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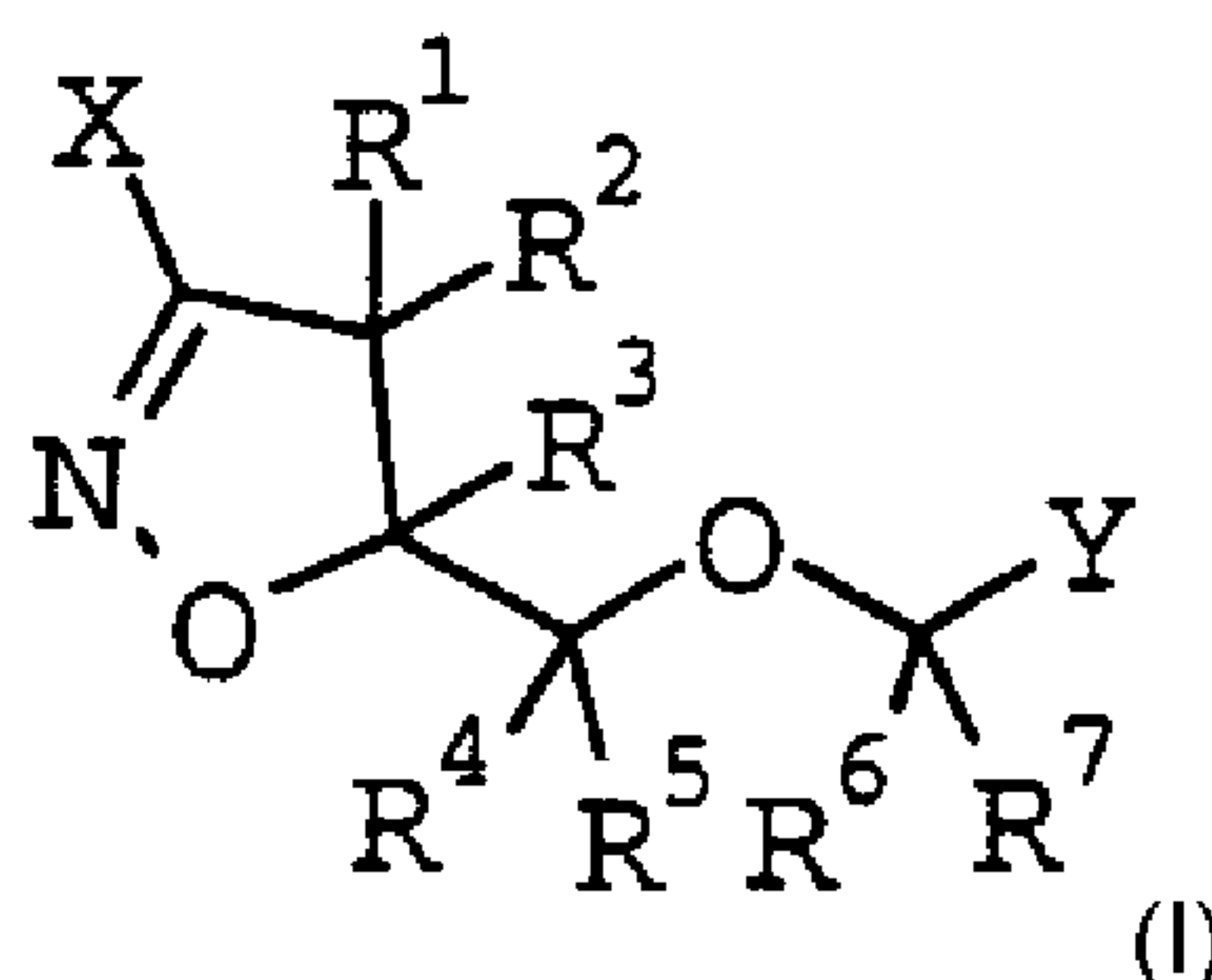
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(54) Titre : ISOXAZOLINES 5-METHYLOXYMETHYLIQUES A SUBSTITUTION 3-HETEROARYLE UTILISEES COMME
HERBICIDES

(54) Title: 3-HETEROARYL SUBSTITUTED 5-METHYLOXYMETHYL ISOXAZOLINES USED AS HERBICIDES



(57) **Abrégé/Abstract:**

The invention relates to 3-heteroaryl substituted isoxazolines of formula (I), or to their salts that can be used for agricultural purposes. In said formula, the variables are defined as follows: X represents a substituted 5-membered heteroaryl comprising between one and four nitrogen atoms, or between one and three nitrogen atoms and one oxygen or sulphur atom, or one oxygen or sulphur atom, or represents a substituted 6-membered heteroaryl comprising between one and four nitrogen atoms, whereby the aforementioned 5-membered heteroaryl is not pyrazolyl or thienyl; R¹ - R⁷ represent hydrogen, alkyl or haloalkyl; Y represents an optionally substituted aryl, or benzo[1,4]dioxonyl, benzo[1,3]dioxolanyl, 2,3-dihydrobenzofuranyl or benzimidazole, or an optionally substituted 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl. The invention also relates to methods and intermediate products for the production of said compounds, in addition to the use thereof or of agents containing the compounds for controlling undesired plants.



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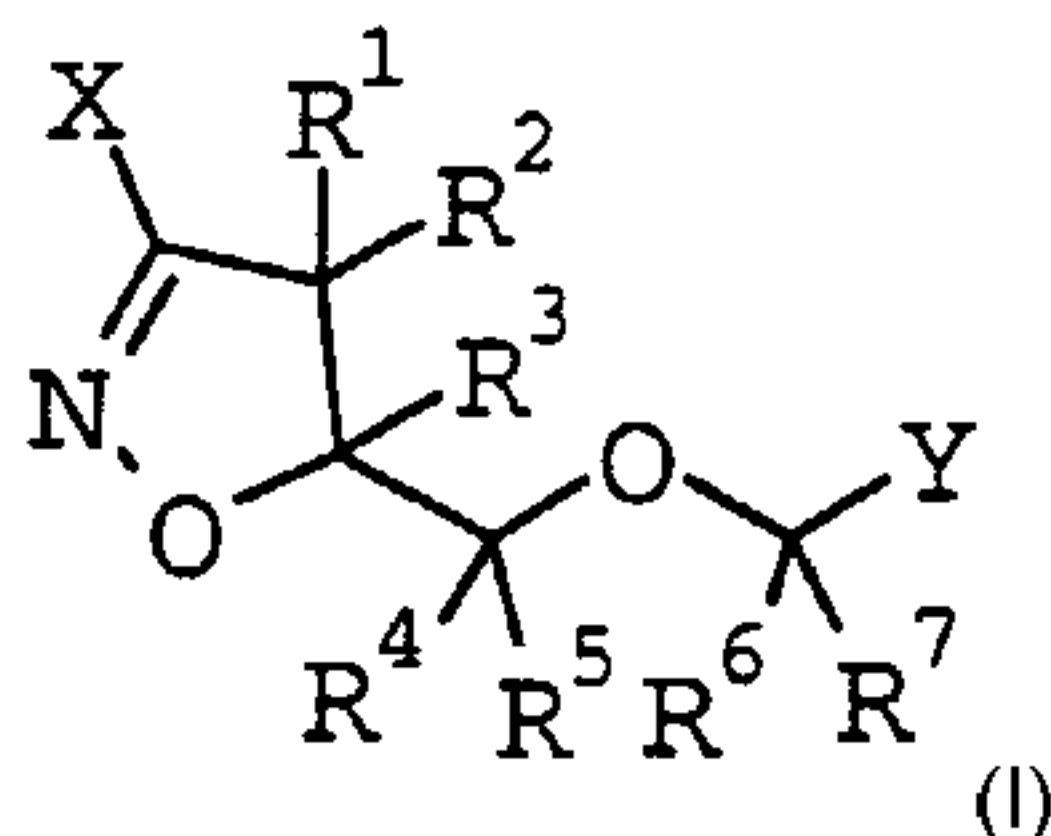
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Zur Erklärung der Zweibuchstaben-Codes und der anderen Abkürzungen wird auf die Erklärungen ("Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations") am Anfang jeder regulären Ausgabe der PCT-Gazette verwiesen.

(54) Title: 3-HETEROARYL SUBSTITUTED 5-METHYLOXYMETHYL ISOXAZOLINES USED AS HERBICIDES

(54) Bezeichnung: 3-HETEROARYLSUBSTITUIERTE 5 METHYLOXYMETHYL-ISOXAZOLINE ALS HERBIZIDE



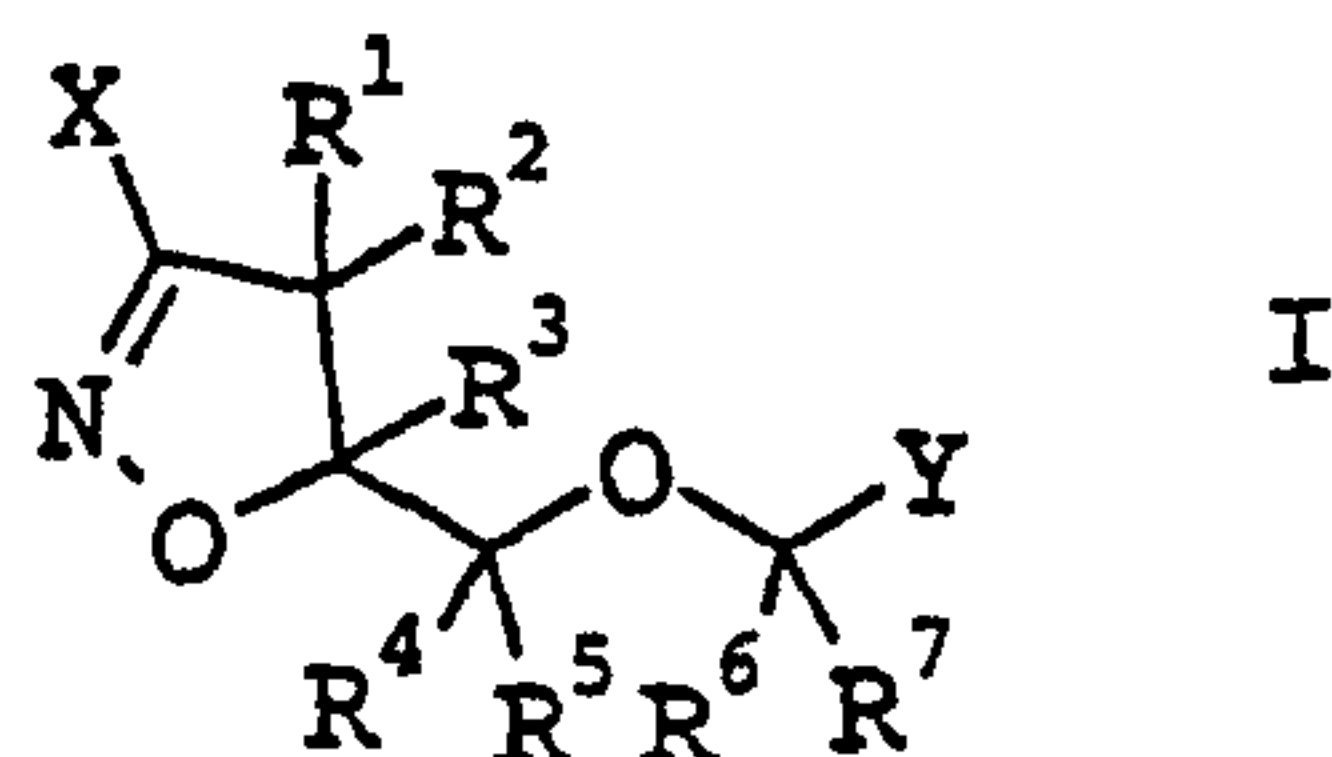
(57) **Abstract:** The invention relates to 3-heteroaryl substituted isoxazolines of formula (I), or to their salts that can be used for agricultural purposes. In said formula, the variables are defined as follows: X represents a substituted 5-membered heteroaryl comprising between one and four nitrogen atoms, or between one and three nitrogen atoms and one oxygen or sulphur atom, or one oxygen or sulphur atom, or represents a substituted 6-membered heteroaryl comprising between one and four nitrogen atoms, whereby the aforementioned 5-membered heteroaryl is not pyrazolyl or thienyl; R¹ - R⁷ represent hydrogen, alkyl or haloalkyl; Y represents an optionally substituted aryl, or benzo[1,4]dioxonyl, benzo[1,3]dioxolanyl, 2,3-dihydrobenzofuranyl or benzimidazole, or an optionally substituted 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl. The invention also relates to methods and intermediate products for the production of said compounds, in addition to the use thereof or of agents containing the compounds for controlling undesired plants.

(57) **Zusammenfassung:** Die vorliegende Erfindung betrifft 3-heteroarylsubstituierte Isoxazoline der Formel (I): in der die Variablen die folgenden Bedeutungen haben: X substituiertes 5-gliedriges Heteroaryl mit ein bis vier Stickstoffatomen, oder mit ein bis drei Stickstoffatomen und einem Sauerstoff- oder Schwefelatom, oder mit einem Sauerstoff- oder Schwefelatom; oder substituiertes 6-gliedriges Heteroaryl mit ein bis vier Stickstoffatomen; wobei das oben genannte 5-gliedrige Heteroaryl nicht Pyrazolyl oder Thienyl ist; R¹ - R⁷ Wasserstoff, Alkyl oder Halogenalkyl; Y gegebenenfalls substituiertes Aryl, oder Benzo[1,4]dioxonyl, Benzo[1,3]dioxolanyl, 2,3-Dihydrobenzofuranyl oder Benzimidazol; oder gegebenenfalls substituiertes 5- bis 6-gliedriges Heteroaryl; sowie deren landwirtschaftlich brauchbaren Salze, Verfahren und Zwischenprodukte zu ihrer Herstellung; sowie die Verwendung dieser Verbindungen oder diese Verbindungen enthaltende Mittel zur Bekämpfung unerwünschter Pflanzen.

WO 03/090539 A1

3-HETEROARYL SUBSTITUTED 5-METHYLOXYMETHYL ISOXAZOLINES
USED AS HERBICIDES

The present invention relates to 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I



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where:

X is 5-membered heteroaryl having one to four nitrogen atoms or one to three nitrogen atoms and one oxygen or sulfur atom or one oxygen or sulfur atom; or

is 6-membered heteroaryl having one to four nitrogen atoms,

where the heterocycles are partially or fully halogenated and/or carry one to three substituents selected from the following group:

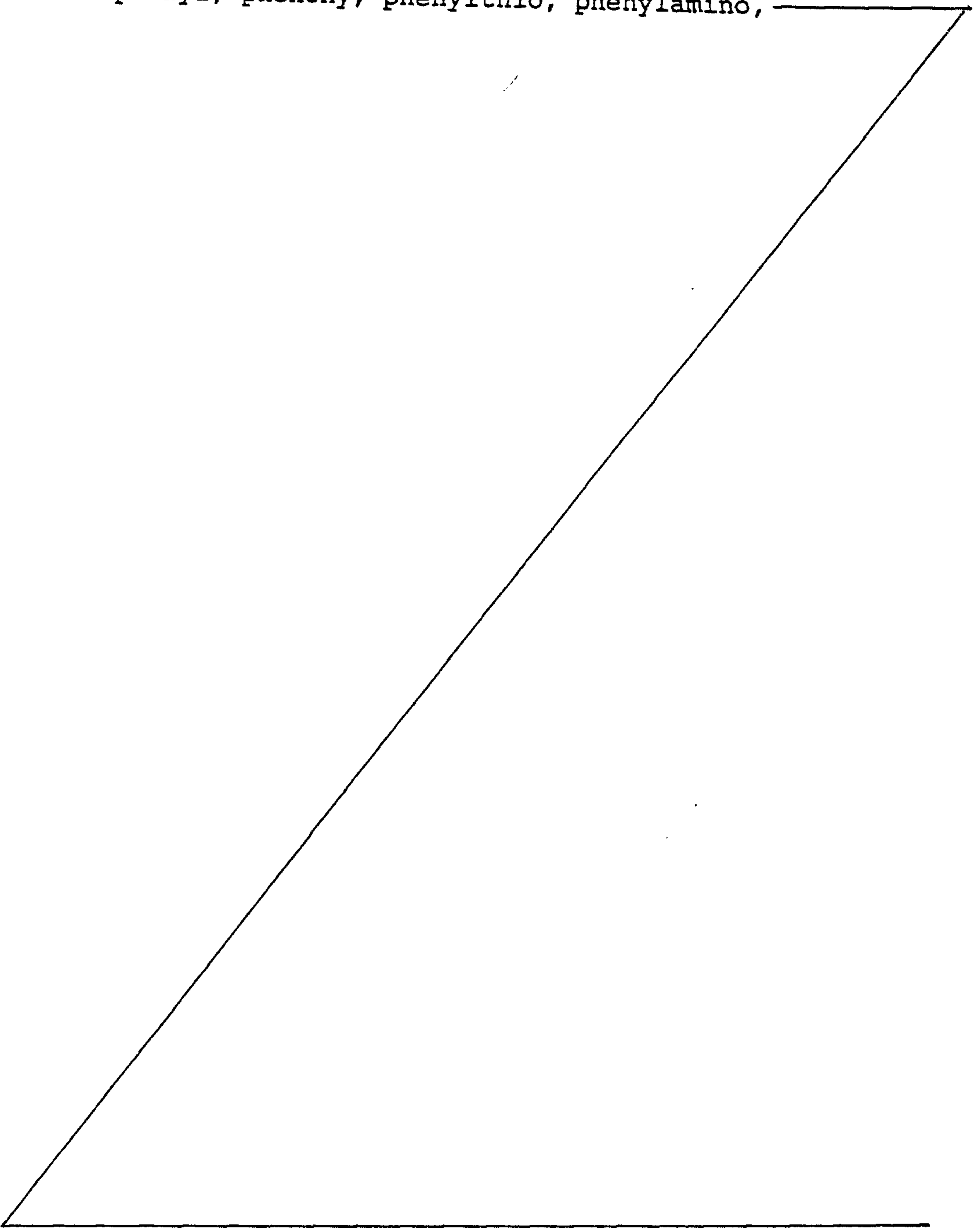
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cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₈-alkenyl, C₂-C₈-alkynyl, C₁-C₈-haloalkyl, C₂-C₆-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₆-haloalkynyl, C₁-C₈-cyanoalkyl, C₂-C₈-cyanoalkenyl, C₁-C₈-alkoxy, C₁-C₈-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₈-alkoxy-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkoxy-C₁-C₈-alkoxy, amino, C₁-C₈-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino, C₁-C₈-alkylcarbonylamino, N-C₁-C₈-alkylcarbonyl-N-C₁-C₈-alkylamino, C₁-C₈-alkoxycarbonylamino, N-C₁-C₈-alkoxycarbonyl-N-C₁-C₈-alkylamino, amino-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylamino-C₁-C₈-alkyl, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylthio, C₁-C₈-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₈-alkylthio-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₈-haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₈-alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₈-haloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₈-alkylsulfonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl,

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1a

C₁-C₈-alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₈-alkoxycarbonyl,
C₁-C₈-alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, aminocarbonyl,
C₁-C₈-alkylaminocarbonyl, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)aminocarbonyl,
aminocarbonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylaminocarbonyl-
C₁-C₈-alkyl, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)aminocarbonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl,
carboxyl, carboxy-C₁-C₈-alkyl,
phenyl, phenoxy, phenylthio, phenylamino,



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phenyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, phenyl-C₁-C₈-alkoxy, 3- to 6-membered heterocyclyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, where the eight last-mentioned radicals for their part may be partially or fully halogenated and/or may carry one to three substituents selected from the group consisting of nitro, cyano, C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkoxy, C₁-C₈-haloalkyl, C₁-C₈-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₈-alkylthio, C₁-C₈-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₈-alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₈-haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₈-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₈-haloalkylsulfonyl;

where the abovementioned 5-membered heteroaryl is not pyrazolyl or thienyl;

R¹ - R⁷ are hydrogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl or C₁-C₆-haloalkyl;

Y is aryl which may be partially or fully halogenated and/or may carry one to three substituents selected from the group consisting of cyano, nitro, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, C₁-C₆-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl, phenyl, phenoxy and phenylcarbonyl, benzo[1,4]dioxonyl, benzo[1,3]dioxolanyl, 2,3-dihydrobenzofuranyl or benzimidazole; or 5-membered heteroaryl having one to four nitrogen atoms or having one to three nitrogen atoms and one oxygen or sulfur atom or having one oxygen or sulfur atom; or 6-membered heteroaryl having one to four nitrogen atoms; where the heterocycles may be partially or fully halogenated and/or may carry one to three substituents from the group consisting of cyano, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl and C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl;

and their agriculturally useful salts.

Moreover, the invention relates to processes and intermediates for preparing compounds of the formula I, to compositions comprising them and to the use of these derivatives or of the compositions comprising them for controlling harmful plants.

3-phenyl-substituted isoxazolines are known from the literature, for example from EP 514 987. EP 334 120 discloses isoxazolines which are substituted in the 3-position by an unsubstituted heterocycle. Furthermore, JP 2001/158787 describes 3-pyrazolyl-substituted isoxazolines. WO 02/19825 and

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KR 2002/19751 disclose thienyl-substituted isoxazoles.
JP 09/143171 mentions isoxazoles which are substituted in the
3-position by a carbonyl or oxime group.

5 However, the herbicidal properties of the prior-art compounds and
their compatibility with crop plants are not entirely
satisfactory.

It is an object of the present invention to provide novel, in
particular herbicidally active, compounds having improved
10 properties.

We have found that this object is achieved by the
3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazoles of the formula I and their
herbicidal action.

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Furthermore, we have found herbicidal compositions which comprise
compounds I and have very good herbicidal action. Moreover, we
have found processes for preparing these compositions and methods
for controlling unwanted vegetation using the compounds I.

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Depending on the substitution pattern, the compounds of the
formula I may contain one or more centers of chirality, in which
case they are present as enantiomers or mixtures of
diastereomers. The invention provides both the pure enantiomers
25 or diastereomers and their mixtures.

The compounds of the formula I may also be present in the form of
their agriculturally useful salts, the type of salt generally
being immaterial. In general, suitable salts are the salts of
30 those cations or the acid addition salts of those acids whose
cations and anions, respectively, have no adverse effect on the
herbicidal action of the compounds I.

Suitable cations are in particular ions of the alkali metals,
35 preferably lithium, sodium and potassium, of the alkaline earth
metals, preferably calcium and magnesium, and of the transition
metals, preferably manganese, copper, zinc and iron, and also
ammonium, where, if desired, one to four hydrogen atoms may be
replaced by C₁-C₄-alkyl, hydroxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl,
40 C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, hydroxy-C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, phenyl
or benzyl, preferably ammonium, dimethylammonium,
diisopropylammonium, tetramethylammonium, tetrabutylammonium,
2-(2-hydroxyeth-1-yl)ethylammonium,
di(2-hydroxyeth-1-yl)ammonium, trimethylbenzylammonium,
45 furthermore phosphonium ions, sulfonium ions, preferably

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tri(C₁-C₄-alkyl)sulfonium, and sulfoxonium ions, preferably tri(C₁-C₄-alkyl)sulfoxonium.

5 Anions of useful acid addition salts are primarily chloride, bromide, fluoride, hydrogensulfate, sulfate, dihydrogenphosphate, hydrogenphosphate, nitrate, hydrogencarbonate, carbonate, hexafluorosilicate, hexafluorophosphate, benzoate, and the anions of C₁-C₄-alkanoic acids, preferably formate, acetate, propionate and butyrate.

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The organic moieties mentioned for the substituents R¹-R⁷ or as radicals on aryl or heteroaryl rings are collective terms for individual enumerations of the individual group members. All hydrocarbon chains, i.e. all alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, 15 alkoxy, haloalkoxy, alkylcarbonyloxy, alkylthio, haloalkylthio, alkylsulfinyl, haloalkylsulfinyl, alkylsulfonyl, haloalkylsulfonyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, haloalkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino, dialkylamino, alkylcarbonylamino, N-alkylcarbonyl- N-alkylamino; alkoxyalkyl, alkoxyalkoxy, 20 alkylthioalkyl, dialkylaminoalkyl and alkoxycarbonylalkyl moieties, may be straight-chain or branched. Unless indicated otherwise, halogenated substituents preferably carry one to five identical or different halogen atoms. In each case, the term "halogen" denotes fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine.

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Examples of other meanings are:

- C₁-C₄-alkyl and the alkyl moieties of C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-alkylthio-C₁-C₄-alkyl, 30 C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₄-alkylcarbonylamino, N-C₁-C₄-alkylcarbonyl-N-C₁-C₄-alkylamino, N-C₁-C₄-alkoxycarbonyl-N-C₁-C₄-alkylamino, amino-C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-alkylamino-C₁-C₄-alkyl, di(C₁-C₄-alkyl)amino-C₁-C₄-alkyl, carboxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, 35 C₁-C₄-alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, aminocarbonyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-alkylaminocarbonyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl, di(C₁-C₄-alkyl)aminocarbonyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl and phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl: for example methyl, ethyl, propyl, 1-methylethyl, butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl and 40 1,1-dimethylethyl;
- C₁-C₆-alkyl: C₁-C₄-alkyl as mentioned above, and the alkyl moieties of C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylthio-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl, 45 C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonylamino, N-C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl-N-C₁-C₆-alkylamino, N-C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl-N-C₁-C₆-alkylamino, amino-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylamino-C₁-C₆-alkyl,

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- di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino-C₁-C₆-alkyl, carboxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, aminocarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylaminocarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)aminocarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl and phenyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl: and also, for example, pentyl, 1-methylbutyl, 2-methylbutyl, 3-methylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylpropyl, 1-ethylpropyl, hexyl, 1,1-dimethylpropyl, 1,2-dimethylpropyl, 1-methylpentyl, 2-methylpentyl, 3-methylpentyl, 4-methylpentyl, 1,1-dimethylbutyl, 1,2-dimethylbutyl, 1,3-dimethylbutyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, 2,3-dimethylbutyl, 3,3-dimethylbutyl, 1-ethylbutyl, 2-ethylbutyl, 1,1,2-trimethylpropyl, 1-ethyl-1-methylpropyl and 1-ethyl-3-methylpropyl;
- 15 - C₁-C₈-alkyl: C₁-C₆-alkyl as mentioned above, and the alkyl moieties of C₁-C₈-alkoxy-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylthio-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylsulfonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₈-alkylcarbonylamino, N-C₁-C₈-alkylcarbonyl-N-C₁-C₈-alkylamino, 20 N-C₁-C₈-alkoxycarbonyl-N-C₁-C₈-alkylamino, amino-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylamino-C₁-C₈-alkyl, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino-C₁-C₈-alkyl, carboxy-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, aminocarbonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylaminocarbonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, 25 di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)aminocarbonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl and phenyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, and also, for example, heptyl, 2-methylhexyl, 3-methylhexyl, 2,2-dimethylpentyl, 2,3-dimethylpentyl, 2,4-dimethylpentyl, 3,3-dimethylpentyl, 2,2,3-trimethylbutyl, octyl, 2-methylheptyl, 3-methylheptyl, 30 4-methylheptyl, 2,2-dimethylhexyl, 2,3-dimethylhexyl, 2,4-dimethylhexyl, 3,3-dimethylhexyl, 2,2,3-trimethylpentyl, 2,3,3-trimethylpentyl, 2,3,4-trimethylpentyl and 2,2,3,3-tetramethylbutyl;
- 35 - C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl: cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl;
- C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl: C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, as mentioned above which is partially or fully substituted by fluorine, 40 chlorine, bromine and/or iodine, i.e., for example, 2,2-difluorocyclopropyl, 2,2-dichlorocyclopropyl, 3-fluorocyclopentyl, 3-chlorocyclopentyl, 3,3-difluorocyclopentyl, 3,3-dichlorocyclopentyl, 4-fluorocyclohexyl, 4-chlorocyclohexyl, 45 4,4-difluorocyclohexyl and 4,4-dichlorocyclohexyl;

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- three- to six-membered heterocyclyl: a monocyclic saturated or partially unsaturated hydrocarbon having three to six ring members as mentioned above which may, in addition to carbon atoms, comprise one to four nitrogen atoms or one to three nitrogen atoms and one oxygen or sulfur atom or one oxygen and/or one sulfur atom or 2 oxygen or 2 sulfur atoms and which may be attached via a carbon atom or a nitrogen atom, for example
- 5 3- to 4-membered heterocyclyl:
- 10 2-oxiranyl, 2-oxetanyl, 3-oxetanyl, 2-aziridinyl, 3-thiethanyl, 1-azetiny, 2-azetiny;
- 5-membered saturated heterocyclyl attached via a carbon atom:
- 15 2-tetrahydrofuranyl, 3-tetrahydrofuranyl, 1,3-dioxolan-2-yl, 1,3-dioxolan-5-yl, 2-tetrahydrothienyl, 3-tetrahydrothienyl, 1,3-dithiolan-2-yl, 1,3-dithiolan-5-yl, 1,2-dithiolan-3-yl, 1,2-dithiolan-4-yl, 2-pyrrolidinyl, 3-pyrrolidinyl, 3-isoxazolidinyl, 4-isoxazolidinyl, 5-isoxazolidinyl, 3-isothiazolidinyl, 4-isothiazolidinyl, 5-isothiazolidinyl,
- 20 3-pyrazolidinyl, 4-pyrazolidinyl, 5-pyrazolidinyl, 2-oxazolidinyl, 4-oxazolidinyl, 5-oxazolidinyl, 2-thiazolidinyl, 4-thiazolidinyl, 5-thiazolidinyl, 2-imidazolidinyl, 4-imidazolidinyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolidin-3-yl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolidin-5-yl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolidin-3-yl,
- 25 1,2,4-thiadiazolidin-5-yl, 1,2,4-triazolidin-3-yl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolidin-2-yl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolidin-2-yl, 1,3,4-triazolidin-2-yl;
- 5-membered saturated heterocyclyl attached via a nitrogen atom:
- 30 1-pyrrolidinyl, 2-isothiazolidinyl, 2-isothiazolidinyl, 1-pyrazolidinyl, 3-oxazolidinyl, 3-thiazolidinyl, 1-imidazolidinyl, 1,2,4-triazolidin-1-yl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolidin-2-yl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolidin-4-yl,
- 35 1,2,4-thiadiazolidin-2-yl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolidin-4-yl;
- 5-membered partially unsaturated heterocyclyl attached via a carbon atom:
- 40 2,3-dihydrofur-2-yl, 2,3-dihydrofur-3-yl, 2,3-dihydrofur-4-yl, 2,4-dihydrofur-2-yl, 2,4-dihydrofur-3-yl, 2,3-dihydrothien-2-yl, 2,3-dihydrothien-3-yl, 2,4-dihydrothien-2-yl, 2,4-dihydrothien-3-yl, 4,5-dihydropyrrol-2-yl, 4,5-dihydropyrrol-3-yl, 2,5-dihydropyrrol-2-yl,
- 45 2,5-dihydropyrrol-3-yl, 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl, 2,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl, 2,3-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl, 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-4-yl, 2,5-dihydroisoxazol-4-yl,

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2,3-dihydroisoxazol-4-yl, 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-5-yl,
2,5-dihydroisoxazol-5-yl, 2,3-dihydroisoxazol-5-yl,
4,5-dihydroisothiazol-3-yl, 2,5-dihydroisothiazol-3-yl,
2,3-dihydroisothiazol-3-yl, 4,5-dihydroisothiazol-4-yl,
5 2,5-dihydroisothiazol-4-yl, 2,3-dihydroisothiazol-4-yl,
4,5-dihydroisothiazol-5-yl, 2,5-dihydroisothiazol-5-yl,
2,3-dihydroisothiazol-5-yl, 2,3-dihydropyrazol-3-yl,
2,3-dihydropyrazol-4-yl, 2,3-dihydropyrazol-5-yl,
3,4-dihydropyrazol-3-yl, 3,4-dihydropyrazol-4-yl,
10 3,4-dihydropyrazol-5-yl, 4,5-dihydropyrazol-3-yl,
4,5-dihydropyrazol-4-yl, 4,5-dihydropyrazol-5-yl,
2,3-dihydroimidazol-2-yl, 2,3-dihydroimidazol-4-yl,
2,3-dihydroimidazol-5-yl, 4,5-dihydroimidazol-2-yl,
4,5-dihydroimidazol-4-yl, 4,5-dihydroimidazol-5-yl,
15 2,5-dihydroimidazol-2-yl, 2,5-dihydroimidazol-4-yl,
2,5-dihydroimidazol-5-yl, 2,3-dihydrooxazol-2-yl,
2,3-dihydrooxazol-4-yl, 2,3-dihydrooxazol-5-yl,
3,4-dihydrooxazol-2-yl, 3,4-dihydrooxazol-4-yl,
3,4-dihydrooxazol-5-yl, 2,3-dihydrothiazol-2-yl,
20 2,3-dihydrothiazol-4-yl, 2,3-dihydrothiazol-5-yl,
3,4-dihydrothiazol-2-yl, 3,4-dihydrothiazol-4-yl,
3,4-dihydrothiazol-5-yl;

5-membered partially unsaturated heterocyclyl attached via a
25 nitrogen atom:

4,5-dihydropyrrol-1-yl, 2,5-dihydropyrrol-1-yl,
4,5-dihydroisoxazol-2-yl, 2,3-dihydroisoxazol-1-yl,
4,5-dihydroisothiazol-1-yl, 2,3-dihydroisothiazol-1-yl,
2,3-dihydropyrazol-1-yl, 2,3-dihydropyrazol-2-yl,
30 4,5-dihydropyrazol-1-yl, 3,4-dihydropyrazol-1-yl,
2,3-dihydroimidazol-1-yl, 2,3-dihydroimidazol-3-yl,
4,5-dihydroimidazol-1-yl, 2,5-dihydroimidazol-1-yl,
2,3-dihydrooxazol-3-yl, 3,4-dihydrooxazol-3-yl,
2,3-dihydrothiazol-3-yl, 3,4-dihydrothiazol-3-yl;

35

6-membered saturated heterocyclyl attached via a carbon atom:

2-piperidinyl, 3-piperidinyl, 4-piperidinyl, 1,3-dioxan-5-yl,
1,3-dithian-5-yl, 2-tetrahydropyranyl, 4-tetrahydropyranyl,
2-tetrahydrothiopyranyl, 4-tetrahydrothiopyranyl,
40 3-hexahydropyridazinyl, 4-hexahydropyridazinyl,
2-hexahydropyrimidinyl, 4-hexahydropyrimidinyl,
5-hexahydropyrimidinyl, 2-piperazinyl,
1,3,5-hexahydrotriazin-2-yl, 1,2,4-hexahydrotriazin-3-yl,
tetrahydro-1,3-oxazin-2-yl, tetrahydro-1,3-oxazin-6-yl,
45 2-morpholinyl, 3-morpholinyl;

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6-membered saturated heterocyclyl attached via a nitrogen atom:

- 1-piperidinyl, 1-hexahydropyridazinyl,
1-hexahydropyrimidinyl, 1-piperazinyl,
5 1,3,5-hexahydrotriazin-1-yl, 1,2,4-hexahydrotriazin-1-yl,
tetrahydro-1,3-oxazin-1-yl, 1-morpholinyl;

6-membered partially unsaturated heterocyclyl attached via a carbon atom:

- 10 2H-pyran-2-yl, 2H-pyran-3-yl, 2H-pyran-4-yl, 2H-pyran-5-yl,
2H-pyran-6-yl, 2H-thiopyran-2-yl, 2H-thiopyran-3-yl,
2H-thiopyran-4-yl, 2H-thiopyran-5-yl, 2H-thiopyran-6-yl,
5,6-dihydro-4H-1,3-oxazin-2-yl;
- 15 - C₂-C₆-alkenyl: for example ethenyl, 1-propenyl, 2-propenyl,
1-methylethenyl, 1-butenyl, 2-butenyl, 3-butenyl,
1-methyl-1-propenyl, 2-methyl-1-propenyl,
1-methyl-2-propenyl, 2-methyl-2-propenyl, 1-pentenyl,
2-pentenyl, 3-pentenyl, 4-pentenyl, 1-methyl-1-butenyl,
20 2-methyl-1-butenyl, 3-methyl-1-butenyl, 1-methyl-2-butenyl,
2-methyl-2-butenyl, 3-methyl-2-butenyl, 1-methyl-3-butenyl,
2-methyl-3-butenyl, 3-methyl-3-butenyl,
1,1-dimethyl-2-propenyl, 1,2-dimethyl-1-propenyl,
1,2-dimethyl-2-propenyl, 1-ethyl-1-propenyl,
25 1-ethyl-2-propenyl, 1-hexenyl, 2-hexenyl, 3-hexenyl,
4-hexenyl, 5-hexenyl, 1-methyl-1-pentenyl,
2-methyl-1-pentenyl, 3-methyl-1-pentenyl,
4-methyl-1-pentenyl, 1-methyl-2-pentenyl,
2-methyl-2-pentenyl, 3-methyl-2-pentenyl,
30 4-methyl-2-pentenyl, 1-methyl-3-pentenyl,
2-methyl-3-pentenyl, 3-methyl-3-pentenyl,
4-methyl-3-pentenyl, 1-methyl-4-pentenyl,
2-methyl-4-pentenyl, 3-methyl-4-pentenyl,
4-methyl-4-pentenyl, 1,1-dimethyl-2-butenyl,
35 1,1-dimethyl-3-butenyl, 1,2-dimethyl-1-butenyl,
1,2-dimethyl-2-butenyl, 1,2-dimethyl-3-butenyl,
1,3-dimethyl-1-butenyl, 1,3-dimethyl-2-butenyl,
1,3-dimethyl-3-butenyl, 2,2-dimethyl-3-butenyl,
2,3-dimethyl-1-butenyl, 2,3-dimethyl-2-butenyl,
40 2,3-dimethyl-3-butenyl, 3,3-dimethyl-1-butenyl,
3,3-dimethyl-2-butenyl, 1-ethyl-1-butenyl, 1-ethyl-2-butenyl,
1-ethyl-3-butenyl, 2-ethyl-1-butenyl, 2-ethyl-2-butenyl,
2-ethyl-3-butenyl, 1,1,2-trimethyl-2-propenyl,
1-ethyl-1-methyl-2-propenyl, 1-ethyl-2-methyl-1-propenyl and
45 1-ethyl-2-methyl-2-propenyl;

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- C₂-C₈-alkenyl: C₂-C₆-alkenyl as mentioned above, and also, for example, 1-heptenyl, 2-heptenyl, 3-heptenyl, 2-methyl-1-hexenyl, 2-methyl-2-hexenyl, 2-methyl-3-hexenyl, 2-methyl-4-hexenyl, 2-methyl-5-hexenyl, 3-methyl-1-hexenyl, 3-methyl-2-hexenyl, 3-methyl-3-hexenyl, 3-methyl-4-hexenyl, 3-methyl-5-hexenyl, 2,2-dimethyl-3-pentenyl, 2,2-dimethyl-4-pentenyl, 2,3-dimethyl-1-pentenyl, 2,3-dimethyl-2-pentenyl, 2,3-dimethyl-3-pentenyl, 2,3-dimethyl-4-pentenyl, 2,4-dimethyl-1-pentenyl, 2,4-dimethyl-2-pentenyl, 3,3-dimethyl-1-pentenyl, 2,2-dimethyl-3-methyl-3-butenyl, 1-octenyl, 2-octenyl, 3-octenyl, 4-octenyl, 2-methyl-1-heptenyl, 2-methyl-2-heptenyl, 2-methyl-3-heptenyl, 2-methyl-4-heptenyl, 2-methyl-5-heptenyl, 2-methyl-6-heptenyl, 3-methyl-1-heptenyl, 3-methyl-2-heptenyl, 3-methyl-3-heptenyl, 3-methyl-4-heptenyl, 3-methyl-5-heptenyl, 3-methyl-6-heptenyl, 4-methyl-1-heptenyl, 4-methyl-2-heptenyl, 4-methyl-3-heptenyl, 2,2-dimethyl-3-hexenyl, 2,2-dimethyl-4-hexenyl, 2,2-dimethyl-5-hexenyl, 2,3-dimethyl-1-hexenyl, 2,3-dimethyl-2-hexenyl, 2,3-dimethyl-3-hexenyl, 2,3-dimethyl-4-hexenyl, 2,3-dimethyl-5-hexenyl, 2,4-dimethyl-1-hexenyl, 2,4-dimethyl-2-hexenyl, 2,4-dimethyl-3-hexenyl, 2,4-dimethyl-4-hexenyl, 2,4-dimethyl-5-hexenyl, 3,3-dimethyl-1-hexenyl, 3,3-dimethyl-4-hexenyl, 3,3-dimethyl-5-hexenyl, 2,2-trimethyl-3-pentenyl, 2,2,3-trimethyl-4-pentenyl, 2,3,3-trimethyl-1-pentenyl, 2,3,3-trimethyl-4-pentenyl, 2,3,4-trimethyl-1-pentenyl and 2,3,4-trimethyl-2-pentenyl;
- C₂-C₆-alkynyl: for example ethynyl, 1-propynyl, 2-propynyl, 1-butyne, 2-butyne, 3-butyne, 1-methyl-2-propynyl, 1-pentyne, 2-pentyne, 3-pentyne, 4-pentyne, 1-methyl-2-butyne, 1-methyl-3-butyne, 2-methyl-3-butyne, 3-methyl-1-butyne, 1,1-dimethyl-2-propynyl, 1-ethyl-2-propynyl, 1-hexynyl, 2-hexynyl, 3-hexynyl, 4-hexynyl, 5-hexynyl, 1-methyl-2-pentyne, 1-methyl-3-pentyne, 1-methyl-4-pentyne, 2-methyl-3-pentyne, 2-methyl-4-pentyne, 3-methyl-1-pentyne, 3-methyl-4-pentyne, 4-methyl-1-pentyne, 4-methyl-2-pentyne, 1,1-dimethyl-2-butyne, 1,1-dimethyl-3-butyne, 1,2-dimethyl-3-butyne, 2,2-dimethyl-3-butyne, 3,3-dimethyl-1-butyne, 1-ethyl-2-butyne, 1-ethyl-3-butyne, 2-ethyl-3-butyne and 1-ethyl-1-methyl-2-propynyl;

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- C₂-C₈-alkynyl: C₂-C₆-alkynyl as mentioned above, and also, for example, 1-heptynyl, 2-heptynyl, 3-heptynyl, 2-methyl-3-hexynyl, 2-methyl-4-hexynyl, 2-methyl-5-hexynyl, 3-methyl-1-hexynyl, 3-methyl-4-hexynyl, 3-methyl-5-hexynyl, 2,2-dimethyl-3-pentynyl, 2,2-dimethyl-4-pentynyl, 2,3-dimethyl-4-pentynyl, 3,3-dimethyl-1-pentynyl, 1-octynyl, 2-octynyl, 3-octynyl, 4-octynyl, 2-methyl-3-heptynyl, 2-methyl-4-heptynyl, 2-methyl-5-heptynyl, 2-methyl-6-heptynyl, 3-methyl-1-heptynyl, 3-methyl-4-heptynyl, 3-methyl-5-heptynyl, 3-methyl-6-heptynyl, 4-methyl-1-heptynyl, 4-methyl-2-heptynyl, 2,2-dimethyl-3-hexynyl, 2,2-dimethyl-4-hexynyl, 2,2-dimethyl-5-hexynyl, 2,3-dimethyl-4-hexynyl, 2,3-dimethyl-5-hexynyl, 2,4-dimethyl-5-hexynyl, 3,3-dimethyl-1-hexynyl, 3,3-dimethyl-4-hexynyl, 3,3-dimethyl-5-hexynyl, 2,2,3-trimethyl-4-pentynyl and 2,3,3-trimethyl-4-pentynyl;

- C₁-C₄-haloalkyl: a C₁-C₄-alkyl radical as mentioned above which is partially or fully substituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine and/or iodine, i.e., for example, chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, trichloromethyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, chlorofluoromethyl, dichlorofluoromethyl, chlorodifluoromethyl, 2-fluoroethyl, 2-chloroethyl, 2-bromoethyl, 2-iodoethyl, 2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2-chloro-2-fluoroethyl, 2-chloro-2,2-difluoroethyl, 2,2-dichloro-2-fluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trichloroethyl, pentafluoroethyl, 2-fluoropropyl, 3-fluoropropyl, 2,2-difluoropropyl, 2,3-difluoropropyl, 2-chloropropyl, 3-chloropropyl, 2,3-dichloropropyl, 2-bromopropyl, 3-bromopropyl, 3,3,3-trifluoropropyl, 3,3,3-trichloropropyl, 2,2,3,3,3-pentafluoropropyl, heptafluoropropyl, 1-(fluoromethyl)-2-fluoroethyl, 1-(chloromethyl)-2-chloroethyl, 1-(bromomethyl)-2-bromoethyl, 4-fluorobutyl, 4-chlorobutyl, 4-bromobutyl and nonafluorobutyl;

- C₁-C₆-haloalkyl: C₁-C₄-haloalkyl as mentioned above, and also, for example 5-fluoropentyl, 5-chloropentyl, 5-bromopentyl, 5-iodopentyl, undecafluoropentyl, 6-fluorohexyl, 6-chlorohexyl, 6-bromohexyl, 6-iodohexyl and dodecafluorohexyl;

