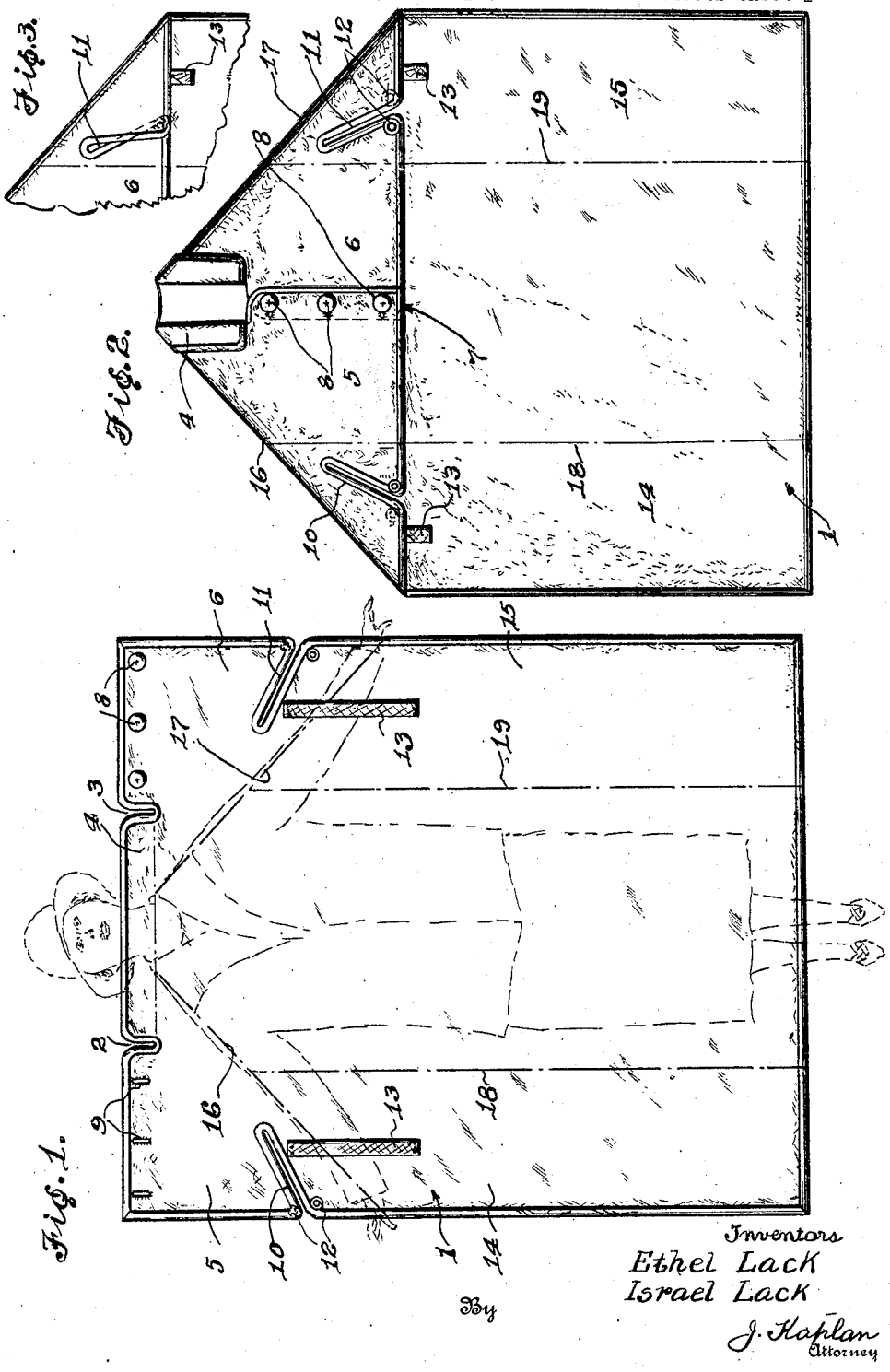
Dec. 14, 1926. 1,610,799

E. LACK ET AL

WRAP ROBE

Filed March 14, 1925 2 Sheets-Sheet 1



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Filed March 14, 1925 2 Sheets-Sheet 2

Fig. 5.

