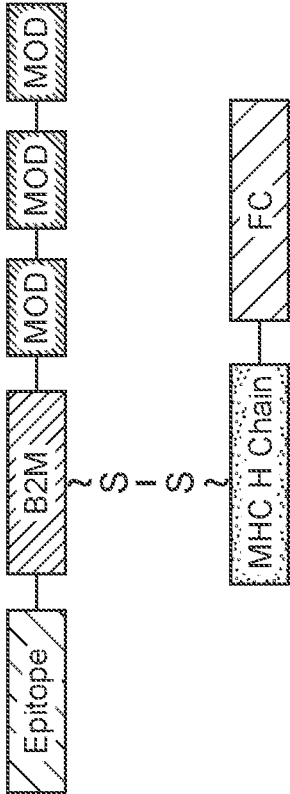


FIG. 1B

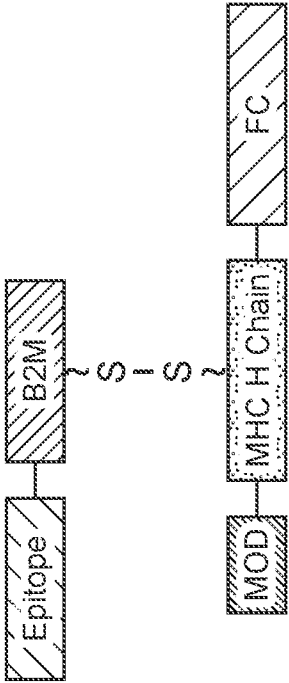


FIG. 1D

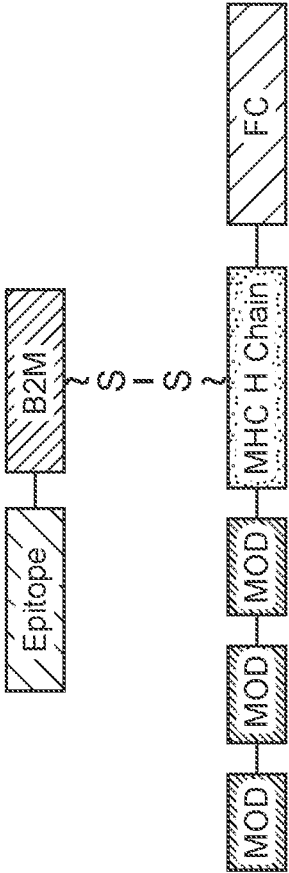


FIG. 2A

IL2 – *Homo sapiens*

APTSSSTKKT QLQLEHLLLD LQMILNGINN YKNPKLTRML TFKFYMPKKA TELKHLQCLE
EELKPLEEVL NLAQSKNFHL RPRDLISNIN VIVLELKGSE TTFMCEYADE TATIVEFLNR
WITFCQSIIS TLT (SEQ ID NO:1)

FIG. 2B

IL2 (F42X)

APTSSSTKKT QLQLEHLLLD LQMILNGINN YKNPKLTRML TXKFYMPKKA TELKHLQCLE
EELKPLEEVL NLAQSKNFHL RPRDLISNIN VIVLELKGSE TTFMCEYADE TATIVEFLNR
WITFCQSIIS TLT (SEQ ID NO:2)

FIG. 2C

IL2 (D20X)

APTSSSTKKT QLQLEHLLLX LQMILNGINN YKNPKLTRML TFKFYMPKKA TELKHLQCLE
EELKPLEEVL NLAQSKNFHL RPRDLISNIN VIVLELKGSE TTFMCEYADE TATIVEFLNR
WITFCQSIIS TLT (SEQ ID NO:3)

FIG. 2D

IL2 (E15X)

APTSSSTKKT QLQLXHLLLD LQMILNGINN YKNPKLTRML TFKFYMPKKA TELKHLQCLE
EELKPLEEVL NLAQSKNFHL RPRDLISNIN VIVLELKGSE TTFMCEYADE TATIVEFLNR
WITFCQSIIS TLT (SEQ ID NO:4)

FIG. 2E

IL2 (H16X)

APTSSSTKKT QLQLEXLLLLD LQMILNGINN YKNPKLTRML TFKFYMPKKA TELKHLQCLE
EELKPLEEVL NLAQSKNFHL RPRDLISNIN VIVLELKGSE TTFMCEYADE TATIVEFLNR
WITFCQSIIS TLT (SEQ ID NO:5)

FIG. 2F

IL2 (Y45X)

APTSSSTKKT QLQLEHLLLLD LQMILNGINN YKNPKLTRML TFKFXMPKKA TELKHLQCLE
EELKPLEEVL NLAQSKNFHL RPRDLISNIN VIVLELKGSE TTFMCEYADE TATIVEFLNR
WITFCQSIIS TLT (SEQ ID NO:6)

FIG. 2G

IL2 (Q126X)

APTSSSTKKT QLQLEHLLLLD LQMILNGINN YKNPKLTRML TFKFYMPKKA TELKHLQCLE
EELKPLEEVL NLAQSKNFHL RPRDLISNIN VIVLELKGSE TTFMCEYADE TATIVEFLNR
WITFCXSIIS TLT (SEQ ID NO:7)

FIG. 2H

IL2 (F42X; H16X)

APTSSSTKKT QLQLEXLLLLD LQMILNGINN YKNPKLTRML TXKFYMPKKA TELKHLQCLE
EELKPLEEVL NLAQSKNFHL RPRDLISNIN VIVLELKGSE TTFMCEYADE TATIVEFLNR
WITFCQSIIS TLT (SEQ ID NO:8)

FIG. 2I

IL2 (F42X; D20X)

APTSSSTKKT QLQLEHLLLX LQMILNGINN YKNPKLTRML TXKFYMPKKA TELKHLQCLE
EELKPLEEVL NLAQSKNFHL RPRDLISNIN VIVLELKGSE TTFMCEYADE TATIVEFLNR
WITFCQSIIS TLT (SEQ ID NO:9)

FIG. 2J

IL2 (F42X; D20X; E15X)

APTSSSTKKT QLQLXHLLLX LQMILNGINN YKNPKLTRML TXKFYMPKKA TELKHLQCLE
EELKPLEEVL NLAQSKNFHL RPRDLISNIN VIVLELKGSE TTFMCEYADE TATIVEFLNR
WITFCQSIIS TLT (SEQ ID NO:10)

FIG. 2K

IL2 (F42X; D20X; H16X)

APTSSSTKKT QLQLEXLLLX LQMILNGINN YKNPKLTRML TXKFYMPKKA TELKHLQCLE
EELKPLEEVL NLAQSKNFHL RPRDLISNIN VIVLELKGSE TTFMCEYADE TATIVEFLNR
WITFCQSIIS TLT (SEQ ID NO:11)

FIG. 2L

IL2 (F42X; D20X; Q126X)

APTSSSTKKT QLQLEHLLLX LQMILNGINN YKNPKLTRML TXKFYMPKKA TELKHLQCLE
EELKPLEEVL NLAQSKNFHL RPRDLISNIN VIVLELKGSE TTFMCEYADE TATIVEFLNR
WITFCXSIIS TLT (SEQ ID NO:12)

FIG. 2M

IL2 (F42X; D20X; Y45X)

APTSSSTKKT QLQLEHLLLX LQMILNGINN YKNPKLTRML TXKFXMPKKA TELKHLQCLE
EELKPLEEVL NLAQSKNFHL RPRDLISNIN VIVLELKGSE TTFMCEYADE TATIVEFLNR
WITFCQSIIS TLT (SEQ ID NO:13)

FIG. 2N

IL2 (F42X; D20X; Y45X; H16X)

APTSSSTKKT QLQLEXLLLLX LQMILNGINN YKNPKLTRML TXKFXMPKKA TELKHLQCLE
EELKPLEEVL NLAQSKNFHL RPRDLISNIN VIVLELKGSE TTFMCEYADE TATIVEFLNR
WITFCQSIIS TLT (SEQ ID NO:14)

FIG. 2O

IL2 (F42X; D20X; Y45X; Q126X)

APTSSSTKKT QLQLEHLLLX LQMILNGINN YKNPKLTRML TXKFXMPKKA TELKHLQCLE
EELKPLEEVL NLAQSKNFHL RPRDLISNIN VIVLELKGSE TTFMCEYADE TATIVEFLNR
WITFCXSIIS TLT (SEQ ID NO:15)

FIG. 2P

IL2 (F42X; D20X; Y45X; H16X; Q126X)

APTSSSTKKT QLQLEXLLLLX LQMILNGINN YKNPKLTRML TXKFXMPKKA TELKHLQCLE
EELKPLEEVL NLAQSKNFHL RPRDLISNIN VIVLELKGSE TTFMCEYADE TATIVEFLNR
WITFCXSIIS TLT (SEQ ID NO:16)

FIG. 2Q

IL2 – (F42X, H16X, Q126X)

APTSSSTKKT QLQLEXLLLD LQMILNGINN YKNPKLTRML TXKFYMPKKA TELKHLQCLE
EELKPLEEVL NLAQSKNFHL RPRDLISNIN VIVLEELKGSE TTFMCEYADE TATIVEFLNR
WITFCXSIIS TLT (SEQ ID NO: 17)

FIG. 3A
IL2R-alpha chain
Homo sapiens

1 **MDSYLLMWGL LTFIMVPGCQ AELCDDDPPE IPHATFKAMA YKEGTMNCE CKRGFRRIKS**
61 **GSLYMLCTGN SSHSSWDNQC QCTSSATRNT TKQVTPQPEE QKERKTTEMQ SPMQPVVDQAS**
121 **LPGHCREPPP WENEATERIY HFVVGQMVYY QCVQGYRALH RGP AESVCKM THGKTRWTQP**
181 **QLICTGEMET SQFPGEEKPQ ASPEGRPESE TSCLVTTTDF QIQTEMAATM ETSIFTTEYQ**
241 **VAVAGCVFLL ISVLLLSGLT WQRRQRKRRR TI (SEQ ID NO:18)**

Mature = amino acids 22-272

FIG. 3B
IL2R-beta chain
Homo sapiens

1 **MAAPALSWRL PLLILLPLA TSWASAAVNG TSQFTCFYNS RANISCVWSQ DGALQDTSQ**
61 **VHAWPDRRW NQTCCELLPV S QASWACNLIL GAPDSQKLTT VDIVTLRLC REGVRWRVMA**
121 **IQDFKPFENL RLMAPISLQV VHVETHRCNI SWEISQASHY FERHLEFEAR TLSPGHTWEE**
181 **APLLTLKQKQ EWICLETLTP DTQYEFQVRV KPLQGEFTTW SPWSQPLAFR TKPAALGKDT**
241 **IPWLGHLLVG LSGAFGFIIL VYLLINCRNT GPWLKKVLKC NTPDPSKFFS QLSSEHGGDV**
301 **QKWLSSPFP S SFSPGGLAP EISPLEVLER DKVTQLLLQQ DKVPEPASLS SNHSLTSCFT**
361 **NQGYFFFHLP DALEIEACQV YFTYDPYSEE DPDEGVAGAP TGSSPQPLQP LSGEDDAYCT**
421 **FPSRDDLLLF SPSSLGGPSP PSTAPGGSGA GEERMPPSLQ ERVPRDWDPO PLGPPTPGVP**
481 **DLVDFQPPPE LVLREAGEEV PDAGPREGVS FPWSRPPGQG EFRALNARLP LNTDAYLSLQ**
541 **ELQGQDPHTL V (SEQ ID NO:19)**

Mature = amino acids 27-551

FIG. 3C
IL2R-gamma chain
Homo sapiens

1	MLKPSLPFTS	LLFLQLPLLG	VGLNTTILTP	NGNEDTTADF	FLTTMPTDSL	SVSTLPLPEV
61	QCFVENVEYM	NCTWNSSSEP	QPTNLTILHYW	YKNSDNDKVQ	KCSHYLFSEE	ITSGCQLQKK
121	EIHLVQTFVV	QLQDPREPRR	QATQMLKLQN	LVIPWAPENL	TLHKLSESQL	ELNWNNRFLN
181	HCLEHLVQYR	TDWDHSWTEQ	SVDYRHKFSL	PSVDGQKRYT	FRVRSRFNPL	CGSAQHWSEW
241	SHPIHWGSNT	SKENPFLFAL	EAVVISVGSM	GLIISLLCVY	FWLERTMPRI	PTLKNLEDLV
301	TEYHGNFSAW	SGVSKGLAES	LQPDYSERLC	LVSEIIPPCKG	ALGEGPGASP	CNQHSFYWAP
361	PCYTLKPET	(SEQ ID NO:20)				

Mature = amino acids 23-369

Figure 4A

GenBank 3S7G_A

Homo sapiens **IgG1 Fc** (SEQ ID NO: 21)

227 aa

```

1 dkthtccppcp apellggpsv flfppkpkdt lmisrtpevt cvvvdvshed pevknwyyvd
61 gvevhnaktk preeqynsty rvsvltvlh qdwlngkeyk ckvsnkaklpa piektiskak
121 gqprepqvyt lpsrdeltk ngvsltclvk gfypsdiave wesngqpenn ykttppvlds
181 dgsfflyskl tvdksrwqqg nvfscsvmhe alhnhytqks lslspgk

```

GenBank AAN76044

Homo sapiens **IgG2 Fc** (amino acids 99-325) (SEQ ID NO: 22)

227 aa

```

1 stkgpsvfpl apcsrstses taalgcclvkd yfpepvtvsw nsgaltsgvh tfpavlqssg
61 lyslssvvtv pssnfgtqty tcnvdhkpsn tkvdktkverk ccvecpbcpa ppvagpsvfl
121 fppkpkdtlm isrtpevtcv vvdvshedpe vqfnwyvdgv evhnaktkpr eeqfnstfrv
181 vsvltvvhqd wlngkeyckk vsnkglpapi ektisktkgq prepqvytlp psreemtknq
241 vsltcclvkqf ypsdiavewe sngqpennyk ttpmldsdg sfflyskltv dksrwqqgnv
301 fscsvmheal hnhytqksls lspgk

```

GenBank AAW65947

Homo sapiens **IgG3 Fc** (amino acids 19-246) (SEQ ID NO: 23)

238 aa

```

1 hkpsntkvdk rvelktplgd tthtcppcpa pellggpsvf lfppkpkdtl misrtpevtc
61 vvvdvshedp evkfnwyvdg vevhnaktkp reeqynstyr vvsvltvlhq dwlngkeykc
121 kvsnkakpap iektiskakg qprepqvytl ppsrdeltkn qvsltclvkq fypsdiavew
181 esngqpenny kttppvldsds gsfflysklt vdksrwqqgn vfscsvmhea lnhhytqksl
241 slspgk

```

Figure 4B

GenBank AAA52770
Homo sapiens **IgD** Fc (amino acids 162-383) (SEQ ID NO: 24)
 222 aa

```

1 ptkapdvfpi isgcrhpkdn spvvlacilit gyhptsvtvt wymgtqsqpq rtfpeiqrdd
61 syymtssqls tplqwrqge ykcvvqhtas kskkeifrwv espkaqassv ptaqpqaegs
121 lakattapat trntgrggee kkekekeeq eeretktpec pshtqplgvy lltpavqdlw
181 lrdkatftcf vvgdldkdah ltwevagkvp tggveeglle rhnsgsqsqh srltlprslw
241 nagtsvtctl nhpslppqrl malrepaaqa pvklslnlla ssdpppeaasw llcevsqgfs
301 pnillmwled grevntsgfa parpppqprs ttfwawsvlr vpappspqpa tytcvvhshd
361 srltlnasrs levsyvtldhg pmk
    
```

GenBank 0308221A
Homo sapiens **IgM** Fc (SEQ ID NO: 25)
 276 aa

```

1 vtstltikzs dwlgesmftc rvdhrgltfq qnassmcvpd qdtairvfai ppsfasiflt
61 kstkltclvt dltybsvti swtreengav kthtnisesh pnatfsavge asicedbdws
121 gerftctvth tdlpsplkqt isrpkgvalh rpbvylppa rzlnlresa titclvtgfs
181 padvfvewmq rgeplspqky vtsapmpepq apgryfahsi ltvseeewnt ggtytcvvhah
241 ealpnrvter tvdkstgkpt lynvslvmsd tagtscy
    
```

Figure 4C

GenBank P01876

Homo sapiens **IgA Fc** (amino acids 120-353) (SEQ ID NO: 26)

234 aa

```
1 asptspkvfp lslcstqpdg nvviaclvqg ffpqeplsvt wsesgggvta rnfppsqdas
61 gdlyttssql tlpattqlag ksvtchvkh ytnpsqdvtp cpvpstptp spstptpssp
121 scchprlslh rpaledlllg seanltctlt glrdasgvtf twtpssgksa vqgppperdlc
181 gcysvssvlp gcaepwnhgk tftctaape sktpltatls ksgntfrpev hllpppseel
241 alnelvtltc largfspkdv lvrwlqgsqe lprekyltwa srqepsqgtt tfavtsilrv
301 aaedwkkgdt fscmvgheal plaftqktid rlagkpthvn vsvmaevdg tcy
```

GenBank 1F6A_B

Homo sapiens **IgE Fc** (amino acids 6-222) (SEQ ID NO: 27)

212 aa

```
1 adpcdsnprg vsaylsrpsp fdlfirkst itclvvdlap skgtvnltws rasgkpvnhs
61 trkeekqrng tltvtstlpv gtrdwieget yqcrvthphl pralmrsttk tsgprraapev
121 yafatpewpg srdkrtlaci ignfmpedis vqwlhnevql pdarhsttqp rktkgsgffv
181 fsrlevtrae weqkdeficr avheaaspsq tvqravsvnp gk
```

GenBank P01861

Homo sapiens **IgG4 Fc** (amino acids 100-327) (SEQ ID NO: 28)

228 aa

```
1 astkgpsvfp lapcsrste staaigclvk dyfpepvtvs wnsгалtsgv htfpavqlss
61 glyslssvvt vpssslgkt ytcnvdhkps ntkvdkrves kygppcpscp afeflgpps
121 flfppkpkt lmisrtpevt cvvdivsqed pevqfnwyvd gvevhnaktk preeqfnsty
181 rrvsvltvlh qdwlngkeyk ckvsnkglps siektiskak gqprepqvyt lppsqeemtk
241 nqvsltclvk gfypsdiave wesngqpenn ykttppvlds dgsfflysr1 tvdksrwqeg
301 nvfscsvmhe alnhhytqks ls1slgk
```


Figure 5A*Homo sapiens*

GenBank NP_001229687

HLA-A

Amino acids 25-365 (SEQ ID NO: 29)

```
1 mavmaprtll lllsgalalt qtwagshsmr yfytvsrpg rgeprfiavg yvddtqfvrf
61 dsdaasqkme prapwiedeg peywdqetn mkahsqtdra nlgtlrgyyn qsedgshtliq
121 imygcdvpgd grflrgyrqd aydgkdyial nedlrswtaa dmaaqitkrk weavhaaeqr
181 rvylegrcvd glrrylengk etlgrtdppk thmthhpisd heatlrcwal gfypaeitlt
241 wqrdgedqtq dtelvetrpa gdtfqkwa vvpvsgeegr ytchvqhegl pkpltlrwel
301 ssqptipivg iiaglvllga vitgavvaav mwrrkssdrk ggsytqaass dsaggdsdvs1
361 tackv
```

Figure 5B*Homo sapiens*

GenBank NP_005505

HLA-B

Amino acids 25-362 (SEQ ID NO: 30)

```
1 mlvmaprtvl lllsaalalt etwagshsmr yfytvsrpg rgeprfivsg yvddtqfvrf
61 dsdaaspree prapwiedeg peywdrntqi ykaqaqtdre slnrlrgyyn qseagshtliq
121 smygcdvpgd grllrghdqy aydgkdyial nedlrswtaa dtaaqitqrk weaareaeqr
181 raylegecve wlrrylengk dkleradppk thvthhpisd heatlrcwal gfypaeitlt
241 wqrdgedqtq dtelvetrpa gdtfqkwa vvpvsgeegr ytchvqhegl pkpltlrwep
301 ssqstvpivg ivaglavlav vvigavvaav mcrrkssggk ggsysqaacs dsaggdsdvs1
361 ta
```

Figure 5C
Homo sapiens
GenBank NP_001229971
HLA-C
Amino acids 25-366 (SEQ ID NO:31)

1 mrvmaprall lllsgglalt etwacshsmr yfdtavsrpg rgeprfisvg yvddtqfvrfrf
61 dsdaasprge prapwvegeg peywdretqn ykrqaqadr yslrnlrgyyn qsedgshtlq
121 rmygcdlgpd grllrgydgq aydgkdyial nedlrswtaa dtaaqitqrk leaaraaeql
181 raylegtcve wlrrylengk etlqraepk thvthhplsd heatlrcwal gfypaeitlt
241 wqrdgedqtg dtelvetrpa gdtfqkwa vvpssgqeqr ytchmqhegl qepltlswep
301 ssqptipimg ivaglavlv lavlgavta mmcrkssgg kggscsqaac snsaggsdes
361 litcka

FIG. 7A

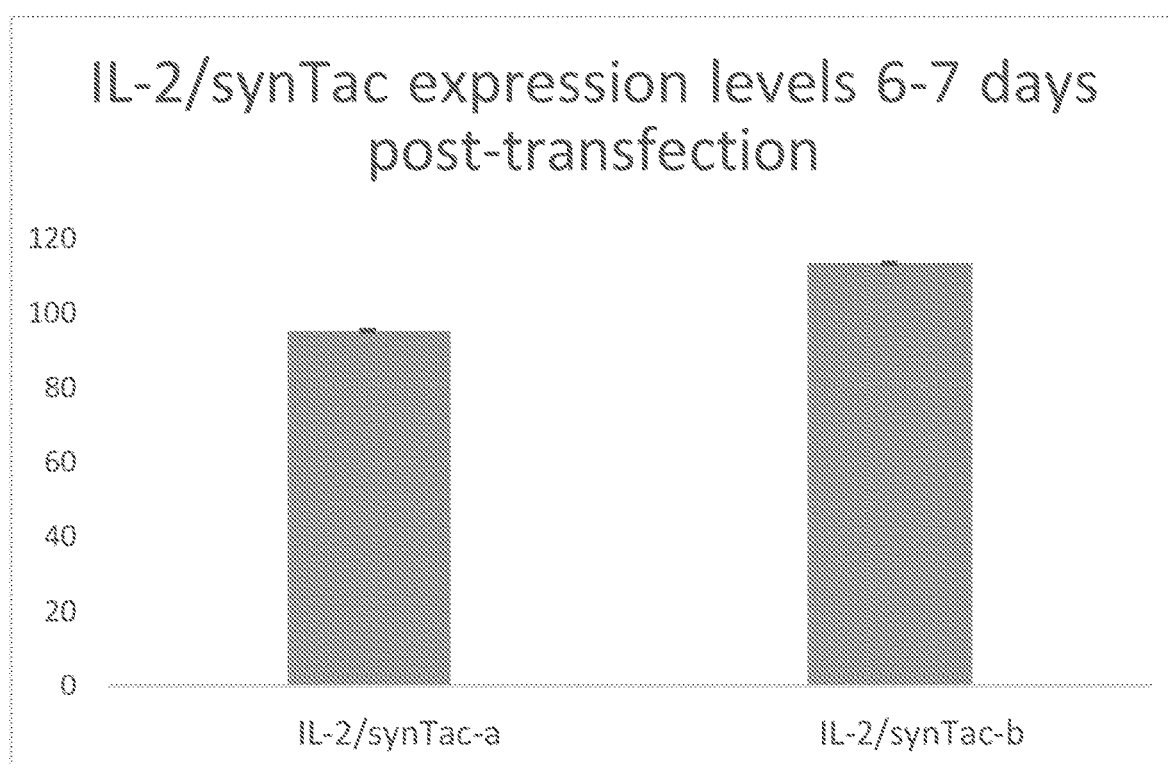


FIG. 7B

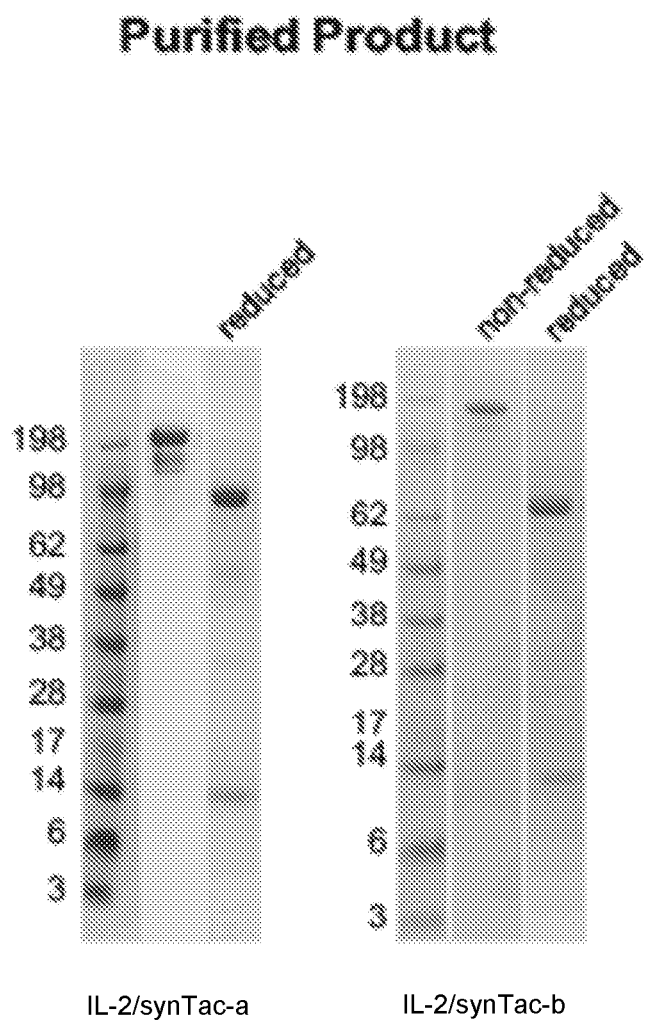


FIG. 8A

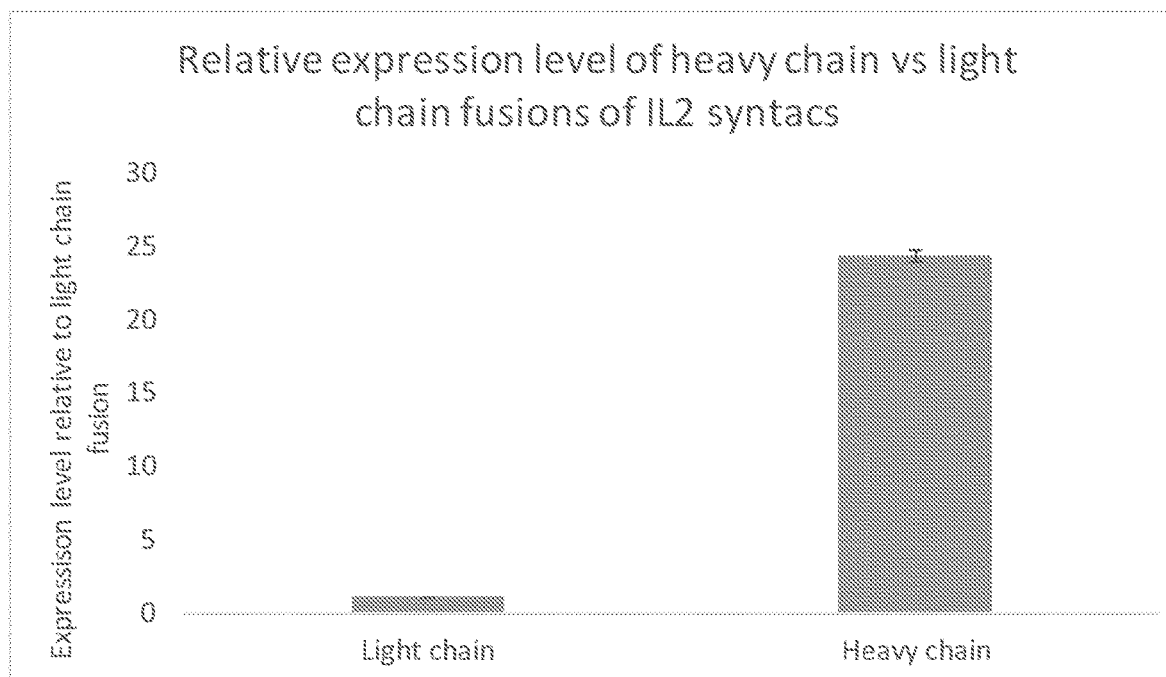


FIG. 8B

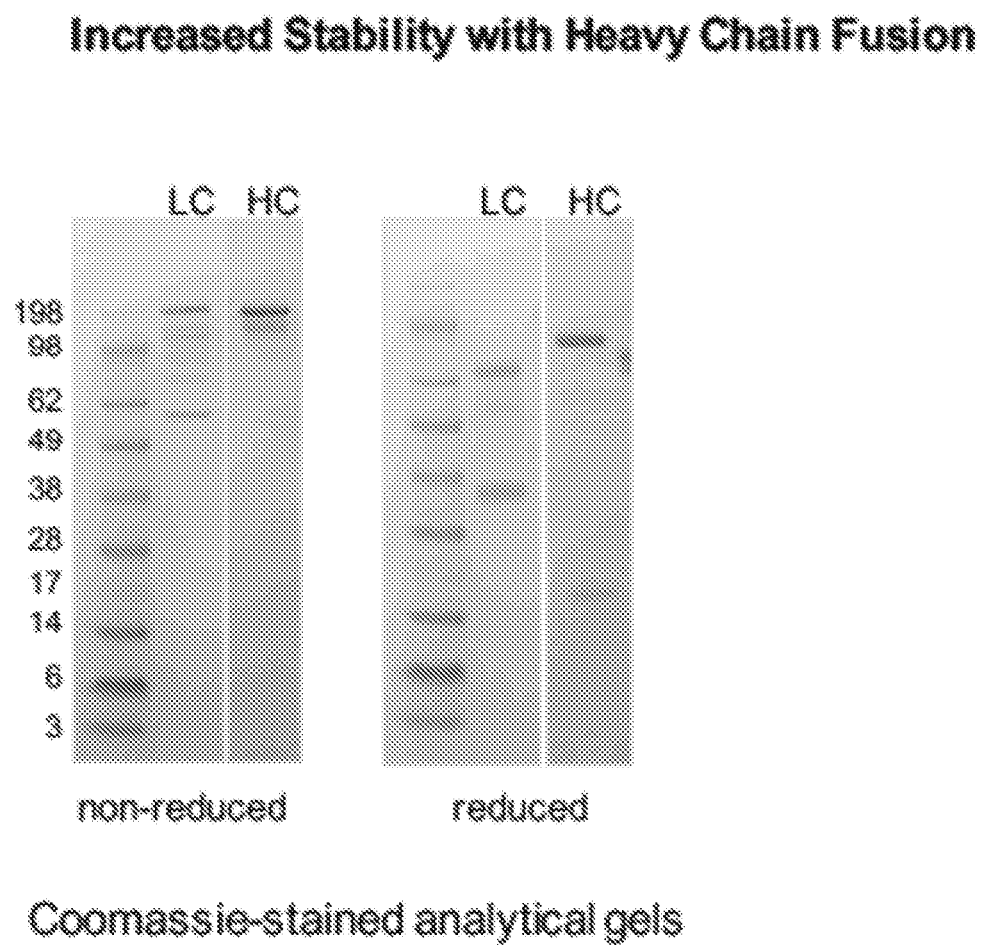


FIG. 9

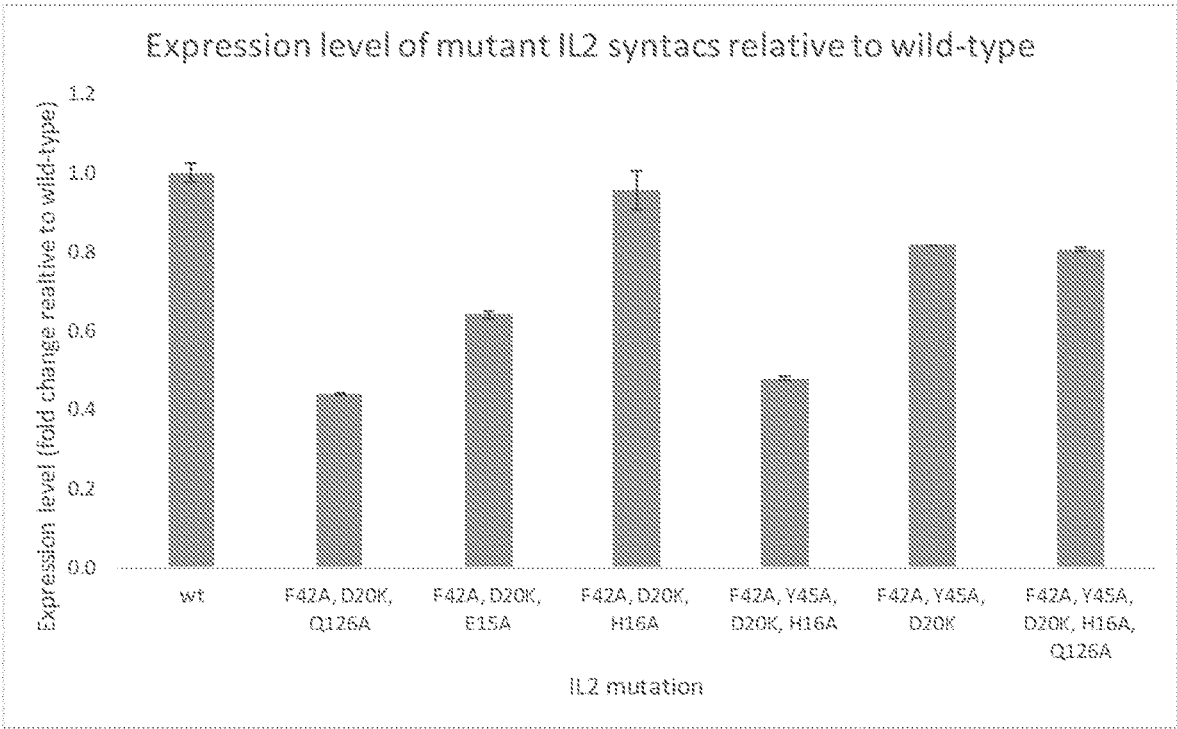


FIG. 10

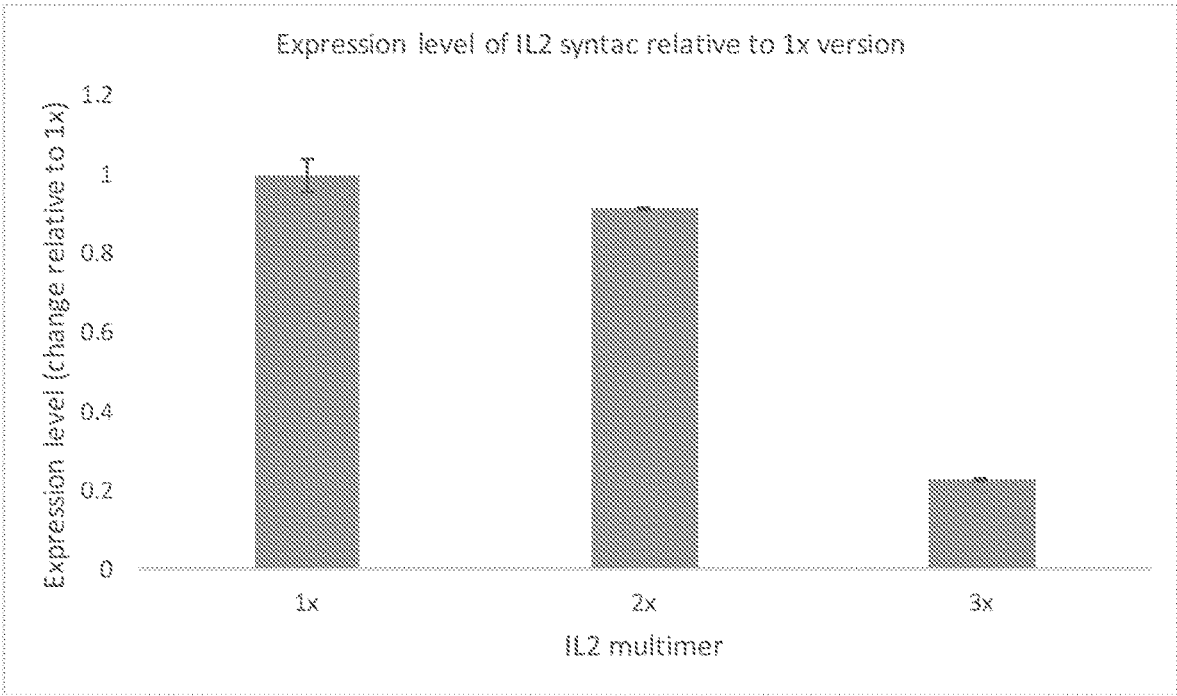


FIG. 11

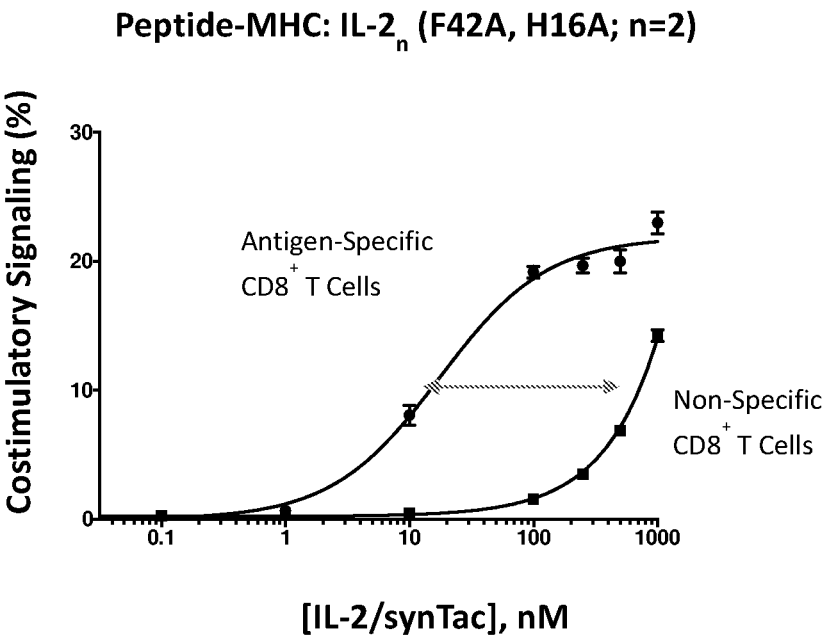


FIG. 12

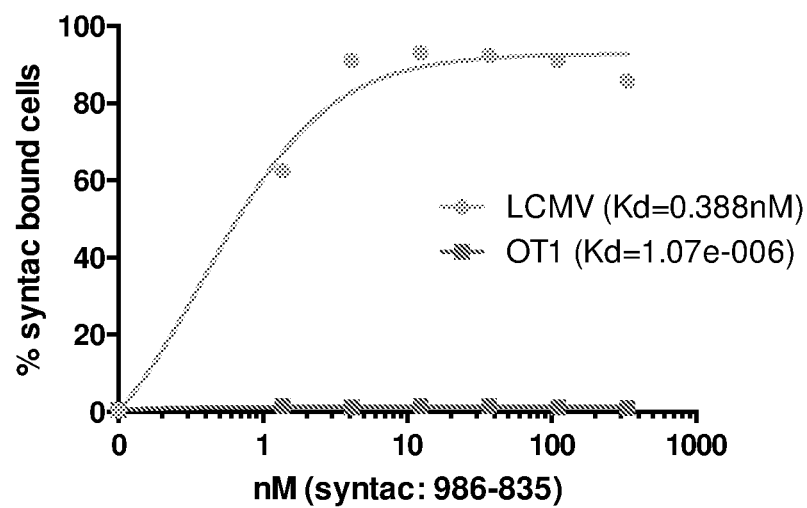
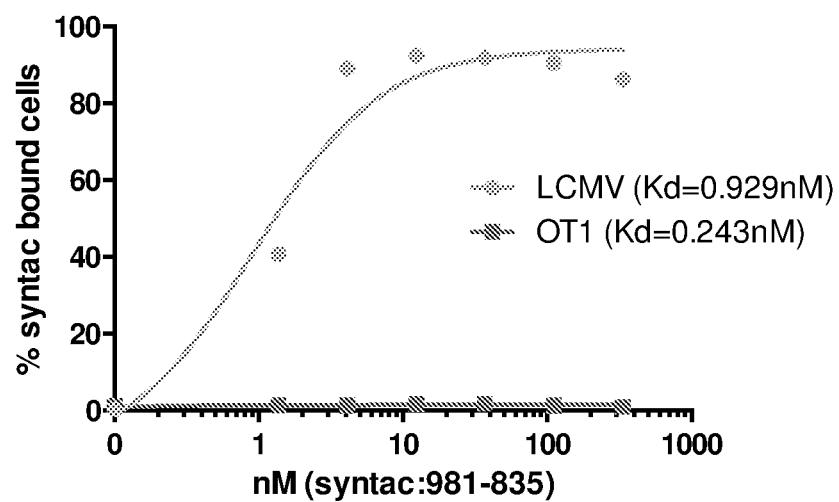


FIG. 13

Number of IL-2 Repeats versus Mutations

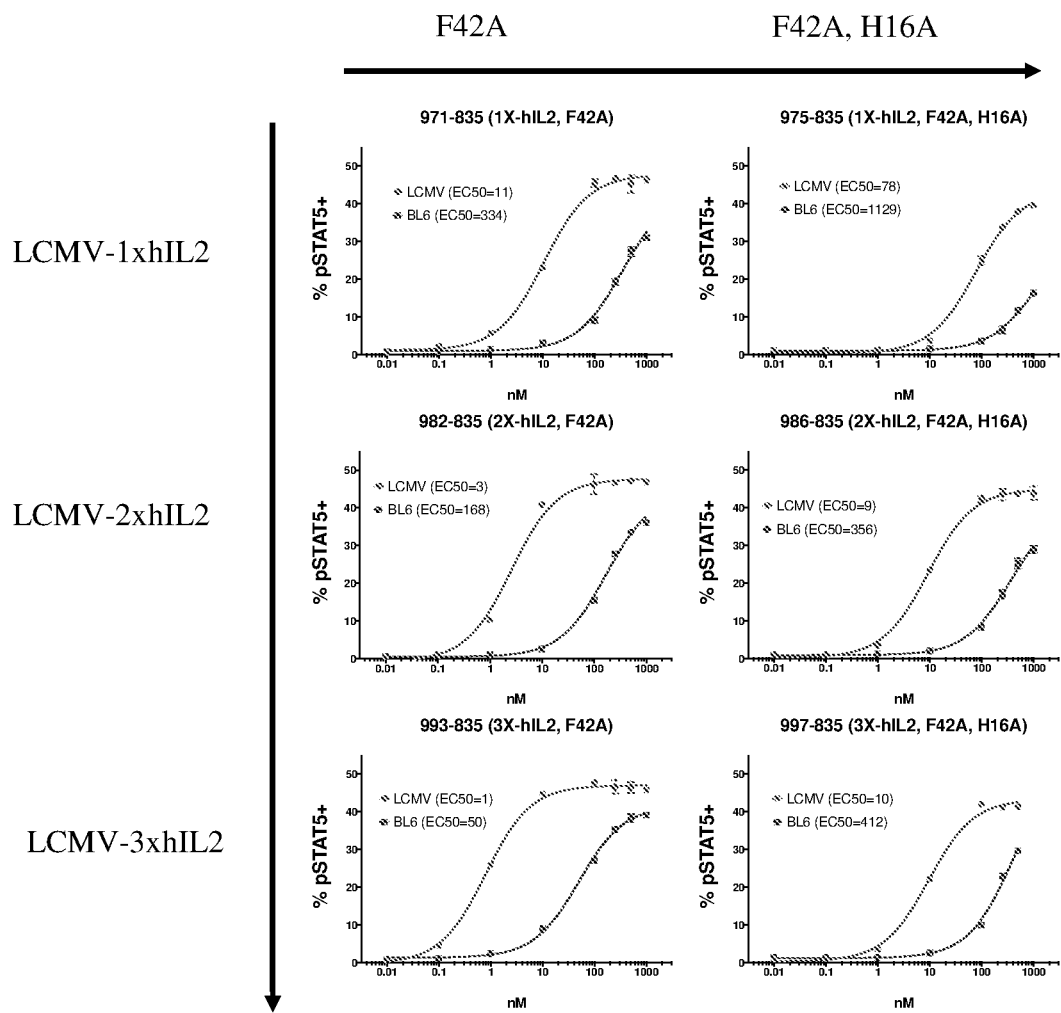
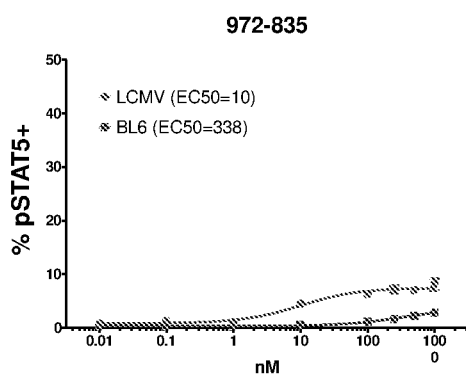


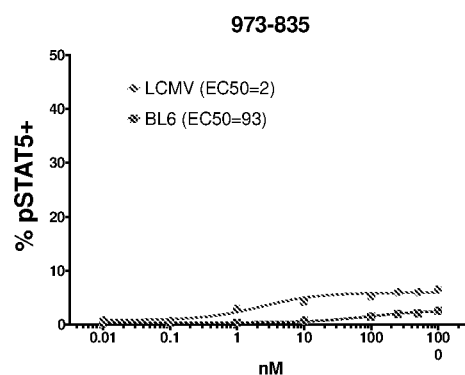
FIG. 14A

One copy of IL-2

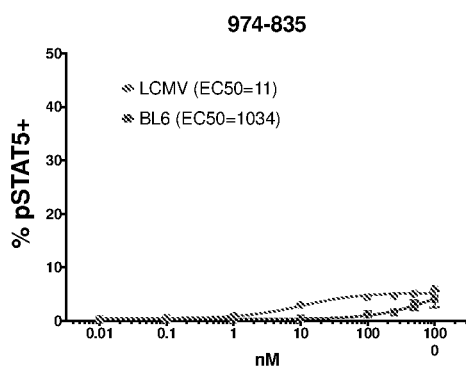
Mutation: F42A, D20K



Mutation: F42A, D20K, Q126A



Mutation: F42A, D20K, E15A



Mutation: F42A, D20K, H16A

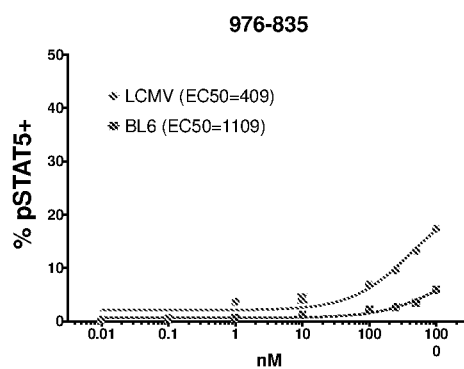
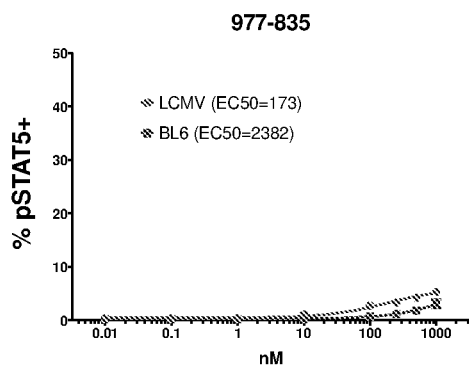


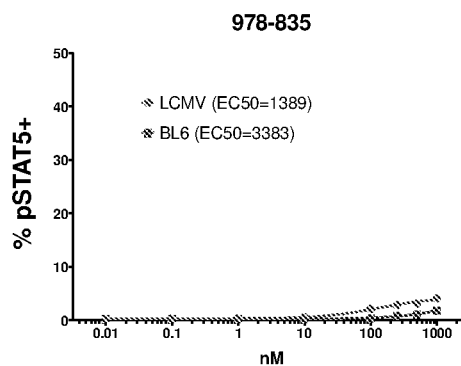
FIG. 14B

One copy of IL-2

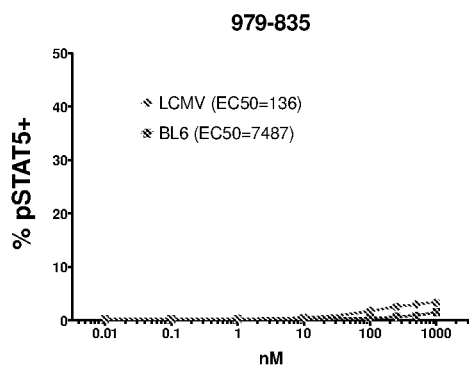
Mutation: F42A, Y45A, D20K, H16A



Mutation: F42A, Y45A, D20K



Mutation: F42A, Y45A, D20K, H16A, Q126A



Mutation: F42A, Y45A, D20K, Q126A

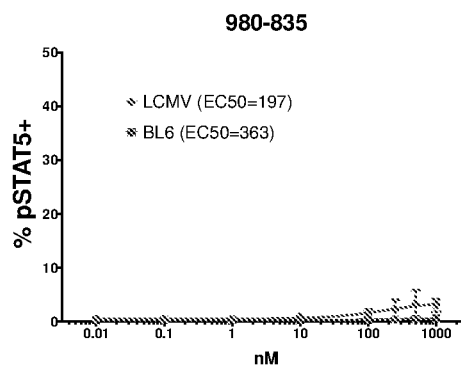
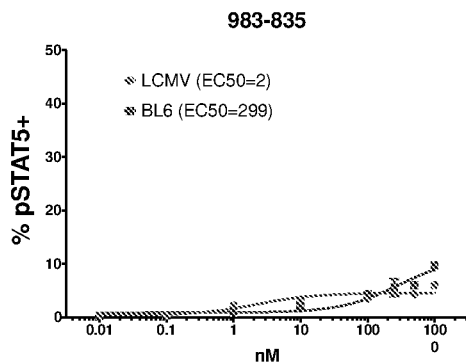


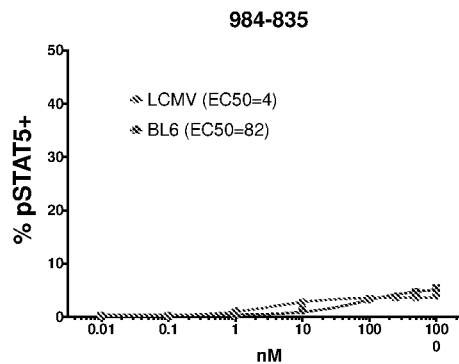
FIG. 14C

Two copies of IL-2

Mutation: F42A, D20K



Mutation: F42A, D20K, Q126A



Mutation: F42A, D20K, H16A

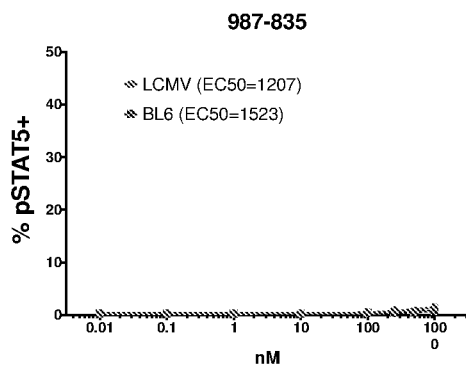
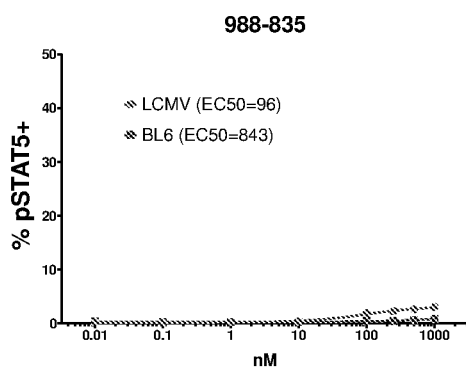


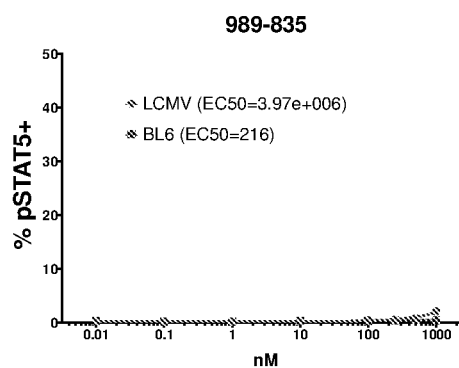
FIG. 14D

Two copies of IL-2

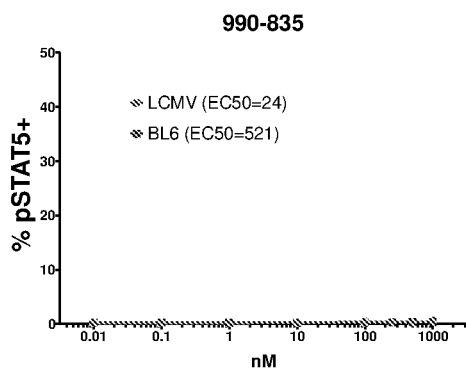
Mutation: F42A, Y45A, D20K, H16A



Mutation: F42A, Y45A, D20K



Mutation: F42A, Y45A, D20K, H16A, Q126A



Mutation: F42A, Y45A, D20K, Q126A

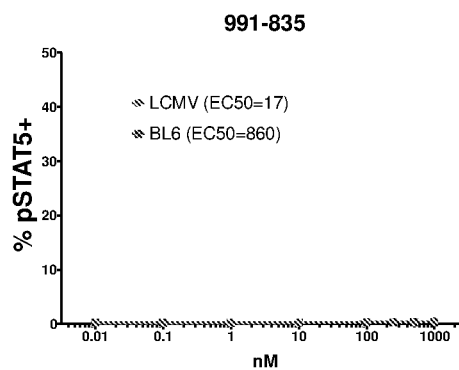
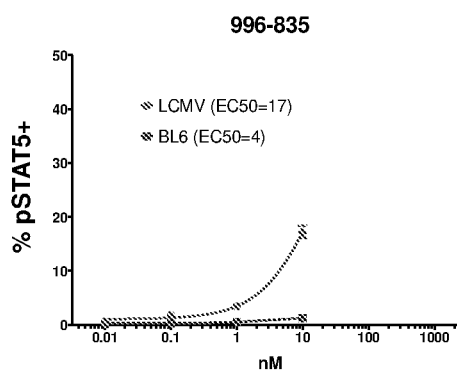
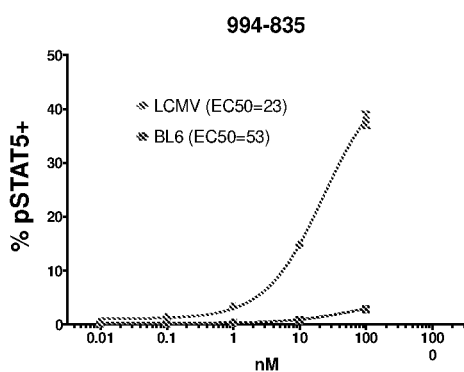


FIG. 14E

Three copies of IL-2

Mutation: F42A, D20K

Mutation: F42A, D20K, E15A



Mutation: F42A, D20K, H16A

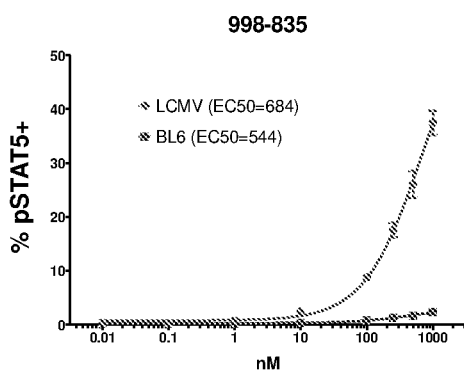
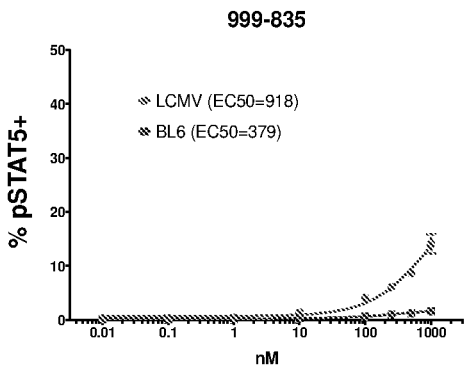


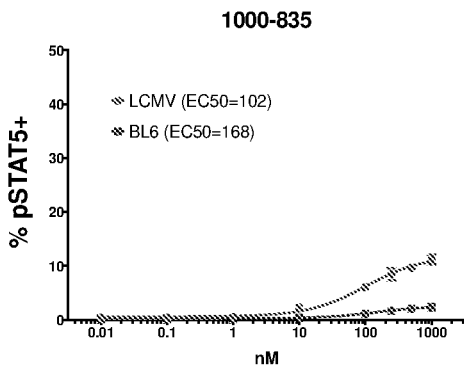
FIG. 14F

Three copies of IL-2

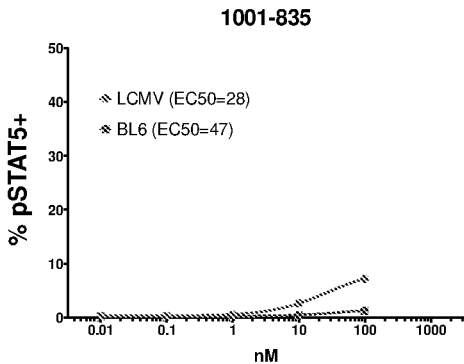
Mutation: F42A, Y45A, D20K, H16A



Mutation: F42A, Y45A, D20K



Mutation: F42A, Y45A, D20K, H16A, Q126A



Mutation: F42A, Y45A, D20K, Q126A

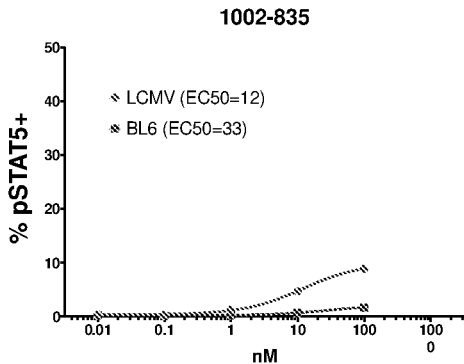
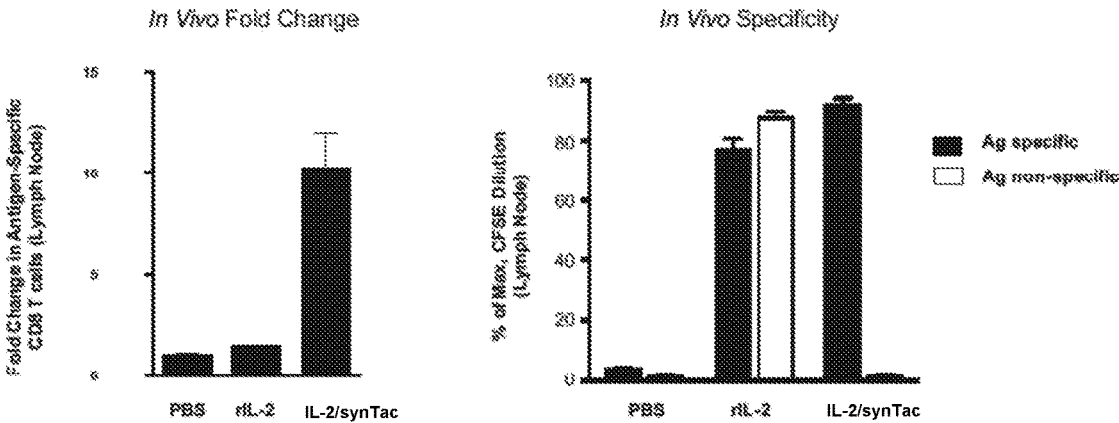
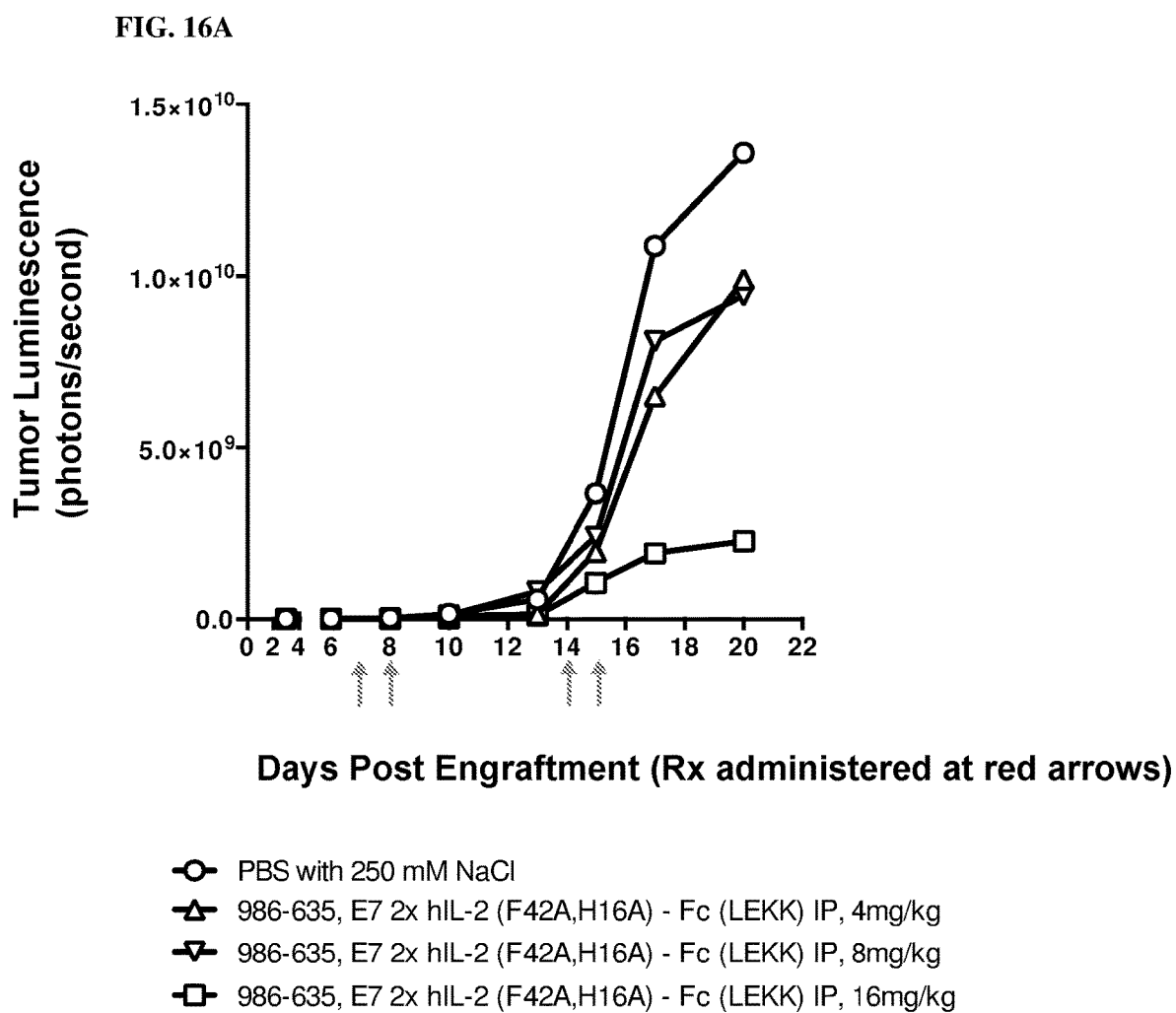


FIG. 15





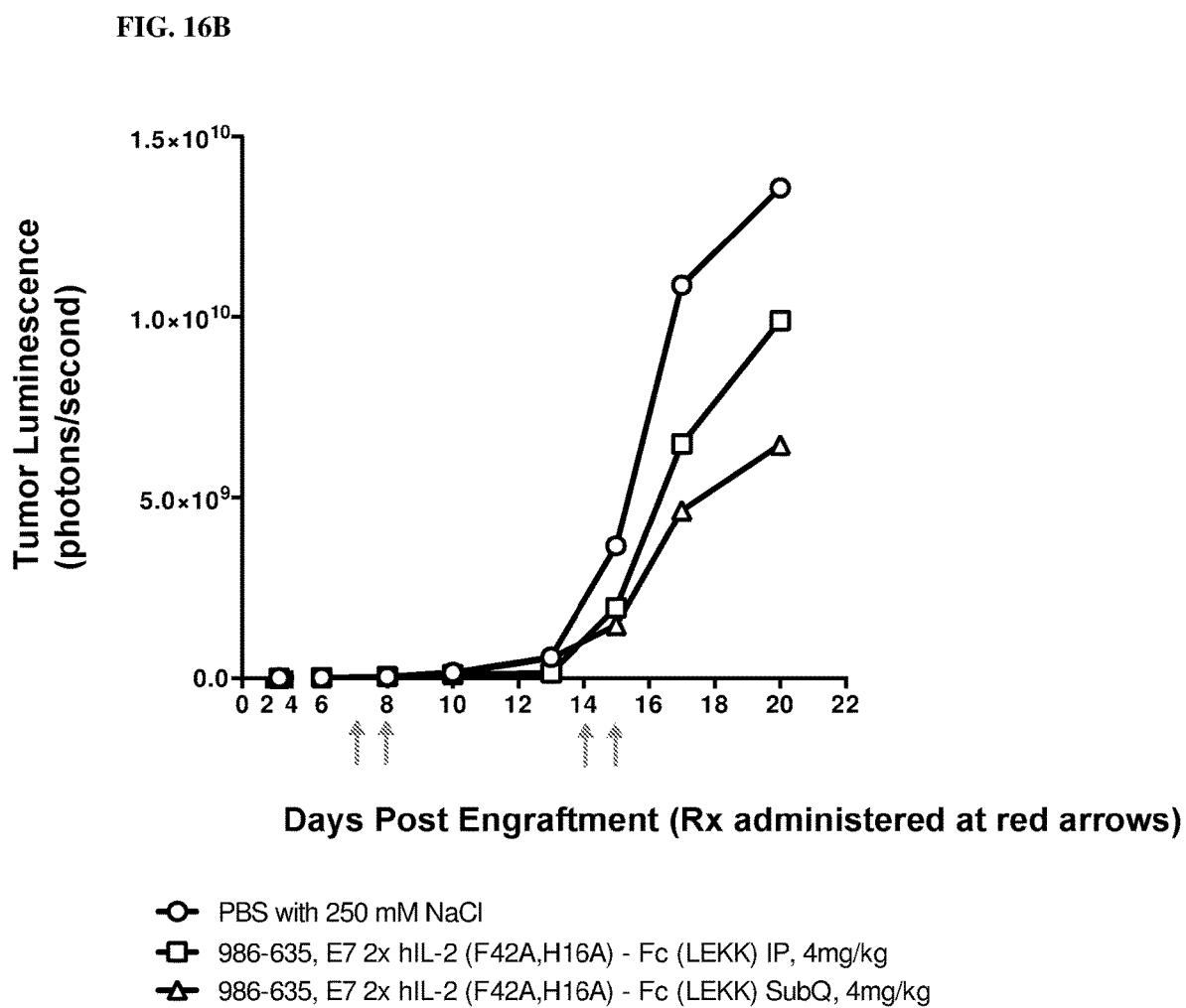


FIG. 17A

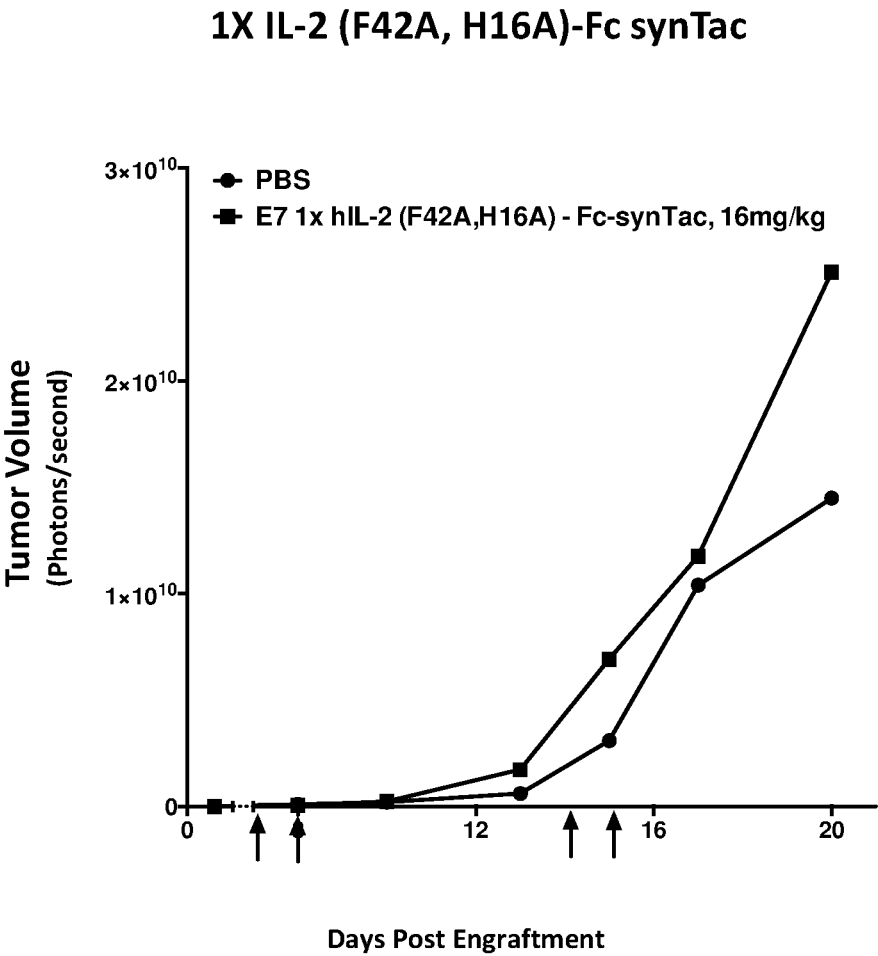


FIG. 17B

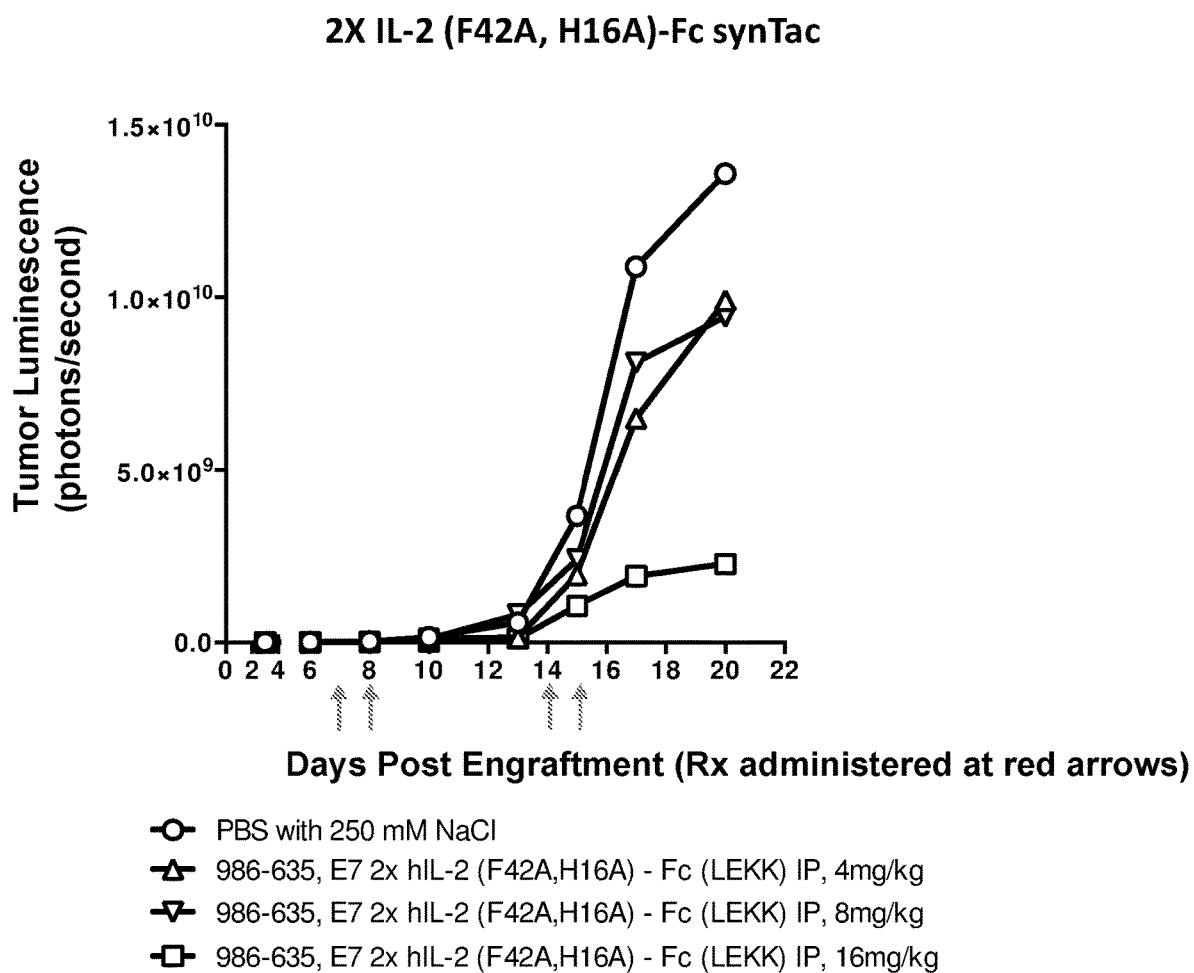


FIG. 18

976-835 LCMV-hIL-2 (F42A, D20K;H16A) (10mg/kg, IP)

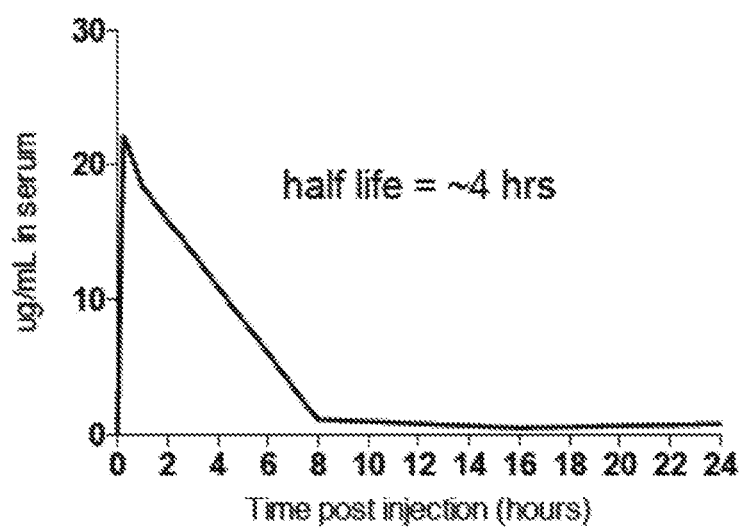


FIG. 19

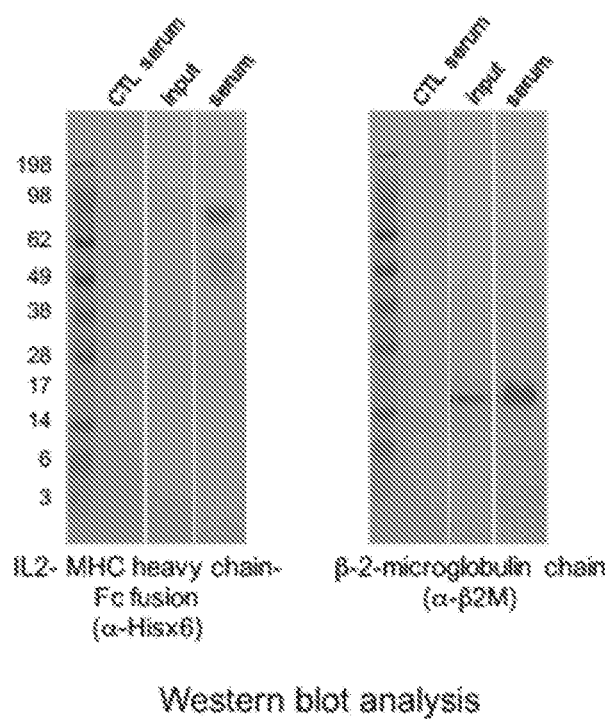


FIG. 20

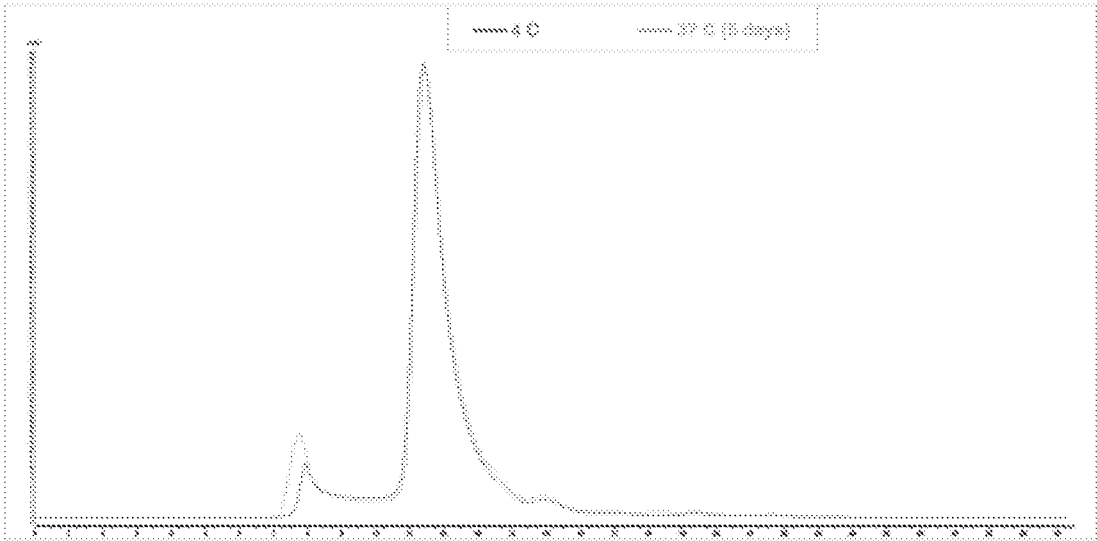


FIG. 21 (SEQ ID NO:32)

CUE101-N297A with leader peptide

*MYRMQLLS***CIALSLALVTNS**APTSSST**KKKTQLQLEALLLDLQMI**LNGINNYKNPKLTRML
TAKFYMPKKATEL**KHLQCLEEELKPLEEVLNLAQSKNFHLRPRDLISNIN**VIVLELKGSE
TTFMCEYADETAT**IVEFLNRWITFCQSI**IISTLTGGGGSGGGSGGGSGGGSGGGGSAPTSSST
KKTQLQLEALLLDLQMI**LNGINNYKNPKLTRMLTAKFYMPKKATEL****KHLQCLEEELKPLE**
EVLNLAQSKNFHLRPRDLISNIN**VIVLELKGSETTFMCEYADETAT****IVEFLNRWITFCQSI**
IISTLTGGGGSGGGSGGGSGGGSGGGSGGSHSMRYFFT**SVSRPGRGEP****RFIAVGYVDDTQFV**
RFDSDAASQRM**EP****RA****PWIEQEGPEYWDGETR****KVKAHSQTHRVDLGT****LRGAYNQSEAGSHT**
VQRM**YGCDVGS****DWRFLRGYHQYAYDGKDYIALKEDLRSWTAADMAAQT****TKHKWEAAHVAE**
QLRAYLEGT**CV****E****W****LRRYLENGKETLQRTDAPKTHMTHHAVSDHEAT****LRCWALS****FYPAEIT**
LTWQ**RDGEDQTD****ELVETR****PCGDGTFOKWA****AVVVP****SGQEQRYTCHVQHEGLPKPLTLRW**
AAAAGGDK**TH****TCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVDVSHEDPEVK**
FNWYVDG**VEVHN****AKTKPREEQYASTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEK**
TISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTT
PFVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNV**FSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLS****PGK**

Human IL2 Leader sequence – italics

IL-2 (H16A/F42A) – bold (with H16 and F42 underlined)

(G4S)4 Linkers – single underlined

MHC H chain Y84A; A236C– double underlined (with Y84A and A236C in bold)

AAAGG linker – single underlined

Human IgG1 Fc; N297A – (bold and underlined, with N297A unbolded)

FIG. 22 (SEQ ID NO:33)

CUE101-N297A without leader peptide

APTSSST**KKKTQLQLEALLLDLQMI**LNGINNYKNPKLTRML
TAKFYMPKKATEL**KHLQCLEEELKPLEEVLNLAQSKNFHLRPRDLISNIN**VIVLELKGSE
TTFMCEYADETAT**IVEFLNRWITFCQSI**IISTLTGGGGSGGGSGGGSGGGSGGGGSAPTSSST
KKTQLQLEALLLDLQMI**LNGINNYKNPKLTRMLTAKFYMPKKATEL****KHLQCLEEELKPLE**
EVLNLAQSKNFHLRPRDLISNIN**VIVLELKGSETTFMCEYADETAT****IVEFLNRWITFCQSI**
IISTLTGGGGSGGGSGGGSGGGSGGGSGGSHSMRYFFT**SVSRPGRGEP****RFIAVGYVDDTQFV**
RFDSDAASQRM**EP****RA****PWIEQEGPEYWDGETR****KVKAHSQTHRVDLGT****LRGAYNQSEAGSHT**
VQRM**YGCDVGS****DWRFLRGYHQYAYDGKDYIALKEDLRSWTAADMAAQT****TKHKWEAAHVAE**
QLRAYLEGT**CV****E****W****LRRYLENGKETLQRTDAPKTHMTHHAVSDHEAT****LRCWALS****FYPAEIT**
LTWQ**RDGEDQTD****ELVETR****PCGDGTFOKWA****AVVVP****SGQEQRYTCHVQHEGLPKPLTLRW**
AAAAGGDK**TH****TCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVDVSHEDPEVK**
FNWYVDG**VEVHN****AKTKPREEQYASTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEK**
TISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTT
PFVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNV**FSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLS****PGK**

IL-2 (H16A/F42A) – bold (with H16 and F42 underlined)

(G4S)4 Linkers – single underlined

MHC H chain Y84A; A236C– double underlined (with Y84A and A236C in bold)

AAAGG linker – single underlined

Human IgG1 Fc; N297A – (bold and underlined, with N297A unbolded)

FIG. 23A (SEQ ID NO:34)

CUE101-N297A

1360:

ATGTACAGGATGCAACTCCTGTCTTGCACTAAGTCTTGCACTTGTCACAAACAGTGCACCTACTTC
AAGTTCTACAAAGAAAACACAGCTACAACCTGGAGGCAATTACTGCTGGATTACAGATGATTTTGAATG
GAATTAATAATTACAAGAATCCCAAACCTACCAGGATGCTCACAAGCAAGTTTTACATGCCCAAGAAG
GCCACAGAAGTAAACATCTTCAGTGTCTAGAAGAAGAACTCAAACCTCTGGAGGAAGTGCTAAATTT
AGCTCAAAGCAAAAACCTTCACTTAAGACCCAGGGACTTAATCAGCAATATCAACGTAATAGTTCTGGA
ACTAAAGGGATCTGAAACAACATTCATGTGTGAATATGCTGATGAGACAGCAACCATTGTAGAATTTT
TGAACAGATGGATTACCTTTTGTCAAAGCATCATCTCAACACTGACTGGAGGCGGAGGATCTGGTGGTG
GAGGTTCTGGTGGTGGGGGATCTGGAGGCGGAGGATCTGCACCTACTTCAAGTTCTACAAAGAAAACA
CAGCTACAACCTGGAGGCAATTACTGCTGGATTACAGATGATTTTGAATGGAATTAATAATTACAAGAAT
CCCAAACCTACCAGGATGCTCACAAGCAAGTTTTACATGCCCAAGAAGGCCACAGAAGTAAACATCTT
CAGTGTCTAGAAGAAGAACTCAAACCTCTGGAGGAAGTGCTAAATTTAGCTCAAAGCAAAAACCTTCA
CTTAAGACCCAGGGACTTAATCAGCAATATCAACGTAATAGTTCTGGAAGTAAAGGGATCTGAAACAA
CATTATGTGTGAATATGCTGATGAGACAGCAACCATTGTAGAATTTCTGAACAGATGGATTACCTTTT
GTCAAAGCATCATCTCAACACTGACTGGAGGCGGAGGATCTGGTGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGTGGGGGA
TCTGGAGGCGGAGGATCTGGCTCTCACTCCATGAGGTATTTCTTCACATCCGTGTCCCGGCCCGGCCGCG
GGGAGCCCCGCTTCATCGCAGTGGGCTACGTGGACGACACGCAGTTCGTGCGGTTTCGACAGCGACGCCG
CGAGCCAGAGGATGGAGCCGCGGGCGCCGTGGATAGAGCAGGAGGGTCCGGAGTATTGGGACGGGGA
GACACGGAAAGTGAAGGCCCACTCACAGACTCACCGAGTGGACCTGGGGACCCTGCGCGGCGCCTACA
ACCAGAGCGAGGCGCGTTCTCACACCGTCCAGAGGATGTATGGCTGCGACGTGGGGTTCGGACTGGCGC
TTCCTCCGCGGGTACCACCAGTACGCCTACGACGGCAAGGATTACATCGCCCTGAAAGAGGACCTGCGCT
CTTGACCGCGGCGGACATGGCAGCTCAGACCACCAAGCACAAAGTGGGAGGCGGCCCATGTGGCGGAG
CAGTTGAGAGCCTACCTGGAGGGCACGTGCGTGGAGTGGCTCCGCAGATACCTGGAGAACGGGAAGGA
GACGCTGCAGCGCACGGACGCCCCCAAAACGCATATGACTCACCACGCTGTCTCTGACCATGAAGCCACC
CTGAGGTGCTGGGCCCTGAGCTTCTACCCTGCGGAGATCACACTGACCTGGCAGCGGGATGGGGAGGA
CCAGACCCAGGACACGGAGCTCGTGGAGACCAGGCCTTGCGGGGATGGAACCTTCCAGAAGTGGGCGG
CTGTGGTGGTGCCTTCTGGACAGGAGCAGAGATACACCTGCCATGTGCAGCATGAGGGTTTGCCCAAGC
CCCTCACCTGAGATGGGAGGCAGCTGCGGGTGGCGACAAAACCTCACACATGCCACCGTGCCAGCA
CCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCGTCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACACCCTCATGATCTCCC
GGACCCCTGAGGTACATGCGTGGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGTTCAACTG
GTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATGCCAAGACAAAGCCGCGGGAGGAGCAGTACCAAGCAC
GTACCGTGTGGTCAGCGTCTCACCGTCTGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCA
AGGTCTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCATCGAGAAAACCATCTCCAAGGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGA
GAACCACAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATGACCAAGAACCAGGTACGCTGACCTG
CCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGACGCCGAGAAC
AACTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGTGTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCTCTACAGCAAGCTCACCGTGG
ACAAGAGCAGATGGCAGCAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGTCTCCGTGATGCACGAGGCTCTGCACAACCAC
TACACGCAGAAGTCCCTCTCCCTGTCTCCGGGTAAATAGTGA

FIG. 23B

Human IL2 Leader sequence – italics

Human IL2; H16A=GCA; F42A=GCA – bold (with GCA underlined)