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- C₁-C₈-haloalkyl: C₁-C₆-haloalkyl as mentioned above, and also, for example, 7-fluoroheptyl, 7-chloroheptyl, 7-bromoheptyl, 7-iodoheptyl, perfluoroheptyl, 8-fluorooctyl, 8-chlorooctyl, 8-bromooctyl, 8-iodooctyl and octadecafluorooctyl;
- 5
- C₂-C₆-haloalkenyl: a C₂-C₆-alkenyl radical as mentioned above which is partially or fully substituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine and/or iodine, for example 2-chlorovinyl, 2-chloroallyl, 3-chloroallyl, 2,3-dichloroallyl, 10 3,3-dichloroallyl, 2,3,3-trichloroallyl, 2,3-dichloro-2-butenyl, 2-bromovinyl, 2-bromoallyl, 3-bromoallyl, 2,3-dibromoallyl, 3,3-dibromoallyl, 2,3,3-tribromoallyl and 2,3-dibromo-2-butenyl;
- 15 - C₂-C₈-haloalkenyl: a C₁-C₆-haloalkenyl radical as mentioned above, and also, for example, 2-chloro-1-heptenyl, 3-chloro-1-heptenyl, 2,3-dichloro-1-heptenyl, 3,3-dichloro-1-heptenyl, 2,3,3-trichloro-1-heptenyl, 2-bromo-1-heptenyl, 3-bromo-1-heptenyl, 20 2,3-dibromo-1-heptenyl, 3,3-dibromo-1-heptenyl, 2,3,3-tribromo-1-heptenyl, 2-chloro-1-octenyl, 3-chloro-1-octenyl, 2,3-dichloro-1-octenyl, 3,3-dichloro-1-octenyl, 2,3,3-trichloro-1-octenyl, 2-bromo-1-octenyl, 3-bromo-1-octenyl, 2,3-dibromo-1-octenyl, 25 3,3-dibromo-1-octenyl and 2,3,3-tribromo-1-octenyl;
- C₂-C₆-haloalkynyl: a C₂-C₆-alkynyl radical as mentioned above which is partially or fully substituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine and/or iodine, for example
- 30 1,1-difluoroprop-2-yn-1-yl, 3-iodoprop-2-yn-1-yl, 4-fluorobut-2-yn-1-yl, 4-chlorobut-2-yn-1-yl, 1,1-difluorobut-2-yn-1-yl, 4-iodobut-3-yn-1-yl, 5-fluoropent-3-yn-1-yl, 5-iodopent-4-yn-1-yl, 6-fluorohex-4-yn-1-yl and 6-iodohex-5-yn-1-yl;
- 35
- C₂-C₈-haloalkynyl: a C₁-C₆-haloalkynyl radical as mentioned above, and also, for example, 7-fluorohept-5-yn-1-yl, 7-iodohept-6-yn-1-yl, 8-fluorooct-6-yn-1-yl and 8-iodooct-7-yn-1-yl;
- 40
- C₁-C₄-cyanoalkyl: for example cyanomethyl, 1-cyanoethyl, 1-cyanopropyl, 2-cyanopropyl, 3-cyanopropyl, 1-cyanoprop-2-yl, 2-cyanoprop-2-yl, 1-cyanobutyl, 2-cyanobutyl, 3-cyanobutyl, 4-cyanobutyl, 1-cyanobut-2-yl, 45 2-cyanobut-2-yl, 1-cyanobut-3-yl, 2-cyanobut-3-yl,

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1-cyano-2-methylprop-3-yl, 2-cyano-2-methylprop-3-yl,
3-cyano-2-methylprop-3-yl or 2-cyanomethylprop-2-yl;

- 5 - C₁-C₆-cyanoalkyl: C₁-C₄-cyanoalkyl as mentioned above, and
also, for example, 5-cyanopentyl or 6-cyanoheptyl;
- C₁-C₈-cyanoalkyl: C₁-C₆-cyanoalkyl as mentioned above, and
also, for example, 7-cyanoheptyl or 8-cyano-octyl;
- 10 - C₂-C₆-cyanoalkenyl: a C₂-C₆-alkenyl radical as mentioned above
which is substituted by cyano, for example 2-cyanovinyl,
2-cyanoallyl, 3-cyanoallyl, 2-cyanobut-2-enyl or
3-cyanobut-2-enyl;
- 15 - C₂-C₈-cyanoalkenyl: a C₂-C₆-cyanoalkenyl radical as mentioned
above, and also, for example, 2-cyano-1-heptenyl,
3-cyano-1-heptenyl, 2-cyano-1-octenyl or 3-cyano-1-octenyl;
- 20 - C₁-C₄-alkoxy and the alkoxy moieties of
C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl,
C₁-C₄-alkoxycarbonyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl,
C₁-C₄-alkoxycarbonylamino, N-C₁-C₄-alkoxycarbonyl-N-
C₁-C₄-alkylamino, C₁-C₄-alkoxycarbonyl(C₁-C₄)alkoxy and
phenyl-C₁-C₄-alkoxy: for example methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy,
25 1-methylethoxy, butoxy, 1-methylpropoxy, 2-methylpropoxy and
1,1-dimethylethoxy;
- C₁-C₆-alkoxy: C₁-C₄-alkoxy as mentioned above, and the alkoxy
moieties of C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-
30 C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl-
C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonylamino,
N-C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl-N-C₁-C₆-alkylamino,
C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl(C₁-C₆)alkoxy and phenyl-C₁-C₆-alkoxy, for
example, pentoxy, 1-methylbutoxy, 2-methylbutoxy,
35 3-methoxybutoxy, 1,1-dimethylpropoxy, 1,2-dimethylpropoxy,
2,2-dimethylpropoxy, 1-ethylpropoxy, hexoxy, 1-methylpentoxy,
2-methylpentoxy, 3-methylpentoxy, 4-methylpentoxy,
1,1-dimethylbutoxy, 1,2-dimethylbutoxy, 1,3-dimethylbutoxy,
2,2-dimethylbutoxy, 2,3-dimethylbutoxy, 3,3-dimethylbutoxy,
40 1-ethylbutoxy, 2-ethylbutoxy, 1,1,2-trimethylpropoxy,
1,2,2-trimethylpropoxy, 1-ethyl-1-methylpropoxy and
1-ethyl-2-methylpropoxy;
- C₁-C₈-alkoxy: C₁-C₆-alkoxy as mentioned above, and the alkoxy
45 moieties of C₁-C₈-alkoxy-C₁-C₈-alkyl,
C₁-C₈-alkoxy-C₁-C₈-alkoxy, C₁-C₈-alkoxycarbonyl,
C₁-C₈-alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkoxycarbonylamino,

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- N-C₁-C₈-alkoxycarbonyl-N-C₁-C₈-alkylamino and phenyl-C₁-C₈-alkoxy, for example, heptoxy, 2-methylhexoxy, 3-methylhexoxy, 2,2-dimethylpentoxy, 2,3-dimethylpentoxy, 2,4-dimethylpentoxy, 3,3-dimethylpentoxy,
- 5 2,2-dimethyl-3-methylbutoxy, octoxy, 2-methylheptoxy, 3-methylheptoxy, 4-methylheptoxy, 2,2-dimethylhexoxy, 2,3-dimethylhexoxy, 2,4-dimethylhexoxy, 3,3-dimethylhexoxy, 2,2-dimethyl-3-methylpentoxy, 2-methyl-3,3-dimethylpentoxy, 2,3,4-trimethylpentoxy and 2,2,3,3-tetramethylbutoxy;
- 10
- C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy: a C₁-C₄-alkoxy radical as mentioned above which is partially or fully substituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine and/or iodine, i.e., for example, fluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, trifluoromethoxy,
- 15 chlorodifluoromethoxy, bromodifluoromethoxy, 2-fluoroethoxy, 2-chloroethoxy, 2-bromomethoxy, 2-iodoethoxy, 2,2-difluoroethoxy, 2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy, 2-chloro-2-fluoroethoxy, 2-chloro-2,2-difluoroethoxy, 2,2-dichloro-2-fluoroethoxy, 2,2,2-trichloroethoxy,
- 20 pentafluoroethoxy, 2-fluoropropoxy, 3-fluoropropoxy, 2-chloropropoxy, 3-chloropropoxy, 2-bromopropoxy, 3-bromopropoxy, 2,2-difluoropropoxy, 2,3-difluoropropoxy, 2,3-dichloropropoxy, 3,3,3-trifluoropropoxy, 3,3,3-trichloropropoxy, 2,2,3,3,3-pentafluoropropoxy,
- 25 heptafluoropropoxy, 1-(fluoromethyl)-2-fluoroethoxy, 1-(chloromethyl)-2-chloroethoxy, 1-(bromomethyl)-2-bromoethoxy, 4-fluorobutoxy, 4-chlorobutoxy, 4-bromobutoxy and nonafluorobutoxy;
- 30 - C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy: C₁-C₄-haloalkoxy as mentioned above, and also, for example, 5-fluoropentoxy, 5-chloropentoxy, 5-bromopentoxy, 5-iodopentoxy, undecafluoropentoxy, 6-fluorohexoxy, 6-chlorohexoxy, 6-bromohexoxy, 6-iodohexoxy and dodecafluorohexoxy;
- 35
- C₁-C₈-haloalkoxy: C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy as mentioned above, and also, 7-fluoroheptoxy, 7-chloroheptoxy, 7-bromoheptoxy, 7-iodoheptoxy, perfluoroheptoxy, 8-fluorooctoxy, 8-chlorooctoxy, 8-bromooctoxy, 8-iodooctoxy and
- 40 octadecafluorooctoxy;
- C₁-C₆-alkylamino and the alkylamino moieties of C₁-C₆-alkylamino-C₁-C₆-alkyl, N-C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl-N-C₁-C₆-alkylamino, C₁-C₆-alkylaminocarbonyl and
- 45 C₁-C₆-alkylaminocarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, for example methylamino, ethylamino, propylamino, 1-methylethylamino, butylamino, 1-methylpropylamino, 2-methylpropylamino,

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- 1,1-dimethylethylamino, pentylamino, 1-methylbutylamino,
 2-methylbutylamino, 3-methylbutylamino,
 2,2-dimethylpropylamino, 1-ethylpropylamino, hexylamino,
 1,1-dimethylpropylamino, 1,2-dimethylpropylamino,
 5 1-methylpentylamino, 2-methylpentylamino,
 3-methylpentylamino, 4-methylpentylamino,
 1,1-dimethylbutylamino, 1,2-dimethylbutylamino,
 1,3-dimethylbutylamino, 2,2-dimethylbutylamino,
 2,3-dimethylbutylamino, 3,3-dimethylbutylamino,
 10 1-ethylbutylamino, 2-ethylbutylamino,
 1,1,2-trimethylpropylamino, 1,2,2-trimethylpropylamino,
 1-ethyl-1-methylpropylamino and 1-ethyl-2-methylpropylamino;
- C₁-C₈-alkylamino: C₁-C₆-alkylamino as mentioned above, and the
 15 alkylamino moieties of C₁-C₈-alkylamino-C₁-C₈-alkyl,
 N-C₁-C₈-alkylcarbonyl-N-C₁-C₈-alkylamino,
 N-C₁-C₈-alkoxycarbonyl-N-C₁-C₈-alkylamino,
 C₁-C₈-alkylaminocarbonyl and C₁-C₈-alkylaminocarbonyl-
 C₁-C₈-alkyl: for example, heptylamino, 2-methylhexylamino,
 20 3-methylhexylamino, 2,2-dimethylpentylamino,
 2,3-dimethylpentylamino, 2,4-dimethylpentylamino,
 3,3-dimethylpentylamino, 2,2-dimethyl-3-methylbutylamino,
 octylamino, 2-methylheptylamino, 3-methylheptylamino,
 4-methylheptylamino, 2,2-dimethylhexylamino,
 25 2,3-dimethylhexylamino, 2,4-dimethylhexylamino,
 3,3-dimethylhexylamino, 2,2-dimethyl-3-methylpentylamino,
 2-methyl-3,3-dimethylpentylamino, 2,3,4-trimethylpentylamino
 and 2,2,3,3-tetramethylbutylamino;
- 30 - di(C₁-C₄-alkyl)amino and the dialkylamino moieties of
 di(C₁-C₄-alkyl)amino-C₁-C₄-alkyl, di(C₁-C₄-alkyl)aminocarbonyl
 and di(C₁-C₄-alkyl)aminocarbonyl-C₁-C₄-alkyl: for example
 N,N-dimethylamino, N,N-diethylamino, N,N-dipropylamino,
 N,N-di(1-methylethyl)amino, N,N-dibutylamino,
 35 N,N-di(1-methylpropyl)amino, N,N-di(2-methylpropyl)amino,
 N,N-di(1,1-dimethylethyl)amino, N-ethyl-N-
 methylamino, N-methyl-N-propylamino,
 N-methyl-N-(1-methylethyl)amino, N-butyl-N-methylamino,
 N-methyl-N-(1-methylpropyl)amino,
 40 N-methyl-N-(2-methylpropyl)amino,
 N-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N-methylamino, N-ethyl-N-propylamino,
 N-ethyl-N-(1-methylethyl)amino, N-butyl-N-ethylamino,
 N-ethyl-N-(1-methylpropyl)amino,
 N-ethyl-N-(2-methylpropyl)amino,
 45 N-ethyl-N-(1,1-dimethylethyl)amino,
 N-(1-methylethyl)-N-propylamino, N-butyl-N-propylamino,
 N-(1-methylpropyl)-N-propylamino,

15

- N-(2-methylpropyl)-N-propylamino,
 N-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N-propylamino,
 N-butyl-N-(1-methylethyl)amino,
 N-(1-methylethyl)-N-(1-methylpropyl)amino,
 5 N-(1-methylethyl)-N-(2-methylpropyl)amino,
 N-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N-(1-methylethyl)amino,
 N-butyl-N-(1-methylpropyl)amino,
 N-butyl-N-(2-methylpropyl)amino,
 N-butyl-N-(1,1-dimethylethyl)amino,
 10 N-(1-methylpropyl)-N-(2-methylpropyl)amino,
 N-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N-(1-methylpropyl)amino and
 N-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-N-(2-methylpropyl)amino;
- di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino: di(C₁-C₄-alkyl)amino as mentioned above,
 15 and the dialkylamino moieties of di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino-
 C₁-C₆-alkyl, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)aminocarbonyl and
 di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)aminocarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl: for example,
 N,N-dipentylamino, N,N-dihexylamino, N-methyl-N-pentylamino,
 N-ethyl-N-pentylamino, N-methyl-N-hexylamino and
 20 N-ethyl-N-hexylamino;
- di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino: di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino as mentioned above,
 and the dialkylamino moieties of di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino-
 C₁-C₈-alkyl, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)aminocarbonyl and
 25 di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)aminocarbonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl: for example,
 N,N-diheptylamino, N,N-dioctylamino, N-methyl-N-heptylamino,
 N-ethyl-N-heptylamino, N-methyl-N-octylamino and
 N-ethyl-N-octylamino;
- 30 - C₁-C₄-alkylthio and the alkylthio moieties of
 C₁-C₄-alkylthio-C₁-C₄-alkyl: for example methylthio,
 ethylthio, propylthio, 1-methylethylthio, butylthio,
 1-methylpropylthio, 2-methylpropylthio and
 1,1-dimethylethylthio;
- 35 - C₁-C₆-alkylthio: C₁-C₄-alkylthio as mentioned above, and the
 alkylthio moieties of C₁-C₆-alkylthio-C₁-C₆-alkyl and also,
 for example, pentylthio, 1-methylbutylthio,
 2-methylbutylthio, 3-methylbutylthio, 2,2-dimethylpropylthio,
 40 1-ethylpropylthio, hexylthio, 1,1-dimethylpropylthio,
 1,2-dimethylpropylthio, 1-methylpentylthio,
 2-methylpentylthio, 3-methylpentylthio, 4-methylpentylthio,
 1,1-dimethylbutylthio, 1,2-dimethylbutylthio,
 1,3-dimethylbutylthio, 2,2-dimethylbutylthio,
 45 2,3-dimethylbutylthio, 3,3-dimethylbutylthio,
 1-ethylbutylthio, 2-ethylbutylthio,

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1,1,2-trimethylpropylthio, 1,2,2-trimethylpropylthio,
1-ethyl-1-methylpropylthio and 1-ethyl-2-methylpropylthio;

- 5 - C₁-C₈-alkylthio: C₁-C₆-alkylthio as mentioned above, and the alkylthio moieties of C₁-C₈-alkylthio-C₁-C₈-alkyl and also, for example, heptylthio, 2-methylhexylthio, 3-methylhexylthio, 2,2-dimethylpentylthio, 2,3-dimethylpentylthio, 2,4-dimethylpentylthio, 3,3-dimethylpentylthio, 2,2-dimethyl-3-methylbutylthio, 10 octylthio, 2-methylheptylthio, 3-methylheptylthio 4-methylheptylthio, 2,2-dimethylhexylthio, 2,3-dimethylhexylthio, 2,4-dimethylhexylthio, 3,3-dimethylhexylthio, 2,2,3-trimethylpentylthio, 2,3,3-trimethylpentylthio, 2,3,4-trimethylpentylthio and 15 2,2,3,3-tetramethylbutylthio;
- C₁-C₄-haloalkylthio: a C₁-C₄-alkylthio radical as mentioned above which is partially or fully substituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine and/or iodine, i.e., for example, 20 fluoromethylthio, difluoromethylthio, trifluoromethylthio, chlorodifluoromethylthio, bromodifluoromethylthio, 2-fluoroethylthio, 2-chloroethylthio, 2-bromoethylthio, 2-iodoethylthio, 2,2-difluoroethylthio, 2,2,2-trifluoroethylthio, 2,2,2-trichloroethylthio, 25 2-chloro-2-fluoroethylthio, 2-chloro-2,2-difluoroethylthio, 2,2-dichloro-2-fluoroethylthio, pentafluoroethylthio, 2-fluoropropylthio, 3-fluoropropylthio, 2-chloropropylthio, 3-chloropropylthio, 2-bromopropylthio, 3-bromopropylthio, 2,2-difluoropropylthio, 2,3-difluoropropylthio, 30 2,3-dichloropropylthio, 3,3,3-trifluoropropylthio, 3,3,3-trichloropropylthio, 2,2,3,3,3-pentafluoropropylthio, heptafluoropropylthio, 1-(fluoromethyl)-2-fluoroethylthio, 1-(chloromethyl)-2-chloroethylthio, 1-(bromomethyl)-2-bromoethylthio, 4-fluorobutylthio, 35 4-chlorobutylthio, 4-bromobutylthio and nonafluorobutylthio;
- C₁-C₆-haloalkylthio: C₁-C₄-haloalkylthio as mentioned above, and also, for example, 5-fluoropentylthio, 5-chloropentylthio, 5-bromopentylthio, 5-iodopentylthio, 40 undecafluoropentylthio, 6-fluorohexylthio, 6-chlorohexylthio, 6-bromohexylthio, 6-iodohexylthio and dodecafluorohexylthio;
- C₁-C₈-haloalkylthio: C₁-C₆-haloalkylthio as mentioned above, and also, for example, 7-fluoroheptylthio, 45 7-chloroheptylthio, 7-bromoheptylthio, 7-iodoheptylthio, perfluoroheptylthio, 8-fluorooctylthio, 8-chlorooctylthio,

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8-bromooctylthio, 8-iodooctylthio and octadecafluorooctylthio;

- C₁-C₆-alkylsulfinyl (C₁-C₆-alkyl-S(=O)-): for example

5 methylsulfinyl, ethylsulfinyl, propylsulfinyl, 1-methylethylsulfinyl, butylsulfinyl, 1-methylpropylsulfinyl, 2-methylpropylsulfinyl, 1,1-dimethylethylsulfinyl, pentylsulfinyl, 1-methylbutylsulfinyl, 2-methylbutylsulfinyl, 3-methylbutylsulfinyl, 2,2-dimethylpropylsulfinyl,

10 1-ethylpropylsulfinyl, 1,1-dimethylpropylsulfinyl, 1,2-dimethylpropylsulfinyl, hexylsulfinyl, 1-methylpentylsulfinyl, 2-methylpentylsulfinyl, 3-methylpentylsulfinyl, 4-methylpentylsulfinyl, 1,1-dimethylbutylsulfinyl, 1,2-dimethylbutylsulfinyl,

15 1,3-dimethylbutylsulfinyl, 2,2-dimethylbutylsulfinyl, 2,3-dimethylbutylsulfinyl, 3,3-dimethylbutylsulfinyl, 1-ethylbutylsulfinyl, 2-ethylbutylsulfinyl, 1,1,2-trimethylpropylsulfinyl, 1,2,2-trimethylpropylsulfinyl, 1-ethyl-1-methylpropylsulfinyl and

20 1-ethyl-2-methylpropylsulfinyl;
- C₁-C₈-alkylsulfinyl (C₁-C₈-alkyl-S(=O)-): C₁-C₆-alkylsulfinyl as mentioned above, and also, for example, heptylsulfinyl, 2-methylhexylsulfinyl, 3-methylhexylsulfinyl,

25 2,2-dimethylpentylsulfinyl, 2,3-dimethylpentylsulfinyl, 2,4-dimethylpentylsulfinyl, 3,3-dimethylpentylsulfinyl, 2,2-dimethyl-3-methylbutylsulfinyl, octylsulfinyl, 2-methylheptylsulfinyl, 3-methylheptylsulfinyl 4-methylheptylsulfinyl, 2,2-dimethylhexylsulfinyl,

30 2,3-dimethylhexylsulfinyl, 2,4-dimethylhexylsulfinyl, 3,3-dimethylhexylsulfinyl, 2,2,3-trimethylpentylsulfinyl, 2,3,3-trimethylpentylsulfinyl, 2,3,4-trimethylpentylsulfinyl and 2,2,3,3-tetramethylbutylsulfinyl;
- 35 - C₁-C₆-haloalkylsulfinyl: C₁-C₆-alkylsulfinyl radical as mentioned above which is partially or fully substituted by fluorine, chlorine, bromine and/or iodine, i.e., for example, fluoromethylsulfinyl, difluoromethylsulfinyl, trifluoromethylsulfinyl, chlorodifluoromethylsulfinyl,

40 bromodifluoromethylsulfinyl, 2-fluoroethylsulfinyl, 2-chloroethylsulfinyl, 2-bromoethylsulfinyl, 2-iodoethylsulfinyl, 2,2-difluoroethylsulfinyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethylsulfinyl, 2,2,2-trichloroethylsulfinyl, 2-chloro-2-fluoroethylsulfinyl,

45 2-chloro-2,2-difluoroethylsulfinyl, 2,2-dichloro-2-fluoroethylsulfinyl, pentafluoroethylsulfinyl, 2-fluoropropylsulfinyl, 3-fluoropropylsulfinyl,

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- 2-chloropropylsulfinyl, 3-chloropropylsulfinyl,
 2-bromopropylsulfinyl, 3-bromopropylsulfinyl,
 2,2-difluoropropylsulfinyl, 2,3-difluoropropylsulfinyl,
 2,3-dichloropropylsulfinyl, 3,3,3-trifluoropropylsulfinyl,
 5 3,3,3-trichloropropylsulfinyl,
 2,2,3,3,3-pentafluoropropylsulfinyl,
 heptafluoropropylsulfinyl,
 1-(fluoromethyl)-2-fluoroethylsulfinyl,
 1-(chloromethyl)-2-chloroethylsulfinyl,
 10 1-(bromomethyl)-2-bromoethylsulfinyl, 4-fluorobutylsulfinyl,
 4-chlorobutylsulfinyl, 4-bromobutylsulfinyl,
 nonafluorobutylsulfinyl, 5-fluoropentylsulfinyl,
 5-chloropentylsulfinyl, 5-bromopentylsulfinyl,
 5-iodopentylsulfinyl, undecafluoropentylsulfinyl,
 15 6-fluorohexylsulfinyl, 6-chlorohexylsulfinyl,
 6-bromohexylsulfinyl, 6-iodohexylsulfinyl and
 dodecafluorohexylsulfinyl;
- C₁-C₈-haloalkylsulfinyl: C₁-C₆-haloalkylsulfinyl as mentioned
 20 above, and also, for example 7-fluoroheptylsulfinyl,
 7-chloroheptylsulfinyl, 7-bromoheptylsulfinyl,
 7-iodoheptylsulfinyl, perfluoroheptylsulfinyl,
 8-fluorooctylsulfinyl, 8-chlorooctylsulfinyl,
 8-bromooctylsulfinyl, 8-iodooctylsulfinyl and
 25 perfluorooctylsulfinyl;
- C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl (C₁-C₆-alkyl-S(=O)₂-) and the
 alkylsulfonyl moieties of C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl: for
 example methylsulfonyl, ethylsulfonyl, propylsulfonyl,
 30 1-methylethylsulfonyl, butylsulfonyl, 1-methylpropylsulfonyl,
 2-methylpropylsulfonyl, 1,1-dimethylethylsulfonyl,
 pentylsulfonyl, 1-methylbutylsulfonyl, 2-methylbutylsulfonyl,
 3-methylbutylsulfonyl, 1,1-dimethylpropylsulfonyl,
 1,2-dimethylpropylsulfonyl, 2,2-dimethylpropylsulfonyl,
 35 1-ethylpropylsulfonyl, hexylsulfonyl, 1-methylpentylsulfonyl,
 2-methylpentylsulfonyl, 3-methylpentylsulfonyl,
 4-methylpentylsulfonyl, 1,1-dimethylbutylsulfonyl,
 1,2-dimethylbutylsulfonyl, 1,3-dimethylbutylsulfonyl,
 2,2-dimethylbutylsulfonyl, 2,3-dimethylbutylsulfonyl,
 40 3,3-dimethylbutylsulfonyl, 1-ethylbutylsulfonyl,
 2-ethylbutylsulfonyl, 1,1,2-trimethylpropylsulfonyl,
 1,2,2-trimethylpropylsulfonyl, 1-ethyl-1-methylpropylsulfonyl
 and 1-ethyl-2-methylpropylsulfonyl;
- 45 - C₁-C₈-alkylsulfonyl (C₁-C₈-alkyl-S(=O)₂-): C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl
 as mentioned above, and the alkylsulfonyl moieties of
 C₁-C₈-alkylsulfonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl: for example, heptylsulfonyl,

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- 2-methylhexylsulfonyl, 3-methylhexylsulfonyl,
 2,2-dimethylpentylsulfonyl, 2,3-dimethylpentylsulfonyl,
 2,4-dimethylpentylsulfonyl, 3,3-dimethylpentylsulfonyl,
 2,2-dimethyl-3-methylbutylsulfonyl, octylsulfonyl,
 5 2-methylheptylsulfonyl, 3-methylheptylsulfonyl
 4-methylheptylsulfonyl, 2,2-dimethylhexylsulfonyl,
 2,3-dimethylhexylsulfonyl, 2,4-dimethylhexylsulfonyl,
 3,3-dimethylhexylsulfonyl, 2,2,3-trimethylpentylsulfonyl,
 2,3,3-trimethylpentylsulfonyl, 2,3,4-trimethylpentylsulfonyl
 10 and 2,2,3,3-tetramethylbutylsulfonyl;
- C₁-C₆-haloalkylsulfonyl: a C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl radical as
 mentioned above which is partially or fully substituted by
 fluorine, chlorine, bromine and/or iodine, i.e., for example,
 15 fluoromethylsulfonyl, difluoromethylsulfonyl,
 trifluoromethylsulfonyl, chlorodifluoromethylsulfonyl,
 bromodifluoromethylsulfonyl, 2-fluoroethylsulfonyl,
 2-chloroethylsulfonyl, 2-bromoethylsulfonyl,
 2-iodoethylsulfonyl, 2,2-difluoroethylsulfonyl,
 20 2,2,2-trifluoroethylsulfonyl, 2-chloro-2-fluoroethylsulfonyl,
 2-chloro-2,2-difluoroethylsulfonyl,
 2,2-dichloro-2-fluoroethylsulfonyl,
 2,2,2-trichloroethylsulfonyl, pentafluoroethylsulfonyl,
 2-fluoropropylsulfonyl, 3-fluoropropylsulfonyl,
 25 2-chloropropylsulfonyl, 3-chloropropylsulfonyl,
 2-bromopropylsulfonyl, 3-bromopropylsulfonyl,
 2,2-difluoropropylsulfonyl, 2,3-difluoropropylsulfonyl,
 2,3-dichloropropylsulfonyl, 3,3,3-trifluoropropylsulfonyl,
 3,3,3-trichloropropylsulfonyl,
 30 2,2,3,3,3-pentafluoropropylsulfonyl,
 heptafluoropropylsulfonyl,
 1-(fluoromethyl)-2-fluoroethylsulfonyl, 1-(chloromethyl)-2-
 chloroethylsulfonyl, 1-(bromomethyl)-2-bromoethylsulfonyl,
 4-fluorobutylsulfonyl, 4-chlorobutylsulfonyl,
 35 4-bromobutylsulfonyl, nonafluorobutylsulfonyl,
 5-fluoropentylsulfonyl, 5-chloropentylsulfonyl,
 5-bromopentylsulfonyl, 5-iodopentylsulfonyl,
 6-fluorohexylsulfonyl, 6-bromohexylsulfonyl,
 6-iodohexylsulfonyl and dodecafluorohexylsulfonyl;
 40
- C₁-C₈-haloalkylsulfonyl: C₁-C₆-haloalkylsulfonyl as mentioned
 above, and also, for example, 7-fluoroheptylsulfonyl,
 7-chloroheptylsulfonyl, 7-bromoheptylsulfonyl,
 7-iodoheptylsulfonyl, perfluoroheptylsulfonyl,
 45 8-fluorooctylsulfonyl, 8-chlorooctylsulfonyl,

20

8-bromooctylsulfonyl, 8-iodooctylsulfonyl and octadecafluorooctylsulfonyl;

- 5 - aryl: a mono- to trinuclear aromatic carbocycle having 6 to 14 ring members, such as, for example, phenyl, naphthyl, anthracenyl and phenanthrenyl;
- 10 - 5-membered heteroaryl having one to four nitrogen atoms, or having one to three nitrogen atoms and one oxygen or sulfur atom or having one oxygen or sulfur atom is carbon atom-attached aromatic 5-membered heterocycles which, in addition to carbon atoms, may contain one to four nitrogen atoms or one to three nitrogen atoms and one sulfur or oxygen atom or one oxygen or one sulfur atom as ring members,
15 for example aromatic 5-membered heterocycles which are attached via a carbon atom and contain one heteroatom, such as, for example, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, 2-thienyl, 3-thienyl, 2-pyrrolyl, 3-pyrrolyl;
20 for example aromatic 5-membered heterocycles which are attached via a carbon atom and contain two heteroatoms, such as, for example, 3-isoxazolyl, 4-isoxazolyl, 5-isoxazolyl, 3-isothiazolyl, 4-isothiazolyl, 5-isothiazolyl, 2-oxazolyl, 4-oxazolyl, 5-oxazolyl, 2-thiazolyl, 4-thiazolyl,
25 5-thiazolyl, 2-imidazolyl, 4-imidazolyl, 3-pyrazolyl, 4-pyrazolyl, 5-pyrazolyl;
30 for example aromatic 5-membered heterocycles which are attached via a carbon atom and contain three heteroatoms, for example 1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl, 1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl, 1,2,4-thiadiazol-3-yl, 1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl, 1,2,4-triazol-3-yl, 1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl, tetrazol-2-yl;
35 for example aromatic 5-membered heterocycles which are attached via a carbon atom and contain four heteroatoms, such as, for example, tetrazol-2-yl;
- 40 - 6-membered heteroaryl containing one to four nitrogen atoms: for example 6-membered heterocycles which are attached via a carbon atom and which may, in addition to carbon atoms, contain one to four, preferably one to three, nitrogen atoms as ring members, for example 2-pyridinyl, 3-pyridinyl, 4-pyridinyl, 3-pyridazinyl, 4-pyridazinyl, 2-pyrimidinyl,
45 4-pyrimidinyl, 5-pyrimidinyl, 2-pyrazinyl,

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1,3,5-triazin-2-yl, 1,2,4-triazin-3-yl, 1,2,4-triazin-5-yl, 1,2,4-triazin-6-yl and 1,2,4,5-tetrazinyl.

In a particular embodiment, the variables in the compounds of the formula I are as defined below, these definitions being, both on their own and in combination with one another, particular embodiments of the compounds of the formula I:

Preference is given to 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazoles of the formula I in which

10

X is a 6-membered heteroaryl having one to four nitrogen atoms which is partially or fully halogenated and/or carries one to three substituents selected from the following group:

15 cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₈-alkenyl, C₂-C₈-alkynyl, C₁-C₈-haloalkyl, C₂-C₆-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₆-haloalkynyl, C₁-C₈-alkoxy, C₁-C₈-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₈-alkoxy-C₁-C₈-alkyl, amino, C₁-C₈-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino, amino-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylamino-C₁-C₈-alkyl,

20 di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylthio, C₁-C₈-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₈-alkylthio-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₈-haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₈-alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₈-haloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₈-alkylsulfonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkoxycarbonyl,

25 C₁-C₈-alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, aminocarbonyl, C₁-C₈-alkylaminocarbonyl, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)aminocarbonyl, aminocarbonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylaminocarbonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)aminocarbonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, carboxyl,

30 carboxy-C₁-C₈-alkyl, phenyl, phenoxy, phenylthio, phenylamino, phenyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, phenyl-C₁-C₈-alkoxy, 3- to 6-membered heterocyclyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, where the eight last-mentioned radicals for their part may be partially or fully halogenated and/or may carry one to three substituents selected from the

35 group consisting of nitro, cyano, C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkoxy, C₁-C₈-haloalkyl, C₁-C₈-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₈-alkylthio, C₁-C₈-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₈-alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₈-haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₈-alkylsulfonyl, and

40 C₁-C₈-haloalkylsulfonyl;

particular preference is given to 6-membered heteroaryl containing one to four nitrogen atoms which is partially or fully halogenated and/or carries one to three substituents selected from the following group:

45

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- cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₂-C₆-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₆-haloalkynyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, amino, C₁-C₆-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino, amino-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylamino-C₁-C₆-alkyl, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, C₁-C₆-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkylthio-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, aminocarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkylaminocarbonyl, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)aminocarbonyl, aminocarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylaminocarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)aminocarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, carboxyl and carboxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl;

- especially preferred is 6-membered heteroaryl containing one to four nitrogen atoms which is partially or fully halogenated and/or carries one to three substituents selected from the following group:

- cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, amino, C₁-C₆-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, C₁-C₆-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkylaminocarbonyl, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)aminocarbonyl, carboxyl and carboxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl;

- very particular preference is given to 6-membered heteroaryl containing one to four nitrogen atoms which is partially halogenated and/or carries one or two substituents selected from the following group:

- cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, amino, C₁-C₆-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, C₁-C₆-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkylaminocarbonyl, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)aminocarbonyl, carboxyl and carboxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl;

- most preference is given to 6-membered heteroaryl containing one to four nitrogen atoms which is partially halogenated and/or carries one substituent selected from the following group:

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cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, amino, C₁-C₆-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, 5 C₁-C₆-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkylaminocarbonyl, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)aminocarbonyl, carboxyl and carboxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl.

10 Preference is also given to the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I in which

X is 6-membered heteroaryl containing one to three nitrogen atoms,

15 preferably 6-membered heteroaryl containing one or two nitrogen atoms, in particular pyridyl, pyrimidyl or pyrazinyl, very preferably pyridyl or pyrimidyl;

20 likewise very preferably pyridyl or pyrazinyl, very preferably pyridyl; and

the 6-membered heteroaryl is substituted as described above;

25 extraordinary preference is given to 6-membered heteroaryl having one or two nitrogen atoms, in particular pyridyl or pyrazinyl, very preferably pyridyl; and

the 6-membered heteroaryl is substituted as described above; 30 and

the 6-membered heteroaryl is attached to the isoxazoline skeleton in a position ortho or meta to a nitrogen.

Preference is also given to the 3-heteroaryl-substituted 35 isoxazolines of the formula I in which

X is 6-membered heteroaryl containing one or two nitrogen atoms which is partially or fully halogenated and/or carries one or two substituents selected from the following group:

40 cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, amino, C₁-C₆-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfinyl and C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl; preferably cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₆-alkyl,

45 C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, amino, C₁-C₆-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfinyl and C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl; and

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which is attached to the isoxazoline skeleton in a position ortho or meta to a nitrogen of the 6-membered heteroaryl;

preferably 6-membered heteroaryl containing one or two
5 nitrogen atoms which is partially halogenated and/or carries,
in a position ortho to a nitrogen atom, one or two
substituents selected from the following group:
cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl,
C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy,
10 amino, C₁-C₆-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino, C₁-C₆-alkylthio
and C₁-C₆-alkylsulfinyl;
preferably cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₆-alkyl,
C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, amino,
C₁-C₆-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino, C₁-C₆-alkylthio and
15 C₁-C₆-alkylsulfinyl; and
is attached to the isoxazoline skeleton in a position ortho
or meta to a nitrogen of the 6-membered heteroaryl;

especially preferably 6-membered heteroaryl containing one or
20 two nitrogen atoms which is partially halogenated and/or
carries, in a position ortho to a nitrogen atom, one
substituent selected from the following group:
cyano, nitro, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl,
C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy or C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy and
25 C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy;
preferably C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy and
C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy; and
is attached to the isoxazoline skeleton in a position ortho
or meta to a nitrogen of the 6-membered heteroaryl.

30 Preference is also given to the 3-heteroaryl-substituted
isoxazolines of the formula I, in which

X is 6-membered heteroaryl containing one or two nitrogen atoms
35 which is partially or fully halogenated and/or carries one or
two substituents selected from the following group:
cyano, nitro, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl and
C₂-C₆-alkynyl; and
which is attached to the isoxazoline skeleton in a position
40 ortho or meta to a nitrogen of the 6-membered heteroaryl;

preferably 6-membered heteroaryl containing one or two
nitrogen atoms which is partially halogenated and/or carries,
in the position ortho to a nitrogen atom, one or two
45 substituents selected from the following group:
cyano, nitro, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl and
C₂-C₄-alkynyl; and

25

is attached to the isoxazoline skeleton in a position ortho or meta to a nitrogen of the 6-membered heteroaryl;

- 5 especially preferably 6-membered heteroaryl containing one or two nitrogen atoms which carries, in a position ortho to a nitrogen atom, one substituent selected from the following group: CN, NO₂, halogen, such as, for example, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, C₁-C₄-alkyl, such as, for example, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, such as, for example, trifluoromethyl, C₂-C₄-alkenyl, such as, for example, ethenyl, and C₂-C₄-alkynyl, such as, for example, ethynyl; and
- 10 is attached to the isoxazoline skeleton in a position ortho or meta to a nitrogen of the 6-membered heteroaryl;
- 15 with extraordinary preference 6-membered heteroaryl containing one or two nitrogen atoms which carries, in a position ortho to a nitrogen atom, one substituent selected from the following group: F, Cl, Br, CN, CH₃, C₂H₅, iC₃H₇, CF₃, ethenyl and ethynyl; and is attached to the isoxazoline
- 20 skeleton in a position ortho or meta to a nitrogen of the 6-membered heteroaryl.

Preference is also given to the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I in which

25

- X is a 5-membered heteroaryl having one to four nitrogen atoms or one to three nitrogen atoms and one sulfur or oxygen atom or one oxygen or sulfur atom, selected from the following group: pyrrolyl, furanyl, imidazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1H-1,2,4-triazolyl, 4H-1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl and 1H-tetrazolyl;
- 30 is partially or fully halogenated and/or carries one to three substituents selected from the following group:
- 35 cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₈-alkenyl, C₂-C₈-alkynyl, C₁-C₈-haloalkyl, C₂-C₆-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₆-haloalkynyl, C₁-C₈-alkoxy, C₁-C₈-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₈-alkoxy-C₁-C₈-alkyl, amino, C₁-C₈-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino,
- 40 amino-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylamino-C₁-C₈-alkyl, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylthio, C₁-C₈-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₈-alkylthio-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₈-haloalkylsulfinyl,
- 45 C₁-C₈-alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₈-haloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₈-alkylsulfonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkoxycarbonyl, C₁-C₈-alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, aminocarbonyl,

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C₁-C₈-alkylaminocarbonyl, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)aminocarbonyl,
 aminocarbonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl,
 C₁-C₈-alkylaminocarbonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl,
 di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)aminocarbonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, carboxyl,
 5 carboxy-C₁-C₈-alkyl,
 phenyl, phenoxy, phenylthio, phenylamino, phenyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl,
 phenyl-C₁-C₈-alkoxy, 3- to 6-membered heterocyclyl or 5- or
 6-membered heteroaryl, where the eight last-mentioned
 10 radicals for their part may be partially or fully halogenated
 and/or may carry one to three substituents selected from the
 group consisting of nitro, cyano, C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkoxy,
 C₁-C₈-haloalkyl, C₁-C₈-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₈-alkylthio,
 C₁-C₈-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₈-alkylsulfinyl,
 C₁-C₈-haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₈-alkylsulfonyl and
 15 C₁-C₈-haloalkylsulfonyl;

particular preference is given to 5-membered heteroaryl
 containing one to four nitrogen atoms or one to three
 nitrogen atoms and one oxygen or sulfur atom or one oxygen or
 20 sulfur atom from the following group: pyrrolyl, furanyl,
 imidazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl,
 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1H-1,2,4-triazolyl, 4H-1,2,4-triazolyl,
 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl,
 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl
 25 and 1H-tetrazolyl;

where the 5-membered heteroaryl is partially or fully
 halogenated and/or carries one to three substituents selected
 from the following group:

cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl,
 30 C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl,
 C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₂-C₆-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₆-haloalkynyl,
 C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl,
 amino, C₁-C₆-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino,
 amino-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylamino-C₁-C₆-alkyl,
 35 di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkylthio,
 C₁-C₆-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkylthio-C₁-C₆-alkyl,
 C₁-C₆-alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl,
 C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl,
 C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, aminocarbonyl,
 40 C₁-C₆-alkylaminocarbonyl, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)aminocarbonyl,
 aminocarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl,
 C₁-C₆-alkylaminocarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl,
 di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)aminocarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkyl, carboxyl and
 carboxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl;

45

27

especially preferred is 5-membered heteroaryl containing one to four nitrogen atoms or one to three nitrogen atoms and one oxygen or sulfur atom or one oxygen or sulfur atom from the following group: pyrrolyl, furanyl, imidazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1H-1,2,4-triazolyl, 4H-1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl and 1H-tetrazolyl, where the 5-membered heteroaryl is partially or fully halogenated and/or carries one to three substituents selected from the following group:

cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, amino, C₁-C₆-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, C₁-C₆-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkylaminocarbonyl, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)aminocarbonyl, carboxyl and carboxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl;

very particular preference is given to 5-membered heteroaryl containing one to four nitrogen atoms or one to three atoms and one oxygen or sulfur atom or one oxygen or sulfur atom from the following group: pyrrolyl, furanyl, imidazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1H-1,2,4-triazolyl, 4H-1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl and 1H-tetrazolyl;

where the 5-membered heteroaryl is partially halogenated and/or carries one or two substituents selected from the following group:

cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, amino, C₁-C₆-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, C₁-C₆-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkylaminocarbonyl, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)aminocarbonyl, carboxyl and carboxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl;

most preference is given to 5-membered heteroaryl containing one to four nitrogen atoms or one to three nitrogen atoms and one oxygen or sulfur atom or one oxygen or sulfur atom from the following group:

pyrrolyl, furanyl, imidazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1H-1,2,4-triazolyl,

28

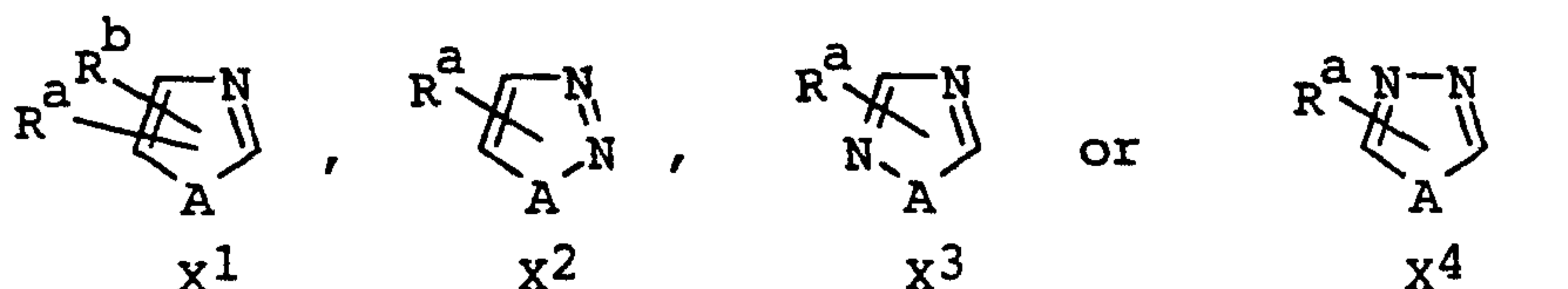
4H-1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,3-thiadiazolyl, 1,2,4-thiadiazolyl, 1,3,4-thiadiazolyl and 1H-tetrazolyl,

where the 5-membered heteroaryl is partially halogenated and/or carries one substituent selected from the following group:

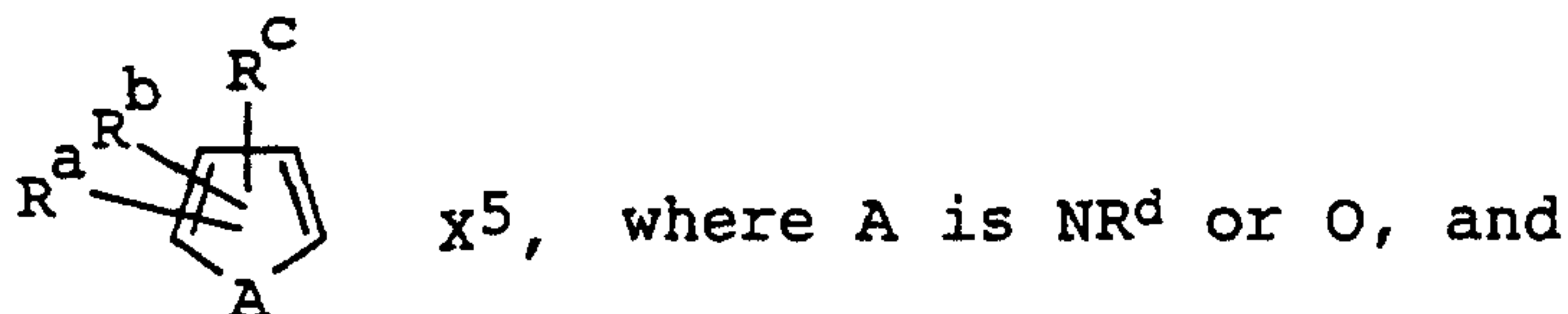
cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, amino, C₁-C₆-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, C₁-C₆-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkylaminocarbonyl, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)aminocarbonyl, carboxyl and carboxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl.