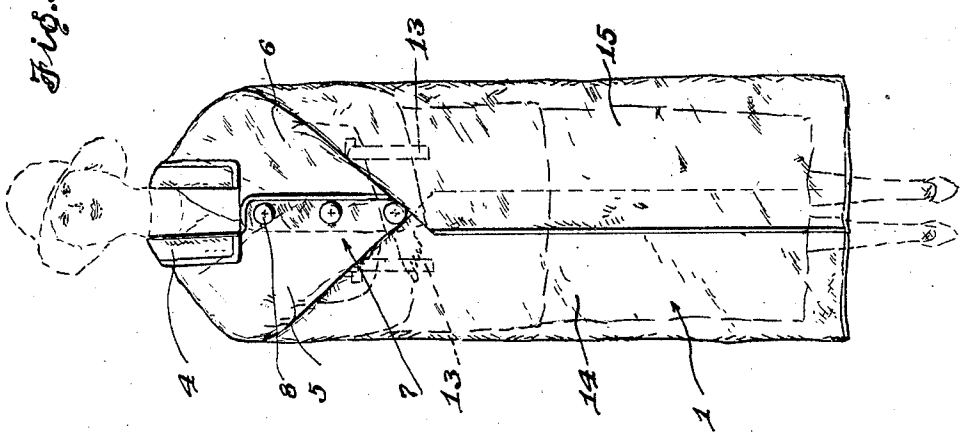


Fig. 4.

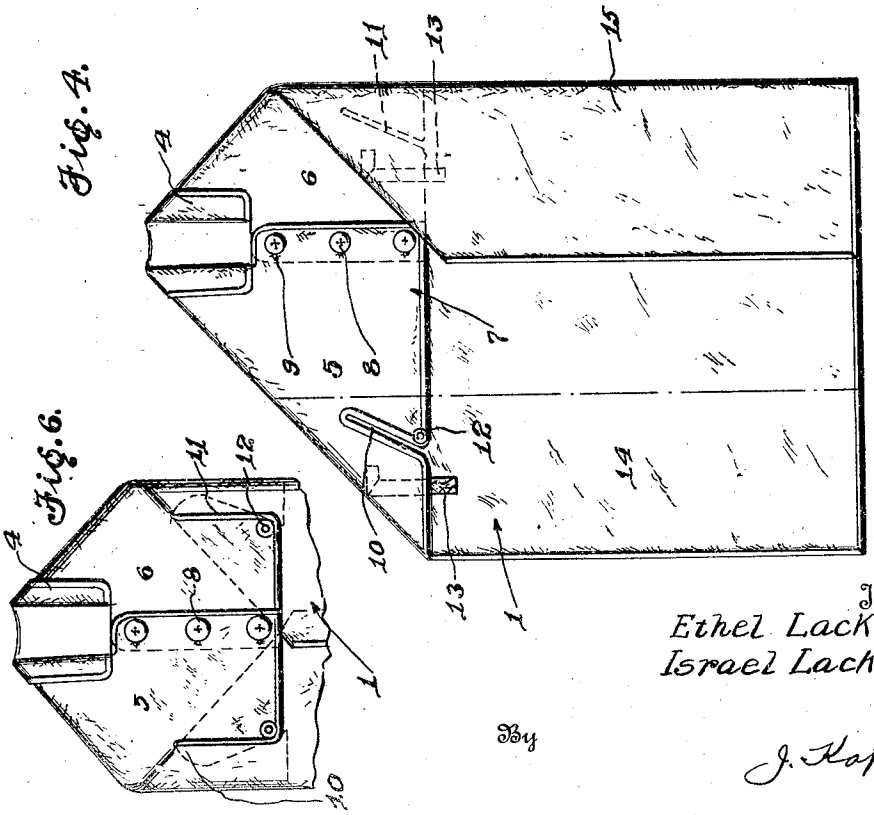


Fig. 6.

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ETHEL LACK AND ISRAEL LACK, OF BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

WRAP ROBE.

