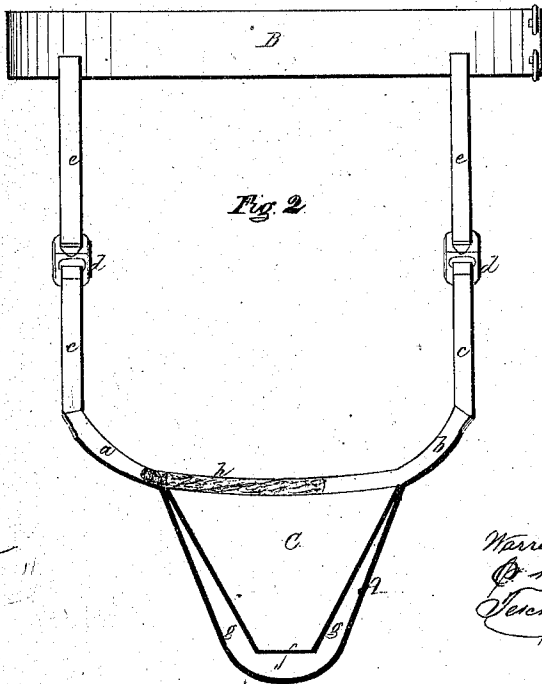
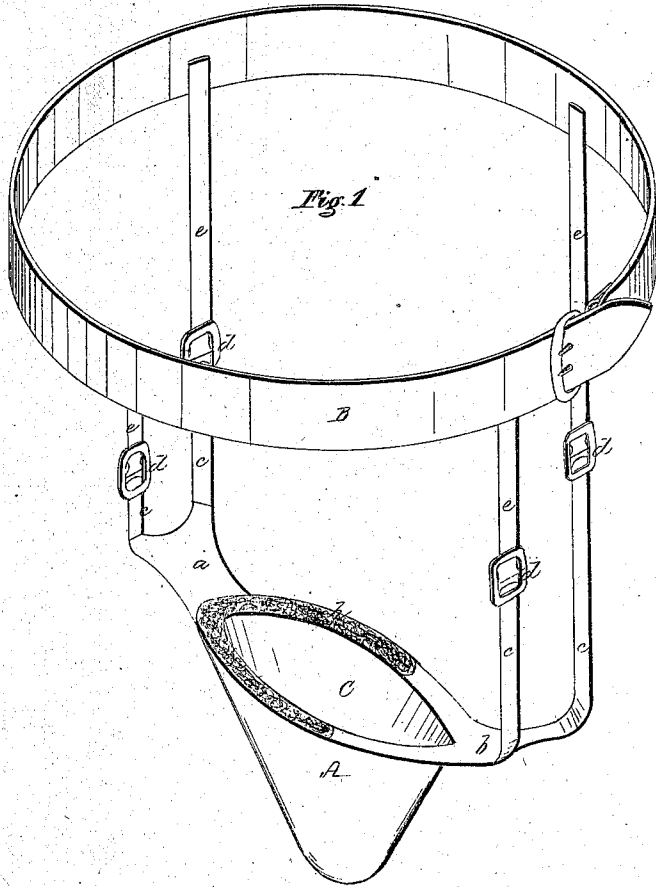


W. A. DINSMORE.

Catamenial Sack.

No 105,785.

Patented July 26, 1870.



Witnesses;
H. Cambridge
D. E. Patchell.

Inventor,
Warren A. Dinsmore
By his Attorneys
Trenchard & Stearns

United States Patent Office.

WARREN A. DINSMORE, OF SOUTH BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS, ASSIGNOR
TO HIMSELF AND EMILY L. GEER, OF SAME PLACE.

Letters Patent No. 105,785, dated July 26, 1870.

IMPROVEMENT IN CATAMENIAL SACKS.

The Schedule referred to in these Letters Patent and making part of the same.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, WARREN A. DINSMORE, of South Boston, in the county of Suffolk and State of Massachusetts, have invented an Improved Catamenial Sack; of which the following is a full, clear, and exact description, reference being had to the accompanying drawing making part of this specification, in which—

Figure 1 is a perspective view of my improved catamenial sack.

Figure 2 is a vertical section through the center of the same.

The object of my invention is to furnish a catamenial sack for the use of females during the monthly period, which is so constructed that the menstrual discharges cannot escape therefrom when the position of the body is changed in lying, or sitting down, as has been liable to occur with articles of this description as heretofore made; and

My invention consists in a sack containing within it another sack or pocket of a tapering form, and provided with bands and straps for securing the same upon the body, and with an opening at the lower end through which the discharges pass into the space between the inner and outer sacks, from which they cannot escape when the position of the sack is changed in lying or sitting down; and a desirable and useful article is thus obtained, which will effectually prevent the clothes or person from becoming soiled.

To enable others skilled in the art to understand and use my invention, I will proceed to describe the manner in which I have carried it out.

In the said drawing—

A is a rubber sack or receptacle, which is made of a tapering form and provided with two flaps, *a b*, to which are attached the straps *c*, to the opposite ends of which are secured buckles, *d*, through which pass the straps *e*, the upper ends of which are fastened to the waist-band B, and by means of these buckles *d*

the sack can be adjusted to fit persons of different forms.

Within the sack A, and secured to the upper edge thereof, is another smaller rubber sack or pocket, C, which is made tapering or tunnel-shaped, and is provided at its lower end with an opening, *f*, through which the menstrual discharges pass into the space *g* between the inner and outer sacks; and from this space the discharges cannot escape when the position of the body of the wearer is changed, as in lying, or sitting down, as they will flow up on one side toward the point where the inner and outer sacks are united together, and the liability of the clothes or person of the wearer becoming soiled is thereby effectually prevented.

h is a piece of sponge attached to the upper edge of the sack, which may be saturated with perfume, if desired.

I am aware that a double sack is not, of itself, new, as it has been used by introducing it into the vagina and pressing it against the mouth of the womb, an inconvenient, if not an impracticable application of the sack.

Claim.

What I claim as my invention, and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is—

The within described catamenial sack, consisting of the outer sack A, in combination with an inner sack C provided with an opening, *f*, and so arranged as to form a space, *g*, and combined with bands and straps for securing the same upon the person, substantially as and for the purpose described.

Witness my hand this 11th day of June, A. D. 1870.

WARREN A. DINSMORE.

Witnesses:

P. E. TESCHEMACHER,
W. J. CAMBRIDGE.