Preference is also given to 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I in which

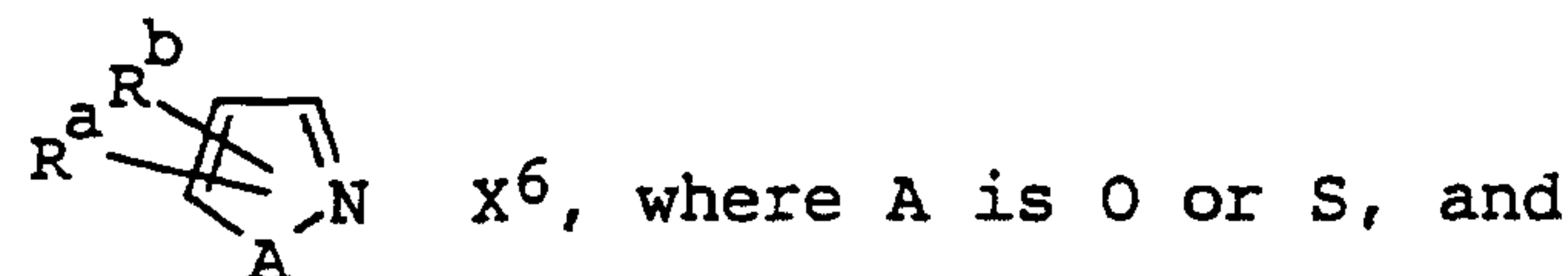
X is 5-membered heteroaryl containing one to three nitrogen atoms or one or two nitrogen atoms and one oxygen or sulfur atom or one oxygen or sulfur atom, selected from the group consisting of X¹ to X⁶



where A in X¹ to X⁴ is NR^d, O or S,



x⁵, where A is NR^d or O, and



x⁶, where A is O or S, and

R^a is halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl, amino, C₁-C₆-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, C₁-C₆-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfinyl,

29

C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkylaminocarbonyl, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)aminocarbonyl, carboxyl or carboxy-C₁-C₆-alkyl;

- 5 R^b, R^c are hydrogen or one of the substituents mentioned under R^a; and
R^d is hydrogen or C₁-C₆-alkyl.

Particular preference is given to the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I in which

10

- X is X¹, where
R^a is halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, amino, C₁-C₆-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino, C₁-C₆-alkylthio,
15 C₁-C₆-alkylsulfinyl or C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl,
R^b is hydrogen or one of the substituents mentioned above under R^a; and
R^d is hydrogen or C₁-C₆-alkyl;
preferably hydrogen or C₁-C₄-alkyl;

20

with particular preference

- X is X¹, where
R^a is halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy or C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy;
25 R^b is hydrogen, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy or C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy; and
R^d is hydrogen or C₁-C₄-alkyl.

Particular preference is also given to the

- 30 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I in which

- X is X⁵, where
R^a is halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, amino,
35 C₁-C₆-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfinyl or C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl;
R^b, R^c are hydrogen or one of the substituents mentioned above under R^a; and
R^d is hydrogen or C₁-C₆-alkyl,
40 preferably hydrogen or C₁-C₄-alkyl;

preferably

- X is X⁵, where
R^a is halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, amino,
45 C₁-C₆-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfinyl or C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl;

30

R^b, R^c are hydrogen or one of the substituents mentioned above under R^a ; and
 R^d is hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl;

- 5 where the 5-membered heterocycle is attached to the isoxazoline skeleton in the position ortho to the heteroatom;

with particular preference

- X is X^5 , where
10 R^a is halogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy;
 R^b, R^c are hydrogen, or one of the substituents mentioned above under R^a ; and
 R^d is hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl;

15

where the 5-membered heterocycle is attached to the isoxazoline skeleton in the position ortho to the heteroatom.

- 20 Particular preference is also given to the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I in which

- X is X^6 , where
 R^a is halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl,
25 C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy, amino, C_1 - C_6 -alkylamino, di(C_1 - C_6 -alkyl)amino, C_1 - C_6 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfinyl or C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfonyl;

- R^b is hydrogen, or one of the substituents mentioned above
30 under R^a ;

preferably

- X is X^6 , where
 R^a is halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl,
35 C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy, amino, C_1 - C_6 -alkylamino, di(C_1 - C_6 -alkyl)amino, C_1 - C_6 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfinyl or C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfonyl;
 R^b is hydrogen, or one of the substituents mentioned above under R^a ;

40

where the 5-membered heterocycle is attached to the isoxazoline skeleton in the position ortho to a heteroatom;

with particular preference

- 45 X is X^6 , where
 R^a is halogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy;

31

R^b is hydrogen, or one of the substituents mentioned above under R^a;

where the 5-membered heterocycle is attached to the isoxazoline skeleton in the position ortho to a heteroatom.

Preference is also given to the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I in which

10 R¹ - R⁷ are hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, such as, for example, methyl or ethyl, or C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, such as, for example, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl or trichloromethyl; particularly preferably hydrogen, methyl or trifluoromethyl;
15 very preferably hydrogen;

with particular preference, R¹, R², R⁴-R⁷ are hydrogen, methyl or trifluoromethyl and R³ is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl or trifluoromethyl;
20 with very particular preference, R¹, R², R⁴-R⁷ are hydrogen and R³ is methyl.

Preference is also given to the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I in which

25 Y is aryl which may be partially or fully halogenated and/or may carry one to three substituents from the group consisting of cyano, nitro, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl, phenyl, phenoxy and phenylcarbonyl;
30 or benzo[1,4]dioxanyl, benzo[1,3]dioxolanyl, 2,3-dihydrobenzofuranyl or benzimidazolyl; or 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl containing one to four nitrogen, oxygen and/or sulfur atoms which may be partially or fully halogenated and/or may carry one to three substituents from the group consisting of C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl;
40 particularly preferably aryl which may be partially halogenated and/or may carry one or two substituents from the group consisting of cyano, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl and C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl; or benzo[1,4]dioxanyl, benzo[1,3]dioxolanyl, 2,3-dihydrobenzofuranyl or benzimidazolyl; or
45 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl containing one to four

32

nitrogen, oxygen and/or sulfur atoms which may be partially halogenated and/or may carry one or two substituents from the group consisting of C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl;

5

especially preferably aryl which may be partially halogenated and/or may carry one or two substituents from the group consisting of cyano, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl and C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl; or
benzo[1,4]dioxanyl, benzo[1,3]dioxolanyl, 2,3-dihydrobenzofuranyl or benzimidazolyl; or
5- or 6-membered heteroaryl from the group consisting of pyrazolyl, thiazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiadiazolyl and pyridyl which may be partially halogenated and/or may carry one or two substituents from the group consisting of C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl.

10

15

Preference is also given to the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I in which

20

Y is aryl which may be partially or fully halogenated and/or may carry one to three substituents from the group consisting of cyano, nitro, C₁-C₆-alkyl or C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl, phenyl, phenoxy and phenylcarbonyl; preferably cyano, nitro, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl or C₁-C₆-alkoxy;

25

30

particularly preferably aryl which may be partially halogenated and/or may carry one or two substituents from the group consisting of cyano, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl and C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl; preferably cyano, C₁-C₆-alkyl or C₁-C₆-haloalkyl;

35

with particular preference aryl which may be partially halogenated and/or may carry one or two substituents from the group consisting of cyano, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl and C₁-C₄-alkylsulfonyl; preferably cyano.

40

Preference is also given to 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I in which

45

Y is aryl which may be partially or fully halogenated and/or may carry one or two substituents

33

from the group consisting of cyano, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy and C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl; preferably cyano, C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkyl;

5 particularly preferably aryl which is halogenated in one or both of the positions ortho to the point of attachment and/or may carry a substituent from the group consisting of cyano, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy and C₁-C₄-alkoxysulfonyl;

10 preferably cyano, C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkyl;

with particular special preference aryl which is halogenated in one or both positions ortho to the point of attachment.

15

Preference is also given to the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I in which

Y is phenyl which may be partially or fully halogenated
20 and/or may carry one to three substituents from the group consisting of cyano, nitro, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, C₁-C₆-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl,
25 C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl, phenyl, phenoxy and phenylcarbonyl; preferably cyano, nitro, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkylthio and C₁-C₆-haloalkylthio;

30

particularly preferably phenyl which may be partially or fully halogenated and/or may carry one to three substituents from the group consisting of cyano, nitro, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl,

35 C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl; preferably cyano, nitro, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl and C₁-C₆-alkoxy;

40 with particular special preference phenyl which may be partially halogenated and/or may carry one or two substituents from the group consisting of cyano, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl and C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl; preferably cyano, C₁-C₆-alkyl and C₁-C₆-haloalkyl.

45 Preference is also given to the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I in which

34

Y is phenyl which may be partially or fully halogenated and/or may carry one or two substituents from the group consisting of cyano, C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkyl; particularly preferably phenyl which is halogenated in the 2- and/or 6-position to the point of attachment and/or may carry one substituent from the group consisting of cyano, C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkyl; with particular special preference phenyl which is halogenated in the 2- and/or 6-position to the point of attachment.

Preference is also given to the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I in which

15 Y is naphthyl which may be partially or fully halogenated and/or may carry one to three substituents from the group consisting of cyano, nitro, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkylthio and C₁-C₆-haloalkylthio; particularly preferably naphthyl which may be partially or fully halogenated and/or may carry one to three substituents from the group consisting of cyano, nitro, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl and C₁-C₆-alkoxy; with particular special preference naphthyl which may be partially halogenated and/or may carry one or two substituents from the group consisting of cyano, C₁-C₆-alkyl and C₁-C₆-haloalkyl.

30 Preference is also given to the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I in which

Y is naphthyl which may be partially or fully halogenated and/or may carry one or two substituents from the group consisting of cyano, C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkyl; particularly preferably naphthyl which is halogenated in one or both of the positions ortho to the point of attachment and/or may carry one substituent from the group consisting of cyano, C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkyl; with particular special preference naphthyl which is halogenated in one or both of the positions ortho to the point of attachment.

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Preference is also given to the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I in which

- Y is 5-membered heteroaryl having one to four nitrogen atoms or having one to 3 nitrogen atoms and one oxygen or sulfur atom or one oxygen or sulfur atom; or 6-membered heteroaryl having one to 4 nitrogen atoms; where the heterocycles may be partially or fully halogenated and/or may carry one to three substituents from the group consisting of cyano, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl and C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl; particularly preferably 5-membered heteroaryl having one to four nitrogen atoms or having one to 3 nitrogen atoms and one oxygen or sulfur atom or one oxygen or sulfur atom; or 6-membered heteroaryl having one to 4 nitrogen atoms; where the heterocycles may be partially or fully halogenated and/or may carry one to three substituents from the group consisting of cyano, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl; with particular special preference 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl from the group consisting of pyrazolyl, thiazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiadiazolyl and pyridyl, where the 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl may be partially halogenated and/or may carry one or two substituents from the group consisting of cyano, C₁-C₄-alkyl, C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, C₁-C₄-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₄-alkoxycarbonyl.

Preference is also given to the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I in which

- X is 6-membered heteroaryl having one to three nitrogen atoms, preferably 6-membered heteroaryl having one or two nitrogen atoms, in particular pyridyl, pyrimidyl and pyrazinyl, very preferably pyridyl and pyrimidyl; where the 6-membered heteroaryl is substituted as described above;

36

- R¹-R⁷ are hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, such as, for example, methyl or ethyl, or C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, such as, for example, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl or trichloromethyl; particularly preferably hydrogen, methyl or trifluoromethyl; very preferably hydrogen;
- with particular preference, R¹, R², R⁴-R⁷ are hydrogen, methyl or trifluoromethyl and R³ is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl or trifluoromethyl; with very particular preference, R¹, R², R⁴-R⁷ are hydrogen and R³ is methyl; and
- Y is aryl which may be partially or fully halogenated and/or may carry one or two substituents from the group consisting of cyano, C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkyl; particularly preferably aryl which is halogenated in one or both of the positions ortho to the point of attachment and/or may carry one substituent from the group consisting of cyano, C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkyl; with particular special preference aryl which is halogenated in one or both of the positions ortho to the point of attachment.
- Preference is also given to the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I in which
- X is X¹, where
- R^a is halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, amino, C₁-C₆-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfinyl or C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl;
- R^b is hydrogen, or one of the substituents mentioned under R^a; and
- R^d is hydrogen or C₁-C₆-alkyl, preferably hydrogen or C₁-C₄-alkyl;
- with particular preference
- X is X¹, where
- R^a is halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy or C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy;
- R^b is hydrogen, halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy or C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy; and
- R^d is hydrogen or C₁-C₄-alkyl;
- R¹-R⁷ are hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, such as, for example, methyl or ethyl, or C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, such as, for example, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl or trichloromethyl;

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particularly preferably hydrogen, methyl or trifluoromethyl;
very preferably hydrogen;

5 with particular preference, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 - R^7 are hydrogen, methyl or trifluoromethyl and R^3 is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl or trifluoromethyl; with very particular preference, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 - R^7 are hydrogen and R^3 is methyl; and

10

Y is aryl which may be partially or fully halogenated and/or may carry one or two substituents from the group consisting of cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl; particularly preferably aryl which is halogenated in one or both of the positions ortho to the point of attachment and/or may carry one substituent from the group consisting of cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl; with particular special preference aryl which is halogenated in one or both of the positions ortho to the point of attachment.

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Particular preference is also given to the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I in which

25 X is X^5 , where

R^a is halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy, amino, C_1 - C_6 -alkylamino, di(C_1 - C_6 -alkyl)amino, C_1 - C_6 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfinyl or C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfonyl;

30 R^b , R^c are hydrogen, or one of the substituents mentioned above under R^a ; and

R^d is hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, preferably hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl;

35 preferably

X is X^5 , where

R^a is halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy, amino, C_1 - C_6 -alkylamino, di(C_1 - C_6 -alkyl)amino, C_1 - C_6 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfinyl or C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfonyl;

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R^b , R^c are hydrogen, or one of the substituents mentioned above under R^a ; and

R^d is hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl;

45 where the 5-membered heterocycle is attached to the isoxazoline skeleton in the position ortho to the heteroatom;

38

with particular preference

- X is X^5 , where
R^a is halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy or C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy;
5 R^b, R^c are hydrogen, or one of the substituents mentioned above under R^a; and
R^d is hydrogen or C₁-C₄-alkyl;

where the 5-membered heterocycle is attached to the isoxazoline
10 skeleton in the position ortho to the heteroatom,

- R¹-R⁷ are hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, such as, for example, methyl or ethyl, or C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, such as, for example, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl or trichloromethyl;
15 particularly preferably hydrogen, methyl or trifluoromethyl;
very preferably hydrogen;
with particular preference, R¹, R², R⁴-R⁷ are hydrogen, methyl or trifluoromethyl and R³ is hydrogen, methyl,
20 ethyl or trifluoromethyl; with very particular preference, R¹, R², R⁴-R⁷ are hydrogen and R³ is methyl; and
Y is aryl which may be partially or fully halogenated
25 and/or may carry one or two substituents from the group consisting of cyano, C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkyl; particularly preferably aryl which is halogenated in one or both of the positions ortho to the point of attachment and/or may carry one substituent from the group
30 consisting of cyano, C₁-C₄-alkyl and C₁-C₄-haloalkyl; with particular special preference aryl which is halogenated in one or both of the positions ortho to the point of attachment.

35 Particular preference is also given to the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I in which

- X is X^6 , where
R^a is halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₆-alkyl,
40 C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, amino, C₁-C₆-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfinyl or C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl,
R^b is hydrogen, or one of the substituents mentioned above under R^a;
45 preferably
X is X^6 , where

39

- R^a is halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy, amino, C_1 - C_6 -alkylamino, di(C_1 - C_6 -alkyl)amino, C_1 - C_6 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfinyl or C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfonyl;
- 5 R^b is hydrogen, or one of the substituents mentioned above under R^a ;

where the 5-membered heterocycle is attached to the isoxazoline skeleton in the position ortho to a heteroatom;

10

with particular preference

- X is X^6 , where
- R^a is halogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy,
- 15 R^b is hydrogen, or one of the substituents mentioned above under R^a ;

where the 5-membered heterocycle is attached to the isoxazoline skeleton in a position ortho to a heteroatom;

20

R^1 - R^7 are hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, such as, for example, methyl or ethyl, or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, such as, for example, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl or trichloromethyl; particularly preferably hydrogen, methyl or

25

trifluoromethyl;

very preferably hydrogen;

with particular preference, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 - R^7 are hydrogen, methyl or trifluoromethyl and R^3 is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl or trifluoromethyl; with very particular

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preference, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 - R^7 are hydrogen and R^3 is methyl, and

Y is aryl which may be partially or fully halogenated and/or may carry one or two substituents from the group consisting of cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl;

35 particularly preferably aryl which is halogenated in one or both of the positions ortho to the point of attachment and/or may carry one substituent from the group consisting of cyano, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl and C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl;

40 with particular special preference aryl which is halogenated in one or both of the positions ortho to the point of attachment.

Most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.a (corresponds

45 to the formula I where R^1 , R^2 , R^4 - R^7 = hydrogen, R^3 = methyl), in particular the compounds of the formulae I.a.1 to I.a.234 of Table 1, where the definitions of the variables R^1 to R^7 , X and Y

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are of particular importance for the compounds according to the invention not only in combination with one another but in each case also on their own.

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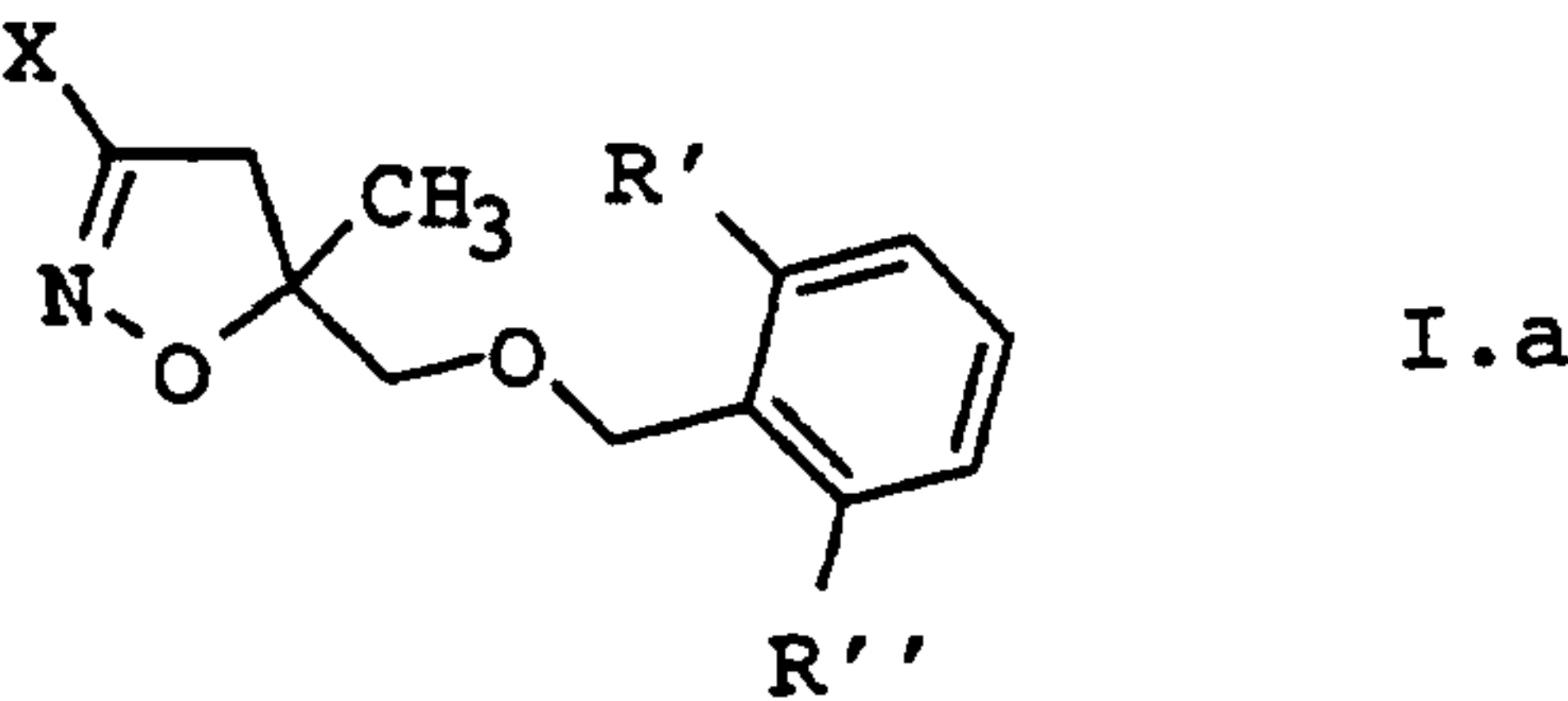


Table 1

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No.	X	R'	R''
I.a.1	4-fluoropyrid-3-yl	H	H
I.a.2	4-fluoropyrid-3-yl	F	H
I.a.3	4-fluoropyrid-3-yl	F	F
I.a.4	3-chloropyrid-2-yl	H	H
I.a.5	3-chloropyrid-2-yl	F	H
I.a.6	3-chloropyrid-2-yl	F	F
I.a.7	4-chloropyrid-3-yl	H	H
I.a.8	4-chloropyrid-3-yl	F	H
I.a.9	4-chloropyrid-3-yl	F	F
I.a.10	4-bromopyrid-3-yl	H	H
I.a.11	4-bromopyrid-3-yl	F	H
I.a.12	4-bromopyrid-3-yl	F	F
I.a.13	2-methylpyrid-3-yl	H	H
I.a.14	2-methylpyrid-3-yl	F	H
I.a.15	2-methylpyrid-3-yl	F	F
I.a.16	4-methylpyrid-3-yl	H	H
I.a.17	4-methylpyrid-3-yl	F	H
I.a.18	4-methylpyrid-3-yl	F	F
I.a.19	2-trifluoromethylpyrid-3-yl	H	H
I.a.20	2-trifluoromethylpyrid-3-yl	F	H
I.a.21	2-trifluoromethylpyrid-3-yl	F	F
I.a.22	2-methoxypyrid-3-yl	H	H
I.a.23	2-methoxypyrid-3-yl	F	H
I.a.24	2-methoxypyrid-3-yl	F	F
I.a.25	2,6-difluoropyrid-3-yl	H	H
I.a.26	2,6-difluoropyrid-3-yl	F	H
I.a.27	2,6-difluoropyrid-3-yl	F	F
I.a.28	2,3-dichloropyrid-4-yl	H	H
I.a.29	2,3-dichloropyrid-4-yl	F	H
I.a.30	2,3-dichloropyrid-4-yl	F	F
I.a.31	2,4-dichloropyrid-3-yl	H	H
I.a.32	2,4-dichloropyrid-3-yl	F	H
I.a.33	2,4-dichloropyrid-3-yl	F	F
I.a.34	2,6-dichloropyrid-3-yl	H	H

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	No.	X	R'	R''
5	I.a.35	2,6-dichloropyrid-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.36	2,6-dichloropyrid-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.37	2,6-dibromopyrid-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.38	2,6-dibromopyrid-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.39	2,6-dibromopyrid-3-yl	F	F
10	I.a.40	2,4-dimethylpyrid-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.41	2,4-dimethylpyrid-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.42	2,4-dimethylpyrid-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.43	2,6-dimethylpyrid-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.44	2,6-dimethylpyrid-3-yl	F	H
15	I.a.45	2,6-dimethylpyrid-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.46	2-Fluoro-6-methylpyrid-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.47	2-Fluoro-6-methylpyrid-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.48	2-Fluoro-6-methylpyrid-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.49	2-chloro-6-methylpyrid-3-yl	H	H
20	I.a.50	2-chloro-6-methylpyrid-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.51	2-chloro-6-methylpyrid-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.52	3-chloro-6-methylpyrid-2-yl	H	H
	I.a.53	3-chloro-6-methylpyrid-2-yl	F	H
	I.a.54	3-chloro-6-methylpyrid-2-yl	F	F
25	I.a.55	3-chloro-5-methylpyrid-4-yl	H	H
	I.a.56	3-chloro-5-methylpyrid-4-yl	F	H
	I.a.57	3-chloro-5-methylpyrid-4-yl	F	F
	I.a.58	2-bromo-6-methylpyrid-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.59	2-bromo-6-methylpyrid-3-yl	F	H
30	I.a.60	2-bromo-6-methylpyrid-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.61	2-methyl-3-chloropyrid-4-yl	H	H
	I.a.62	2-methyl-3-chloropyrid-4-yl	F	H
	I.a.63	2-methyl-3-chloropyrid-4-yl	F	F
	I.a.64	2-methyl-6-chloropyrid-3-yl	H	H
35	I.a.65	2-methyl-6-chloropyrid-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.66	2-methyl-6-chloropyrid-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.67	2,4,6-trichloropyrid-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.68	2,4,6-trichloropyrid-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.69	2,4,6-trichloropyrid-3-yl	F	F
40	I.a.70	2,4,6-trimethylpyrid-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.71	2,4,6-trimethylpyrid-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.72	2,4,6-trimethylpyrid-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.73	2-fluoro-4,6-dimethylpyrid-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.74	2-fluoro-4,6-dimethylpyrid-3-yl	F	H
45	I.a.75	2-fluoro-4,6-dimethylpyrid-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.76	2-chloro-4,6-dimethylpyrid-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.77	2-chloro-4,6-dimethylpyrid-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.78	2-chloro-4,6-dimethylpyrid-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.79	5-chloro-2,3-dimethylpyrid-4-yl	H	H
	I.a.80	5-chloro-2,3-dimethylpyrid-4-yl	F	H
	I.a.81	5-chloro-2,3-dimethylpyrid-4-yl	F	F
	I.a.82	3,5-dichloro-2-methylpyrid-4-yl	H	H
	I.a.83	3,5-dichloro-2-methylpyrid-4-yl	F	H
	I.a.84	3,5-dichloro-2-methylpyrid-4-yl	F	F
	I.a.85	2-bromo-4,6-dimethylpyrid-3-yl	H	H

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	No.	X	R'	R''
5	I.a.86	2-bromo-4,6-dimethylpyrid-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.87	2-bromo-4,6-dimethylpyrid-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.88	4-chloropyrimidin-5-yl	H	H
	I.a.89	4-chloropyrimidin-5-yl	F	H
	I.a.90	4-chloropyrimidin-5-yl	F	F
10	I.a.91	4,6-dichloropyrimidin-5-yl	H	H
	I.a.92	4,6-dichloropyrimidin-5-yl	F	H
	I.a.93	4,6-dichloropyrimidin-5-yl	F	F
	I.a.94	4-methylpyrimidin-5-yl	H	H
	I.a.95	4-methylpyrimidin-5-yl	F	H
15	I.a.96	4-methylpyrimidin-5-yl	F	F
	I.a.97	4,6-dimethylpyrimidin-5-yl	H	H
	I.a.98	4,6-dimethylpyrimidin-5-yl	F	H
	I.a.99	4,6-dimethylpyrimidin-5-yl	F	F
	I.a.100	2-chloropyrazin-3-yl	H	H
20	I.a.101	2-chloropyrazin-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.102	2-chloropyrazin-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.103	2-methylpyrazin-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.104	2-methylpyrazin-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.105	2-methylpyrazin-3-yl	F	F
25	I.a.106	3-chloropyridazin-4-yl	H	H
	I.a.107	3-chloropyridazin-4-yl	F	H
	I.a.108	3-chloropyridazin-4-yl	F	F
	I.a.109	3-methylpyridazin-4-yl	H	H
	I.a.110	3-methylpyridazin-4-yl	F	H
30	I.a.111	3-methylpyridazin-4-yl	F	F
	I.a.112	2-chlorofuryl-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.113	2-chlorofuryl-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.114	2-chlorofuryl-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.115	2-methylfuryl-3-yl	H	H
35	I.a.116	2-methylfuryl-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.117	2-methylfuryl-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.118	2,5-dichlorofuryl-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.119	2,5-dichlorofuryl-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.120	2,5-dichlorofuryl-3-yl	F	F
40	I.a.121	2-chloro-4-methylfuryl-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.122	2-chloro-4-methylfuryl-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.123	2-chloro-4-methylfuryl-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.124	2-chloro-4,5-dimethylfuryl-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.125	2-chloro-4,5-dimethylfuryl-3-yl	F	H
45	I.a.126	2-chloro-4,5-dimethylfuryl-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.127	1,5-dimethylimidazol-4-yl	H	H
	I.a.128	1,5-dimethylimidazol-4-yl	F	H
	I.a.129	1,5-dimethylimidazol-4-yl	F	F
	I.a.130	1-methyl-5-chloroimidazol-4-yl	H	H
	I.a.131	1-methyl-5-chloroimidazol-4-yl	F	H
	I.a.132	1-methyl-5-chloroimidazol-4-yl	F	F
	I.a.133	1,2,5-trimethylimidazol-4-yl	H	H
	I.a.134	1,2,5-trimethylimidazol-4-yl	F	H
	I.a.135	1,2,5-trimethylimidazol-4-yl	F	F
	I.a.136	1-methyl-2,5-dichloroimidazol-4-yl	H	H

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	No.	X	R'	R''
5	I.a.137	1-methyl-2,5-dichloroimidazol-4-yl	F	H
	I.a.138	1-methyl-2,5-dichloroimidazol-4-yl	F	F
	I.a.139	5-chlorooxazol-4-yl	H	H
	I.a.140	5-chlorooxazol-4-yl	F	H
	I.a.141	5-chlorooxazol-4-yl	F	F
10	I.a.142	5-methyloxazol-4-yl	H	H
	I.a.143	5-methyloxazol-4-yl	F	H
	I.a.144	5-methyloxazol-4-yl	F	F
	I.a.145	5-chloroisoxazol-4-yl	H	H
	I.a.146	5-chloroisoxazol-4-yl	F	H
15	I.a.147	5-chloroisoxazol-4-yl	F	F
	I.a.148	5-methylisoxazol-4-yl	H	H
	I.a.149	5-methylisoxazol-4-yl	F	H
	I.a.150	5-methylisoxazol-4-yl	F	F
	I.a.151	5-chlorothiazol-4-yl	H	H
20	I.a.152	5-chlorothiazol-4-yl	F	H
	I.a.153	5-chlorothiazol-4-yl	F	F
	I.a.154	5-methylthiazol-4-yl	H	H
	I.a.155	5-methylthiazol-4-yl	F	H
	I.a.156	5-methylthiazol-4-yl	F	F
25	I.a.157	5-chloroisoithiazol-4-yl	H	H
	I.a.158	5-chloroisoithiazol-4-yl	F	H
	I.a.159	5-chloroisoithiazol-4-yl	F	F
	I.a.160	5-methylisoithiazol-4-yl	H	H
	I.a.161	5-methylisoithiazol-4-yl	F	H
30	I.a.162	5-methylisoithiazol-4-yl	F	F
	I.a.163	1,5-dimethyl-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl	H	H
	I.a.164	1,5-dimethyl-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl	F	H
	I.a.165	1,5-dimethyl-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl	F	F
	I.a.166	1-methyl-4-chloro-1,2,3-triazol-5-yl	H	H
35	I.a.167	1-methyl-4-chloro-1,2,3-triazol-5-yl	F	H
	I.a.168	1-methyl-4-chloro-1,2,3-triazol-5-yl	F	F
	I.a.169	1-methyl-5-chloro-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl	H	H
	I.a.170	1-methyl-5-chloro-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl	F	H
	I.a.171	1-methyl-5-chloro-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl	F	F
40	I.a.172	3-chloro-1,2,5-oxadiazol-4-yl	H	H
	I.a.173	3-chloro-1,2,5-oxadiazol-4-yl	F	H
	I.a.174	3-chloro-1,2,5-oxadiazol-4-yl	F	F
	I.a.175	3-methyl-1,2,5-oxadiazol-4-yl	H	H
	I.a.176	3-methyl-1,2,5-oxadiazol-4-yl	F	H
45	I.a.177	3-methyl-1,2,5-oxadiazol-4-yl	F	F
	I.a.178	3-chloro-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl	H	H
	I.a.179	3-chloro-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl	F	H
	I.a.180	3-chloro-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl	F	F
	I.a.181	5-chloro-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.182	5-chloro-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.183	5-chloro-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.184	3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl	H	H
	I.a.185	3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl	F	H
	I.a.186	3-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl	F	F
	I.a.187	5-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl	H	H

44

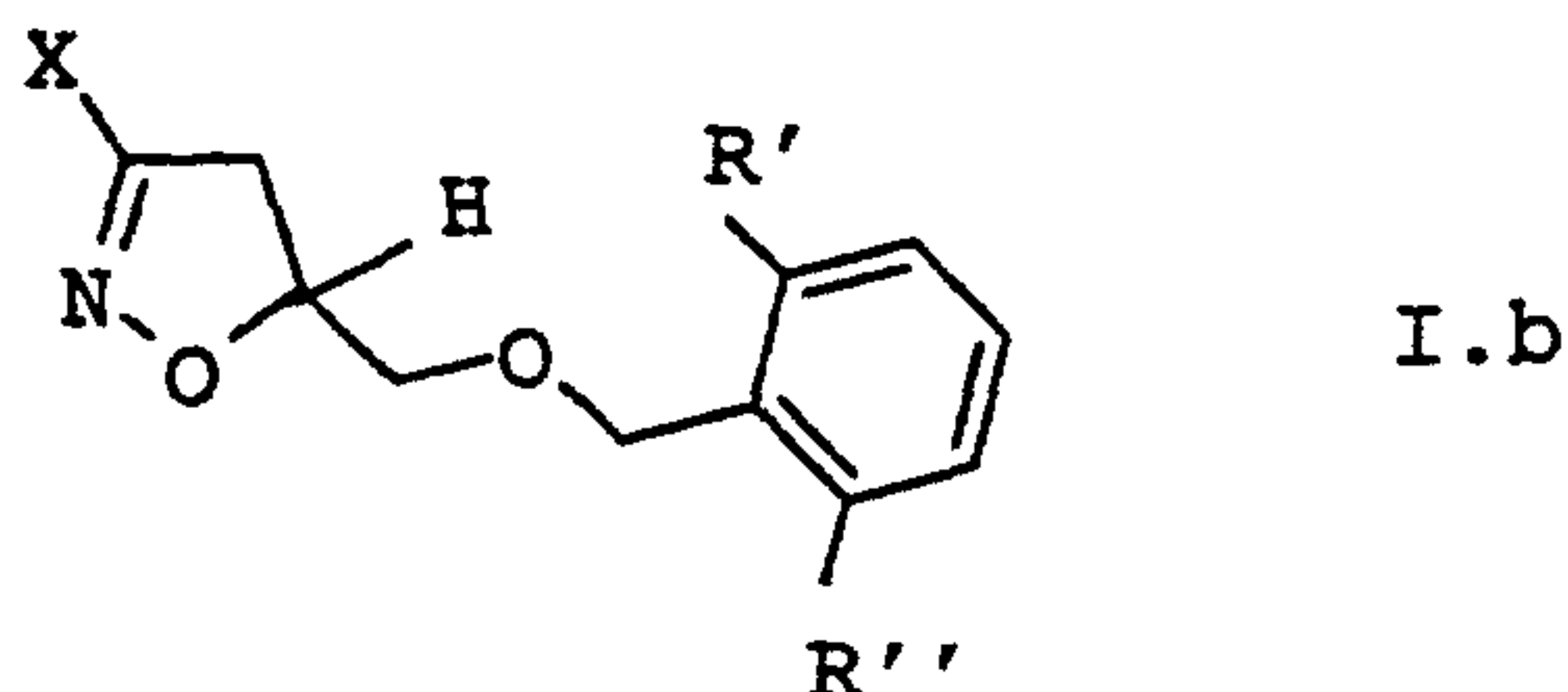
No.	X	R'	R''
5	I.a.188 5-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.189 5-methyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.190 5-chloro-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl	H	H
	I.a.191 5-chloro-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl	F	H
	I.a.192 5-chloro-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl	F	F
10	I.a.193 5-chloro-1,2,3-thiadiazol-4-yl	H	H
	I.a.194 5-chloro-1,2,3-thiadiazol-4-yl	F	H
	I.a.195 5-chloro-1,2,3-thiadiazol-4-yl	F	F
	I.a.196 5-methyl-1,2,3-thiadiazol-4-yl	H	H
	I.a.197 5-methyl-1,2,3-thiadiazol-4-yl	F	H
15	I.a.198 5-methyl-1,2,3-thiadiazol-4-yl	F	F
	I.a.199 4-cyanopyrid-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.200 4-cyanopyrid-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.201 4-cyanopyrid-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.202 4-trifluoromethylpyrid-3-yl	F	F
20	I.a.203 4-trifluoromethylpyrid-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.204 4-trifluoromethylpyrid-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.205 4-methoxypyrid-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.206 4-methoxypyrid-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.207 4-methoxypyrid-3-yl	F	H
25	I.a.208 2-fluoropyrid-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.209 2-fluoropyrid-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.210 2-fluoropyrid-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.211 2-chloropyrid-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.212 2-chloropyrid-3-yl	H	H
30	I.a.213 2-chloropyrid-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.214 2-bromopyrid-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.215 2-bromopyrid-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.216 2-bromopyrid-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.217 2-cyanopyrid-3-yl	F	F
35	I.a.218 2-cyanopyrid-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.219 2-cyanopyrid-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.220 2-fluoropyrazin-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.221 2-fluoropyrazin-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.222 2-fluoropyrazin-3-yl	F	H
40	I.a.223 2-bromopyrazin-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.224 2-bromopyrazin-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.225 2-bromopyrazin-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.226 2-cyanopyrazin-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.227 2-cyanopyrazin-3-yl	H	H
45	I.a.228 2-cyanopyrazin-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.229 2-trifluoromethylpyrazin-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.230 2-trifluoromethylpyrazin-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.231 2-trifluoromethylpyrazin-3-yl	F	H
	I.a.232 2-methoxypyrazin-3-yl	F	F
	I.a.233 2-methoxypyrazin-3-yl	H	H
	I.a.234 2-methoxypyrazin-3-yl	F	H

45

Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.b, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.b.1 to I.b.234 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.a.1 to I.a.234 in that R^3 is hydrogen.

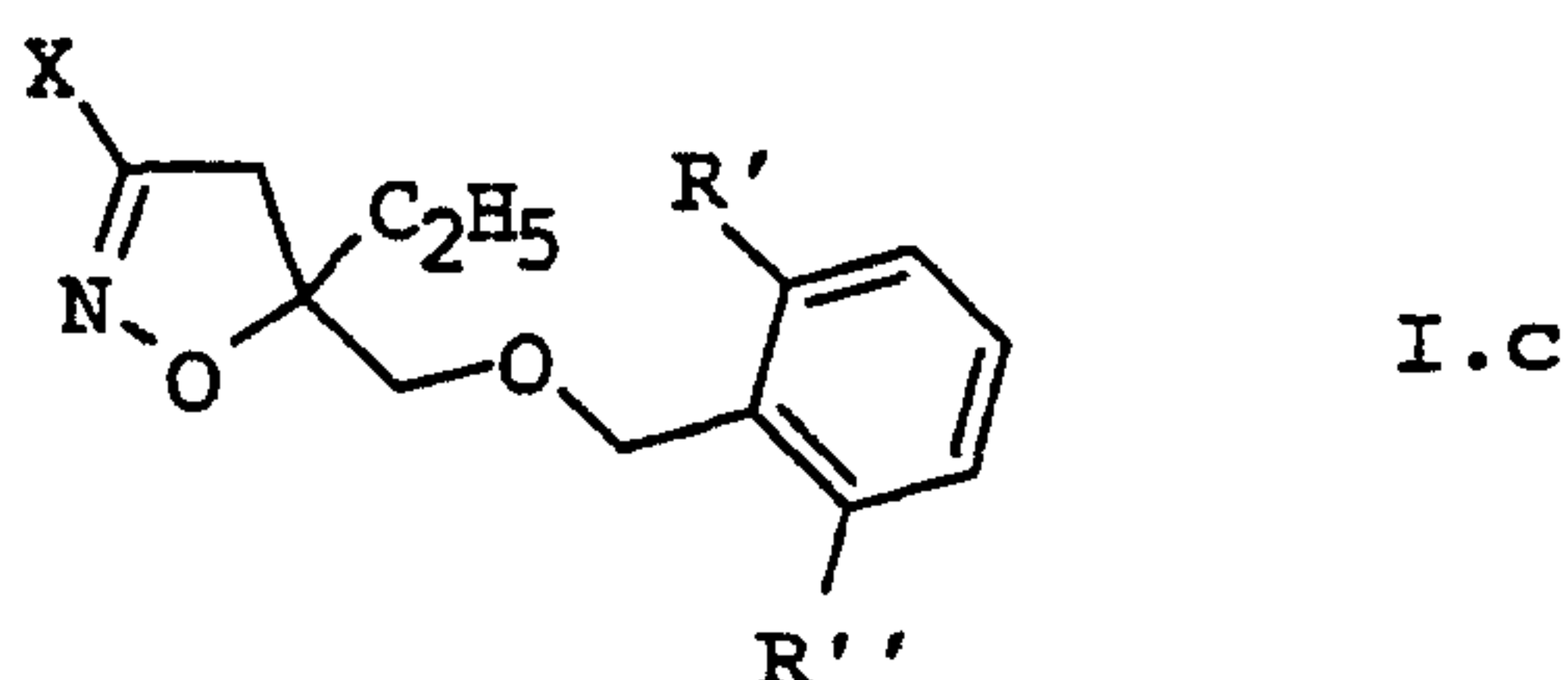
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.c, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.c.1 to I.c.234 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.a.1 to I.a.234 in that R^3 is ethyl.

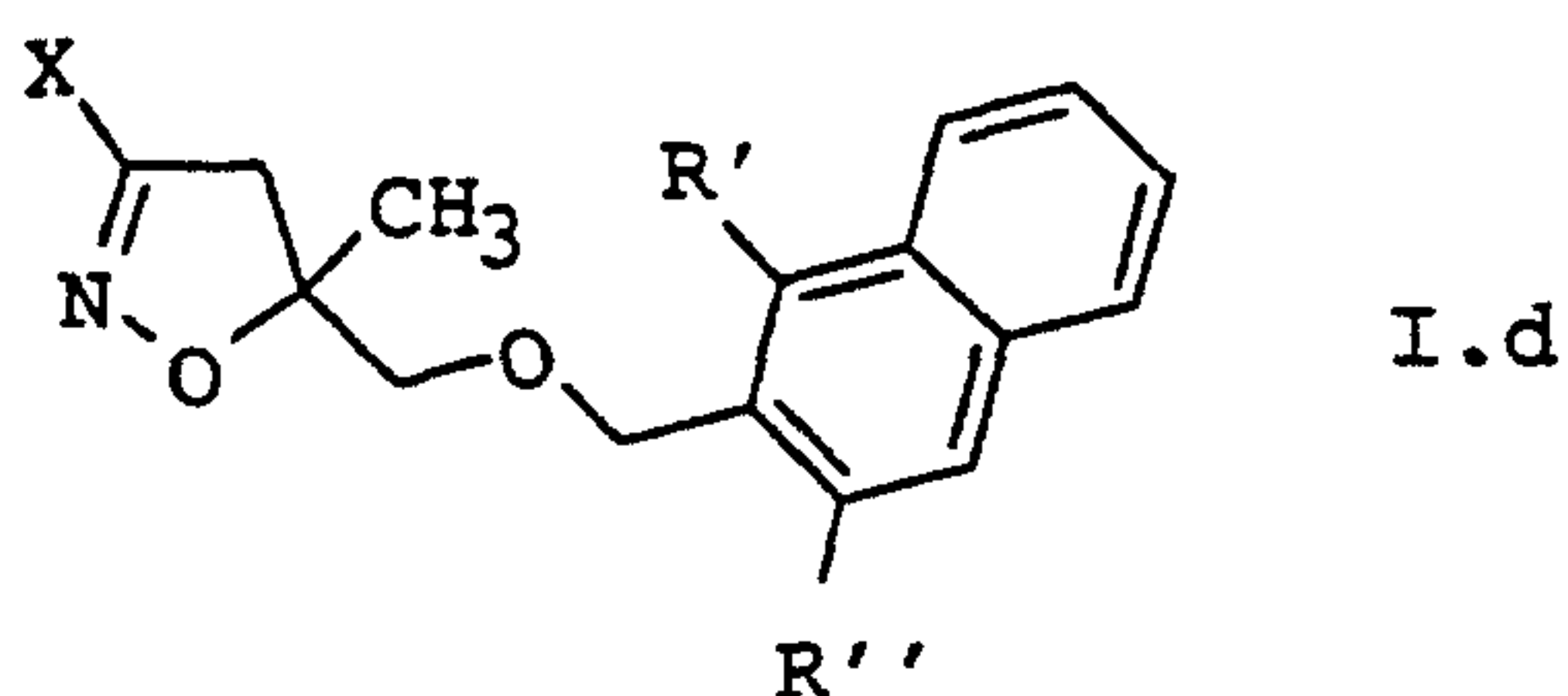
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.d, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.d.1 to I.d.234 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.a.1 to I.a.234 in that Y is correspondingly substituted naphth-2-yl.

