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(54) CIRCOVIRUS SEQUENCES ASSOCIATED WITH PIGLET WEIGHT LOSS DISEASE (PWD)

André Jestin, Saint-Brieuc (FR); (75) Inventors:

Emmanuel Albina, Tregueux (FR); Pierre Le Cann, Pledran (FR); Philippe Blanchard, Plerin (FR); Evelyne Hutet, Plerin (FR); Claire Arnauld, Saint-Brieuc (FR); Catherine Truong, Saint-Brieuc (FR); Dominique Mahe, Saint-Carreuc (FR); Roland Cariolet, Ploufragan (FR);

François Madec, Saint-Brieuc (FR)

Correspondence Address:

BUCHANAN, INGERSOLL & ROONEY PC POST OFFICE BOX 1404 ALEXANDRIA, VA 22313-1404 (US)

WYETH, Madison, NJ (US) (73) Assignee:

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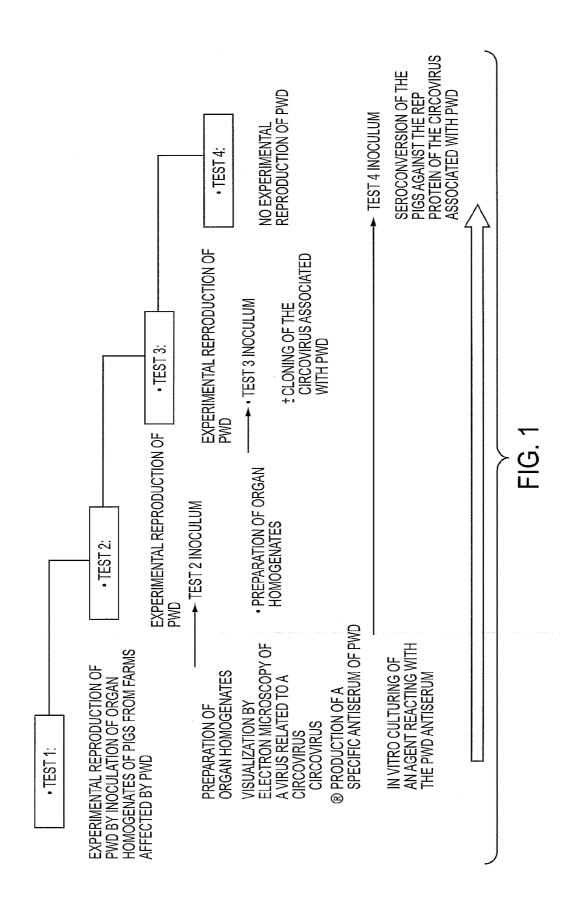
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(57)**ABSTRACT**

The genome sequences and the nucleotide sequences coding for the PWD circovirus polypeptides, such as the circovirus structural and non-structural polypeptides, vectors including the sequences, and cells and animals transformed by the vectors are provided. Methods for detecting the nucleic acids or polypeptides, and kits for diagnosing infection by a PWD circovirus, also are provided. Method for selecting compounds capable of modulating the viral infection are further provided. Pharmaceutical, including vaccine, compositions for preventing and/or treating viral infections caused by PWD circovirus and the use of vectors for preventing and/or treating diseases also are provided.



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Leu Ala Ser Arg Cys Arg Cys Cys Arg Pro Leu Thr Leu Ser Phe Ala Leu Cys Trp Arg Val Glu Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Arg Cys Arg *** His Phe His Trp Ala Gly Ala Cys Lys Pro Leu Pro Leu Val Glu Ala Ala Asp Thr Phe Ile Gly Leu
            TGG TCG CGT GAA GCC GTC GCC GTC GTG GAG CCG TCG CAG TCA CTT TTA CGG TTC
31
                                                                                                 36
                                                                           27
                                                                                                                        45
                                                   18
            ACC AGC GCA CTT CGG CAG CGG CAG CAC CTC GGC AGC GTC AGT GAA AAT GCC AAG
51
           Thr Ser Ala Leu Arg Gln Arg Gln His Leu Gly Ser Val Ser Glu Asn Ala Lys
Pro Ala His Phe Gly Ser Gly Ser Thr Ser Ala Ala Ser Val Lys Met Pro Ser
Gln Arg Thr Ser Ala Ala Ala Ala Pro Arg Gln Arg Gln *** Lys Cys Gln Ala
           Ser Phe Arg Gly Ala Val Gly Tyr Ser Thr Pro Thr *** Gly *** Tyr Asp Lys Leu Phe Ala Ala Arg Leu Gly Met Leu Pro Pro His Glu Gly Lys Ile Ile Arg Leu Phe Leu Pro Gly Cys Gly Trp Leu Leu His Thr Asn Val Arg Leu Leu Gly
            GTT CTT TTC GCC GGG CGT TGG GGT ATT CTC CAC CCA CAA GTG GGA ATT ATT AGG
                                                                           81
                                                                                                 90
                                                                                                                        99
                             63
            CAA GAA AĂĞ CGG CCC GĆĀ ACC CCA TĂĀ GAG GTG GĞŤ GTT CAC CĆŤ TAA TAA TČČ
           Gln Glu Lys Arg Pro Ala Thr Pro *** Glu Val Gly Val His Pro *** *** Ser
Lys Lys Ser Gly Pro Gln Pro His Lys Arg Trp Val Phe Thr Leu Asn Asn Pro
Arg Lys Ala Ala Arg Asn Pro Ile Arg Gly Gly Cys Ser Pro Leu Ile Ile Leu
           Arg Pro Pro Ser Phe Cys Phe Val Pro Ala Glu Leu Arg Gly Lys Gln Asn Asn Gly Leu Leu Phe Val Phe Tyr Pro Leu Lys Trp Asp Gly Lys Lys Ile Ile Glu Ser Ser Ser Phe Phe Leu Ile Arg Ser Ser Gly Ile Glu Arg Lys Ser \star\star\star
            AAG GCT CCT CCT TTT GTT TTA TGC CCT CGA AGG TTA GAG GGA AAA ACT AAT
                                                                         135
                                                  126
                                                                                                144
                                                                                                                       153
            TTC CGA GGA GGA GAA ÃÃĂ CAA AAT ĂČĞ GGA GCT TCC AAT CTC CCT TTT TGA TTĀ
           Phe Arg Gly Gly Glu Lys Gln Asn Thr Gly Ala Ser Asn Leu Pro Phe *** Leu Ser Glu Glu Glu Lys Asn Lys Ile Arg Glu Leu Pro Ile Ser Leu Phe Asp Tyr Pro Arg Arg Arg Lys Thr Lys Tyr Gly Ser Phe Gln Ser Pro Phe Leu Ile Ile
           Gln Lys His Arg Pro Leu Asn Pro Leu Pro Tyr Phe Glu Glu Gly Gly Pro Thr
Lys Asn Thr Ala Leu Phe Thr Gln Phe Leu Thr Ser Ser Arg Val Glu Leu Pro
Lys Thr Gln Pro Ser Ser Pro Lys Ser Ser Pro Leu Val Gly *** Arg Trp Pro
           AAA ACA AAC ACC GCT CCT TCC AAA CCT TCT CCC ATC TTG AGG AGT GGA GGT CCC 171 180 189 198 207 216
            TTT TGT TTG TGG CGA GGA AGG TTT GGA AGA GGG TAG AAC TCC TCA CCT CCA GGG
           Phe Cys Leu Trp Arg Gly Arg Phe Gly Arg Gly *** Asn Ser Ser Pro Pro Gly Phe Val Cys Gly Glu Glu Gly Leu Glu Glu Gly Arg Thr Pro His Leu Gln Gly Leu Phe Val Ala Arg Lys Val Trp Lys Arg Val Glu Leu Leu Thr Ser Arg Gly
             Gln Ser Asn Gln *** Ser Ala Ser Lys *** Cys Pro Ser Thr Thr Asn Gln His Lys Arg Ile Lys Ser Leu Leu Leu Ser Lys Val Leu His Leu Pro Ile Lys Thr
            Ash Ala Phe Lys Ala Leu Phe Cys Val Lys Leu Leu Thr Phe His Tyr Lys Pro
            CAA ACG CTT AAA ACG ATT CTT CGT CTG AAA ATT GTT CCA CTT CAC CAT AAA ACC 225 234 243 252 261 270
            GTT TGC GÃĂ TTT TGC TĂÂ GAA GCA ĜÃČ TTT TAA CĂĀ GGT GAA ĜŤĠ CTA TTT ŤĠĞ
           Val Cys Glu Phe Cys *** Glu Ala Asp Phe *** Gln Gly Glu Val Val Phe Trp
Phe Ala Asn Phe Ala Lys Lys Gln Thr Phe Asn Lys Val Lys Trp Tyr Phe Gly
Leu Arg Ile Leu Leu Arg Ser Arg Leu Leu Thr Arg *** Ser Gly Ile Leu Val
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FIG. 2a

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Gly Ser Gly Cys Arg Ser Leu Ser Leu Phe Arg Gly Ala Ser Tyr Leu Ile Ser Gly Ala Ala Val Asp Leu Phe Arg Phe Ser Gly Val Leu Leu Ile Phe Phe Val Ala Arg Gln Trp Met Ser Phe Ala Phe Pro Val Ser Trp Cys Phe Leu Ser Tyr
ACG GGC GAC GGT GTA GCT CTT TCG CTT TCC TTG GCT GGT CGT CTT ATT TCT TAT 279 288 297 306 315 324
TGC CCG CTG CCA CAT CGA GAA AGC GAA AGG AAC CGA CCA GCA GAA TAA AGA ATA
Cys Pro Leu Pro His Arg Glu Ser Glu Arg Asn Arg Pro Ala Glu *** Arg Ile
Ala Arg Cys His Ile Glu Lys Ala Lys Gly Thr Asp Gln Gln Asn Lys Glu Tyr
   Pro Ala Ala Thr Ser Arq Lys Arq Lys Glu Pro Thr Ser Arq Ile Lys Asn Thr
Cys Tyr Leu Leu Gly Cys Val *** Arg Thr His Leu Glu Ala Ser Gly Pro Ser
Ala Thr Phe Phe Ala Val Tyr Lys Asp Leu Thr Ser Ser Arg Pro Val Leu Pro
Gln Leu Leu Ser Pro Trp Met Ser Ile Ser His Pro Ala Gly Arg Phe Trp Pro
GAC GTC ATT TCT TCC GGT GTA TGA ATA GCT CAC ACC TCG AGG CGC CTT GGT CCC
                                                                        360
                                                    351
                                                                                            369
CTG CAG TAA AGA AGG CCA CAT ACT TAT CGA GTG TGG AGC TCC GCG GAA CCA GGG
Leu Gln *** Arg Arg Pro His Thr Tyr Arg Val Trp Ser Ser Ala Glu Pro Gly Cys Ser Lys Glu Gly His Ile Leu Ile Glu Cys Gly Ala Pro Arg Asn Gln Gly Ala Val Lys Lys Ala Thr Tyr Leu Ser Ser Val Glu Leu Arg Gly Thr Arg Gly
   Ala Cys Arg Gly Thr *** Gln Gln Ser Tyr Gly Lys Pro Ser Pro Thr Lys Pro
  Leu Ala Ala Val Gln Arg Ser Ser His Thr Gly Lys Gln Leu Arg Pro Arg Gln
Phe Arg Leu Ser Arg Asp Val Ala Thr Leu Val Arg Lys Ser Val Pro Asp Lys
CTT CGC GTC GCT GGA CAG ATG ACG ACA CTC ATG GGA AAA CCT CTG CCC CAG AAA 387 405 414 423 432
                                 396
GAA GCG ČĂĠ CGA CCT ĞŤČ TAC TGC ŤĞŤ GAG TAC ĈĈŤ TTT GGA ĜÃČ GGG GTC ŤŤŤ
Glu Ala Gln Arg Pro Val Tyr Cys Cys Glu Tyr Pro Phe Gly Asp Gly Val Phe
Lys Arg Ser Asp Leu Ser Thr Ala Val Ser Thr Leu Leu Glu Thr Gly Ser Leu
Ser Ala Ala Thr Cys Leu Leu Leu *** Val Pro Phe Trp Arg Arg Gly Leu Trp
   Şer Gln Leu Arg Ala Thr Glu Gln Leu Thr His Şer Phe Asn Gly Arg Ala Pro
His Ser Tyr Gly Leu Leu Lys Arg Tyr Arg Ile His Ser Ile Glu Ala Pro Gln
Thr Val Thr Ala Ser Cys Ash Gly Thr Val Tyr Thr Leu Phe Lys Arg Pro Ser
CCA CTG ACA TCG GCT CGT CAA AGG ACA TTG CAT ACA CTC TTT AAA GGC GCC CGA
                                                    459
                                                                        468
                                                                                           477
GGT GAC TGT AGC CGA GCĂ GTT TCC TĞT AAC GTA TĞT GAG AAA TTT CCG CGG GČT
Gly Asp Cys Ser Arg Ala Val Ser Cys Asn Val Cys Glu Lys Phe Pro Arg Ala
Val Thr Val Ala Glu Gln Phe Pro Val Thr Tyr Val Arg Asn Phe Arg Gly Leu
*** Leu *** Pro Ser Ser Phe Leu *** Arg Met *** Glu Ile Ser Ala Gly Trp
  Gln Val Lys Ser Leu Ser Arg Ser Ser Ala Ala Ala His Asn Ser Ser Leu Gln Ser Phe Lys Gln Phe His Ala Pro Leu His Leu Leu Thr Ile Pro Leu Cys Ser
Ala Ser Ser Lys Phe Thr Leu Pro Phe Ile Cys Cys Arg Ser Gln Phe Val Ala
CCG ACT TGA AAA CTT TCA CTC GCC CTT CTA CGT CGT CGC ACT AAC CTT CTG TCG 495 504 513 522 531 540
GGC TGA ACT TTT GAA AGT GAG CGG GAA GAT GCA GCG TGA TTG GAA GAC AGC
Gly *** Thr Phe Glu Ser Glu Arg Glu Asp Ala Ala Ala *** Leu Glu Asp Ser
Ala Glu Leu Leu Lys Val Ser Gly Lys Met Gln Gln Arg Asp Trp Lys Thr Ala
Leu Asn Phe *** Lys *** Ala Gly Arg Cys Ser Ser Val Ile Gly Arg Gln Leu
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FIG. 2b

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Val Arg *** Leu Pro Gly Ala Arg Asn His Ser Ser Gly Thr Pro Gly Tyr Asn Tyr Val Asp Tyr His Ala Arg Gly Thr Thr Pro Leu Ala Leu Pro Gly Thr Ile Thr Cys Thr Met Thr Pro Gly Gly Pro Gln Pro Phe Leu Trp His Ala Arg Leu
ACA TGT GCA GTA TCA CCC GGG CGG GCC AAC ACC CTT CTC GGT CAC CCG GGC ATT 549 558 567 576 585 594
                                                           567
TGT ACA ČĞT CAT AGT ĞĞĞ CCC GCC ČĞĠ TTG TGG ĞAĂ GAG CCA ĞTĞ GGC CCG TĀĀ
Cys Thr Arg His Ser Gly Pro Ala Arg Leu Trp Glu Glu Pro Val Gly Pro ***
Val His Val Ile Val Gly Pro Pro Gly Cys Gly Lys Ser Gln Trp Ala Arg Asn
Tyr Thr Ser *** Trp Ala Arg Pro Val Val Gly Arg Ala Ser Gly Pro Val Ile
Gln Gln Ala *** Pro Cys Arg Ser Ser Ala *** Tyr Phe Tyr Thr Thr Pro His
Lys Ser Leu Arg Pro Val Gly Val Pro Leu Arg Thr Ser Ile Leu Pro Pro Ile
Lys Ala Ser Gly Leu Ser Val *** Gln Phe Gly Leu Leu Phe Leu His His Ser
AAA ACG ACT CGG ATC CCT GTG GAT GAC CTT CGG ATC ATC TTT ATT CAC CAC CCT
TTT TGC TGĀ GCC TAG ĞGĀ CAC CTA ČTĞ GAA GCC TĂĞ TAG AAA TĂĂ GTG GTG ĞĞĂ
Phe Cys *** Ala *** Gly His Leu Leu Glu Ala *** *** Lys *** Val Val Gly Phe Ala Glu Pro Arg Asp Thr Tyr Trp Lys Pro Ser Arg Asn Lys Trp Trp Asp Leu Leu Ser Leu Gly Thr Pro Thr Gly Ser Leu Val Glu Ile Ser Gly Gly Met
Ile Asp His Leu Leu Gln Gln Lys Pro His Asn Lys His Ser Thr Val Lys Ser Ile Met Ser Phe Phe Asn Asn Gln Ile Ile Lys Ile Ala Pro *** Arg Pro Tyr *** Pro Ser Ser Thr Thr Thr Lys Ser Ser Lys *** Pro Gln Asn Gly
ACC TAT AGT ACC TCT TCT TCA ACA ACA AAA CCT ACT AAA AAT ACC GAC CAA TGG 657 666 675 702
TGG ATA TĈA TGG AGA AĜA AGT TGT TGT TTT GGA TGA TTT TTA TGG CTG GTT ACC
Trp Ile Ser Trp Arg Arg Ser Cys Cys Phe Gly *** Phe Leu Trp Leu Val Thr Gly Tyr His Gly Glu Glu Val Val Val Leu Asp Asp Phe Tyr Gly Trp Leu Pro Asp Ile Met Glu Lys Lys Leu Leu Phe Trp Met Ile Phe Met Ala Gly Tyr Leu
Pro His Asp Val Ser Val Thr His Gly Thr Asp Met Ser Gln Leu Ser *** Leu Pro Ile Ile *** Gln Ser Gln Thr Val Pro Ile Trp Gln Ser Tyr Leu Ser Phe Gln Ser Ser Arg Ser Leu Ser His Ser Arg Tyr Gly Asn Val Thr Ser Val Leu
AAC CCT ACT AGA TGA CTC TGA CAC ACT GGC CAT AGG TAA CTG ACA TCT CTG ATT 711 720 729 738 747 756
TTG GGA TGA TCT ACT GAG ACT GTG TGA CCG GTA TCC ATT GAC TGT AGA GAC TÃĂ
Leu Gly *** Ser Thr Glu Thr Val *** Pro Val Ser Ile Asp Cys Arg Asp ***
Trp Asp Asp Leu Leu Arg Leu Cys Asp Arg Tyr Pro Leu Thr Val Glu Thr Lys
Gly Met Ile Tyr *** Asp Cys Val Thr Gly Ile His *** Leu *** Arg Leu Lys
  Pro Tyr Gln Glu Lys Lys Pro Gly Cys Tyr Lys Ser *** Trp Cys Asp Pro Gly
Pro Thr Ser Asn Arg Lys Gln Gly Ala Thr Asn Gln Asn Gly Ala Ile Leu Gly
Pro Pro Val Thr Gly Lys Lys Ala Arg Leu Ile Lys Ile Val Leu Leu *** Ala
TCC CCC ATG ACA AGG AAA AAA CCG GGC GTC ATA AAA CTA ATG GTC GTT AGT CCG 765 774 783 792 801 810
                                                            783
AGG GGG TAC TGT TCC TTT TTT GGC CCG CAG TAT TTT GAT TAC CAG CAA TCA GGC
Arg Gly Tyr Cys Ser Phe Phe Gly Pro Gln Tyr Phe Asp Tyr Gln Gln Ser Gly Gly Thr Val Pro Phe Leu Ala Arg Ser Ile Leu Ile Thr Ser Asn Gln Ala
   Gly Val Leu Phe Leu Phe Trp Pro Ala Val Phe *** Leu Pro Ala Ile Arg Pro
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FIG. 2c

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Gly Pro Ile Thr Ser Arg Leu Gln Gln Gly Leu Gln Leu Leu Glu Arg Asp Ser Gly Leu Phe Pro Val Gly *** Ser Ser Asp Trp Ser Tyr Phe Ser Glu Ile Pro Gly Trp Ser His Tyr Glu Glu Val Ala Thr Gly Ala Thr Ser Ala Arg *** Arg
GGG GGT CCT TAC CAT GAG GAG TTG ACG ACA GGG TCG ACA TCT TCG AGA GAT AGC
                                                       837
                                                                            846
                                   828
                                                                                                                      864
CCC CCA GGA ATG GTA CTC CTC AAC TGC TGT CCC ÂGC TGT AGA ÂGC TCT CTA TCG
Pro Pro Gly Met Val Leu Leu Asn Cys Cys Pro Ser Cys Arg Ser Ser Leu Ser
Pro Gln Glu Trp Tyr Ser Ser Thr Ala Val Pro Ala Val Glu Ala Leu Tyr Arg
   Pro Arg Asn Gly Thr Pro Gln Leu Leu Ser Gln Leu *** Lys Leu Ser İle Gİy
Ser *** *** Lys Ala Ile Lys Ser Ser Gln Gln Leu Val Ile Trp Pro Pro Val
Pro Asn Ser Ser Gln Leu Lys Pro Leu Ser Ser Phe Leu Gly Arg Leu Tyr
Leu Ile Val Val Lys Cys Asn Gln Phe Val Ala Pro Ser Cys Asp Val Ser Thr
CTC CTA ATG ATG AAA CGT TAA AAC CTT CTG ACG ACC TCT TGT TAG GTG CCT 873 882 891 900 909
                                                                                                                     918
GAG GAT TÁC TAC TTT GCÁ ATT TTG GÁA GAC TGC TGG AGA ACA ÁTC CAC GGA GGT
Glu Asp Tyr Tyr Phe Ala Ile Leu Glu Asp Cys Trp Arg Thr Ile His Gly Gly
 Arg Ile Thr Thr Leu Gln Phe Trp Lys Thr Ala Gly Glu Gln Ser Thr Glu Val
   Gly Leu Leu Cys Asn Phe Gly Arg Leu Leu Glu Asn Asn Pro Arg Arg Tyr
Arg Leu Gly Ile Gln Leu Leu Pro Gly Val Arg His Gly Lys Gly Met Tyr Phe Gly Phe Ala Ser Lys Phe Cys His Val Trp Gly Thr Gly Lys Glu Trp Ile Phe Gly Ser Pro Arg Asn Ser Ala Thr Ser Gly Gly Gln Ala Arg Lys Gly Tyr Leu
TGG GCT TCC GGC TAA ACT TCG TCA CCT GGG TGG GAC ACG GGA AAA GGG TAT ATT 927 936 945 954 963 972
ACC CGA ÁĞĞ CCG ATT TĞĂ AGC AGT ĞĞĂ CCC ACC ČTĞ TGC CCT ŤŤŤ CCC ATA ŤÁĀ
Thr Arg Arg Pro Ile *** Ser Ser Gly Pro Thr Leu Cys Pro Phe Pro Ile ***
Pro Glu Gly Arg Phe Glu Ala Val Asp Pro Pro Cys Ala Leu Phe Pro Tyr Lys
Pro Lys Ala Asp Leu Lys Gln Trp Thr His Pro Val Pro Phe Ser His Ile Lys
   Leu Asn Ser Leu Arg Lys Gln *** *** Met Thr Ile Thr Lys Ile Lys Ile ***
Tyr Ile Val Ser Asp Lys Lys Asn Asp Cys Arg Leu Pro Lys *** Lys *** Glu Ile Phe *** Gln Thr Lys Lys Thr Ile Val Asp Tyr His Asn Lys Asn Lys Asn
TTA TTT AAT GAC TCA GAA AAA ACA ATA GTG TAG CAT TAC CAA AAA TAA AAA TAA 981 990 999 1008 1017 1026
                                                                                                                  1026
                                                                                              1017
AAT AAA ŤŤĀ CTG AGT ČŤŤ TTT TGT ŤÁŤ CAC ATC ĞŤĂ ATG GTT ŤŤŤ ATT TTT ĂŤŤ
Asn Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Phe Cys Tyr His Ile Val Met Val Phe Ile Phe Ile Ile Asn Tyr *** Val Phe Phe Val Ile Thr Ser *** Trp Phe Leu Phe Leu Phe *** Ile Thr Glu Ser Phe Leu Leu Ser His Arg Asn Gly Phe Tyr Phe Tyr Ser
Lys Ser Pro Arg Glu Pro Tyr Ile Arg Gln Ile Thr Cys Leu Tyr Asp Val Lys Asn Leu Pro Asp Lys Leu Ile Phe Glu Arg Phe Gln Val Tyr Ile Thr Leu Arg Met *** Leu Thr Lys *** Ser Leu Asn Glu Ser Asn Tyr Met Phe Leu *** Gly
GTA AAT CTC CCA GAA AGT CCT ATT TAA GAG ACT TAA CAT GTA TTT ATC AGT TGG 1035 \qquad 1044 \qquad 1053 \qquad 1062 \qquad 1071 \qquad 1080
CAT TTA GÃG GGT CTT TCÃ GGA TAA ATT CTC TGA ATT GTA CAT AAA TAG TCA ACC
His Leu Glu Gly Leu Ser Gly *** Ile Leu *** Ile Val His Lys *** Ser Thr
Ile *** Arg Val Phe Gln Asp Lys Phe Ser Glu Leu Tyr Ile Asn Ser Gln Pro
Phe Arg Gly Ser Phe Arg Ile Asn Ser Leu Asn Cys Thr *** Ile Val Asn Leu
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FIG. 2d

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Gly Cys Leu Lys Pro Ser His Asn Cys Lys Pro Ala Cys Leu Gly Pro Arg His Val Val Tyr Asn Gln Ala Thr Thr Ala Asn Gln Leu Ala Tyr Gly Leu Gly Thr
*** Trp Met Ile Lys Pro Gln Pro Gln Met Lys Ser Arg Met Ala Trp Ala Gln
AAT GGT GTA TTA AAA CCC GAC ACC AAC GTA AAA CCT CGC GTA TCG GGT CCG GAC 1089 1098 1107 1116 1125 1134
TTA CCA CAT AAT TTT GGG CTG TGG TTG CAT TTT GGA GCG CAT AGC CCA GGC CTG
Leu Pro His Asn Phe Gly Leu Trp Leu His Phe Gly Ala His Ser Pro Gly Leu Tyr His Ile Ile Leu Gly Cys Gly Cys Ile Leu Glu Arg Ile Ala Gln Ala Cys Thr Thr *** Phe Trp Ala Val Val Ala Phe Trp Ser Ala *** Pro Arg Pro Val
Ala Arg Cys Gln His Pro Tyr Lys Phe Pro Ala Val Ala Pro Lys Lys *** ***
His Glu Val Asn Thr His Thr Asn Leu His Leu Trp Leu Gln Asn Arg Lys Asn
Thr Ser Ser Met Pro Thr Pro Ile *** Ile Ser Gly Cys Ser Thr Glu Lys Ile
ACA CGA GCT GTA ACC ACA CCC ATA AAT TTA CCT CGG TGT CGA CCA AAG AAA ATA 1143 1152 1161 1170 1179 1188
             1143
TGT GCT CGA CAT TGG TGT GGG TAT TTA AAT GGA GCC ACA GCT GGT TTC TTT TAT
Cys Ala Arg His Trp Cys Gly Tyr Leu Asn Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Phe Phe Tyr
Val Leu Asp Ile Gly Val Gly Ile *** Met Glu Pro Gln Leu Val Ser Phe Ile
Cys Ser Thr Leu Val Trp Val Phe Lys Trp Ser His Ser Trp Phe Leu Leu Leu
Lys Ala Pro Val Leu *** Asn Asn Pro Arg Ala Arg Thr Gln Pro His Leu Val
Asn Pro Gln Phe Trp Asp Ile Thr Gln Asp Leu Glu Pro Lys Pro Thr Phe Tyr
    Ile Gln Ser Ser Gly Ile Leu Gln Lys Thr *** Ser Gln Asn Pro Pro Ser Thr
ATA AAC CGA CCT TGG TTA GTT AAC AAA CCA GAT CGA GAC CAA ACC CCC ACT TCA
1197 1206 1215 1224 1233 1242
TAT TTG GCT GGA ACC AAT CAA TTG TTT GGT CTA GCT CTG GTT TGG GGG TGA AGT
Tyr Leu Ala Gly Thr Asn Gln Leu Phe Gly Leu Ala Leu Val Trp Gly *** Ser
Ile Trp Leu Glu Pro Ile Asn Cys Leu Val *** Leu Trp Phe Gly Gly Gly Val
Phe Gly Trp Asn Gln Ser Ile Val Trp Ser Ser Gly Leu Gly Val Lys Tyr
Gln Leu Pro Leu Tyr Leu Ala Ala Lys His His Pro Pro Leu Leu *** Tyr Arg Ser His Tyr Thr Phe Pro Gln Arg Ile Thr His Arg Ser Ser Tyr Asn Ile Gly Pro Thr Thr Pro Leu Pro Ser Gly *** Pro Thr Ala Pro Pro Thr Thr Leu
TGG ACC TCA CCA TCC ATT TCC CGA CGG AAT ACC ACA CCG CCC TCC TCA TCA ATT 1251 1260 1269 1278 1287 1296 ACC TGG AGT GGT AGG TAA AGG GCT GCC TTA TGG TGT GGC GGG AGG AGT AGT TAA
Thr Trp Ser Gly Arg *** Arg Ala Ala Leu Trp Cys Gly Gly Arg Ser Ser ***
Pro Gly Val Val Gly Lys Gly Leu Pro Tyr Gly Val Ala Gly Gly Val Val Asn
Leu Glu Trp *** Val Lys Gly Cys Leu Met Val Trp Arg Glu Glu *** Leu Ile
    Leu Pro *** Leu Gly Leu Gln His Leu Pro Asn Cys Leu Gln Cys Gly Leu Tyr
  Tyr Pro Asp Tyr Ala Leu Asn Thr Ser Pro Thr Val Phe Asn Ala Asp Leu Ile
Ile Pro Thr'Met Pro Trp Thr Pro Pro Pro Pro *** Leu Thr Pro Met'Trp Ser
ATA TCC CCA GTA TCC GGT TCA ACC ACC TCC CCC AAT GTT TCA ACC GTA GGT TCT 1305 1314 1323 1332 1341 1350 TAT AGG GGT CAT AGG CCA AGT TGG TGG AGG GGG TTA CAA AGT TGG CAT CCA AGA
Tyr Arg Gly His Arg Pro Ser Trp Trp Arg Gly Leu Gln Ser Trp His Pro Arg
Ile Gly Val Ile Gly Gln Val Gly Gly Gly Tyr Lys Val Gly Ile Gln Asp
*** Gly Ser *** Ala Lys Leu Val Glu Gly Val Thr Lys Leu Ala Ser Lys Ile
```

FIG. 2e

Cys Cys His Val Trp Cys Arg Lys Ser *** Leu His His Pro Arg Gln Pro Leu Val Val Thr Ser Gly Val Gly Arg Gln Asn Ser Thr Ile Pro Asp Arg Pro Tyr Leu Leu Pro Gly Leu Val Glu Lys Ile Leu Pro Ser Pro Thr Glu Pro Thr ATT GTT GTC ACC TGG GTT GTG GAG AAA CTA ATC TCC ACT ACC CCA GAG ACC CCA 1359 1368 1377 1386 1395 1404 TAA CAA CAG TGG ACC CAA CAC CTC TTT GAT TAG AGG TGA TGG GGT CTC TGG GGT Gln Gln Trp Thr Gln His Leu Phe Asp *** Arg *** Trp Gly Leu Trp Gly Asn Asn Ser Gly Pro Asn Thr Ser Leu Ile Arg Gly Asp Gly Val Ser Gly Val Thr Thr Val Asp Pro Thr Pro Leu *** Leu Glu Val Met Gly Ser Leu Gly *** Ile *** Ile *** Gly Lys *** Tyr Pro Leu Ile Pro Phe Thr Pro Thr Pro Pro Phe Glu Tyr Lys Ala Lys Arg Ile Arg Tyr Tyr Gln Phe Pro Leu Pro Phe Asn Met Asn Leu Arg Glu Leu Val Thr Thr Asn Ser Leu Tyr Pro Tyr Pro TTT TAA GTA TAA ATC GGA AAG ATT ATG CCA TCA TAA CCT TTC CAT CCC CAT CCC 1413 1422 1431 1440 1449 1458 1449 AAA ATT CAT ATT TAG CCT TTC TAA TAC GGT AGT ATT GGA AAG GTA GGG GTA GGG Lys Ile His Ile *** Pro Phe *** Tyr Gly Ser Ile Gly Lys Val Gly Val Gly Lys Phe Ile Phe Ser Leu Ser Asn Thr Val Val Leu Glu Arg *** Gly *** Gly Asn Ser Tyr Leu Ala Phe Leu Ile Arg *** Tyr Trp Lys Gly Arg Gly Arg Gly Gln His Arg Arg Leu Pro Pro Pro Val Pro Arg His Gln Ile Glu Ala Arg ***
Asn Thr Gly Gly Ser Pro Pro Leu Phe Gln Gly Ile Asn Phe Arg Leu Glu Asn
Thr Pro Ala Ala Gln Pro Pro Ser Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Ser Asp *** Ser Thr GGT TGG TĞC CGC CTG ÂĞĞ GGG GGA ĞĞA ACT GGC CĞA TGT TGA ATC TCA GCT CĞT Gly Trp Cys Arg Leu Arg Gly Gly Gly Thr Gly Arg Cys *** Ile Ser Ala Arg Val Gly Ala Ala *** Gly Gly Glu Glu Leu Ala Asp Val Glu Ser Gln Leu Val Leu Val Pro Pro Glu Gly Gly Arg Asn Trp Pro Met Leu Asn Leu Ser Ser Leu Cys Glu Leu Ile Ala Ala Leu Thr Arg Arg Lys His His Thr Cys Ile Arg ***
Val Asn Trp Ser Pro Gln Ser His Gly Gly Arg Ile Thr Leu Val Phe Glu Arg
Leu Met Gly Leu His Ser Arg Thr Asp Glu Glu *** Pro Ser Tyr Leu Asn Glu ATT GTA AGG TTC TAC CGA CGC TCA CAG GAG GAG AAT ACC ACT CAT GTT TAA GAG 1521 1530 1539 1548 1557 1566 TAA CAT TCC AAG ATG GCT GCG AGT GTC CTC CTC TTA TGG TGA GTA CAA ATT CTC *** His Ser Lys Met Ala Ala Ser Val Leu Leu Leu Trp *** Val Gln Ile Leu Asn Ile Pro Arg Trp Leu Arg Val Ser Ser Ser Tyr Gly Glu Tyr Lys Phe Ser Thr Phe Gln Ašp Gly Cys Glu Cys Pro Pro Leu Met Val Ser Thr Asn Ser Leu Phe Pro Pro Phe Gln Leu Tyr Gly Asp Lys Pro Ala Met Gln Leu Pro Lys Gln Ser Leu Arg Ser Asn Phe Ile Gly Thr Lys Arg Arg Trp Arg Tyr Arg Asn Arg Leu Phe Ala Pro Ile Ser Ser Val'Arg Arg Glu Ala Gly Asp Thr Val Thr Glu ATC TTT CCG CCC TTA ACT TCT ATG GGC AGA AAG CCG CGG TAG ACA TTG CCA AAG 1575 1584 1593 1602 1611 1620 TAG AAA GGC GGG AAT TGA AGA TAC CCG TCT TTC GGC GCC ATC TGT AAC GGT TTC *** Lys Gly Gly Asn *** Arg Tyr Pro Ser Phe Gly Ala Ile Cys Asn Gly Phe Arg Lys Ala Gly Ile Glu Asp Thr Arg Leu Ser Ala Pro Ser Val Thr Val Ser Glu Arg Arg Glu Leu Lys Ile Pro Val Phe Arg Arg His Leu *** Arg Phe Leu

FIG. 2f

Leu Arg Pro Thr Gly Phe Ile Thr Lys Glu Pro Pro His Lys Trp Ser Pro Gln Phe Ala Pro His Val Leu Tyr Pro Arg Arg Leu Ile Asn Gly Leu His Ser Ser Pro Pro Thr Tyr Trp Ile His Asp Glu Gly Ser Ser Thr Glu Leu Ile Ala ACT TCC GCC CCA CAT GGT TTA TAC CAG AAG AGG CCT CCT ACA AAG GTT CTA CCG 1629 1638 1647 1656 1674 1665 TGA AGG CGG GGT GTA CCA AAT ATG GTC TTC TCC GGA GGA TGT TTC CAA GAT GGC *** Arg Arg Gly Val Pro Asn Met Val Phe Ser Gly Gly Cys Phe Gln Asp Gly Glu GÏy GÏy Val Tyr Gln Ile Trp Ser Ser Pro Glu Asp Val Ser Lys Met Ala Lys Ala Gly Cys Thr Lys Tyr Gly Leu Leu Arg Arg Met Phe Pro Arg Trp Leu Pro Pro Pro Asp Thr Lys Gln Pro Leu Ala Glu Lys Ala Val Asp Asp *** Leu Arg Pro Arg Thr Arg Arg Arg Tyr Arg Arg Pro Trp Thr Met Arg Tyr Ala Pro Ala Pro Gly Asp Glu Ala Thr Val Gly Gly Gln Gly Arg *** Gly Ile Cys Gly Gly Gly Ser Val Phe Cys Gly Asn Ala Ser Leu Ala Thr Ser Ser Tyr Ala Gly Ala Gly Pro Ser Ser Ala Val Thr Pro Pro Trp Pro Arg His Pro Ile Arq Gly Arq Val Arq Leu Leu Arg *** Arg Leu Leu Gly His Val Ile Leu *** Leu Şer Leu Leu Ala Şer Şer Tyr Tyr Phe His Phe Phe His Ala Ala Thr Thr Asn

FIG. 2g

Phe Thr Phe Ser Thr Arg Gln Gln Leu Ile

TTT TCA CTT TCT TCA CGC GAC GAC ATC ATA A 5'
1737 1746 1755
AAA AGT GAA AGA AGT GCG CTG CTG TAG TAT T 3'

Lys Ser Glu Arg Ser Ala Leu Leu *** Tyr Lys Val Lys Glu Val Arg Cys Cys Ser Ile Lys *** Lys Lys Cys Cys Ala Ala Val Val

circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	10 20 30 40 50 1 ACCAGCGCAC TTCGGCAGCG GCAGCACCTC GGCAGCGTCA GTGAAAATGC 50 50 50	
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	60 70 80 90 100 51 CAAGCAAGAA AAGCGGCCCG CAACCCCATA AGAGGTGGGT GTTCACCCTT 51 CAAGCAAGAA AAGCGGCCCG CAACCCCATA AGAGGTGGGT GTTCACCCTT 51 CAAGCAAGAA AAGCGGCCCG CAACCCCATA AGAGGTGGGT GTTCACCCTT	100 100 100
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	110 120 130 140 150 101 AATAATCCTT CCGAGGAGGA GAAAAACAAA ATACGGGAGC TTCCAATCTC 101 AATAATCCTT CCGAGGAGGA GAAAAACAAA ATACGGGAGC TTCCAATCTC 101 AATAATCCTT CCGAGGAGGA GAAAAACAAA ATACGGGAGC TTCCAATCTC	150 150 150
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	160 170 180 190 200 151 [CCTTTTTGAT] TATTTTGTTT] [GCGGAGAGGA] [AGGTTTGGAA] [GAGGGTAGAA] 151 [CCTTTTTGAT] TATTTTGTTT] [GCGGAGAGGA] [AGGTTTGGAA] [GAGGGTAGAA] 151 [CCTTTTTGAT] TATTTTGTTT] [GTGCCGAGGA] [AGGTTTGGAA] [GAGGGTAGAA]	200 200 200
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	210 220 230 240 250 201 CTGCTCACCT CCAGGGGTTT GCHAATTTTG CTAAGAAGCA GACTTTTAAC 201 CTCCTCACCT CCAGGGGTTT GCGAATTTTG CTAAGAAGCA GACTTTTAAC 201 CTCCTCACCT CCAGGGGTTT GCGAATTTTG CTAAGAAGCA GACTTTTAAC	250 250 250
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	260 270 280 290 300 251 AAGGTGAAGT GGTATTTTGG TGCCCGCTGC CACATCGAGA AAGCGAAAGG 251 AAGGTGAAGT GGTATTTTGG TGCCCGCTGC CACATCGAGA AAGCGAAAGG 251 AAGGTGAAGT GGTATTTTGG TGCCCGCTGC CACATCGAGA AAGCGAAAGG 251 AAGGTGAAGT GGTATTTTGG TGCCCGCTGC CACATCGAGA AAGCGAAAGG	300 300 300
circopormank circopormeeh circopordip	310 320 330 340 350 301 AACCGACCAG CAGAATAAAG AATACTGCAG TAAAGAAGGC CACATACTTA 301 AACCGACCAG CAGAATAAAG AATACTGCAG TAAAGAAGGC CACATACTTA 301 AACCGACCAG CAGAATAAAG AATACTGCAG TAAAGAAGGC CACATACTTA	350 350 350
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	360 370 380 390 400 351 TCGAGTGTGG AGCTCCGCGG AACCAGGGGA AGCGCAGCGA CCTGTCTACT 351 TCGAGTGTGG AGCTCCGCGG AACCAGGGGA AGCGCAGCGA CCTGTCTACT 351 TCGAGTGTGG AGCTCCGCGG AACCAGGGGA AGCGCAGCGA CCTGTCTACT	400 400 400
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	410 420 430 440 450 401 GCTGTGAGTA CCCTTTTGGA GACGGGGTCT TTGGTGACTG TAGCCGAGCA 401 GCTGTGAGTA CCCTTTTGGA GACGGGGTCT TTGGTGACTG TAGCCGAGCA 401 GCTGTGAGTA CCCTTTTGGA GACGGGGTCT TTGGTGACTG TAGCCGAGCA	450 450 450
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	460 470 480 490 500 451 GTTCCCTGTA ACGTATGTGA GAAATTTCCG CGGCTGGCT GAACTTTTGA 451 GTTCCCTGTA ACGTATGTGA GAAATTTCCG CGGCTGGCT GAACTTTTGA 451 GTTTCCTGTA ACGTATGTGA GAAATTTCCG CGGCTGGCT GAACTTTTGA	500 500 500
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	510 520 530 540 550 501 AAGTGAGCGG GAAGATGCAG CAGCGTGATT GGAAGACAGC TGTACACGTC 501 AAGTGAGCGG GAAGATGCAG CAGCGTGATT GGAAGACAGC TGTACACGTC 501 AAGTGAGCGG GAAGATGCAG CAGCGTGATT GGAAGACAGC TGTACACGTC 501 AAGTGAGCGG GAAGATGCAG CAGCGTGATT GGAAGACAGC TGTACACGTC	550 550 550
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	560 570 580 590 600 551 ATAGTGGGCC CGCCCGGTTG TGGGAAGAGC CAGTGGGCCC GTAATTTTGC 551 ATAGTGGGCC CGCCCGGTTG TGGGAAGAGC CAGTGGGCCC GTAATTTTGC 551 ATAGTGGGCC CGCCCGGTTG TGGGAAGAGC CAGTGGGCCC GTAATTTTGC	600 600 600

FIG. 3a

circopormank circopormeeh	610 620 630 640 650 601 TGAGCCTAGC GACACCTACT GGAAGCCTAG TAGAAATAAG TGGTGGGATG 601 TGGAGCCTAGG GACACCTACT GGAAGCCTAG TAGAAATAAG TGGTGGGATG	650
circopordip	601 TGAGCCTAGG GACACCTACT GGAAGCCTAG TAGAAATAAG TGGTGGGATG	650 650
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	660 670 680 700 651 [GATATCATGG] [AGAAGAAGTT] [GTTGTTTTGG] [ATGATTTTTA] [TGACTGGTTA] 651 [GATATCATGG] [AGAAGAAGTT] [GTTGTTTTGG] [ATGATTTTTA] [TGACTGGTTA] 651 [GATATCATGG] [AGAAGAAGTT] [GTTGTTTTGG] [ATGATTTTTA] [TGACTGGTTA]	700 700 700
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	710 720 730 740 750 701 CCTTGGGATG ATCTACTGAG ACTGTGTGAC CGGTATCCAT TGACTGTAGA 701 CCTTGGGATG ATCTACTGAG ACTGTGTGAC CGGTATCCAT TGACTGTAGA 701 CCTTGGGATG ATCTACTGAG ACTGTGTGAC CGGTATCCAT TGACTGTAGA	750 750 750
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	760 770 780 790 800 751 GACTAAAGGC GGTACTGTTC CTTTTTTGGC TCGCAGTATT TTGATTACCA 751 GACTAAAGGG GGTACTGTTC CTTTTTTGGC CCGCAGTATT TTGATTACCA 751 GACTAAAGGG CGTACTGTTC CTTTTTTGGC CCGCAGTATT TTGATTACCA	800 800 800
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	810 820 830 840 850 801 GCAATCAGGC CCCCCAGGAAI TGGTACTCCTI CAACTGCTGTI CCCAGCTGTAI 801 GCAATCAGGC CCCCCAGGAAI TGGTACTCCTI CAACTGCTGTI CCCAGCTGTAI 801 GCAATCAGGC CCCCCAGGAAI TGGTACTCCTI CAACTGCTGTI CCCAGCTGTAI	850 850 850
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	860 870 880 900 851 GAAGCTCTCT ATCGGAGGAT TACTACTTTG CAATTTTGGA AGACTGCTGG 851 GAAGCTCTCT ATCGGAGGAT TACTACTTTG CAATTTTGGA AGACTGCTGG 851 GAAGCTCTCT ATCGGAGGAT TACTACTTTG CAATTTTGGA AGACTGCTGG	900 900 900
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	910 920 930 940 950 901 AGAACAATOA ACGGAGGTAC CCGAAGGCCG ATTTGAAGCA GTGGACCCAC 901 AGAACAATCC ACGGAGGTAC CCGAAGGCCG ATTTGAAGCA GTGGACCCAC 901 AGAACAATCC ACGGAGGTAC CCGAAGGCCG ATTTGAAGCA GTGGACCCAC	950 950 950
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	960 970 980 990 1000 951 CCTGTGCCCT TTTCCCATATI AAAATAAATTI ACTGAGTCTT TTTTGTTATC 951 CCTGTGCCCT TTTCCCATATI AAAATAAATTI ACTGAGTCTT TTTTGTTATC 951 CCTGTGCCCT TTTCCCATATI AAAATAAATTI ACTGAGTCTT TTTTGTTATC	1000 1000 1000
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	1010 1020 1030 1040 1050 1001 ACATCGTAATI GGTTTTTATTI TTTATTTATTI TAGAGGGTCTI TTTAGGATAAI 1001 ACATCGTAATI GGTTTTTATTI TTTATTTATTI TAGAGGGTCTI TTTAGGATAAI 1001 ACATCGTAATI GGTTTTTATTI TTTATTCATTI TAGAGGGTCTI TTCAGGATAA	1050 1050 1050
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	1060 1070 1080 1090 1100 1051 ATTCTCTGAAI TTGTACATAAI ATAGTCAGCCI TTACCACATAI ATTTTGGGCTI 1051 ATTCTCTGAAI TTGTACATAAI ATAGTCAGCCI TTACCACATAI ATTTTTGGGCTI 1051 ATTCTCTGAAI TTGTACATAAI ATAGTCAACCI TTACCACATAI ATTTTTGGGCTI	1100 1100 1100
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	1110 1120 1130 1140 1150 1101 GTGGCTGCAT TTTGGAGCGC ATAGCCGAGG CCTGTGTGCT CGACATTGGT 1101 GTGGCTGCAT TTTGGAGCGC ATAGCCGAGG CCTGTGTGCT CGACATTGGT 1101 GTGGTTGCAT TTTGGAGCGC ATAGCCCAGG CCTGTGTGCT CGACATTGGT	1150 1150 1150
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	1160 1170 1180 1190 1200 1151 GTGGGTATTT AAATGGAGCC ACAGCTGGTT TCTTTTATTA TTTGGGTGGA 1151 GTGGGTATTT AAATGGAGCC ACAGCTGGTT TCTTTTATTA TTTGGGTGGA 1151 GTGGGTATTT AAATGGAGCC ACAGCTGGTT TCTTTTATTA TTTGCCTGGA	1200 1200 1200

FIG. 3b

circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	1210 1220 1230 1240 1250 1201 ACCANTCAAT TGTTTGGTCC AGCTCAGGTT TGGGGGGTGAA GTACCTGGAG 1201 ACCAATCAAT TGTTTGGTCC AGCTCAGGTT TGGGGGTGAA GTACCTGGAG 1201 ACCAATCAAT TGTTTGGTCT AGCTCTGGTT TGGGGGTGAA GTACCTGGAG	1250 1250 1250
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	1260 1270 1280 1290 1300 1251 TGGTAGGTAAI AGGGCTGCCT TATGGTGTGGI CGGGAGGAGT AGTTAATATA 1251 TGGTAGGTAAI AGGGCTGCCT TATGGTGTGGI CGGGAGGAGT AGTTAATATA 1251 TGGTAGGTAAI AGGGCTGCCT TATGGTGTGGI CGGGAGGAGT AGTTAATATA	1300 1300 1300
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	1310 1320 1330 1340 1350 1301 [GGGGTCATAG] [GCCAAGTTGG] [TGGAGGGGGT] [TACAAAGTTG] [GCATCCAAGA 1301 [GGGGTCATAG] [GCCAAGTTGG] [TGGAGGGGGT] [TACAAAGTTG] [GCATCCAAGA 1301 [GGGGTCATAG] [GCCAAGTTGG] [TGGAGGGGGT] [TACAAAGTTG] [GCATCCAAGA 1301 [GGGTCATAG] [GCATCCAAGA]	1350 1350 1350
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	1360 1370 1380 1390 1400 1351 TAACAACAGT GGACCCAACA CCTCTTTOAT TAGAGGTGAT GGGGTCTCTG 1351 TAACAACAGT GGACCCAACA CCTCTTTGAT TAGAGGTGAT GGGGTCTCTG 1351 TAACAACAGT GGACCCAACA CCTCTTTGAT TAGAGGTGAT GGGGTCTCTG	1400 1400 1400
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	1410 1450 1401 GGGTAAAATTI CATATTTAGCI CTTTCTAATAI CGGTAGTATTI GGAAAGGTAG 1401 GGGTAAAATTI CATATTTAGCI CTTTCTAATAI CGGTAGTATTI GGAAAGGTAG 1401 GGGTAAAATTI CATATTTAGCI CTTTCTAATAI CGGTAGTATTI GGAAAGGTAG	1450 1450 1450
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	1460 1470 1480 1490 1500 1451 GGGTAGGGGG TTGGTGCCGC CTGAGGGGGG GAGGAACTGG CCGATGTTGA 1451 GGGTAGGGGG TTGGTGCCGC CTGAGGGGGG GAGGAACTGG CCGATGTTGA 1451 GGGTAGGGGG TTGGTGCCGC CTGAGGGGGG GAGGAACTGG CCGATGTTGA	1500 1500 1500
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	1510 1520 1530 1540 1550 1501 ATCTGAGGTG GTTAACATGC CAAGATGGCT GCGAGTATCC TECTTTTATG 1501 ATTTGAGGTA GTTAACATTC CAAGATGGCT GCGAGTATCC TECTTTTATG 1501 ATCTGAGGTC GTTAACATTC CAAGATGGCT GCGAGTGTCC TCCTCTTATG	1550 1550 1550
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	1560 1570 1580 1590 1600 1551 GTEANHACAAI ATTCTHTAGAI AAGGCGGCAAI TTGAAGATACI CCGTCTTTCG 1551 GTGAGTACAAI ATTCTGTAGAI AAGGCGGGAAI TTGAAGATACI CCGTCTTTCG 1551 GTGAGTACAAI ATTCTCTAGAI AAGGCGGGAAI TTGAAGATACI CCGTCTTTCG	1600 1600 1600
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	1610 1620 1630 1640 1650 1601 GCGCCATCTG TAACGGTTTC TGAAGGCGGG GTGTGCCAAA TATGGTCTTC 1601 GCGCCATCTG TAACGGTTTC TGAAGGCGGG GTGTGCCAAA TATGGTCTTC 1601 GCGCCATCTG TAACGGTTTC TGAAGGCGGG GTGTACCAAA TATGGTCTTC	1650 1650 1650
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	1660 1670 1680 1690 1700 1651 TCCGGAGGAT GTTTCCAAGA TGGCTGCGGG GGCGGGTCCT TCTTCTGCGG 1651 TCCGGAGGAT GTTTCCAAGA TGGCTGCGGG GGCGGGTCCT TCTTCTGCGG 1651 TCCGGAGGAT GTTTCCAAGA TGGCTGCGGG GGCGGTCCG TCTTCTGCGG	1700 1700 1700
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	1710 1720 1730 1740 1750 1701 TAACGCCTCC TTGGCCACGT CATCCTATAAI AAGTGAAAGA AGTGCGCTGC 1701 TAACGCCTCC TTGGCCACGT CATCCTATAA AAGTGAAAGA AGTGCGCTGC 1701 TAACGCCTCC TTGGCCACGT CATCCTATAA AAGTGAAAGA AGTGCGCTGC	1750 1750 1750
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp	1760 1770 1780 1790 1800 1751 TGTAGTATT. 1751 TGTAGTATT. 1751 TGTAGTATT.	1800 1800 1800

FIG. 3c

circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp[10 20 30 40 50 1 NPSKKSGPOP HKRWVFTLNN PSEERKNKIR ELPISLFDYF VCGEEGLEEG 1 NPSKKSGPOP HKRWVFTLNN PSEERKNKIR ELPISLFDYF VCGEEGLEEG 1 NPSKKSGPOP HKRWVFTLNN PSEERKNKIR ELPISLFDYF VCGEEGLEEG	50 50 50
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp[60 70 80 90 100 51 RTAHLOGFAN FAKKOTFNKV KWYFGARCHI EKAKGTDON KEYCSKEGHI 51 RTPHLOGFAN FAKKOTFNKV KWYFGARCHI EKAKGTDON KEYCSKEGHI 51 RTPHLOGFAN FAKKOTFNKV KWYFGARCHI EKAKGTDON KEYCSKEGHI	100 100 100
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp[110 120 140 150 101 LIECGAPRNO GKRSDLSTAV STELETGSLV TVAEOFPVTY VRNFRGLAEL 101 LIECGAPRNO GKRSDLSTAV STELETGSLV TVAEOFPVTY VRNFRGLAEL 101 LIECGAPRNO GKRSDLSTAV STELETGSLV TVAEOFPVTY VRNFRGLAEL	150 150 150
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp[160 200 151 LKVSGKMÖÖR DWKTAVHVIV GPPGCGKSÖW ARNFAEPSOT YWKPSRNKWH 151 LKVSGKMÖÖR DWKTAVHVIV GPPGCGKSÖW ARNFAEPROT YWKPSRNKWH 151 LKVSGKMÖÖR DWKTAVHVIV GPPGCGKSÖW ARNFAEPROT YWKPSRNKWH	200 200 200
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp[210 220 240 250 201 DGYHGEBVVV LDDFYGWLPW DDLLRLCDRY PLTVETKGGT VPFLARSILI 201 DGYHGEBVVV LDDFYGWLPW DDLLRLCDRY PLTVETKGGT VPFLARSILI 201 DGYHGEBVVV LDDFYGWLPW DDLLRLCDRY PLTVETKGGT VPFLARSILI	250 250 250
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp[260 270 280 290 300 251 TSNOAPOEWY SSTAVPAVEA LYRRITTLOF WKTAGEOSTE VPEGRFEAVD 251 TSNOAPOEWY SSTAVPAVEA LYRRITTLOF WKTAGEOSTE VPEGRFEAVD 251 TSNOAPOEWY SSTAVPAVEA LYRRITTLOF WKTAGEOSTE VPEGRFEAVD	300 300 300
circopormank circopormeeh circopordfp[310 320 330 340 350 301 PPCALFPYKI NY 301 PPCALFPYKI NY 301 PPCALFPYKI NY	350 350 350

FIG. 4

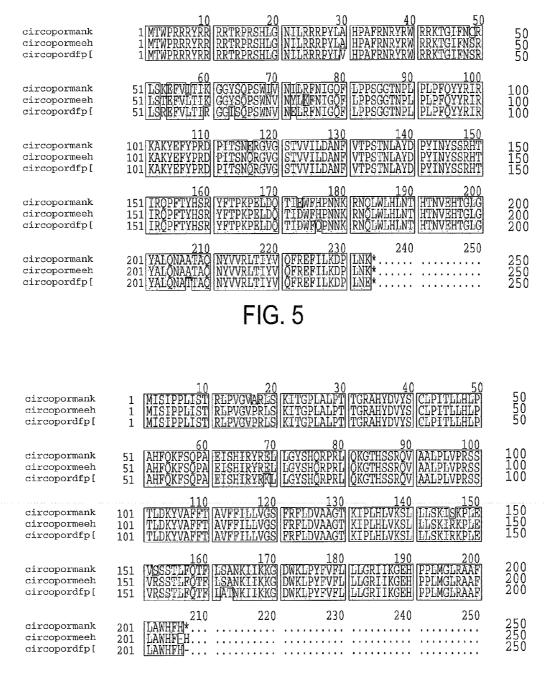
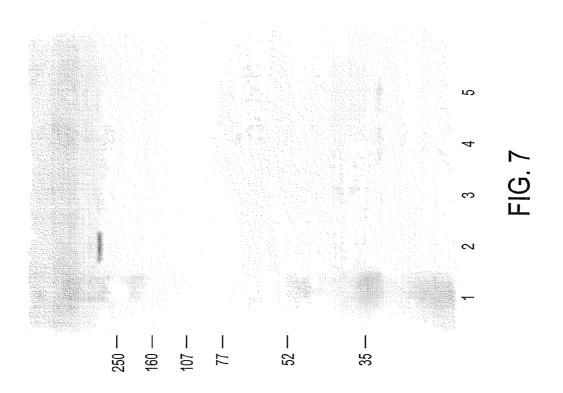


FIG. 6



