

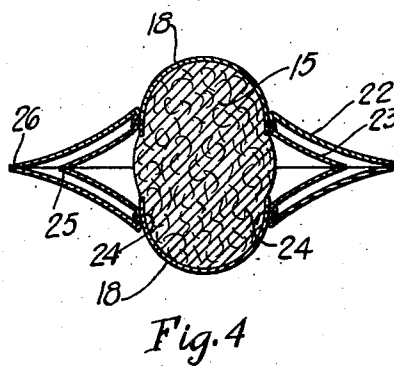
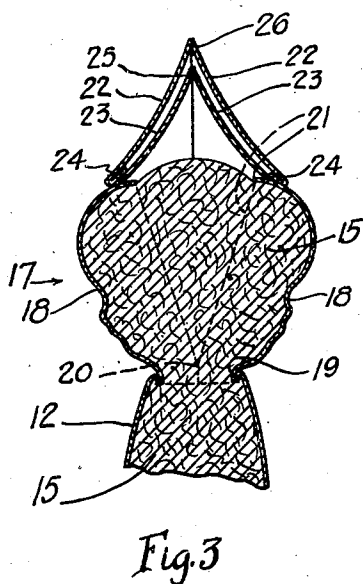
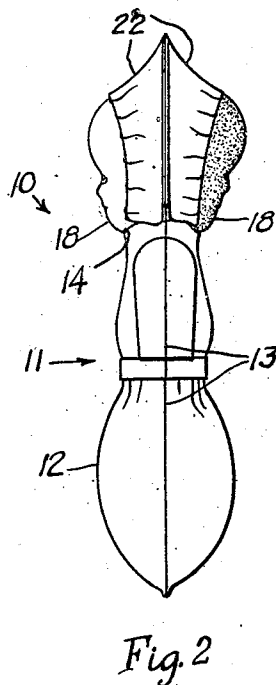
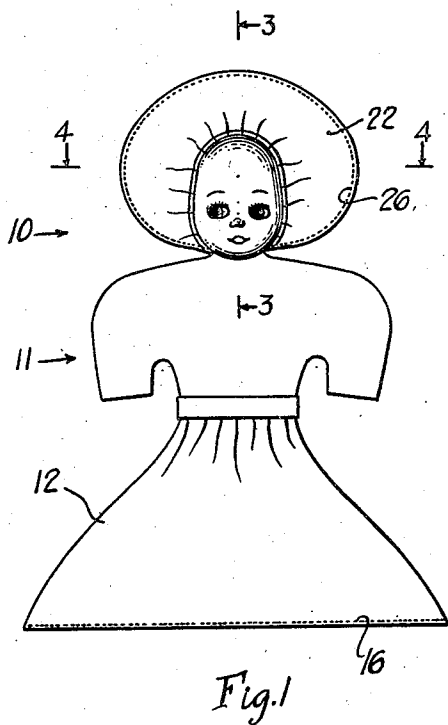
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DOLL

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DOLL

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4 Claims. (Cl. 46—153)

This invention relates to toys such as dolls.

One object of the invention is to provide a toy such as a doll having a plurality of faces whereby a child has in effect two different dolls.

Another object of the invention is to furnish such a toy or doll having improved features of construction, and which is compact, durable and neat and life-like.

Another object of the invention is to provide such a doll adapted for particularly inexpensive manufacture and assembling, especially in the field of the so-called soft or stuffed toys.

Other objects and advantages of the invention will become apparent as the specification proceeds.

With the aforesaid objects in view, the invention comprises the novel features, combinations and arrangements of parts hereinafter described in their preferred embodiments, pointed out in the subjoined claims, and illustrated in the annexed drawing, wherein like parts are designated by the same reference characters throughout the several views.

In the drawing:

Figure 1 is a view in side elevation showing a toy or doll embodying the invention.

Fig. 2 is an edge view thereof.

Figs. 3 and 4 are sectional views taken respectively on lines 3—3 and 4—4 of Fig. 1.

Referring in detail to the drawing, 10 denotes a toy or doll embodying the invention. The same may comprise any suitable body portion 11 shown to more clearly illustrate the invention. This body portion comprises a cloth envelope 12 fabricated in any feasible manner, and ornamented by colors, designs or ornaments (not shown). For simplicity, this envelope 12 includes wall portions interconnected by seams 13 extending along the edges of the body portion up to the neck line 14. Stuffing 15 of any suitable character fills the body portion and is retained therein by a line of stitching 16 at the bottom of the envelope.