35

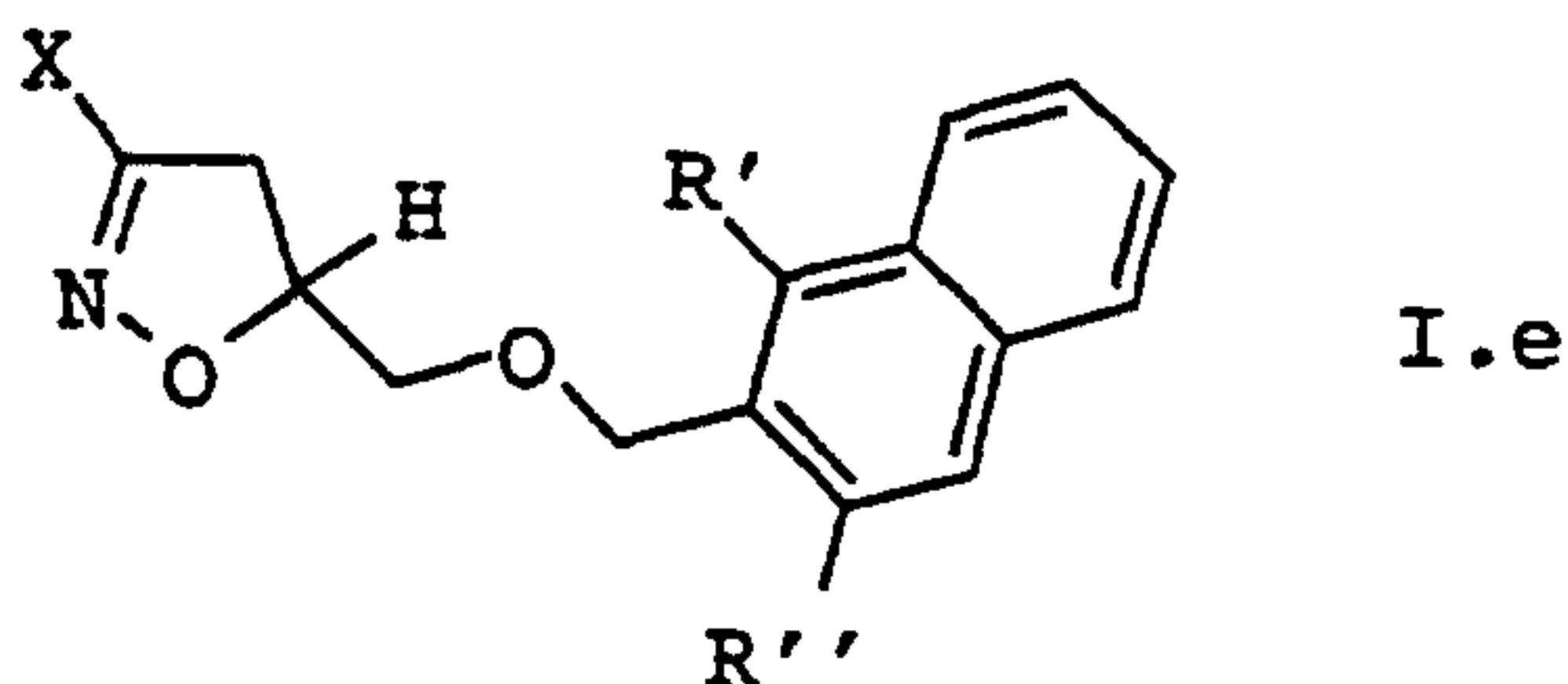


Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.e, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.e.1 to I.e.234 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.a.1 to I.a.234 in that R^3 is hydrogen and Y is correspondingly substituted naphth-2-yl.

45

46

5



10 Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.f (corresponding to formula I where X = 4-fluoropyrid-3-yl and R¹, R², R⁴ - R⁷ = hydrogen), in particular the compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 of table 1A, where the definitions of the variables R¹ to R⁷, X and Y are of particular importance for

15 the compounds according to the invention not only in combination with one another but in each case also on their own.

20

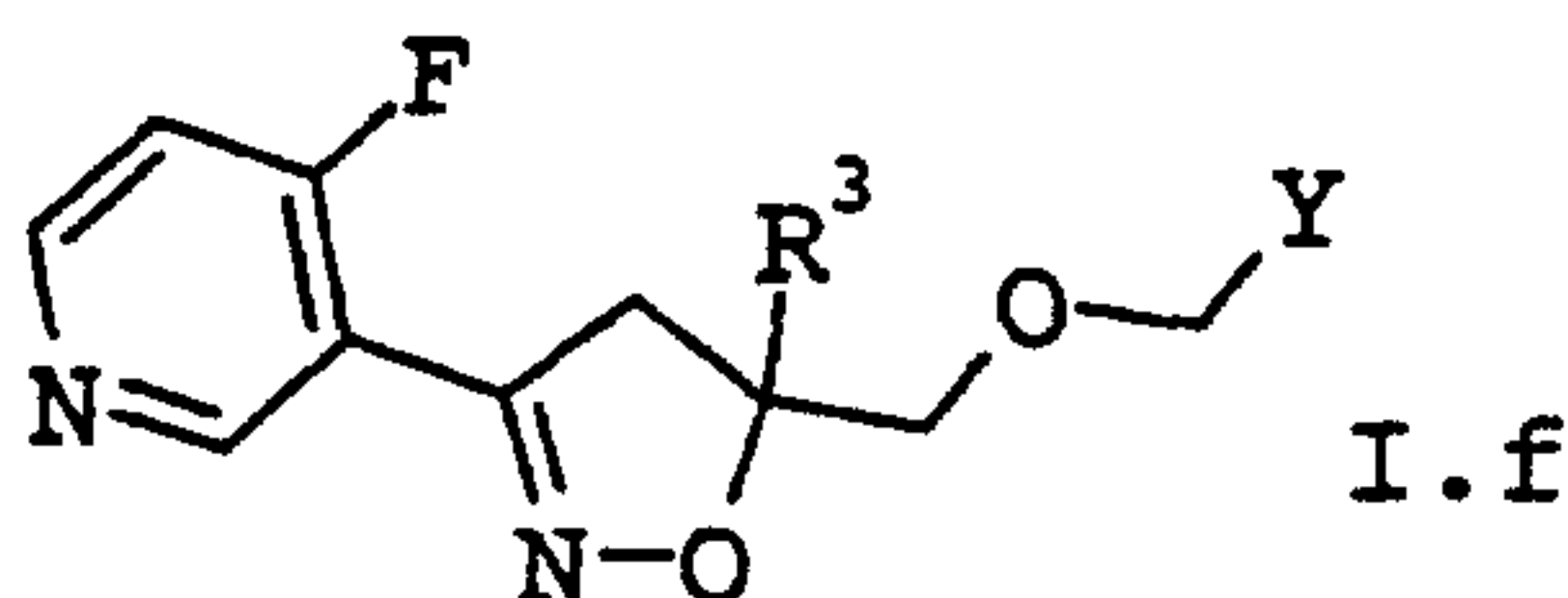


Table 1A

No.	R ³	Y
25	I.f.1 H	3-fluorophenyl
	I.f.2 CH ₃	3-fluorophenyl
	I.f.3 C ₂ H ₅	3-fluorophenyl
	I.f.4 H	4-fluorophenyl
	I.f.5 CH ₃	4-fluorophenyl
30	I.f.6 C ₂ H ₅	4-fluorophenyl
	I.f.7 H	2-chlorophenyl
	I.f.8 CH ₃	2-chlorophenyl
	I.f.9 C ₂ H ₅	2-chlorophenyl
	I.f.10 H	3-chlorophenyl
35	I.f.11 CH ₃	3-chlorophenyl
	I.f.12 C ₂ H ₅	3-chlorophenyl
	I.f.13 H	4-chlorophenyl
	I.f.14 CH ₃	4-chlorophenyl
	I.f.15 C ₂ H ₅	4-chlorophenyl
40	I.f.16 H	2-bromophenyl
	I.f.17 CH ₃	2-bromophenyl
	I.f.18 C ₂ H ₅	2-bromophenyl
	I.f.19 H	3-bromophenyl
	I.f.20 CH ₃	3-bromophenyl
45	I.f.21 C ₂ H ₅	3-bromophenyl
	I.f.22 H	4-bromophenyl
	I.f.23 CH ₃	4-bromophenyl
	I.f.24 C ₂ H ₅	4-bromophenyl
	I.f.25 H	2-iodophenyl

5	I.f.26	CH ₃	2-iodophenyl
	I.f.27	C ₂ H ₅	2-iodophenyl
	I.f.28	H	2,4-difluorophenyl
	I.f.29	CH ₃	2,4-difluorophenyl
	I.f.30	C ₂ H ₅	2,4-difluorophenyl
10	I.f.31	H	3,5-difluorophenyl
	I.f.32	CH ₃	3,5-difluorophenyl
	I.f.33	C ₂ H ₅	3,5-difluorophenyl
	I.f.34	H	2,6-dichlorophenyl
	I.f.35	CH ₃	2,6-dichlorophenyl
15	I.f.36	C ₂ H ₅	2,6-dichlorophenyl
	I.f.37	H	2,4-dichlorophenyl
	I.f.38	CH ₃	2,4-dichlorophenyl
	I.f.39	C ₂ H ₅	2,4-dichlorophenyl
	I.f.40	H	3,4-dichlorophenyl
20	I.f.41	CH ₃	3,4-dichlorophenyl
	I.f.42	C ₂ H ₅	3,4-dichlorophenyl
	I.f.43	H	2,4,6-trichlorophenyl
	I.f.44	CH ₃	2,4,6-trichlorophenyl
	I.f.45	C ₂ H ₅	2,4,6-trichlorophenyl
25	I.f.46	H	2,3,5-trichlorophenyl
	I.f.47	CH ₃	2,3,5-trichlorophenyl
	I.f.48	C ₂ H ₅	2,3,5-trichlorophenyl
	I.f.49	H	2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl
	I.f.50	CH ₃	2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl
30	I.f.51	C ₂ H ₅	2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl
	I.f.52	H	2-nitrophenyl
	I.f.53	CH ₃	2-nitrophenyl
	I.f.54	C ₂ H ₅	2-nitrophenyl
	I.f.55	H	3-nitrophenyl
35	I.f.56	CH ₃	3-nitrophenyl
	I.f.57	C ₂ H ₅	3-nitrophenyl
	I.f.58	H	4-nitrophenyl
	I.f.59	CH ₃	4-nitrophenyl
	I.f.60	C ₂ H ₅	4-nitrophenyl
40	I.f.61	H	2-cyanophenyl
	I.f.62	CH ₃	2-cyanophenyl
	I.f.63	C ₂ H ₅	2-cyanophenyl
	I.f.64	H	3-cyanophenyl
	I.f.65	CH ₃	3-cyanophenyl
45	I.f.66	C ₂ H ₅	3-cyanophenyl
	I.f.67	H	4-cyanophenyl
	I.f.68	CH ₃	4-cyanophenyl
	I.f.69	C ₂ H ₅	4-cyanophenyl
	I.f.70	H	2-methylphenyl
	I.f.71	CH ₃	2-methylphenyl
	I.f.72	C ₂ H ₅	2-methylphenyl
	I.f.73	H	3-methylphenyl
	I.f.74	CH ₃	3-methylphenyl
	I.f.75	C ₂ H ₅	3-methylphenyl
	I.f.76	H	4-methylphenyl
	I.f.77	CH ₃	4-methylphenyl

5	I.f.78	C ₂ H ₅	4-methylphenyl
	I.f.79	H	4-ethylphenyl
	I.f.80	CH ₃	4-ethylphenyl
	I.f.81	C ₂ H ₅	4-ethylphenyl
	I.f.82	H	2,5-dimethylphenyl
10	I.f.83	CH ₃	2,5-dimethylphenyl
	I.f.84	C ₂ H ₅	2,5-dimethylphenyl
	I.f.85	H	3,4-dimethylphenyl
	I.f.86	CH ₃	3,4-dimethylphenyl
	I.f.87	C ₂ H ₅	3,4-dimethylphenyl
15	I.f.88	H	2,4-dimethylphenyl
	I.f.89	CH ₃	2,4-dimethylphenyl
	I.f.90	C ₂ H ₅	2,4-dimethylphenyl
	I.f.91	H	2,4,6-trimethylphenyl
	I.f.92	CH ₃	2,4,6-trimethylphenyl
20	I.f.93	C ₂ H ₅	2,4,6-trimethylphenyl
	I.f.94	H	2-trifluoromethylphenyl
	I.f.95	CH ₃	2-trifluoromethylphenyl
	I.f.96	C ₂ H ₅	2-trifluoromethylphenyl
	I.f.97	H	3-trifluoromethylphenyl
25	I.f.98	CH ₃	3-trifluoromethylphenyl
	I.f.99	C ₂ H ₅	3-trifluoromethylphenyl
	I.f.100	H	4-trifluoromethylphenyl
	I.f.101	CH ₃	4-trifluoromethylphenyl
	I.f.102	C ₂ H ₅	4-trifluoromethylphenyl
30	I.f.103	H	2-methoxyphenyl
	I.f.104	CH ₃	2-methoxyphenyl
	I.f.105	C ₂ H ₅	2-methoxyphenyl
	I.f.106	H	3-methoxyphenyl
	I.f.107	CH ₃	3-methoxyphenyl
35	I.f.108	C ₂ H ₅	3-methoxyphenyl
	I.f.109	H	4-methoxyphenyl
	I.f.110	CH ₃	4-methoxyphenyl
	I.f.111	C ₂ H ₅	4-methoxyphenyl
	I.f.112	H	3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl
40	I.f.113	CH ₃	3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl
	I.f.114	C ₂ H ₅	3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl
	I.f.115	H	3-trifluoromethoxyphenyl
	I.f.116	CH ₃	3-trifluoromethoxyphenyl
	I.f.117	C ₂ H ₅	3-trifluoromethoxyphenyl
45	I.f.118	H	2-difluoromethoxyphenyl
	I.f.119	CH ₃	2-difluoromethoxyphenyl
	I.f.120	C ₂ H ₅	2-difluoromethoxyphenyl
	I.f.121	H	2-(ethoxycarbonylmethoxy)phenyl
	I.f.122	CH ₃	2-(ethoxycarbonylmethoxy)phenyl
	I.f.123	C ₂ H ₅	2-(ethoxycarbonylmethoxy)phenyl
	I.f.124	H	4-(phenyl)phenyl
	I.f.125	CH ₃	4-(phenyl)phenyl
	I.f.126	C ₂ H ₅	4-(phenyl)phenyl
	I.f.127	H	3-phenoxyphenyl
	I.f.128	CH ₃	3-phenoxyphenyl
	I.f.129	C ₂ H ₅	3-phenoxyphenyl

5	I.f.130	H	2-methyl-3-(phenyl)phenyl
	I.f.131	CH ₃	2-methyl-3-(phenyl)phenyl
	I.f.132	C ₂ H ₅	2-methyl-3-(phenyl)phenyl
	I.f.133	H	3-phenoxyphenyl
	I.f.134	CH ₃	3-phenoxyphenyl
10	I.f.135	C ₂ H ₅	3-phenoxyphenyl
	I.f.136	H	3-(phenylcarbonyl)phenyl
	I.f.137	CH ₃	3-(phenylcarbonyl)phenyl
	I.f.138	C ₂ H ₅	3-(phenylcarbonyl)phenyl
	I.f.139	H	4-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl
15	I.f.140	CH ₃	4-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl
	I.f.141	C ₂ H ₅	4-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl
	I.f.142	H	4-(isopropoxycarbonyl)phenyl
	I.f.143	CH ₃	4-(isopropoxycarbonyl)phenyl
	I.f.144	C ₂ H ₅	4-(isopropoxycarbonyl)phenyl
20	I.f.145	H	2-chloro-6-nitrophenyl
	I.f.146	CH ₃	2-chloro-6-nitrophenyl
	I.f.147	C ₂ H ₅	2-chloro-6-nitrophenyl
	I.f.148	H	3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl
	I.f.149	CH ₃	3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl
25	I.f.150	C ₂ H ₅	3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl
	I.f.151	H	3-chloro-4-ethoxyphenyl
	I.f.152	CH ₃	3-chloro-4-ethoxyphenyl
	I.f.153	C ₂ H ₅	3-chloro-4-ethoxyphenyl
	I.f.154	H	2-ethyl-5-nitrophenyl
30	I.f.155	CH ₃	2-ethyl-5-nitrophenyl
	I.f.156	C ₂ H ₅	2-ethyl-5-nitrophenyl
	I.f.157	H	2,3-dichloro-4-methoxyphenyl
	I.f.158	CH ₃	2,3-dichloro-4-methoxyphenyl
	I.f.159	C ₂ H ₅	2,3-dichloro-4-methoxyphenyl
35	I.f.160	H	2,3-dichloro-4-isopropoxyphenyl
	I.f.161	CH ₃	2,3-dichloro-4-isopropoxyphenyl
	I.f.162	C ₂ H ₅	2,3-dichloro-4-isopropoxyphenyl
	I.f.163	H	2,4-dichloro-6-nitrophenyl
	I.f.164	CH ₃	2,4-dichloro-6-nitrophenyl
40	I.f.165	C ₂ H ₅	2,4-dichloro-6-nitrophenyl
	I.f.166	H	2-chloro-3-methyl-4-(methyl-sulfonyl)phenyl
	I.f.167	CH ₃	2-chloro-3-methyl-4-(methyl-sulfonyl)phenyl
	I.f.168	C ₂ H ₅	2-chloro-3-methyl-4-(methyl-sulfonyl)phenyl
	I.f.169	H	benzo[1,4]dioxan-6-yl
45	I.f.170	CH ₃	benzo[1,4]dioxan-6-yl
	I.f.171	C ₂ H ₅	benzo[1,4]dioxan-6-yl
	I.f.172	H	benzo[1,3]dioxolan-5-yl
	I.f.173	CH ₃	benzo[1,3]dioxolan-5-yl
	I.f.174	C ₂ H ₅	benzo[1,3]dioxolan-5-yl
	I.f.175	H	2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-2-yl
	I.f.176	CH ₃	2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-2-yl
	I.f.177	C ₂ H ₅	2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-2-yl
	I.f.178	H	benzimidazol-2-yl

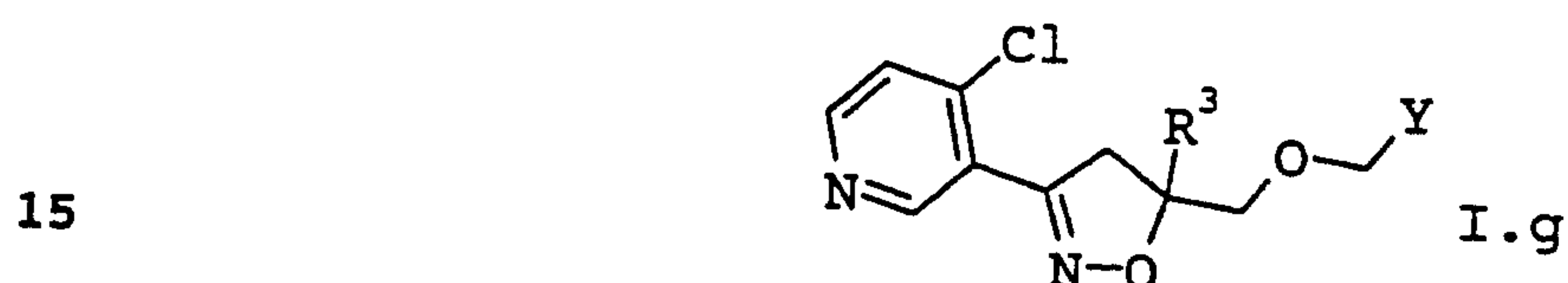
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5	I.f.179	CH ₃	benzimidazol-2-yl
	I.f.180	C ₂ H ₅	benzimidazol-2-yl
	I.f.181	H	naphth-1-yl
	I.f.182	CH ₃	naphth-1-yl
	I.f.183	C ₂ H ₅	naphth-1-yl
10	I.f.184	H	2-methylnaphth-1-yl
	I.f.185	CH ₃	2-methylnaphth-1-yl
	I.f.186	C ₂ H ₅	2-methylnaphth-1-yl
	I.f.187	H	anthracen-9-yl
	I.f.188	CH ₃	anthracen-9-yl
15	I.f.189	C ₂ H ₅	anthracen-9-yl
	I.f.190	H	5-chloro-1-methylpyrazol-4-yl
	I.f.191	CH ₃	5-chloro-1-methylpyrazol-4-yl
	I.f.192	C ₂ H ₅	5-chloro-1-methylpyrazol-4-yl
	I.f.193	H	5-chloro-1-methyl-3-trifluoro-methylpyrazol-4-yl
20	I.f.194	CH ₃	5-chloro-1-methyl-3-trifluoro-methylpyrazol-4-yl
	I.f.195	C ₂ H ₅	5-chloro-1-methyl-3-trifluoro-methylpyrazol-4-yl
	I.f.196	H	thiazol-4-yl
	I.f.197	CH ₃	thiazol-4-yl
	I.f.198	C ₂ H ₅	thiazol-4-yl
25	I.f.199	H	2-chlorothiazol-5-yl
	I.f.200	CH ₃	2-chlorothiazol-5-yl
	I.f.201	C ₂ H ₅	2-chlorothiazol-5-yl
	I.f.202	H	3-ethylisoxazol-5-yl
	I.f.203	CH ₃	3-ethylisoxazol-5-yl
30	I.f.204	C ₂ H ₅	3-ethylisoxazol-5-yl
	I.f.205	H	3-n-propylisoxazol-5-yl
	I.f.206	CH ₃	3-n-propylisoxazol-5-yl
	I.f.207	C ₂ H ₅	3-n-propylisoxazol-5-yl
	I.f.208	H	3-(methoxymethyl)isoxazol-5-yl
35	I.f.209	CH ₃	3-(methoxymethyl)isoxazol-5-yl
	I.f.210	C ₂ H ₅	3-(methoxymethyl)isoxazol-5-yl
	I.f.211	H	5-methoxymethyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl
	I.f.212	CH ₃	5-methoxymethyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl
	I.f.213	C ₂ H ₅	5-methoxymethyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-yl
40	I.f.214	H	pyrid-2-yl
	I.f.215	CH ₃	pyrid-2-yl
	I.f.216	C ₂ H ₅	pyrid-2-yl
	I.f.217	H	pyrid-3-yl
	I.f.218	CH ₃	pyrid-3-yl
45	I.f.219	C ₂ H ₅	pyrid-3-yl
	I.f.220	H	pyrid-4-yl
	I.f.221	CH ₃	pyrid-4-yl
	I.f.222	C ₂ H ₅	pyrid-4-yl
	I.f.223	H	2-chloropyrid-5-yl
	I.f.224	CH ₃	2-chloropyrid-5-yl

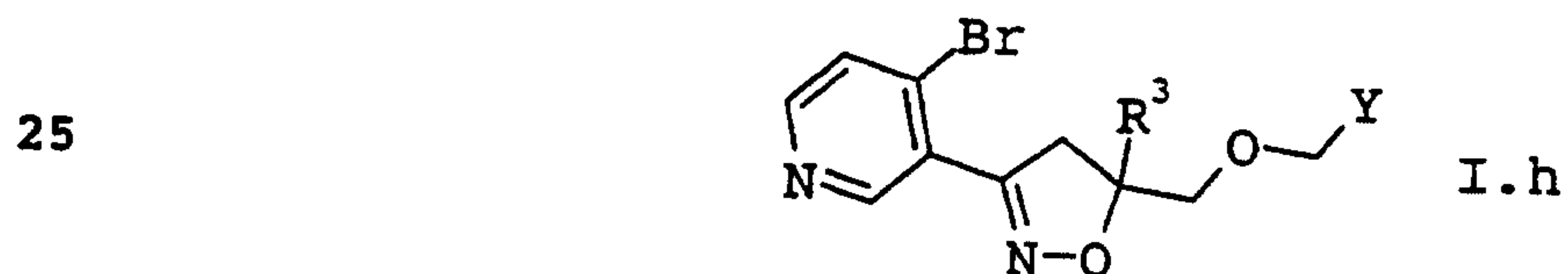
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5	I.f.225	C ₂ H ₅	2-chloropyrid-5-yl
	I.f.226	H	5-ethyl-3-(ethoxy-carbonyl)pyrid-2-yl
	I.f.227	CH ₃	5-ethyl-3-(ethoxy-carbonyl)pyrid-2-yl
	I.f.228	C ₂ H ₅	5-ethyl-3-(ethoxy-carbonyl)pyrid-2-yl

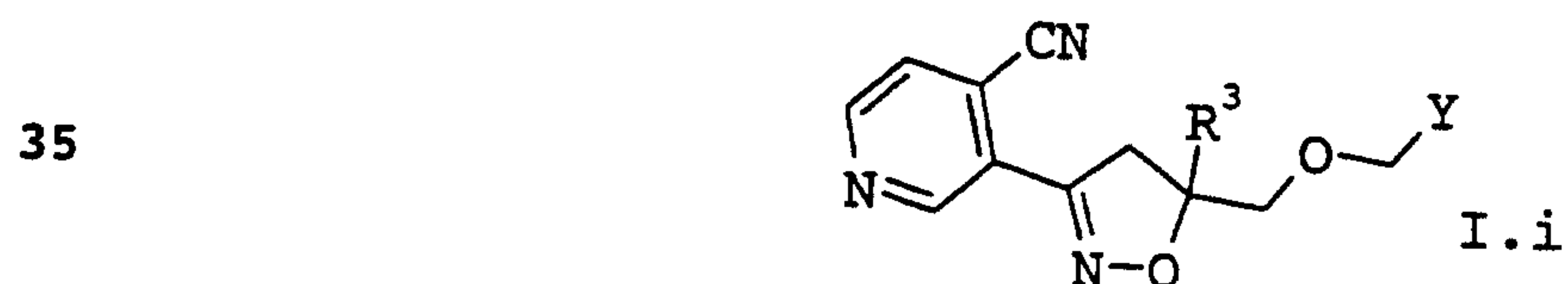
Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.g, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.g.1 to I.g.228 which
 10 differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 4-chloropyrid-3-yl.



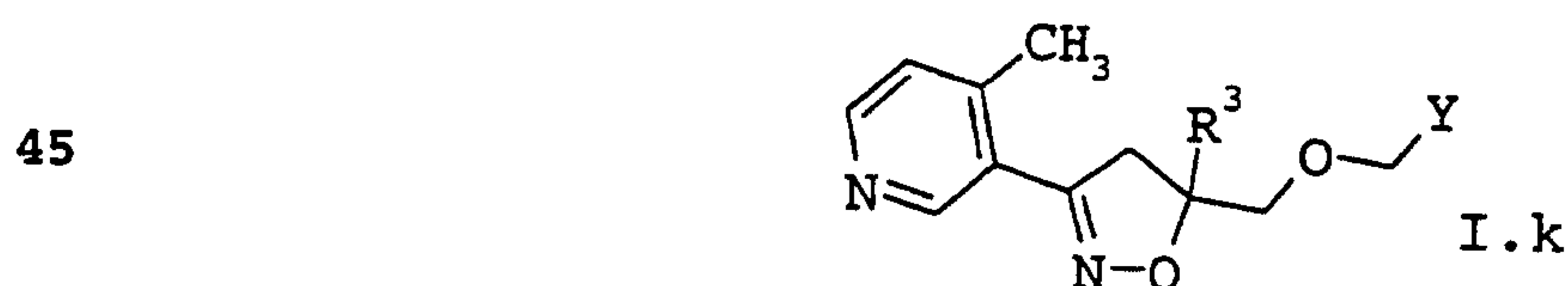
Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.h, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.h.1 to I.h.228 which
 20 differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 4-bromopyrid-3-yl.



Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.i, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.i.1 to I.i.228 which
 30 differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 4-cyanopyrid-3-yl.



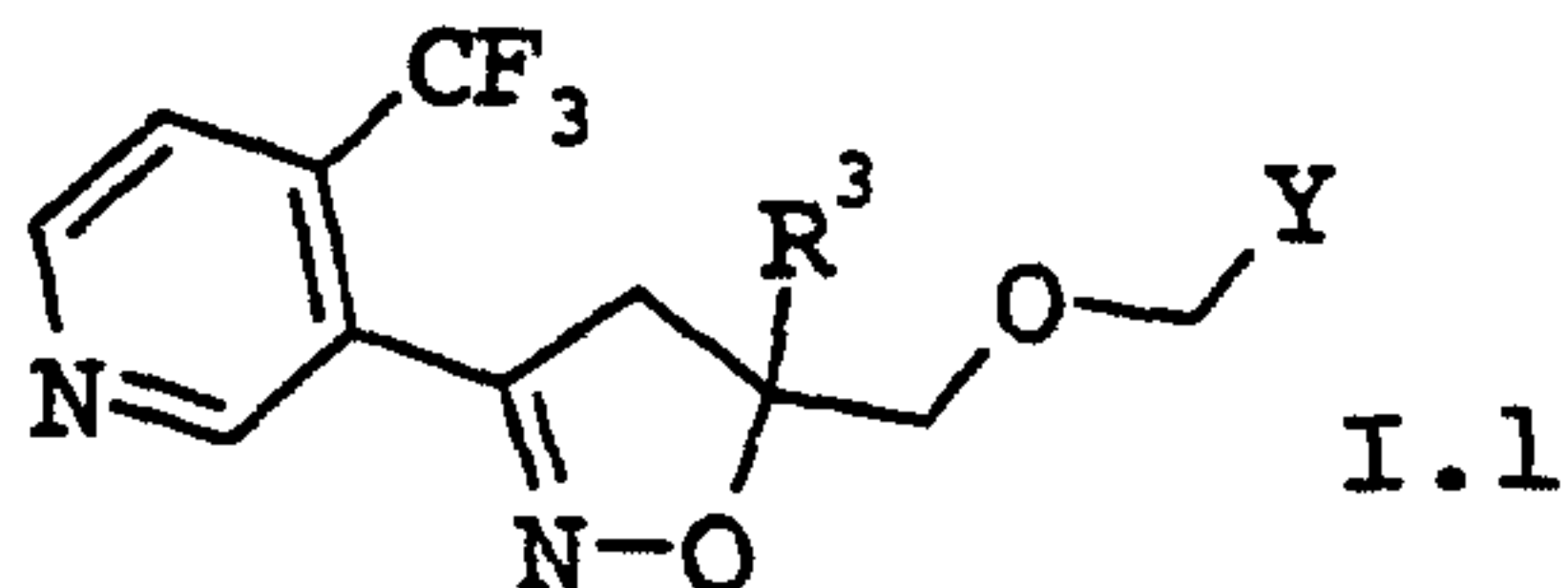
Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.k, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.k.1 to I.k.228 which
 40 differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 4-methylpyrid-3-yl.



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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.l, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.l.1 to I.l.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 4-trifluoromethylpyrid-3-yl.

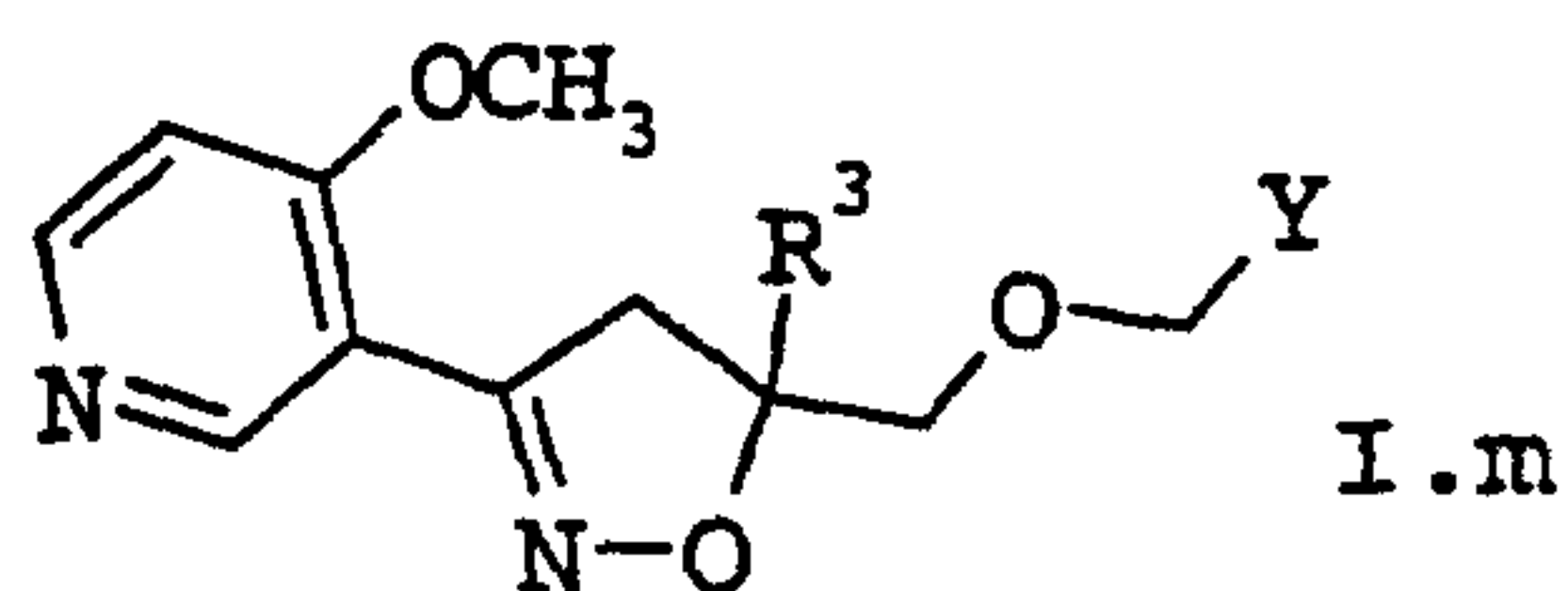
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.m, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.m.1 to I.m.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 4-methoxypyrid-3-yl.

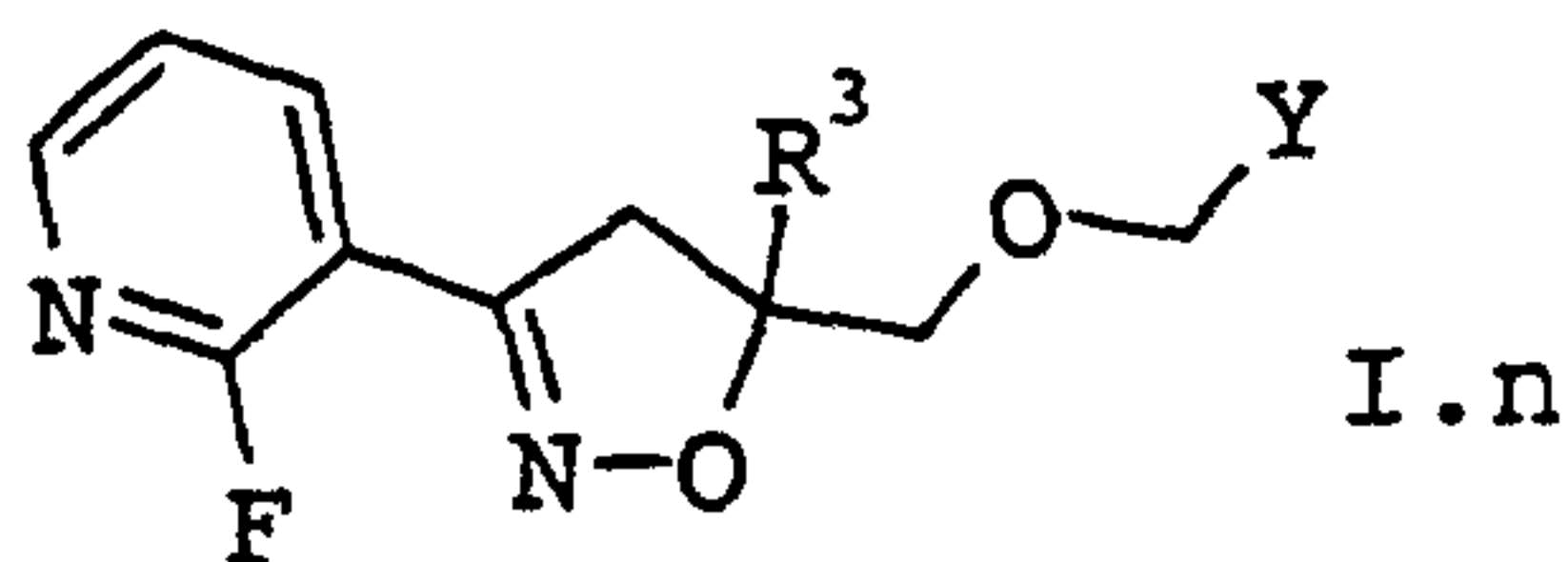
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.n, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.n.1 to I.n.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2-fluoropyrid-3-yl.

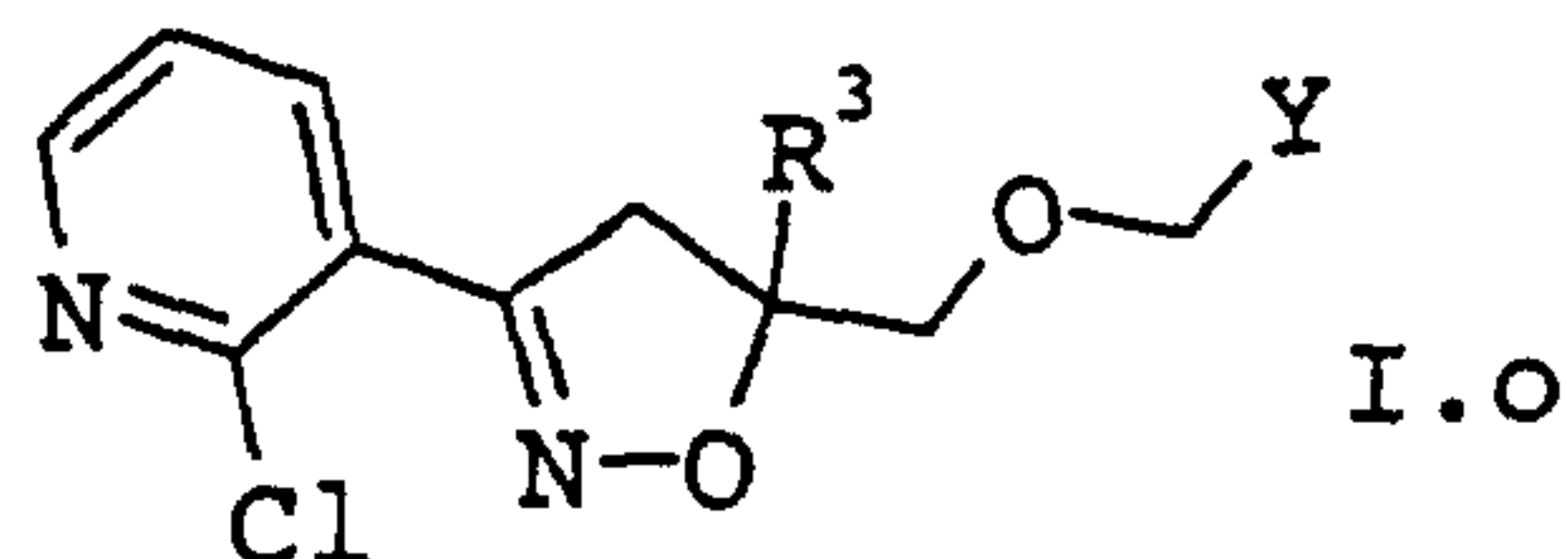
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.o, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.o.1 to I.o.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2-chloropyrid-3-yl.

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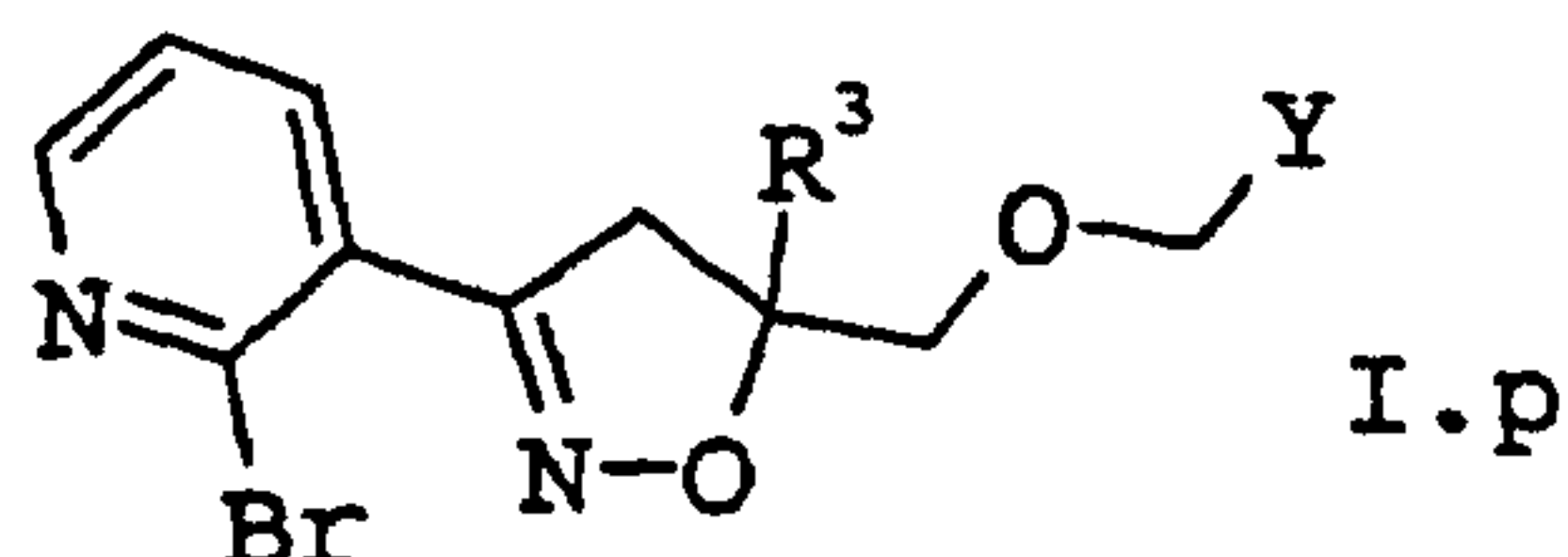


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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.p, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.p.1 to I.p.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2-bromopyrid-3-yl.

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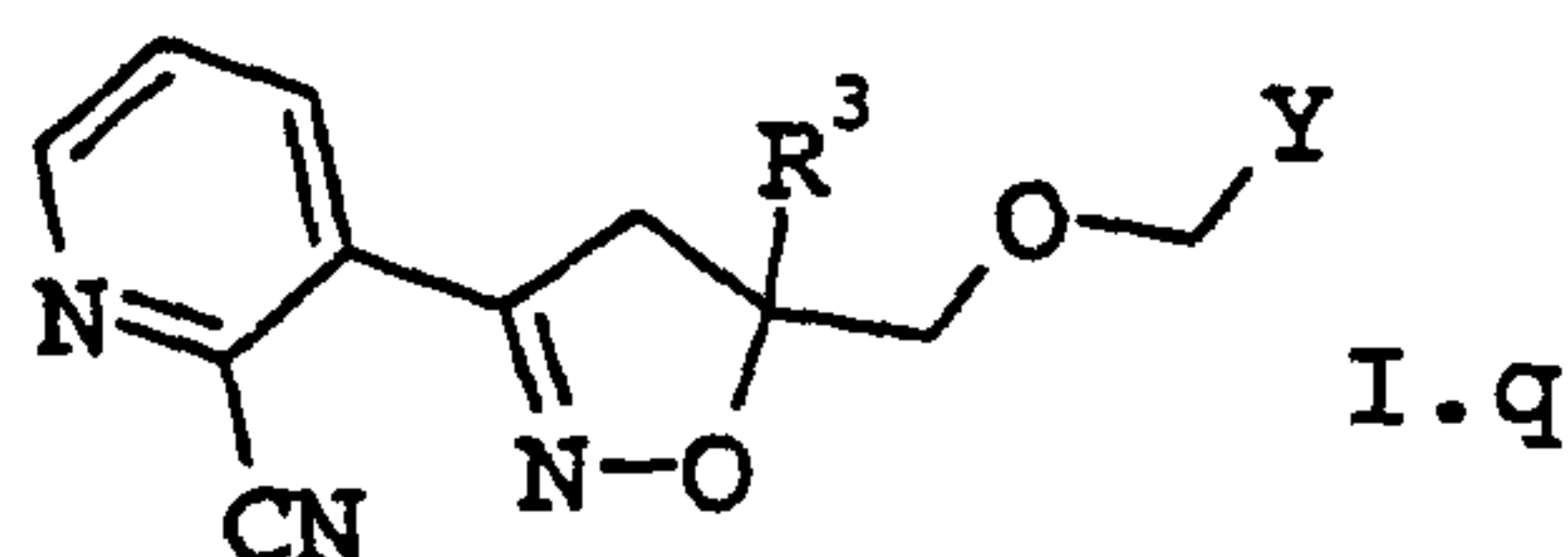
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.q, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.q.1 to I.q.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2-cyanopyrid-3-yl.