```
Leu Ala Ser Arg Cys Arg Cys Arg Pro Leu Val Glu Ala Ala Val His Gly Trp Arg Val Glu Ala Ala Ala Ala Gly Arg Cys Cys Arg Leu Leu Leu Met Gly Gly Ala Cys Lys Pro Leu Pro Leu Val Glu Ala Ala Gly *** Cys Cys Ala
           TGG TCG CGT GAA GCC GTC GCC GTC GTG GAG CCG TCG TGG AGT CGT CGT TGT ACG
31
                                                                        27
            ACC AGC GCÁ CTT CGG CÃG CGG CAG CÃC CTC GGC AĞC ACC TCA GCÁ GCA ACA TĞC
51
           Thr Ser Ala Leu Arg Gln Arg Gln His Leu Gly Ser Thr Ser Ala Ala Thr Cys
Pro Ala His Phe Gly Ser Gly Ser Thr Ser Ala Ala Pro Gln Gln His Ala
Gln Arg Thr Ser Ala Ala Ala Ala Pro Arg Gln His Leu Ser Ser Asn Met Pro
           Ala Leu Leu Ile Ser Ser Ala Ser Gly Leu Gly Met Phe Pro Pro His Glu Ser
Leu Leu Phe Phe Pro Leu Leu Pro Gly Trp Gly Trp Leu Leu His Thr Asn Val
Trp Cys Ser Ser His Phe Phe Arg Val Gly Val Gly Tyr Phe Thr Pro Thr ***
           GGT CGT TCT TCT TAC CTT CTT CGC CTG GGG TTG GGG TAT TTT CCA CCC ACA AGT 63 72 81 90 99 108
            CCA GCA AĞA AGA ATG GAA GAA GCG GAC CCC AAC CCC ATA AAA GĞT GGG TGT TCA
           Pro Ala Arg Arg Met Glu Glu Ala Asp Pro Asn Pro Ile Lys Gly Gly Cys Ser Gln Gln Glu Glu Trp Lys Lys Arg Thr Pro Thr Pro *** Lys Val Gly Val His Ser Lys Lys Asn Gly Arg Ser Gly Pro Gln Pro His Lys Arg Trp Val Phe Thr
           Gln Ile Ile Arg Gly Phe Val Leu Ala Leu Phe Tyr Pro Ile Lys Trp Tyr Gly Arg Phe Leu Gly Glu Ser Ser Ser Arg Leu Phe Ile Arg Ser Arg Gly Ile Asp Glu Ser Tyr Asp Lys Arg Leu Arg Ala Cys Ser Phe Val Pro Asp Glu Leu Ile
           GAG ACT TAT TAG GAA GGC TTC TGC TCG CGT TCT TTT ATG CCC TAG AAG GTT ATA 144 153 162
            CTC TGA ATA ATC CTT CCG AAG ACG ĀGC GCA AGA ĀĀĀ TAC GGG ĀTC TTC CAA TĀT
           Leu *** Ile Ile Leu Pro Lys Thr Ser Ala Arg Lys Tyr Gly Ile Phe Gln Tyr
Ser Glu *** Ser Phe Arg Arg Ala Gln Glu Asn Thr Gly Ser Ser Asn Ile
Leu Asn Asn Pro Ser Glu Asp Glu Arg Lys Lys Ile Arg Asp Leu Pro Ile Ser
               *** Lys Ile Ile Lys Asn Asn Ala Leu Leu Thr Ile Leu Phe Ser Ser Cys Arg
           Arg Asn Ser *** Lys Ile Thr Pro Ser Ser Pro Leu Ser Ser Pro Arg Val Gly Gly Ile Gln Asn Asn *** Gln Gln Arg Pro Pro Tyr His Pro Leu Val Phe Val
           GGG ATA AAC TAA TAA AAT AAC AAC CGC TCC TCC CAT TAC TCC TTC CTG CTT GTG 171 180 189 207 216
            CCC TAT TTG ATT ATT TTA TTG TTG GCG AGG AGG GTA ATG AGG AAG GAC GAA CAC
           Pro Tyr Leu Ile Ile Leu Leu Leu Ala Arg Arg Val Met Arg Lys Asp Glu His
Pro Ile *** Leu Phe Tyr Cys Trp Arg Gly Gly *** *** Gly Arg Thr Asn Thr
Leu Phe Asp Tyr Phe Ile Val Gly Glu Glu Gly Asn Glu Glu Gly Arg Thr Pro
             Val Glu Leu Pro Glu Ser Ile Lys His Leu Leu Leu Ser Lys Ile Phe His Leu
*** Arg Trp Pro Asn Ala Leu Lys Thr Phe Phe Cys Val Lys Leu Leu Thr Phe
            Glu Gly Gly Pro Thr Arg *** Ash Gln Ser Ser Alá Ser Lys *** Tyr Leu Ser
           GAG TGG AGG TCC CCA AGC GAT TAA AAC ACT TCT TCG TCT GAA AAT TAT TTC ACT 225 234 243 252 261 270
            CTC ACC TCC AGG GGT TCG CTA ATT TTG TGA AGA AGC AGA CTT TTA ATA AAG TGA
           Leu Thr Ser Arg Gly Ser Leu Ile Leu *** Arg Ser Arg Leu Leu Ile Lys ***
Ser Pro Pro Gly Val Arg *** Phe Cys Glu Glu Ala Asp Phe *** *** Ser Glu
His Leu Gln Gly Phe Ala Asn Phe Val Lys Lys Gln Thr Phe Asn Lys Val Lys
```

FIG. 8a

```
Pro Ile Gln Thr Gly Ala Ala Val Asp Leu Phe Arg Phe Ser Cys Ile Leu Leu
His Tyr Lys Pro Ala Arg Gln Trp Met Ser Phe Ala Phe Pro Val Ser *** Cys
Thr Thr Asn Pro His Gly Ser Gly Cys Arg Ser Leu Ser Leu Phe Leu Asp Ala
TCA CCA TAA ACC CAC GGG CGA CGG TGT AGC TCT TTC GCT TTC CTT GTC TAG TCG 279 306 315
AGT GGT ĀTT TGG GTG ČČČ GCT GCC ĀĆĀ TCG AGA ĂĂĞ CGA AAG ĞĀĂ CAG ATC ĀĞĈ
Ser Gly Ile Trp Val Pro Ala Ala Thr Ser Arg Lys Arg Lys Glu Gln Ile Ser
Val Val Phe Gly Cys Pro Leu Pro His Arg Glu Ser Glu Arg Asn Arg Ser Ala
   Trp Tyr Leu Gly Ala Arg Cys His Ile Glu Lys Ala Lys Gly Thr Ašp Gln Gln
Ile Phe Phe Val Ala Thr Phe Phe Ala Val *** Gln His Leu Thr Ser Ser Arg
Phe Leu Ser Tyr Gln Leu Leu Ser Pro Leu Lys Ser His Ser His Pro Ala Gly
Ser Tyr Leu Ile Ser Cys Tyr Leu Leu Cys Ser Val Ser Pro Thr His Leu Glu
TCT TAT TTC TTA TGA CGT CAT TTC TTC CGT TGA ATG ACT ACC TCA CAC CTC GAG
                                                       351
                                                                           360
              333
                                                                                                369
                                  342
AGA ATA ÃÃG AAT ACT GCÃ GTA AAG ÃÃG GCA ACT TÃC TGA TGG ÃGT GTG GAG CTC
Arg Ile Lys Asn Thr Ala Val Lys Lys Ala Thr Tyr *** Trp Ser Val Glu Leu Glu *** Arg Ile Leu Gln *** Arg Arg Gln Leu Thr Asp Gly Val Trp Ser Ser
   Asn Lys GIu Tyr Cys Ser Lys GIu GIy Asn Leu Leu Met Glu Cys Gly Ala Pro
Ser Arg Leu Ser Leu Pro Thr Val Gln Arg Ser Ser His Thr Gly Gln Gln Leu
Leu Asp *** Pro Cys Arg Leu Ser Arg Asp Val Ala Thr Leu Val Lys Asn Ser
*** Ile Glu Pro Val Val Ser His Gly Thr *** Gln Gln Ser Tyr Arg Thr Pro
GAT CTA GAG TCC CTG TTG CCT CAC TGG ACA GAT GAC GAC ACT CAT GGA ACA ACC
387 396 405 TGT CTA GAT CTC AGG GAC AAC GGA GTG ACC TGT CTA CTG CTG TGA GTA CCT TGT TGG
Leu Asp Leu Arg Asp Asn Gly Val Thr Cys Leu Leu Leu *** Val Pro Cys Trp
*** Ile Ser Gly Thr Thr Glu *** Pro Val Tyr Cys Cys Glu Tyr Leu Val Gly
Arg Ser Gln Gly Gln Arg Ser Asp Leu Ser Thr Ala Val Ser Thr Leu Leu Glu
Ala Pro Thr Gln His Gly Asn Cys Leu Leu Val Arg Tyr Arg Lys Asp Ser Ile
Leu Pro Leu Arg Thr Val Thr Ala Ser Cys Cys Gly Thr Val Asn Thr Leu Phe
Ser Arg Ser Asp Pro Ser Arg Gln Leu Ala Ala Gly Gln Leu Thr Gln *** Phe
TCT CGC CCT CAG ACC ACT GGC AAC GTC TCG TCG TGG GAC ATT GCA AAC AGT CTT 441 450 459 468 477 486
AGA GCG GGA GTC TGG TGA CCG TTG CAG AGC AGC ACC CTG TAA CGT TTG TCA GAA
Arg Ala Gly Val Trp *** Pro Leu Gln Ser Ser Thr Leu *** Arg Leu Ser Glu Glu Arg Glu Ser Gly Asp Arg Cys Arg Ala Ala Pro Cys Asn Val Cys Gln Lys Ser Gly Ser Leu Val Thr Val Ala Glu Gln His Pro Val Thr Phe Val Arg Asn
  Glu Ala Pro Gln Ser Phe Lys Gln Phe His Ala Pro Phe His Leu Leu Thr Ile
Lys Arg Pro Ser Ala Ser Ser Lys Phe Thr Leu Pro Phe Ile Cys Phe Arg Ser
Asń Gly Arg Ala Pro Gln Val Lyś Ser Leu Ser Arg Ser Phe Alâ Ser Ala His
TAA AGG CGC CCG ACC GAC TTG AAA ACT TTC ACT CGC CCT TTT ACG TCT TCG CAC 495 504 513 522 531 540
ATT TCC GCG GGC TGG CTG AAC TTT TGA AAG TGA GCG GGA AAA TGC AGA AGC GTG
Ile Ser Ala Gly Trp Leu Asn Phe *** Lys *** Ala Gly Lys Cys Arg Ser Val Phe Pro Arg Ala Gly *** Thr Phe Glu Ser Glu Arg Glu Asn Ala Glu Ala ***
   Phe Arg GIy Leu Ala Glu Leu Leu Lys Val Ser GIy Lys Met Gln Lys Arg Asp
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FIG. 8b

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Pro Leu Ser Ile Tyr Val Asp Asn His Pro Trp Arg Pro Thr Thr Phe Ala Phe Gln Phe Val Leu Thr Cys Thr Met Thr Pro Gly Gly Pro His Pro Leu Leu Asn Ser Ser *** His Val Arg *** Gln Pro Ala Val Gln Thr His Tyr Phe Cys
TAA CCT TCT GAT TAC ATG TGC AGT AAC ACC CCG GTG GAC CCA CAC CAT TTT CGT 549 558 558 567 576 585 585 594
ATT GGA AGA CTA ATG TAC ACG TCA TTG TGG GGC CAC CTG GGT GTG GTA AAA GCA
Ile Gly Arg Leu Met Tyr Thr Ser Leu Trp Gly His Leu Gly Val Val Lys Ala
Leu Glu Asp *** Cys Thr Arg His Cys Gly Ala Thr Trp Val Trp *** Lys Gln
Trp Lys Thr Asn Val His Val Ile Val Gly Pro Pro Gly Cys Gly Lys Ser Lys
Pro Ser Ser Ile Lys Cys Val Arg Phe Gly Cys Val Pro Phe Trp Arg Ser Val His Ala Ala Leu Lys Ala Ser Gly Ser Val Val Tyr Gln Phe Gly Gly Leu Phe Ile Pro Gln *** Asn Gln Leu Gly Pro Phe Trp Met Ser Ser Val Val *** Phe
TTA CCC GAC GAT TAA AAC GTC TGG GCC TTT GGT GTA TGA CCT TTG GTG GAT CTT 603 612 621 630 639 648
AAT GGG CTG CTA ATT TTG CAG ACC CGG AAA CCA CAT ACT GGA AAC CAC CTA GAA
Asn Gly Leu Leu Ile Leu Gln Thr Arg Lys Pro His Thr Gly Asn His Leu Glu
Met Gly Cys *** Phe Cys Arg Pro Gly Asn His Ile Leu Glu Thr Thr *** Lys
Trp Ala Ala Asn Phe Ala Asp Pro Glu Thr Thr Tyr Trp Lys Pro Pro Arg Asn
   Leu Pro Pro Ile Thr Val Met Thr Phe Phe His Asn Asn Asn Ile Val Lys Ile
Leu His His Ser Pro *** Trp Pro Ser Ser Thr Thr Thr Ile Ser Ser Lys ***
Cys Thr Thr Pro His Asn Gly His His Leu Leu Pro Gln *** Gln His Ser Lys
TGT TCA CCA CCC TAC CAA TGG TAC CAC TTC TTC ACC AAC AAT AAC TAC TGA AAA
ACA AGT GGT GGG ATG GTT ACC ATG GTG AAG AAG TGG TTG TTA TTG ATG ACT TTT
Thr Ser Gly Gly Met Val Thr Met Val Lys Lys Trp Leu Leu Met Thr Phe Gln Val Val Gly Trp Leu Pro Trp *** Arg Ser Gly Cys Tyr *** *** Leu Leu Lys Trp Trp Asp Gly Tyr His Gly Glu Glu Val Val Val Ile Asp Asp Phe Tyr
   Ala Pro Gln Gly Pro Ile Ile *** Gln Ser Gln Thr Ile Ser Ile Trp Gln Ser
Pro Gln Ser Gly Gln Ser Ser Arg Ser Leu Ser His Ser Arg Tyr Gly Asn Val
His Ser Ala Ala Arg Pro His Asp Val Ser Val Thr His Asp Ile Asp Met Ser
TAC CGA CCG ACG GGA CCC TAC TAG ATG ACT CTG ACA CAC TAG CTA TAG GTA ACT 711 720 729 738 747 756
                                                                                                                         756
ATG GCT GGC TGC CCT GGG ATG ATC TĀC TGA GAC TGT GTG ATC GĀT ATC CAT TGĀ
Met Ala Gly Cys Pro Gly Met Ile Tyr *** Asp Cys Val Ile Asp Ile His ***
Trp Leu Ala Ala Leu Gly *** Ser Thr Glu Thr Val *** Ser Ile Ser Ile Asp
   Gly Trp Leu Pro Trp Asp Asp Leu Leu Arg Leu Cys Asp Arg Tyr Pro Leu Thr
Tyr Leu Ser Phe Thr Ser Ser Tyr Arg Lys Gln Gly Ala Thr Asn Gln Asn Gly Thr Ser Val Leu Pro Pro Val Thr Gly Lys Lys Ala Arg Leu Ile Arg Ile Val Gln Leu Ser *** Leu His Phe Gln Val Lys Lys Pro Gly Cys Tyr Glu Ser ***
GAC ATC TCT GAT TTC CAC CTT GAC ATG GAA AAA ACC GGG CGT CAT AAG ACT AAT
                                                                              792
                                                         783
                                                                                                   801
CTG TAG ÁGA CTA AAG GTG GAA CTG TAC CTT TTT TGG CCC GCA GTA TTC TGA TTA
Leu *** Arg Leu Lys Val Glu Leu Tyr Leu Phe Trp Pro Ala Val Phe *** Leu Cys Arg Asp *** Arg Trp Asn Cys Thr Phe Phe Gly Pro Gln Tyr Ser Asp Tyr Val Glu Thr Lys Gly Gly Thr Val Pro Phe Leu Ala Arg Ser Ile Leu Ile Thr
```

FIG. 8c

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Ala Ile Leu Gly Arg Gln Phe Pro Val Gly *** Ser Ser Asp Trp Ser Tyr Phe Leu Leu *** Val Gly Asn Ser His Tyr Glu Glu Val Ala Thr Gly Ala Thr Ser Trp Cys Asp Ser Gly Thr Pro Ile Thr Ser Arg Leu Gln Gly Leu Gln Leu
GGT CGT TAG TCT GGG GCA ACC TTA CCA TGA GGA GTT GAC GAC AGG GTC GAC ATC
CCA GCA ATC AGA CCC CGT TGG AAT GGT ACT CCT CAA CTG CTG TCC CAG CTG TAG
Pro Ala Ile Arg Pro Arg Trp Asn Gly Thr Pro Gln Leu Leu Ser Gln Leu ***
Gln Gln Ser Asp Pro Val Gly Met Val Leu Leu Asn Cys Cys Pro Ser Cys Arg
Ser Asn Gln Thr Pro Leu Glu Trp Tyr Ser Ser Thr Ala Val Pro Ala Val Glu
  Ser Lys Ile Pro Pro Asn Ser Gly Gln Tyr Lys Pro Leu Ile Ser Cys Phe Leu Ala Arg *** Arg Leu Ile Val Glu Lys Thr Asn Gln Phe Phe Ala Val Ser Cys
Leu Glu Lys Asp Ser Ser *** Lys Arg Pro Ile Lys Ser Ser His *** Leu Val
TTC GAG AAA TAG CCT CCT AAT GAA GGA ACC ATA AAA CCT TCT TAC GAT GTC
873 882 891 900 909 918
AAG CTC TTT ATC GGA GGA TTA CTT CCT TGG TAT TTT GGA AGA ATG CTA CAG AAC
Lys Leu Phe Ile Gly Gly Leu Leu Pro Trp Tyr Phe Gly Arg Met Leu Gln Asn
Ser Ser Leu Ser Glu Asp Tyr Phe Leu Gly Ile Leu Glu Glu Cys Tyr Arg Thr
Ala Leu Tyr Arg Arg Ile Thr Ser Leu Val Phe Trp Lys Asn Ala Thr GIu Gln
  Gly Arg Leu Phe Pro Ala Leu Glu Asp Gly Lys Gly Gly Trp Ala Arg Phe Lys
Asp Val Ser Ser Pro Pro Trp Asn Thr Val Arg Glu Gly Gly His Gly Ser Asn
Le Trp Pro Pro Leu Pro Gly Thr Arg *** Gly Lys Gly Gly Met Gly Gln Ile
TTA GGT GCC TCC TTC CCC CGG TCA AGC AGT GGG AAA GGG GGG GTA CGG GAC TTA 927 936 945 954 963 963 972
927 936 945 954 963 972
AAT CCA CGG AGG AAG GGG GCC AGT TCG TCA CCC TTT CCC CCC CAT GCC CTG AAT
Asn Pro Arg Arg Lys Gly Ala Ser Ser Ser Pro Phe Pro Pro His Ala Leu Asn Ile His Gly Gly Arg Gly Pro Val Arg His Pro Phe Pro Pro Met Pro *** Ile Ser Thr Glu Glu Gly Gly Gln Phe Val Thr Leu Ser Pro Pro Cys Pro Glu Phe
Trp Ile Phe Tyr Ile Val Ser Asp Lys Lys Asp Ser Arg Leu Pro Lys *** *** Gly Tyr Ser Ile Phe *** Gln Thr Lys Lys Ile Val Glu Tyr His Asn Lys Asn Glu Met His Phe Leu Asn Ser Leu Arg Lys *** *** Lys Thr Ile Thr Lys Ile
AAG GTA TAC TTT ATT TAA TGA CTC AGA AAA AAT AGT GAA GCA TTA CCA AAA ATA 981 990 999 1008 1017 1026
TTC CAT ATG AAA TAA ATT ACT GAG TCT TTT TTA TCA CTT CGT AAT GGT TTT TAT
Phe His Met Lys *** Ile Thr Glu Ser Phe Leu Ser Leu Arg Asn Gly Phe Tyr Ser Ile *** Asn Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Phe Tyr His Phe Val Met Val Phe Ile Pro Tyr Glu Ile Asn Tyr *** Val Phe Phe Ile Thr Ser *** Trp Phe Leu Leu
  Glu Asn Leu Thr Leu His Pro Thr Lys Leu Ile Leu Asn Glu Ser Asn Tyr Met Asn Met Leu Pro *** Thr Pro Pro Arg *** Phe *** Ile Arg Gln Ile Thr Cys
Ile *** *** Pro Asn Leu Pro Pro Asp Lys Phe Asn Phe Glu Arg Phe Gln Val
                                                                   ATA AGT AAT TCC CAA TTC ACC CCC CAG AAA TTT TAA TTT AAG AGA CTT AAC ATG 1035 1044 1053 1062 1071 1080 TAT TCA TTA AGG GTT AAG TGG GGG GTC TTT AAA ATT AAA TTC TCT GAA TTG TAC
Tyr Ser Leu Arg Val Lys Trp Gly Val Phe Lys Ile Lys Phe Ser Glu Leu Tyr Ile His *** Gly Leu Ser Gly Gly Ser Leu Lys Leu Asn Ser Leu Asn Cys Thr
    Phe Ile Lys Gly *** Val Gly Gly Leu *** Asn *** Ile Leu *** Ile Val His
```

FIG. 8d

Cys Pro *** Val Ser Ile Thr Asn Arg Thr Thr Tyr Val Thr Lys Ser Arg Leu Val His Asn Cys Pro Tyr Gln Ile Gly Pro Arg Ile Tyr Gln Lys Arg Val Cys Tyr Met Thr Val Arg Ile Asn Tyr Glu Gln Asp Tyr Ile Ser Ash Glu Phe Ala TAT GTA CCA ATG TGC CTA TAA CAT AAG GAC CAG CAT ATA TGA CAA AAG CTT GCG 1089 1098 1107 1116 1125 1134 ATA CAT GGT TAC ACG GAT ATT GTA TTC CTG GTC GTA TAT ACT GTT TTC GAA CGC Ile His Gly Tyr Thr Asp Ile Val Phe Leu Val Val Tyr Thr Val Phe Glu Arg Tyr Met Val Thr Arg Ile Leu Tyr Ser Trp Ser Tyr Ile Leu Phe Ser Asn Ala Thr Trp Leu His Gly Tyr Cys Ile Pro Gly Arg Ile Tyr Cys Phe Arg Thr Gln Ala Ser Ala *** Thr Thr *** Met Glu Leu Leu Lys Tyr Asp *** Gly Cys Ser His Arg Pro Arg Arg Pro Arg Cys Lys Trp Cys Asn Thr Thr Glu Ala Val Ala Thr Gly Leu Gly Val His Asp Val Ash Gly Ala Thr Gln Leu Arg Leu Trp Leu

Ala Ser Ala *** Thr Thr *** Met Glu Leu Leu Lys Tyr Asp *** Gly Cys Ser His Arg Pro Arg Arg Pro Arg Cys Lys Trp Cys Asn Thr Thr Glu Ala Val Ala Thr Gly Leu Gly Val His Asp Val Ash Gly Ala Thr Gln Leu Arg Leu Trp Leu

TCA CGG CTC CGG ATG CAC CAG ATG TAA AGG TCG TCA AAC ATC AGA GTC GGT GTC

1143

1152

1161

1170

1188

AGT GCC GAG GCC TAC GTG GTC TAC ATT TCC AGC AGT TTG TAG TCT CAG CCA CAG

Ser Ala Glu Ala Tyr Val Val Tyr Ile Ser Ser Ser Leu *** Ser Gln Pro Gln
Val Pro Arg Pro Thr Trp Ser Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Cys Ser Leu Ser His Ser
Cys Arg Gly Leu Arg Gly Leu His Phe Gln Gln Phe Val Val Ser Ala Thr Ala

Pro Pro Leu Thr Gly Pro Thr Thr Pro Ser Pro Ser Pro *** Pro Ile Ala Pro Gln Pro Tyr Leu Val Pro Leu Pro Leu Leu Leu Ala Pro Asn His Tyr Pro Pro Lys Pro Thr Phe Tyr Arg Ser His Tyr Ser Phe Pro Gln Thr Ile Thr His Arg

AAA CCC CCA TTT CAT GGC CCT CAC CAT CCT CTT CCC GAC CCA ATA CCA TAC CGC 1251 1260 1269 1278 1287 1296

TTT GGG GGT AAA GTA CCG GGA GTG GTA GGA GAA GGG CTG GGT TAT GGT ATG GCG

Phe Gly Gly Lys Val Pro Gly Val Val Gly Glu Gly Leu Gly Tyr Gly Met Ala Leu Gly Val Lys Tyr Arg Glu Trp *** Glu Lys Gly Trp Val Met Val Trp Arg Trp Gly *** Ser Thr Gly Ser Gly Arg Arg Arg Ala Gly Leu Trp Tyr Gly Gly

Pro Thr Thr *** Met Pro Thr Met Pro Ser Pro Gln Pro Arg Gln *** Leu Thr Leu Leu Leu Lys Cys Leu Pro *** Leu His Pro Ser His Gly Lys Asn Cys Leu Ser Ser Tyr Asn Val Tyr Pro Asp Tyr Thr Leu Ala Thr Ala Lys Thr Val Phe CCT CCT CAT CAA ATG TAT CCC CAG TAT CCA CTC CCG ACA CCG GAA ACA ATG TTT 1305 1314 1323 1332 1341 1350 GGA GGA GTA GTT TAC ATA GGG GTC ATA GGT GAG GGC TGT GGC CTT TGT TAC AAA Gly Gly Val Val Tyr Ile Gly Val Ile Gly Glu Gly Cys Gly Leu Cys Tyr Lys Glu Glu *** Phe Thr *** Gly Ser *** Val Arg Ala Val Ala Phe Val Thr Lys Arg Ser Ser Leu His Arg Gly His Arg *** Gly Leu Trp Pro Leu Leu Gln Ser

Ile Met *** Phe Leu Leu Val Pro Ala Trp Glu Gly Thr Val Arg Pro Ser Arg
*** *** Arg Phe Tyr Cys Cys Gln Leu Gly Ser Gly Gln *** Gly Pro His Asp
Asn Asp Asp Leu Ile Val Ala Ser Ser Gly Val Gly Arg Asp Gly Gln Thr Ile

CAA TAG TAG ATT TTA TTG TCG TGA CCT CGG GTG AGG GGA CAG TGG GAC CCA CTA
1359
1368
1377
1386
1395
1404
GTT ATC ATC TAA AAT AAC AGC ACT GGA GCC CAC TCC CCT GTC ACC CTG GGT GAT

Val Ile Ile *** Asn Asn Ser Thr Gly Ala His Ser Pro Val Thr Leu Gly Asp
Leu Ser Ser Lys Ile Thr Ala Leu Glu Pro Thr Pro Leu Ser Pro Trp Val Ile
Tyr His Leu Lys *** Gln His Trp Ser Pro Leu Pro Cys His Pro Gly *** Ser

Pro Ala Pro Gly Ser Asn Leu Arg Leu Arg Glu *** Glu Thr Thr Asn Leu Pro
Pro Leu Lou Ala Leu Ile *** Leu

Pro Ala Pro Gly Ser Asn Leu Arg Leu Arg Glu *** Glu Thr Thr Asn Leu Pro Pro Leu Leu Ala Leu Ile *** Gly *** Gly Lys Lys Asn Gln Leu Ile *** Leu Pro Ser Cys Pro Trp Phe Glu Val Lys Val Lys Arg Ile Arg Tyr Tyr Glu Phe GCC CCT CGT CCC GGT CTT AAG TTG GAA TTG GAA AGA ATA AGA CAT CAT AAG TTT 1413 1422 1431 1440 1449 1458 CGG GGA GCA GGG CCA GAA TTC AAC CTT AAC CTT TCT TAT TCT GTA GTA TTC AAA Arg Gly Ala Gly Pro Glu Phe Asn Leu Asn Leu Ser Tyr Ser Val Val Phe Lys Gly Glu Gln Gly Gln Asn Ser Thr Leu Thr Phe Leu Ile Leu *** Tyr Ser Lys Gly Ser Arg Ala Arg Ile Gln Pro *** Pro Phe Leu Phe Cys Ser Ile Gln Arg

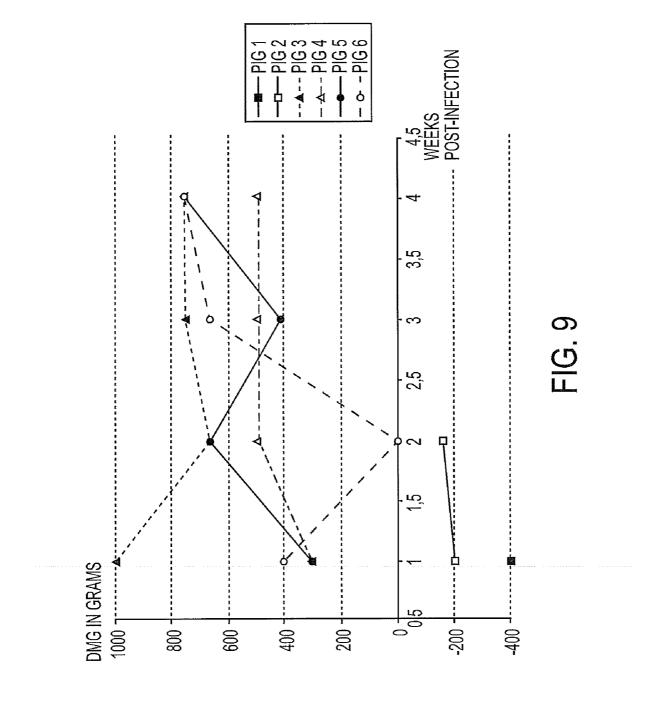
Cys Leu Ala Pro Thr Gln Gly Gly Glu Gln Pro Phe Phe Thr Met Leu Ile Ser Ala Cys Leu Pro Pro Lys Val Gly Arg Arg Pro Ser Ser Leu *** *** Tyr Gln Pro Val Ser Arg Pro Asn Ser Gly Gly Gly Pro Pro Leu Phe Asp Asn Ile Asn CCC GTG TCT CGC CCC CAA ACT GGG GGG AGG ACC CCC TTC TTT CAG TAA TTA TAA 1467 1476 1485 1494 1503 1512 GGG CAC ACA GCG GGG GTT TGA CCC CCC TCC TGG GGG AGG AAA GTC ATT AAT ATT Gly His Arg Ala Gly Val *** Pro Pro Ser Trp Gly Lys Lys Val Ile Asn Ile Gly Thr Glu Arg Gly Phe Asp Pro Pro Gly Gly Arg Lys Ser Leu Ile Leu Ala Gln Ser Gly Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Gly Glu Glu Ser His *** Tyr ***