(G4S)4 linker – single underlined

Human A0201; Y84A=GCC; A236C=TGC

AAAGG linker – single underlined

Human IgG1 Fc; N297A= GCA; AGG to AGA (still R) and AGC to TCC (still S) – (bold and underlined, with GCA italicized)

Stop codons (TAGTGA)

FIG. 24 (SEQ ID NO:35)

CUE101-LALA with leader peptide

*MYRMQLLS*CIALSLALVTNSAPTSSSTKKTQLQLEALLLDLQMILNGINNYKNPKLTRML
TAKFYMPKKATELKHLQCLEEEELKPLEEVLNLAQSKNFHLRPRDLISNINVIVLELKGSE
TTFMCEYADETATIVEFLNRWITFCQSIISTLTGGGGSGGGSGGGSGGGSGGGSAPTSSST
KKTQLQLEALLLDLQMILNGINNYKNPKLTRMLTAKFYMPKKATELKHLQCLEEEELKPLE
EVLNLAQSKNFHLRPRDLISNINVIVLELKGSETTFMCEYADETATIVEFLNRWITFCQ
SIISTLTGGGGSGGGSGGGSGGGSGGGSGGSHSMRYFFTSVSRPGRGEPRFIAVGYVDDTQFV
RFDSDAASORMEPPRAPWIEQEGPEYWDGETRKVKAHSQTHRVDLGLTRGAYNQSEAGSHT
VQRMYGCDVGSDWRFLRGYHQYAYDGKDYIALKEDLRSWTAADMAAQTTKHKWEAAHVAE
QLRAYLEGTCVEWLRRLRYLENGKETLQRTDAPKTHMTHHAVSDHEATLRCWALSFYPAEIT
LTWQRDGEDQTQDELVETRPCGDGTFQKWAAVVVPSGQEQRYTCHVOHEGLPKPLTLRW
AAAAGGDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVK
FNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEK
TISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTT
PPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK

Leader peptide – italics

IL-2 (H16A/F42A) – bold (with H16 and F42 underlined)

(G4S)₄ Linkers – single underlined

MHC H chain Y84A; A236C – double underlined (with Y84A and A236C in bold)

AAAGG linker – single underlined

Human IgG1 Fc; L234A; L235A – (bold and underlined, with L234A and L235A unbolded)

FIG. 25 (SEQ ID NO:36)

CUE101-LALA without leader peptide

APTSSSTKKTQLQLEALLLDLQMI¹LNGINNYKNPKLTRML
TAKFYMPKKATELKHLQCLEEELKPLEEVLNLAQSKNFHLRPRDLISNIN²VIVLELKGSE
TTFMCEYADETATIVEFLNRWITFCQSIISTLTGGGGSGGGSGGGSGGGGSAPTSSST
KKTQLQLEALLLDLQMI¹LNGINNYKNPKLTRMLTAKFYMPKKATELKHLQCLEEELKPLE
EVLNLAQSKNFHLRPRDLISNIN²VIVLELKGSETTFMCEYADETATIVEFLNRWITFCQS
IISTLTGGGGSGGGSGGGSGGGSGGSHSMRYFFTSVSRPGRGEPRFIAVG³YVDDTQFV
RFDSDAASQRM⁴EPRAPWIEQEGPEYWDGETRKVK⁵AHSQTHRV⁶DLGTLRGAYNQSEAGSHT
VQRM⁷YGCDVGS⁸DWRFLRGYHQYAYDGKDYIALKEDLR⁹SWTAADMAAQTTKHKWEAAHVAE
QLRAYLEGTCVEWLRRYLENGKETLQRTDAPKTHMTHHAVSDHEATLRCWALSFYPAEIT
LTWQRDGEDQTQDTEL¹⁰VETRPCGDGT¹¹FQKWA¹²AVVVP¹³SGQEQR¹⁴YTCHVQHEGLPKPLTLRW
EAAAGGDKTHTC¹⁵PPCPAPEAAGGPSV¹⁶FLFPKPKDTLMI¹⁷SRTPEVTCV¹⁸VVDVSHEDPEVK
FNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEK
TISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTT
PPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTV¹⁹DKSRWQ²⁰QGNVFSCSV²¹MHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK

IL-2 (H16A/F42A) – bold (with H16 and F42 underlined)

(G4S)4 Linkers – single underlined

MHC H chain Y84A; A236C– double underlined (with Y84A and A236C in bold)

AAAGG linker – single underlined

Human IgG1 Fc; L234A; L235A – (bold and underlined, with L234A and L235A unbolded)

FIG. 26A (SEQ ID NO:37)

CUE101-LALA: nucleotide sequence encoding CUE101-LALA with leader peptide

ATGTACAGGATGCAACTCCTGTCTTGCACTAAGTCTTGCACTTGTCACAAACAGTGCACCTACTTC
AAGTTCTACAAAGAAAACACAGCTACAACCTGGAGGCACTTACTGCTGGATTACAGATGATTTTGAATG
GAATTAATAATTACAAGAATCCCAAACCTACCAGGATGCTCACAAGCAAGTTTTACATGCCCAAGAAG
GCCACAGAACTGAAACATCTTCAGTGTCTAGAAGAAGAACTCAAACCTCTGGAGGAAGTGCTAAATTT
AGCTCAAAGCAAAAACCTTCACTTAAGACCCAGGGACTTAATCAGCAATATCAACGTAATAGTTCTGGA
ACTAAAGGGATCTGAAACAACATTCATGTGTGAATATGCTGATGAGACAGCAACCATTGTAGAATTTCT
TGAACAGATGGATTACCTTTTGTCAAAGCATCATCTCAACACTGACTGGAGGCGGAGGATCTGGTGGTG
GAGGTTCTGGTGGTGGGGGATCTGGAGGCGGAGGATCTGCACCTACTTCAAGTTCTACAAAGAAAACA
CAGCTACAACCTGGAGGCACTTACTGCTGGATTACAGATGATTTTGAATGGAATTAATAATTACAAGAAT
CCCAAACCTACCAGGATGCTCACAAGCAAGTTTTACATGCCCAAGAAGGCCACAGAACTGAAACATCTT
CAGTGTCTAGAAGAAGAACTCAAACCTCTGGAGGAAGTGCTAAATTTAGCTCAAAGCAAAAACCTTCA
CTTAAGACCCAGGGACTTAATCAGCAATATCAACGTAATAGTTCTGGAACCTAAAGGGATCTGAAACAA
CATTATGTGTGAATATGCTGATGAGACAGCAACCATTGTAGAATTTCTGAACAGATGGATTACCTTTT
GTCAAAGCATCATCTCAACACTGACTGGAGGCGGAGGATCTGGTGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGTGGGGGA
TCTGGAGGCGGAGGATCTGGCTCTCACTCCATGAGGTATTTCTTCACATCCGTGTCCCGGCCCGGCCGCG
GGGAGCCCCGCTTCATCGCAGTGGGCTACGTGGACGACACGCAGTTCGTGCGGTTTCGACAGCGACGCCG
CGAGCCAGAGGATGGAGCCGCGGGCGCCGTGGATAGAGCAGGAGGGTCCGGAGTATTGGGACGGGGA
GACACGGAAAGTGAAGGCCCACTCACAGACTCACCGAGTGGACCTGGGGACCCTGCGCGGCGCCTACA
ACCAGAGCGAGGCGGTTCTCACACCGTCCAGAGGATGTATGGCTGCGACGTGGGGTTCGACTGGCGC
TTCTCCGCGGGTACCACAGTACGCCTACGACGGCAAGGATTACATCGCCCTGAAAGAGGACCTGCGCT
CTTGACCGCGGCGGACATGGCAGCTCAGACCACCAAGCACAAGTGGGAGGCGGCCCATGTGGCGGAG
CAGTTGAGAGCCTACCTGGAGGGCACGTGCGTGGAGTGGCTCCGAGATACCTGGAGAACGGGAAGGA
GACGCTGCAGCGCACGGACGCCCCCAAAACGCATATGACTCACCACGCTGTCTCTGACCATGAAGCCACC
CTGAGGTGCTGGGCCCCTGAGCTTCTACCCTGCGGAGATCACACTGACCTGGCAGCGGGATGGGGAGGA
CCAGACCCAGGACACGGAGCTCGTGGAGACCAGGCCTTGCGGGGATGGAACCTTCCAGAAGTGGGCGG
CTGTGGTGGTGCCTTCTGGACAGGAGCAGAGATACACCTGCCATGTGCAGCATGAGGGTTTGCCCAAGC
CCCTCACCTGAGATGGGAGGCAGCTGCGGGTGGCGACAAAACCTCACACATGCCACCGTGCCAGCA
CCTGAAAGCGCGGGGGGACCGTCAGTCTTCTCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACACCCTCATGATCTCCC
GGACCCCTGAGGTACATGCGTGGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGTTCAACTG
GTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATGCCAAGACAAAGCCGCGGGAGGAGCAGTACACAGCAC
GTACCGTGTGGTCAGCGTCTCACCGTCTGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCA
AGGTCTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAAACCATCTCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGA
GAACCACAGGTGTACACCTGCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATGACCAAGAACCAGGTACGCTGACCTG
CCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGACGCCGAGAAC
AACTACAAGACCACGCTCCCGTGTGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTCTCTACAGCAAGCTCACCGTGG
ACAAGAGCAGATGGCAGCAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCACGAGGCTCTGCACAACCAC
TACACGCAGAAGTCCCTCTCCCTGTCTCCGGGTAAATAGTGA

FIG. 26B

Human IL2 Leader sequence – italics

Human IL2; H16A=GCA; F42A=GCA – bold (with GCA underlined)

(G4S)4 linker – single underlined

Human A0201; Y84A=GCC; A236C=TGC – double underlined (with GCC and TGC in bold)

AAAGG linker – single underlined

Human IgG1 Fc; L234A, L235A = GCCGCC

N297= AAC; AGG to AGA (still R) and AGC to TCC (still S) – (bold and underlined, with GCCGCC italicized)

Stop codons (TAGTGA)

FIG. 27 (SEQ ID NO:38)

CUE101-TM with leader peptide

MYRQQLLSCTALSLALVTNSAPTSSSTKKTQLQLEALLLDLQMI¹LNGINNYKNPKLTRML
TAKFYMPKKATELKH²LQCLEEELKPLEEVLNLAQSKNFHLRPRDLISNINVIVLELKGSE
TTFMCEYADETATIVEFLNRWITFCQSIISTLTGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSAPTSSSI
KKTQLQLEALLLDLQMI¹LNGINNYKNPKLTRMLTAKFYMPKKATELKH²LQCLEEELKPLE
EVLNLAQSKNFHLRPRDLISNINVIVLELKGSETTFMCEYADETATIVEFLNRWITFCQS
IISTLTGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGSHSMRYFFTSVSRPGRGEPRFIAVG³YVDDTQFV
RFDSDAASQRM⁴EPRAPWIEQEGPEYWDGETRKVK⁵HAHSQTHRV⁶DLGTLRGAYNQSEAGSHT
VQRMYGCDVGS⁷DWRFLRGYHQYAYDGKDYIALKEDLRSWTAADMAAQTTKHKWEAAHVAE
QLRAYLEGTCV⁸EWLRRYL⁹ENGKETLQRTDAPKTHMTHHAVSDHEATLRCWALSFP¹⁰AEIT
LTWQRDGEDQTD¹¹TEL¹²VRPCGDGTFOKWA¹³AVVVP¹⁴SGQEQR¹⁵YTCHVQHEGLPKPLTLRW
EAAAGCDKTH¹⁶TCPPCPAPEFEGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMI¹⁷SRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVK
FNWYVDGVEVHN¹⁸AKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPASIEK
TISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTT
PPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTV¹⁹DKSRWQOGNVFSCSV²⁰MHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK

Leader peptide – italics

IL-2 (H16A/F42A) – bold (with H16 and F42 underlined)

(G4S)₄ Linkers – single underlined

MHC H chain Y84A; A236C—double underlined (with Y84A and A236C in bold)

AAAGG linker – single underlined

Human IgG1 Fc; L234F; L235E; P331S – (bold and underlined, with L234F, L235E, and P331S unbolded)

FIG. 28 (SEQ ID NO:39)

CUE101-TM without leader peptide

APTSSSTKKTQLQLEALLLDLQMI^{LN}GINNYKNPKLTRML
TAKFYMPKKATELKHLQCLEEELKPLEEVLNLAQSKNFHLRPRDLISNINVIVLELKGSE
TTFMCEYADETATIVEFLNRWITFCQSIISTLTGGGGSGGGSGGGSGGGGSAPTSSST
KKTQLQLEALLLDLQMI^{LN}GINNYKNPKLTRMLTAKFYMPKKATELKHLQCLEEELKPLE
EVLNLAQSKNFHLRPRDLISNINVIVLELKGSETTFMCEYADETATIVEFLNRWITFCQ
SIISTLTGGGGSGGGSGGGSGGGSGGSHSMRYFFTSVSRPGRGEPRFIAVGYVDDTQFV
RFDSDAASQRMEPRAPWIEQEGPEYWDGETRKVKAHSQTHRVDLGTLRGAYNQSEAGSHT
VORMYGCDVGSDWRFLRGYHOYAYDGKDYIALKEDLRSWTAADMAAQTTKHKWEAAHVAE
QLRAYLEGTCVEWLRRYLENGKETLQRTDAPKTHMTHHAVSDHEATLRCWALSFYPAEIT
LTWQRDGEDQTQDTELVETRPCGDGTFQKWAAVVPSGQEQRYTCHVQHEGLPKPLTLRW
EAAAGGDKTHTCPPCPAPEFEGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVK
FNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPASIEK
TISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTT
PPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK

IL-2 (H16A/F42A) – bold (with H16 and F42 underlined)

(G4S)₄ Linkers – single underlined

MHC H chain Y84A; A236C – double underlined (with Y84A and A236C in bold)

AAAGG linker – single underlined

Human IgG1 Fc; L234F; L235E; P331S – (bold and underlined, with L234F, L235E, and P331S unbolded)

FIG. 29A (SEQ ID NO:40)

CUE101-TM: nucleotide sequence encoding CUE101-TM with leader sequence

ATGTACAGGATGCAACTCCTGTCTTGCAATTGCACTAAGTCTTGCACTTGTCACAAACAGTGCACCTACTTC
AAGTTCTACAAAGAAAACACAGCTACAACCTGGAGGCAATTACTGCTGGATTACAGATGATTTTGAATG
GAATTAATAATTACAAGAATCCCAAACCTACCAGGATGCTCACAAGCAAGTTTTACATGCCCAAGAAG
GCCACAGAACTGAAACATCTTCAGTGTCTAGAAGAAGAACTCAAACCTCTGGAGGAAGTGCTAAATTT
AGCTCAAAGCAAAAACCTTCACTTAAGACCCAGGGACTTAATCAGCAATATCAACGTAATAGTTCTGGA
ACTAAAGGGATCTGAAACAACATTCATGTGTGAATATGCTGATGAGACAGCAACCATTGTAGAATTTCT
TGAACAGATGGATTACCTTTTGTCAAAGCATCATCTCAACACTGACTGGAGGCGGAGGATCTGGTGGTG
GAGGTTCTGGTGGTGGGGGATCTGGAGGCGGAGGATCTGCACCTACTTCAAGTTCTACAAAGAAAACA
CAGCTACAACCTGGAGGCAATTACTGCTGGATTACAGATGATTTTGAATGGAATTAATAATTACAAGAAT
CCCAAACCTACCAGGATGCTCACAAGCAAGTTTTACATGCCCAAGAAGGCCACAGAACTGAAACATCTT
CAGTGTCTAGAAGAAGAACTCAAACCTCTGGAGGAAGTGCTAAATTTAGCTCAAAGCAAAAACCTTCA
CTTAAGACCCAGGGACTTAATCAGCAATATCAACGTAATAGTTCTGGAAGTAAAGGGATCTGAAACAA
CATTATGTGTGAATATGCTGATGAGACAGCAACCATTGTAGAATTTCTGAACAGATGGATTACCTTTT
GTCAAAGCATCATCTCAACACTGACTGGAGGCGGAGGATCTGGTGGTGGAGGTTCTGGTGGTGGGGGA
TCTGGAGGCGGAGGATCTGGCTCTCACTCCATGAGGTATTTCTTACATCCGTGTCCCGGCCCGGCCGCG
GGGAGCCCCGCTTCATCGCAGTGGGCTACGTGGACGACACGCAGTTCGTGCGGTTTCGACAGCGACGCCG
CGAGCCAGAGGATGGAGCCGCGGGCGCCGTGGATAGAGCAGGAGGGTCCGGAGTATTGGGACGGGGA
GACACGGAAAGTGAAGGCCCACTCACAGACTCACCGAGTGGACCTGGGGACCCTGCGCGGCGCCTACA
ACCAGAGCGAGGCGGTTCTCACACCGTCCAGAGGATGTATGGCTGCGACGTGGGGTTCGGACTGGCGC
TTCCTCCGCGGGTACCACCAGTACGCCTACGACGGCAAGGATTACATCGCCCTGAAAGAGGACCTGCGCT
CTTGACCGCGGCGGACATGGCAGCTCAGACCACCAAGCACAAGTGGGAGGCGGCCCATGTGGCGGAG
CAGTTGAGAGCCTACCTGGAGGGCACGTGCGTGGAGTGGCTCCGAGATACCTGGAGAACGGGAAGGA
GACGCTGCAGCGCACGGACGCCCCCAAAACGCATATGACTCACACGCTGTCTCTGACCATGAAGCCACC
CTGAGGTGCTGGGCCCTGAGCTTCTACCCTGCGGAGATCACACTGACCTGGCAGCGGGATGGGGAGGA
CCAGACCCAGGACACGGAGCTCGTGGAGACCAGGCCTTGGGGGATGGAACCTTCAGAAGTGGGCGG
CTGTGGTGGTGCCTTCTGGACAGGAGCAGAGATACACCTGCCATGTGCAGCATGAGGGTTTGCCCAAGC
CCCTCACCTGAGATGGGAGGCAGCTGCGGGTGGCGACAAAACCTCACACATGCCACCGTGCCAGCA
CCTGAATTCAGGGGGGACCGTCAGTCTTCTTCCCCCAAAACCAAGGACACCCTCATGATCTCCC
GGACCCCTGAGGTACATGCGTGGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGTTCAACTG
GTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATGCCAAGACAAAGCCGCGGGAGGAGCAGTACACAGCAC
GTACCGTGTGGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCTGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCA
AGGTCTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCAGCCAGCATCGAGAAAACCATCTCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGA
GAACCACAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCATCCCGGGAGGAGATGACCAAGAACCAGGTACGCTGACCTG
CCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGACGCCGGAGAAC
AACTACAAGACCACGCTCCCGTGTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTCTCTACAGCAAGCTCACCGTGG
ACAAGAGCAGATGGCAGCAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCACGAGGCTCTGCACAACCAC
TACACGCAGAAGTCCCTCTCCCTGTCTCCGGGTAAATAGTGA

FIG. 29B

Human IL2 Leader sequence – italics

Human IL2; H16A=GCA; F42A=GCA – bold (with GCA underlined)

(G4S)4 linker – single underlined

Human A0201; Y84A=GCC; A236C=TGC – double underlined (with GCC and TGC in bold)

AAAGG linker – single underlined

Human IgG1 Fc; L234F=TTC; L235E=GAG; P331S=AGC

N297= AAC; AGG to AGA (still R) and AGC to TCC (still S) – (bold and underlined, with TTC, GAG, AAC, and AGC italicized)

Stop codons (TAGTGA)

FIG. 30 (SEQ ID NO:41)

1274:

MSRSVALAVLALLSLSGLEAYYMLDLQPETTGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSIQRTPKIQVYSCHPA
ENGKSNFLNCYVSGFHPSDIEVDLLKNGERIEKVEHSDLSFSKDWSFYLLYYTEFTPEK
DEYACRVNHVTLSPKIVKWDRDM

Human β 2M leader sequence -- italics

E7(11-20) – bold and underlined

(G4S)3 linker – single underlined

Human β 2M; R12C— double underlined (R12C bolded)

FIG. 31 (SEQ ID NO:42)

1274 without leader peptide

YMLDLQPETTGGGGSGGGSGGGGSIQYMLDLQPETTGGGGSGGGSGGGGSIQFTPKIQVYSCH
FAENGKSNFLNCYVSGFHPSDIEVDLLKNGERIEKVEHSDLSFSKDWSEFYLLYYTEFTPEKDEY
ACRVNHVTLSQPKIVKWDRDMRTPKIQVYSCHPAENGKSNFLNCYVSGFHPSDIEVDLLKNGEPI
EKVEHSDLSFSKDWSEFYLLYYTEFTPEKDEYACRVNHVTLSQPKIVKWDRDM

E7(11-20) – bold and underlined (YMLDLQPETT; SEQ ID NO:77)

(G4S)3 linker – single underlined (GGGGSGGGGSGGGGS (SEQ ID NO: 207)

Human β 2M; R12C – double underlined

FIG. 32 (SEQ ID NO:43)

1274 nucleotide sequence encoding 1274 with leader peptide

ATGTCCTCGCTCCGTGGCCCTTAGCTGTGCTCGCGCTACTCTCTCTTTCTGGCCTGGAGGCC**TACATGCTCGA**
TTTGAGCCCCGAAACGACGGGTGGAGGTGGTCTGGAGGAGGCGGTTCGGGCGGAGGTGGTAGT**ATC**
CAGCGTACTCCAAAGATTCAGGTTTACTCAT**TGCC**ATCCAGCAGAGAATGGAAAGTCAAATTTCTGAATT
GCTATGTGTCTGGGTTTCATCCATCCGACATTGAAGTTGACTTACTGAAGAATGGAGAGAGAATTGAAAA
AGTGGAGCATT**CAGACTTGTCTT**CAGCAAGGACTGGTCTTCTATCTCTTGTATTATACTGAATTCACCCC
CACTGAAAAAGATGAGTATGCCTGCCGTGTGAACCACGTGACTTTGTCACAGCCCAAGATAGTTAAGTG
GGATCGAGACATGTAGTGA

Human β 2M leader sequence -- italics

E7(11-20) – bold and underlined

(G4S)3 linker – single underlined

Human $\beta 2M$; R12C=TGC --- double underlined (TGC in bold)

Stop codons TAGTGA

FIG. 33A (SEQ ID NO:44)

WT Human IgG1 Fc Sequence:

DKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVE
VHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREP
QVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPPVLDSDGSFFLYSK
LTVDKSRWQQGNVFCFSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK

FIG. 33B (SEQ ID NO:45)

Human IgG1 Fc Mutant: L234F/L235E/P331S (Triple Mutant "TM")

DKTHTCPPCPAPEFEGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVE
VHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPSEKTISKAKGQPREP
QVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPPVLDSDGSFFLYSK
LTVDKSRWQQGNVFCFSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK

FIG. 33C (SEQ ID NO:46)

Human IgG1 Fc Mutant: N297A

DKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVE
VHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREP
QVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPPVLDSDGSFFLYSK
LTVDKSRWQQGNVFCFSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK

FIG. 33D (SEQ ID NO:47)

Human IgG1 Fc Mutant: L234A/L235A ("LALA")

DKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVE
VHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREP
QVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPPVLDSDGSFFLYSK
LTVDKSRWQQGNVFCFSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK

Residue numbered according to EU index (Kabat Numbering)

FIG. 34A (SEQ ID NO:48)

B2M R12C

IQRTPKIQVYSCHPAENGKSNFLNCYVSGEHPSDIEVDLLKNGERIEKVEHSDLSFSKDWSFYLL
YYTEFTPTEKDEYACRVNHVTL SQPKIVKWDRDM

FIG. 34B (SEQ ID NO:49)

IL-2 (H16A; F42A)

APTSSSTKKTQLQLEAALLLDLQ MILNGINNYKNPKLTRMLTAKFYMPKKATELKHLQCLEEELKP
LEEVLNLAQSKNFHLRPRDLISNINVIVLELKGSETTFMCEYADETATIVEFLNRWITFCQSIIS
TLT

FIG. 34C (SEQ ID NO:50)

Class I MHC-H chain A0201 (Y84A; A236C)

GSHSMRYFFTSVSRPGRGEPREFIAGYVDDTQFVRFDSDAASQRMEPRAPWIEQEGPEYWDGETR
KVKAHSQTHRVDLGTLRGAYNQSEAGSHTVQRMYGCDVGSDWRFLRGYHQYAYDGKDYIALKEDL
RSWTAADMAAQTTKHKWEAAHVAEQLRAYLEGTCEWLRRLRYLENGKETLQRTDAPKTHMTHHAVS
DHEATLRCWALSFP AEITLTWQRDGEDQTQDTEL VETRPCGDGT FQKWAAVVVPSGQEQRYTCH
VQHEGLPKPLTLRWE

FIG. 35

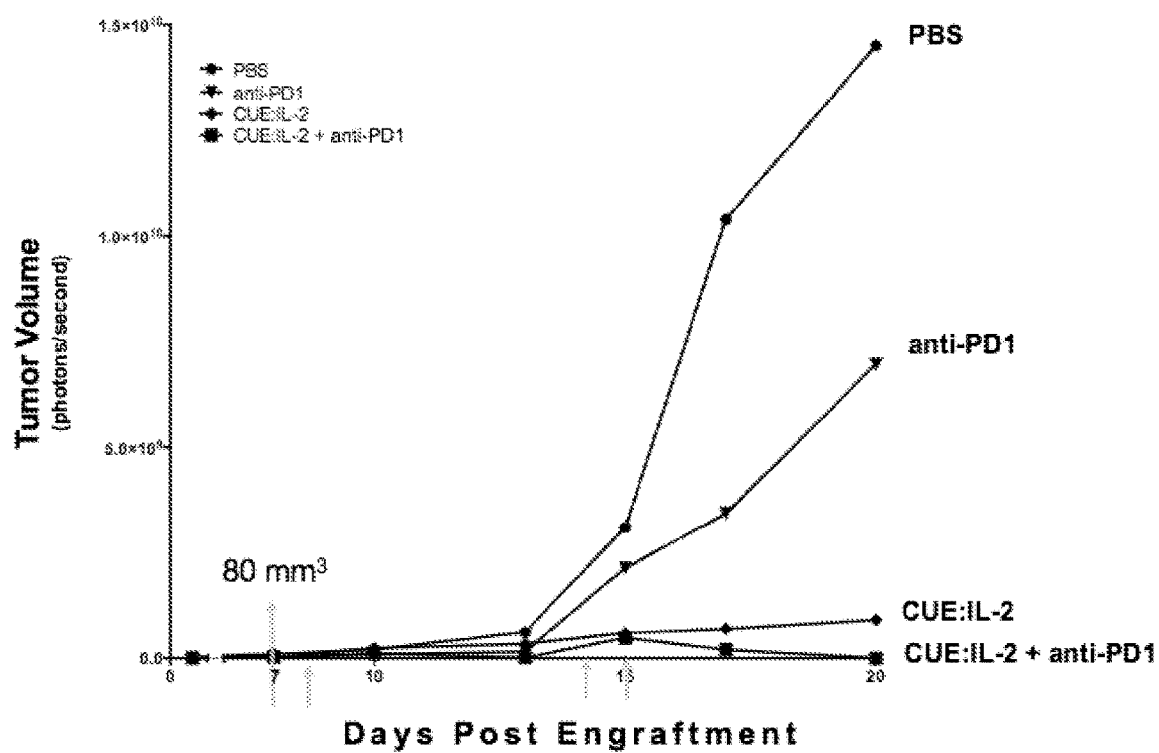


FIG. 36A

4-1-BBL
Homo sapiens
GenBank NP_003802
Cytoplasmic domain = 1-25
Transmembrane domain = 26-48
Ectodomain = 49-254
TNF homology domain = 80-254, 81-254, or 80-246

```
1 MEYASDASLD PEAPWPPAPR ARACRVLPWA LVAGLLLLLL LAAACAVFLA CPWAVSGARA
61 SPGSAASPRL REGPELSPDD PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLV AQNV LLIIDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGEQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:99)
```

FIG. 36B
K127

```
81          PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGP LSWY SDPGLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYXEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLERV
241 TPEIPAGLIPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:100)
```

FIG. 36C
K127

```
81          PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGP LSWY SDPGLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYAEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLERV
241 TPEIPAGLIPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:101)
```

FIG. 36D
Q227

Q227

81 PAGLLDLRQG MEAQLVAQNVL LLLDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAQO RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWXLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIFAGLPS FRSE (SEQ ID NO:102)

FIG. 36E
M91

1691

81 PAGLLDLRQG XFAQLVAQNV LLIDGFLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
1121 TGLGSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQFL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:103)

FIG. 36F

122

81 PAGLLDLRQG MXAQLV AQNV LLLDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGQ GRLLHLSAQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVGLGLFRV
241 TPEIFAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO: **104**)

FIG. 36G
Q94

81	PAGLLDLRQG	MFAQXLVAQNV	LLIDGFLSWY	SDPGLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT	KELVVAKAGV	YYVFFQLELR	RVVAGEGSGS
181	LTVDLPPASS	EARNSAFGFQ	GRLHLHSAGQ	RLGVHLHTEA
241	TPEIPAGLPS	PRSE	(SEQ ID NO:105)	GATVLGLFRV

FIG. 36H
L95

81	PAGLLDLRQG	MFAQXVAQNV	LLIDGFLSWY	SDPGLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT	KELVVAKAGV	YYVFFQLELR	RVVAGEGSGS
181	LTVDLPPASS	EARNSAFGFQ	GRLHLHSAGQ	RLGVHLHTEA
241	TPEIPAGLPS	PRSE	(SEQ ID NO:106)	GATVLGLFRV

FIG. 36I
V96

81	PAGLLDLRQG	MFAQLXVAQNV	LLIDGFLSWY	SDPGLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT	KELVVAKAGV	YYVFFQLELR	RVVAGEGSGS
181	LTVDLPPASS	EARNSAFGFQ	GRLHLHSAGQ	RLGVHLHTEA
241	TPEIPAGLPS	PRSE	(SEQ ID NO:107)	GATVLGLFRV

FIG. 36

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAXNV LLLDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAQO RLGVLHTEA PARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TTEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:108)

FIG. 36K
N99

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQXV LLIDGFLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
121 TCGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGEQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVGLGLERV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:109)

FIG. 36L
V100

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQN**X** LLLIDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YYVFFOLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 ITVDLPPASS EARNSAFGEQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVLHTEA PARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TTEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:110)

FIG. 36M
L101

81. PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV XLIIDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAQO RLGVHLHTEA PARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO: 111)

FIG. 36N

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNIV LXIDGFLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
121 TCGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGEQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVGLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO: 112)

FIG. 360
1103

81. PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQN^V LL~~X~~DG^UPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGQ GRLLHLSAQ^Q RLGVLH^LTEA PARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:113)

D104
FIG. 36P

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNVL LLI~~X~~GFLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQFL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGEQ GRLLHLSAQO RLGVLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TFEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:114)

FIG. 36Q
G105

81 PAGLLDLRQG MEAQLVAQNIV LLID~~XX~~PLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YVVFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TFEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO: 115)

FIG. 36R
P106

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGXLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGEQ GRLLHLSAQO ELGVHLHTEA PARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:116)

FIG. 36S
L107

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNIV LLIDGPF~~XS~~SWY SDPGLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLOFL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGEQ GRLLHLSAQO RLGVLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLERV
241 TTEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:117)

FIG. 36T
S108

81 PAGLLDLRQG MEAQLVAQNIV LLIDGPLXWY SDPGLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:118)

FIG. 36U
WI 109

81 PAGLLDLRQG MEAQLVAQN^V LLIDGPL^S~~XY~~ SDPGLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAQO ELGVHLHTEA PARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TTEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO: 119)

FIG. 36V
Y110

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWX SDPGLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:120)

FIG. 36W
S111

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY XDPGLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:121)

FIG. 36X
D112

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SXFGLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:122)

FIG. 36Y
P113

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDXGLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:123)

FIG. 36Z
G114

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDFXLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:124)

FIG. 36AA
L115

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDPGXAGVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:125)

FIG. 36BB
G117

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDFGLAXVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:126)

FIG. 36C

1817

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNIV LLIDGPLSWY SDPGLAGXSL
121 TCGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGEQ GRLLHLSAQQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:127)

FIG. 36DD

2118

81 PAGLLDLRQG MEAQLVAQNIV LLIDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVXL
1121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TFEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO: 128)

FIG. 36EE

L120

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNVL LLLDGLPSWY SDPGLAGVSVX
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAQO RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO.:129)

FIG. 36FF

121

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNVL ILIDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
121 XGGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGEQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TTEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO: 130)

FIG. 36GG
G122

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
121 TXGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO: 131)

FIG. 36HH
G123

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDFGLAGVSL
121 TGXL~~SY~~KEDT KELVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO: 132)

FIG. 36II
L124

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
121 TGGX~~SY~~KEDT KELVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO: 133)

FIG. 36JJ

S125

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
 121 TGGLXYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
 181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
 241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:134)

FIG. 36KK

Y126

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
 121 TGGLSXKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
 181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
 241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:135)

FIG. 36LL

E128

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
 121 TGGLSYKXEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
 181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
 241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:136)

FIG. 36MM

D129

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
 121 TGGLSYKEXT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
 181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
 241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:137)

FIG. 36NN

T130

81
121 TGGLSYKEDX KELVVAKAGV MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGELSWY SDPGLAGVSL
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO: 138)

FIG. 36OO

K131

81
121 TGGLSYKEDT XELVVAKAGV YVVFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO: 139)

FIG. 36PP

E132

81
121 TGGLSYKEDT KXLVVAKAGV YVVFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL SDPGLAGVSL
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO: 140)

FIG. 36QQ

F144

81
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YVVFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO: 141)

FIG. 36RR

F145

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGELSWY SDPGLAGVSL
 121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFXQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
 181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
 241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:142)

FIG. 36SS

Q146

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGELSWY SDPGLAGVSL
 121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFXLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
 181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
 241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:143)

FIG. 36TT

L147

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGELSWY SDPGLAGVSL
 121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQXLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
 181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
 241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:144)

FIG. 36UU

E148

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGELSWY SDPGLAGVSL
 121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLXLR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
 181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
 241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:145)

FIG. 36VV
L149

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGP~~LSWY~~ SDPGLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLEL~~XR~~ RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:146)

FIG. 36WW
R150

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGP~~LSWY~~ SDPGLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLEL~~X~~ RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:147)

FIG. 36XX
R151

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGP~~LSWY~~ SDPGLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR ~~XVV~~VAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:148)

FIG. 36YY
V152

81 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGP~~LSWY~~ SDPGLAGVSL
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR ~~RXX~~VAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:149)

FIG. 36ZZ
V153

81
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLG~~V~~H~~L~~HTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:150)

FIG. 36AAA
G155

81
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLVVAG~~X~~EGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAACAAALA
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:151)

FIG. 36BBB
E156

81
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLVVAG~~X~~EGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAACAAALA
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:152)

FIG. 36CCC
G157

81		PAGLLDLRQG	MFAQLVQAQNV	LLIDGPLSWY	SDPGLAGVSL	
121	TGGLSYKEDT	KELVVAKAGV	YYVFFQLELR	RVVAGE <u>X</u> SGS	VSLALHLQPL	RSAAAGAAALA
181	LTVDLPPASS	EARNSAFGFQ	GRLLHLSAGQ	RLGVHLHTEA	RARHAWQLTQ	GATVLGLFRV
241	TPEIPAGLPS	PRSE	(SEQ ID NO: 153)			

FIG. 36DDD
S158

81		PAGLLDLRQG	MFAQLVQAQNV	LLIDGFLSWY	SDPGLAGVSL	
121	TGGLSYKEDT	KELVVAKAGV	YYVFFQLELR	RVVAGE <u>X</u> GS	VSLALHLQPL	RSAAAGAAALA
181	LTVDLPPASS	EARNSAFGFQ	GRLLHLSAGQ	RLGVHLHTEA	RARHAWQLTQ	GATVLGLFRV
241	TPEIPAGLPS	PRSE	(SEQ ID NO: 154)			

FIG. 36EEE
D184

81		PAGLLDLRQG	MFAQLVQAQNV	LLIDGFLSWY	SDPGLAGVSL	
121	TGGLSYKEDT	KELVVAKAGV	YYVFFQLELR	RVVAGEGSGS	VSLALHLQPL	RSAAAGAAALA
181	LTV <u>X</u> LPPASS	EARNSAFGFQ	GRLLHLSAGQ	RLGVHLHTEA	RARHAWQLTQ	GATVLGLFRV
241	TPEI <u>P</u> AGLPS	PRSE	(SEQ ID NO: 155)			

FIG. 36FFF
L185

81
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL SDPGLAGVSL
181 LTVDLXPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:156)

FIG. 36GGG
P186

81
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL SDPGLAGVSL
181 LTVDLXPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:157)

FIG. 36HHH
P187

81
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL SDPGLAGVSL
181 LTVDLXPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:158)

FIG. 36II
S189

81		PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT	KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181	LTVDLPPASXS	EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241	TPEIPAGLPS	PRSE (SEQ ID NO:159)

FIG. 36JJJ
S190

81		PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT	KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181	LTVDLPPASX	EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241	TPEIPAGLPS	PRSE (SEQ ID NO:160)

FIG. 36KKK
E191

81		PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT	KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181	LTVDLPPASS	XARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241	TPEIPAGLPS	PRSE (SEQ ID NO:161)

FIG. 36LLL
R193

81		PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT	KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181	LTVDLPPASS	EAXNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241	TPEIPAGLPS	PRSE (SEQ ID NO:162)

FIG. 36MM
N194

81		PAGLLDLRQG	MFAQLVAQNV	LLIDGPLSWY	SDPGLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT	KELVVAKAGV	YYVFFQLELR	RVVAGEGSGS	VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181	LTVDLPPASS	EARNXAFGFQ	GRLLHLSAGQ	RLGVHLHTEA	RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241	TPEIPAGLPS	PRSE	(SEQ ID NO: 163)		

FIG. 36NNN
S195

81		PAGLLDLRQG	MFAQLVAQNV	LLIDGPLSWY	SDPGLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT	KELVVAKAGV	YYVFFQLELR	RVVAGEGSGS	VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181	LTVDLPPASS	EARNXAFGFQ	GRLLHLSAGQ	RLGVHLHTEA	RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241	TPEIPAGLPS	PRSE	(SEQ ID NO: 164)		

FIG. 36OOO
F197

81		PAGLLDLRQG	MFAQLVAQNV	LLIDGPLSWY	SDPGLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT	KELVVAKAGV	YYVFFQLELR	RVVAGEGSGS	VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181	LTVDLPPASS	EARNXAFGFQ	GRLLHLSAGQ	RLGVHLHTEA	RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241	TPEIPAGLPS	PRSE	(SEQ ID NO: 165)		

FIG. 36PPP
Q210

81		PAGLLDLRQG	MFAQLVAQNV	LLIDGPLSWY	SDPGLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT	KELVVAKAGV	YYVFFQLELR	RVVAGEGSGS	VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181	LTVDLPPASS	EARNXAFGFQ	GRLLHLSAGX	RLGVHLHTEA	RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241	TPEIPAGLPS	PRSE	(SEQ ID NO: 166)		

FIG. 36QQQ
R211

81	PAGLLDLRQG	MFAQLVAQNV	LLIDGPLSWY	SDPCLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT	KELVVAKAGV	YVVFQLELR	VSIALHLQPL
181	LTVDLPPASS	EARNSAFGFQ	GRLHLISAGQ	RLXGVHLHTEA
241	TPEIPAGLPS	PRSE	(SEQ ID NO:167)	RARHAWQLTQ

FIG. 36RRR
L212

81	PAGLLDLRQG	MFAQLVAQNV	LLIDGPLSWY	SDPCLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT	KELVVAKAGV	YVVFQLELR	VSIALHLQPL
181	LTVDLPPASS	EARNSAFGFQ	GRLHLISAGQ	RLXGVHLHTEA
241	TPEIPAGLPS	PRSE	(SEQ ID NO:168)	RARHAWQLTQ

FIG. 36SSS
G213

81	PAGLLDLRQG	MFAQLVAQNV	LLIDGPLSWY	SDPCLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT	KELVVAKAGV	YVVFQLELR	VSIALHLQPL
181	LTVDLPPASS	EARNSAFGFQ	GRLHLISAGQ	RLXGVHLHTEA
241	TPEIPAGLPS	PRSE	(SEQ ID NO:169)	RARHAWQLTQ

FIG. 36TTT
V214

81	PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LIIDGPLSWY SDFCLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181	LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ <u>RLGXXHLHTEA</u> RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241	TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:170)

FIG. 36UUU
H215

81	PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LIIDGPLSWY SDFCLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181	LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ <u>RLGVXXLHTEA</u> RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241	TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:171)

FIG. 36VVV
L216

81	PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LIIDGPLSWY SDFCLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181	LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ <u>RLGVHXXHTEA</u> RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241	TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:172)

FIG. 36WWW
H217

81	PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNVLII	DGPLSWY SDFCLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV	YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS
181	LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ	GRLLHLSAGQ RLG ~~VH~~ L ~~HT~~ EA
241	TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:173)	RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV

FIG. 36XXX
T218

81	PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNVLII	DGPLSWY SDFCLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV	YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS
181	LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ	GRLLHLSAGQ RLG ~~VH~~ L ~~HT~~ EA
241	TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:174)	RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV

FIG. 36YY
E219

81	PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNVLII	DGPLSWY SDFCLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV	YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS
181	LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ	GRLLHLSAGQ RLG ~~VH~~ L ~~HT~~ EA
241	TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:175)	RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV

FIG. 36A
R221

81
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVLHTEA XARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:176)

FIG. 36A
R223

81
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVLHTEA RXHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:177)

FIG. 36B
H224

81
121 TGGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181 LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
241 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:178)

FIG. 36CCCC
W226

81		PAGLLDLRQG	MFAQLVAQNV	LIIDGPLSWY	SDPCLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT	KELVVAKAGV	YYVFFQLELR	RVVAGEGSGS	VSLALHLQPL
181	LTVDLPPASS	EARNSAFGFQ	GRLLHLSAGQ	RLGVHLHTEA	RARHAXQLTQ
241	TPEIPAGLPS	PRSE	(SEQ ID NO: 179)		GATVLGLFRV

FIG. 36DDDD
L228

81		PAGLLDLRQG	MFAQLVAQNV	LIIDGPLSWY	SDPCLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT	KELVVAKAGV	YYVFFQLELR	RVVAGEGSGS	VSLALHLQPL
181	LTVDLPPASS	EARNSAFGFQ	GRLLHLSAGQ	RLGVHLHTEA	RARHAWQXTQ
241	TPEIPAGLPS	PRSE	(SEQ ID NO: 180)		GATVLGLFRV

FIG. 36EEEE
T229

81		PAGLLDLRQG	MFAQLVAQNV	LIIDGPLSWY	SDPCLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT	KELVVAKAGV	YYVFFQLELR	RVVAGEGSGS	VSLALHLQPL
181	LTVDLPPASS	EARNSAFGFQ	GRLLHLSAGQ	RLGVHLHTEA	RARHAWQLXQ
241	TPEIPAGLPS	PRSE	(SEQ ID NO: 181)		GATVLGLFRV

FIG. 36FFF
Q230

81	PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDFGLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181	LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLT <u>X</u> GATVLGLFRV
241	TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:182)

FIG. 36GGG
G231

81	PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDFGLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181	LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ <u>XAT</u> VLGLFRV
241	TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:183)

FIG. 36HHH
T233

81	PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDFGLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181	LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ G <u>AX</u> VLGLFRV
241	TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:184)

FIG. 36III
V234

81	PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGELSWY SDPGLAGVSL
121	TGGLSYKEDT KELVVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA
181	LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFQ GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVHLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GAT <u>XL</u> GLLFRV
241	TPEIPAGLPS PRSE (SEQ ID NO:185)

FIG. 37

Homo sapiens
4-1BB

```
1 mgnscyniva tlllvlnfer trslqpcsn cpagtfcdnn rnqlscppp nsfssaggqr  
61 tcdicrqckg vfrtrkeess tsnaecdctp gfhlcgagcs mceqdckggq eltkkgckdc  
121 cfgtfndqkr gicrpwtncs ldgksvlvng tkerdvvcgp spadlspgas svtpapapare  
181 pghspqiisf flaltstall fliffltrf svvkrgrkkl lyifkqpfmr pvqttgeedg  
241 cscrfepeeee ggcel (SEQ ID NO:186)
```

FIG. 38A

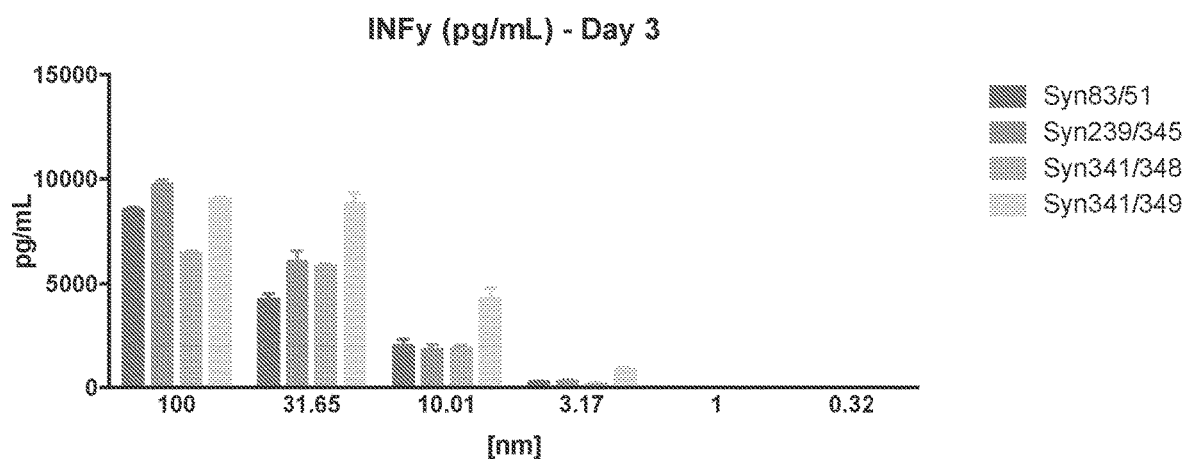


FIG. 38B

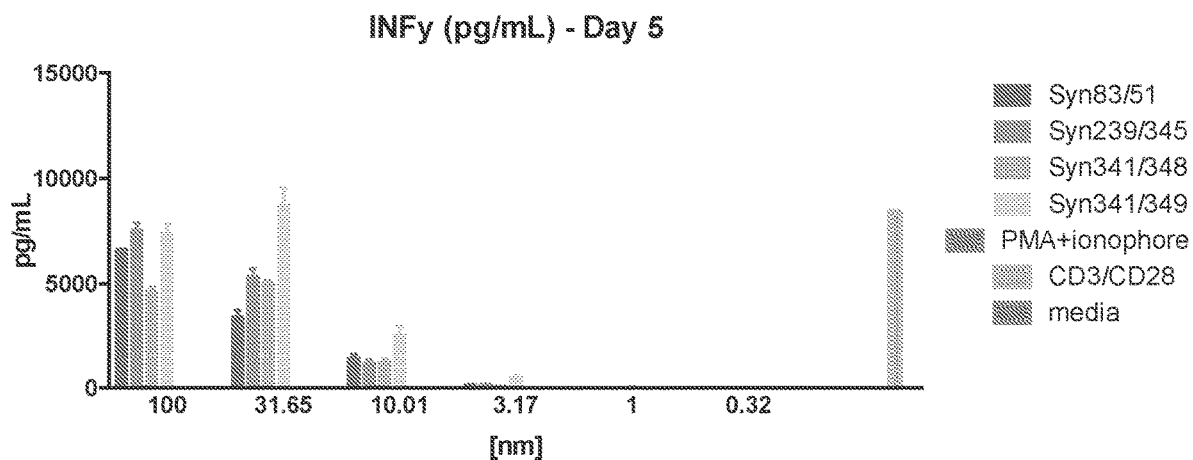


FIG. 39A

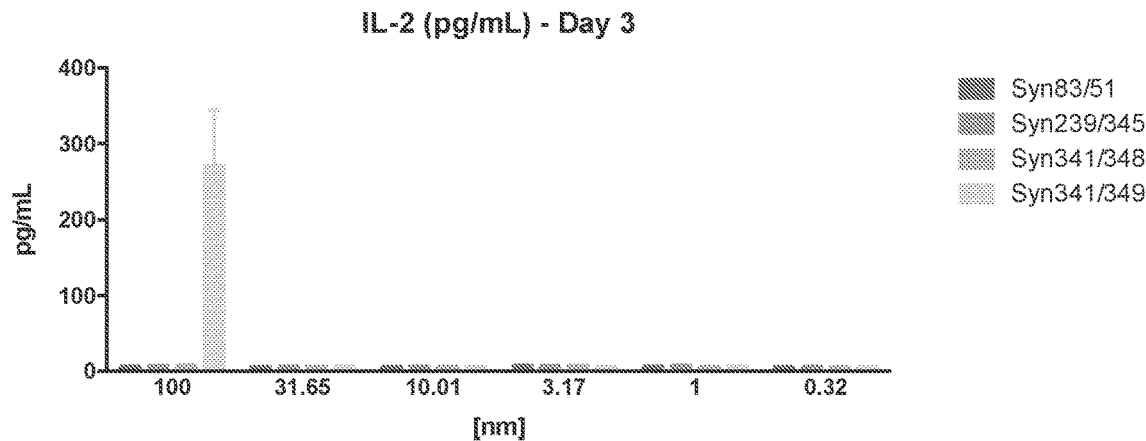


FIG. 39B

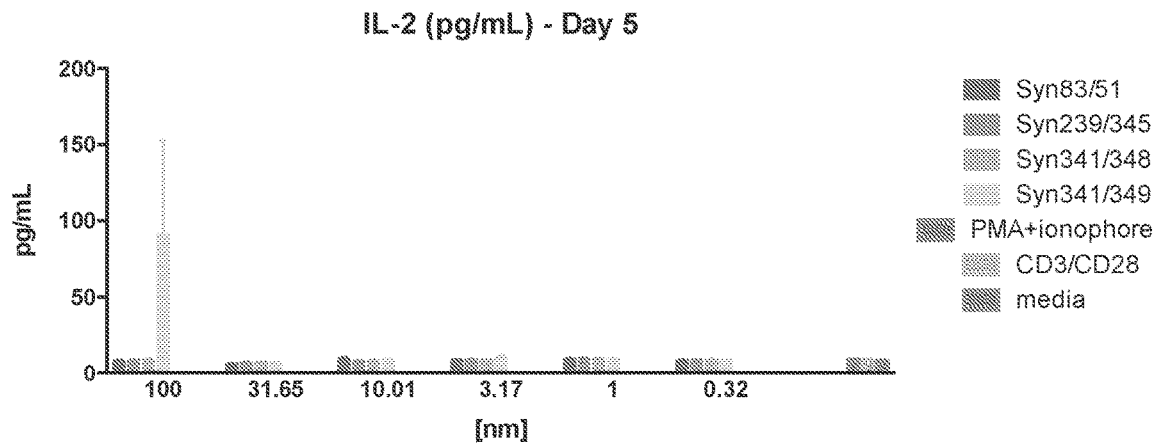


FIG. 40A

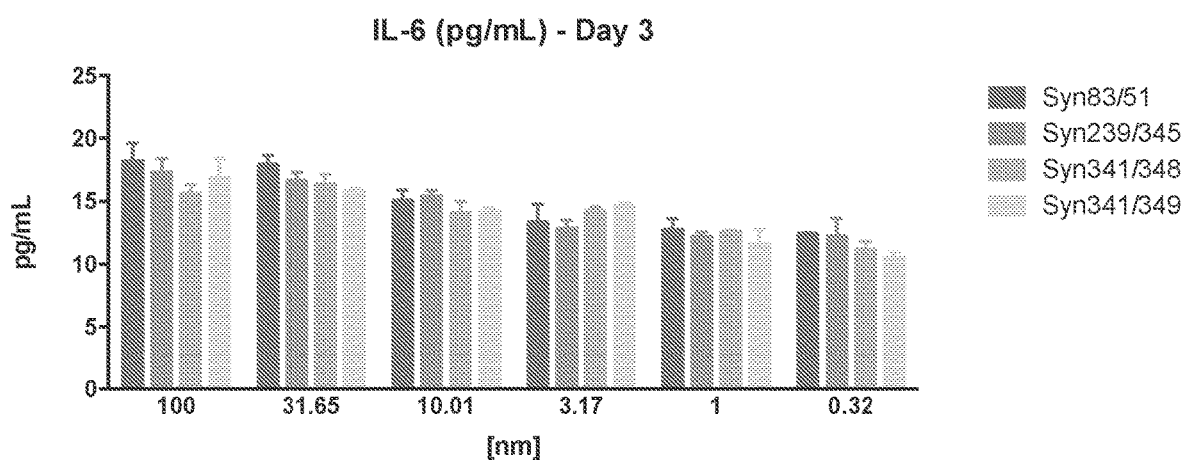


FIG. 40B

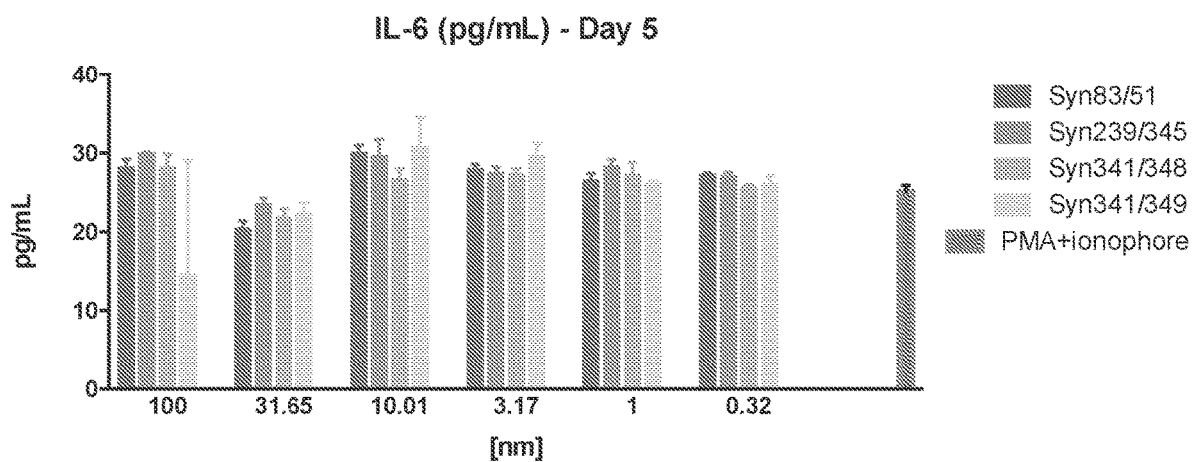


FIG. 41A

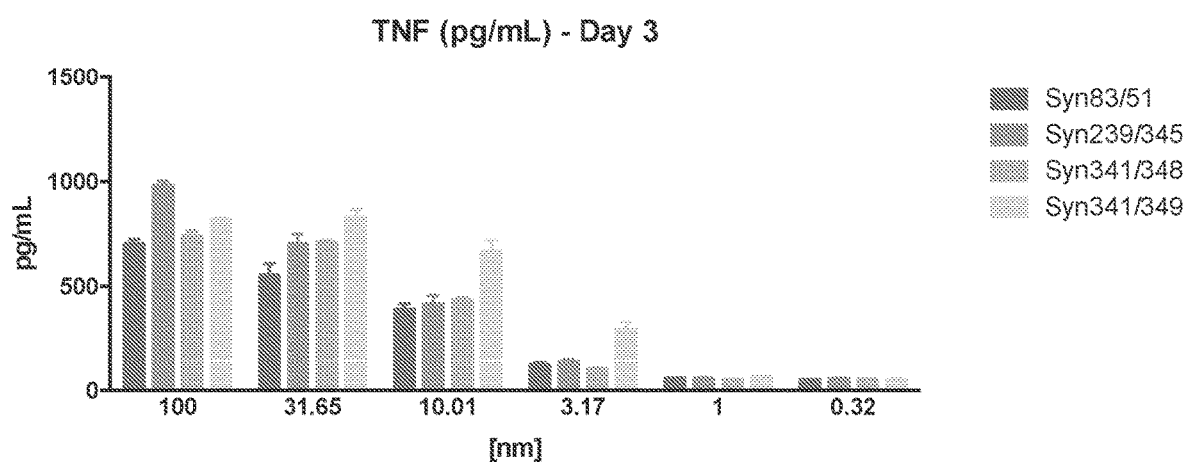


FIG. 41B

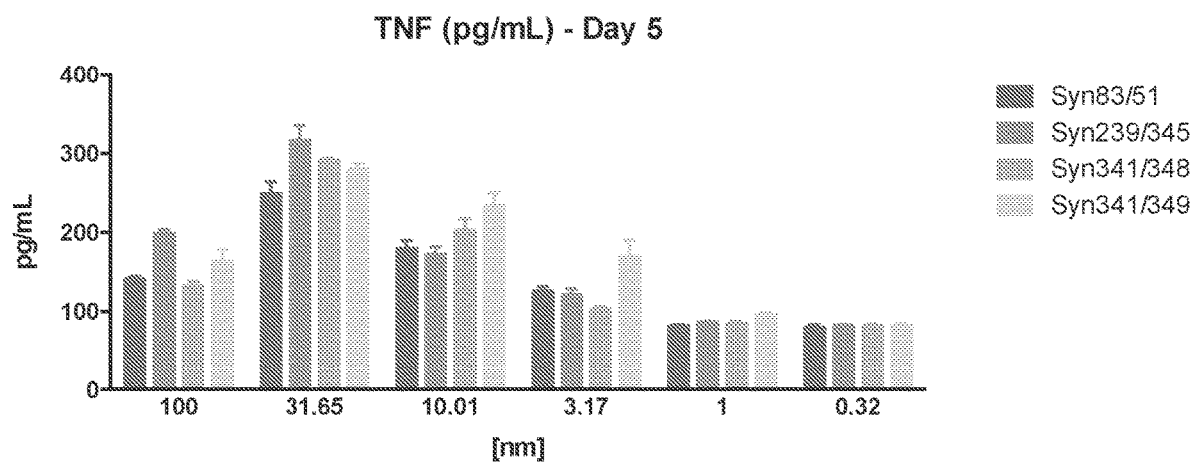


FIG. 42A

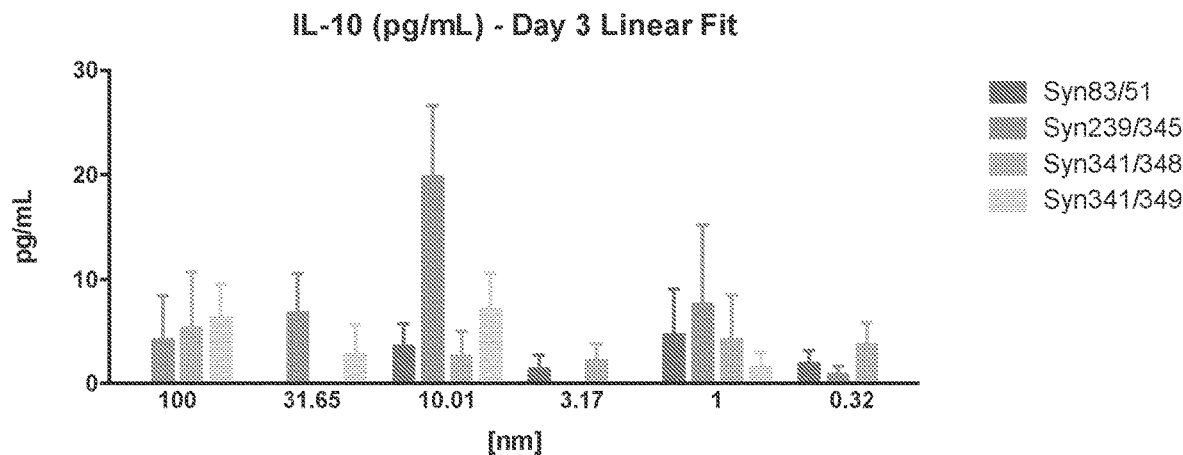


FIG. 42B

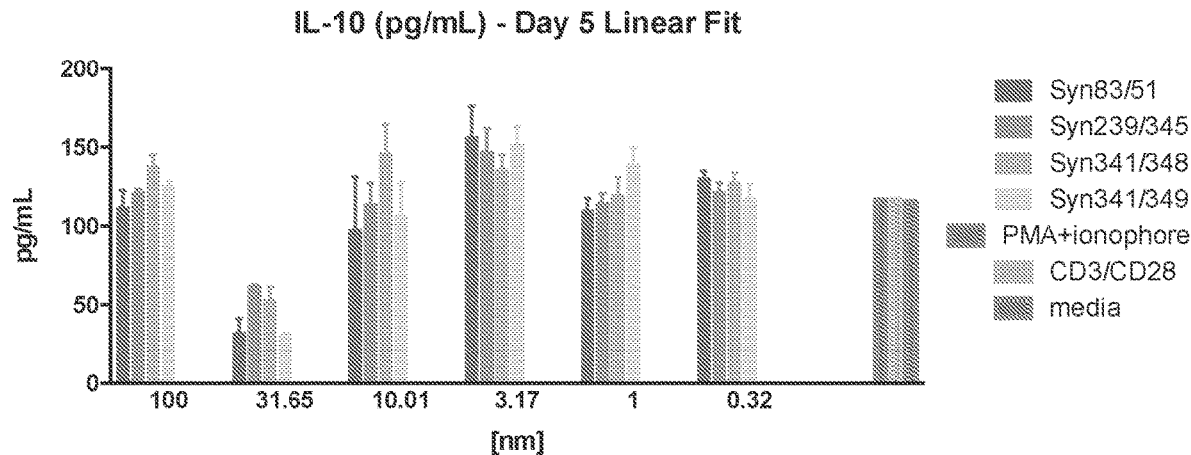


FIG. 43A

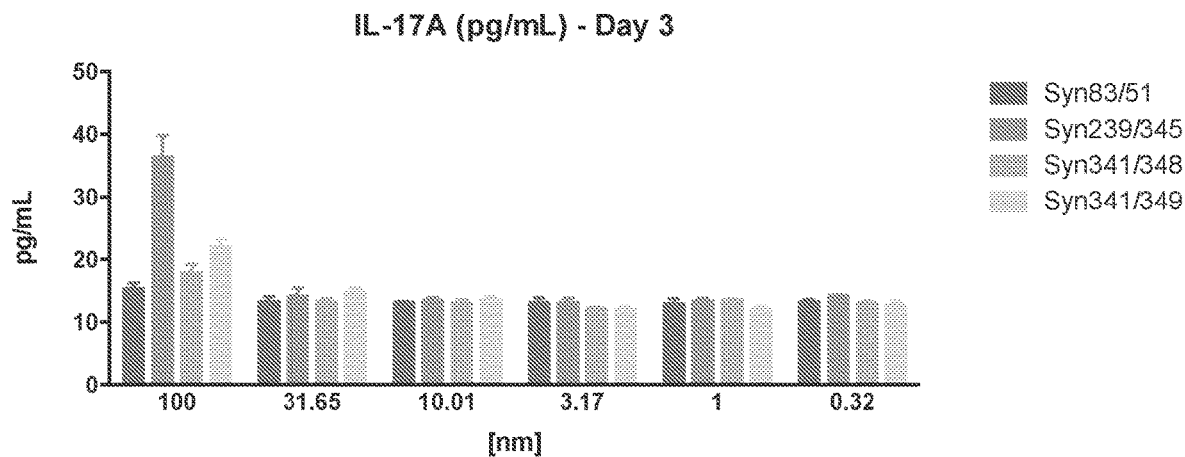


FIG. 43B

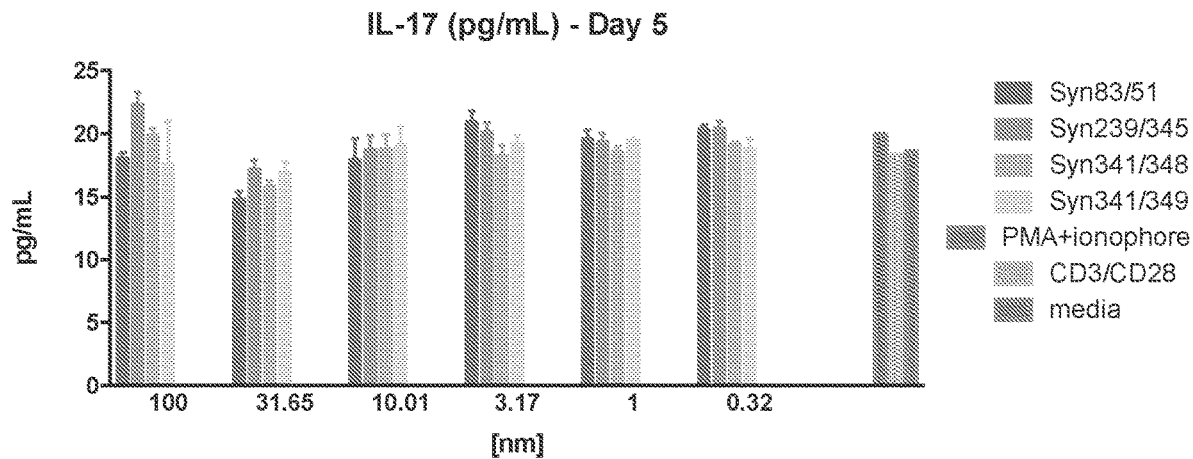


FIG. 44A

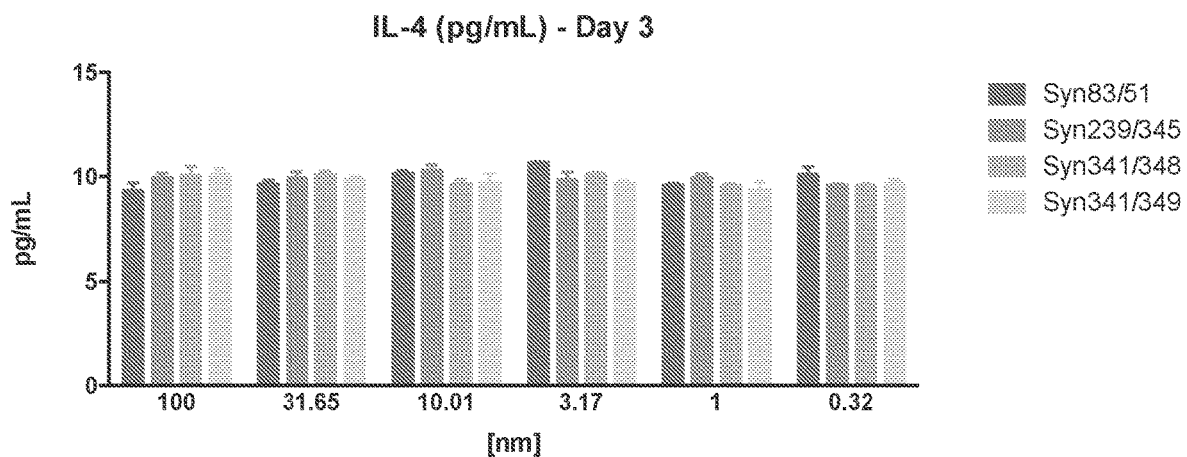


FIG. 44B

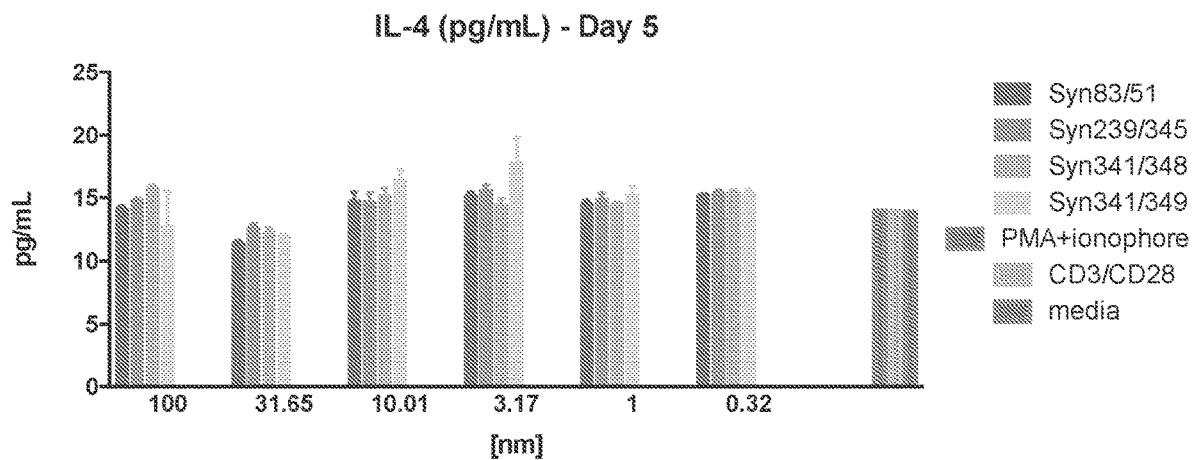


FIG. 45

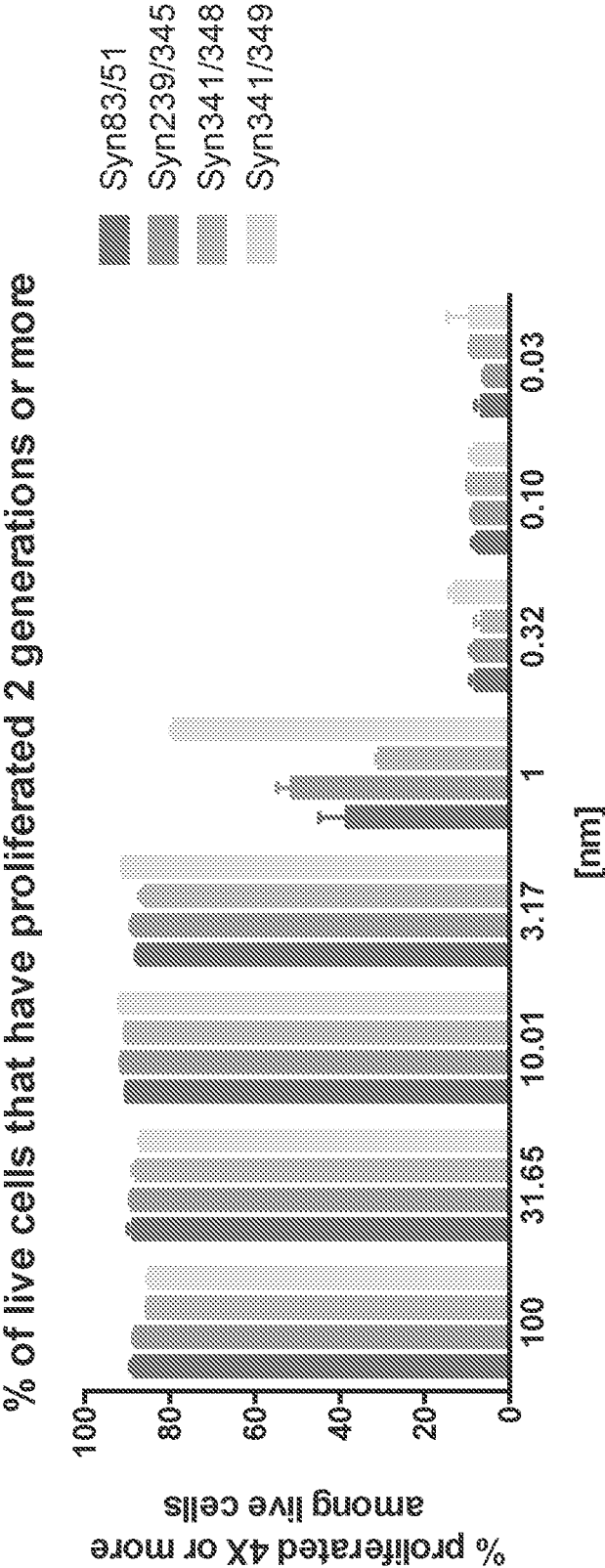


FIG. 46

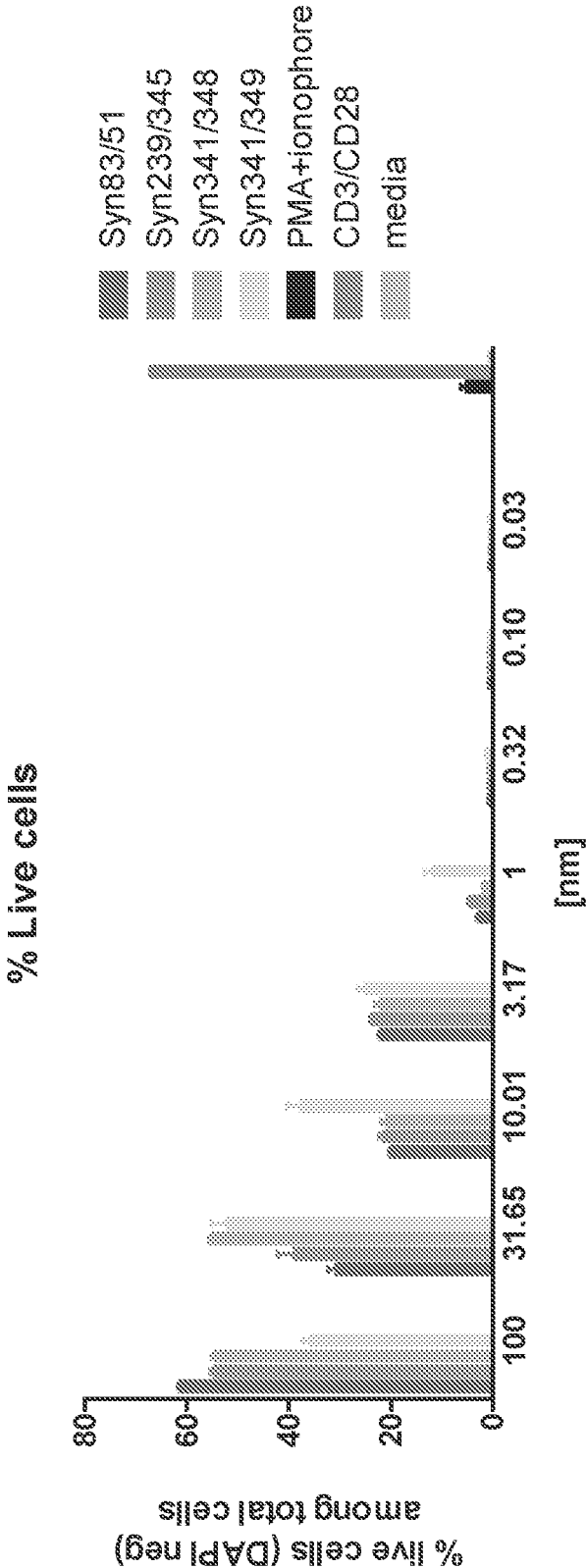


FIG. 47

4-1BBL variant	Expression level mg/L	Expression level mg/L	Fold over wild-type
M91A	105.9	115.9	14
F92A	48.9	41.6	5.8
Q94A	13.8	23.1	2.3
L95A	81.8	63.3	9.2
V96A	16.2	24.4	2.6
Q98A	43.0	43.0	5.5
N99A	35.3	53.3	5.6
V100A	37.6	42.6	5.1
L101A	137.8	203.2	21.7
L102A	148.0	184.4	21.2
I103A	48.0	68.0	7.4
D104A	70.5	65.1	3.9
G105A	23.8	37.6	2.6
P106A	81.2	66.0	9.4
L107A	13.8	13.4	1.7
S108A	66.2	72.1	8.8
W109A	15.6	30.8	2.9
Y110A	107.0	110.1	13.8
S111A	104.0	109.0	13.6
D112A	28.0	32.1	3.8
P113A	60.1	60.4	7.7
G114A	94.8	81.7	3.9
L115A	23.0	26.4	3.1
G117A	4.4	12.5	
V118A	4.2	5.3	
S119A	4.6	5.6	
L120A	4.6	4.6	
T121A	4.9	6.3	
G122A	9.8	9.5	
G123A	2.5	10.4	
L124A	3.1	8.5	
S125A	8.9	8.3	
Y126A	2.3	0.6	
E128A	6.1	14.6	
D129A	2.2	0.0	

FIG. 47 (cont.)

4-1BBL variant	Expression level mg/L	Expression level mg/L	Fold over wild-type
T130A	1.9	2.6	
K131A	7.0	15.3	
E132A	2.3	6.8	
F144A	1.5	0.0	
F145A	8.2	6.3	
Q146A	5.7	10.5	
L147A	10.3	16.8	
E148A	5.7	4.4	
L149A	9.9	12.9	
R150A	10.3	4.7	
R151A	1.8	0.0	
V152A	2.9	6.7	
V153A	3.7	7.9	
G155A	6.9	13.1	
E156A	4.3	4.0	
G157A	12.3	18.7	
S158A	6.7	6.3	
D184A	3.6	5.0	
L185A	2.2	0.0	
P186A	4.3	2.2	
P187A	2.9	0.0	
S189A	3.8	6.1	
S190A	2.4	3.1	
E191A	1.8	4.1	
R193A	6.6	7.5	
N194A	4.3	0.1	
S195A	3.2	1.6	
F197A	3.1	6.5	
Q210A	5.1	3.9	
R211A	1.6	3.5	
L212A	2.0	9.8	
G213A	5.0	2.9	
V214A	2.7	7.5	
H215A	3.3	2.4	
L216A	3.4	10.2	

FIG. 47 (cont.)

4-1BBL variant	Expression level mg/L	Expression level mg/L	Fold over wild-type
H217A	8.6	3.2	
T218A	6.6	9.9	
E219A	2.8	5.2	
R221A	3.3	8.7	
R223A	6.2	9.7	
H224A	4.1	6.0	
W226A	1.9	0.0	
L228A	3.1	0.0	
T229A	6.0	7.8	
Q230A	2.7	4.7	
G231A	1.9	2.4	
T233A	1.8	0.0	
V234A	1.9	0.0	
wt	3.8	11.9	

FIG. 48

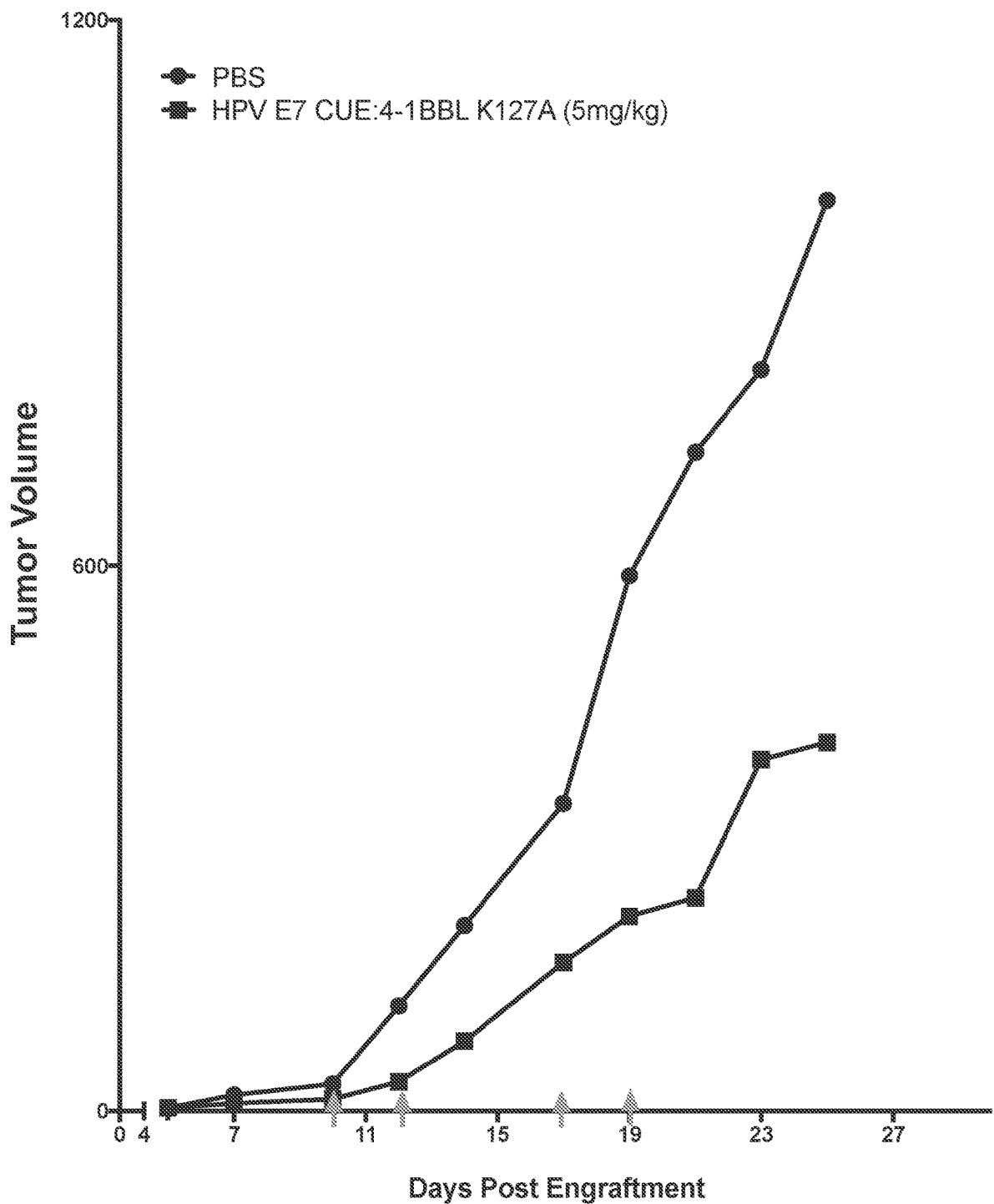


FIG. 49

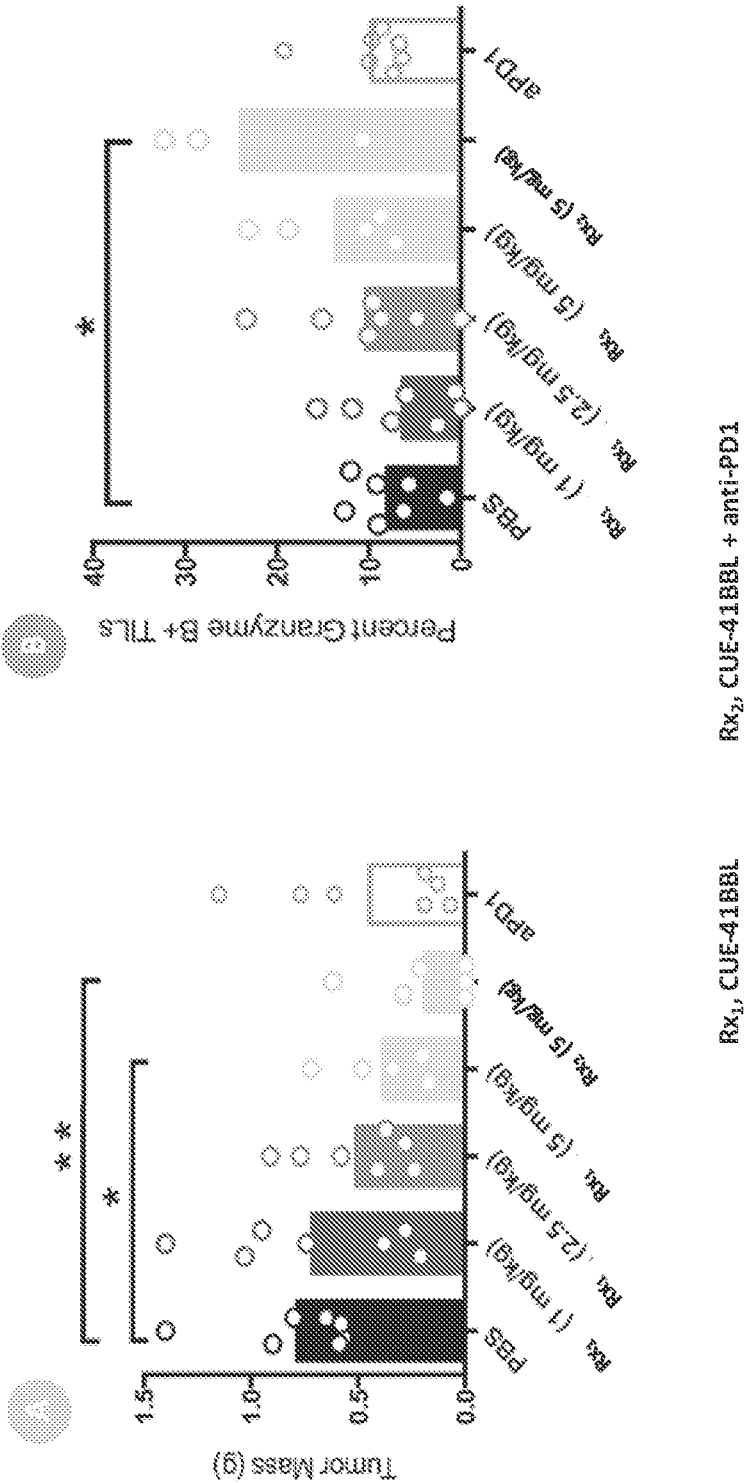


FIG. 50A
PD-L1*Mus musculus*

NP_068693

Amino acids 19-290

```
1 mrifagiift acchllraft itapkdlyvv eygsnvtmec rfpvereldl lalvyweke
61 deqviqfvag eedlkpqhsh frgraslpkd qlkgnaalq itdvklqdag vyccilsygg
121 adykritlkv napyrkingr isvdpatsch elicqaegyp eaeviwtnsd hqpvsgkrsv
181 ttsrtegmll nvtsslrlna tandvfycyf wrsqpgqght aelliipelpa thppqnrthw
241 vlilgsillfl iuvstvlflf rkqvrmldve kcgvedtssk nrndtqfeet
```

(SEQ ID NO:187)

FIG. 50B
PD-L1*Homo sapiens*

NP_054852

Amino acids 19-290

```
1 mrifavfifm tywhllnaft vtvpkdlyvv eygsnmtiec kfpvekqldl aalivyweme
61 dknllqfvhg eedlkvqhss yrqrarllkd qlslgnaalq itdvklqdag vyrcmlsygg
121 adykritvkv napyrkingr ilvdpvtse heltcqaegy pkaeviwtnsd dhqvlsgktt
181 tttnskreekl fnvtstlrln tttneifyct frildpeenh taelvipelp lahppnerth
241 lvilgaillc lgvaltflfr lrkgrmmdvk kcgilqdtnsk kgsdthleet
```

(SEQ ID NO:188)

FIG. 51

CD80 (B7-1) Ectodomain

qtriylwqkek kmvltmmsgd mniwpeyknr tiffditnnls ivilalrpsd egtynecvvlk
yekdafkreh laevtlsvka dfptpsisdf eiptsnirri icstsggfpe phlswlengc
elnainttvs qdpetelyav sskldfnmtt nhsfmccliky ghrlrvnqgtfn wnttkqehfp
dn (SEQ ID NO:189)

vihvtk evkevatlsc ghnvsveela

FIG. 52
Homo sapiens
ICOS-L
GenBank NP_056074
Amino acids 19-302

1 mrlgspgllf llfsslradt qekevramvg sdvelscacp egsrfdlndv yvywqtsek
61 tvvtyhipqn sslenvdsry rnralmspag mlrqdfsirl fnvtpqdeqk fhclvlsql
121 gfqevlsvev tlhvaaanfsv pvvsaphsps qdeltftcts ingyprpnvy winktdnsil
181 dgalqndtvf lnmrglydv svlriartps vnigccienv llqqlitvgs qtgndigerd
241 kitenpvstg eknaatwsil avicllvvva vaigwvcrdr clqhsyagaw avspeteltg
301 hv

(SEQ ID NO:190)

FIG. 53
Homo sapiens
GenBank NP_003317
OX4L

1 nervqpleen vgnaarprfe rnklllvasv iqglglllcf tyiclhfsl qvshrypriq
61 sikvqfteyk kekgfiltsq kedelnkvgn nsvlincdgf yllslkgyfs qevnislhyq
121 kdeeplfqlk kvrsvnslmv asitykdkvy invttntsl ddfhvnggel ilihqnpgef
181 cvl

(SEQ ID NO:191)

FIG. 54
Homo sapiens
GenBank NP_079515
PD-L2
Amino acids 20-273

1 miflllmlsl elqlhqiaal fttvtpkely iiehgsnvtl ecnfdtgshv nlgaitaslq
61 kvendtsphr eratllleeq plgkasfhip qvqvrddegq qciiliygav dykyltlkvk
121 asyrkinthi lkvpetdeve ltcqatgyp l aevswpnsv pantshsrtp eglyqvtsvl
181 rikpppggrnf scvfnwthvr eltlasidliq sqmeptrthpt wllhifipfc iiafifiatv
241 ialrkqlcqq lysskdttkr pvtttkrevn sai

(SEQ ID NO:192)

FIG. 55
Homo sapiens
GenBank NP_787058
CD86 (B7-2)
Amino acids 31-329

1 ndpqctmgls nilfvmafll sgaaplkiqa yfnetadlpc qfansqngsl selvvfwqdd
61 enlvinevyl gkekfdsvhs kymgrtsfds dswtlrlhnl qikdkglyqc iihhkkptgm
121 irihqansel svlanfsqpe ivpisniten vyinltessi hgypepkms vllrtknsti
181 eydgimgksq dnvtefydvs islsvsfpdv tsnnitfcil etdktrllss pfsieleddpq
241 pppdhipwit avlptvliav mvfcililkw kkkkrprnsy kqgtntmare eseqtkkrek
301 ihipersdea qrvfksskts sodksdtcf

(SEQ ID NO:193)

FIG. 56

Fas ligand (FasL)

Homo sapiens

GenBank NP_000630

Amino acids 1-281

```
1  mqqpfnypyp qiywvdssas spwappgtvl pcptsvprp 9qzrpppppp ppplpppppp
61  pplpplplpp lkkrqnbstg lcllvnffmv lvalvqlglg mfqlfhlqke laelrestsq
121 mhtasslekq ighpspppek kelrkvahlt gksnsrsmp l ewedtygivi lsgvkykkqg
181 lvinetglyf vyskvvfrgq scnnpishk vymnsgkmm sycttgqawa
241 rssylgavfn ltsadhlyvn vseislvnfe esqtfvglyk 1
```

(SEQ ID NO:194)

METHODS FOR MODULATING AN IMMUNE RESPONSE

CROSS-REFERENCE

[0001] This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 62/471,832, filed Mar. 15, 2017, and of U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 62/521,009, filed Jun. 16, 2017, which applications are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

INTRODUCTION

[0002] An adaptive immune response involves the engagement of the T cell receptor (TCR), present on the surface of a T cell, with a small peptide antigen non-covalently presented on the surface of an antigen presenting cell (APC) by a major histocompatibility complex (MHC; also referred to in humans as a human leukocyte antigen (HLA) complex). This engagement represents the immune system's targeting mechanism and is a requisite molecular interaction for T cell modulation (activation or inhibition) and effector function. Following epitope-specific cell targeting, the targeted T cells are activated through engagement of costimulatory proteins found on the APC with counterpart costimulatory proteins the T cells. Both signals—epitope/TCR binding and engagement of APC costimulatory proteins with T cell costimulatory proteins—are required to drive T cell specificity and activation or inhibition. The TCR is specific for a given epitope; however, the costimulatory protein not epitope specific and instead is generally expressed on all T cells or on large T cell subsets.