The head portion 17 comprises a plurality of face elements 18 which may be identical in size and configuration, but one having a different color design than the other. Thus they may respectively indicate white and negroid faces. However, these face elements may also be different in shape and style. They may be formed of cloth, backed with a stiffening material such as buckram, and strengthened by impregnation with a plastic or adhesive material, and molded to suit. Accordingly, each face element 18 is separately produced.

Each face element 18 is formed hollow, and

may approximate half a head. The lower edge portions of the elements 18 are stitched to the envelope 12 at 19 to thus form a neck. At the latter, the face elements 18 are in contact or abutment with each other at their edges 20, but they diverge upwardly so that their edges 21 are in spaced relation to each other. This imparts a downward tilt to the faces, and an open compartment or space is thus produced in communication with the body portion 11 through the neck opening, this space being filled wholly or partially with stuffing 15. In this manner the spaced relation between the face elements is maintained in a resilient or cushioned manner to impart some softness to the head despite the stiffness of the face elements.

Connected to the individual face elements are colored or decorated bonnet members 22 and lining members 23, but the latter may be omitted. The bonnet and lining members may be secured to their face element 18 by separate or by a common line of stitching 24. Interconnecting the lining members is a generally arcuate line of stitching 25, and a similar line of stitching 26 interconnects the bonnet members. It will be noted that the lining and bonnet are of similar construction. Where the bonnet consists of conventional oil cloth, the ordinary cloth lining adds softness thereto.

It is noted that the bonnet members, cut and gathered into arcuate form extend over the top and along the sides of the face elements down to the neck line, and are thus continuously connected to these elements. Whereas the face elements diverge upwardly, the bonnet members converge toward each other, project beyond the face elements, and are interconnected along a line remote from the face elements or marginal to the bonnet members. Thus a unitary bonnet structure is produced which interconnects the face elements and covers and conceals the stuffing 15, the opening in the head, and the marginal edges of the face elements. By its internal resistance the stuffing tends to remain as shown, without bulging into the space between the bonnet members.

In manufacture, the parts 22, 23 may be stitched to the face elements and then the latter sewn at 19 to the side walls of the envelope in such a manner that when the seams 13 are produced the envelope is inside out. Now the envelope is reversed, and stuffing inserted through the bottom to fill the envelope and the space between the face elements 18. Now the stuffing in the head is manipulated to the proper density

and shape of the head. Then the seam 16 is formed, and finally the seams 25, 26 are sewn.

It is thus seen that a doll is produced which is very cheap, durable, compact, neat and attractive in appearance, each side presenting a different doll, and that these results are accomplished by the unique bonnet structure disclosed. Other styles or conventional bonnet members may be substituted and sewn together as at 26.

I claim:

1. A toy having a head comprising a plurality of face elements facing in different directions, a body portion to which the lower portions of the face elements are connected to form a neck, and bonnet portions connected to the face elements substantially down to the neck, said bonnet portions extending outward of the face elements and being marginally interconnected to form a unitary hat structure interconnecting the face elements.

2. A doll having a body portion, a head portion comprising a plurality of face elements connected to the body portion to form a neck, the face elements providing therebetween a space communicating with the body portion through the neck, stuffing in the body portion, neck and space, and a plurality of bonnet portions secured to marginal portions of the face elements and projecting laterally thereof, said bonnet portions being separate of each other along their outer edges, and means

interconnecting the bonnet portions along their outer edges to thus interconnect the face elements and to cover the stuffing therebetween.

3. A doll having a pliable body portion, a head portion comprising a plurality of molded, separate stiff face elements connected to the body portion to form a neck, individual bonnet members for the face elements, each secured to a marginal portion of its face element, the face elements being in engagement with each other at the neck and being spaced from each other above the neck, the adjacent portions of the bonnet members being correspondingly spaced, stuffing in the space between the face elements, the bonnet members projecting laterally from the face elements, and stitching interconnecting the bonnet members along a line spaced from the face elements to provide a unitary bonnet structure interconnecting the face elements and covering the stuffing.

4. A doll having a head comprising a plurality of molded face elements, a body portion to which the lower portions of the face elements are connected, said face elements diverging upwardly relatively to each other, bonnet members secured to the face elements, the bonnet members having walls converging toward each other, and means interconnecting the bonnet members adjacent to their outer edges.

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