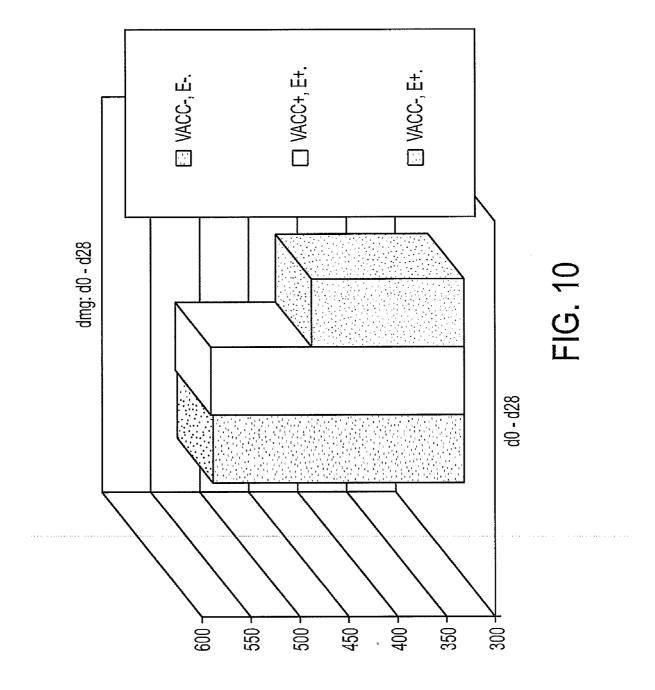
Asp *** *** Thr Trp Arg Gly Pro Pro Arg Glu Ser Gln Pro Glu Ser Ser Leu Ile Glu Asp His Gly Gly Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gln Ser His Asn Ala Gln Cys Phe Arg Met Met Asp Val Ala Trp Ser Pro Thr Arg Val Thr Thr Arg Lys Val CCT AGA GTA CAG GTG GCG GGT CCT CCC GCA AGA CTG ACA CCA AGC GAA CTG 1521 1530 1539 1548 1557 1566 GAA TCT CAT CAT CAC CGC CCA GGA GGG CGT TCT GAC TGT GGT TCG CTT GAC Glu Ser His His Val His Arg Pro Gly Gly Arg Ser Asp Cys Gly Ser Leu Asp Asn Leu Ile Met Ser Thr Ala Gln Glu Gly Val Leu Thr Val Val Arg Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Cys Pro Pro Pro Arg Arg Ala Phe *** Leu Trp Phe Ala *** Gln

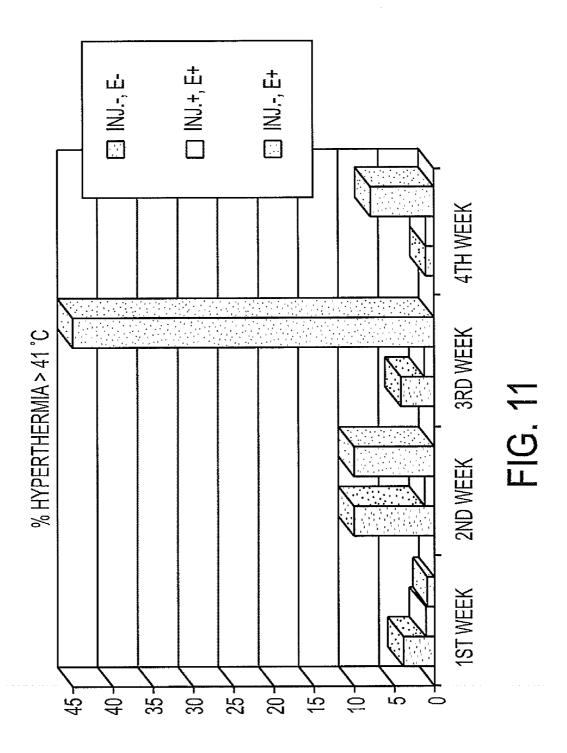
Ile Asp Ser Pro Ala Pro Ser Ala Pro Thr Ser Ser Ala Met Lys Gly Glu Gly Tyr Ile Arg Leu His Pro Leu Pro Pro His Gln Leu His Trp Lys Glu Lys Glu Thr Tyr Gly Phe Thr Arg Ser Leu Arg Thr Asn Phe Ile Gly Ash Lys Arg Arg TCA TAT AGG CTT CCA CGC CCT CTC CGC CCA CAA CTT CTA CGG TAA AAA GGA AGA 1575 1584 1593 1602 1611 1620 AGT ATA TCC GAA GGT GCG GGA GAG GCG GGT GTT GAA GAT GCC ATT TTT CTT TCT Ser Ile Ser Glu Gly Ala Gly Glu Ala Gly Val Glu Asp Ala Ile Phe Pro Ser Val Tyr Pro Lys Val Arg Glu Arg Arg Val Leu Lys Met Pro Phe Phe Leu Leu Tyr Ile Arg Arg Cys Gly Arg Gly Gly Cys *** Arg Cys His Phe Ser Phe Ser

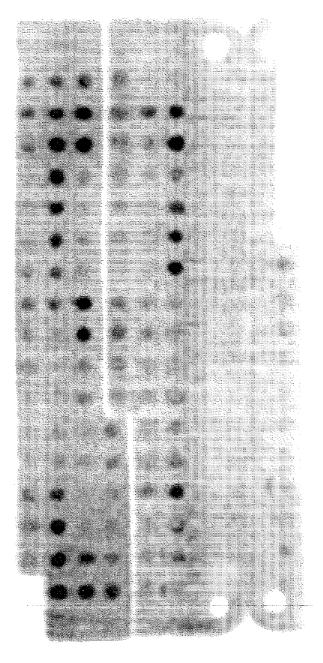
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Ala Thr Val Thr Ala Pro Thr Ser Ser Gly Pro Ala Ala Ala Ser Ser Arg Ala
Leu Pro Leu Pro Pro Pro Pro Pro Arg Ala Leu Pro Pro Pro Pro Asp Pro
Trp Arg Tyr Arg His Arg Pro His Val Leu Trp Pro Arg Arg Leu Ile Gln
GGT CGC CAT TGC CAC CGC CCC CAC CTG CTC GGT CCC CGC CGC CGC CTC CTA GAC
          1629
                                                                  1656
                                                                                    1665
                                                                                                      1674
                            1638
                                               1647
CCA GCG GTA ACG GTG GCG GGG GTG GAC GAG CCA GGG GCG GCG GAG GAT CTG
Pro Ala Val Thr Val Ala Gly Val Asp Glu Pro Gly Ala Ala Ala Glu Asp Leu Gln Arg *** Arg Trp Arg Gly Trp Thr Ser Gln Gly Arg Arg Arg Ile Trp
   Ser Gly Asn Gly Gly Gly Gly Arg Ala Arg Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly
Leu Ile Ala Ala Pro Ala Thr Asp Glu Glu Glu Thr Val Gly Gly Gln Ile Arg
Trp Ser Pro Gln Pro Pro Pro Thr Lys Lys Lys Pro Leu Ala Glu Lys Ser Val
Gly Leu His Ser Arg Pro Arg His Arg Arg Arg Arg Tyr Arg Arg Arg Pro Tyr
CGG TTC TAC CGA CGC CCC CGC CAC AGA AGA AGA AGC CAT TGC GGA GGA ACC TAT 1683 1692 1701 1710 1719 1728
GCC AAG ATG GCT GCG GGG GCG GTG TCT TCT TCT TCG GTA ACG CCT CCT TGG ATA
Ala Lys Met Ala Ala Gly Ala Val Ser Ser Ser Ser Val Thr Pro Pro Thr Ile
Pro Arg Trp Leu Arg Gly Arg Cys Leu Leu Leu Arg *** Arg Leu Leu Gly Tyr
Gln Asp Gly Cys Gly Gly Gly Val Phe Phe Phe Gly Asn Ala Ser Leu Asp Thr
   *** Ile Gln Phe Arg Phe Phe His Ala Thr Leu Ile
 Asp Tyr Arg Phe Val Phe Ser Thr Arg Gln Leu Tyr
Thr Met Asp Ser Phe Ser Leu Leu Ala Ser Tyr Thr Asn
GCA GTA TAG ACT TTT GCT TTC TTC ACG CGA CAT TCA TAA 5' 1737 1746 1755 1764 CGT CAT ATC TGA AAA CGA AAG AAG TGC GCT GTA AGT ATT 3'
Arg His Ile *** Lys Arg Lys Lys Cys Ala Val Ser Ile
Val Ile Ser Glu Asp Glu Arg Ser Ala Leu *** Val
   Ser Tyr Leu Lys Thr Lys GIu Val Arg Cys Lys Tyr
```

FIG. 8g









TYPE B SPOT NO. 104 TO 159

TYPE A SPOT NO. 160 TO 215

152

peptide

RGGHSQPSWN RTTVRTPSWA 189 LSRTFGYTVK LSREFVLTI. t0 188 peptides MTWPRRRYRR RRTRPRSHLG NILRRRPYLV HPAFRNYRW RRKTGIFNSR 50 RRKNGIFNTR HP. RHYRW QILRRRPWLV MTYPRRKYRR RRHRPRSHLG peptide pcvB pcvA

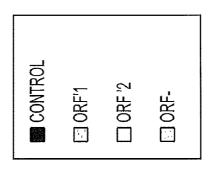
GSTVVILDAN FVTPSTNLAY FVTKATALTY GSSAVILDDN 133 . 10 10 101 RKAKYEFYPR DPITSN<u>ORGV</u> 132 RKVKVEFWPC SPITOGDRGV peptides 100 LPLPFQYYRI RSVPFEYYRI VNELRFNIGQ FLPPSGGINP VDMMRFNIND FLPPGGGSNP peptide 121

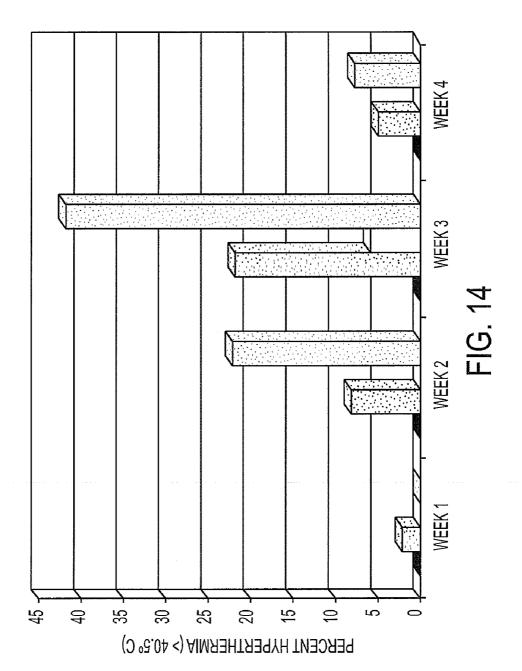
pcvB

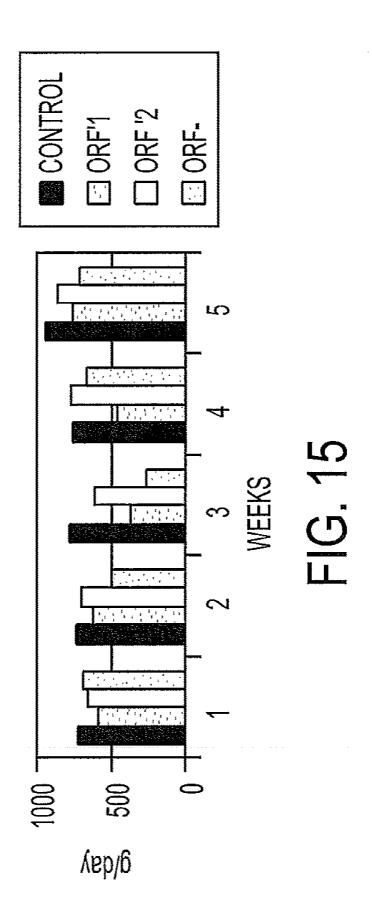
peptide 151 150

THTNVEHTGL GYALONATTA GTAFENSIYD TAGNVDHVGL KRNOLWLHLN KRNQLWLRLQ QTIDWFOPNN FTIDYFOPNN RYFTPKPELD RYFTPKPVLD TIROPFTYHS TITOPFSYHS DPYINYSSRH DPYVNYSSRH pcvA pcvB

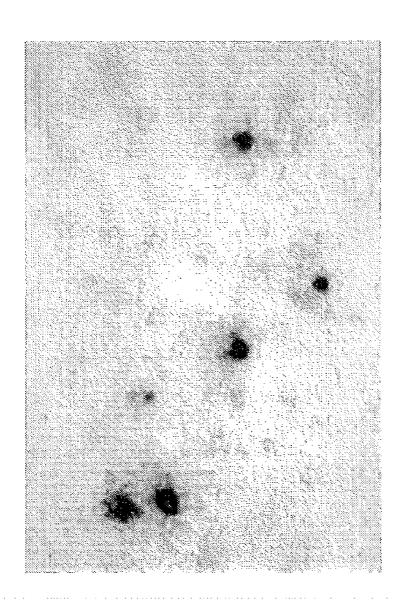
235 pcva QNYVVRLTIY VQFREFILKD P.LNE pcvb QEYNIRVTMY VQFREFNFKD PPLNP FIG. 1:











CIRCOVIRUS SEQUENCES ASSOCIATED WITH PIGLET WEIGHT LOSS DISEASE (PWD)

INFORMATION ON RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/588,237, filed Oct. 27, 2006, now U.S. Pat. No. ______, which is a divisional of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/718,264, filed Nov. 21, 2003, now U.S. Pat. No. 7,179,472, which is a divisional of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 09/514,245, filed Feb. 28, 2000, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,703,023, which is a continuation-in-part of International Patent Application No. PCT/FR98/02634, filed Dec. 4, 1998, published in a non-English language, and now abandoned, which claims priority to French Application No. 97/15396, filed Dec. 5, 1997, the specifications of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties for all purposes.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The invention relates to the genomic sequence and nucleotide sequences coding for polypeptides of PWD circovirus, such as the structural and nonstructural polypeptides of said circovirus, as well as vectors including said sequences and cells or animals transformed by these vectors. The invention likewise relates to methods for detecting these nucleic acids or polypeptides and kits for diagnosing infection by the PWD circovirus. The invention is also directed to a method for selecting compounds capable of modulating the viral infection. The invention further comprises pharmaceutical compositions, including vaccines, for the prevention and/or the treatment of viral infections by PWD circovirus as well as the use of a vector according to the invention for the prevention and/or the treatment of diseases by gene therapy.

[0003] Piglet weight loss disease (PWD), alternatively called fatal piglet wasting (FPW) has been widely described in North America (Harding, J. C., 1997), and authors have reported the existence of a relationship between this pathology and the presence of porcine circovirus (Daft, B. et al., 1996; Clark, E. G., 1997; Harding, J. C., 1997; Harding, J. C. and Clark, E. G., 1997; Nayar, G. P. et al., 1997). A porcine circovirus has already been demonstrated in established lines of cell cultures derived from pigs and chronically infected (Tischer, I., 1986, 1988, 1995; Dulac, G. C., 1989; Edwards, S., 1994; Allan, G. M., 1995 and McNeilly, F., 1996). This virus, during experimental infection of piglets, does not prove pathogenic for pigs (Tischer, I., 1986, Horner, G. W., 1991) and its nucleotide sequence has been determined and characterized (Tischer, I., 1982; Meehan, B. M. et al., 1997; Mankertz., A., 1997). The porcine circovirus, called PCV virus, is part of the circovirus genus of the circoviridae family (Murphy, F. A. et al., 1995) whose virion has a circular DNA of size between 1.7 and 2.3 kb, which DNA comprises three open reading frames (ORF1 to ORF3), coding for a replication protein REP involved in the initiation and termination phase of rolling circular replication (RCR) (Heyraud-Nitschke, F., et al., 1995; Harding, M. R. et al., 1993; Hanson, S. F. et al., 1995; Fontes, E. P. B. et al., 1994), coding for a capsid protein (Boulton, L. H. et al., 1997; Hackland, A. F. et al., 1994; Chu, P. W. G. et al., 1993) and coding for a nonstructural protein called a dissemination protein (Lazarowitz., S. G. et al., 1989).

[0004] The inventors of the present invention have noticed that the clinical signs perceptible in pigs and linked to infection by the PWD circovirus are very distinctive. These manifestations in general appear in pigs of 8 to 12 weeks of age, weaned for 4 to 8 weeks. The first signs are hypotonia without it being possible to speak of prostration. Rapidly (48 hours), the flanks hollow, the line of the spine becomes apparent, and the pigs "blanch." These signs are in general accompanied by hyperthermia, anorexia and most often by respiratory signs (coughing, dyspnea, polypnea). Transitory diarrhea can likewise appear. The disease state phase lasts approximately one month at the end of which the rate of mortality varies from 5 to 20%. To these mortalities, it is expedient to add a variable proportion (5-10%) of cadaveric animals which are no longer able to present an economic future. It is to be noted that outside of this critical stage of the end of post-weaning, no anomaly appears on the farms. In particular, the reproductive function is totally maintained.

[0005] On the epidemiological level, the first signs of this pathology appeared at the start of 1995 in the east of the Cotes d'Armor region in France, and the farms affected are especially confined to this area of the region. In December 1996, the number of farms concerned could not be evaluated with precision because of the absence of a specific laboratory diagnostic method or of an epidemiological surveillance system of the livestock. Based on the clinical facts as well as on results of postmortem examinations supplied by veterinarians, it is possible to estimate this number as several dozen (80-100). The contagiousness of the disease is weak to moderate. Cases are being reported outside the initial area and for the majority are following the transfer of animals coming from farms familiar with the problem. On the other hand, a characteristic of the condition is its strong remanence. Thus, farms which have been affected for a year are still affected in spite of the massive administration of therapeutics. Farms with clinical expression are drawn from various categories of specialization (breeders/fatteners, post-weaners/fatteners) and different economic structures are concerned. In addition, the disorders appear even in farms where the rules of animal husbandry are respected.

[0006] Numerous postmortem examinations have been carried out either on farms or in the laboratory. The elements of the lesional table are disparate. The most constant macroscopic lesions are pneumonia which sometimes appears in patchy form as well as hypertrophy of the lymphatic ganglia. The other lesions above all affect the thoracic viscera including, especially, pericarditis and pleurisy. However, arthritis and gastric ulcers are also observed. The lesions revealed in the histological examination are essentially situated at the pulmonary level (interstitial pneumonia), ganglionic level (lymphoid depletion of the lymph nodes, giant cells) and renal level (glomerulonephritis, vasculitis). The infectious agents have been the subject of wide research. It has been possible to exclude the intervention of pestiviruses and Aujeszky's disease. The disorders appear in the seropositive PDRS (Porcine Dysgenic and Respiratory Syndrome, an infection linked to an arteriovirus) herds, but it has not been possible to establish the role of the latter in the genesis of the disorders (the majority of the farms in Brittany are PDRS seropositive).

[0007] The inventors of the present invention, with the aim of identifying the etiological agent responsible for PWD, have carried out "contact" tests between piglets which are obviously "ill" and SPF pigs (specific pathogen-free) from

CNEVA (Centre National d'Etudes Vétérinaires et Alimentaires, France). These tests allow the development of signs comparable to those observed on the farm to be observed in protected animal houses. The discrete signs such as moderate hyperthermia, anorexia and intermittent diarrhea appeared after one week of contact. It must be noted that the PDRS virus only diffused subsequent to the clinical signs. In addition, inoculations of organ homogenates of sick animals to healthy pigs allowed signs related to those observed on the farms to be reproduced, although with a lower incidence, linked to the favorable conditions of upkeep of the animals in the experimental installations.

[0008] Thus, the inventors of the present invention have been able to demonstrate that the pathological signs appear as a well-defined entity affecting the pig at a particular stage of its growth.

[0009] This pathology has never been described in France. However, sparse information, especially Canadian, relates to similar facts.

[0010] The disorders cannot be mastered with the existing therapeutics.

[0011] The data collected both on the farm and by experimentation have allowed the following points to be highlighted:

 $[\bar{00}12]$ PWD is transmissible but its contagiousness is not very high,

[0013] its etiological origin is of infectious and probably viral nature,

[0014] PWD has a persistent character in the affected farms.

[0015] Considerable economic consequences ensue for the farms.

[0016] Thus, there is currently a significant need for a specific and sensitive diagnostic, whose production is practical and rapid, allowing the early detection of the infection.

[0017] A reliable, sensitive and practical test which allows the distinction between strains of porcine circovirus (PCV) is thus strongly desirable.

[0018] On the other hand, a need for efficient and well-tolerated treatment of infections with PWD circovirus likewise remains desirable, no vaccine currently being available against PWD circovirus.

[0019] Concerning PWD circovirus, it will probably be necessary to understand the role of the immune defense in the physiology and the pathology of the disease to develop satisfactory vaccines.

[0020] Fuller information concerning the biology of these strains, their interactions with their hosts, the associated infectivity phenomena and those of escape from the immune defenses of the host especially, and finally their implication in the development of associated pathologies, will allow a better understanding of these mechanisms. Taking into account the facts which have been mentioned above and which show in particular the limitations of combating infection by the PWD circovirus, it is thus essential today on the one hand to develop molecular tools, especially starting from a better genetic knowledge of the PWD circovirus, and likewise to perfect novel preventive and therapeutic treatments, novel methods of diagnosis and specific, efficacious and tolerated novel vaccine strategies. This is precisely the subject of the present invention.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0021] The present invention relates to vaccines comprising a nucleotide sequence of the genome of Porcine circovirus

type B, or a homologue or fragment thereof, and an acceptable pharmaceutical or veterinary vehicle. In one embodiment of the invention, the nucleotide sequence is selected from SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 19 SEQ ID No. 23, or SEQ ID No. 25, or a homologue or fragment thereof. In another embodiment of the invention, the homologue has at least 80% sequence identity to SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 19, SEQ ID No. 23 or SEQ ID No. 25. In yet another embodiment, the vaccines further comprising an adjuvant

[0022] The present invention also relates to vaccines comprising a polypeptide encoded by a nucleotide sequence of the genome of PCVB, or a homologue or fragment thereof, and an acceptable pharmaceutical or veterinary vehicle. In one embodiment, the homologue has at least 80% sequence identity to SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 19, SEQ ID No. 23 or SEQ ID No. 25. In another embodiment of the invention, the nucleotide sequence is selected from SEQ ID No. 23 or SEQ ID No. 25, or a homologue or fragment thereof. In still another embodiment, the polypeptide has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID No. 24 or SEQ ID No. 26. In yet another embodiment, the homologue has at least 80% sequence identity to SEQ ID No. 24 or SEQ ID No. 26. In another embodiment, the polypeptide has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID No. 29, SEQ ID No. 30, SEQ ID No. 31, or SEQ ID No. 32.

[0023] A further aspect of the invention relates to vaccines comprising a vector and an acceptable pharmaceutical or veterinary vehicle, the vector comprising a nucleotide sequence of the genome of Porcine circovirus type B, or a homologue or fragment thereof. In one embodiment, the vaccine further comprises a gene coding for an expression product capable of inhibiting or retarding the establishment or development of a genetic or acquired disease.

[0024] The present invention also relates to vaccines comprising a cell and an acceptable pharmaceutical or veterinary vehicle, wherein the cell is transformed with a nucleotide sequence of the genome of Porcine circovirus type B, or a homologue or fragment thereof.

[0025] Still further, the present invention relates to vaccines comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle and a single polypeptide, wherein the single polypeptide consists of SEQ ID No. 26.

[0026] Additionally, the present invention relates to methods of immunizing a mammal against piglet weight loss disease comprising administering to a mammal an effective amount of the vaccines described above.

[0027] These and other aspects of the invention will become apparent to the skilled artisan in view of the teachings contained herein.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0028] FIG. 1: Experimental scheme which has made it possible to bring about the isolation and the identification of the circovirus associated with PWD of type A and B.

[0029] Test 1: experimental reproduction of the PWD by inoculation of pig organ homogenates from farms affected by PWD.

[0030] Test 2: experimental reproduction of PWD.

[0031] Test 3: experimental reproduction of PWD.

[0032] Test 4: no experimental reproduction of PWD.

[0033] FIG. 2: Organization of the genome of the circovirus associated with PWD of type A (PCVA)

[0034] strand of (+) polarity (SEQ ID No. 1);

[0035] strand of (–) polarity (SEQ ID No. 5, represented according to the orientation 3'→5');

[0036] sequences of amino acids of proteins encoded by the two DNA strands in the three possible reading frames SEQ ID NOS: 2-4 and 6-8 respectively.

[0037] FIG. 3: Alignment of the nucleotide sequence SEQ ID No. 1 of the PWD circovirus of type A (PCVA) and of the MEEHAN SEQ ID No. 163 strain and MANKERTZ SEQ ID No. 164 strain circoviruses of the porcine cell lines.

[0038] FIG. 4: Alignment of the sequence of amino acids SEQ ID No. 10 of a polypeptide encoded by the nucleotide sequence SEQ ID No. 9 (ORF1) of the PWD circovirus of type A (PCVA) and of corresponding nucleotide sequences of the MEEHAN SEQ ID No. 165 strain and MANKERTZ SEQ ID No. 166 strain circoviruses of the porcine cell lines.

[0039] FIG. 5: Alignment of the sequence of amino acids SEQ ID No. 12 of a polypeptide encoded by the nucleotide sequence SEQ ID No. 11 (ORF2) of the PWD circovirus of type A (PCVA) and of corresponding nucleotide sequences of the MEEHAN SEQ ID No. 167 strain and MANKERTZ SEQ ID No. 168 strain circoviruses of the porcine cell lines.

[0040] FIG. 6: Alignment of the sequence of amino acids SEQ ID No. 14 of a polypeptide encoded by the nucleotide sequence SEQ ID No. 13 (ORF3) of the PWD circovirus of type A (PCVA) and of corresponding nucleotide sequences of the MEEHAN SEQ ID No. 169 strain and MANKERTZ SEQ ID No. 170 strain circoviruses of the porcine cell lines.

[0041] FIG. 7: Western blot analysis of recombinant proteins of the PWD circovirus of type A (PCVA).

[0042] The analyses were carried out on cell extracts of Sf9 cells obtained after infection with recombinant baculovirus PCF ORF 1.

[0043] FIG. 8: Organization of the genome of the circovirus associated with the PWD of type B (PCVB)

[0044] strand of (+) polarity (SEQ ID No. 15);

[0045] strand of (-) polarity (SEQ ID No. 19, represented according to the orientation $3' \rightarrow 5'$);

[0046] sequence of amino acids of proteins encoded by the two DNA strands in the three possible reading frames SEQ ID NOS: 16-18 and 20-22 respectively.

[0047] FIG. 9: Evolution of the daily mean gain (DMG) of pig farms affected by piglet weight loss disease (PWD), placed under experimental conditions.

[0048] FIG. 10: DMG compared for the 3 batches of pigs (F1, F3 and F4) calculated over a period of 28 days, after vaccination test.

[0049] FIG. 11: Hyperthermia greater than 41° C., expressed as a percentage compared for the 3 batches of pigs (F1, F3 and F4) calculated per week over a period of 28 days, after vaccination test.

[0050] FIG. 12: Membranes of peptide spots corresponding to the ORF2s revealed with the aid of an infected pig serum, originating from a conventional farm.

[0051] The numbers of specific peptides of the circovirus of type B as well as their nonreactive homologs (type A) are indicated in bold.

[0052] The nonspecific immunogenic peptides are indicated in italics.

[0053] FIG. 13: Alignment of amino acid sequences of proteins encoded by the ORF2 of the PWD circovirus of type A SEQ ID No. 12 and by the ORF'2 of the PWD circovirus of type B SEQ ID No. 26. The position of 4 peptides corresponding to specific epitopes of the PWD circovirus of type B is indicated on the corresponding sequence by a bold line, their homolog on the sequence of the PWD circovirus of type A is likewise indicated by an ordinary line.

[0054] FIG. 14: Charts the results of experiments that demonstrate, in terms of percent hyperthermia, that vaccination with ORF'1 and ORF'2 of PCV-B enhances the level of protection in swine challenged with PCV-B (Percent hyperthermia: >40.5 C, control: not vaccinated and not challenged, ORF' 1: vaccinated and challenged, ORF'2: vaccinated and challenged, ORF: not vaccinated, challenged).

[0055] FIG. 15: Charts the results of experiments that demonstrate, in terms of animal growth, that vaccination with ORF'1 and ORF'2 of PCV-B enhances the level of protection in swine challenged with PCV-B (Control: not vaccinated, not challenged, ORF' 1: vaccinated and challenged, ORF'2: vaccinated and challenged, ORF: not vaccinated, challenged).

[0056] FIG. 16: Immunoperoxidase staining of PK15 cells at 24 h post-transfection with the pcDNA3/ORF'2 plasmid. Expression of PCVB ORF'2 was confirmed by IPMA following incubation in the presence of the swine anti-PCVB monospecific serum.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0057] The present invention relates to nucleotide sequences of the genome of PWD circovirus selected from the sequences SEQ ID No. 1, SEQ ID No. 5, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 19 or one of their fragments.

[0058] The nucleotide sequences of sequences SEQ ID No. 1 and SEQ ID No. 5 correspond respectively to the genome sequence of the strand of (+) polarity and of the strand of (−) polarity of the PWD circovirus of type A (or PCVA), the sequence SEQ ID No. 5 being represented according to the orientation 5'→3'.

[0059] The nucleotide sequences of sequences SEQ ID No. 15 and SEQ ID No. 19 correspond respectively to the genome sequence of the strand of (+) polarity and of the strand of (-) polarity of the PWD circovirus of type B (or PCVB), the sequence SEQ ID No. 19 being represented according to the orientation $5'\rightarrow 3'$.

[0060] The present invention likewise relates to nucleotide sequences, characterized in that they are selected from:

[0061] a) a nucleotide sequence of a specific fragment of the sequence SEQ ID No. 1, SEQ ID No. 5, SEQ ID No. 15, SEQ ID No. 19 or one of their fragments;

[0062] b) a nucleotide sequence homologous to a nucleotide sequence such as defined in a);

[0063] c) a nucleotide sequence complementary to a nucleotide sequence such as defined in a) or b), and a nucleotide sequence of their corresponding RNA;

[0064] d) a nucleotide sequence capable of hybridizing under stringent conditions with a sequence such as defined in a), b) or c);

[0065] e) a nucleotide sequence comprising a sequence such as defined in a), b), c) or d); and

[0066] f) a nucleotide sequence modified by a nucleotide sequence such as defined in a), b), c), d) or e).

[0067] Nucleotide, polynucleotide or nucleic acid sequence will be understood according to the present invention as meaning both a double-stranded or single-stranded DNA in the monomeric and dimeric (so-called in tandem) forms and the transcription products of said DNAs.

[0068] It must be understood that the present invention does not relate to the genomic nucleotide sequences taken in their natural environment, that is to say in the natural state. It concerns sequences which it has been possible to isolate, purify or partially purify, starting from separation methods such as, for example, ion-exchange chromatography, by

exclusion based on molecular size, or by affinity, or alternatively fractionation techniques based on solubility in different solvents, or starting from methods of genetic engineering such as amplification, cloning and subcloning, it being possible for the sequences of the invention to be carried by vectors.

[0069] The nucleotide sequences SEQ ID No. 1 and SEQ ID No. 15 were obtained by sequencing of the genome by the Sanger method.

[0070] Nucleotide sequence fragment according to the invention will be understood as designating any nucleotide fragment of the PWD circovirus, type A or B, of length of at least 8 nucleotides, preferably at least 12 nucleotides, and even more preferentially at least 20 consecutive nucleotides of the sequence from which it originates.

[0071] Specific fragment of a nucleotide sequence according to the invention will be understood as designating any nucleotide fragment of the PWD circovirus, type A or B, having, after alignment and comparison with the corresponding fragments of known porcine circoviruses, at least one nucleotide or base of different nature. For example, the specific nucleotide fragments of the PWD circovirus of type A can easily be determined by referring to FIG. 3 of the present invention in which the nucleotides or bases of the sequence SEQ ID No. 1 (circopordfp) are shown which are of different nature, after alignment of said sequence SEQ ID No. 1 with the other two sequences of known porcine circovirus (circopormeeh and circopormank).

[0072] Homologous nucleotide sequence in the sense of the present invention is understood as meaning a nucleotide sequence having at least a percentage identity with the bases of a nucleotide sequence according to the invention of at least 80%, preferably 90% or 95%, this percentage being purely statistical and it being possible to distribute the differences between the two nucleotide sequences at random and over the whole of their length.

[0073] Specific homologous nucleotide sequence in the sense of the present invention is understood as meaning a homologous nucleotide sequence having at least one nucleotide sequence of a specific fragment, such as defined above. Said "specific" homologous sequences can comprise, for example, the sequences corresponding to the genomic sequence or to the sequences of its fragments representative of variants of PWD circovirus of type A or B. These specific homologous sequences can thus correspond to variations linked to mutations within strains of PWD circovirus of type A and B, and especially correspond to truncations, substitutions, deletions and/or additions of at least one nucleotide. Said homologous sequences can likewise correspond to variations linked to the degeneracy of the genetic code.

[0074] The term "degree or percentage of sequence homology" refers to "degree or percentage of sequence identity between two sequences after optimal alignment" as defined in the present application.

[0075] Two amino-acids or nucleotidic sequences are said to be "identical" if the sequence of amino-acids or nucleotidic residues, in the two sequences is the same when aligned for maximum correspondence as described below. Sequence comparisons between two (or more) peptides or polynucleotides are typically performed by comparing sequences of two optimally aligned sequences over a segment or "comparison window" to identify and compare local regions of sequence similarity. Optimal alignment of sequences for comparison may be conducted by the local homology algo-

rithm of Smith and Waterman, *Ad. App. Math* 2: 482 (1981), by the homology alignment algorithm of Neddleman and Wunsch, *J. Mol. Biol.* 48: 443 (1970), by the search for similarity method of Pearson and Lipman, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.* (U.S.A.) 85: 2444 (1988), by computerized implementation of these algorithms (GAP, BESTFIT, FASTA, and TFASTA in the Wisconsin Genetics Software Package, Genetics Computer Group (GCG), 575 Science Dr., Madison, Wis.), or by visual inspection.

[0076] "Percentage of sequence identity" (or degree or identity) is determined by comparing two optimally aligned sequences over a comparison window, where the portion of the peptide or polynucleotide sequence in the comparison window may comprise additions or deletions (i.e., gaps) as compared to the reference sequence (which does not comprise additions or deletions) for optimal alignment of the two sequences. The percentage is calculated by determining the number of positions at which the identical amino-acid residue or nucleic acid base occurs in both sequences to yield the number of matched positions, dividing the number of matched positions by the total number of positions in the window of comparison and multiplying the result by 100 to yield the percentage of sequence identity.

[0077] The definition of sequence identity given above is the definition that would use one of skill in the art. The definition by itself does not need the help of any algorithm, said algorithms being helpful only to achieve the optimal alignments of sequences, rather than the calculation of sequence identity.

[0078] From the definition given above, it follows that there is a well defined and only one value for the sequence identity between two compared sequences which value corresponds to the value obtained for the best or optimal alignment.

[0079] In the BLAST Nor BLAST P "BLAST 2 sequence", software which is available in the web site http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gorf/b12.html, and habitually used by the inventors and in general by the skilled man for comparing and determining the identity between two sequences, gap cost which depends on the sequence length to be compared is directly selected by the software (i.e. 11.2 for substitution matrix BLOSUM-62 for length>85).

[0080] In the present description, PWD circovirus will be understood as designating the circoviruses associated with piglet weight loss disease (PWD) of type A (PCVA) or type B (PCVB), defined below by their genomic sequence, as well as the circoviruses whose nucleic sequences are homologous to the sequences of PWD circoviruses of type A or B, such as in particular the circoviruses corresponding to variants of the type A or of the type B.

[0081] Complementary nucleotide sequence of a sequence of the invention is understood as meaning any DNA whose nucleotides are complementary to those of the sequence of the invention, and whose orientation is reversed (antiparallel sequence).

[0082] Hybridization under conditions of stringency with a nucleotide sequence according to the invention is understood as meaning a hybridization under conditions of temperature and ionic strength chosen in such a way that they allow the maintenance of the hybridization between two fragments of complementary DNA.

[0083] By way of illustration, conditions of great stringency of the hybridization step with the aim of defining the nucleotide fragments described above are advantageously the following.

[0084] The hybridization is carried out at a preferential temperature of 65° C. in the presence of SSC buffer, 1×SSC corresponding to 0.15 M NaCl and 0.05 M Na citrate. The washing steps, for example, can be the following:

[0085] 2×SSC, at ambient temperature followed by two washes with 2×SSC, 0.5% SDS at 65° C.; 2×0.5×SSC, 0.5% SDS; at 65° C. for 10 minutes each.

[0086] The conditions of intermediate stringency, using, for example, a temperature of 42° C. in the presence of a 2×SSC buffer, or of less stringency, for example a temperature of 37° C. in the presence of a 2×SSC buffer, respectively require a globally less significant complementarity for the hybridization between the two sequences.

[0087] The stringent hybridization conditions described above for a polynucleotide with a size of approximately 350 bases will be adapted by the person skilled in the art for oligonucleotides of greater or smaller size, according to the teaching of Sambrook et al., 1989.

[0088] Among the nucleotide sequences according to the invention, those are likewise preferred which can be used as a primer or probe in methods allowing the homologous sequences according to the invention to be obtained, these methods, such as the polymerase chain reaction (PCR), nucleic acid cloning and sequencing, being well known to the person skilled in the art.

[0089] Among said nucleotide sequences according to the invention, those are again preferred which can be used as a primer or probe in methods allowing the presence of PWD circovirus or one of its variants such as defined below to be diagnosed.

[0090] The nucleotide sequences according to the invention capable of modulating, of inhibiting or of inducing the expression of PWD circovirus gene, and/or capable of modulating the replication cycle of PWD circovirus in the host cell and/or organism are likewise preferred. Replication cycle will be understood as designating the invasion and the multiplication of PWD circovirus, and its propagation from host cell to host cell in the host organism.

[0091] Among said nucleotide sequences according to the invention, those corresponding to open reading frames, called ORF sequences, and coding for polypeptides, such as, for example, the sequences SEQ ID No. 9 (ORF1), SEQ ID No. 11 (ORF2) and SEQ ID No. 13 (ORF3) respectively corresponding to the nucleotide sequences between the positions 47 and 985 determined with respect to the position of the nucleotides on the sequence SEQ ID No. 1, the positions 1723 and 1022 and the positions 658 and 38 with respect to the position of the nucleotides on the sequence SEQ ID No. 5 (represented according to the orientation $3' \rightarrow 5'$), the ends being included, or alternatively the sequences SEQ ID No. 23 (ORF'1), SEQ ID No. 25 (ORF'2) and SEQ ID No. 27 (ORF'3), respectively corresponding to the sequences between the positions 51 and 995 determined with respect to the position of the nucleotides on the sequence SEQ ID No. 15, the positions 1734 and 1033 and the positions 670 and 357, the positions being determined with respect to the position of the nucleotides on the sequence SEQ ID No. 19 (represented according to the orientation $3' \rightarrow 5'$), the ends being included, are finally preferred.

[0092] The nucleotide sequence fragments according to the invention can be obtained, for example, by specific amplification, such as PCR, or after digestion with appropriate restriction enzymes of nucleotide sequences according to the invention, these methods in particular being described in the

work of Sambrook et al., 1989. Said representative fragments can likewise be obtained by chemical synthesis when their size is not very large and according to methods well known to persons skilled in the art.

[0093] Modified nucleotide sequence will be understood as meaning any nucleotide sequence obtained by mutagenesis according to techniques well known to the person skilled in the art, and containing modifications with respect to the normal sequences according to the invention, for example mutations in the regulatory and/or promoter sequences of polypeptide expression, especially leading to a modification of the rate of expression of said polypeptide or to a modulation of the replicative cycle.

[0094] Modified nucleotide sequence will likewise be understood as meaning any nucleotide sequence coding for a modified polypeptide such as defined below.

[0095] The present invention relates to nucleotide sequences of PWD circovirus according to the invention, characterized in that they are selected from the sequences SEQ ID No. 9, SEQ ID No. 11, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 23, SEQ ID No. 25, SEQ ID No. 27 or one of their fragments.

[0096] The invention likewise relates to nucleotide sequences characterized in that they comprise a nucleotide sequence selected from:

[0097] a) a nucleotide sequence SEQ ID No. 9, SEQ ID No. 11, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 23, SEQ ID No. 25, SEQ ID No. 27 or one of their fragments;

[0098] b) a nucleotide sequence of a specific fragment of a sequence such as defined in a);

[0099] c) a homologous nucleotide sequence having at least 80% identity with a sequence such as defined in a) or b);

[0100] d) a complementary nucleotide sequence or sequence of RNA corresponding to a sequence such as defined in a), b) or c); and

[0101] e) a nucleotide sequence modified by a sequence such as defined in a), b), c) or d).

[0102] As far as homology with the nucleotide sequences SEQ ID No. 9, SEQ ID No. 11, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 23, SEQ ID No. 25, SEQ ID No. 27 or one of their fragments is concerned, the homologous, especially specific, sequences having a percentage identity with one of the sequences SEQ ID No. 9, SEQ ID No. 11, SEQ ID No. 13, SEQ ID No. 23, SEQ ID No. 25, SEQ ID No. 27 or one of their fragments of at least 80%, preferably 90% or 95%, are preferred. Said specific homologous sequences can comprise, for example, the sequences corresponding to the sequences ORF1, ORF2, ORF3, ORF'1, ORF'2 and ORF'3 of PWD circovirus variants of type A or of type B. In the same manner, these specific homologous sequences can correspond to variations linked to mutations within strains of PWD circovirus of type A or of type B and especially correspond to truncations, substitutions, deletions and/or additions of at least one nucleotide.

[0103] Among nucleotide sequences according to the invention, the sequence SEQ ID No. 23 which has a homology having more than 80% identity with the sequence SEQ ID No. 9, as well as the sequence SEQ ID No. 25, are especially preferred.

[0104] Preferably, the invention relates to the nucleotide sequences according to the invention, characterized in that they comprise a nucleotide sequence selected from the following sequences:

```
a) SEQ ID No. 33 170 5' TGTGGCGA 3'
b) SEQ ID No. 34 450 5' AGTTTCCT 3';
c) SEQ ID No. 35 1026 5' TCATTTAGAGGGTCTTTCAG 3'.
d) SEQ ID No. 36 1074 5' GTCAACCT 3'
e) SEQ ID No. 37 1101 5' GTGGTTGC 3'
f) SEQ ID No. 38 1123 5' AGCCCAGG 3';
g) SEQ ID No. 39 1192 5' TTGGCTGG 3'
h) SEQ ID No. 40 1218 5' TCTAGCTCTGGT 3';
i) SEQ ID No. 41 1501 5' ATCTCAGCTCGT 3';
j) SEQ ID No. 42 1536 5' TGTCCTCCTCTT 3';
k) SEQ ID No. 43 1563 5' TCTCTAGA 3';
n) SEQ ID No. 44 1623 5' TGTACCAA 3';
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and their complementary sequences.

[0105] In the list of nucleotide sequences a)-m) above, the underlined nucleotides are mutated with respect to the two known sequences of circovirus which are nonpathogenic to pigs. The number preceding the nucleotide sequence represents the position of the first nucleotide of said sequence in the sequence SEQ ID No. 1.

[0106] The invention comprises the polypeptides encoded by a nucleotide sequence according to the invention, preferably a polypeptide whose sequence is represented by a fragment, especially a specific fragment, of one of the six sequences of amino acids represented in FIG. 2, these six amino acid sequences corresponding to the polypeptides which can be encoded according to one of the three possible reading frames of the sequence SEQ ID No. 1 or of the sequence SEQ ID No. 5, or a polypeptide whose sequence is represented by a fragment, especially a specific fragment, of one of the six sequences of amino acids shown in FIG. 8, these six sequences of amino acids corresponding to the polypeptides which can be encoded according to one of the three possible reading frames of the sequence SEQ ID No. 15 or of the sequence SEQ ID No. 19.