SUMMARY

[0003] The present disclosure provides methods of modulating an immune response in an individual. The present disclosure provides methods of treatment. The present disclosure provides methods comprising administering a multimeric polypeptide (synTac) and an immune checkpoint inhibitor to an individual. The present disclosure provides methods comprising administering a multimeric polypeptide (synTac) to an individual who is undergoing treatment with immune checkpoint inhibitor.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0004] FIG. 1A-1D schematically depict various embodiments of a T-cell modulatory multimeric polypeptide. In these embodiments, disulfide bonds are formed between MHC (e.g., HLA) polypeptides present in separate polypeptides.

[0005] FIG. 2A-2Q provide an amino acid sequence of wild-type human IL-2 (FIG. 2A); and amino acid sequences of variant IL-2 polypeptides (FIG. 2B-2Q).

[0006] FIG. 3A-3C provide amino acid sequences of IL-2 receptor alpha chain (FIG. 3A), beta chain (FIG. 3B), and gamma chain (FIG. 3C).

[0007] FIG. 4A-4C provide amino acid sequences of immunoglobulin Fc polypeptides.

[0008] FIG. 5A-5C provide amino acid sequences of human leukocyte antigen (HLA) Class I heavy chain polypeptides. Signal sequences are underlined.

[0009] FIG. 6 provides a multiple amino acid sequence alignment of beta-2 microglobulin (β 2M) precursors (i.e., including the leader sequence) from *Homo sapiens* (NP_004039.1; SEQ ID NO:95), *Pan troglodytes* (NP_

001009066.1; SEQ ID NO: 195), *Macaca mulatta* (NP_001040602.1; SEQ ID NO:96), *Bos taurus* (NP_776318.1; SEQ ID NO:97) and *Mus musculus* (NP_033865.2; SEQ ID NO:98). Amino acids 1-20 are a signal peptide.

[0010] FIG. 7A-7B depict production of IL-2/synTacs ("Cue-IL-2-a" and Cue-IL-2-b") of the present disclosure following transient transfection. FIG. 7A depicts unpurified yields; FIG. 7B depicts purified product.

[0011] FIG. 8A-8B depict production of IL-2/synTacs of the present disclosure, in which the IL-2 polypeptide is present on the light chain (the polypeptide chain with the light chain (e.g., β 2M) of an MHC Class I molecule) or on the heavy chain (the polypeptide chain with the heavy chain of an MHC Class I molecule).

[0012] FIG. 9 depicts the expression level of IL-2/synTacs, in which the IL-2 is wild-type (wt), or comprises various combinations of F42A, D20K, Q126A, E15A, Y45A, and H16A.

[0013] FIG. 10 depicts expression of IL-2/synTacs of the present disclosure, in which the IL-2 is present in one copy (1 $\times$), two copies (2 $\times$) or three copies (3 $\times$) in the synTac.

[0014] FIG. 11 depicts in vitro stimulation of antigen-specific CD8⁺ T cells and non-specific CD8⁺ T cells by an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure, where the IL-2 variant comprising F42A and H16A substitutions is present in the synTac in two copies.

[0015] FIG. 12 depicts IL-2/synTac binding to specific (lymphocytic choriomeningitis virus; LCMV) or non-specific (OT1; recognizing ovalbumin) CD8⁺ T cells.

[0016] FIG. 13 depicts IL-2/synTac-mediated signaling in antigen-specific (LCMV) or non-specific (BL6) CD8⁺ T cells.

[0017] FIG. 14A-14F depict the percent phospho-signal transducer and activator of transcription 5 (pSTAT5)-positive cells following stimulation of CD8⁺ antigen-specific (LCMV) or non-specific (BL6) cells with IL-2/synTacs of the present disclosure at various IL-2/synTac concentrations.

[0018] FIG. 15 depicts in vivo activity of an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure. The left panel depicts the fold change in the number of antigen-specific CD8⁺ T cells following administration of phosphate buffered saline (PBS), recombinant IL-2 (rIL-2), or an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure. The right panel depicts antigen-specific and non-antigen-specific responses following administration of PBS, rIL-2, or an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure.

[0019] FIG. 16A-16B depict dose escalation (FIG. 16A) and route of administration (FIG. 16B) effects.

[0020] FIG. 17A-17B depict the effect of IL-2 copy number on in vivo efficacy against a tumor.

[0021] FIG. 18 depicts the serum half-life of an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure, following intraperitoneal administration of the IL-2/synTac in an amount of 10 mg/kg.

[0022] FIG. 19 depicts stability of an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure 2 hours following intraperitoneal administration of the IL-2/synTac in an amount of 10 mg/kg.

[0023] FIG. 20 depicts size exclusion chromatography data on an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure after keeping the IL-2/synTac at 4° C. or 37° C. for 5 days.

[0024] FIG. 21 provides an amino acid sequence of a heavy chain of an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure, with a leader peptide, where the IL-2/synTac heavy chain comprises an IgG1 Fc with an N297A substitution.

[0025] FIG. 22 provides an amino acid sequence of a heavy chain of an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure,

without a leader peptide, where the IL-2/synTac heavy chain comprises an IgG1 Fc with an N297A substitution.

[0026] FIG. 23A-23B provide a nucleotide sequence (FIG. 23A) encoding the IL-2/synTac heavy chain depicted in FIG. 21; and a key (FIG. 23B) to the sequence.

[0027] FIG. 24 provides an amino acid sequence of a heavy chain of an IL-2/synTac, with a leader peptide, where the IL-2/synTac heavy chain comprises an IgG1 Fc with L234A and L235A substitutions.

[0028] FIG. 25 provides an amino acid sequence of a heavy chain of an IL-2/synTac, without a leader peptide, where the IL-2/synTac heavy chain comprises an IgG1 Fc with L234A and L235A substitutions.

[0029] FIG. 26A-26B provide a nucleotide sequence (FIG. 26A) encoding the IL-2/synTac heavy chain depicted in FIG. 24; and a key (FIG. 26B) to the sequence.

[0030] FIG. 27 provides an amino acid sequence of a heavy chain of an IL-2/synTac, with a leader peptide, where the IL-2/synTac heavy chain comprises an IgG1 Fc with L234F, L235E, and P331S substitutions.

[0031] FIG. 28 provides an amino acid sequence of a heavy chain of an IL-2/synTac, without a leader peptide, where the IL-2/synTac heavy chain comprises an IgG Fc with L234F, L235E, and P331S substitutions.

[0032] FIG. 29A-29B provide a nucleotide sequence (FIG. 29A) encoding the IL-2/synTac heavy chain depicted in FIG. 27; and a key (FIG. 29B) to the sequence.

[0033] FIG. 30 provides an amino acid sequence of a light chain of an IL-2/synTac, with a leader peptide, where the IL-2/synTac light chain comprises a human papilloma virus (HPV) E7 epitope.

[0034] FIG. 31 provides an amino acid sequence of a light chain of an IL-2/synTac, without a leader peptide, where the IL-2/synTac light chain comprises an HPV E7 epitope.

[0035] FIG. 32 provides a nucleotide sequence encoding the IL-2/synTac light chain depicted in FIG. 30.

[0036] FIG. 33A-33D provide amino acid sequences of a wild-type human IgG1 Fc (FIG. 33A), an IgG1 Fc with L234F, L235E, and P331S substitutions (FIG. 33B), an IgG1 Fc with an N297A substitution (FIG. 33C), and an IgG1 Fc with L234A and L235A substitutions (FIG. 33D).

[0037] FIG. 34A-34C provide amino acid sequence of a β 2-microglobulin (R12C) polypeptide (FIG. 34A), a variant IL-2 (H16A; F402A) polypeptide (FIG. 34B), and a Class I MHC-H chain A0201 (Y84A; A236C) (FIG. 34C).

[0038] FIG. 35 depicts synergistic effects of an IL-2/synTac and an anti-PD1 antibody on reducing tumor volume.

[0039] FIG. 36A-36III provide an amino acid sequence of a 4-1BBL (FIG. 36A) and examples of variant 4-1BBL polypeptides (FIG. 36B-36III).

[0040] FIG. 37 provides an amino acid sequence of 4-1BB.

[0041] FIG. 38A-38B depicts interferon-gamma (IFN- γ) secretion by target cells contacted with a synTac polypeptide for 3 days (FIG. 38A) or 5 days (FIG. 38B) according to an embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0042] FIG. 39A-39B depicts interleukin-2 (IL-2) secretion by target cells contacted with a synTac polypeptide for 3 days (FIG. 39A) or 5 days (FIG. 39B) according to an embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0043] FIG. 40A-40B depicts interleukin-6 (IL-6) secretion by target cells contacted with a synTac polypeptide for

3 days (FIG. 40A) or 5 days (FIG. 40B) according to an embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0044] FIG. 41A-41B depicts tumor necrosis factor-alpha (TNF α) secretion by target cells contacted with a synTac polypeptide for 3 days (FIG. 41A) or 5 days (FIG. 41B) according to an embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0045] FIG. 42A-42B depicts interleukin-10 (IL-10) secretion by target cells contacted with a synTac polypeptide for 3 days (FIG. 42A) or 5 days (FIG. 42B) according to an embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0046] FIG. 43A-43B depicts interleukin-17A (IL-17A) secretion by target cells contacted with a synTac polypeptide for 3 days (FIG. 43A) or 5 days (FIG. 43B) according to an embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0047] FIG. 44A-44B depicts interleukin-4 (IL-4) secretion by target cells contacted with a synTac polypeptide for 3 days (FIG. 44A) or 5 days (FIG. 44B) according to an embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0048] FIG. 45 depicts proliferation of target cells contacted with a synTac polypeptide according to an embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0049] FIG. 46 depicts viability of target cells contacted with a synTac polypeptide according to an embodiment of the present disclosure.

[0050] FIG. 47 depicts expression levels of various synTac polypeptides produced in CHO cells.

[0051] FIG. 48 depicts the in vivo effect of a synTac polypeptide of the present disclosure on tumor volume.

[0052] FIG. 49 depicts the effect of co-administration of various doses of a 4-1BBL/synTac and an anti-PD1 antibody on tumor mass and percent granzyme B⁺ tumor infiltrating lymphocytes (TILs).

[0053] FIG. 50A-50B provide amino acid sequences of PD-L1 polypeptides.

[0054] FIG. 51 provides an amino acid sequence of a CD80 polypeptide.

[0055] FIG. 52 provides an amino acid sequence of an ICOS-L polypeptide.

[0056] FIG. 53 provides an amino acid sequence of an OX40L polypeptide.

[0057] FIG. 54 provides an amino acid sequence of a PD-L2 polypeptide.

[0058] FIG. 55 provides an amino acid sequence of a CD86 (B7-2) polypeptide.

[0059] FIG. 56 provides an amino acid sequence of a Fas ligand (FAS-L) polypeptide.

DEFINITIONS

[0060] The terms “polynucleotide” and “nucleic acid,” used interchangeably herein, refer to a polymeric form of nucleotides of any length, either ribonucleotides or deoxyribonucleotides. Thus, this term includes, but is not limited to, single-, double-, or multi-stranded DNA or RNA, genomic DNA, cDNA, DNA-RNA hybrids, or a polymer comprising purine and pyrimidine bases or other natural, chemically or biochemically modified, non-natural, or derivatized nucleotide bases.

[0061] The terms “peptide,” “polypeptide,” and “protein” are used interchangeably herein, and refer to a polymeric form of amino acids of any length, which can include coded and non-coded amino acids, chemically or biochemically modified or derivatized amino acids, and polypeptides having modified peptide backbones.

[0062] A polynucleotide or polypeptide has a certain percent “sequence identity” to another polynucleotide or polypeptide, meaning that, when aligned, that percentage of bases or amino acids are the same, and in the same relative position, when comparing the two sequences. Sequence identity can be determined in a number of different ways. To determine sequence identity, sequences can be aligned using various convenient methods and computer programs (e.g., BLAST, T-COFFEE, MUSCLE, MAFFT, etc.), available over the world wide web at sites including ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/BLAST, ebi.ac.uk/Tools/msa/tcoffee/, ebi.ac.uk/Tools/msa/muscle/, mafft.cbrc.jp/alignment/software/. See, e.g., Altschul et al. (1990), *J. Mol. Biol.* 215:403-10.

[0063] The term “conservative amino acid substitution” refers to the interchangeability in proteins of amino acid residues having similar side chains. For example, a group of amino acids having aliphatic side chains consists of glycine, alanine, valine, leucine, and isoleucine; a group of amino acids having aliphatic-hydroxyl side chains consists of serine and threonine; a group of amino acids having amide containing side chains consisting of asparagine and glutamine; a group of amino acids having aromatic side chains consists of phenylalanine, tyrosine, and tryptophan; a group of amino acids having basic side chains consists of lysine, arginine, and histidine; a group of amino acids having acidic side chains consists of glutamate and aspartate; and a group of amino acids having sulfur containing side chains consists of cysteine and methionine. Exemplary conservative amino acid substitution groups are: valine-leucine-isoleucine, phenylalanine-tyrosine, lysine-arginine, alanine-valine-glycine, and asparagine-glutamine.

[0064] “Binding” as used herein (e.g. with reference to binding of a T-cell modulatory multimeric polypeptide to a polypeptide (e.g., a T-cell receptor) on a T cell) refers to a non-covalent interaction between. Binding interactions are generally characterized by a dissociation constant (K_D) of less than 10^{-6} M, less than 10^{-7} M, less than 10^{-8} M, less than 10^{-9} M, less than 10^{-10} M, less than 10^{-11} M, less than 10^{-12} M, less than 10^{-13} M, less than 10^{-14} M, or less than 10^{-15} M. “Affinity” refers to the strength of binding, increased binding affinity being correlated with a lower K_D .

[0065] The term “immunological synapse” or “immune synapse” as used herein generally refers to the natural interface between two interacting immune cells of an adaptive immune response including, e.g., the interface between an antigen-presenting cell (APC) or target cell and an effector cell, e.g., a lymphocyte, an effector T cell, a natural killer cell, and the like. An immunological synapse between an APC and a T cell is generally initiated by the interaction of a T cell antigen receptor and major histocompatibility complex molecules, e.g., as described in Bromley et al., *Annu Rev Immunol.* 2001; 19:375-96; the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

[0066] “T cell” includes all types of immune cells expressing CD3, including T-helper cells ($CD4^+$ cells), cytotoxic T-cells ($CD8^+$ cells), T-regulatory cells (Treg), and NK-T cells.

[0067] “Co-stimulatory polypeptide,” (also referred to herein as an “immunomodulatory polypeptide”) as the term is used herein, includes a polypeptide on an antigen presenting cell (APC) (e.g., a dendritic cell, a B cell, and the like) that specifically binds a cognate co-stimulatory polypeptide (also referred to herein as a “cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide”) on a T cell, thereby providing a

signal which, in addition to the primary signal provided by, for instance, binding of a TCR/CD3 complex with a major histocompatibility complex (MHC) polypeptide loaded with peptide, mediates a T cell response, including, but not limited to, proliferation, activation, differentiation, and the like. A co-stimulatory ligand can include, but is not limited to, CD7, B7-1 (CD80), B7-2 (CD86), PD-L1, PD-L2, 4-1BBL, OX40L, Fas ligand (FasL), inducible costimulatory ligand (ICOS-L), intercellular adhesion molecule (ICAM), CD30L, CD40, CD70, CD83, HLA-G, MICA, MICB, HVEM, lymphotoxin beta receptor, 3/TR6, ILT3, ILT4, HVEM, an agonist or antibody that binds Toll ligand receptor and a ligand that specifically binds with B7-H3. A co-stimulatory ligand also encompasses, inter alia, an antibody that specifically binds with a co-stimulatory molecule present on a T cell, such as, but not limited to, CD27, CD28, 4-1BB, OX40, CD30, CD40, PD-1, ICOS, lymphocyte function-associated antigen-1 (LFA-1), CD2, LIGHT, NKG2C, B7-H3, and a ligand that specifically binds to CD83.

[0068] A “modulatory domain” (“MOD”) of a T-cell modulatory multimeric polypeptide comprises a co-stimulatory polypeptide, e.g., an IL-2 polypeptide, such as a variant IL-2 polypeptide.

[0069] “Heterologous,” as used herein, means a nucleotide or polypeptide that is not found in the native nucleic acid or protein, respectively.

[0070] “Recombinant,” as used herein, means that a particular nucleic acid (DNA or RNA) is the product of various combinations of cloning, restriction, polymerase chain reaction (PCR) and/or ligation steps resulting in a construct having a structural coding or non-coding sequence distinguishable from endogenous nucleic acids found in natural systems. DNA sequences encoding polypeptides can be assembled from cDNA fragments or from a series of synthetic oligonucleotides, to provide a synthetic nucleic acid which is capable of being expressed from a recombinant transcriptional unit contained in a cell or in a cell-free transcription and translation system.

[0071] The terms “recombinant expression vector,” or “DNA construct” are used interchangeably herein to refer to a DNA molecule comprising a vector and one insert. Recombinant expression vectors are usually generated for the purpose of expressing and/or propagating the insert(s), or for the construction of other recombinant nucleotide sequences. The insert(s) may or may not be operably linked to a promoter sequence and may or may not be operably linked to DNA regulatory sequences.

[0072] The terms “antibodies” and “immunoglobulin” include antibodies or immunoglobulins of any isotype, fragments of antibodies that retain specific binding to antigen, including, but not limited to, Fab, Fv, scFv, and Fd fragments, chimeric antibodies, humanized antibodies, single-chain antibodies (scAb), single domain antibodies (dAb), single domain heavy chain antibodies, a single domain light chain antibodies, bi-specific antibodies, multi-specific antibodies, and fusion proteins comprising an antigen-binding (also referred to herein as antigen binding) portion of an antibody and a non-antibody protein. Also encompassed by the term are Fab', Fv, F(ab')₂, and or other antibody fragments that retain specific binding to antigen, and monoclonal antibodies. As used herein, a monoclonal antibody is an antibody produced by a group of identical cells, all of which were produced from a single cell by repetitive cellular

replication. That is, the clone of cells only produces a single antibody species. While a monoclonal antibody can be produced using hybridoma production technology, other production methods known to those skilled in the art can also be used (e.g., antibodies derived from antibody phage display libraries). An antibody can be monovalent or bivalent. An antibody can be an Ig monomer, which is a “Y-shaped” molecule that consists of four polypeptide chains: two heavy chains and two light chains connected by disulfide bonds.

[0073] The term “humanized antibody” as used herein refers to an antibody comprising portions of antibodies of different origin, wherein at least one portion comprises amino acid sequences of human origin. For example, a humanized antibody can comprise portions derived from an immunoglobulin of nonhuman origin with the requisite specificity, such as a mouse, and from immunoglobulin sequences of human origin (e.g., chimeric immunoglobulin), joined together chemically by conventional techniques (e.g., synthetic) or prepared as a contiguous polypeptide using genetic engineering techniques (e.g., DNA encoding the protein portions of the chimeric antibody can be expressed to produce a contiguous polypeptide chain). Another example of a humanized antibody is an antibody containing one or more antibody chains comprising a CDR derived from an antibody of nonhuman origin and a framework region derived from a light and/or heavy chain of human origin (e.g., CDR-grafted antibodies with or without framework changes). Chimeric or CDR-grafted single chain antibodies are also encompassed by the term humanized immunoglobulin. See, e.g., Cabilly et al., U.S. Pat. No. 4,816,567; Cabilly et al., European Patent No. 0,125,023 B1; Boss et al., U.S. Pat. No. 4,816,397; Boss et al., European Patent No. 0,120,694 B1; Neuberger, M. S. et al., WO 86/01533; Neuberger, M. S. et al., European Patent No. 0,194,276 B1; Winter, U.S. Pat. No. 5,225,539; Winter, European Patent No. 0,239,400 B1; Padlan, E. A. et al., European Patent Application No. 0,519,596 A1. See also, Ladner et al., U.S. Pat. No. 4,946,778; Huston, U.S. Pat. No. 5,476,786; and Bird, R. E. et al., *Science*, 242: 423-426 (1988), regarding single chain antibodies.

[0074] For example, humanized antibodies can be produced using synthetic and/or recombinant nucleic acids to prepare genes (e.g., cDNA) encoding the desired humanized chain. For example, nucleic acid (e.g., DNA) sequences coding for humanized variable regions can be constructed using PCR mutagenesis methods to alter DNA sequences encoding a human or humanized chain, such as a DNA template from a previously humanized variable region (see e.g., Kamman, M., et al., *Nucl. Acids Res.*, 17: 5404 (1989)); Sato, K., et al., *Cancer Research*, 53: 851-856 (1993); Daugherty, B. L. et al., *Nucleic Acids Res.*, 19(9): 2471-2476 (1991); and Lewis, A. P. and J. S. Crowe, *Gene*, 101: 297-302 (1991)). Using these or other suitable methods, variants can also be readily produced. For example, cloned variable regions can be mutagenized, and sequences encoding variants with the desired specificity can be selected (e.g., from a phage library; see e.g., Krebber et al., U.S. Pat. No. 5,514,548; Hooenboom et al., WO 93/06213, published Apr. 1, 1993)).

[0075] “Antibody fragments” comprise a portion of an intact antibody, for example, the antigen binding or variable region of the intact antibody. Examples of antibody fragments include Fab, Fab', F(ab')₂, and Fv fragments; diabod-

ies; linear antibodies (Zapata et al., *Protein Eng.* 8(10): 1057-1062 (1995)); domain antibodies (dAb; Holt et al. (2003) *Trends Biotechnol.* 21:484); single-chain antibody molecules; and multi-specific antibodies formed from antibody fragments. Papain digestion of antibodies produces two identical antigen-binding fragments, called “Fab” fragments, each with a single antigen-binding site, and a residual “Fc” fragment, a designation reflecting the ability to crystallize readily. Pepsin treatment yields an F(ab')₂ fragment that has two antigen combining sites and is still capable of cross-linking antigen.

[0076] “Fv” is the minimum antibody fragment that contains a complete antigen-recognition and -binding site. This region consists of a dimer of one heavy- and one light-chain variable domain in tight, non-covalent association. It is in this configuration that the three CDRs of each variable domain interact to define an antigen-binding site on the surface of the V_H-V_L dimer. Collectively, the six CDRs confer antigen-binding specificity to the antibody. However, even a single variable domain (or half of an Fv comprising only three CDRs specific for an antigen) has the ability to recognize and bind antigen, although at a lower affinity than the entire binding site.

[0077] The “Fab” fragment also contains the constant domain of the light chain and the first constant domain (CH₁) of the heavy chain. Fab fragments differ from Fab' fragments by the addition of a few residues at the carboxyl terminus of the heavy chain CH₁ domain including one or more cysteines from the antibody hinge region. Fab'-SH is the designation herein for Fab' in which the cysteine residue (s) of the constant domains bear a free thiol group. F(ab')₂ antibody fragments originally were produced as pairs of Fab' fragments which have hinge cysteines between them. Other chemical couplings of antibody fragments are also known.

[0078] The “light chains” of antibodies (immunoglobulins) from any vertebrate species can be assigned to one of two clearly distinct types, called kappa and lambda, based on the amino acid sequences of their constant domains. Depending on the amino acid sequence of the constant domain of their heavy chains, immunoglobulins can be assigned to different classes. There are five major classes of immunoglobulins: IgA, IgD, IgE, IgG, and IgM, and several of these classes can be further divided into subclasses (isotypes), e.g., IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, IgG4, IgA, and IgA2. The subclasses can be further divided into types, e.g., IgG2a and IgG2b.

[0079] “Single-chain Fv” or “sFv” or “scFv” antibody fragments comprise the V_H and V_L domains of antibody, wherein these domains are present in a single polypeptide chain. In some embodiments, the Fv polypeptide further comprises a polypeptide linker between the V_H and V_L domains, which enables the sFv to form the desired structure for antigen binding. For a review of sFv, see *Pluckthun in The Pharmacology of Monoclonal Antibodies*, vol. 113, Rosenberg and Moore eds., Springer-Verlag, New York, pp. 269-315 (1994).

[0080] The term “diabodies” refers to small antibody fragments with two antigen-binding sites, which fragments comprise a heavy-chain variable domain (V_H) connected to a light-chain variable domain (V_L) in the same polypeptide chain (V_H-V_L). By using a linker that is too short to allow pairing between the two domains on the same chain, the domains are forced to pair with the complementary domains of another chain and create two antigen-binding sites. Dia-

bodies are described more fully in, for example, EP 404,097; WO 93/11161; and Hollinger et al. (1993) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90:6444-6448.

[0081] As used herein, the term “affinity” refers to the equilibrium constant for the reversible binding of two agents (e.g., an antibody and an antigen) and is expressed as a dissociation constant (K_D). Affinity can be at least 1-fold greater, at least 2-fold greater, at least 3-fold greater, at least 4-fold greater, at least 5-fold greater, at least 6-fold greater, at least 7-fold greater, at least 8-fold greater, at least 9-fold greater, at least 10-fold greater, at least 20-fold greater, at least 30-fold greater, at least 40-fold greater, at least 50-fold greater, at least 60-fold greater, at least 70-fold greater, at least 80-fold greater, at least 90-fold greater, at least 100-fold greater, or at least 1,000-fold greater, or more, than the affinity of an antibody for unrelated amino acid sequences. Affinity of an antibody to a target protein can be, for example, from about 100 nanomolar (nM) to about 0.1 nM, from about 100 nM to about 1 picomolar (pM), or from about 100 nM to about 1 femtomolar (fM) or more. As used herein, the term “avidity” refers to the resistance of a complex of two or more agents to dissociation after dilution. The terms “immunoreactive” and “preferentially binds” are used interchangeably herein with respect to antibodies and/or antigen-binding fragments.

[0082] The term “binding” refers to a direct association between two molecules, due to, for example, covalent, electrostatic, hydrophobic, and ionic and/or hydrogen-bond interactions, including interactions such as salt bridges and water bridges. “Specific binding” refers to binding with an affinity of at least about 10^{-7} M or greater, e.g., 5×10^{-7} M, 10^{-8} M, 5×10^{-8} M, and greater. “Non-specific binding” refers to binding with an affinity of less than about 10^{-7} M, e.g., binding with an affinity of 10^{-6} M, 10^{-5} M, 10^{-4} M, etc.

[0083] As used herein, the term “CDR” or “complementarity determining region” is intended to mean the non-contiguous antigen combining sites found within the variable region of both heavy and light chain polypeptides. CDRs have been described by Kabat et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* 252:6609-6616 (1977); Kabat et al., U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, “Sequences of proteins of immunological interest” (1991) (also referred to herein as Kabat 1991); by Chothia et al., *J. Mol. Biol.* 196:901-917 (1987) (also referred to herein as Chothia 1987); and MacCallum et al., *J. Mol. Biol.* 262:732-745 (1996), where the definitions include overlapping or subsets of amino acid residues when compared against each other. Nevertheless, application of either definition to refer to a CDR of an antibody or grafted antibodies or variants thereof is intended to be within the scope of the term as defined and used herein. The amino acid residues, which encompass the CDRs, as defined by each of the above cited references are set forth in the table below as a comparison. The CDRs listed in Table 2 were defined in accordance with Kabat 1991.

TABLE			
CDR Definitions			
	Kabat ¹	Chothia ²	MacCallum ³
V _H CDR-1	31-35	26-32	30-35
V _H CDR-2	50-65	53-55	47-58
V _H CDR-3	95-102	96-101	93-101
V _L CDR-1	24-34	26-32	30-36

TABLE-continued			
CDR Definitions			
	Kabat ¹	Chothia ²	MacCallum ³
V _L CDR-2	50-56	50-52	46-55
V _L CDR-3	89-97	91-96	89-96

¹Residue numbering follows the nomenclature of Kabat et al. supra
²Residue numbering follows the nomenclature of Chothia et al., supra
³Residue numbering follows the nomenclature of MacCallum et al., supra

[0084] As used herein, the terms “CDR-L1”, “CDR-L2”, and “CDR-L3” refer, respectively, to the first, second, and third CDRs in a light chain variable region. As used herein, the terms “CDR-H1”, “CDR-H2”, and “CDR-H3” refer, respectively, to the first, second, and third CDRs in a heavy chain variable region. As used herein, the terms “CDR-1”, “CDR-2”, and “CDR-3” refer, respectively, to the first, second and third CDRs of either chain’s variable region.

[0085] As used herein, the term “framework” when used in reference to an antibody variable region is intended to mean all amino acid residues outside the CDR regions within the variable region of an antibody. A variable region framework is generally a discontinuous amino acid sequence between about 100-120 amino acids in length but is intended to reference only those amino acids outside of the CDRs. As used herein, the term “framework region” is intended to mean each domain of the framework that is separated by the CDRs.

[0086] The terms “treatment”, “treating” and the like are used herein to generally mean obtaining a desired pharmacologic and/or physiologic effect. The effect may be prophylactic in terms of completely or partially preventing a disease or symptom thereof and/or may be therapeutic in terms of a partial or complete cure for a disease and/or adverse effect attributable to the disease. “Treatment” as used herein covers any treatment of a disease or symptom in a mammal, and includes: (a) preventing the disease or symptom from occurring in a subject which may be predisposed to acquiring the disease or symptom but has not yet been diagnosed as having it; (b) inhibiting the disease or symptom, i.e., arresting its development; or (c) relieving the disease, i.e., causing regression of the disease. The therapeutic agent may be administered before, during or after the onset of disease or injury. The treatment of ongoing disease, where the treatment stabilizes or reduces the undesirable clinical symptoms of the patient, is of particular interest. Such treatment is desirably performed prior to complete loss of function in the affected tissues. The subject therapy will desirably be administered during the symptomatic stage of the disease, and in some cases after the symptomatic stage of the disease.

[0087] The terms “individual,” “subject,” “host,” and “patient,” are used interchangeably herein and refer to any mammalian subject for whom diagnosis, treatment, or therapy is desired. Mammals include, e.g., humans, non-human primates, rodents (e.g., rats; mice), lagomorphs (e.g., rabbits), ungulates (e.g., cows, sheep, pigs, horses, goats, and the like), etc.

[0088] Before the present invention is further described, it is to be understood that this invention is not limited to particular embodiments described, as such may, of course, vary. It is also to be understood that the terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular embodi-

ments only, and is not intended to be limiting, since the scope of the present invention will be limited only by the appended claims.

[0089] Where a range of values is provided, it is understood that each intervening value, to the tenth of the unit of the lower limit unless the context clearly dictates otherwise, between the upper and lower limit of that range and any other stated or intervening value in that stated range, is encompassed within the invention. The upper and lower limits of these smaller ranges may independently be included in the smaller ranges, and are also encompassed within the invention, subject to any specifically excluded limit in the stated range. Where the stated range includes one or both of the limits, ranges excluding either or both of those included limits are also included in the invention.

[0090] Unless defined otherwise, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which this invention belongs. Although any methods and materials similar or equivalent to those described herein can also be used in the practice or testing of the present invention, the preferred methods and materials are now described. All publications mentioned herein are incorporated herein by reference to disclose and describe the methods and/or materials in connection with which the publications are cited.

[0091] It must be noted that as used herein and in the appended claims, the singular forms “a,” “an,” and “the” include plural referents unless the context clearly dictates otherwise. Thus, for example, reference to “a variant IL-2 polypeptide” includes a plurality of such polypeptides and reference to “the Class I HLA heavy chain polypeptide” includes reference to one or more Class I HLA heavy chain polypeptides and equivalents thereof known to those skilled in the art, and so forth. It is further noted that the claims may be drafted to exclude any optional element. As such, this statement is intended to serve as antecedent basis for use of such exclusive terminology as “solely,” “only” and the like in connection with the recitation of claim elements, or use of a “negative” limitation.

[0092] It is appreciated that certain features of the invention, which are, for clarity, described in the context of separate embodiments, may also be provided in combination in a single embodiment. Conversely, various features of the invention, which are, for brevity, described in the context of a single embodiment, may also be provided separately or in any suitable sub-combination. All combinations of the embodiments pertaining to the invention are specifically embraced by the present invention and are disclosed herein just as if each and every combination was individually and explicitly disclosed. In addition, all sub-combinations of the various embodiments and elements thereof are also specifically embraced by the present invention and are disclosed herein just as if each and every such sub-combination was individually and explicitly disclosed herein.

[0093] The publications discussed herein are provided solely for their disclosure prior to the filing date of the present application. Nothing herein is to be construed as an admission that the present invention is not entitled to antedate such publication by virtue of prior invention. Further, the dates of publication provided may be different from the actual publication dates which may need to be independently confirmed.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0094] The present disclosure provides treatment methods comprising administering to an individual in need thereof a T-cell modulatory multimeric polypeptide (a “synTac” multimeric polypeptide) and at least one additional therapeutic agent. In some cases, the at least one additional therapeutic agent is an immune checkpoint inhibitor. In some cases, the immune checkpoint inhibitor is an antibody specific for the immune checkpoint. The present disclosure provides methods comprising administering a multimeric polypeptide (synTac) and an immune checkpoint inhibitor to an individual. The present disclosure provides methods comprising administering a multimeric polypeptide (synTac) to an individual who is undergoing treatment with immune checkpoint inhibitor.

[0095] A “T-cell modulatory multimeric polypeptide” is also referred herein to as a “synTac polypeptide” or a “synTac multimeric polypeptide” or simply “synTac.” A synTac polypeptide comprises a modulatory domain. In some cases, the modulatory domain comprises a wild-type amino acid sequence, e.g., an amino acid sequence found in a naturally-occurring modulatory polypeptide. In some cases, the modulatory domain is a variant modulatory domain, where the variant modulatory domain exhibits reduced binding affinity to an immunomodulatory polypeptide, compared to the affinity of a wild-type modulatory domain for the immunomodulatory polypeptide. A synTac polypeptide can modulate the activity of a target T-cell. A synTac polypeptide comprising a variant modulatory domain provides for enhanced target cell specificity.

[0096] In some cases, a treatment method of the present disclosure comprises administering to an individual in need thereof a synTac and an immune checkpoint inhibitor. In some cases, the synTac and the immune checkpoint inhibitor provide synergistic effects, compared to the effect(s) of the synTac when administered alone (in monotherapy) or the immune checkpoint inhibitor alone (in monotherapy).

[0097] The combination of a synTac and an immune checkpoint inhibitor is in some cases more effective than the additive effects of the synTac administered as monotherapy or the immune checkpoint inhibitor administered as monotherapy. For example, in some cases, a synergistic effect of a synTac and an immune checkpoint inhibitor permits the use of lower dosages of the synTac or the immune checkpoint inhibitor and/or less frequent administration of the synTac or the immune checkpoint inhibitor to an individual in need thereof. The ability to utilize lower dosages of therapeutic agents (a synTac or an immune checkpoint inhibitor) and/or to administer such agents less frequently can reduce toxicity or other adverse side effects that may be associated with the administration of the therapeutic agent in monotherapy, without reducing the efficacy of the therapeutic agent in a treatment. In addition, a synergistic effect of a synTac and an immune checkpoint inhibitor can result in enhanced clinical benefit, compared to the clinical benefit obtained with synTac monotherapy or immune checkpoint inhibitor monotherapy. Examples of clinical benefit include, e.g., reduced tumor mass in an individual; reduced number of cancer cells in an individual; increased survival time of the individual; increased remission time; and the like. Finally, a synergistic effect of a synTac and an immune checkpoint inhibitor can be reduced adverse or unwanted side effects associated with synTac monotherapy or immune checkpoint inhibitor monotherapy.

Immune Checkpoint Inhibitors

[0098] Exemplary immune checkpoint inhibitors include inhibitors that target immune checkpoint polypeptide such as CD27, CD28, CD40, CD122, CD96, CD73, CD47, OX40, GITR, CSF1R, JAK, PI3K delta, PI3K gamma, TAM, arginase, CD137 (also known as 4-1BB), ICOS, A2AR, B7-H3, B7-H4, BTLA, CTLA-4, LAG3, TIM3, VISTA, CD96, TIGIT, CD122, PD-1, PD-L1 and PD-L2. In some cases, the immune checkpoint polypeptide is a stimulatory checkpoint molecule selected from CD27, CD28, CD40, ICOS, OX40, GITR, CD122 and CD137. In some cases, the immune checkpoint polypeptide is an inhibitory checkpoint molecule selected from A2AR, B7-H3, B7-H4, BTLA, CTLA-4, IDO, KIR, LAG3, PD-1, TIM3, CD96, TIGIT and VISTA.

[0099] In some cases, the immune checkpoint inhibitor is an antibody specific for an immune checkpoint. In some cases, the anti-immune checkpoint antibody is a monoclonal antibody. In some cases, the anti-immune checkpoint antibody is humanized, or de-immunized such that the antibody does not substantially elicit an immune response in a human. In some cases, the anti-immune checkpoint antibody is a humanized monoclonal antibody. In some cases, the anti-immune checkpoint antibody is a de-immunized monoclonal antibody. In some cases, the anti-immune checkpoint antibody is a fully human monoclonal antibody. In some cases, the anti-immune checkpoint antibody inhibits binding of the immune checkpoint polypeptide to a ligand for the immune checkpoint polypeptide. In some cases, the anti-immune checkpoint antibody inhibits binding of the immune checkpoint polypeptide to a receptor for the immune checkpoint polypeptide.

[0100] Antibodies, e.g., monoclonal antibodies, that are specific for immune checkpoints and that function as immune checkpoint inhibitors, are known in the art. See, e.g., Wurz et al. (2016) *Ther. Adv. Med. Oncol.* 8:4; and Naidoo et al. (2015) *Ann. Oncol.* 26:2375.

[0101] Suitable anti-immune checkpoint antibodies include, but are not limited to, nivolumab (Bristol-Myers Squibb), pembrolizumab (Merck), pidilizumab (Curetech), AMP-224 (GlaxoSmithKline/Amplimmune), MPDL3280A (Roche), MDX-1105 (Medarex, Inc./Bristol Myer Squibb), MEDI-4736 (Medimmune/AstraZeneca), arelumab (Merck Serono), ipilimumab (YERVOY, (Bristol-Myers Squibb)), tremelimumab (Pfizer), pidilizumab (CureTech, Ltd.), IMP321 (Immutep S.A.), MGA271 (MacroGenics), BMS-986016 (Bristol-Meyers Squibb), lirilumab (Bristol-Myers Squibb), urelumab (Bristol-Meyers Squibb), PF-05082566 (Pfizer), IPH2101 (Innate Pharma/Bristol-Myers Squibb), MEDI-6469 (MedImmune/AZ), CP-870,893 (Genentech), Mogamulizumab (Kyowa Hakko Kirin), Varlilumab (Cell-Dex Therapeutics), Avelumab (EMD Serono), Galiximab (Biogen Idec), AMP-514 (Amplimmune/AZ), AUNP 12 (Aurigene and Pierre Fabre), Indoximod (NewLink Genetics), NLG-919 (NewLink Genetics), INCB024360 (Incyte); KN035; and combinations thereof.

[0102] Suitable anti-LAG3 antibodies include, e.g., BMS-986016 and LAG525. Suitable anti-GITR antibodies include, e.g., TRX518, MK-4166, INCAGN01876, and MK-1248. Suitable anti-OX40 antibodies include, e.g., MEDI0562, INCAGN01949, GSK2831781, GSK-3174998, MOXR-0916, PF-04518600, and LAG525. Suitable anti-VISTA antibodies are provided in, e.g., WO 2015/097536.

[0103] A suitable dosage of an anti-immune checkpoint antibody is from about 1 mg/kg to about 2400 mg/kg per day, such as from about 1 mg/kg to about 1200 mg/kg per day, including from about 50 mg/kg to about 1200 mg/kg per day. Other representative dosages of such agents include about 5 mg/kg, 10 mg/kg, 15 mg/kg, 20 mg/kg, 25 mg/kg, 30 mg/kg, 35 mg/kg, 40 mg/kg, 45 mg/kg, 50 mg/kg, 60 mg/kg, 70 mg/kg, 80 mg/kg, 90 mg/kg, 100 mg/kg, 125 mg/kg, 150 mg/kg, 175 mg/kg, 200 mg/kg, 250 mg/kg, 300 mg/kg, 400 mg/kg, 500 mg/kg, 600 mg/kg, 700 mg/kg, 800 mg/kg, 900 mg/kg, 1000 mg/kg, 1100 mg/kg, 1200 mg/kg, 1300 mg/kg, 1400 mg/kg, 1500 mg/kg, 1600 mg/kg, 1700 mg/kg, 1800 mg/kg, 1900 mg/kg, 2000 mg/kg, 2100 mg/kg, 2200 mg/kg, and 2300 mg/kg per day. The effective dose of the antibody may be administered as two, three, four, five, six or more sub-doses, administered separately at appropriate intervals throughout the day.

Anti-PD-1 Antibodies

[0104] In some cases, an immune checkpoint inhibitor is an anti-PD-1 antibody.

[0105] Suitable anti-PD-1 antibodies include, e.g., nivolumab, pembrolizumab (also known as MK-3475), pidilizumab, SHR-1210, PDR001, and AMP-224. In some cases, the anti-PD-1 monoclonal antibody is nivolumab, pembrolizumab or PDR001. Suitable anti-PD1 antibodies are described in U.S. Patent Publication No. 2017/0044259. For pidilizumab, see, e.g., Rosenblatt et al. (2011) *J. Immunother.* 34:409-18.

[0106] In some cases, the anti-PD1 antibody is pembrolizumab. The amino acid sequence of the heavy chain of pembrolizumab is:

(SEQ ID NO: 51)
QVQLVQSGVEVKKPGASVKVSCKASGYTFTNYYMYWVRQAPGQGLEWMGGI
NPSNGGTNFKNEKFKNRVTLTTDSSTTTAYMELKSLQFDDTAVYYCARRDYR
FDMGFDYWGQGTTVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYF
PEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVTPSSSLGKTYYTCN
VDHKPSNTKVDKRVESKYGPPCPCPAPEFLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDITLMISR
TPEVTCVVVDVSQEDPEVQFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTPREEQFNSTYRVVSVL
TVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPSSIEKTIKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSQEE
MTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTPPVLDSDGSFFLYS
RLTVDKSRWQEGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSLGK.

The amino acid sequence of the heavy chain variable (VH) region is underlined.

[0107] The amino acid sequence of the light chain of pembrolizumab is:

(SEQ ID NO: 52)
EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASKGVSTSGYSYLHWYQQKPGQAPRL
LIYLASYLESGVPPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTITSSLEPEDFAVYYCQHSRDLPL
TFGGGTKEVIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLLNNFYPREAKV
QWKVDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKDSYSTLSSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEV
THQGLSPVTKSFNRGEC.

The amino acid sequence of the light chain variable (VL) region is underlined.

[0108] In some cases, the anti-PD-1 antibody comprises the VH and VL regions of pembrolizumab. In some cases, the anti-PD-1 antibody comprises heavy and light chain CDRs of pembrolizumab.

[0109] In some cases, the anti-PD-1 antibody is nivolumab (also known as MDX-1106 or BMS-936558; see, e.g., Topalian et al. (2012) *N. Eng. J. Med.* 366:2443-2454; and U.S. Pat. No. 8,008,449). The amino acid sequence of the heavy chain of nivolumab is:

(SEQ ID NO: 53)
 QVQLVESGGGVQPGRSLRLDCKASGITFSNSGMHWVRQAPGKGLEWVAV
 IWYDGSKRYIYADSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLFLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCATND
 DYWGQGLTLVTSSASTKGPSVFPLAPCSRSTSESTAALGCLVKDYFPEPV
 TVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYTCNVH
 KPSNTKVDKRVESKYGPCCPAPCEFLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPE
 VTCVVDVDSQEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQFNSTYRVVSVLT
 VLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKGLPSSIEKTIKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSQEE
 MTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPPVLDSDGSFFLY
 SRLTVDKSRWQEGNVFSCSVMEALHNHYTQKSLSLGLK.

[0110] The amino acid sequence of the light chain of nivolumab is:

(SEQ ID NO: 54)
 EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLIYD
 ASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISLEPEDFAVYYCQQSSNWPRFTGQ
 GTKVEIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKV
 DNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKSTYSLSSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQG
 LSSPVTKSFNRGEC.

[0111] In some cases, the anti-PD-1 antibody comprises heavy and light chain CDRs of nivolumab.

Anti-CTLA4 Antibodies

[0112] In some cases, the anti-CTLA-4 antibody is ipilimumab or tremelimumab. For tremelimumab, see, e.g., Ribas et al. (2013) *J. Clin. Oncol.* 31:616-22.

[0113] In some cases, the anti-CTLA-4 antibody is ipilimumab. The amino acid sequence of the heavy chain of ipilimumab is:

(SEQ ID NO: 55)
 QVQLVESGGGVQPGRSLRLSCAASGFTFSSTYTMHWVRQAPGKGLEWTF
 ISYDGNKKYYADSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAIYYCARTG
 WLGPFDYWGQGLTLVTSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDY
 FPPEVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYI
 CNVNHKPSNTKVDKRVKPKSCDKHTHTCPPCPAPPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKD
 TLMISRTPEVTCVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNST

-continued

YRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVY
 TLPPSRDELTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPPVLD
 SDGSFFLYQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPEN
 NYKTTPPVLDYSYSLTVDKSRWQGNVFSCSVMEALHNHYTQKSLSLSP
 GK.

The amino acid sequence of the VH region is underlined.

[0114] The amino acid sequence of the light chain of ipilimumab is:

(SEQ ID NO: 56)
 EIVLTQSPGTLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLIY
 GAFSRATGIPDRFSGSGSGTDFTLTISRLEPEDFAVYYCQQYGSSPWTFG
 QGTKVEIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWK
 VDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKSTYSLSSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQ
 GLSSPVTKSFNRGEC.

The amino acid sequence of the VL region is underlined.

[0115] In some cases, the anti-CTLA4 antibody comprises the VH and VL regions of ipilimumab. In some cases, the anti-CTLA4 antibody comprises heavy and light chain CDRs of ipilimumab.

Anti-PD-L1 Antibodies

[0116] In some cases, the immune checkpoint inhibitor is an anti-PD-L1 monoclonal antibody. In some cases, the anti-PD-L1 monoclonal antibody is BMS-935559, MEDI4736, MPDL3280A (also known as RG7446), KN035, or MSB0010718C. In some embodiments, the anti-PD-L1 monoclonal antibody is MPDL3280A (atezolizumab) or MEDI4736 (durvalumab). For durvalumab, see, e.g., WO 2011/066389. For atezolizumab, see, e.g., U.S. Pat. No. 8,217,149.

[0117] In some cases, the anti-PD-L1 antibody is atezolizumab. The amino acid sequence of the heavy chain of atezolizumab is:

(SEQ ID NO: 57)
 EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFSDSWIHWVRQAPGKGLEWVAV
 ISPYGGSTYYADSVKGRFTISADTSKNTAYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCARRH
 WPGGFDYWGQGLTLVTSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDY
 FPPEVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYI
 CNVNHKPSNTKVDKRVKPKSCDKHTHTCPPCPAPPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKD
 TLMISRTPEVTCVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYAST
 YRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVY
 TLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPPVLD
 SDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQGNVFSCSVMEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK.

[0118] The amino acid sequence of the light chain of atezolizumab is:

(SEQ ID NO: 58)

DIQMTQSPSSLSASVGDRVTITCRASQDVSTAVAWYQQKPGKAPKLLIYS
 ASFLYSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDFTLTITSSLPEDFATYYCQQYLHPATFGQ
 GTKVEIKRTVAAPSVFIFPPSDEQLKSGTASVVCLLNNFYPREAKVQWKV
 DNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSKSTYSLSSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQG
 LSSPVTKSFNRGEC.

[0119] In some cases, the anti-PD-L1 antibody comprises heavy and light chain CDRs of atezolizumab.

[0120] In some cases, the anti-PDL1 antibody is KN035, a fully humanized anti-PD-L1 single domain antibody fused to a human IgG1 Fc polypeptide. Zhang et al. (2017) *Cell Discov.* 3:17004; and WO 2017/020801. The single-domain antibody portion of KN035 can comprise the amino acid sequence:

(SEQ ID NO: 216)

QVQLQESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGKMSRRCAWFRQAPGKERERVAK
 LLTSSGTYLADSVKGRFTISQNNAKSTVYQLQMNSLKPEDTAMYYCAADS
 FEDPTCTLTVTSSGAPOYWGQGTQVTVS,

where the underlined amino acids are CDR1, CDR2, and CDR3.

T-Cell Modulatory Multimeric Polypeptides (synTacs)

[0121] Multimeric (e.g., heterodimeric, heterotrimeric) polypeptides suitable for use in a method of the present disclosure are described below. The multimeric polypeptides are T cell modulatory polypeptides, and are also referred to herein as “T-cell modulatory multimeric polypeptides,” or “synTac” (for “immunological synapse for T cell activation”).

[0122] A T-cell modulatory multimeric polypeptide comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; ii) a first major histocompatibility complex (MHC) polypeptide; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a second MHC polypeptide; and ii) optionally an immunoglobulin (Ig) Fc polypeptide or a non-Ig scaffold, where the multimeric polypeptide comprises one or more immunomodulatory (“MOD”) domains, wherein the one or more immunomodulatory domain is: A) at the C-terminus of the first polypeptide; B) at the N-terminus of the second polypeptide; C) at the C-terminus of the second polypeptide; or D) at the C-terminus of the first polypeptide and at the N-terminus of the second polypeptide. In some cases, a T-cell multimeric polypeptide comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and iii) an immunomodulatory domain; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a second MHC polypeptide; and ii) an Ig Fc polypeptide. In some cases, a T-cell multimeric polypeptide comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; and ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an immunomodulatory domain; iii) a second MHC polypeptide; and ii) an Ig Fc polypeptide. In

some cases, a T-cell multimeric polypeptide comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; and ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a second MHC polypeptide; and ii) an Ig Fc polypeptide; and iii) an immunomodulatory (“MOD”) domain. In some cases, a T-cell multimeric polypeptide comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; and ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a second MHC polypeptide; and ii) an immunomodulatory domain. In some cases, a T-cell multimeric polypeptide comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; and ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an immunomodulatory domain; and ii) a second MHC polypeptide. In some cases, a T-cell multimeric polypeptide comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and iii) an immunomodulatory domain; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a second MHC polypeptide.

[0123] In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide comprises a non-Ig scaffold. For example, in some cases, the non-Ig scaffold is an XTEN polypeptide, a transferrin polypeptide, an Fc receptor polypeptide, an elastin-like polypeptide, a silk-like polypeptide, or a silk-elastin-like polypeptide.

[0124] In some cases, the first MHC polypeptide is a β 2-microglobulin (β 2M) polypeptide; and the second MHC polypeptide is an MHC class I heavy chain polypeptide. A suitable β 2-M polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence of a β 2M polypeptide depicted in FIG. 6. In some cases, the MHC class I heavy chain polypeptide is an HLA-A, an HLA-B, or an HLA-C heavy chain. In some cases, the MHC class I heavy chain polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in one of FIG. 5A-5C. In some cases, the first MHC polypeptide is an MHC Class II alpha chain polypeptide; and the second MHC polypeptide is an MHC class II beta chain polypeptide.

[0125] The epitope present in a multimeric polypeptide can be a T-cell epitope.

[0126] In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide comprises an Ig Fc polypeptide. In some cases, the Ig Fc polypeptide is an IgG Fc polypeptide, an IgG2 Fc polypeptide, an IgG3 Fc polypeptide, an IgG4 Fc polypeptide, an IgA Fc polypeptide, or an IgM Fc polypeptide. In some cases, the Ig Fc polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to an amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 4A-4C.

[0127] The first polypeptide and the second polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide can be non-covalently associated. The first polypeptide and the second polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide can be covalently linked. The first polypeptide and the second polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide can be covalently linked, where the covalent linkage is via a disulfide bond. In some cases, the first MHC

polypeptide or a linker between the epitope and the first MHC polypeptide comprises an amino acid substitution to provide a first Cys residue, and the second MHC polypeptide comprises an amino acid substitution to provide a second Cys residue, and wherein the disulfide linkage is between the first and the second Cys residues.

[0128] A multimeric polypeptide can include a linker between one or more of: the epitope and the first MHC polypeptide; two copies of the immunomodulatory (“MOD”) polypeptide; the immunomodulatory polypeptide and the second MHC polypeptide; and the second MHC polypeptide and the Ig Fc polypeptide.

[0129] Immunomodulatory polypeptides suitable for inclusion in a T-cell multimeric polypeptide include, but are not limited to, a 4-1BBL polypeptide, a B7-1 polypeptide; a B7-2 polypeptide, an ICOS-L polypeptide, an OX-40L polypeptide, a CD80 polypeptide, a CD86 polypeptide, an IL-2 polypeptide, a PD-L1 polypeptide, a FasL polypeptide, and a PD-L2 polypeptide.

[0130] A multimeric polypeptide can include 2 or more immunomodulatory polypeptides. A multimeric polypeptide can include 2 immunomodulatory polypeptides. In some cases, the 2 immunomodulatory polypeptides are in tandem. A multimeric polypeptide can include 3 immunomodulatory polypeptides. In some cases, the 3 immunomodulatory polypeptides are in tandem.

[0131] A multimeric polypeptide can comprise a third polypeptide, where the third polypeptide comprises an immunomodulatory polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, amino acid sequence identity to the immunomodulatory polypeptide of the first polypeptide or the second polypeptide. In some cases, the third polypeptide is covalently linked to the first polypeptide.

[0132] Examples of suitable multimeric polypeptides are described in WO 2017/151940; WO 2017/201210; and PCT/US2017/067663. The disclosures of WO 2017/151940, WO 2017/201210, and PCT/US2017/067663 are incorporated by reference herein.

MHC Polypeptides

[0133] As noted above, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure includes MHC polypeptides. For the purposes of the instant disclosure, the term “major histocompatibility complex (MHC) polypeptides” is meant to include MHC polypeptides of various species, including human MHC (also referred to as human leukocyte antigen (HLA)) polypeptides, rodent (e.g., mouse, rat, etc.) MHC polypeptides, and MHC polypeptides of other mammalian species (e.g., lagomorphs, non-human primates, canines, felines, ungulates (e.g., equines, bovines, ovines, caprines, etc.), and the like. The term “MHC polypeptide” is meant to include Class I MHC polypeptides (e.g., β -2 microglobulin and MHC class I heavy chain) and MHC Class II polypeptides (e.g., MHC Class II α polypeptide and MHC Class II β polypeptide).

[0134] As noted above, in some embodiments of a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure, the first and the second MHC polypeptides are Class I MHC polypeptides; e.g., in some cases, the first MHC polypeptide is an MHC Class I β 2-microglobulin (β 2M) polypeptide, and the second MHC polypeptide is an MHC Class I heavy chain (H chain). In other cases, the first and the second MHC polypeptides are Class II MHC polypeptides; e.g., in some cases, the first MHC polypeptide is an MHC Class II α -chain

polypeptide, and the second MHC polypeptide is an MHC Class II β -chain polypeptide. In other cases, the first polypeptide is an MHC Class II β -chain polypeptide, and the second MHC polypeptide is an MHC Class II α -chain polypeptide.

[0135] In some cases, an MHC polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure is a human MHC polypeptide, where human MHC polypeptides are also referred to as “human leukocyte antigen” (“HLA”) polypeptides. In some cases, an MHC polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure is a Class I HLA polypeptide, e.g., a β 2-microglobulin polypeptide, or a Class I HLA heavy chain polypeptide. Class I HLA heavy chain polypeptides include HLA-A heavy chain polypeptides, HLA-B heavy chain polypeptides, HLA-C heavy chain polypeptides, HLA-E heavy chain polypeptides, HLA-F heavy chain polypeptides, and HLA-G heavy chain polypeptides. In some cases, an MHC polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure is a Class II HLA polypeptide, e.g., a Class II HLA α chain or a Class II HLA β chain. MHC Class II polypeptides include MHC Class II DP α and β polypeptides, DM α and β polypeptides, DOA α and β polypeptides, DOB α and β polypeptides, DQ α and β polypeptides, and DR α and β polypeptides.

[0136] In some cases, an MHC Class I heavy chain polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide can comprise an amino acid sequence having at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to an amino acid sequence depicted in one of FIG. 5A-5C.

HLA-A

[0137] As an example, an MHC Class I heavy chain polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide can comprise an amino acid sequence having at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to the following human HLA-A heavy chain amino acid sequence:

(SEQ ID NO: 59)
 GSHSMRYFFTSVSRPGRGEPRIAVGYVDDTQFVRFSDAASQRMEPRAP
 WIEQEGPEYWDGETRKVKAHSQTHRVDLGLTGRYYNQSEAGSHTVQRMYG
 CDVGSDDWRFLRGYHQYAYDGKDYIALKEDLRSWTAADMAAQTTKKHWEAA
 HVAEQLRAYLEGTCVEWLRRLYLENGKETLQRTDAPKTHMTHHAVSDHEAT
 LRCWALSFYPAEITLTWQRDGEDQTQDTLQVETRPAGDGTQKWAADVVP
 SGQEQRYSYCHVQHEGLPKPLTLRWEP.

HLA-A (Y84A; A236C)

[0138] In some cases, the MHC Class I heavy chain polypeptide comprises Y84A and A236C substitutions. For example, in some cases, the MHC Class I heavy chain polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to the following human HLA-A heavy chain (Y84A; A236C) amino acid sequence: GSHSMRYFFTSVSRPGRGEPRIAVGYVDDTQFVRFSDAASQRMEPRAPWIEQEGPEYWDGETRKVKAHSQTHRVDLGLTGRG

AYNQSEAGSHTVQRMYGCDVGS DWRFLRGYHQ
YAYDGKDYLKEDLRSWTAADMAAQTTKHK-
WEAAHVAEQLRAYLEGTCVEWLRRY LENG-
KETLQRTDAPKTHMTHHAVSDHEATLRCWALSFY-
PAEITLTWQRDGEDQTQDTE LVETRPCGDGTG
KWA AVVPSGQEQRYTCHVQHEGLPKPLTLRWE
(SEQ ID NO:50), where amino acid 84 is Ala and amino
acid 236 is Cys. In some cases, the Cys-236 forms an
interchain disulfide bond with Cys-12 of a variant β 2M
polypeptide that comprises an R12C substitution.

HLA-A (Y84C; A139C)

[0139] In some cases, the MHC Class I heavy chain
polypeptide comprises Y84C and A139C substitutions. For
example, in some cases, the MHC Class I heavy chain
polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at
least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least
95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid
sequence identity to the following human HLA-A heavy
chain (Y84C; A139C) amino acid sequence: GSHSM-
RYFFTSVSRPGRGEPRIAVGYVDDTQFVRFDS-
DAASQRMEPRAPWIEQEGPEY WDGETR KVKAH-
SQTHRVDLGLTRG
CYNQSEAGSHTVQRMYGCDVGS DWRFLRGYHQ
YAYDGKDYLKEDLRSWTAADM
CAQTTKHKWEAAHVAEQLRAYLEGTCVEWLRRY
LENGKETLQRTDAPKTHMTHHAVSDHEATLRCW-
ALSFYPAEITLTWQRDGEDQTQDTE LVETRPAGDGT-
FQKWA AVVPSGQEQRYTCHVQHEGLPKPLTLRWE
(SEQ ID NO: 196), where amino acid 84 is Cys and amino
acid 139 is Cys. In some cases, Cys-84 forms an intrachain
disulfide bond with Cys-139.

HLA-A A11 (HLA-A11)

[0140] As one non-limiting example, an MHC Class I
heavy chain polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide can
comprise an amino acid sequence having at least 75%, at
least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least
98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity
to the following human HLA-A A11 (also referred to as
“HLA-A11”) heavy chain amino acid sequence:

(SEQ ID NO: 197)
GSHSMRYFYTSVSRPGRGEPRIAVGYVDDTQFVRFDSDAASQRMEPRAP
WIEQEGPEYWDQETRNKVAQSQTDRVDLGLTRGYNQSEDSHTIQIMYG
CDVGP DGRFLRGYRQDAYDGKDYIALNEDLRSWTAADMAAQITKRKEAA
HAAEQRAYLEGTCVEWLRRYLENGKETLQRTDPPKTHMTHHPISDHEAT
LRCWALGFYPAEITLTWQRDGEDQTQDTEL VETRPAGDGTGFKWA AVVVP
SGEEQRYTCHVQHEGLPKPLTLRWE.

Such an MHC Class I heavy chain may be prominent in
Asian populations, including populations of individuals of
Asian descent.

HLA-A A11 (Y84A; A236C)

[0141] As one non-limiting example, in some cases, the
MHC Class I heavy chain polypeptide is an HLA-A A11
allele that comprises Y84A and A236C substitutions. For
example, in some cases, the MHC Class I heavy chain
polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at

least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least
95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid
sequence identity to the following human HLA-AA11 heavy
chain (Y84A; A236C) amino acid sequence:

(SEQ ID NO: 198)
GSHSMRYFYTSVSRPGRGEPRIAVGYVDDTQFVRFDSDAASQRMEPRAP
WIEQEGPEYWDQETRNKVAQSQTDRVDLGLTRGAYNQSEDSHTIQIMYG
CDVGP DGRFLRGYRQDAYDGKDYIALNEDLRSWTAADMAAQITKRKEAA
HAAEQRAYLEGTCVEWLRRYLENGKETLQRTDPPKTHMTHHPISDHEAT
LRCWALGFYPAEITLTWQRDGEDQTQDTEL VETRPCGDGTGFKWA AVVVP
SGEEQRYTCHVQHEGLPKPLTLRWE,

where amino acid 84 is Ala and amino acid 236 is Cys. In
some cases, the Cys-236 forms an interchain disulfide bond
with Cys-12 of a variant β 2M polypeptide that comprises an
R12C substitution.

HLA-B

[0142] As another example, an MHC Class I heavy chain
polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide can comprise an
amino acid sequence having at least 75%, at least 80%, at
least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least
99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to the follow-
ing human HLA-B heavy chain amino acid sequence:

(SEQ ID NO: 199)
GSHSMRYFYTSVSRPGRGEPRIAVGYVDDTQFVRFDSDAASPREPRAP
WIEQEGPEYWDNRNTQIYKAQAQTDRESLRNLRGYINQSEAGSHTLQSMYG
CDVGP DGRLLRGHDQYAYDGKDYIALNEDLRSWTAADTAAQITQRKEAA
REAEQRAYLEGECEVEWLRRYLENGKDKLERADPPKTHVTHHPISDHEAT
LRCWALGFYPAEITLTWQRDGEDQTQDTEL VETRPAGDRTGFKWA AVVVP
SGEEQRYTCHVQHEGLPKPLTLRWE.

HLA-B (Y84A; A236C)

[0143] As one non-limiting example, in some cases, the
MHC Class I heavy chain polypeptide is an HLA-B poly-
peptide that comprises Y84A and A236C substitutions. For
example, in some cases, the MHC Class I heavy chain
polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at
least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least
95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid
sequence identity to the following human HLA-B heavy
chain (Y84A; A236C) amino acid sequence:

(SEQ ID NO: 200)
GSHSMRYFYTSVSRPGRGEPRIAVGYVDDTQFVRFDSDAASPREPRAP
WIEQEGPEYWDNRNTQIYKAQAQTDRESLRNLRGAYNQSEAGSHTLQSMYG
CDVGP DGRLLRGHDQYAYDGKDYIALNEDLRSWTAADTAAQITQRKEAA
REAEQRAYLEGECEVEWLRRYLENGKDKLERADPPKTHVTHHPISDHEAT

-continued

LRCWALGFYPAEITLTWQRDGEDQTQDTLVEVTRPCGDRTFQKWA²⁰¹AVVVP

SGEEQRYTCHVQHEGLPKPLTLRWE²⁰²P,

where amino acid 84 is Ala and amino acid 236 is Cys. In some cases, the Cys-236 forms an interchain disulfide bond with Cys-12 of a variant β 2M polypeptide that comprises an R12C substitution.

HLA-B (Y84C; A139C)

[0144] In some cases, the MHC Class I heavy chain polypeptide comprises Y84C and A139C substitutions. For example, in some cases, the MHC Class I heavy chain polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to the following human HLA-B heavy chain (Y84C; A139C) amino acid sequence:

(SEQ ID NO: 201)

GSHSMRYFYTSVSRPGRGEPRFISVGYYDDTQFVRFDS²⁰¹DAASPREPRAP

WVEQEGPEYWDRETQNYKRQAQADRVSLRNLRGCYNQSEAGSHTLQRMYG

CDLGPDGRLRLRGYDQSA²⁰²YDGKDYIALNEDLRSWTAADTCAQITQRKWEAA

RAAEQLRAYLEGTCVEWLRRYLENGKDKLERADPPKTHVTHHPLSDHEAT

LRCWALGFYPAEITLTWQRDGEDQTQDTLVEVTRPAGDRTFQKWA²⁰³AVVVP

SGEEQRYTCHVQHEGLPKPLTLRWE²⁰⁴P,

where amino acid 84 is Cys and amino acid 139 is Cys. In some cases, Cys-84 forms an intrachain disulfide bond with Cys-139.

HLA-C

[0145] As another example, an MHC Class I heavy chain polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide can comprise an amino acid sequence having at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to the following human HLA-C heavy chain amino acid sequence:

(SEQ ID NO: 202)

CSHSMRYFYDTAVSRPGRGEPRFISVGYYDDTQFVRFDS²⁰²DAASPRGEPRAP

WVEQEGPEYWDRETQNYKRQAQADRVSLRNLRGYYNQSEAGSHTLQRMYG

CDLGPDGRLRLRGYDQSA²⁰³YDGKDYIALNEDLRSWTAADTAAQITQRKLEAA

RAAEQLRAYLEGTCVEWLRRYLENGKETLQRAEPPKTHVTHHPLSDHEAT

LRCWALGFYPAEITLTWQRDGEDQTQDTLVEVTRPAGDGTFQKWA²⁰⁴AVVVP

SGQEQR²⁰⁵YTC²⁰⁶HM²⁰⁷QHEGLQEPLT²⁰⁸LSWEP.

HLA-C(Y84A; A236C)

[0146] As one non-limiting example, in some cases, the MHC Class I heavy chain polypeptide is an HLA-C polypeptide that comprises Y84A and A236C substitutions. For example, in some cases, the MHC Class I heavy chain polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid

sequence identity to the following human HLA-C heavy chain (Y84A; A236C) amino acid sequence:

(SEQ ID NO: 203)

CSHSMRYFYDTAVSRPGRGEPRFISVGYYDDTQFVRFDS²⁰³DAASPRGEPRAP

WVEQEGPEYWDRETQNYKRQAQADRVSLRNLRGAYNQSEAGSHTLQRMYG

CDLGPDGRLRLRGYDQSA²⁰⁴YDGKDYIALNEDLRSWTAADTAAQITQRKLEAA

RAAEQLRAYLEGTCVEWLRRYLENGKETLQRAEPPKTHVTHHPLSDHEAT

LRCWALGFYPAEITLTWQRDGEDQTQDTLVEVTRPCGDGTFQKWA²⁰⁵AVVVP

SGQEQR²⁰⁶YTC²⁰⁷HM²⁰⁸QHEGLQEPLT²⁰⁹LSWEP,

where amino acid 84 is Ala and amino acid 236 is Cys. In some cases, the Cys-236 forms an interchain disulfide bond with Cys-12 of a variant β 2M polypeptide that comprises an R12C substitution.

HLA-C (Y84C; A139C)

[0147] In some cases, the MHC Class I heavy chain polypeptide comprises Y84C and A139C substitutions. For example, in some cases, the MHC Class I heavy chain polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to the following human HLA-C heavy chain (Y84C; A139C) amino acid sequence:

(SEQ ID NO: 204)

C²⁰⁴SHSMRYFYDTAVSRPGRGEPRFISVGYYDDTQFVRFDS²⁰⁵DAASPRGEPRAP

WVEQEGPEYWDRETQNYKRQAQADRVSLRNLRGCYNQSEAGSHTLQRMYG

CDLGPDGRLRLRGYDQSA²⁰⁶YDGKDYIALNEDLRSWTAADTCAQITQRKLEAA

RAAEQLRAYLEGTCVEWLRRYLENGKETLQRAEPPKTHVTHHPLSDHEAT

LRCWALGFYPAEITLTWQRDGEDQTQDTLVEVTRPAGDGTFQKWA²⁰⁷AVVVP

SGQEQR²⁰⁸YTC²⁰⁹HM²¹⁰QHEGLQEPLT²¹¹LSWEP,

where amino acid 84 is Cys and amino acid 139 is Cys. In some cases, Cys-84 forms an intrachain disulfide bond with Cys-139.

[0148] In some cases, an MHC Class I heavy chain polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide can comprise an amino acid sequence having at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to an amino acid sequence depicted in one of FIG. 3A-3C.

[0149] As an example, an MHC Class I heavy chain polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide can comprise an amino acid sequence having at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to amino acids 25-365 of the amino acid sequence of the human HLA-A heavy chain polypeptide depicted in FIG. 3A.

[0150] As another example, an MHC Class I heavy chain polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide can comprise an amino acid sequence having at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to amino acids 25-362 of the amino acid sequence of the human HLA-B heavy chain polypeptide depicted in FIG. 3B.

[0151] As another example, an MHC Class I heavy chain polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide can comprise an amino acid sequence having at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to amino acids 25-362 of the amino acid sequence of the human HLA-C heavy chain polypeptide depicted in FIG. 3C.

[0152] As another example, an MHC Class I heavy chain polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide can comprise an amino acid sequence having at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to the following amino acid sequence:

(SEQ ID NO: 60)

GPHSRLRYFVTAVSRPGLGEPRFIAVGYVDDTQFVRPDSADNPRFEPAP
 WMEQEGPEYWEETQRAKSDQWFRVSLRTAQRYNQSKGGSHTFQRMFG
 CDVGSWRLRLRGYQQFAYDGRDYIALNEDLKTWTAADTAALITRRKWEQA
 GDAEYYRAYLEGECEVWELRRYLELGNETLLRTDSPKAHVITYHPSQVDVT
 LRCWALGFYPADITLTWLQNGEDLTQDMELVETRPAGDGTFOKWAAVVVP
 LGKEQNYTCHVHHKGLPEPLTLRW.

[0153] A β 2-microglobulin (β 2M) polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide can be a human β 2M polypeptide, a non-human primate β 2M polypeptide, a murine β 2M polypeptide, and the like. In some instances, a β 2M polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to a β 2M amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 6. In some instances, a β 2M polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to amino acids 21 to 119 of a β 2M amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 6.

[0154] In some cases, an MHC polypeptide comprises a single amino acid substitution relative to a reference MHC polypeptide (where a reference MHC polypeptide can be a wild-type MHC polypeptide), where the single amino acid substitution substitutes an amino acid with a cysteine (Cys) residue. Such cysteine residues, when present in an MHC polypeptide of a first polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure, can form a disulfide bond with a cysteine residue present in a second polypeptide chain of a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure.

[0155] In some cases, a first MHC polypeptide in a first polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide, and/or the second MHC polypeptide in the second polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide, includes an amino acid substitution to substitute an amino acid with a cysteine, where the substituted cysteine in the first MHC polypeptide forms a disulfide bond with a cysteine in the second MHC polypeptide, where a cysteine in the first MHC polypeptide forms a disulfide bond with the substituted cysteine in the second MHC polypeptide, or where the substituted cysteine in the first MHC polypeptide forms a disulfide bond with the substituted cysteine in the second MHC polypeptide.

[0156] For example, in some cases, one of following pairs of residues in an HLA β 2-microglobulin and an HLA Class I heavy chain is substituted with cysteines (where residue numbers are those of the mature polypeptide): 1) β 2M

residue 12, HLA Class I heavy chain residue 236; 2) β 2M residue 12, HLA Class I heavy chain residue 237; 3) β 2M residue 8, HLA Class I heavy chain residue 234; 4) β 2M residue 10, HLA Class I heavy chain residue 235; 5) β 2M residue 24, HLA Class I heavy chain residue 236; 6) β 2M residue 28, HLA Class I heavy chain residue 232; 7) β 2M residue 98, HLA Class I heavy chain residue 192; 8) β 2M residue 99, HLA Class I heavy chain residue 234; 9) β 2M residue 3, HLA Class I heavy chain residue 120; 10) β 2M residue 31, HLA Class I heavy chain residue 96; 11) β 2M residue 53, HLA Class I heavy chain residue 35; 12) β 2M residue 60, HLA Class I heavy chain residue 96; 13) β 2M residue 60, HLA Class I heavy chain residue 122; 14) β 2M residue 63, HLA Class I heavy chain residue 27; 15) β 2M residue Arg3, HLA Class I heavy chain residue Gly120; 16) β 2M residue His31, HLA Class I heavy chain residue Gln96; 17) β 2M residue Asp53, HLA Class I heavy chain residue Arg35; 18) β 2M residue Trp60, HLA Class I heavy chain residue Gln96; 19) β 2M residue Trp60, HLA Class I heavy chain residue Asp122; 20) β 2M residue Tyr63, HLA Class I heavy chain residue Tyr27; 21) β 2M residue Lys6, HLA Class I heavy chain residue Glu232; 22) β 2M residue Gln8, HLA Class I heavy chain residue Arg234; 23) β 2M residue Tyr10, HLA Class I heavy chain residue Pro235; 24) β 2M residue Ser11, HLA Class I heavy chain residue Gln242; 25) β 2M residue Asn24, HLA Class I heavy chain residue Ala236; 26) β 2M residue Ser28, HLA Class I heavy chain residue Glu232; 27) β 2M residue Asp98, HLA Class I heavy chain residue His192; and 28) β 2M residue Met99, HLA Class I heavy chain residue Arg234. The amino acid numbering of the MHC/HLA Class I heavy chain is in reference to the mature MHC/HLA Class I heavy chain, without a signal peptide. For example, in the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 5A, which includes a signal peptide, Gly120 is Gly144; Gln96 is Gln120; etc. In some cases, the β 2M polypeptide comprises an R12C substitution, and the HLA Class I heavy chain comprises an A236C substitution; in such cases, a disulfide bond forms between Cys-12 of the β 2M polypeptide and Cys-236 of the HLA Class I heavy chain. For example, in some cases, residue 236 of the mature HLA-A amino acid sequence (i.e., residue 260 of the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 5A) is substituted with a Cys. In some cases, residue 236 of the mature HLA-B amino acid sequence (i.e., residue 260 of the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 5B) is substituted with a Cys. In some cases, residue 236 of the mature HLA-C amino acid sequence (i.e., residue 260 of the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 5C) is substituted with a Cys. In some cases, residue 32 (corresponding to Arg-12 of mature β 2M) of an amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 6 is substituted with a Cys.

[0157] In some cases, a β 2M polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence: IQRTPKIQVY SRHPAENGKS NFLNCYVSGF HPSDIEVDLLKNGERIEKVE HSDLSF-SKDW SFYLLYYTEF TPTEKDEYAC RVNHVTLSPQ KIVKWDRDM (SEQ ID NO:61). In some cases, a β 2M polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence: IQRTP-KIQVY SCHPAENGKS NFLNCYVSGF HPSDIEVDLLKNGERIEKVE HSDLSFSKDW SFYLLYYTEF TPTEKDEYAC RVNHVTLSPQ KIVKWDRDM (SEQ ID NO:48).

[0158] In some cases, an HLA Class I heavy chain polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence:

(SEQ ID NO: 59)
 GSHSMRYFFTSVSRPGRGEPRFIAVGYYDDTQFVRFSDAASQRMPEPRA
 PWIEQEGPEYWDGETRQVKAHSQTHRVLDGLRGYYNQSEAGSHTVQRM
 YGCDVGSQDWRFLRGYHQYAYDGKDYIALKEDLRSWTAADMAAQTTKHKW
 EAAHVAEQRLRAYLEGTCVEWLRRLRYLENGKETLQRTDAPKTHMTHHAVSD
 HEATLRWCWALSFPYPAEITLTWQRDGEDQTDTELVETRPAGDGTFFQKWA
 AVVVPSGQEQRYTCHVQHEGLPKPLTLRWEP.

[0159] In some cases, an HLA Class I heavy chain polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence:

(SEQ ID NO: 62)
 GSHSMRYFFTSVSRPGRGEPRFIAVGYYDDTQFVRFSDAASQRMPEPRA
 PWIEQEGPEYWDGETRQVKAHSQTHRVLDGLRGYYNQSEAGSHTVQRM
 YGCDVGSQDWRFLRGYHQYAYDGKDYIALKEDLRSWTAADMAAQTTKHKW
 EAAHVAEQRLRAYLEGTCVEWLRRLRYLENGKETLQRTDAPKTHMTHHAVSD
 HEATLRWCWALSFPYPAEITLTWQRDGEDQTDTELVETRPAGDGTFFQKWA
 AVVVPSGQEQRYTCHVQHEGLPKPLTLRWEP.

[0160] In some cases, an HLA Class I heavy chain polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence:

(SEQ ID NO: 50)
 GSHSMRYFFTSVSRPGRGEPRFIAVGYYDDTQFVRFSDAASQRMPEPRA
 PWIEQEGPEYWDGETRQVKAHSQTHRVLDGLRGYYNQSEAGSHTVQRM
 YGCDVGSQDWRFLRGYHQYAYDGKDYIALKEDLRSWTAADMAAQTTKHKW
 EAAHVAEQRLRAYLEGTCVEWLRRLRYLENGKETLQRTDAPKTHMTHHAVSD
 HEATLRWCWALSFPYPAEITLTWQRDGEDQTDTELVETRPAGDGTFFQKWA
 AVVVPSGQEQRYTCHVQHEGLPKPLTLRWE.

[0161] In some cases, the β 2M polypeptide comprises the following amino acid sequence:

[0162] IQRTPKIQVY SCHPAENGKS NFLNCYVSGF HPSDIEVDLLKNGERIEKVE HSDLSFSKDW SFYLLY- YTEF TPTEKDEYAC RVNHVTLSPQ KIVKWDRDM (SEQ ID NO:48); and the HLA Class I heavy chain polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the following amino acid sequence:

[0163] GSHSMRYFFTSVSRPGRGEPRFIAVGYYDD- DTQFVRFSDAASQRMPEPRA PWIEQ EGPEYWDGET- RKVKAHSQTHRVLDGLRGYYNQSEAGSHT- VQRM YGCDVGSQDWRFL RGYHQYAYDGKDYIALKEDLRSWTAADMAAQTT- KHKWEAAHVAEQRLRAYLEGTCVE WLRRLRYLENG- KETLQRTDAPKTHMTHHAVSDHEATLRWCWALSFPY- PAEITLTWQRDGED QTDTELVETRPAGDGTFFQKWA AVVVPSGQEQRYTCHVQHEGLPKPLTLRWEP (SEQ ID NO:62), where the Cys residues that are underlined and in bold form a disulfide bond with one another in the multimeric polypeptide.

[0164] In some cases, the β 2M polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence:

(SEQ ID NO: 48)
 IQRTPKIQVY SCHPAENGKS NFLNCYVSGF HPSDIEVDLLKNGERIEKVE
 HSDLSFSKDW SFYLLY YTEF TPTEKDEYAC RVNHVTLSPQ KIVKWDRDM.

Scaffold Polypeptides

[0165] A T-cell modulatory multimeric polypeptide comprises an Fc polypeptide, or another suitable scaffold polypeptide.

[0166] Suitable scaffold polypeptides include antibody-based scaffold polypeptides and non-antibody-based scaffolds. Non-antibody-based scaffolds include, e.g., albumin, an XTEN (extended recombinant) polypeptide, transferrin, an Fc receptor polypeptide, an elastin-like polypeptide (see, e.g., Hassouneh et al. (2012) *Methods Enzymol.* 502:215; e.g., a polypeptide comprising a pentapeptide repeat unit of (Val-Pro-Gly-X-Gly; SEQ ID NO:212), where X is any amino acid other than proline), an albumin-binding polypeptide, a silk-like polypeptide (see, e.g., Valluzzi et al. (2002) *Philos Trans R Soc Lond B Biol Sci.* 357:165), a silk-elastin-like polypeptide (SELP; see, e.g., Megeed et al. (2002) *Adv Drug Deliv Rev.* 54:1075), and the like. Suitable XTEN polypeptides include, e.g., those disclosed in WO 2009/023270, WO 2010/091122, WO 2007/103515, US 2010/0189682, and US 2009/0092582; see also Schellenberger et al. (2009) *Nat Biotechnol.* 27:1186). Suitable albumin polypeptides include, e.g., human serum albumin.

[0167] Suitable scaffold polypeptides will in some cases be a half-life extending polypeptides. Thus, in some cases, a suitable scaffold polypeptide increases the in vivo half-life (e.g., the serum half-life) of the multimeric polypeptide, compared to a control multimeric polypeptide lacking the scaffold polypeptide. For example, in some cases, a scaffold polypeptide increases the in vivo half-life (e.g., the serum half-life) of the multimeric polypeptide, compared to a control multimeric polypeptide lacking the scaffold polypeptide, by at least about 10%, at least about 15%, at least about 20%, at least about 25%, at least about 50%, at least about 2-fold, at least about 2.5-fold, at least about 5-fold, at least about 10-fold, at least about 25-fold, at least about 50-fold, at least about 100-fold, or more than 100-fold. As an example, in some cases, an Fc polypeptide increases the in vivo half-life (e.g., the serum half-life) of the multimeric polypeptide, compared to a control multimeric polypeptide lacking the Fc polypeptide, by at least about 10%, at least about 15%, at least about 20%, at least about 25%, at least about 50%, at least about 2-fold, at least about 2.5-fold, at least about 5-fold, at least about 10-fold, at least about 25-fold, at least about 50-fold, at least about 100-fold, or more than 100-fold.

Fc Polypeptides

[0168] In some cases, the first and/or the second polypeptide chain of a multimeric polypeptide comprises an Fc polypeptide. The Fc polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide can be a human IgG1 Fc, a human IgG2 Fc, a human IgG3 Fc, a human IgG4 Fc, etc. In some cases, the Fc polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least about 70%, at least about 75%, at least about 80%, at least about 85%, at least about 90%, at least about 95%, at least about 98%, at least about 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to an amino acid sequence of an Fc region

depicted in FIGS. 4A-C. In some cases, the Fc region comprises an amino acid sequence having at least about 70%, at least about 75%, at least about 80%, at least about 85%, at least about 90%, at least about 95%, at least about 98%, at least about 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to the human IgG1 Fc polypeptide depicted in FIG. 4A. In some cases, the Fc region comprises an amino acid sequence having at least about 70%, at least about 75%, at least about 80%, at least about 85%, at least about 90%, at least about 95%, at least about 98%, at least about 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to the human IgG1 Fc polypeptide depicted in FIG. 4A; and comprises a substitution of N77; e.g., the Fc polypeptide comprises an N77A substitution. In some cases, the Fc polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least about 70%, at least about 75%, at least about 80%, at least about 85%, at least about 90%, at least about 95%, at least about 98%, at least about 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to the human IgG2 Fc polypeptide depicted in FIG. 4A; e.g., the Fc polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least about 70%, at least about 75%, at least about 80%, at least about 85%, at least about 90%, at least about 95%, at least about 98%, at least about 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to amino acids 99-325 of the human IgG2 Fc polypeptide depicted in FIG. 4A. In some cases, the Fc polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least about 70%, at least about 75%, at least about 80%, at least about 85%, at least about 90%, at least about 95%, at least about 98%, at least about 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to the human IgG3 Fc polypeptide depicted in FIG. 4A; e.g., the Fc polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least about 70%, at least about 75%, at least about 80%, at least about 85%, at least about 90%, at least about 95%, at least about 98%, at least about 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to amino acids 19-246 of the human IgG3 Fc polypeptide depicted in FIG. 4A. In some cases, the Fc polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least about 70%, at least about 75%, at least about 80%, at least about 85%, at least about 90%, at least about 95%, at least about 98%, at least about 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to the human IgM Fc polypeptide depicted in FIG. 4B; e.g., the Fc polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least about 70%, at least about 75%, at least about 80%, at least about 85%, at least about 90%, at least about 95%, at least about 98%, at least about 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to amino acids 1-276 of the human IgM Fc polypeptide depicted in FIG. 4B. In some cases, the Fc polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least about 70%, at least about 75%, at least about 80%, at least about 85%, at least about 90%, at least about 95%, at least about 98%, at least about 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to the human IgA Fc polypeptide depicted in FIG. 4C; e.g., the Fc polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least about 70%, at least about 75%, at least about 80%, at least about 85%, at least about 90%, at least about 95%, at least about 98%, at least about 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity to amino acids 1-234 of the human IgA Fc polypeptide depicted in FIG. 4C.