Application filed March 14, 1925. Serial No. 15,627.

This invention relates to wrap-robes and more particularly to a garment formed of one piece of material adapted to be wrapped around the body in order to protect the wearer from the elements.

The principal object of this invention is to provide a robe which can be made from an ordinary piece of cloth or a blanket, which requires no special fitting or sewing, and when completed is perfectly flat.

Another object of this invention is the provision of a robe which can be made from one straight piece of material without any wastage, which can be easily slipped on, and taken off with the least amount of inconvenience or effort, and can be folded in a compact form when not in use.

Other objects will appear as the disclosure progresses. The drawings are intended merely to indicate a possible embodiment of the invention. It is obvious, therefore, that the actual needs of manufacture may necessitate certain mechanical changes. It is, therefore, not intended to limit the invention to the embodiment illustrated, but rather to define such limits in the appended claims.

By changing the material to suit conditions, this garment can be used for beach-robes, bath-robes, hospital robes and the like.

For a more detailed understanding of the invention, attention is now called to the drawings in which a preferred embodiment is shown illustrated. In these drawings. like parts are designated by like reference characters in all of the views.

Figure 1 is a view showing the wrap-robe in an open or flat position.

Figure 2 is a view showing the upper part folded down.

Figure 3 is a detail.

Figure 4 is a view showing the wrap-robe partially closed.

Figure 5 is a view showing the robe completely closed.

Figure 6 is a detail.

Referring now to the drawings, in detail in which like reference characters denote like parts in all of the views, numeral 1 designates a flat seamless body portion, 2 and 3 cut-outs defining a collar 4, and 5 and 6 corner portions, which when turned down, form an inner vest 7, as noted in Figure 2. Buttons 8 and buttonholes 9 are provided for buttoning the vest, and at opposite ends of the vest are slits 10 and 11 having snap fasteners 12 for closing the ends of the slits when desired, as shown in Figure 3.

Numerals 13 represent arm loops which pass around the arms of the wearer and which tend to keep the ends 14 and 15 against the body of the wearer when the arms are folded, as shown in Fig. 5.

The mode of applying this garment to the body of the wearer is as follows. The arms are passed through the arm loops 13 as noted in Figure 1, the collar 4 turned down, and the corner portions 5 and 6 are folded on lines 16 and 17 over the shoulders forming the inner vest 7, and buttoned. The arms are then folded, folding the ends 14 and 15 on lines 18 and 19 over the front of the body.

If preferable, the vest 7 may be worn over the front part of the garment as shown in Figure 6. It is thought from the foregoing description that the advantages and novel features of our invention will be readily apparent.

What we desire to secure by United States Letters Patent is:

1. In a flat seamless blanket provided with slots defining a collar, corner portions when folded over forming a vest, means for buttoning the vest, loops for passing over the arms of a wearer, and end portions adapted to close over the body of the wearer.

2. In a wrap-robe provided with slots defining a collar, corner portions when folded over forming a vest, end portions, means for fastening the said end portions to the arms of the wearer, means for fastening the two ends of the vest together, the said corner portions adapted to close over the front part of the body.

3. In a garment formed from one flat piece of material, corner portions forming a vest when folded over the shoulders of the wearer, means for fastening the ends of the said vest together, and end portions adapted to close over the front part of the wearer, the said end portions provided with means for fastening to the arms of the wearer.

4. In a garment formed from one piece of material provided with cut-outs defining a collar, corner portions forming a vest when folded over the shoulders of the wearer, means for fastening the ends of the vest together, end portions adapted to close over the front part of the wearer and arm loops attached to the said end portions.

5. In a garment formed of one piece of

material provided with cut-outs defining a collar, corner portions forming a vest when folded over the shoulders of the wearer, means for fastening the ends of the said vest together, end portions provided with slits adapted to close over the front part of the wearer, arm loops attached to the said end portions, diagonal slits in the said end portions, and means for fastening the ends of the said diagonal slits together.

In testimony whereof we affix our signatures.

ETHEL LACK.
ISRAEL LACK.