[0107] The invention likewise relates to the polypeptides, characterized in that they comprise a polypeptide selected from the amino acid sequences SEQ ID No. 10, SEQ ID No. 12, SEQ ID No. 14, SEQ ID No. 24, SEQ ID No. 26, SEQ ID No. 28 or one of their fragments.

[0108] Among the polypeptides according to the invention, the polypeptide of amino acid sequence SEQ ID No. 24 which has a homology having more than 80% identity with the sequence SEQ ID No. 10, as well as the polypeptide of sequence SEQ ID No. 26, are especially preferred.

[0109] The invention also relates to the polypeptides, characterized in that they comprise a polypeptide selected from:
[0110] a) a specific fragment of at least 5 amino acids of a polypeptide of an amino acid sequence according to the invention:

[0111] b) a polypeptide homologous to a polypeptide such as defined in a);

[0112] c) a specific biologically active fragment of a polypeptide such as defined in a) or b); and

[0113] d) a polypeptide modified by a polypeptide such as defined in a), b) or c).

[0114] Among the polypeptides according to the invention, the polypeptides of amino acid sequences SEQ ID No. 29, SEQ ID No. 30, SEQ ID No. 31 and SEQ ID No. 32 are also preferred, these polypeptides being especially capable of specifically recognizing the antibodies produced during infection by the PWD circovirus of type B. These polypeptides thus have epitopes specific for the PWD circovirus of type B and can thus be used in particular in the diagnostic field or as immunogenic agent to confer protection in pigs against infection by PWD circovirus, especially of type B.

[0115] In the present description, the terms polypeptide, peptide and protein are interchangeable.

[0116] It must be understood that the invention does not relate to the polypeptides in natural form, that is to say that they are not taken in their natural environment but that they can be isolated or obtained by purification from natural sources, or else obtained by genetic recombination, or alternatively by chemical synthesis and that they can thus contain unnatural amino acids, as will be described below.

[0117] Polypeptide fragment according to the invention is understood as designating a polypeptide containing at least 5 consecutive amino acids, preferably 10 consecutive amino acids or 15 consecutive amino acids.

[0118] In the present invention, specific polypeptide fragment is understood as designating the consecutive polypeptide fragment encoded by a specific fragment nucleotide sequence according to the invention.

[0119] Homologous polypeptide will be understood as designating the polypeptides having, with respect to the natural polypeptide, certain modifications such as, in particular, a deletion, addition or substitution of at least one amino acid, a truncation, a prolongation, a chimeric fusion, and/or a mutation. Among the homologous polypeptides, those are preferred whose amino acid sequence has at least 80%, preferably 90%, homology with the sequences of amino acids of polypeptides according to the invention.

[0120] Specific homologous polypeptide will be understood as designating the homologous polypeptides such as defined above and having a specific fragment of polypeptide according to the invention.

[0121] In the case of a substitution, one or more consecutive or nonconsecutive amino acids are replaced by "equivalent" amino acids. The expression "equivalent" amino acid is directed here at designating any amino acid capable of being substituted by one of the amino acids of the base structure without, however, essentially modifying the biological activities of the corresponding peptides and such that they will be defined by the following.

[0122] These equivalent amino acids can be determined either by depending on their structural homology with the amino acids which they substitute, or on results of comparative tests of biological activity between the different polypeptides, which are capable of being carried out.

[0123] By way of example, the possibilities of substitutions capable of being carried out without resulting in an extensive modification of the biological activity of the corresponding modified polypeptides will be mentioned, the replacement, for example, of leucine by valine or isoleucine, of aspartic acid by glutamic acid, of glutamine by asparagine, of arginine by lysine etc., the reverse substitutions naturally being envisageable under the same conditions.

[0124] The specific homologous polypeptides likewise correspond to polypeptides encoded by the specific homologous nucleotide sequences such as defined above and thus comprise in the present definition the polypeptides which are mutated or correspond to variants which can exist in PWD circovirus, and which especially correspond to truncations, substitutions, deletions and/or additions of at least one amino acid residue.

[0125] Specific biologically active fragment of a polypeptide according to the invention will be understood in particular as designating a specific polypeptide fragment, such as defined above, having at least one of the characteristics of polypeptides according to the invention, especially in that it is:

[0126] capable of inducing an immunogenic reaction directed against a PWD circovirus; and/or

[0127] capable of being recognized by a specific anti-body of a polypeptide according to the invention; and/or[0128] capable of linking to a polypeptide or to a nucle-

otide sequence of PWD circovirus; and/or

[0129] capable of exerting a physiological activity, even partial, such as, for example, a dissemination or structural (capsid) activity; and/or

[0130] capable of modulating, of inducing or of inhibiting the expression of PWD circovirus gene or one of its variants, and/or capable of modulating the replication cycle of PWD circovirus in the cell and/or the host organism.

[0131] The polypeptide fragments according to the invention can correspond to isolated or purified fragments naturally present in a PWD circovirus or correspond to fragments which can be obtained by cleavage of said polypeptide by a proteolytic enzyme, such as trypsin or chymotrypsin or collagenase, or by a chemical reagent, such as cyanogen bromide (CNBr) or alternatively by placing said polypeptide in a very acidic environment, for example at pH 2.5. Such polypeptide fragments can likewise just as easily be prepared by chemical synthesis, from hosts transformed by an expression vector according to the invention containing a nucleic acid allowing the expression of said fragments, placed under the control of appropriate regulation and/or expression elements.

[0132] "Modified polypeptide" of a polypeptide according to the invention is understood as designating a polypeptide obtained by genetic recombination or by chemical synthesis as will be described below, having at least one modification with respect to the normal sequence. These modifications will especially be able to bear on amino acids at the origin of a specificity, of pathogenicity and/or of virulence, or at the origin of the structural conformation, and of the capacity of membrane insertion of the polypeptide according to the invention. It will thus be possible to create polypeptides of equivalent, increased or decreased activity, and of equivalent, narrower, or wider specificity. Among the modified polypeptides, it is necessary to mention the polypeptides in which up to 5 amino acids can be modified, truncated at the N- or C-terminal end, or even deleted or added.

[0133] As is indicated, the modifications of the polypeptide will especially have as objective:

[0134] to render it capable of modulating, of inhibiting or of inducing the expression of PWD circovirus gene and/ or capable of modulating the replication cycle of PWD circovirus in the cell and/or the host organism,

[0135] of allowing its incorporation into vaccine compositions.

[0136] of modifying its bioavailability as a compound for therapeutic use.

[0137] The methods allowing said modulations on eukaryotic or prokaryotic cells to be demonstrated are well known to the person skilled in the art. It is likewise well understood that it will be possible to use the nucleotide sequences coding for said modified polypeptides for said modulations, for example through vectors according to the invention and described below, in order, for example, to prevent or to treat the pathologies linked to the infection.

[0138] The preceding modified polypeptides can be obtained by using combinatorial chemistry, in which it is possible to systematically vary parts of the polypeptide before testing them on models, cell cultures or microorganisms for example, to select the compounds which are most active or have the properties sought.

[0139] Chemical synthesis likewise has the advantage of being able to use:

[0140] unnatural amino acids, or

[0141] nonpeptide bonds.

[0142] Thus, in order to improve the duration of life of the polypeptides according to the invention, it may be of interest to use unnatural amino acids, for example in D form, or else amino acid analogs, especially sulfur-containing forms, for example.

[0143] Finally, it will be possible to integrate the structure of the polypeptides according to the invention, its specific or modified homologous forms, into chemical structures of polypeptide type or others. Thus, it may be of interest to provide at the N- and C-terminal ends compounds not recognized by the proteases.

[0144] The nucleotide sequences coding for a polypeptide according to the invention are likewise part of the invention.

[0145] The invention likewise relates to nucleotide sequences utilizable as a primer or probe, characterized in that said sequences are selected from the nucleotide sequences according to the invention.

[0146] Among the pairs of nucleotide sequences utilizable as a pair of primers according to the invention, the pairs of primers selected from the following pairs are preferred:

```
a) SEQ ID No. 465' GTG TGC TCG ACA TTG GTG TG 3', and

SEQ ID No. 475' TGG AAT GTT AAC GAG CTG AG 3';
b) SEQ ID No. 465' GTG TGC TCG ACA TTG GTG TG 3', and

SEQ ID No. 485' CTC GCA GCC ATC TTG GAA TG 3';
c) SEQ ID No. 495' CGC GCG TAA TAC GAC TCA CT 3', and

SEQ ID No. 465' GTG TGC TCG ACA TTG GTG TG 3';
d) SEQ ID No. 465' GTG TGC TCG ACA TTG GTG TG 3';
and

SEQ ID No. 485' CTC GCA GCC ATC TTG GAA TG 3';
and

SEQ ID No. 505' CCT GTC TAC TGC TGT GAG TAC

CTT GT 3',
and

SEQ ID No. 515' GCA GTA GAC AGG TCA CTC CGT

TGT CC 3'.
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[0147] The cloning and the sequencing of the PWD circovirus, type A and B, has allowed it to be identified, after comparative analysis with the nucleotide sequences of other porcine circoviruses, that, among the sequences of fragments of these nucleic acids, were those which are strictly specific to the PWD circovirus of type A, of type B or of type A and B, and those which correspond to a consensus sequence of porcine circoviruses other than the PWD circoviruses of type A and/or B.

[0148] There is likewise a great need for nucleotide sequences utilizable as a primer or probe specific to the whole of the other known and nonpathogenic porcine circoviruses.

[0149] Said consensus nucleotide sequences specific to all circoviruses, other than PWD circovirus of type A and B, are easily identifiable from FIG. 3 and the sequence SEQ ID No. 15, and are part of the invention.

[0150] Among said consensus nucleotide sequences, that which is characterized in that it is part of the following pair of primers is preferred:

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a) SEQ ID No. 465' GTG TGC TCG ACA TTG GTG TG 3', and
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SEQ ID No. 525' TGG AAT GTT AAC TAC CTC AA 3'.

[0151] The invention likewise comprises a nucleotide sequence according to the invention, characterized in that said sequence is a specific consensus sequence of porcine circovirus other than PWD circovirus of type B and in that it is one of the primers of the following pairs of primers:

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a) SEQ ID No. 53 5' GGC GGC GCC ATC TGT AAC GGT

TT 3',
and

SEQ ID No. 54 5' GAT GGC GCC GAA AGA CGG GTA

TC 3'.
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[0152] It is well understood that the present invention likewise relates to specific polypeptides of known porcine circoviruses other than PWD circovirus, encoded by said consensus nucleotide sequences, capable of being obtained by purification from natural polypeptides, by genetic recombination or by chemical synthesis by procedures well known to the person skilled in the art and such as described in particular below. In the same manner, the labeled or unlabeled mono- or polyclonal antibodies directed against said specific polypeptides encoded by said consensus nucleotide sequences are also part of the invention.

[0153] It will be possible to use said consensus nucleotide sequences, said corresponding polypeptides as well as said antibodies directed against said polypeptides in procedures or sets for detection and/or identification such as described below, in place of or in addition to nucleotide sequences, polypeptides or antibodies according to the invention, specific to PWD circovirus type A and/or B.

[0154] These protocols have been improved for the differential detection of the circular monomeric forms of specific replicative forms of the virion or of the DNA in replication and the dimeric forms found in so-called in-tandem molecular constructs.

[0155] The invention additionally relates to the use of a nucleotide sequence according to the invention as a primer or probe for the detection and/or the amplification of nucleic acid sequences.

[0156] The nucleotide sequences according to the invention can thus be used to amplify nucleotide sequences, especially by the PCR technique (polymerase chain reaction) (Erlich, 1989; Innis et al., 1990; Rolfs et al., 1991; and White et al., 1997).

[0157] These oligodeoxyribonucleotide or oligoribonucleotide primers advantageously have a length of at least 8 nucleotides, preferably of at least 12 nucleotides, and even more preferentially at least 20 nucleotides.

[0158] Other amplification techniques of the target nucleic acid can be advantageously employed as alternatives to PCR. [0159] The nucleotide sequences of the invention, in particular the primers according to the invention, can likewise be employed in other procedures of amplification of a target nucleic acid, such as:

[0160] the TAS technique (Transcription-based Amplification System), described by Kwoh et al. in 1989;

[0161] the 3SR technique (Self-Sustained Sequence Replication), described by Guatelli et al. in 1990;

[0162] the NASBA technique (Nucleic Acid Sequence Based Amplification), described by Kievitis et al. in 1991:

[0163] the SDA technique (Strand Displacement Amplification) (Walker et al., 1992);

[0164] the TMA technique (Transcription Mediated Amplification).

[0165] The polynucleotides of the invention can also be employed in techniques of amplification or of modification of the nucleic acid serving as a probe, such as:

[0166] the LCR technique (Ligase Chain Reaction), described by Landegren et al. in 1988 and improved by Barany et al. in 1991, which employs a thermostable ligase;

[0167] the RCR technique (Repair Chain Reaction), described by Segev in 1992;

[0168] the CPR technique (Cycling Probe Reaction), described by Duck et al. in 1990;

[0169] the amplification technique with Q-beta replicase, described by Miele et al. in 1983 and especially improved by Chu et al. in 1986, Lizardi et al. in 1988, then by Burg et al. as well as by Stone et al. in 1996.

[0170] In the case where the target polynucleotide to be detected is possibly an RNA, for example an mRNA, it will be possible to use, prior to the employment of an amplification reaction with the aid of at least one primer according to the invention or to the employment of a detection procedure with the aid of at least one probe of the invention, an enzyme of reverse transcriptase type in order to obtain a cDNA from the RNA contained in the biological sample. The cDNA obtained will thus serve as a target for the primer(s) or the probe(s) employed in the amplification or detection procedure according to the invention.

[0171] The detection probe will be chosen in such a manner that it hybridizes with the target sequence or the amplicon generated from the target sequence. By way of sequence, such a probe will advantageously have a sequence of at least 12 nucleotides, in particular of at least 20 nucleotides, and preferably of at least 100 nucleotides.

[0172] The invention also comprises the nucleotide sequences utilizable as a probe or primer according to the

invention, characterized in that they are labeled with a radioactive compound or with a nonradioactive compound.

[0173] The unlabeled nucleotide sequences can be used directly as probes or primers, although the sequences are generally labeled with a radioactive element (³²P, ³⁵S, ³H, ¹²⁵I) or with a nonradioactive molecule (biotin, acetylaminofluorene, digoxigenin, 5-bromodeoxyuridine, fluorescein) to obtain probes which are utilizable for numerous applications.

[0174] Examples of nonradioactive labeling of nucleotide sequences are described, for example, in French Patent No. 78.10975 or by Urdea et al. or by Sanchez-Pescador et al. in 1988

[0175] In the latter case, it will also be possible to use one of the labeling methods described in patents FR-2 422 956 and FR-2 518 755.

[0176] The hybridization technique can be carried out in various manners (Matthews et al., 1988). The most general method consists in immobilizing the nucleic acid extract of cells on a support (such as nitrocellulose, nylon, polystyrene) and in incubating, under well-defined conditions, the immobilized target nucleic acid with the probe. After hybridization, the excess of probe is eliminated and the hybrid molecules formed are detected by the appropriate method (measurement of the radioactivity, of the fluorescence or of the enzymatic activity linked to the probe).

[0177] The invention likewise comprises the nucleotide sequences according to the invention, characterized in that they are immobilized on a support, covalently or noncovalently.

[0178] According to another advantageous mode of employing nucleotide sequences according to the invention, the latter can be used immobilized on a support and can thus serve to capture, by specific hybridization, the target nucleic acid obtained from the biological sample to be tested. If necessary, the solid support is separated from the sample and the hybridization complex formed between said capture probe and the target nucleic acid is then detected with the aid of a second probe, a so-called detection probe, labeled with an easily detectable element.

[0179] Another subject of the present invention is a vector for the cloning and/or expression of a sequence, characterized in that it contains a nucleotide sequence according to the invention.

[0180] The vectors according to the invention, characterized in that they contain the elements allowing the expression and/or the secretion of said nucleotide sequences in a determined host cell, are likewise part of the invention.

[0181] The vector must then contain a promoter, signals of initiation and termination of translation, as well as appropriate regions of regulation of transcription. It must be able to be maintained stably in the host cell and can optionally have particular signals specifying the secretion of the translated protein. These different elements are chosen as a function of the host cell used. To this end, the nucleotide sequences according to the invention can be inserted into autonomous replication vectors within the chosen host, or integrated vectors of the chosen host.

[0182] Such vectors will be prepared according to the methods currently used by the person skilled in the art, and it will be possible to introduce the clones resulting therefrom into an appropriate host by standard methods, such as, for example, lipofection, electroporation and thermal shock.

[0183] The vectors according to the invention are, for example, vectors of plasmid or viral origin.

[0184] A preferred vector for the expression of polypeptides of the invention is baculovirus.

[0185] The vector pBS KS in which is inserted the intandem DNA sequence of the PWD circovirus type A (or DFP) as deposited at the CNCM on 3 Jul. 1997, under the number I-1891, is likewise preferred.

[0186] These vectors are useful for transforming host cells in order to clone or to express the nucleotide sequences of the invention.

[0187] The invention likewise comprises the host cells transformed by a vector according to the invention.

[0188] These cells can be obtained by the introduction into host cells of a nucleotide sequence inserted into a vector such as defined above, then the culturing of said cells under conditions allowing the replication and/or expression of the transfected nucleotide sequence.

[0189] The host cell can be selected from prokaryotic or eukaryotic systems, such as, for example, bacterial cells (Olins and Lee, 1993), but likewise yeast cells (Buckholz, 1993), as well as animal cells, in particular the cultures of mammalian cells (Edwards and Aruffo, 1993), and especially Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells, but likewise the cells of insects in which it is possible to use procedures employing baculoviruses, for example (Luckow, 1993).

[0190] A preferred host cell for the expression of the proteins of the invention is constituted by sf9 insect cells.

[0191] A more preferred host cell according to the invention is *E. coli*, such as deposited at the CNCM on 3 Jul. 1997, under the number I-1891.

[0192] The invention likewise relates to animals comprising one of said transformed cells according to the invention. [0193] The obtainment of transgenic animals according to the invention overexpres sing one or more of the genes of PWD circovirus or part of the genes will be preferably carried out in rats, mice or rabbits according to methods well known to the person skilled in the art, such as by viral or nonviral transfections. It will be possible to obtain the transgenic animals overexpressing one or more of said genes by transfection of multiple copies of said genes under the control of a strong promoter of ubiquitous nature, or selective for one type of tissue. It will likewise be possible to obtain the transgenic animals by homologous recombination in embryonic cell strains, transfer of these cell strains to embryos, selection of the affected chimeras at the level of the reproductive lines, and growth of said chimeras.

[0194] The transformed cells as well as the transgenic animals according to the invention are utilizable in procedures for preparation of recombinant polypeptides.

[0195] It is today possible to produce recombinant polypeptides in relatively large quantity by genetic engineering using the cells transformed by expression vectors according to the invention or using transgenic animals according to the invention.

[0196] The procedures for preparation of a polypeptide of the invention in recombinant form, characterized in that they employ a vector and/or a cell transformed by a vector according to the invention and/or a transgenic animal comprising one of said transformed cells according to the invention, are themselves comprised in the present invention.

[0197] Among said procedures for preparation of a polypeptide of the invention in recombinant form, the preparation procedures employing a vector, and/or a cell trans-

formed by said vector and/or a transgenic animal comprising one of said transformed cells, containing a nucleotide sequence according to the invention coding for a polypeptide of PWD circovirus, are preferred.

[0198] The recombinant polypeptides obtained as indicated above can just as well be present in glycosylated form as in nonglycosylated form and can or cannot have the natural tertiary structure.

[0199] A preferred variant consists in producing a recombinant polypeptide used to a "carrier" protein (chimeric protein). The advantage of this system is that it allows a stabilization of and a decrease in the proteolysis of the recombinant product, an increase in the solubility in the course of renaturation in vitro and/or a simplification of the purification when the fusion partner has an affinity for a specific ligand.

[0200] More particularly, the invention relates to a procedure for preparation of a polypeptide of the invention comprising the following steps:

[0201] a) culture of transformed cells under conditions allowing the expression of a recombinant polypeptide of nucleotide sequence according to the invention;

[0202] b) if need be, recovery of said recombinant polypeptide.

[0203] When the procedure for preparation of a polypeptide of the invention employs a transgenic animal according to the invention, the recombinant polypeptide is then extracted from said animal.

[0204] The invention also relates to a polypeptide which is capable of being obtained by a procedure of the invention such as described previously.

[0205] The invention also comprises a procedure for preparation of a synthetic polypeptide, characterized in that it uses a sequence of amino acids of polypeptides according to the invention.

[0206] The invention likewise relates to a synthetic polypeptide obtained by a procedure according to the invention.

[0207] The polypeptides according to the invention can likewise be prepared by techniques which are conventional in the field of the synthesis of peptides. This synthesis can be carried out in homogeneous solution or in solid phase.

[0208] For example, recourse can be made to the technique of synthesis in homogeneous solution described by Houben-Weyl in 1974.

[0209] This method of synthesis consists in successively condensing, two by two, the successive amino acids in the order required, or in condensing amino acids and fragments formed previously and already containing several amino acids in the appropriate order, or alternatively several fragments previously prepared in this way, it being understood that it will be necessary to protect beforehand all the reactive functions carried by these amino acids or fragments, with the exception of amine functions of one and carboxyls of the other or vice-versa, which must normally be involved in the formation of peptide bonds, especially after activation of the carboxyl function, according to the methods well known in the synthesis of peptides.

[0210] According to another preferred technique of the invention, recourse will be made to the technique described by Merrifield.

[0211] To make a peptide chain according to the Merrifield procedure, recourse is made to a very porous polymeric resin, on which is immobilized the first C-terminal amino acid of the chain. This amino acid is immobilized on a resin through its

carboxyl group and its amine function is protected. The amino acids which are going to form the peptide chain are thus immobilized, one after the other, on the amino group, which is deprotected beforehand each time, of the portion of the peptide chain already formed, and which is attached to the resin. When the whole of the desired peptide chain has been formed, the protective groups of the different amino acids forming the peptide chain are eliminated and the peptide is detached from the resin with the aid of an acid.

[0212] The invention additionally relates to hybrid polypeptides having at least one polypeptide according to the invention, and a sequence of a polypeptide capable of inducing an immune response in man or animals.

[0213] Advantageously, the antigenic determinant is such that it is capable of inducing a humoral and/or cellular response.

[0214] It will be possible for such a determinant to comprise a polypeptide according to the invention in glycosylated form used with a view to obtaining immunogenic compositions capable of inducing the synthesis of antibodies directed against multiple epitopes. Said polypeptides or their glycosylated fragments are likewise part of the invention.

[0215] These hybrid molecules can be formed, in part, of a polypeptide carrier molecule or of fragments thereof according to the invention, associated with a possibly immunogenic part, in particular an epitope of the diphtheria toxin, the tetanus toxin, a surface antigen of the hepatitis B virus (patent FR 79 21811), the VP1 antigen of the poliomyelitis virus or any other viral or bacterial toxin or antigen.

[0216] The procedures for synthesis of hybrid molecules encompass the methods used in genetic engineering for constructing hybrid nucleotide sequences coding for the polypeptide sequences sought. It will be possible, for example, to refer advantageously to the technique for obtainment of genes coding for fusion proteins described by Minton in 1984.

[0217] Said hybrid nucleotide sequences coding for a hybrid polypeptide as well as the hybrid polypeptides according to the invention characterized in that they are recombinant polypeptides obtained by the expression of said hybrid nucleotide sequences are likewise part of the invention.

[0218] The invention likewise comprises the vectors characterized in that they contain one of said hybrid nucleotide sequences. The host cells transformed by said vectors, the transgenic animals comprising one of said transformed cells as well as the procedures for preparation of recombinant polypeptides using said vectors, said transformed cells and/or said transgenic animals are, of course, likewise part of the invention.

[0219] The polypeptides according to the invention, the antibodies according to the invention described below and the nucleotide sequences according to the invention can advantageously be employed in procedures for the detection and/or identification of PWD circovirus, or of porcine circovirus other than a PWD circovirus, in a biological sample (biological tissue or fluid) capable of containing them. These procedures, according to the specificity of the polypeptides, the antibodies and the nucleotide sequences according to the invention which will be used, will in particular be able to detect and/or to identify a PWD circovirus or a porcine circovirus other than a PWD circovirus or other than the PWD circovirus of type B.

[0220] The polypeptides according to the invention can advantageously be employed in a procedure for the detection

and/or the identification of PWD circovirus of type A, of type B, of type A or B, or porcine circovirus other than the PWD circovirus of type B, or of porcine circovirus other than the PWD circovirus of type A or B, in a biological sample (biological tissue or fluid) capable of containing them, characterized in that it comprises the following steps:

- [0221] a) contacting of this biological sample with a polypeptide or one of its fragments according to the invention (under conditions allowing an immunological reaction between said polypeptide and the antibodies possibly present in the biological sample);
- [0222] b) demonstration of the antigen-antibody complexes possibly formed.

[0223] In the present description, PWD circovirus, except if a particular mention is indicated, will be understood as designating a PWD circovirus of type A or of type B, and porcine circovirus other than PWD, except if a particular mention is indicated, will be understood as designating a porcine circovirus other than a PWD circovirus of type A and B

[0224] Preferably, the biological sample is formed by a fluid, for example a pig serum, whole blood or biopsies.

[0225] Any conventional procedure can be employed for carrying out such a detection of the antigen-antibody complexes possibly formed.

[0226] By way of example, a preferred method brings into play immunoenzymatic processes according to the ELISA technique, by immunofluorescence, or radioimmunological processes (RIA) or their equivalent.

[0227] Thus, the invention likewise relates to the polypeptides according to the invention, labeled with the aid of an adequate label such as of the enzymatic, fluorescent or radioactive type.

[0228] Such methods comprise, for example, the following steps:

- [0229] deposition of determined quantities of a polypeptide composition according to the invention in the wells of a microtiter plate,
- [0230] introduction into said wells of increasing dilutions of serum, or of a biological sample other than that defined previously, having to be analyzed,
- [0231] incubation of the microplate,
- [0232] introduction into the wells of the microtiter plate of labeled antibodies directed against pig immunoglobulins, the labeling of these antibodies having been carried out with the aid of an enzyme selected from those which are capable of hydrolyzing a substrate by modifying the absorption of the radiation of the latter, at least at a determined wavelength, for example at 550 nm,
- [0233] detection, by comparison with a control test, of the quantity of hydrolyzed substrate.
- [0234] The invention likewise relates to a kit or set for the detection and/or identification of PWD circovirus, of porcine circovirus other than a PWD circovirus or of porcine circovirus other than the PWD circovirus of type B, characterized in that it comprises the following elements:
 - [0235] a polypeptide according to the invention,
 - [0236] if need be, the reagents for the formation of the medium favorable to the immunological or specific reaction,
 - [0237] if need be, the reagents allowing the detection of the antigen-antibody complexes produced by the immunological reaction between the polypeptide(s) of the invention and the antibodies possibly present in the bio-

- logical sample, these reagents likewise being able to carry a label, or to be recognized in their turn by a labeled reagent, more particularly in the case where the polypeptide according to the invention is not labeled,
- [0238] if need be, a biological reference sample (negative control) devoid of antibodies recognized by a polypeptide according to the invention,
- [0239] if need be, a biological reference sample (positive control) containing a predetermined quantity of antibodies recognized by a polypeptide according to the invention.

[0240] The polypeptides according to the invention allow monoclonal or polyclonal antibodies to be prepared which are characterized in that they specifically recognize the polypeptides according to the invention. It will advantageously be possible to prepare the monoclonal antibodies from hybridomas according to the technique described by Kohler and Milstein in 1975. It will be possible to prepare the polyclonal antibodies, for example, by immunization of an animal, in particular a mouse, with a polypeptide or a DNA, according to the invention, associated with an adjuvant of the immune response, and then purification of the specific antibodies contained in the serum of the immunized animals on an affinity column on which the polypeptide which has served as an antigen has previously been immobilized. The polyclonal antibodies according to the invention can also be prepared by purification, on an affinity column on which a polypeptide according to the invention has previously been immobilized, of the antibodies contained in the serum of pigs infected by a PWD circovirus.

[0241] The invention likewise relates to mono- or polyclonal antibodies or their fragments, or chimeric antibodies, characterized in that they are capable of specifically recognizing a polypeptide according to the invention.

[0242] It will likewise be possible for the antibodies of the invention to be labeled in the same manner as described previously for the nucleic probes of the invention, such as a labeling of enzymatic, fluorescent or radioactive type.

[0243] The invention is additionally directed at a procedure for the detection and/or identification of PWD circovirus, of porcine circovirus other than a PWD circovirus, or other than the PWD circovirus of type B, in a biological sample, characterized in that it comprises the following steps:

[0244] a) contacting of the biological sample (biological tissue or fluid) with a mono- or polyclonal antibody according to the invention (under conditions allowing an immunological reaction between said antibodies and the polypeptides of PWD circovirus, of porcine circovirus other than a PWD circovirus, of porcine circovirus other than the PWD circovirus of type B, possibly present in the biological sample);

[0245] b) demonstration of the antigen-antibody complex possibly formed.

[0246] Likewise within the scope of the invention is a kit or set for the detection and/or the identification of PWD circovirus, of porcine circovirus other than a PWD circovirus or of porcine circovirus other than the PWD circovirus of type B, characterized in that it comprises the following components:

- [0247] a polyclonal or monoclonal antibody according to the invention, if need be labeled;
- [0248] if need be, a reagent for the formation of the medium favorable to the carrying out of the immunological reaction;
- [0249] if need be, a reagent allowing the detection of the antigen-antibody complexes produced by the immuno-

logical reaction, this reagent likewise being able to carry a label, or being capable of being recognized in its turn by a labeled reagent, more particularly in the case where said monoclonal or polyclonal antibody is not labeled;

[0250] if need be, reagents for carrying out the lysis of cells of the sample tested.

[0251] The present invention likewise relates to a procedure for the detection and/or the identification of PWD, of porcine circovirus other than a PWD circovirus or of porcine circovirus other than the PWD circovirus of type B, in a biological sample, characterized in that it employs a nucleotide sequence according to the invention.

[0252] More particularly, the invention relates to a procedure for the detection and/or the identification of PWD circovirus, of porcine circovirus other than a PWD circovirus or of porcine circovirus other than the PWD circovirus of type B, in a biological sample, characterized in that it contains the following steps:

[0253] a) if need be, isolation of the DNA from the biological sample to be analyzed;

[0254] b) specific amplification of the DNA of the sample with the aid of at least one primer, or a pair of primers, according to the invention;

[0255] c) demonstration of the amplification products.

[0256] These can be detected, for example, by the technique of molecular hybridization utilizing a nucleic probe according to the invention. This probe will advantageously be labeled with a nonradioactive (cold probe) or radioactive element

[0257] For the purposes of the present invention, "DNA of the biological sample" or "DNA contained in the biological sample" will be understood as meaning either the DNA present in the biological sample considered, or possibly the cDNA obtained after the action of an enzyme of reverse transcriptase type on the RNA present in said biological sample.

[0258] Another aim of the present invention consists in a procedure according to the invention, characterized in that it comprises the following steps:

[0259] a) contacting of a nucleotide probe according to the invention with a biological sample, the DNA contained in the biological sample having, if need be, previously been made accessible to hybridization under conditions allowing the hybridization of the probe with the DNA of the sample;

[0260] b) demonstration of the hybrid formed between the nucleotide probe and the DNA of the biological sample.

[0261] The present invention also relates to a procedure according to the invention, characterized in that it comprises the following steps:

[0262] a) contacting of a nucleotide probe immobilized on a support according to the invention with a biological sample, the DNA of the sample having, if need be, previously been made accessible to hybridization, under conditions allowing the hybridization of the probe with the DNA of the sample; [0263] b) contacting of the hybrid formed between the nucleotide probe immobilized on a support and the DNA

[0263] b) contacting of the hybrid formed between the nucleotide probe immobilized on a support and the DNA contained in the biological sample, if need be after elimination of the DNA of the biological sample which has not hybridized with the probe, with a nucleotide probe labeled according to the invention;

[0264] c) demonstration of the novel hybrid formed in step b).

[0265] According to an advantageous embodiment of the procedure for detection and/or identification defined previ-

ously, this is characterized in that, prior to step a), the DNA of the biological sample is first amplified with the aid of at least one primer according to the invention.

[0266] The invention is additionally directed at a kit or set for the detection and/or the identification of PWD circovirus, of porcine circovirus other than the PWD circovirus or of porcine circovirus other than the PWD circovirus of type B, characterized in that it comprises the following elements:

[0267] a) a nucleotide probe according to the invention;

[0268] b) if need be, the reagents necessary for the carrying out of a hybridization reaction;

[0269] c) if need be, at least one primer according to the invention as well as the reagents necessary for an amplification reaction of the DNA.

[0270] The invention likewise relates to a kit or set for the detection and/or the identification of PWD circovirus, of porcine circovirus other than a PWD circovirus or of porcine circovirus other than the PWD circovirus of type B, characterized in that it comprises the following components:

[0271] a) a nucleotide probe, called a capture probe, according to the invention;

[0272] b) an oligonucleotide probe, called a revealing probe, according to the invention,

[0273] c) if need be, at least one primer according to the invention, as well as the reagents necessary for an amplification reaction of the DNA.

[0274] The invention also relates to a kit or set for the detection and/or identification of PWD circovirus, of porcine circovirus other than a PWD circovirus or of porcine circovirus other than the PWD circovirus of type B, characterized in that it comprises the following elements:

[0275] a) at least one primer according to the invention;

[0276] b) if need be, the reagents necessary for carrying out a DNA amplification reaction;

[0277] c) if need be, a component allowing the sequence of the amplified fragment to be verified, more particularly an oligonucleotide probe according to the invention.

[0278] The invention additionally relates to the use of a nucleotide sequence according to the invention, of a polypeptide according to the invention, of an antibody according to the invention, of a cell according to the invention, and/or of an animal transformed according to the invention, for the selection of an organic or inorganic compound capable of modulating, inducing or inhibiting the expression of genes, and/or of modifying the cellular replication of PWD circovirus or capable of inducing or of inhibiting the pathologies linked to an infection by a PWD circovirus.

[0279] The invention likewise comprises a method of selection of compounds capable of binding to a polypeptide or one of its fragments according to the invention, capable of binding to a nucleotide sequence according to the invention, or capable of recognizing an antibody according to the invention, and/or capable of modulating, inducing or inhibiting the expression of genes, and/or of modifying the cellular replication of PWD circovirus or capable of inducing or inhibiting the pathologies linked to an infection by a PWD circovirus, characterized in that it comprises the following steps:

[0280] a) contacting of said compound with said polypeptide, said nucleotide sequence, or with a cell transformed according to the invention and/or administration of said compound to an animal transformed according to the invention;

[0281] b) determination of the capacity of said compound to bind to said polypeptide or said nucleotide sequence, or to modulate, induce or inhibit the expression of genes, or to

modulate the growth or the replication of PWD circovirus, or to induce or inhibit in said transformed animal the pathologies linked to an infection by PWD circovirus (designated activity of said compound).

[0282] The compounds capable of being selected can be organic compounds such as polypeptides or carbohydrates or any other organic or inorganic compounds already known, or novel organic compounds elaborated by molecular modeling techniques and obtained by chemical or biochemical synthesis, these techniques being known to the person skilled in the art

[0283] It will be possible to use said selected compounds to modulate the cellular replication of PWD circovirus and thus to control infection by this virus, the methods allowing said modulations to be determined being well known to the person skilled in the art.

[0284] This modulation can be carried out, for example, by an agent capable of binding to a protein and thus of inhibiting or of potentiating its biological activity, or capable of binding to an envelope protein of the external surface of said virus and of blocking the penetration of said virus into the host cell or of favoring the action of the immune system of the infected organism directed against said virus. This modulation can likewise be carried out by an agent capable of binding to a nucleotide sequence of a DNA of said virus and of blocking, for example, the expression of a polypeptide whose biological or structural activity is necessary for the replication or for the proliferation of said virus host cells to host cells in the host animal.

[0285] The invention relates to the compounds capable of being selected by a selection method according to the invention.

[0286] The invention likewise relates to a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound selected from the following compounds:

[0287] a) a nucleotide sequence according to the invention;

[0288] b) a polypeptide according to the invention;

[0289] c) a vector, a viral particle or a cell transformed according to the invention;

[0290] d) an antibody according to the invention;

[0291] e) a compound capable of being selected by a selection method according to the invention; possibly in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle and, if need be, with one or more adjuvants of the appropriate immunity.

[0292] The invention also relates to an immunogenic and/or vaccine composition, characterized in that it comprises a compound selected from the following compounds:

[0293] a) a nucleotide sequence according to the invention;

[0294] b) a polypeptide according to the invention;

[0295] c) a vector or a viral particle according to the invention; and

[0296] d) a cell according to the invention.

[0297] In one embodiment, the vaccine composition according to the invention is characterized in that it comprises a mixture of at least two of said compounds a), b), c) and d) above and in that one of the two said compounds is related to the PWD circovirus of type A and the other is related to the PWD circovirus of type B.

[0298] In another embodiment of the invention, the vaccine composition is characterized in that it comprises at least one compound a), b), c), or d) above which is related to PWD circovirus of type B. In still another embodiment, the vaccine

composition is characterized in that it comprises at least one compound a), b), c), or d) above which is related to PWD circovirus of type B ORF'2.

[0299] A compound related to the PWD circovirus of type A or of type B is understood here as respectively designating a compound obtained from the genomic sequence of the PWD circovirus of type A or of type B.

[0300] The invention is additionally aimed at an immunogenic and/or vaccine composition, characterized in that it comprises at least one of the following compounds:

[0301] a nucleotide sequence SEQ ID No. 23, SEQ ID No. 25, or one of their fragments or homologues;

[0302] a polypeptide of sequence SEQ ID No. 24, SEQ ID No. 26, or one of their fragments, or a modification thereof:

[0303] a vector or a viral particle comprising a nucleotide sequence SEQ ID No. 23, SEQ ID No. 25, or one of their fragments or homologues;

[0304] a transformed cell capable of expressing a polypeptide of sequence SEQ ID

[0305] No. 24, SEQ ID No. 26, or one of their fragments, or a modification thereof; or

[0306] a mixture of at least two of said compounds.

[0307] The invention also comprises an immunogenic and/ or vaccine composition according to the invention, characterized in that it comprises said mixture of at least two of said compounds as a combination product for simultaneous, separate or protracted use for the prevention or the treatment of infection by a PWD circovirus, especially of type B.

[0308] In a preferred embodiment, the vaccine composition according to the invention comprises the mixture of the following compounds:

[0309] a pcDNA3 plasmid containing a nucleic acid of sequence SEQ ID No. 23;

[0310] a pcDNA3 plasmid containing a nucleic acid of sequence SEQ ID No. 25;

[0311] a pcDNA3 plasmid containing a nucleic acid coding for the GM-CSF protein;

[0312] a recombinant baculovirus containing a nucleic acid of sequence SEQ ID No. 23;

[0313] a recombinant baculovirus containing a nucleic acid of sequence SEQ ID No. 25; and

[0314] if need be, an adjuvant of the appropriate immunity, especially the adjuvant AIFTM.

[0315] The invention is likewise directed at a pharmaceutical composition according to the invention, for the prevention or the treatment of an infection by a PWD circovirus.

[0316] The invention is also directed at a pharmaceutical composition according to the invention for the prevention or the treatment of an infection by the PWD circovirus of type B.

[0317] The invention likewise concerns the use of a composition according to the invention, for the preparation of a medicament intended for the prevention or the treatment of infection by a PWD circovirus, preferably by the PWD circovirus of type B.

[0318] Under another aspect, the invention relates to a vector, a viral particle or a cell according to the invention, for the treatment and/or the prevention of a disease by gene therapy.

[0319] Finally, the invention comprises the use of a vector, of a viral particle or of a cell according to the invention for the preparation of a medicament intended for the treatment and/or the prevention of a disease by gene therapy.

[0320] The polypeptides of the invention entering into the immunogenic or vaccine compositions according to the

invention can be selected by techniques known to the person skilled in the art such as, for example, depending on the capacity of said polypeptides to stimulate the T cells, which is translated, for example, by their proliferation or the secretion of interleukins, and which leads to the production of antibodies directed against said polypeptides.

[0321] In pigs, as in mice, in which a weight dose of the vaccine composition comparable to the dose used in man is administered, the antibody reaction is tested by taking of the serum followed by a study of the formation of a complex between the antibodies present in the serum and the antigen of the vaccine composition, according to the usual techniques.

[0322] The pharmaceutical compositions according to the invention will contain an effective quantity of the compounds of the invention, that is to say in sufficient quantity of said compound(s) allowing the desired effect to be obtained, such as, for example, the modulation of the cellular replication of PWD circovirus. The person skilled in the art will know how to determine this quantity, as a function, for example, of the age and of the weight of the individual to be treated, of the state of advancement of the pathology, of the possible secondary effects and by means of a test of evaluation of the effects obtained on a population range, these tests being known in these fields of application.

[0323] According to the invention, said vaccine combinations will preferably be combined with a pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle and, if need be, with one or more adjuvants of the appropriate immunity.

[0324] Today, various types of vaccines are available for protecting animals or man against infectious diseases: attenuated living microorganisms (M. bovis—BCG for tuberculosis), inactivated microorganisms (influenza virus), acellular extracts (Bordetella pertussis for whooping cough), recombined proteins (surface antigen of the hepatitis B virus), polysaccharides (pneumococcal). Vaccines prepared from synthetic peptides or genetically modified microorganisms expressing heterologous antigens are in the course of experimentation. More recently still, recombined plasmid DNAs carrying genes coding for protective antigens have been proposed as an alternative vaccine strategy. This type of vaccination is carried out with a particular plasmid originating from a plasmid of E. coli which does not replicate in vivo and which codes uniquely for the vaccinating protein. Animals have been immunized by simply injecting the naked plasmid DNA into the muscle. This technique leads to the expression of the vaccine protein in situ and to an immune response of cellular type (CTL) and of humoral type (antibody). This double induction of the immune response is one of the principal advantages of the vaccination technique with naked DNA.

[0325] The vaccine compositions comprising nucleotide sequences or vectors into which are inserted said sequences are especially described in the international application No. WO 90/11092 and likewise in the international application No. WO 95/11307.

[0326] The constitutive nucleotide sequence of the vaccine composition according to the invention can be injected into the host after having been coupled to compounds which favor the penetration of this polynucleotide into the interior of the cell or its transport to the cell nucleus. The resultant conjugates can be encapsulated in polymeric microparticles, as described in the international application No. WO 94/27238 (Medisorb Technologies International).

[0327] According to another embodiment of the vaccine composition according to the invention, the nucleotide sequence, preferably a DNA, is complexed with DEAE-dextran (Pagano et al., 1967) or with nuclear proteins (Kaneda et al., 1989), with lipids (Felgner et al., 1987) or encapsulated in liposomes (Fraley et al., 1980) or else introduced in the form of a gel facilitating its transfection into the cells (Midoux et al., 1993, Pastore et al., 1994). The polynucleotide or the vector according to the invention can also be in suspension in a buffer solution or be combined with liposomes.

[0328] Advantageously, such a vaccine will be prepared according to the technique described by Tacson et al. or Huygen et al. in 1996 or alternatively according to the technique described by Davis et al. in the international application No. WO 95/11307.

[0329] Such a vaccine can likewise be prepared in the form of a composition containing a vector according to the invention, placed under the control of regulation elements allowing its expression in man or animal. It will be possible, for example, to use, by way of in vivo expression vector of the polypeptide antigen of interest, the plasmid pcDNA3 or the plasmid pcDNA1/neo, both marketed by Invitrogen (R&D Systems, Abingdon, United Kingdom). It is also possible to use the plasmid V1Jns.tPA, described by Shiver et al. in 1995. Such a vaccine will advantageously comprise, apart from the recombinant vector, a saline solution, for example a sodium chloride solution.

[0330] Pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle is understood as designating a compound or a combination of compounds entering into a pharmaceutical composition or vaccine which does not provoke secondary reactions and which allows, for example, the facilitation of the administration of the active compound, an increase in its duration of life and/or its efficacy in the body, an increase in its solubility in solution or alternatively an improvement in its conservation. These pharmaceutically acceptable vehicles are well known and will be adapted by the person skilled in the art as a function of the nature and of the mode of administration of the chosen active compound.

[0331] As far as the vaccine formulations are concerned, these can comprise adjuvants of the appropriate immunity which are known to the person skilled in the art, such as, for example, aluminum hydroxide, a representative of the family of muramyl peptides such as one of the peptide derivatives of N-acetyl muramyl, a bacterial lysate, or alternatively Freund's incomplete adjuvant.

[0332] These compounds can be administered by the systemic route, in particular by the intravenous route, by the intramuscular, intradermal or subcutaneous route, or by the oral route. In a more preferred manner, the vaccine composition comprising polypeptides according to the invention will be administered by the intramuscular route, through the food or by nebulization several times, staggered over time.

[0333] Their administration modes, dosages and optimum pharmaceutical forms can be determined according to the criteria generally taken into account in the establishment of a treatment adapted to an animal such as, for example, the age or the weight, the seriousness of its general condition, the tolerance to the treatment and the secondary effects noted. Preferably, the vaccine of the present invention is administered in an amount that is protective against piglet weight loss disease.

[0334] For example, in the case of a vaccine according to the present invention comprising a polypeptide encoded by a

nucleotide sequence of the genome of PCV, or a homologue or fragment thereof, the polypeptide will be administered one time or several times, spread out over time, directly or by means of a transformed cell capable of expressing the polypeptide, in an amount of about 0.1 to 10 µg per kilogram weight of the animal, preferably about 0.2 to about 5 µg/kg, more preferably about 0.5 to about 2 µg/kg for a dose.

[0335] The present invention likewise relates to the use of nucleotide sequences of PWD circovirus according to the invention for the construction of autoreplicative retroviral vectors and the therapeutic applications of these, especially in the field of human gene therapy in vivo.

[0336] The feasibility of gene therapy applied to man no longer needs to be demonstrated and this relates to numerous therapeutic applications like genetic diseases, infectious diseases and cancers. Numerous documents of the prior art describe the means of employing gene therapy, especially through viral vectors. Generally speaking, the vectors are obtained by deletion of at least some of the viral genes which are replaced by the genes of therapeutic interest. Such vectors can be propagated in a complementation line which supplies in trans the deleted viral functions in order to generate a defective viral vector particle for replication but capable of infecting a host cell. To date, the retroviral vectors are amongst the most widely used and their mode of infection is widely described in the literature accessible to the person skilled in the art.

[0337] The principle of gene therapy is to deliver a functional gene, called a gene of interest, of which the RNA or the corresponding protein will produce the desired biochemical effect in the targeted cells or tissues. On the one hand, the insertion of genes allows the prolonged expression of complex and unstable molecules such as RNAs or proteins which can be extremely difficult or even impossible to obtain or to administer directly. On the other hand, the controlled insertion of the desired gene into the interior of targeted specific cells allows the expression product to be regulated in defined tissues. For this, it is necessary to be able to insert the desired therapeutic gene into the interior of chosen cells and thus to have available a method of insertion capable of specifically targeting the cells or the tissues chosen.

[0338] Among the methods of insertion of genes, such as, for example, microinjection, especially the injection of naked plasmid DNA (Derse, D. et al., 1995, and Zhao, T. M. et al., 1996), electroporation, homologous recombination, the use of viral particles, such as retroviruses, is widespread. However, applied in vivo, the gene transfer systems of recombinant retroviral type at the same time have a weak infectious power (insufficient concentration of viral particles) and a lack of specificity with regard to chosen target cells.

[0339] The production of cell-specific viral vectors, having a tissue-specific tropism, and whose gene of interest can be translated adequately by the target cells, is realizable, for example, by fusing a specific ligand of the target host cells to the N-terminal part of a surface protein of the envelope of PWD circovirus. It is possible to mention, for example, the construction of retroviral particles having the CD4 molecule on the surface of the envelope so as to target the human cells infected by the HW virus (YOUNG, J. A. T. et al., Sciences 1990, 250, 1421-1423), viral particles having a peptide hormone fused to an envelope protein to specifically infect the cells expressing the corresponding receptor (KASAHARA, N. et al., Sciences 1994, 266, 1373-1376) or else alternatively viral particles having a fused polypeptide capable of immo-

bilizing on the receptor of the epidermal growth factor (EGF) (COSSET, F. L. et al., J. of Virology 1995, 69, 10, 6314-6322). In another approach, single-chain fragments of antibodies directed against surface antigens of the target cells are inserted by fusion with the N-terminal part of the envelope protein (VALSESIA-WITTMAN, S. et al., J. of Virology 1996, 70, 3, 2059-2064; TEARINA CHU, T. H. et al., J. of Virology 1997, 71, 1, 720-725).

[0340] For the purposes of the present invention, a gene of interest in use in the invention can be obtained from a eukaryotic or prokaryotic organism or from a virus by any conventional technique. It is, preferably, capable of producing an expression product having a therapeutic effect and it can be a product homologous to the cell host or, alternatively, heterologous. In the scope of the present invention, a gene of interest can code for an (i) intracellular or (ii) membrane product present on the surface of the host cell or (iii) secreted outside the host cell. It can therefore comprise appropriate additional elements such as, for example, a sequence coding for a secretion signal. These signals are known to the person skilled in the art.

[0341] In accordance with the aims pursued by the present invention, a gene of interest can code for a protein corresponding to all or part of a native protein as found in nature. It can likewise be a chimeric protein, for example arising from the fusion of polypeptides of various origins or from a mutant having improved and/or modified biological properties. Such a mutant can be obtained, by conventional biological techniques, by substitution, deletion and/or addition of one or more amino acid residues.

[0342] It is very particularly preferred to employ a gene of therapeutic interest coding for an expression product capable of inhibiting or retarding the establishment and/or the development of a genetic or acquired disease. A vector according to the invention is in particular intended for the prevention or for the treatment of cystic fibrosis, of hemophilia A or B, of Duchenne's or Becker's myopathy, of cancer, of AIDS and of other bacteria or infectious diseases due to a pathogenic organism: virus, bacteria, parasite or prion. The genes of interest utilizable in the present invention are those which code, for example, for the following proteins:

- [0343] a cytokine and especially an interleukin, an interferon, a tissue necrosis factor and a growth factor and especially a hematopoietic growth factor (G-CSF, GM-CSF).
- [0344] a factor or cofactor involved in clotting and especially factor VIII, von Willebrand's factor, antithrombin III, protein C, thrombin and hirudin,
- [0345] an enzyme or an enzyme inhibitor such as the inhibitors of viral proteases,
- [0346] an expression product of a suicide gene such as thymidine kinase of the HSV virus (herpesvirus) of type 1,
- [0347] an activator or an inhibitor of ion channels,
- [0348] a protein of which the absence, the modification or the deregulation of expression is responsible for a genetic disease, such as the CFTR protein, dystrophin or minidystrophin, insulin, ADA (adenosine diaminose), glucocerebrosidase and phenylhydroxylase,
- [0349] a protein capable of inhibiting the initiation or the progression of cancers, such as the expression products of tumor suppressor genes, for example the P53 and Rb genes.

[0350] a protein capable of stimulating an immune or an antibody response, and

[0351] a protein capable of inhibiting a viral infection or its development, for example the antigenic epitopes of the virus in question or altered variants of viral proteins capable of entering into competition with the native viral proteins.

[0352] The invention thus relates to the vectors characterized in that they comprise a nucleotide sequence of PWD circovirus according to the invention, and in that they additionally comprise a gene of interest.

[0353] The present invention likewise relates to viral particles generated from said vector according to the invention. It additionally relates to methods for the preparation of viral particles according to the invention, characterized in that they employ a vector according to the invention, including viral pseudoparticles (VLP, virus-like particles).

[0354] The invention likewise relates to animal cells transfected by a vector according to the invention.

[0355] Likewise comprised in the invention are animal cells, especially mammalian, infected by a viral particle according to the invention.

[0356] The present invention likewise relates to a vector, a viral particle or a cell according to the invention, for the treatment and/or the prevention of a genetic disease or of an acquired disease such as cancer or an infectious disease. The invention is likewise directed at a pharmaceutical composition comprising, by way of therapeutic or prophylactic agent, a vector or a cell according to the invention, in combination with a vehicle acceptable from a pharmaceutical point of view.

[0357] Other characteristics and advantages of the invention appear in the examples and the figures.

[0358] The invention is described in more detail in the following illustrative examples. Although the examples may represent only selected embodiments of the invention, it should be understood that the following examples are illustrative and not limiting.

EXAMPLES

Example 1

Cloning, Sequencing and Characterization of the PWD Circovirus of Type A (PCVA)

[0359] 1. Experimental Procedures

[0360] Experimental reproduction of the infection and its syndrome are provided (cf. FIG. 1).

[0361] A first test was carried out with pigs from a very well-kept farm, but affected by piglet weight loss disease (PWD), likewise called fatal piglet wasting (FPW). Tests carried out with SPF (specific pathogen-free) pigs showed a transfer of contaminant(s) finding expression in a complex pathology combining hyperthermia, retardation of growth, diarrhea and conjunctivitis. The PDRS (porcine dysgenic and respiratory syndrome) virus, an infectious disease due to an arteriovirus) was rapidly isolated from breeding pigs and contact pigs. It should have been possible to attribute all the clinical signs to the presence of the PDRS virus. However, two farm pigs presented signs of FPW without the PDRS virus being isolated. The histological analyses and blood formulas, however, showed that these pigs were suffering from an infectious process of viral origin.

[0362] In a second test, 8-week SPF pigs were inoculated by the intratracheal route with organ homogenates of two

farm pigs suffering from FPW. The inoculated pigs exhibited hyperthermia 8 to 9 days post-infection, then their growth was retarded. Other SPF pigs, placed in contact, had similar, attenuated signs 30 days after the initial experiment. No sero-conversion with respect to a European or Canadian strain of PDRS virus was recorded in these animals.

[0363] A third test allowed the syndrome to be reproduced from samples taken from the pigs of the second test.

[0364] Conclusion

[0365] The syndrome is reproduced under the experimental conditions. It is determined by at least one infectious agent, which is transmittable by direct contact. The clinical constants are a sometimes high hyperthermia (greater than or equal to 41.5° C.) which develops 8 to 10 days after infection. Retardation of the growth can be observed. The other signs are a reversal of the blood formula (reversal of the lymphocyte/polynuclear ratio from 70/30 to 30/70) and frequent lesions on the ganglia, especially those draining the respiratory apparatus (ganglionic hypertrophy, loss of structure with necrosis and infiltration by mononucleated or plurinucleated giant cells).

[0366] 2. Laboratory Studies

[0367] Various cell supports including primary pig kidney cells or cell lines, pig testicle cells, monkey kidney cells, pig lymphocytes, pig alveolar macrophages and circulating blood monocytes were used to demonstrate the possible presence of a virus. No cytopathic effect was demonstrated in these cells. On the other hand, the use of a serum of a pig sick after experimental infection allowed an intracellular antigen to be revealed in the monocytes, the macrophages and approximately 10% of pig kidney (PK) cells infected with organ homogenates. This indirect revealing was carried out kinetically at different culture times. It is evident from this that the antigen initially appears in the nucleus of the infected cells before spreading into the cytoplasm. The successive passages in cell culture did not allow the signal to be amplified.

[0368] Under electron microscopy on organ homogenates, spherical particles labeled specifically by the serum of sick pigs, infected under the experimental conditions, were visualized. The size of these particles is estimated at 20 nm.

[0369] After two passages of these organ homogenates over pig lymphocytes and then three passages over pig kidney or testicle cells, a cytopathic effect developed and was amplified. An adenovirus was visualized in the electron microscope, which, under the experimental conditions, did not reproduce FPW (only a hyperthermia peak was noted 24 to 48 hours after infection, and then nothing more).

[0370] It has been possible to demonstrate DNA bands in certain samples of pigs infected under the experimental conditions and having exhibited signs of the disease (results not shown). A certain connection exists between the samples giving a positive result in cell culture and those having a DNA band.

[0371] Conclusion

[0372] At least two types of virus were demonstrated in the organ homogenates from pigs suffering from FPW. One is an adenovirus, but by itself alone it does not reproduce the disease. The other type of virus is a circovirus and is associated with FPW. This circovirus, of which two types have been isolated and sequenced, designated below PWD circovirus type A (or PCVA) and PWD circovirus of type B (or PCVB) have mutations with respect to the known sequences of circovirus which are nonpathogenic for the pig.

 $[0373]\quad 3.$ Cloning and Sequencing of the DNA of the PWD Circovirus of Type A

[0374] Cloning and sequencing of the DNA of PHD circovirus Type A is accomplished by extraction of the replicative form (RF) DNA, followed by cleavage by the Kpn I enzyme and amplification by a pair of primers flanking the Kpn I restriction site. The two strands of DNA are sequenced at least twice by the Sanger method.

[0375] The nucleic sequence of the strand of (+) polarity of the genome of the PWD circovirus of type A (or PCVA), strain FPW, is represented by the sequence SEQ ID No. 1 in the list of sequences, the nucleic acid sequence of the strand of (−) polarity of the genome of the PWD circovirus of type A (or PCVA) being represented by the nucleic acid sequence 3'→5' of FIG. 3 or by the sequence SEQ ID No. 5 (represented according to the orientation 5'→3') in the list of sequences.

[0376] The amino acid sequences SEQ ID No. 10, SEQ ID No. 12 and SEQ ID No. 14 of the list of sequences respectively represent the sequences of proteins encoded by the nucleic sequences of the 3 open reading frames SEQ ID No. 9 (ORF1), corresponding to the REP protein, SEQ ID No. 11 (ORF2) and SEQ ID No. 13 (ORF3), determined from the sequence SEQ ID No. 1 of the strand of (+) polarity or of the nucleic sequence SEQ ID No. 5 of the strand of (-) polarity of the genome of the PWD circovirus of type A.

[0377] 4. Comparison of the Nucleotide Sequences and Amino Acids of the PWD Circovirus of Type A (or Associated with PWD) which are Obtained with the Corresponding Sequences of MEEHAN and MANKERTZ Circoviruses of Porcine Cell Lines.

[0378] DNA sequences are analyzed using, DNASIS software.

Sequences of Oligonucleotides Used as Primers or Probes in the Detection and/or Identification Procedures

1. Specific Detection of the PWD Circovirus of Type A:

[0379]