[0169] In some cases, the Fc polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33A (human IgG1 Fc). In some cases, the Fc polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence

depicted in FIG. 33A (human IgG1 Fc), except for a substitution of N297 with an amino acid other than asparagine. In some cases, the Fc polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33C (human IgG1 Fc comprising an N297A substitution). In some cases, the Fc polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33A (human IgG1 Fc), except for a substitution of L234 with an amino acid other than leucine. In some cases, the Fc polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33A (human IgG1 Fc), except for a substitution of L235 with an amino acid other than leucine. In some cases, the Fc polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33D (human IgG1 Fc comprising an L234A substitution and an L235A substitution). In some cases, the Fc polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33A (human IgG1 Fc), except for a substitution of P331 with an amino acid other than proline; in some cases, the substitution is a P331S substitution. In some cases, the Fc polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33A (human IgG1 Fc), except for substitutions at L234 and L235 with amino acids other than leucine. In some cases, the Fc polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33A (human IgG1 Fc), except for substitutions at L234 and L235 with amino acids other than leucine, and a substitution of P331 with an amino acid other than proline. In some cases, the Fc polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33B (human IgG1 Fc comprising L234F, L235E, and P331S substitutions). In some cases, the Fc polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide is an IgG Fc polypeptide that comprises L234A and L235A substitutions.

Linkers

[0170] A multimeric polypeptide can include linker peptides interposed between, e.g., an epitope and an MHC polypeptide; between an MHC polypeptide and an immunomodulatory polypeptide; between an MHC polypeptide and an Ig Fc polypeptide; between a first immunomodulatory polypeptide and a second immunomodulatory polypeptide; or a between a second immunomodulatory polypeptide and a third immunomodulatory polypeptide.

[0171] For example, a multimeric polypeptide can include linker peptides interposed between, e.g., an epitope and an MHC polypeptide; between an MHC polypeptide and an immunomodulatory polypeptide; between an MHC polypeptide and an Ig Fc polypeptide; between a first variant IL-2 polypeptide and a second variant IL-2 polypeptide; or a between a second variant IL-2 polypeptide and a third variant IL-2 polypeptide. As another example, a multimeric polypeptide can include linker peptides interposed between, e.g., an epitope and an MHC polypeptide; between an MHC polypeptide and an immunomodulatory polypeptide; between an MHC polypeptide and an Ig Fc polypeptide; between a first variant 4-1BBL polypeptide and a second

variant 4-1BBL polypeptide; or a between a second variant 4-1BBL polypeptide and a third variant 4-1BBL polypeptide.

[0172] Suitable linkers (also referred to as “spacers”) can be readily selected and can be of any of a number of suitable lengths, such as from 1 amino acid to 25 amino acids, from 3 amino acids to 20 amino acids, from 2 amino acids to 15 amino acids, from 3 amino acids to 12 amino acids, including 4 amino acids to 10 amino acids, 5 amino acids to 9 amino acids, 6 amino acids to 8 amino acids, or 7 amino acids to 8 amino acids. A suitable linker can be 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, or 25 amino acids in length.

[0173] Exemplary linkers include glycine polymers (G)_n, glycine-serine polymers (including, for example, (GS)_n, (GSGGS)_n (SEQ ID NO:210) and (GGGS)_n (SEQ ID NO:211), where n is an integer of at least one), glycine-alanine polymers, alanine-serine polymers, and other flexible linkers known in the art. Glycine and glycine-serine polymers can be used; both Gly and Ser are relatively unstructured, and therefore can serve as a neutral tether between components. Glycine polymers can be used; glycine accesses significantly more phi-psi space than even alanine, and is much less restricted than residues with longer side chains (see Scheraga, *Rev. Computational Chem.* 11173-142 (1992)).

[0174] Exemplary linkers can comprise amino acid sequences including, but not limited to, GGSG (SEQ ID NO:65), GSGGG (SEQ ID NO:66), GSGSG (SEQ ID NO:67), GSGGG (SEQ ID NO:68), GGGSG (SEQ ID NO:69), GSSSG (SEQ ID NO:70), and the like. Exemplary linkers can include, e.g., Gly(Ser)_n, where n is 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, or 10. In some cases, a linker comprises the amino acid sequence (GSSSS)_n (SEQ ID NO:71), where n is 4. In some cases, a linker comprises the amino acid sequence (GSSSS)_n (SEQ ID NO:72), where n is 5. In some cases, a linker comprises the amino acid sequence (GGGGS)_n (SEQ ID NO:205), where n is 1. In some cases, a linker comprises the amino acid sequence (GGGGS)_n (SEQ ID NO:206), where n is 2. In some cases, a linker comprises the amino acid sequence (GGGGS)_n (SEQ ID NO:207), where n is 3. In some cases, a linker comprises the amino acid sequence (GGGGS)_n (SEQ ID NO:208), where n is 4. In some cases, a linker comprises the amino acid sequence (GGGGS)_n (SEQ ID NO:209), where n is 5. In some cases, a linker comprises the amino acid sequence AAAGG (SEQ ID NO:73).

[0175] In some cases, a linker polypeptide, present in a first polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure, includes a cysteine residue that can form a disulfide bond with a cysteine residue present in a second polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure. In some cases, for example, a suitable linker comprises the amino acid sequence GCGASGGGGSGGGGS (SEQ ID NO:74).

Epitopes

[0176] An epitope (a peptide presenting one or more epitopes) present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure can have a length of from about 4 amino acids to about 25 amino acids, e.g., the epitope can have a length of from 4 amino acids (aa) to 10 aa, from 10 aa to 15 aa, from 15 aa to 20 aa, or from 20 aa to 25 aa. For example, an epitope present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present

disclosure can have a length of 4 amino acids (aa), 5 aa, 6 aa, 7 aa, 8 aa, 9 aa, 10 aa, 11 aa, 12 aa, 13 aa, 14 aa, 15 aa, 16 aa, 17 aa, 18 aa, 19 aa, 20 aa, 21 aa, 22 aa, 23 aa, 24 aa, or 25 aa. In some cases, an epitope present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has a length of from 5 amino acids to 10 amino acids, e.g., 5 aa, 6 aa, 7 aa, 8 aa, 9 aa, or 10 aa.

[0177] An epitope present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure is specifically bound by a T-cell, i.e., the epitope is specifically bound by an epitope-specific T cell. An epitope-specific T cell binds an epitope having a reference amino acid sequence, but does not substantially bind an epitope that differs from the reference amino acid sequence. For example, an epitope-specific T cell binds an epitope having a reference amino acid sequence, and binds an epitope that differs from the reference amino acid sequence, if at all, with an affinity that is less than 10⁻³ M, less than 10⁻⁵ M, or less than 10⁻⁴ M. An epitope-specific T cell can bind an epitope for which it is specific with an affinity of at least 10⁻⁷ M, at least 10⁻⁸ M, at least 10⁻⁹ M, or at least 10⁻¹⁰ M.

[0178] Suitable epitopes include, but are not limited to, epitopes present in a cancer-associated antigen. Cancer-associated antigens include, but are not limited to, α-folate receptor; carbonic anhydrase IX (CAIX); CD19; CD20; CD22; CD30; CD33; CD44v7/8; carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA); epithelial glycoprotein-2 (EGP-2); epithelial glycoprotein-40 (EGP-40); folate binding protein (FBP); fetal acetylcholine receptor; ganglioside antigen GD2; Her2/neu; IL-13R-α2; kappa light chain; LeY; L1 cell adhesion molecule; melanoma-associated antigen (MAGE); MAGE-A1; mesothelin; MUC1; NKG2D ligands; oncofetal antigen (h5T4); prostate stem cell antigen (PSCA); prostate-specific membrane antigen (PSMA); tumor-associated glycoprotein-72 (TAG-72); and vascular endothelial growth factor receptor-2 (VEGF-R2). See, e.g., Vigneron et al. (2013) *Cancer Immunity* 13:15; and Vigneron (2015) *Bio Med Res. Int'l* Article ID 948501. In some cases, the epitope is a human papilloma virus E7 antigen epitope; see, e.g., Ramos et al. (2013) *J. Immunother.* 36:66.

[0179] In some cases, the epitope is HPV16E7/82-90 (LLMGTLGIV; SEQ ID NO:75). In some cases, the epitope is HPV16E7/86-93 (TLGIVCPI; SEQ ID NO:76). In some cases, the epitope is HPV16E7/11-20 (YMLDLQPETT; SEQ ID NO:77). In some cases, the epitope is HPV16E7/11-19 (YMLDLQPET; SEQ ID NO:78). See, e.g., Rensing et al. ((1995) *J. Immunol.* 154:5934) for additional suitable HPV epitopes.

Immunomodulatory Polypeptides

[0180] Suitable immunomodulatory polypeptides include, but are not limited to, an IL-2 polypeptide, a 4-1BBL polypeptide, a B7-1 polypeptide; a B7-2 polypeptide, an ICOS-L polypeptide, an OX-40L polypeptide, a CD80 polypeptide, a CD86 polypeptide, a PD-L1 polypeptide, a FasL polypeptide, and a PD-L2 polypeptide.

[0181] In some cases, the immunomodulatory polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity with the amino acid sequence of a PD-L1 polypeptide depicted in FIG. 50A or FIG. 50B.

[0182] In some cases, the immunomodulatory polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 80%, at

least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity with the amino acid sequence of a CD80 polypeptide depicted in FIG. 51.

[0183] In some cases, the immunomodulatory polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity with the amino acid sequence of an ICOS-L polypeptide depicted in FIG. 51.

[0184] In some cases, the immunomodulatory polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity with the amino acid sequence of an OX40L polypeptide depicted in FIG. 53.

[0185] In some cases, the immunomodulatory polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity with the amino acid sequence of a PD-L2 polypeptide depicted in FIG. 54.

[0186] In some cases, the immunomodulatory polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity with the amino acid sequence of a CD86 polypeptide depicted in FIG. 55.

[0187] In some cases, the immunomodulatory polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%, amino acid sequence identity with the amino acid sequence of a FAS-L polypeptide depicted in FIG. 56.

[0188] In some cases, the immunomodulatory polypeptide present in a synTac exhibits reduced binding affinity to a cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide expressed on the surface of a T cell, compared to the binding affinity of a wild-type immunomodulatory polypeptide for the same cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide. In some cases, where a synTac comprises a reduced-affinity immunomodulatory polypeptide, the synTac polypeptide exhibits reduced binding to a cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide expressed on the surface of a T cell. For example, in some cases, a synTac polypeptide that comprises a reduced-affinity immunomodulatory polypeptide binds a cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide with a binding affinity that is at least 10%, at least 15%, at least 20%, at least 25%, at least 30%, at least 35%, at least 40%, at least 45%, at least 50% less, at least 55% less, at least 60% less, at least 65% less, at least 70% less, at least 75% less, at least 80% less, at least 85% less, at least 90% less, at least 95% less, or more than 95% less, than the binding affinity of a control synTac polypeptide comprising a wild-type immunomodulatory polypeptide for the same cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide.

Determining Binding Affinity

[0189] Binding affinity between an immunomodulatory polypeptide and its cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide can be determined by bio-layer interferometry (BLI) using purified immunomodulatory polypeptide and purified cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide. Binding affinity between a synTac of the present disclosure and its cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide can also be determined by BLI using purified synTac and the cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide. BLI methods are well known to those skilled in the art. See, e.g., Lad et al. (2015) *J. Biomol. Screen.* 20(4):498-507; and Shah and Duncan

(2014) *J. Vis. Exp.* 18:e51383. The specific and relative binding affinities described in this disclosure between an immunomodulatory polypeptide and its cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide, or between a synTac and its cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide, can be determined using the following procedures.

[0190] To determine binding affinity between a synTac of the present disclosure and its cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide, a BLI assay can be carried out using an Octet RED 96 (Pal FortéBio) instrument, or a similar instrument, as follows. To determine binding affinity of a T-cell modulatory multimeric polypeptide (e.g., a synTac of the present disclosure; or a control T-cell modulatory multimeric polypeptide (where a control T-cell modulatory multimeric polypeptide comprises a wild-type immunomodulatory polypeptide)), the T-cell modulatory multimeric polypeptide is immobilized onto an insoluble support (a “biosensor”). The immobilized T-cell modulatory multimeric polypeptide is the “target.” Immobilization can be effected by immobilizing a capture antibody onto the insoluble support, where the capture antibody immobilizes the T-cell modulatory multimeric polypeptide. For example, immobilization can be effected by immobilizing anti-Fc (e.g., anti-human IgG Fc) antibodies onto the insoluble support, where the immobilized anti-Fc antibodies bind to and immobilize the T-cell modulatory multimeric polypeptide (where the T-cell modulatory multimeric polypeptide comprises an IgFc polypeptide). A co-immunomodulatory polypeptide is applied, at several different concentrations, to the immobilized T-cell modulatory multimeric polypeptide, and the instrument’s response recorded. Assays are conducted in a liquid medium comprising 25 mM HEPES pH 6.8, 5% poly(ethylene glycol) 6000, 50 mM KCl, 0.1% bovine serum albumin, and 0.02% Tween 20 nonionic detergent. Binding of the co-immunomodulatory polypeptide to the immobilized T-cell modulatory multimeric polypeptide is conducted at 30° C. As a positive control for binding affinity, an anti-MHC Class I monoclonal antibody can be used. For example, anti-HLA Class I monoclonal antibody W6/32 (American Type Culture Collection No. HB-95; Parham et al. (1979) *J. Immunol.* 123:342), which has a K_D of 7 nM, can be used. A standard curve can be generated using serial dilutions of the anti-MHC Class I monoclonal antibody. The co-immunomodulatory polypeptide, or the anti-MHC Class I mAb, is the “analyte.” BLI analyzes the interference pattern of white light reflected from two surfaces: i) from the immobilized polypeptide (“target”); and ii) an internal reference layer. A change in the number of molecules (“analyte”; e.g., co-immunomodulatory polypeptide; anti-HLA antibody) bound to the biosensor tip causes a shift in the interference pattern; this shift in interference pattern can be measured in real time. The two kinetic terms that describe the affinity of the target/analyte interaction are the association constant (k_a) and dissociation constant (k_d). The ratio of these two terms ($k_{d/a}$) gives rise to the affinity constant K_D .

[0191] As noted above, determining binding affinity between an immunomodulatory polypeptide (e.g., IL-2 or an IL-2 variant) and its cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide (e.g., IL-2R) also can be determined by BLI. The assay is similar to that described above for the synTac multimeric polypeptide. A BLI assay can be carried out using an Octet RED 96 (Pal FortéBio) instrument, or a similar instrument, as follows. A component immunomodu-

latory polypeptide of a synTac of the present disclosure (e.g., a variant IL-2 polypeptide of the present disclosure); and a control immunomodulatory polypeptide (where a control immunomodulatory polypeptide comprises a wild-type immunomodulatory polypeptide, e.g. wild-type IL-2)) are immobilized onto an insoluble support (a “biosensor”). The immunomodulatory polypeptide is the “target.” Immobilization can be effected by immobilizing a capture antibody onto the insoluble support, where the capture antibody immobilizes the immunomodulatory polypeptide. For example, if the target is fused to an immuno-affinity tag (e.g. FLAG, human IgG Fc) immobilization can be effected by immobilizing with the appropriate antibody to the immuno-affinity tag (e.g. anti-human IgG Fc) onto the insoluble support, where the immobilized antibodies bind to and immobilize the immunomodulatory polypeptide (where the immunomodulatory polypeptide comprises an IgFc polypeptide). A co-immunomodulatory polypeptide (or polypeptides) is applied, at several different concentrations, to the immobilized immunomodulatory polypeptide, and the instrument’s response recorded. Alternatively, a co-immunomodulatory polypeptide (or polypeptides) is immobilized to the biosensor (e.g., for the IL-2 receptor heterotrimer, as a monomeric subunit, heterodimeric subcomplex, or the complete heterotrimer) and the immunomodulatory polypeptide is applied, at several different concentrations, to the immobilized coimmunomodulatory polypeptide(s), and the instrument’s response is recorded. Assays are conducted in a liquid medium comprising 25 mM HEPES pH 6.8, 5% poly(ethylene glycol) 6000, 50 mM KCl, 0.1% bovine serum albumin, and 0.02% Tween 20 nonionic detergent. Binding of the co-immunomodulatory polypeptide to the immobilized immunomodulatory polypeptide is conducted at 30° C. As a positive control for binding affinity, an anti-MHC Class I monoclonal antibody can be used. For example, anti-HLA Class I monoclonal antibody W6/32 (American Type Culture Collection No. HB-95; Parham et al. (1979) *J. Immunol.* 123:342), which has a K_D of 7 nM, can be used. A standard curve can be generated using serial dilutions of the anti-MHC Class I monoclonal antibody. The co-immunomodulatory polypeptide, or the anti-MHC Class I mAb, is the “analyte.” BLI analyzes the interference pattern of white light reflected from two surfaces: i) from the immobilized polypeptide (“target”); and ii) an internal reference layer. A change in the number of molecules (“analyte”; e.g., co-immunomodulatory polypeptide; anti-HLA antibody) bound to the biosensor tip causes a shift in the interference pattern; this shift in interference pattern can be measured in real time. The two kinetic terms that describe the affinity of the target/analyte interaction are the association constant (k_a) and dissociation constant (k_d). The ratio of these two terms (k_a) gives rise to the affinity constant K_D . Determining the binding affinity of both a wild-type immunomodulatory polypeptide (e.g., IL-2) for its receptor (e.g., IL-2R) and a variant immunomodulatory polypeptide (e.g., an IL-2 variant as disclosed herein) for its cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide (e.g., its receptor) (e.g., IL-2R) thus allows one to determine the relative binding affinity of the variant co-immunomodulatory polypeptide, as compared to the wild-type co-immunomodulatory polypeptide, for the cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide. That is, one can determine whether the binding affinity of a variant immunomodulatory polypeptide for its receptor (its cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide) is reduced as

compared to the binding affinity of the wild-type immunomodulatory polypeptide for the same cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide, and, if so, what is the percentage reduction from the binding affinity of the wild-type co-immunomodulatory polypeptide.

[0192] The BLI assay is carried out in a multi-well plate. To run the assay, the plate layout is defined, the assay steps are defined, and biosensors are assigned in Octet Data Acquisition software. The biosensor assembly is hydrated. The hydrated biosensor assembly and the assay plate are equilibrated for 10 minutes on the Octet instrument. Once the data are acquired, the acquired data are loaded into the Octet Data Analysis software. The data are processed in the Processing window by specifying method for reference subtraction, y-axis alignment, inter-step correction, and Savitzky-Golay filtering. Data are analyzed in the Analysis window by specifying steps to analyze (Association and Dissociation), selecting curve fit model (1:1), fitting method (global), and window of interest (in seconds). The quality of fit is evaluated. K_D values for each data trace (analyte concentration) can be averaged if within a 3-fold range. K_D error values should be within one order of magnitude of the affinity constant values; R^2 values should be above 0.95. See, e.g., Abdiche et al. (2008) *J. Anal. Biochem.* 377:209.

[0193] In some cases, the ratio of: i) the binding affinity of a control T-cell modulatory multimeric polypeptide (where the control comprises a wild-type immunomodulatory polypeptide, e.g., wild-type IL-2) to a cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide (e.g., IL-2R) to ii) the binding affinity of a T-cell modulatory multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprising a variant of the wild-type immunomodulatory polypeptide (e.g., variant IL-2) to the cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide (e.g., IL-2R), when measured by BLI (as described above), is at least 1.5:1, at least 2:1, at least 5:1, at least 10:1, at least 15:1, at least 20:1, at least 25:1, at least 50:1, at least 100:1, at least 500:1, at least 10^2 :1, at least 5×10^2 :1, at least 10^3 :1, at least 5×10^3 :1, at least 10^4 :1, at least 10^5 :1, or at least 10^6 :1. In some cases, the ratio of: i) the binding affinity of a control T-cell modulatory multimeric polypeptide (where the control comprises a wild-type immunomodulatory polypeptide) to a cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide to ii) the binding affinity of a T-cell modulatory multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprising a variant of the wild-type immunomodulatory polypeptide to the cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide, when measured by BLI, is in a range of from 1.5:1 to 10^6 :1, e.g., from 1.5:1 to 10:1, from 10:1 to 50:1, from 50:1 to 10^2 :1, from 10^2 :1 to 10^3 :1, from 10^3 :1 to 10^4 :1, from 10^4 :1 to 10^5 :1, or from 10^5 :1 to 10^6 :1.

[0194] In some cases, the ratio of: i) the binding affinity of a control immunomodulatory polypeptide (where the control comprises a wild-type immunomodulatory polypeptide, e.g., wild-type IL-2) to a cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide (e.g., IL-2R) to ii) the binding affinity of an immunomodulatory polypeptide of the present disclosure comprising a variant of the wild-type immunomodulatory polypeptide (e.g., variant IL-2) to the cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide (e.g., IL-2R), when measured by BLI (as described above), is at least 1.5:1, at least 2:1, at least 5:1, at least 10:1, at least 15:1, at least 20:1, at least 25:1, at least 50:1, at least 100:1, at least 500:1, at least 10^2 :1, at least 5×10^2 :1, at least 10^3 :1, at least 5×10^3 :1, at least 10^4 :1, at least 10^5 :1, or at least 10^6 :1. In some cases, the ratio of: i) the binding affinity of a control immunomodulatory

latory polypeptide (where the control comprises a wild-type immunomodulatory polypeptide) to a cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide to ii) the binding affinity of a immunomodulatory polypeptide of the present disclosure comprising a variant of the wild-type immunomodulatory polypeptide to the cognate co-immunomodulatory polypeptide, when measured by BLI, is in a range of from 1.5:1 to 10^6 :1, e.g., from 1.5:1 to 10:1, from 10:1 to 50:1, from 50:1 to 10^2 :1, from 10^2 :1 to 10^3 :1, from 10^3 :1 to 10^4 :1, from 10^4 :1 to 10^5 :1, or from 10^5 :1 to 10^6 :1.

IL-2/synTac

[0195] In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide comprises a wild-type (naturally-occurring) IL-2 as the modulatory domain. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide comprises a variant IL-2 polypeptide as the modulatory domain.

[0196] A T-cell modulatory multimeric polypeptide that comprises an IL-2 polypeptide as the modulatory ("MOD") domain is also referred to as an "IL-2/synTac," "an IL-2/synTac polypeptide" or an "IL-2/multimeric polypeptide."

[0197] In some cases, an IL-2/synTac polypeptide comprises a wild-type IL-2 polypeptide. In some cases, a synTac polypeptide comprises a single copy of a wild-type IL-2 polypeptide. In some cases, a synTac polypeptide comprises two copies of a wild-type IL-2 polypeptide. In some cases, a synTac polypeptide comprises three copies of a wild-type IL-2 polypeptide. In some cases, the wild-type IL-2 polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2A. A wild-type amino acid sequence of a human IL2 polypeptide can be as follows: APTSSSTKKT QLQL EHLLLD LQMILNGINN YKNPKLTRML TFKF YMPKKA TELKHLQCLEELKPLEEVN NLAQSKN-FHL RPRDLISNIN VIVLELKGSE TIFMCEYADE TATIVEFLNRWITFCOSIIS TLT (SEQ ID NO:1).

[0198] In some cases, a synTac polypeptide comprises a variant IL-2 polypeptide. A variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide exhibits reduced binding affinity to an IL2R, compared to the binding affinity of wild-type IL-2 to the IL2R. A multimeric polypeptide that comprises a variant IL-2 polypeptide also exhibits reduced binding affinity for an IL2R, compared to a control multimeric polypeptide comprising a wild-type IL-2 for IL2R (e.g., an IL2R comprising alpha, beta, and gamma polypeptides comprising the amino acid sequences (mature form) depicted in FIG. 3A-3C).

[0199] In some cases, an IL-2/synTac polypeptide exhibits reduced binding affinity to IL2R, compared to the binding affinity of an IL2 polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2A for IL2R. For example, in some cases, an IL-2/synTac polypeptide binds IL2R with a binding affinity that is less than the binding affinity of a control synTac polypeptide comprising an IL2 polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2A for an IL2R comprising alpha, beta, and gamma polypeptides comprising the amino acid sequences (mature form) depicted in FIG. 3A-3C. For example, in some cases, an IL-2/synTac polypeptide binds IL2R with a binding affinity that is at least 10%, at least 15%, at least 20%, at least 25%, at least 30%, at least 35%, at least 40%, at least 45%, at least 50% less, at least 55% less, at least 60% less, at least 65% less, at least 70% less, at least 75% less, at least 80% less, at least 85% less, at least 90% less, at least 95% less, or more

than 95% less, than the binding affinity of a control synTac polypeptide comprising an IL-2 polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2A for IL2R (e.g., an IL2R comprising alpha, beta, and gamma polypeptides comprising the amino acid sequences (mature form) depicted in FIG. 3A-3C).

[0200] In some cases, an IL-2/synTac polypeptide has a binding affinity for IL2R that is from 100 nM to about 100 μ M. In some cases, an IL-2/synTac polypeptide has a binding affinity for IL2R that is from about 100 nM to 500 nM. For example, in some cases, an IL-2/synTac polypeptide has a binding affinity for IL2R (e.g., an IL2R comprising alpha, beta, and gamma polypeptides comprising the amino acid sequences (mature form) depicted in FIG. 3A-3C) that is from about 100 nM to about 150 nM, from about 150 nM to about 200 nM, from about 200 nM to about 250 nM, from about 250 nM to about 300 nM, from about 300 nM to about 350 nM, from about 350 nM to about 400 nM, from about 400 nM to about 450 nM, or from about 450 nM to about 500 nM. In some cases, an IL-2/synTac polypeptide has a binding affinity for IL2R (e.g., an IL2R comprising alpha, beta, and gamma polypeptides comprising the amino acid sequences (mature form) depicted in FIG. 3A-3C) that is from about 500 nM to 1 μ M. For example, in some cases, an IL-2/synTac polypeptide has a binding affinity for IL2R (e.g., an IL2R comprising alpha, beta, and gamma polypeptides comprising the amino acid sequences (mature form) depicted in FIG. 3A-3C) that is from about 500 nM to about 600 nM, from about 600 nM to about 700 nM, from about 700 nM to about 800 nM, from about 800 nM to about 900 nM, or from about 900 nM to about 1 μ M. In some cases, an IL-2/synTac polypeptide has a binding affinity for IL2R (e.g., an IL2R comprising alpha, beta, and gamma polypeptides comprising the amino acid sequences (mature form) depicted in FIG. 3A-3C) that is from about 1 μ M to 10 μ M. For example, in some cases, an IL-2/synTac polypeptide has a binding affinity for IL2R (e.g., an IL2R comprising alpha, beta, and gamma polypeptides comprising the amino acid sequences (mature form) depicted in FIG. 3A-3C) that is from about 1 μ M to 2 μ M, from about 2 μ M to about 3 μ M, from about 3 μ M to about 4 μ M, from about 4 μ M to about 5 μ M, from about 5 μ M to about 6 μ M, from about 6 μ M to about 7 μ M, from about 7 μ M to about 8 μ M, from about 8 μ M to about 9 μ M, or from about 9 μ M to about 10 μ M. In some cases, an IL-2/synTac polypeptide has a binding affinity for IL2R (e.g., an IL2R comprising alpha, beta, and gamma polypeptides comprising the amino acid sequences (mature form) depicted in FIG. 3A-3C) that is from about 10 μ M to 100 μ M. For example, in some cases, an IL-2/synTac polypeptide has a binding affinity for IL2R (e.g., an IL2R comprising alpha, beta, and gamma polypeptides comprising the amino acid sequences (mature form) depicted in FIG. 3A-3C) that is from about 10 μ M to about 20 μ M, from about 20 μ M to about 30 μ M, from about 30 μ M to about 40 μ M, from about 40 μ M to about 50 μ M, from about 50 μ M to about 60 μ M, from about 60 μ M to about 70 μ M, from about 70 μ M to about 80 μ M, from about 80 μ M to about 90 μ M, or from about 90 μ M to about 100 μ M.

[0201] A variant IL2 polypeptide present in an IL-2/synTac polypeptide can have a single amino acid substitution relative to a wild-type IL2 polypeptide (e.g., a IL2 polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:1). In some cases, a variant IL2 polypeptide present in an IL-2/synTac polypep-

tide has from 2 to 10 amino acid substitutions relative to a wild-type IL2 polypeptide (e.g., a IL2 polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:1). In some cases, a variant IL2 polypeptide present in a synTac polypeptide of the present disclosure has 2 amino acid substitutions relative to a wild-type IL2 polypeptide (e.g., a IL2 polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:1). In some cases, a variant IL2 polypeptide present in a synTac polypeptide of the present disclosure has 3 amino acid substitutions relative to a wild-type IL2 polypeptide (e.g., a IL2 polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:1). In some cases, a variant IL2 polypeptide present in a synTac polypeptide of the present disclosure has 4 amino acid substitutions relative to a wild-type IL2 polypeptide (e.g., a IL2 polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:1). In some cases, a variant IL2 polypeptide present in a synTac polypeptide of the present disclosure has 5 amino acid substitutions relative to a wild-type IL2 polypeptide (e.g., a IL2 polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:1). In some cases, a variant IL2 polypeptide present in a synTac polypeptide of the present disclosure has 6 amino acid substitutions relative to a wild-type IL2 polypeptide (e.g., a IL2 polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:1). In some cases, a variant IL2 polypeptide present in a synTac polypeptide of the present disclosure has 7 amino acid substitutions relative to a wild-type IL2 polypeptide (e.g., a IL2 polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:1). In some cases, a variant IL2 polypeptide present in a synTac polypeptide of the present disclosure has 8 amino acid substitutions relative to a wild-type IL2 polypeptide (e.g., a IL2 polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:1). In some cases, a variant IL2 polypeptide present in a synTac polypeptide of the present disclosure has 9 amino acid substitutions relative to a wild-type IL2 polypeptide (e.g., a IL2 polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:1). In some cases, a variant IL2 polypeptide present in a synTac polypeptide of the present disclosure has 10 amino acid substitutions relative to a wild-type IL2 polypeptide (e.g., a IL2 polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:1).

[0202] In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises a first polypeptide and a second polypeptide, where the first polypeptide comprises, in order from amino terminus (N-terminus) to carboxyl terminus (C-terminus): a) an epitope (e.g., a T-cell epitope); b) a first major histocompatibility complex (MHC) polypeptide and c) an immunomodulatory polypeptide (e.g., a variant IL2 polypeptide of the present disclosure); and where the second polypeptide comprises, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: a) a second MHC polypeptide; and b) an immunoglobulin (Ig) Fc polypeptide. In other cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises a first polypeptide and a second polypeptide, where the first polypeptide comprises, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: a) an epitope (e.g., a T-cell epitope); and b) a first MHC

polypeptide; and where the second polypeptide comprises, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: a) an immunomodulatory polypeptide (e.g., a variant IL2 polypeptide of the present disclosure); b) a second MHC polypeptide; and c) an Ig Fc polypeptide. In some instances, the first and the second MHC polypeptides are Class I MHC polypeptides; e.g., in some cases, the first MHC polypeptide is an MHC Class I β 2-microglobulin (B2M or β 2M) polypeptide, and the second MHC polypeptide is an MHC Class I heavy chain (H chain); or the first MHC polypeptide is an MHC Class I H chain, and the second MHC polypeptide is an MHC Class I β 2M polypeptide). In other cases, the first and the second MHC polypeptides are Class II MHC polypeptides; e.g., in some cases, the first MHC polypeptide is an MHC Class II α -chain polypeptide, and the second MHC polypeptide is an MHC Class II β -chain polypeptide. In other cases, the first polypeptide is an MHC Class II J-chain polypeptide, and the second MHC polypeptide is an MHC Class II α -chain polypeptide. In some cases, the multimeric polypeptide includes two or more immunomodulatory polypeptides, where at least one of the immunomodulatory polypeptides is a variant IL2 immunomodulatory polypeptide of the present disclosure. Where a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure includes two or more immunomodulatory polypeptides, in some cases, the two or more immunomodulatory polypeptides are present in the same polypeptide chain, and may be in tandem. Where a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure includes two or more immunomodulatory polypeptides, in some cases, the two or more immunomodulatory polypeptides are present in separate polypeptides. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure is a heterodimer. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure is a trimeric polypeptide.

[0203] In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; and ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a second MHC polypeptide; and ii) an Ig Fc polypeptide; and iii) an immunomodulatory domain (e.g., a variant IL2 polypeptide of the present disclosure). In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; and ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a second MHC polypeptide; and ii) an immunomodulatory domain (e.g., a variant IL2 polypeptide of the present disclosure). In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; and ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an immunomodulatory domain (e.g., a variant IL2 polypeptide of the present disclosure); and ii) a second MHC polypeptide. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and iii) an immunomodulatory domain (e.g., a variant IL2 polypeptide of the present disclosure); and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a second MHC polypeptide. In some cases, where a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises a non-Ig scaffold, the non-Ig scaffold is an XTEN peptide, a trans-

ferrin polypeptide, an Fc receptor polypeptide, an elastin-like polypeptide, a silk-like polypeptide, or a silk-elastin-like polypeptide.

[0204] In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure is monovalent. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure is multivalent. In some cases, a multivalent multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an immunoglobulin Fc polypeptide on one of the first or the second polypeptide. For example, depending on the Fc polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure, the multimeric polypeptide can be a homodimer, where two molecules of the multimeric polypeptide are present in the homodimer, where the two molecules of the multimeric polypeptide can be disulfide linked to one another, e.g., via the Fc polypeptide present in the two molecules. As another example, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure can comprise three, four, or five molecules of the multimeric polypeptide, where the molecules of the multimeric polypeptide can be disulfide linked to one another, e.g., via the Fc polypeptide present in the molecules.

[0205] In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; ii) a β 2M polypeptide; and iii) a variant IL2 polypeptide of the present disclosure; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a Class I MHC heavy chain; and ii) an Fc polypeptide. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; and ii) a β 2M polypeptide; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a variant IL2 polypeptide of the present disclosure; ii) a Class I MHC heavy chain; and iii) an Fc polypeptide. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; ii) a β 2M polypeptide; iii) a first variant IL2 polypeptide of the present disclosure; iv) a second variant IL2 polypeptide of the present disclosure; and v) a third variant IL2 polypeptide of the present disclosure; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a Class I MHC heavy chain; and ii) an Fc polypeptide. In some cases, the first, second, and third variant IL2 polypeptides have the same amino acid sequence. In some cases, the first, second, and third variant IL2 polypeptides differ from one another in amino acid sequence. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; and ii) a β 2M polypeptide; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a first variant IL2 polypeptide of the present disclosure; ii) a second variant IL2 polypeptide of the present disclosure; and iii) a third variant IL2 polypeptide of the present disclosure; iv) a Class I MHC heavy chain; and v) an Fc polypeptide. In some cases, the first, second, and third variant IL2 polypeptides have the same amino acid sequence. In some cases, the first, second, and third variant IL2 polypeptides differ from one another in amino acid sequence.

F42 Substitution

[0206] In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence

having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2B, where amino acid 42 is an amino acid other than a phenylalanine, e.g., where amino acid 42 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2B, where amino acid 42 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2B, where amino acid 42 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2B, where amino acid 42 is Gly. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2B, where amino acid 42 is Val. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2B, where amino acid 42 is Leu. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2B, where amino acid 42 is Ile. In some cases, a single copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide is present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises two copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the two copies are in tandem with no linker between the two copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises three copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the three copies are in tandem with no linker between the three copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the HLA Class I heavy chain. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the β 2M polypeptide. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide, or the synTac comprising same, has a binding affinity for IL2R that is from about 100 nM to 150 nM, from about 150 nM to about 200 nM, from about 200 nM to about 250 nM, from about 250 nM to about 300 nM, from about 300 nM to about 350 nM, from about 350 nM to about 400 nM, from about 400 nM to about 500 nM, from about 500 nM to about 600 nM, from about 600 nM to about 700 nM, from about 700 nM to about 800 nM, from about

800 nM to about 900 nM, from about 900 nM to about 1 μ M, to about 1 μ M to about 5 μ M, from about 5 μ M to about 10 μ M, from about 10 μ M to about 15 μ M, from about 15 μ M to about 20 μ M, from about 20 μ M to about 25 μ M, from about 25 μ M to about 50 μ M, from about 50 μ M to about 75 μ M, or from about 75 μ M to about 100 μ M. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has a length of 133 amino acids.

Y45 Substitution

[0207] In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2F, where amino acid 45 is an amino acid other than a tyrosine, e.g., where amino acid 45 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2F, where amino acid 45 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2F, where amino acid 45 is Gly. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2F, where amino acid 45 is Val. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2F, where amino acid 45 is Leu. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2F, where amino acid 45 is Ile. In some cases, a single copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide is present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises two copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the two copies are in tandem with no linker between the two copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises three copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the three copies are in tandem with no linker between the three copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s)

is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the HLA Class I heavy chain. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the β 2M polypeptide. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide, or the synTac comprising same, has a binding affinity for IL2R that is from about 100 nM to 150 nM, from about 150 nM to about 200 nM, from about 200 nM to about 250 nM, from about 250 nM to about 300 nM, from about 300 nM to about 350 nM, from about 350 nM to about 400 nM, from about 400 nM to about 500 nM, from about 500 nM to about 600 nM, from about 600 nM to about 700 nM, from about 700 nM to about 800 nM, from about 800 nM to about 900 nM, from about 900 nM to about 1 μ M, to about 1 μ M to about M, from about 5 μ M to about 10 μ M, from about 10 μ M to about 15 μ M, from about 15 μ M to about 20 μ M, from about 20 μ M to about 25 μ M, from about 25 μ M to about 50 μ M, from about 50 μ M to about 75 μ M, or from about 75 μ M to about 100 μ M. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has a length of 133 amino acids.

Q126 Substitution

[0208] In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2G, where amino acid 126 is an amino acid other than a glutamine, e.g., where amino acid 126 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2G, where amino acid 126 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2G, where amino acid 126 is Val. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2G, where amino acid 126 is Gly. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2G, where amino acid 126 is Leu. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2G, where amino acid 126 is He. In some cases, a single copy of

the variant IL-2 polypeptide is present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises two copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the two copies are in tandem with no linker between the two copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises three copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the three copies are in tandem with no linker between the three copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the HLA Class I heavy chain. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the β 2M polypeptide. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide, or a synTac comprising same, has a binding affinity for IL2R that is from about 100 nM to 150 nM, from about 150 nM to about 200 nM, from about 200 nM to about 250 nM, from about 250 nM to about 300 nM, from about 300 nM to about 350 nM, from about 350 nM to about 400 nM, from about 400 nM to about 500 nM, from about 500 nM to about 600 nM, from about 600 nM to about 700 nM, from about 700 nM to about 800 nM, from about 800 nM to about 900 nM, from about 900 nM to about 1 μ M, to about 1 μ M to about 5 μ M, from about 5 μ M to about 10 μ M, from about 10 μ M to about 15 μ M, from about 15 μ M to about 20 μ M, from about 20 μ M to about 25 μ M, from about 25 μ M to about 50 μ M, from about 50 μ M to about 75 μ M, or from about 75 μ M to about 100 μ M. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has a length of 133 amino acids.

F42 and H16 Substitutions

[0209] In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2H, where amino acid 42 is an amino acid other than a phenylalanine, e.g., where amino acid 42 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and where amino acid 16 is an amino acid other than a histidine, e.g., where amino acid 16 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2H, where amino acid 42 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile; and where amino acid 16 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid

sequence depicted in FIG. 2H, where amino acid 42 is Ala and amino acid 16 is Gly. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2H, where amino acid 42 is Val and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2H, where amino acid 42 is Leu, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2H, where amino acid 42 is Ile and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a single copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide is present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises two copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the two copies are in tandem with no linker between the two copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises three copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the three copies are in tandem with no linker between the three copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the HLA Class I heavy chain. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the β 2M polypeptide. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises 2 copies of the IL-2 variant comprising F42A and H16A substitutions, where the multimeric polypeptide comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M polypeptides, and where the 2 copies of IL-2 (F42A, H16A) are on the polypeptide chain comprising the HLA Class I heavy chain. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide, or a synTac comprising same, has a binding affinity for IL2R that is from about 100 nM to 150 nM, from about 150 nM to about 200 nM, from about 200 nM to about 250 nM, from about 250 nM to about 300 nM, from about 300 nM to about 350 nM, from about 350 nM to about 400 nM, from about 400 nM to about 500 nM, from about 500 nM to about 600 nM, from about 600 nM to about 700 nM, from about 700 nM to about 800 nM, from about 800 nM to about 900 nM, from about 900 nM to about 1 μ M, to about 1 μ M to about 5 μ M, from about 5 μ M to about 10 μ M, from about 10 μ M to about 15 μ M, from about 15 μ M to about 20 μ M, from about 20 μ M to about 25 μ M, from about 25 μ M to about 50 μ M, from about 50 μ M to about 75 μ M, or from about 75 μ M to about 100 μ M. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has a length of 133 amino acids. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 34B (comprising H16A and F42A substitutions).

to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2I, where amino acid 42 is Ala and amino acid 20 is Gln. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2I, where amino acid 42 is Ala and amino acid 20 is Lys. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2I, where amino acid 42 is Ala and amino acid 20 is Arg. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2I, where amino acid 42 is Ala and amino acid 20 is His. In some cases, a single copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide is present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises two copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the two copies are in tandem with no linker between the two copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises three copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the three copies are in tandem with no linker between the three copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the HLA Class I heavy chain. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the β 2M polypeptide. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide, or a synTac comprising same, has a binding affinity for IL2R that is from about 100 nM to 150 nM, from about 150 nM to about 200 nM, from about 200 nM to about 250 nM, from about 250 nM to about 300 nM, from about 300 nM to about 350 nM, from about 350 nM to about 400 nM, from about 400 nM to about 500 nM, from about 500 nM to about 600 nM, from about 600 nM to about 700 nM, from about 700 nM to about 800 nM, from about 800 nM to about 900 nM, from about 900 nM to about 1 μ M, to about 1 μ M to about 5 μ M, from about 5 μ M to about 10 μ M, from about 10 μ M to about 15 μ M, from about 15 μ M to about 20 μ M, from about 20 μ M to about 25 μ M, from about 25 μ M to about 50 μ M, from about 50 μ M to about 75 μ M, or from about 75 μ M to about 100 μ M. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has a length of 133 amino acids.

F42, D20, and E15 Substitutions

[0211] In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2J, where amino acid 42 is an amino acid other than a phenylalanine, e.g., where amino acid 42 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu;

where amino acid 20 is an amino acid other than an aspartic acid, e.g., where amino acid 20 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, or Glu; and where amino acid 15 is an amino acid other than a glutamic acid, e.g., where amino acid 15 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, or Asp. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2J, where amino acid 42 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile; where amino acid 20 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile; and where amino acid 15 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2J, where amino acid 42 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile; where amino acid 20 is Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, or His; and where amino acid 15 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2J, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Ala, and amino acid 15 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2J, where amino acid 42 is Val, amino acid 20 is Ala, and amino acid 15 is Gly. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2J, where amino acid 42 is Leu, amino acid 20 is Ala, and amino acid 15 is Gly. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2J, where amino acid 42 is Ile, amino acid 20 is Ala, and amino acid 15 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2J, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Asn, and amino acid 15 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2I, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Gln, and amino acid 15 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the

present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2J, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Lys, and amino acid 15 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2J, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Arg, and amino acid 15 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2I, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is His, and amino acid 15 is Ala. In some cases, a single copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide is present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises two copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the two copies are in tandem with no linker between the two copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the HLA Class I heavy chain. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the β 2M polypeptide. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises three copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the three copies are in tandem with no linker between the three copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide, or a synTac comprising same, has a binding affinity for IL2R that is from about 100 nM to 150 nM, from about 150 nM to about 200 nM, from about 200 nM to about 250 nM, from about 250 nM to about 300 nM, from about 300 nM to about 350 nM, from about 350 nM to about 400 nM, from about 400 nM to about 500 nM, from about 500 nM to about 600 nM, from about 600 nM to about 700 nM, from about 700 nM to about 800 nM, from about 800 nM to about 900 nM, from about 900 nM to about 1 μ M, to about 1 μ M to about 5 μ M, from about 5 μ M to about 10 μ M, from about 10 μ M to about 15 μ M, from about 15 μ M to about 20 μ M, from about 20 μ M to about 25 μ M, from about 25 μ M to about 50 μ M, from about 50 μ M to about 75 μ M, or from about 75 μ M to about 100 μ M. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has a length of 133 amino acids.

F42, D20, and H16 Substitutions

[0212] In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2K, where amino acid 42 is an amino acid other than a phenylalanine, e.g., where amino acid 42 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; where amino acid 20 is an amino acid other than an aspartic acid, e.g., where amino acid 20 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His,

or Glu; and where amino acid 16 is an amino acid other than a histidine, e.g., where amino acid 16 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2K, where amino acid 42 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile; where amino acid 20 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile; and where amino acid 16 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2K, where amino acid 42 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile; where amino acid 20 is Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, or His; and where amino acid 16 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2K, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Ala, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2K, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Gly, and amino acid 16 is Gly. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2K, where amino acid 42 is Val, amino acid 20 is Ala, and amino acid 16 is Gly. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2K, where amino acid 42 is Leu, amino acid 20 is Ala, and amino acid 16 is Gly. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2K, where amino acid 42 is Ile, amino acid 20 is Ala, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2K, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Asn, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2K, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Gln, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%,

amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2K, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Lys, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2K, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Arg, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2K, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is His, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a single copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide is present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises two copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the two copies are in tandem with no linker between the two copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises three copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the three copies are in tandem with no linker between the three copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the HLA Class I heavy chain. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the β 2M polypeptide. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide, or a synTac comprising same, has a binding affinity for IL2R that is from about 100 nM to 150 nM, from about 150 nM to about 200 nM, from about 200 nM to about 250 nM, from about 250 nM to about 300 nM, from about 300 nM to about 350 nM, from about 350 nM to about 400 nM, from about 400 nM to about 500 nM, from about 500 nM to about 600 nM, from about 600 nM to about 700 nM, from about 700 nM to about 800 nM, from about 800 nM to about 900 nM, from about 900 nM to about 1 μ M, to about 1 μ M to about 5 μ M, from about 5 μ M to about 10 μ M, from about 10 μ M to about 15 μ M, from about 15 μ M to about 20 μ M, from about 20 μ M to about 25 μ M, from about 25 μ M to about 50 μ M, from about 50 μ M to about 75 μ M, or from about 75 μ M to about 100 μ M. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has a length of 133 amino acids.

F42, D20, and Q126 Substitutions

[0213] In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2L, where amino acid 42 is an amino acid other than a phenylalanine, e.g., where amino acid 42 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; where amino acid 20 is an amino acid other than an aspartic acid, e.g., where amino acid 20 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, or Glu; and where amino acid 126 is an amino acid other than a glutamine, e.g., where amino acid 126 is Gly, Ala, Val,

42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Lys, and amino acid 126 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2L, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Arg, and amino acid 126 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2L, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is His, and amino acid 126 is Ala. In some cases, a single copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide is present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises two copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the two copies are in tandem with no linker between the two copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises three copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the three copies are in tandem with no linker between the three copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the HLA Class I heavy chain. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the β 2M polypeptide. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide, or a synTac comprising same, has a binding affinity for IL2R that is from about 100 nM to 150 nM, from about 150 nM to about 200 nM, from about 200 nM to about 250 nM, from about 250 nM to about 300 nM, from about 300 nM to about 350 nM, from about 350 nM to about 400 nM, from about 400 nM to about 500 nM, from about 500 nM to about 600 nM, from about 600 nM to about 700 nM, from about 700 nM to about 800 nM, from about 800 nM to about 900 nM, from about 900 nM to about 1 μ M, to about 1 μ M to about 5 μ M, from about 5 μ M to about 10 μ M, from about 10 μ M to about 15 μ M, from about 15 μ M to about 20 μ M, from about 20 μ M to about 25 μ M, from about 25 μ M to about 50 μ M, from about 50 μ M to about 75 μ M, or from about 75 μ M to about 100 μ M. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has a length of 133 amino acids.

[0214] In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2M, where amino acid 42 is an amino acid other than a phenylalanine, e.g., where amino acid 42 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; where amino acid 20 is an amino acid other than an aspartic acid, e.g., where amino acid 20 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, or Glu; and where amino acid 45 is an amino acid other than a tyrosine, e.g., where amino acid 45 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg,

His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2M, where amino acid 42 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile; where amino acid 20 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile; and where amino acid 45 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2M, where amino acid 42 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile; where amino acid 20 is Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, or His; and where amino acid 45 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2M, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Ala, and amino acid 45 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2M, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Gly, and amino acid 45 is Gly. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2M, where amino acid 42 is Val, amino acid 20 is Ala, and amino acid 45 is Gly. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2M, where amino acid 42 is Leu, amino acid 20 is Ala, and amino acid 45 is Gly. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2M, where amino acid 42 is Ile, amino acid 20 is Ala, and amino acid 45 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2M, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Asn, and amino acid 45 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2M, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Gln, and amino acid 45 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2M, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Lys, and amino

acid 45 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2M, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Arg, and amino acid 45 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2M, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is His, and amino acid 45 is Ala. In some cases, a single copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide is present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises two copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the two copies are in tandem with no linker between the two copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises three copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the three copies are in tandem with no linker between the three copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the HLA Class I heavy chain. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the β 2M polypeptide. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide, or a synTac comprising same, has a binding affinity for IL2R that is from about 100 nM to 150 nM, from about 150 nM to about 200 nM, from about 200 nM to about 250 nM, from about 250 nM to about 300 nM, from about 300 nM to about 350 nM, from about 350 nM to about 400 nM, from about 400 nM to about 500 nM, from about 500 nM to about 600 nM, from about 600 nM to about 700 nM, from about 700 nM to about 800 nM, from about 800 nM to about 900 nM, from about 900 nM to about 1 μ M, to about 1 μ M to about 5 μ M, from about 5 μ M to about 10 μ M, from about 10 μ M to about 15 μ M, from about 15 μ M to about 20 μ M, from about 20 μ M to about 25 μ M, from about 25 μ M to about 50 μ M, from about 50 μ M to about 75 μ M, or from about 75 μ M to about 100 μ M. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has a length of 133 amino acids.

F4, D20, Y45, and H16 Substitutions

[0215] In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2N, where amino acid 42 is an amino acid other than a phenylalanine, e.g., where amino acid 42 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; where amino acid 20 is an amino acid other than an aspartic acid, e.g., where amino acid 20 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, or Glu; where amino acid 45 is an amino acid other than a tyrosine, e.g., where amino acid 45 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and where amino acid 16 is an amino acid other

than a histidine, e.g., where amino acid 16 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2N, where amino acid 42 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile; where amino acid 20 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile; where amino acid 45 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile; and where amino acid 16 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2N, where amino acid 42 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile; where amino acid 20 is Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, or His; where amino acid 45 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile; and where amino acid 16 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2N, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Ala, amino acid 45 is Ala, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2N, where amino acid 42 is Val, amino acid 20 is Ala, amino acid 45 is Gly, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2N, where amino acid 42 is Leu, amino acid 20 is Ala, amino acid 45 is Gly, and amino acid 16 is Val. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2N, where amino acid 42 is Ile, amino acid 20 is Ala, amino acid 45 is Ala, and amino acid 16 is Gly. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2N, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Asn, amino acid 45 is Ala, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2N, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Gln, amino acid 45 is Ala, and

amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2N, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Lys, amino acid 45 is Ala, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2N, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Arg, amino acid 45 is Ala, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2N, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is His, amino acid 45 is Ala, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a single copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide is present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises two copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the two copies are in tandem with no linker between the two copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises three copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the three copies are in tandem with no linker between the three copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the HLA Class I heavy chain. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the β 2M polypeptide. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide, or a synTac comprising same, has a binding affinity for IL2R that is from about 100 nM to 150 nM, from about 150 nM to about 200 nM, from about 200 nM to about 250 nM, from about 250 nM to about 300 nM, from about 300 nM to about 350 nM, from about 350 nM to about 400 nM, from about 400 nM to about 500 nM, from about 500 nM to about 600 nM, from about 600 nM to about 700 nM, from about 700 nM to about 800 nM, from about 800 nM to about 900 nM, from about 900 nM to about 1 μ M, to about 1 μ M to about 5 μ M, from about 5 μ M to about 10 μ M, from about 10 μ M to about 15 μ M, from about 15 μ M to about 20 μ M, from about 20 μ M to about 25 μ M, from about 25 μ M to about 50 μ M, from about 50 μ M to about 75 μ M, or from about 75 μ M to about 100 μ M. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has a length of 133 amino acids.

F42, D20, Y45, and Q126 Substitutions

[0216] In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2O, where amino acid 42 is an amino acid other than a phenylalanine, e.g., where amino acid 42 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Tyr,

Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; where amino acid 20 is an amino acid other than an aspartic acid, e.g., where amino acid 20 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, or Glu; where amino acid 45 is an amino acid other than a tyrosine, e.g., where amino acid 45 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and where amino acid 126 is an amino acid other than a glutamine, e.g., where amino acid 126 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2O, where amino acid 42 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile; where amino acid 20 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile; where amino acid 45 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile; and where amino acid 126 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2O, where amino acid 42 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile; where amino acid 20 is Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, or His; where amino acid 45 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile; and where amino acid 126 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2O, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Ala, amino acid 45 is Ala, and amino acid 126 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2O, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Gly, amino acid 45 is Gly, and amino acid 126 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2O, where amino acid 42 is Val, amino acid 20 is Ala, amino acid 45 is Gly, and amino acid 126 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2O, where amino acid 42 is He, amino acid 20 is Ala, amino acid 45 is Ala, and amino acid 126 is Gly. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence

depicted in FIG. 2O, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Asn, amino acid 45 is Ala, and amino acid 126 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2O, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Gln, amino acid 45 is Ala, and amino acid 126 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2O, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Lys, amino acid 45 is Ala, and amino acid 126 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2O, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Arg, amino acid 45 is Ala, and amino acid 126 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2O, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is His, amino acid 45 is Ala, and amino acid 126 is Ala. In some cases, a single copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide is present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises two copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the two copies are in tandem with no linker between the two copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises three copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the three copies are in tandem with no linker between the three copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the HLA Class I heavy chain. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the β 2M polypeptide. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide, or a synTac comprising same, has a binding affinity for IL2R that is from about 100 nM to 150 nM, from about 150 nM to about 200 nM, from about 200 nM to about 250 nM, from about 250 nM to about 300 nM, from about 300 nM to about 350 nM, from about 350 nM to about 400 nM, from about 400 nM to about 500 nM, from about 500 nM to about 600 nM, from about 600 nM to about 700 nM, from about 700 nM to about 800 nM, from about 800 nM to about 900 nM, from about 900 nM to about 1 μ M, to about 1 μ M to about 5 μ M, from about 5 μ M to about 10 μ M, from about 10 μ M to about 15 μ M, from about 15 μ M to about 20 μ M, from about 20 μ M to about 25 μ M, from about 25 μ M to about 50 μ M, from about 50 μ M to about 75 μ M, or from about 75 μ M to about 100 μ M. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has a length of 133 amino acids.

to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2P, where amino acid 42 is Leu, amino acid 20 is Ala, amino acid 45 is Gly, amino acid 126 is Val, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2P, where amino acid 42 is Ile, amino acid 20 is Ala, amino acid 45 is Ala, amino acid 126 is Gly, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2P, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Asn, amino acid 45 is Ala, amino acid 126 is Ala, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2P, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Gln, amino acid 45 is Ala, amino acid 126 is Ala, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2P, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Lys, amino acid 45 is Ala, amino acid 126 is Ala, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2P, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is Arg, amino acid 45 is Ala, amino acid 126 is Ala, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2P, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 20 is His, amino acid 45 is Ala, amino acid 126 is Ala, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a single copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide is present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises two copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the two copies are in tandem with no linker between the two copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises three copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the three copies are in tandem with no linker between the three copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the HLA Class I heavy chain. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the β 2M polypeptide. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide, or a synTac comprising same, has a binding affinity for IL2R that is from about 100 nM to 150

nM, from about 150 nM to about 200 nM, from about 200 nM to about 250 nM, from about 250 nM to about 300 nM, from about 300 nM to about 350 nM, from about 350 nM to about 400 nM, from about 400 nM to about 500 nM, from about 500 nM to about 600 nM, from about 600 nM to about 700 nM, from about 700 nM to about 800 nM, from about 800 nM to about 900 nM, from about 900 nM to about 1 μ M, to about 1 μ M to about 5 μ M, from about 5 μ M to about 10 μ M, from about 10 μ M to about 15 μ M, from about 15 μ M to about 20 μ M, from about 20 μ M to about 25 μ M, from about 25 μ M to about 50 μ M, from about 50 μ M to about 75 μ M, or from about 75 μ M to about 100 μ M. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has a length of 133 amino acids.

F42, Q126, and H16 Substitutions

[0218] In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2Q, where amino acid 42 is an amino acid other than a phenylalanine, e.g., where amino acid 42 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; where amino acid 126 is an amino acid other than a glutamine, e.g., where amino acid 126 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and where amino acid 16 is an amino acid other than a histidine, e.g., where amino acid 16 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2Q, where amino acid 42 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile; where amino acid 126 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile; and where amino acid 16 is Ala, Gly, Val, Leu, or Ile. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2Q, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 126 is Ala, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2Q, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 126 is Gly, and amino acid 16 is Gly. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2Q, where amino acid 42 is Val, amino acid

126 is Ala, and amino acid 16 is Gly. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2Q, where amino acid 42 is Leu, amino acid 126 is Ala, and amino acid 16 is Gly. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2Q, where amino acid 42 is Ile, amino acid 126 is Ala, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2Q, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 126 is Asn, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2Q, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 126 is Ala, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2Q, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 126 is Lys, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2Q, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 126 is Arg, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a variant IL-2 polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 2Q, where amino acid 42 is Ala, amino acid 126 is His, and amino acid 16 is Ala. In some cases, a single copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide is present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises two copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the two copies are in tandem with no linker between the two copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises three copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide, e.g., where the three copies are in tandem with no linker between the three copies, or are in tandem and separated by a linker peptide. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the HLA Class I heavy chain. In some cases, where an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure comprises HLA Class I heavy chain and β 2M, the IL-2 polypeptide(s) is/are on the polypeptide chain comprising the β 2M polypeptide. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide, or a synTac comprising the variant IL-2 polypeptide, has a binding affinity for IL2R that is from about 100 nM to 150 nM, from about 150 nM

to about 200 nM, from about 200 nM to about 250 nM, from about 250 nM to about 300 nM, from about 300 nM to about 350 nM, from about 350 nM to about 400 nM, from about 400 nM to about 500 nM, from about 500 nM to about 600 nM, from about 600 nM to about 700 nM, from about 700 nM to about 800 nM, from about 800 nM to about 900 nM, from about 900 nM to about 1 μ M, to about 1 μ M to about 5 μ M, from about 5 μ M to about 10 μ M, from about 10 μ M to about 15 μ M, from about 15 μ M to about 20 μ M, from about 20 μ M to about 25 μ M, from about 25 μ M to about 50 μ M, from about 50 μ M to about 75 μ M, or from about 75 μ M to about 100 μ M. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide has a length of 133 amino acids.

4-1BBL

[0219] In some cases, a synTac suitable for use in a method of the present disclosure comprises a 4-1BBL polypeptide as the immunomodulatory domain(s). Suitable 4-1BBL immunomodulatory domains include a wild-type 4-1BBL immunomodulatory domain, and a variant 4-1BBL immunomodulatory domain.

[0220] A wild-type human 4-1BBL amino acid sequence is provided in FIG. 36A. The tumor necrosis factor (TNF) homology domain (THD) of human 4-1BBL comprises amino acids 81-254, amino acids 80-254, or amino acids 80-246 of the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36A. Thus, a wild-type amino acid sequence of the THD of human 4-1BBL can be, e.g., one of SEQ ID NOs:213-215, as follows:

(SEQ ID NO: 213)
 PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
 TGGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS
 VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFG
 GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE.

(SEQ ID NO: 214)
 D PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
 TGGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS
 VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFG
 GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
 TPEIPAGLPS PRSE.

(SEQ ID NO: 215)
 D PAGLLDLRQG MFAQLVAQNV LLIDGPLSWY SDPGLAGVSL
 TGGLSYKEDT KELVAKAGV YYVFFQLELR RVVAGEGSGS
 VSLALHLQPL RSAAGAAALA LTVDLPPASS EARNSAFGFG
 GRLLHLSAGQ RLGVLHTEA RARHAWQLTQ GATVLGLFRV
 TPEIPA.

[0221] Wild-type 4-1BBL binds to 4-1BB (CD137). An amino acid sequences of 4-1BB is provided in FIG. 37. A variant 4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure binds to 4-1BB with reduced affinity compared to binding of wild-type 4-1BBL to 4-1BB.

[0222] Variant 4-1BBL polypeptides include those having an amino acid sequence that has at least 80%, at least 85%,

at least 90%, at least 95%, or at least 99% amino acid sequence identity to a corresponding wild-type 4-1BBL polypeptide, and include variant 4-1BBL polypeptides that differ by 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, or 15 amino acids, or more than 15 amino acids, relative to a corresponding wild-type 4-1BBL polypeptide. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide differs in amino acid sequence from a wild-type 4-1BBL polypeptide by only a single amino acid. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide differs in amino acid sequence from a wild-type 4-1BBL polypeptide by no more than 2 amino acids. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide differs in amino acid sequence from a wild-type 4-1BBL polypeptide by no more than 3 amino acids. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide differs in amino acid sequence from a wild-type 4-1BBL polypeptide by no more than 4 amino acids. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide differs in amino acid sequence from a wild-type 4-1BBL polypeptide by no more than 5 amino acids.

[0223] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure exhibits reduced binding affinity to 4-1BB, compared to the binding affinity of a 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36A for 4-1BB. For example, in some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure binds 4-1BB with a binding affinity that is less than the binding affinity of a 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36A for a 4-1BB polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 37. For example, in some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure binds 4-1BB with a binding affinity that is at least 10% less, at least 15% less, at least 20% less, at least 25% less, at least 30% less, at least 35% less, at least 40% less, at least 45% less, at least 50% less, at least 55% less, at least 60% less, at least 65% less, at least 70% less, at least 75% less, at least 80% less, at least 85% less, at least 90% less, at least 95% less, or more than 95% less, than the binding affinity of a 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36A for 4-1BB (e.g., a 4-1BB polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 37).

[0224] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure exhibits reduced binding affinity to 4-1BB, compared to the binding affinity of a 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in SEQ ID NO:213 for 4-1BB. For example, in some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure binds 4-1BB with a binding affinity that is less than the binding affinity of a 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in SEQ ID NO:213 for a 4-1BB polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in one of FIG. 37A-37C. For example, in some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure binds 4-1BB with a binding affinity that is at least 10% less, at least 15% less, at least 20% less, at least 25% less, at least 30% less, at least 35% less, at least 40% less, at least 45% less, at least 50% less, at least 55% less, at least 60% less, at least 65% less, at least 70% less, at least 75% less, at least 80% less, at least 85% less, at least 90% less, at least 95% less, or more than 95% less, than the binding affinity of a

4-1BBL polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in SEQ ID NO:213 for 4-1BB (e.g., a 4-1BB polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 37).

[0225] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has a binding affinity to 4-1BB that is from 100 nM to 100 μ M. As another example, in some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has a binding affinity for 4-1BB (e.g., a 4-1BB polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 37) that is from about 100 nM to 150 nM, from about 150 nM to about 200 nM, from about 200 nM to about 250 nM, from about 250 nM to about 300 nM, from about 300 nM to about 350 nM, from about 350 nM to about 400 nM, from about 400 nM to about 500 nM, from about 500 nM to about 600 nM, from about 600 nM to about 700 nM, from about 700 nM to about 800 nM, from about 800 nM to about 900 nM, from about 900 nM to about 1 μ M, to about 1 μ M to about 5 μ M, from about 5 μ M to about 10 μ M, from about 10 μ M to about 15 μ M, from about 15 μ M to about 20 μ M, from about 20 μ M to about 25 μ M, from about 25 μ M to about 50 μ M, from about 50 μ M to about 75 μ M, or from about 75 μ M to about 100 μ M.

[0226] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure exhibits increased production in a mammalian host cell, compared to the production in the same mammalian host cell of a control multimeric polypeptide comprising a wild-type 4-1BBL polypeptide (e.g., a 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:213). For example, in some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide, when expressed in a mammalian host cell, is produced in an amount that is from 25% higher to about 50% higher, from about 50% higher to about 75% higher, from about 75% higher to about 2-fold higher, from about 2-fold higher to about 5-fold higher, from about 5-fold higher to about 10-fold higher, from about 10-fold higher to about 20-fold higher, from about 20-fold higher to about 30-fold higher, from about 30-fold higher to about 40-fold higher, from about 40-fold higher to about 50-fold higher, from about 50-fold higher to about 75-fold higher, from about 75-fold higher to about 100-fold higher, or more than 100-fold higher, than the amount of a control multimeric polypeptide comprising a wild-type 4-1BBL polypeptide (e.g., a 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:213) produced in the same mammalian host cell.

[0227] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide is produced in a mammalian host cell in an amount of from about 50 mg/L to about 75 mg/L, from about 75 mg/L to about 100 mg/L, from about 100 mg/L to about 150 mg/L, from about 150 mg/L to about 200 mg/L, from about 200 mg/L to about 250 mg/L, from about 250 mg/L to about 500 mg/L, or more than 500 mg/L. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide is produced in a mammalian host cell in an amount of from about 10 mg/L to about 15 mg/L, from about 15 mg/L to about 20 mg/L, from about 20 mg/L to about 25 mg/L, from about 25 mg/L to about 30 mg/L, from about 35 mg/L to about 40 mg/L, from about 40 mg/L to about 45 mg/L, or from about 45 mg/L to about 50 mg/L.

[0228] A variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide can have a single amino acid substitution relative to a wild-type 4-1BBL polypeptide (e.g., a 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:213). In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has from 2 to 10 amino acid substitutions relative to a wild-type 4-1BBL polypeptide (e.g., a 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:213). In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has 2 amino acid substitutions relative to a wild-type 4-1BBL polypeptide (e.g., a 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:213). In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has 3 amino acid substitutions relative to a wild-type 4-1BBL polypeptide (e.g., a 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:213). In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has 4 amino acid substitutions relative to a wild-type 4-1BBL polypeptide (e.g., a 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:213). In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has 5 amino acid substitutions relative to a wild-type 4-1BBL polypeptide (e.g., a 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:213). In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has 6 amino acid substitutions relative to a wild-type 4-1BBL polypeptide (e.g., a 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:213). In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure has 7 amino acid substitutions relative to a wild-type 4-1BBL polypeptide (e.g., a 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:213). In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has 8 amino acid substitutions relative to a wild-type 4-1BBL polypeptide (e.g., a 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:213). In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has 9 amino acid substitutions relative to a wild-type 4-1BBL polypeptide (e.g., a 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:213). In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has 10 amino acid substitutions relative to a wild-type 4-1BBL polypeptide (e.g., a 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:213).

[0229] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure has from 11 to 50 amino acid substitutions relative to a wild-type 4-1BBL polypeptide (e.g., a 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:213). For example, in some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric poly-

peptide of the present disclosure has from 11 to 15, from 15 to 20, from 20 to 25, from 25 to 30, from 30 to 35, from 35 to 40, from 40 to 45, or from 45 to 50, amino acid substitutions relative to a wild-type 4-1BBL polypeptide (e.g., a 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36A or as set forth in SEQ ID NO:213).

[0230] Suitable variant 4-1BBL polypeptides that can be included in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure include those described above.

4-1BBL with K127 Substitution

[0231] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36B, where amino acid 127 (indicated by an "x") is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 127 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 47 is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 47 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu.

[0232] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at K48. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at K48. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at K48. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at K48.

K127+M91 Substitutions

[0233] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36B, where: i) amino acid 127 (indicated by an "x") is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 127 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and ii) an amino acid substitution at M91, where amino acid 91 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, amino acid 127 is Ala; and amino acid 91 is Ala. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having

at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where: i) amino acid 47 is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 47 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and ii) amino acid 11 is other than methionine, e.g., where amino acid 11 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, amino acid 47 is Ala; and amino acid 11 is Ala.

K127+F92 Substitutions

[0234] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36B, where: i) amino acid 127 (indicated by an "x") is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 127 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and ii) an amino acid substitution at F92, where amino acid 92 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, amino acid 127 is Ala; and amino acid 92 is Ala. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where: i) amino acid 47 is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 47 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and ii) amino acid 12 is other than phenylalanine, e.g., where amino acid 12 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, amino acid 47 is Ala; and amino acid 12 is Ala.

K127+Q94 Substitutions

[0235] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36B, where: i) amino acid 127 (indicated by an "x") is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 127 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and ii) an amino acid substitution at Q94, where amino acid 94 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, amino acid 127 is Ala; and amino acid 94 is Ala. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where: i) amino acid 47 is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 47 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and ii) amino acid 14 is other than glutamine, e.g., where amino acid 14 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn,

Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, amino acid 47 is Ala; and amino acid 14 is Ala.

K127+L95 Substitutions

[0236] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36B, where: i) amino acid 127 (indicated by an “x”) is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 127 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and ii) an amino acid substitution at L95, where amino acid 95 is Gly, Ala, Val, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, amino acid 127 is Ala; and amino acid 95 is Ala. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where: i) amino acid 47 is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 47 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, He, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and ii) amino acid 15 is other than leucine, e.g., where amino acid 15 is Gly, Ala, Val, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, amino acid 47 is Ala; and amino acid 15 is Ala.

K127+V96 Substitutions

[0237] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36B, where: i) amino acid 127 (indicated by an “x”) is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 127 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and ii) an amino acid substitution at V96, where amino acid 96 is Gly, Ala, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, amino acid 127 is Ala; and amino acid 96 is Ala. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where: i) amino acid 47 is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 47 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, He, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and ii) amino acid 16 is other than a valine, e.g., where amino acid 16 is Gly, Ala, Leu, He, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, amino acid 47 is Ala; and amino acid 16 is Ala.

K127+098 Substitutions

[0238] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in

FIG. 36B, where: i) amino acid 127 (indicated by an “x”) is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 127 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and ii) an amino acid substitution at Q98, where amino acid 98 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, amino acid 127 is Ala; and amino acid 98 is Ala. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where: i) amino acid 47 is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 47 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, He, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and ii) amino acid 18 is other than glutamine, e.g., where amino acid 18 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, He, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, amino acid 47 is Ala; and amino acid 18 is Ala.

K127+N99 Substitutions

[0239] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36B, where: i) amino acid 127 (indicated by an “x”) is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 127 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and ii) an amino acid substitution at N99, where amino acid 99 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, amino acid 127 is Ala; and amino acid 99 is Ala. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where: i) amino acid 47 is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 47 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and ii) amino acid 19 is other than an asparagine, e.g., where amino acid 19 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, amino acid 47 is Ala; and amino acid 19 is Ala.

K127+V100 Substitutions

[0240] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36B, where: i) amino acid 127 (indicated by an “x”) is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 127 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and ii) an amino acid substitution at V100, where amino acid 100 is Gly, Ala, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, amino acid 127 is Ala; and amino acid 100 is Ala. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of

having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where: i) amino acid 47 is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 47 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and ii) amino acid 34 is other than glycine, e.g., where amino acid 34 is Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, amino acid 47 is Ala; and amino acid 34 is Ala.

K127+L115 Substitutions

[0255] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36B, where: i) amino acid 127 (indicated by an "x") is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 127 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and ii) an amino acid substitution at L115, where amino acid 115 is Gly, Ala, Val, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, amino acid 127 is Ala; and amino acid 115 is Ala. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where: i) amino acid 47 is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 47 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and ii) amino acid 35 is other than leucine, e.g., where amino acid 35 is Gly, Ala, Val, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, amino acid 47 is Ala; and amino acid 35 is Ala.

4-1BBL with Q227 Substitution

[0256] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36D where amino acid 227 (indicated by an "x") is an amino acid other than a glutamine, e.g., where amino acid 227 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 147 is other than glutamine, e.g., where amino acid 147 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu.

[0257] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at Q148. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with

an amino acid substitution at Q148. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at Q148. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at Q148.

4-1BBL with M91 Substitution

[0258] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36E, where amino acid 91 (indicated by an "x") is an amino acid other than a methionine, e.g., where amino acid 91 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 11 is other than a methionine, e.g., where amino acid 11 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu.

[0259] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at M12. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at M12. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at M12. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at M12.

4-1BBL with F92 Substitution

[0260] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36F, where amino acid 92 (indicated by an "x") is an amino acid other than a phenylalanine, e.g., where amino acid 92 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 12

[0262] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36G, where amino acid 94 (indicated by an "x") is an amino acid other than a glutamine, e.g., where amino acid 94 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 14 is other than a glutamine, e.g., where amino acid 14 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu.

[0264] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid

[0265] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at L16. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at L16. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at L16. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at L16.

[0266] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36I, where amino acid 96 (indicated by an "x") is an amino acid other than a valine, e.g., where amino acid 96 is Gly, Ala, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 16 is other than a valine, e.g., where amino acid 16 is Gly, Ala, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu.

[0267] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at V17. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at V17. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid

4-1BBL with L102 Substitution

[0277] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at L23. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at L23. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at L23. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at L23.

[0278] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36O, where amino acid 103 (indicated by an "x") is an amino acid other than an isoleucine, e.g., where amino acid 103 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 23 is other than an isoleucine, e.g., where amino acid 23 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu.

4-1BBL with D104 Substitution

[0281] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at D25. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with

4-1BBL with W109 Substitution

[0290] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36U, where amino acid 109 (indicated by an "x") is an amino acid other than a tryptophan, e.g., where amino acid 109 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 29 is other than a tryptophan, e.g., where amino acid 29 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu.

[0291] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at W30. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at W30. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid

sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at W30. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at W30.

[0292] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36V, where amino acid 110 (indicated by an "x") is an amino acid other than a tyrosine, e.g., where amino acid 110 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 30 is other than a tyrosine, e.g., where amino acid 30 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu.

[0293] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at Y31. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at Y31. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at Y31. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at Y31.

[0294] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36W, where amino acid 111 (indicated by an "x") is an amino acid other than a serine, e.g., where amino acid 111 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 31 is other than a serine, e.g., where amino acid 31 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gin, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu.

[0295] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at

[0303] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at L36. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at L36. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at L36. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at L36.

4-1BBL with G117 Substitution

[0305] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at G38. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with

4-1BBL with V118 Substitution

[0307] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at V39. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at V39. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at V39. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at V39.

4-1BBL with S119 Substitution

[0308] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36DD, where amino acid 119 (indicated by an "x") is an amino acid other than a serine, e.g., where amino acid 119 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 39

[0310] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36EE, where amino acid 120 (indicated by an “x”) is an amino acid other than a leucine, e.g., where amino acid 120 is Gly, Ala, Val, He, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 40 is other than a leucine, e.g., where amino acid 40 is Gly, Ala, Val, He, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu.

[0312] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid

[0313] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at T42. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at T42. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at T42. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at T42.

[0314] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36GG, where amino acid 122 (indicated by an “x”) is an amino acid other than a glycine, e.g., where amino acid 122 is Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 42 is other than a glycine, e.g., where amino acid 42 is Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu.

[0315] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at G43. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at G43. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid

[0323] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at Y47. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at Y47. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at Y47. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at Y47.

[0324] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36LL, where amino acid 128 (indicated by an “x”) is an amino acid other than a glutamic acid, e.g., where amino acid 128 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, or Asp. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 48 is other than a glutamic acid, e.g., where amino acid 48 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, or Asp.

4-1BBL with D129 Substitution

[0327] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at D50. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at D50. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at D50. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at D50.

4-1BBL with T130 Substitution

[0329] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at T51. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with

[0345] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at L70. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at L70. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at L70. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at L70.

4-1BBL with R150 Substitution

at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 70 is other than an arginine, e.g., where amino acid 70 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, His, Asp, or Glu.

[0347] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at R71. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at R71. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at R71. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at R71.

4-1BBL with R151 Substitution

[0349] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at R72. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at R72. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at R72. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at R72.

4-1BBL with V152 Substitution

[0350] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure

[0352] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36ZZ, where amino acid 153 (indicated by an “x”) is an amino acid other than a valine, e.g., where amino acid 153 is Gly, Ala, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 73 is other than a valine, e.g., where amino acid 73 is Gly, Ala, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu.

having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at V74. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at V74.

[0354] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36AAA, where amino acid 155 (indicated by an “x”) is an amino acid other than a glycine, e.g., where amino acid 155 is Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 75 is other than a glycine, e.g., where amino acid 75 is Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu.

4-1BBL with E156 Substitution

[0356] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36BBB, where amino acid 156 (indicated by an "x") is an amino acid other than a glutamic acid, e.g., where amino acid 156 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, or Asp. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 76 is other than a glutamic acid, e.g., where amino acid 76 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, or Asp.

[0357] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure

[0359] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at G78. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at G78. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at G78. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at G78.

4-1BBL with S158 Substitution

variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 78 is other than a serine, e.g., where amino acid 78 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gin, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu.

4-1BBL with D184 Substitution

[0363] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at D105. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at D105. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at D105. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the

4-1BBL with S190 Substitution

[0373] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at S111. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at S111. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at S111. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the

4-1BBL with E191 Substitution

[0375] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at E112. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214, with an amino acid substitution at E112. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at E112. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at E112.

4-1BBL with R193 Substitution

[0377] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in

[0378] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36MMM, where amino acid 194 (indicated by an “x”) is an amino acid other than a asparagine, e.g., where amino acid 194 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 114 is other than a asparagine, e.g., where amino acid 114 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu.

4-1BBL with S195 Substitution

peptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 115 is other than a serine, e.g., where amino acid 115 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu.

4-1BBL with F197 Substitution

[0383] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214 with an amino acid substitution at F118. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214 with an amino acid substitution at F118. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at F118. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the

[0384] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36PPP, where amino acid 210 (indicated by an “x”) is an amino acid other than a glutamine, e.g., where amino acid 210 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 130 is other than a glutamine, e.g., where amino acid 130 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu.

4-1BBL with R211 Substitution

[0387] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in

4-1BBL with L212 Substitution

[0389] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214 with an amino acid substitution at L133. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214 with an amino acid substitution at L133. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at L133. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at L133.

[0390] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36SSS, where amino acid 213 (indicated by an “x”) is an amino acid other than a glycine, e.g., where amino acid 213 is Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric poly-

4-1BBL with V214 Substitution

[0393] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214 with an amino acid substitution at V135. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214 with an amino acid substitution at V135. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at V135. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the

4-1BBL with H215 Substitution

[0395] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214 with an amino acid substitution at H136. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214 with an amino acid substitution at H136. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at H136. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at H136.

4-1BBL with L216 Substitution

[0397] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in

4-1BBL with L228 Substitution

[0413] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214 with an amino acid substitution at L149. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214 with an amino acid substitution at L149. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at L149. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the

4-1BBL with 7229 Substitution

[0415] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214 with an amino acid substitution at T150. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214 with an amino acid substitution at T150. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at T150. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at T150.

4-1BBL with O230 Substitution

[0417] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in

[0418] In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36GGGG, where amino acid 231 (indicated by an “x”) is an amino acid other than a glycine, e.g., where amino acid 231 is Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 151 is other than a glycine, e.g., where amino acid 151 is Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu.

4-1BBL with 7233 Substitution

eric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, where amino acid 153 is other than a threonine, e.g., where amino acid 153 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Asp, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Lys, Arg, His, Pro, or Glu.

4-1BBL with V234 Substitution

[0423] In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214 with an amino acid substitution at V155. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:214 with an amino acid substitution at V155. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at V155. In some cases, a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide present in a multimeric polypeptide of the

present disclosure comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:215, with an amino acid substitution at V155.

[0424] Exemplary multimeric polypeptides comprising 4-1BBL immunomodulatory polypeptide

[0425] Exemplary multimeric polypeptides that are suitable for use in a method of the present disclosure are described below.

K127

[0426] In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; ii) a β 2M polypeptide; and iii) a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36B, where amino acid 127 (indicated by an “x”) is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 127 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; or a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, with an amino acid substitution at K47, e.g., where amino acid 47 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a Class I MHC heavy chain; and ii) an Fc polypeptide. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; and ii) a β 2M polypeptide; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36B, where amino acid 127 (indicated by an “x”) is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 127 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; or a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, with an amino acid substitution at K47, e.g., where amino acid 47 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; ii) a Class I MHC heavy chain; and iii) an Fc polypeptide. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; ii) a β 2M polypeptide; iii) a first variant 4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure; iv) a second variant 4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure; and v) a third variant 4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a Class I MHC heavy chain; and ii) an Fc polypeptide. In some cases, each of the first, second, and third variant 4-1BBL polypeptides comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36B, where amino acid 127 (indicated by an “x”) is an

amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 127 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; e.g., each of the first, second, and third variant 4-1BBL polypeptides comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, with an amino acid substitution at K47, e.g., where amino acid 47 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; and ii) a β 2M polypeptide; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a first variant 4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure; ii) a second variant 4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure; and iii) a third variant 4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure; iv) a Class I MHC heavy chain; and v) an Fc polypeptide. In some cases, each of the first, second, and third variant 4-1BBL polypeptides comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36B, where amino acid 127 (indicated by an “x”) is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 127 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; e.g., each of the first, second, and third variant 4-1BBL polypeptides comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, with an amino acid substitution at K47, e.g., where amino acid 47 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and an M91 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and an F92 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a Q94 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and an L95 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a V96 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a Q98 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and an N99 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a V100 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and an L101 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and an L102 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and an I103 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a D104 substitution (based on

the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a G105 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a P106 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and an L107 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and an S108 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a W109 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a Y110 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and an S111 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a D112 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a P113 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a G114 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and an L115 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A).

[0427] In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; and ii) a β 2M polypeptide; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a first variant 4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure; ii) a linker; iii) a second variant 4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure; iv) a linker; v) a third variant 4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure; vi) a Class I MHC heavy chain; and vii) an Fc polypeptide. In some cases, each of the first, second, and third variant 4-1BBL polypeptides comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36B, where amino acid 127 (indicated by an "x") is an amino acid other than a lysine, e.g., where amino acid 127 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; e.g., each of the first, second, and third variant 4-1BBL polypeptides comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, with an amino acid substitution at K47, e.g., where amino acid 47 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Gln, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, the linker comprises a (GSSSS)_n (SEQ ID NO:131) sequence, where n is 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5. In some cases, n is 4. In some cases, n is 5. In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and an M91 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and an F92 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a

Q94 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and an L95 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a V96 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a Q98 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and an N99 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a V100 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and an L101 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and an L102 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and an I103 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a D104 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a G105 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a P106 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and an L107 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and an S108 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a W109 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a Y110 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and an S111 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a D112 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a P113 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and a G114 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). In some cases, the variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprises a K127 substitution and an L115 substitution (based on the numbering depicted in FIG. 36A). Q227

[0428] In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; ii) a β 2M polypeptide; and iii) a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36D, where amino acid 227 (indicated by an "x") is an amino acid other than a glutamine, e.g., where amino acid 227 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; or a variant

4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, with an amino acid substitution at Q147, e.g., where amino acid 147 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a Class I MHC heavy chain; and ii) an Fc polypeptide. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; and ii) a β 2M polypeptide; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36D, where amino acid 227 (indicated by an "x") is an amino acid other than a glutamine, e.g., where amino acid 227 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; or a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, with an amino acid substitution at Q147, e.g., where amino acid 147 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; ii) a Class I MHC heavy chain; and iii) an Fc polypeptide. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; ii) a β 2M polypeptide; iii) a first variant 4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure; iv) a second variant 4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure; and v) a third variant 4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a Class I MHC heavy chain; and ii) an Fc polypeptide. In some cases, each of the first, second, and third variant 4-1BBL polypeptides comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36D, where amino acid 227 (indicated by an "x") is an amino acid other than a glutamine, e.g., where amino acid 227 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; or each of the first, second, and third variant 4-1BBL polypeptides comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, with an amino acid substitution at Q147, e.g., where amino acid 147 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; and ii) a β 2M polypeptide; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a first variant 4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure; ii) a second variant 4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure; and iii) a third variant 4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure; iv) a Class I MHC heavy chain; and v) an Fc polypeptide. In some cases, each of the first, second, and third variant 4-1BBL polypeptides

comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36D, where amino acid 227 (indicated by an "x") is an amino acid other than a glutamine, e.g., where amino acid 227 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; or each of the first, second, and third variant 4-1BBL polypeptides comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, with an amino acid substitution at Q147, e.g., where amino acid 147 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu.

[0429] In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; and ii) a β 2M polypeptide; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a first variant 4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure; ii) a linker; iii) a second variant 4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure; iv) a linker; v) a third variant 4-1BBL polypeptide of the present disclosure; vi) a Class I MHC heavy chain; and vii) an Fc polypeptide. In some cases, each of the first, second, and third variant 4-1BBL polypeptides comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 36D, where amino acid 227 (indicated by an "x") is an amino acid other than a glutamine, e.g., where amino acid 227 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu; or each of the first, second, and third variant 4-1BBL polypeptides comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99%, amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:213, with an amino acid substitution at Q147, e.g., where amino acid 147 is Gly, Ala, Val, Leu, Ile, Pro, Phe, Tyr, Trp, Ser, Thr, Cys, Met, Asn, Lys, Arg, His, Asp, or Glu. In some cases, the linker comprises a (GSSSS)_n (SEQ ID NO:131) sequence, where n is 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5. In some cases, the linker comprises a (GSSSS)_n (SEQ ID NO:131) sequence, where n is 4. In some cases, the linker comprises a (GSSSS)_n (SEQ ID NO:131) sequence, where n is 5. In some cases, the linker comprises a (GGGGS)_n sequence, where n is 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, or 10. In some cases, the linker comprises a (GGGGS)_n sequence, where n is 2. In some cases, the linker comprises a (GGGGS)_n sequence, where n is 3. In some cases, the linker comprises a (GGGGS)_n sequence, where n is 4. In some cases, the linker comprises a (GGGGS)_n sequence, where n is 5.

Multiple Immunomodulatory Domains

[0430] As noted above, in some cases, a multimeric polypeptide comprises two or more immunomodulatory polypeptides. In some cases, at least one of the two or more immunomodulatory polypeptide is a variant immunomodulatory polypeptide. For example, in the case of an IL-2/synTac, in some cases, at least one of the two or more immunomodulatory polypeptide is a variant IL-2 polypeptide. As another example, in the case of a 4-1BBL/synTac, in some cases, at least one of the two or more immunomodulatory polypeptide is a variant 4-1BBL polypeptide.

[0431] In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide comprises two or more copies of a variant IL-2 polypeptide of the present disclosure. In some cases, the two or more variant IL-2 polypeptides are on the same polypeptide chain of a multimeric polypeptide. In some cases, the two or more variant IL-2 polypeptides are on separate polypeptide chains of a multimeric polypeptide.