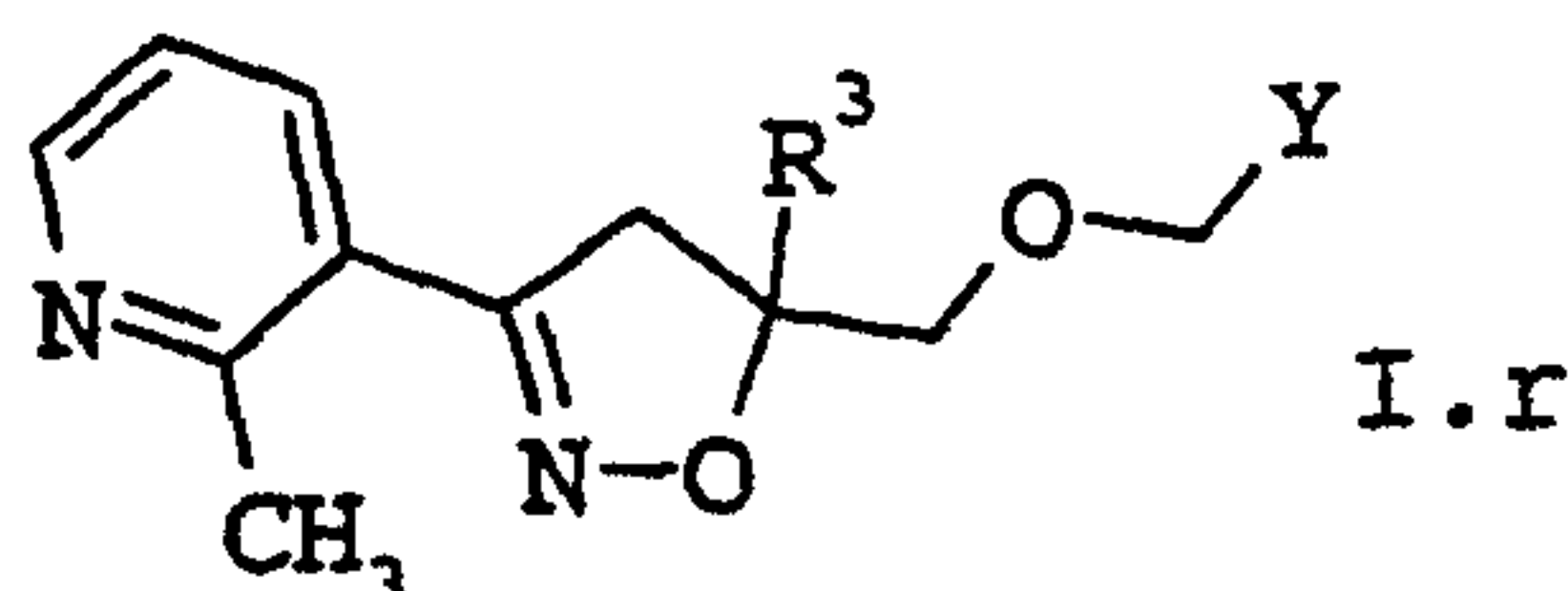
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.r, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.r.1 to I.r.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2-methylpyrid-3-yl.

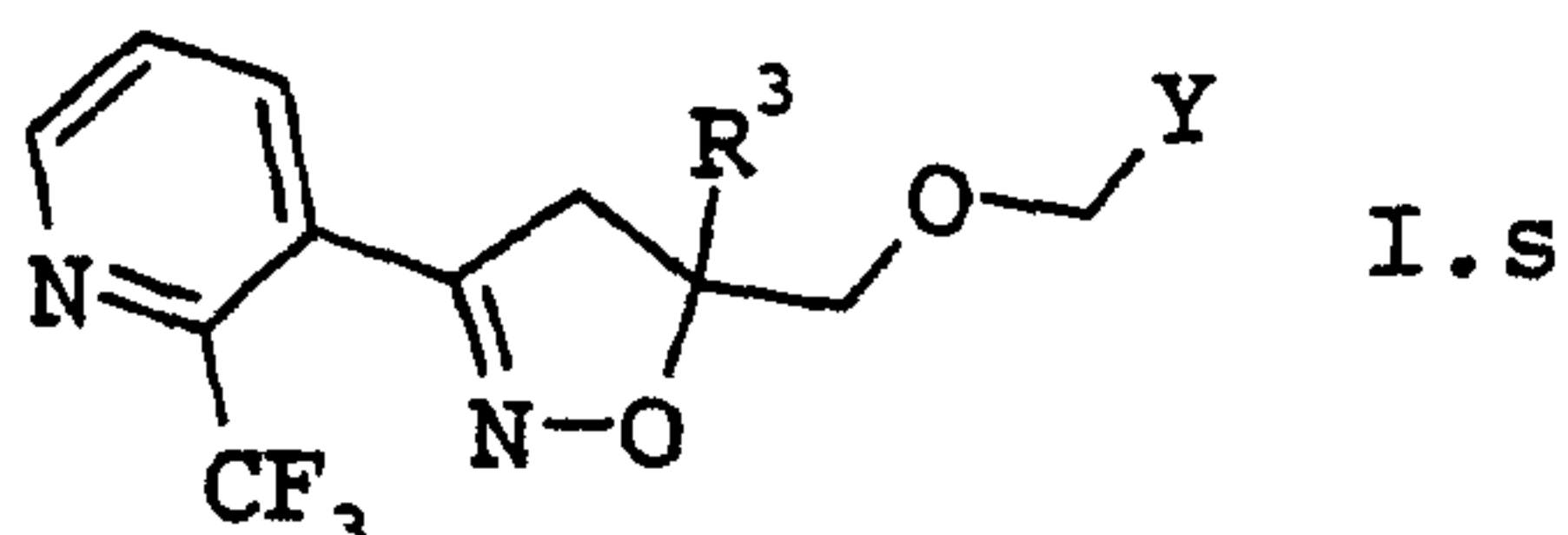
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.s, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.s.1 to I.s.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2-trifluoromethylpyrid-3-yl.

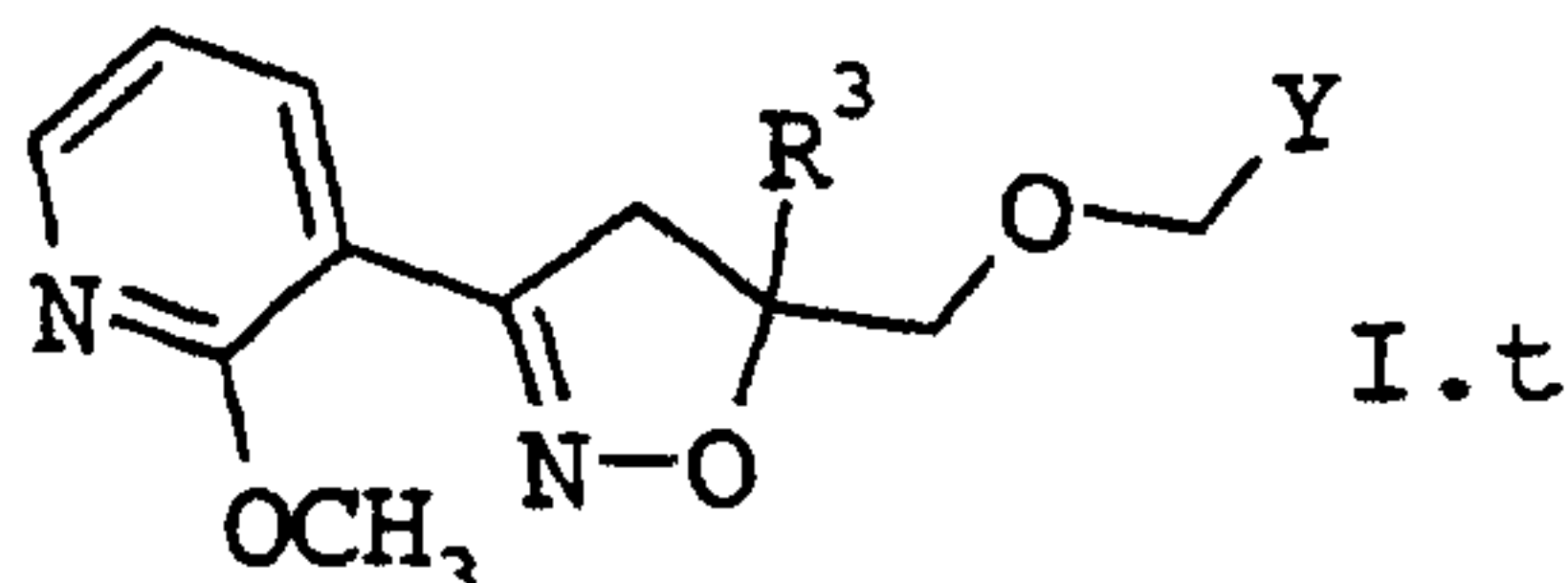
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.t, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.t.1 to I.t.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2-methoxypyrid-3-yl.

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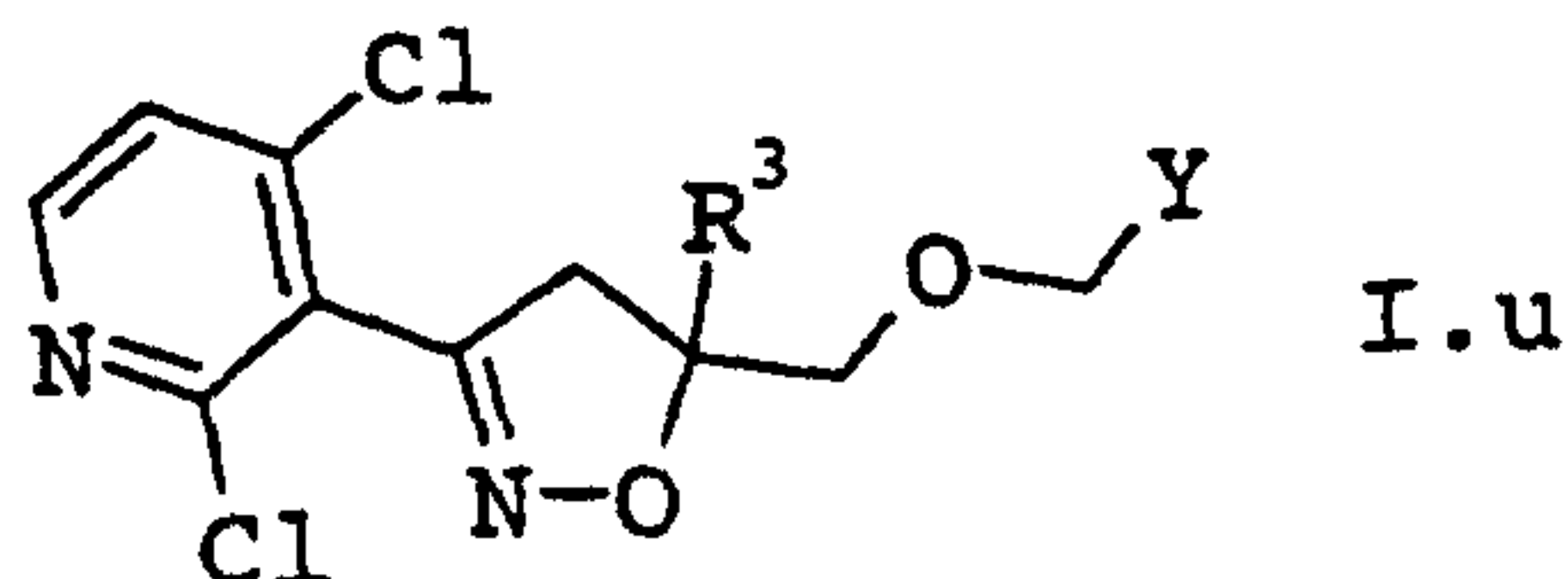


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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.u, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.u.1 to I.u.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2,4-dichloropyrid-3-yl.

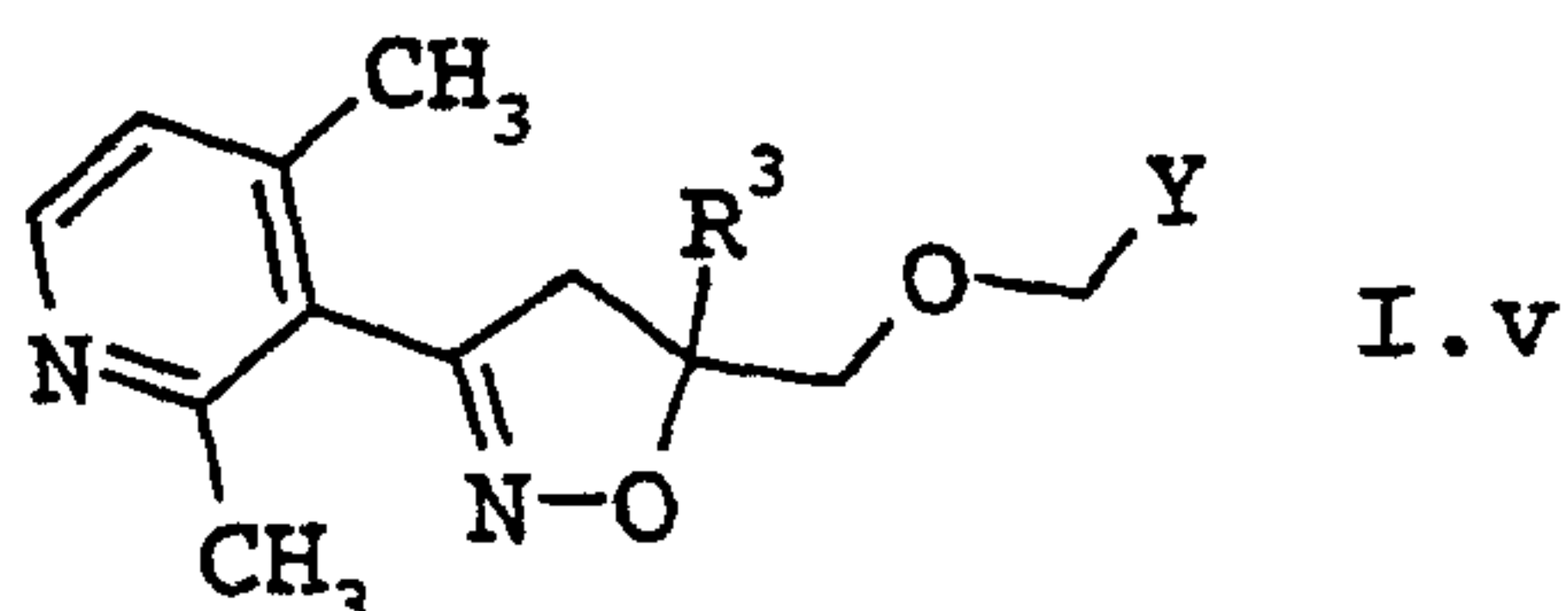
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.v, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.v.1 to I.v.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2,4-dimethylpyrid-3-yl.

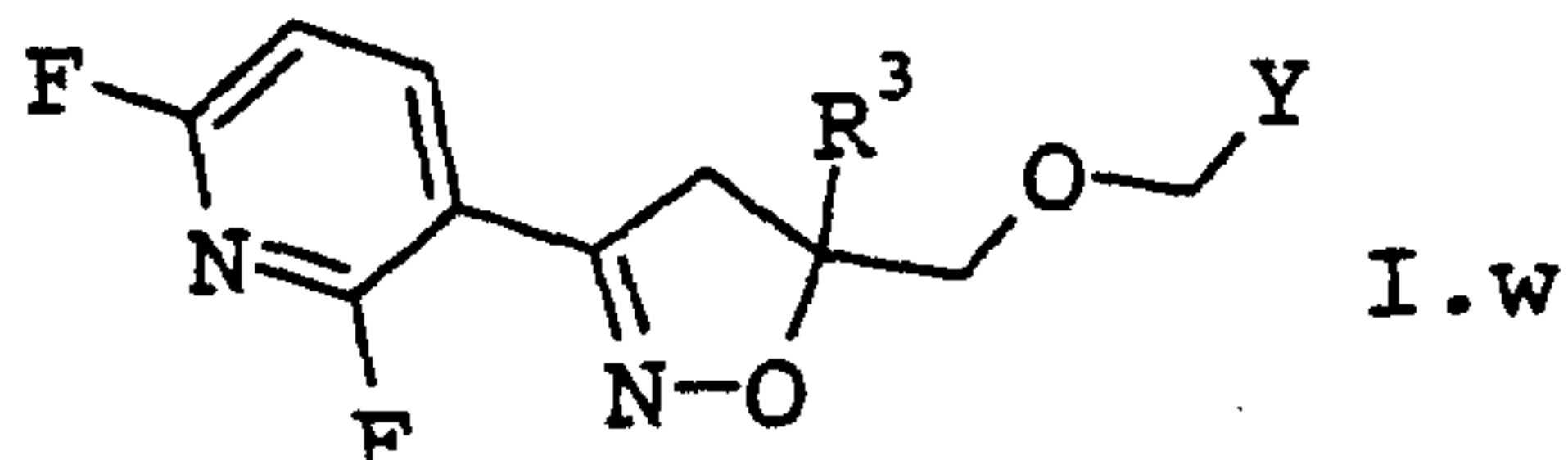
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.w, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.w.1 to I.w.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2,6-difluoropyrid-3-yl.

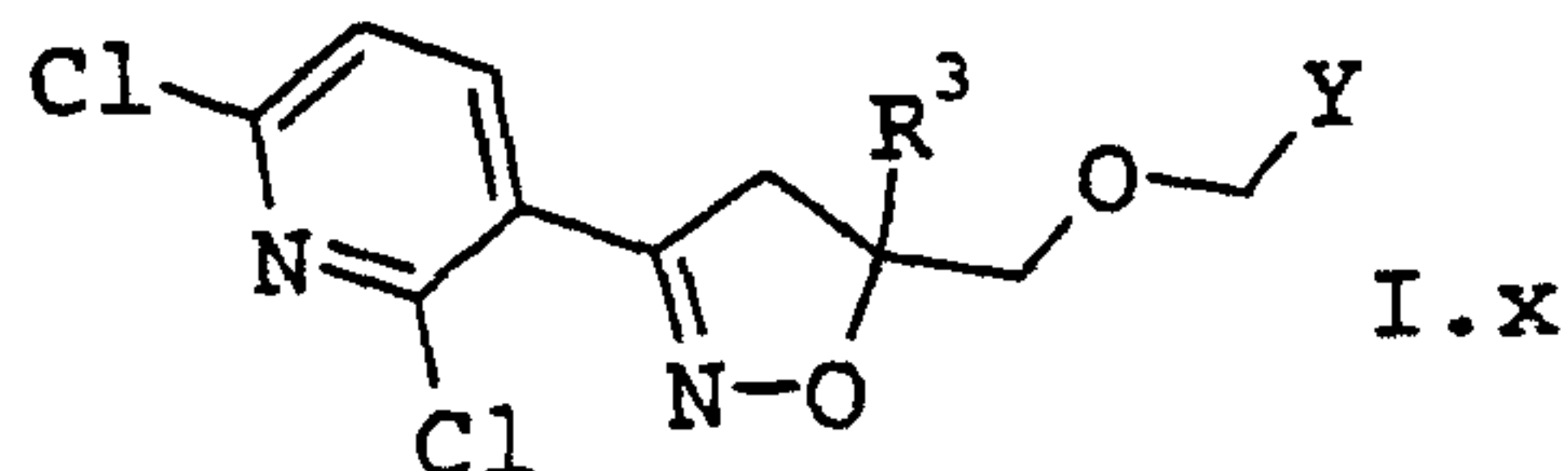
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.x, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.x.1 to I.x.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2,6-dichloropyrid-3-yl.

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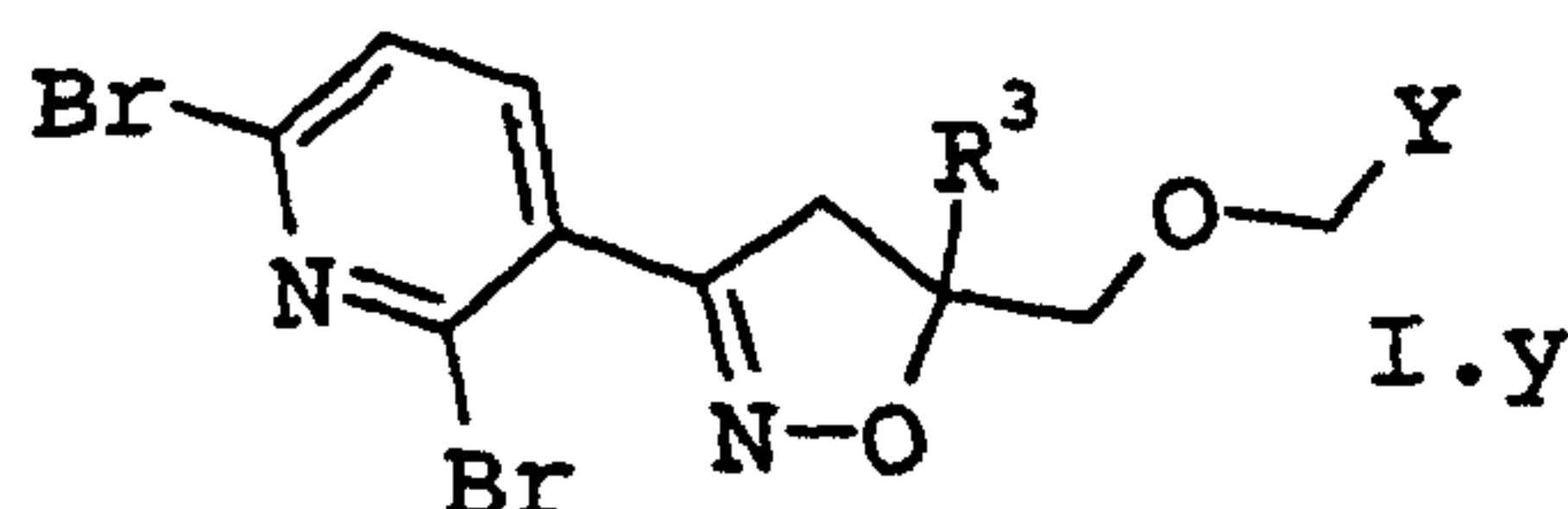


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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.y, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.y.1 to I.y.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2,6-dibromopyrid-3-yl.

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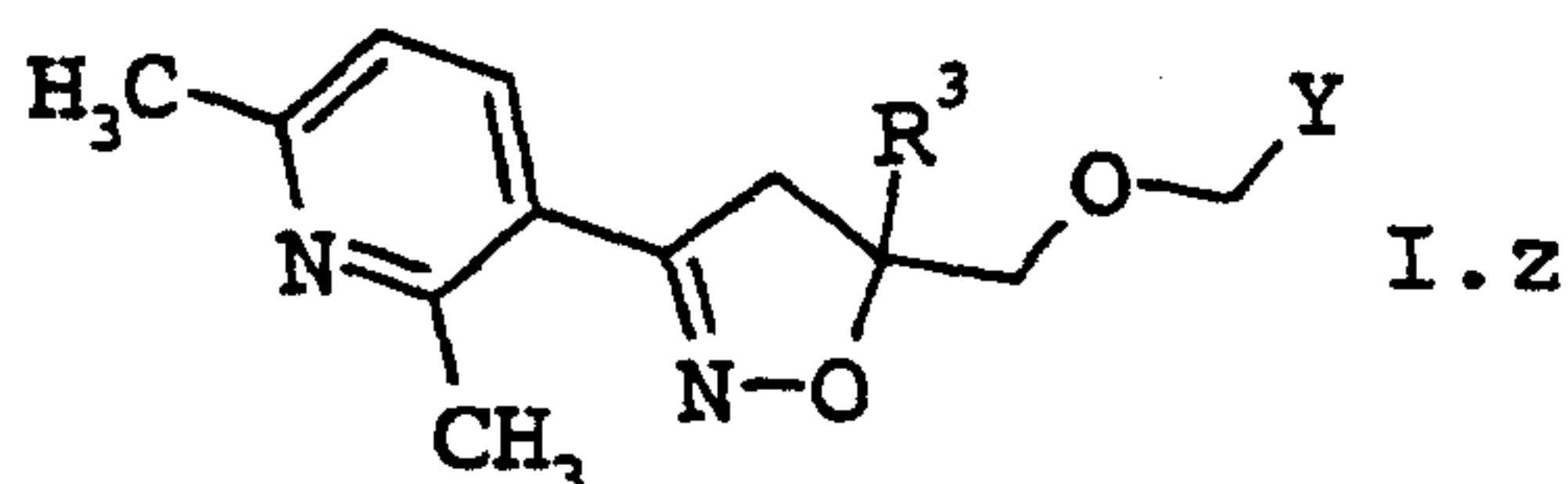
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.z, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.z.1 to I.z.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2,6-dimethylpyrid-3-yl.

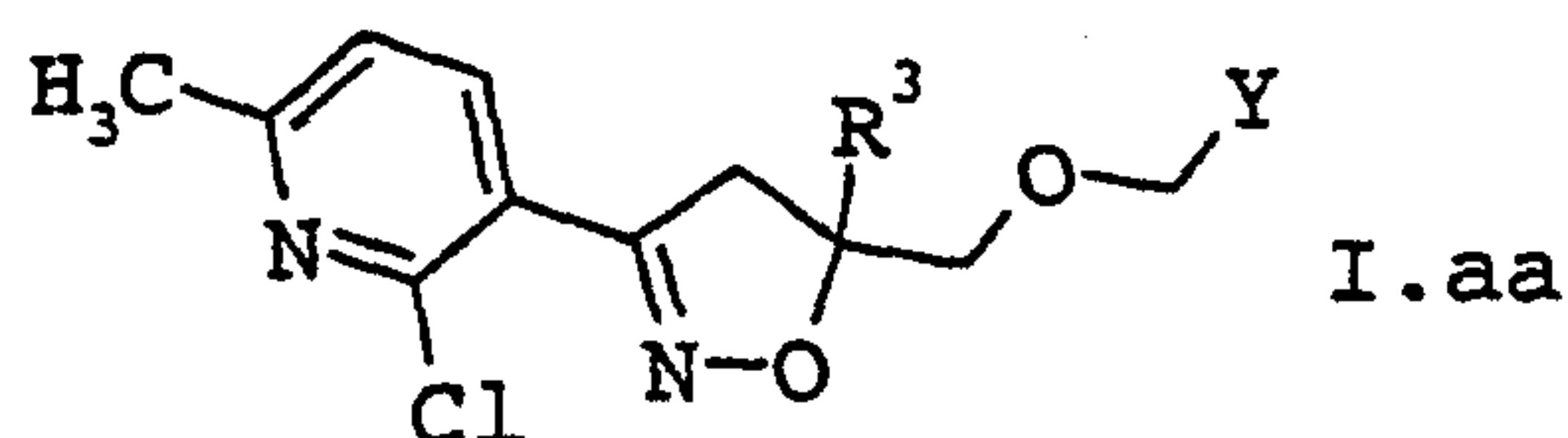
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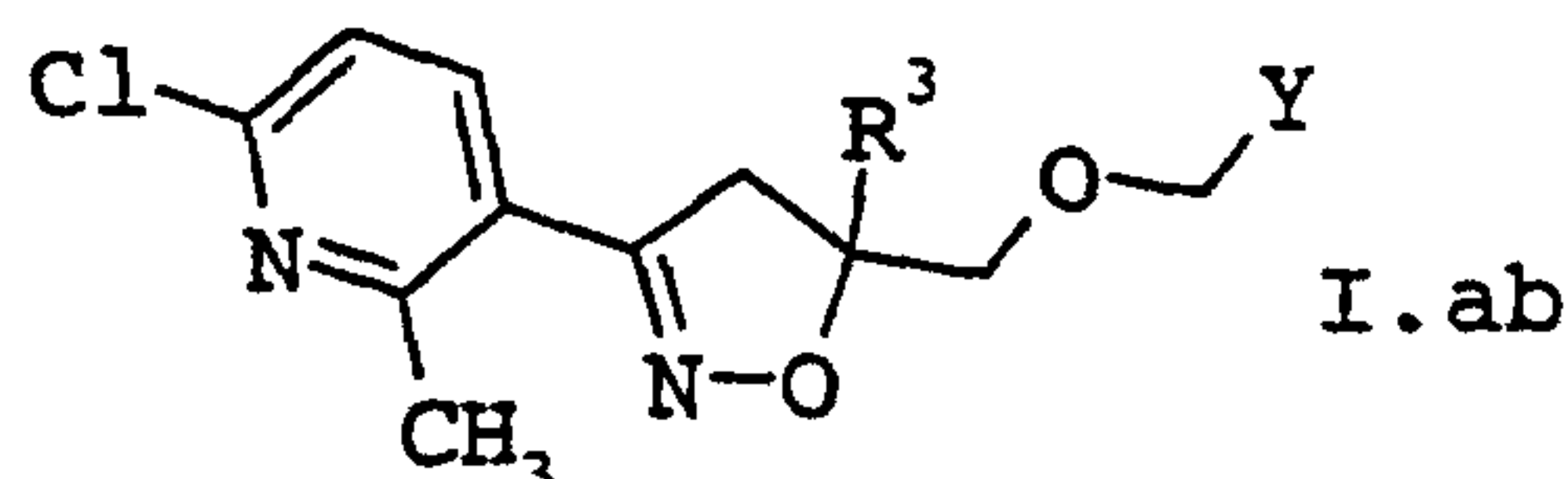
Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.aa, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.aa.1 to I.aa.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2-chloro-6-methylpyrid-3-yl.

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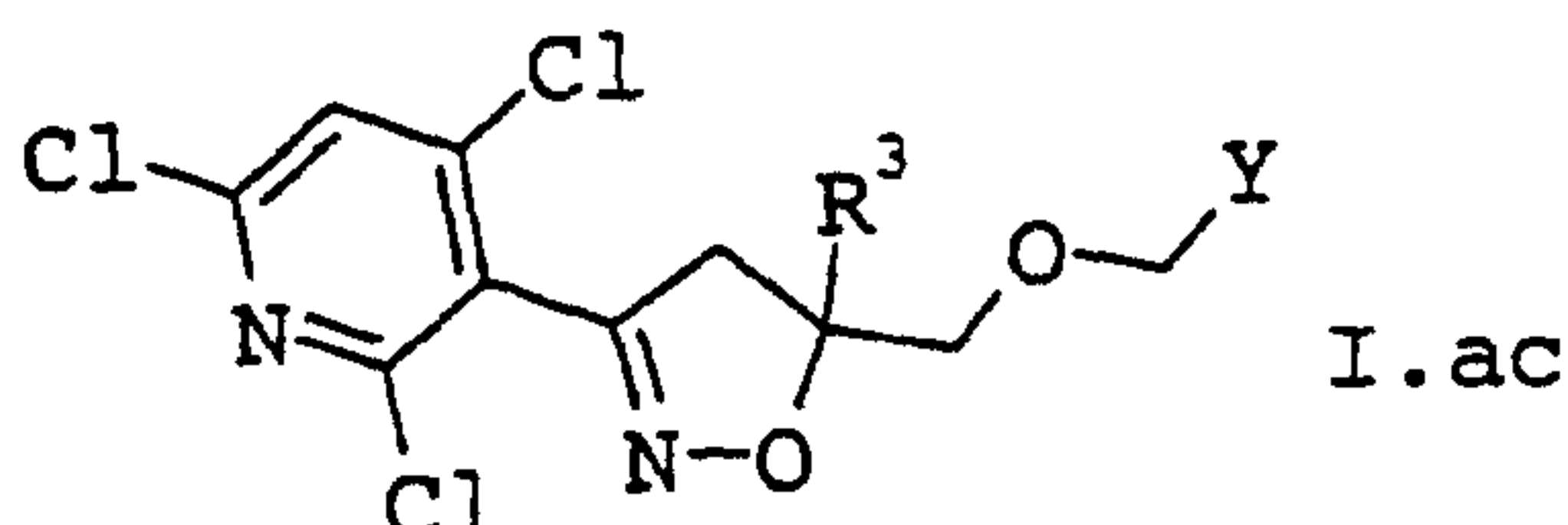
25 Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.ab, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.ab.1 to I.ab.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 6-chloro-2-methylpyrid-3-yl.

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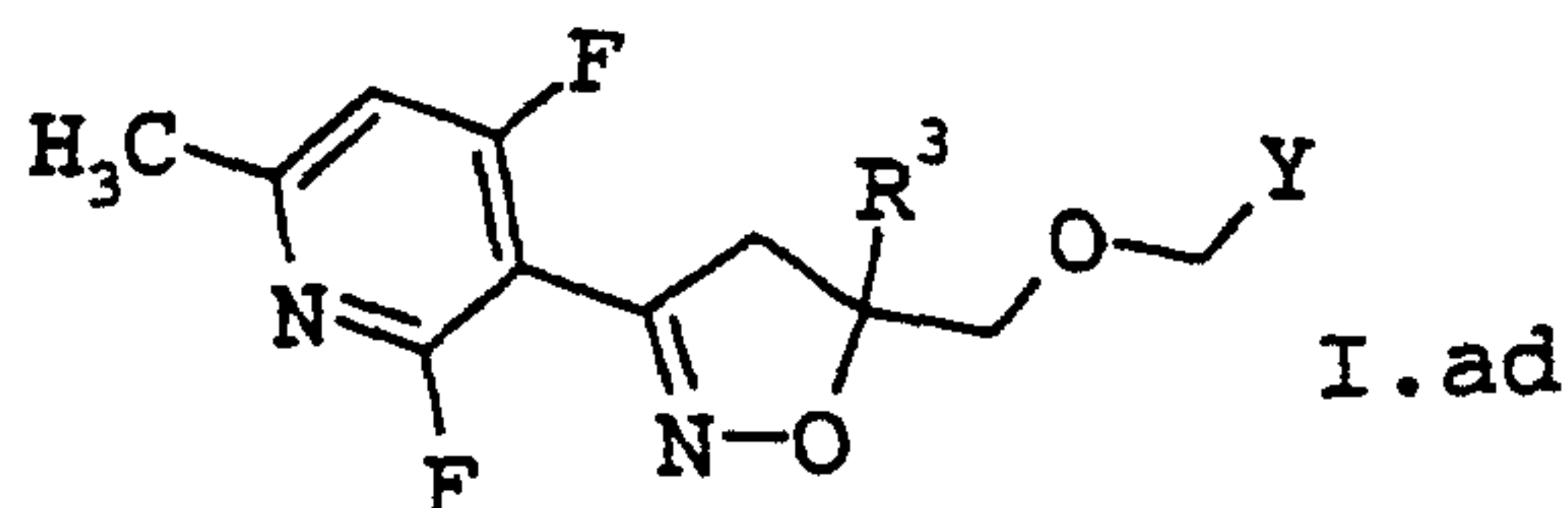
35 Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.ac, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.ac.1 to I.ac.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2,4,6-trichloropyrid-3-yl.

40



45 Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.ad, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.ad.1 to I.ad.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2,4-difluoro-6-methylpyrid-3-yl.

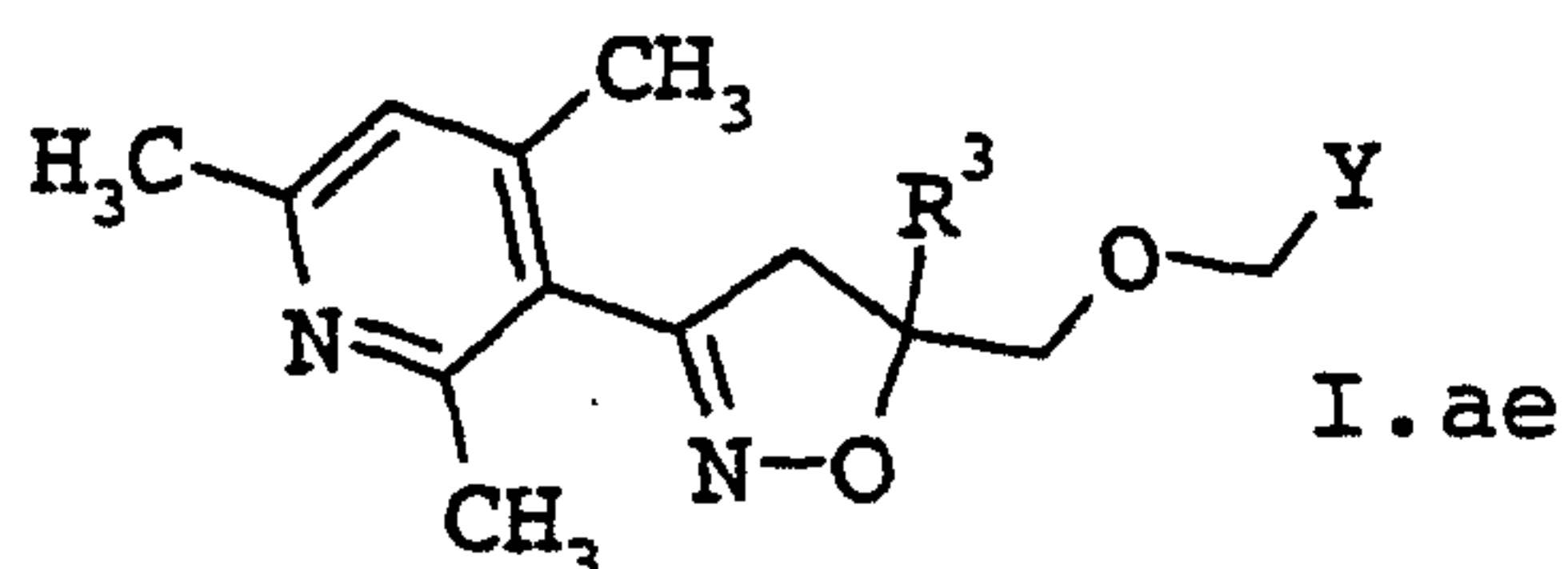
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.ae, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.ae.1 to I.ae.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2,4,6-trimethylpyrid-3-yl.

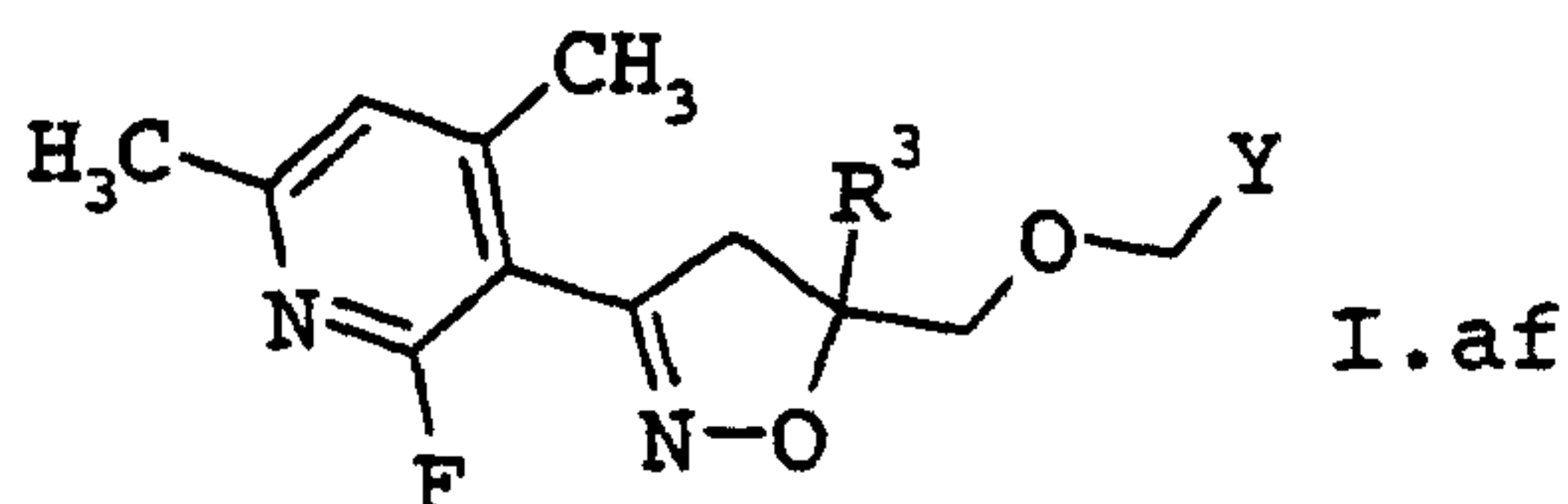
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.af, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.af.1 to I.af.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 4,6-dimethyl-2-fluoropyrid-3-yl.

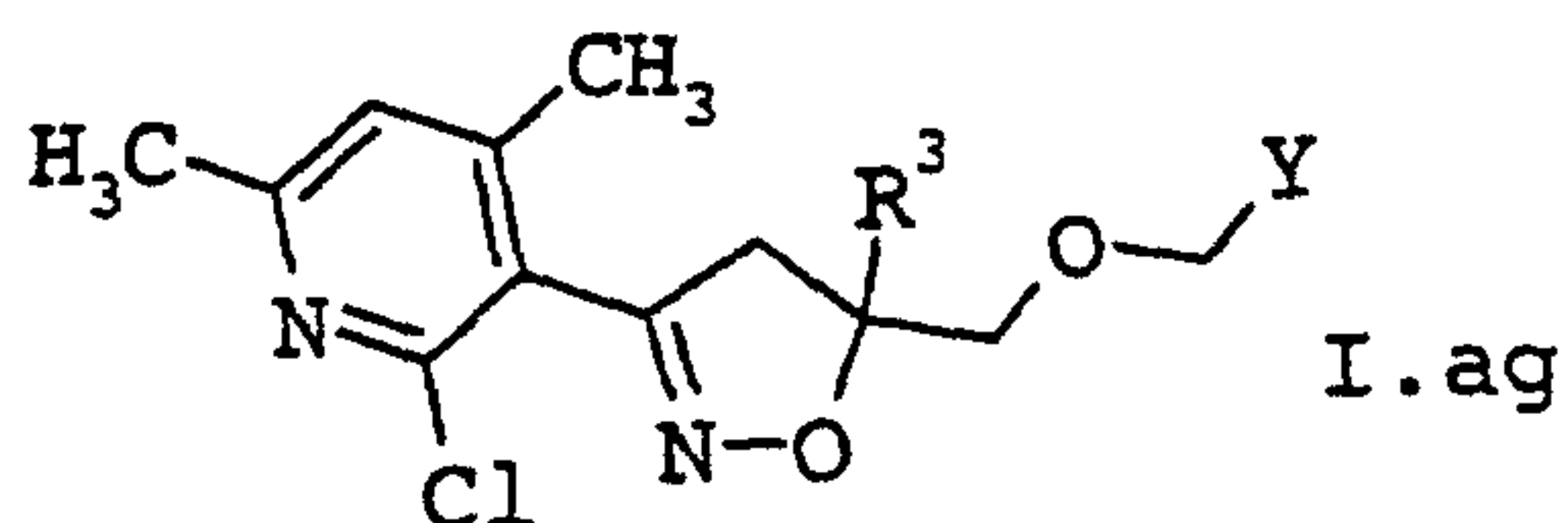
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.ag, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.ag.1 to I.ag.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2-chloro-4,6-dimethylpyrid-3-yl.

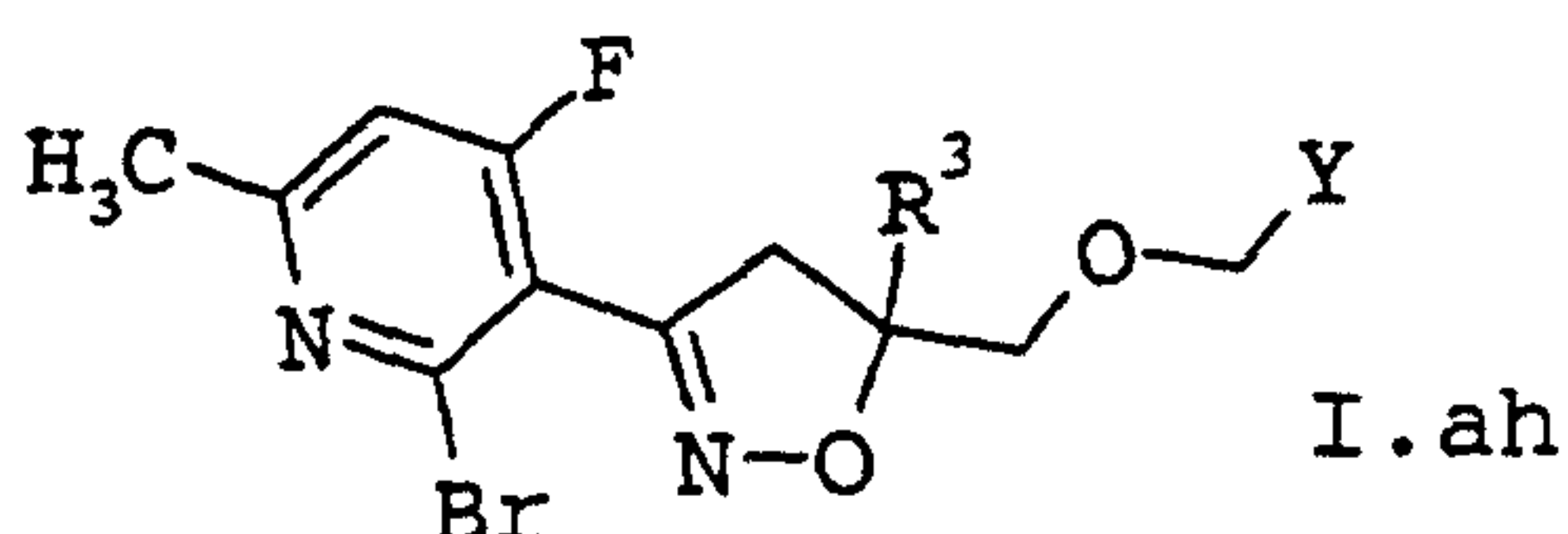
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.ah, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.ah.1 to I.ah.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2-bromo-4-fluoro-6-methylpyrid-3-yl.

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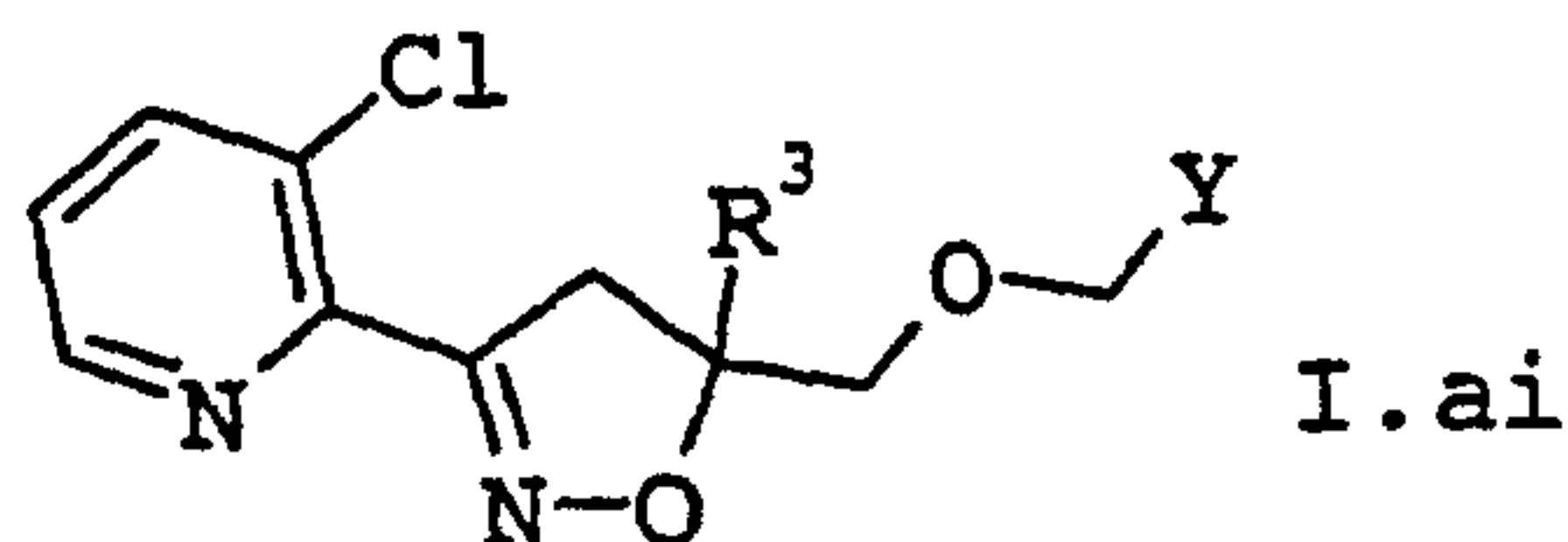


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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.ai, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.ai.1 to I.ai.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 3-chloropyrid-2-yl.