```
SEQ ID No. 46
primer PCV 5:
5' GTG TGC TCG ACA TTG GTG GTG TG 3';

SEQ ID No. 47
primer PCV 10:
5' TGG AAT GTT AAC GAG CTG AG 3';
```

2. Specific Detection of the Circovirus of the Cell Lines:

[0380]

```
Primer PCF 5: 5' GTG TGC TCG ACA TTG GTG TG 3';

SEQ ID No. 52

primer MEE 1: 5' TGG AAT GTT AAC TAC CTC AA 3';
```

3. Differential Detection:

[0381] the pairs of primers used are those described, for example, in the paragraphs 1 and 2 above;

4. Detection of the Monomeric Circular Replicative Forms RF:

[0382]

```
SEQ ID No. 46 primer PCV 5: 5' GTG TGC TCG ACA TTG GTG TG 3';

SEQ ID No. 48 primer PCV 6: 5' CTC GCA GCC ATC TTG GAA TG 3';
```

5. Detection of the Vectors Carrying the Dimers in Tandem:

[0383]

```
Nar dimer:

SEQ ID No. 49

primer KS 620: 5' CGC GCG TAA TAC GAC TCA CT 3';

SEQ ID No. 46

primer PCV 5: 5' GTG TGC TCG ACA TTG GTG TG 3';

Kpn dimer:

Primer KS 620: 5' CGC GCG TAA TAC GAC TCA CT 3';