[0432] In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide comprises a first immunomodulatory polypeptide, and at least a second immunomodulatory polypeptide, where the first immunomodulatory polypeptide is a variant IL-2 polypeptide of the present disclosure, and the second immunomodulatory polypeptide is not an IL-2 polypeptide. For example, in some cases, the second immunomodulatory polypeptide is a member of the tumor necrosis factor (TNF) superfamily; e.g., a FasL polypeptide, a 4-1BBL polypeptide, a CD40 polypeptide, an OX40L polypeptide, a CD30L polypeptide, a CD70 polypeptide, etc. In some cases, the second immunomodulatory polypeptide of a multimeric polypeptide is a T-cell co-stimulatory polypeptide and is a member of the immunoglobulin (Ig) superfamily; e.g., a CD7 polypeptide, a CD86 polypeptide, an ICAM polypeptide, etc. In some cases, the second immunomodulatory polypeptide is 4-1BBL, OX40L, ICOS-L, ICAM, PD-L1, CD86, FasL, and PD-L2. Suitable immunomodulatory polypeptides of a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure include, e.g., CD7, CD30L, CD40, CD70, CD83, HLA-G, MICA, MICB, HVEM, lymphotoxin beta receptor, 3/TR6, ILT3, ILT4, or HVEM.

[0433] Further T cell modulatory domains (MODs) that can be included in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure include naturally occurring or synthetic human gene products (protein), affinity reagents (e.g., an antibody, antibody fragment, single chain Fvs, aptamers, nanobody) targeting a human gene product, including, but not limited to all secreted proteins arising from classical and non-classical (e.g., FGF2, IL1, S100A4) secretion mechanisms, and ectodomains of all cell surface proteins anchored by naturally occurring genetically encoded protein segments (single or multiple membrane spans) or post-translational modifications such as GPI linkages). Any naturally occurring or synthetic affinity reagent (e.g., antibody, antibody fragment, single chain Fvs, aptamer, nanobody, lectin, etc) targeting a cell surface glycan or other post-translational modification (e.g., sulfation). Examples include, but are not limited to, members of the TNF/TNFR family (OX40L, ICOSL, FASL, LTA, LTB TRAIL, CD153, TNFSF9, RANKL, TWEAK, TNFSF13, TNFSF13b, TNFSF14, TNFSF15, TNFSF18, CD40LG, CD70) or affinity reagents directed at the TNF/TNFR family members; members of the Immunoglobulin superfamily (VISTA, PD1, PD-L1, PD-L2, B71, B72, CTLA4, CD28, TIM3, CD4, CD8, CD19, T cell receptor chains, ICOS, ICOS ligand, HHLA2, butyrophilins, BTLA, B7-H3, B7-H4, CD3, CD79a, CD79b, IgSF CAMS (including CD2, CD58, CD48, CD150, CD229, CD244, ICAM-1), Leukocyte immunoglobulin like receptors (LILR), killer cell immunoglobulin like receptors (KIR)), lectin superfamily members, selectins, cytokines/chemokine and cytokine/chemokine receptors, growth factors and growth factor receptors), adhesion molecules (integrins, fibronectins, cadherins), or ecto-domains of multi-span integral membrane protein, or affinity reagents directed at the Immunoglobulin superfamily and listed gene products. In addition, active homologs/orthologs of these gene products, including but

not limited to, viral sequences (e.g., CMV, EBV), bacterial sequences, fungal sequences, eukaryotic pathogens (e.g., *Schistosoma*, *Plasmodium*, *Babesia*, *Eimeria*, *Theileria*, *Toxoplasma*, *Entamoeba*, *Leishmania*, and *Trypanosoma*), and mammalian-derived coding regions. In addition, a MOD may comprise a small molecules drug targeting a human gene product.

Additional Polypeptides

[0434] A polypeptide chain of a multimeric polypeptide can include one or more polypeptides in addition to those described above. Suitable additional polypeptides include epitope tags and affinity domains. The one or more additional polypeptide can be included at the N-terminus of a polypeptide chain of a multimeric polypeptide, at the C-terminus of a polypeptide chain of a multimeric polypeptide, or internally within a polypeptide chain of a multimeric polypeptide.

Epitope Tag

[0435] Suitable epitope tags include, but are not limited to, hemagglutinin (HA; e.g., YPYDVPDYA (SEQ ID NO:79); FLAG (e.g., DYKDDDDK (SEQ ID NO:80); c-myc (e.g., EQKLISEEDL; SEQ ID NO:81), and the like.

Affinity Domain

[0436] Affinity domains include peptide sequences that can interact with a binding partner, e.g., such as one immobilized on a solid support, useful for identification or purification. DNA sequences encoding multiple consecutive single amino acids, such as histidine, when fused to the expressed protein, may be used for one-step purification of the recombinant protein by high affinity binding to a resin column, such as nickel sepharose. Exemplary affinity domains include His5 (HHHHH) (SEQ ID NO:82), HisX6 (HHHHHH) (SEQ ID NO:83), C-myc (EQKLISEEDL) (SEQ ID NO:81), Flag (DYKDDDDK) (SEQ ID NO:80), StrepTag (WSHPQFEK) (SEQ ID NO:84), hemagglutinin, e.g., HA Tag (YPYDVPDYA) (SEQ ID NO:79), glutathione-S-transferase (GST), thioredoxin, cellulose binding domain, RYIRS (SEQ ID NO:85), Phe-His-His-Thr (SEQ ID NO:86), chitin binding domain, S-peptide, T7 peptide, SH2 domain, C-end RNA tag, WEAAAREACCCECCARA (SEQ ID NO:87), metal binding domains, e.g., zinc binding domains or calcium binding domains such as those from calcium-binding proteins, e.g., calmodulin, troponin C, calcineurin B, myosin light chain, recoverin, S-modulin, visinin, VILIP, neurocalcin, hippocalcin, frequenin, caltractin, calpain large-subunit, S100 proteins, parvalbumin, calbindin D9K, calbindin D28K, and calretinin, inteins, biotin, streptavidin, MyoD, Id, leucine zipper sequences, and maltose binding protein.

Examples of IL-2/Multimeric Polypeptides

[0437] The following are non-limiting embodiments of an IL-2/synTac multimeric polypeptide suitable for use in a treatment method of the present disclosure.

[0438] In some cases, an IL-2/synTac multimeric polypeptide comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; ii) a β 2-microglobulin (β 2M) polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 34A; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-ter-

minus: i) a variant IL-2 polypeptide of the present disclosure; ii) a major histocompatibility complex (MHC) heavy chain polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 34C; and iii) an IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprising one or more amino acid substitutions selected from N297A, L234A, L235A, L234F, L235E, and P331S. In some cases, the variant IL-2 polypeptide comprises an H16A and an F42A substitution. In some cases, the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises an N297A substitution. In some cases, the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises an L234A substitution and an L235A substitution. In some cases, the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises an L234F substitution and an L235E substitution. In some cases, the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises an L234F substitution, an L235E substitution, and a P331S substitution. In some cases, the second polypeptide comprises two copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide. In some cases, the first polypeptide comprises a peptide linker between the epitope and the β 2M polypeptide. In some cases, the second polypeptide comprises a peptide linker between one or more of: a) a first copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide and a second copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide; b) the variant IL-2 polypeptide and the MHC heavy chain polypeptide; and c) between the MHC heavy chain polypeptide and the IgG1 Fc polypeptide. In some cases, the peptide linker is selected from (GGGGS)₃ (SEQ ID NO:207), (GGGGS)₄ (SEQ ID NO:208), and AAAGG (SEQ ID NO:73). In some cases, the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33B. In some cases, the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33C. In some cases, the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33D.

[0439] In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope; ii) a β 2-microglobulin polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 34A; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a variant IL-2 polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 34B; ii) a major histocompatibility complex (MHC) heavy chain polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 34C; and iii) an IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprising one or more amino acid substitutions selected from N297A, L234A, L235A, L234F, L235E, and P331S. In some cases, the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises an N297A substitution. In some cases, the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises an L234A substitution and an L235A substitution. In some cases, the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises an L234F substitution and an L235E substitution. In some cases, the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises an L234F substitution, an L235E substitution, and a P331S substitution. In some cases, the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33B. In some cases, the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33C. In some cases, the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33D. In some cases, the second polypeptide comprises two copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide. In some cases, the first polypeptide comprises a peptide linker between the epitope and the β 2M polypeptide. In some cases, the second polypeptide comprises a peptide linker between one or more of: a) a first copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide and a second copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide; b) the variant IL-2 polypeptide and the MHC heavy chain polypeptide; and c) between the MHC

heavy chain polypeptide and the IgG1 Fc polypeptide. In some cases, the peptide linker is selected from (GGGGS)₃ (SEQ ID NO:207), (GGGGS)₄ (SEQ ID NO:208), and AAAGG (SEQ ID NO:73).

[0440] In some cases, multimeric polypeptide comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) an epitope comprising the amino acid sequence YMLDLQPETT (SEQ ID NO:77); ii) a β 2-microglobulin polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 34A; and b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus: i) a variant IL-2 polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 34B; ii) a major histocompatibility complex (MHC) heavy chain polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 34C; and iii) an IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33A, 33B, 33C, or 33D. In some cases, the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33B. In some cases, the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33C. In some cases, the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33D. In some cases, the second polypeptide comprises two copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide. In some cases, the first polypeptide comprises a peptide linker between the epitope and the β 2M polypeptide. In some cases, the second polypeptide comprises a peptide linker between one or more of: a) a first copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide and a second copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide; b) the variant IL-2 polypeptide and the MHC heavy chain polypeptide; and c) between the MHC heavy chain polypeptide and the IgG1 Fc polypeptide. In some cases, the peptide linker is selected from (GGGGS)₃ (SEQ ID NO:207), (GGGGS)₄ (SEQ ID NO:208), and AAAGG (SEQ ID NO:73). In some cases, the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33B. In some cases, the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33C. In some cases, the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33D.

[0441] In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 31; and b) a second polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 22.

[0442] In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 31; and b) a second polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 25.

[0443] In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide comprises: a) a first polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 31; and ab) a second polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 28.

Formulations, Doses, and Routes of Administration

[0444] In carrying out a treatment method of the present disclosure, a synTac can be formulated in a composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient, and an immune checkpoint inhibitor can be formulated in a composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient. For simplicity, the term “active agent” is used below to refer to a synTac or an immune checkpoint inhibitor. In general, the synTac and the immune checkpoint inhibitor are present in separate compositions.

[0445] The composition may comprise a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient, a variety of which are known in the art

and need not be discussed in detail herein. Pharmaceutically acceptable excipients have been amply described in a variety of publications, including, for example, "Remington: The Science and Practice of Pharmacy", 19th Ed. (1995), or latest edition, Mack Publishing Co; A. Gennaro (2000) "Remington: The Science and Practice of Pharmacy", 20th edition, Lippincott, Williams, & Wilkins; Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms and Drug Delivery Systems (1999) H. C. Ansel et al., eds 7th ed., Lippincott, Williams, & Wilkins; and Handbook of Pharmaceutical Excipients (2000) A. H. Kibbe et al., eds., 3rd ed. Amer. Pharmaceutical Assoc.

[0446] A pharmaceutical composition can comprise a synTac or an immune checkpoint inhibitor, and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient. In some cases, a pharmaceutical composition will be suitable for administration to a subject, e.g., will be sterile. For example, in some cases, a pharmaceutical composition will be suitable for administration to a human subject, e.g., where the composition is sterile and is free of detectable pyrogens and/or other toxins.

[0447] The compositions may comprise other components, such as pharmaceutical grades of mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharin, talcum, cellulose, glucose, sucrose, magnesium, carbonate, and the like. The compositions may contain pharmaceutically acceptable auxiliary substances as required to approximate physiological conditions such as pH adjusting and buffering agents, toxicity adjusting agents and the like, for example, sodium acetate, sodium chloride, potassium chloride, calcium chloride, sodium lactate, hydrochloride, sulfate salts, solvates (e.g., mixed ionic salts, water, organics), hydrates (e.g., water), and the like.

[0448] For example, compositions may include aqueous solution, powder form, granules, tablets, pills, suppositories, capsules, suspensions, sprays, and the like. The composition may be formulated according to the various routes of administration described below.

[0449] Where an active agent (a synTac or an immune checkpoint inhibitor) is administered as an injectable (e.g. subcutaneously, intraperitoneally, intramuscularly, and/or intravenously) directly into a tissue, a formulation can be provided as a ready-to-use dosage form, or as non-aqueous form (e.g. a reconstitutable storage-stable powder) or aqueous form, such as liquid composed of pharmaceutically acceptable carriers and excipients. The formulations may also be provided so as to enhance serum half-life of an active agent following administration. For example, the protein may be provided in a liposome formulation, prepared as a colloid, or other conventional techniques for extending serum half-life. A variety of methods are available for preparing liposomes, as described in, e.g., Szoka et al. 1980 *Ann. Rev. Biophys. Bioeng.* 9:467, U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,235,871, 4,501,728 and 4,837,028. The preparations may also be provided in controlled release or slow-release forms.

[0450] Other examples of formulations suitable for parenteral administration include isotonic sterile injection solutions, anti-oxidants, bacteriostats, and solutes that render the formulation isotonic with the blood of the intended recipient, suspending agents, solubilizers, thickening agents, stabilizers, and preservatives. For example, a subject pharmaceutical composition can be present in a container, e.g., a sterile container, such as a syringe. The formulations can be presented in unit-dose or multi-dose sealed containers, such as ampules and vials, and can be stored in a freeze-dried (lyophilized) condition requiring only the addition of the

sterile liquid excipient, for example, water, for injections, immediately prior to use. Extemporaneous injection solutions and suspensions can be prepared from sterile powders, granules, and tablets.

[0451] The concentration of an active agent (a synTac or an immune checkpoint inhibitor) in a formulation can vary widely (e.g., from less than about 0.1%, usually at or at least about 2% to as much as 20% to 50% or more by weight) and will usually be selected primarily based on fluid volumes, viscosities, and patient-based factors in accordance with the particular mode of administration selected and the patient's needs.

[0452] The present disclosure provides a container comprising an active agent (a synTac or an immune checkpoint inhibitor), e.g., a container comprising a liquid composition comprising an active agent. The container can be, e.g., a syringe, an ampoule, and the like. In some cases, the container is sterile. In some cases, both the container and the composition are sterile.

[0453] The present disclosure provides compositions, including pharmaceutical compositions, comprising an active agent (a synTac or an immune checkpoint inhibitor). A composition can comprise: a) an active agent (a synTac or an immune checkpoint inhibitor); and b) an excipient, as described above. In some cases, the excipient is a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

Compositions Comprising a Nucleic Acid or a Recombinant Expression Vector

[0454] In some cases, a synTac is administered as a multimeric polypeptide per se. In other instances, one or more nucleic acids comprising nucleotide sequences encoding a synTac are administered, instead of administering a synTac as a multimeric polypeptide per se. The nucleic acid(s) can be present in a pharmaceutical composition. A pharmaceutical composition can comprise one or more recombinant expression vectors comprising the one or more nucleic acids. A wide variety of pharmaceutically acceptable excipients is known in the art and need not be discussed in detail herein. Pharmaceutically acceptable excipients have been amply described in a variety of publications, including, for example, A. Gennaro (2000) "Remington: The Science and Practice of Pharmacy", 20th edition, Lippincott, Williams, & Wilkins; Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms and Drug Delivery Systems (1999) H. C. Ansel et al., eds 7th ed., Lippincott, Williams, & Wilkins; and Handbook of Pharmaceutical Excipients (2000) A. H. Kibbe et al., eds., 3rd ed. Amer. Pharmaceutical Assoc.

[0455] A pharmaceutical formulation can include a nucleic acid or recombinant expression vector of the present disclosure in an amount of from about 0.001% to about 90% (w/w). In the description of formulations, below, "nucleic acid or recombinant expression vector" will be understood to include a nucleic acid or recombinant expression vector comprising nucleotide sequences encoding a synTac.

[0456] A nucleic acid or recombinant expression vector can be admixed, encapsulated, conjugated or otherwise associated with other compounds or mixtures of compounds; such compounds can include, e.g., liposomes or receptor-targeted molecules. A nucleic acid or recombinant expression vector can be combined in a formulation with one or more components that assist in uptake, distribution and/or absorption.

[0457] A nucleic acid or recombinant expression vector composition can be formulated into any of many possible dosage forms such as, but not limited to, tablets, capsules, gel capsules, liquid syrups, soft gels, suppositories, and enemas. A nucleic acid or recombinant expression vector composition can also be formulated as suspensions in aqueous, non-aqueous or mixed media. Aqueous suspensions may further contain substances which increase the viscosity of the suspension including, for example, sodium carboxymethylcellulose, sorbitol and/or dextran. The suspension may also contain stabilizers.

[0458] A formulation comprising a nucleic acid or recombinant expression vector can be a liposomal formulation. As used herein, the term “liposome” means a vesicle composed of amphiphilic lipids arranged in a spherical bilayer or bilayers. Liposomes are unilamellar or multilamellar vesicles which have a membrane formed from a lipophilic material and an aqueous interior that contains the composition to be delivered. Cationic liposomes are positively charged liposomes that can interact with negatively charged DNA molecules to form a stable complex. Liposomes that are pH sensitive or negatively charged are believed to entrap DNA rather than complex with it. Both cationic and non-cationic liposomes can be used to deliver a subject nucleic acid or recombinant expression vector.

[0459] Liposomes also include “sterically stabilized” liposomes, a term which, as used herein, refers to liposomes comprising one or more specialized lipids that, when incorporated into liposomes, result in enhanced circulation lifetimes relative to liposomes lacking such specialized lipids. Examples of sterically stabilized liposomes are those in which part of the vesicle-forming lipid portion of the liposome comprises one or more glycolipids or is derivatized with one or more hydrophilic polymers, such as a polyethylene glycol (PEG) moiety. Liposomes and their uses are further described in U.S. Pat. No. 6,287,860, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

[0460] The formulations and compositions of the present disclosure may also include surfactants. The use of surfactants in drug products, formulations and in emulsions is well known in the art. Surfactants and their uses are further described in U.S. Pat. No. 6,287,860.

[0461] In one embodiment, various penetration enhancers are included, to effect the efficient delivery of nucleic acids. In addition to aiding the diffusion of non-lipophilic drugs across cell membranes, penetration enhancers also enhance the permeability of lipophilic drugs. Penetration enhancers may be classified as belonging to one of five broad categories, i.e., surfactants, fatty acids, bile salts, chelating agents, and non-chelating non-surfactants. Penetration enhancers and their uses are further described in U.S. Pat. No. 6,287,860, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

[0462] Compositions and formulations for oral administration include powders or granules, microparticulates, nanoparticulates, suspensions or solutions in water or non-aqueous media, capsules, gel capsules, sachets, tablets, or minitables. Thickeners, flavoring agents, diluents, emulsifiers, dispersing aids or binders may be desirable. Suitable oral formulations include those in which a subject antisense nucleic acid is administered in conjunction with one or more penetration enhancers surfactants and chelators. Suitable surfactants include, but are not limited to, fatty acids and/or esters or salts thereof, bile acids and/or salts thereof. Suitable bile acids/salts and fatty acids and their uses are further

described in U.S. Pat. No. 6,287,860. Also suitable are combinations of penetration enhancers, for example, fatty acids/salts in combination with bile acids/salts. An exemplary suitable combination is the sodium salt of lauric acid, capric acid, and UDCA. Further penetration enhancers include, but are not limited to, polyoxyethylene-9-lauryl ether, and polyoxyethylene-20-cetyl ether. Suitable penetration enhancers also include propylene glycol, dimethylsulfoxide, triethanolamine, N,N-dimethylacetamide, N,N-dimethylformamide, 2-pyrrolidone and derivatives thereof, tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol, and AZONE™.

Treatment Methods

[0463] The present disclosure provides a treatment method, comprising administering a synTac and an immune checkpoint inhibitor. In some cases, the method comprises administering to an individual in need thereof: a) a first composition comprising a synTac; and b) a second composition comprising an immune checkpoint inhibitor. In some cases, a treatment method of the present disclosure comprises administering to an individual in need thereof: a) a first composition comprising one or more recombinant expression vectors comprising nucleotide sequences encoding a synTac; and b) a second composition comprising an immune checkpoint inhibitor. In some cases, a treatment method of the present disclosure comprises administering to an individual in need thereof: a) a first composition comprising one or more mRNA molecules comprising nucleotide sequences encoding a multimeric polypeptide; and b) a second composition comprising an immune checkpoint inhibitor. In some cases, the immune checkpoint inhibitor is an antibody specific for an immune checkpoint polypeptide.

[0464] Thus, for example, a treatment method of the present disclosure can comprise co-administration of a synTac (e.g., a 4-1BBL synTac, IL-2 synTac, etc., as described above) and an antibody specific for an immune checkpoint. By “co-administration” is meant that both a synTac (e.g., a 4-1BBL synTac, IL-2 synTac, etc., as described above) and an antibody specific for an immune checkpoint are administered to an individual, although not necessarily at the same time, in order to achieve a therapeutic effect that is the result of having administered both the synTac and the immune checkpoint inhibitor. The administration of the synTac (e.g., a 4-1BBL synTac, IL-2 synTac, etc.) and the antibody specific for an immune checkpoint can be substantially simultaneous, e.g., the synTac (e.g., a 4-1BBL synTac, IL-2 synTac, etc.) can be administered to an individual within about 1 minute to about 24 hours (e.g., within about 1 minute, within about 5 minutes, within about 15 minutes, within about 30 minutes, within about 1 hour, within about 4 hours, within about 8 hours, within about 12 hours, or within about 24 hours) of administration of the antibody specific for an immune checkpoint. In some cases, a synTac (e.g., a 4-1BBL synTac, IL-2 synTac, etc.) is administered to an individual who is undergoing treatment with an antibody specific for an immune checkpoint. The administration of the synTac (e.g., a 4-1BBL synTac, IL-2 synTac, etc.) and the antibody specific for an immune checkpoint can occur at different times and/or at different frequencies.

[0465] Thus, for example, a treatment method of the present disclosure can comprise co-administration of a 4-1BBL synTac and an antibody specific for an immune checkpoint. By “co-administration” is meant that both a 4-1BBL synTac and an antibody specific for an immune

checkpoint are administered to an individual, although not necessarily at the same time, in order to achieve a therapeutic effect that is the result of having administered both the synTac and the immune checkpoint inhibitor. The administration of the 4-1BBL synTac and the antibody specific for an immune checkpoint can be substantially simultaneous, e.g., the 4-1BBL synTac can be administered to an individual within about 1 minute to about 24 hours (e.g., within about 1 minute, within about 5 minutes, within about 15 minutes, within about 30 minutes, within about 1 hour, within about 4 hours, within about 8 hours, within about 12 hours, or within about 24 hours) of administration of the antibody specific for an immune checkpoint. In some cases, a 4-1BBL synTac is administered to an individual who is undergoing treatment with an antibody specific for an immune checkpoint. The administration of the 4-1BBL synTac and the antibody specific for an immune checkpoint can occur at different times and/or at different frequencies.

[0466] As another example, a treatment method of the present disclosure can comprise co-administration of a synTac (e.g., an IL-2 synTac, as described above) and an antibody specific for an immune checkpoint. By “co-administration” is meant that both an IL-2 synTac and an antibody specific for an immune checkpoint are administered to an individual, although not necessarily at the same time, in order to achieve a therapeutic effect that is the result of having administered both the synTac and the immune checkpoint inhibitor. The administration of the IL-2 synTac and the antibody specific for an immune checkpoint can be substantially simultaneous, e.g., the IL-2 synTac can be administered to an individual within about 1 minute to about 24 hours (e.g., within about 1 minute, within about 5 minutes, within about 15 minutes, within about 30 minutes, within about 1 hour, within about 4 hours, within about 8 hours, within about 12 hours, or within about 24 hours) of administration of the antibody specific for an immune checkpoint. In some cases, an IL-2 synTac is administered to an individual who is undergoing treatment with an antibody specific for an immune checkpoint. The administration of the IL-2 synTac and the antibody specific for an immune checkpoint can occur at different times and/or at different frequencies.

[0467] The present disclosure provides a treatment method, comprising administering a synTac and an immune checkpoint inhibitor. A treatment method of the present disclosure can modulate an activity of a target T cell. In some cases, e.g., where the target T cell is a CD8⁺ T cell, the multimeric polypeptide comprises Class I MHC polypeptides (e.g., β 2-microglobulin and Class I MHC heavy chain). In some cases, e.g., where the target T cell is a CD4⁺ T cell, the multimeric polypeptide comprises Class II MHC polypeptides (e.g., Class II MHC α chain; Class II MHC β chain).

[0468] Where a multimeric polypeptide includes an immunomodulatory polypeptide that is an activating polypeptide, a method of the present disclosure activates the epitope-specific T cell. In some instances, the epitope-specific T cell is a T cell that is specific for an epitope present on a cancer cell, and contacting the epitope-specific T cell with the multimeric polypeptide increases cytotoxic activity of the T cell toward the cancer cell. In some instances, the epitope-specific T cell is a T cell that is specific for an epitope present on a cancer cell, and a method of the present disclosure increases the number of the epitope-specific T cells.

[0469] In some instances, the epitope-specific T cell is a T cell that is specific for an epitope present on a virus-infected cell, and a method of the present disclosure increases cytotoxic activity of the T cell toward the virus-infected cell. In some instances, the epitope-specific T cell is a T cell that is specific for an epitope present on a virus-infected cell, and a method of the present disclosure increases the number of the epitope-specific T cells.

[0470] Where a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure includes an immunomodulatory polypeptide that is an inhibiting polypeptide, a method of the present disclosure inhibits the epitope-specific T cell. In some instances, the epitope-specific T cell is a self-reactive T cell that is specific for an epitope present in a self antigen, and a method of the present disclosure reduces the number of the self-reactive T cells.

[0471] In some cases, the immunomodulatory polypeptide is an activating polypeptide, and the multimeric polypeptide activates the epitope-specific T cell. In some cases, the epitope is a cancer-associated epitope, and the multimeric polypeptide increases the activity of a T cell specific for the cancer-associated epitope.

[0472] In some cases, a treatment method of the present disclosure treats a cancer in an individual having the cancer. Thus, the present disclosure provides a method of treating cancer in an individual, the method comprising administering to the individual: a) a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure, or one or more nucleic acids (e.g., expression vectors; mRNA; etc.) comprising nucleotide sequences encoding the multimeric polypeptide, where the multimeric polypeptide comprises a T-cell epitope that is a cancer epitope, and where the multimeric polypeptide comprises a stimulatory immunomodulatory polypeptide; and b) an immune checkpoint inhibitor. In some cases, “effective amounts” of a multimeric polypeptide and an immune checkpoint inhibitor are amounts that, when administered in one or more doses to an individual in need thereof, reduce the number of cancer cells in the individual. For example, in some cases, “effective amounts” of a multimeric polypeptide and an immune checkpoint inhibitor are amounts that, when administered in one or more doses to an individual in need thereof, reduce the number of cancer cells in the individual by at least 10%, at least 15%, at least 20%, at least 25%, at least 30%, at least 40%, at least 50%, at least 60%, at least 70%, at least 80%, at least 90%, or at least 95%, compared to the number of cancer cells in the individual before administration of the multimeric polypeptide and the immune checkpoint inhibitor, or in the absence of administration with the multimeric polypeptide and the immune checkpoint inhibitor. In some cases, “effective amounts” of a multimeric polypeptide and an immune checkpoint inhibitor are amounts that, when administered in one or more doses to an individual in need thereof, reduce the number of cancer cells in the individual to undetectable levels. In some cases, “effective amounts” of a multimeric polypeptide and an immune checkpoint inhibitor are amounts that, when administered in one or more doses to an individual in need thereof, reduce the tumor mass in the individual. For example, in some cases, “effective amounts” of a multimeric polypeptide and an immune checkpoint inhibitor are amounts that, when administered in one or more doses to an individual in need thereof, reduce the tumor mass in the individual by at least 10%, at least 15%, at least 20%, at least 25%, at least 30%, at least 40%, at least 50%, at least 60%,

at least 70%, at least 80%, at least 90%, or at least 95%, compared to the tumor mass in the individual before administration of the multimeric polypeptide and the immune checkpoint inhibitor, or in the absence of administration with the multimeric polypeptide and the immune checkpoint inhibitor. In some cases, “effective amounts” of a multimeric polypeptide and an immune checkpoint inhibitor are amounts that, when administered in one or more doses to an individual in need thereof, increase survival time of the individual. For example, in some cases, “effective amounts” of a multimeric polypeptide and an immune checkpoint inhibitor are amounts that, when administered in one or more doses to an individual in need thereof, increase survival time of the individual by at least 1 month, at least 2 months, at least 3 months, from 3 months to 6 months, from 6 months to 1 year, from 1 year to 2 years, from 2 years to 5 years, from 5 years to 10 years, or more than 10 years, compared to the expected survival time of the individual in the absence of administration with the multimeric polypeptide and the immune checkpoint inhibitor.

[0473] In some instances, the epitope-specific T cell is a T cell that is specific for an epitope present on a virus-infected cell, and a method of the present disclosure increases cytotoxic activity of the T cell toward the virus-infected cell. In some instances, the epitope-specific T cell is a T cell that is specific for an epitope present on a virus-infected cell, and a method of the present disclosure increases the number of the epitope-specific T cells.

[0474] As noted above, in some cases, in carrying out a subject treatment method, a multimeric polypeptide is administered to an individual in need thereof, as the polypeptide per se. In other instances, in carrying out a subject treatment method, one or more nucleic acids comprising nucleotide sequences encoding a multimeric polypeptide is/are administering to an individual in need thereof. Thus, in other instances, one or more nucleic acids encoding a synTac is/are administered to an individual in need thereof. Dosages—synTac

[0475] A suitable dosage of a synTac can be determined by an attending physician or other qualified medical personnel, based on various clinical factors. As is well known in the medical arts, dosages for any one patient depend upon many factors, including the patient’s size, body surface area, age, the particular polypeptide or nucleic acid to be administered, sex of the patient, time, and route of administration, general health, and other drugs being administered concurrently. A multimeric polypeptide (synTac) may be administered in amounts between 1 ng/kg body weight and 20 mg/kg body weight per dose, e.g. between 0.1 mg/kg body weight to 10 mg/kg body weight, e.g. between 0.5 mg/kg body weight to 5 mg/kg body weight; however, doses below or above this exemplary range are envisioned, especially considering the aforementioned factors. If the regimen is a continuous infusion, it can also be in the range of 1 μ g to 10 mg per kilogram of body weight per minute. A multimeric polypeptide can be administered in an amount of from about 1 mg/kg body weight to 50 mg/kg body weight, e.g., from about 1 mg/kg body weight to about 5 mg/kg body weight, from about 5 mg/kg body weight to about 10 mg/kg body weight, from about 10 mg/kg body weight to about 15 mg/kg body weight, from about 15 mg/kg body weight to about 20 mg/kg body weight, from about 20 mg/kg body weight to about 25 mg/kg body weight, from about 25 mg/kg body weight to about 30 mg/kg body weight, from about 30 mg/kg body

weight to about 35 mg/kg body weight, from about 35 mg/kg body weight to about 40 mg/kg body weight, or from about 40 mg/kg body weight to about 50 mg/kg body weight.

[0476] In some cases, a suitable dose of a multimeric polypeptide is from 0.01 μ g to 100 g per kg of body weight, from 0.1 μ g to 10 g per kg of body weight, from 1 μ g to 1 g per kg of body weight, from 10 μ g to 100 mg per kg of body weight, from 100 μ g to 10 mg per kg of body weight, or from 100 μ g to 1 mg per kg of body weight. Persons of ordinary skill in the art can easily estimate repetition rates for dosing based on measured residence times and concentrations of the administered agent in bodily fluids or tissues. Following successful treatment, it may be desirable to have the patient undergo maintenance therapy to prevent the recurrence of the disease state, wherein a multimeric polypeptide is administered in maintenance doses, ranging from 0.01 μ g to 100 g per kg of body weight, from 0.1 μ g to 10 g per kg of body weight, from 1 μ g to 1 g per kg of body weight, from 10 μ g to 100 mg per kg of body weight, from 100 μ g to 10 mg per kg of body weight, or from 100 μ g to 1 mg per kg of body weight.

[0477] Those of skill will readily appreciate that dose levels can vary as a function of the specific multimeric polypeptide, the severity of the symptoms and the susceptibility of the subject to side effects. Preferred dosages for a given compound are readily determinable by those of skill in the art by a variety of means.

[0478] In some embodiments, multiple doses of a multimeric polypeptide (or a nucleic acid or a recombinant expression vector encoding same) are administered. The frequency of administration of a multimeric polypeptide can vary depending on any of a variety of factors, e.g., severity of the symptoms, etc. For example, in some embodiments, a multimeric polypeptide is administered once per month, twice per month, three times per month, every other week (qow), once per week (qw), twice per week (biw), three times per week (tiw), four times per week, five times per week, six times per week, every other day (qod), daily (qd), twice a day (qid), or three times a day (tid).

[0479] The duration of administration of a multimeric polypeptide, e.g., the period of time over which a multimeric polypeptide is administered, can vary, depending on any of a variety of factors, e.g., patient response, etc. For example, a multimeric polypeptide can be administered over a period of time ranging from about one day to about one week, from about two weeks to about four weeks, from about one month to about two months, from about two months to about four months, from about four months to about six months, from about six months to about eight months, from about eight months to about 1 year, from about 1 year to about 2 years, or from about 2 years to about 4 years, or more.

[0480] A suitable dosage of a synTac can be determined by an attending physician or other qualified medical personnel, based on various clinical factors. As is well known in the medical arts, dosages for any one patient depend upon many factors, including the patient’s size, body surface area, age, the particular polypeptide or nucleic acid to be administered, sex of the patient, time, and route of administration, general health, and other drugs being administered concurrently. A multimeric polypeptide (synTac) may be administered in amounts between 1 ng/kg body weight and 20 mg/kg body weight per dose, e.g. between 0.1 mg/kg body weight to 10 mg/kg body weight, e.g. between 0.5 mg/kg body weight to 5 mg/kg body weight; however, doses below or above this

exemplary range are envisioned, especially considering the aforementioned factors. If the regimen is a continuous infusion, it can also be in the range of 1 μ g to 10 mg per kilogram of body weight per minute. A multimeric polypeptide can be administered in an amount of from about 1 mg/kg body weight to 50 mg/kg body weight, e.g., from about 1 mg/kg body weight to about 5 mg/kg body weight, from about 5 mg/kg body weight to about 10 mg/kg body weight, from about 10 mg/kg body weight to about 15 mg/kg body weight, from about 15 mg/kg body weight to about 20 mg/kg body weight, from about 20 mg/kg body weight to about 25 mg/kg body weight, from about 25 mg/kg body weight to about 30 mg/kg body weight, from about 30 mg/kg body weight to about 35 mg/kg body weight, from about 35 mg/kg body weight to about 40 mg/kg body weight, or from about 40 mg/kg body weight to about 50 mg/kg body weight.

[0481] In some cases, a suitable dose of a multimeric polypeptide is from 0.01 μ g to 100 g per kg of body weight, from 0.1 μ g to 10 g per kg of body weight, from 1 μ g to 1 g per kg of body weight, from 10 μ g to 100 mg per kg of body weight, from 100 μ g to 10 mg per kg of body weight, or from 100 μ g to 1 mg per kg of body weight. Persons of ordinary skill in the art can easily estimate repetition rates for dosing based on measured residence times and concentrations of the administered agent in bodily fluids or tissues. Following successful treatment, it may be desirable to have the patient undergo maintenance therapy to prevent the recurrence of the disease state, wherein a multimeric polypeptide is administered in maintenance doses, ranging from 0.01 μ g to 100 g per kg of body weight, from 0.1 μ g to 10 g per kg of body weight, from 1 μ g to 1 g per kg of body weight, from 10 μ g to 100 mg per kg of body weight, from 100 μ g to 10 mg per kg of body weight, or from 100 μ g to 1 mg per kg of body weight.

[0482] Those of skill will readily appreciate that dose levels can vary as a function of the specific multimeric polypeptide, the severity of the symptoms and the susceptibility of the subject to side effects. Preferred dosages for a given compound are readily determinable by those of skill in the art by a variety of means.

[0483] In some embodiments, multiple doses of a multimeric polypeptide (or a nucleic acid or a recombinant expression vector encoding same) are administered. The frequency of administration of a multimeric polypeptide can vary depending on any of a variety of factors, e.g., severity of the symptoms, etc. For example, in some embodiments, a multimeric polypeptide is administered once per month, twice per month, three times per month, every other week (qow), once per week (qw), twice per week (biw), three times per week (tiw), four times per week, five times per week, six times per week, every other day (qod), daily (qd), twice a day (qid), or three times a day (tid).

[0484] The duration of administration of a multimeric polypeptide, e.g., the period of time over which a multimeric polypeptide is administered, can vary, depending on any of a variety of factors, e.g., patient response, etc. For example, a multimeric polypeptide can be administered over a period of time ranging from about one day to about one week, from about two weeks to about four weeks, from about one month to about two months, from about two months to about four months, from about four months to about six months, from about six months to about eight months, from about eight months to about 1 year, from about 1 year to about 2 years, or from about 2 years to about 4 years, or more.

Dosages—Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor

[0485] A suitable dosage of an immune checkpoint inhibitor can be determined by an attending physician or other qualified medical personnel, based on various clinical factors. As is well known in the medical arts, dosages for any one patient depend upon many factors, including the patient's size, body surface area, age, the particular polypeptide or nucleic acid to be administered, sex of the patient, time, and route of administration, general health, and other drugs being administered concurrently. An immune checkpoint inhibitor may be administered in amounts between 1 ng/kg body weight and 20 mg/kg body weight per dose, e.g. between 0.1 mg/kg body weight to 10 mg/kg body weight, e.g. between 0.5 mg/kg body weight to 5 mg/kg body weight; however, doses below or above this exemplary range are envisioned, especially considering the aforementioned factors. If the regimen is a continuous infusion, it can also be in the range of 1 μ g to 10 mg per kilogram of body weight per minute. An immune checkpoint inhibitor can be administered in an amount of from about 1 mg/kg body weight to 50 mg/kg body weight, e.g., from about 1 mg/kg body weight to about 5 mg/kg body weight, from about 5 mg/kg body weight to about 10 mg/kg body weight, from about 10 mg/kg body weight to about 15 mg/kg body weight, from about 15 mg/kg body weight to about 20 mg/kg body weight, from about 20 mg/kg body weight to about 25 mg/kg body weight, from about 25 mg/kg body weight to about 30 mg/kg body weight, from about 30 mg/kg body weight to about 35 mg/kg body weight, from about 35 mg/kg body weight to about 40 mg/kg body weight, or from about 40 mg/kg body weight to about 50 mg/kg body weight.

[0486] In some cases, a suitable dose of an immune checkpoint inhibitor is from 0.01 μ g to 100 μ g per kg of body weight, from 0.1 μ g to 10 g per kg of body weight, from 1 μ g to 1 g per kg of body weight, from 10 μ g to 100 mg per kg of body weight, from 100 μ g to 10 mg per kg of body weight, or from 100 μ g to 1 mg per kg of body weight. Persons of ordinary skill in the art can easily estimate repetition rates for dosing based on measured residence times and concentrations of the administered agent in bodily fluids or tissues. Following successful treatment, it may be desirable to have the patient undergo maintenance therapy to prevent the recurrence of the disease state, wherein an immune checkpoint inhibitor is administered in maintenance doses, ranging from 0.01 μ g to 100 g per kg of body weight, from 0.1 μ g to 10 g per kg of body weight, from 1 μ g to 1 g per kg of body weight, from 10 μ g to 100 mg per kg of body weight, from 100 μ g to 10 mg per kg of body weight, or from 100 μ g to 1 mg per kg of body weight.

[0487] Those of skill will readily appreciate that dose levels can vary as a function of the specific immune checkpoint inhibitor, the severity of the symptoms and the susceptibility of the subject to side effects. Preferred dosages for a given compound are readily determinable by those of skill in the art by a variety of means.

[0488] In some embodiments, multiple doses of an immune checkpoint inhibitor are administered. The frequency of administration an immune checkpoint inhibitor can vary depending on any of a variety of factors, e.g., severity of the symptoms, etc. For example, in some embodiments, a multimeric polypeptide is administered once per month, twice per month, three times per month, every other week (qow), once per week (qw), twice per week (biw), three times per week (tiw), four times per week, five

times per week, six times per week, every other day (qod), daily (qd), twice a day (qid), or three times a day (tid).

[0489] The duration of administration of an immune checkpoint inhibitor, e.g., the period of time over which an immune checkpoint inhibitor is administered, can vary, depending on any of a variety of factors, e.g., patient response, etc. For example, an immune checkpoint inhibitor can be administered over a period of time ranging from about one day to about one week, from about two weeks to about four weeks, from about one month to about two months, from about two months to about four months, from about four months to about six months, from about six months to about eight months, from about eight months to about 1 year, from about 1 year to about 2 years, or from about 2 years to about 4 years, or more.

[0490] The following are non-limiting examples.

[0491] Pembrolizumab can be administered to an individual in need thereof in an amount of 2 mg/kg every 3 weeks. Pembrolizumab can be administered to an individual in need thereof in an amount of 200 mg every 3 weeks. In some cases, a method of the present disclosure provides for a reduced amount of an anti-PD1 that needs to be administered to achieve clinical benefit. For example, in some cases, the amount of pembrolizumab that needs to be administered to achieve clinical benefit can be reduced by from 10% to 50%, or more than 50%, compared to the amount of pembrolizumab that needs to be administered to achieve clinical benefit in the absence of treatment with a synTac.

[0492] Nivolumab can be administered to an individual in need thereof in an amount of 3 mg/kg every 2 weeks. Nivolumab can be administered to an individual in need thereof in an amount of 240 mg every 2 weeks. In some cases, a method of the present disclosure provides for a reduced amount of an anti-PD1 that needs to be administered to achieve clinical benefit. For example, in some cases, the amount of nivolumab that needs to be administered to achieve clinical benefit can be reduced by from 10% to 50%, or more than 50%, compared to the amount of nivolumab that needs to be administered to achieve clinical benefit in the absence of treatment with a synTac.

[0493] Atezolizumab can be administered to an individual in need thereof in an amount of 1200 mg every 3 weeks. In some cases, a method of the present disclosure provides for a reduced amount of an anti-PD1 that needs to be administered to achieve clinical benefit. For example, in some cases, the amount of atezolizumab that needs to be administered to achieve clinical benefit can be reduced by from 10% to 50%, or more than 50%, compared to the amount of atezolizumab that needs to be administered to achieve clinical benefit in the absence of treatment with a synTac.

[0494] Ipilimumab can be administered to an individual in need thereof in an amount of 3 mg/kg every 3 weeks. Ipilimumab can be administered to an individual in need thereof in an amount of 10 mg/kg every 3 weeks. Ipilimumab can be administered to an individual in need thereof in an amount of 10 mg/kg every 12 weeks. In some cases, a method of the present disclosure provides for a reduced amount of an anti-PD1 that needs to be administered to achieve clinical benefit. For example, in some cases, the amount of ipilimumab that needs to be administered to achieve clinical benefit can be reduced by from 10% to 50%, or more than 50%, compared to the amount of ipilimumab that needs to be administered to achieve clinical benefit in the absence of treatment with a synTac.

Routes of Administration

[0495] An active agent (a multimeric polypeptide; an immune checkpoint inhibitor) is administered to an individual using any available method and route suitable for drug delivery, including in vivo and ex vivo methods, as well as systemic and localized routes of administration. In some cases, a synTac is administered by a first route of administration; and an immune checkpoint inhibitor is administered by a second route of administration that is different from the first route of administration. In some cases, a synTac and an immune checkpoint inhibitor are administered by the same routes of administration.

[0496] Conventional and pharmaceutically acceptable routes of administration include intratumoral, peritumoral, intramuscular, intratracheal, intracranial, subcutaneous, intradermal, topical application, intravenous, intraarterial, rectal, nasal, oral, and other enteral and parenteral routes of administration. Routes of administration may be combined, if desired, or adjusted depending upon the multimeric polypeptide, the immune checkpoint inhibitor and/or the desired effect.

[0497] In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide is administered intravenously; and an immune checkpoint inhibitor intravenously. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide is administered intramuscularly; and an immune checkpoint inhibitor intramuscularly. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide is administered locally; and an immune checkpoint inhibitor locally. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide is administered intratumorally; and an immune checkpoint inhibitor intratumorally. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide is administered peritumorally; and an immune checkpoint inhibitor peritumorally. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide is administered intracranially; and an immune checkpoint inhibitor intracranially. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide is administered subcutaneously; and an immune checkpoint inhibitor subcutaneously.

[0498] In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide is administered intravenously; and an immune checkpoint inhibitor peritumorally. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide is administered intramuscularly; and an immune checkpoint inhibitor intravenously. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide is administered systemically; and an immune checkpoint inhibitor locally. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide is administered intratumorally; and an immune checkpoint inhibitor intravenously. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide is administered systemically; and an immune checkpoint inhibitor peritumorally. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide is administered intravenously; and an immune checkpoint inhibitor intracranially. In some cases, a multimeric polypeptide is administered subcutaneously; and an immune checkpoint inhibitor intravenously.

[0499] A multimeric polypeptide and an immune checkpoint inhibitor can be administered to a host using any available conventional methods and routes suitable for delivery of conventional drugs, including systemic or localized routes. In general, routes of administration contemplated for use in a method of the present disclosure include, but are not necessarily limited to, enteral, parenteral, and inhalational routes.

[0500] Parenteral routes of administration other than inhalation administration include, but are not necessarily limited to, topical, transdermal, subcutaneous, intramuscular, intraorbital, intracapsular, intraspinal, intrasternal, intratumoral, peritumoral, and intravenous routes, i.e., any route of admin-

istration other than through the alimentary canal. Parenteral administration can be carried to effect systemic or local delivery of an active agent (a synTac or an immune checkpoint inhibitor). Where systemic delivery is desired, administration can involve intravenous delivery.

Subjects Suitable for Treatment

[0501] Subjects suitable for treatment with a method of the present disclosure include individuals who have cancer, including individuals who have been diagnosed as having cancer, individuals who have been treated for cancer but who failed to respond to the treatment, and individuals who have been treated for cancer and who initially responded but subsequently became refractory to the treatment. Subjects suitable for treatment with a method of the present disclosure include individuals who have an infection (e.g., an infection with a pathogen such as a bacterium, a virus, a protozoan, etc.), including individuals who have been diagnosed as having an infection, and individuals who have been treated for an infection but who failed to respond to the treatment. Subjects suitable for treatment with a method of the present disclosure include individuals who have bacterial infection, including individuals who have been diagnosed as having a bacterial infection, and individuals who have been treated for a bacterial infection but who failed to respond to the treatment. Subjects suitable for treatment with a method of the present disclosure include individuals who have a viral infection, including individuals who have been diagnosed as having a viral infection, and individuals who have been treated for a viral infection but who failed to respond to the treatment. Subjects suitable for treatment with a method of the present disclosure include individuals who have an autoimmune disease, including individuals who have been diagnosed as having an autoimmune disease, and individuals who have been treated for an autoimmune disease but who failed to respond to the treatment.

[0502] In some cases, a method of the present disclosure comprises administering a synTac to an individual who is undergoing treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor. In some cases, a method of the present disclosure comprises administering a synTac to an individual who is undergoing treatment with an anti-PD1 antibody. For example, in some cases, a method of the present disclosure comprises administering a synTac to an individual who is undergoing treatment with pembrolizumab. As another example, in some cases, a method of the present disclosure comprises administering a synTac to an individual who is undergoing treatment with nivolumab. In some cases, a method of the present disclosure comprises administering a synTac to an individual who is undergoing treatment with an anti-PD-L1 antibody. For example, in some cases, a method of the present disclosure comprises administering a synTac to an individual who is undergoing treatment with atezolizumab. In some cases, a method of the present disclosure comprises administering a synTac to an individual who is undergoing treatment with an anti-CTLA4 antibody. For example, in some cases, a method of the present disclosure comprises administering a synTac to an individual who is undergoing treatment with ipilimumab. As another example, in some cases, a method of the present disclosure comprises administering a synTac to an individual who is undergoing treatment with tremelimumab.

[0503] In some cases, e.g., where the epitope is an HPV epitope, a subject suitable for treatment with a method of the

present disclosure is an individual who has been diagnosed as having an HPV-associated cancer or an HPV-attributable cancer. HPV-associated and HPV-attributable cancers include, e.g., head and neck cancer; cervical cancer; and genitoanal cancer.

Methods of Selectively Delivering a Costimulatory Polypeptide Together with an Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor to an Individual

[0504] The present disclosure thus provides a method of delivering a costimulatory polypeptide such as IL-2, or a reduced-affinity variant of a naturally occurring costimulatory polypeptide such as an IL-2 variant disclosed herein, to a selected T cell or a selected T cell population, e.g., in a manner such that a TCR specific for a given epitope is targeted, together with co-administration of a checkpoint inhibitor so as to provide the patient with the therapeutic effect of both the selective delivery of the costimulatory polypeptide and the checkpoint inhibitor. The present disclosure provides a method of delivering a costimulatory polypeptide such as IL-2, or a reduced-affinity variant of a naturally occurring costimulatory polypeptide such as an IL-2 variant disclosed herein, selectively to a target T cell bearing a TCR specific for the epitope present in a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure, together with co-administration of a checkpoint inhibitor so as to provide the patient with the therapeutic effect of both the selective delivery of the costimulatory polypeptide and the checkpoint inhibitor. The method comprises contacting a population of T cells with a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure. The population of T cells can be a mixed population that comprises: i) the target T cell; and ii) non-target T cells that are not specific for the epitope (e.g., T cells that are specific for an epitope(s) other than the epitope to which the epitope-specific T cell binds). The epitope-specific T cell is specific for the epitope-presenting peptide present in the multimeric polypeptide, and binds to the peptide HLA complex or peptide MHC complex provided by the multimeric polypeptide. Contacting the population of T cells with the multimeric polypeptide delivers the costimulatory polypeptide (e.g., IL-2 or a reduced-affinity variant of IL-2) present in the multimeric polypeptide selectively to the T cell(s) that are specific for the epitope present in the multimeric polypeptide. The checkpoint inhibitor is co-administered with the multimeric polypeptide (either together or at different times before and/or after administration of the multimeric polypeptide) so as to provide the patient with the therapeutic effect of both the selective delivery of the costimulatory polypeptide and the checkpoint inhibitor.

[0505] Thus, the present disclosure provides a method of delivering to a patient (i) a checkpoint inhibitor as described above and (ii) a costimulatory polypeptide such as IL-2, or a reduced-affinity variant of a naturally occurring costimulatory polypeptide such as an IL-2 variant disclosed herein, or a combination of both, selectively to a target T cell, the method comprising contacting a mixed population of T cells with a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure. The mixed population of T cells comprises the target T cell and non-target T cells. The target T cell is specific for the epitope present within the multimeric polypeptide. Contacting the mixed population of T cells with a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure delivers the costimulatory polypeptide(s) present within the multimeric polypeptide to the target T cell. The co-administration of the checkpoint inhibitor with the multimeric polypeptide (either together or at

different times before and/or after administration of the multimeric polypeptide) thus provides the patient with the therapeutic effect of both the selective delivery of the costimulatory polypeptide and the checkpoint inhibitor.

[0506] For example, a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure is contacted with a population of T cells comprising: i) a target T cell(s) that is specific for the epitope present in the multimeric polypeptide; and ii) a non-target T cell(s), e.g., a T cell(s) that is specific for a second epitope(s) that is not the epitope present in the multimeric polypeptide. Contacting the population results in selective delivery of the costimulatory polypeptide(s) (e.g., naturally-occurring costimulatory polypeptide (e.g., naturally occurring IL-2) or reduced-affinity variant of a naturally occurring costimulatory polypeptide (e.g., an IL-2 variant disclosed herein)), which is present in the multimeric polypeptide, to the target T cell. Thus, e.g., less than 50%, less than 40%, less than 30%, less than 25%, less than 20%, less than 15%, less than 10%, less than 5%, or less than 4%, 3%, 2% or 1%, of the non-target T cells bind the multimeric polypeptide and, as a result, the costimulatory polypeptide (e.g., IL-2 or IL-2 variant) present in the multimeric polypeptides is substantially not delivered to the non-target T cells. The co-administration of the checkpoint inhibitor with the multimeric polypeptide (either together or at different times before and/or after administration of the multimeric polypeptide) thus provides the patient with the therapeutic effect of both the selective delivery of the costimulatory polypeptide and the checkpoint inhibitor.

[0507] In some cases, the population of T cells is in vitro. In some cases, the population of T cells is in vitro, and a biological response (e.g., T cell activation and/or expansion and/or phenotypic differentiation) of the target T cell population to the multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure is elicited in the context of an in vitro culture. For example, a mixed population of T cells can be obtained from an individual, and can be contacted with the multimeric polypeptide in vitro. Such contacting can comprise single or multiple exposures of the population of T cells to a defined dose(s) and/or exposure schedule(s). In some cases, said contacting results in selectively binding/activating and/or expanding target T cells within the population of T cells, and results in generation of a population of activated and/or expanded target T cells. As an example, a mixed population of T cells can be peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC). For example, PBMC from a patient can be obtained by standard blood drawing and PBMC enrichment techniques before being exposed to 0.1-1000 nM of a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure under standard lymphocyte culture conditions. At time points before, during, and after exposure of the mixed T cell population at a defined dose and schedule, the abundance of target T cells in the in vitro culture can be monitored by specific peptide-MHC multimers and/or phenotypic markers and/or functional activity (e.g. cytokine ELISpot assays). In some cases, upon achieving an optimal abundance and/or phenotype of antigen specific cells in vitro, all or a portion of the population of activated and/or expanded target T cells is administered to the individual (the individual from whom the mixed population of T cells was obtained), which individual already has received administration of a checkpoint inhibitor prior to the administration of the target T cells and/or will receive administration of a checkpoint inhibitor after the administration of target T cells.

[0508] In some cases, the population of T cells is in vitro. For example, a mixed population of T cells is obtained from an individual, and is contacted with a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure in vitro. Such contacting, which can comprise single or multiple exposures of the T cells to a defined dose(s) and/or exposure schedule(s) in the context of in vitro cell culture, can be used to determine whether the mixed population of T cells includes T cells that are specific for the epitope presented by the multimeric polypeptide. The presence of T cells that are specific for the epitope of the multimeric polypeptide can be determined by assaying a sample comprising a mixed population of T cells, which population of T cells comprises T cells that are not specific for the epitope (non-target T cells) and may comprise T cells that are specific for the epitope (target T cells). Known assays can be used to detect activation and/or proliferation of the target T cells, thereby providing an ex vivo assay that can determine whether a particular multimeric polypeptide (synTac) possesses an epitope that binds to T cells present in the individual and thus whether the multimeric polypeptide has potential use as a therapeutic composition for that individual. Suitable known assays for detection of activation and/or proliferation of target T cells include, e.g., flow cytometric characterization of T cell phenotype and/or antigen specificity and/or proliferation. Such an assay to detect the presence of epitope-specific T cells, e.g., a companion diagnostic, can further include additional assays (e.g. effector cytokine ELISpot assays) and/or appropriate controls (e.g. antigen-specific and antigen-nonspecific multimeric peptide-HLA staining reagents) to determine whether the multimeric polypeptide is selectively binding/activating and/or expanding the target T cell. Thus, for example, the present disclosure provides a method of detecting, in a mixed population of T cells obtained from an individual, the presence of a target T cell that binds an epitope of interest, the method comprising: a) contacting in vitro the mixed population of T cells with a multimeric polypeptide of the present disclosure, wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises the epitope of interest; and b) detecting activation and/or proliferation of T cells in response to said contacting, wherein activated and/or proliferated T cells indicates the presence of the target T cell. Alternatively, and/or in addition, if activation and/or expansion (proliferation) of the desired T cell population is obtained using the multimeric polypeptide, then all or a portion of the population of T cells comprising the activated/expanded T cells can be administered back to the individual (who has received administration of a checkpoint inhibitor before administration of the T cells and/or will receive administration of a checkpoint inhibitor after administration of the T cells) as a therapy.

[0509] In some instances, the population of T cells is in vivo in an individual. In such instances, a method of the present disclosure for selectively delivering a costimulatory polypeptide (e.g., IL-2 or a reduced-affinity IL-2) to an epitope-specific T cell comprises administering the multimeric polypeptide to the individual.

[0510] The epitope-specific T cell to which a costimulatory polypeptide (e.g., IL-2 or a reduced-affinity IL-2) is being selectively delivered is also referred to herein as a "target T cell." In some cases, the target T cell is a regulatory T cell (Treg). In some cases, the Treg inhibits or suppresses activity of an autoreactive T cell.

[0511] In some cases, the target T cell is a cytotoxic T cell. For example, the target T cell can be a cytotoxic T cell specific for a cancer epitope (e.g., an epitope presented by a cancer cell). Examples of Non-Limiting Aspects of the Disclosure

[0512] Aspects, including embodiments, of the present subject matter described above may be beneficial alone or in combination, with one or more other aspects or embodiments. Without limiting the foregoing description, certain non-limiting aspects of the disclosure designated Aspects 1-122, Aspects A-Z, Aspects AA-ZZ, and Aspects AAA-BBB, are provided below. As will be apparent to those of skill in the art upon reading this disclosure, each of the individually numbered aspects may be used or combined with any of the preceding or following individually numbered aspects. This is intended to provide support for all such combinations of aspects and is not limited to combinations of aspects explicitly provided below:

[0513] Aspect 1. A variant IL-2 polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 85% amino acid sequence identity to set forth in SEQ ID NO:1, wherein the variant IL-2 polypeptide has one or more amino acid substitutions relative to set forth in SEQ ID NO:1, and wherein the variant IL-2 polypeptide exhibits reduced binding affinity to an IL-2 receptor (IL2R) comprising alpha, beta, and gamma polypeptides having amino acid sequences depicted in FIG. 3A-3C, compared to the binding affinity of the IL-2 amino acid sequence set forth in one of SEQ ID NO:1 for the IL2R.

[0514] Aspect 2. The variant IL2 polypeptide of aspect 1, wherein the variant comprises a substitution of one or more of E15, H16, D20, F42, Y45, and Q126.

[0515] Aspect 3. The variant IL2 polypeptide of aspect 1 or aspect 2, wherein the variant immunomodulatory polypeptide exhibits from less than 10% to less than 50% of the binding affinity exhibited by the IL2 amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1 for the IL2R.

[0516] Aspect 4. The variant IL2 polypeptide of any one of aspects 1-3, wherein the variant comprises substitutions of F42 with Ala, Gly, Val, Ile, or Leu.

[0517] Aspect 5. The variant IL2 polypeptide of any one of aspects 1-3, wherein the variant comprises substitutions of F42 and D20.

[0518] Aspect 6. The variant IL2 polypeptide of any one of aspects 1-3, wherein the variant comprises substitutions of F42 and H16.

[0519] Aspect 7. The variant IL2 polypeptide of any one of aspects 1-3, wherein the variant comprises substitutions of F42, D20, and Y45; or wherein the variant comprises substitutions of F42, H16, and Q126.

[0520] Aspect 8. A multimeric polypeptide comprising:

[0521] a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0522] i) an epitope;

[0523] ii) a first major histocompatibility complex (MHC) polypeptide; and

[0524] b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0525] i) a second MHC polypeptide; and

[0526] ii) optionally an immunoglobulin (Ig) Fc polypeptide or a non-Ig scaffold,

[0527] wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises one or more immunomodulatory domains, wherein the one or more immunomodulatory domain is:

[0528] A) at the C-terminus of the first polypeptide;

[0529] B) at the N-terminus of the second polypeptide;

[0530] C) at the C-terminus of the second polypeptide; or

[0531] D) at the C-terminus of the first polypeptide and at the N-terminus of the second polypeptide,

[0532] wherein at least one of the one or more immunomodulatory domains is a variant IL2 polypeptide of any one of aspects 1-7, and

[0533] wherein the multimeric polypeptide exhibits reduced binding affinity to an IL-2 receptor (IL2R) comprising alpha, beta, and gamma polypeptides having amino acid sequences depicted in FIG. 3A-3C, compared to the binding affinity of a control multimeric polypeptide comprising the IL2 amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1 for the IL2R polypeptide.

[0534] Aspect 9. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 8, wherein:

[0535] a) the first polypeptide comprises, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0536] i) the epitope;

[0537] ii) the first MHC polypeptide; and

[0538] iii) the variant IL2 polypeptide; and

[0539] b) the second polypeptide comprises, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0540] i) the second MHC polypeptide; and

[0541] ii) the Ig Fc polypeptide.

[0542] Aspect 10. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 8, wherein:

[0543] a) the first polypeptide comprises, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0544] i) the epitope; and

[0545] ii) the first MHC polypeptide; and

[0546] b) the second polypeptide comprises, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0547] i) the variant IL2 polypeptide;

[0548] ii) the second MHC polypeptide; and

[0549] iii) the Ig Fc polypeptide.

[0550] Aspect 11. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 8, wherein:

[0551] a) the first polypeptide comprises, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0552] i) the epitope; and

[0553] ii) the first MHC polypeptide; and

[0554] b) the second polypeptide comprises, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0555] i) the second MHC polypeptide; and

[0556] ii) the variant IL2 polypeptide.

[0557] Aspect 12. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 8, wherein:

[0558] a) the first polypeptide comprises, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0559] i) the epitope; and

[0560] ii) the first MHC polypeptide; and

[0561] b) second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0562] i) the variant IL2 polypeptide; and

[0563] ii) the second MHC polypeptide.

[0564] Aspect 13. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 8, wherein:

[0565] a) the first polypeptide comprises, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0566] i) the epitope;

[0567] ii) the first MHC polypeptide; and

[0568] iii) the variant IL2 polypeptide; and

[0569] b) the second polypeptide comprises the second MHC polypeptide.

[0570] Aspect 14. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 8, wherein the non-Ig scaffold is an XTEN polypeptide, a transferrin polypeptide, an elastin-like polypeptide, a silk-like polypeptide, or a silk-elastin-like polypeptide.

[0571] Aspect 15. The multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 8-14, wherein the first MHC polypeptide is a β 2-microglobulin polypeptide; and wherein the second MHC polypeptide is an MHC class I heavy chain polypeptide.

[0572] Aspect 16. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 15, wherein the β 2-microglobulin polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 85% amino acid sequence identity to one of the amino acid sequences set forth in FIG. 6.

[0573] Aspect 17. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 15, wherein the MHC class I heavy chain polypeptide is an HLA-A, an HLA-B, or an HLA-C heavy chain.

[0574] Aspect 18. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 15, wherein the MHC class I heavy chain polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 85% amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in one of FIG. 5A-5C.

[0575] Aspect 19. The multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 8-14, wherein the first MHC polypeptide is an MHC Class II alpha chain polypeptide; and wherein the second MHC polypeptide is an MHC class II beta chain polypeptide.

[0576] Aspect 20. The multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 8-19, wherein the epitope is a T-cell epitope.

[0577] Aspect 21. The multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 8-13 and 15-20, wherein multimeric polypeptide comprises an Fc polypeptide, and wherein the Ig Fc polypeptide is an IgG Fc polypeptide, an IgG2 Fc polypeptide, an IgG3 Fc polypeptide, an IgG4 Fc polypeptide, an IgA Fc polypeptide, or an IgM Fc polypeptide.

[0578] Aspect 22. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 21, wherein the Ig Fc polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 85% amino acid sequence identity to an amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 4A-4C.

[0579] Aspect 23. The multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 8-22, wherein the first polypeptide and the second polypeptide are non-covalently associated.

[0580] Aspect 24. The multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 8-22, wherein the first polypeptide and the second polypeptide are covalently linked to one another.

[0581] Aspect 25. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 24, wherein the covalent linkage is via a disulfide bond.

[0582] Aspect 26. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 25, wherein the first MHC polypeptide or a linker between the epitope and the first MHC polypeptide comprises an amino acid substitution to provide a first Cys residue, and the second MHC polypeptide comprises an amino acid substitution to provide a second Cys residue, and wherein the disulfide linkage is between the first and the second Cys residues.

[0583] Aspect 27. The multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 8-26, comprising a linker interposed between the epitope and the first MHC polypeptide.

[0584] Aspect 28. The multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 8-26, comprising a linker interposed between the MHC polypeptide and the immunomodulatory polypeptide.

[0585] Aspect 29. The multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 8-28, comprising 2 variant IL2 polypeptides.

[0586] Aspect 30. The multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 8-28, comprising 3 variant IL2 polypeptides.

[0587] Aspect 31. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 29 or aspect 30, wherein the 2 or 3 variant IL2 polypeptides are in tandem, and wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises a linker between the variant IL2 polypeptides.

[0588] Aspect 32. The multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 8-28, wherein the variant IL2 comprises a substitution of one or more of E15, H16, D20, F42, Y45, and Q126/

[0589] Aspect 33. The multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 8-28, wherein the variant IL2 comprises a substitution of F42 with Ala, Gly, Val, Ile, or Leu.

[0590] Aspect 34. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 33, wherein the variant IL2 comprises substitutions of F42 and D20.

[0591] Aspect 35. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 33, wherein the variant IL2 comprises substitutions of F42 and H16.

[0592] Aspect 36. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 33, wherein the variant IL2 comprises substitutions of F42, D20, and Y45; or wherein the variant IL-2 comprising substitutions of F42, H16, and Q126.

[0593] Aspect 37. A nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a recombinant polypeptide,

[0594] i) wherein the recombinant polypeptide comprises, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0595] a) an epitope;

[0596] b) a first major histocompatibility complex (MHC) polypeptide;

[0597] c) an immunomodulatory polypeptide;

[0598] d) a proteolytically cleavable linker or a ribosome skipping signal;

[0599] e) a second MHC polypeptide; and

[0600] f) an immunoglobulin (Ig) Fc polypeptide;

[0601] wherein the immunomodulatory polypeptide is a variant immunomodulatory polypeptide of any one of aspects 1-7; or

[0602] ii) wherein the recombinant polypeptide comprises, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0603] a) an epitope;

[0604] b) a first MHC polypeptide;

[0605] c) a proteolytically cleavable linker or a ribosome skipping signal;

[0606] d) an immunomodulatory polypeptide

[0607] e) a second MHC polypeptide; and

[0608] f) an Ig Fc polypeptide,

[0609] wherein the immunomodulatory polypeptide is a variant immunomodulatory polypeptide of any one of aspects 1-7.

[0610] Aspect 38. The nucleic acid of aspect 37, wherein the first MHC polypeptide is a β 2-microglobulin polypeptide; and wherein the second MHC polypeptide is an MHC class I heavy chain polypeptide.

[0611] Aspect 39. The nucleic acid of aspect 38, wherein the β 2-microglobulin polypeptide comprises an amino acid

sequence having at least 85% amino acid sequence identity to one of the amino acid sequences set forth in FIG. 6.

[0612] Aspect 40. The nucleic acid of aspect 38, wherein the MHC class I heavy chain polypeptide is an HLA-A, HLA-B, or HLA-C heavy chain.

[0613] Aspect 41. The nucleic acid of aspect 40, wherein the MHC class I heavy chain polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 85% amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in any one of FIG. 5A-5C.

[0614] Aspect 42. The nucleic acid of aspect 37, wherein the first MHC polypeptide is an MHC Class II alpha chain polypeptide; and wherein the second MHC polypeptide is an MHC class II beta chain polypeptide.

[0615] Aspect 43. The nucleic acid of any one of aspects 37-43, wherein the epitope is a T-cell epitope.

[0616] Aspect 44. The nucleic acid of any one of aspects 37-43, wherein the Ig Fc polypeptide is an IgG Fc polypeptide, an IgG2 Fc polypeptide, an IgG3 Fc polypeptide, an IgG4 Fc polypeptide, an IgA Fc polypeptide, or an IgM Fc polypeptide.

[0617] Aspect 45. The nucleic acid of aspect 44, wherein the Ig Fc polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 85% amino acid sequence identity to an amino acid sequence depicted in FIGS. 4A-4C.

[0618] Aspect 46. The nucleic acid of any one of aspects 37-45, wherein the variant IL2 immunomodulatory polypeptide comprises a substitution of one or more of E15, H16, D20, F42, Y45, and Q126.

[0619] Aspect 47. The nucleic acid of any one of aspects 37-46, wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises a second immunomodulatory polypeptide selected from a CD7, CD30L, CD40, CD70, CD83, HLA-G, MICA, MICB, HVEM, lymphotoxin beta receptor, 3/TR6, ILT3, ILT4, and HVEM.

[0620] Aspect 48. The nucleic acid of any one of aspects 37-47, wherein the proteolytically cleavable linker or ribosome skipping signal comprises an amino acid sequence selected from:

a) LEVLFGQP; (SEQ ID NO: 88)

b) ENLYTQS; (SEQ ID NO: 90)

[0621] c) a furin cleavage site;

d) LVPR; (SEQ ID NO: 89)

e) GSGATNFSLLKQAGDVEENPGP; (SEQ ID NO: 91)

f) GSGEGRGSLLTCGDVEENPGP; (SEQ ID NO: 92)

g) GSGQCTNYALLKLAGDVESNPGP
and (SEQ ID NO: 93)

h) GSGVKQTLNFDLLKLAGDVESNPGP. (SEQ ID NO: 94)

[0622] Aspect 49. The nucleic acid of aspect 31, wherein the recombinant polypeptide comprises, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0623] a) a first leader peptide;

[0624] b) the epitope;

[0625] c) the first MHC polypeptide;

[0626] d) the immunomodulatory polypeptide;

[0627] e) the proteolytically cleavable linker or ribosome skipping signal;

[0628] f) a second leader peptide;

[0629] g) the second MHC polypeptide; and

[0630] h) the immunoglobulin (Ig) Fc polypeptide.

[0631] Aspect 50. The nucleic acid of aspect 49, wherein the first leader peptide and the second leader peptide is a β 2-M leader peptide.

[0632] Aspect 51. The nucleic acid of any one of aspects 37-50, wherein the nucleotide sequence is operably linked to a transcriptional control element.

[0633] Aspect 52. The nucleic acid of aspect 51, wherein the transcriptional control element is a promoter that is functional in a eukaryotic cell.

[0634] Aspect 53. The nucleic acid of any one of aspects 37-52, wherein the first MHC polypeptide or a linker between the epitope and the first MHC polypeptide comprises an amino acid substitution to provide a first Cys residue, and the second MHC polypeptide comprises an amino acid substitution to provide a second Cys residue, and wherein the first and the second Cys residues provide for a disulfide linkage between the first MHC polypeptide and the second MHC polypeptide.

[0635] Aspect 54. A recombinant expression vector comprising the nucleic acid of any one of aspects 37-52.

[0636] Aspect 55. The recombinant expression vector of aspect 54, wherein the vector is a viral vector or a non-viral vector.

[0637] Aspect 56. A host cell genetically modified with the recombinant expression vector of aspect 48-55.

[0638] Aspect 57. The host cell of aspect 56, wherein the host cell is in vitro.

[0639] Aspect 58. The host cell of aspect 57, wherein the host cell is genetically modified such that the cell does not produce an endogenous MHC β 2-microglobulin polypeptide.

[0640] Aspect 59. A composition comprising:

[0641] a) a first nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0642] i) an epitope;

[0643] ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and

[0644] iii) an immunomodulatory domain,

[0645] wherein the immunomodulatory domain is a variant IL2 polypeptide of any one of aspects 1-7; and

[0646] b) a first nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0647] i) a second MHC polypeptide; and

[0648] ii) an Ig Fc polypeptide.

[0649] Aspect 60. A composition comprising:

[0650] a) a first nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0651] i) an epitope; and

[0652] ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and

[0653] b) a first nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0654] i) an immunomodulatory domain, wherein the immunomodulatory domain is a variant IL2 polypeptide of any one of aspects 1-7;

[0655] ii) a second MHC polypeptide; and

[0656] iii) an Ig Fc polypeptide.

[0657] Aspect 61. The composition of aspect 59 or aspect 60, wherein the first and/or the second nucleic acid is present in a recombinant expression vector.

[0658] Aspect 62. A host cell genetically modified with the composition of any one of aspects 59-61.

[0659] Aspect 63. A method of producing the multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 8-36, the method comprising:

[0660] a) culturing the host cell of any one of aspects 56-58 and 62 in vitro in a culture medium under conditions such that the host cell synthesizes the multimeric polypeptide; and

[0661] b) isolating the multimeric polypeptide from the host cell and/or from the culture medium.

[0662] Aspect 64. The method of aspect 63, wherein the second polypeptide comprises an affinity tag, and wherein said isolating comprises contacting the multimeric polypeptide produced by the cell with a binding partner for the affinity tag, wherein the binding partner is immobilized, thereby immobilizing the multimeric polypeptide.

[0663] Aspect 65. The method of aspect 64, comprising eluting the immobilized multimeric polypeptide.

[0664] Aspect 66. A method of selectively activating an epitope-specific T cell, the method comprising contacting the T cell with the multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 8-36, wherein said contacting selectively activates the epitope-specific T cell.

[0665] Aspect 67. The method of aspect 66, wherein said contacting is in vitro.

[0666] Aspect 68. The method of aspect 66, wherein said contacting is in vivo.

[0667] Aspect 69. The method of aspect 66, wherein the epitope is a cancer-associated epitope, and wherein said administering selectively increases the activity of a T cell specific for the cancer-associated epitope.

[0668] Aspect 70. A method of treating cancer in an individual, the method comprising administering to the individual an effective amount of:

[0669] a) the multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 8-36; or

[0670] b) one or more recombinant expression vectors comprising nucleotide sequences encoding the multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 8-36; or

[0671] c) one or more mRNAs comprising nucleotide sequences encoding the multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 8-36,

[0672] wherein the epitope is a cancer-associated epitope, and wherein said administering effective to selectively activate a cancer epitope-specific T cell in an individual.

[0673] Aspect 71. The method of aspect 70, wherein said administering is subcutaneous.

[0674] Aspect 72. The method of aspect 70, wherein said administering is intravenous.

[0675] Aspect 73. The method of aspect 70, wherein said administering is peritumoral.

[0676] Aspect 74. The method of aspect 70, wherein said administering is systemic.

[0677] Aspect 75. The method of aspect 70, wherein said administering is distal to a treatment site.

[0678] Aspect 76. The method of aspect 70, wherein said administering is local.

[0679] Aspect 77. The method of aspect 70, wherein said administering is at or near a treatment site.

[0680] Aspect 78. A composition comprising:

[0681] a) the multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 8-36; and

[0682] b) a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

[0683] Aspect 79. A composition comprising:

[0684] a) the nucleic acid of any one of aspects 37-53 or the recombinant expression vector of aspect 54 or 55; and

[0685] b) a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

[0686] Aspect 80. A multimeric polypeptide comprising:

[0687] a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0688] i) an epitope;

[0689] ii) a β 2-microglobulin (β 2M) polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 34A; and

[0690] b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0691] i) a variant IL-2 polypeptide of any one of aspects 1-7;

[0692] ii) a major histocompatibility complex (MHC) heavy chain polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 34C; and

[0693] iii) an IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprising one or more amino acid substitutions selected from N297A, L234A, L235A, L234F, L235E, and P331S (N77A, L14A, L15A, L14F, L15E, and P111S, respectively, based on the amino acid numbering depicted in FIG. 33A).

[0694] Aspect 81. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 80, wherein the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises an N297A substitution (N77A based on the amino acid numbering depicted in FIG. 33A).

[0695] Aspect 82. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 80, wherein the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises an L234A substitution and an L235A substitution (L14A and L15A based on the amino acid numbering depicted in FIG. 33A).

[0696] Aspect 83. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 80, wherein the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises an L234F substitution and an L235E substitution (L14F and L15E based on the amino acid numbering depicted in FIG. 33A).

[0697] Aspect 84. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 80, wherein the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises an L234F substitution, an L235E substitution, and a P331S (L14F, L15E, and P111S substitutions based on the amino acid numbering depicted in FIG. 33A).

[0698] Aspect 85. The multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 80-84, wherein the second polypeptide comprises two copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide.

[0699] Aspect 86. The multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 80-85, wherein the first polypeptide comprises a peptide linker between the epitope and the β 2M polypeptide.

[0700] Aspect 87. The multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 80-86, wherein the second polypeptide comprises a peptide linker between one or more of:

[0701] a) a first copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide and a second copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide;

[0702] b) the variant IL-2 polypeptide and the MHC heavy chain polypeptide; and

[0703] c) between the MHC heavy chain polypeptide and the IgG1 Fc polypeptide.

[0704] Aspect 88. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 86 or aspect 87, wherein the peptide linker is selected from (GGGGS)₃, (GGGGS)₄, and AAAGG.

[0705] Aspect 89. A multimeric polypeptide comprising:

[0706] a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0707] i) an epitope;

[0708] ii) a β 2-microglobulin polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 34A; and

[0709] b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0710] i) a variant IL-2 polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 34B;

[0711] ii) a major histocompatibility complex (MHC) heavy chain polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 34C; and

[0712] iii) an IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprising one or more amino acid substitutions selected from N297A, L234A, L235A, L234F, L235E, and P331S (N77A, L14A, L15A, L14F, L15E, and P111S, respectively, based on the amino acid numbering depicted in FIG. 33A).

[0713] Aspect 90. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 89, wherein the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises an N297A substitution (N77A based on the amino acid numbering depicted in FIG. 33A).

[0714] Aspect 91. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 89, wherein the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises an L234A substitution and an L235A substitution (L14A and L15A based on the amino acid numbering depicted in FIG. 33A).

[0715] Aspect 92. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 89, wherein the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises an L234F substitution and an L235E substitution (L14F and L15E based on the amino acid numbering depicted in FIG. 33A).

[0716] Aspect 93. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 89, wherein the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises an L234F substitution, an L235E substitution, and a P331S substitution (L14F, L15E, and P111S based on the amino acid numbering depicted in FIG. 33A).

[0717] Aspect 94. The multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 89-93, wherein the second polypeptide comprises two copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide.

[0718] Aspect 95. The multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 89-94, wherein the first polypeptide comprises a peptide linker between the epitope and the β 2M polypeptide.

[0719] Aspect 96. The multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 89-95, wherein the second polypeptide comprises a peptide linker between one or more of:

[0720] a) a first copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide and a second copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide;

[0721] b) the variant IL-2 polypeptide and the MHC heavy chain polypeptide; and

[0722] c) between the MHC heavy chain polypeptide and the IgG Fc polypeptide.

[0723] Aspect 97. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 95 or aspect 96, wherein the peptide linker is selected from (GGGGS)₃, (GGGGS)₄, and AAAGG.

[0724] Aspect 98. A multimeric polypeptide comprising:

[0725] a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0726] i) an epitope comprising the amino acid sequence YMLDLQPETT (SEQ ID NO:77);

[0727] ii) a β 2-microglobulin polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 34A; and

[0728] b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0729] i) a variant IL-2 polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 34B;

[0730] ii) a major histocompatibility complex (MHC) heavy chain polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 34C; and

[0731] iii) an IgG Fc polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33A, 33B, 33C, or 33D.

[0732] Aspect 99. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 98, wherein the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33B.

[0733] Aspect 100. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 98, wherein the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33C.

[0734] Aspect 101. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 98, wherein the IgG1 Fc polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 33D.

[0735] Aspect 102. The multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 98-101, wherein the second polypeptide comprises two copies of the variant IL-2 polypeptide.

[0736] Aspect 103. The multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 98-102, wherein the first polypeptide comprises a peptide linker between the epitope and the β 2M polypeptide.

[0737] Aspect 104. The multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 98-103, wherein the second polypeptide comprises a peptide linker between one or more of:

[0738] a) a first copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide and a second copy of the variant IL-2 polypeptide;

[0739] b) the variant IL-2 polypeptide and the MHC heavy chain polypeptide; and

[0740] c) between the MHC heavy chain polypeptide and the IgG Fc polypeptide.

[0741] Aspect 105. The multimeric polypeptide of aspect 103 or aspect 104, wherein the peptide linker is selected from (GGGGS)₃, (GGGGS)₄, and AAAGG.

[0742] Aspect 106. A multimeric polypeptide comprising:

[0743] a) a first polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 31;

[0744] b) a second polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 22.

[0745] Aspect 107. A multimeric polypeptide comprising:

[0746] a) a first polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 31;

[0747] b) a second polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 25.

[0748] Aspect 108. A multimeric polypeptide comprising:

[0749] a) a first polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 31;

[0750] b) a second polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 28.

[0751] Aspect 109. A pharmaceutical composition comprising:

[0752] a) a multimeric polypeptide according to any one of aspects 80-108; and

[0753] b) a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

[0754] Aspect 110. One or more nucleic acids comprising nucleotide sequences encoding the first and/or the second polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide according to any one of aspects 80-108.

[0755] Aspect 111. The one or more nucleic acids of aspect 110, wherein the nucleic acid(s) is/are present in recombinant expression vectors.

[0756] Aspect 112. A method of selectively activating an epitope-specific T cell, the method comprising contacting the T cell with the multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 80-108, wherein said contacting selectively activates the epitope-specific T cell.

[0757] Aspect 113. The method of aspect 112, wherein said contacting is in vitro.

[0758] Aspect 114. The method of aspect 112, wherein said contacting is in vivo.

[0759] Aspect 115. A method comprising administering to an individual an effective amount of:

[0760] a) the multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 80-108; or

[0761] b) one or more recombinant expression vectors comprising nucleotide sequences encoding the multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 80-108; or

[0762] c) one or more mRNAs comprising nucleotide sequences encoding the multimeric polypeptide of any one of aspects 80-108, wherein said administering induces a T cell response to epitope in the individual.

[0763] Aspect 116. The method of aspect 115, wherein said administering is subcutaneous.

[0764] Aspect 117. The method of aspect 115, wherein said administering is intravenous.

[0765] Aspect 118. The method of aspect 115, wherein said administering is systemic.

[0766] Aspect 119. The method of aspect 115, wherein said administering is intramuscular.

[0767] Aspect 120. The method of aspect 115, wherein said administering is distal to a treatment site.

[0768] Aspect 121. The method of aspect 115, wherein said administering is local.

[0769] Aspect 122. The method of aspect 115, wherein said administering is at or near a treatment site.

[0770] Aspect A. A method of modulating an immune response an individual in need thereof, the method comprising administering to the individual a multimeric polypeptide and an immune checkpoint inhibitor,

[0771] wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises:

[0772] a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0773] i) an epitope;

[0774] ii) a first major histocompatibility complex (MHC) polypeptide; and

[0775] b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0776] i) a second MHC polypeptide; and

[0777] ii) optionally an immunoglobulin (Ig) Fc polypeptide or a non-Ig scaffold,

[0778] wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises one or more immunomodulatory polypeptides, wherein the one or more immunomodulatory polypeptides is:

[0779] A) at the C-terminus of the first polypeptide;

[0780] B) at the N-terminus of the second polypeptide;

[0781] C) at the C-terminus of the second polypeptide; or

[0782] D) at the C-terminus of the first polypeptide and at the N-terminus of the second polypeptide; and

[0783] wherein said administering modulates the immune response in the individual.

[0784] Aspect B. A treatment method comprising administering to an individual a multimeric polypeptide and an immune checkpoint inhibitor,

[0785] wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises:

[0786] a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0787] i) an epitope;

[0788] ii) a first major histocompatibility complex (MHC) polypeptide; and

[0789] b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0790] i) a second MHC polypeptide; and

[0791] ii) optionally an immunoglobulin (Ig) Fc polypeptide or a non-Ig scaffold,

[0792] wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises one or more immunomodulatory polypeptides, wherein the one or more immunomodulatory polypeptides is:

[0793] A) at the C-terminus of the first polypeptide;

[0794] B) at the N-terminus of the second polypeptide;

[0795] C) at the C-terminus of the second polypeptide; or

[0796] D) at the C-terminus of the first polypeptide and at the N-terminus of the second polypeptide; and

[0797] wherein said administering treats the individual.

[0798] Aspect C. A method of treating cancer in an individual, the method comprising administering to the individual a multimeric polypeptide and an immune checkpoint inhibitor,

[0799] wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises:

[0800] a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0801] i) an epitope;

[0802] ii) a first major histocompatibility complex (MHC) polypeptide; and

[0803] b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0804] i) a second MHC polypeptide; and

[0805] ii) optionally an immunoglobulin (Ig) Fc polypeptide or a non-Ig scaffold,

[0806] wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises one or more immunomodulatory polypeptides, wherein the one or more immunomodulatory polypeptides is:

[0807] A) at the C-terminus of the first polypeptide;

[0808] B) at the N-terminus of the second polypeptide;

[0809] C) at the C-terminus of the second polypeptide; or

[0810] D) at the C-terminus of the first polypeptide and at the N-terminus of the second polypeptide; and

[0811] wherein said administering treats the cancer in the individual.

[0812] Aspect D. A treatment method comprising administering to an individual a multimeric polypeptide, where the individual is undergoing treatment with an immune checkpoint inhibitor,

[0813] wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises:

[0814] a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0815] i) an epitope;

[0816] ii) a first major histocompatibility complex (MHC) polypeptide; and

[0817] b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0818] i) a second MHC polypeptide; and

[0819] ii) optionally an immunoglobulin (Ig) Fc polypeptide or a non-Ig scaffold,

[0820] wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises one or more immunomodulatory polypeptides, wherein the one or more immunomodulatory polypeptides is:

[0821] A) at the C-terminus of the first polypeptide;

[0822] B) at the N-terminus of the second polypeptide;

[0823] C) at the C-terminus of the second polypeptide; or

[0824] D) at the C-terminus of the first polypeptide and at the N-terminus of the second polypeptide; and

[0825] wherein said administering treats the individual.

[0826] Aspect E. The method of any one of Aspects A-D, wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises:

[0827] a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0828] i) an epitope;

[0829] ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and

[0830] iii) an immunomodulatory domain; and

[0831] b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0832] i) a second MHC polypeptide; and

[0833] ii) an Ig Fc polypeptide.

[0834] Aspect F. The method of any one of Aspects A-D, wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises:

[0835] a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0836] i) an epitope; and

[0837] ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and

[0838] b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0839] i) an immunomodulatory domain;

[0840] iii) a second MHC polypeptide; and

[0841] ii) an immunoglobulin (Ig) Fc polypeptide.

[0842] Aspect G. The method of any one of Aspects A-D, wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises:

[0843] a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0844] i) an epitope; and

[0845] ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and

[0846] b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0847] i) a second MHC polypeptide; and

[0848] ii) an Ig Fc polypeptide; and

[0849] iii) an immunomodulatory domain.

[0850] Aspect H. The method of any one of Aspects A-D, wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises:

[0851] a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0852] i) an epitope; and

[0853] ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and

[0854] b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0855] i) a second MHC polypeptide; and

[0856] ii) an immunomodulatory domain.

[0857] Aspect I. The method of any one of Aspects A-D, wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises:

[0858] a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0859] i) an epitope; and

[0860] ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and

[0861] b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0862] i) an immunomodulatory domain; and

[0863] ii) a second MHC polypeptide.

[0864] Aspect J. The method of any one of Aspects A-D, wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises:

[0865] a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0866] i) an epitope;

[0867] ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and

[0868] iii) an immunomodulatory domain; and

[0869] b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:

[0870] i) a second MHC polypeptide.

[0871] Aspect K. The method of any one of Aspects A-D, wherein the non-Ig scaffold of the multimeric polypeptide is an XTEN polypeptide, a transferrin polypeptide, an Fc receptor polypeptide, an elastin-like polypeptide, a silk-like polypeptide, or a silk-elastin-like polypeptide.

[0872] Aspect L. The method of any one of aspects A-K, wherein the first MHC polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide is a β 2-microglobulin polypeptide; and wherein the second MHC polypeptide is an MHC class I heavy chain polypeptide.