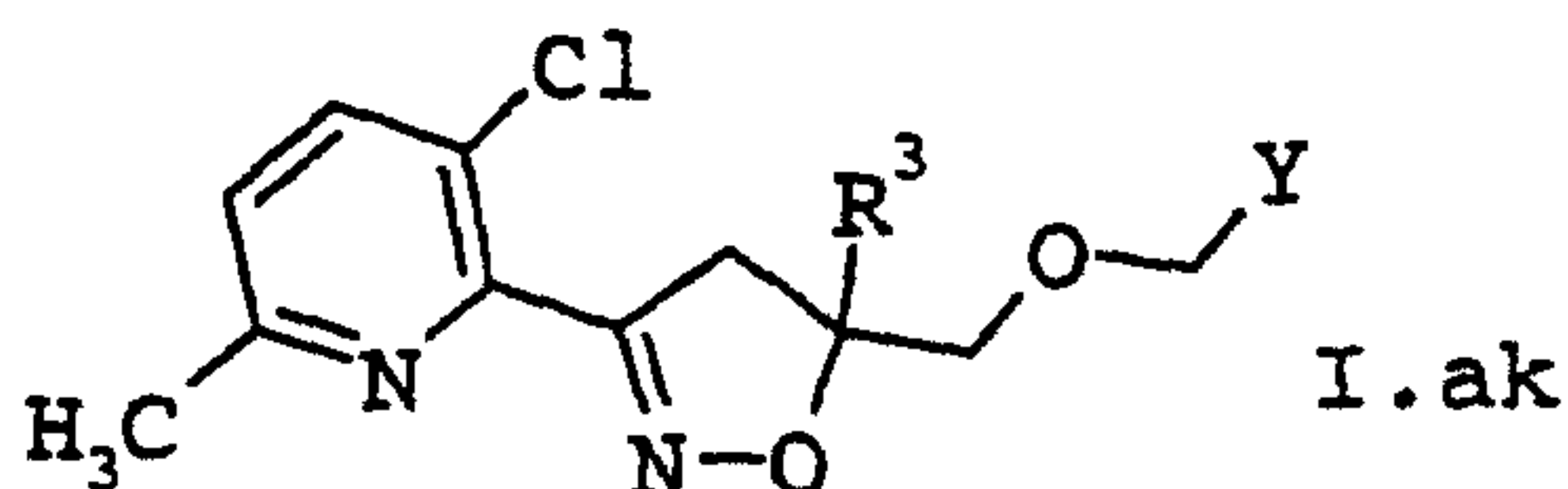
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.ak, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.ak.1 to I.ak.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 3-chloro-6-methylpyrid-2-yl.

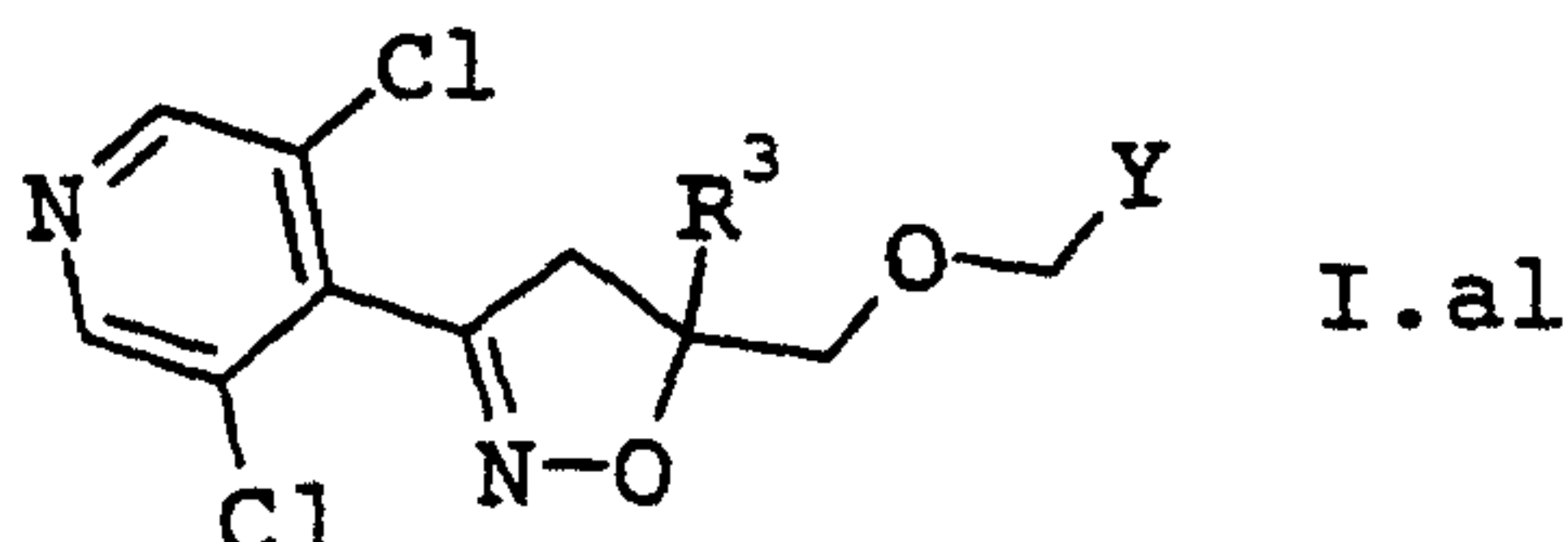
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.al, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.al.1 to I.al.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 3,5-dichloropyrid-4-yl.

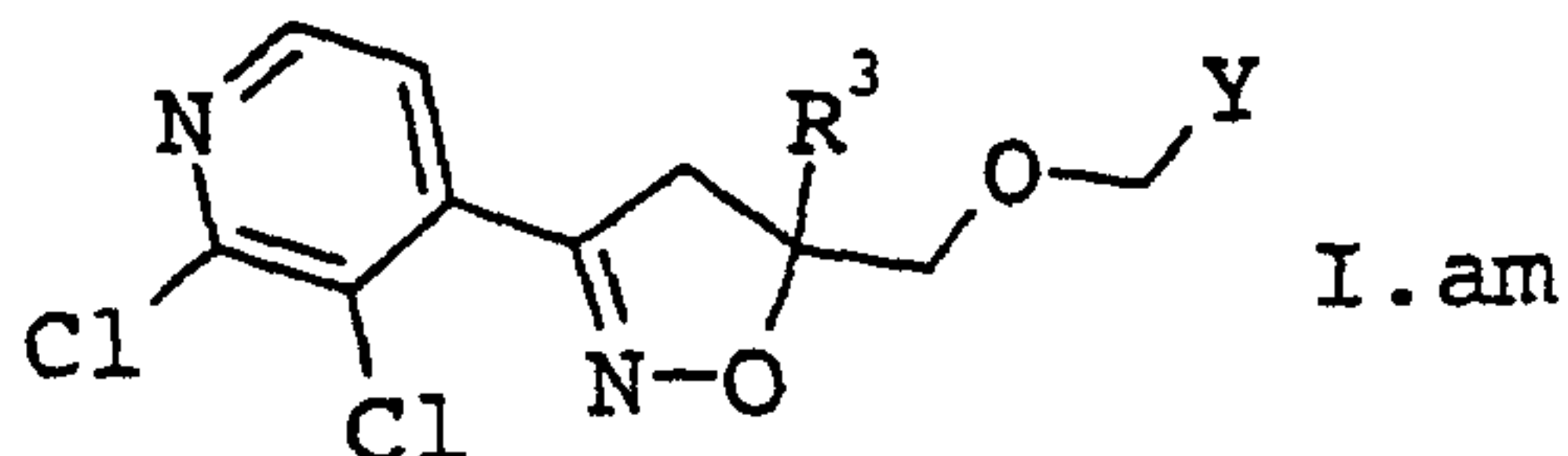
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.am, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.am.1 to I.am.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2,3-dichloropyrid-4-yl.

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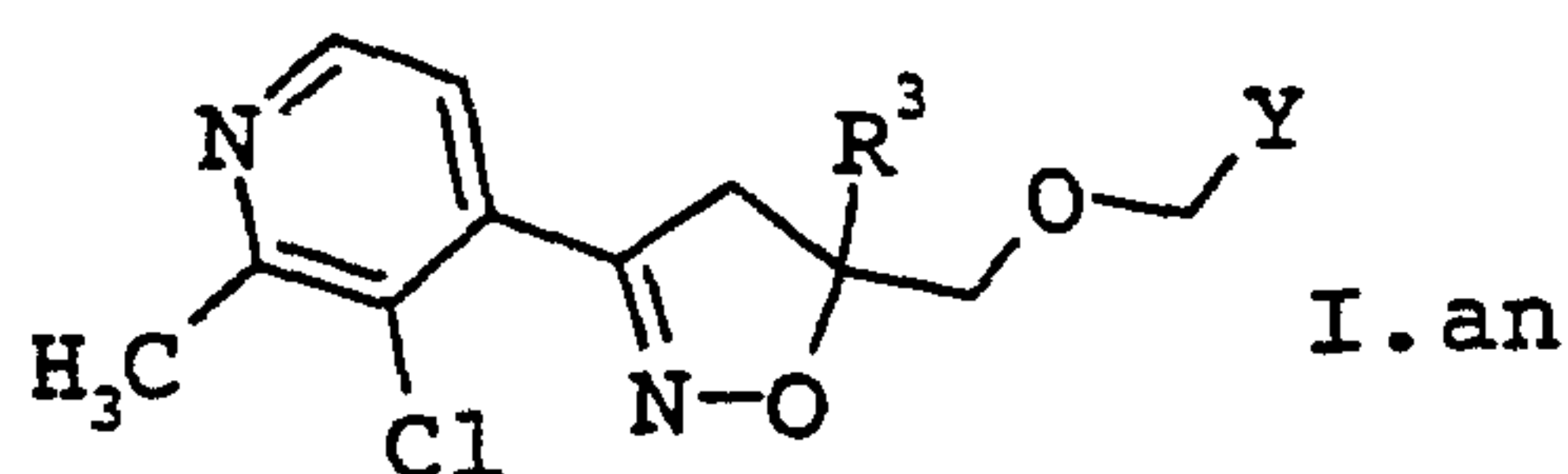


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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.an, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.an.1 to I.an.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 3-chloro-2-methylpyrid-4-yl.

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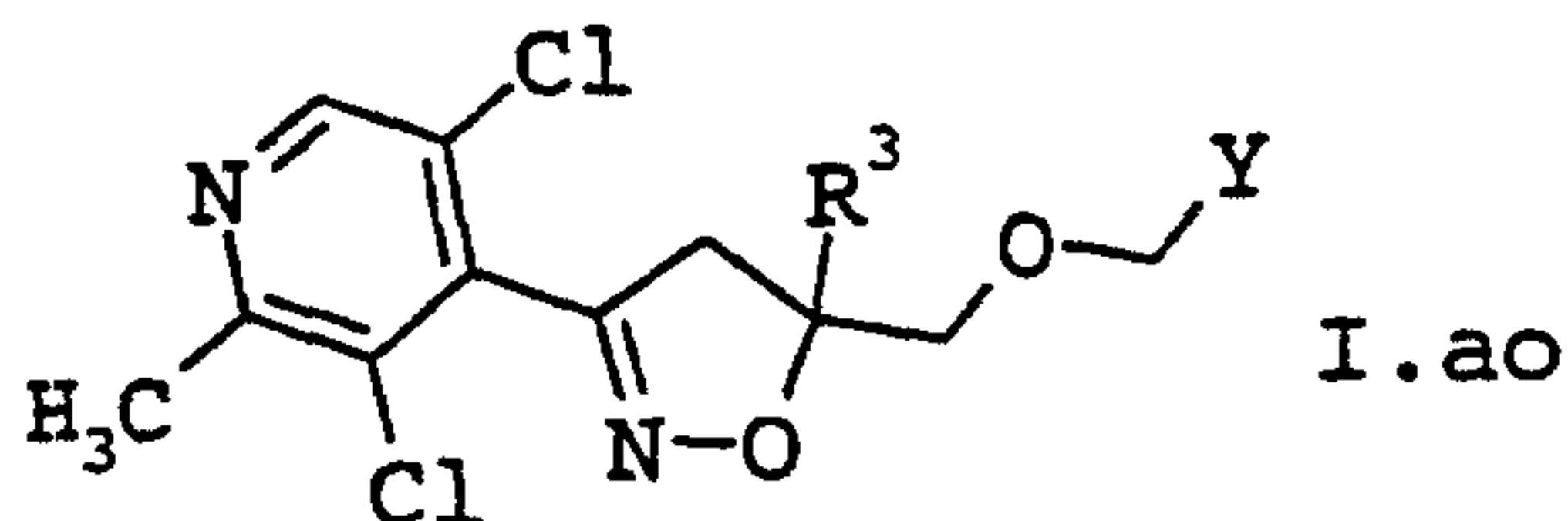
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.ao, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.ao.1 to I.ao.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 3,5-dichloro-2-methylpyrid-4-yl.

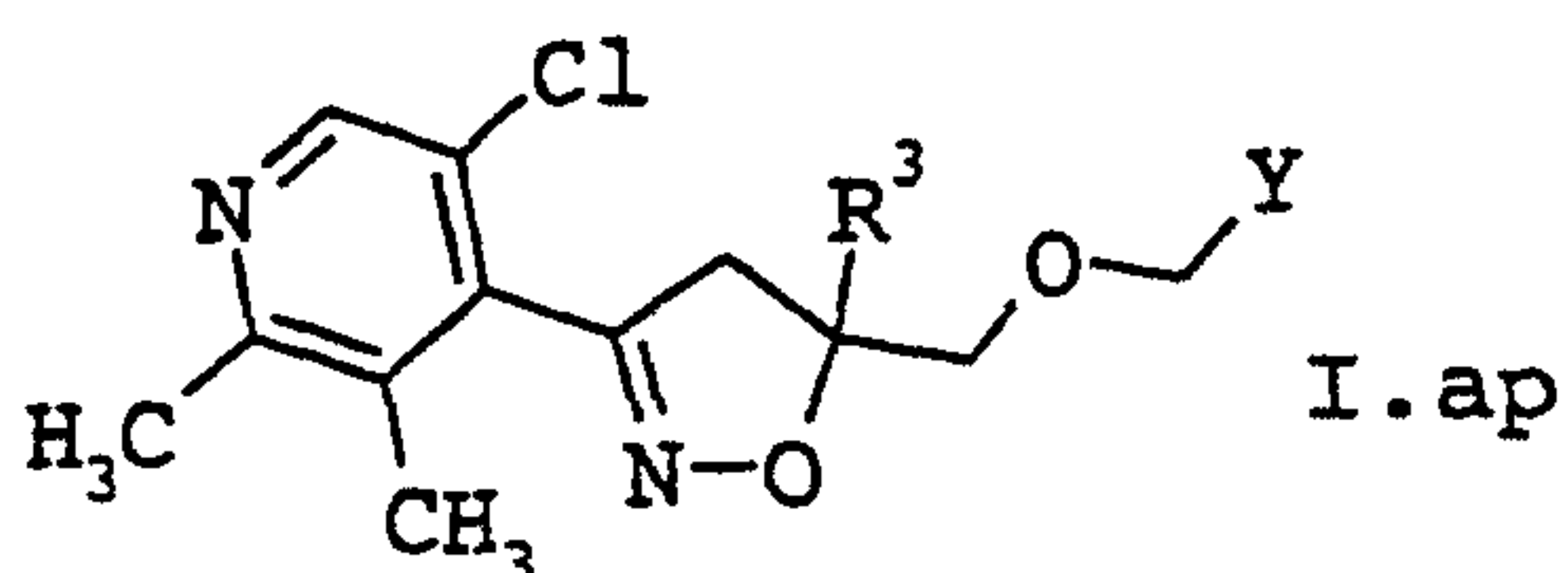
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.ap, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.ap.1 to I.ap.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 5-chloro-2,3-dimethylpyrid-4-yl.

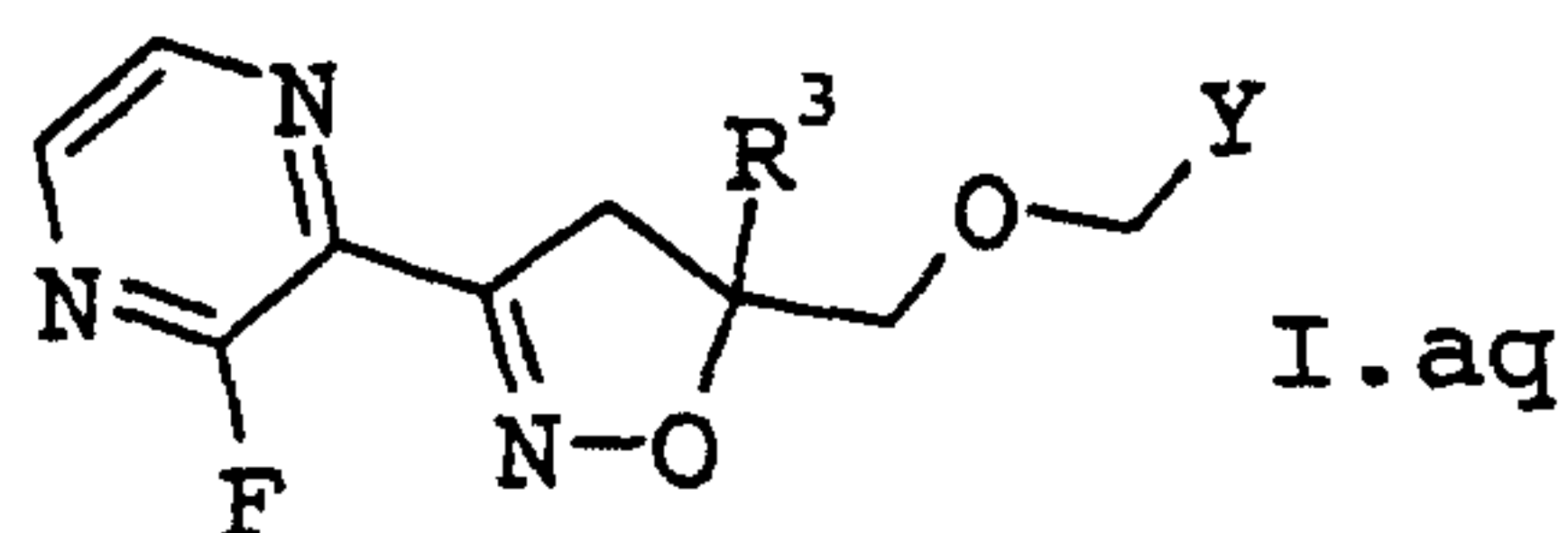
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.aq, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.aq.1 to I.aq.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2-fluoropyrazin-3-yl.

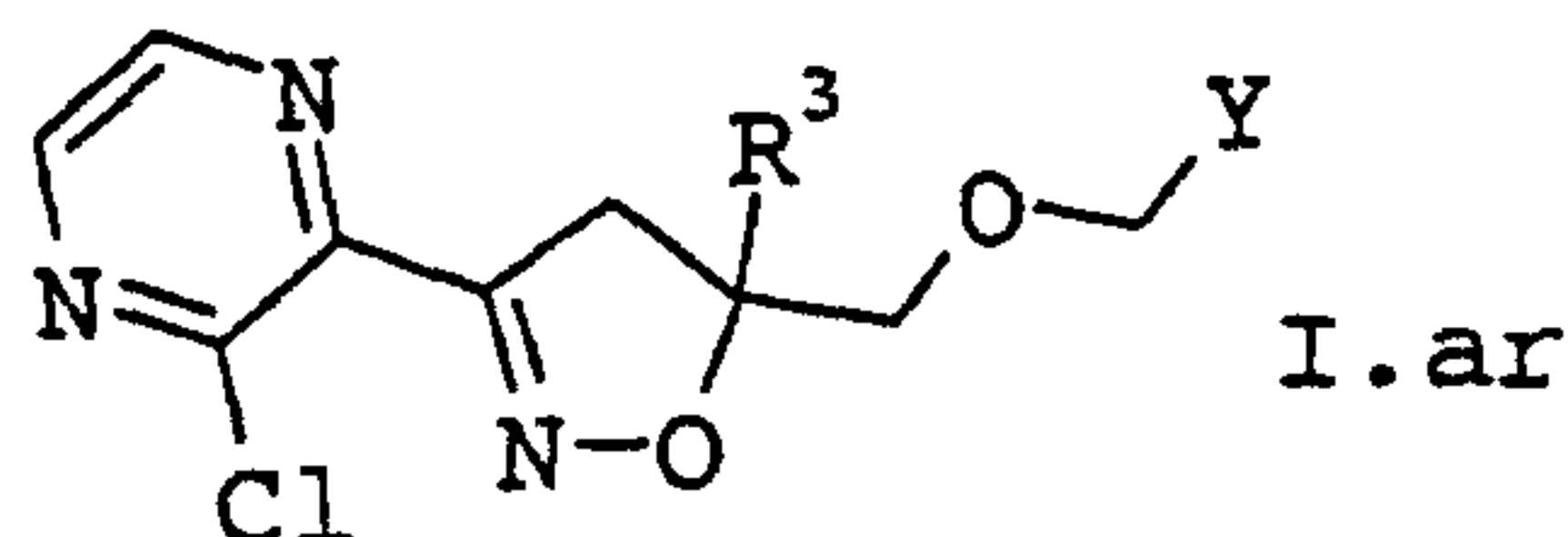
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.ar, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.ar.1 to I.ar.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2-chloropyrazin-3-yl.

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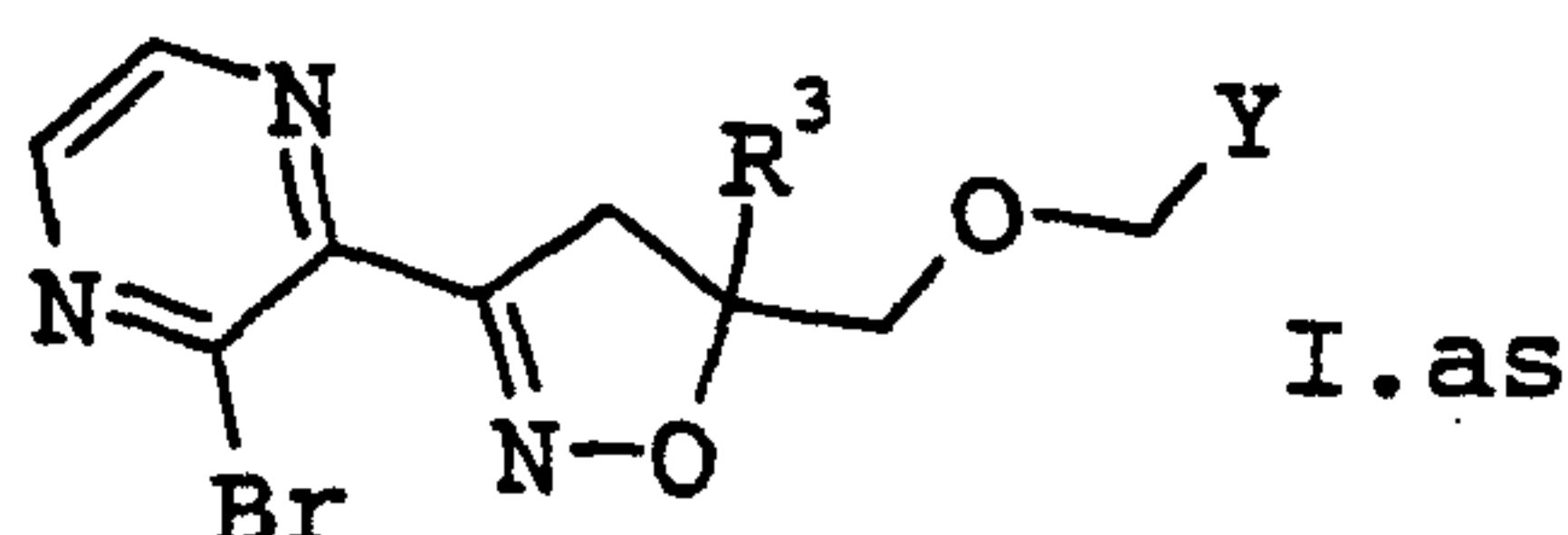


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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.as, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.as.1 to I.as.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2-bromopyrazin-3-yl.

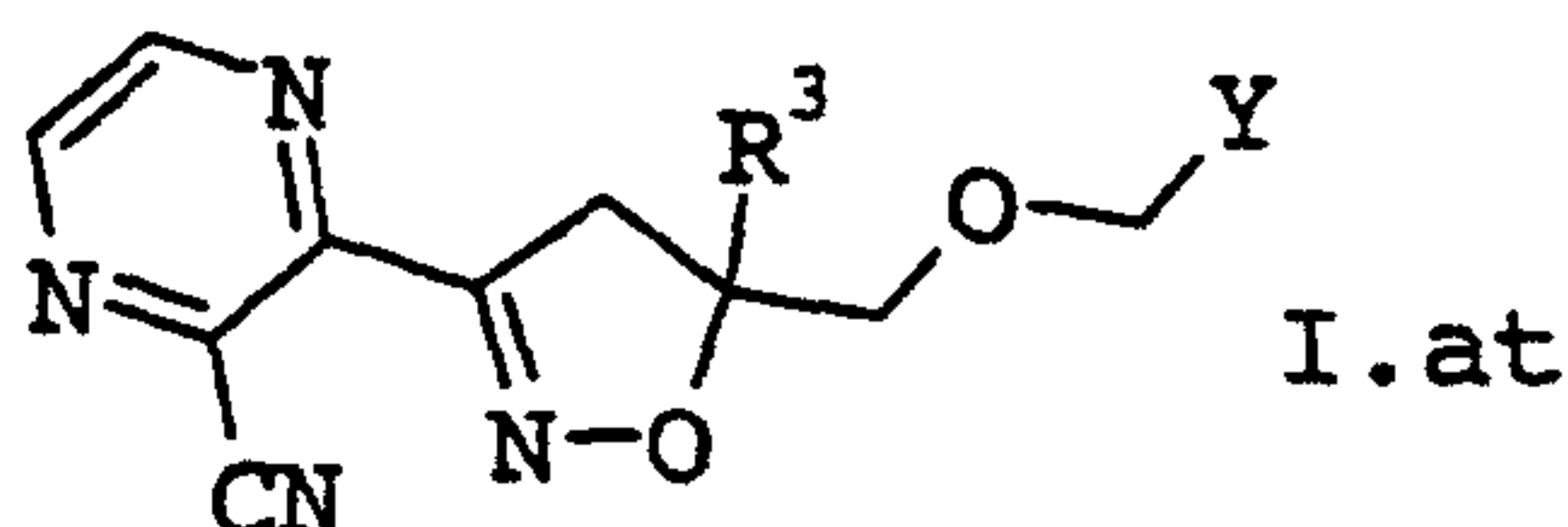
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.at, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.at.1 to I.at.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2-cyanopyrazin-3-yl.

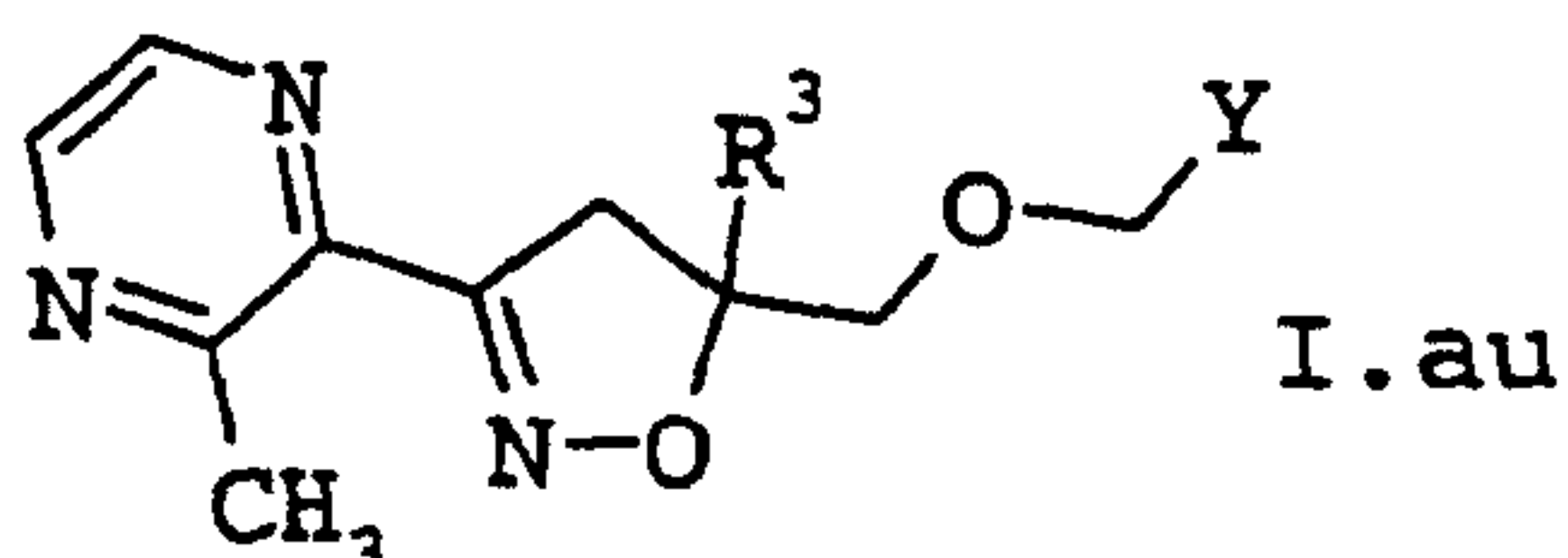
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.au, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.au.1 to I.au.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2-methylpyrazin-3-yl.

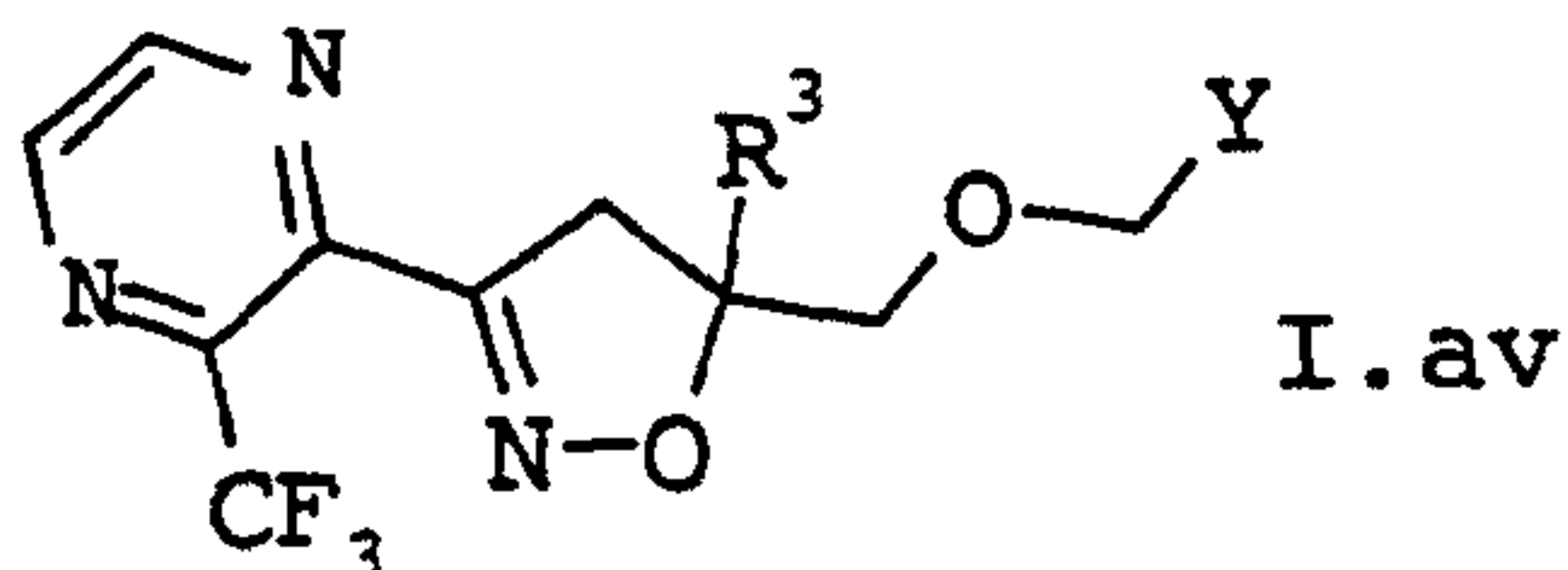
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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.av, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.av.1 to I.av.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2-trifluoromethylpyrazin-3-yl.

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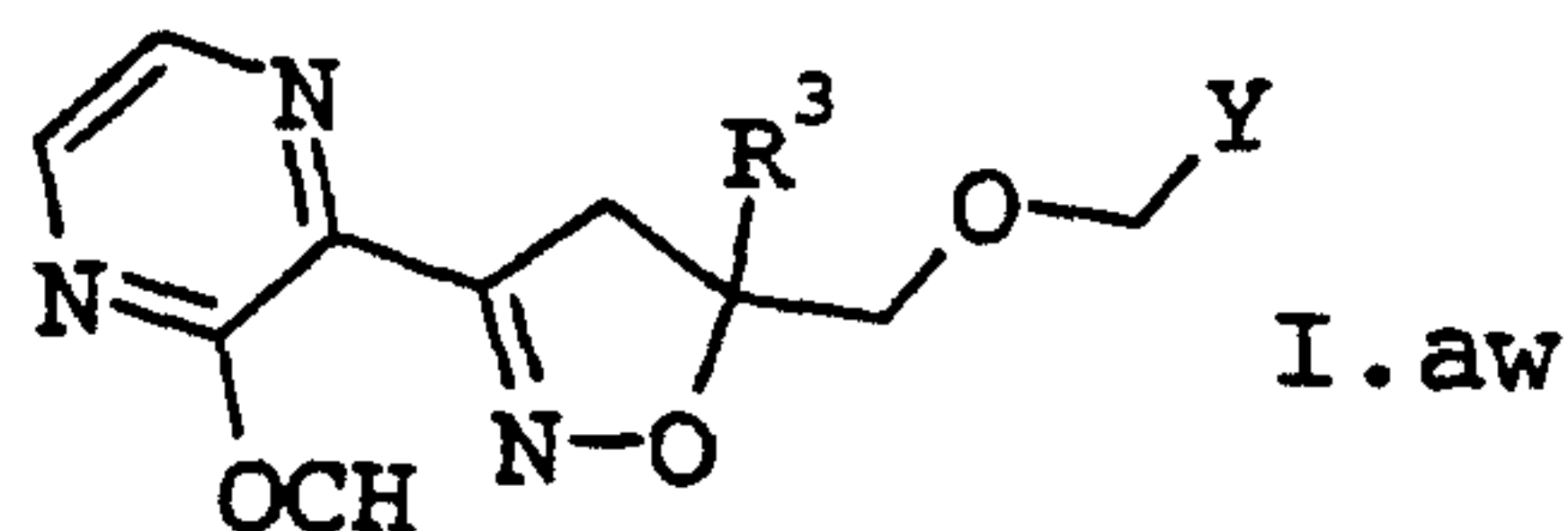


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Likewise most preferred are the compounds of the formula I.aw, in particular the compounds of the formulae I.aw.1 to I.aw.228 which differ from the corresponding compounds of the formulae I.f.1 to I.f.228 in that X is 2-methoxypyrazin-3-yl.

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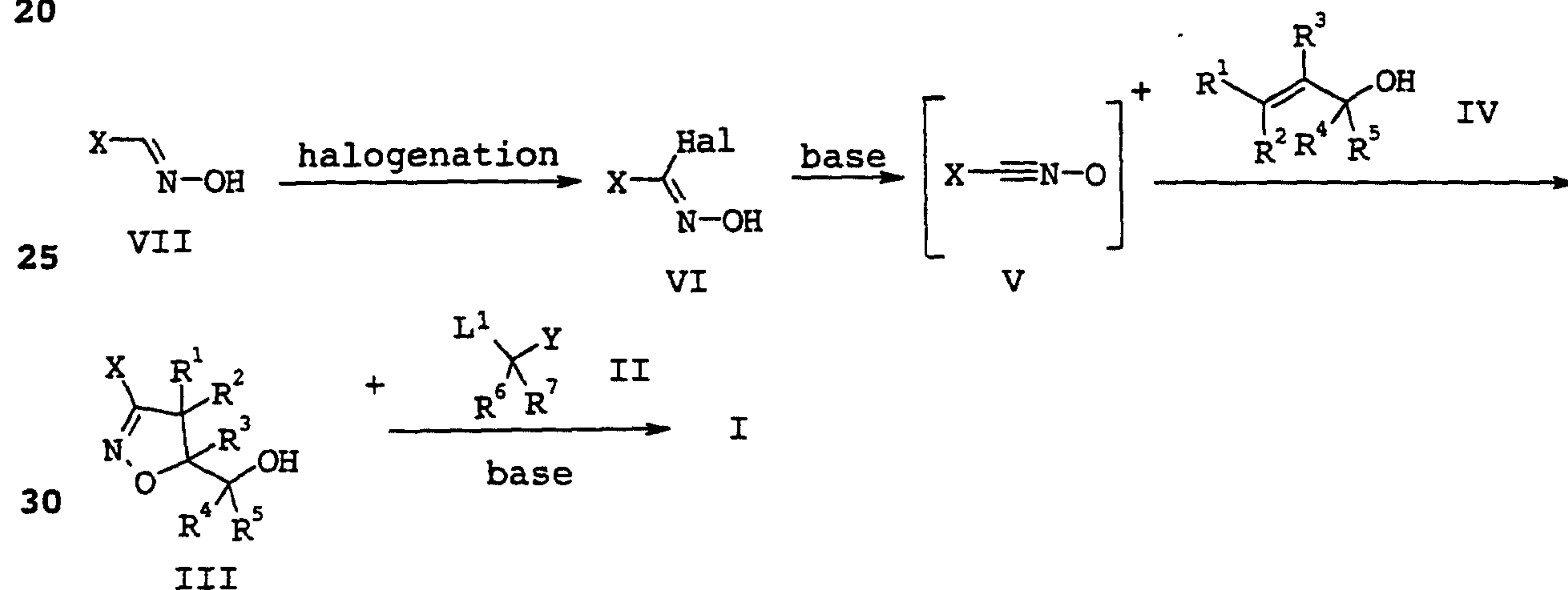
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The 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I can be obtained by different routes, for example by the following process:

10 Process A

An aldoxime of the formula VII is, via the corresponding hydroxamic acid halide of the formula VI converted into a nitrile oxide of the formula V. The nitrile oxide of the formula V reacts with an allyl alcohol of the formula IV to give a 5-hydroxymethylisoxazoline of the formula III. This is then etherified with an arylmethyl derivative of the formula II to give the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazoline of the formula I:

20



L^1 in formula II is a nucleophilically displaceable leaving group, such as halogen (e.g. chlorine, bromine or iodine), arylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfonyloxy or C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylsulfonyloxy, such as, for example, tolylsulfonyl or trifluoromethylsulfonyloxy, or another equivalent leaving group.

40

Hal in formula VI is halogen, preferably chlorine or bromine, with particular preference bromine.

The reaction of the 5-hydroxymethylisoxazoline of the formula III with an arylmethyl derivative of the formula II in the presence of a base to give the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazoline of the formula I is usually carried out at temperatures of from 0°C to

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120°C, preferably from 10°C to 80°C, in an inert organic solvent [cf. EP-0 334 120].

Suitable aprotic solvents are ethers, such as diethyl ether, 5 diisopropyl ether, tert-butyl methyl ether, dioxane, anisole and tetrahydrofuran, and also dimethyl sulfoxide, dimethylformamide and dimethylacetamide, particularly preferably diethyl ether, tert-butyl methyl ether, dioxane and tetrahydrofuran.

10 It is also possible to use mixtures of the solvents mentioned.

Suitable bases are, in general, inorganic compounds, such as alkali metal and alkaline earth metal hydroxides, such as lithium hydroxide, sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide and calcium 15 hydroxide, alkali metal and alkaline earth metal hydrides, such as lithium hydride, sodium hydride, potassium hydride and calcium hydride, alkali metal amides, such as lithium amide, sodium amide and potassium amide, alkali metal and alkaline earth metal carbonates such as lithium carbonate, sodium carbonate, potassium 20 carbonate and calcium carbonate, moreover organic bases, for example tertiary amines, such as trimethylamine, triethylamine, diisopropylethylamine and N-methylpiperidine, pyridine, substituted pyridines, such as collidine, lutidine and 4-dimethylaminopyridine, and also bicyclic amines.

25

The bases are generally employed in catalytic amounts; however, they can also be employed in equimolar amounts, in excess or, if appropriate, as solvent.

30 The starting materials are generally reacted with one another in equimolar amounts. It may be advantageous to employ an excess of II, based on III.

Work-up and isolation of the products can be carried out in a 35 manner known per se.

The arylmethyl derivatives of the formula II required for preparing the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I are known from the literature [cf. Organikum, 1979, pp. 40 213f., 413f.], or they can be prepared in accordance with the literature cited.

The nitrile oxides of the formula V required for preparing the 5-hydroxymethylisoxazolines of the formula III can be prepared in 45 accordance with the literature in situ from the corresponding aldoximes of the formula VII via the stage of the hydroxamic acid halide of the formula VI [cf. Houben-Weyl, Methoden der

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organischen Chemie [Methods of organic chemistry], Vol. E 5, 1985, p. 1591 ff. and literature cited therein], or they are known from the literature cited.

5 In general, the aldoxime of the formula VII is initially charged together with the allyl alcohol of the formula IV; using a halogenating agent, if appropriate with addition of base, the corresponding hydroxamic acid chloride of the formula VI is formed, and this is converted by further addition of base into
10 the nitrile oxide of the formula V. The nitrile oxide of the formula V generated in this way then reacts with the allyl alcohol of the formula IV initially charged with the reaction mixture to give the 5-hydroxymethylisoxazoline of the formula III.

15

Furthermore, it is also possible to initially halogenate the aldoxime of the formula VIII to give the hydroxamic acid chloride of the formula VI, followed by addition of the allyl alcohol of the formula IV and the base. The nitrile oxide of the formula V
20 generated in this way then reacts with the allyl alcohol of the formula IV, giving the 5-hydroxymethylisoxazoline of the formula III.

The reaction of the nitrile oxide of the formula V with an allyl
25 alcohol of the formula IV is usually carried out at temperatures of from -30°C to 80°C, preferably from -10°C to 20°C, in an inert organic solvent [cf. Houben-Weyl, Methoden der organischen Chemie, Vol. E 5, 1985, 1607 ff. and literature cited therein].

30 Suitable solvents are aliphatic hydrocarbons, such as pentane, hexane, cyclohexane and mixtures of C₅-C₈-alkanes, aromatic hydrocarbons, such as toluene, o-, m- and p-xylene, halogenated hydrocarbons, such as methylene chloride, chloroform and chlorobenzene, ethers, such as diethyl ether, diisopropyl ether,
35 tert-butyl methyl ether, dioxane, anisole and tetrahydrofuran, nitriles, such as acetonitrile and propionitrile, ketones, such as acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, diethyl ketone and tert-butyl methyl ketone, dimethyl sulfoxide, dimethylformamide and dimethylacetamide.

40

It is also possible to use mixtures of the solvents mentioned.

The starting materials are generally reacted with one another in equimolar amounts. It may be advantageous to use an excess of IV,
45 based on V.

63

The reaction mixtures are worked up in a customary manner, for example by mixing with water, separating the phases and, if appropriate, chromatographic purification of the crude products. Some of the intermediates and end products are obtained in the form of viscous oils which can be freed from volatile components or purified under reduced pressure and at moderately elevated temperature. If the intermediates and end products are obtained as solids, purification can also be carried out by recrystallization or digestion.

10

The corresponding aldoximes of the formula VII are known from the literature [cf. Houben-Weyl, Methoden der organischen Chemie, Vol. 10/4, 1968, p. 55 ff.], or they can be prepared from the corresponding aldehydes, in accordance with the literature cited.