SEQ ID No. 49

primer PCV 6: 5' CTC GCA GCC ATC TTG GAA TG 3';
```

6. Differential Detection:

[0384] The pairs of primers used are those described, for example, in paragraphs 4 and 5 above.

[0385] The procedures using the pairs or primers described in paragraphs 4 and 5 are of particular interest for differentially detecting the circular monomeric forms of specific replicative forms of the virion or of the DNA in replication and the dimeric forms found in the so-called in-tandem molecular constructs.

[0386] The in-tandem constructs of the viral genome (dimers) such as the constructs used for the preparation of the pBS KS+tandem PCV Kpn I vector, deposited at the CNCM under the number 1-1891, 3 Jul. 1997 (E. coli transformed by said vector) are very interesting for their use in methods of production of sufficient quantity of an inoculum formed of DNA, intended for the virus production, this in the absence of a satisfactory virus production protocol in a cell system. These said methods of production using in-tandem constructs of the viral genome will allow the virulence factors to be studied by mutation and by way of consequence will be able to be used for the production of a collection of viruses carrying the mutations indicated in the construction of vectors which will have the appropriate tropism and virulence. These vectors with autoreplicative structure have the sought gene transfer properties, especially for their applications in gene therapy, and in vaccinology.

[0387] Western-Blot Analysis of Recombinant Proteins of the PWD Circovirus of Type A

[0388] The results were obtained using a specific antiserum of the PWD circovirus produced during test 1 (cf. FIG. 1).

[0389] Type of Products Analyzed

[0390] The analyses were carried out on cell extracts of Sf9 cells obtained after infection by the recombinant baculovirus PCV ORF 1.

[0391] The culture of Sf9 cells was carried out in a 25 cm² Petri dish according to the standard culture methods for these

cells. After centrifugation, the cell pellets are taken up with 300 µl of PBS buffer (phosphate saline buffer).

[0392] Electrophoresis (PAGE-SDS)

[0393] The electrophoresis is carried out on the cell extracts of Sf9 cells obtained previously on 5 samples (cf. Table 1 below) under the following conditions:

[0394] % polyacrylamide gel: 8%; conditions: denaturing

[0395] Voltage: 80 V; duration: 135 nm.

TABLE 1

Nature of the samples subjected to electrophoresis									
Well No.	1	2	3	4	5				
Sample applied	PM Rainbow	Raoul 24 h	Raoul 48 h	Raoul 72 h	Raoul 96 h				
μl of sample	10	15	15	15	15				
μl of Laemmli 4X	0	5	5	5	5				

Legends to Table 1:

Laemmli 4X: loading buffer

PM Rainbow: molecular-weight markers (35, 52, 77, 107, 160 and 250 kD)

Raoul 24 h, 48 h, 72 h and 96 h: expression products of the ORF1 of the PWD circovirus of type A.

[0396] Western Blot

[0397] After electrophoresis, the bands obtained in the different wells are transferred to nitrocellulose membrane for 1 h at 100 v in a TGM buffer (tris-glycine-methanol).

[0398] The Western blot is carried out under the following conditions:

[0399] 1) Saturation with a solution containing 5% of skimmed milk; 0.05% of Tween 20 in a TBS 1X buffer (tris buffer saline) for 30 min.

[0400] 2) 1st antibody:

[0401] 10 ml of PWD anticircovirus antibody of type A are added diluted to 1/100, then the reaction mixture is incubated for one night at 4° C. Three washes of 10 min in TBS 1X are carried out.

[**0402**] 3) 2nd antibody:

[0403] 10 ml of pig rabbit P164 antibody anti-immunoglobulins, coupled to peroxidase (Dakopath), are added diluted to 1/100, then the reaction medium is incubated for 3 hours at 37° C. Three washes of 10 min in TBS 1X are carried out.

[0404] 4) Visualization

[0405] The substrate 4-chloro-1-naphthol in the presence of oxygenated water is used for visualization.

[0406] Results

[0407] The results are shown in FIG. 7.

Kinetics of Appearance of Antibodies Specific for the Rep Recombinant Protein of the PWD Circovirus of Type A Expressed in Baculovirus after Infection of Pigs by the PWD Circovirus of Type A (test 4, cf. FIG. 1)

[0408] After infection of the pigs, a sample of serum of each of the infected pigs is taken at different periods expressed in the table by the date of taking (carried out here in the same year) and is then analyzed by Western blot.

[0409] The visualization of the specific antibodies is carried out in the manner described previously.

[0410] The results obtained are shown by Table 2 below.

TABLE 2

Kinetics of appearance of specific antibodies								
Sample	Pigs	10/6	16/06	23/06	01/07	08/07	15/07	21/07
A3	1						Neg.	
Control	2						Neg.	
B2 Infec.	1	Neg.	Neg.	Neg.	+	+	++	+++
RP+	2	Neg.	Neg.	Neg.	Neg.	Neg.	Neg.	Neg.
	3	Neg.	Neg.	Neg.	Neg.	+	+	+
	4	Neg.	Neg.	Neg.	Neg.	Neg.	Neg.	++

Legends to Table 2:

A3 control: uninfected control animals:

B2 Infec. RP+: animals infected with pig kidney (PK) cells containing the circovirus; Neg.: negative;

+, ++, +++: intensity scale of the positive reaction;

10/06, 16/06, 23/06, 01/07, 08/07, 15/07, 21/07: dates expressed in day/month on which the different withdrawals of serum were carried out.

Example 2

Cloning, Sequencing and Characterization of the Type B PWD Circovirus (PCVB)

[0411] The techniques used for cloning, sequencing and characterization of the type B PWD circovirus (PCVB) are those used in Example 1 above for the type A PWD circovirus (PCVA).

[0412] The nucleic acid sequence of the strand of (+) polarity of the genome of the PWD circovirus of type B (or PCVB) is represented by the sequence SEQ ID No. 15 in the sequence listing, the nucleic acid sequence of the strand of (-) polarity of the genome of the PWD circovirus of type B (or PCVB) being represented by the nucleic acid sequence $3'\rightarrow 5'$ of FIG. 8 or by the sequence SEQ ID No. 19 (represented according to the orientation $5'\rightarrow 3'$) in the sequence listing.

[0413] The amino acid sequences, SEQ ID No. 24, SEQ ID No. 26 and SEQ ID No. 28 of the sequence listing, respectively, represent the sequences of the proteins encoded by the nucleic sequences of the 3 open reading frames SEQ ID No. 23 (ORF'1), corresponding to the REP protein, SEQ ID No. 25 (ORF'2) and SEQ ID No. 27 (ORF'3), determined from the sequence SEQ ID No. 15 of the strand of (+) polarity or from the nucleic sequence SEQ ID No. 19 of the strand of (-) polarity of the genome of the PWD circovirus of type B.

Example 3

[0414] Comparative analysis of nucleotide sequences (ORF1, ORF2 and genomic) and amino acid sequences encoded by the ORF1 and the ORF2 of the PWD circoviruses of type A (PCVA) and of type B (PCVB).

[0415] The results expressed in % of homology are shown in Tables 3 and 4 below.

TABLE 3

Compared analys	sis of the amino acid	sequences
% homology	ORF1	ORF2
PCVA/PCVB	80.4	56.2

TABLE 4

Compared analysis of the nucleotide sequences										
% homology	Genomic	ORF1	ORF2	The remainder						
PCVA/PCVB	70.4	80.4	60.1	66.1						

Example 4

Observation of the Disease and Reproduction of the Disease Under Experimental Conditions

[0416] a) Test No. 1: Observation of the Disease [0417] The objective is to take breeding animals at the start of disease and to place them under experimental conditions to follow the progression of the pathology and describe all the clinical signs thereof. This first test was carried out on 3 breeding pigs aged 10 weeks of which 2 were already ill

(suffering from wasting), and on 3 other pigs aged 13 weeks, not having signs of disease. The clinical observation was spread over a period of 37 days. Two pigs of 10 weeks wasted rapidly (pigs 1 and 2, FIG. 9) and had to be painlessly killed 5 and 6 days after their arrival. A single pig exhibited hyperthermia over 5 days and diarrhea. Two other pigs exhibited dyspnea and cough, of which one additionally had hyperthermia, greater than 41° C., for the two first days of its stay. Another pig had retarded growth in the second week (pig 6, FIG. 9), without any other clinical sign being recorded. On the lesional level, 5 pigs out of 6 exhibited macroscopic lesions of gray pneumonia, the sixth exhibited cicatricial lesions on the lung.

[0418] b) Test No. 2: Reproduction of the Disease from Inocula Prepared in Farm Pigs.

[0419] The two sick pigs in test 1 served to prepare inocula which were tested in test 2 on specific-pathogen-free (SPF) pigs. The SPF pigs were aged 9 weeks at the time of inoculation. The clinical and lesional results are shown in Table 5.

TABLE 5

Summary of the measurements carried out during experimental reproduction of PWD. (The values of the control animals are reported in brackets, the underlined values indicate a difference between infected animals and control animals)

			Test Meas	urement		
	2	3	4	5	6	7
Status of the pigs	SPF CNEVA	SPF field	SPF CNEVA	SPF CNEVA	Conventional	Conventional
Age Number	9 weeks	6 weeks	5 weeks	5 weeks	5 weeks	6-7 weeks
Inoculation	Intratracheal	Intratracheal	Intratracheal +	Intratracheal +	Intratracheal +	Intratracheal +
route	route	route	intramuscular route	intramuscular route	intramuscular route	intramuscular route
Inoculum titer per pig	ND*	ND*	10 ^{4.53} TCID ₅₀ per ml: 1 ml IM + 5 ml IT	10 ^{4.53} TCID ₅₀ per ml: 1 ml IM + 5 ml IT	10 ^{4.53} TCID ₅₀ per ml: 1 ml IM + 5 ml IT	10 ^{4.53} TCID ₅₀ per ml: 1 ml IM + 5 ml IT
Start of	10 days	9-13 days	12-13 days	9-14 days	8-12 days	12 days
hyperthermia % of pigs in hyperthermia**	post-infection 100%	post-infection 83%	post-infection 92%	post-infection 100%	post-infection 75%	post-infection 88%
Number of days of hyperthermia per pig**	7	4.5	3.3	5.8	7.5	11.6
Maximum temperatures*** Hyperthermia**** % per week	40.4 to 41.7° C.	40.6 to 42.3° C.	40.2 to 41.6° C.	40.3 to 40.8° C.	40.6 to 42° C.	40.2 to 41.9° C.
W1	3.5 (3.5)	17 (36)	7 (5)	37 (17)	16 (17)	20 (28)
W2	42 (3.5)	7 (13)	13 (1)	21 (3)	52 (10)	37 (28)
W3 W4	35 (3.5) 21 (3.5)	33 (10) 28 (7)	28 (7) 5 (0)	62 (2) 6 (3)	34 (12) 25 (22)	79 (17) 55 (3)
DMG:	<u>21 (3.3)</u>	26 (7)	3 (0)	0 (3)	23 (22)	<u>55 (5)</u>
W1 W2 W3 W4 Contact pigs	928 (1053) 678 (1028) 661 (1000) 786 (1100) Yes to 100%	417 (357) 428 (617) 771 (642) 550 (657) Yes to 75%	564 (620) 503 (718) 381 (657) 764 (778) Not tested	650 (589) 612 (584) 520 (851) 641 (696) Not tested	401 (407) 294 (514) 375 (586) 473 (610) Not tested	509 (512) 410 (310) 435 (440) 451 (681) Not tested
transmission % of pulmonary lesions	25	75	0	25	25	12
% of ganglionic lesions	17	33	67	25	50	12

^{*}ND: not determined,

^{**}hyperthermia when the temperature is greater than 40° C.,

^{***}range of maximum temperatures recorded at the individual level,

^{****}the percentage corresponds to the number of temperature recordings greater than 40° C. divided by the total number of temperature recordings in the week on all of the pigs.

[0420] In this test, there was no wasting, at the very most a retardation of the growth in the second, third or fourth week after infection. These data illustrate that certain breeding conditions probably favor the expression of the disease.

[0421] c) Tests No. 3 to No. 7: Reproduction of the Experimental Tests

[0422] The increase in the number of the experimental tests on pigs had the mastering and better characterization of the experimental model as an objective. All of the results are presented in Table 5.

[0423] Under the experimental conditions, PWD is thus characterized by a long incubation, of 8 to 14 days, true hyperthermia over 2 to 8 days, a decrease in food consumption and a retardation of the increase in weight on the second, third or fourth week post-infection. The lesional table associated with this clinical expression includes, in the main, ganglionic hypertrophy and lesions of pneumonia.

[0424] Conclusion

[0425] The perfection of this experimental model allows the direct etiological role of the PWD circovirus in the disease to be indisputably demonstrated. In addition, this model is an indispensable tool for the understanding of pathogenic mechanisms and the study of future vaccine candidates.

Example 5

Demonstration of the Vaccine Composition Protective Efficacy Produced from Nucleic Fragments of PWD Circovirus Sequence

[0426] 1) Animals Used for the Study

[0427] Piglets having the PWD disease, reproduced under experimental conditions described in paragraph c) of Example 4, were used in a protocol for evaluating the vaccine composition efficacy, comprising nucleic fragments of PWD circovirus sequence.

[0428] 2) Tested Vaccine Composition and Vaccination Protocol

[0429] a) Components Used for the Study

[0430] $\,$ The plasmids were obtained from the pcDNA3 plasmid of INVITROGENE

[0431] pcDNA3ORF- Plasmids

[0432] These plasmids are plasmids which do not carry a PWD circovirus nucleic acid insert and are used as a negative control plasmid.

[0433] pcDNA3ORF1+ Plasmid and pcDNA3ORF2+ Plasmid

[0434] The pcDNA3ORF1+ and pcDNA3ORF2+ plasmids are plasmids which carry a nucleic acid insert of the sequence of the PWD circovirus of TYPE B, and an insert comprising the nucleic acid fragment SEQ ID No. 23 (ORF'1) coding for the Rep protein of sequence SEQ ID No. 24 and an insert comprising the nucleic acid fragment SEQ ID No. 25 (ORF'2) coding for the protein of sequence SEQ ID No. 26, probably corresponding to the capsid protein, respectfully. These nucleic constructs further comprise the ATG initiation codon of the coding sequence of the corresponding protein.

[0435] GMCSF+ Plasmid

[0436] GM-CSF (granulocyte/macrophage colony stimulating factor) is a cytokine which occurs in the development, the maturation and the activation of macrophages, granulocytes and dendritic cells which present an antigen. The beneficial contribution of the GM-CSF in vaccination is consid-

ered to be a cellular activation with, especially, the recruitment and the differentiation of cells which present an antigen.

[0437] This pcDNA3-GMCSF+ plasmid carries a nucleic acid insert coding for the granulocyte/macrophage colony stimulation factor, the GM-CSF protein.

[0438] The gene coding for this GM-CSF protein was cloned and sequenced by Inumaru et al. (Immunol. Cell Biol., 1995, 73 (5), 474-476). The pcDNA3-GMCSF+plasmid was obtained by Dr. B. Charley of NRA of Jouy-en-Josas (78, France).

[0439] Recombinant Baculoviruses

[0440] The so-called ORF- baculoviruses are viruses not carrying any insert comprising a nucleic acid fragment capable of expressing a PWD circovirus protein.

[0441] The so-called ORF1+ (BAC ORF1+) or ORF2+ (BAC ORF2+) baculoviruses are recombinant baculoviruses carrying an insert comprising a nucleic acid fragment SEQ ID No. 23 (ORF'1) and an insert comprising the nucleic acid fragment SEQ ID No. 25 (ORF'2), respectively.

[0442] Adjuvant

[0443] The adjuvant supplied by the Seppic Company, a subsidiary of AIR LIQUIDE, is the adjuvant corresponding to the reference AIF SEPPIC.

[0444] b) Vaccination Protocol

[0445] Weaned piglets aged 3 weeks are divided into four batches A, B, C and D each comprising 8 piglets.

[0446] Batches A, B and C, aged 3 weeks, each receive a first injection (injection M1) of 1 ml containing 200 micrograms of plasmids (naked DNA) in PBS, pH: 7.2, by the intramuscular route for each of the plasmids mentioned below for each batch, then, at the age of 5 weeks, a second injection (injection M2) comprising these same plasmids. A third injection is carried out simultaneously on the other side of the neck. This third injection comprises 1 ml of a suspension containing 5×10^6 cells infected by recombinant baculoviruses and 1 ml of AIF SEPPIC adjuvant.

[0447] Batch A (F1) (Control Batch):

[0448] first injection

[0449] pcDNA3ORF1– plasmid, pcDNA3ORF2– plasmid and GMCSF+ plasmid.

[0450] second and third injection (simultaneous)

[0451] pcDNA3ORF1- plasmid, pcDNA3ORF2- plasmid and GMCSF+ plasmid;

[0452] Cells transformed by baculoviruses not containing any nucleic acid insert coding for a PWD circovirus protein;

[0453] AIF SEPPIC adjuvant.

[0454] Batch B (F2) (Control Batch):

[0455] first injection

[0456] pcDNA3ORF1- plasmid, pcDNA3ORF2- plasmid and GMCSF+plasmid;

[0457] second and third injection (simultaneous)

[0458] pcDNA3ORF1- plasmid, pcDNA3ORF2- plasmid and GMCSF+ plasmid;

[0459] Cells transformed by baculoviruses not containing any nucleic acid insert coding for a PWD circovirus protein;

[0460] AIF SEPPIC adjuvant.

[0461] Batch C (F3):

[0462] first injection

[0463] pcDNA3ORF1+ plasmid, pcDNA3ORF2+ plasmid and GMCSF+ plasmid;

[0464] second and third injection (simultaneous)

[0465] pcDNA3ORF1+ plasmid, pcDNA3ORF2+ plasmid and GMCSF+ plasmid;

[0466] Cells transformed by BAC ORF1+ and BAC ORF2+ recombinant baculoviruses capable of respectively expressing the Rep protein of sequence SEQ ID No. 24 and the protein of sequence SEQ ID No. 26 of the PWD circovirus of TYPE B.

[0467] Batch D (F4) (Control Batch): No Injection

[0468] The batches of piglets B, C and D are infected (tested) at the age of 6 weeks although batch A is not subjected to the test.

[0469] 3) Observation of the Batches

[0470] counting of coughing/sneezing: 15 minutes/batch/day;

[0471] consistency of fecal matter: every day;

[0472] regular recordings: weekly taking of blood, weighing:

[0473] weighing of food refuse: 3 times per week;

[0474] calculation of the daily mean gain in weight (dmg); [0475] The daily mean gains were calculated for each of the batches over a period of 28 days following testing (cf. FIG.

to 4.31 In tainly including amis were calculated in each of the batches over a period of 28 days following testing (cf. FIG. 10), an intermediate calculation of the dmg was likewise carried out for each of the batches over the first and second periods of 14 days. The results obtained are reported below in Table 6.

TABLE 6

	Daily mean gains								
	F1	F2	F3	F4					
d 0-d 14 d 14-d 28 d 0-d 28	411 g 623 g 554 g	450 g 362 g 406 g	511 g 601 g 556 g	461 g 443 g 452 g					

[0476] Measurement of Hyperthermia

[0477] The measurement of hyperthermia, of greater than 41° C. (cf. FIG. 11) and greater than 40.2° C., was carried out for each of the batches over a total period of 28 days following testing. The results obtained, corresponding to the ratio expressed as a percentage between the number of temperature recordings of greater than 41° C. (or greater than 40.2° C.) and the total number of temperature recordings carried out on all of the pigs per one-week period are reported below in Tables 7 and 8, respectively, for the hyperthermia measurements of greater than 41° C. and greater than 40.2° C.

TABLE 7

	Hyperthermia >41° C.						
	F1	F2	F3	F4			
W1	4.1	0	0	0			
W2	10.7	16.	0	8.9			
W3	4.7	27.	0	45.			
W4	0	0	0	7.5			

TABLE 8

	Нуј	perthermia >40	.2_		
	F1	F2	F3	F4	
W1 W2 W3 W4	29.1 28.5 14.3 3.3	10.41 39.2 68.7 17.5	29.1 10.7 25.0 20.0	20.8 37.5 81.2 55	

[**0478**] 4) Conclusion

[0479] The recordings carried out clearly show that the animals which received the three injections of a vaccine composition comprising nucleic acid fragments of PWD circovirus according to the invention and/or capable of expressing recombinant proteins of PWD circovirus, in particular of type B, did not exhibit hyperthermia (cf. FIG. 10). These animals additionally did not experience a decline in their growth, the dmgs being comparable to those of uninfected control animals (cf. FIG. 9). They did not exhibit any particular clinical sign.

[0480] These results demonstrate the efficacious protection of the piglets against infection with a PWD circovirus of the invention, the primary agent responsible for PWD or FPW, provided by a vaccine composition prepared from a nucleic acid fragment of the nucleic sequence of PWD circovirus according to the invention, in particular of type B, and/or from recombinant proteins encoded by these nucleic acid fragments.

[0481] These results in particular show that the proteins encoded by the ORF1 and ORF2 of PWD circovirus according to the invention are immunogenic proteins inducing an efficacious protective response for the prevention of infection by a PWD circovirus.

Example 6

Serological Diagnosis of PWD Circovirus by Immunodetermination Using Recombinant Proteins or Synthetic Peptides of PWD Circovirus

[0482] A. Serological Diagnosis with Recombinant Proteins

[0483] The identification and the sequencing of porcine PWD circovirus allow recombinant proteins of PWD circovirus to be produced by the techniques of genetic recombination well known to the person skilled in the art. Using these techniques, recombinant proteins encoded, in particular, by the ORF'2 of the PWD circovirus, type B, were expressed by transformed Sf9 insect cells and then isolated.

[0484] These recombinant proteins encoded by the ORF'2 are extracted, after culture of the transformed Sf9 cells, by thermal cell lysis by means of 3 cycles of freezing/thawing to -70° C./+37° C. Healthy Sf9 cells or nontransformed control Sf9 cells are also lysed.

[0485] Two antigenic fractions originating from nontransformed control Sf9 cells and Sf9 cells expressing the ORF'2 are precipitated at 4° C. by a 60% plus or minus 5% saturated ammonium sulfate solution. Determination of total proteins is carried out with the aid of the Biorad kit. 500 ng of control Sf9 proteins and of semipurified Sf9 proteins expressing the ORF'2, in solution in 0.05 M bicarbonate buffer pH 9.6, are passively adsorbed at the bottom of 3 different wells of a Nunc Maxisorp microplate by incubation for one night at +4° C.

[0486] The reactivity of pig sera with respect to each of these antigenic fractions is evaluated by an indirect ELISA reaction of which the experimental protocol is detailed below: [0487] Saturation step: 200 µl/well of PBS1X/3% semiskimmed milk, 1 h 30 incubation at 37° C.

[0488] Washing: 200 μ l/well of PBS1X/Tween 20: 0.05%, 3 rapid washes.

[0489] Serum incubation step: $100 \,\mu$ l/well of serum diluted to 1/100 in PBS1X/semi-skimmed milk, 1%/Tween 20: 0.05%, 1 h incubation at 37° C.

[0490] Washing: 200 μl/well of PBS1X/Tween 20: 0.05%, 2 rapid washes followed by 2 washes of 5 min.

[0491] Conjugate incubation step: $50 \,\mu$ l/well of rabbit antipig conjugate diluted to 1/1000 in PBS1X/semi-skimmed milk, 1%/Tween 20: 0.05%, $1 \, h$ incubation at 37° C.

[0492] Washing: 200 μl/well of PBS1X/Tween 20: 0.05%, 2 rapid washes followed by 2 washes of 5 min.

[0493] Visualization step: 100 μ l/well of OPD substrate/citrate buffer/H₂O₂, 15 min incubation at 37 $^{\circ}$ C.

[0494] Termination: 50 μl/well of 1 N H₂SO₄.

[0495] Read optical density in a spectrophotometer at 490 nm.

Results

[0496] The results obtained are shown below in Table 9.

TABLE 9

Antigens	Reactivity of Pig Serum not inoculated with Circovirus	Reactivity of Pig Serum inoculated with Circovirus
Purified Sf9 control Sf9 expressing purified ORF'2	0.076 0.071	0.088 1.035

[0497] The results are expressed in optical density measured in a spectrophotometer at 490 nm during analysis by ELISA of the reactivity of pig sera which are or are not inoculated with the type B PWD circovirus according to the protocol indicated above.

[0498] B. Serological Diagnosis by Synthetic Peptide

[0499] The epitopic mapping of the proteins encoded, for example, by the nucleic sequences ORF1 and ORF2 of the two types of PWD circovirus (types A and B) additionally allowed immunogenic circoviral epitopes to be identified on the proteins encoded by the nucleic sequences ORF¹1 and ORF¹2 as well as the specific epitopes of the protein encoded by the nucleic acid sequence ORF¹2 of the type B PWD circovirus. Four specific epitopes of the type B PWD circovirus and one epitope common to the two types of PWD circovirus situated on the protein encoded by the nucleic sequence ORF¹2 were synthesized in peptide form. The equivalent peptides in the circovirus of type A were likewise synthesized. All peptides were evaluated as diagnostic antigens within the context of carrying out a serological test.

Results

[0500] The results obtained are shown in Table 10, below.

TABLE 10

Results of the evaluation as a diagnostic antigen of synthetic peptides encoded by the nucleic sequences ORF2 and ORF'2 of PWD circovirus of type A and B.

					erum reactivity virus B	-
Pep- tide	- PWD e circovirus Position				Conventional 2 D0/D42	Epitopic specificity
SEQ ID NO: 29 121	В 71-85	VDMMRFNINDFLPPG	+/-, +++	+/-, +++	-, +++	Circovirus B
SEQ ID NO: 55 177	7 B 70-84	NVNELRFNIGQFLPP	+/-, +	+/-, +/-	+/-, -	
SEQ ID NO: 30 132	2 B 115-129	QGDRGVGSSAVILDD	+/-, +/-	++, ++	+/-, +	Circovirus B
SEQ ID NO: 56 188	B A 114-127	TSNQRGVGSTVVIL	+/-, -	-, +/-	+/-, +/-	
SEQ ID NO: 31 133	B 119-134	GVGSSAVILDDNVFTK	-, ++	++, +++	+/-, ++	
SEQ ID NO: 57 189	A 118-132	RGVGSTVVILDANFV	+/-, -	-, +/-	+/-, +/-	
SEQ ID NO: 58 146	5 B 171-185	FTIDYFQPNNKRNQL	-, +/-	-, ++	•	Circovirus A & B
SEQ ID NO: 59 202	2 A 170-184	DQTIDWFQPNNKRNQ	+++, +++	+/-, ++	+, ++	
SEQ ID NO: 32 152	2 B 195-209	VDHVGLGTAFENSIY	-, ++	+++, +++		Circovirus B
SEQ ID NO: 60 208	3 A 194-208	NVEHTGLGYALQNAT	-, -	-, -	-, -	

^{+/-, +, ++,} thr. Increasing intensities of the reactivities observed in Spot peptides on a nitrocellulose membrane. The porcine sera tested are from animals experimentally infected with the circovirus of type B within the animal house of the CNEVA. Samples are taken from the animals before inoculation on d0 and 42 days or 54 days after inoculation, on d42, d54.

Example 7

$\label{eq:Characterization} Characterization of the Specific Epitopes of the PWD Circovirus of Type \, B$

[0501] The proteins encoded by the ORF2 of the porcine circoviruses of type A and B were chosen for this study. For each of the ORF2s (types A and B), 56 peptides of 15 amino acids which overlap every 4 amino acids were synthesized, thus covering the whole of the protein (cf. Table 11 below).

TABLE 11

Sequence of amino acids of the 56 peptides of 15 amino acids synthesized from the nucleic sequence ORF'2 (type B) and ORF2 (type A) of PWD circovirus with their corresponding spot number (cf. FIG. 12)

	Type B OFR'2		Type A ORF2
	Spot No. Sequence		Spot No.Sequence
SEQ ID NO: 171	104 MTYPRRRYRRR	RHRP SEQ ID NO: 175	160 MTWPRRRYRRRTRP
SEQ ID NO: 172	105 RRRYRRRHRPI	RSHL SEQ ID NO: 176	161 RRRYRRRRTRPRSHL
SEQ ID NO: 173	106 RRRRHRPRSHLO	GQIL SEQ ID NO: 177	162 RRRRTRPRSHLGNIL
SEQ ID NO: 61	107 HRPRSHLGQIL	RRRP SEQ ID NO: 84	163 TRPRSHLGNILRRRP
SEQ ID NO: 62	108 SHLGQILRRRPW	WLVH SEQ ID NO: 85	164 SHLGNILRRRPYLVH
SEQ ID NO: 63	109 QILRRRPWLVHI	PRHR SEQ ID NO: 86	165 NILRRRPYLVHPAFR
SEQ ID NO: 64	110 RRPWLVHPRHR	YRWR SEQ ID NO: 87	166 RRPYLVHPAFRNRYR
SEQ ID NO: 65	111 LVHPRHRYRWR	RKNG SEQ ID NO: 88	167 LVHPAFRNRYRWRRK
SEQ ID NO: 66	112 RHRYRWRRKNG	IFNT SEQ ID NO: 89	168 AFRNRYRWRRKTGIF
SEQ ID NO: 67	113 RWRRKNGIFNT	RLSR SEQ ID NO: 90	169 RYRWRRKTGIFNSRL
SEQ ID NO: 68	114 KNGIFNTRLSR	FFGY SEQ ID NO: 91	170 RRKTGIFNSRLSREF
SEQ ID NO: 69	115 FNTRLSRTFGY	TVKR SEQ ID NO: 92	171 GIFNSRLSREFVLTI
SEQ ID NO: 70	116 LSRTFGYTVKR	TTVR SEQ ID NO: 93	172 SRLSREFVLTIRGGH
SEQ ID NO: 71	117 FGYTVKRTTVR	TPSW SEQ ID NO: 94	173 REFVLTIRGGHSQPS
SEQ ID NO: 72	118 VKRTTVRTPSW	AVDM SEQ ID NO: 95	174 LTIRGGHSOPSWNVN
SEQ ID NO: 73	119 TVRTPSWAVDM	MRFN SEQ ID NO: 96	175 GGHSQPSWNVNELRF
SEQ ID NO: 74	120 PSWAVDMMRFN	INDF SEQ ID NO: 97	176 QPSWNVNELRFNIGO
SEQ ID NO: 29	121 VDMMRFNINDFI	LPPG SEQ ID NO: 98	177 NVNELRFNIGQFLPP
SEQ ID NO: 75	122 RFNINDFLPPGO	GGSN SEQ ID NO: 99	178 LRFNIGQFLPPSGGT
SEQ ID NO: 76	123 NDFLPPGGGSNI	PRSV SEQ ID NO: 100	179 IGQFLPPSGGTNPLP
SEQ ID NO: 77	124 PPGGGSNPRSVI	PFEY SEQ ID NO: 101	180 LPPSGGTNPLPLPFQ
SEQ ID NO: 78	125 GSNPRSVPFEY	YRIR SEQ ID NO: 102	181 GGTNPLPLPFQYYRI
SEQ ID NO: 79	126 RSVPFEYYRIRI	KVKV SEQ ID NO: 103	182 PLPLPFQYYRIRKAK
SEQ ID NO: 80	127 FEYYRIRKVKVI	EFWP SEQ ID NO: 104	183 PFQYYRIRKAKYEFY
SEQ ID NO: 81	128 RIRKVKVEFWPO	CSPI SEQ ID NO: 105	184 YRIRKAKYEFYPRDP
SEQ ID NO: 82	129 VKVEFWPCSPI	TQGD SEQ ID NO: 106	185 KAKYEFYPRDPITSN
SEQ ID NO: 83	130 FWPCSPITQGDI	RGVG SEQ ID NO: 107	186 EFYPRDPITSNQRGV
SEQ ID NO: 174	131 SPITQGDRGVG	SSAV SEQ ID NO: 108	187 RDPITSNQRGVGSTV

TABLE 11-continued

Sequence of amino acids of the 56 peptides of 15 amino acids synthesized from the nucleic sequence ORF'2 (type B) and ORF2 (type A) of PWD circovirus with their corresponding spot number (cf. FIG. 12)

				T	ype B OFR'2	_				T	Type A ORF2
				Spot No.	. Sequence					Spot No.	. Sequence
SEQ	ID	NO:	30	132	QGDRGVGSSAVILDD	SEQ	ID	NO:	109	188	TSNQRGVGSTVVILD
SEQ	ID	NO:	31	133	GVGSSAVILDDNFVT	SEQ	ID	NO:	136	189	RGVGSTVVILDANFV
SEQ	ID	NO:	111	134	SAVILDDNFVTKATA	SEQ	ID	NO:	137	190	STVVILDANFVTPST
SEQ	ID	NO:	112	135	LDDNFVTKATALTYD	SEQ	ID	NO:	138	191	ILDANFVTPSTNLAY
SEQ	ID	NO:	113	136	FVTKATALTYDPYVN	SEQ	ID	NO:	139	192	NFVTPSTNLAYDPYI
SEQ	ID	NO:	114	137	ATALTYDPYVNYSSR	SEQ	ID	NO:	140	193	PSTNLAYDPYINYSS
SEQ	ID	NO:	115	138	TYDPYVNYSSRIITIT	SEQ	ID	NO:	141	194	LAYDPYINYSSRHTI
SEQ	ID	NO:	116	139	YVNYSSRHTITQPFS	SEQ	ID	NO:	142	195	PYINYSSRHTIRQPF
SEQ	ID	NO:	117	140	SSRHTITQPFSYHSR	SEQ	ID	NO:	143	196	YSSRIITIRQPFTYHS
SEQ	ID	NO:	118	141	TITQPFSYHSRYFTP	SEQ	ID	NO:	144	197	HTIRQPFTYHSRYFT
SEQ	ID	NO:	119	142	PFSYHSRYFTPKPVL	SEQ	ID	NO:	145	198	QPFTYHSRYFTPKPE
SEQ	ID	NO:	120	143	HSRYFTPKPVLDFTI	SEQ	ID	NO:	146	199	YHSRYFTPKPELDQT
SEQ	ID	NO:	121	144	FTPKPVLDFTIDYYFQ	SEQ	ID	NO:	147	200	YFTPKPELDQTIDWF
SEQ	ID	NO:	122	145	PVLDFTIDYFQPNNK	SEQ	ID	NO:	148	201	KPELDQTIDWFQPNN
SEQ	ID	NO:	123	146	FTIDYFQPNNKRNQL	SEQ	ID	NO:	149	202	DQTIDWFQPNNKRNQ
SEQ	ID	NO:	124	147	YFQPNNKRNQLWLRL	SEQ	ID	NO:	150	203	DWFQPNNKRNQLWLH
SEQ	ID	NO:	125	148	NNKRNQLWLRLQTAG	SEQ	ID	NO:	151	204	PNNKRNQLWLHLNTH
SEQ	ID	NO:	126	149	NQLWLRLQTAGNVDH	SEQ	ID	NO:	152	205	RNQLWLHLNTHTNVE
SEQ	ID	NO:	127	150	LRLQTAGNVDHVGLG	SEQ	ID	NO:	153	206	WLHLNTHTNVEHTGL
SEQ	ID	NO:	128	151	TAGNVDHVGLGTAFE	SEQ	ID	NO:	154	207	NTHTNVEHTGLGYAL
SEQ	ID	NO:	32	152	VDHVGLGTAFENSIY	SEQ	ID	NO:	155	208	NVEHTGLGYALQNAT
SEQ	ID	NO:	129	153	GLGTAFENSIYDQEY	SEQ	ID	NO:	156	209	TGLGYALQNATTAQN
SEQ	ID	NO:	130	154	AFENSIYDQEYNIRV	SEQ	ID	NO:	157	210	YALQNATTAQNYVVR
SEQ	ID	NO:	131	155	SIYDQEYNIRVTMYV	SEQ	ID	NO:	158	211	NATTAQNYVVRLTIY
SEQ	ID	NO:	132	156	QEYNIRVTMYVQFRE	SEQ	ID	NO:	159	212	AQNYVVRLTIYVQFR
SEQ	ID	NO:	133	157	IRVTMYVQFREFNFK	SEQ	ID	NO:	160	213	VVRLTIYVQFREFIL
SEQ	ID	NO:	134	158	MYVQFREFNFKDPPL	SEQ	ID	NO:	161	214	TIYVQFREFILKDPL
SEQ	ID	NO:	135	159	VQFREFNFKDPPLNP	SEQ	ID	NO:	162	215	YVQFREFILKDPLNE

[0502] These peptides were synthesized according to the "spot" method which consists of simultaneous synthesis of a large number of peptides on a cellulose solid support, each site of synthesis of a peptide constituting a spot (Synt:em, NIMES). This method involves orientation of the peptides on the plate, these being fixed covalently by the carboxy-terminal end. A spot represents approximately 50 nmol of peptide. [0503] The reference of the spots and corresponding peptide sequences is given in Table 11.

[0504] These membranes were used for immunoreactivity tests with respect to serum of SPF pigs which were or were not infected experimentally with the type B PWD circoviral strain as well as with respect to sera of infected pigs from conventional farms (conventional farms 1 or 2). This study allowed specific immunoreactive peptides of the circovirus of type B corresponding to the spots No. 121, No. 132, No. 133 and No. 152 (respectively of amino acid sequences SEQ ID No. 29, SEQ ID No. 30, SEQ ID No. 31 and SEQ ID No. 32)

to be demonstrated. An illustration is shown in FIG. 12 where the membranes are visualized with an infected pig serum coming from a conventional farm. Nonspecific immunoreactive peptides of type [lacuna] were likewise demonstrated, among which we shall keep the peptide No. 146 SEQ ID No. 123 which is strongly immunogenic.

[0505] A comparison between the peptide sequences of circoviruses of type A and B (FIG. 13) indicates a divergence ranging from 20 to 60% for the specific immunoreactive peptides of the type B, and a weaker divergence (13%) between the nonspecific peptides.

Example 8

Protection of Swine From Post-Weaning Multisystemic Wasting Syndrome (PMWS) Conferred by Procine Circovirus Type B (PCV-B) ORF'2 Protein

[0506] The ORF'1-encoded protein (REP) and ORF'2-encoded putative capsid protein of PCV-B were expressed, either in insect cells by recombinant baculovirus vectors, or in mammalian cell lines by transfection with plasmidic expression vectors. These two circovirus-derived proteins were detectable in both expression systems. As evaluated by weight gains, hyperthermia and absence of lesions following challenge, the pigs were protected against a virulent circovirus challenge after one first DNA immunization with plasmids directing ORF'2 protein and GM-CSF expression and a second injection, 15 days later, with the same plasmid preparation plus the ORF'2 recombinant protein. A lower level of protection was observed when the pigs were vaccinated with ORF'1 protein, as opposed to pigs vaccinated with ORF'2 protein.

A. Development of an Experimental Model of PMWS in Swine:

[0507] Eight 3 week-old SPF pigs were inoculated intratracheally (5 ml) and intramuscularly (1 ml).

B. Production and Control of PCV-B Plasmids:

[0508] PCV-B ORF'1 and ORF'2 genes, isolated from PCV-B challenge strain, was cloned into vector plasmid pcDNA3.1. All constructs were validated through a partial sequencing of the PCV-B genes in the final plasmids and expression control by immunoperoxidase on PK15 cells respectively transfected with each plasmid, using swine polyclonal antibodies.

[0509] Plasmid encoding GM-CSF has been co-administered.

C. Construction of Recombinant Baculoviruses:

[0510] ORF'1 and ORF'2 proteins were expressed under polyhedrin promoter control. Recombinant proteins were detected by western-blot using swine polyclonal antibodies.

D. Vaccination and Challenge:

[0511] Four groups of 7 pigs were vaccinated intramuscularly at day 0 (Do), two weeks later, they received the same plasmid preparation plus the recombinant baculovirus.

E. Monitoring:

[0512] All groups of pigs were housed in isolated experimental units with air filtration and low air pressure. Clinical

observations and rectal temperatures were recorded every day. The pigs were weighed weekly.

F. Conclusions

[0513] Expression of PCV-B ORF'2 or PCV-B ORF'1 in swine resulted in a significantly enhanced level of protection as evaluated by weight evolution and body temperature evolution following challenge with PCV-B circovirus. These results are summarized in FIGS. 14 and 15.

[0514] The invention described herein may be embodied in other specific forms without departing from the spirit or essential characteristics thereof. The specific embodiments previously described are therefore to be considered as illustrative of, and not limiting, the scope of the invention. Additionally, the disclosure of all publications and patent applications cited above and below, including International Patent Application No. PCT/FR98/02634, filed Dec. 4, 1998, and published as International Publication No. WO 99/29871 on Jun. 17, 1999, are expressly incorporated herein by reference in their entireties to the same extent as if each were incorporated by reference individually.

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Thr Ser Ala Leu Arg Gln Arg Gln His Leu Gly Ser Val Ser Glu Asn 1	<211> LF <212> TY	ENGTH YPE :	: 54 PRT	5	e A I	PWD (circ	ovir	ıs							
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20		Ala			Gln	Arg	Gln	His		Gly	Ser	Val	Ser		Asn	
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Pro Pro Gly Val Cys Glu Phe Cys Glu Ala Asp Phe Gln Gly Glu Val 65 Pro Gly Val Cys Pro Leu Pro His Arg Glu Ser Glu Arg Asn Arg Pro 85 Pro 85 Pro His Arg Glu Ser Glu Arg Asn Arg Pro 85 Pro 85 Pro 86 Pro His Arg Glu Arg Asn Arg Pro 85 Pro 86 Pro 87 Ala Glu Arg Ile Leu Gln Arg Arg Pro His Thr Tyr Arg Val Trp Ser 110 Pro 88 Pro 89 Pro 89 Pro 89 Pro 80 Pro 81 Pro 81 Pro Gly Glu Ala Gln Arg Pro Val Tyr Cys Cys Glu Tyr 115 Pro 86 Pro 116 Pro 117 Pro 118 Pro 119 Pro 110 Pro	Ser Phe		Gly	Gly	Glu	Lys		Asn	Thr	Gly	Ala		Asn	Leu	Pro	
Val Phe Trp Cys Pro Leu Pro His Arg Glu Ser Glu Arg Asn Arg Pro 95 Ala Glu Arg Ile Leu Gln Arg Arg Pro His Thr Tyr Arg Val Trp Ser 110 Ser Ala Glu Pro Gly Glu Ala Gln Arg Pro Val Tyr Cys Cys Glu Tyr 115 Pro Phe Gly Asp Gly Val Phe Gly Asp Cys Ser Arg Ala Val Ser Cys 130 Asn Val Cys Glu Lys Phe Pro Arg Ala Gly Thr Phe Glu Ser Glu Arg 165 Glu Asp Ala Glu Ala Leu Glu Asp Ser Cys Thr Arg His Ser Gly Pro 165 Ala Arg Leu Trp Glu Glu Pro Val Gly Pro Phe Cys Ala Gly His Leu 180 Leu Glu Ala Lys Val Val Gly Trp Ile Ser Trp Arg Arg Ser Cys Cys Cys 205 Phe Gly Phe Leu Trp Leu Val Thr Leu Gly Ser Thr Glu Thr Val Pro 210 Val Ser Ile Asp Cys Arg Asp Arg Gly Tyr Cys Ser Phe Phe Gly Pro		Phe	Cys	Leu	Trp		Gly	Arg	Phe	Gly	_	Gly	Asn	Ser	Ser	
Ala Glu Arg Ile Leu Gln Arg Arg Pro His Thr Tyr Arg Val Trp Ser 100 Ser Ala Glu Pro Gly Glu Ala Gln Arg Pro Val Tyr Cys Cys Glu Tyr 125 Pro Phe Gly Asp Gly Val Phe Gly Asp Cys Ser Arg Ala Val Ser Cys 130 Asn Val Cys Glu Lys Phe Pro Arg Ala Gly Thr Phe Glu Ser Glu Arg 145 Glu Asp Ala Glu Ala Leu Glu Asp Ser Cys Thr Arg His Ser Gly Pro 165 Ala Arg Leu Trp Glu Glu Pro Val Gly Pro Phe Cys Ala Gly His Leu 180 Leu Glu Ala Lys Val Val Gly Trp Ile Ser Trp Arg Arg Ser Cys Cys Cys Cys Cys Cys Cys Cys Cys Cys		Gly	Val	CAa		Phe	Cys	Glu	Ala		Phe	Gln	Gly	Glu		
Ser Ala Glu Pro Gly Glu Ala Gln Arg Pro Val Tyr Cys Cys Glu Tyr 115	Val Phe	Trp	-		Leu	Pro	His	Arg		Ser	Glu	Arg	Asn	_	Pro	
Pro Phe Gly Asp Gly Val Phe Gly Asp Cys Ser Arg Ala Val Ser Cys 130 Asn Val Cys Glu Lys Phe Pro Arg Ala Gly Thr Phe Glu Ser Glu Arg 145 Glu Asp Ala Glu Ala Leu Glu Asp Ser Cys Thr Arg His Ser Gly Pro 165 Ala Arg Leu Trp Glu Glu Pro Val Gly Pro Phe Cys Ala Gly His Leu 180 Leu Glu Ala Lys Val Val Gly Trp Ile Ser Trp Arg Arg Ser Cys Cys 195 Phe Gly Phe Leu Trp Leu Val Thr Leu Gly Ser Thr Glu Thr Val Pro 210 Val Ser Ile Asp Cys Arg Asp Arg Gly Tyr Cys Ser Phe Phe Gly Pro	Ala Glu			Leu	Gln	Arg	Arg		His	Thr	Tyr	Arg		Trp	Ser	
Asn Val Cys Glu Lys Phe Pro Arg Ala Gly Thr Phe Glu Ser Glu Arg 145 Glu Asp Ala Glu Ala Leu Glu Asp Ser Cys Thr Arg His Ser Gly Pro 165 Ala Arg Leu Trp Glu Glu Pro Val Gly Pro Phe Cys Ala Gly His Leu 180 Leu Glu Ala Lys Val Val Gly Trp Ile Ser Trp Arg Arg Ser Cys Cys 195 Phe Gly Phe Leu Trp Leu Val Thr Leu Gly Ser Thr Glu Thr Val Pro 210 Val Ser Ile Asp Cys Arg Asp Arg Gly Tyr Cys Ser Phe Phe Gly Pro 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 14	Ser Ala			_				_			-	-	Сув	Glu	Tyr	
Glu Asp Ala Glu Ala Leu Glu Asp Ser Cys Thr Arg His Ser Gly Pro 165 Ala Arg Leu Trp Glu Glu Pro Val Gly Pro Phe Cys Ala Gly His Leu 180 Leu Glu Ala Lys Val Val Gly Trp Ile Ser Trp Arg Arg Ser Cys Cys 195 Phe Gly Phe Leu Trp Leu Val Thr Leu Gly Ser Thr Glu Thr Val Pro 210 Val Ser Ile Asp Cys Arg Asp Arg Gly Tyr Cys Ser Phe Phe Gly Pro		Gly	Asp	Gly	Val		Gly	Asp	Сув	Ser	_	Ala	Val	Ser	Cys	
Ala Arg Leu Trp Glu Glu Pro Val Gly Pro Phe Cys Ala Gly His Leu 180 Leu Glu Ala Lys Val Val Gly Trp Ile Ser Trp Arg Arg Ser Cys Cys 195 Phe Gly Phe Leu Trp Leu Val Thr Leu Gly Ser Thr Glu Thr Val Pro 210 Val Ser Ile Asp Cys Arg Asp Arg Gly Tyr Cys Ser Phe Phe Gly Pro		Cys	Glu	Lys		Pro	Arg	Ala	Gly		Phe	Glu	Ser	Glu	_	
Leu Glu Ala Lys Val Val Gly Trp Ile Ser Trp Arg Arg Ser Cys Cys 195 Phe Gly Phe Leu Trp Leu Val Thr Leu Gly Ser Thr Glu Thr Val Pro 210 Val Ser Ile Asp Cys Arg Asp Arg Gly Tyr Cys Ser Phe Phe Gly Pro	Glu Asp	Ala			Leu	Glu	Asp	Ser	_	Thr	Arg	His	Ser	_	Pro	
Phe Gly Phe Leu Trp Leu Val Thr Leu Gly Ser Thr Glu Thr Val Pro 210 215 220 Val Ser Ile Asp Cys Arg Asp Arg Gly Tyr Cys Ser Phe Phe Gly Pro	Ala Arg		_	Glu	Glu	Pro	Val	_	Pro	Phe	CAa	Ala	_	His	Leu	
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	_	Phe	Leu	Trp	Leu		Thr	Leu	Gly	Ser		Glu	Thr	Val	Pro	
		Ile	Asp	Cys	_	Asp	Arg	Gly	Tyr	_	Ser	Phe	Phe	Gly		

Gln Tyr Phe Asp Tyr Gln Gln Ser Gly Pro Pro Gly Met Val Leu Leu 250 Asn Cys Cys Pro Ser Cys Arg Ser Ser Leu Ser Glu Asp Tyr Tyr Phe 260 265 Ala Ile Leu Glu Asp Cys Trp Arg Thr Ile His Gly Gly Thr Arg Arg Pro Ile Ser Ser Gly Pro Thr Leu Cys Pro Phe Pro Ile Asn Lys Leu 300 295 Leu Ser Leu Phe Cys Tyr His Ile Val Met Val Phe Ile Phe Ile His 310 315 Leu Glu Gly Leu Ser Gly Ile Leu Ile Val His Lys Ser Thr Leu Pro 325 330 His Asn Phe Gly Leu Trp Leu His Phe Gly Ala His Ser Pro Gly Leu Cys Ala Arg His Trp Cys Gly Tyr Leu Asn Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Phe Phe Tyr Tyr Leu Ala Gly Thr Asn Gln Leu Phe Gly Leu Ala Leu Val Trp Gly Ser Thr Trp Ser Gly Arg Arg Ala Ala Leu Trp Cys Gly Gly Arg Ser Ser Tyr Arg Gly His Arg Pro Ser Trp Trp Arg Gly Leu Gln Ser Trp His Pro Arg Gln Gln Trp Thr Gln His Leu Phe Asp Arg Trp 425 Gly Leu Trp Gly Lys Ile His Ile Pro Phe Tyr Gly Ser Ile Gly Lys 440 Val Gly Val Gly Gly Trp Cys Arg Leu Arg Gly Gly Gly Thr Gly Arg 455 Cys Ile Ser Ala Arg His Ser Lys Met Ala Ala Ser Val Leu Leu 470 475 Trp Val Gln Ile Leu Lys Gly Gly Asn Arg Tyr Pro Ser Phe Gly Ala 490 485 Ile Cys Asn Gly Phe Arg Arg Gly Val Pro Asn Met Val Phe Ser Gly 500 505 Gly Cys Phe Gln Asp Gly Cys Gly Gly Gly Ser Val Phe Cys Gly Asn 520 Ala Ser Leu Ala Thr Ser Ser Tyr Lys Ser Glu Arg Ser Ala Leu Leu 535 Tyr 545 <210> SEQ ID NO 3 <211> LENGTH: 577 <212> TYPE: PRT <213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus <400> SEQUENCE: 3 Pro Ala His Phe Gly Ser Gly Ser Thr Ser Ala Ala Ser Val Lys Met Pro Ser Lys Lys Ser Gly Pro Gln Pro His Lys Arg Trp Val Phe Thr Leu Asn Asn Pro Ser Glu Glu Glu Lys Asn Lys Ile Arg Glu Leu Pro

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Gly 65	Arg	Thr	Pro	His	Leu 70	Gln	Gly	Phe	Ala	Asn 75	Phe	Ala	Lys	Lys	Gln 80
Thr	Phe	Asn	Lys	Val 85	Lys	Trp	Tyr	Phe	Gly 90	Ala	Arg	CÀa	His	Ile 95	Glu
Lys	Ala	Lys	Gly 100	Thr	Asp	Gln	Gln	Asn 105	Tàa	Glu	Tyr	CÀa	Ser 110	Lys	Glu
Gly	His	Ile 115	Leu	Ile	Glu	Сув	Gly 120	Ala	Pro	Arg	Asn	Gln 125	Gly	Lys	Arg
Ser	Asp 130	Leu	Ser	Thr	Ala	Val 135	Ser	Thr	Leu	Leu	Glu 140	Thr	Gly	Ser	Leu
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Gly	Leu	Ala	Glu	Leu 165	Leu	Lys	Val	Ser	Gly 170	Lys	Met	Gln	Lys	Arg 175	Asp
Trp	Lys	Thr	Ala 180	Val	His	Val	Ile	Val 185	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Сув 190	Gly	Lys
Ser	Gln	Trp 195	Ala	Arg	Asn	Phe	Ala 200	Glu	Pro	Arg	Asp	Thr 205	Tyr	Trp	Lys
Pro	Ser 210	Arg	Asn	Lys	Trp	Trp 215	Asp	Gly	Tyr	His	Gly 220	Glu	Glu	Val	Val
Val 225	Leu	Asp	Asp	Phe	Tyr 230	Gly	Trp	Leu	Pro	Trp 235	Asp	Asp	Leu	Leu	Arg 240
	-	_		245	Pro				250		-			255	
			260		Ser			265					270		
	-	275			Thr		280					285		•	
	290				Gln	295		-			300				
305				·	Arg 310					315			-		320
		-	-	325	Asn	-			330					335	
			340		Arg _			345					350		
		355			Tyr		360					365			
	370				Ala	375			-		380		•		
385					Ser 390					395					400
				405	Gly				410					415	
			420		Ala			425					430		
Gln	Val	Gly 435	Gly	Gly	Gly	Tyr	Lys 440	Val	Gly	Ile	Gln	Asp 445	Asn	Asn	Ser