[0873] Aspect M. The method of aspect L, wherein the β 2-microglobulin polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 85% amino acid sequence identity to one of the amino acid sequences set forth in FIG. 6.

[0874] Aspect N. The method of aspect L, wherein the MHC class I heavy chain polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide is an HLA-A, an HLA-B, or an HLA-C heavy chain.

[0875] Aspect O. The method of aspect 11, wherein the MHC class I heavy chain polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 85% amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in one of FIG. 5A-5C.

[0876] Aspect P. The method of any one of aspects A-K, wherein the first MHC polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide is an MHC Class II alpha chain polypeptide; and wherein the second MHC polypeptide is an MHC class II beta chain polypeptide.

[0877] Aspect Q. The method of any one of aspects A-P, wherein the epitope is a T-cell epitope.

[0878] Aspect R. The method of any one of aspects A-J, wherein multimeric polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide comprises an Fc polypeptide, and wherein the Ig Fc polypeptide is an IgG Fc polypeptide, an IgG2 Fc polypeptide, an IgG3 Fc polypeptide, an IgG4 Fc polypeptide, an IgA Fc polypeptide, or an IgM Fc polypeptide.

[0879] Aspect S. The method of aspect R, wherein the Ig Fc polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 85% amino acid sequence identity to an amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 4A-4C.

[0880] Aspect T. The method of any one of aspects A-S, wherein the first polypeptide and the second polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide are non-covalently associated.

[0881] Aspect U. The method of any one of aspects A-S, wherein the first polypeptide and the second polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide are covalently linked.

[0882] Aspect V. The method of aspect U, wherein the covalent linkage is via a disulfide bond.

[0883] Aspect W. The method of aspect V, wherein the first MHC polypeptide or a linker between the epitope and the first MHC polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide comprises an amino acid substitution to provide a first Cys residue, and the second MHC polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide comprises an amino acid substitution to provide a second Cys residue, and wherein the disulfide linkage is between the first and the second Cys residues.

[0884] Aspect X. The method of any one of aspects A-K, wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises a linker between the epitope and the first MHC polypeptide, between the immunomodulatory polypeptide and the MHC polypeptide, or between the MHC polypeptide and the Ig Fc.

[0885] Aspect Y. The method of any one of aspects A-K, wherein the immunomodulatory polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide is selected from a 4-1BBL polypeptide, a B7-1 polypeptide; a B7-2 polypeptide, an ICOS-L polypeptide, an OX-40L polypeptide, a CD80 polypeptide, a CD86 polypeptide, a PD-L1 polypeptide, a FasL polypeptide, and a PD-L2 polypeptide.

[0886] Aspect Z. The method of any one of aspects A-Y, wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises 2 or more immunomodulatory polypeptides.

[0887] Aspect AA. The method of aspect Z, wherein the 2 or more immunomodulatory polypeptides are in tandem.

[0888] Aspect BB. The method of any one of aspects A-Z and AA, wherein the immunomodulatory polypeptide is selected from a 4-1BBL polypeptide, a CD80 polypeptide, a CD86 polypeptide, an IL-2 polypeptide, a B7-1 polypeptide; a B7-2 polypeptide, an ICOS-L polypeptide, an OX-40L polypeptide, a CD86 polypeptide, a PD-L1 polypeptide, a FasL polypeptide, and a PD-L2 polypeptide.

[0889] Aspect CC. The method of any one of aspects A-Z and AA-BB, wherein the immunomodulatory polypeptide is a variant immunomodulatory polypeptide has one or more amino acid substitutions relative to the naturally occurring form of the immunomodulatory polypeptide, and wherein the variant immunomodulatory polypeptide exhibits reduced binding affinity to a co-modulatory polypeptide to which the naturally occurring form of the immunomodulatory polypeptide binds.

[0890] Aspect DD. The method of any one of aspects A-Z and AA-BB, wherein the immunomodulatory polypeptide is a variant IL-2 polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 85% amino acid sequence identity to set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1, wherein the variant IL-2 polypeptide has one or more amino acid substitutions relative to set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1, and wherein the variant IL-2 polypeptide exhibits reduced binding affinity to an IL-2 receptor (IL2R) comprising alpha, beta, and gamma polypeptides having amino acid sequences depicted in FIG. 3A-3C, compared to the binding affinity of the IL-2 amino acid sequence set forth in one of SEQ ID NO:1 for the IL2R.

[0891] Aspect EE. The method of aspect DD, wherein the variant IL-2 polypeptide comprises a substitution of one or more of E15, H16, D20, F42, Y45, and Q126.

[0892] Aspect FF. The method of aspect EE, wherein the variant IL-2 polypeptide comprises:

[0893] a) substitutions of F42 and D20;

[0894] b) substitutions of F42 and H16;

[0895] c) substitutions of F42, D20, and Y45; or

[0896] d) substitutions of F42, H16, and Q126.

[0897] Aspect GG. The method of any one of aspects A-Z and AA-FF, wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises

an Ig Fc polypeptide comprising one or more amino acid substitutions selected from N297A, L234A, L235A, L234F, L235E, and P331S.

[0898] Aspect HH. The method of aspect GG, wherein the Ig Fc polypeptide comprises:

[0899] a) an N297A substitution;

[0900] b) an L234A substitution and an L235A substitution;

[0901] c) an L234F substitution and an L235E substitution; or

[0902] d) an L234F substitution, an L235E substitution, and a P331S substitution.

[0903] Aspect II. The method of any one of aspects A-Z and AA-HH, wherein the epitope of the multimeric polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence YMLDLQPETT (SEQ ID NO:77).

[0904] Aspect JJ. The method of any one of aspects A-Z and AA-HH, wherein the β 2-microglobulin polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 34A.

[0905] Aspect KK. The method of any one of aspects A-Z and AA-JJ, wherein the major histocompatibility complex (MHC) heavy chain polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 34C.

[0906] Aspect LL. The method of any one of aspects A-Z and AA-KK, wherein the immune checkpoint inhibitor is an antibody specific for the immune checkpoint inhibitor.

[0907] Aspect MM. The method of aspect LL, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

[0908] Aspect NN. The method of aspect KK or aspect LL, wherein the antibody comprises at least one humanized light chain and/or heavy chain framework region.

[0909] Aspect OO. The method of aspect LL, wherein the antibody comprises an Fc polypeptide, and wherein the Ig Fc polypeptide is an IgG Fc polypeptide, an IgG2 Fc polypeptide, an IgG3 Fc polypeptide, an IgG4 Fc polypeptide, an IgA Fc polypeptide, or an IgM Fc polypeptide.

[0910] Aspect PP. The method of aspect LL, wherein the antibody is an Fv fragment, a nanobody, or a Fab fragment.

[0911] Aspect QQ. The method of any one of aspects LL-PP, wherein the immune checkpoint inhibitor is an antibody specific for an immune checkpoint inhibitor selected from CD27, CD28, CD40, CD122, CD96, CD73, CD47, OX40, GITR, CSF1R, JAK, PI3K delta, PI3K gamma, TAM, arginase, CD137 (also known as 4-1BB), ICOS, A2AR, B7-H3, B7-H4, BTLA, CTLA-4, LAG3, TIM3, VISTA, CD96, TIGIT, CD122, PD-1, PD-L1 and PD-L2.

[0912] Aspect RR. The method of any one of aspects LL-PP, wherein the immune checkpoint inhibitor is an antibody specific for PD1.

[0913] Aspect SS. The method of aspect RR, wherein the antibody is pembrolizumab, nivolumab, pidilizumab, or BMS-39886.

[0914] Aspect TT. The method of any one of aspects LL-PP, wherein the immune checkpoint inhibitor is an antibody specific for PD-L.

[0915] Aspect UU. The method of aspect TT, wherein the antibody is durvalumab, atezolizumab, KN035, or avelumab.

[0916] Aspect VV. The method of any one of aspects LL-PP, wherein the immune checkpoint inhibitor is an antibody specific for CTLA4.

[0917] Aspect WW. The method of aspect VV, wherein the antibody is ipilimumab or tremelimumab.

[0918] Aspect XX. The method of any one of aspects A-Z and AA-WW, wherein the multimeric polypeptide and the immune checkpoint inhibitor are administered by the same route of administration.

[0919] Aspect YY. The method of any one of aspects A-Z and AA-WW, wherein the multimeric polypeptide and the immune checkpoint inhibitor are administered by different routes of administration.

[0920] Aspect ZZ. The method of any one of aspects A-Z and AA-YY, wherein the multimeric polypeptide is administered by a route of administration selected from subcutaneous, intravenous, peritumoral, and intramuscular.

[0921] Aspect AAA. The method of any one of aspects A-Z and AA-YY, wherein the immune checkpoint inhibitor is administered by a route of administration selected from subcutaneous, intravenous, peritumoral, and intramuscular.

[0922] Aspect BBB. The method of any one of aspects A-Z, AA-ZZ, and AAA, wherein the individual is a human.

EXAMPLES

[0923] The following examples are put forth so as to provide those of ordinary skill in the art with a complete disclosure and description of how to make and use the present invention, and are not intended to limit the scope of what the inventors regard as their invention nor are they intended to represent that the experiments below are all or the only experiments performed. Efforts have been made to ensure accuracy with respect to numbers used (e.g. amounts, temperature, etc.) but some experimental errors and deviations should be accounted for. Unless indicated otherwise, parts are parts by weight, molecular weight is weight average molecular weight, temperature is in degrees Celsius, and pressure is at or near atmospheric. Standard abbreviations may be used, e.g., bp, base pair(s); kb, kilobase(s); pl, picoliter(s); s or sec, second(s); min, minute(s); h or hr, hour(s); aa, amino acid(s); kb, kilobase(s); bp, base pair(s); nt, nucleotide(s); kiloDalton(s), kDa; i.m., intramuscular (ly); i.p., intraperitoneal(ly); s.c., subcutaneous(ly); and the like.

Example 1: Production of IL-2/synTac

[0924] Production of IL-2/synTac by transiently transfected mammalian cells was analyzed. As shown in FIG. 7A, production levels (in mg/L culture medium) of two different IL-2/synTacs, 6-7 days following transient transfection of the cells, was greater than 90 mg/L.

[0925] The IL-2/synTacs produced by the mammalian cells was purified, and subjected to reducing and non-reducing polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis. The results are depicted in FIG. 7B. Sizes are given in kDa.

[0926] IL-2/synTacs were generated, in which the IL-2 polypeptide was in the "light chain" (i.e., the polypeptide comprising MHC Class I light chain; e.g., J β 2M) or in the "heavy chain" (i.e., the polypeptide comprising MHC Class I heavy chain). Expression levels and stability of the IL-2/synTacs were analyzed.

[0927] The synTacs were produced in mammalian cells. As shown in FIG. 8A, the IL-2/synTac comprising IL-2 on the heavy chain was produced at levels about 25-fold higher than the level of the IL-2/synTac comprising IL-2 on the light chain.

[0928] The IL-2/synTacs produced by mammalian cells were subjected to reducing and non-reducing polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis; and the gels were stained with Coomassie blue. As shown in FIG. 8B, the IL-2/synTac comprising IL-2 on the heavy chain was more stable than the IL-2/synTac comprising IL-2 on the light chain. Sizes are given in kDa.

[0929] Expression levels of IL-2/synTacs comprising variant IL-2 were assessed. FIG. 9 depicts the expression level of IL-2/syn-Tacs, in which the IL-2 is wild-type (wt), or comprises various combinations of F42A, D20K, Q126A, E15A, Y45A, and H16A. The expression levels are expressed as percent change relative to expression levels of a synTac with wild-type IL-2.

[0930] The effect of the copy number of IL-2 in an IL-2/synTac on expression levels was evaluated. IL-2/synTacs comprising one copy (1 $\times$), two copies (2 $\times$) or three copies (3 $\times$) in the synTac. The various IL-2/synTacs were produced in mammalian cells, and expression levels were assayed. The data are depicted in FIG. 10. IL-2/synTacs with one or two copies of IL-2 exhibit similar expression levels, while an IL-2/synTac with three copies of IL-2 exhibited lower expression levels. Expression levels are expressed as fold change relative to the expression level of the IL-2/synTac with a single copy of IL-2.

Example 2: In Vitro Activity of IL-2/synTac

[0931] To achieve maximal specificity of targeting through a T-cell receptor, the affinity of the co-stimulatory polypeptide for its ligand should be lower than the affinity of MHC for the TCR. The peptide/MHC affinity for TCR can be about 10 μ M.

[0932] An IL-2/synTac was generated, comprising two copies of a variant IL-2 comprising F42A and H16A substitutions. Costimulatory signaling induced by the IL-2/synTac was tested on antigen-specific CD8⁺ T cells and non-specific CD8⁺ T cells. Antigen-specific CD8⁺ T cells and non-specific CD8⁺ T cells were contacted with various concentrations of the IL-2/synTac.

[0933] As shown in FIG. 11, the IL-2/synTac induced costimulatory signaling in antigen-specific CD8⁺ T cells at a much lower concentration than in non-specific CD8⁺ T cells.

[0934] Selectivity of IL-2/synTac binding was tested. CD8⁺ T cells were isolated from spleens of LCMV or OT1 mice. The CD8⁺ T cells were incubated with IL-2/synTacs at various concentrations, and allowed to bind for 20 minutes. The IL-2/synTacs comprise IgG2a Fc. Binding of IL-2/synTacs to the CD8⁺ T cells was detected using phycoerythrin (PE)-labeled anti-IgG2a antibody. PE fluorescence was detected using flow cytometry to determine the percent of cells bound to IL-2/synTac.

[0935] As shown in FIG. 12, IL-2/synTac binds in an antigen-specific manner to LCMV CD8⁺ T cells, but does not exhibit significant binding to OT1 CD8⁺ T cells. Thus, IL-2/synTac selectively binds to CD8⁺ T cells specific for the epitope present in the IL-2/synTac.

[0936] It was determined whether an IL-2/synTac selectively activates target T cells. CD8⁺ T cells were isolated from spleens of LCMV or OT1 mice. The IL-2/synTacs used included either the F42A single amino acid substitution, or the F42A and H16A substitutions. The CD8⁺ T cells were stimulated with IL-2/synTacs at various concentrations for 20 minutes. The cells were then stained with PE-labelled

anti-phospho-STAT5 antibody. PE fluorescence was detected using flow cytometry to determine the percent of cells that are phospho-STAT5 positive, where phospho-STAT5 is a marker of activation.

[0937] As shown in FIG. 13, IL-2/synTac induced CD8⁺ stimulation (as indicated by the % phospho-STAT5-positive cells) in antigen-specific (LCMV) CD8⁺ T cells at much lower concentrations than in non-specific (BL6) CD8⁺ T cells.

[0938] The specific activity of various IL-2/synTacs was analyzed. IL-2/synTacs comprising a single copy of IL-2, two copies of IL-2, or three copies of IL-2, where the IL-2 comprised various combinations of F42A, D20K, Q126A, E15A, H16A, and Y45A substitutions, were tested at various concentrations for stimulation of CD8⁺ antigen-specific (LCMV) or non-specific (BL6) cells. The percent phospho-signal transducer and activator of transcription 5 (pSTAT5)-positive was determined. The data are depicted in FIG. 14A-14F.

Example 3: In Vivo Activity of IL-2/synTac

[0939] The in vivo activity of IL-2/synTac was tested. The in vivo fold change in antigen-specific CD8⁺ T cells was tested, following administration of phosphate buffered saline (PBS), recombinant IL-2 (rIL-2), or an IL-2/synTac of the present disclosure. The data are shown in FIG. 15, left panel. The data indicate that IL-2/synTac is 10 times more potent than rIL-2.

[0940] The in vivo specificity of IL-2/synTac was tested. Antigen-specific and non-antigen-specific responses following administration of PBS, rIL-2, or IL-2/synTac was assessed. The data are expressed as percent of lymph node cells that were antigen-specific or antigen non-specific following administration of PBS, rIL-2, or IL-2/synTac. As depicted in FIG. 15, right panel, IL-2/synTac induced an antigen-specific response (expressed as % maximum dilution of carboxyfluorescein succinimidyl ester (CFSE), an index of T cell proliferation). In contrast, the response induced by rIL-2 was not antigen-specific.

[0941] A dose response assay was conducted. IL-2/synTac (F42A, H16A) was administered intraperitoneally at concentrations of 4 mg/kg, 8 mg/kg, and 16 mg/kg. The results are shown in FIG. 16A. As shown in FIG. 16A, IL-2/synTac administered at 4 mg/kg or 8 mg/kg gave similar results; IL-2/synTac administered at 16 mg/kg induced the most potent immunostimulatory activity.

[0942] The effect of route of administration of IL-2/synTac was tested. IL-2/synTac (F42A, H16A) was administered at 4 mg/kg, either subcutaneously (SubQ) or intraperitoneally (IP). As shown in FIG. 16B, subcutaneous administration resulted in a more potent immunostimulatory activity than IP administration.

[0943] The effect of IL-2 copy number on efficacy was determined. IL-2/synTacs comprising a single copy of IL-2 (F42A, H16A) or two copies of IL-2 (F42A, H16A) were injected into mice with tumors bearing an HPV E7 epitope. The epitope included in the IL-2/synTacs was the HPV E7 epitope. As shown in FIGS. 17A and 17B, an IL-2/synTac comprising two copies of IL-2 (F42A, H16A) were more effective at reducing tumor size than an IL-2/synTac comprising only a single copy of IL-2 (F42A, H16A).

Example 4: PK/PD and Stability Studies of IL-2/synTac

[0944] Pharmacokinetic (PK) analysis of IL-2/synTac was carried out. IL-2/synTac (F42A, D20K, H16A) was administered IP at 10 mg/kg. At various time points post-administration, serum samples were obtained and the level of IL-2/synTac was measured in the serum samples. As shown in FIG. 18, the serum half-life of the IL-2/synTac was about 4 hours.

[0945] IL-2/synTac was injected IP into a C57BL/6 mouse at 10 mg/kg, and serum was collected two hours after injections. The IL-2/synTac included a His₆ tag. 100 ng of the input protein, or the equivalent of 40 μ l of serum, was subjected to sodium dodecyl sulfate-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE), and probed with an anti-(His)₆ antibody or an anti- β -2M antibody. The results, depicted in FIG. 19, show that IL-2/synTac remains stable and intact for at least 2 hours in vivo.

[0946] IL-2/synTac was kept at 4° C. or 37° C. for 5 days. 0.5 mg of each sample (at 10 mg/ml) was analyzed by size exclusion chromatography. As shown in FIG. 20, IL-2/synTac is stable and intact for at least 5 days at 4° C. or 37° C.

Example 5: Effect of an IL-2/synTac and an Anti-PD1 Antibody on Tumor Volume

[0947] As shown in FIG. 35, administration of an IL-2/synTac and an anti-PD1 antibody to a mouse having a tumor reduced tumor volume.

Example 6: Generation and Characterization of synTac Polypeptides with Variant 4-1BBL

[0948] synTac polypeptides were synthesized and characterized. The following synTac polypeptides were tested for activity on ovalbumin (OVA)-specific T cells:

[0949] 1) Syn83/51. The light chain of Syn83/51 comprises: a) an OVA T-cell epitope; b) amino acids 50-254 of a wild-type 4-1BBL polypeptide; and c) β 2M; and the heavy chain of Syn83/51 comprises: a) MHC heavy chain; and b) Ig Fc.

[0950] 2) Syn239/345. The light chain of Syn239/345 comprises: a) an OVA T-cell epitope; b) a trimer of amino acids 80-254 of wild-type 4-1BBL; and c) β 2M; and the heavy chain of Syn239/345 comprises: a) MHC heavy chain; and b) IgG2a Fc.

[0951] 3) Syn341/348. The light chain of Syn341/348 comprises: a) an OVA T-cell epitope; b) a trimer of wild-type 4-1BBL; and c) β 2M; and the heavy chain of Syn239/345 comprises: a) MHC heavy chain; and b) IgG2a Fc. In Syn341/348 the first unit of the 4-1BBL trimer comprises amino acids 50-254 of wild-type 4-1BBL; the second and third units of the 4-1BBL trimer comprise amino acids 80 to 254 of wild-type 4-1BBL.

[0952] 4) Syn341/349. The light chain of Syn341/349 comprises: an OVA T-cell epitope; b) a trimer of amino acids 80-254 of 4-1BBL comprising a K127A substitution in each unit of the trimer, with a linker GlySerSerSerSer between the first and second units and between the second and third units of the trimer; and c) β 2M; and the heavy chain of Syn239/345 comprises: a) MHC heavy chain; and b) IgG2a Fc.

[0953] The resulting synTac heterodimers were cultured in vitro with ovalbumin-specific T cells for 3 days or 5 days, at concentrations of 0, 1, 3.17, 10.01, 31.65, and 100 nM

synTac. Controls included: a) medium alone; b) phorbol 12-myristate 13-acetate (PMA) and the ionophore A23187; and c) an anti-CD3 antibody and an anti-CD28 antibody.

[0954] After 3 days, and after 5 days, the concentration of IFN- γ , IL-2, IL-6, TNF, IL-10, IL-17A, and IL-4 in the culture medium was determined. In addition, the viability of the OVA-specific T cells, and the proliferation of the OVA-specific T cells, was determined.

[0955] The data are depicted in FIGS. 38-46.

[0956] As shown in FIG. 38 through FIG. 46, Syn 341/349 induces production of IL-2 (a cellular fitness cytokine); induces production of cytotoxic cytokines TNF α and IFN- γ ; and also induces proliferation and enhances viability of epitope-specific T cells.

Example 7: Production of synTacs in CHO Cells

[0957] SynTacs comprising wild-type (wt) 4-1BBL, or comprising 4-1BBL with amino acid substitutions as set out in FIG. 47 were transiently expressed in CHO cells. The amount of synTac produced was determined. The amounts produced are provided in FIG. 47.

Example 8: In Vivo Effect of a 4-1BBL synTac

[0958] A synTac comprising a human papilloma virus (HPV) E7 antigenic peptide and a 4-1BBL K127A variant of the present disclosure (referred to as "CUE:4-1BBL

(K127A)" in FIG. 48) was administered at 5 mg/kg by intraperitoneal (IP) injection into mice bearing flank engrafted HPV⁺ TC-1 lung carcinoma. As a control, phosphate buffered saline (PBS) was administered to mice bearing the same tumor. As shown in FIG. 48, tumor volume was decreased in mice treated with CUE:4-1BBL (K127A), compared to mice treated with PBS.

Example 9: In Vivo Effects of Co-Administration of a 4-1BBL synTac and an Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor

[0959] As depicted in FIG. 49, co-administration of a 4-1BBL synTac of the present disclosure and an anti-PD1 antibody reduced tumor volume in a mouse tumor model, and increased the percent of tumor infiltrating lymphocytes (TILs) that were granzyme B*.

[0960] While the present invention has been described with reference to the specific embodiments thereof, it should be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes may be made and equivalents may be substituted without departing from the true spirit and scope of the invention. In addition, many modifications may be made to adapt a particular situation, material, composition of matter, process, process step or steps, to the objective, spirit and scope of the present invention. All such modifications are intended to be within the scope of the claims appended hereto.

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Asn Pro Lys Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Phe Lys Phe Tyr Met Pro Lys
35 40 45

Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu Glu Glu Leu Lys
50 55 60

Pro Leu Glu Glu Val Leu Asn Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys Asn Phe His Leu
65 70 75 80

Arg Pro Arg Asp Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Ile Val Leu Glu Leu
85 90 95

Lys Gly Ser Glu Thr Thr Phe Met Cys Glu Tyr Ala Asp Glu Thr Ala
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Leu Leu Leu Asp Leu Gln Met Ile Leu Asn Gly Ile Asn Asn Tyr Lys
20 25 30
Asn Pro Lys Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Xaa Lys Phe Tyr Met Pro Lys
35 40 45
Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu Glu Glu Leu Lys
50 55 60
Pro Leu Glu Glu Val Leu Asn Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys Asn Phe His Leu
65 70 75 80
Arg Pro Arg Asp Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Ile Val Leu Glu Leu
85 90 95
Lys Gly Ser Glu Thr Thr Phe Met Cys Glu Tyr Ala Asp Glu Thr Ala
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20 25 30
Asn Pro Lys Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Phe Lys Phe Tyr Met Pro Lys
35 40 45
Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu Glu Glu Leu Lys
50 55 60
Pro Leu Glu Glu Val Leu Asn Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys Asn Phe His Leu
65 70 75 80
Arg Pro Arg Asp Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Ile Val Leu Glu Leu
85 90 95
Lys Gly Ser Glu Thr Thr Phe Met Cys Glu Tyr Ala Asp Glu Thr Ala
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Leu Leu Leu Asp Leu Gln Met Ile Leu Asn Gly Ile Asn Asn Tyr Lys
20 25 30

Asn Pro Lys Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Phe Lys Phe Tyr Met Pro Lys
35 40 45

Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu Glu Glu Leu Lys
50 55 60

Pro Leu Glu Glu Val Leu Asn Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys Asn Phe His Leu
65 70 75 80

Arg Pro Arg Asp Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Ile Val Leu Glu Leu
85 90 95

Lys Gly Ser Glu Thr Thr Phe Met Cys Glu Tyr Ala Asp Glu Thr Ala
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Ile Ser Thr Leu Thr
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20 25 30

Asn Pro Lys Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Phe Lys Phe Tyr Met Pro Lys
35 40 45

Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu Glu Glu Leu Lys
50 55 60

Pro Leu Glu Glu Val Leu Asn Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys Asn Phe His Leu
65 70 75 80

Arg Pro Arg Asp Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Ile Val Leu Glu Leu
85 90 95

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Leu Leu Leu Asp Leu Gln Met Ile Leu Asn Gly Ile Asn Asn Tyr Lys
20 25 30
Asn Pro Lys Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Phe Lys Phe Xaa Met Pro Lys
35 40 45
Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu Glu Glu Leu Lys
50 55 60
Pro Leu Glu Glu Val Leu Asn Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys Asn Phe His Leu
65 70 75 80
Arg Pro Arg Asp Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Ile Val Leu Glu Leu
85 90 95
Lys Gly Ser Glu Thr Thr Phe Met Cys Glu Tyr Ala Asp Glu Thr Ala
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20 25 30
Asn Pro Lys Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Phe Lys Phe Tyr Met Pro Lys
35 40 45
Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu Glu Glu Leu Lys
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Pro Leu Glu Glu Val Leu Asn Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys Asn Phe His Leu
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Arg Pro Arg Asp Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Ile Val Leu Glu Leu
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20 25 30

Asn Pro Lys Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Xaa Lys Phe Tyr Met Pro Lys
35 40 45

Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu Glu Leu Lys
50 55 60

Pro Leu Glu Glu Val Leu Asn Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys Asn Phe His Leu
65 70 75 80

Arg Pro Arg Asp Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Ile Val Leu Glu Leu
85 90 95

Lys Gly Ser Glu Thr Thr Phe Met Cys Glu Tyr Ala Asp Glu Thr Ala
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20 25 30

Asn Pro Lys Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Xaa Lys Phe Tyr Met Pro Lys
35 40 45

Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu Glu Glu Leu Lys
50 55 60

Pro Leu Glu Glu Val Leu Asn Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys Asn Phe His Leu
65 70 75 80

Arg Pro Arg Asp Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Ile Val Leu Glu Leu
85 90 95

Lys Gly Ser Glu Thr Thr Phe Met Cys Glu Tyr Ala Asp Glu Thr Ala
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Leu Leu Leu Xaa Leu Gln Met Ile Leu Asn Gly Ile Asn Asn Tyr Lys
20 25 30

Asn Pro Lys Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Xaa Lys Phe Tyr Met Pro Lys
35 40 45

Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu Glu Glu Leu Lys
50 55 60

Pro Leu Glu Glu Val Leu Asn Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys Asn Phe His Leu
65 70 75 80

Arg Pro Arg Asp Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Ile Val Leu Glu Leu
85 90 95

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20 25 30

Asn Pro Lys Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Xaa Lys Phe Tyr Met Pro Lys
35 40 45

Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu Glu Glu Leu Lys
50 55 60

Pro Leu Glu Glu Val Leu Asn Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys Asn Phe His Leu
65 70 75 80

Arg Pro Arg Asp Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Ile Val Leu Glu Leu
85 90 95

Lys Gly Ser Glu Thr Thr Phe Met Cys Glu Tyr Ala Asp Glu Thr Ala
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20          25          30
Asn Pro Lys Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Xaa Lys Phe Tyr Met Pro Lys
35          40          45
Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu Glu Glu Leu Lys
50          55          60
Pro Leu Glu Glu Val Leu Asn Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys Asn Phe His Leu
65          70          75          80
Arg Pro Arg Asp Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Ile Val Leu Glu Leu
85          90          95
Lys Gly Ser Glu Thr Thr Phe Met Cys Glu Tyr Ala Asp Glu Thr Ala
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: MISC_FEATURE
<222> LOCATION: (20)..(20)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than an aspartic
acid
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: MISC_FEATURE
<222> LOCATION: (42)..(42)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a
phenylalanine
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: MISC_FEATURE
<222> LOCATION: (45)..(45)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a tyrosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 13

Ala Pro Thr Ser Ser Ser Thr Lys Lys Thr Gln Leu Gln Leu Glu His
1          5          10          15
Leu Leu Leu Xaa Leu Gln Met Ile Leu Asn Gly Ile Asn Asn Tyr Lys
20          25          30
Asn Pro Lys Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Xaa Lys Phe Xaa Met Pro Lys
35          40          45
Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu Glu Glu Leu Lys
50          55          60
Pro Leu Glu Glu Val Leu Asn Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys Asn Phe His Leu
65          70          75          80
Arg Pro Arg Asp Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Ile Val Leu Glu Leu
85          90          95

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Lys Gly Ser Glu Thr Thr Phe Met Cys Glu Tyr Ala Asp Glu Thr Ala
100 105 110

Thr Ile Val Glu Phe Leu Asn Arg Trp Ile Thr Phe Cys Gln Ser Ile
115 120 125

Ile Ser Thr Leu Thr
130

<210> SEQ ID NO 14
<211> LENGTH: 133
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: MISC_FEATURE
<222> LOCATION: (16)..(16)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a histidine
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: MISC_FEATURE
<222> LOCATION: (20)..(20)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than an aspartic acid
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: MISC_FEATURE
<222> LOCATION: (42)..(42)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a phenylalanine
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: MISC_FEATURE
<222> LOCATION: (45)..(45)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a tyrosine
<400> SEQUENCE: 14

Ala Pro Thr Ser Ser Thr Lys Lys Thr Gln Leu Gln Leu Glu Xaa
1 5 10 15

Leu Leu Leu Xaa Leu Gln Met Ile Leu Asn Gly Ile Asn Asn Tyr Lys
20 25 30

Asn Pro Lys Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Xaa Lys Phe Xaa Met Pro Lys
35 40 45

Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu Glu Leu Lys
50 55 60

Pro Leu Glu Glu Val Leu Asn Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys Asn Phe His Leu
65 70 75 80

Arg Pro Arg Asp Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Ile Val Leu Glu Leu
85 90 95

Lys Gly Ser Glu Thr Thr Phe Met Cys Glu Tyr Ala Asp Glu Thr Ala
100 105 110

Thr Ile Val Glu Phe Leu Asn Arg Trp Ile Thr Phe Cys Gln Ser Ile
115 120 125

Ile Ser Thr Leu Thr
130

<210> SEQ ID NO 15
<211> LENGTH: 133
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: MISC_FEATURE
<222> LOCATION: (20)..(20)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than an aspartic

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acid
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: MISC_FEATURE
<222> LOCATION: (42)..(42)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a
phenylalanine
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: MISC_FEATURE
<222> LOCATION: (45)..(45)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a tyrosine
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: MISC_FEATURE
<222> LOCATION: (126)..(126)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a glutamine

<400> SEQUENCE: 15

Ala Pro Thr Ser Ser Ser Thr Lys Lys Thr Gln Leu Gln Leu Glu His
1 5 10 15

Leu Leu Leu Xaa Leu Gln Met Ile Leu Asn Gly Ile Asn Asn Tyr Lys
20 25 30

Asn Pro Lys Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Xaa Lys Phe Xaa Met Pro Lys
35 40 45

Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu Glu Glu Leu Lys
50 55 60

Pro Leu Glu Glu Val Leu Asn Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys Asn Phe His Leu
65 70 75 80

Arg Pro Arg Asp Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Ile Val Leu Glu Leu
85 90 95

Lys Gly Ser Glu Thr Thr Phe Met Cys Glu Tyr Ala Asp Glu Thr Ala
100 105 110

Thr Ile Val Glu Phe Leu Asn Arg Trp Ile Thr Phe Cys Xaa Ser Ile
115 120 125

Ile Ser Thr Leu Thr
130

<210> SEQ ID NO 16
<211> LENGTH: 133
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: MISC_FEATURE
<222> LOCATION: (16)..(16)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a histidine
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: MISC_FEATURE
<222> LOCATION: (20)..(20)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than an aspartic
acid
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: MISC_FEATURE
<222> LOCATION: (42)..(42)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a
phenylalanine
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: MISC_FEATURE
<222> LOCATION: (45)..(45)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a tyrosine
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: MISC_FEATURE
<222> LOCATION: (126)..(126)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a glutamine

<400> SEQUENCE: 16

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Ala Pro Thr Ser Ser Ser Thr Lys Lys Thr Gln Leu Gln Leu Glu Xaa
1          5          10          15
Leu Leu Leu Xaa Leu Gln Met Ile Leu Asn Gly Ile Asn Asn Tyr Lys
20          25          30
Asn Pro Lys Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Xaa Lys Phe Xaa Met Pro Lys
35          40          45
Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu Glu Glu Leu Lys
50          55          60
Pro Leu Glu Glu Val Leu Asn Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys Asn Phe His Leu
65          70          75          80
Arg Pro Arg Asp Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Ile Val Leu Glu Leu
85          90          95
Lys Gly Ser Glu Thr Thr Phe Met Cys Glu Tyr Ala Asp Glu Thr Ala
100         105         110
Thr Ile Val Glu Phe Leu Asn Arg Trp Ile Thr Phe Cys Xaa Ser Ile
115         120         125
Ile Ser Thr Leu Thr
130

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<210> SEQ ID NO 17
<211> LENGTH: 133
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: MISC_FEATURE
<222> LOCATION: (16)..(16)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a histidine
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: MISC_FEATURE
<222> LOCATION: (42)..(42)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a
phenylalanine
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: MISC_FEATURE
<222> LOCATION: (126)..(126)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a glutamine

<400> SEQUENCE: 17

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Ala Pro Thr Ser Ser Ser Thr Lys Lys Thr Gln Leu Gln Leu Glu Xaa
1          5          10          15
Leu Leu Leu Asp Leu Gln Met Ile Leu Asn Gly Ile Asn Asn Tyr Lys
20          25          30
Asn Pro Lys Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Xaa Lys Phe Tyr Met Pro Lys
35          40          45
Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu Glu Glu Leu Lys
50          55          60
Pro Leu Glu Glu Val Leu Asn Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys Asn Phe His Leu
65          70          75          80
Arg Pro Arg Asp Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Ile Val Leu Glu Leu
85          90          95
Lys Gly Ser Glu Thr Thr Phe Met Cys Glu Tyr Ala Asp Glu Thr Ala
100         105         110
Thr Ile Val Glu Phe Leu Asn Arg Trp Ile Thr Phe Cys Xaa Ser Ile
115         120         125
Ile Ser Thr Leu Thr
130

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-continued

<210> SEQ ID NO 18

<211> LENGTH: 272

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 18

Met Asp Ser Tyr Leu Leu Met Trp Gly Leu Leu Thr Phe Ile Met Val
1 5 10 15
Pro Gly Cys Gln Ala Glu Leu Cys Asp Asp Asp Pro Pro Glu Ile Pro
20 25 30
His Ala Thr Phe Lys Ala Met Ala Tyr Lys Glu Gly Thr Met Leu Asn
35 40 45
Cys Glu Cys Lys Arg Gly Phe Arg Arg Ile Lys Ser Gly Ser Leu Tyr
50 55 60
Met Leu Cys Thr Gly Asn Ser Ser His Ser Ser Trp Asp Asn Gln Cys
65 70 75 80
Gln Cys Thr Ser Ser Ala Thr Arg Asn Thr Thr Lys Gln Val Thr Pro
85 90 95
Gln Pro Glu Glu Gln Lys Glu Arg Lys Thr Thr Glu Met Gln Ser Pro
100 105 110
Met Gln Pro Val Asp Gln Ala Ser Leu Pro Gly His Cys Arg Glu Pro
115 120 125
Pro Pro Trp Glu Asn Glu Ala Thr Glu Arg Ile Tyr His Phe Val Val
130 135 140
Gly Gln Met Val Tyr Tyr Gln Cys Val Gln Gly Tyr Arg Ala Leu His
145 150 155 160
Arg Gly Pro Ala Glu Ser Val Cys Lys Met Thr His Gly Lys Thr Arg
165 170 175
Trp Thr Gln Pro Gln Leu Ile Cys Thr Gly Glu Met Glu Thr Ser Gln
180 185 190
Phe Pro Gly Glu Glu Lys Pro Gln Ala Ser Pro Glu Gly Arg Pro Glu
195 200 205
Ser Glu Thr Ser Cys Leu Val Thr Thr Thr Asp Phe Gln Ile Gln Thr
210 215 220
Glu Met Ala Ala Thr Met Glu Thr Ser Ile Phe Thr Thr Glu Tyr Gln
225 230 235 240
Val Ala Val Ala Gly Cys Val Phe Leu Leu Ile Ser Val Leu Leu Leu
245 250 255
Ser Gly Leu Thr Trp Gln Arg Arg Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Arg Thr Ile
260 265 270

<210> SEQ ID NO 19

<211> LENGTH: 551

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 19

Met Ala Ala Pro Ala Leu Ser Trp Arg Leu Pro Leu Leu Ile Leu Leu
1 5 10 15
Leu Pro Leu Ala Thr Ser Trp Ala Ser Ala Ala Val Asn Gly Thr Ser
20 25 30
Gln Phe Thr Cys Phe Tyr Asn Ser Arg Ala Asn Ile Ser Cys Val Trp
35 40 45

-continued

Ser	Gln	Asp	Gly	Ala	Leu	Gln	Asp	Thr	Ser	Cys	Gln	Val	His	Ala	Trp
50						55					60				
Pro	Asp	Arg	Arg	Arg	Trp	Asn	Gln	Thr	Cys	Glu	Leu	Leu	Pro	Val	Ser
65					70					75					80
Gln	Ala	Ser	Trp	Ala	Cys	Asn	Leu	Ile	Leu	Gly	Ala	Pro	Asp	Ser	Gln
				85					90					95	
Lys	Leu	Thr	Thr	Val	Asp	Ile	Val	Thr	Leu	Arg	Val	Leu	Cys	Arg	Glu
			100					105					110		
Gly	Val	Arg	Trp	Arg	Val	Met	Ala	Ile	Gln	Asp	Phe	Lys	Pro	Phe	Glu
	115						120					125			
Asn	Leu	Arg	Leu	Met	Ala	Pro	Ile	Ser	Leu	Gln	Val	Val	His	Val	Glu
	130					135					140				
Thr	His	Arg	Cys	Asn	Ile	Ser	Trp	Glu	Ile	Ser	Gln	Ala	Ser	His	Tyr
145				150						155					160
Phe	Glu	Arg	His	Leu	Glu	Phe	Glu	Ala	Arg	Thr	Leu	Ser	Pro	Gly	His
			165					170						175	
Thr	Trp	Glu	Glu	Ala	Pro	Leu	Leu	Thr	Leu	Lys	Gln	Lys	Gln	Glu	Trp
		180						185					190		
Ile	Cys	Leu	Glu	Thr	Leu	Thr	Pro	Asp	Thr	Gln	Tyr	Glu	Phe	Gln	Val
	195						200					205			
Arg	Val	Lys	Pro	Leu	Gln	Gly	Glu	Phe	Thr	Thr	Trp	Ser	Pro	Trp	Ser
	210					215					220				
Gln	Pro	Leu	Ala	Phe	Arg	Thr	Lys	Pro	Ala	Ala	Leu	Gly	Lys	Asp	Thr
225					230					235					240
Ile	Pro	Trp	Leu	Gly	His	Leu	Leu	Val	Gly	Leu	Ser	Gly	Ala	Phe	Gly
			245						250					255	
Phe	Ile	Ile	Leu	Val	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Ile	Asn	Cys	Arg	Asn	Thr	Gly	Pro
			260					265					270		
Trp	Leu	Lys	Lys	Val	Leu	Lys	Cys	Asn	Thr	Pro	Asp	Pro	Ser	Lys	Phe
	275						280					285			
Phe	Ser	Gln	Leu	Ser	Ser	Glu	His	Gly	Gly	Asp	Val	Gln	Lys	Trp	Leu
	290					295					300				
Ser	Ser	Pro	Phe	Pro	Ser	Ser	Ser	Phe	Ser	Pro	Gly	Gly	Leu	Ala	Pro
305					310					315					320
Glu	Ile	Ser	Pro	Leu	Glu	Val	Leu	Glu	Arg	Asp	Lys	Val	Thr	Gln	Leu
			325					330					335		
Leu	Leu	Gln	Gln	Asp	Lys	Val	Pro	Glu	Pro	Ala	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser	Asn
		340						345				350			
His	Ser	Leu	Thr	Ser	Cys	Phe	Thr	Asn	Gln	Gly	Tyr	Phe	Phe	Phe	His
	355						360					365			
Leu	Pro	Asp	Ala	Leu	Glu	Ile	Glu	Ala	Cys	Gln	Val	Tyr	Phe	Thr	Tyr
	370					375					380				
Asp	Pro	Tyr	Ser	Glu	Glu	Asp	Pro	Asp	Glu	Gly	Val	Ala	Gly	Ala	Pro
385					390					395					400
Thr	Gly	Ser	Ser	Pro	Gln	Pro	Leu	Gln	Pro	Leu	Ser	Gly	Glu	Asp	Asp
				405				410					415		
Ala	Tyr	Cys	Thr	Phe	Pro	Ser	Arg	Asp	Asp	Leu	Leu	Leu	Phe	Ser	Pro
			420					425					430		
Ser	Leu	Leu	Gly	Gly	Pro	Ser	Pro	Pro	Ser	Thr	Ala	Pro	Gly	Gly	Ser
	435						440					445			

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Gly	Ala	Gly	Glu	Glu	Arg	Met	Pro	Pro	Ser	Leu	Gln	Glu	Arg	Val	Pro
450						455					460				
Arg	Asp	Trp	Asp	Pro	Gln	Pro	Leu	Gly	Pro	Pro	Thr	Pro	Gly	Val	Pro
465					470					475					480
Asp	Leu	Val	Asp	Phe	Gln	Pro	Pro	Pro	Glu	Leu	Val	Leu	Arg	Glu	Ala
				485					490					495	
Gly	Glu	Glu	Val	Pro	Asp	Ala	Gly	Pro	Arg	Glu	Gly	Val	Ser	Phe	Pro
			500					505					510		
Trp	Ser	Arg	Pro	Pro	Gly	Gln	Gly	Glu	Phe	Arg	Ala	Leu	Asn	Ala	Arg
		515					520					525			
Leu	Pro	Leu	Asn	Thr	Asp	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Ser	Leu	Gln	Glu	Leu	Gln	Gly
	530					535					540				
Gln	Asp	Pro	Thr	His	Leu	Val									
545					550										

<210> SEQ ID NO 20

<211> LENGTH: 369

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 20

Met	Leu	Lys	Pro	Ser	Leu	Pro	Phe	Thr	Ser	Leu	Leu	Phe	Leu	Gln	Leu
1				5					10					15	
Pro	Leu	Leu	Gly	Val	Gly	Leu	Asn	Thr	Thr	Ile	Leu	Thr	Pro	Asn	Gly
			20					25					30		
Asn	Glu	Asp	Thr	Thr	Ala	Asp	Phe	Phe	Leu	Thr	Thr	Met	Pro	Thr	Asp
		35					40					45			
Ser	Leu	Ser	Val	Ser	Thr	Leu	Pro	Leu	Pro	Glu	Val	Gln	Cys	Phe	Val
	50					55					60				
Phe	Asn	Val	Glu	Tyr	Met	Asn	Cys	Thr	Trp	Asn	Ser	Ser	Ser	Glu	Pro
65					70					75					80
Gln	Pro	Thr	Asn	Leu	Thr	Leu	His	Tyr	Trp	Tyr	Lys	Asn	Ser	Asp	Asn
			85						90					95	
Asp	Lys	Val	Gln	Lys	Cys	Ser	His	Tyr	Leu	Phe	Ser	Glu	Glu	Ile	Thr
			100					105						110	
Ser	Gly	Cys	Gln	Leu	Gln	Lys	Lys	Glu	Ile	His	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Thr	Phe
		115					120					125			
Val	Val	Gln	Leu	Gln	Asp	Pro	Arg	Glu	Pro	Arg	Arg	Gln	Ala	Thr	Gln
	130					135					140				
Met	Leu	Lys	Leu	Gln	Asn	Leu	Val	Ile	Pro	Trp	Ala	Pro	Glu	Asn	Leu
145					150					155					160
Thr	Leu	His	Lys	Leu	Ser	Glu	Ser	Gln	Leu	Glu	Leu	Asn	Trp	Asn	Asn
			165						170					175	
Arg	Phe	Leu	Asn	His	Cys	Leu	Glu	His	Leu	Val	Gln	Tyr	Arg	Thr	Asp
			180					185					190		
Trp	Asp	His	Ser	Trp	Thr	Glu	Gln	Ser	Val	Asp	Tyr	Arg	His	Lys	Phe
		195					200					205			
Ser	Leu	Pro	Ser	Val	Asp	Gly	Gln	Lys	Arg	Tyr	Thr	Phe	Arg	Val	Arg
	210					215					220				
Ser	Arg	Phe	Asn	Pro	Leu	Cys	Gly	Ser	Ala	Gln	His	Trp	Ser	Glu	Trp
225					230					235					240
Ser	His	Pro	Ile	His	Trp	Gly	Ser	Asn	Thr	Ser	Lys	Glu	Asn	Pro	Phe
			245					250						255	

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Leu Phe Ala Leu Glu Ala Val Val Ile Ser Val Gly Ser Met Gly Leu
 260 265 270
 Ile Ile Ser Leu Leu Cys Val Tyr Phe Trp Leu Glu Arg Thr Met Pro
 275 280 285
 Arg Ile Pro Thr Leu Lys Asn Leu Glu Asp Leu Val Thr Glu Tyr His
 290 295 300
 Gly Asn Phe Ser Ala Trp Ser Gly Val Ser Lys Gly Leu Ala Glu Ser
 305 310 315 320
 Leu Gln Pro Asp Tyr Ser Glu Arg Leu Cys Leu Val Ser Glu Ile Pro
 325 330 335
 Pro Lys Gly Gly Ala Leu Gly Glu Gly Pro Gly Ala Ser Pro Cys Asn
 340 345 350
 Gln His Ser Pro Tyr Trp Ala Pro Pro Cys Tyr Thr Leu Lys Pro Glu
 355 360 365

Thr

<210> SEQ ID NO 21
 <211> LENGTH: 227
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 21

Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly
 1 5 10 15
 Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met
 20 25 30
 Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His
 35 40 45
 Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val
 50 55 60
 His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr
 65 70 75 80
 Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly
 85 90 95
 Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile
 100 105 110
 Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val
 115 120 125
 Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser
 130 135 140
 Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu
 145 150 155 160
 Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro
 165 170 175
 Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val
 180 185 190
 Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met
 195 200 205
 His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser
 210 215 220
 Pro Gly Lys
 225

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<210> SEQ ID NO 22

<211> LENGTH: 325

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 22

Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Cys Ser Arg Ser
1 5 10 15
Thr Ser Glu Ser Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe
20 25 30
Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly
35 40 45
Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu
50 55 60
Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Asn Phe Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr
65 70 75 80
Thr Cys Asn Val Asp His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Thr
85 90 95
Val Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Pro
100 105 110
Val Ala Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr
115 120 125
Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val
130 135 140
Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Gln Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val
145 150 155 160
Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser
165 170 175
Thr Phe Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Val His Gln Asp Trp Leu
180 185 190
Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ala
195 200 205
Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Thr Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro
210 215 220
Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln
225 230 235 240
Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala
245 250 255
Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr
260 265 270
Pro Pro Met Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu
275 280 285
Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser
290 295 300
Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser
305 310 315 320
Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys
325

<210> SEQ ID NO 23

<211> LENGTH: 246

<212> TYPE: PRT

-continued

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 23

His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Leu Lys Thr
 1 5 10 15
 Pro Leu Gly Asp Thr Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu
 20 25 30
 Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp
 35 40 45
 Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp
 50 55 60
 Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly
 65 70 75 80
 Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn
 85 90 95
 Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp
 100 105 110
 Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro
 115 120 125
 Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu
 130 135 140
 Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn
 145 150 155 160
 Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile
 165 170 175
 Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr
 180 185 190
 Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys
 195 200 205
 Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys
 210 215 220
 Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu
 225 230 235 240
 Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys
 245

<210> SEQ ID NO 24

<211> LENGTH: 383

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 24

Pro Thr Lys Ala Pro Asp Val Phe Pro Ile Ile Ser Gly Cys Arg His
 1 5 10 15
 Pro Lys Asp Asn Ser Pro Val Val Leu Ala Cys Leu Ile Thr Gly Tyr
 20 25 30
 His Pro Thr Ser Val Thr Val Thr Trp Tyr Met Gly Thr Gln Ser Gln
 35 40 45
 Pro Gln Arg Thr Phe Pro Glu Ile Gln Arg Arg Asp Ser Tyr Tyr Met
 50 55 60
 Thr Ser Ser Gln Leu Ser Thr Pro Leu Gln Gln Trp Arg Gln Gly Glu
 65 70 75 80
 Tyr Lys Cys Val Val Gln His Thr Ala Ser Lys Ser Lys Lys Glu Ile

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85					90					95					
Phe	Arg	Trp	Pro	Glu	Ser	Pro	Lys	Ala	Gln	Ala	Ser	Ser	Val	Pro	Thr
			100					105					110		
Ala	Gln	Pro	Gln	Ala	Glu	Gly	Ser	Leu	Ala	Lys	Ala	Thr	Thr	Ala	Pro
			115					120					125		
Ala	Thr	Thr	Arg	Asn	Thr	Gly	Arg	Gly	Gly	Glu	Glu	Lys	Lys	Lys	Glu
			130					135					140		
Lys	Glu	Lys	Glu	Glu	Gln	Glu	Glu	Arg	Glu	Thr	Lys	Thr	Pro	Glu	Cys
			145					150					155		160
Pro	Ser	His	Thr	Gln	Pro	Leu	Gly	Val	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Thr	Pro	Ala	Val
				165					170					175	
Gln	Asp	Leu	Trp	Leu	Arg	Asp	Lys	Ala	Thr	Phe	Thr	Cys	Phe	Val	Val
			180					185					190		
Gly	Ser	Asp	Leu	Lys	Asp	Ala	His	Leu	Thr	Trp	Glu	Val	Ala	Gly	Lys
			195					200					205		
Val	Pro	Thr	Gly	Gly	Val	Glu	Glu	Gly	Leu	Leu	Glu	Arg	His	Ser	Asn
			210					215					220		
Gly	Ser	Gln	Ser	Gln	His	Ser	Arg	Leu	Thr	Leu	Pro	Arg	Ser	Leu	Trp
			225					230					235		240
Asn	Ala	Gly	Thr	Ser	Val	Thr	Cys	Thr	Leu	Asn	His	Pro	Ser	Leu	Pro
				245					250					255	
Pro	Gln	Arg	Leu	Met	Ala	Leu	Arg	Glu	Pro	Ala	Ala	Gln	Ala	Pro	Val
			260					265					270		
Lys	Leu	Ser	Leu	Asn	Leu	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ser	Asp	Pro	Pro	Glu	Ala	Ala
			275					280					285		
Ser	Trp	Leu	Leu	Cys	Glu	Val	Ser	Gly	Phe	Ser	Pro	Pro	Asn	Ile	Leu
			290					295					300		
Leu	Met	Trp	Leu	Glu	Asp	Gln	Arg	Glu	Val	Asn	Thr	Ser	Gly	Phe	Ala
			305					310					315		320
Pro	Ala	Arg	Pro	Pro	Pro	Gln	Pro	Arg	Ser	Thr	Thr	Phe	Trp	Ala	Trp
				325					330					335	
Ser	Val	Leu	Arg	Val	Pro	Ala	Pro	Pro	Ser	Pro	Gln	Pro	Ala	Thr	Tyr
			340						345				350		
Thr	Cys	Val	Val	Ser	His	Glu	Asp	Ser	Arg	Thr	Leu	Leu	Asn	Ala	Ser
			355					360					365		
Arg	Ser	Leu	Glu	Val	Ser	Tyr	Val	Thr	Asp	His	Gly	Pro	Met	Lys	
			370					375					380		

<210> SEQ ID NO 25

<211> LENGTH: 276

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 25

Val	Thr	Ser	Thr	Leu	Thr	Ile	Lys	Glx	Ser	Asp	Trp	Leu	Gly	Glu	Ser
1				5					10					15	
Met	Phe	Thr	Cys	Arg	Val	Asp	His	Arg	Gly	Leu	Thr	Phe	Gln	Gln	Asn
			20					25					30		
Ala	Ser	Ser	Met	Cys	Val	Pro	Asp	Gln	Asp	Thr	Ala	Ile	Arg	Val	Phe
			35				40				45				
Ala	Ile	Pro	Pro	Ser	Phe	Ala	Ser	Ile	Phe	Leu	Thr	Lys	Ser	Thr	Lys
			50			55				60					

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Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Thr Asp Leu Thr Thr Tyr Asx Ser Val Thr Ile
65              70              75              80

Ser Trp Thr Arg Glu Glu Asn Gly Ala Val Lys Thr His Thr Asn Ile
            85              90              95

Ser Glu Ser His Pro Asn Ala Thr Phe Ser Ala Val Gly Glu Ala Ser
            100              105              110

Ile Cys Glu Asp Asx Asp Trp Ser Gly Glu Arg Phe Thr Cys Thr Val
            115              120              125

Thr His Thr Asp Leu Pro Ser Pro Leu Lys Gln Thr Ile Ser Arg Pro
            130              135              140

Lys Gly Val Ala Leu His Arg Pro Asx Val Tyr Leu Leu Pro Pro Ala
145              150              155              160

Arg Glx Glx Leu Asn Leu Arg Glu Ser Ala Thr Ile Thr Cys Leu Val
            165              170              175

Thr Gly Phe Ser Pro Ala Asp Val Phe Val Glu Trp Met Gln Arg Gly
            180              185              190

Glu Pro Leu Ser Pro Gln Lys Tyr Val Thr Ser Ala Pro Met Pro Glu
            195              200              205

Pro Gln Ala Pro Gly Arg Tyr Phe Ala His Ser Ile Leu Thr Val Ser
210              215              220

Glu Glu Glu Trp Asn Thr Gly Gly Thr Tyr Thr Cys Val Val Ala His
225              230              235              240

Glu Ala Leu Pro Asn Arg Val Thr Glu Arg Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Thr
            245              250              255

Gly Lys Pro Thr Leu Tyr Asn Val Ser Leu Val Met Ser Asp Thr Ala
            260              265              270

Gly Thr Cys Tyr
            275

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<210> SEQ ID NO 26

<211> LENGTH: 353

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 26

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Ala Ser Pro Thr Ser Pro Lys Val Phe Pro Leu Ser Leu Cys Ser Thr
1              5              10              15

Gln Pro Asp Gly Asn Val Val Ile Ala Cys Leu Val Gln Gly Phe Phe
20              25              30

Pro Gln Glu Pro Leu Ser Val Thr Trp Ser Glu Ser Gly Gln Gly Val
35              40              45

Thr Ala Arg Asn Phe Pro Pro Ser Gln Asp Ala Ser Gly Asp Leu Tyr
50              55              60

Thr Thr Ser Ser Gln Leu Thr Leu Pro Ala Thr Gln Cys Leu Ala Gly
65              70              75              80

Lys Ser Val Thr Cys His Val Lys His Tyr Thr Asn Pro Ser Gln Asp
            85              90              95

Val Thr Val Pro Cys Pro Val Pro Ser Thr Pro Pro Thr Pro Ser Pro
            100              105              110

Ser Thr Pro Pro Thr Pro Ser Pro Ser Cys Cys His Pro Arg Leu Ser
            115              120              125

Leu His Arg Pro Ala Leu Glu Asp Leu Leu Leu Gly Ser Glu Ala Asn
130              135              140

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Leu Thr Cys Thr Leu Thr Gly Leu Arg Asp Ala Ser Gly Val Thr Phe
145                150                155                160

Thr Trp Thr Pro Ser Ser Gly Lys Ser Ala Val Gln Gly Pro Pro Glu
                165                170                175

Arg Asp Leu Cys Gly Cys Tyr Ser Val Ser Ser Val Leu Pro Gly Cys
                180                185                190

Ala Glu Pro Trp Asn His Gly Lys Thr Phe Thr Cys Thr Ala Ala Tyr
                195                200                205

Pro Glu Ser Lys Thr Pro Leu Thr Ala Thr Leu Ser Lys Ser Gly Asn
                210                215                220

Thr Phe Arg Pro Glu Val His Leu Leu Pro Pro Pro Ser Glu Glu Leu
225                230                235                240

Ala Leu Asn Glu Leu Val Thr Leu Thr Cys Leu Ala Arg Gly Phe Ser
                245                250                255

Pro Lys Asp Val Leu Val Arg Trp Leu Gln Gly Ser Gln Glu Leu Pro
                260                265                270

Arg Glu Lys Tyr Leu Thr Trp Ala Ser Arg Gln Glu Pro Ser Gln Gly
                275                280                285

Thr Thr Thr Phe Ala Val Thr Ser Ile Leu Arg Val Ala Ala Glu Asp
290                295                300

Trp Lys Lys Gly Asp Thr Phe Ser Cys Met Val Gly His Glu Ala Leu
305                310                315                320

Pro Leu Ala Phe Thr Gln Lys Thr Ile Asp Arg Leu Ala Gly Lys Pro
                325                330                335

Thr His Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Met Ala Glu Val Asp Gly Thr Cys
                340                345                350

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Tyr

<210> SEQ ID NO 27

<211> LENGTH: 222

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 27

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Ala Asp Pro Cys Asp Ser Asn Pro Arg Gly Val Ser Ala Tyr Leu Ser
1      5      10      15

Arg Pro Ser Pro Phe Asp Leu Phe Ile Arg Lys Ser Pro Thr Ile Thr
20     25     30

Cys Leu Val Val Asp Leu Ala Pro Ser Lys Gly Thr Val Asn Leu Thr
35     40     45

Trp Ser Arg Ala Ser Gly Lys Pro Val Asn His Ser Thr Arg Lys Glu
50     55     60

Glu Lys Gln Arg Asn Gly Thr Leu Thr Val Thr Ser Thr Leu Pro Val
65     70     75     80

Gly Thr Arg Asp Trp Ile Glu Gly Glu Thr Tyr Gln Cys Arg Val Thr
85     90     95

His Pro His Leu Pro Arg Ala Leu Met Arg Ser Thr Thr Lys Thr Ser
100    105    110

Gly Pro Arg Ala Ala Pro Glu Val Tyr Ala Phe Ala Thr Pro Glu Trp
115    120    125

Pro Gly Ser Arg Asp Lys Arg Thr Leu Ala Cys Leu Ile Gln Asn Phe
130    135    140

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Met Pro Glu Asp Ile Ser Val Gln Trp Leu His Asn Glu Val Gln Leu
145             150             155             160

Pro Asp Ala Arg His Ser Thr Thr Gln Pro Arg Lys Thr Lys Gly Ser
             165             170             175

Gly Phe Phe Val Phe Ser Arg Leu Glu Val Thr Arg Ala Glu Trp Glu
             180             185             190

Gln Lys Asp Glu Phe Ile Cys Arg Ala Val His Glu Ala Ala Ser Pro
             195             200             205

Ser Gln Thr Val Gln Arg Ala Val Ser Val Asn Pro Gly Lys
             210             215             220

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<210> SEQ ID NO 28

<211> LENGTH: 327

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 28

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Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Cys Ser Arg
1             5             10             15

Ser Thr Ser Glu Ser Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr
             20             25             30

Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser
             35             40             45

Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser
             50             55             60

Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Lys Thr
             65             70             75             80

Tyr Thr Cys Asn Val Asp His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys
             85             90             95

Arg Val Glu Ser Lys Tyr Gly Pro Pro Cys Pro Ser Cys Pro Ala Pro
             100             105             110

Glu Phe Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys
             115             120             125

Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val
             130             135             140

Asp Val Ser Gln Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Gln Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp
             145             150             155             160

Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe
             165             170             175

Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp
             180             185             190

Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Gly Leu
             195             200             205

Pro Ser Ser Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg
             210             215             220

Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Gln Glu Glu Met Thr Lys
             225             230             235             240

Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp
             245             250             255

Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys
             260             265             270

Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser

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275					280					285					
Arg	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Lys	Ser	Arg	Trp	Gln	Glu	Gly	Asn	Val	Phe	Ser
290					295					300					
Cys	Ser	Val	Met	His	Glu	Ala	Leu	His	Asn	His	Tyr	Thr	Gln	Lys	Ser
305					310					315					320
Leu	Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Gly	Lys									
					325										
<210> SEQ ID NO 29															
<211> LENGTH: 365															
<212> TYPE: PRT															
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens															
<400> SEQUENCE: 29															
Met	Ala	Val	Met	Ala	Pro	Arg	Thr	Leu	Leu	Leu	Leu	Ser	Gly	Ala	
1				5				10					15		
Leu	Ala	Leu	Thr	Gln	Thr	Trp	Ala	Gly	Ser	His	Ser	Met	Arg	Tyr	Phe
			20					25					30		
Phe	Thr	Ser	Val	Ser	Arg	Pro	Gly	Arg	Gly	Glu	Pro	Arg	Phe	Ile	Ala
			35					40					45		
Val	Gly	Tyr	Val	Asp	Asp	Thr	Gln	Phe	Val	Arg	Phe	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ala
	50					55					60				
Ala	Ser	Gln	Lys	Met	Glu	Pro	Arg	Ala	Pro	Trp	Ile	Glu	Gln	Glu	Gly
65					70					75					80
Pro	Glu	Tyr	Trp	Asp	Gln	Glu	Thr	Arg	Asn	Met	Lys	Ala	His	Ser	Gln
				85					90					95	
Thr	Asp	Arg	Ala	Asn	Leu	Gly	Thr	Leu	Arg	Gly	Tyr	Tyr	Asn	Gln	Ser
			100					105					110		
Glu	Asp	Gly	Ser	His	Thr	Ile	Gln	Ile	Met	Tyr	Gly	Cys	Asp	Val	Gly
			115				120					125			
Pro	Asp	Gly	Arg	Phe	Leu	Arg	Gly	Tyr	Arg	Gln	Asp	Ala	Tyr	Asp	Gly
	130					135					140				
Lys	Asp	Tyr	Ile	Ala	Leu	Asn	Glu	Asp	Leu	Arg	Ser	Trp	Thr	Ala	Ala
145					150					155					160
Asp	Met	Ala	Ala	Gln	Ile	Thr	Lys	Arg	Lys	Trp	Glu	Ala	Val	His	Ala
			165						170					175	
Ala	Glu	Gln	Arg	Arg	Val	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Gly	Arg	Cys	Val	Asp	Gly	Leu
			180					185					190		
Arg	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Glu	Thr	Leu	Gln	Arg	Thr	Asp	Pro
			195				200					205			
Pro	Lys	Thr	His	Met	Thr	His	His	Pro	Ile	Ser	Asp	His	Glu	Ala	Thr
	210					215					220				
Leu	Arg	Cys	Trp	Ala	Leu	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ala	Glu	Ile	Thr	Leu	Thr
225					230					235					240
Trp	Gln	Arg	Asp	Gly	Glu	Asp	Gln	Thr	Gln	Asp	Thr	Glu	Leu	Val	Glu
			245					250					255		
Thr	Arg	Pro	Ala	Gly	Asp	Gly	Thr	Phe	Gln	Lys	Trp	Ala	Ala	Val	Val
			260					265					270		
Val	Pro	Ser	Gly	Glu	Glu	Gln	Arg	Tyr	Thr	Cys	His	Val	Gln	His	Glu
	275					280					285				
Gly	Leu	Pro	Lys	Pro	Leu	Thr	Leu	Arg	Trp	Glu	Leu	Ser	Ser	Gln	Pro
290					295					300					

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Thr Ile Pro Ile Val Gly Ile Ile Ala Gly Leu Val Leu Leu Gly Ala
305 310 315 320

Val Ile Thr Gly Ala Val Val Ala Ala Val Met Trp Arg Arg Lys Ser
325 330 335

Ser Asp Arg Lys Gly Gly Ser Tyr Thr Gln Ala Ala Ser Ser Asp Ser
340 345 350

Ala Gln Gly Ser Asp Val Ser Leu Thr Ala Cys Lys Val
355 360 365

<210> SEQ ID NO 30
 <211> LENGTH: 362
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 30

Met Leu Val Met Ala Pro Arg Thr Val Leu Leu Leu Ser Ala Ala
1 5 10 15

Leu Ala Leu Thr Glu Thr Trp Ala Gly Ser His Ser Met Arg Tyr Phe
20 25 30

Tyr Thr Ser Val Ser Arg Pro Gly Arg Gly Glu Pro Arg Phe Ile Ser
35 40 45

Val Gly Tyr Val Asp Asp Thr Gln Phe Val Arg Phe Asp Ser Asp Ala
50 55 60

Ala Ser Pro Arg Glu Glu Pro Arg Ala Pro Trp Ile Glu Gln Glu Gly
65 70 75 80

Pro Glu Tyr Trp Asp Arg Asn Thr Gln Ile Tyr Lys Ala Gln Ala Gln
85 90 95

Thr Asp Arg Glu Ser Leu Arg Asn Leu Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Asn Gln Ser
100 105 110

Glu Ala Gly Ser His Thr Leu Gln Ser Met Tyr Gly Cys Asp Val Gly
115 120 125

Pro Asp Gly Arg Leu Leu Arg Gly His Asp Gln Tyr Ala Tyr Asp Gly
130 135 140

Lys Asp Tyr Ile Ala Leu Asn Glu Asp Leu Arg Ser Trp Thr Ala Ala
145 150 155 160

Asp Thr Ala Ala Gln Ile Thr Gln Arg Lys Trp Glu Ala Ala Arg Glu
165 170 175

Ala Glu Gln Arg Arg Ala Tyr Leu Glu Gly Glu Cys Val Glu Trp Leu
180 185 190

Arg Arg Tyr Leu Glu Asn Gly Lys Asp Lys Leu Glu Arg Ala Asp Pro
195 200 205

Pro Lys Thr His Val Thr His His Pro Ile Ser Asp His Glu Ala Thr
210 215 220

Leu Arg Cys Trp Ala Leu Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ala Glu Ile Thr Leu Thr
225 230 235 240

Trp Gln Arg Asp Gly Glu Asp Gln Thr Gln Asp Thr Glu Leu Val Glu
245 250 255

Thr Arg Pro Ala Gly Asp Arg Thr Phe Gln Lys Trp Ala Ala Val Val
260 265 270

Val Pro Ser Gly Glu Glu Gln Arg Tyr Thr Cys His Val Gln His Glu
275 280 285

Gly Leu Pro Lys Pro Leu Thr Leu Arg Trp Glu Pro Ser Ser Gln Ser
290 295 300

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Thr Val Pro Ile Val Gly Ile Val Ala Gly Leu Ala Val Leu Ala Val
305 310 315 320

Val Val Ile Gly Ala Val Val Ala Ala Val Met Cys Arg Arg Lys Ser
325 330 335

Ser Gly Gly Lys Gly Gly Ser Tyr Ser Gln Ala Ala Cys Ser Asp Ser
340 345 350

Ala Gln Gly Ser Asp Val Ser Leu Thr Ala
355 360

<210> SEQ ID NO 31

<211> LENGTH: 366

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 31

Met Arg Val Met Ala Pro Arg Ala Leu Leu Leu Leu Ser Gly Gly
1 5 10 15

Leu Ala Leu Thr Glu Thr Trp Ala Cys Ser His Ser Met Arg Tyr Phe
20 25 30

Asp Thr Ala Val Ser Arg Pro Gly Arg Gly Glu Pro Arg Phe Ile Ser
35 40 45

Val Gly Tyr Val Asp Asp Thr Gln Phe Val Arg Phe Asp Ser Asp Ala
50 55 60

Ala Ser Pro Arg Gly Glu Pro Arg Ala Pro Trp Val Glu Gln Glu Gly
65 70 75 80

Pro Glu Tyr Trp Asp Arg Glu Thr Gln Asn Tyr Lys Arg Gln Ala Gln
85 90 95

Ala Asp Arg Val Ser Leu Arg Asn Leu Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Asn Gln Ser
100 105 110

Glu Asp Gly Ser His Thr Leu Gln Arg Met Tyr Gly Cys Asp Leu Gly
115 120 125

Pro Asp Gly Arg Leu Leu Arg Gly Tyr Asp Gln Ser Ala Tyr Asp Gly
130 135 140

Lys Asp Tyr Ile Ala Leu Asn Glu Asp Leu Arg Ser Trp Thr Ala Ala
145 150 155 160

Asp Thr Ala Ala Gln Ile Thr Gln Arg Lys Leu Glu Ala Ala Arg Ala
165 170 175

Ala Glu Gln Leu Arg Ala Tyr Leu Glu Gly Thr Cys Val Glu Trp Leu
180 185 190

Arg Arg Tyr Leu Glu Asn Gly Lys Glu Thr Leu Gln Arg Ala Glu Pro
195 200 205

Pro Lys Thr His Val Thr His His Pro Leu Ser Asp His Glu Ala Thr
210 215 220

Leu Arg Cys Trp Ala Leu Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ala Glu Ile Thr Leu Thr
225 230 235 240

Trp Gln Arg Asp Gly Glu Asp Gln Thr Gln Asp Thr Glu Leu Val Glu
245 250 255

Thr Arg Pro Ala Gly Asp Gly Thr Phe Gln Lys Trp Ala Ala Val Val
260 265 270

Val Pro Ser Gly Gln Glu Gln Arg Tyr Thr Cys His Met Gln His Glu
275 280 285

Gly Leu Gln Glu Pro Leu Thr Leu Ser Trp Glu Pro Ser Ser Gln Pro

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290	295	300
Thr Ile Pro Ile Met Gly Ile Val Ala Gly Leu Ala Val Leu Val Val		
305	310	315 320
Leu Ala Val Leu Gly Ala Val Val Thr Ala Met Met Cys Arg Arg Lys		
	325	330 335
Ser Ser Gly Gly Lys Gly Gly Ser Cys Ser Gln Ala Ala Cys Ser Asn		
	340	345 350
Ser Ala Gln Gly Ser Asp Glu Ser Leu Ile Thr Cys Lys Ala		
	355	360 365
<210> SEQ ID NO 32		
<211> LENGTH: 833		
<212> TYPE: PRT		
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens		
<400> SEQUENCE: 32		
Met Tyr Arg Met Gln Leu Leu Ser Cys Ile Ala Leu Ser Leu Ala Leu		
1	5	10 15
Val Thr Asn Ser Ala Pro Thr Ser Ser Ser Thr Lys Lys Thr Gln Leu		
	20	25 30
Gln Leu Glu Ala Leu Leu Leu Asp Leu Gln Met Ile Leu Asn Gly Ile		
	35	40 45
Asn Asn Tyr Lys Asn Pro Lys Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Ala Lys Phe		
	50	55 60
Tyr Met Pro Lys Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu		
	65	70 75 80
Glu Glu Leu Lys Pro Leu Glu Glu Val Leu Asn Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys		
	85	90 95
Asn Phe His Leu Arg Pro Arg Asp Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Ile		
	100	105 110
Val Leu Glu Leu Lys Gly Ser Glu Thr Thr Phe Met Cys Glu Tyr Ala		
	115	120 125
Asp Glu Thr Ala Thr Ile Val Glu Phe Leu Asn Arg Trp Ile Thr Phe		
	130	135 140
Cys Gln Ser Ile Ile Ser Thr Leu Thr Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly		
	145	150 155 160
Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Thr		
	165	170 175
Ser Ser Ser Thr Lys Lys Thr Gln Leu Gln Leu Glu Ala Leu Leu Leu		
	180	185 190
Asp Leu Gln Met Ile Leu Asn Gly Ile Asn Asn Tyr Lys Asn Pro Lys		
	195	200 205
Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Ala Lys Phe Tyr Met Pro Lys Lys Ala Thr		
	210	215 220
Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu Glu Glu Leu Lys Pro Leu Glu		
	225	230 235 240
Glu Val Leu Asn Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys Asn Phe His Leu Arg Pro Arg		
	245	250 255
Asp Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Ile Val Leu Glu Leu Lys Gly Ser		
	260	265 270
Glu Thr Thr Phe Met Cys Glu Tyr Ala Asp Glu Thr Ala Thr Ile Val		
	275	280 285

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Glu	Phe	Leu	Asn	Arg	Trp	Ile	Thr	Phe	Cys	Gln	Ser	Ile	Ile	Ser	Thr
290						295					300				
Leu	Thr	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly
305					310					315					320
Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser	His	Ser	Met	Arg	Tyr	Phe	Phe	Thr
				325					330					335	
Ser	Val	Ser	Arg	Pro	Gly	Arg	Gly	Glu	Pro	Arg	Phe	Ile	Ala	Val	Gly
			340					345					350		
Tyr	Val	Asp	Asp	Thr	Gln	Phe	Val	Arg	Phe	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ala	Ala	Ser
		355					360					365			
Gln	Arg	Met	Glu	Pro	Arg	Ala	Pro	Trp	Ile	Glu	Gln	Glu	Gly	Pro	Glu
	370					375					380				
Tyr	Trp	Asp	Gly	Glu	Thr	Arg	Lys	Val	Lys	Ala	His	Ser	Gln	Thr	His
385					390					395					400
Arg	Val	Asp	Leu	Gly	Thr	Leu	Arg	Gly	Ala	Tyr	Asn	Gln	Ser	Glu	Ala
			405						410					415	
Gly	Ser	His	Thr	Val	Gln	Arg	Met	Tyr	Gly	Cys	Asp	Val	Gly	Ser	Asp
			420					425					430		
Trp	Arg	Phe	Leu	Arg	Gly	Tyr	His	Gln	Tyr	Ala	Tyr	Asp	Gly	Lys	Asp
		435					440					445			
Tyr	Ile	Ala	Leu	Lys	Glu	Asp	Leu	Arg	Ser	Trp	Thr	Ala	Ala	Asp	Met
	450					455					460				
Ala	Ala	Gln	Thr	Thr	Lys	His	Lys	Trp	Glu	Ala	Ala	His	Val	Ala	Glu
465					470					475					480
Gln	Leu	Arg	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Gly	Thr	Cys	Val	Glu	Trp	Leu	Arg	Arg
			485						490					495	
Tyr	Leu	Glu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Glu	Thr	Leu	Gln	Arg	Thr	Asp	Ala	Pro	Lys
			500					505					510		
Thr	His	Met	Thr	His	His	Ala	Val	Ser	Asp	His	Glu	Ala	Thr	Leu	Arg
		515					520					525			
Cys	Trp	Ala	Leu	Ser	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ala	Glu	Ile	Thr	Leu	Thr	Trp	Gln
	530					535					540				
Arg	Asp	Gly	Glu	Asp	Gln	Thr	Gln	Asp	Thr	Glu	Leu	Val	Glu	Thr	Arg
545					550					555					560
Pro	Cys	Gly	Asp	Gly	Thr	Phe	Gln	Lys	Trp	Ala	Ala	Val	Val	Val	Pro
			565						570					575	
Ser	Gly	Gln	Glu	Gln	Arg	Tyr	Thr	Cys	His	Val	Gln	His	Glu	Gly	Leu
			580					585					590		
Pro	Lys	Pro	Leu	Thr	Leu	Arg	Trp	Glu	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly	Gly	Asp	Lys
		595					600					605			
Thr	His	Thr	Cys	Pro	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala	Pro	Glu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Gly	Pro
	610					615					620				
Ser	Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Thr	Leu	Met	Ile	Ser
625					630					635					640
Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Val	Thr	Cys	Val	Val	Val	Asp	Val	Ser	His	Glu	Asp
			645						650					655	
Pro	Glu	Val	Lys	Phe	Asn	Trp	Tyr	Val	Asp	Gly	Val	Glu	Val	His	Asn
		660					665					670			
Ala	Lys	Thr	Lys	Pro	Arg	Glu	Glu	Gln	Tyr	Ala	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Val
	675					680						685			
Val	Ser	Val	Leu	Thr	Val	Leu	His	Gln	Asp	Trp	Leu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Glu

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690	695	700
Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys		
705	710	715 720
Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr		
	725	730 735
Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr		
	740	745 750
Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu		
	755	760 765
Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu		
	770	775 780
Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys		
	785	790 795 800
Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu		
	805	810 815
Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly		
	820	825 830
Lys		
<210> SEQ ID NO 33		
<211> LENGTH: 813		
<212> TYPE: PRT		
<213> ORGANISM: homo sapiens		
<400> SEQUENCE: 33		
Ala Pro Thr Ser Ser Ser Thr Lys Lys Thr Gln Leu Gln Leu Glu Ala		
1	5	10 15
Leu Leu Leu Asp Leu Gln Met Ile Leu Asn Gly Ile Asn Asn Tyr Lys		
	20	25 30
Asn Pro Lys Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Ala Lys Phe Tyr Met Pro Lys		
	35	40 45
Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu Glu Glu Leu Lys		
	50	55 60
Pro Leu Glu Glu Val Leu Asn Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys Asn Phe His Leu		
	65	70 75 80
Arg Pro Arg Asp Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Ile Val Leu Glu Leu		
	85	90 95
Lys Gly Ser Glu Thr Thr Phe Met Cys Glu Tyr Ala Asp Glu Thr Ala		
	100	105 110
Thr Ile Val Glu Phe Leu Asn Arg Trp Ile Thr Phe Cys Gln Ser Ile		
	115	120 125
Ile Ser Thr Leu Thr Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly		
	130	135 140
Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Thr Ser Ser Ser Thr		
	145	150 155 160
Lys Lys Thr Gln Leu Gln Leu Glu Ala Leu Leu Leu Asp Leu Gln Met		
	165	170 175
Ile Leu Asn Gly Ile Asn Asn Tyr Lys Asn Pro Lys Leu Thr Arg Met		
	180	185 190
Leu Thr Ala Lys Phe Tyr Met Pro Lys Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys His		
	195	200 205
Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu Glu Glu Leu Lys Pro Leu Glu Glu Val Leu Asn		

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210					215					220					
Leu 225	Ala	Gln	Ser	Lys	Asn 230	Phe	His	Leu	Arg	Pro 235	Arg	Asp	Leu	Ile	Ser 240
Asn	Ile	Asn	Val	Ile 245	Val	Leu	Glu	Leu	Lys 250	Gly	Ser	Glu	Thr	Thr	Phe 255
Met	Cys	Glu	Tyr 260	Ala	Asp	Glu	Thr	Ala 265	Thr	Ile	Val	Glu	Phe 270	Leu	Asn
Arg	Trp	Ile 275	Thr	Phe	Cys	Gln	Ser 280	Ile	Ile	Ser	Thr	Leu 285	Thr	Gly	Gly
Gly	Gly 290	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly 295	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly 300	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly
Gly 305	Ser	Gly	Ser	His	Ser 310	Met	Arg	Tyr	Phe	Phe 315	Thr	Ser	Val	Ser	Arg 320
Pro	Gly	Arg	Gly	Glu 325	Pro	Arg	Phe	Ile	Ala 330	Val	Gly	Tyr	Val	Asp 335	Asp
Thr	Gln	Phe 340	Val	Arg	Phe	Asp	Ser	Asp 345	Ala	Ala	Ser	Gln	Arg 350	Met	Glu
Pro	Arg	Ala 355	Pro	Trp	Ile	Glu	Gln 360	Glu	Gly	Pro	Glu	Tyr 365	Trp	Asp	Gly
Glu	Thr 370	Arg	Lys	Val	Lys	Ala 375	His	Ser	Gln	Thr	His 380	Arg	Val	Asp	Leu
Gly 385	Thr	Leu	Arg	Gly	Ala 390	Tyr	Asn	Gln	Ser	Glu 395	Ala	Gly	Ser	His	Thr 400
Val	Gln	Arg	Met 405	Tyr	Gly	Cys	Asp	Val	Gly 410	Ser	Asp	Trp	Arg	Phe 415	Leu
Arg	Gly	Tyr	His 420	Gln	Tyr	Ala	Tyr	Asp 425	Gly	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Ile 430	Ala	Leu
Lys	Glu	Asp 435	Leu	Arg	Ser	Trp	Thr 440	Ala	Ala	Asp	Met	Ala 445	Ala	Gln	Thr
Thr	Lys 450	His	Lys	Trp	Glu	Ala 455	Ala	His	Val	Ala	Glu 460	Gln	Leu	Arg	Ala
Tyr 465	Leu	Glu	Gly	Thr	Cys 470	Val	Glu	Trp	Leu	Arg 475	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Asn 480
Gly	Lys	Glu	Thr 485	Leu	Gln	Arg	Thr	Asp	Ala 490	Pro	Lys	Thr	His 495	Met	Thr
His	His	Ala 500	Val	Ser	Asp	His	Glu	Ala 505	Thr	Leu	Arg	Cys 510	Trp	Ala	Leu
Ser	Phe	Tyr 515	Pro	Ala	Glu	Ile	Thr 520	Leu	Thr	Trp	Gln	Arg 525	Asp	Gly	Glu
Asp	Gln 530	Thr	Gln	Asp	Thr	Glu 535	Leu	Val	Glu	Thr	Arg 540	Pro	Cys	Gly	Asp
Gly 545	Thr	Phe	Gln	Lys	Trp 550	Ala	Ala	Val	Val	Val 555	Pro	Ser	Gly	Gln	Glu 560
Gln	Arg	Tyr	Thr 565	Cys	His	Val	Gln	His	Glu 570	Gly	Leu	Pro	Lys 575	Pro	Leu
Thr	Leu	Arg	Trp 580	Glu	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly 585	Gly	Asp	Lys	Thr 590	His	Thr	Cys
Pro	Pro	Cys 595	Pro	Ala	Pro	Glu	Leu 600	Leu	Gly	Gly	Pro	Ser 605	Val	Phe	Leu
Phe 610	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys 615	Asp	Thr	Leu	Met	Ile 620	Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu

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Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys	
625 630 635 640	
Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys	
645 650 655	
Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Ala Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu	
660 665 670	
Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys	
675 680 685	
Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys	
690 695 700	
Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser	
705 710 715 720	
Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys	
725 730 735	
Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln	
740 745 750	
Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly	
755 760 765	
Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln	
770 775 780	
Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn	
785 790 795 800	
His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys	
805 810	

<210> SEQ ID NO 34

<211> LENGTH: 2505

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polynucleotide

<400> SEQUENCE: 34

atgtacagga tgcaactcct gtcttgcatt gcactaagtc ttgcacttgt cacaaacagt	60
gcacctactt caagttctac aaagaaaaca cagctacaac tggaggcatt actgctggat	120
ttacagatga ttttgaatgg aattaataat tacaagaatc ccaaactcac caggatgctc	180
acagcaaagt tttacatgcc caagaaggcc acagaactga aacatcttca gtgtctagaa	240
gaagaactca aacctctgga ggaagtgcta aatttagctc aaagcaaaaa ctttcactta	300
agaccaggg acttaatcag caatatcaac gtaatagttc tggaactaaa gggatctgaa	360
acaacattca tgtgtgaata tgctgatgag acagcaacca ttgtagaatt tctgaacaga	420
tggattacct tttgtcaaag catcatctca acactgactg gaggcggagg atctgggtggt	480
ggaggttctg gtggtggggg atctggaggc ggaggatctg cacctacttc aagttctaca	540
aagaaaacac agctacaact ggaggcatta ctgctggatt tacagatgat tttgaatgga	600
attaataatt acaagaatcc caaactcacc aggatgctca cagcaaagtt ttacatgccc	660
aagaaggcca cagaactgaa acatcttcag tgtctagaag aagaactcaa acctctggag	720
gaagtgctaa atttagctca aagcaaaaac tttcacttaa gaccagggga cttaatcagc	780
aatatcaacg taatagttct ggaactaaag ggatctgaaa caacattcat gtgtgaatat	840
gctgatgaga cagcaacat tgtagaattt ctgaacagat ggattacctt ttgtcaaagc	900

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atcatctcaa cactgactgg aggcggagga tctggtggtg gaggttcttg tggtagggga 960
tctggaggcg gaggatctgg ctctcactcc atgaggtatt tcttcacatc cgtgtcccgg 1020
cccgcccgcg gggagccccc ctctcatcgca gtgggctacg tggacgacac gcagtctcgt 1080
cgggttcgaca gcgacgcccgc gagccagagg atggagccgc gggcgccgtg gatagagcag 1140
gaggggtccgg agtattggga cggggagaca cggaagtga agggccactc acagactcac 1200
cgagtggacc tggggaccct gcgcggcgcc tacaaccaga gcgagggccgg ttctcacacc 1260
gtccagagga tgtatggtcg cgacgtgggg tcggactggc gcttctctcc cggttaccac 1320
cagtacgcct acgacggcaa ggattacatc gccctgaaag aggacctgcg ctcttgacc 1380
gcggcggaca tggcagctca gaccaccaag cacaagtggg aggcggccca tgtggcggag 1440
cagttgagag cctacctgga gggcacgtgc gtggagtggc tccgcagata cctggagaac 1500
gggaaggaga cgctgcagcg cacggacgcc cccaaaacgc atatgactca ccacgctgtc 1560
tctgacctg aagccaccct gaggtgctgg gccctgagct tctaccctgc ggagatcaca 1620
ctgacctggc agcgggatgg ggaggaccag acccaggaca cggagctcgt ggagaccagg 1680
ccttgccggg atggaacctt ccagaagtgg gcggctgtgg tggtagcttc tggacaggag 1740
cagagataca cctgccatgt gcagcatgag ggtttgccca agccctcac cctgagatgg 1800
gaggcagctg cgggtggcga caaaactcac acatgccac cgtgcccagc acctgaactc 1860
ctggggggac cgtcagtctt cctcttcccc ccaaaacca aggacacct catgatctcc 1920
cggacccctg aggtcacatg cgtggtggtg gacgtgagcc acgaagccc tgaggtaag 1980
ttcaactggt acgtggacgg cgtggaggtg cataatgcc agacaaagcc gcgggaggag 2040
cagtacgcaa gcacgtaccg tgtggtcagc gtcctcaccg tcctgcacca ggactggctg 2100
aatggcaagg agtacaagtg caaggtctcc aacaagccc tcccagcccc catcgagaaa 2160
accatctcca aagccaaagg gcagccccga gaaccacagg tgtacacct gccccatcc 2220
cgggaggaga tgaccaagaa ccaggtcagc ctgacctgcc tggtaaaagg cttctatccc 2280
agcgacatcg ccgtggagtg ggagagcaat gggcagccgg agaacaacta caagaccacg 2340
cctcccgctg tggactccga cggtctcttc ttcctctaca gcaagctcac cgtggacaag 2400
agcagatggc agcaggggaa cgtcttctca tgctccgtga tgcacgaggc tctgcacaac 2460
cactacacgc agaagtcctc ctccctgtct ccgggtaaat agtga 2505

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<210> SEQ ID NO 35

<211> LENGTH: 833

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 35

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Met Tyr Arg Met Gln Leu Leu Ser Cys Ile Ala Leu Ser Leu Ala Leu
1           5           10          15
Val Thr Asn Ser Ala Pro Thr Ser Ser Thr Lys Lys Thr Gln Leu
20          25          30
Gln Leu Glu Ala Leu Leu Leu Asp Leu Gln Met Ile Leu Asn Gly Ile
35          40          45
Asn Asn Tyr Lys Asn Pro Lys Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Ala Lys Phe
50          55          60
Tyr Met Pro Lys Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu