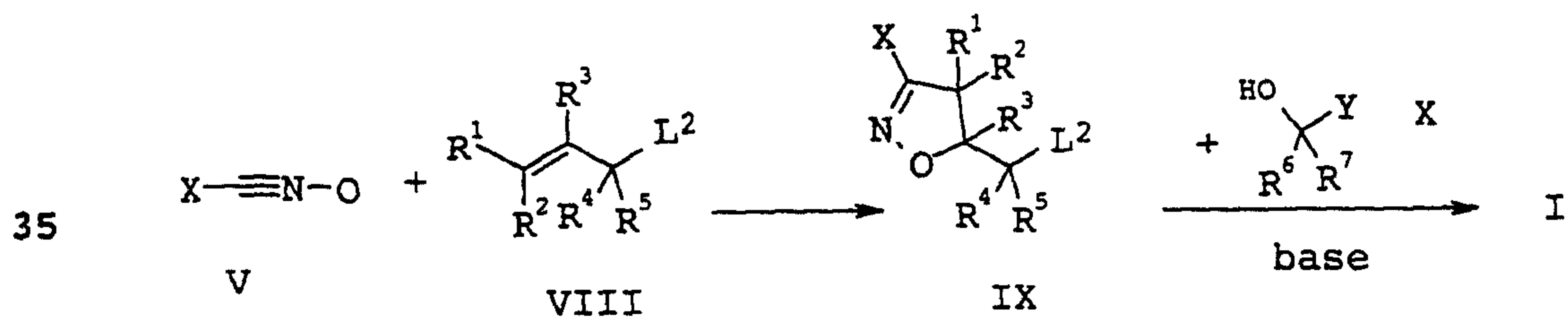
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The allyl alcohols of the formula IV required for preparing the 5-hydroxymethylisoxazolines III are known from the literature [cf. EP-514 987; Houben-Weyl, Methoden der organischen Chemie, Vol. 6/1a, 1979, p. 55 ff. and literature cited therein] or they can be prepared in accordance with the literature cited.

Process B

A nitrile oxide of the formula V reacts with an allyl derivative of the formula VIII to give a methyl isoxazoline derivative of the formula IX. This is then etherified with an arylmethyl alcohol of the formula X to give the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazoline of the formula I:

30



L² in the formulae VIII and IX is a nucleophilically displaceable leaving group, such as halogen (e.g. chlorine, bromine or iodine), C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyloxy or C₁-C₆-haloalkylsulfonyloxy, such as, for example, trifluoromethylsulfonyloxy, or another equivalent leaving group.

The reaction of the methylisoxazoline derivative of the formula IX with an arylmethyl alcohol of the formula X is carried out analogously to the reaction of the 5-hydroxymethylisoxazoline of

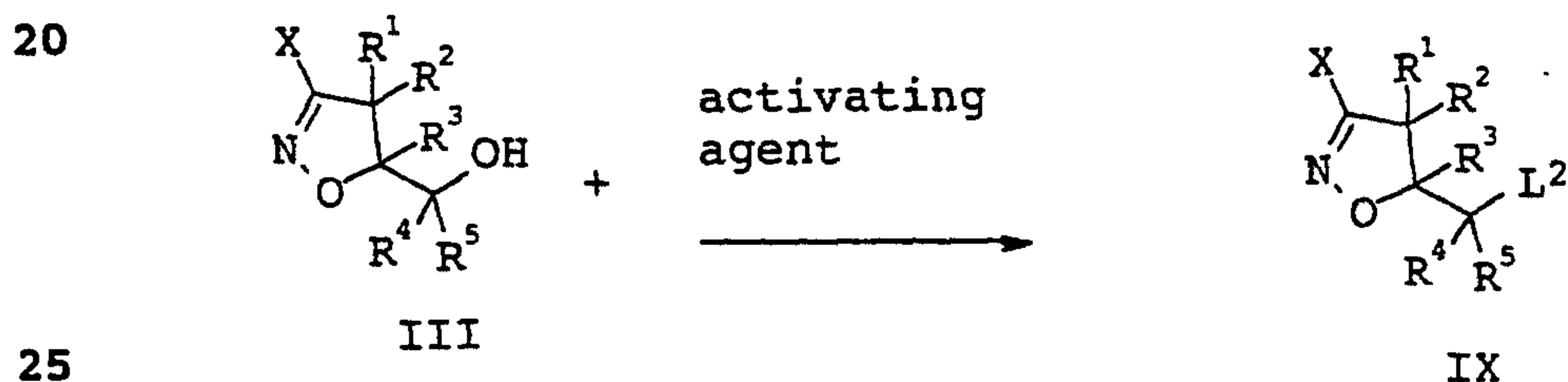
64

the formula III with an arylmethyl derivative of the formula II in process A.

The arylmethyl alcohols of the formula X required for preparing the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I are known to the person skilled in the art or can be prepared by reactions known from the literature.

The preparation of the methylisoxazoline derivatives of the formula IX from nitrile oxides of the formula V and allyl derivatives of the formula VIII is carried out analogously to the preparation of the 5-hydroxymethylisoxazolines of the formula III in process A.

Furthermore, it is possible to prepare the methylisoxazoline derivatives of the formula IX from 5-hydroxymethylisoxazolines of the formula III:



The conversion of the 5-hydroxymethylisoxazolines into methylisoxazoline derivatives of the formula IX is usually carried out at temperatures of from -20°C to the reflux temperature of the reaction mixtures in question, in an inert solvent.

Suitable solvents are aliphatic hydrocarbons, such as pentane, hexane, cyclohexane and mixtures of C₅-C₈-alkanes, aromatic hydrocarbons, such as toluene, o-, m- and p-xylene, halogenated hydrocarbons, such as methylene chloride, chloroform and chlorobenzene, ethers, such as diethyl ether, diisopropyl ether, tert-butyl methyl ether, dioxane, anisole and tetrahydrofuran. It is also possible to use mixtures of the solvents mentioned.

40

Suitable activating agents are, for example, halogenating agents, such as thionyl chloride, phosgene, diphosgene, triphosgene, oxalyl chloride, thionyl bromide, oxalyl bromide, or, for example, alkylsulfonyl chlorides, such as, for example, methylsulfonyl chloride, or haloalkylsulfonyl chlorides, such as, for example, trifluoromethylsulfonyl chloride.

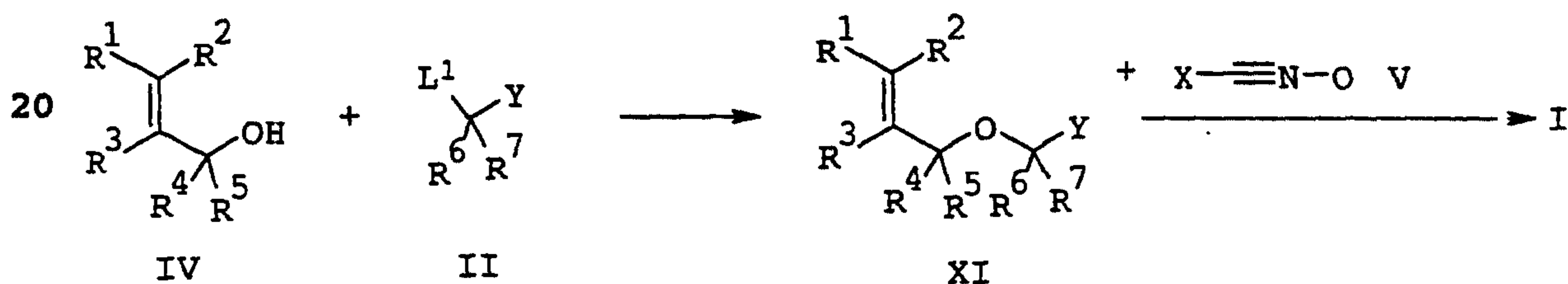
65

The starting materials are generally reacted with one another in equimolar amounts. It may be advantageous to employ an excess of activating agent.

- 5 The allyl derivatives of the formula VIII are known to the person skilled in the art or can be prepared, for example, from the allyl alcohols of the formula IV, analogously to the conversion of III into IX.

10 Process C

An allyl alcohol of the formula IV is converted with arylmethyl derivative of the formula II into an arylmethyl allyl ether of the formula XI. This then reacts with a nitrile oxide of the
15 formula V to give the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I:



25

L¹ in formula II is a nucleophilically displaceable leaving group, such as halogen (e.g. chlorine, bromine or iodine), aryl-, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl, toluolsulfonyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyloxy or C₁-C₆-haloalkylsulfonyloxy (such as e.g. trifluoromethylsulfonyloxy), or another equivalent leaving group.

aryl/sulfonyl
(e.g.)

30

The reaction of the arylmethyl allyl ethers of the formula XI with a nitrile oxide of the formula V to give the

- 35 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I is carried out analogously to the reaction of the nitrile oxide of the formula V with an allyl alcohol of the formula IV in process A.

The starting materials are generally reacted with one another in
40 equimolar amounts. It may be advantageous to employ an excess of XI, based on V.

Work-up and isolation of the products can be carried out in a manner known per se.

45

66

The nitrile oxides of the formula V required for preparing the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I are obtainable analogously to process A.

- 5 The reaction of the allyl alcohol of the formula IV with an arylmethyl derivative of the formula II is carried out analogously to the reaction of the 5-hydroxymethylisoxazoline of the formula III with an arylmethyl derivative of the formula II in process A.

10

The starting materials are generally reacted with one another in equimolar amounts. It may be advantageous to employ an excess of II, based on V.

- 15 Work-up and isolation of the products can be carried out in a manner known per se.

The arylmethyl derivatives of the formula II and allyl alcohols of the formula IV required for preparing the allylmethyl allyl
20 ethers of the formula XI can be obtained according to process A.

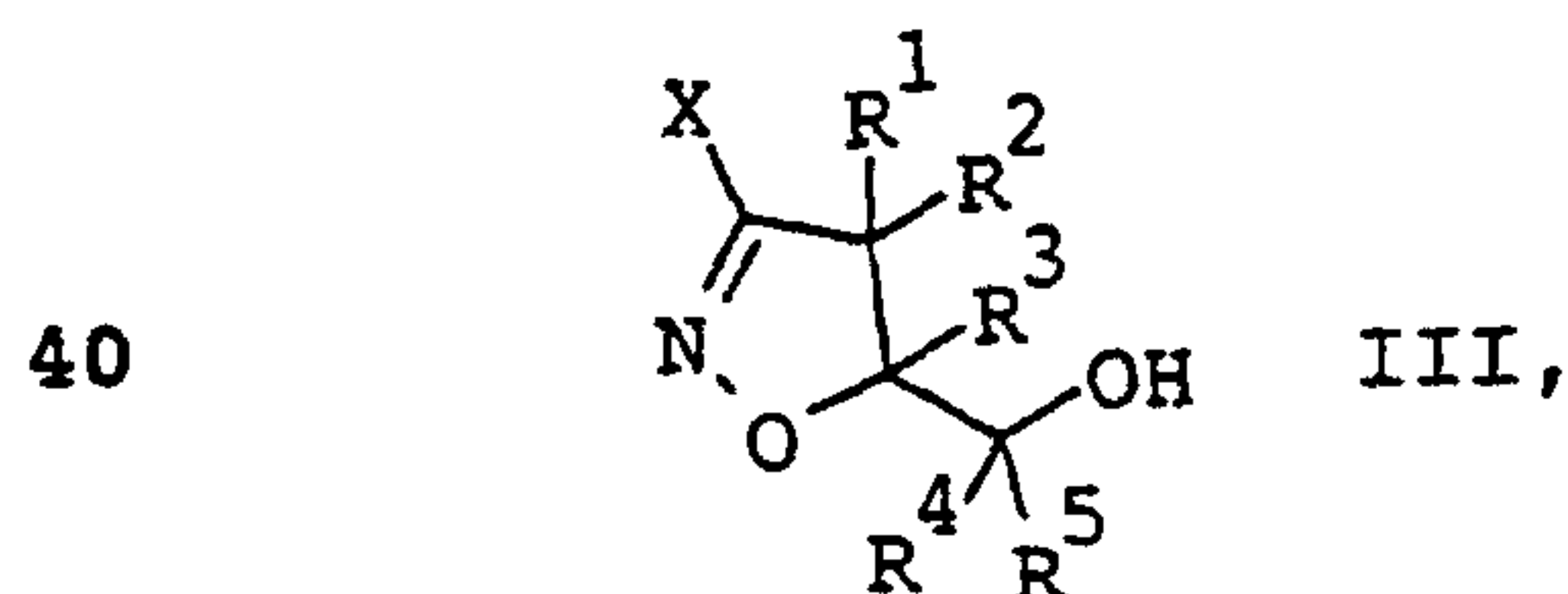
Furthermore, it is possible to prepare the arylmethyl allyl ether of the formula XI by reacting the corresponding allyl derivative of the formula VIII with an arylmethyl alcohol of the formula X
25 (cf. process B).

The reaction is carried out analogously to the reaction of the allyl alcohol of the formula IV with an arylmethyl derivative of the formula II, or analogously to the reaction of
30 5-hydroxymethylisoxazoline of the formula III with an arylmethyl derivative of the formula II in process A.

The allyl derivatives of the formula VIII and arylmethyl alcohols of the formula X required can be obtained according to process B.

35

5-Hydroxymethylisoxazolines of the formula III



45 where X, R¹, R², R³, R⁴ and R⁵ are as defined in claim 1 also form part of the subject-matter of the present invention.

67

With respect to the variables, the particularly preferred embodiments of the intermediates correspond to those of the radicals X, R¹, R², R³, R⁴ and R⁵ of formula I.

- 5 Particular preference is given to 5-hydroxymethylisoxazolines of the formula III, in which

- X is 6-membered heteroaryl having one to three nitrogen atoms;
10 preferably 6-membered heteroaryl having one or two nitrogen atoms;
in particular pyridyl, pyrimidyl and pyrazinyl;
very preferably pyridyl and pyrimidyl;
also preferably pyridyl and pyrazinyl;
15 where the 6-membered heteroaryl is substituted in each case as described above; and
- R¹-R⁵ are hydrogen, C₁-C₄-alkyl, such as, for example, methyl or ethyl, or C₁-C₄-haloalkyl, such as, for example,
20 difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl or trichloromethyl;
particularly preferably hydrogen, methyl or trifluoromethyl;
very preferably hydrogen;
with particular preference, R¹, R², R⁴-R⁵ are hydrogen,
25 methyl or trifluoromethyl and R³ is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl or trifluoromethyl;
with very particular preference, R¹, R², R⁴-R⁵ are hydrogen and R³ is methyl.

- 30 Particular preference is also given to 5-hydroxymethylisoxazolines of the formula III in which

- X is X¹, where
- 35 R^a is halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, amino, C₁-C₆-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₆-alkyl)amino, C₁-C₆-alkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfinyl or C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl,
R^b is hydrogen or one of the substituents mentioned above
40 under R^a;
R^d is hydrogen or C₁-C₆-alkyl;
preferably hydrogen or C₁-C₄-alkyl;

with particular preference

- 45 R^a is halogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy or C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy;

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- R^b is hydrogen, halogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy;
 R^d is hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl; and
- 5 R^1 - R^7 are hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, such as, for example, methyl or ethyl, or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, such as, for example, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl or trichloromethyl; particularly preferably hydrogen, methyl or trifluoromethyl;
10 very preferably hydrogen;
with particular preference R^1 , R^2 , R^4 - R^7 are hydrogen, methyl or trifluoromethyl and R^3 is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl or trifluoromethyl;
with very particular preference, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 - R^7 are
15 hydrogen and R^3 is methyl.

Particular preference is also given to the
5-hydroxymethylisoxazolines of the formula III, in which

- 20 X is X^5 , where

- R^a is halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy, amino, C_1 - C_6 -alkylamino, di(C_1 - C_6 -alkyl)amino, C_1 - C_6 -alkylthio,
25 C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfinyl or C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfonyl,
 R^b , R^c are hydrogen or one of the substituents mentioned above under R^a ; and
 R^d is hydrogen or C_1 - C_6 -alkyl;
preferably hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl;
30 preferably

- R^a is halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy, amino, C_1 - C_6 -alkylamino, di(C_1 - C_6 -alkyl)amino, C_1 - C_6 -alkylthio,
35 C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfinyl or C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfonyl;
 R^b , R^c are hydrogen or one of the substituents mentioned above under R^a ; and
 R^d is hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl;

- 40 where the 5-membered heterocycle is attached to the isoxazoline skeleton in the position ortho to the heteroatom;

with particular preference

- 45 R^a is halogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy;

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- R^b , R^c are hydrogen, or one of the substituents mentioned above under R^a ; and
 R^d is hydrogen or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl;
- 5 where the 5-membered heterocycle is attached to the isoxazoline skeleton in the position ortho to the heteroatom; and
- R^1 - R^5 are hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, such as, for example, methyl or ethyl, or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, such as, for example, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl or trichloromethyl;
10 particularly preferably hydrogen, methyl or trifluoromethyl;
very preferably hydrogen;
with particular preference, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 - R^5 are hydrogen,
15 methyl or trifluoromethyl and R^3 is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl or trifluoromethyl;
with very particular preference, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 - R^5 are hydrogen and R^3 is methyl.
- 20 Particular preference is also given to 5-hydroxymethylisoxazolines of the formula III, in which
- X is X^6 , where
- 25 R^a is halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy, amino, C_1 - C_6 -alkylamino, di(C_1 - C_6 -alkyl)amino, C_1 - C_6 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfinyl or C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfonyl;
 R^b is hydrogen, or one of the substituents mentioned above
30 under R^a ;
- preferably
- R^a is halogen, cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl,
35 C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy, amino, C_1 - C_6 -alkylamino, di(C_1 - C_6 -alkyl)amino, C_1 - C_6 -alkylthio, C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfinyl or C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfonyl,
 R^b is hydrogen, or one of the substituents mentioned above
40 under R^a ;
- where the 5-membered heterocycle is attached to the isoxazoline skeleton in the position ortho to a heteroatom;
- with particular preference
- 45 R^a is halogen, C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, C_1 - C_6 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_6 -haloalkoxy,

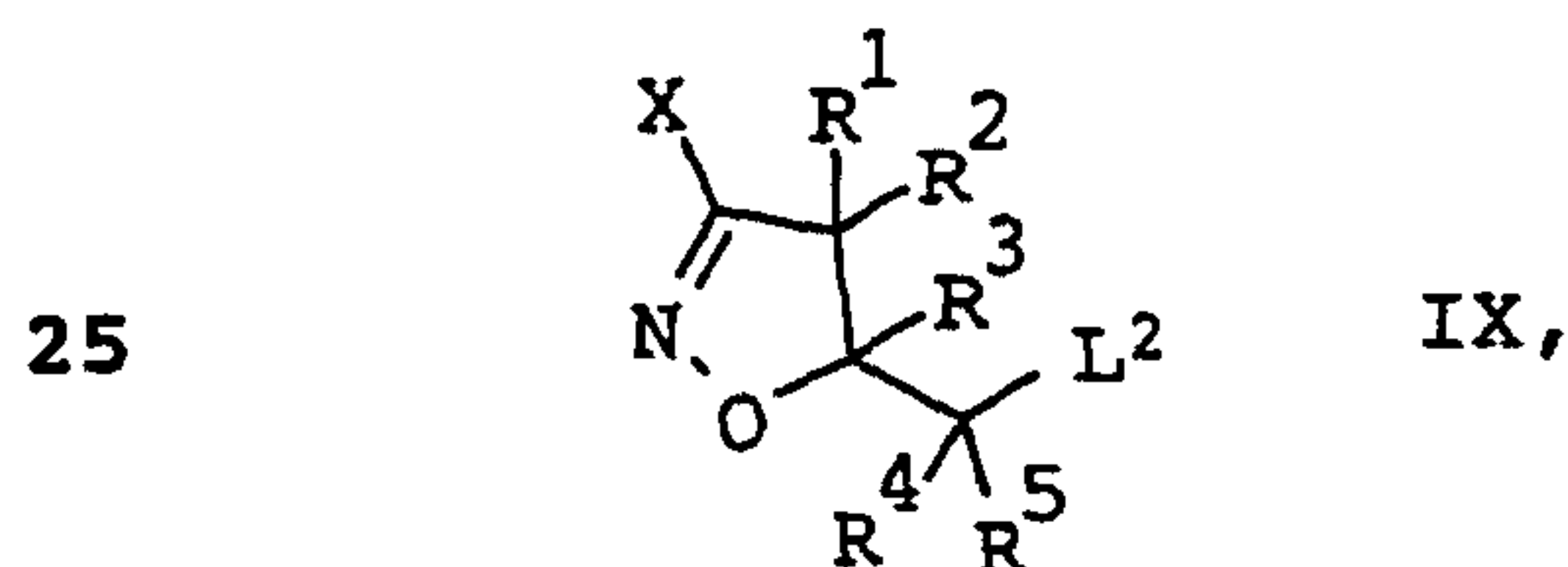
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R^b is hydrogen, or one of the substituents mentioned above under R^a ;

where the 5-membered heterocycle is attached to the isoxazoline skeleton in the position ortho to a heteroatom; and

R^1 - R^5 are hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, such as, for example, methyl or ethyl, or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, such as, for example, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl or trichloromethyl; particularly preferably hydrogen, methyl or trifluoromethyl; very preferably hydrogen; with particular preference, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 - R^5 are hydrogen, methyl or trifluoromethyl and R^3 is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl or trifluoromethyl; with very particular preference, R^1 , R^2 , R^4 - R^5 are hydrogen and R^3 is methyl.

The present invention also provides methylisoxazolines of the formula IX



where X and R^1 - R^5 are as defined in claim 1 and L^2 is a nucleophilically displaceable leaving group, such as halogen (for example chlorine, bromine and iodine), C_1 - C_6 -alkylsulfonyloxy or C_1 - C_6 -haloalkylsulfonyloxy (for example trifluoromethylsulfonyloxy), or another equivalent leaving group.

With respect to the variables, the particularly preferred embodiments of the intermediates correspond to those of radicals X and R^1 - R^5 of the formula I.

Particular preference is given to methylisoxazolines of the formula IX in which

X is 6-membered heteroaryl having one to three nitrogen atoms; in particular 6-membered heteroaryl having one or two nitrogen atoms; very preferably pyridyl;

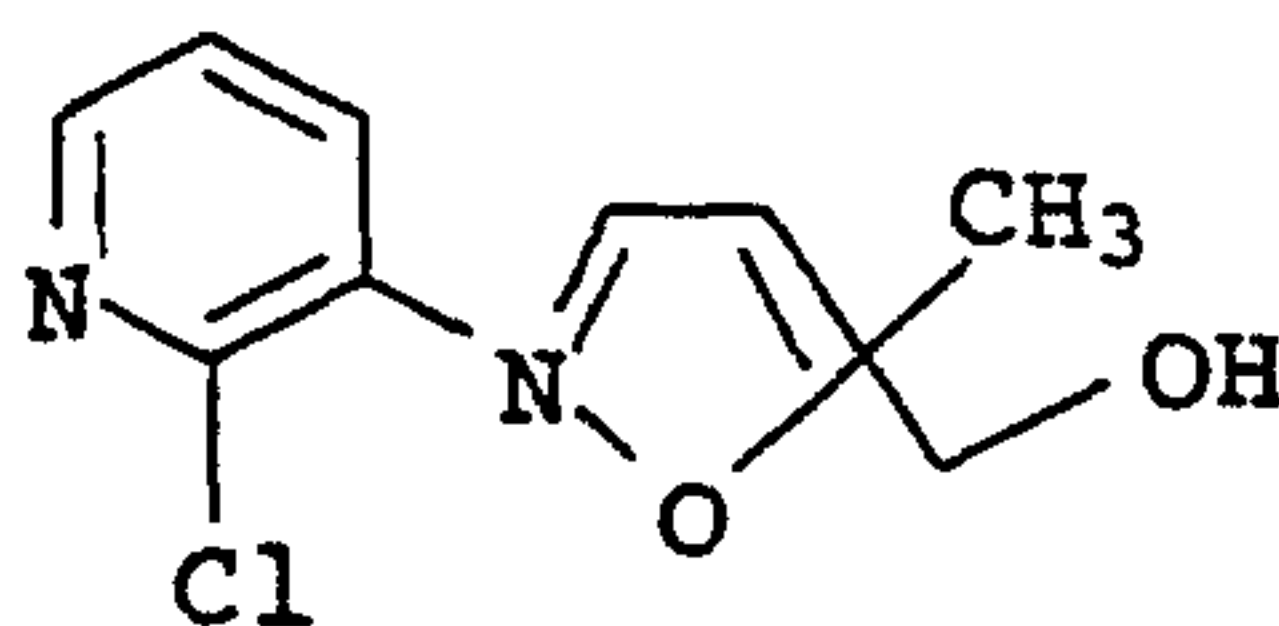
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where the 6-membered heteroaryl is substituted as described above; and

- 5 R^1-R^5 are hydrogen, C_1-C_4 -alkyl, such as, for example, methyl or ethyl, or C_1-C_4 -haloalkyl, such as, for example, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl or trichloromethyl; particularly preferably hydrogen, methyl or trifluoromethyl; very preferably hydrogen;
- 10 with particular preference, R^1 , R^2 , R^4-R^5 are hydrogen, methyl or trifluoromethyl and R^3 is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl or trifluoromethyl; with very particular preference, R^1 , R^2 , R^4-R^5 are hydrogen and R^3 is methyl; and
- 15 L^2 is a nucleophilically displaceable leaving group; preferably halogen, C_1-C_6 -alkylsulfonyloxy or C_1-C_6 -haloalkylsulfonyloxy; particularly preferably chlorine, bromine, iodine or
- 20 trifluoromethylsulfonyloxy.

3-(2-Chloropyrid-3-yl)-4,5-dihydro-5-hydroxy-methyl-5-methylisoxazole

25



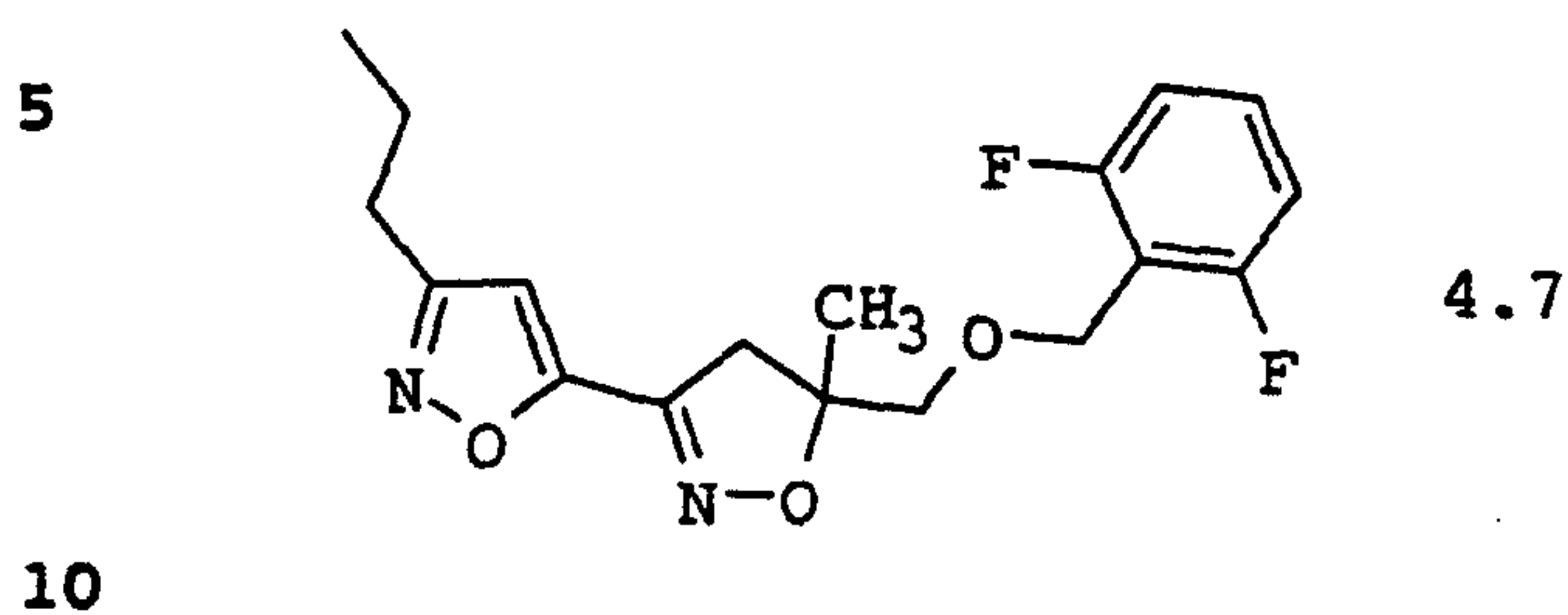
2.1

30

- 5.0 g (0.03 mol) of 2-chloropyrid-3-ylcarboxaldehyde oxime were initially charged in dimethylformamide, a spatula tip of N-chlorosuccinimide was added and the mixture was heated at
- 35 40-45°C. 4.26 g (0.03 mol) of N-chlorosuccinimide were then added a little at a time such that the reaction temperature did not exceed 50°C. After 1 h of stirring at 45-50°C, the mixture was hydrolyzed and extracted with diethyl ether, and the organic phase was dried. 2.07 g (0.03 mol) of 2-methyl-2-propenol were
- 40 added to the resulting solution, and 5.37 g (0.04 mol) of triethylamine were added dropwise with ice-cooling. After 1 h, the reaction solution was allowed to warm to room temperature, the precipitate was filtered off and the solvent was removed. This gave 2.8 g (38.7% of theory) of the title compound (m.p.
- 45 71°C).

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5-(2,6-Difluorobenzyloxymethyl)-5-methyl-3-(3-propylisoxazol-5-yl)-4,5-dihydroisoxazole



3 g (0.02 mol) of 3-propylisoxazol-5-ylcarbaldehyde oxime were dissolved in 20 ml of dimethylformamide, 0.29 g (0.002 mol) of N-chlorosuccinimide was added and the reaction mixture was heated 15 to 45-50°C. Over a period of one hour, a further 2.31 g (0.02 mol) of N-chlorosuccinimide were added. The reaction mixture was then allowed to cool and subsequently poured into water. The phases were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted with diethyl ether. The combined organic phases were washed and dried, and 20 3.48 g (0.02 mol) of (2-methyl-prop-2-en)oxymethyl-2,6-difluorobenzene were added. At 0°C, 3 g (0.03 mol) of triethylamine were then slowly added dropwise, and the mixture was stirred at 0°C for one hour. The resulting precipitate was filtered off and the solvent was 25 removed from the filtrate. Customary purification methods gave 0.8 g (11.7% of theory) of the title compound.

In addition to the compounds above, Tables 2 to 5 list further 5-hydroxymethylisoxazolines of the formula III and 30 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I which were prepared or are preparable in a manner analogous to the processes described above.

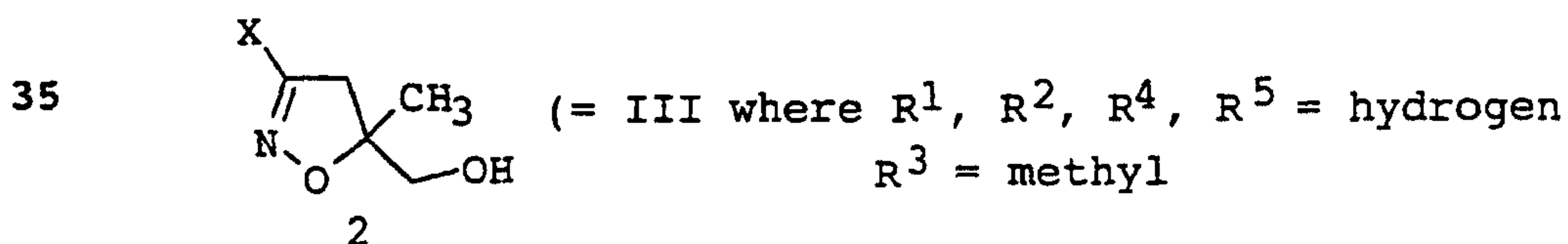


Table 2

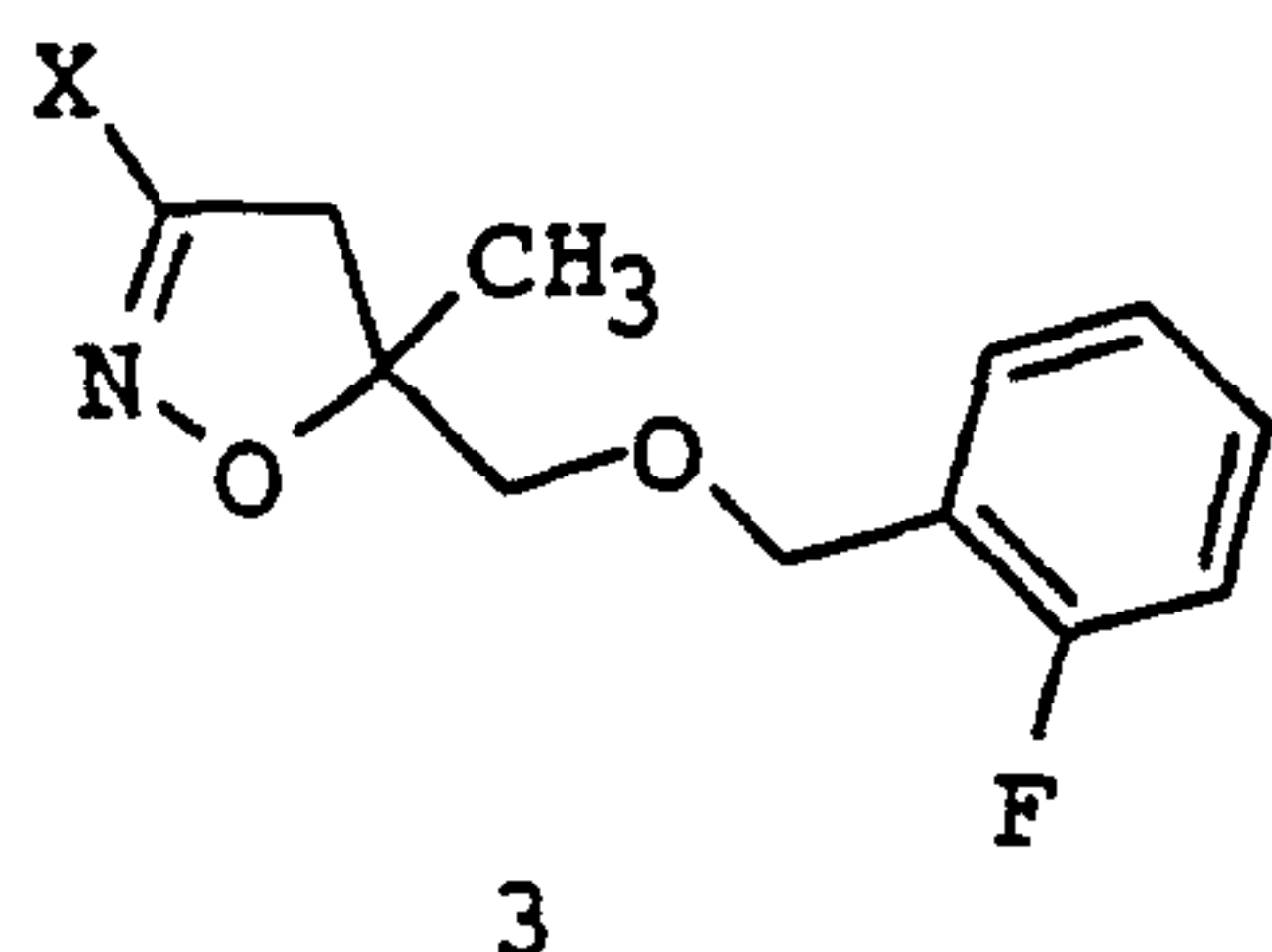
40	No.	X	selected ¹ H-NMR data [DMSO] or m.p.
	2.1	2-chloropyrid-3-yl	71°C
	2.2	6-methylpyrid-2-yl	
	2.3	2-chloro-5-methylimidazol-4-yl	
45	2.4	3-methylisoxazol-5-yl	
	2.5	3-propylisoxazol-5-yl	
	2.6	4-(but-2-yl)isoxazol-5-yl	

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5

2.7	3-(2-methylpropyl)isoxazol-5-yl	
2.8	3-phenylisoxazol-5-yl	
2.9	2-methylthiazol-4-yl	
2.10	2-methyl-5-chlorothiazol-4-yl	3.22 (dd, 2H), 3.40 (dd, 2H)

10



(= I where R^1, R^2, R^4-R^7 = hydrogen
 R^3 = methyl,
 y = 2-fluorophenyl)

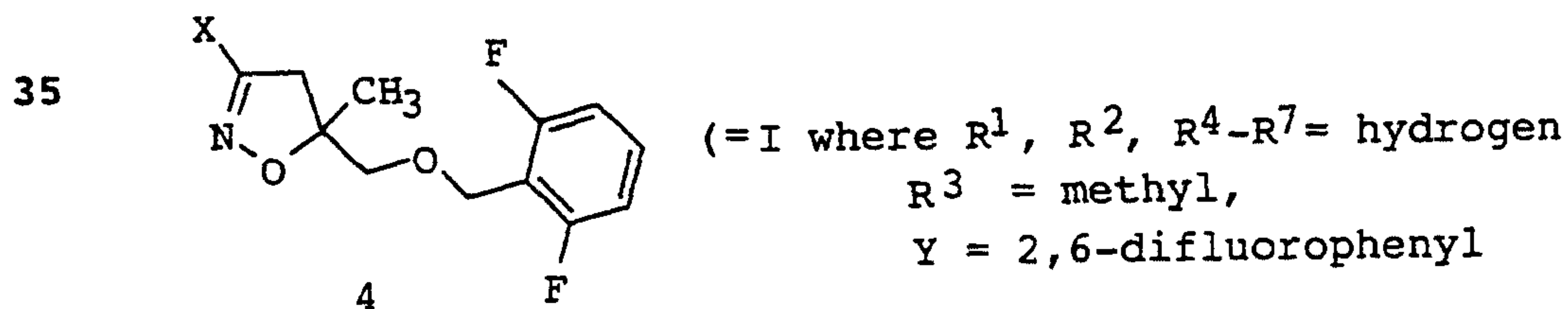
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15 Table 3

No.	X	selected ¹ H-NMR data [cm ⁻¹]DMSO] or m.p. or MS [^m /e] or selected IR data [cm ⁻¹]
20	3.1	2-chloropyrid-3-yl 3.31 (dd, 2H), 3.59 (dd, 2H)
	3.2	6-methylpyrid-2-yl 3.27 (dd, 2H), 3.53 (dd, 2H)
	3.3	2-chloro-5-methylimidazol-4-yl 3.30 (dd, 2H), 3.58 (dd, 2H)
25	3.4	3-methylisoxazol-5-yl 3.23 (dd, 2H), 3.57 (dd, 2H)
	3.5	3-propylisoxazol-5-yl 3.25 (dd, 2H), 3.55 (dd, 2H)
	3.6	4-(but-2-yl)isoxazol-5-yl 3.25 (dd, 2H), 3.56 (dd, 2H)
30	3.7	3-(2-methylpropyl)isoxazol-5-yl [M+H] ⁺ +346
	3.8	3-phenylisoxazol-5-yl 90°C
	3.9	2-methylthiazol-4-yl 3.32 (dd, 2H), 3.52 (dd, 2H)
35	3.10	2-methyl-5-chlorothiazol-4-yl 3.22 (dd, 2H), 3.50 (dd, 2H)
	3.11	4-chloropyrid-3-yl 3.35 (dd, 2H), 3.59 (dd, 2H)
	3.12	2-chlorid-3-yl N-oxide IR [cm ⁻¹] 1259 N-oxide
40	3.13	2,4-dichloropyrid-3-yl 3.15 (dd, 2H), 3.60 (dd, 2H)
	3.14	2,6-dichloropyrid-3-yl 3.32 (dd, 2H), 3.56 (dd, 2H)
	3.15	2-bromopyrid-3-yl 3.28 (dd, 2H), 3.58 (dd, 2H)
45	3.16	2-methylpyrid-3-yl 3.28 (dd, 2H), 3.56 (dd, 2H)
	3.17	2-trifluoromethylpyrid-3-yl 3.26 (dd, 2H), 3.58 (dd, 2H)

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5	3.18	4-trifluoromethylpyrid-3-yl	3.3 (dd, 2H), 3.55 (dd, 2H)
	3.19	2-methoxypyridin-3-yl	3.27 (dd, 2H), 3.54 (dd, 2H)
	3.20	6-methoxypyridin-3-yl	3.25 (dd, 2H), 3.53 (dd, 2H)
	3.21	2-chloro-4-isopropylpyrid-3-yl	3.3 (dd, 2H), 3.55 (dd, 2H)
	3.22	2-chloro-6-methylpyrid-3-yl	3.35 (dd, 2H), 3.54 (dd, 2H)
10	3.23	2-chloro-4,6-dimethylpyrid-3-yl	3.12 (dd, 2H), 3.57 (dd, 2H)
	3.24	2,6-dichloro-4-methylpyridin-3-yl	3.18 (dd, 2H), 3.59 (dd, 2H)
	3.25	3-chloropyrid-4-yl	3.32 (dd, 2H), 3.62 (dd, 2H)
	3.26	3-bromopyrid-4-yl	3.38 (dd, 2H), 3.58 (dd, 2H)
15	3.27	2-methylpyrid-4-yl	3.24 (dd, 2H), 3.58 (dd, 2H)
	3.28	3-trifluoromethylpyrid-4-yl	3.25 (dd, 2H), 3.57 (dd, 2H)
	3.29	2-trifluoromethyl-5-chloropyrid-4-yl	3.43 (dd, 2H), 3.59 (dd, 2H)
20	3.30	2-cyclopropylpyrimidin-4-yl	3.25 (dd, 2H), 3.58 (dd, 2H)
	3.31	2-phenyl-4-methylpyrimidin-6-yl	3.35 (dd, 2H), 3.60 (dd, 2H)
	3.32	3-chloropyrazin-2-yl	3.4 (dd, 2H), 3.68 (dd, 2H)
	3.33	1-methyl-4,5-dichloroimidazol-2-yl	3.24 (dd, 2H), 3.57 (dd, 2H)
25	3.34	1,4-dimethyl-2-chloroimidazol-2-yl	3.31 (dd, 2H), 3.57 (dd, 2H)
	3.35	3-methyl-4-chloroisoxazol-5-yl	3.28 (dd, 2H), 3.57 (dd, 2H)
30	3.36	"2-chloropyrid-3-yl" methylsulfonic acid salt	1492, 1456, 1351, 1194, 1058, 785, 772, 761, 536



40

Table 4

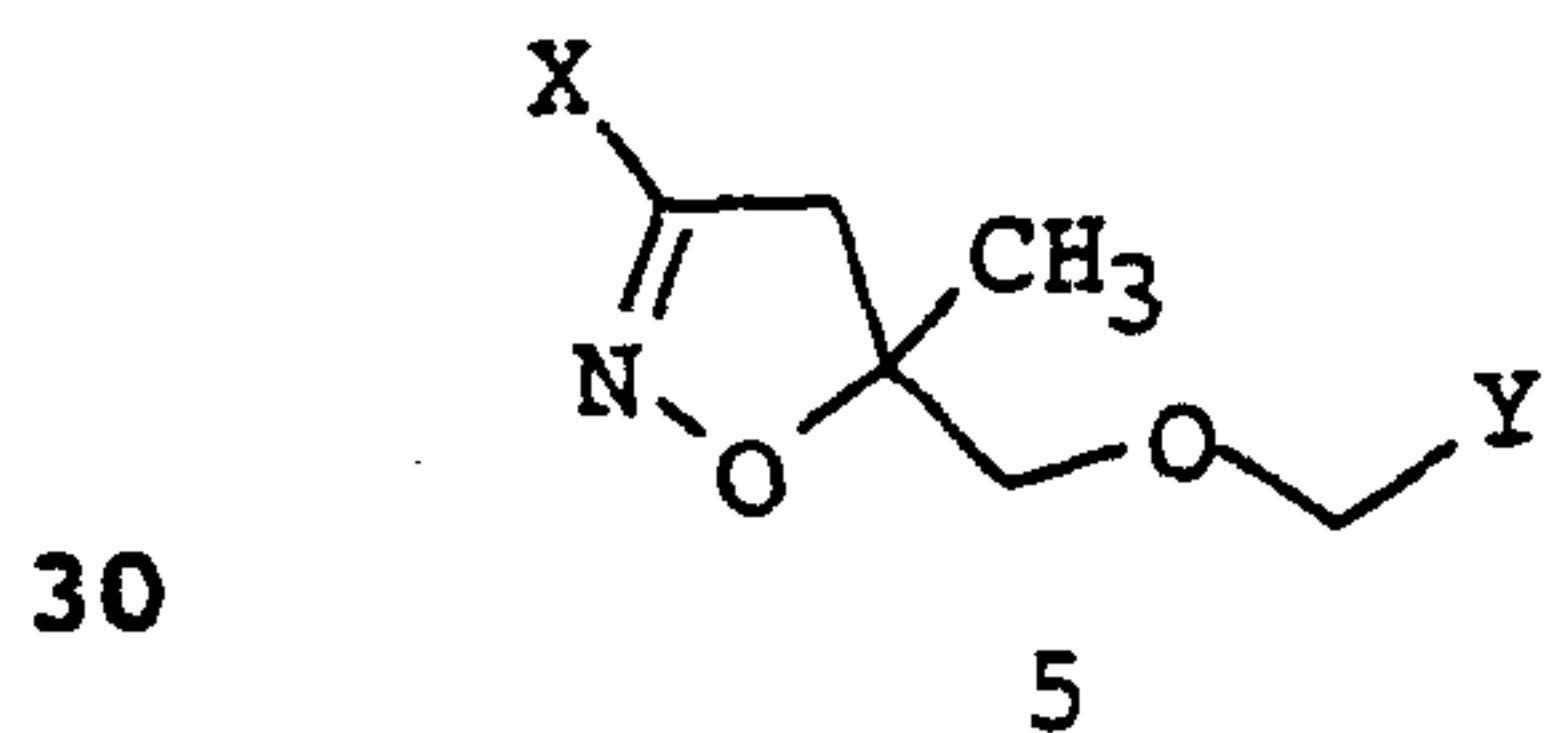
45	No.	X	selected ¹ H-NMR data [DMSO] or m.p. or MS [m/e]
	4.1	2-chloropyrid-3-yl	3.33 (dd, 2H), 3.53 (dd, 2H)
	4.2	6-methylpyrid-2-yl	70°C
	4.3	2-chloro-5-methylimidazol-4-yl	[M+H] ⁺ 356