455 Phe Ile Phe Ser Leu Ser Asn Thr Val Val Leu Glu Arg Gly Val Gly 470 Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu Glu Leu Ala Asp Val Glu Ser Gln Leu Val Asn Ile Pro Arg Trp Leu Arg Val Ser Ser Ser Tyr Gly Glu Tyr Lys Phe 505 Ser Arg Lys Ala Gly Ile Glu Asp Thr Arg Leu Ser Ala Pro Ser Val Thr Val Ser Glu Gly Gly Val Tyr Gln Ile Trp Ser Ser Pro Glu Asp 535 Val Ser Lys Met Ala Ala Gly Ala Gly Pro Ser Ser Ala Val Thr Pro Pro Trp Pro Arg His Pro Ile Lys Val Lys Glu Val Arg Cys Cys Ser <210> SEQ ID NO 4 <211> LENGTH: 553 <212> TYPE: PRT <213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus <400> SEQUENCE: 4 Gln Arg Thr Ser Ala Ala Ala Pro Arg Gln Arg Gln Lys Cys Gln Ala Arg Lys Ala Ala Arg Asn Pro Ile Arg Gly Gly Cys Ser Pro Leu 25 Leu Pro Arg Arg Arg Lys Thr Lys Tyr Gly Ser Phe Gln Ser Pro Phe Leu Ile Ile Leu Phe Val Ala Arg Lys Val Trp Lys Arg Val Glu Leu Leu Thr Ser Arg Gly Leu Arg Ile Leu Leu Arg Ser Arg Leu Leu Thr Arg Ser Gly Ile Leu Val Pro Ala Ala Thr Ser Arg Lys Arg Lys Glu 90 Pro Thr Ser Arg Ile Lys Asn Thr Ala Val Lys Lys Ala Thr Tyr Leu 105 Ser Ser Val Glu Leu Arg Gly Thr Arg Gly Ser Ala Ala Thr Cys Leu Leu Leu Val Pro Phe Trp Arg Arg Gly Leu Trp Leu Pro Ser Ser Phe 135 Leu Arg Met Glu Ile Ser Ala Gly Trp Leu Asn Phe Lys Ala Gly Arg Cys Arg Ser Val Ile Gly Arg Gln Leu Tyr Thr Ser Trp Ala Arg Pro Val Val Gly Arg Ala Ser Gly Pro Val Ile Leu Leu Ser Leu Gly Thr Pro Thr Gly Ser Leu Val Glu Ile Ser Gly Gly Met Asp Ile Met Glu Lys Lys Leu Leu Phe Trp Met Ile Phe Met Ala Gly Tyr Leu Gly Met 210 \$215\$

Gly Pro Asn Thr Ser Leu Ile Arg Gly Asp Gly Val Ser Gly Val Lys

Ile Tyr Asp Cys Val Thr Gly Ile His Leu Arg Leu Lys Gly Val Leu 230 235 Phe Leu Phe Trp Pro Ala Val Phe Leu Pro Ala Ile Arg Pro Pro Arg 245 250 Asn Gly Thr Pro Gln Leu Leu Ser Gln Leu Lys Leu Ser Ile Gly Gly Leu Leu Cys Asn Phe Gly Arg Leu Leu Glu Asn Asn Pro Arg Arg 280 Tyr Pro Lys Ala Asp Leu Lys Gln Trp Thr His Pro Val Pro Phe Ser 295 His Ile Lys Ile Thr Glu Ser Phe Leu Leu Ser His Arg Asn Gly Phe 310 Tyr Phe Tyr Ser Phe Arg Gly Ser Phe Arg Ile Asn Ser Leu Asn Cys Thr Ile Val Asn Leu Thr Thr Phe Trp Ala Val Val Ala Phe Trp Ser Ala Pro Arg Pro Val Cys Ser Thr Leu Val Trp Val Phe Lys Trp Ser His Ser Trp Phe Leu Leu Phe Gly Trp Asn Gln Ser Ile Val Trp Ser Ser Ser Gly Leu Gly Val Lys Tyr Leu Glu Trp Val Lys Gly Cys Leu Met Val Trp Arg Glu Glu Leu Ile Gly Ser Ala Lys Leu Val Glu 410 Gly Val Thr Lys Leu Ala Ser Lys Ile Thr Thr Val Asp Pro Thr Pro 420 425 Leu Leu Glu Val Met Gly Ser Leu Gly Asn Ser Tyr Leu Ala Phe Leu 440 Ile Arg Tyr Trp Lys Gly Arg Gly Arg Gly Leu Val Pro Pro Glu Gly 455 Gly Arg Asn Trp Pro Met Leu Asn Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Phe Gln Asp 470 475 Gly Cys Glu Cys Pro Pro Leu Met Val Ser Thr Asn Ser Leu Glu Arg 485 490 Arg Glu Leu Lys Ile Pro Val Phe Arg Arg His Leu Arg Phe Leu Lys Ala Gly Cys Thr Lys Tyr Gly Leu Leu Arg Arg Met Phe Pro Arg Trp 520 Leu Arg Gly Arg Val Arg Leu Leu Arg Arg Leu Leu Gly His Val Ile 535 Leu Lys Lys Cys Ala Ala Val Val 550 <210> SEQ ID NO 5 <211> LENGTH: 1759 <212> TYPE: DNA <213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus <400> SEQUENCE: 5 aatactacag cagcgcactt ctttcacttt tataggatga cgtggccaag gaggcgttac cqcaqaaqac qqacccqccc ccqcaqccat cttqqaaacq tcctccqqaq aaqaccatat

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Arg Leu Leu Gly Glu Ser Ser Ser Phe Phe Leu Ile Arg Ser Ser Gly 40

Ile Glu Arg Lys Ser Lys Thr Gln Pro Ser Ser Pro Lys Ser Ser Pro 50 60

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<400> SEQUENCE: 6

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Phe	Pro	Val	Ser 100	Trp	Cys	Phe	Leu	Ser 105	-	Gln	Leu	Leu	Ser 110	Pro	Trp
Met	Ser	Ile 115	Ser	His	Pro	Ala	Gly 120	Arg	Phe	Trp	Pro	Phe 125	Arg	Leu	Ser
Arg	Asp 130	Val	Ala	Thr	Leu	Val 135	Arg	Lys	Ser	Val	Pro 140	Asp	Lys	Thr	Val
Thr 145	Ala	Ser	CÀa	Asn	Gly 150	Thr	Val	Tyr	Thr	Leu 155	Phe	ГЛа	Arg	Pro	Ser 160
Ala	Ser	Ser	Lys	Phe 165	Thr	Leu	Pro	Phe	Ile 170	Сув	СЛа	Arg	Ser	Gln 175	Phe
Val	Ala	Thr	Cys 180	Thr	Met	Thr	Pro	Gly 185	Gly	Pro	Gln	Pro	Phe 190	Leu	Trp
His	Ala	Arg 195	Leu	Lys	Ala	Ser	Gly 200	Leu	Ser	Val	Gln	Phe 205	Gly	Leu	Leu
Phe	Leu 210	His	His	Ser	Pro	Tyr 215	Pro	Ser	Ser	Thr	Thr 220	Thr	Lys	Ser	Ser
Lys 225	Pro	Gln	Asn	Gly	Gln 230	Ser	Ser	Arg	Ser	Leu 235	Ser	His	Ser	Arg	Tyr 240
Gly	Asn	Val	Thr	Ser 245	Val	Leu	Pro	Pro	Val 250	Thr	Gly	ГÀа	Lys	Ala 255	Arg
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Ala	Thr	Gly 275	Ala	Thr	Ser	Ala	Arg 280	Arg	Leu	Ile	Val	Val 285	Lys	Cha	Asn
Gln	Phe 290	Val	Ala	Pro	Ser	Сув 295	Asp	Val	Ser	Thr	Gly 300	Ser	Pro	Arg	Asn
Ser 305	Ala	Thr	Ser	Gly	Gly 310	Gln	Ala	Arg	ГÀв	Gly 315	Tyr	Leu	Ile	Phe	Gln 320
Thr	Lys	Lys	Thr	Ile 325	Val	Asp	Tyr	His	Asn 330	Lys	Asn	ГÀв	Asn	Met 335	Leu
Thr	ГÀв	Ser	Leu 340	Asn	Glu	Ser	Asn	Tyr 345	Met	Phe	Leu	Gly	Trp 350	Met	Ile
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Ser	Met 370	Pro	Thr	Pro	Ile	Ile 375	Ser	Gly	Cha	Ser	Thr 380	Glu	ГÀз	Ile	Ile
Gln 385	Ser	Ser	Gly	Ile	Leu 390	Gln	Lys	Thr	Ser	Gln 395	Asn	Pro	Pro	Ser	Thr 400
Gly	Pro	Thr	Thr	Pro 405	Leu	Pro	Ser	Gly	Pro 410	Thr	Ala	Pro	Pro	Thr 415	Thr
Leu	Ile	Pro	Thr 420	Met	Pro	Trp	Thr	Pro 425	Pro	Pro	Pro	Leu	Thr 430	Pro	Met
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Thr	Glu 450	Pro	Thr	Phe	Asn	Met 455	Asn	Leu	Arg	Glu	Leu 460	Val	Thr	Thr	Asn
Ser	Leu	Tyr	Pro	Tyr	Pro	Thr	Pro	Ala	Ala	Gln	Pro	Pro	Ser	Ser	Ser

_													0011	C 1111	acu	
4	65					470					475					480
A.	la S	er	Thr	Ser	Asp 485	Ser	Thr	Leu	Met	Gly 490	Leu	His	Ser	Arg	Thr 495	Asp
G:	lu G	lu	Pro	Ser 500	Tyr	Leu	Asn	Glu	Leu 505	Phe	Ala	Pro	Ile	Ser 510	Ser	Val
A:	rg A		Glu 515	Ala	Gly	Asp	Thr	Val 520	Thr	Glu	Ser	Pro	Pro 525	Thr	Tyr	Trp
I		is 30	Asp	Glu	Gly	Ser	Ser 535	Thr	Glu	Leu	Ile	Ala 540	Ala	Pro	Ala	Pro
	ly A 45	.sp	Glu	Ala	Thr	Val 550	Gly	Gly	Gln	Gly	Arg 555	Gly	Ile	Phe	Thr	Phe 560
S	er T	hr	Arg	Gln	Gln 565	Leu	Ile									
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S 6 !		er	Arg	Val	Glu	Leu 70	Pro	Lys	Arg	Ile	Lys 75	Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Ser 80
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V		ln 30	Arg	Ser	Ser	His	Thr 135	Gly	ГÀа	Gln	Leu	Arg 140	Pro	Arg	Gln	His
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	ln I 25	le	Ile	Lys	Ile	Ala 230	Pro	Arg	Pro	Ile	Ile 235	Gln	Ser	Gln	Thr	Val 240
P	ro I	le	Trp	Gln	Ser 245	Tyr	Leu	Ser	Phe	Pro 250	Thr	Ser	Asn	Arg	Lys 255	Gln

											_	COII	CIII	ueu	
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	450				Asn	455				_	460				
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				485	Pro				490					495	
			500	_	Ser			505		_	-		510		
		515			Leu		520					525			
-	530	-			Arg	535					540	•			Ū
545					Leu 550					555					560
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Lys 225	Pro	His	Asp	Val	Ser 230	Val	Thr	His	Gly	Thr 235	Asp	Met	Ser	Gln	Leu 240
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Ile	Trp 290	Pro	Pro	Val	Arg	Leu 295	Gly	Ile	Gln	Leu	Leu 300	Pro	Gly	Val	Arg
305	-		_		310					315	_	Lys			320
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Tyr	Lys 370	Phe	Pro	Ala	Val	Val 375	Pro	Lys	Lys	Lys	Ala 380	Pro	Val	Leu	Asn
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Val	Trp	Cys 435	Arg	Lys	Ser	Leu	His 440	His	Pro	Arg	Gln	Pro 445	Leu	Ile	Ile	
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Gln	Leu	Arg 515	Pro	Thr	Gly	Phe	Ile 520	Thr	Lys	Glu	Pro	Pro 525	His	Lys	Trp	
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Val 545		Asp	Leu	Leu	Ser 550	Leu	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ser 555	Tyr	Tyr				
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	0> SI cca	_			age	gac	ccg	caa	ccc	cat.	aaa	add	taa	ata	ttc	48
							Pro									
							gag Glu									96
							ttt Phe 40									144
							cag Gln									192
							tgg Trp									240
							cag Gln									288
							tgt Cys									336
							gtg Val 120									384
							ttt Phe									432
							aaa Lys									480
gat	tgg	aag	aca	gct	gta	cac	gtc	ata	gtg	ggc	ccg	ccc	ggt	tgt	999	528

Asp Trp Lys								COII	- 1110	ıed			
	Thr Ala 165	Val H	is Val	Ile	Val 170	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Сув 175	Gly		
aag agc cag Lys Ser Gln												576	
aag cct agt Lys Pro Ser 195												624	
gtt gtt ttg Val Val Leu 210		Phe T										672	
aga ctg tgt Arg Leu Cys 225												720	
gtt cct ttt Val Pro Phe												768	
cag gaa tgg Gln Glu Trp												816	
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Lys Ser Gln Trp Ala 180	-	Ala Glu Pro Arg 185	Asp Thr Tyr Trp 190	
Lys Pro Ser Arg Asn 195	Lys Trp Trp	Asp Gly Tyr His	Gly Glu Glu Val 205	
Val Val Leu Asp Asp 210	Phe Tyr Gly 215	Trp Leu Pro Trp 220		
Arg Leu Cys Asp Arg 225	Tyr Pro Leu 230	Thr Val Glu Thr 235	Lys Gly Gly Thr 240	
Val Pro Phe Leu Ala 245	-	Leu Ile Thr Ser 250	Asn Gln Ala Pro 255	
Gln Glu Trp Tyr Ser 260		Val Pro Ala Val 265	Glu Ala Leu Tyr 270	
Arg Arg Ile Thr Thr 275	Leu Gln Phe 280	Trp Lys Thr Ala	Gly Glu Gln Ser 285	
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cca aat aat aaa aga aac cag ctg tgg ctc cat tta aat acc cac acc Pro Asn Asn Lys Arg Asn Gln Leu Trp Leu His Leu Asn Thr His Thr 180 185 190	576
aat gtc gag cac aca ggc ctg ggc tat gcg ctc caa aat gca acc aca Asn Val Glu His Thr Gly Leu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Gln Asn Ala Thr Thr 195 200 205	624
gcc caa aat tat gtg gta agg ttg act att tat gta caa ttc aga gaa Ala Gln Asn Tyr Val Val Arg Leu Thr Ile Tyr Val Gln Phe Arg Glu 210 215 220	672
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Gln Pro Ser Trp Asn Val Asn Glu Leu Arg Phe Asn Ile Gly Gln Phe 65 70 75 80	
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Tyr Phe Thr Pro Lys Pro Glu Leu Asp Gln Thr Ile Asp Trp Phe Gln 165 170 175	
Pro Asn Asn Lys Arg Asn Gln Leu Trp Leu His Leu Asn Thr His Thr 180 185 190	
Asn Val Glu His Thr Gly Leu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Gln Asn Ala Thr Thr 195 200 205	
Ala Gln Asn Tyr Val Val Arg Leu Thr Ile Tyr Val Gln Phe Arg Glu	

he Ile 25	Leu	Lys	Asp	Pro 230	Leu	Asn	Glu										
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ct agg ro Arg															96		
gg gcc rg Ala			_			_	_				_	_	_		144		
tt ccc eu Pro 50															192		
ta cgt le Arg 5															240		
aa aag ln Lys															288		
cg cgg ro Arg	_				_	_			_				-	-	336		
tc ttt ne Phe															384		
gc acc ly Thr 130															432		
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tc gcc eu Ala															528		
tt gtt ne Val															576		
tt atg eu Met													tga		621		
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et Ile	Ser	Ile	Pro 5	Pro	Leu	Ile	Ser	Thr 10	Arg	Leu	Pro	Val	Gly 15	Val			

Pro Arg Leu Ser Lys Ile Thr Gly Pro Leu Ala Leu Pro Thr Thr Gly 25 Arg Ala His Tyr Asp Val Tyr Ser Cys Leu Pro Ile Thr Leu Leu His 40 Leu Pro Ala His Phe Gln Lys Phe Ser Gln Pro Ala Glu Ile Ser His Ile Arg Tyr Arg Lys Leu Leu Gly Tyr Ser His Gln Arg Pro Arg Leu Gln Lys Gly Thr His Ser Ser Arg Gln Val Ala Ala Leu Pro Leu Val Pro Arg Ser Ser Thr Leu Asp Lys Tyr Val Ala Phe Phe Thr Ala Val Phe Phe Ile Leu Leu Val Gly Ser Phe Arg Phe Leu Asp Val Ala Ala Gly Thr Lys Ile Pro Leu His Leu Val Lys Ser Leu Leu Leu Ser Lys 135 Ile Arg Lys Pro Leu Glu Val Arg Ser Ser Thr Leu Phe Gln Thr Phe Leu Ala Thr Asn Lys Ile Ile Lys Lys Gly Asp Trp Lys Leu Pro Tyr \$165\$Phe Val Phe Leu Leu Gly Arg Ile Ile Lys Gly Glu His Pro Pro Leu Met Gly Leu Arg Ala Ala Phe Leu Ala Trp His Phe His 200 <210> SEQ ID NO 15 <211> LENGTH: 1767 <212> TYPE: DNA <213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus <220> FEATURE: <221> NAME/KEY: CDS <222> LOCATION: (1)..(111) <220> FEATURE: <221> NAME/KEY: CDS <222> LOCATION: (115) .. (243) <220> FEATURE: <221> NAME/KEY: CDS <222> LOCATION: (247)..(267) <220> FEATURE: <221> NAME/KEY: CDS <222> LOCATION: (271)..(360) <220> FEATURE: <221> NAME/KEY: CDS <222> LOCATION: (364)..(417) <220> FEATURE: <221> NAME/KEY: CDS <222> LOCATION: (421)..(447) <220> FEATURE: <221> NAME/KEY: CDS <222> LOCATION: (451) .. (471) <220> FEATURE: <221> NAME/KEY: CDS <222> LOCATION: (475) .. (510) <220> FEATURE: <221> NAME/KEY: CDS <222> LOCATION: (514)..(516) <220> FEATURE: <221> NAME/KEY: CDS <222> LOCATION: (520)..(729) <220> FEATURE: <221> NAME/KEY: CDS <222> LOCATION: (733)..(753) <220> FEATURE:

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aca tgc cca gca aga aga atg gaa gaa gcg gac ccc aac ccc ata aaa
                                                                   96
Thr Cys Pro Ala Arg Arg Met Glu Glu Ala Asp Pro Asn Pro Ile Lys
                              25
144
                             40
tac ggg atc ttc caa tat ccc tat ttg att att tta ttg ttg gcg agg Tyr Gly Ile Phe Gln Tyr Pro Tyr Leu Ile Ile Leu Leu Leu Ala Arg
                                                                  192
                         55
agg gta atg agg aag gac gaa cac ctc acc tcc agg ggt tcg cta att
                                                                  240
Arg Val Met Arg Lys Asp Glu His Leu Thr Ser Arg Gly Ser Leu Ile
                      70
ttg tga aga agc aga ctt tta ata aag tga agt ggt att tgg gtg ccc
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Len
    Arg Ser Arg Leu Leu Ile Lys Ser Gly Ile Trp Val Pro
8.0
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                                              90
get gee aca teg aga aag ega aag gaa eag ate age aga ata aag aat
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Ala Ala Thr Ser Arg Lys Arg Lys Glu Gln Ile Ser Arg Ile Lys Asn
                                          105
                      100
act gca gta aag aag gca act tac tga tgg agt gtg gag ctc cta gat
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115
                                          120
ctc agg gac aac gga gtg acc tgt cta ctg ctg tga gta cct tgt tgg
Leu Arg Asp Asn Gly Val Thr Cys Leu Leu Leu
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480
tca gaa att tcc gcg ggc tgg ctg aac ttt tga aag tga gcg gga aaa
Ser Glu Ile Ser Ala Gly Trp Leu Asn Phe Lys Ala Gly Lys
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_	-	-	_		att Ile		_		_		_		_				576		
	eu				aaa Lys												624		
	0				aac Asn												672		
_	-	_	_		ttg Leu 220		_	_			_	_		-			720		
	_		tac Tyr	tga	gac Asp 235		gtg Val					tga	ctg Leu	_	aga Arg		768		
	/S				tac Tyr									tta Leu		_	816		
	Le	_		_	tgg Trp						_	_		_	_	tag	864		
	/s				gga Gly												912		
					cgg Arg 295												960		
					ttc Phe				taa					ttt Phe			1008		
					ttt Phe												1056		
					tct Ser												1104		
	ne				tat Tyr												1152		
Va					agc Ser	_	_	_		_		_	_	-			1200		
_	al	_		_	gaa Glu	_			_	_		tag	_	agg Arg			1248		
G]					gga Gly												1296		
					tac Tyr 420												1344		
			_	atc Ile 435	atc Ile	taa			-			-		tcc Ser		-	1392		
					cgg Arg												1440		

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tgg ggg aag aaa gtc att aat att gaa tct cat cat gtc cac cgc cca Trp Gly Lys Lys Val Ile Asn Ile Glu Ser His His Val His Arg Pro 480 485 490	1536
gga ggg cgt tct gac tgt ggt tcg ctt gac agt ata tcc gaa ggt gcg Gly Gly Arg Ser Asp Cys Gly Ser Leu Asp Ser Ile Ser Glu Gly Ala 495 500 505	1584
gga gag gcg ggt gtt gaa gat gcc att ttt cct tct cca gcg gta acg Gly Glu Ala Gly Val Glu Asp Ala Ile Phe Pro Ser Pro Ala Val Thr 510 515 520 525	1632
gtg gcg ggg gtg gac gag cca ggg gcg gcg gcg gag gat ctg gcc aag Val Ala Gly Val Asp Glu Pro Gly Ala Ala Ala Glu Asp Leu Ala Lys 530 535 540	1680
atg gct gcg ggg gcg gtg tct tct tct tcg gta acg cct cct tgg ata Met Ala Ala Gly Ala Val Ser Ser Ser Val Thr Pro Pro Trp Ile 545 550 555	1728
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Gly Ile Phe Gln Tyr Pro Tyr Leu Ile Ile Leu Leu Leu Ala Arg Arg 50 55 60	
Val Met Arg Lys Asp Glu His Leu Thr Ser Arg Gly Ser Leu Ile Leu 65 70 75 80	
Arg Ser Arg Leu Leu Ile Lys Ser Gly Ile Trp Val Pro Ala Ala Thr 85 90 95	
Ser Arg Lys Arg Lys Glu Gln Ile Ser Arg Ile Lys Asn Thr Ala Val	
Lys Lys Ala Thr Tyr Trp Ser Val Glu Leu Leu Asp Leu Arg Asp Asn 115 120 125	
Gly Val Thr Cys Leu Leu Leu Val Pro Cys Trp Arg Ala Gly Val Trp 130 135 140	
Pro Leu Gln Ser Ser Thr Leu Arg Leu Ser Glu Ile Ser Ala Gly Trp 145 150 155 160	
145 150 155 160 Leu Asn Phe Lys Ala Gly Lys Cys Arg Ser Val Ile Gly Arg Leu Met	

Ser Gly Gly Met Val Thr Met Val Lys Lys Trp Leu Leu Met Thr

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His	Leu	Arg	Leu	Lys 245	Val	Glu	Leu	Tyr	Leu 250	Phe	Trp	Pro	Ala	Val 255	Phe
Leu	Pro	Ala	Ile 260	Arg	Pro	Arg	Trp	Asn 265	Gly	Thr	Pro	Gln	Leu 270	Leu	Ser
Gln	Leu	Lys 275	Leu	Phe	Ile	Gly	Gly 280	Leu	Leu	Pro	Trp	Tyr 285	Phe	Gly	Arg
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Pro 305	Pro	His	Ala	Leu	Asn 310	Phe	His	Met	Lys	Ile 315	Thr	Glu	Ser	Phe	Leu 320
Ser	Leu	Arg	Asn	Gly 325	Phe	Tyr	Tyr	Ser	Leu 330	Arg	Val	ГÀз	Trp	Gly 335	Val
Phe	Lys	Ile	Lys 340	Phe	Ser	Glu	Leu	Tyr 345	Ile	His	Gly	Tyr	Thr 350	Asp	Ile
Val	Phe	Leu 355	Val	Val	Tyr	Thr	Val 360	Phe	Glu	Arg	Ser	Ala 365	Glu	Ala	Tyr
Val	Val 370	Tyr	Ile	Ser	Ser	Ser 375	Leu	Ser	Gln	Pro	Gln 380	Leu	Val	Ser	Phe
Val 385	Val	Trp	Leu	Glu	Val 390	Ile	Asn	Ser	Glu	Ile 395	Asp	Arg	Phe	Gly	Gly 400
ГÀа	Val	Pro	Gly	Val 405	Val	Gly	Glu	Gly	Leu 410	Gly	Tyr	Gly	Met	Ala 415	Gly
Gly	Val	Val	Tyr 420	Ile	Gly	Val	Ile	Gly 425	Glu	Gly	CÀa	Gly	Leu 430	CÀa	Tyr
ГÀа	Val	Ile 435	Ile	Asn	Asn	Ser	Thr 440	Gly	Ala	His	Ser	Pro 445	Val	Thr	Leu
Gly	Asp 450	Arg	Gly	Ala	Gly	Pro 455	Glu	Phe	Asn	Leu	Asn 460	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Ser
Val 465	Val	Phe	Lys	Gly	His 470	Arg	Ala	Gly	Val	Pro 475	Pro	Ser	Trp	Gly	Lys 480
Lys	Val	Ile	Asn	Ile 485	Glu	Ser	His	His	Val 490	His	Arg	Pro	Gly	Gly 495	Arg
Ser	Asp	Cys	Gly 500	Ser	Leu	Asp	Ser	Ile 505	Ser	Glu	Gly	Ala	Gly 510	Glu	Ala
Gly	Val	Glu 515	Asp	Ala	Ile	Phe	Pro 520	Ser	Pro	Ala	Val	Thr 525	Val	Ala	Gly
Val	Asp 530	Glu	Pro	Gly	Ala	Ala 535	Ala	Glu	Asp	Leu	Ala 540	Lys	Met	Ala	Ala
Gly 545	Ala	Val	Ser	Ser	Ser 550	Ser	Val	Thr	Pro	Pro 555	Trp	Ile	Arg	His	Ile 560
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<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circoviru

<400> SEQUENCE: 17

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Gly	Val	His 35	Ser	Glu	Ser	Phe	Arg 40	Arg	Arg	Ala	Gln	Glu 45	Asn	Thr	Gly
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Thr 65	Asn	Thr	Ser	Pro	Pro 70	Gly	Val	Arg	Phe	Сув 75	Glu	Glu	Ala	Asp	Phe 80
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Val	Trp	Ser 115	Ser	Ile	Ser	Gly	Thr 120	Thr	Glu	Pro	Val	Tyr 125	Сув	Сув	Glu
Tyr	Leu 130	Val	Gly	Glu	Arg	Glu 135	Ser	Gly	Asp	Arg	Cys 140	Arg	Ala	Ala	Pro
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Arg	Glu	Asn	Ala	Glu 165	Ala	Cys	Thr	Arg	His 170	Cys	Gly	Ala	Thr	Trp 175	Val
Trp	Lys	Gln	Met 180	Gly	Cys	Phe	Cys	Arg 185	Pro	Gly	Asn	His	Ile 190	Leu	Glu
Thr	Thr	Lys 195	Gln	Val	Val	Gly	Trp 200	Leu	Pro	Trp	Arg	Ser 205	Gly	Cys	Tyr
Leu	Leu 210	Trp	Leu	Ala	Ala	Leu 215	Gly	Ser	Thr	Glu	Thr 220	Val	Ser	Ile	Ser
Ile 225	Asp	Cys	Arg	Asp	Arg 230	Trp	Asn	Cys	Thr	Phe 235	Phe	Gly	Pro	Gln	Tyr 240
Ser	Asp	Tyr	Gln	Gln 245	Ser	Asp	Pro	Val	Gly 250	Met	Val	Leu	Leu	Asn 255	Сув
CAa	Pro	Ser	Cys 260	Arg	Ser	Ser	Leu	Ser 265	Glu	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Leu 270	Gly	Ile
Leu	Glu	Glu 275	Cya	Tyr	Arg	Thr	Ile 280	His	Gly	Gly	Arg	Gly 285	Pro	Val	Arg
	Pro 290		Pro	Pro		Pro 295			Leu		Ser 300		Phe	Tyr	His
Phe 305	Val	Met	Val	Phe	Ile 310	Ile	His	Gly	Leu	Ser 315	Gly	Gly	Ser	Leu	Lys 320
Leu	Asn	Ser	Leu	Asn 325	CÀa	Thr	Tyr	Met	Val 330	Thr	Arg	Ile	Leu	Tyr 335	Ser
Trp	Ser	Tyr	Ile 340	Leu	Phe	Ser	Asn	Ala 345	Val	Pro	Arg	Pro	Thr 350	Trp	Ser
Thr	Phe	Pro 355	Ala	Val	Cys	Ser	Leu 360	Ser	His	Ser	Trp	Phe 365	Leu	Leu	Leu
Phe	Gly 370	Trp	Lys	Ser	Ile	Val 375	Lys	Ser	Arg	Thr	Gly 380	Leu	Gly	Val	Lys
Tyr 385	Arg	Glu	Trp	Glu	390	Gly	Trp	Val	Met	Val 395	Trp	Arg	Glu	Glu	Val 400
Arg	Ala	Val	Ala	Phe	Val	Thr	Lys	Leu	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ile	Thr	Ala	Leu

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Glu	Pro	Thr	Pro 420	Leu	Ser	Pro	Trp	Val 425	Ile	Gly	Glu	Gln	Gly 430	Gln	Asn
Ser	Thr	Leu 435	Thr	Phe	Leu	Ile	Leu 440	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Gly	Thr 445	Glu	Arg	Gly
Phe	Asp 450	Pro	Pro	Pro	Gly	Gly 455	Arg	Lys	Ser	Leu	Ile 460	Leu	Asn	Leu	Ile
Met 465	Ser	Thr	Ala	Gln	Glu 470	Gly	Val	Leu	Thr	Val 475	Val	Arg	Leu	Thr	Val 480
Tyr	Pro	Lys	Val	Arg 485	Glu	Arg	Arg	Val	Leu 490	Lys	Met	Pro	Phe	Phe 495	Leu
Leu	Gln	Arg	Arg 500	Trp	Arg	Gly	Trp	Thr 505	Ser	Gln	Gly	Arg	Arg 510	Arg	Arg
Ile	Trp	Pro 515	Arg	Trp	Leu	Arg	Gly 520	Arg	Cys	Leu	Leu	Leu 525	Arg	Arg	Leu
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Trp	Val	Phe 35	Thr	Leu	Asn	Asn	Pro 40	Ser	Glu	Asp	Glu	Arg 45	Lys	Lys	Ile
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Gly 65	Asn	Glu	Glu	Gly	Arg 70	Thr	Pro	His	Leu	Gln 75	Gly	Phe	Ala	Asn	Phe 80
Val	Lys	Lys	Gln	Thr 85	Phe	Asn	Lys	Val	Lys 90	Trp	Tyr	Leu	Gly	Ala 95	Arg
CAa	His	Ile	Glu 100	Lys	Ala	ГÀа	Gly	Thr 105	Asp	Gln	Gln	Asn	Lys 110	Glu	Tyr
CÀa	Ser	Lys 115	Glu	Gly	Asn	Leu	Leu 120		Glu	СЛа	Gly	Ala 125	Pro	Arg	Ser
Gln	Gly 130	Gln	Arg	Ser	Asp	Leu 135	Ser	Thr	Ala	Val	Ser 140	Thr	Leu	Leu	Glu
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Arg	Asn	Phe	Arg	Gly 165	Leu	Ala	Glu	Leu	Leu 170	Lys	Val	Ser	Gly	Lys 175	Met
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Gly	Cya	Gly 195	Lys	Ser	Lys	Trp	Ala 200	Ala	Asn	Phe	Ala	Asp 205	Pro	Glu	Thr
Thr	Tyr 210	Trp	Lys	Pro	Pro	Arg 215	Asn	Lys	Trp	Trp	Asp 220	Gly	Tyr	His	Gly

Glu Glu Val Val Ile Asp Asp Phe Tyr Gly Trp Leu Pro Trp Asp 230 Asp Leu Leu Arg Leu Cys Asp Arg Tyr Pro Leu Thr Val Glu Thr Lys 245 Gly Gly Thr Val Pro Phe Leu Ala Arg Ser Ile Leu Ile Thr Ser Asn 265 Gln Thr Pro Leu Glu Trp Tyr Ser Ser Thr Ala Val Pro Ala Val Glu 280 Ala Leu Tyr Arg Arg Ile Thr Ser Leu Val Phe Trp Lys Asn Ala Thr 295 Glu Gln Ser Thr Glu Glu Gly Gly Gln Phe Val Thr Leu Ser Pro Pro Cys Pro Glu Phe Pro Tyr Glu Ile Asn Tyr Val Phe Phe Ile Thr Ser Trp Phe Leu Leu Phe Ile Lys Gly Val Gly Gly Leu Ile Val His Thr Trp Leu His Gly Tyr Cys Ile Pro Gly Arg Ile Tyr Cys Phe Arg Thr Gln Cys Arg Gly Leu Arg Gly Leu His Phe Gln Gln Phe Val Val Ser Ala Thr Ala Gly Phe Phe Cys Cys Leu Val Gly Ser Asn Gln Asn Leu Gly Gln Val Trp Gly Ser Thr Gly Ser Gly Arg Arg Arg Ala Gly Leu 410 Pro Leu Leu Gln Ser Tyr His Leu Lys Gln His Trp Ser Pro Leu Pro 440 Cys His Pro Gly Ser Gly Ser Arg Ala Arg Ile Gln Pro Pro Phe Leu 455 Phe Cys Ser Ile Gln Arg Ala Gln Ser Gly Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu 470 475 Gly Glu Glu Ser His Ile Ser Ser Cys Pro Pro Pro Arg Arg Ala Phe Leu Trp Phe Ala Gln Tyr Ile Arg Arg Cys Gly Arg Gly Cys Arg 505 Cys His Phe Ser Phe Ser Ser Gly Asn Gly Gly Gly Gly Arg Ala 520 Arg Gly Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gln Asp Gly Cys Gly Gly Val 535 Phe Phe Phe Gly Asn Ala Ser Leu Asp Thr Ser Tyr Leu Lys Thr Lys Glu Val Arg Cys Lys Tyr <210> SEQ ID NO 19 <211> LENGTH: 1767 <212> TYPE: DNA <213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus <400> SEQUENCE: 19

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Pro Thr Glu Ser Tyr Asp Lys Arg Leu Arg Ala Cys Ser Phe Val Pro $35 \ \ \, 40 \ \ \, 45 \ \ \,$

Asp Glu Leu Ile Gly Ile Gln Asn Asn Gln Gln Arg Pro Pro Tyr His

	50					55					60				
Pro 65	Leu	Val	Phe	Val	Glu 70	Gly	Gly	Pro	Thr	Arg 75	Asn	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ala 80
Ser	ГÀа	Tyr	Leu	Ser 85	Thr	Thr	Asn	Pro	His 90	Gly	Ser	Gly	CAa	Arg 95	Ser
Leu	Ser	Leu	Phe 100	Leu	Asp	Ala	Ser	Tyr 105	Leu	Ile	Ser	Cys	Tyr 110	Leu	Leu
CAa	Ser	Val 115	Ser	Pro	Thr	His	Leu 120	Glu	Ile	Glu	Pro	Val 125	Val	Ser	His
Gly	Thr 130	Gln	Gln	Ser	Tyr	Arg 135	Thr	Pro	Ser	Arg	Ser 140	Asp	Pro	Ser	Arg
Gln 145	Leu	Ala	Ala	Gly	Gln 150	Leu	Thr	Gln	Phe	Asn 155	Gly	Arg	Ala	Pro	Gln 160
Val	Lys	Ser	Leu	Ser 165	Arg	Ser	Phe	Ala	Ser 170	Ala	His	Asn	Ser	Ser 175	His
Val	Arg	Gln	Pro 180	Ala	Val	Gln	Thr	His 185	Tyr	Phe	Сув	Ile	Pro 190	Gln	Asn
Gln	Leu	Gly 195	Pro	Phe	Trp	Met	Ser 200	Ser	Val	Val	Phe	Сув 205	Thr	Thr	Pro
His	Asn 210	Gly	His	His	Leu	Leu 215	Pro	Gln	Gln	His	Ser 220	Lys	His	Ser	Ala
Ala 225	Arg	Pro	His	Asp	Val 230	Ser	Val	Thr	His	Asp 235	Ile	Asp	Met	Ser	Gln 240
Leu	Ser	Leu	His	Phe 245	Gln	Val	Lys	Lys	Pro 250	Gly	Cys	Tyr	Glu	Ser 255	Trp
Cya	Asp	Ser	Gly 260	Thr	Pro	Ile	Thr	Ser 265	Arg	Leu	Gln	Gln	Gly 270	Leu	Gln
Leu	Leu	Glu 275	Lys	Asp	Ser	Ser	Lys 280	Arg	Pro	Ile	Lys	Ser 285	Ser	His	Leu
Val	Ile 290	Trp	Pro	Pro	Leu	Pro 295	Gly	Thr	Arg	Gly	300 TÀa	Gly	Gly	Met	Gly
Gln 305	Ile	Glu	Met	His	Phe 310	Leu	Asn	Ser	Leu	Arg 315	ГÀа	ГÀа	Thr	Ile	Thr 320
Lys	Ile	Ile	Pro	Asn 325	Leu	Pro	Pro	Asp	330 TÀa	Phe	Asn	Phe	Glu	Arg 335	Phe
Gln	Val	Tyr	Met 340	Thr	Val	Arg	Ile	Asn 345	Tyr	Glu	Gln	Asp	Tyr 350	Ile	Ser
Asn	Glu	Phe 355	Ala	Thr	Gly	Leu	Gly 360	Val	His	Asp	Val	Asn 365	Gly	Ala	Thr
Gln	Leu 370	Arg	Leu	Trp	Leu	Gln 375	Asn	Arg	ГÀз	Asn	Asn 380	Pro	Gln	Phe	Tyr
Asp 385	Ile	Thr	Phe	Asp	Leu 390	Val	Pro	Lys	Pro	Thr 395	Phe	Tyr	Arg	Ser	His 400
Tyr	Ser	Phe	Pro	Gln 405	Thr	Ile	Thr	His	Arg 410	Ser	Ser	Tyr	Asn	Val 415	Tyr
Pro	Asp	Tyr	Thr 420	Leu	Ala	Thr	Ala	Lys 425	Thr	Val	Pro	Asn	Asp 430	Asp	Leu
Ile	Val	Ala 435	Ser	Ser	Gly	Val	Gly 440	Arg	Asp	Gly	Gln	Thr 445	Ile	Pro	Ser
CAa	Pro 450	Trp	Phe	Glu	Val	Lys 455	Val	Lys	Arg	Ile	Arg 460	Tyr	Tyr	Glu	Phe

Pro Val Ser Arg Pro Asn Ser Gly Gly Gly Pro Pro Leu Phe Asp Asn 470 Ile Asn Phe Arg Met Met Asp Val Ala Trp Ser Pro Thr Arg Val Thr 485 490 Thr Arg Lys Val Thr Tyr Gly Phe Thr Arg Ser Leu Arg Thr Asn Phe Ile Gly Asn Lys Arg Arg Trp Arg Tyr Arg His Arg Pro His Val Leu 520 Trp Pro Arg Arg Arg Leu Ile Gln Gly Leu His Ser Arg Pro Arg His 535 Arg Arg Arg Tyr Arg Arg Pro Tyr Thr Met Asp Ser Phe Ser 550 Leu Leu Ala Ser Tyr Thr Asn <210> SEQ ID NO 21 <211> LENGTH: 566 <212> TYPE: PRT <213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus <400> SEQUENCE: 21 Trp Arg Val Glu Ala Ala Ala Gly Arg Cys Cys Arg Leu Leu Leu Met Gly Leu Leu Phe Phe Pro Leu Leu Pro Gly Trp Gly Trp Leu Leu 20 25 30His Thr Asn Val Arg Phe Leu Gly Glu Ser Ser Ser Arg Leu Phe Ile 35 40 45 Arg Ser Arg Gly Ile Asp Arg Asn Ser Lys Ile Thr Pro Ser Ser Pro Leu Ser Ser Pro Arg Val Gly Arg Trp Pro Asn Ala Leu Lys Thr Phe 65 70 75 75 80 Phe Cys Val Lys Leu Leu Thr Phe His Tyr Lys Pro Ala Arg Gln Trp 90 Met Ser Phe Ala Phe Pro Val Ser Cys Phe Leu Ser Tyr Gln Leu Leu Ser Pro Leu Lys Ser Ile Ser His Pro Ala Gly Leu Asp Pro Cys Arg 120 Leu Ser Arg Asp Val Ala Thr Leu Val Lys Asn Ser Leu Pro Leu Arg 135 Thr Val Thr Ala Ser Cys Cys Gly Thr Val Asn Thr Leu Phe Lys Arg 150 Pro Ser Ala Ser Ser Lys Phe Thr Leu Pro Phe Ile Cys Phe Arg Ser Gln Phe Val Leu Thr Cys Thr Met Thr Pro Gly Gly Pro His Pro Leu 185 Leu Leu His Ala Ala Leu Lys Ala Ser Gly Ser Val Val Tyr Gln Phe Gly Gly Leu Phe Leu His His Ser Pro Trp Pro Ser Ser Thr Thr Thr Ile Ser Ser Lys Pro Gln Ser Gly Gln Ser Ser Arg Ser Leu Ser His Ser Arg Tyr Gly Asn Val Thr Ser Val Leu Pro Pro Val Thr Gly Lys

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	245				250					255	
Lys Ala Arg	Leu Ile 260	Arg Ile	Val	Leu 265	Leu	Val	Gly	Asn	Ser 270	His	Tyr
Glu Glu Val 275	Ala Thr	Gly Ala	Thr 280	Ser	Ala	Arg	Arg	Leu 285	Ile	Val	Glu
Lys Thr Asn 290	Gln Phe	Phe Ala 295		Ser	Cys	Asp	Val 300	Ser	Ser	Pro	Pro
Trp Asn Thr 305	Val Arg	Glu Gly 310	Gly	His	Gly	Ser 315	Asn	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Ile 320
Phe Gln Thr	Lys Lys 325		Glu	Tyr	His 330	Asn	Lys	Asn	Asn	Met 335	Leu
Pro Thr Pro	Pro Arg 340	Phe Ile	e Arg	Gln 345	Ile	Thr	Сув	Val	His 350	Asn	Сув
Pro Tyr Gln 355	Ile Gly	Pro Arg	360	Tyr	Gln	Lys	Arg	Val 365	Сув	His	Arg
Pro Arg Arg 370	Pro Arg	Cys Lys		Сув	Asn	Thr	Thr 380	Glu	Ala	Val	Ala
Pro Lys Lys 385	Gln Gln	Lys Thr	Pro	Leu	Leu	Tyr 395	His	Phe	Arg	Pro	Cys 400
Thr Gln Pro	Tyr Leu 405		Leu	Pro	Leu 410	Leu	Leu	Ala	Pro	Asn 415	His
Tyr Pro Pro	Leu Leu 420	Leu Lys	Cys	Leu 425	Pro	Leu	His	Pro	Ser 430	His	Gly
Lys Asn Cys 435	Leu Arg	Phe Tyr	Cys 440	Сув	Gln	Leu	Gly	Ser 445	Gly	Gln	Gly
Pro His Asp 450	Pro Leu	Leu Ala 455		Ile	Gly	Gly	Lys 460	Lys	Asn	Gln	Leu
Ile Leu Ala 465	Cys Leu	Pro Pro 470	. Lys	Val	Gly	Arg 475	Arg	Pro	Ser	Ser	Leu 480
Tyr Gln Ile	Glu Asp 485		Gly	Gly	Leu 490	Leu	Ala	Asn	Gln	Ser 495	His
Asn Ala Gln	Cys Tyr 500	Ile Arg	, Leu	His 505	Pro	Leu	Pro	Pro	His 510	Gln	Leu
His Trp Lys 515	Glu Lys	Glu Lev	Pro 520	Leu	Pro	Pro	Pro	Pro 525	Pro	Arg	Ala
Leu Pro Pro 530	Pro Pro	Pro Asp 535		Trp	Ser	Pro	Gln 540	Pro	Pro	Pro	Thr
Lys Lys Lys 545	Pro Leu	Ala Glu 550	. Lys	Ser	Val	Asp 555	Tyr	Arg	Phe	Val	Phe 560
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His Gly Ala		Ile Ser	Ser	Ala 25		Gly	Leu	Gly	Met 30		Pro

Pro	His	Glu 35	Ser	Gln	Ile	Ile	Arg 40	Gly	Phe	Val	Leu	Ala 45	Leu	Phe	Tyr
Pro	Ile 50	Lys	Trp	Tyr	Gly	Lys 55	Ile	Ile	Lys	Asn	Asn 60	Ala	Leu	Leu	Thr
Ile 65	Leu	Phe	Ser	Ser	Cys 70	Arg	Val	Glu	Leu	Pro 75	Glu	Ser	Ile	Lys	His 80
Leu	Leu	Leu	Ser	Lys 85	Ile	Phe	His	Leu	Pro 90	Ile	Gln	Thr	Gly	Ala 95	Ala
Val	Asp	Leu	Phe 100	Arg	Phe	Ser	Cys	Ile 105	Leu	Leu	Ile	Phe	Phe 110	Val	Ala
Thr	Phe	Phe 115	Ala	Val	Gln	His	Leu 120	Thr	Ser	Ser	Arg	Ser 125	Arg	Leu	Ser
Leu	Pro 130	Thr	Val	Gln	Arg	Ser 135	Ser	His	Thr	Gly	Gln 140	Gln	Leu	Ala	Pro
Thr 145	Gln	His	Gly	Asn	Сув 150	Leu	Leu	Val	Arg	Tyr 155	Arg	Lys	Asp	Ser	Ile 160
Glu	Ala	Pro	Gln	Ser 165	Phe	Lys	Gln	Phe	His 170	Ala	Pro	Phe	His	Leu 175	Leu
Thr	Ile	Pro	Leu 180	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Val	Asp 185	Asn	His	Pro	Trp	Arg 190	Pro	Thr
Thr	Phe	Ala 195	Phe	Pro	Ser	Ser	Ile 200	ГЛа	Càa	Val	Arg	Phe 205	Gly	Сла	Val
Pro	Phe 210	Trp	Arg	Ser	Val	Leu 215	Pro	Pro	Ile	Thr	Val 220	Met	Thr	Phe	Phe
His 225	Asn	Asn	Asn	Ile	Val 230	ГÀв	Ile	Ala	Pro	Gln 235	Gly	Pro	Ile	Ile	Gln 240
Ser	Gln	Thr	Ser	Ser 245	Ile	Trp	Gln	Ser	Tyr 250	Leu	Ser	Phe	Thr	Ser 255	Ser
Tyr	Arg	ГЛа	Gln 260	Gly	Ala	Thr	Asn	Gln 265	Asn	Gly	Ala	Ile	Leu 270	Gly	Arg
Gln	Phe	Pro 275	Val	Gly	Ser	Ser	Asp 280	Trp	Ser	Tyr	Phe	Ser 285	Lys	Ile	Pro
Pro	Asn 290	Ser	Gly	Gln	Tyr	Lys 295	Pro	Leu	Ile	Ser	300 CAa	Phe	Leu	Gly	Arg
Leu 305	Phe	Pro	Ala	Leu	Glu 310	Asp	Gly	Lys	Gly	Gly 315	Trp	Ala	Arg	Phe	Lys 320
Trp	Ile	Phe		Ile 325	Val	Ser		Lys			Ser			Pro 335	
Glu	Asn	Leu	Thr 340	Leu	His	Pro	Thr	Lys 345	Leu	Ile	Leu	Asn	Glu 350	Ser	Asn
Tyr	Met	Cys 355	Pro	Val	Ser	Ile	Thr 360	Asn	Arg	Thr	Thr	Tyr 365	Val	Thr	ГÀз
Ser	Arg 370	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ala	Thr 375	Thr	Met	Glu	Leu	Leu 380	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Gly
385	Ser	Thr	Glu	Lys	Thr 390	Thr	Gln	Asn	Ser	Thr 395	Ile	Leu	Leu	Ser	Ile 400
Ser	Leu	Asn	Pro	Pro 405	Leu	Thr	Gly	Pro	Thr 410	Thr	Pro	Ser	Pro	Ser 415	Pro
Pro	Ile	Ala	Pro 420	Pro	Thr	Thr	Met	Pro 425	Thr	Met	Pro	Ser	Pro 430	Gln	Pro
Arg	Gln	Leu	Thr	Ile	Met	Phe	Leu	Leu	Val	Pro	Ala	Trp	Glu	Gly	Thr

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		435					440					445				
Val	Arg 450	Pro	Ser	Arg	Pro	Ala 455		Gly	Ser	Asn	Leu 460	Arg	Leu	Arg	Glu	
Glu 465	Thr	Thr	Asn	Leu	Pro 470	Cys	Leu	Ala	Pro	Thr 475	Gln	Gly	Gly	Glu	Gln 480	
Pro	Phe	Phe	Thr	Met 485	Leu	Ile	Ser	Asp	Thr 490	Trp	Arg	Gly	Pro	Pro 495	Arg	
Glu	Ser	Gln	Pro 500	Glu	Ser	Ser	Leu	Ile 505	Asp	Ser	Pro	Ala	Pro 510	Ser	Ala	
Pro	Thr	Ser 515	Ser	Ala	Met	Lys	Gly 520	Glu	Gly	Ala	Thr	Val 525	Thr	Ala	Pro	
Thr	Ser 530	Ser	Gly	Pro	Ala	Ala 535	Ala	Ser	Ser	Arg	Ala 540	Leu	Ile	Ala	Ala	
Pro 545	Ala	Thr	Asp	Glu	Glu 550	Glu	Thr	Val	Gly	Gly 555	Gln	Ile	Arg	Ile	Gln 560	
Phe	Arg	Phe	Phe	His 565	Ala	Thr	Leu	Ile								
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	O> SI															
					aat Asn											48
					aat Asn											96
					tcc Ser											144
					cga Arg											192
					ttt Phe 70											240
					gcg Ala											288
_	_		_		aac Asn		_	_		_		_		_		336
					gac Asp											384
					acc Thr											432
					ctg Leu 150											480

_	aag Lys	_	_		_			_		_						52	8
	tgt Cys															57	6
	tac Tyr															62	4
	gaa Glu 210															67	2
	cta Leu															72	0
	gga Gly															76	8
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	cct Pro									tga						94	5
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Trp	Val	Phe	Thr 20	Leu	Asn	Asn	Pro	Ser 25	Glu	Asp	Glu	Arg	30 Tàs	ГЛа	Ile		
Arg	Asp	Leu 35	Pro	Ile	Ser	Leu	Phe 40	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Ile	Val 45	Gly	Glu	Glu		
Gly	Asn 50	Glu	Glu	Gly	Arg	Thr 55	Pro	His	Leu	Gln	Gly 60	Phe	Ala	Asn	Phe		
Val 65	Lys	Lys	Gln	Thr	Phe 70	Asn	Lys	Val	Lys	Trp 75	Tyr	Leu	Gly	Ala	Arg 80		
CAa	His	Ile	Glu	Lys 85	Ala	Lys	Gly	Thr	Asp 90	Gln	Gln	Asn	Lys	Glu 95	Tyr		
Сув	Ser	Lys	Glu 100	Gly	Asn	Leu	Leu	Met 105	Glu	Сув	Gly	Ala	Pro 110	Arg	Ser		
Gln	Gly	Gln 115	Arg	Ser	Asp	Leu	Ser 120	Thr	Ala	Val	Ser	Thr 125	Leu	Leu	Glu		
Ser	Gly 130	Ser	Leu	Val	Thr	Val 135	Ala	Glu	Gln	His	Pro 140	Val	Thr	Phe	Val		

		_														
Arg 145	Asn	Phe	Arg	Gly	Leu 150	Ala	Glu	Leu	Leu	Lys 155	Val	Ser	Gly	Lys	Met 160	
Gln	ГЛа	Arg	Asp	Trp 165	Lys	Thr	Asn	Val	His 170	Val	Ile	Val	Gly	Pro 175	Pro	
Gly	Cya	Gly	Lys 180	Ser	ГЛа	Trp	Ala	Ala 185	Asn	Phe	Ala	Asp	Pro 190	Glu	Thr	
Thr	Tyr	Trp 195	Lys	Pro	Pro	Arg	Asn 200	Lys	Trp	Trp	Asp	Gly 205	Tyr	His	Gly	
Glu	Glu 210	Val	Val	Val	Ile	Asp 215	Asp	Phe	Tyr	Gly	Trp 220	Leu	Pro	Trp	Asp	
Asp 225	Leu	Leu	Arg	Leu	Cys 230	Asp	Arg	Tyr	Pro	Leu 235	Thr	Val	Glu	Thr	Lys 240	
Gly	Gly	Thr	Val	Pro 245	Phe	Leu	Ala	Arg	Ser 250	Ile	Leu	Ile	Thr	Ser 255	Asn	
Gln	Thr	Pro	Leu 260	Glu	Trp	Tyr	Ser	Ser 265	Thr	Ala	Val	Pro	Ala 270	Val	Glu	
Ala	Leu	Tyr 275	Arg	Arg	Ile	Thr	Ser 280	Leu	Val	Phe	Trp	Lys 285	Asn	Ala	Thr	
Glu	Gln 290	Ser	Thr	Glu	Glu	Gly 295	Gly	Gln	Phe	Val	Thr 300	Leu	Ser	Pro	Pro	
Сув 305	Pro	Glu	Phe	Pro	Tyr 310	Glu	Ile	Asn	Tyr							
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	Thr															40
	cat His															96
	cac His															144
	tcc Ser 50	_						_	_	_			_	_	_	192
										2.2±	att	aat	gac	ttt	ctt	240
	tcc Ser															
Pro 65 ccc		Trp	Ala ggg	Val 999	Asp 70 tca	Met	Met	Arg	Phe tct	Asn 75 gtg	Ile	Asn ttt	Asp	Phe tac	Leu 80 tac	288
Pro 65 ccc Pro	Ser	Trp gga Gly aga	Ala ggg Gly	Val ggg Gly 85 gtt	Asp 70 tca Ser	Met aac Asn gtt	Met ccc Pro	Arg cgc Arg	tct Ser 90	Asn 75 gtg Val	ccc Pro	Asn ttt Phe tcc	Asp gaa Glu ccg	Phe tac Tyr 95 atc	Leu 80 tac Tyr	288 336

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		gac ccc tat gta aac tac Asp Pro Tyr Val Asn Tyr 140	432						
		tcc tac cac tcc cgg tac Ser Tyr His Ser Arg Tyr 155 160	480						
		att gat tac ttc caa cca Ile Asp Tyr Phe Gln Pro 175	528						
		cta caa act gct gga aat Leu Gln Thr Ala Gly Asn 190	576						
		gaa aac agt ata tac gac Glu Asn Ser Ile Tyr Asp 205	624						
		gta caa ttc aga gaa ttt Val Gln Phe Arg Glu Phe 220	672						
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arg His Arg Tyr Arg	40	Gly Ile Phe Asn Thr Arg 45							
Leu Ser Arg Thr Phe 50	Gly Tyr Thr Val Lys 55	Arg Thr Thr Val Arg Thr 60							
Pro Ser Trp Ala Val 65	Asp Met Met Arg Phe 70	Asn Ile Asn Asp Phe Leu 75 80							
Pro Pro Gly Gly Gly 85	Ser Asn Pro Arg Ser 90	Val Pro Phe Glu Tyr Tyr 95							
Arg Ile Arg Lys Val	Lys Val Glu Phe Trp 105	Pro Cys Ser Pro Ile Thr 110							
Gln Gly Asp Arg Gly 115	Val Gly Ser Ser Ala 120	Val Ile Leu Asp Asp Asn 125							
Phe Val Thr Lys Ala	Thr Ala Leu Thr Tyr 135	Asp Pro Tyr Val Asn Tyr 140							
Ser Ser Arg His Thr 145	Ile Thr Gln Pro Phe 150	Ser Tyr His Ser Arg Tyr 155 160							
Phe Thr Pro Lys Pro	=	Ile Asp Tyr Phe Gln Pro 175							
Aan Aan Issa Ana Aan		Leu Gln Thr Ala Gly Asn							
180	Gln Leu Trp Leu Arg 185	190							

Gln Glu Tyr Asn Ile Arg Val Thr Met Tyr Val Gln Phe Arg Glu Phe

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210	215	;			220					
Asn Phe Lys Asp Pro 225	Pro Leu 230	ı Asn Pr	0							
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ttc cgg gtc tgc aaa Phe Arg Val Cys Lys 20										96
tgg ccc cac aat gac Trp Pro His Asn Asp 35										144
ttt ccc gct cac ttt Phe Pro Ala His Phe 50										192
aaa cgt tac agg gtg Lys Arg Tyr Arg Val 65										240
caa caa ggt act cac Gln Gln Gly Thr His 85										288
tct agg agc tcc aca Ser Arg Ser Ser Thr 100			a							315
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Phe Arg Val Cys Lys 20	Ile Ser	Ser Pr 25	o Phe	Ala	Phe	Thr	Thr 30	Pro	Arg	
Trp Pro His Asn Asp 35	Val Tyr	Ile Se 40	r Leu	Pro	Ile	Thr 45	Leu	Leu	His	
Phe Pro Ala His Phe 50	Gln Lys 55	Phe Se	r Gln	Pro	Ala 60	Glu	Ile	Ser	Asp	
Lys Arg Tyr Arg Val 65	Leu Leu 70	ı Cys As	n Gly	His 75	Gln	Thr	Pro	Ala	Leu 80	
Gln Gln Gly Thr His 85	Ser Ser	Arg Gl	n Val 90	Thr	Pro	Leu	Ser	Leu 95	Arg	
Ser Arg Ser Ser Thr 100	Leu His	Gln								
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<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer
<400> SEQUENCE: 47
tggaatgtta acgagctgag
                                                                         20
<210> SEQ ID NO 48
<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer
<400> SEQUENCE: 48
ctcgcagcca tcttggaatg
                                                                         20
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<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer
<400> SEQUENCE: 49
cgcgcgtaat acgactcact
                                                                         20
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<211> LENGTH: 26
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213 > ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223 > OTHER INFORMATION: Primer
<400> SEQUENCE: 50
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cctgtctact gctgtgagta ccttgt
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<210> SEQ ID NO 51
<211> LENGTH: 26
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer
<400> SEQUENCE: 51
gcagtagaca ggtcactccg ttgtcc
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<211> LENGTH: 20
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer
<400> SEQUENCE: 52
tggaatgtta actacctcaa
                                                                          20
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<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer
<400> SEQUENCE: 53
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ggcggcgcca tctgtaacgg ttt
<210> SEQ ID NO 54
<211> LENGTH: 23
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213 > ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Primer
<400> SEQUENCE: 54
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gatggcgccg aaagacgggt atc
<210> SEQ ID NO 55
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 55
Asn Val Asn Glu Leu Arg Phe Asn Ile Gly Gln Phe Leu Pro Pro
                5
                                      10
<210> SEQ ID NO 56
<211> LENGTH: 14
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 56
Thr Ser Asn Gln Arg Gly Val Gly Ser Thr Val Val Ile Leu
<210> SEQ ID NO 57
<211> LENGTH: 15
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<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 57
Arg Gly Val Gly Ser Thr Val Val Ile Leu Asp Ala Asn Phe Val
                                    1.0
<210> SEQ ID NO 58
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 58
Phe Thr Ile Asp Tyr Phe Gln Pro Asn Asn Lys Arg Asn Gln Leu
                                     10
<210> SEQ ID NO 59
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 59
Asp Gln Thr Ile Asp Trp Phe Gln Pro Asn Asn Lys Arg Asn Gln
<210> SEQ ID NO 60
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 60
Asn Val Glu His Thr Gly Leu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Gln Asn Ala Thr
                                   10
<210> SEQ ID NO 61
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 61
His Arg Pro Arg Ser His Leu Gly Gln Ile Leu Arg Arg Pro
               5
                                    10
<210> SEQ ID NO 62
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 62
Ser His Leu Gly Gln Ile Leu Arg Arg Pro Trp Leu Val His
<210> SEQ ID NO 63
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 63
Gln Ile Leu Arg Arg Pro Trp Leu Val His Pro Arg His Arg
<210> SEQ ID NO 64
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<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 64
Arg Arg Pro Trp Leu Val His Pro Arg His Arg Tyr Arg Trp Arg
                                   10
<210> SEQ ID NO 65
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 65
Leu Val His Pro Arg His Arg Tyr Arg Trp Arg Arg Lys Asn Gly
1 5
                         10
<210> SEQ ID NO 66
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 66
Arg His Arg Tyr Arg Trp Arg Arg Lys Asn Gly Ile Phe Asn Thr
<210> SEQ ID NO 67
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 67
Arg Trp Arg Arg Lys Asn Gly Ile Phe Asn Thr Arg Leu Ser Arg
                                   10
<210> SEQ ID NO 68
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 68
Lys Asn Gly Ile Phe Asn Thr Arg Leu Ser Arg Thr Phe Gly Tyr
               5
                                   10
<210> SEQ ID NO 69
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 69
Phe Asn Thr Arg Leu Ser Arg Thr Phe Gly Tyr Thr Val Lys Arg
               5
                                   10
<210> SEQ ID NO 70
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 70
Leu Ser Arg Thr Phe Gly Tyr Thr Val Lys Arg Thr Thr Val Arg
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<210> SEQ ID NO 71
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 71
Phe Gly Tyr Thr Val Lys Arg Thr Thr Val Arg Thr Pro Ser Trp
                                   1.0
<210> SEQ ID NO 72
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 72
Val Lys Arg Thr Thr Val Arg Thr Pro Ser Trp Ala Val Asp Met
                                   10
<210> SEQ ID NO 73
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 73
Thr Val Arg Thr Pro Ser Trp Ala Val Asp Met Met Arg Phe Asn
<210> SEQ ID NO 74
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 74
Pro Ser Trp Ala Val Asp Met Met Arg Phe Asn Ile Asn Asp Phe
               5
                                    10
<210> SEQ ID NO 75
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 75
 \hbox{Arg Phe Asn Ile Asn Asp Phe Leu Pro Pro Gly Gly Ser Asn } \\
1 5
                                    10
<210> SEQ ID NO 76
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 76
Asn Asp Phe Leu Pro Pro Gly Gly Gly Ser Asn Pro Arg Ser Val
<210> SEQ ID NO 77
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 77
Pro Pro Gly Gly Gly Ser Asn Pro Arg Ser Val Pro Phe Glu Tyr
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<210> SEO ID NO 78
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 78
Gly Ser Asn Pro Arg Ser Val Pro Phe Glu Tyr Tyr Arg Ile Arg
                                   10
<210> SEQ ID NO 79
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 79
Arg Ser Val Pro Phe Glu Tyr Tyr Arg Ile Arg Lys Val Lys Val
<210> SEQ ID NO 80
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 80
Phe Glu Tyr Tyr Arg Ile Arg Lys Val Lys Val Glu Phe Trp Pro
<210> SEQ ID NO 81
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 81
Arg Ile Arg Lys Val Lys Val Glu Phe Trp Pro Cys Ser Pro Ile
                                  10
<210> SEQ ID NO 82
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 82
Val Lys Val Glu Phe Trp Pro Cys Ser Pro Ile Thr Gln Gly Asp
                                   1.0
<210> SEQ ID NO 83
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 83
Phe Trp Pro Cys Ser Pro Ile Thr Gln Gly Asp Arg Gly Val Gly
       5
                                 10
<210> SEQ ID NO 84
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
Thr Arg Pro Arg Ser His Leu Gly Asn Ile Leu Arg Arg Pro
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<210> SEQ ID NO 85
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 85
Ser His Leu Gly Asn Ile Leu Arg Arg Pro Tyr Leu Val His
1 5
                                  10
<210> SEQ ID NO 86
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 86
Asn Ile Leu Arg Arg Arg Pro Tyr Leu Val His Pro Ala Phe Arg
               5
                                   10
<210> SEQ ID NO 87
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 87
Arg Arg Pro Tyr Leu Val His Pro Ala Phe Arg Asn Arg Tyr Arg
                                   10
<210> SEQ ID NO 88
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 88
Leu Val His Pro Ala Phe Arg Asn Arg Tyr Arg Trp Arg Arg Lys
<210> SEQ ID NO 89
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEOUENCE: 89
Ala Phe Arg Asn Arg Tyr Arg Trp Arg Arg Lys Thr Gly Ile Phe
    5
                                   10
<210> SEQ ID NO 90
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 90
Arg Tyr Arg Trp Arg Arg Lys Thr Gly Ile Phe Asn Ser Arg Leu
<210> SEQ ID NO 91
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 91
Arg Arg Lys Thr Gly Ile Phe Asn Ser Arg Leu Ser Arg Glu Phe
```