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65	70					75					80				
Glu	Glu	Leu	Lys	Pro	Leu	Glu	Glu	Val	Leu	Asn	Leu	Ala	Gln	Ser	Lys
			85						90				95		
Asn	Phe	His	Leu	Arg	Pro	Arg	Asp	Leu	Ile	Ser	Asn	Ile	Asn	Val	Ile
			100					105					110		
Val	Leu	Glu	Leu	Lys	Gly	Ser	Glu	Thr	Thr	Phe	Met	Cys	Glu	Tyr	Ala
	115						120					125			
Asp	Glu	Thr	Ala	Thr	Ile	Val	Glu	Phe	Leu	Asn	Arg	Trp	Ile	Thr	Phe
	130					135					140				
Cys	Gln	Ser	Ile	Ile	Ser	Thr	Leu	Thr	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly
145					150					155					160
Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Ala	Pro	Thr
			165						170					175	
Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr	Lys	Lys	Thr	Gln	Leu	Gln	Leu	Glu	Ala	Leu	Leu	Leu
			180					185					190		
Asp	Leu	Gln	Met	Ile	Leu	Asn	Gly	Ile	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Asn	Pro	Lys
	195						200					205			
Leu	Thr	Arg	Met	Leu	Thr	Ala	Lys	Phe	Tyr	Met	Pro	Lys	Lys	Ala	Thr
	210					215					220				
Glu	Leu	Lys	His	Leu	Gln	Cys	Leu	Glu	Glu	Glu	Leu	Lys	Pro	Leu	Glu
225					230					235					240
Glu	Val	Leu	Asn	Leu	Ala	Gln	Ser	Lys	Asn	Phe	His	Leu	Arg	Pro	Arg
			245						250					255	
Asp	Leu	Ile	Ser	Asn	Ile	Asn	Val	Ile	Val	Leu	Glu	Leu	Lys	Gly	Ser
		260					265						270		
Glu	Thr	Thr	Phe	Met	Cys	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Asp	Glu	Thr	Ala	Thr	Ile	Val
		275					280					285			
Glu	Phe	Leu	Asn	Arg	Trp	Ile	Thr	Phe	Cys	Gln	Ser	Ile	Ile	Ser	Thr
	290					295					300				
Leu	Thr	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly
305					310					315					320
Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser	His	Ser	Met	Arg	Tyr	Phe	Phe	Thr
			325					330						335	
Ser	Val	Ser	Arg	Pro	Gly	Arg	Gly	Glu	Pro	Arg	Phe	Ile	Ala	Val	Gly
		340						345					350		
Tyr	Val	Asp	Asp	Thr	Gln	Phe	Val	Arg	Phe	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ala	Ala	Ser
		355					360					365			
Gln	Arg	Met	Glu	Pro	Arg	Ala	Pro	Trp	Ile	Glu	Gln	Glu	Gly	Pro	Glu
	370					375					380				
Tyr	Trp	Asp	Gly	Glu	Thr	Arg	Lys	Val	Lys	Ala	His	Ser	Gln	Thr	His
385					390					395					400
Arg	Val	Asp	Leu	Gly	Thr	Leu	Arg	Gly	Ala	Tyr	Asn	Gln	Ser	Glu	Ala
			405						410					415	
Gly	Ser	His	Thr	Val	Gln	Arg	Met	Tyr	Gly	Cys	Asp	Val	Gly	Ser	Asp
			420					425					430		
Trp	Arg	Phe	Leu	Arg	Gly	Tyr	His	Gln	Tyr	Ala	Tyr	Asp	Gly	Lys	Asp
		435					440					445			
Tyr	Ile	Ala	Leu	Lys	Glu	Asp	Leu	Arg	Ser	Trp	Thr	Ala	Ala	Asp	Met
	450					455					460				
Ala	Ala	Gln	Thr	Thr	Lys	His	Lys	Trp	Glu	Ala	Ala	His	Val	Ala	Glu
465					470					475					480

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Gln	Leu	Arg	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Gly	Thr	Cys	Val	Glu	Trp	Leu	Arg		
				485									495			
Tyr	Leu	Glu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Glu	Thr	Leu	Gln	Arg	Thr	Asp	Ala	Pro	Lys	
				500									510			
Thr	His	Met	Thr	His	His	Ala	Val	Ser	Asp	His	Glu	Ala	Thr	Leu	Arg	
				515									525			
Cys	Trp	Ala	Leu	Ser	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ala	Glu	Ile	Thr	Leu	Thr	Trp	Gln	
				530									540			
Arg	Asp	Gly	Glu	Asp	Gln	Thr	Gln	Asp	Thr	Glu	Leu	Val	Glu	Thr	Arg	
				545									555			
Pro	Cys	Gly	Asp	Gly	Thr	Phe	Gln	Lys	Trp	Ala	Ala	Val	Val	Val	Pro	
				565									575			
Ser	Gly	Gln	Glu	Gln	Arg	Tyr	Thr	Cys	His	Val	Gln	His	Glu	Gly	Leu	
				580									590			
Pro	Lys	Pro	Leu	Thr	Leu	Arg	Trp	Glu	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly	Gly	Asp	Lys	
				595									605			
Thr	His	Thr	Cys	Pro	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala	Pro	Glu	Ala	Ala	Gly	Gly	Pro	
				610									620			
Ser	Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Thr	Leu	Met	Ile	Ser	
				625									635			
Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Val	Thr	Cys	Val	Val	Val	Asp	Val	Ser	His	Glu	Asp	
				645									655			
Pro	Glu	Val	Lys	Phe	Asn	Trp	Tyr	Val	Asp	Gly	Val	Glu	Val	His	Asn	
				660									670			
Ala	Lys	Thr	Lys	Pro	Arg	Glu	Glu	Gln	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Val	
				675									685			
Val	Ser	Val	Leu	Thr	Val	Leu	His	Gln	Asp	Trp	Leu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Glu	
				690									700			
Tyr	Lys	Cys	Lys	Val	Ser	Asn	Lys	Ala	Leu	Pro	Ala	Pro	Ile	Glu	Lys	
				705									715			
Thr	Ile	Ser	Lys	Ala	Lys	Gly	Gln	Pro	Arg	Glu	Pro	Gln	Val	Tyr	Thr	
				725									735			
Leu	Pro	Pro	Ser	Arg	Glu	Glu	Met	Thr	Lys	Asn	Gln	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr	
				740									750			
Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ala	Val	Glu	Trp	Glu	
				755									765			
Ser	Asn	Gly	Gln	Pro	Glu	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro	Pro	Val	Leu	
				770									780			
Asp	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ser	Phe	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Lys	
				785									795			
Ser	Arg	Trp	Gln	Gln	Gly	Asn	Val	Phe	Ser	Cys	Ser	Val	Met	His	Glu	
				805									815			
Ala	Leu	His	Asn	His	Tyr	Thr	Gln	Lys	Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ser	Pro	Gly	
				820									830			
Lys																

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<210> SEQ ID NO 36
<211> LENGTH: 813
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 36
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Ala	Pro	Thr	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr	Lys	Lys	Thr	Gln	Leu	Gln	Leu	Glu	Ala	1	5	10	15
Leu	Leu	Leu	Asp	Leu	Gln	Met	Ile	Leu	Asn	Gly	Ile	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Lys	20	25	30	
Asn	Pro	Lys	Leu	Thr	Arg	Met	Leu	Thr	Ala	Lys	Phe	Tyr	Met	Pro	Lys	35	40	45	
Lys	Ala	Thr	Glu	Leu	Lys	His	Leu	Gln	Cys	Leu	Glu	Glu	Glu	Leu	Lys	50	55	60	
Pro	Leu	Glu	Glu	Val	Leu	Asn	Leu	Ala	Gln	Ser	Lys	Asn	Phe	His	Leu	65	70	75	80
Arg	Pro	Arg	Asp	Leu	Ile	Ser	Asn	Ile	Asn	Val	Ile	Val	Leu	Glu	Leu	85	90	95	
Lys	Gly	Ser	Glu	Thr	Thr	Phe	Met	Cys	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Asp	Glu	Thr	Ala	100	105	110	
Thr	Ile	Val	Glu	Phe	Leu	Asn	Arg	Trp	Ile	Thr	Phe	Cys	Gln	Ser	Ile	115	120	125	
Ile	Ser	Thr	Leu	Thr	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	130	135	140	
Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Ala	Pro	Thr	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr	145	150	155	160
Lys	Lys	Thr	Gln	Leu	Gln	Leu	Glu	Ala	Leu	Leu	Leu	Asp	Leu	Gln	Met	165	170	175	
Ile	Leu	Asn	Gly	Ile	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Asn	Pro	Lys	Leu	Thr	Arg	Met	180	185	190	
Leu	Thr	Ala	Lys	Phe	Tyr	Met	Pro	Lys	Lys	Ala	Thr	Glu	Leu	Lys	His	195	200	205	
Leu	Gln	Cys	Leu	Glu	Glu	Glu	Leu	Lys	Pro	Leu	Glu	Glu	Val	Leu	Asn	210	215	220	
Leu	Ala	Gln	Ser	Lys	Asn	Phe	His	Leu	Arg	Pro	Arg	Asp	Leu	Ile	Ser	225	230	235	240
Asn	Ile	Asn	Val	Ile	Val	Leu	Glu	Leu	Lys	Gly	Ser	Glu	Thr	Thr	Phe	245	250	255	
Met	Cys	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Asp	Glu	Thr	Ala	Thr	Ile	Val	Glu	Phe	Leu	Asn	260	265	270	
Arg	Trp	Ile	Thr	Phe	Cys	Gln	Ser	Ile	Ile	Ser	Thr	Leu	Thr	Gly	Gly	275	280	285	
Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	290	295	300	
Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser	His	Ser	Met	Arg	Tyr	Phe	Phe	Thr	Ser	Val	Ser	Arg	305	310	315	320
Pro	Gly	Arg	Gly	Glu	Pro	Arg	Phe	Ile	Ala	Val	Gly	Tyr	Val	Asp	Asp	325	330	335	
Thr	Gln	Phe	Val	Arg	Phe	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ala	Ala	Ser	Gln	Arg	Met	Glu	340	345	350	
Pro	Arg	Ala	Pro	Trp	Ile	Glu	Gln	Glu	Gly	Pro	Glu	Tyr	Trp	Asp	Gly	355	360	365	
Glu	Thr	Arg	Lys	Val	Lys	Ala	His	Ser	Gln	Thr	His	Arg	Val	Asp	Leu	370	375	380	
Gly	Thr	Leu	Arg	Gly	Ala	Tyr	Asn	Gln	Ser	Glu	Ala	Gly	Ser	His	Thr	385	390	395	400

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Val	Gln	Arg	Met	Tyr	Gly	Cys	Asp	Val	Gly	Ser	Asp	Trp	Arg	Phe	Leu
				405					410					415	
Arg	Gly	Tyr	His	Gln	Tyr	Ala	Tyr	Asp	Gly	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Ile	Ala	Leu
			420					425					430		
Lys	Glu	Asp	Leu	Arg	Ser	Trp	Thr	Ala	Ala	Asp	Met	Ala	Ala	Gln	Thr
		435					440					445			
Thr	Lys	His	Lys	Trp	Glu	Ala	Ala	His	Val	Ala	Glu	Gln	Leu	Arg	Ala
	450				455						460				
Tyr	Leu	Glu	Gly	Thr	Cys	Val	Glu	Trp	Leu	Arg	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Asn
465					470					475					480
Gly	Lys	Glu	Thr	Leu	Gln	Arg	Thr	Asp	Ala	Pro	Lys	Thr	His	Met	Thr
				485					490					495	
His	His	Ala	Val	Ser	Asp	His	Glu	Ala	Thr	Leu	Arg	Cys	Trp	Ala	Leu
			500					505					510		
Ser	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ala	Glu	Ile	Thr	Leu	Thr	Trp	Gln	Arg	Asp	Gly	Glu
		515					520					525			
Asp	Gln	Thr	Gln	Asp	Thr	Glu	Leu	Val	Glu	Thr	Arg	Pro	Cys	Gly	Asp
	530					535					540				
Gly	Thr	Phe	Gln	Lys	Trp	Ala	Ala	Val	Val	Val	Pro	Ser	Gly	Gln	Glu
545					550					555					560
Gln	Arg	Tyr	Thr	Cys	His	Val	Gln	His	Glu	Gly	Leu	Pro	Lys	Pro	Leu
				565					570					575	
Thr	Leu	Arg	Trp	Glu	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly	Gly	Asp	Lys	Thr	His	Thr	Cys
			580					585					590		
Pro	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala	Pro	Glu	Ala	Ala	Gly	Gly	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Leu
		595					600					605			
Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Thr	Leu	Met	Ile	Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu
	610					615					620				
Val	Thr	Cys	Val	Val	Val	Asp	Val	Ser	His	Glu	Asp	Pro	Glu	Val	Lys
625					630					635					640
Phe	Asn	Trp	Tyr	Val	Asp	Gly	Val	Glu	Val	His	Asn	Ala	Lys	Thr	Lys
				645					650					655	
Pro	Arg	Glu	Glu	Gln	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Val	Val	Ser	Val	Leu
			660					665					670		
Thr	Val	Leu	His	Gln	Asp	Trp	Leu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Lys	Cys	Lys
		675					680					685			
Val	Ser	Asn	Lys	Ala	Leu	Pro	Ala	Pro	Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr	Ile	Ser	Lys
	690					695					700				
Ala	Lys	Gly	Gln	Pro	Arg	Glu	Pro	Gln	Val	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ser
705					710					715					720
Arg	Glu	Glu	Met	Thr	Lys	Asn	Gln	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys
				725					730					735	
Gly	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ala	Val	Glu	Trp	Glu	Ser	Asn	Gly	Gln
			740					745					750		
Pro	Glu	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro	Pro	Val	Leu	Asp	Ser	Asp	Gly
		755					760					765			
Ser	Phe	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Lys	Ser	Arg	Trp	Gln
	770					775					780				
Gln	Gly	Asn	Val	Phe	Ser	Cys	Ser	Val	Met	His	Glu	Ala	Leu	His	Asn
785					790					795					800
His	Tyr	Thr	Gln	Lys	Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ser	Pro	Gly	Lys			

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805	810	
<210> SEQ ID NO 37		
<211> LENGTH: 2505		
<212> TYPE: DNA		
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence		
<220> FEATURE:		
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polynucleotide		
<400> SEQUENCE: 37		
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gcacctactt caagtcttac aaagaaaaca cagctacaac tggaggcatt actgctggat	120	
ttacagatga ttttgaatgg aattaataat tacaagaatc ccaaactcac caggatgctc	180	
acagcaaagt tttacatgcc caagaaggcc acagaactga aacatcttca gtgtctagaa	240	
gaagaactca aacctctgga ggaagtgcta aatttagctc aaagcaaaaa ctttcactta	300	
agacccaggg acttaatcag caatatcaac gtaatagttc tggaactaaa gggatctgaa	360	
acaacattca tgtgtgaata tgctgatgag acagcaacca ttgtagaatt tctgaacaga	420	
tggattacct tttgtcaaag catcatctca acaactgactg gaggcggagg atctggtggt	480	
ggagggttctg gtggtggggg atctggaggc ggaggatctg cacctacttc aagttctaca	540	
aagaaaacac agctacaact ggaggcatta ctgctggatt tacagatgat tttgaatgga	600	
attaataatt acaagaatcc caaactcacc aggatgctca cagcaaagtt ttacatgccc	660	
aagaaggcca cagaactgaa acatcttcag tgtctagaag aagaactcaa acctctggag	720	
gaagtgctaa atttagctca aagcaaaaac tttcacttaa gaccagggga cttaatcagc	780	
aatatcaacg taatagtctt ggaactaaag ggatctgaaa caacattcat gtgtgaatat	840	
gctgatgaga cagcaaccat tgtagaattt ctgaacagat ggattacctt ttgtcaaagc	900	
atcatctcaa cactgactgg aggcggagga tctggtggtg gaggttctgg tgggtggggga	960	
tctggaggcg gaggatctgg ctctcactcc atgagggtatt tcttcacatc cgtgtcccgg	1020	
cccgcccgcg gggagccccg ctctcatgca gtgggctacg tggacgacac gcagttcgtg	1080	
cggttcgaca gcgacgcccg gagccagagg atggagccgc gggcgccgtg gatagagcag	1140	
gagggtccgg agtattggga cggggagaca cggaagtga aggccactc acagactcac	1200	
cgagtggacc tggggacctc gcgcggcgcc tacaaccaga gcgaggccgg ttctcacacc	1260	
gtccagagga tgtatggtg cgacgtgggg tcggactggc gcttctctcg cgggtaccac	1320	
cagtacgcct acgacggcaa ggattacatc gccctgaaag aggacctgcg ctcttgacc	1380	
gcggcgagca tggcagctca gaccaccaag cacaagtggg aggcggccca tgtggcgag	1440	
cagttgagag cctacctgga gggcacgtgc gtggagtggc tccgcagata cctggagaac	1500	
gggaaggaga cgctgcagcg cacggacgcc cccaaaacgc atatgactca ccacgctgtc	1560	
tctgacctg aagccacct gaggtgctgg gccctgagct tctaccctgc ggagatcaca	1620	
ctgacctggc agcgggatgg ggaggaccag acccaggaca cggagctcgt ggagaccagg	1680	
ccttgcgggg atggaacctt ccagaagtgg gcggctgtgg tgggtgccttc tggacaggag	1740	
cagagataca cctgccatgt gcagcatgag ggtttgccca agcccccac cctgagatgg	1800	
gaggcagctg cgggtggcga caaaactcac acatgccac cgtgcccagc acctgaagcc	1860	
gccgggggac cgtcagctt cctcttcccc ccaaaacca aggacacct catgatctcc	1920	

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cggacccctg aggtcacatg cgtggtggtg gacgtgagcc acgaagaccc tgaggtaag 1980
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cagtacaaca gcacgtaccg tgtggtcagc gtcctcaccg tctgcacca ggactggctg 2100
aatggcaagg agtacaagtg caaggtctcc aacaaaagccc tcccagcccc catcgagaaa 2160
accatctcca aagccaaagg gcagccccga gaaccacagg tgtacacct gcccccatcc 2220
cgggaggaga tgaccaagaa ccaggtcagc ctgacctgcc tggtaaaagg cttctatccc 2280
agcgacatcg ccgtggagtg ggagagcaat gggcagccgg agaacaacta caagaccacg 2340
cctcccgctg tggactccga cggtctcttc ttcctctaca gcaagctcac cgtggacaag 2400
agcagatggc agcaggggaa cgtctctctc tgctccgtga tgcacgaggc tctgcacaac 2460
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<210> SEQ ID NO 38

<211> LENGTH: 833

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 38

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Val Thr Asn Ser Ala Pro Thr Ser Ser Ser Thr Lys Lys Thr Gln Leu
          20          25          30
Gln Leu Glu Ala Leu Leu Leu Asp Leu Gln Met Ile Leu Asn Gly Ile
          35          40          45
Asn Asn Tyr Lys Asn Pro Lys Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Ala Lys Phe
          50          55          60
Tyr Met Pro Lys Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu
65          70          75          80
Glu Glu Leu Lys Pro Leu Glu Glu Val Leu Asn Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys
          85          90          95
Asn Phe His Leu Arg Pro Arg Asp Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Ile
          100         105         110
Val Leu Glu Leu Lys Gly Ser Glu Thr Thr Phe Met Cys Glu Tyr Ala
          115         120         125
Asp Glu Thr Ala Thr Ile Val Glu Phe Leu Asn Arg Trp Ile Thr Phe
          130         135         140
Cys Gln Ser Ile Ile Ser Thr Leu Thr Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly
          145         150         155         160
Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Thr
          165         170         175
Ser Ser Ser Thr Lys Lys Thr Gln Leu Gln Leu Glu Ala Leu Leu Leu
          180         185         190
Asp Leu Gln Met Ile Leu Asn Gly Ile Asn Asn Tyr Lys Asn Pro Lys
          195         200         205
Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Ala Lys Phe Tyr Met Pro Lys Lys Ala Thr
          210         215         220
Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu Glu Glu Leu Lys Pro Leu Glu
          225         230         235         240
Glu Val Leu Asn Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys Asn Phe His Leu Arg Pro Arg
          245         250         255

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Asp	Leu	Ile	Ser	Asn	Ile	Asn	Val	Ile	Val	Leu	Glu	Leu	Lys	Gly	Ser	260	265	270
Glu	Thr	Thr	Phe	Met	Cys	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Asp	Glu	Thr	Ala	Thr	Ile	Val	275	280	285
Glu	Phe	Leu	Asn	Arg	Trp	Ile	Thr	Phe	Cys	Gln	Ser	Ile	Ile	Ser	Thr	290	295	300
Leu	Thr	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	305	310	315
Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser	His	Ser	Met	Arg	Tyr	Phe	Phe	Thr	325	330	335
Ser	Val	Ser	Arg	Pro	Gly	Arg	Gly	Glu	Pro	Arg	Phe	Ile	Ala	Val	Gly	340	345	350
Tyr	Val	Asp	Asp	Thr	Gln	Phe	Val	Arg	Phe	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ala	Ala	Ser	355	360	365
Gln	Arg	Met	Glu	Pro	Arg	Ala	Pro	Trp	Ile	Glu	Gln	Glu	Gly	Pro	Glu	370	375	380
Tyr	Trp	Asp	Gly	Glu	Thr	Arg	Lys	Val	Lys	Ala	His	Ser	Gln	Thr	His	385	390	395
Arg	Val	Asp	Leu	Gly	Thr	Leu	Arg	Gly	Ala	Tyr	Asn	Gln	Ser	Glu	Ala	405	410	415
Gly	Ser	His	Thr	Val	Gln	Arg	Met	Tyr	Gly	Cys	Asp	Val	Gly	Ser	Asp	420	425	430
Trp	Arg	Phe	Leu	Arg	Gly	Tyr	His	Gln	Tyr	Ala	Tyr	Asp	Gly	Lys	Asp	435	440	445
Tyr	Ile	Ala	Leu	Lys	Glu	Asp	Leu	Arg	Ser	Trp	Thr	Ala	Ala	Asp	Met	450	455	460
Ala	Ala	Gln	Thr	Thr	Lys	His	Lys	Trp	Glu	Ala	Ala	His	Val	Ala	Glu	465	470	475
Gln	Leu	Arg	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Gly	Thr	Cys	Val	Glu	Trp	Leu	Arg	Arg	485	490	495
Tyr	Leu	Glu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Glu	Thr	Leu	Gln	Arg	Thr	Asp	Ala	Pro	Lys	500	505	510
Thr	His	Met	Thr	His	His	Ala	Val	Ser	Asp	His	Glu	Ala	Thr	Leu	Arg	515	520	525
Cys	Trp	Ala	Leu	Ser	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ala	Glu	Ile	Thr	Leu	Thr	Trp	Gln	530	535	540
Arg	Asp	Gly	Glu	Asp	Gln	Thr	Gln	Asp	Thr	Glu	Leu	Val	Glu	Thr	Arg	545	550	555
Pro	Cys	Gly	Asp	Gly	Thr	Phe	Gln	Lys	Trp	Ala	Ala	Val	Val	Val	Pro	565	570	575
Ser	Gly	Gln	Glu	Gln	Arg	Tyr	Thr	Cys	His	Val	Gln	His	Glu	Gly	Leu	580	585	590
Pro	Lys	Pro	Leu	Thr	Leu	Arg	Trp	Glu	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly	Gly	Asp	Lys	595	600	605
Thr	His	Thr	Cys	Pro	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala	Pro	Glu	Phe	Glu	Gly	Gly	Pro	610	615	620
Ser	Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Thr	Leu	Met	Ile	Ser	625	630	635
Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Val	Thr	Cys	Val	Val	Val	Asp	Val	Ser	His	Glu	Asp	645	650	655
Pro	Glu	Val	Lys	Phe	Asn	Trp	Tyr	Val	Asp	Gly	Val	Glu	Val	His	Asn			

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660					665					670					
Ala	Lys	Thr	Lys	Pro	Arg	Glu	Glu	Gln	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Val
675							680					685			
Val	Ser	Val	Leu	Thr	Val	Leu	His	Gln	Asp	Trp	Leu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Glu
690						695					700				
Tyr	Lys	Cys	Lys	Val	Ser	Asn	Lys	Ala	Leu	Pro	Ala	Ser	Ile	Glu	Lys
705						710					715				720
Thr	Ile	Ser	Lys	Ala	Lys	Gly	Gln	Pro	Arg	Glu	Pro	Gln	Val	Tyr	Thr
				725					730					735	
Leu	Pro	Pro	Ser	Arg	Glu	Glu	Met	Thr	Lys	Asn	Gln	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr
			740					745					750		
Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ala	Val	Glu	Trp	Glu
	755						760					765			
Ser	Asn	Gly	Gln	Pro	Glu	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro	Pro	Val	Leu
	770					775					780				
Asp	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ser	Phe	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Lys
785						790					795				800
Ser	Arg	Trp	Gln	Gln	Gly	Asn	Val	Phe	Ser	Cys	Ser	Val	Met	His	Glu
				805					810					815	
Ala	Leu	His	Asn	His	Tyr	Thr	Gln	Lys	Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ser	Pro	Gly
			820					825					830		

Lys

<210> SEQ ID NO 39
 <211> LENGTH: 813
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 39

Ala	Pro	Thr	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr	Lys	Lys	Thr	Gln	Leu	Gln	Leu	Glu	Ala
1				5					10					15	
Leu	Leu	Leu	Asp	Leu	Gln	Met	Ile	Leu	Asn	Gly	Ile	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Lys
			20					25					30		
Asn	Pro	Lys	Leu	Thr	Arg	Met	Leu	Thr	Ala	Lys	Phe	Tyr	Met	Pro	Lys
		35				40						45			
Lys	Ala	Thr	Glu	Leu	Lys	His	Leu	Gln	Cys	Leu	Glu	Glu	Glu	Leu	Lys
	50					55					60				
Pro	Leu	Glu	Glu	Val	Leu	Asn	Leu	Ala	Gln	Ser	Lys	Asn	Phe	His	Leu
65					70					75					80
Arg	Pro	Arg	Asp	Leu	Ile	Ser	Asn	Ile	Asn	Val	Ile	Val	Leu	Glu	Leu
				85					90					95	
Lys	Gly	Ser	Glu	Thr	Thr	Phe	Met	Cys	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Asp	Glu	Thr	Ala
			100					105					110		
Thr	Ile	Val	Glu	Phe	Leu	Asn	Arg	Trp	Ile	Thr	Phe	Cys	Gln	Ser	Ile
		115					120					125			
Ile	Ser	Thr	Leu	Thr	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly
	130					135					140				
Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Ala	Pro	Thr	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr
145				150					155						160
Lys	Lys	Thr	Gln	Leu	Gln	Leu	Glu	Ala	Leu	Leu	Leu	Asp	Leu	Gln	Met
			165						170					175	
Ile	Leu	Asn	Gly	Ile	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Asn	Pro	Lys	Leu	Thr	Arg	Met

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180							185					190				
Leu	Thr	Ala	Lys	Phe	Tyr	Met	Pro	Lys	Lys	Ala	Thr	Glu	Leu	Lys	His	
		195					200					205				
Leu	Gln	Cys	Leu	Glu	Glu	Glu	Leu	Lys	Pro	Leu	Glu	Glu	Val	Leu	Asn	
	210					215					220					
Leu	Ala	Gln	Ser	Lys	Asn	Phe	His	Leu	Arg	Pro	Arg	Asp	Leu	Ile	Ser	
225					230					235					240	
Asn	Ile	Asn	Val	Ile	Val	Leu	Glu	Leu	Lys	Gly	Ser	Glu	Thr	Thr	Phe	
			245						250					255		
Met	Cys	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Asp	Glu	Thr	Ala	Thr	Ile	Val	Glu	Phe	Leu	Asn	
			260					265					270			
Arg	Trp	Ile	Thr	Phe	Cys	Gln	Ser	Ile	Ile	Ser	Thr	Leu	Thr	Gly	Gly	
	275						280					285				
Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	
	290					295					300					
Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser	His	Ser	Met	Arg	Tyr	Phe	Phe	Thr	Ser	Val	Ser	Arg	
305					310					315					320	
Pro	Gly	Arg	Gly	Glu	Pro	Arg	Phe	Ile	Ala	Val	Gly	Tyr	Val	Asp	Asp	
				325					330					335		
Thr	Gln	Phe	Val	Arg	Phe	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ala	Ala	Ser	Gln	Arg	Met	Glu	
			340					345					350			
Pro	Arg	Ala	Pro	Trp	Ile	Glu	Gln	Glu	Gly	Pro	Glu	Tyr	Trp	Asp	Gly	
	355						360					365				
Glu	Thr	Arg	Lys	Val	Lys	Ala	His	Ser	Gln	Thr	His	Arg	Val	Asp	Leu	
	370					375					380					
Gly	Thr	Leu	Arg	Gly	Ala	Tyr	Asn	Gln	Ser	Glu	Ala	Gly	Ser	His	Thr	
385					390					395					400	
Val	Gln	Arg	Met	Tyr	Gly	Cys	Asp	Val	Gly	Ser	Asp	Trp	Arg	Phe	Leu	
			405						410					415		
Arg	Gly	Tyr	His	Gln	Tyr	Ala	Tyr	Asp	Gly	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Ile	Ala	Leu	
			420					425					430			
Lys	Glu	Asp	Leu	Arg	Ser	Trp	Thr	Ala	Ala	Asp	Met	Ala	Ala	Gln	Thr	
	435						440					445				
Thr	Lys	His	Lys	Trp	Glu	Ala	Ala	His	Val	Ala	Glu	Gln	Leu	Arg	Ala	
	450					455					460					
Tyr	Leu	Glu	Gly	Thr	Cys	Val	Glu	Trp	Leu	Arg	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Asn	
465					470					475					480	
Gly	Lys	Glu	Thr	Leu	Gln	Arg	Thr	Asp	Ala	Pro	Lys	Thr	His	Met	Thr	
			485					490						495		
His	His	Ala	Val	Ser	Asp	His	Glu	Ala	Thr	Leu	Arg	Cys	Trp	Ala	Leu	
		500						505					510			
Ser	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ala	Glu	Ile	Thr	Leu	Thr	Trp	Gln	Arg	Asp	Gly	Glu	
	515						520					525				
Asp	Gln	Thr	Gln	Asp	Thr	Glu	Leu	Val	Glu	Thr	Arg	Pro	Cys	Gly	Asp	
	530					535					540					
Gly	Thr	Phe	Gln	Lys	Trp	Ala	Ala	Val	Val	Val	Pro	Ser	Gly	Gln	Glu	
545					550					555					560	
Gln	Arg	Tyr	Thr	Cys	His	Val	Gln	His	Glu	Gly	Leu	Pro	Lys	Pro	Leu	
			565					570						575		
Thr	Leu	Arg	Trp	Glu	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gly	Gly	Asp	Lys	Thr	His	Thr	Cys	
			580					585					590			

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Pro	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala	Pro	Glu	Phe	Glu	Gly	Gly	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Leu
		595					600					605			
Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Thr	Leu	Met	Ile	Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu
	610					615					620				
Val	Thr	Cys	Val	Val	Val	Asp	Val	Ser	His	Glu	Asp	Pro	Glu	Val	Lys
	625				630					635				640	
Phe	Asn	Trp	Tyr	Val	Asp	Gly	Val	Glu	Val	His	Asn	Ala	Lys	Thr	Lys
			645					650						655	
Pro	Arg	Glu	Glu	Gln	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Val	Val	Ser	Val	Leu
		660						665					670		
Thr	Val	Leu	His	Gln	Asp	Trp	Leu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Lys	Cys	Lys
	675					680					685				
Val	Ser	Asn	Lys	Ala	Leu	Pro	Ala	Ser	Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr	Ile	Ser	Lys
	690				695					700					
Ala	Lys	Gly	Gln	Pro	Arg	Glu	Pro	Gln	Val	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ser
	705				710				715					720	
Arg	Glu	Glu	Met	Thr	Lys	Asn	Gln	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys
			725					730					735		
Gly	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ala	Val	Glu	Trp	Glu	Ser	Asn	Gly	Gln
		740					745						750		
Pro	Glu	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro	Pro	Val	Leu	Asp	Ser	Asp	Gly
	755					760					765				
Ser	Phe	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Lys	Ser	Arg	Trp	Gln
	770				775					780					
Gln	Gly	Asn	Val	Phe	Ser	Cys	Ser	Val	Met	His	Glu	Ala	Leu	His	Asn
	785				790				795					800	
His	Tyr	Thr	Gln	Lys	Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ser	Pro	Gly	Lys			
			805					810							

<210> SEQ ID NO 40

<211> LENGTH: 2505

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polynucleotide

<400> SEQUENCE: 40

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ttacagatga ttttgaatgg aattaataat tacaagaatc ccaaactcac caggatgctc	180
acagcaaagt tttacatgcc caagaaggcc acagaactga aacatcttca gtgtctagaa	240
gaagaactca aacctctgga ggaagtgcta aatttagctc aaagcaaaaa ctttcactta	300
agacccaggg acttaatcag caatatcaac gtaatagttc tggaactaaa gggatctgaa	360
acaacattca tgtgtgaata tgctgatgag acagcaacca ttgtagaatt tctgaacaga	420
tggattacct tttgtcaaag catcatctca acactgactg gaggcggagg atctggtggt	480
ggaggttctg gtggtggggg atctggaggc ggaggatctg cacctacttc aagttctaca	540
aagaaaacac agctacaact ggaggcatta ctgctggatt tacagatgat tttgaatgga	600
attaataatt acaagaatcc caaactcacc aggatgctca cagcaaagtt ttacatgccc	660
aagaaggcca cagaactgaa acatcttcag tgtctagaag aagaactcaa acctctggag	720

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gaagtgctaa atttagctca aagcaaaaac ttctacttaa gaccagggga cttaatcagc 780
aatatcaacg taatagtctt ggaactaaag ggatctgaaa caacattcat gtgtgaatat 840
gctgatgaga cagcaaccat tgtagaatct ctgaacagat ggattacctt ttgtcaaagc 900
atcatctcaa cactgactgg aggcggagga tctgggtggtg gaggttctgg tgggtgggga 960
tctggaggcg gaggatctgg ctctcactcc atgaggtatt tcttcacatc cgtgtcccgg 1020
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cgggttcgaca gcgacgcccg gagccagagg atggagccgc gggcgccgtg gatagagcag 1140
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cgagtggacc tggggaccct gcgcggcgcc tacaaccaga gcgaggccgg ttctcacacc 1260
gtccagagga tgtatggctg cgacgtgggg tcggactggc gcttctctcg cgggtaccac 1320
cagtacgcct acgacggcaa ggattacatc gccctgaaag aggacctgcg ctcttgacc 1380
gcggcggaca tggcagctca gaccaccaag cacaagtggg aggcggccca tgtggcggag 1440
cagttgagag cctacctgga gggcacgtgc gtggagtggc tccgcagata cctggagaac 1500
gggaaggaga cgctgcagcg cacggacgcc cccaaaacgc atatgactca ccacgctgtc 1560
tctgaccatg aagccaccct gaggtgctgg gccctgagct tctaccctgc ggagatcaca 1620
ctgacctggc agcgggatgg ggaggaccag acccaggaca cggagctcgt ggagaccagg 1680
ccttgcgggg atggaacctt ccagaagtgg gcggctgtgg tgggtgccttc tggacaggag 1740
cagagataca cctgccatgt gcagcatgag ggtttgccca agcccctcac cctgagatgg 1800
gaggcagctg cgggtggcga caaaactcac acatgccac cgtgccagc acctgaattc 1860
gaggggggac cgtcagtctt cctcttcccc ccaaaaccca aggacacct catgatctcc 1920
cggacccctg aggtcacatg cgtggtggtg gacgtgagcc acgaagacc tgaggccaag 1980
ttcaactggt acgtggacgg cgtggaggtg cataatgcc aagacaaagc gcgggaggag 2040
cagtacaaca gcacgtaccg tgtggtcagc gtcctcaccg tcctgcacca ggactggctg 2100
aatggcaagg agtacaagtg caaggtctcc aacaaagccc tcccagccag catcgagaaa 2160
accatctcca aagccaaagg gcagccccga gaaccacagg tgtacacct gccccatcc 2220
cgggaggaga tgaccaagaa ccaggtcagc ctgacctgcc tggtaaaagg cttctatccc 2280
agcgacatcg ccgtggagtg ggagagcaat gggcagccgg agaacaacta caagaccacg 2340
cctcccgtgc tggactccga cggtctcttc ttcctctaca gcaagctcac cgtggacaag 2400
agcagatggc agcaggggaa cgtcttctca tgctccgtga tgcacgaggc tctgcacaac 2460
cactacacgc agaagtcctt ctccctgtct ccgggtaaat agtga 2505

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 41

<211> LENGTH: 144

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 41

```

Met Ser Arg Ser Val Ala Leu Ala Val Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Leu Ser
1           5           10          15

```

```

Gly Leu Glu Ala Tyr Met Leu Asp Leu Gln Pro Glu Thr Thr Gly Gly
20          25          30

```

-continued

Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Ile Gln Arg
 35 40 45
 Thr Pro Lys Ile Gln Val Tyr Ser Cys His Pro Ala Glu Asn Gly Lys
 50 55 60
 Ser Asn Phe Leu Asn Cys Tyr Val Ser Gly Phe His Pro Ser Asp Ile
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Val Asp Leu Leu Lys Asn Gly Glu Arg Ile Glu Lys Val Glu His
 85 90 95
 Ser Asp Leu Ser Phe Ser Lys Asp Trp Ser Phe Tyr Leu Leu Tyr Tyr
 100 105 110
 Thr Glu Phe Thr Pro Thr Glu Lys Asp Glu Tyr Ala Cys Arg Val Asn
 115 120 125
 His Val Thr Leu Ser Gln Pro Lys Ile Val Lys Trp Asp Arg Asp Met
 130 135 140

<210> SEQ ID NO 42
 <211> LENGTH: 248
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 42

Tyr Met Leu Asp Leu Gln Pro Glu Thr Thr Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly
 1 5 10 15
 Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Ile Gln Tyr Met Leu Asp Leu
 20 25 30
 Gln Pro Glu Thr Thr Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly
 35 40 45
 Gly Gly Gly Ser Ile Gln Arg Thr Pro Lys Ile Gln Val Tyr Ser Cys
 50 55 60
 His Pro Ala Glu Asn Gly Lys Ser Asn Phe Leu Asn Cys Tyr Val Ser
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Phe His Pro Ser Asp Ile Glu Val Asp Leu Leu Lys Asn Gly Glu
 85 90 95
 Arg Ile Glu Lys Val Glu His Ser Asp Leu Ser Phe Ser Lys Asp Trp
 100 105 110
 Ser Phe Tyr Leu Leu Tyr Tyr Thr Glu Phe Thr Pro Thr Glu Lys Asp
 115 120 125
 Glu Tyr Ala Cys Arg Val Asn His Val Thr Leu Ser Gln Pro Lys Ile
 130 135 140
 Val Lys Trp Asp Arg Asp Met Arg Thr Pro Lys Ile Gln Val Tyr Ser
 145 150 155 160
 Cys His Pro Ala Glu Asn Gly Lys Ser Asn Phe Leu Asn Cys Tyr Val
 165 170 175
 Ser Gly Phe His Pro Ser Asp Ile Glu Val Asp Leu Leu Lys Asn Gly
 180 185 190
 Glu Arg Ile Glu Lys Val Glu His Ser Asp Leu Ser Phe Ser Lys Asp
 195 200 205
 Trp Ser Phe Tyr Leu Leu Tyr Tyr Thr Glu Phe Thr Pro Thr Glu Lys
 210 215 220
 Asp Glu Tyr Ala Cys Arg Val Asn His Val Thr Leu Ser Gln Pro Lys
 225 230 235 240

-continued

Ile Val Lys Trp Asp Arg Asp Met
245

<210> SEQ ID NO 43
<211> LENGTH: 438
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polynucleotide

<400> SEQUENCE: 43

```
atgtctcgct cctgggcctt agctgtgctc gcgctactct ctctttctgg cctggaggcc    60
tacatgctcg attgcagcc cgaacgacg ggtggaggtg gttctggagg aggcggttcg    120
ggcggaggtg gtagtatcca gcgtactcca aagattcagg tttactcatg ccatccagca    180
gagaatggaa agtcaaatct cctgaattgc tatgtgtctg ggtttcatcc atccgacatt    240
gaagttgact tactgaagaa tggagagaga attgaaaaag tggagcattc agacttgtct    300
ttcagcaagg actggtcttt ctatctcttg tattatactg aattcaccac cactgaaaaa    360
gatgagtatg cctgccgtgt gaaccacgtg actttgtcac agcccaagat agttaagtgg    420
gatcgagaca tgtagtga                                         438
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 44
<211> LENGTH: 227
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 44

```
Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly
1      5      10      15
Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met
20     25     30
Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His
35     40     45
Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val
50     55     60
His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr
65     70     75     80
Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly
85     90     95
Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile
100    105    110
Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val
115    120    125
Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser
130    135    140
Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu
145    150    155    160
Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro
165    170    175
Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val
180    185    190
Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met
195    200    205
```

-continued

His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser
210 215 220

Pro Gly Lys
225

<210> SEQ ID NO 45
<211> LENGTH: 227
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 45

Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Phe Glu Gly
1 5 10 15

Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met
20 25 30

Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His
35 40 45

Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val
50 55 60

His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr
65 70 75 80

Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly
85 90 95

Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Ser Ile
100 105 110

Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val
115 120 125

Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser
130 135 140

Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu
145 150 155 160

Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro
165 170 175

Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val
180 185 190

Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met
195 200 205

His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser
210 215 220

Pro Gly Lys
225

<210> SEQ ID NO 46
<211> LENGTH: 227
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 46

Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly
1 5 10 15

Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met
20 25 30

Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His
35 40 45

-continued

Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val
 50 55 60
 His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Ala Ser Thr Tyr
 65 70 75 80
 Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly
 85 90 95
 Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile
 100 105 110
 Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val
 115 120 125
 Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser
 130 135 140
 Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu
 145 150 155 160
 Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro
 165 170 175
 Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val
 180 185 190
 Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met
 195 200 205
 His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser
 210 215 220
 Pro Gly Lys
 225

<210> SEQ ID NO 47
 <211> LENGTH: 227
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 47

Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Ala Ala Gly
 1 5 10 15
 Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met
 20 25 30
 Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His
 35 40 45
 Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val
 50 55 60
 His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr
 65 70 75 80
 Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly
 85 90 95
 Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile
 100 105 110
 Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val
 115 120 125
 Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser
 130 135 140
 Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu
 145 150 155 160
 Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro

-continued

165	170	175
Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val		
180	185	190
Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met		
195	200	205
His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser		
210	215	220
Pro Gly Lys		
225		

<210> SEQ ID NO 48
 <211> LENGTH: 99
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 48

Ile Gln Arg Thr Pro Lys Ile Gln Val Tyr Ser Cys His Pro Ala Glu
1 5 10 15
Asn Gly Lys Ser Asn Phe Leu Asn Cys Tyr Val Ser Gly Phe His Pro
20 25 30
Ser Asp Ile Glu Val Asp Leu Leu Lys Asn Gly Glu Arg Ile Glu Lys
35 40 45
Val Glu His Ser Asp Leu Ser Phe Ser Lys Asp Trp Ser Phe Tyr Leu
50 55 60
Leu Tyr Tyr Thr Glu Phe Thr Pro Thr Glu Lys Asp Glu Tyr Ala Cys
65 70 75 80
Arg Val Asn His Val Thr Leu Ser Gln Pro Lys Ile Val Lys Trp Asp
85 90 95
Arg Asp Met

<210> SEQ ID NO 49
 <211> LENGTH: 133
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 49

Ala Pro Thr Ser Ser Ser Thr Lys Lys Thr Gln Leu Gln Leu Glu Ala
1 5 10 15
Leu Leu Leu Asp Leu Gln Met Ile Leu Asn Gly Ile Asn Asn Tyr Lys
20 25 30
Asn Pro Lys Leu Thr Arg Met Leu Thr Ala Lys Phe Tyr Met Pro Lys
35 40 45
Lys Ala Thr Glu Leu Lys His Leu Gln Cys Leu Glu Glu Glu Leu Lys
50 55 60
Pro Leu Glu Glu Val Leu Asn Leu Ala Gln Ser Lys Asn Phe His Leu
65 70 75 80
Arg Pro Arg Asp Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Ile Val Leu Glu Leu
85 90 95
Lys Gly Ser Glu Thr Thr Phe Met Cys Glu Tyr Ala Asp Glu Thr Ala
100 105 110
Thr Ile Val Glu Phe Leu Asn Arg Trp Ile Thr Phe Cys Gln Ser Ile
115 120 125

-continued

Ile Ser Thr Leu Thr
130

<210> SEQ ID NO 50
 <211> LENGTH: 275
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 50

Gly Ser His Ser Met Arg Tyr Phe Phe Thr Ser Val Ser Arg Pro Gly
 1 5 10 15
 Arg Gly Glu Pro Arg Phe Ile Ala Val Gly Tyr Val Asp Asp Thr Gln
 20 25 30
 Phe Val Arg Phe Asp Ser Asp Ala Ala Ser Gln Arg Met Glu Pro Arg
 35 40 45
 Ala Pro Trp Ile Glu Gln Glu Gly Pro Glu Tyr Trp Asp Gly Glu Thr
 50 55 60
 Arg Lys Val Lys Ala His Ser Gln Thr His Arg Val Asp Leu Gly Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Leu Arg Gly Ala Tyr Asn Gln Ser Glu Ala Gly Ser His Thr Val Gln
 85 90 95
 Arg Met Tyr Gly Cys Asp Val Gly Ser Asp Trp Arg Phe Leu Arg Gly
 100 105 110
 Tyr His Gln Tyr Ala Tyr Asp Gly Lys Asp Tyr Ile Ala Leu Lys Glu
 115 120 125
 Asp Leu Arg Ser Trp Thr Ala Ala Asp Met Ala Ala Gln Thr Thr Lys
 130 135 140
 His Lys Trp Glu Ala Ala His Val Ala Glu Gln Leu Arg Ala Tyr Leu
 145 150 155 160
 Glu Gly Thr Cys Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Arg Tyr Leu Glu Asn Gly Lys
 165 170 175
 Glu Thr Leu Gln Arg Thr Asp Ala Pro Lys Thr His Met Thr His His
 180 185 190
 Ala Val Ser Asp His Glu Ala Thr Leu Arg Cys Trp Ala Leu Ser Phe
 195 200 205
 Tyr Pro Ala Glu Ile Thr Leu Thr Trp Gln Arg Asp Gly Glu Asp Gln
 210 215 220
 Thr Gln Asp Thr Glu Leu Val Glu Thr Arg Pro Cys Gly Asp Gly Thr
 225 230 235 240
 Phe Gln Lys Trp Ala Ala Val Val Val Pro Ser Gly Gln Glu Gln Arg
 245 250 255
 Tyr Thr Cys His Val Gln His Glu Gly Leu Pro Lys Pro Leu Thr Leu
 260 265 270
 Arg Trp Glu
 275

<210> SEQ ID NO 51
 <211> LENGTH: 447
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 51

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Gln Ser Gly Val Glu Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Ala

-continued

1	5	10	15
Ser Val Lys Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr Phe Thr Asn Tyr	20	25	30
Tyr Met Tyr Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Gln Gly Leu Glu Trp Met	35	40	45
Gly Gly Ile Asn Pro Ser Asn Gly Gly Thr Asn Phe Asn Glu Lys Phe	50	55	60
Lys Asn Arg Val Thr Leu Thr Thr Asp Ser Ser Thr Thr Thr Ala Tyr	65	70	75
Met Glu Leu Lys Ser Leu Gln Phe Asp Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys	85	90	95
Ala Arg Arg Asp Tyr Arg Phe Asp Met Gly Phe Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln	100	105	110
Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val	115	120	125
Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Cys Ser Arg Ser Thr Ser Glu Ser Thr Ala Ala	130	135	140
Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser	145	150	155
Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val	165	170	175
Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro	180	185	190
Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Lys Thr Tyr Thr Cys Asn Val Asp His Lys	195	200	205
Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Ser Lys Tyr Gly Pro	210	215	220
Pro Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Phe Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val	225	230	235
Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr	245	250	255
Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser Gln Glu Asp Pro Glu	260	265	270
Val Gln Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys	275	280	285
Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Phe Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser	290	295	300
Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys	305	310	315
Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Gly Leu Pro Ser Ser Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile	325	330	335
Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro	340	345	350
Pro Ser Gln Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu	355	360	365
Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn	370	375	380
Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser	385	390	395
Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Arg Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg	405	410	415

-continued

Trp Gln Glu Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu
 420 425 430

His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Leu Gly Lys
 435 440 445

<210> SEQ ID NO 52
 <211> LENGTH: 218
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 52

Glu Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Thr Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly
 1 5 10 15

Glu Arg Ala Thr Leu Ser Cys Arg Ala Ser Lys Gly Val Ser Thr Ser
 20 25 30

Gly Tyr Ser Tyr Leu His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Ala Pro
 35 40 45

Arg Leu Leu Ile Tyr Leu Ala Ser Tyr Leu Glu Ser Gly Val Pro Ala
 50 55 60

Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser
 65 70 75 80

Ser Leu Glu Pro Glu Asp Phe Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys Gln His Ser Arg
 85 90 95

Asp Leu Pro Leu Thr Phe Gly Gly Gly Thr Lys Val Glu Ile Lys Arg
 100 105 110

Thr Val Ala Ala Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln
 115 120 125

Leu Lys Ser Gly Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr
 130 135 140

Pro Arg Glu Ala Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser
 145 150 155 160

Gly Asn Ser Gln Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr
 165 170 175

Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys
 180 185 190

His Lys Val Tyr Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro
 195 200 205

Val Thr Lys Ser Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys
 210 215

<210> SEQ ID NO 53
 <211> LENGTH: 440
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 53

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Val Val Gln Pro Gly Arg
 1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Arg Leu Asp Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Ile Thr Phe Ser Asn Ser
 20 25 30

Gly Met His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp Val
 35 40 45

-continued

Ala	Val	Ile	Trp	Tyr	Asp	Gly	Ser	Lys	Arg	Tyr	Tyr	Ala	Asp	Ser	Val
50						55					60				
Lys	Gly	Arg	Phe	Thr	Ile	Ser	Arg	Asp	Asn	Ser	Lys	Asn	Thr	Leu	Phe
65					70					75					80
Leu	Gln	Met	Asn	Ser	Leu	Arg	Ala	Glu	Asp	Thr	Ala	Val	Tyr	Tyr	Cys
				85					90					95	
Ala	Thr	Asn	Asp	Asp	Tyr	Trp	Gly	Gln	Gly	Thr	Leu	Val	Thr	Val	Ser
			100					105					110		
Ser	Ala	Ser	Thr	Lys	Gly	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Pro	Leu	Ala	Pro	Cys	Ser
		115					120					125			
Arg	Ser	Thr	Ser	Glu	Ser	Thr	Ala	Ala	Leu	Gly	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Asp
	130					135					140				
Tyr	Phe	Pro	Glu	Pro	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	Trp	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ala	Leu	Thr
145					150					155					160
Ser	Gly	Val	His	Thr	Phe	Pro	Ala	Val	Leu	Gln	Ser	Ser	Gly	Leu	Tyr
				165					170					175	
Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser	Val	Val	Thr	Val	Pro	Ser	Ser	Ser	Leu	Gly	Thr	Lys
			180					185					190		
Thr	Tyr	Thr	Cys	Asn	Val	Asp	His	Lys	Pro	Ser	Asn	Thr	Lys	Val	Asp
		195					200					205			
Lys	Arg	Val	Glu	Ser	Lys	Tyr	Gly	Pro	Pro	Cys	Pro	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala
	210					215					220				
Pro	Glu	Phe	Leu	Gly	Gly	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro
225					230					235					240
Lys	Asp	Thr	Leu	Met	Ile	Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Val	Thr	Cys	Val	Val
				245					250					255	
Val	Asp	Val	Ser	Gln	Glu	Asp	Pro	Glu	Val	Gln	Phe	Asn	Trp	Tyr	Val
			260					265					270		
Asp	Gly	Val	Glu	Val	His	Asn	Ala	Lys	Thr	Lys	Pro	Arg	Glu	Glu	Gln
		275					280					285			
Phe	Asn	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Val	Val	Ser	Val	Leu	Thr	Val	Leu	His	Gln
	290					295					300				
Asp	Trp	Leu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Lys	Cys	Lys	Val	Ser	Asn	Lys	Gly
305					310					315					320
Leu	Pro	Ser	Ser	Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr	Ile	Ser	Lys	Ala	Lys	Gly	Gln	Pro
				325					330					335	
Arg	Glu	Pro	Gln	Val	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ser	Gln	Glu	Glu	Met	Thr
			340					345					350		
Lys	Asn	Gln	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ser
		355					360					365			
Asp	Ile	Ala	Val	Glu	Trp	Glu	Ser	Asn	Gly	Gln	Pro	Glu	Asn	Asn	Tyr
	370					375					380				
Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro	Pro	Val	Leu	Asp	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ser	Phe	Phe	Leu	Tyr
385					390					395					400
Ser	Arg	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Lys	Ser	Arg	Trp	Gln	Glu	Gly	Asn	Val	Phe
				405					410					415	
Ser	Cys	Ser	Val	Met	His	Glu	Ala	Leu	His	Asn	His	Tyr	Thr	Gln	Lys
			420					425					430		
Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Gly	Lys								
			435				440								

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<210> SEQ ID NO 54
<211> LENGTH: 214
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 54

Glu Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Ala Thr Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly
1             5             10             15

Glu Arg Ala Thr Leu Ser Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Ser Val Ser Ser Tyr
20             25             30

Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Ala Pro Arg Leu Leu Ile
35             40             45

Tyr Asp Ala Ser Asn Arg Ala Thr Gly Ile Pro Ala Arg Phe Ser Gly
50             55             60

Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Glu Pro
65             70             75             80

Glu Asp Phe Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Ser Ser Asn Trp Pro Arg
85             90             95

Thr Phe Gly Gln Gly Thr Lys Val Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala
100            105            110

Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Gly
115            120            125

Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu Ala
130            135            140

Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln
145            150            155            160

Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser
165            170            175

Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr
180            185            190

Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser
195            200            205

Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys
210

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<210> SEQ ID NO 55
<211> LENGTH: 448
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 55

Gln Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Val Val Gln Pro Gly Arg
1             5             10             15

Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ser Tyr
20             25             30

Thr Met His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp Val
35             40             45

Thr Phe Ile Ser Tyr Asp Gly Asn Asn Lys Tyr Tyr Ala Asp Ser Val
50             55             60

Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Arg Asp Asn Ser Lys Asn Thr Leu Tyr
65             70             75             80

Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala Ile Tyr Tyr Cys
85             90             95

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Ala	Arg	Thr	Gly	Trp	Leu	Gly	Pro	Phe	Asp	Tyr	Trp	Gly	Gln	Gly	Thr	100	105	110
Leu	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	Ser	Ala	Ser	Thr	Lys	Gly	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Pro	115	120	125
Leu	Ala	Pro	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ser	Thr	Ser	Gly	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ala	Leu	Gly	130	135	140
Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Pro	Glu	Pro	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	Trp	Asn	145	150	155
Ser	Gly	Ala	Leu	Thr	Ser	Gly	Val	His	Thr	Phe	Pro	Ala	Val	Leu	Gln	165	170	175
Ser	Ser	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser	Val	Val	Thr	Val	Pro	Ser	Ser	180	185	190
Ser	Leu	Gly	Thr	Gln	Thr	Tyr	Ile	Cys	Asn	Val	Asn	His	Lys	Pro	Ser	195	200	205
Asn	Thr	Lys	Val	Asp	Lys	Arg	Val	Glu	Pro	Lys	Ser	Cys	Asp	Lys	Thr	210	215	220
His	Thr	Cys	Pro	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala	Pro	Glu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Gly	Pro	Ser	225	230	235
Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Thr	Leu	Met	Ile	Ser	Arg	245	250	255
Thr	Pro	Glu	Val	Thr	Cys	Val	Val	Val	Asp	Val	Ser	His	Glu	Asp	Pro	260	265	270
Glu	Val	Lys	Phe	Asn	Trp	Tyr	Val	Asp	Gly	Val	Glu	Val	His	Asn	Ala	275	280	285
Lys	Thr	Lys	Pro	Arg	Glu	Glu	Gln	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Val	Val	290	295	300
Ser	Val	Leu	Thr	Val	Leu	His	Gln	Asp	Trp	Leu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Glu	Tyr	305	310	315
Lys	Cys	Lys	Val	Ser	Asn	Lys	Ala	Leu	Pro	Ala	Pro	Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr	325	330	335
Ile	Ser	Lys	Ala	Lys	Gly	Gln	Pro	Arg	Glu	Pro	Gln	Val	Tyr	Thr	Leu	340	345	350
Pro	Pro	Ser	Arg	Asp	Glu	Leu	Thr	Lys	Asn	Gln	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr	Cys	355	360	365
Leu	Val	Lys	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ala	Val	Glu	Trp	Glu	Ser	370	375	380
Asn	Gly	Gln	Pro	Glu	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro	Pro	Val	Leu	Asp	385	390	395
Ser	Asp	Gly	Ser	Phe	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Lys	Ser	405	410	415
Arg	Trp	Gln	Gln	Gly	Asn	Val	Phe	Ser	Cys	Ser	Val	Met	His	Glu	Ala	420	425	430
Leu	His	Asn	His	Tyr	Thr	Gln	Lys	Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ser	Pro	Gly	Lys	435	440	445

<210> SEQ ID NO 56

<211> LENGTH: 215

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 56

Glu Ile Val Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Gly Thr Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly

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1	5	10	15
Glu Arg Ala Thr Leu Ser Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Ser Val Gly Ser Ser	20	25	30
Tyr Leu Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Gln Ala Pro Arg Leu Leu	35	40	45
Ile Tyr Gly Ala Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Gly Ile Pro Asp Arg Phe Ser	50	55	60
Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Arg Leu Glu	65	70	75
Pro Glu Asp Phe Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Tyr Gly Ser Ser Pro	85	90	95
Trp Thr Phe Gly Gln Gly Thr Lys Val Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala	100	105	110
Ala Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser	115	120	125
Gly Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Glu	130	135	140
Ala Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser	145	150	155
Gln Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu	165	170	175
Ser Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val	180	185	190
Tyr Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys	195	200	205
Ser Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys	210	215	

<210> SEQ ID NO 57

<211> LENGTH: 448

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 57

Glu Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Leu Val Gln Pro Gly Gly	1	5	10	15
Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Asp Ser	20	25	30	
Trp Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp Val	35	40	45	
Ala Trp Ile Ser Pro Tyr Gly Gly Ser Thr Tyr Tyr Ala Asp Ser Val	50	55	60	
Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Ala Asp Thr Ser Lys Asn Thr Ala Tyr	65	70	75	80
Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys	85	90	95	
Ala Arg Arg His Trp Pro Gly Gly Phe Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr	100	105	110	
Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro	115	120	125	
Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly	130	135	140	

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Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Pro	Glu	Pro	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	Trp	Asn
145					150					155					160
Ser	Gly	Ala	Leu	Thr	Ser	Gly	Val	His	Thr	Phe	Pro	Ala	Val	Leu	Gln
			165					170						175	
Ser	Ser	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser	Val	Val	Thr	Val	Pro	Ser	Ser
		180					185						190		
Ser	Leu	Gly	Thr	Gln	Thr	Tyr	Ile	Cys	Asn	Val	Asn	His	Lys	Pro	Ser
	195					200					205				
Asn	Thr	Lys	Val	Asp	Lys	Lys	Val	Glu	Pro	Lys	Ser	Cys	Asp	Lys	Thr
210					215						220				
His	Thr	Cys	Pro	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ala	Pro	Glu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Gly	Pro	Ser
225					230					235					240
Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	Thr	Leu	Met	Ile	Ser	Arg
			245						250					255	
Thr	Pro	Glu	Val	Thr	Cys	Val	Val	Val	Asp	Val	Ser	His	Glu	Asp	Pro
		260						265					270		
Glu	Val	Lys	Phe	Asn	Trp	Tyr	Val	Asp	Gly	Val	Glu	Val	His	Asn	Ala
	275						280					285			
Lys	Thr	Lys	Pro	Arg	Glu	Glu	Gln	Tyr	Ala	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Val	Val
290					295						300				
Ser	Val	Leu	Thr	Val	Leu	His	Gln	Asp	Trp	Leu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Glu	Tyr
305					310					315					320
Lys	Cys	Lys	Val	Ser	Asn	Lys	Ala	Leu	Pro	Ala	Pro	Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr
			325						330					335	
Ile	Ser	Lys	Ala	Lys	Gly	Gln	Pro	Arg	Glu	Pro	Gln	Val	Tyr	Thr	Leu
		340						345					350		
Pro	Pro	Ser	Arg	Glu	Glu	Met	Thr	Lys	Asn	Gln	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr	Cys
		355					360					365			
Leu	Val	Lys	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ala	Val	Glu	Trp	Glu	Ser
370					375						380				
Asn	Gly	Gln	Pro	Glu	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro	Pro	Val	Leu	Asp
385					390					395					400
Ser	Asp	Gly	Ser	Phe	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Lys	Ser
			405						410					415	
Arg	Trp	Gln	Gln	Gly	Asn	Val	Phe	Ser	Cys	Ser	Val	Met	His	Glu	Ala
		420						425					430		
Leu	His	Asn	His	Tyr	Thr	Gln	Lys	Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ser	Pro	Gly	Lys
	435						440					445			

<210> SEQ ID NO 58
 <211> LENGTH: 214
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 58

Asp	Ile	Gln	Met	Thr	Gln	Ser	Pro	Ser	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ala	Ser	Val	Gly
1				5						10				15	
Asp	Arg	Val	Thr	Ile	Thr	Cys	Arg	Ala	Ser	Gln	Asp	Val	Ser	Thr	Ala
		20						25					30		
Val	Ala	Trp	Tyr	Gln	Gln	Lys	Pro	Gly	Lys	Ala	Pro	Lys	Leu	Leu	Ile
	35						40					45			

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Tyr	Ser	Ala	Ser	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Gly	Val	Pro	Ser	Arg	Phe	Ser	Gly
50						55				60					
Ser	Gly	Ser	Gly	Thr	Asp	Phe	Thr	Leu	Thr	Ile	Ser	Ser	Leu	Gln	Pro
65				70						75				80	
Glu	Asp	Phe	Ala	Thr	Tyr	Tyr	Cys	Gln	Gln	Tyr	Leu	Tyr	His	Pro	Ala
				85						90				95	
Thr	Phe	Gly	Gln	Gly	Thr	Lys	Val	Glu	Ile	Lys	Arg	Thr	Val	Ala	Ala
			100					105					110		
Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Ile	Phe	Pro	Pro	Ser	Asp	Glu	Gln	Leu	Lys	Ser	Gly
		115					120					125			
Thr	Ala	Ser	Val	Val	Cys	Leu	Leu	Asn	Asn	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Arg	Glu	Ala
	130					135					140				
Lys	Val	Gln	Trp	Lys	Val	Asp	Asn	Ala	Leu	Gln	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser	Gln
145					150					155					160
Glu	Ser	Val	Thr	Glu	Gln	Asp	Ser	Lys	Asp	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Ser
			165						170					175	
Ser	Thr	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ser	Lys	Ala	Asp	Tyr	Glu	Lys	His	Lys	Val	Tyr
		180						185					190		
Ala	Cys	Glu	Val	Thr	His	Gln	Gly	Leu	Ser	Ser	Pro	Val	Thr	Lys	Ser
		195					200					205			
Phe	Asn	Arg	Gly	Glu	Cys										
			210												

<210> SEQ ID NO 59

<211> LENGTH: 276

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 59

Gly	Ser	His	Ser	Met	Arg	Tyr	Phe	Phe	Thr	Ser	Val	Ser	Arg	Pro	Gly
1			5						10					15	
Arg	Gly	Glu	Pro	Arg	Phe	Ile	Ala	Val	Gly	Tyr	Val	Asp	Asp	Thr	Gln
		20					25						30		
Phe	Val	Arg	Phe	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ala	Ala	Ser	Gln	Arg	Met	Glu	Pro	Arg
		35					40					45			
Ala	Pro	Trp	Ile	Glu	Gln	Glu	Gly	Pro	Glu	Tyr	Trp	Asp	Gly	Glu	Thr
	50				55					60					
Arg	Lys	Val	Lys	Ala	His	Ser	Gln	Thr	His	Arg	Val	Asp	Leu	Gly	Thr
65				70						75				80	
Leu	Arg	Gly	Tyr	Tyr	Asn	Gln	Ser	Glu	Ala	Gly	Ser	His	Thr	Val	Gln
			85						90					95	
Arg	Met	Tyr	Gly	Cys	Asp	Val	Gly	Ser	Asp	Trp	Arg	Phe	Leu	Arg	Gly
		100					105						110		
Tyr	His	Gln	Tyr	Ala	Tyr	Asp	Gly	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Ile	Ala	Leu	Lys	Glu
		115					120					125			
Asp	Leu	Arg	Ser	Trp	Thr	Ala	Ala	Asp	Met	Ala	Ala	Gln	Thr	Thr	Lys
	130					135					140				
His	Lys	Trp	Glu	Ala	Ala	His	Val	Ala	Glu	Gln	Leu	Arg	Ala	Tyr	Leu
145					150					155					160
Glu	Gly	Thr	Cys	Val	Glu	Trp	Leu	Arg	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Asn	Gly	Lys
			165						170					175	
Glu	Thr	Leu	Gln	Arg	Thr	Asp	Ala	Pro	Lys	Thr	His	Met	Thr	His	His
		180						185					190		

-continued

Ala Val Ser Asp His Glu Ala Thr Leu Arg Cys Trp Ala Leu Ser Phe
 195 200 205

Tyr Pro Ala Glu Ile Thr Leu Thr Trp Gln Arg Asp Gly Glu Asp Gln
 210 215 220

Thr Gln Asp Thr Glu Leu Val Glu Thr Arg Pro Ala Gly Asp Gly Thr
 225 230 235 240

Phe Gln Lys Trp Ala Ala Val Val Val Pro Ser Gly Gln Glu Gln Arg
 245 250 255

Tyr Thr Cys His Val Gln His Glu Gly Leu Pro Lys Pro Leu Thr Leu
 260 265 270

Arg Trp Glu Pro
 275

<210> SEQ ID NO 60
 <211> LENGTH: 274
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Mus musculus

<400> SEQUENCE: 60

Gly Pro His Ser Leu Arg Tyr Phe Val Thr Ala Val Ser Arg Pro Gly
 1 5 10 15

Leu Gly Glu Pro Arg Phe Ile Ala Val Gly Tyr Val Asp Asp Thr Gln
 20 25 30

Phe Val Arg Phe Asp Ser Asp Ala Asp Asn Pro Arg Phe Glu Pro Arg
 35 40 45

Ala Pro Trp Met Glu Gln Glu Gly Pro Glu Tyr Trp Glu Glu Gln Thr
 50 55 60

Gln Arg Ala Lys Ser Asp Glu Gln Trp Phe Arg Val Ser Leu Arg Thr
 65 70 75 80

Ala Gln Arg Tyr Tyr Asn Gln Ser Lys Gly Gly Ser His Thr Phe Gln
 85 90 95

Arg Met Phe Gly Cys Asp Val Gly Ser Asp Trp Arg Leu Leu Arg Gly
 100 105 110

Tyr Gln Gln Phe Ala Tyr Asp Gly Arg Asp Tyr Ile Ala Leu Asn Glu
 115 120 125

Asp Leu Lys Thr Trp Thr Ala Ala Asp Thr Ala Ala Leu Ile Thr Arg
 130 135 140

Arg Lys Trp Glu Gln Ala Gly Asp Ala Glu Tyr Tyr Arg Ala Tyr Leu
 145 150 155 160

Glu Gly Glu Cys Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Arg Tyr Leu Glu Leu Gly Asn
 165 170 175

Glu Thr Leu Leu Arg Thr Asp Ser Pro Lys Ala His Val Thr Tyr His
 180 185 190

Pro Arg Ser Gln Val Asp Val Thr Leu Arg Cys Trp Ala Leu Gly Phe
 195 200 205

Tyr Pro Ala Asp Ile Thr Leu Thr Trp Gln Leu Asn Gly Glu Asp Leu
 210 215 220

Thr Gln Asp Met Glu Leu Val Glu Thr Arg Pro Ala Gly Asp Gly Thr
 225 230 235 240

Phe Gln Lys Trp Ala Ala Val Val Val Pro Leu Gly Lys Glu Gln Asn
 245 250 255

Tyr Thr Cys His Val His His Lys Gly Leu Pro Glu Pro Leu Thr Leu

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260	265	270
Arg Trp		
<210> SEQ ID NO 61		
<211> LENGTH: 99		
<212> TYPE: PRT		
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence		
<220> FEATURE:		
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide		
<400> SEQUENCE: 61		
Ile Gln Arg Thr Pro Lys Ile Gln Val Tyr Ser Arg His Pro Ala Glu		
1 5 10 15		
Asn Gly Lys Ser Asn Phe Leu Asn Cys Tyr Val Ser Gly Phe His Pro		
20 25 30		
Ser Asp Ile Glu Val Asp Leu Leu Lys Asn Gly Glu Arg Ile Glu Lys		
35 40 45		
Val Glu His Ser Asp Leu Ser Phe Ser Lys Asp Trp Ser Phe Tyr Leu		
50 55 60		
Leu Tyr Tyr Thr Glu Phe Thr Pro Thr Glu Lys Asp Glu Tyr Ala Cys		
65 70 75 80		
Arg Val Asn His Val Thr Leu Ser Gln Pro Lys Ile Val Lys Trp Asp		
85 90 95		
Arg Asp Met		
<210> SEQ ID NO 62		
<211> LENGTH: 276		
<212> TYPE: PRT		
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens		
<400> SEQUENCE: 62		
Gly Ser His Ser Met Arg Tyr Phe Phe Thr Ser Val Ser Arg Pro Gly		
1 5 10 15		
Arg Gly Glu Pro Arg Phe Ile Ala Val Gly Tyr Val Asp Asp Thr Gln		
20 25 30		
Phe Val Arg Phe Asp Ser Asp Ala Ala Ser Gln Arg Met Glu Pro Arg		
35 40 45		
Ala Pro Trp Ile Glu Gln Glu Gly Pro Glu Tyr Trp Asp Gly Glu Thr		
50 55 60		
Arg Lys Val Lys Ala His Ser Gln Thr His Arg Val Asp Leu Gly Thr		
65 70 75 80		
Leu Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Asn Gln Ser Glu Ala Gly Ser His Thr Val Gln		
85 90 95		
Arg Met Tyr Gly Cys Asp Val Gly Ser Asp Trp Arg Phe Leu Arg Gly		
100 105 110		
Tyr His Gln Tyr Ala Tyr Asp Gly Lys Asp Tyr Ile Ala Leu Lys Glu		
115 120 125		
Asp Leu Arg Ser Trp Thr Ala Ala Asp Met Ala Ala Gln Thr Thr Lys		
130 135 140		
His Lys Trp Glu Ala Ala His Val Ala Glu Gln Leu Arg Ala Tyr Leu		
145 150 155 160		
Glu Gly Thr Cys Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Arg Tyr Leu Glu Asn Gly Lys		
165 170 175		
Glu Thr Leu Gln Arg Thr Asp Ala Pro Lys Thr His Met Thr His His		

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180					185					190					
Ala	Val	Ser	Asp	His	Glu	Ala	Thr	Leu	Arg	Cys	Trp	Ala	Leu	Ser	Phe
	195							200					205		
Tyr	Pro	Ala	Glu	Ile	Thr	Leu	Thr	Trp	Gln	Arg	Asp	Gly	Glu	Asp	Gln
	210							215				220			
Thr	Gln	Asp	Thr	Glu	Leu	Val	Glu	Thr	Arg	Pro	Cys	Gly	Asp	Gly	Thr
	225				230					235					240
Phe	Gln	Lys	Trp	Ala	Ala	Val	Val	Val	Pro	Ser	Gly	Gln	Glu	Gln	Arg
				245						250				255	
Tyr	Thr	Cys	His	Val	Gln	His	Glu	Gly	Leu	Pro	Lys	Pro	Leu	Thr	Leu
			260					265					270		
Arg	Trp	Glu	Pro												
		275													

<210> SEQ ID NO 63
 <211> LENGTH: 5
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 63

Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser
1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 64
 <211> LENGTH: 4
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 64

Gly Gly Gly Ser
1

<210> SEQ ID NO 65
 <211> LENGTH: 4
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 65

Gly Gly Ser Gly
1

<210> SEQ ID NO 66
 <211> LENGTH: 5
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 66

Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly
1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 67
 <211> LENGTH: 5
 <212> TYPE: PRT

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<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 67

Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly
1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 68
<211> LENGTH: 5
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 68

Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly
1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 69
<211> LENGTH: 5
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 69

Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly
1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 70
<211> LENGTH: 5
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 70

Gly Ser Ser Ser Gly
1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 71
<211> LENGTH: 5
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 71

Gly Ser Ser Ser Ser
1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 72
<211> LENGTH: 5
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 72

Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser
1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 73

-continued

<211> LENGTH: 5
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 73

Ala Ala Ala Gly Gly
1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 74
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 74

Gly Cys Gly Ala Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser
1 5 10 15

<210> SEQ ID NO 75
<211> LENGTH: 9
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 75

Leu Leu Met Gly Thr Leu Gly Ile Val
1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 76
<211> LENGTH: 8
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 76

Thr Leu Gly Ile Val Cys Pro Ile
1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 77
<211> LENGTH: 10
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 77

Tyr Met Leu Asp Leu Gln Pro Glu Thr Thr
1 5 10

<210> SEQ ID NO 78
<211> LENGTH: 9
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 78

Tyr Met Leu Asp Leu Gln Pro Glu Thr
1 5

-continued

<210> SEQ ID NO 79
<211> LENGTH: 9
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 79

Tyr Pro Tyr Asp Val Pro Asp Tyr Ala
1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 80
<211> LENGTH: 8
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 80

Asp Tyr Lys Asp Asp Asp Asp Lys
1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 81
<211> LENGTH: 10
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 81

Glu Gln Lys Leu Ile Ser Glu Glu Asp Leu
1 5 10

<210> SEQ ID NO 82
<211> LENGTH: 5
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 82

His His His His His
1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 83
<211> LENGTH: 6
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 83

His His His His His His
1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 84
<211> LENGTH: 8
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 84

Trp Ser His Pro Gln Phe Glu Lys

-continued

1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 85
<211> LENGTH: 5
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 85

Arg Tyr Ile Arg Ser
1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 86
<211> LENGTH: 4
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 86

Phe His His Thr
1

<210> SEQ ID NO 87
<211> LENGTH: 17
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 87

Trp Glu Ala Ala Ala Arg Glu Ala Cys Cys Arg Glu Cys Cys Ala Arg
1 5 10 15

Ala

<210> SEQ ID NO 88
<211> LENGTH: 8
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 88

Leu Glu Val Leu Phe Gln Gly Pro
1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 89
<211> LENGTH: 4
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 89

Leu Val Pro Arg
1

<210> SEQ ID NO 90
<211> LENGTH: 7
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

-continued

<400> SEQUENCE: 90

Glu Asn Leu Tyr Thr Gln Ser
1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 91

<211> LENGTH: 22

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 91

Gly Ser Gly Ala Thr Asn Phe Ser Leu Leu Lys Gln Ala Gly Asp Val
1 5 10 15Glu Glu Asn Pro Gly Pro
20

<210> SEQ ID NO 92

<211> LENGTH: 21

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 92

Gly Ser Gly Glu Gly Arg Gly Ser Leu Leu Thr Cys Gly Asp Val Glu
1 5 10 15Glu Asn Pro Gly Pro
20

<210> SEQ ID NO 93

<211> LENGTH: 23

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 93

Gly Ser Gly Gln Cys Thr Asn Tyr Ala Leu Leu Lys Leu Ala Gly Asp
1 5 10 15Val Glu Ser Asn Pro Gly Pro
20

<210> SEQ ID NO 94

<211> LENGTH: 25

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: synthetic polypeptide

<400> SEQUENCE: 94

Gly Ser Gly Val Lys Gln Thr Leu Asn Phe Asp Leu Leu Lys Leu Ala
1 5 10 15Gly Asp Val Glu Ser Asn Pro Gly Pro
20 25

<210> SEQ ID NO 95

<211> LENGTH: 119

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

-continued

<400> SEQUENCE: 95

```

Met Ser Arg Ser Val Ala Leu Ala Val Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Leu Ser
1           5           10           15
Gly Leu Glu Ala Ile Gln Arg Thr Pro Lys Ile Gln Val Tyr Ser Arg
           20           25           30
His Pro Ala Glu Asn Gly Lys Ser Asn Phe Leu Asn Cys Tyr Val Ser
           35           40           45
Gly Phe His Pro Ser Asp Ile Glu Val Asp Leu Leu Lys Asn Gly Glu
           50           55           60
Arg Ile Glu Lys Val Glu His Ser Asp Leu Ser Phe Ser Lys Asp Trp
65           70           75           80
Ser Phe Tyr Leu Leu Tyr Tyr Thr Glu Phe Thr Pro Thr Glu Lys Asp
           85           90           95
Glu Tyr Ala Cys Arg Val Asn His Val Thr Leu Ser Gln Pro Lys Ile
           100          105          110
Val Lys Trp Asp Arg Asp Met
           115

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 96

<211> LENGTH: 119

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Macaca mulatta

<400> SEQUENCE: 96

```

Met Ser Arg Ser Val Ala Leu Ala Val Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Leu Ser
1           5           10           15
Gly Leu Glu Ala Ile Gln Arg Thr Pro Lys Ile Gln Val Tyr Ser Arg
           20           25           30
His Pro Pro Glu Asn Gly Lys Pro Asn Phe Leu Asn Cys Tyr Val Ser
           35           40           45
Gly Phe His Pro Ser Asp Ile Glu Val Asp Leu Leu Lys Asn Gly Glu
           50           55           60
Lys Met Gly Lys Val Glu His Ser Asp Leu Ser Phe Ser Lys Asp Trp
65           70           75           80
Ser Phe Tyr Leu Leu Tyr Tyr Thr Glu Phe Thr Pro Asn Glu Lys Asp
           85           90           95
Glu Tyr Ala Cys Arg Val Asn His Val Thr Leu Ser Gly Pro Arg Thr
           100          105          110
Val Lys Trp Asp Arg Asp Met
           115

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 97

<211> LENGTH: 118

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Bos taurus

<400> SEQUENCE: 97