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5	4.4	3-methylisoxazol-5-yl	3.20 (dd, 2H), 3.54 (dd, 2H)
	4.5	3-propylisoxazol-5-yl	3.22 (dd, 2H), 3.52 (dd, 2H)
	4.6	4-(but-2-yl)isoxazol-5-yl	3.18 (dd, 2H), 3.53 (dd, 2H)
	4.7	3-(2-methylpropyl)isoxazol-5-yl	3.19 (dd, 2H), 3.53 (dd, 2H)
10	4.8	3-phenylisoxazol-5-yl	79-81°C
	4.9	2-methylthiazol-4-yl	3.18 (dd, 2H), 3.51 (dd, 2H)
	4.10	2-methyl-5-chlorothiazol-4-yl	3.22 (dd, 2H), 3.50 (dd, 2H)
15	4.11	3-chloropyrid-2-yl	m.p. 102°C
	4.12	3-methylpyrid-2-yl	3.34 (dd, 2H), 3.55 (dd, 2H)
	4.13	trifluoromethylpyrid-2-yl	m.p. 95-96°C
	4.14	2-fluoropyrid-3-yl	3.26 (dd, 2H), 3.53 (dd, 2H)
20	4.15	2-fluoropyrid-3-yl	3.32 (dd, 2H), 3.56 (dd, 2H)
	4.16	2-bromopyrid-3-yl	3.22 (dd, 2H), 3.55 (dd, 2H)
	4.17	2,4-dichloropyrid-3-yl	3.09 (dd, 2H), 3.59 (dd, 2H)
	4.18	2,4-dichloropyrid-3-yl	3.28 (dd, 2H), 3.56 (dd, 2H)
25	4.19	2-chloropyrid-3-yl N-oxide	[M] ⁺ 368
	4.20	2-cyanopyrid-3-yl	3.48 (dd, 2H), 3.61 (dd, 2H)
	4.21	2-hydroxypyrid-3-yl	3.38 (dd, 2H), 3.52 (dd, 2H)
30	4.22	2-nitropyrid-3-yl	3.08 (dd, 2H), 3.60 (dd, 2H)
	4.23	2-methylpyrid-3-yl	m.p. 85°C
	4.24	4-methylpyrid-3-yl	3.30 (dd, 2H), 3.57 (dd, 2H)
35	4.25	2-ethylpyrid-3-yl	3.20 (dd, 2H), 3.58 (dd, 2H)
	4.26	2-trifluoromethylpyrid-3-yl	3.20 (dd, 2H), 3.51 (dd, 2H)
	4.27	4-trifluoromethylpyrid-3-yl	3.23 (dd, 2H), 3.53 (dd, 2H)
40	4.28	2-methoxypyrid-3-yl	3.24 (dd, 2H), 3.52 (dd, 2H)
	4.29	2(methylthio)pyrid-3-yl	m.p. 97-98°C
	4.30	2(methylsulfonyl)pyrid-3-yl	IR: 1312 cm ⁻¹ (SO ₂)
	4.31	2(methylsulfonix)pyrid-3-yl	¹³ C-NMR: 87.27, 87.20
45	4.32	2(dimethylamino)pyrid-3-yl	[M+H] ⁺ 362
	4.33	2(phenylthio)pyrid-3-yl	3.31 (dd, 2H), 3.58 (dd, 2H)
	4.34	2-chloro-6-methylpyrid-3-yl	3.3 (dd, 2H), 3.55 (dd, 2H)

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5	4.35	2-chloro-4-isopropylpyrid-3-yl	3.26 (dd, 2H), 3.54 (dd, 2H)
	4.36	2-chloro-4,6-dimethylpyrid-3-yl	3.11 (dd, 2H), 3.58 (dd, 2H)
	4.37	2-methyl-4-chloropyridine	3.1 (dd, 2H), 3.54 (dd, 2H)
	4.38	3-chloropyrid-4-yl	3.34 (dd, 2H), 3.56 (dd, 2H)
	4.39	3-bromopyrid-4-yl	3.3 (dd, 2H), 3.55 (dd, 2H)
10	4.40	3-trifluoromethylpyrid-4-yl	3.25 (dd, 2H), 3.55 (dd, 2H)
	4.41	2-trifluoromethyl-5-chloropyrid-4-yl	m.p. 60°C
	4.42	2-methylpyrimidin-4-yl	m.p. 89°C
	4.43	2-cyclopropylpyrimidin-4-yl	3.26 (dd, 2H), 3.58 (dd, 2H)
15	4.44	3-chloropyrazin-2-yl	3.3 (dd, 2H), 3.58 (dd, 2H)
	4.45	5-methylfuran-2-yl	3.03 (dd, 2H), 3.46 (dd, 2H)
	4.46	3-chloro-5-chloromethylfuran-2-yl	3.24 (dd, 2H), 3.58 (dd, 2H)
	4.47	3-methoxycarbonylfuran-2-yl	3.3 (dd, 2H), 3.54 (dd, 2H)
20	4.48	1-methyl-4,5-dichloroimidazol-2-yl	m.p. 86°C
	4.49	3-methyl-4-chloroisoxazol-5-yl	3.3 (dd, 2H), 3.54 (dd, 2H)
	4.50	1-methyl-3,5-dichloropyrrol-2-yl	[M+H] ⁺ 389
	4.51	2-ethenylpyrid-3-yl	3.3 (dd, 2H), 3.54 (dd, 2H)
25	4.52	2-acetylpyrid-3-yl	[M+H] ⁺ 361



(I where R¹, R², R⁴-R⁷ = hydrogen,
R³ = methyl)

Table 5

35	No.	X	Y	selected ¹ H-NMR data or MS
	5.1	2-chloropyrid-3-yl	phenyl	3.4 (dd, 2H), 3.56 (dd, 2H)
40	5.2	2-chloropyrid-3-yl	3-fluorophenyl	335 [M+H] ⁺
	5.3	2-chloropyrid-3-yl	2-chlorophenyl	351 [M+H] ⁺
	5.4	2-chloropyrid-3-yl	2,6-dichlorophenyl	385 [M+H] ⁺
	5.5	2-chloropyrid-3-yl	2,3,6-trichlorophenyl	419 [M+H] ⁺
	5.6	2-chloropyrid-3-yl	2-chloro-6-fluorophenyl	3.28 (dd, 2H), 3.56 (dd, 2H)
45	5.7	2-chloropyrid-3-yl	4-methylphenyl	331 [M+H] ⁺

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5.8	2-chloropyrid-3-yl	2-methylnaphthyl-1-yl	381 [M+H] ⁺
5.9	2-chloropyrid-3-yl	5-chloro-1-methyl-3-trifluoromethyl-pyrazol-4-yl	423 [M+H] ⁺

Use

The 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I and their agriculturally useful salts are suitable, both in the form of isomer mixtures and in the form of the pure isomers, as herbicides. The herbicidal compositions comprising compounds of the formula I control vegetation on non-crop areas very efficiently, especially at high rates of application. They act against broad-leaved weeds and harmful grasses in crops such as wheat, rice, maize, soya and cotton without causing any significant damage to the crop plants. This effect is mainly observed at low rates of application.

Depending on the application method used, the compounds of the formula I or the herbicidal compositions comprising them can additionally be employed in a further number of crop plants for eliminating undesirable plants. Examples of suitable crops are the following:

25

Allium cepa, Ananas comosus, Arachis hypogaea, Asparagus officinalis, Beta vulgaris spec. altissima, Beta vulgaris spec. rapa, Brassica napus var. napus, Brassica napus var. napobrassica, Brassica rapa var. silvestris, Camellia sinensis, Carthamus tinctorius, Carya illinoensis, Citrus limon, Citrus sinensis, Coffea arabica (Coffea canephora, Coffea liberica), Cucumis sativus, Cynodon dactylon, Daucus carota, Elaeis guineensis, Fragaria vesca, Glycine max, Gossypium hirsutum, (Gossypium arboreum, Gossypium herbaceum, Gossypium vitifolium), Helianthus annuus, Hevea brasiliensis, Hordeum vulgare, Humulus lupulus, Ipomoea batatas, Juglans regia, Lens culinaris, Linum usitatissimum, Lycopersicon lycopersicum, Malus spec., Manihot esculenta, Medicago sativa, Musa spec., Nicotiana tabacum (N.rustica), Olea europaea, Oryza sativa, Phaseolus lunatus, Phaseolus vulgaris, Picea abies, Pinus spec., Pisum sativum, Prunus avium, Prunus persica, Pyrus communis, Ribes sylvestre, Ricinus communis, Saccharum officinarum, Secale cereale, Solanum tuberosum, Sorghum bicolor (s. vulgare), Theobroma cacao, Trifolium pratense, Triticum aestivum, Triticum durum, Vicia faba, Vitis vinifera and Zea mays.

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In addition, the compounds of the formula I may also be used in crops which tolerate the action of herbicides owing to breeding, including genetic engineering methods.

- 5 The compounds of the formula I, or the herbicidal compositions comprising them, can be used for example in the form of ready-to-spray aqueous solutions, powders, suspensions, also highly-concentrated aqueous, oily or other suspensions or dispersions, emulsions, oil dispersions, pastes, dusts, materials
10 for broadcasting or granules, by means of spraying, atomizing, dusting, broadcasting or watering. The use forms depend on the intended aims; in any case, they should ensure a very fine distribution of the active compounds according to the invention.
- 15 The herbicidal compositions comprise a herbicidally effective amount of at least one compound of the formula I or an agriculturally useful salt of I and auxiliaries customary for formulating crop protection agents.
- 20 Essentially, suitable inert auxiliaries include:
mineral oil fractions of medium to high boiling point, such as kerosene and diesel oil, furthermore coal tar oils and oils of vegetable or animal origin, aliphatic, cyclic and aromatic hydrocarbons, e.g. paraffins, tetrahydronaphthalene, alkylated
25 naphthalenes and their derivatives, alkylated benzenes and their derivatives, alcohols such as methanol, ethanol, propanol, butanol and cyclohexanol, ketones such as cyclohexanone, strongly polar solvents, e.g. amines such as N-methylpyrrolidone, and water.
- 30 Aqueous use forms can be prepared from emulsion concentrates, suspensions, pastes, wettable powders or water-dispersible granules by adding water. To prepare emulsions, pastes or oil dispersions, the substrates, either as such or dissolved in an
35 oil or solvent, can be homogenized in water by means of a wetting agent, tackifier, dispersant or emulsifier. Alternatively, it is also possible to prepare concentrates consisting of active substance, wetting agent, tackifier, dispersant or emulsifier and, if desired, solvent or oil, which are suitable for dilution
40 with water.

Suitable surfactants (adjuvants) are the alkali metal salts, alkaline earth metal salts and ammonium salts of aromatic sulfonic acids, e.g. ligno-, phenol-, naphthalene- and
45 dibutyl-naphthalenesulfonic acid, and of fatty acids, alkyl- and alkylarylsulfonates, alkyl sulfates, lauryl ether sulfates and fatty alcohol sulfates, and salts of sulfated hexa-, hepta- and

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octadecanols, and also of fatty alcohol glycol ethers, condensates of sulfonated naphthalene and its derivatives with formaldehyde, condensates of naphthalene, or of the naphthalenesulfonic acids with phenol and formaldehyde,
5 polyoxyethylene octylphenol ether, ethoxylated isooctyl-, octyl- or nonylphenol, alkylphenyl polyglycol ether or tributylphenyl polyglycol ether, alkylaryl polyether alcohols, isotridecyl alcohol, fatty alcohol ethylene oxide condensates, ethoxylated castor oil, polyoxyethylene alkyl ethers or polyoxypropylene
10 alkyl ethers, lauryl alcohol polyglycol ether acetate, sorbitol esters, lignosulfite waste liquors or methylcellulose.

Powders, materials for broadcasting and dusts can be prepared by mixing or grinding the active substances together with a solid
15 carrier.

Granules, e.g. coated granules, impregnated granules and homogeneous granules, can be prepared by binding the active compounds to solid carriers. Solid carriers are mineral earths,
20 such as silicas, silica gels, silicates, talc, kaolin, limestone, lime, chalk, bole, loess, clay, dolomite, diatomaceous earth, calcium sulfate, magnesium sulfate, magnesium oxide, ground synthetic materials, fertilizers such as ammonium sulfate, ammonium phosphate, ammonium nitrate and ureas, and products of
25 vegetable origin, such as cereal meal, tree bark meal, wood meal and nutshell meal, cellulose powders, or other solid carriers.

The concentrations of the compounds of the formula I in the ready-to-use preparations can be varied within wide ranges. In
30 general, the formulations comprise from about 0.001 to 98% by weight, preferably 0.01 to 95% by weight of at least one active compound. The active compounds are employed in a purity of from 90% to 100%, preferably from 95% to 100% (according to the NMR spectrum).

35

The production of such preparations is illustrated by the following formulation examples:

- I. 20 parts by weight of an active compound of the formula I
40 are dissolved in a mixture consisting of 80 parts by weight of alkylated benzene, 10 parts by weight of the adduct of 8 to 10 mol of ethylene oxide to 1 mol of oleic acid N-monoethanolamide, 5 parts by weight of calcium dodecylbenzenesulfonate and 5 parts by weight of the adduct
45 of 40 mol of ethylene oxide to 1 mol of castor oil. Pouring the solution into 100,000 parts by weight of water and finely distributing it therein gives an aqueous dispersion

80

which comprises 0.02% by weight of the active compound of formula I.

- II. 20 parts by weight of an active compound of the formula I
5 are dissolved in a mixture consisting of 40 parts by weight of cyclohexanone, 30 parts by weight of isobutanol, 20 parts by weight of the adduct of 7 mol of ethylene oxide to 1 mol of isooctylphenol and 10 parts by weight of the adduct of 40 mol of ethylene oxide to 1 mol of castor oil.
10 Pouring the solution into 100,000 parts by weight of water and finely distributing it therein gives an aqueous dispersion which comprises 0.02% by weight of the active compound of formula I.
- 15 III. 20 parts by weight of an active compound of the formula I are dissolved in a mixture consisting of 25 parts by weight of cyclohexanone, 65 parts by weight of a mineral oil fraction of boiling point 210 to 280°C and 10 parts by weight of the adduct of 40 mol of ethylene oxide to 1 mol
20 of castor oil. Pouring the solution into 100,000 parts by weight of water and finely distributing it therein gives an aqueous dispersion which comprises 0.02% by weight of the active compound of formula I.
- 25 IV. 20 parts by weight of an active compound of the formula I are mixed thoroughly with 3 parts by weight of sodium diisobutylphenylsulfonate, 17 parts by weight of the sodium salt of lignosulfonic acid from a sulfite waste liquor and 60 parts by weight of pulverulent silica gel,
30 and the mixture is ground in a hammer mill. Finely distributing the mixture in 20,000 parts by weight of water gives a spray mixture which comprises 0.1% by weight of the active compound of formula I.
- 35 V. 3 parts by weight of an active compound of the formula I are mixed with 97 parts by weight of finely divided kaolin. This gives a dust which comprises 3% by weight of the active compound of formula I.
- 40 VI. 20 parts by weight of an active compound of the formula I are mixed intimately with 2 parts by weight of calcium dodecylbenzenesulfonate, 8 parts by weight of fatty alcohol polyglycol ether, 2 parts by weight of the sodium salt of a phenol/urea/formaldehyde condensate and 68 parts by weight
45 of a paraffinic mineral oil. This gives a stable oily dispersion.

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VII. 1 part by weight of an active compound of the formula I is dissolved in a mixture consisting of 70 parts by weight of cyclohexanone, 20 parts by weight of ethoxylated isooctylphenol and 10 parts by weight of ethoxylated castor oil. This gives a stable emulsion concentrate.

VIII. 1 part by weight of an active compound of the formula I is dissolved in a mixture of 80 parts by weight of cyclohexanone and 20 parts by weight of Wettol^R EM 31 (= nonionic emulsifier based on ethoxylated castor oil). This gives a stable emulsion concentrate.

The compounds of the formula I or the herbicidal compositions can be applied pre- or post-emergence. If the active compounds are less well tolerated by certain crop plants, application techniques may be used in which the herbicidal compositions are sprayed, with the aid of the spraying equipment, in such a way that they come into contact as little as possible, if at all, with the leaves of the sensitive crop plants, while the active compounds reach the leaves of undesirable plants growing underneath, or the bare soil surface (post-directed, lay-by).

The application rates of the compound of the formula I are from 0.001 to 3.0, preferably from 0.01 to 1.0 kg/ha of active substance (a.s.), depending on the control target, the season, the target plants and the growth stage.

To widen the activity spectrum and to achieve synergistic effects, the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazoles of the formula I may be mixed with a large number of representatives of other herbicidal or growth-regulating active compound groups and are applied concomitantly. Suitable components for mixtures are, for example, 1,2,4-thiadiazoles, 1,3,4-thiadiazoles, amides, aminophosphoric acid and its derivatives, aminotriazoles, anilides, (hetero)aryloxyalkanoic acids and their derivatives, benzoic acid and its derivatives, benzothiadiazinones, 2-(heteroaryl/aryl)-1,3-cyclohexanediones, heteroaryloxy ketones, benzylisoxazolidinones, meta-CF₃-phenyl derivatives, carbamates, quinolinecarboxylic acid and its derivatives, chloroacetanilides, cyclohexenone oxime ether derivatives, diazines, dichloropropionic acid and its derivatives, dihydrobenzofurans, dihydrofuran-3-ones, dinitroanilines, dinitrophenols, diphenyl ether, dipyridyls, halocarboxylic acids and their derivatives, ureas, 3-phenyluracils, imidazoles, imidazolinones, N-phenyl-3,4,5,6-tetrahydrophthalimides, oxadiazoles, oxiranes, phenols, aryloxy- and heteroaryloxyphenoxypropionic esters, phenylacetic acid and its derivatives, 2-phenylpropionic acid and

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its derivatives, pyrazoles, phenylpyrazoles, pyridazines, pyridinecarboxylic acid and its derivatives, pyrimidyl ethers, sulfonamides, sulfonylureas, triazines, triazinones, triazolinones, triazolecarboxamides and uracils.

5

It may furthermore be advantageous to apply the compounds of the formula I, alone or else concomitantly in combination with other herbicides, or in the form of a mixture with other crop protection agents, for example together with agents for
10 controlling pests or phytopathogenic fungi or bacteria. Also of interest is the miscibility with mineral salt solutions, which are employed for treating nutritional and trace element deficiencies. Non-phytotoxic oils and oil concentrates may also be added.

15

Use examples

The herbicidal activity of 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I was demonstrated by the following greenhouse
20 experiments:

The cultivation containers used were plastic flower pots containing loamy sand with approximately 3.0% of humus as the substrate. The seeds of the test plants were sown separately for
25 each species.

For the pre-emergence treatment, directly after sowing the active compounds, which had been suspended or emulsified in water, were applied by means of finely distributing nozzles. The containers
30 were irrigated gently to promote germination and growth and subsequently covered with transparent plastic hoods until the plants had rooted. This cover caused uniform germination of the test plants, unless this was adversely affected by the active compounds. The application rate for the post-emergence treatment
35 was 3.0 kg/ha a.s. (active substance).

For the post-emergence treatment, the test plants were first grown to a height of from 3 to 15 cm, depending on the plant habit, and only then treated with the active compounds which had
40 been suspended or emulsified in water. The test plants were for this purpose either sown directly and grown in the same containers, or they were first grown separately as seedlings and transplanted into the test containers a few days prior to treatment.

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Depending on the species, the plants were kept at 10 - 25°C or 20 - 35°C. The test period extended over 2 to 4 weeks. During this time, the plants were tended, and their response to the individual treatments was evaluated.

5

Evaluation was carried out using a scale from 0 to 100. 100 means no emergence of the plants, or complete destruction of at least the above-ground parts and 0 means no damage, or normal course of growth.

10

The plants used in the greenhouse experiments were of the following species:

15	Scientific name	Common name
	Abutilon theophrasti	velvet leaf
	Avena fatua	wild oat
20	Lolium multiflorum	Italian ryegrass
	Setaria italica	foxtail millet

At application rates of 3.0 kg/ha, the compounds 3.16, 3.17, 3.27, 3.36, 4.29 and 4.38 showed very good preemergence activity in the harmful plants Solium multiflorum and Setaria italica.

25

At application rates of 3.0 kg/ha, the pre-emergence activity of compound 4.1 on the harmful plants Lolium multiflorum and Setaria italica is very good.

30 At application rates of 3.0 kg/ha, the compound 4.1 showed very good post-emergence activity in the unwanted plants Abutilon theophrasti, Avena fatua and Setaria italica.

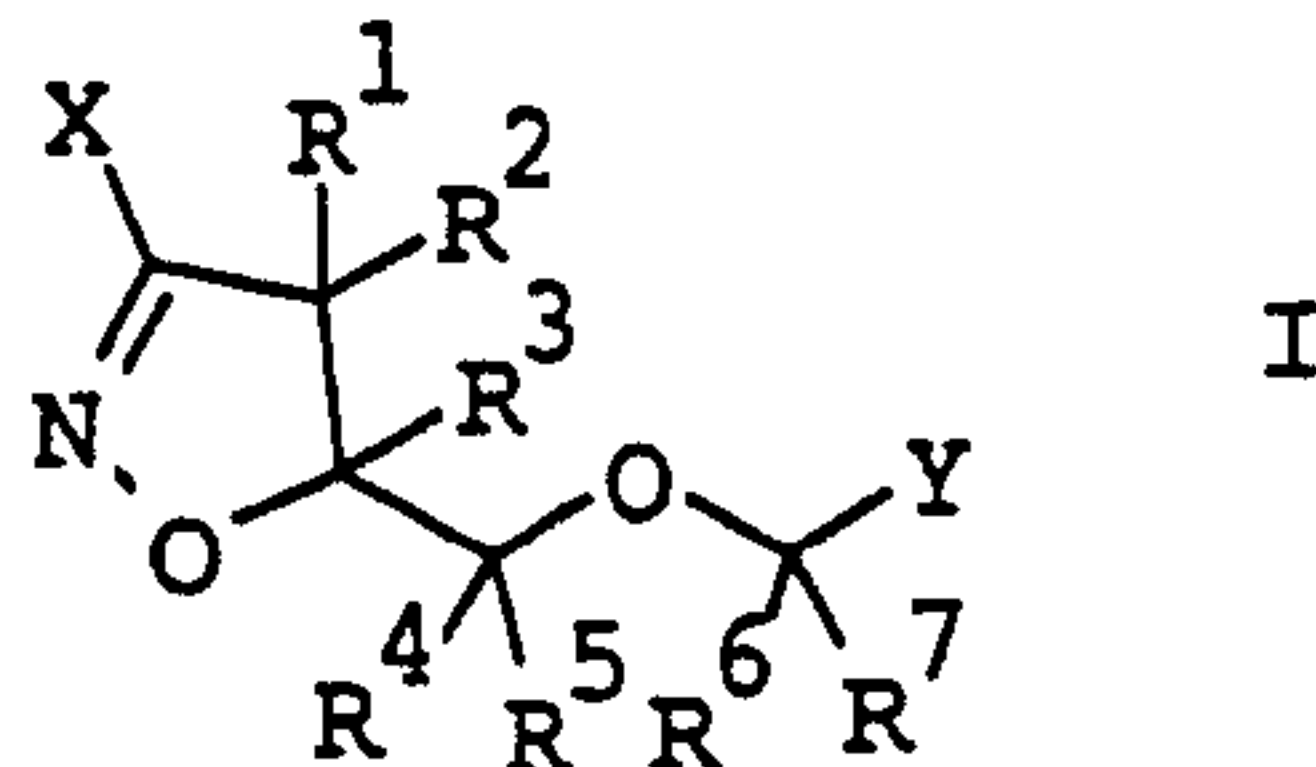
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We claim:

1. A 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazoline of the formula I



where:

- X is 6-membered heteroaryl having one to four nitrogen atoms, which is partially or fully halogenated and/or carries one to three substituents selected from the following group:
- cyano, nitro, hydroxyl, C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆-halocycloalkyl, C₂-C₈-alkenyl, C₂-C₈-alkynyl, C₁-C₈-haloalkyl, C₂-C₆-haloalkenyl, C₂-C₆-haloalkynyl, C₁-C₈-cyanoalkyl, C₂-C₈-cyanoalkenyl, C₁-C₈-alkoxy, C₁-C₈-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₈-alkoxy-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkoxy-C₁-C₈-alkoxy, amino, C₁-C₈-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino, C₁-C₈-alkylcarbonylamino, N-C₁-C₈-alkylcarbonyl-N-C₁-C₈-alkylamino, C₁-C₈-alkoxycarbonylamino, N-C₁-C₈-alkoxycarbonyl-N-C₁-C₈-alkylamino, amino-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylamino-C₁-C₈-alkyl, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylthio, C₁-C₈-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₈-alkylthio-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₈-haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₈-alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₈-haloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₈-alkylsulfonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₈-alkoxycarbonyl, C₁-C₈-alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, aminocarbonyl, C₁-C₈-alkylaminocarbonyl, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)aminocarbonyl, aminocarbonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylaminocarbonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)aminocarbonyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, carboxyl, carboxy-C₁-C₈-alkyl, phenyl, phenoxy, phenylthio, phenylamino, phenyl-C₁-C₈-alkyl, phenyl-C₁-C₈-alkoxy, 3- to 6-membered heterocyclyl and 5- to 6-membered heteroaryl, where the eight last-mentioned radicals for their part may be partially or fully halogenated and/or may carry one to three substituents selected from the group consisting of nitro, cyano, C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkoxy, C₁-C₈-haloalkyl,

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C₁-C₈-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₈-alkylthio, C₁-C₈-haloalkylthio,
C₁-C₈-alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₈-haloalkylsulfinyl,
C₁-C₈-alkylsulfonyl and C₁-C₈-haloalkylsulfonyl;

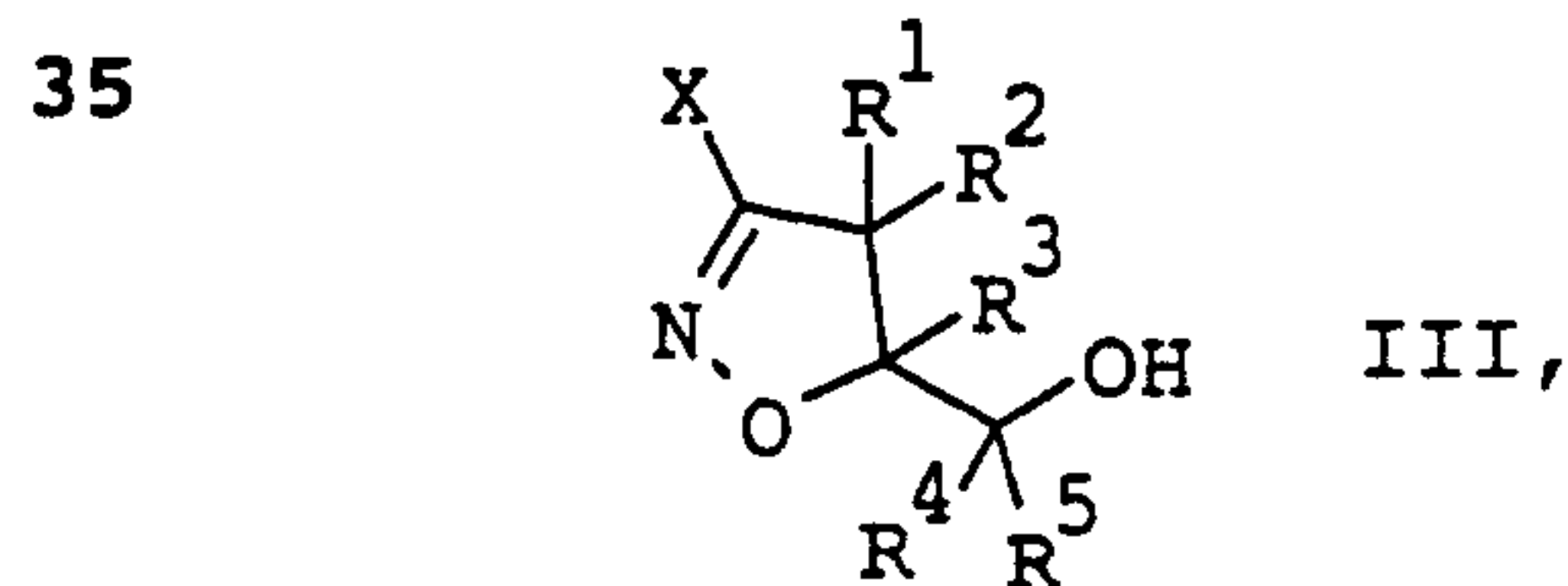
5 R¹ - R⁷ are hydrogen, C₁-C₆-alkyl or C₁-C₆-haloalkyl;

Y is aryl which may be partially or fully halogenated
and/or may carry one to three substituents selected from
the group consisting of cyano, nitro, C₁-C₆-alkyl,
10 C₂-C₆-alkenyl, C₂-C₆-alkynyl, C₁-C₆-haloalkyl,
C₁-C₆-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkylthio,
C₁-C₆-haloalkylthio, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl,
C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl,
phenyl, phenoxy and phenylcarbonyl, benzo[1,4]dioxonyl,
15 benzo[1,3]dioxolanyl, 2,3-dihydrobenzofuranyl or
benzimidazole; or
5-membered heteroaryl having one to four nitrogen atoms
or having one to three nitrogen atoms and one oxygen or
sulfur atom or having one oxygen or sulfur atom; or
20 6-membered heteroaryl having one to four nitrogen atoms;
where the heterocycles may be partially or fully
halogenated and/or may carry one to three substituents
from the group consisting of cyano, C₁-C₆-alkyl,
C₁-C₆-haloalkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy-C₁-C₄-alkyl,
25 C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl and C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl;

and its agriculturally useful salts.

2. A process for preparing 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines
30 of the formula I as claimed in claim 1, which comprises
reacting

a) a 5-hydroxymethyloxazoline of the formula III



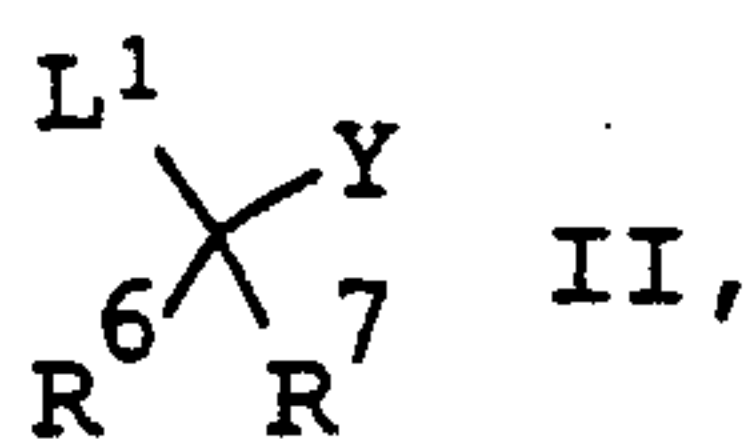
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where X and R¹-R⁵ are as defined in claim 1,

with an arylmethyl derivative of the formula II

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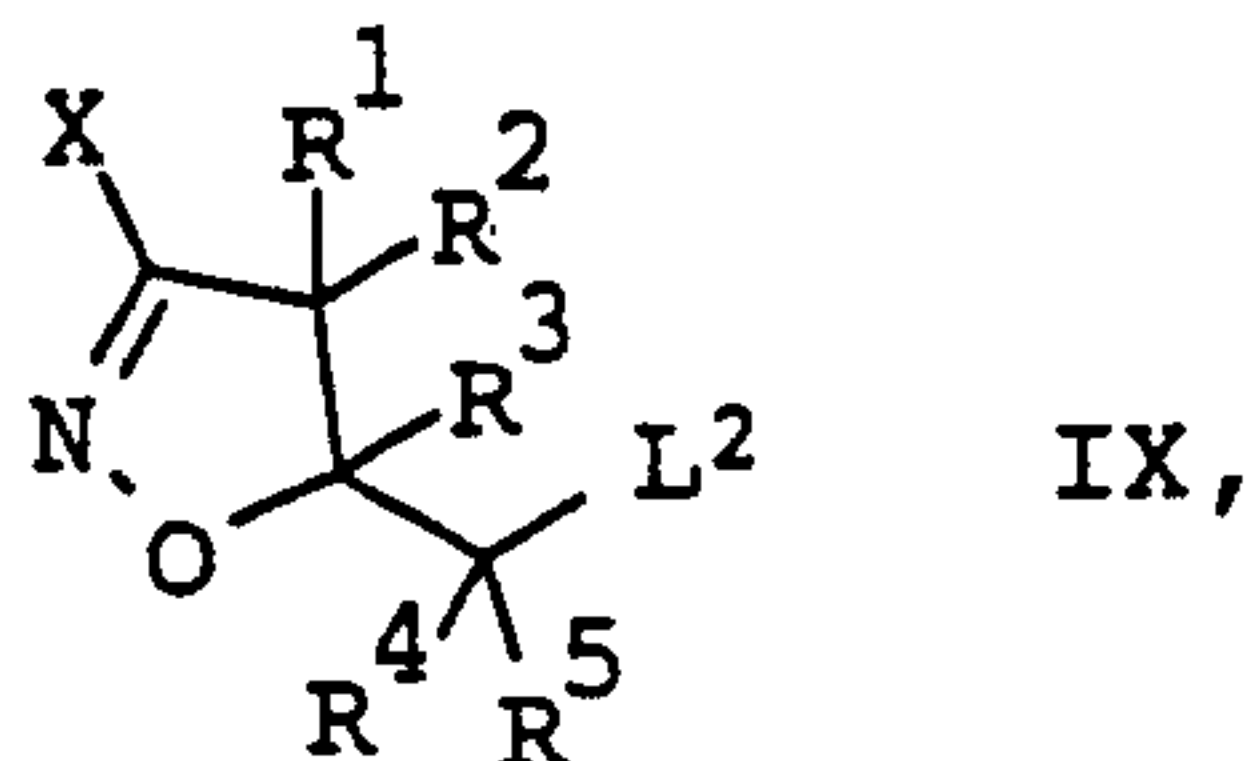


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where R^6 and R^7 are as defined in claim 1 and L^1 is a nucleophilically displaceable leaving group, or

10

b) a methylisoxazoline derivative of the formula IX

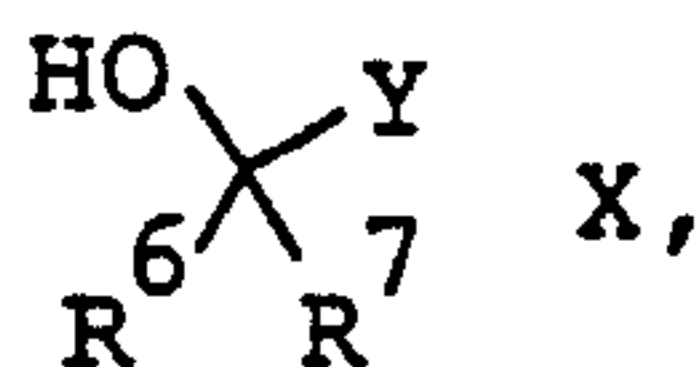


15

where X and R^1 - R^5 are as defined in claim 1 and L^2 is a nucleophilically displaceable leaving group,

20

with an arylmethyl alcohol of the formula X

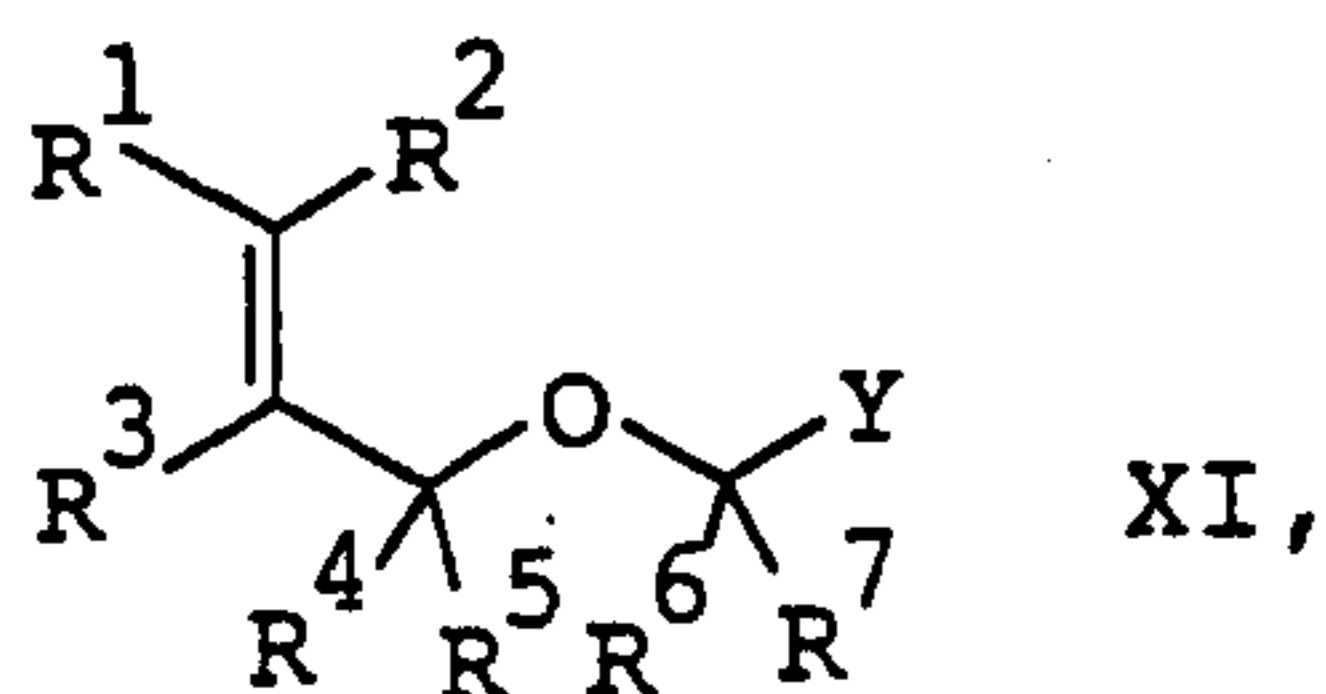


25

where R^6 and R^7 are as defined in claim 1.

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3. A process for preparing a 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazoline of the formula I as claimed in claim 1, which comprises reacting an arylmethyl allyl ether of the formula XI



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where Y and R^1 - R^7 are as defined in claim 1

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with a nitrile oxide of the formula V



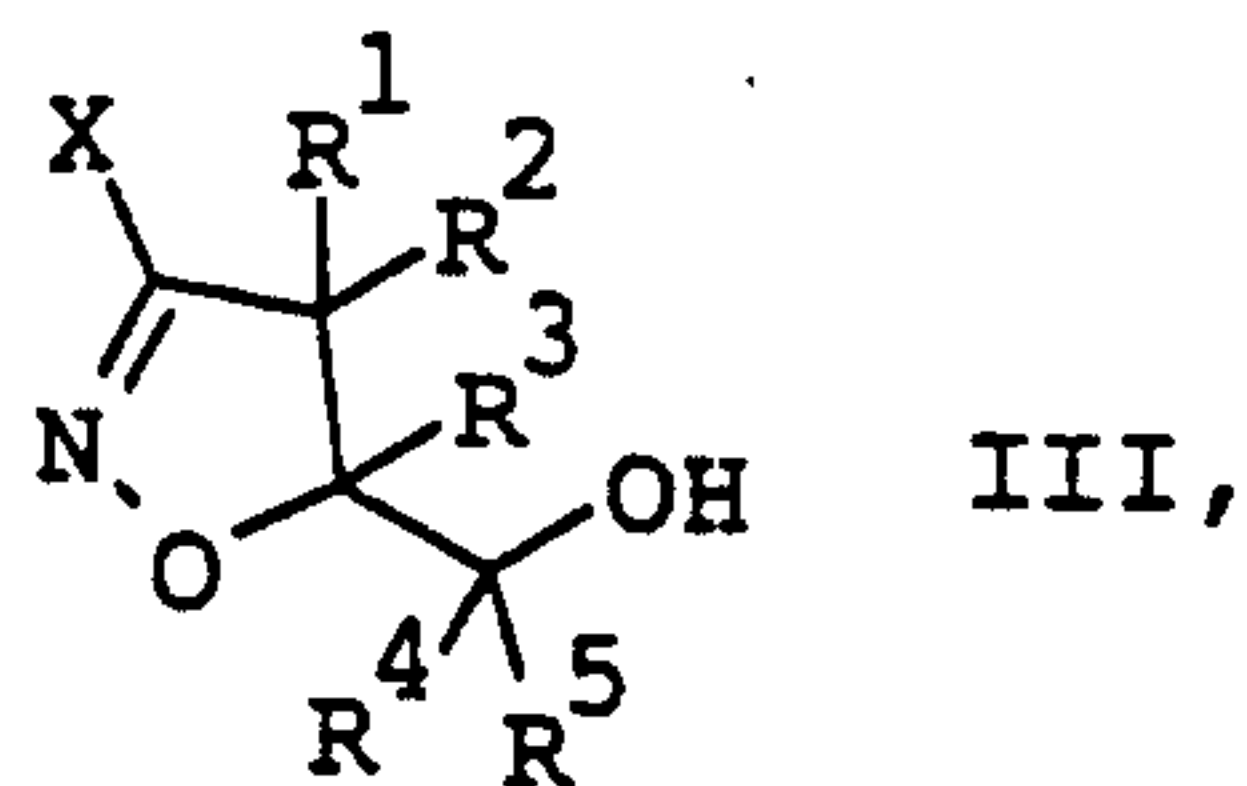
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where X is as defined in claim 1.

4. A 5-hydroxymethyloxazoline of the formula III

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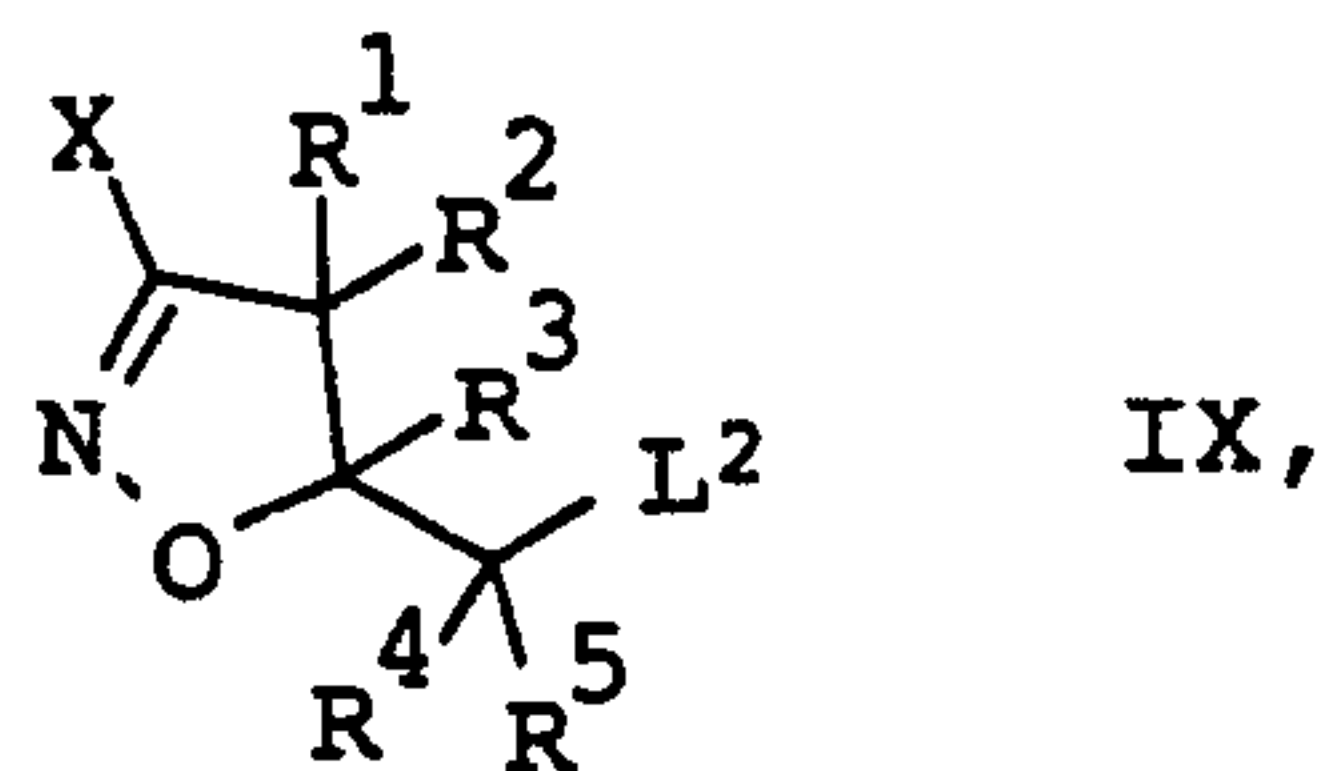
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where X and R¹-R⁵ are as defined in claim 1.

10 5. A methylisoxazoline derivative of the formula IX

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where X and R¹-R⁵ are as defined in claim 1 and L² is halogen, C₁-C₆-alkylsulfonyl or C₁-C₆-haloalkylsulfonyloxy.

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6. A composition, comprising a herbicidally effective amount of at least one 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazoline of the formula I or an agriculturally useful salt of I as claimed in claim 1 and auxiliaries customary for formulating crop protection agents.

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7. A process for preparing a composition as claimed in claim 8, which comprises mixing a herbicidally effective amount of at least one 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazoline of the formula I as claimed in claim 1 or an agriculturally useful salt of I and auxiliaries customary for formulating crop protection agents.

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8. A method for controlling unwanted vegetation, which comprises allowing a herbicidally effective amount of at least one 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazoline of the formula I as claimed in claim 1 or an agriculturally useful salt of I to act on plants, their habitat and/or on seeds.

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9. The use of the 3-heteroaryl-substituted isoxazolines of the formula I as claimed in claim 1 and their agriculturally useful salts as herbicides.

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