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5
                                     10
                                                         15
<210> SEQ ID NO 92
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEOUENCE: 92
Gly Ile Phe Asn Ser Arg Leu Ser Arg Glu Phe Val Leu Thr Ile
               5
                                    10
<210> SEQ ID NO 93
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 93
Ser Arg Leu Ser Arg Glu Phe Val Leu Thr Ile Arg Gly Gly His
<210> SEQ ID NO 94
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 94
Arg Glu Phe Val Leu Thr Ile Arg Gly Gly His Ser Gln Pro Ser
<210> SEQ ID NO 95
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 95
Leu Thr Ile Arg Gly Gly His Ser Gln Pro Ser Trp Asn Val Asn
               5
                                    10
<210> SEQ ID NO 96
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 96
Gly Gly His Ser Gln Pro Ser Trp Asn Val Asn Glu Leu Arg Phe
     5
                                   10
<210> SEQ ID NO 97
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 97
Gln Pro Ser Trp Asn Val Asn Glu Leu Arg Phe Asn Ile Gly Gln
                                   10
<210> SEQ ID NO 98
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 98
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Asn Val Asn Glu Leu Arg Phe Asn Ile Gly Gln Phe Leu Pro Pro
                                    10
<210> SEQ ID NO 99
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEOUENCE: 99
Leu Arg Phe Asn Ile Gly Gln Phe Leu Pro Pro Ser Gly Gly Thr
<210> SEQ ID NO 100
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 100
Ile Gly Gln Phe Leu Pro Pro Ser Gly Gly Thr Asn Pro Leu Pro
1 5
                                    10
<210> SEQ ID NO 101
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 101
Leu Pro Pro Ser Gly Gly Thr Asn Pro Leu Pro Leu Pro Phe Gln
<210> SEQ ID NO 102
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 102
Gly Gly Thr Asn Pro Leu Pro Leu Pro Phe Gln Tyr Tyr Arg Ile
                                    10
<210> SEQ ID NO 103
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEOUENCE: 103
Pro Leu Pro Leu Pro Phe Gln Tyr Tyr Arg Ile Arg Lys Ala Lys
<210> SEQ ID NO 104
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 104
Pro Phe Gln Tyr Tyr Arg Ile Arg Lys Ala Lys Tyr Glu Phe Tyr
<210> SEQ ID NO 105
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 105
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Tyr Arg Ile Arg Lys Ala Lys Tyr Glu Phe Tyr Pro Arg Asp Pro
1 5
<210> SEQ ID NO 106
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 106
Lys Ala Lys Tyr Glu Phe Tyr Pro Arg Asp Pro Ile Thr Ser Asn
   5
                                 10
<210> SEQ ID NO 107
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 107
Glu Phe Tyr Pro Arg Asp Pro Ile Thr Ser Asn Gln Arg Gly Val
                               10
<210> SEQ ID NO 108
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 108
Arg Asp Pro Ile Thr Ser Asn Gln Arg Gly Val Gly Ser Thr Val
      5
                                 10
<210> SEQ ID NO 109
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEOUENCE: 109
Thr Ser Asn Gln Arg Gly Val Gly Ser Thr Val Val Ile Leu Asp
             5
                                 1.0
<210> SEQ ID NO 110
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 110
Gly Val Gly Ser Ser Ala Val Ile Leu Asp Asp Asn Phe Val Thr
1 5
                                 1.0
<210> SEQ ID NO 111
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 111
Ser Ala Val Ile Leu Asp Asp Asn Phe Val Thr Lys Ala Thr Ala
                           10
<210> SEQ ID NO 112
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
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<400> SEQUENCE: 112
Leu Asp Asp Asn Phe Val Thr Lys Ala Thr Ala Leu Thr Tyr Asp
                                    10
<210> SEQ ID NO 113
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 113
Phe Val Thr Lys Ala Thr Ala Leu Thr Tyr Asp Pro Tyr Val Asn
<210> SEQ ID NO 114
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 114
Ala Thr Ala Leu Thr Tyr Asp Pro Tyr Val Asn Tyr Ser Ser Arg
<210> SEQ ID NO 115
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 115
Thr Tyr Asp Pro Tyr Val Asn Tyr Ser Ser Arg His Thr Ile Thr
<210> SEQ ID NO 116
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 116
Tyr Val Asn Tyr Ser Ser Arg His Thr Ile Thr Gln Pro Phe Ser
      5
                                    10
<210> SEQ ID NO 117
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 117
Ser Ser Arg His Thr Ile Thr Gln Pro Phe Ser Tyr His Ser Arg
                                    10
<210> SEQ ID NO 118
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 118
Thr Ile Thr Gln Pro Phe Ser Tyr His Ser Arg Tyr Phe Thr Pro
<210> SEQ ID NO 119
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
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<400> SEOUENCE: 119
Pro Phe Ser Tyr His Ser Arg Tyr Phe Thr Pro Lys Pro Val Leu
         5
                                    1.0
<210> SEQ ID NO 120
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 120
His Ser Arg Tyr Phe Thr Pro Lys Pro Val Leu Asp Phe Thr Ile
1 5
                                    1.0
<210> SEQ ID NO 121
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 121
Phe Thr Pro Lys Pro Val Leu Asp Phe Thr Ile Asp Tyr Phe Gln
<210> SEQ ID NO 122
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 122
Pro Val Leu Asp Phe Thr Ile Asp Tyr Phe Gln Pro Asn Asn Lys
<210> SEQ ID NO 123
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 123
Phe Thr Ile Asp Tyr Phe Gln Pro Asn Asn Lys Arg Asn Gln Leu
                                    1.0
<210> SEQ ID NO 124
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 124
Tyr Phe Gln Pro Asn Asn Lys Arg Asn Gln Leu Trp Leu Arg Leu
              5
<210> SEQ ID NO 125
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 125
Asn Asn Lys Arg Asn Gln Leu Trp Leu Arg Leu Gln Thr Ala Gly
<210> SEQ ID NO 126
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
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<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 126
Asn Gln Leu Trp Leu Arg Leu Gln Thr Ala Gly Asn Val Asp His
              5
                       10
<210> SEQ ID NO 127
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 127
Leu Arg Leu Gln Thr Ala Gly Asn Val Asp His Val Gly Leu Gly
                                  10
<210> SEQ ID NO 128
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 128
Thr Ala Gly Asn Val Asp His Val Gly Leu Gly Thr Ala Phe Glu
<210> SEQ ID NO 129
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 129
Gly Leu Gly Thr Ala Phe Glu Asn Ser Ile Tyr Asp Gln Glu Tyr
                                  10
             5
<210> SEQ ID NO 130
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 130
Ala Phe Glu Asn Ser Ile Tyr Asp Gln Glu Tyr Asn Ile Arg Val
1 5
<210> SEQ ID NO 131
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 131
Ser Ile Tyr Asp Gln Glu Tyr Asn Ile Arg Val Thr Met Tyr Val
               5
                                  10
<210> SEQ ID NO 132
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 132
Gln Glu Tyr Asn Ile Arg Val Thr Met Tyr Val Gln Phe Arg Glu
<210> SEQ ID NO 133
<211> LENGTH: 15
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<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 133
Ile Arg Val Thr Met Tyr Val Gln Phe Arg Glu Phe Asn Phe Lys
                                   10
<210> SEQ ID NO 134
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 134
Met Tyr Val Gln Phe Arg Glu Phe Asn Phe Lys Asp Pro Pro Leu
                                    10
<210> SEQ ID NO 135
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 135
Val Gln Phe Arg Glu Phe Asn Phe Lys Asp Pro Pro Leu Asn Pro
<210> SEQ ID NO 136
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 136
Arg Gly Val Gly Ser Thr Val Val Ile Leu Asp Ala Asn Phe Val
                                   10
<210> SEQ ID NO 137
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 137
Ser Thr Val Val Ile Leu Asp Ala Asn Phe Val Thr Pro Ser Thr
              5
                                   10
<210> SEQ ID NO 138
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 138
Ile Leu Asp Ala Asn Phe Val Thr Pro Ser Thr Asn Leu Ala Tyr
                                    10
<210> SEQ ID NO 139
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 139
Asn Phe Val Thr Pro Ser Thr Asn Leu Ala Tyr Asp Pro Tyr Ile
                                  10
<210> SEQ ID NO 140
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<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 140
Pro Ser Thr Asn Leu Ala Tyr Asp Pro Tyr Ile Asn Tyr Ser Ser
<210> SEQ ID NO 141
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 141
Leu Ala Tyr Asp Pro Tyr Ile Asn Tyr Ser Ser Arg His Thr Ile
<210> SEQ ID NO 142
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 142
Pro Tyr Ile Asn Tyr Ser Ser Arg His Thr Ile Arg Gln Pro Phe
<210> SEQ ID NO 143
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 143
Tyr Ser Ser Arg His Thr Ile Arg Gln Pro Phe Thr Tyr His Ser
                                    10
<210> SEQ ID NO 144
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 144
His Thr Ile Arg Gln Pro Phe Thr Tyr His Ser Arg Tyr Phe Thr
               5
                                    10
<210> SEQ ID NO 145
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 145
Gln Pro Phe Thr Tyr His Ser Arg Tyr Phe Thr Pro Lys Pro Glu
<210> SEQ ID NO 146
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 146
Tyr His Ser Arg Tyr Phe Thr Pro Lys Pro Glu Leu Asp Gln Thr
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<210> SEQ ID NO 147
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 147
Tyr Phe Thr Pro Lys Pro Glu Leu Asp Gln Thr Ile Asp Trp Phe
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                                   10
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<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 148
Lys Pro Glu Leu Asp Gln Thr Ile Asp Trp Phe Gln Pro Asn Asn
              5
                                    10
<210> SEQ ID NO 149
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 149
Asp Gln Thr Ile Asp Trp Phe Gln Pro Asn Asn Lys Arg Asn Gln
<210> SEQ ID NO 150
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 150
Asp Trp Phe Gln Pro Asn Asn Lys Arg Asn Gln Leu Trp Leu His
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                                    10
<210> SEQ ID NO 151
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 151
Pro Asn Asn Lys Arg Asn Gln Leu Trp Leu His Leu Asn Thr His
1 5
                                   10
<210> SEQ ID NO 152
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 152
Arg Asn Gln Leu Trp Leu His Leu Asn Thr His Thr Asn Val Glu
<210> SEQ ID NO 153
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 153
Trp Leu His Leu Asn Thr His Thr Asn Val Glu His Thr Gly Leu
                                    10
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<210> SEO ID NO 154
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 154
Asn Thr His Thr Asn Val Glu His Thr Gly Leu Gly Tyr Ala Leu
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<210> SEQ ID NO 155
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 155
Asn Val Glu His Thr Gly Leu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Gln Asn Ala Thr
<210> SEQ ID NO 156
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 156
Thr Gly Leu Gly Tyr Ala Leu Gln Asn Ala Thr Thr Ala Gln Asn
<210> SEQ ID NO 157
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 157
Tyr Ala Leu Gln Asn Ala Thr Thr Ala Gln Asn Tyr Val Val Arg
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<210> SEQ ID NO 158
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 158
Asn Ala Thr Thr Ala Gln Asn Tyr Val Val Arg Leu Thr Ile Tyr
<210> SEQ ID NO 159
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 159
Ala Gln Asn Tyr Val Val Arg Leu Thr Ile Tyr Val Gln Phe Arg
    5
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<210> SEQ ID NO 160
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
Val Val Arg Leu Thr Ile Tyr Val Gln Phe Arg Glu Phe Ile Leu
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<210> SEQ ID NO 161
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEOUENCE: 161
Thr Ile Tyr Val Gln Phe Arg Glu Phe Ile Leu Lys Asp Pro Leu
               5
                                   10
<210> SEQ ID NO 162
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 162
Tyr Val Gln Phe Arg Glu Phe Ile Leu Lys Asp Pro Leu Asn Glu
<210> SEQ ID NO 163
<211> LENGTH: 1759
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 163
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gaaaaacaaa atacgggagc ttccaatctc cctttttgat tattttgttt gcggagagga
                                                                     180
aggtttggaa gagggtagaa ctcctcacct ccaggggttt gcgaattttg ctaagaagca
                                                                     240
qacttttaac aaqqtqaaqt qqtattttqq tqccqctqc cacatcqaqa aaqcqaaaqq
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aaccqaccaq caqaataaaq aatactqcaq taaaqaaqqc cacatactta tcqaqtqtqq
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ageteegegg aaccagggga agegeagega cetgtetact getgtgagta eeettttgga
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                                                                     480
qacqqqqtct ttqqtqactq taqccqaqca qttccctqta acqtatqtqa qaaatttccq
cgggctggct gaacttttga aagtgagcgg gaagatgcag aagcgtgatt ggaagacagc
                                                                     540
tgtacacgtc atagtgggcc cgcccggttg tgggaagagc cagtgggccc gtaattttgc
                                                                     600
tgagcctagg gacacctact ggaagcctag tagaaataag tggtgggatg gatatcatgg
                                                                     660
agaagaagtt gttgttttgg atgattttta tggctggtta ccttgggatg atctactgag
                                                                     720
actgtgtgac cggtatccat tgactgtaga gactaaaggg ggtactgttc cttttttggc
                                                                     780
ccgcagtatt ttgattacca gcaatcaggc cccccaggaa tggtactcct caactgctgt
                                                                     840
cccagctgta gaagctctct atcggaggat tactactttg caattttgga agactgctgg
                                                                     900
agaacaatcc acggaggtac ccgaaggccg atttgaagca gtggacccac cctgtgccct
                                                                     960
tttcccatat aaaataaatt actgagtctt ttttgttatc acatcgtaat ggtttttatt
                                                                    1020
tttatttatt tagagggtct tttaggataa attctctgaa ttgtacataa atagtcagcc
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cgacattggt gtgggtattt aaatggagcc acagctggtt tettttatta tttgggtgga
                                                                    1200
accaatcaat tgtttggtcc agctcaggtt tgggggtgaa gtacctggag tggtaggtaa
                                                                    1260
agggctgcct tatggtgtgg cgggaggagt agttaatata ggggtcatag gccaagttgg
                                                                    1320
tqqaqqqqt tacaaaqttq qcatccaaqa taacaacaqt qqacccaaca cctctttqat
```

tagaggtgat	ggggtctctg	gggtaaaatt	catatttagc	ctttctaata	cggtagtatt	1440
ggaaaggtag	gggtaggggg	ttggtgccgc	ctgagggggg	gaggaactgg	ccgatgttga	1500
atttcagcta	gttaacattc	caagatggct	gcgagtatcc	tccttttatg	gtgagtacaa	1560
attctgtaga	aaggcgggaa	ttgaagatac	ccgtctttcg	gcgccatctg	taacggtttc	1620
tgaaggcggg	gtgtgccaaa	tatggtcttc	tccggaggat	gtttccaaga	tggctgcggg	1680
ggcgggtcct	tcttctgcgg	taacgcctcc	ttggccacgt	catcctataa	aagtgaaaga	1740
agtgcgctgc	tgtagtatt					1759
<210> SEQ 1 <211> LENG <212> TYPE <213> ORGAL	ΓH: 1759	A PWD circov	<i>v</i> irus			
<400> SEQUI	ENCE: 164					
accagegeae	ttcggcagcg	gcagcacctc	ggcagcgtca	gtgaaaatgc	caagcaagaa	60
aagcggcccg	caaccccata	agaggtgggt	gttcaccctt	aataatcctt	ccgaggagga	120
gaaaaacaaa	atacgggagc	ttccaatctc	cctttttgat	tattttgttt	gcggagagga	180
aggtttggaa	gagggtagaa	ctcctcacct	ccaggggttt	gctaattttg	ctaagaagca	240
gacttttaac	aaggtgaagt	ggtattttgg	tgcccgctgc	cacatcgaga	aagcgaaagg	300
aaccgaccag	cagaataaag	aatactgcag	taaagaaggc	cacatactta	tcgagtgtgg	360
agctccgcgg	aaccagggga	agcgcagcga	cctgtctact	gctgtgagta	cccttttgga	420
gacggggtct	ttggtgactg	tagccgagca	gttccctgta	acgtatgtga	gaaatttccg	480
cgggctggct	gaacttttga	aagtgagcgg	gaagatgcag	aagcgtgatt	ggaagacagc	540
tgtacacgtc	atagtgggcc	cgcccggttg	tgggaagagc	cagtgggccc	gtaattttgc	600
tgagcctagc	gacacctact	ggaagcctag	tagaaataag	tggtgggatg	gatatcatgg	660
agaagaagtt	gttgttttgg	atgattttta	tggctggtta	ccttgggatg	atctactgag	720
actgtgtgac	cggtatccat	tgactgtaga	gactaaaggc	ggtactgttc	cttttttggc	780
tcgcagtatt	ttgattacca	gcaatcaggc	ccccaggaa	tggtactcct	caactgctgt	840
cccagctgta	gaagctctct	atcggaggat	tactactttg	caattttgga	agactgctgg	900
agaacaatca	acggaggtac	ccgaaggccg	atttgaagca	gtggacccac	cctgtgccct	960
tttcccatat	aaaataaatt	actgagtctt	ttttgttatc	acatcgtaat	ggtttttatt	1020
tttatttatt	tagagggtct	tttaggataa	attctctgaa	ttgtacataa	atagtcagcc	1080
ttaccacata	attttgggct	gtggttgcat	tttggagcgc	atagcccagg	cctgtgtgct	1140
cgacattggt	gtgggtattt	aaatggagcc	acagctggtt	tcttttatta	tttgggtgga	1200
accattcaat	tgtttggtcc	agctcaggtt	tgggggtgaa	gtacctggag	tggtaggtaa	1260
agggetgeet	tatggtgtgg	cgggaggagt	agttaatata	ggggtcatag	gccaagttgg	1320
tggaggggt	tacaaagttg	gcatccaaga	taacaacagt	ggacccaaca	cctctttcat	1380
tagaggtgat	ggggtctctg	gggtaaaatt	catatttagc	ctttctaata	cggtagtatt	1440
ggaaaggtag	gggtaggggg	ttggtgccgc	ctgaggggg	gaggaactgg	ccgatgttga	1500
atctgaggtg	gttaacatgc	caagatggct	gcgagtatcc	tccttttatg	gtgattacaa	1560
attctttaga	aaggcggcaa	ttgaagatac	ccgtctttcg	gcgccatctg	taacggtttc	1620

tgaa	ggcg	199 S	gtgtg	gccaa	aa ta	atggt	ctto	tcc	ggag	gat	gttt	ccaa	iga t	ggct	geggg	1680
ggcgggtcct tcttctgcgg taacgcctcc ttggccacgt catcctataa aagtgaaaga 1740												1740				
agtgcgctgc tgtagtatt 1759																
<210> SEQ ID NO 165 <211> LENGTH: 312 <212> TYPE: PRT <213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus																
< 400)> SE	EQUEN	ICE :	165												
Met 1	Pro	Ser	Lys	Lys 5	Ser	Gly	Pro	Gln	Pro 10	His	Lys	Arg	Trp	Val 15	Phe	
Thr	Leu	Asn	Asn 20	Pro	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly 25	Lys	Asn	Lys	Ile	Arg 30	Gly	Leu	
Pro	Ile	Ser 35	Leu	Phe	Asp	Tyr	Phe 40	Val	Сув	Gly	Gly	Gly 45	Gly	Leu	Gly	
Gly	Gly 50	Arg	Thr	Pro	His	Leu 55	Gln	Gly	Phe	Ala	Asn 60	Phe	Ala	Lys	Lys	
Gln 65	Thr	Phe	Asn	Lys	Val 70	Lys	Trp	Tyr	Phe	Gly 75	Ala	Arg	Cys	His	Ile 80	
Gly	Lys	Ala	Lys	Gly 85	Thr	Asp	Gln	Gln	Asn 90	Lys	Gly	Tyr	Cys	Ser 95	Lya	
Gly	Gly	His	Ile 100	Leu	Ile	Gly	Cys	Gly 105	Ala	Pro	Arg	Asn	Gln 110	Gly	Lys	
Arg	Ser	Asp 115	Leu	Ser	Thr	Ala	Val 120	Ser	Thr	Leu	Leu	Gly 125	Thr	Gly	Ser	
Leu	Val 130	Thr	Val	Ala	Gly	Gln 135	Phe	Pro	Val	Thr	Tyr 140	Val	Arg	Asn	Phe	
Arg 145	Gly	Leu	Ala	Gly	Leu 150	Leu	Lys	Val	Ser	Gly 155	Lys	Met	Gln	Gln	Arg 160	
Asp	Trp	Lys	Thr	Ala 165	Val	His	Val	Ile	Val 170	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Сув 175	Gly	
Lys	Ser	Gln	Trp 180	Ala	Arg	Asn	Phe	Ala 185	Gly	Pro	Arg	Asp	Thr 190	Tyr	Trp	
Lys	Pro	Ser 195	Arg	Asn	Lys	Trp	Trp 200	Asp	Gly	Tyr	His	Gly 205	Gly	Gly	Val	
Val	Val 210	Leu	Asp	Asp	Phe	Tyr 215	Gly	Trp	Leu	Pro	Trp 220	Asp	Asp	Leu	Leu	
Arg 225	Leu	Сув	Asp	Arg	Tyr 230	Pro	Leu	Thr	Val	Gly 235	Thr	Lys	Gly	Gly	Thr 240	
Val	Pro	Phe	Leu	Ala 245	Arg	Ser	Ile	Leu	Ile 250	Thr	Ser	Asn	Gln	Ala 255	Pro	
Gln	Gly	Trp	Tyr 260	Ser	Ser	Thr	Ala	Val 265	Pro	Ala	Val	Gly	Ala 270	Leu	Tyr	
Arg	Arg	Ile 275	Thr	Thr	Leu	Gln	Phe 280	Trp	Lys	Thr	Ala	Gly 285	Gly	Gln	Ser	
Thr	Gly 290	Val	Pro	Gly	Gly	Arg 295	Phe	Gly	Ala	Val	Asp 300	Pro	Pro	Суз	Ala	
Leu 305	Phe	Pro	Tyr	Lys	Ile 310	Asn	Tyr									

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<210> SEO ID NO 166
<211> LENGTH: 312
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 166
Met Pro Ser Lys Lys Ser Gly Pro Gln Pro His Lys Arg Trp Val Phe
Thr Leu Asn Asn Pro Ser Gly Gly Gly Lys Asn Lys Ile Arg Gly Leu
                              25
Pro Ile Ser Leu Phe Asp Tyr Phe Val Cys Gly Gly Gly Leu Gly
                         40
Gly Gly Arg Thr Ala His Leu Gln Gly Phe Ala Asn Phe Ala Lys Lys
Gln Thr Phe Asn Lys Val Lys Trp Tyr Phe Gly Ala Arg Cys His Ile 65 70 75 80
Gly Lys Ala Lys Gly Thr Asp Gln Gln Asn Lys Gly Tyr Cys Ser Lys
Gly Gly His Ile Leu Ile Gly Cys Gly Ala Pro Arg Asn Gln Gly Lys
Arg Ser Asp Leu Ser Thr Ala Val Ser Thr Leu Leu Gly Thr Gly Ser 115 120 125
Leu Val Thr Val Ala Gly Gln Phe Pro Val Thr Tyr Val Arg Asn Phe
Arg Gly Leu Ala Gly Leu Leu Lys Val Ser Gly Lys Met Gln Gln Arg
     150
                          155
Asp Trp Lys Thr Ala Val His Val Ile Val Gly Pro Pro Gly Cys Gly
                                170
             165
Lys Ser Gln Trp Ala Arg Asn Phe Ala Gly Pro Ser Asp Thr Tyr Trp
                              185
Lys Pro Ser Arg Asn Lys Trp Trp Asp Gly Tyr His Gly Gly Val
                          200
Val Val Leu Asp Asp Phe Tyr Gly Trp Leu Pro Trp Asp Asp Leu Leu
                    215
Arg Leu Cys Asp Arg Tyr Pro Leu Thr Val Gly Thr Lys Gly Gly Thr
                  230
                                    235
Val Pro Phe Leu Ala Arg Ser Ile Leu Ile Thr Ser Asn Gln Ala Pro
Gln Gly Trp Tyr Ser Ser Thr Ala Val Pro Ala Val Gly Ala Leu Tyr
                      265
Arg Arg Ile Thr Thr Leu Gln Phe Trp Lys Thr Ala Gly Gly Gln Ser
                280
Thr Gly Val Pro Gly Gly Arg Phe Gly Ala Val Asp Pro Pro Cys Ala
              295
Leu Phe Pro Tyr Lys Ile Asn Tyr
<210> SEQ ID NO 167
<211> LENGTH: 233
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type A PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 167
Met Thr Trp Pro Arg Arg Arg Tyr Arg Arg Arg Arg Thr Arg Pro Arg
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Ser His Leu Gly 20	Asn Ile L	eu Arg Arg 25	Arg Pro	Tyr Le	eu Ala 30	His	Pro
Ala Phe Arg Asn 35	Arg Tyr A	rg Trp Arg 40	Arg Lys	Thr Gl 45	_	Phe	Asn
Ser Arg Leu Ser 50	Thr Glu Pl		Thr Ile	Arg Gl	y Gly	His	Ser
Gln Pro Ser Trp 65	Asn Val A	sn Tyr Leu	Lys Phe	Asn Il	e Gly	Gln	Phe 80
Leu Pro Pro Ser	Gly Gly Ti 85	hr Asn Pro	Leu Pro 90	Leu Pr	o Phe	Gln 95	Tyr
Tyr Arg Ile Arg 100	Lys Ala L	ys Tyr Glu 105	_	Pro Ar	g Asp 110	Pro	Ile
Thr Ser Asn Gln 115	Arg Gly V	al Gly Ser 120	Thr Val	Val Il		Asp	Ala
Asn Phe Val Thr 130		hr Asn Leu 35	Ala Tyr	Asp Pr 140	o Tyr	Ile	Asn
Tyr Ser Ser Arg 145	His Thr I	le Arg Gln	Pro Phe		r His	Ser	Arg 160
Tyr Phe Thr Pro	Lys Pro G	lu Leu Asp	Gln Thr 170	Ile As	sp Trp	Phe 175	His
Pro Asn Asn Lys 180	Arg Asn G	ln Leu Trp 185		Leu As	n Thr 190	His	Thr
Asn Val Glu His 195	Thr Gly L	eu Gly Tyr 200	Ala Leu	Gln As		Ala	Thr
Ala Gln Asn Tyr 210		rg Leu Thr 15	Ile Tyr	Val Gl 220	n Phe	Arg	Glu
Phe Ile Leu Lys 225	Asp Pro Le	eu Asn Lys					
<210> SEQ ID NO <211> LENGTH: 2: <212> TYPE: PRT <213> ORGANISM:	33	D circovir	us				
<400> SEQUENCE:	168						
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Ser His Leu Gly 20	Asn Ile L	eu Arg Arg 25	Arg Pro	Tyr Le	u Val 30	His	Pro
Ala Phe Arg Asn 35	Arg Tyr A	rg Trp Arg 40	Arg Lys	Thr Gl 45		Phe	Asn
Cys Arg Leu Ser 50	Lys Glu Pi 5		Thr Ile	Arg Gl	y Gly	His	Ser
Gln Pro Ser Trp 65	Ile Val A	sn Ile Leu	Arg Phe	Asn Il	e Gly	Gln	Phe 80
Leu Pro Pro Ser	Gly Gly T 85	hr Asn Pro	Leu Pro 90	Leu Pr	o Phe	Gln 95	Tyr
Tyr Arg Ile Arg 100	Lys Ala L	ys Tyr Glu 105	Phe Tyr	Pro Ar	g Asp 110	Pro	Ile
Thr Ser Asn Glu 115	Arg Gly V	al Gly Ser 120	Thr Val	Val II		Asp	Ala

Asn Phe Va	l Thr	Pro	Ser	Thr 135	Asn	Leu	Ala	Tyr	Asp 140	Pro	Tyr	Ile	Asn
Tyr Ser Se	r Arg	His	Thr 150	Ile	Arg	Gln	Pro	Phe	Thr	Tyr	His	Ser	Arg 160
Tyr Phe Th	r Pro	Lys 165	Pro	Glu	Leu	Asp	Gln 170	Thr	Ile	Glu	Trp	Phe	His
Pro Asn As	n Lys 180		Asn	Gln	Leu	Trp 185	Leu	His	Leu	Asn	Thr 190	His	Thr
Asn Val Gl		Thr	Gly	Leu	Gly 200	Tyr	Ala	Leu	Gln	Asn 205	Ala	Ala	Thr
Ala Gln As	n Tyr	Val	Val	Arg 215	Leu	Thr	Ile	Tyr	Val 220	Gln	Phe	Arg	Glu
Phe Ile Le 225	u Lys	Asp	Pro 230	Leu	Asn	Lys							
<210> SEQ <211> LENG	TH: 2	06											
<212> TYPE <213> ORGA			e A	PWD (circ	ovir	າຣ						
<400> SEQU			Dro	Lou	Tla	802	ሞኮም	A*~	Len	Dro	Val	G1++	Val
net lie se	ı ile	5	PIO	ьеи	ше	ser	10	AIG	ьеи	PIO	Val	15	vai
Pro Arg Le	u Ser 20	Lys	Ile	Thr	Gly	Pro 25	Leu	Ala	Leu	Pro	Thr 30	Thr	Gly
Arg Ala Hi 35	s Tyr	Asp	Val	Tyr	Ser 40	Сув	Leu	Pro	Ile	Thr 45	Leu	Leu	His
Leu Pro Al 50	a His	Phe	Gln	Ьув 55	Phe	Ser	Gln	Pro	Ala 60	Glu	Ile	Ser	His
Ile Arg Ty 65	r Arg	Glu	Leu 70	Leu	Gly	Tyr	Ser	His 75	Gln	Arg	Pro	Arg	Leu 80
Gln Lys Gl	y Thr	His 85	Ser	Ser	Arg	Gln	Val 90	Ala	Ala	Leu	Pro	Leu 95	Val
Pro Arg Se	r Ser 100	Thr	Leu	Asp	Lys	Tyr 105	Val	Ala	Phe	Phe	Thr 110	Ala	Val
Phe Phe Il		Leu	Val	Gly	Ser 120	Phe	Arg	Phe	Leu	Asp 125	Val	Ala	Ala
Gly Thr Ly	s Ile	Pro	Leu	His	Leu	Val	Lys	Ser	Leu 140	Leu	Leu	Ser	Lys
Ile Arg Ly 145	s Pro	Leu	Glu 150	Val	Arg	Ser	Ser	Thr 155	Leu	Phe	Gln	Thr	Phe 160
Leu Ser Al	a Asn	Lys 165	Ile	Ile	Lys	Lys	Gly 170	Asp	Trp	Lys	Leu	Pro 175	Tyr
Phe Val Ph	e Leu 180	Leu	Leu	Gly	Arg	Ile 185	Ile	Lys	Gly	Glu	His 190	Pro	Pro
Leu Met Gl 19		Arg	Ala	Ala	Phe 200	Leu	Ala	Trp	His	Phe 205	His		
<210> SEQ <211> LENG <212> TYPE	TH: 2 : PRT	06											
<213> ORGA			e A :	PWD (circ	ovir	ıs						
<400> SEQU	ETACE:	1/0											

Met Ile Ser Ile Pro Pro Leu Ile Ser Thr Arg Leu Pro Val Gly Val 10 Ala Arg Leu Ser Lys Ile Thr Gly Pro Leu Ala Leu Pro Thr Thr Gly Arg Ala His Tyr Asp Val Tyr Ser Cys Leu Pro Ile Thr Leu Leu His 40 Leu Pro Ala His Phe Gln Lys Phe Ser Gln Pro Ala Glu Ile Ser His Ile Arg Tyr Arg Glu Leu Leu Gly Tyr Ser His Gln Arg Pro Arg Leu Gln Lys Gly Thr His Ser Ser Arg Gln Val Ala Ala Leu Pro Leu Val Pro Arg Ser Ser Thr Leu Asp Lys Tyr Val Ala Phe Phe Thr Ala Val Phe Phe Ile Leu Leu Val Gly Ser Phe Arg Phe Leu Asp Val Ala Ala Gly Thr Lys Ile Pro Leu His Leu Val Lys Ser Leu Leu Leu Ser Lys 135 Ile Arg Lys Pro Leu Glu Val Ser Ser Ser Thr Leu Phe Gln Thr Phe Leu Ser Ala Asn Lys Ile Ile Lys Lys Gly Asp Trp Lys Leu Pro Tyr Phe Val Phe Leu Leu Gly Arg Ile Ile Lys Gly Glu His Pro Pro Leu Met Gly Leu Arg Ala Ala Phe Leu Ala Trp His Phe His <210> SEQ ID NO 171 <211> LENGTH: 15 <212> TYPE: PRT <213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus <400> SEOUENCE: 171 Met Thr Tyr Pro Arg Arg Arg Tyr Arg Arg Arg Arg His Arg Pro 1.0 <210> SEQ ID NO 172 <211> LENGTH: 15 <212> TYPE: PRT <213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus <400> SEQUENCE: 172 Arg Arg Arg Tyr Arg Arg Arg His Arg Pro Arg Ser His Leu <210> SEQ ID NO 173 <211> LENGTH: 15 <212> TYPE: PRT <213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus <400> SEQUENCE: 173 Arg Arg Arg Arg His Arg Pro Arg Ser His Leu Gly Gln Ile Leu <210> SEQ ID NO 174 <211> LENGTH: 15 <212> TYPE: PRT

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<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEOUENCE: 174
Ser Pro Ile Thr Gln Gly Asp Arg Gly Val Gly Ser Ser Ala Val
               5
                                   10
<210> SEQ ID NO 175
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 175
Met Thr Trp Pro Arg Arg Arg Tyr Arg Arg Arg Arg Thr Arg Pro
<210> SEQ ID NO 176
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 176
Arg Arg Arg Tyr Arg Arg Arg Thr Arg Pro Arg Ser His Leu
<210> SEQ ID NO 177
<211> LENGTH: 15
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213 > ORGANISM: Type B PWD circovirus
<400> SEQUENCE: 177
Arg Arg Arg Thr Arg Pro Arg Ser His Leu Gly Asn Ile Leu
                                                       15
               5
                                 10
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1.-16. (canceled)

- 17. A method for the treatment or prophylaxis of PCV2 infection or for the reduction of clinical symptoms caused by or associated with a PCV2 infection in animals having anti-PCV2 antibodies and/or being 1 to 22 days of age, comprising the step of administering an effective amount of a PCV2 antigen to that animal in need of such treatment.
- **18**. The method according to claim **17**, wherein those anti-PCV2 antibodies are maternal antibodies.
- 19. The method according to claim 17 or claim 18, wherein the animals have an anti-PCV2 antibody titer of more than 1:100 in a PCV specific immunoassay.
- **20**. The method according to claim **17**, claim **18**, or claim **19**, wherein the animals have an anti-PCV2 antibody titer of more than 1:1000 in a PCV specific immunoassay.
- 21. The method according to claim 17, claim 18, claim 19, or claim 20, wherein the treated animals have that anti-PCV2 antibody titre at the time the PCV2 antigen is administered.
- 22. The method according to claim 17, claim 18, claim 19, claim 20, or claim 21, wherein the PCV2 antigen is administered at day 7 of age or later.
- 23. The method according to claim 17, claim 18, claim 19, claim 20, claim 21, or claim 22, wherein the PCV-2 antigen is administered at day 14 of age or later.
- 24. The method according to claim 17, claim 18, claim 19, claim 20, claim 21, claim 22, or claim 23, wherein the PCV-2 antigen is administered not later than at week 7 of age.

- 25. The method according to claim 17, claim 18, claim 19, claim 20, claim 21, claim 22, claim 23, or claim 24, wherein the treatment or prophylaxis results in shortening of the viremia phase of 5 or more days as compared to animals of a non-treated control group of the same species.
- 26. The method according to claim 17, claim 18, claim 19, claim 20, claim 21, claim 22, claim 23, claim 24, or claim 25, wherein said PCV2 antigen is a polypeptide having at least 80% homology with ORF-2 of PCV2.
- 27. The method according to claim 17, claim 18, claim 19, claim 20, claim 21, claim 22, claim 23, claim 24, claim 25, or claim 26, wherein said PCV-2 antigen is a recombinant baculovirus expressed ORF-2 of PCV2.
- 28. The method according to claim 17, claim 18, claim 19, claim 20, claim 21, claim 22, claim 23, claim 24, claim 25, claim 26, or claim 27, wherein 0.5 to $18 \,\mu\text{g}/\text{dose}$ of said PCV2 antigen is administered to that animal in need of such treatment.
- 29. The method according to claim 17, claim 18, claim 19, claim 20, claim 21, claim 22, claim 23, claim 24, claim 25, claim 26, claim 27, or claim 28, wherein only one dose of PCV2 antigen is administered to that animal in need of such treatment.
- 30. The method according to claim 17, claim 18, claim 19, claim 20, claim 21, claim 22, claim 23, claim 24, claim 25, claim 26, claim 27, claim 28, or claim 29, wherein said treatment or prohylaxis of PCV2 infection results in an improvement in comparison to animals of a non-treated con-

trol group of the same species in a vaccine efficacy parameter selected from the group consisting of a reduction in the loss of weight gain, a shorter duration of viremia, an earlier end to viremia, a lower virus load, or combinations thereof.

- 31. The method according to claim 17, claim 18, claim 19, claim 20, claim 21, claim 22, claim 23, claim 24, claim 25, claim 26, claim 27, claim 28, claim 29, or claim 30, wherein the animal is swine.
- **32.** Use of PCV2 antigen or an immunogenic composition comprising PCV2 antigen for the preparation of a medicine for the prophylaxis and treatment of porcine respiratory disease complex (PRDC) and/or any clinical sign associated with PRDC in an animal.
- 33. The use according to claim 32, wherein the medicine is administered to an animal in need of such treatment in a therapeutically effective amount.
- 34. The use according to claim 32, wherein the clinical sign associated with PRDC is selected from the group consisting of cough and dyspnea, slow growth, decreased feed efficiency, lethargy, anorexia, a marked increase in mortality in the middle to late phase of fattening, and combinations thereof.
- **35**. The use according to claim **34**, wherein the cough and dyspnea are refractory to antibiotic therapy.
- **36**. The use according to claim **32**, wherein the PRDC is associated with a PCV2 infection.
- **37**. The use according to claim **36**, wherein the PRDC is caused by PCV2.
- **38**. The use according to claim **37**, wherein the PRDC is further associated with and/or caused by an infection with PRRSV, *Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae, Bordetella bronchiseptica*, Swine influenza virus, *Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae*, *Mycoplasma hyorhinis*, *Streptococcus suis* and/or *Pasteurella multocida*.
- **39**. The use according to claim **32**, wherein the animal belongs to a herd that is positive for PCV2.
- **40**. The use according to claim **32**, wherein the animal belongs to a herd that is positive for PCV2 and one or more further pathogen(s) selected from the group consisting of PRRSV, *Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae, Bordetella bronchiseptica*, Swine influenza virus, *Mycoplasma hyorhinis, Streptococcus suis* and/or *Pasteurella multocida*.
- **41**. The use according to claim **32**, wherein the animal belongs to a farm that is positive for PCV2.
- **42**. The use according to claim **32**, wherein the animal belongs to a farm that is positive for PCV2 and one or more further pathogen(s) selected from the group consisting of PRRSV, *Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae*, *Bordetella bronchiseptica*, Swine influenza virus, *Mycoplasma hyorhinis*, *Streptococcus suis* and/or *Pasteurella multocida*.
- **43**. The use according to claim **32**, wherein said PCV2 antigen is a polypeptide having at least 80% homology with ORF-2 of PCV2.

- **44**. The use according to claim **32**, wherein said PCV-2 antigen is a recombinant baculovirus expressed ORF-2 of PCV2.
- **45**. The use according to claim **32**, wherein the animal is swine.
- **46**. A method for the prophylaxis or treatment of porcine respiratory disease complex (PRDC) and/or any clinical sign associated with PRDC in an animal, comprising the step of administering a therapeutically effective amount of PCV2 antigen or an immunogenic composition comprising a PCV2 antigen to an animal in need of such treatment.
- 47. The method according to claim 46, wherein the clinical sign associated with PRDC is selected from the group consisting of cough and dyspnea, slow growth, decreased feed efficiency, lethargy, anorexia, a marked increase in mortality in the middle to late phase of fattening, and combinations thereof.
- **48**. The method according to claim **47**, wherein the cough and dyspnea are refractory to antibiotic therapy.
- **49**. The method according to claim **46**, wherein the PRDC is associated with a PCV2 infection.
- **50**. The method according to claim **49**, wherein the PRDC is caused by PCV2.
- **51**. The method according to claim **50**, wherein the PRDC is further associated with and/or caused by an infection with PRRSV, *Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae, Bordetella bronchiseptica*, Swine influenza virus, *Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae*, *Mycoplasma hyorhinis*, *Streptococcus suis* and/or *Pasteurella multocida*.
- **52.** The method according to claim **46**, wherein the animal belongs to a herd that is positive for PCV2.
- **53**. The method according to claim **46**, wherein the animal belongs to a herd that is positive for PCV2 and one or more further pathogen(s) selected from the group consisting of PRRSV, *Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae*, *Bordetella bronchiseptica*, Swine influenza virus, *Mycoplasma hyorhinis*, *Streptococcus suis* and/or *Pasteurella multocida*.
- **54**. The method according to claim **46**, wherein the animal belongs to a farm that is positive for PCV2.
- **55.** The method according to claim **46**, wherein the animal belongs to a farm that is positive for PCV2 and one or more further pathogen(s) selected from the group consisting of PRRSV, *Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae*, *Bordetella bronchiseptica*, Swine influenza virus, *Mycoplasma hyorhinis*, *Streptococcus suis* and/or *Pasteurella multocida*.
- **56**. The method according to claim **46**, wherein said PCV2 antigen is a polypeptide having at least 80% homology with ORF-2 of PCV2.
- **57**. The method according to claim **46**, wherein said PCV-2 antigen is a recombinant baculovirus expressed ORF-2 of PCV2.
- 58. The method according to claim 46, wherein the animal is swine.

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