```

Met Ala Arg Phe Val Ala Leu Val Leu Leu Gly Leu Leu Ser Leu Ser
1           5           10           15
Gly Leu Asp Ala Ile Gln Arg Pro Pro Lys Ile Gln Val Tyr Ser Arg
           20           25           30
His Pro Pro Glu Asp Gly Lys Pro Asn Tyr Leu Asn Cys Tyr Val Tyr
           35           40           45
Gly Phe His Pro Pro Gln Ile Glu Ile Asp Leu Leu Lys Asn Gly Glu

```


-continued

50	55	60
Lys Ile Lys Ser Glu Gln Ser Asp Leu Ser Phe Ser Lys Asp Trp Ser		
65	70	75 80
Phe Tyr Leu Leu Ser His Ala Glu Phe Thr Pro Asn Ser Lys Asp Gln		
	85	90 95
Tyr Ser Cys Arg Val Lys His Val Thr Leu Glu Gln Pro Arg Ile Val		
	100	105 110
Lys Trp Asp Arg Asp Leu		
115		

<210> SEQ ID NO 98
 <211> LENGTH: 119
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Mus musculus

<400> SEQUENCE: 98

Met Ala Arg Ser Val Thr Leu Val Phe Leu Val Leu Val Ser Leu Thr		
1	5	10 15
Gly Leu Tyr Ala Ile Gln Lys Thr Pro Gln Ile Gln Val Tyr Ser Arg		
	20	25 30
His Pro Pro Glu Asn Gly Lys Pro Asn Ile Leu Asn Cys Tyr Val Thr		
	35	40 45
Gln Phe His Pro Pro His Ile Glu Ile Gln Met Leu Lys Asn Gly Lys		
	50	55 60
Lys Ile Pro Lys Val Glu Met Ser Asp Met Ser Phe Ser Lys Asp Trp		
65	70	75 80
Ser Phe Tyr Ile Leu Ala His Thr Glu Phe Thr Pro Thr Glu Thr Asp		
	85	90 95
Thr Tyr Ala Cys Arg Val Lys His Ala Ser Met Ala Glu Pro Lys Thr		
	100	105 110
Val Tyr Trp Asp Arg Asp Met		
115		

<210> SEQ ID NO 99
 <211> LENGTH: 254
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 99

Met Glu Tyr Ala Ser Asp Ala Ser Leu Asp Pro Glu Ala Pro Trp Pro		
1	5	10 15
Pro Ala Pro Arg Ala Arg Ala Cys Arg Val Leu Pro Trp Ala Leu Val		
	20	25 30
Ala Gly Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Ala Ala Ala Cys Ala Val Phe		
	35	40 45
Leu Ala Cys Pro Trp Ala Val Ser Gly Ala Arg Ala Ser Pro Gly Ser		
	50	55 60
Ala Ala Ser Pro Arg Leu Arg Glu Gly Pro Glu Leu Ser Pro Asp Asp		
65	70	75 80
Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val		
	85	90 95
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp		
	100	105 110
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu		

-continued

115					120					125					
Asp	Thr	Lys	Glu	Leu	Val	Val	Ala	Lys	Ala	Gly	Val	Tyr	Tyr	Val	Phe
130						135					140				
Phe	Gln	Leu	Glu	Leu	Arg	Arg	Val	Val	Ala	Gly	Glu	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser
145					150					155					160
Val	Ser	Leu	Ala	Leu	His	Leu	Gln	Pro	Leu	Arg	Ser	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala
				165					170					175	
Ala	Ala	Leu	Ala	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ala	Ser	Ser	Glu	Ala
			180					185						190	
Arg	Asn	Ser	Ala	Phe	Gly	Phe	Gln	Gly	Arg	Leu	Leu	His	Leu	Ser	Ala
	195						200					205			
Gly	Gln	Arg	Leu	Gly	Val	His	Leu	His	Thr	Glu	Ala	Arg	Ala	Arg	His
210						215					220				
Ala	Trp	Gln	Leu	Thr	Gln	Gly	Ala	Thr	Val	Leu	Gly	Leu	Phe	Arg	Val
225					230					235					240
Thr	Pro	Glu	Ile	Pro	Ala	Gly	Leu	Pro	Ser	Pro	Arg	Ser	Glu		
				245					250						

<210> SEQ ID NO 100
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (47)..(47)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a lysine

<400> SEQUENCE: 100

Pro	Ala	Gly	Leu	Leu	Asp	Leu	Arg	Gln	Gly	Met	Phe	Ala	Gln	Leu	Val
1				5					10					15	
Ala	Gln	Asn	Val	Leu	Leu	Ile	Asp	Gly	Pro	Leu	Ser	Trp	Tyr	Ser	Asp
			20					25					30		
Pro	Gly	Leu	Ala	Gly	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr	Gly	Gly	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Xaa	Glu
	35					40					45				
Asp	Thr	Lys	Glu	Leu	Val	Val	Ala	Lys	Ala	Gly	Val	Tyr	Tyr	Val	Phe
	50					55					60				
Phe	Gln	Leu	Glu	Leu	Arg	Arg	Val	Val	Ala	Gly	Glu	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser
65					70					75					80
Val	Ser	Leu	Ala	Leu	His	Leu	Gln	Pro	Leu	Arg	Ser	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala
				85					90					95	
Ala	Ala	Leu	Ala	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ala	Ser	Ser	Glu	Ala
			100					105						110	
Arg	Asn	Ser	Ala	Phe	Gly	Phe	Gln	Gly	Arg	Leu	Leu	His	Leu	Ser	Ala
	115						120					125			
Gly	Gln	Arg	Leu	Gly	Val	His	Leu	His	Thr	Glu	Ala	Arg	Ala	Arg	His
130						135					140				
Ala	Trp	Gln	Leu	Thr	Gln	Gly	Ala	Thr	Val	Leu	Gly	Leu	Phe	Arg	Val
145					150					155					160
Thr	Pro	Glu	Ile	Pro	Ala	Gly	Leu	Pro	Ser	Pro	Arg	Ser	Glu		
				165					170						

<210> SEQ ID NO 101
 <211> LENGTH: 174

-continued

<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 101

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Ala Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 102
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (147)..(147)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a glutamine

<400> SEQUENCE: 102

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala

-continued

115	120	125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His		
130	135	140
Ala Trp Xaa Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val		
145	150	155 160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu		
165	170	
<210> SEQ ID NO 103		
<211> LENGTH: 174		
<212> TYPE: PRT		
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence		
<220> FEATURE:		
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence		
<220> FEATURE:		
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature		
<222> LOCATION: (11)..(11)		
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a methionine		
<400> SEQUENCE: 103		
Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Xaa Phe Ala Gln Leu Val		
1	5	10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp		
20	25	30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu		
35	40	45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe		
50	55	60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser		
65	70	75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala		
85	90	95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala		
100	105	110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala		
115	120	125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His		
130	135	140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val		
145	150	155 160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu		
165	170	
<210> SEQ ID NO 104		
<211> LENGTH: 174		
<212> TYPE: PRT		
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence		
<220> FEATURE:		
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence		
<220> FEATURE:		
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature		
<222> LOCATION: (12)..(12)		
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a phenylalanine		
<400> SEQUENCE: 104		
Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Xaa Ala Gln Leu Val		
1	5	10 15

-continued

Ala	Gln	Asn	Val	Leu	Leu	Ile	Asp	Gly	Pro	Leu	Ser	Trp	Tyr	Ser	Asp
			20					25					30		
Pro	Gly	Leu	Ala	Gly	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr	Gly	Gly	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Lys	Glu
		35					40					45			
Asp	Thr	Lys	Glu	Leu	Val	Val	Ala	Lys	Ala	Gly	Val	Tyr	Tyr	Val	Phe
	50					55					60				
Phe	Gln	Leu	Glu	Leu	Arg	Arg	Val	Val	Ala	Gly	Glu	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser
65					70					75					80
Val	Ser	Leu	Ala	Leu	His	Leu	Gln	Pro	Leu	Arg	Ser	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala
				85					90					95	
Ala	Ala	Leu	Ala	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ala	Ser	Ser	Glu	Ala
			100					105					110		
Arg	Asn	Ser	Ala	Phe	Gly	Phe	Gln	Gly	Arg	Leu	Leu	His	Leu	Ser	Ala
		115					120					125			
Gly	Gln	Arg	Leu	Gly	Val	His	Leu	His	Thr	Glu	Ala	Arg	Ala	Arg	His
	130					135					140				
Ala	Trp	Gln	Leu	Thr	Gln	Gly	Ala	Thr	Val	Leu	Gly	Leu	Phe	Arg	Val
145					150					155					160
Thr	Pro	Glu	Ile	Pro	Ala	Gly	Leu	Pro	Ser	Pro	Arg	Ser	Glu		
				165				170							

<210> SEQ ID NO 105

<211> LENGTH: 174

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature

<222> LOCATION: (14)..(14)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a glutamine

<400> SEQUENCE: 105

Pro	Ala	Gly	Leu	Leu	Asp	Leu	Arg	Gln	Gly	Met	Phe	Ala	Xaa	Leu	Val
1			5						10					15	
Ala	Gln	Asn	Val	Leu	Leu	Ile	Asp	Gly	Pro	Leu	Ser	Trp	Tyr	Ser	Asp
			20					25					30		
Pro	Gly	Leu	Ala	Gly	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr	Gly	Gly	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Lys	Glu
		35					40					45			
Asp	Thr	Lys	Glu	Leu	Val	Val	Ala	Lys	Ala	Gly	Val	Tyr	Tyr	Val	Phe
	50					55					60				
Phe	Gln	Leu	Glu	Leu	Arg	Arg	Val	Val	Ala	Gly	Glu	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser
65					70					75					80
Val	Ser	Leu	Ala	Leu	His	Leu	Gln	Pro	Leu	Arg	Ser	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala
				85					90					95	
Ala	Ala	Leu	Ala	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ala	Ser	Ser	Glu	Ala
			100					105					110		
Arg	Asn	Ser	Ala	Phe	Gly	Phe	Gln	Gly	Arg	Leu	Leu	His	Leu	Ser	Ala
		115					120					125			
Gly	Gln	Arg	Leu	Gly	Val	His	Leu	His	Thr	Glu	Ala	Arg	Ala	Arg	His
	130					135					140				
Ala	Trp	Gln	Leu	Thr	Gln	Gly	Ala	Thr	Val	Leu	Gly	Leu	Phe	Arg	Val
145					150					155					160
Thr	Pro	Glu	Ile	Pro	Ala	Gly	Leu	Pro	Ser	Pro	Arg	Ser	Glu		
				165				170							

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<210> SEQ ID NO 106
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (15)..(15)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a leucine

<400> SEQUENCE: 106

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Xaa Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 107
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (16)..(16)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a valine

<400> SEQUENCE: 107

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Xaa
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80

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Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
      85                      90                      95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
      100                    105                    110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
      115                    120                    125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
      130                    135                    140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
      145                    150                    155                    160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
      165                      170

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<210> SEQ ID NO 108
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (18)..(18)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a glutamine

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<400> SEQUENCE: 108

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Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1      5      10      15
Ala Xaa Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
      20      25      30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
      35      40      45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
      50      55      60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
      65      70      75      80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
      85      90      95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
      100     105     110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
      115     120     125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
      130     135     140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
      145     150     155     160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
      165     170

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<210> SEQ ID NO 109
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (19)..(19)

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a asparagine

<400> SEQUENCE: 109

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Xaa Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 110

<211> LENGTH: 174

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature

<222> LOCATION: (20)..(20)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a valine

<400> SEQUENCE: 110

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Xaa Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His

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130	135	140			
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val					
145	150	155	160		
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu					
	165	170			

<210> SEQ ID NO 111
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (21)..(21)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a leucine

<400> SEQUENCE: 111

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val					
1	5	10	15		
Ala Gln Asn Val Xaa Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp					
	20	25	30		
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu					
	35	40	45		
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe					
	50	55	60		
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser					
	65	70	75	80	
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala					
	85	90	95		
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala					
	100	105	110		
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala					
	115	120	125		
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His					
	130	135	140		
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val					
145	150	155	160		
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu					
	165	170			

<210> SEQ ID NO 112
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (22)..(22)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a leucine

<400> SEQUENCE: 112

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val					
1	5	10	15		
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Xaa Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp					
	20	25	30		
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu					

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35	40	45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val	Val Ala Lys Ala Gly	Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50	55	60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg	Arg Val Val Ala Gly	Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65	70	75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His	Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg	Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85	90	95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr	Val Asp Leu Pro Pro	Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100	105	110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly	Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu	Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115	120	125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val	His Leu His Thr Glu	Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130	135	140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln	Gly Ala Thr Val Leu	Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145	150	155 160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala	Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro	Arg Ser Glu
165	170	

<210> SEQ ID NO 113
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (23)..(23)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a isoleucine

<400> SEQUENCE: 113

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp	Leu Arg Gln Gly Met	Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1	5 10	15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu	Xaa Asp Gly Pro Leu	Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20	25	30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val	Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly	Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35	40	45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val	Val Ala Lys Ala Gly	Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50	55	60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg	Arg Val Val Ala Gly	Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65	70	75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His	Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg	Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85	90	95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr	Val Asp Leu Pro Pro	Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100	105	110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly	Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu	Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115	120	125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val	His Leu His Thr Glu	Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130	135	140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln	Gly Ala Thr Val Leu	Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145	150	155 160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala	Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro	Arg Ser Glu
165	170	

<210> SEQ ID NO 114
 <211> LENGTH: 174

-continued

<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (24)..(24)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a aspartic acid

<400> SEQUENCE: 114

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Xaa Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 115
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (25)..(25)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a glycine

<400> SEQUENCE: 115

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Xaa Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95

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Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110

Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125

Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140

Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 116

<211> LENGTH: 174

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature

<222> LOCATION: (26)..(26)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a proline

<400> SEQUENCE: 116

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15

Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Xaa Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30

Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45

Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60

Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80

Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95

Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110

Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125

Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140

Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 117

<211> LENGTH: 174

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature

<222> LOCATION: (27)..(27)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a leucine

<400> SEQUENCE: 117

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Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Xaa Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 118
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (28)..(28)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a serine

<400> SEQUENCE: 118

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Xaa Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val

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145	150	155	160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu			
	165	170	

<210> SEQ ID NO 119
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (29)..(29)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Tryptophan

<400> SEQUENCE: 119

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val			
1	5	10	15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Xaa Tyr Ser Asp			
	20	25	30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu			
	35	40	45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe			
	50	55	60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser			
65	70	75	80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala			
	85	90	95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala			
	100	105	110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala			
	115	120	125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His			
	130	135	140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val			
145	150	155	160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu			
	165	170	

<210> SEQ ID NO 120
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (30)..(30)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a tyrosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 120

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val			
1	5	10	15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Xaa Ser Asp			
	20	25	30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu			
	35	40	45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe			

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50	55	60			
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser					
65	70	75	80		
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala					
	85	90	95		
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala					
	100	105	110		
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala					
	115	120	125		
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His					
	130	135	140		
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val					
	145	150	155	160	
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu					
	165	170			

<210> SEQ ID NO 121
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (31)..(31)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Serine

<400> SEQUENCE: 121

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val					
1	5	10	15		
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Xaa Asp					
	20	25	30		
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu					
	35	40	45		
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe					
	50	55	60		
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser					
	65	70	75	80	
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala					
	85	90	95		
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala					
	100	105	110		
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala					
	115	120	125		
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His					
	130	135	140		
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val					
	145	150	155	160	
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu					
	165	170			

<210> SEQ ID NO 122
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (32)..(32)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Aspartic acid

<400> SEQUENCE: 122

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Xaa
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 123
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (33)..(33)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Proline

<400> SEQUENCE: 123

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Xaa Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110

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Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125

Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140

Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 124
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (34)..(34)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a glycine

<400> SEQUENCE: 124

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15

Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30

Pro Xaa Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45

Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60

Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80

Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95

Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110

Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125

Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140

Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 125
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (35)..(35)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Leucine

<400> SEQUENCE: 125

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15

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Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
      20                25                30
Pro Gly Xaa Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
      35                40                45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
      50                55                60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
      65                70                75                80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
      85                90                95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
      100               105               110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
      115               120               125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
      130               135               140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
      145               150               155               160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
      165               170

<210> SEQ ID NO 126
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (37)..(37)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Glycine

<400> SEQUENCE: 126

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1          5          10          15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
      20                25                30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Xaa Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
      35                40                45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
      50                55                60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
      65                70                75                80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
      85                90                95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
      100               105               110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
      115               120               125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
      130               135               140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
      145               150               155               160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu

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165	170

<210> SEQ ID NO 127
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (38)..(38)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Valine

<400> SEQUENCE: 127

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15

Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30

Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Xaa Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45

Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60

Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80

Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95

Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110

Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125

Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140

Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 128
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (39)..(39)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Serine

<400> SEQUENCE: 128

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15

Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30

Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Xaa Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45

Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60

Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser

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65	70	75	80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala	85	90	95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala	100	105	110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala	115	120	125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His	130	135	140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val	145	150	155
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu	165	170	

<210> SEQ ID NO 129
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (40)..(40)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Leucine

<400> SEQUENCE: 129

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val	1	5	10	15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp	20	25	30	
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Xaa Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu	35	40	45	
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe	50	55	60	
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser	65	70	75	80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala	85	90	95	
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala	100	105	110	
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala	115	120	125	
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His	130	135	140	
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val	145	150	155	160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu	165	170		

<210> SEQ ID NO 130
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature

-continued

<222> LOCATION: (41)..(41)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Threonine

<400> SEQUENCE: 130

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Xaa Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 131

<211> LENGTH: 174

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature

<222> LOCATION: (42)..(42)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Glycine

<400> SEQUENCE: 131

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Xaa Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125

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Gly	Gln	Arg	Leu	Gly	Val	His	Leu	His	Thr	Glu	Ala	Arg	Ala	Arg	His
130						135				140					
Ala	Trp	Gln	Leu	Thr	Gln	Gly	Ala	Thr	Val	Leu	Gly	Leu	Phe	Arg	Val
145					150					155					160
Thr	Pro	Glu	Ile	Pro	Ala	Gly	Leu	Pro	Ser	Pro	Arg	Ser	Glu		
				165				170							

<210> SEQ ID NO 132
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (43)..(43)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Glycine

<400> SEQUENCE: 132

Pro	Ala	Gly	Leu	Leu	Asp	Leu	Arg	Gln	Gly	Met	Phe	Ala	Gln	Leu	Val
1			5					10					15		
Ala	Gln	Asn	Val	Leu	Leu	Ile	Asp	Gly	Pro	Leu	Ser	Trp	Tyr	Ser	Asp
	20						25					30			
Pro	Gly	Leu	Ala	Gly	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr	Gly	Xaa	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Lys	Glu
	35					40					45				
Asp	Thr	Lys	Glu	Leu	Val	Val	Ala	Lys	Ala	Gly	Val	Tyr	Tyr	Val	Phe
	50				55					60					
Phe	Gln	Leu	Glu	Leu	Arg	Arg	Val	Val	Ala	Gly	Glu	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser
65				70					75					80	
Val	Ser	Leu	Ala	Leu	His	Leu	Gln	Pro	Leu	Arg	Ser	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala
		85						90						95	
Ala	Ala	Leu	Ala	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ala	Ser	Ser	Glu	Ala
		100					105					110			
Arg	Asn	Ser	Ala	Phe	Gly	Phe	Gln	Gly	Arg	Leu	Leu	His	Leu	Ser	Ala
	115					120						125			
Gly	Gln	Arg	Leu	Gly	Val	His	Leu	His	Thr	Glu	Ala	Arg	Ala	Arg	His
	130				135					140					
Ala	Trp	Gln	Leu	Thr	Gln	Gly	Ala	Thr	Val	Leu	Gly	Leu	Phe	Arg	Val
145					150					155					160
Thr	Pro	Glu	Ile	Pro	Ala	Gly	Leu	Pro	Ser	Pro	Arg	Ser	Glu		
				165				170							

<210> SEQ ID NO 133
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (44)..(44)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Leucine

<400> SEQUENCE: 133

Pro	Ala	Gly	Leu	Leu	Asp	Leu	Arg	Gln	Gly	Met	Phe	Ala	Gln	Leu	Val
1			5					10					15		
Ala	Gln	Asn	Val	Leu	Leu	Ile	Asp	Gly	Pro	Leu	Ser	Trp	Tyr	Ser	Asp
	20						25					30			

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Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Xaa Ser Tyr Lys Glu
   35              40              45

Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
   50              55              60

Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
   65              70              75              80

Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
           85              90              95

Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
           100              105              110

Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
           115              120              125

Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
           130              135              140

Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
           145              150              155              160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
           165              170

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<210> SEQ ID NO 134
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (45)..(45)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Serine

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<400> SEQUENCE: 134

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Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1      5              10              15

Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20     25              30

Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Xaa Tyr Lys Glu
35     40              45

Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50     55              60

Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65     70              75              80

Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85     90              95

Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100    105             110

Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115    120             125

Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130    135             140

Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145    150             155             160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165    170

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<210> SEQ ID NO 135

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<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (46)..(46)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Tyrosine

<400> SEQUENCE: 135

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Xaa Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 136
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (48)..(48)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Glutamic
Acid

<400> SEQUENCE: 136

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Xaa
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala

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85	90	95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala		
100	105	110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala		
115	120	125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His		
130	135	140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val		
145	150	155
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu		
165	170	

<210> SEQ ID NO 137
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (49)..(49)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Aspartic acid

<400> SEQUENCE: 137

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val		
1	5	10
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp		
20	25	30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu		
35	40	45
Xaa Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe		
50	55	60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser		
65	70	75
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala		
85	90	95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala		
100	105	110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala		
115	120	125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His		
130	135	140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val		
145	150	155
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu		
165	170	

<210> SEQ ID NO 138
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (50)..(50)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Threonine

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<400> SEQUENCE: 138

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Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1           5           10          15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20          25          30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35          40          45
Asp Xaa Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50          55          60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65          70          75          80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85          90          95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100         105         110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115        120        125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130        135        140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145        150        155        160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165        170

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<210> SEQ ID NO 139

<211> LENGTH: 174

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature

<222> LOCATION: (51)..(51)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Lysine

<400> SEQUENCE: 139

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Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1           5           10          15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20          25          30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35          40          45
Asp Thr Xaa Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50          55          60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65          70          75          80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85          90          95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100         105         110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115        120        125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130        135        140

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Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 140
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (52)..(52)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Glutamic acid

<400> SEQUENCE: 140

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15

Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30

Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45

Asp Thr Lys Xaa Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60

Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80

Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95

Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110

Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125

Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140

Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 141
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (64)..(64)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Phenylalanine

<400> SEQUENCE: 141

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15

Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30

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Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
   35                               40                               45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Xaa
   50                               55                               60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
   65                               70                               75                               80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
   85                               90                               95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
  100                               105                               110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
  115                               120                               125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
  130                               135                               140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
  145                               150                               155                               160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
  165                               170

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<210> SEQ ID NO 142
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (65)..(65)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a
        Phenylalanine

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<400> SEQUENCE: 142

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Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
  1                               5                               10                               15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
  20                               25                               30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
  35                               40                               45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
  50                               55                               60
Xaa Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
  65                               70                               75                               80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
  85                               90                               95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
  100                               105                               110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
  115                               120                               125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
  130                               135                               140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
  145                               150                               155                               160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
  165                               170

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-continued

<210> SEQ ID NO 143
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (66)..(66)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Glutamine

<400> SEQUENCE: 143

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Xaa Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 144
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (67)..(67)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Leucine

<400> SEQUENCE: 144

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Xaa Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala

-continued

85	90	95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala		
100	105	110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala		
115	120	125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His		
130	135	140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val		
145	150	155
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu		
165	170	

<210> SEQ ID NO 145
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (68)..(68)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Glutamic acid

<400> SEQUENCE: 145

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val		
1	5	10
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp		
20	25	30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu		
35	40	45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe		
50	55	60
Phe Gln Leu Xaa Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser		
65	70	75
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala		
85	90	95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala		
100	105	110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala		
115	120	125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His		
130	135	140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val		
145	150	155
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu		
165	170	

<210> SEQ ID NO 146
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (69)..(69)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Leucine

-continued

<400> SEQUENCE: 146

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Xaa Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 147

<211> LENGTH: 174

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature

<222> LOCATION: (70)..(70)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Arginine

<400> SEQUENCE: 147

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Xaa Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140

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Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 148
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (71)..(71)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Arginine

<400> SEQUENCE: 148

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15

Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30

Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45

Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60

Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Xaa Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80

Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95

Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110

Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125

Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140

Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 149
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (72)..(72)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Valine

<400> SEQUENCE: 149

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15

Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30

Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45

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Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60

Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Xaa Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80

Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95

Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110

Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125

Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140

Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 150

<211> LENGTH: 174

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature

<222> LOCATION: (73)..(73)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Valine

<400> SEQUENCE: 150

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15

Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30

Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45

Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60

Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Xaa Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80

Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95

Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110

Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125

Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140

Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 151

<211> LENGTH: 174

<212> TYPE: PRT

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<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (75)..(75)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Glycine

<400> SEQUENCE: 151

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Xaa Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 152
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (76)..(76)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Glutamic acid

<400> SEQUENCE: 152

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Xaa Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95

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Ala	Ala	Leu	Ala	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ala	Ser	Ser	Glu	Ala
		100						105					110		
Arg	Asn	Ser	Ala	Phe	Gly	Phe	Gln	Gly	Arg	Leu	Leu	His	Leu	Ser	Ala
		115					120					125			
Gly	Gln	Arg	Leu	Gly	Val	His	Leu	His	Thr	Glu	Ala	Arg	Ala	Arg	His
		130				135						140			
Ala	Trp	Gln	Leu	Thr	Gln	Gly	Ala	Thr	Val	Leu	Gly	Leu	Phe	Arg	Val
	145				150					155					160
Thr	Pro	Glu	Ile	Pro	Ala	Gly	Leu	Pro	Ser	Pro	Arg	Ser	Glu		
				165				170							

<210> SEQ ID NO 153
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (77)..(77)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Glycine

<400> SEQUENCE: 153

Pro	Ala	Gly	Leu	Leu	Asp	Leu	Arg	Gln	Gly	Met	Phe	Ala	Gln	Leu	Val
1			5					10					15		
Ala	Gln	Asn	Val	Leu	Leu	Ile	Asp	Gly	Pro	Leu	Ser	Trp	Tyr	Ser	Asp
		20					25					30			
Pro	Gly	Leu	Ala	Gly	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr	Gly	Gly	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Lys	Glu
	35					40					45				
Asp	Thr	Lys	Glu	Leu	Val	Val	Ala	Lys	Ala	Gly	Val	Tyr	Tyr	Val	Phe
	50				55					60					
Phe	Gln	Leu	Glu	Leu	Arg	Arg	Val	Val	Ala	Gly	Glu	Xaa	Ser	Gly	Ser
65				70					75					80	
Val	Ser	Leu	Ala	Leu	His	Leu	Gln	Pro	Leu	Arg	Ser	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala
			85					90						95	
Ala	Ala	Leu	Ala	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ala	Ser	Ser	Glu	Ala
		100					105						110		
Arg	Asn	Ser	Ala	Phe	Gly	Phe	Gln	Gly	Arg	Leu	Leu	His	Leu	Ser	Ala
	115						120					125			
Gly	Gln	Arg	Leu	Gly	Val	His	Leu	His	Thr	Glu	Ala	Arg	Ala	Arg	His
	130					135					140				
Ala	Trp	Gln	Leu	Thr	Gln	Gly	Ala	Thr	Val	Leu	Gly	Leu	Phe	Arg	Val
	145				150					155					160
Thr	Pro	Glu	Ile	Pro	Ala	Gly	Leu	Pro	Ser	Pro	Arg	Ser	Glu		
				165				170							

<210> SEQ ID NO 154
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (78)..(78)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Serine

<400> SEQUENCE: 154

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Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1      5      10      15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20      25      30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35      40      45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50      55      60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Xaa Gly Ser
65      70      75      80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85      90      95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100     105     110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115     120     125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130     135     140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145     150     155     160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165     170

<210> SEQ ID NO 155
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (104)..(104)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Aspartic
acid

<400> SEQUENCE: 155

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1      5      10      15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20      25      30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35      40      45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50      55      60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65      70      75      80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85      90      95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Xaa Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100     105     110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115     120     125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130     135     140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val

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145	150	155	160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
 165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 156
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (105)..(105)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Leucine

<400> SEQUENCE: 156

Pro	Ala	Gly	Leu	Leu	Asp	Leu	Arg	Gln	Gly	Met	Phe	Ala	Gln	Leu	Val
1			5					10						15	

Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
 20 25 30

Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
 35 40 45

Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
 50 55 60

Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
 65 70 75 80

Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
 85 90 95

Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Xaa Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
 100 105 110

Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
 115 120 125

Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
 130 135 140

Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
 145 150 155 160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
 165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 157
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (106)..(106)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Proline

<400> SEQUENCE: 157

Pro	Ala	Gly	Leu	Leu	Asp	Leu	Arg	Gln	Gly	Met	Phe	Ala	Gln	Leu	Val
1			5					10						15	

Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
 20 25 30

Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
 35 40 45

Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe

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50	55	60			
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser					
65	70	75	80		
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala					
	85	90	95		
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Xaa Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala					
	100	105	110		
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala					
	115	120	125		
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His					
	130	135	140		
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val					
	145	150	155	160	
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu					
	165	170			

<210> SEQ ID NO 158
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (107)..(107)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Proline

<400> SEQUENCE: 158

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val					
1	5	10	15		
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp					
	20	25	30		
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu					
	35	40	45		
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe					
	50	55	60		
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser					
	65	70	75	80	
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala					
	85	90	95		
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Xaa Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala					
	100	105	110		
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala					
	115	120	125		
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His					
	130	135	140		
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val					
	145	150	155	160	
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu					
	165	170			

<210> SEQ ID NO 159
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (109)..(109)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Serine

<400> SEQUENCE: 159

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Xaa Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 160
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (110)..(110)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Serine

<400> SEQUENCE: 160

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Xaa Glu Ala
100 105 110

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Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
   115                               120                               125

Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
   130                               135                               140

Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
   145                               150                               155                               160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
      165                               170

<210> SEQ ID NO 161
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (111)..(111)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Glutamic
      acid

<400> SEQUENCE: 161

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1      5      10      15

Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
      20      25      30

Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
      35      40      45

Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
      50      55      60

Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
      65      70      75      80

Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
      85      90      95

Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Xaa Ala
      100      105      110

Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
      115      120      125

Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
      130      135      140

Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
      145      150      155      160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
      165      170

<210> SEQ ID NO 162
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (113)..(113)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Arginine

<400> SEQUENCE: 162

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1      5      10      15

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Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
 20 25 30

Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
 35 40 45

Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
 50 55 60

Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
 65 70 75 80

Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
 85 90 95

Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
 100 105 110

Xaa Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
 115 120 125

Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
 130 135 140

Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
 145 150 155 160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
 165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 163
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (114)..(114)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Asparagine

<400> SEQUENCE: 163

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
 1 5 10 15

Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
 20 25 30

Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
 35 40 45

Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
 50 55 60

Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
 65 70 75 80

Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
 85 90 95

Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
 100 105 110

Arg Xaa Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
 115 120 125

Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
 130 135 140

Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
 145 150 155 160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu

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165	170
<210> SEQ ID NO 164	
<211> LENGTH: 174	
<212> TYPE: PRT	
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence	
<220> FEATURE:	
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence	
<220> FEATURE:	
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature	
<222> LOCATION: (115)..(115)	
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Serine	
<400> SEQUENCE: 164	
Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val	
1 5 10 15	
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp	
20 25 30	
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu	
35 40 45	
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe	
50 55 60	
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser	
65 70 75 80	
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala	
85 90 95	
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala	
100 105 110	
Arg Asn Xaa Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala	
115 120 125	
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His	
130 135 140	
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val	
145 150 155 160	
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu	
165 170	
<210> SEQ ID NO 165	
<211> LENGTH: 174	
<212> TYPE: PRT	
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence	
<220> FEATURE:	
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence	
<220> FEATURE:	
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature	
<222> LOCATION: (117)..(117)	
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Phenylalanine	
<400> SEQUENCE: 165	
Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val	
1 5 10 15	
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp	
20 25 30	
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu	
35 40 45	
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe	
50 55 60	

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Phe	Gln	Leu	Glu	Leu	Arg	Arg	Val	Val	Ala	Gly	Glu	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser
65					70					75					80
Val	Ser	Leu	Ala	Leu	His	Leu	Gln	Pro	Leu	Arg	Ser	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala
				85					90					95	
Ala	Ala	Leu	Ala	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ala	Ser	Ser	Glu	Ala
				100				105						110	
Arg	Asn	Ser	Ala	Xaa	Gly	Phe	Gln	Gly	Arg	Leu	Leu	His	Leu	Ser	Ala
		115					120					125			
Gly	Gln	Arg	Leu	Gly	Val	His	Leu	His	Thr	Glu	Ala	Arg	Ala	Arg	His
	130					135						140			
Ala	Trp	Gln	Leu	Thr	Gln	Gly	Ala	Thr	Val	Leu	Gly	Leu	Phe	Arg	Val
145					150					155					160
Thr	Pro	Glu	Ile	Pro	Ala	Gly	Leu	Pro	Ser	Pro	Arg	Ser	Glu		
				165				170							

<210> SEQ ID NO 166
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (130)..(130)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Glutamine

<400> SEQUENCE: 166

Pro	Ala	Gly	Leu	Leu	Asp	Leu	Arg	Gln	Gly	Met	Phe	Ala	Gln	Leu	Val
1			5					10					15		
Ala	Gln	Asn	Val	Leu	Leu	Ile	Asp	Gly	Pro	Leu	Ser	Trp	Tyr	Ser	Asp
		20						25				30			
Pro	Gly	Leu	Ala	Gly	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr	Gly	Gly	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Lys	Glu
	35						40				45				
Asp	Thr	Lys	Glu	Leu	Val	Val	Ala	Lys	Ala	Gly	Val	Tyr	Tyr	Val	Phe
50					55						60				
Phe	Gln	Leu	Glu	Leu	Arg	Arg	Val	Val	Ala	Gly	Glu	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser
65					70					75					80
Val	Ser	Leu	Ala	Leu	His	Leu	Gln	Pro	Leu	Arg	Ser	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala
				85				90						95	
Ala	Ala	Leu	Ala	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ala	Ser	Ser	Glu	Ala
				100				105						110	
Arg	Asn	Ser	Ala	Phe	Gly	Phe	Gln	Gly	Arg	Leu	Leu	His	Leu	Ser	Ala
	115						120					125			
Gly	Xaa	Arg	Leu	Gly	Val	His	Leu	His	Thr	Glu	Ala	Arg	Ala	Arg	His
	130					135						140			
Ala	Trp	Gln	Leu	Thr	Gln	Gly	Ala	Thr	Val	Leu	Gly	Leu	Phe	Arg	Val
145					150					155					160
Thr	Pro	Glu	Ile	Pro	Ala	Gly	Leu	Pro	Ser	Pro	Arg	Ser	Glu		
				165				170							

<210> SEQ ID NO 167
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:

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<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (131)..(131)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Asparagine

<400> SEQUENCE: 167

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125
Gly Gln Xaa Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 168
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (132)..(132)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Leucine

<400> SEQUENCE: 168

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125

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Gly Gln Arg Xaa Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140

Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 169
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (133)..(133)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Glycine

<400> SEQUENCE: 169

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15

Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30

Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45

Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60

Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80

Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95

Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110

Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125

Gly Gln Arg Leu Xaa Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140

Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 170
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (134)..(134)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Valine

<400> SEQUENCE: 170

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15

Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30

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Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
   35                               40                               45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
   50                               55                               60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
   65                               70                               75                               80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
   85                               90                               95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
  100                               105                               110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
  115                               120                               125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Xaa His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
  130                               135                               140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
  145                               150                               155                               160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
  165                               170

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<210> SEQ ID NO 171
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (135)..(135)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Histidine

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<400> SEQUENCE: 171

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Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1           5           10           15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20          25          30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35          40          45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50          55          60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65          70          75          80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85          90          95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100         105         110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115         120         125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val Xaa Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130         135         140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145         150         155         160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165         170

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<210> SEQ ID NO 172
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (136)..(136)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Leucine

<400> SEQUENCE: 172

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Xaa His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 173
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (137)..(137)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Histidine

<400> SEQUENCE: 173

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala

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85	90	95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala		
100	105	110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala		
115	120	125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu Xaa Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His		
130	135	140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val		
145	150	155
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu		
165	170	

<210> SEQ ID NO 174
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (138)..(138)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Threonine

<400> SEQUENCE: 174

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val		
1	5	10
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp		
20	25	30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu		
35	40	45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe		
50	55	60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser		
65	70	75
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala		
85	90	95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala		
100	105	110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala		
115	120	125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Xaa Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His		
130	135	140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val		
145	150	155
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu		
165	170	

<210> SEQ ID NO 175
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (139)..(139)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Glutamic acid

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<400> SEQUENCE: 175

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Xaa Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 176

<211> LENGTH: 174

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature

<222> LOCATION: (141)..(141)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than Arginine

<400> SEQUENCE: 176

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Xaa Ala Arg His
130 135 140

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Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 177
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (143)..(143)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Arginine

<400> SEQUENCE: 177

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15

Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30

Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45

Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60

Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80

Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95

Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110

Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125

Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Xaa His
130 135 140

Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 178
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (144)..(144)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Histidine

<400> SEQUENCE: 178

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15

Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30

Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45

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Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
 50          55          60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
 65          70          75          80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
          85          90          95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
          100          105          110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
          115          120          125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg Xaa
          130          135          140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
          145          150          155          160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
          165          170

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<210> SEQ ID NO 179
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (146)..(146)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Tryptophan

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<400> SEQUENCE: 179

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Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
 1          5          10          15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
          20          25          30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
          35          40          45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
          50          55          60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
          65          70          75          80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
          85          90          95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
          100          105          110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
          115          120          125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
          130          135          140
Ala Xaa Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
          145          150          155          160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
          165          170

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<210> SEQ ID NO 180
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT

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-continued

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (148)..(148)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Leucine

<400> SEQUENCE: 180

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140
Ala Trp Gln Xaa Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 181
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (149)..(149)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Threonine

<400> SEQUENCE: 181

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala

-continued

100	105	110

Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
 115 120 125

Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
 130 135 140

Ala Trp Gln Leu Xaa Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
 145 150 155 160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
 165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 182
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (150)..(150)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Glutamine

<400> SEQUENCE: 182

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
 1 5 10 15

Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
 20 25 30

Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
 35 40 45

Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
 50 55 60

Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
 65 70 75 80

Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
 85 90 95

Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
 100 105 110

Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
 115 120 125

Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
 130 135 140

Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Xaa Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
 145 150 155 160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
 165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 183
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (151)..(151)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Glycine

<400> SEQUENCE: 183

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val

-continued

1	5	10	15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp	20	25	30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu	35	40	45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe	50	55	60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser	65	70	75
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala	85	90	95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala	100	105	110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala	115	120	125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His	130	135	140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Xaa Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val	145	150	155
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu	165	170	

<210> SEQ ID NO 184

<211> LENGTH: 174

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature

<222> LOCATION: (153)..(153)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Threonine

<400> SEQUENCE: 184

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val	1	5	10	15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp	20	25	30	
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu	35	40	45	
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe	50	55	60	
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser	65	70	75	80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala	85	90	95	
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala	100	105	110	
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala	115	120	125	
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His	130	135	140	
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Xaa Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val	145	150	155	160

-continued

 Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
 165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 185
 <211> LENGTH: 174
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (154)..(154)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than a Valine

<400> SEQUENCE: 185

```

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1           5           10           15

Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
          20           25           30

Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
          35           40           45

Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
          50           55           60

Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
          65           70           75           80

Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
          85           90           95

Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
          100          105          110

Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
          115          120          125

Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
          130          135          140

Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Xaa Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
          145          150          155          160

Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
          165          170
  
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<210> SEQ ID NO 186
 <211> LENGTH: 255
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 186

```

Met Gly Asn Ser Cys Tyr Asn Ile Val Ala Thr Leu Leu Leu Val Leu
1           5           10           15

Asn Phe Glu Arg Thr Arg Ser Leu Gln Asp Pro Cys Ser Asn Cys Pro
          20           25           30

Ala Gly Thr Phe Cys Asp Asn Asn Arg Asn Gln Ile Cys Ser Pro Cys
          35           40           45

Pro Pro Asn Ser Phe Ser Ser Ala Gly Gly Gln Arg Thr Cys Asp Ile
          50           55           60

Cys Arg Gln Cys Lys Gly Val Phe Arg Thr Arg Lys Glu Cys Ser Ser
          65           70           75           80

Thr Ser Asn Ala Glu Cys Asp Cys Thr Pro Gly Phe His Cys Leu Gly
          85           90           95
  
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-continued

Ala	Gly	Cys	Ser	Met	Cys	Glu	Gln	Asp	Cys	Lys	Gln	Gly	Gln	Glu	Leu
			100					105					110		
Thr	Lys	Lys	Gly	Cys	Lys	Asp	Cys	Cys	Phe	Gly	Thr	Phe	Asn	Asp	Gln
		115					120					125			
Lys	Arg	Gly	Ile	Cys	Arg	Pro	Trp	Thr	Asn	Cys	Ser	Leu	Asp	Gly	Lys
	130					135					140				
Ser	Val	Leu	Val	Asn	Gly	Thr	Lys	Glu	Arg	Asp	Val	Val	Cys	Gly	Pro
145					150					155					160
Ser	Pro	Ala	Asp	Leu	Ser	Pro	Gly	Ala	Ser	Ser	Val	Thr	Pro	Pro	Ala
			165						170					175	
Pro	Ala	Arg	Glu	Pro	Gly	His	Ser	Pro	Gln	Ile	Ile	Ser	Phe	Phe	Leu
			180					185					190		
Ala	Leu	Thr	Ser	Thr	Ala	Leu	Leu	Phe	Leu	Leu	Phe	Phe	Leu	Thr	Leu
		195					200					205			
Arg	Phe	Ser	Val	Val	Lys	Arg	Gly	Arg	Lys	Lys	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Ile	Phe
	210					215					220				
Lys	Gln	Pro	Phe	Met	Arg	Pro	Val	Gln	Thr	Thr	Gln	Glu	Glu	Asp	Gly
225					230					235					240
Cys	Ser	Cys	Arg	Phe	Pro	Glu	Glu	Glu	Glu	Gly	Gly	Cys	Glu	Leu	
			245						250					255	

<210> SEQ ID NO 187

<211> LENGTH: 290

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Mus musculus

<400> SEQUENCE: 187

Met	Arg	Ile	Phe	Ala	Gly	Ile	Ile	Phe	Thr	Ala	Cys	Cys	His	Leu	Leu
1				5					10					15	
Arg	Ala	Phe	Thr	Ile	Thr	Ala	Pro	Lys	Asp	Leu	Tyr	Val	Val	Glu	Tyr
		20						25					30		
Gly	Ser	Asn	Val	Thr	Met	Glu	Cys	Arg	Phe	Pro	Val	Glu	Arg	Glu	Leu
		35					40					45			
Asp	Leu	Leu	Ala	Leu	Val	Val	Tyr	Trp	Glu	Lys	Glu	Asp	Glu	Gln	Val
	50					55					60				
Ile	Gln	Phe	Val	Ala	Gly	Glu	Glu	Asp	Leu	Lys	Pro	Gln	His	Ser	Asn
65					70					75					80
Phe	Arg	Gly	Arg	Ala	Ser	Leu	Pro	Lys	Asp	Gln	Leu	Leu	Lys	Gly	Asn
			85						90					95	
Ala	Ala	Leu	Gln	Ile	Thr	Asp	Val	Lys	Leu	Gln	Asp	Ala	Gly	Val	Tyr
			100					105					110		
Cys	Cys	Ile	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Gly	Gly	Ala	Asp	Tyr	Lys	Arg	Ile	Thr	Leu
		115					120					125			
Lys	Val	Asn	Ala	Pro	Tyr	Arg	Lys	Ile	Asn	Gln	Arg	Ile	Ser	Val	Asp
	130					135					140				
Pro	Ala	Thr	Ser	Glu	His	Glu	Leu	Ile	Cys	Gln	Ala	Glu	Gly	Tyr	Pro
145					150					155					160
Glu	Ala	Glu	Val	Ile	Trp	Thr	Asn	Ser	Asp	His	Gln	Pro	Val	Ser	Gly
			165						170					175	
Lys	Arg	Ser	Val	Thr	Thr	Ser	Arg	Thr	Glu	Gly	Met	Leu	Leu	Asn	Val
			180					185					190		
Thr	Ser	Ser	Leu	Arg	Val	Asn	Ala	Thr	Ala	Asn	Asp	Val	Phe	Tyr	Cys
		195					200						205		

-continued

Thr Phe Trp Arg Ser Gln Pro Gly Gln Asn His Thr Ala Glu Leu Ile
 210 215 220
 Ile Pro Glu Leu Pro Ala Thr His Pro Pro Gln Asn Arg Thr His Trp
 225 230 235 240
 Val Leu Leu Gly Ser Ile Leu Leu Phe Leu Ile Val Val Ser Thr Val
 245 250 255
 Leu Leu Phe Leu Arg Lys Gln Val Arg Met Leu Asp Val Glu Lys Cys
 260 265 270
 Gly Val Glu Asp Thr Ser Ser Lys Asn Arg Asn Asp Thr Gln Phe Glu
 275 280 285
 Glu Thr
 290

<210> SEQ ID NO 188

<211> LENGTH: 290

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 188

Met Arg Ile Phe Ala Val Phe Ile Phe Met Thr Tyr Trp His Leu Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Asn Ala Phe Thr Val Thr Val Pro Lys Asp Leu Tyr Val Val Glu Tyr
 20 25 30
 Gly Ser Asn Met Thr Ile Glu Cys Lys Phe Pro Val Glu Lys Gln Leu
 35 40 45
 Asp Leu Ala Ala Leu Ile Val Tyr Trp Glu Met Glu Asp Lys Asn Ile
 50 55 60
 Ile Gln Phe Val His Gly Glu Glu Asp Leu Lys Val Gln His Ser Ser
 65 70 75 80
 Tyr Arg Gln Arg Ala Arg Leu Leu Lys Asp Gln Leu Ser Leu Gly Asn
 85 90 95
 Ala Ala Leu Gln Ile Thr Asp Val Lys Leu Gln Asp Ala Gly Val Tyr
 100 105 110
 Arg Cys Met Ile Ser Tyr Gly Gly Ala Asp Tyr Lys Arg Ile Thr Val
 115 120 125
 Lys Val Asn Ala Pro Tyr Asn Lys Ile Asn Gln Arg Ile Leu Val Val
 130 135 140
 Asp Pro Val Thr Ser Glu His Glu Leu Thr Cys Gln Ala Glu Gly Tyr
 145 150 155 160
 Pro Lys Ala Glu Val Ile Trp Thr Ser Ser Asp His Gln Val Leu Ser
 165 170 175
 Gly Lys Thr Thr Thr Thr Asn Ser Lys Arg Glu Glu Lys Leu Phe Asn
 180 185 190
 Val Thr Ser Thr Leu Arg Ile Asn Thr Thr Thr Asn Glu Ile Phe Tyr
 195 200 205
 Cys Thr Phe Arg Arg Leu Asp Pro Glu Glu Asn His Thr Ala Glu Leu
 210 215 220
 Val Ile Pro Glu Leu Pro Leu Ala His Pro Pro Asn Glu Arg Thr His
 225 230 235 240
 Leu Val Ile Leu Gly Ala Ile Leu Leu Cys Leu Gly Val Ala Leu Thr
 245 250 255
 Phe Ile Phe Arg Leu Arg Lys Gly Arg Met Met Asp Val Lys Lys Cys

-continued

260	265	270
Gly Ile Gln Asp Thr Asn Ser Lys Lys Gln Ser Asp Thr His Leu Glu		
275	280	285
Glu Thr		
290		

<210> SEQ ID NO 189
 <211> LENGTH: 208
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 189

Val Ile His Val Thr Lys Glu Val Lys Glu Val Ala Thr Leu Ser Cys		
1	5	10
Gly His Asn Val Ser Val Glu Glu Leu Ala Gln Thr Arg Ile Tyr Trp		
20	25	30
Gln Lys Glu Lys Lys Met Val Leu Thr Met Met Ser Gly Asp Met Asn		
35	40	45
Ile Trp Pro Glu Tyr Lys Asn Arg Thr Ile Phe Asp Ile Thr Asn Asn		
50	55	60
Leu Ser Ile Val Ile Leu Ala Leu Arg Pro Ser Asp Glu Gly Thr Tyr		
65	70	75
Glu Cys Val Val Leu Lys Tyr Glu Lys Asp Ala Phe Lys Arg Glu His		
85	90	95
Leu Ala Glu Val Thr Leu Ser Val Lys Ala Asp Phe Pro Thr Pro Ser		
100	105	110
Ile Ser Asp Phe Glu Ile Pro Thr Ser Asn Ile Arg Arg Ile Ile Cys		
115	120	125
Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Phe Pro Glu Pro His Leu Ser Trp Leu Glu Asn		
130	135	140
Gly Glu Glu Leu Asn Ala Ile Asn Thr Thr Val Ser Gln Asp Pro Glu		
145	150	155
Thr Glu Leu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser Lys Leu Asp Phe Asn Met Thr Thr		
165	170	175
Asn His Ser Phe Met Cys Leu Ile Lys Tyr Gly His Leu Arg Val Asn		
180	185	190
Gln Thr Phe Asn Trp Asn Thr Thr Lys Gln Glu His Phe Pro Asp Asn		
195	200	205

<210> SEQ ID NO 190
 <211> LENGTH: 302
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 190

Met Arg Leu Gly Ser Pro Gly Leu Leu Phe Leu Phe Ser Ser Leu		
1	5	10
Arg Ala Asp Thr Gln Glu Lys Glu Val Arg Ala Met Val Gly Ser Asp		
20	25	30
Val Glu Leu Ser Cys Ala Cys Pro Glu Gly Ser Arg Phe Asp Leu Asn		
35	40	45
Asp Val Tyr Val Tyr Trp Gln Thr Ser Glu Ser Lys Thr Val Val Thr		
50	55	60

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Tyr His Ile Pro Gln Asn Ser Ser Leu Glu Asn Val Asp Ser Arg Tyr
65          70          75          80

Arg Asn Arg Ala Leu Met Ser Pro Ala Gly Met Leu Arg Gly Asp Phe
          85          90          95

Ser Leu Arg Leu Phe Asn Val Thr Pro Gln Asp Glu Gln Lys Phe His
          100          105          110

Cys Leu Val Leu Ser Gln Ser Leu Gly Phe Gln Glu Val Leu Ser Val
          115          120          125

Glu Val Thr Leu His Val Ala Ala Asn Phe Ser Val Pro Val Val Ser
          130          135          140

Ala Pro His Ser Pro Ser Gln Asp Glu Leu Thr Phe Thr Cys Thr Ser
          145          150          155          160

Ile Asn Gly Tyr Pro Arg Pro Asn Val Tyr Trp Ile Asn Lys Thr Asp
          165          170          175

Asn Ser Leu Leu Asp Gln Ala Leu Gln Asn Asp Thr Val Phe Leu Asn
          180          185          190

Met Arg Gly Leu Tyr Asp Val Val Ser Val Leu Arg Ile Ala Arg Thr
          195          200          205

Pro Ser Val Asn Ile Gly Cys Cys Ile Glu Asn Val Leu Leu Gln Gln
          210          215          220

Asn Leu Thr Val Gly Ser Gln Thr Gly Asn Asp Ile Gly Glu Arg Asp
          225          230          235          240

Lys Ile Thr Glu Asn Pro Val Ser Thr Gly Glu Lys Asn Ala Ala Thr
          245          250          255

Trp Ser Ile Leu Ala Val Leu Cys Leu Leu Val Val Val Ala Val Ala
          260          265          270

Ile Gly Trp Val Cys Arg Asp Arg Cys Leu Gln His Ser Tyr Ala Gly
          275          280          285

Ala Trp Ala Val Ser Pro Glu Thr Glu Leu Thr Gly His Val
          290          295          300

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<210> SEQ ID NO 191

<211> LENGTH: 183

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 191

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Met Glu Arg Val Gln Pro Leu Glu Glu Asn Val Gly Asn Ala Ala Arg
1          5          10          15

Pro Arg Phe Glu Arg Asn Lys Leu Leu Leu Val Ala Ser Val Ile Gln
          20          25          30

Gly Leu Gly Leu Leu Leu Cys Phe Thr Tyr Ile Cys Leu His Phe Ser
          35          40          45

Ala Leu Gln Val Ser His Arg Tyr Pro Arg Ile Gln Ser Ile Lys Val
          50          55          60

Gln Phe Thr Glu Tyr Lys Lys Glu Lys Gly Phe Ile Leu Thr Ser Gln
          65          70          75          80

Lys Glu Asp Glu Ile Met Lys Val Gln Asn Asn Ser Val Ile Ile Asn
          85          90          95

Cys Asp Gly Phe Tyr Leu Ile Ser Leu Lys Gly Tyr Phe Ser Gln Glu
          100          105          110

Val Asn Ile Ser Leu His Tyr Gln Lys Asp Glu Glu Pro Leu Phe Gln

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115					120					125					
Leu	Lys	Lys	Val	Arg	Ser	Val	Asn	Ser	Leu	Met	Val	Ala	Ser	Leu	Thr
130						135					140				
Tyr	Lys	Asp	Lys	Val	Tyr	Leu	Asn	Val	Thr	Thr	Asp	Asn	Thr	Ser	Leu
145					150					155					160
Asp	Asp	Phe	His	Val	Asn	Gly	Gly	Glu	Leu	Ile	Leu	Ile	His	Gln	Asn
				165					170					175	
Pro	Gly	Glu	Phe	Cys	Val	Leu									
				180											

<210> SEQ ID NO 192

<211> LENGTH: 273

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 192

Met	Ile	Phe	Leu	Leu	Leu	Met	Leu	Ser	Leu	Glu	Leu	Gln	Leu	His	Gln
1				5					10					15	
Ile	Ala	Ala	Leu	Phe	Thr	Val	Thr	Val	Pro	Lys	Glu	Leu	Tyr	Ile	Ile
			20					25					30		
Glu	His	Gly	Ser	Asn	Val	Thr	Leu	Glu	Cys	Asn	Phe	Asp	Thr	Gly	Ser
		35					40					45			
His	Val	Asn	Leu	Gly	Ala	Ile	Thr	Ala	Ser	Leu	Gln	Lys	Val	Glu	Asn
	50					55					60				
Asp	Thr	Ser	Pro	His	Arg	Glu	Arg	Ala	Thr	Leu	Leu	Glu	Glu	Gln	Leu
65					70					75					80
Pro	Leu	Gly	Lys	Ala	Ser	Phe	His	Ile	Pro	Gln	Val	Gln	Val	Arg	Asp
			85						90					95	
Glu	Gly	Gln	Tyr	Gln	Cys	Ile	Ile	Ile	Tyr	Gly	Val	Ala	Trp	Asp	Tyr
		100						105					110		
Lys	Tyr	Leu	Thr	Leu	Lys	Val	Lys	Ala	Ser	Tyr	Arg	Lys	Ile	Asn	Thr
		115					120					125			
His	Ile	Leu	Lys	Val	Pro	Glu	Thr	Asp	Glu	Val	Glu	Leu	Thr	Cys	Gln
	130					135					140				
Ala	Thr	Gly	Tyr	Pro	Leu	Ala	Glu	Val	Ser	Trp	Pro	Asn	Val	Ser	Val
145					150					155					160
Pro	Ala	Asn	Thr	Ser	His	Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Val
			165					170						175	
Thr	Ser	Val	Leu	Arg	Leu	Lys	Pro	Pro	Pro	Gly	Arg	Asn	Phe	Ser	Cys
		180					185						190		
Val	Phe	Trp	Asn	Thr	His	Val	Arg	Glu	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ile	Asp
	195					200					205				
Leu	Gln	Ser	Gln	Met	Glu	Pro	Arg	Thr	His	Pro	Thr	Trp	Leu	Leu	His
	210					215					220				
Ile	Phe	Ile	Pro	Phe	Cys	Ile	Ile	Ala	Phe	Ile	Phe	Ile	Ala	Thr	Val
225					230					235					240
Ile	Ala	Leu	Arg	Lys	Gln	Leu	Cys	Gln	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Ser	Lys	Asp
			245					250						255	
Thr	Thr	Lys	Arg	Pro	Val	Thr	Thr	Thr	Lys	Arg	Glu	Val	Asn	Ser	Ala
		260						265					270		

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<210> SEQ ID NO 193
<211> LENGTH: 329
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 193

Met Asp Pro Gln Cys Thr Met Gly Leu Ser Asn Ile Leu Phe Val Met
1          5          10          15
Ala Phe Leu Leu Ser Gly Ala Ala Pro Leu Lys Ile Gln Ala Tyr Phe
20          25          30
Asn Glu Thr Ala Asp Leu Pro Cys Gln Phe Ala Asn Ser Gln Asn Gln
35          40          45
Ser Leu Ser Glu Leu Val Val Phe Trp Gln Asp Gln Glu Asn Leu Val
50          55          60
Leu Asn Glu Val Tyr Leu Gly Lys Glu Lys Phe Asp Ser Val His Ser
65          70          75          80
Lys Tyr Met Gly Arg Thr Ser Phe Asp Ser Asp Ser Trp Thr Leu Arg
85          90          95
Leu His Asn Leu Gln Ile Lys Asp Lys Gly Leu Tyr Gln Cys Ile Ile
100         105         110
His His Lys Lys Pro Thr Gly Met Ile Arg Ile His Gln Met Asn Ser
115         120         125
Glu Leu Ser Val Leu Ala Asn Phe Ser Gln Pro Glu Ile Val Pro Ile
130         135         140
Ser Asn Ile Thr Glu Asn Val Tyr Ile Asn Leu Thr Cys Ser Ser Ile
145         150         155         160
His Gly Tyr Pro Glu Pro Lys Lys Met Ser Val Leu Leu Arg Thr Lys
165         170         175
Asn Ser Thr Ile Glu Tyr Asp Gly Ile Met Gln Lys Ser Gln Asp Asn
180         185         190
Val Thr Glu Leu Tyr Asp Val Ser Ile Ser Leu Ser Val Ser Phe Pro
195         200         205
Asp Val Thr Ser Asn Met Thr Ile Phe Cys Ile Leu Glu Thr Asp Lys
210         215         220
Thr Arg Leu Leu Ser Ser Pro Phe Ser Ile Glu Leu Glu Asp Pro Gln
225         230         235         240
Pro Pro Pro Asp His Ile Pro Trp Ile Thr Ala Val Leu Pro Thr Val
245         250         255
Ile Ile Cys Val Met Val Phe Cys Leu Ile Leu Trp Lys Trp Lys Lys
260         265         270
Lys Lys Arg Pro Arg Asn Ser Tyr Lys Cys Gly Thr Asn Thr Met Glu
275         280         285
Arg Glu Glu Ser Glu Gln Thr Lys Lys Arg Glu Lys Ile His Ile Pro
290         295         300
Glu Arg Ser Asp Glu Ala Gln Arg Val Phe Lys Ser Ser Lys Thr Ser
305         310         315         320
Ser Cys Asp Lys Ser Asp Thr Cys Phe
325

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<210> SEQ ID NO 194
<211> LENGTH: 281
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 194

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Met  Gln  Gln  Pro  Phe  Asn  Tyr  Pro  Tyr  Pro  Gln  Ile  Tyr  Trp  Val  Asp
1      5      10      15

Ser  Ser  Ala  Ser  Ser  Pro  Trp  Ala  Pro  Pro  Gly  Thr  Val  Leu  Pro  Cys
      20      25      30

Pro  Thr  Ser  Val  Pro  Arg  Arg  Pro  Gly  Gln  Arg  Arg  Pro  Pro  Pro  Pro
      35      40      45

Pro  Pro  Pro  Pro  Pro  Leu  Pro  Pro  Pro  Pro  Pro  Pro  Pro  Leu  Pro
      50      55      60

Pro  Leu  Pro  Leu  Pro  Pro  Leu  Lys  Lys  Arg  Gly  Asn  His  Ser  Thr  Gly
65      70      75      80

Leu  Cys  Leu  Leu  Val  Met  Phe  Phe  Met  Val  Leu  Val  Ala  Leu  Val  Gly
      85      90      95

Leu  Gly  Leu  Gly  Met  Phe  Gln  Leu  Phe  His  Leu  Gln  Lys  Glu  Leu  Ala
      100     105     110

Glu  Leu  Arg  Glu  Ser  Thr  Ser  Gln  Met  His  Thr  Ala  Ser  Ser  Leu  Glu
      115     120     125

Lys  Gln  Ile  Gly  His  Pro  Ser  Pro  Pro  Pro  Glu  Lys  Lys  Glu  Leu  Arg
      130     135     140

Lys  Val  Ala  His  Leu  Thr  Gly  Lys  Ser  Asn  Ser  Arg  Ser  Met  Pro  Leu
145     150     155     160

Glu  Trp  Glu  Asp  Thr  Tyr  Gly  Ile  Val  Leu  Leu  Ser  Gly  Val  Lys  Tyr
      165     170     175

Lys  Lys  Gly  Gly  Leu  Val  Ile  Asn  Glu  Thr  Gly  Leu  Tyr  Phe  Val  Tyr
      180     185     190

Ser  Lys  Val  Tyr  Phe  Arg  Gly  Gln  Ser  Cys  Asn  Asn  Leu  Pro  Leu  Ser
      195     200     205

His  Lys  Val  Tyr  Met  Arg  Asn  Ser  Lys  Tyr  Pro  Gln  Asp  Leu  Val  Met
      210     215     220

Met  Glu  Gly  Lys  Met  Met  Ser  Tyr  Cys  Thr  Thr  Gly  Gln  Met  Trp  Ala
225     230     235     240

Arg  Ser  Ser  Tyr  Leu  Gly  Ala  Val  Phe  Asn  Leu  Thr  Ser  Ala  Asp  His
      245     250     255

Leu  Tyr  Val  Asn  Val  Ser  Glu  Leu  Ser  Leu  Val  Asn  Phe  Glu  Glu  Ser
      260     265     270

Gln  Thr  Phe  Phe  Gly  Leu  Tyr  Lys  Leu
      275     280

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<210> SEQ ID NO 195

<211> LENGTH: 119

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Pan troglodytes

<400> SEQUENCE: 195

```

Met  Ser  Arg  Ser  Val  Ala  Leu  Ala  Val  Leu  Ala  Leu  Leu  Ser  Leu  Ser
1      5      10      15

Gly  Leu  Glu  Ala  Ile  Gln  Arg  Thr  Pro  Lys  Ile  Gln  Val  Tyr  Ser  Arg
      20      25      30

His  Pro  Ala  Glu  Asn  Gly  Lys  Ser  Asn  Phe  Leu  Asn  Cys  Tyr  Val  Ser
      35      40      45

Gly  Phe  His  Pro  Ser  Asp  Ile  Glu  Val  Asp  Leu  Leu  Lys  Asn  Gly  Glu
50      55      60

```

[illegible]

```
<210> SEQ ID NO 196
<211> LENGTH: 276
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence
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<400> SEQUENCE: 196

[illegible]

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<210> SEQ ID NO 197
<211> LENGTH: 275
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 197

Gly Ser His Ser Met Arg Tyr Phe Tyr Thr Ser Val Ser Arg Pro Gly
1 5 10 15
Arg Gly Glu Pro Arg Phe Ile Ala Val Gly Tyr Val Asp Asp Thr Gln
20 25 30
Phe Val Arg Phe Asp Ser Asp Ala Ala Ser Gln Arg Met Glu Pro Arg
35 40 45
Ala Pro Trp Ile Glu Gln Glu Gly Pro Glu Tyr Trp Asp Gln Glu Thr
50 55 60
Arg Asn Val Lys Ala Gln Ser Gln Thr Asp Arg Val Asp Leu Gly Thr
65 70 75 80
Leu Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Asn Gln Ser Glu Asp Gly Ser His Thr Ile Gln
85 90 95
Ile Met Tyr Gly Cys Asp Val Gly Pro Asp Gly Arg Phe Leu Arg Gly
100 105 110
Tyr Arg Gln Asp Ala Tyr Asp Gly Lys Asp Tyr Ile Ala Leu Asn Glu
115 120 125
Asp Leu Arg Ser Trp Thr Ala Ala Asp Met Ala Ala Gln Ile Thr Lys
130 135 140
Arg Lys Trp Glu Ala Ala His Ala Ala Glu Gln Gln Arg Ala Tyr Leu
145 150 155 160
Glu Gly Thr Cys Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Arg Tyr Leu Glu Asn Gly Lys
165 170 175
Glu Thr Leu Gln Arg Thr Asp Pro Pro Lys Thr His Met Thr His His
180 185 190
Pro Ile Ser Asp His Glu Ala Thr Leu Arg Cys Trp Ala Leu Gly Phe
195 200 205
Tyr Pro Ala Glu Ile Thr Leu Thr Trp Gln Arg Asp Gly Glu Asp Gln
210 215 220
Thr Gln Asp Thr Glu Leu Val Glu Thr Arg Pro Ala Gly Asp Gly Thr
225 230 235 240
Phe Gln Lys Trp Ala Ala Val Val Val Pro Ser Gly Glu Glu Gln Arg
245 250 255
Tyr Thr Cys His Val Gln His Glu Gly Leu Pro Lys Pro Leu Thr Leu
260 265 270
Arg Trp Glu
275

<210> SEQ ID NO 198
<211> LENGTH: 275
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 198

Gly Ser His Ser Met Arg Tyr Phe Tyr Thr Ser Val Ser Arg Pro Gly
1 5 10 15

-continued

Arg Gly Glu Pro Arg Phe Ile Ala Val Gly Tyr Val Asp Asp Thr Gln
 20 25 30
 Phe Val Arg Phe Asp Ser Asp Ala Ala Ser Gln Arg Met Glu Pro Arg
 35 40 45
 Ala Pro Trp Ile Glu Gln Glu Gly Pro Glu Tyr Trp Asp Gln Glu Thr
 50 55 60
 Arg Asn Val Lys Ala Gln Ser Gln Thr Asp Arg Val Asp Leu Gly Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Leu Arg Gly Ala Tyr Asn Gln Ser Glu Asp Gly Ser His Thr Ile Gln
 85 90 95
 Ile Met Tyr Gly Cys Asp Val Gly Pro Asp Gly Arg Phe Leu Arg Gly
 100 105 110
 Tyr Arg Gln Asp Ala Tyr Asp Gly Lys Asp Tyr Ile Ala Leu Asn Glu
 115 120 125
 Asp Leu Arg Ser Trp Thr Ala Ala Asp Met Ala Ala Gln Ile Thr Lys
 130 135 140
 Arg Lys Trp Glu Ala Ala His Ala Ala Glu Gln Gln Arg Ala Tyr Leu
 145 150 155 160
 Glu Gly Thr Cys Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Arg Tyr Leu Glu Asn Gly Lys
 165 170 175
 Glu Thr Leu Gln Arg Thr Asp Pro Pro Lys Thr His Met Thr His His
 180 185 190
 Pro Ile Ser Asp His Glu Ala Thr Leu Arg Cys Trp Ala Leu Gly Phe
 195 200 205
 Tyr Pro Ala Glu Ile Thr Leu Thr Trp Gln Arg Asp Gly Glu Asp Gln
 210 215 220
 Thr Gln Asp Thr Glu Leu Val Glu Thr Arg Pro Cys Gly Asp Gly Thr
 225 230 235 240
 Phe Gln Lys Trp Ala Ala Val Val Val Pro Ser Gly Glu Glu Gln Arg
 245 250 255
 Tyr Thr Cys His Val Gln His Glu Gly Leu Pro Lys Pro Leu Thr Leu
 260 265 270
 Arg Trp Glu
 275

<210> SEQ ID NO 199

<211> LENGTH: 276

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 199

Gly Ser His Ser Met Arg Tyr Phe Tyr Thr Ser Val Ser Arg Pro Gly
 1 5 10 15
 Arg Gly Glu Pro Arg Phe Ile Ser Val Gly Tyr Val Asp Asp Thr Gln
 20 25 30
 Phe Val Arg Phe Asp Ser Asp Ala Ala Ser Pro Arg Glu Glu Pro Arg
 35 40 45
 Ala Pro Trp Ile Glu Gln Glu Gly Pro Glu Tyr Trp Asp Arg Asn Thr
 50 55 60
 Gln Ile Tyr Lys Ala Gln Ala Gln Thr Asp Arg Glu Ser Leu Arg Asn
 65 70 75 80

-continued

Leu Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Asn Gln Ser Glu Ala Gly Ser His Thr Leu Gln
 85 90 95
 Ser Met Tyr Gly Cys Asp Val Gly Pro Asp Gly Arg Leu Leu Arg Gly
 100 105 110
 His Asp Gln Tyr Ala Tyr Asp Gly Lys Asp Tyr Ile Ala Leu Asn Glu
 115 120 125
 Asp Leu Arg Ser Trp Thr Ala Ala Asp Thr Ala Ala Gln Ile Thr Gln
 130 135 140
 Arg Lys Trp Glu Ala Ala Arg Glu Ala Glu Gln Arg Arg Ala Tyr Leu
 145 150 155 160
 Glu Gly Glu Cys Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Arg Tyr Leu Glu Asn Gly Lys
 165 170 175
 Asp Lys Leu Glu Arg Ala Asp Pro Pro Lys Thr His Val Thr His His
 180 185 190
 Pro Ile Ser Asp His Glu Ala Thr Leu Arg Cys Trp Ala Leu Gly Phe
 195 200 205
 Tyr Pro Ala Glu Ile Thr Leu Thr Trp Gln Arg Asp Gly Glu Asp Gln
 210 215 220
 Thr Gln Asp Thr Glu Leu Val Glu Thr Arg Pro Ala Gly Asp Arg Thr
 225 230 235 240
 Phe Gln Lys Trp Ala Ala Val Val Val Pro Ser Gly Glu Glu Gln Arg
 245 250 255
 Tyr Thr Cys His Val Gln His Glu Gly Leu Pro Lys Pro Leu Thr Leu
 260 265 270
 Arg Trp Glu Pro
 275

<210> SEQ ID NO 200

<211> LENGTH: 276

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 200

Gly Ser His Ser Met Arg Tyr Phe Tyr Thr Ser Val Ser Arg Pro Gly
 1 5 10 15
 Arg Gly Glu Pro Arg Phe Ile Ser Val Gly Tyr Val Asp Asp Thr Gln
 20 25 30
 Phe Val Arg Phe Asp Ser Asp Ala Ala Ser Pro Arg Glu Glu Pro Arg
 35 40 45
 Ala Pro Trp Ile Glu Gln Glu Gly Pro Glu Tyr Trp Asp Arg Asn Thr
 50 55 60
 Gln Ile Tyr Lys Ala Gln Ala Gln Thr Asp Arg Glu Ser Leu Arg Asn
 65 70 75 80
 Leu Arg Gly Ala Tyr Asn Gln Ser Glu Ala Gly Ser His Thr Leu Gln
 85 90 95
 Ser Met Tyr Gly Cys Asp Val Gly Pro Asp Gly Arg Leu Leu Arg Gly
 100 105 110
 His Asp Gln Tyr Ala Tyr Asp Gly Lys Asp Tyr Ile Ala Leu Asn Glu
 115 120 125
 Asp Leu Arg Ser Trp Thr Ala Ala Asp Thr Ala Ala Gln Ile Thr Gln
 130 135 140

-continued

Arg Lys Trp Glu Ala Ala Arg Glu Ala Glu Gln Arg Arg Ala Tyr Leu
 145 150 155 160
 Glu Gly Glu Cys Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Arg Tyr Leu Glu Asn Gly Lys
 165 170 175
 Asp Lys Leu Glu Arg Ala Asp Pro Pro Lys Thr His Val Thr His His
 180 185 190
 Pro Ile Ser Asp His Glu Ala Thr Leu Arg Cys Trp Ala Leu Gly Phe
 195 200 205
 Tyr Pro Ala Glu Ile Thr Leu Thr Trp Gln Arg Asp Gly Glu Asp Gln
 210 215 220
 Thr Gln Asp Thr Glu Leu Val Glu Thr Arg Pro Cys Gly Asp Arg Thr
 225 230 235 240
 Phe Gln Lys Trp Ala Ala Val Val Val Pro Ser Gly Glu Glu Gln Arg
 245 250 255
 Tyr Thr Cys His Val Gln His Glu Gly Leu Pro Lys Pro Leu Thr Leu
 260 265 270
 Arg Trp Glu Pro
 275

<210> SEQ ID NO 201
 <211> LENGTH: 276
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 201

Gly Ser His Ser Met Arg Tyr Phe Tyr Thr Ser Val Ser Arg Pro Gly
 1 5 10 15
 Arg Gly Glu Pro Arg Phe Ile Ser Val Gly Tyr Val Asp Asp Thr Gln
 20 25 30
 Phe Val Arg Phe Asp Ser Asp Ala Ala Ser Pro Arg Glu Glu Pro Arg
 35 40 45
 Ala Pro Trp Ile Glu Gln Glu Gly Pro Glu Tyr Trp Asp Arg Asn Thr
 50 55 60
 Gln Ile Tyr Lys Ala Gln Ala Gln Thr Asp Arg Glu Ser Leu Arg Asn
 65 70 75 80
 Leu Arg Gly Cys Tyr Asn Gln Ser Glu Ala Gly Ser His Thr Leu Gln
 85 90 95
 Ser Met Tyr Gly Cys Asp Val Gly Pro Asp Gly Arg Leu Leu Arg Gly
 100 105 110
 His Asp Gln Tyr Ala Tyr Asp Gly Lys Asp Tyr Ile Ala Leu Asn Glu
 115 120 125
 Asp Leu Arg Ser Trp Thr Ala Ala Asp Thr Cys Ala Gln Ile Thr Gln
 130 135 140
 Arg Lys Trp Glu Ala Ala Arg Glu Ala Glu Gln Arg Arg Ala Tyr Leu
 145 150 155 160
 Glu Gly Glu Cys Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Arg Tyr Leu Glu Asn Gly Lys
 165 170 175
 Asp Lys Leu Glu Arg Ala Asp Pro Pro Lys Thr His Val Thr His His
 180 185 190
 Pro Ile Ser Asp His Glu Ala Thr Leu Arg Cys Trp Ala Leu Gly Phe
 195 200 205

-continued

Tyr Pro Ala Glu Ile Thr Leu Thr Trp Gln Arg Asp Gly Glu Asp Gln
 210 215 220
 Thr Gln Asp Thr Glu Leu Val Glu Thr Arg Pro Ala Gly Asp Arg Thr
 225 230 235 240
 Phe Gln Lys Trp Ala Ala Val Val Val Pro Ser Gly Glu Glu Gln Arg
 245 250 255
 Tyr Thr Cys His Val Gln His Glu Gly Leu Pro Lys Pro Leu Thr Leu
 260 265 270
 Arg Trp Glu Pro
 275

<210> SEQ ID NO 202
 <211> LENGTH: 276
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 202

Cys Ser His Ser Met Arg Tyr Phe Asp Thr Ala Val Ser Arg Pro Gly
 1 5 10 15
 Arg Gly Glu Pro Arg Phe Ile Ser Val Gly Tyr Val Asp Asp Thr Gln
 20 25 30
 Phe Val Arg Phe Asp Ser Asp Ala Ala Ser Pro Arg Gly Glu Pro Arg
 35 40 45
 Ala Pro Trp Val Glu Gln Glu Gly Pro Glu Tyr Trp Asp Arg Glu Thr
 50 55 60
 Gln Asn Tyr Lys Arg Gln Ala Gln Ala Asp Arg Val Ser Leu Arg Asn
 65 70 75 80
 Leu Arg Gly Tyr Tyr Asn Gln Ser Glu Asp Gly Ser His Thr Leu Gln
 85 90 95
 Arg Met Tyr Gly Cys Asp Leu Gly Pro Asp Gly Arg Leu Leu Arg Gly
 100 105 110
 Tyr Asp Gln Ser Ala Tyr Asp Gly Lys Asp Tyr Ile Ala Leu Asn Glu
 115 120 125
 Asp Leu Arg Ser Trp Thr Ala Ala Asp Thr Ala Ala Gln Ile Thr Gln
 130 135 140
 Arg Lys Leu Glu Ala Ala Arg Ala Ala Glu Gln Leu Arg Ala Tyr Leu
 145 150 155 160
 Glu Gly Thr Cys Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Arg Tyr Leu Glu Asn Gly Lys
 165 170 175
 Glu Thr Leu Gln Arg Ala Glu Pro Pro Lys Thr His Val Thr His His
 180 185 190
 Pro Leu Ser Asp His Glu Ala Thr Leu Arg Cys Trp Ala Leu Gly Phe
 195 200 205
 Tyr Pro Ala Glu Ile Thr Leu Thr Trp Gln Arg Asp Gly Glu Asp Gln
 210 215 220
 Thr Gln Asp Thr Glu Leu Val Glu Thr Arg Pro Ala Gly Asp Gly Thr
 225 230 235 240
 Phe Gln Lys Trp Ala Ala Val Val Val Pro Ser Gly Gln Glu Gln Arg
 245 250 255
 Tyr Thr Cys His Met Gln His Glu Gly Leu Gln Glu Pro Leu Thr Leu
 260 265 270

-continued

Ser Trp Glu Pro
275

<210> SEQ ID NO 203
<211> LENGTH: 276
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 203

Cys Ser His Ser Met Arg Tyr Phe Asp Thr Ala Val Ser Arg Pro Gly
1 5 10 15
Arg Gly Glu Pro Arg Phe Ile Ser Val Gly Tyr Val Asp Asp Thr Gln
20 25 30
Phe Val Arg Phe Asp Ser Asp Ala Ala Ser Pro Arg Gly Glu Pro Arg
35 40 45
Ala Pro Trp Val Glu Gln Glu Gly Pro Glu Tyr Trp Asp Arg Glu Thr
50 55 60
Gln Asn Tyr Lys Arg Gln Ala Gln Ala Asp Arg Val Ser Leu Arg Asn
65 70 75 80
Leu Arg Gly Ala Tyr Asn Gln Ser Glu Asp Gly Ser His Thr Leu Gln
85 90 95
Arg Met Tyr Gly Cys Asp Leu Gly Pro Asp Gly Arg Leu Leu Arg Gly
100 105 110
Tyr Asp Gln Ser Ala Tyr Asp Gly Lys Asp Tyr Ile Ala Leu Asn Glu
115 120 125
Asp Leu Arg Ser Trp Thr Ala Ala Asp Thr Ala Ala Gln Ile Thr Gln
130 135 140
Arg Lys Leu Glu Ala Ala Arg Ala Ala Glu Gln Leu Arg Ala Tyr Leu
145 150 155 160
Glu Gly Thr Cys Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Arg Tyr Leu Glu Asn Gly Lys
165 170 175
Glu Thr Leu Gln Arg Ala Glu Pro Pro Lys Thr His Val Thr His His
180 185 190
Pro Leu Ser Asp His Glu Ala Thr Leu Arg Cys Trp Ala Leu Gly Phe
195 200 205
Tyr Pro Ala Glu Ile Thr Leu Thr Trp Gln Arg Asp Gly Glu Asp Gln
210 215 220
Thr Gln Asp Thr Glu Leu Val Glu Thr Arg Pro Cys Gly Asp Gly Thr
225 230 235 240
Phe Gln Lys Trp Ala Ala Val Val Val Pro Ser Gly Gln Glu Gln Arg
245 250 255
Tyr Thr Cys His Met Gln His Glu Gly Leu Gln Glu Pro Leu Thr Leu
260 265 270
Ser Trp Glu Pro
275

<210> SEQ ID NO 204
<211> LENGTH: 276
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence

-continued

<400> SEQUENCE: 204

Cys Ser His Ser Met Arg Tyr Phe Asp Thr Ala Val Ser Arg Pro Gly
 1 5 10 15
 Arg Gly Glu Pro Arg Phe Ile Ser Val Gly Tyr Val Asp Asp Thr Gln
 20 25 30
 Phe Val Arg Phe Asp Ser Asp Ala Ala Ser Pro Arg Gly Glu Pro Arg
 35 40 45
 Ala Pro Trp Val Glu Gln Glu Gly Pro Glu Tyr Trp Asp Arg Glu Thr
 50 55 60
 Gln Asn Tyr Lys Arg Gln Ala Gln Ala Asp Arg Val Ser Leu Arg Asn
 65 70 75 80
 Leu Arg Gly Cys Tyr Asn Gln Ser Glu Asp Gly Ser His Thr Leu Gln
 85 90 95
 Arg Met Tyr Gly Cys Asp Leu Gly Pro Asp Gly Arg Leu Leu Arg Gly
 100 105 110
 Tyr Asp Gln Ser Ala Tyr Asp Gly Lys Asp Tyr Ile Ala Leu Asn Glu
 115 120 125
 Asp Leu Arg Ser Trp Thr Ala Ala Asp Thr Cys Ala Gln Ile Thr Gln
 130 135 140
 Arg Lys Leu Glu Ala Ala Arg Ala Ala Glu Gln Leu Arg Ala Tyr Leu
 145 150 155 160
 Glu Gly Thr Cys Val Glu Trp Leu Arg Arg Tyr Leu Glu Asn Gly Lys
 165 170 175
 Glu Thr Leu Gln Arg Ala Glu Pro Pro Lys Thr His Val Thr His His
 180 185 190
 Pro Leu Ser Asp His Glu Ala Thr Leu Arg Cys Trp Ala Leu Gly Phe
 195 200 205
 Tyr Pro Ala Glu Ile Thr Leu Thr Trp Gln Arg Asp Gly Glu Asp Gln
 210 215 220
 Thr Gln Asp Thr Glu Leu Val Glu Thr Arg Pro Ala Gly Asp Gly Thr
 225 230 235 240
 Phe Gln Lys Trp Ala Ala Val Val Val Pro Ser Gly Gln Glu Gln Arg
 245 250 255
 Tyr Thr Cys His Met Gln His Glu Gly Leu Gln Glu Pro Leu Thr Leu
 260 265 270
 Ser Trp Glu Pro
 275

<210> SEQ ID NO 205

<211> LENGTH: 5

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 205

Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser
 1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 206

<211> LENGTH: 10

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence

-continued

<400> SEQUENCE: 206

Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser
1 5 10

<210> SEQ ID NO 207

<211> LENGTH: 15

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 207

Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser
1 5 10 15

<210> SEQ ID NO 208

<211> LENGTH: 20

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 208

Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly
1 5 10 15

Gly Gly Gly Ser
20

<210> SEQ ID NO 209

<211> LENGTH: 25

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 209

Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly
1 5 10 15

Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser
20 25

<210> SEQ ID NO 210

<211> LENGTH: 5

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 210

Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser
1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 211

<211> LENGTH: 4

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 211

Gly Gly Gly Ser
1

-continued

<210> SEQ ID NO 212
<211> LENGTH: 5
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: Misc_Feature
<222> LOCATION: (4)..(4)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is any amino acid other than proline

<400> SEQUENCE: 212

Val Pro Gly Xaa Gly
1 5

<210> SEQ ID NO 213
<211> LENGTH: 174
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 213

Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu Val
1 5 10 15
Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser Asp
20 25 30
Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys Glu
35 40 45
Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val Phe
50 55 60
Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly Ser
65 70 75 80
Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly Ala
85 90 95
Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu Ala
100 105 110
Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser Ala
115 120 125
Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg His
130 135 140
Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg Val
145 150 155 160
Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 214
<211> LENGTH: 175
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 214

Asp Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu
1 5 10 15
Val Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser
20 25 30

-continued

Asp Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys
35 40 45
Glu Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val
50 55 60
Phe Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly
65 70 75 80
Ser Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly
85 90 95
Ala Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu
100 105 110
Ala Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser
115 120 125
Ala Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg
130 135 140
His Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg
145 150 155 160
Val Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala Gly Leu Pro Ser Pro Arg Ser Glu
165 170 175

<210> SEQ ID NO 215
<211> LENGTH: 167
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 215

Asp Pro Ala Gly Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Gln Gly Met Phe Ala Gln Leu
1 5 10 15
Val Ala Gln Asn Val Leu Leu Ile Asp Gly Pro Leu Ser Trp Tyr Ser
20 25 30
Asp Pro Gly Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Tyr Lys
35 40 45
Glu Asp Thr Lys Glu Leu Val Val Ala Lys Ala Gly Val Tyr Tyr Val
50 55 60
Phe Phe Gln Leu Glu Leu Arg Arg Val Val Ala Gly Glu Gly Ser Gly
65 70 75 80
Ser Val Ser Leu Ala Leu His Leu Gln Pro Leu Arg Ser Ala Ala Gly
85 90 95
Ala Ala Ala Leu Ala Leu Thr Val Asp Leu Pro Pro Ala Ser Ser Glu
100 105 110
Ala Arg Asn Ser Ala Phe Gly Phe Gln Gly Arg Leu Leu His Leu Ser
115 120 125
Ala Gly Gln Arg Leu Gly Val His Leu His Thr Glu Ala Arg Ala Arg
130 135 140
His Ala Trp Gln Leu Thr Gln Gly Ala Thr Val Leu Gly Leu Phe Arg
145 150 155 160
Val Thr Pro Glu Ile Pro Ala
165

<210> SEQ ID NO 216
<211> LENGTH: 127
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

-continued

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetic Sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 216

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Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Leu Val Gln Pro Gly Gly
1          5          10          15
Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Lys Met Ser Ser Arg Arg
20          25          30
Cys Met Ala Trp Phe Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Glu Arg Glu Arg Val
35          40          45
Ala Lys Leu Leu Thr Thr Ser Gly Ser Thr Tyr Leu Ala Asp Ser Val
50          55          60
Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Gln Asn Asn Ala Lys Ser Thr Val Tyr
65          70          75          80
Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Lys Pro Glu Asp Thr Ala Met Tyr Tyr Cys
85          90          95
Ala Ala Asp Ser Phe Glu Asp Pro Thr Cys Thr Leu Val Thr Ser Ser
100         105         110
Gly Ala Phe Gln Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Gln Val Thr Val Ser
115         120         125

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What is claimed is:

1. A method of modulating an immune response an individual in need thereof, the method comprising administering to the individual a multimeric polypeptide and an immune checkpoint inhibitor,

wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises:

- a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:
 - i) an epitope;
 - ii) a first major histocompatibility complex (MHC) polypeptide; and
- b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:
 - i) a second MHC polypeptide; and
 - ii) optionally an immunoglobulin (Ig) Fc polypeptide or a non-Ig scaffold,

wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises one or more immunomodulatory polypeptides, wherein the one or more immunomodulatory polypeptides is:

- A) at the C-terminus of the first polypeptide;
- B) at the N-terminus of the second polypeptide;
- C) at the C-terminus of the second polypeptide; or
- D) at the C-terminus of the first polypeptide and at the N-terminus of the second polypeptide; and

wherein said administering modulates an immune response in the individual.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises:

- a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:
 - i) an epitope;
 - ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and
 - iii) an immunomodulatory domain; and
- b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:
 - i) a second MHC polypeptide; and
 - ii) an Ig Fc polypeptide.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises:

- a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:
 - i) an epitope; and
 - ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and
- b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:
 - i) an immunomodulatory domain;
 - iii) a second MHC polypeptide; and
 - ii) an immunoglobulin (Ig) Fc polypeptide.

4. The method of claim 1, wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises:

- a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:
 - i) an epitope; and
 - ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and
- b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:
 - i) a second MHC polypeptide; and
 - ii) an Ig Fc polypeptide; and
 - iii) an immunomodulatory domain.

5. The method of claim 1, wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises:

- a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:
 - i) an epitope; and
 - ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and
- b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:
 - i) a second MHC polypeptide; and
 - ii) an immunomodulatory domain.

6. The method of claim 1, wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises:

- a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:
 - i) an epitope; and
 - ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and
- b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:
 - i) an immunomodulatory domain; and
 - ii) a second MHC polypeptide.
7. The method of claim 1, wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises:
 - a) a first polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:
 - i) an epitope;
 - ii) a first MHC polypeptide; and
 - iii) an immunomodulatory domain; and
 - b) a second polypeptide comprising, in order from N-terminus to C-terminus:
 - i) a second MHC polypeptide.
8. The method of claim 1, wherein the non-Ig scaffold of the multimeric polypeptide is an XTEN polypeptide, a transferrin polypeptide, an Fc receptor polypeptide, an elastin-like polypeptide, a silk-like polypeptide, or a silk-elastin-like polypeptide.
9. The method of any one of claims 1-8, wherein the first MHC polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide is a β 2-microglobulin polypeptide; and wherein the second MHC polypeptide is an MHC class I heavy chain polypeptide.
10. The method of claim 9, wherein the β 2-microglobulin polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 85% amino acid sequence identity to one of the amino acid sequences set forth in FIG. 6.
11. The method of claim 9, wherein the MHC class I heavy chain polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide is an HLA-A, an HLA-B, or an HLA-C heavy chain.
12. The method of claim 11, wherein the MHC class I heavy chain polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 85% amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in one of FIG. 5A-5C.
13. The method of any one of claims 1-8, wherein the first MHC polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide is an MHC Class II alpha chain polypeptide; and wherein the second MHC polypeptide is an MHC class II beta chain polypeptide.
14. The method of any one of claims 1-13, wherein the epitope is a T-cell epitope.
15. The method of any one of claims 1-7, wherein multimeric polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide comprises an Fc polypeptide, and wherein the Ig Fc polypeptide is an IgG1 Fc polypeptide, an IgG2 Fc polypeptide, an IgG3 Fc polypeptide, an IgG4 Fc polypeptide, an IgA Fc polypeptide, or an IgM Fc polypeptide.
16. The method of claim 15, wherein the Ig Fc polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence having at least 85% amino acid sequence identity to an amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. 4A-4C.
17. The method of any one of claims 1-16, wherein the first polypeptide and the second polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide are non-covalently associated.
18. The method of any one of claims 1-16, wherein the first polypeptide and the second polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide are covalently linked.
19. The method of claim 13, wherein the covalent linkage is via a disulfide bond.
20. The method of claim 19, wherein the first MHC polypeptide or a linker between the epitope and the first MHC polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide comprises an amino acid substitution to provide a first Cys residue, and the second MHC polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide comprises an amino acid substitution to provide a second Cys residue, and wherein the disulfide linkage is between the first and the second Cys residues.
21. The method of any one of claims 1-8, wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises a linker between the epitope and the first MHC polypeptide, between the immunomodulatory polypeptide and the MHC polypeptide, or between the MHC polypeptide and the Ig Fc.
22. The method of any one of claims 1-8, wherein the immunomodulatory polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide is selected from a 4-1BBL polypeptide, a B7-1 polypeptide; a B7-2 polypeptide, an ICOS-L polypeptide, an OX-40L polypeptide, a CD80 polypeptide, a CD86 polypeptide, a PD-L1 polypeptide, a FasL polypeptide, and a PD-L2 polypeptide.
23. The method of any one of claims 1-22, wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises 2 or more immunomodulatory polypeptides.
24. The method of claim 23, wherein the 2 or more immunomodulatory polypeptides are in tandem.
25. The method of any one of claims 1-24, wherein the immunomodulatory polypeptide is selected from a 4-1BBL polypeptide, a CD80 polypeptide, a CD86 polypeptide, an IL-2 polypeptide, a B7-1 polypeptide; a B7-2 polypeptide, an ICOS-L polypeptide, an OX-40L polypeptide, a CD86 polypeptide, a PD-L1 polypeptide, a FasL polypeptide, and a PD-L2 polypeptide.
26. The method of any one of claims 1-25, wherein the immunomodulatory polypeptide is a variant immunomodulatory polypeptide has one or more amino acid substitutions relative to the naturally occurring form of the immunomodulatory polypeptide, and wherein the variant immunomodulatory polypeptide exhibits reduced binding affinity to a co-modulatory polypeptide to which the naturally occurring form of the immunomodulatory polypeptide binds.
27. The method of any one of claims 1-25, wherein the immunomodulatory polypeptide is a variant IL-2 polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 85% amino acid sequence identity to set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1, wherein the variant IL-2 polypeptide has one or more amino acid substitutions relative to set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1, and wherein the variant IL-2 polypeptide exhibits reduced binding affinity to an IL-2 receptor (IL2R) comprising alpha, beta, and gamma polypeptides having amino acid sequences depicted in FIG. 3A-3C, compared to the binding affinity of the IL-2 amino acid sequence set forth in one of SEQ ID NO:1 for the IL2R.
28. The method of claim 27, wherein the variant IL-2 polypeptide comprises a substitution of one or more of E15, H16, D20, F42, Y45, and Q126.
29. The method of claim 28, wherein the variant IL-2 polypeptide comprises:
 - a) substitutions of F42 and D20;
 - b) substitutions of F42 and H16;
 - c) substitutions of F42, D20, and Y45; or
 - d) substitutions of F42, H16, and Q126.

30. The method of any one of claims **1-21**, wherein the immunomodulatory polypeptide is a variant 4-1BBL immunomodulatory polypeptide,

wherein the variant 4-1BBL immunomodulatory polypeptide exhibits reduced binding affinity to a 4-1BB polypeptide having an amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. **37**, compared to the binding affinity of the 4-1BBL amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. **36A**; and/or

wherein the variant 4-1BBL immunomodulatory polypeptide exhibits increased production levels by a mammalian cell, compared to the production levels of the 4-1BBL amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. **36A**.

31. The method of claim **30**, wherein the variant 4-1BBL immunomodulatory polypeptide comprises a substitution of one of amino acids 91, 92, 94-115, 117-126, 128-132, 144-153, 155-158, 184-187, 189-191, 193-195, 197, 210-219, 221-224, 226, 228-231, 233, and 234 based on the amino acid numbering set out in FIG. **36A**.

32. The method of claim **30** or claim **31**, wherein the variant immunomodulatory polypeptide exhibits less than 50% of binding affinity exhibited by to the 4-1BBL amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. **36A**, or as set forth in one of SEQ ID NOs:213-215, for the 4-1BB polypeptide.

33. The method of any one of claims **1-32**, wherein the multimeric polypeptide comprises an Ig Fc polypeptide comprising one or more amino acid substitutions selected from N297A, L234A, L235A, L234F, L235E, and P331S.

34. The method of claim **33**, wherein the Ig Fc polypeptide comprises:

- a) an N297A substitution;
- b) an L234A substitution and an L235A substitution;
- c) an L234F substitution and an L235E substitution; or
- d) an L234F substitution, an L235E substitution, and a P331S substitution.

35. The method of any one of claims **1-34**, wherein the epitope of the multimeric polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence YMLDLQPETT (SEQ ID NO:77).

36. The method of any one of claims **1-35**, wherein the β 2-microglobulin polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. **34A**.

37. The method of any one of claims **1-36**, wherein the major histocompatibility complex (MHC) heavy chain polypeptide of the multimeric polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence depicted in FIG. **34C**.

38. The method of any one of claims **1-37**, wherein the immune checkpoint inhibitor is an antibody specific for the immune checkpoint inhibitor.

39. The method of claim **38**, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

40. The method of claim **38** or claim **39**, wherein the antibody comprises at least one humanized light chain and/or heavy chain framework region.

41. The method of claim **38**, wherein the antibody comprises an Fc polypeptide, and wherein the Ig Fc polypeptide is an IgG1 Fc polypeptide, an IgG2 Fc polypeptide, an IgG3 Fc polypeptide, an IgG4 Fc polypeptide, an IgA Fc polypeptide, or an IgM Fc polypeptide.

42. The method of claim **38**, wherein the antibody is an Fv fragment, a nanobody, or a Fab fragment.

43. The method of any one of claims **38-42**, wherein the immune checkpoint inhibitor is an antibody specific for an immune checkpoint inhibitor selected from CD27, CD28, CD40, CD122, CD96, CD73, CD47, OX40, GITR, CSF1R, JAK, PI3K delta, PI3K gamma, TAM, arginase, CD137 (also known as 4-1BB), ICOS, A2AR, B7-H3, B7-H4, BTLA, CTLA-4, LAG3, TIM3, VISTA, CD96, TIGIT, CD122, PD-1, PD-L1 and PD-L2.

44. The method of any one of claims **38-42**, wherein the immune checkpoint inhibitor is an antibody specific for PD1.

45. The method of claim **44**, wherein the antibody is pembrolizumab, nivolumab, pidilizumab, or BMS-39886.

46. The method of any one of claims **38-42**, wherein the immune checkpoint inhibitor is an antibody specific for PD-L1.

47. The method of claim **46**, wherein the antibody is durvalumab, atezolizumab, KN035, or avelumab.

48. The method of any one of claims **38-42**, wherein the immune checkpoint inhibitor is an antibody specific for CTLA4.

49. The method of claim **48**, wherein the antibody is ipilimumab or tremelimumab.

50. The method of any one of claims **1-49**, wherein the multimeric polypeptide and the immune checkpoint inhibitor are administered by the same route of administration.

51. The method of any one of claims **1-49**, wherein the multimeric polypeptide and the immune checkpoint inhibitor are administered by different routes of administration.

52. The method of any one of claims **1-51**, wherein the multimeric polypeptide is administered by a route of administration selected from subcutaneous, intravenous, peritumoral, and intramuscular.

53. The method of any one of claims **1-51**, wherein the immune checkpoint inhibitor is administered by a route of administration selected from subcutaneous, intravenous, peritumoral, and intramuscular.

54. The method of any one of claims **1-53**, wherein the individual is a human.

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