

No. 896,637.

PATENTED AUG. 18, 1908.

I. HERRMAN.
PHONOGRAPH DISK RECORD CASE.

APPLICATION FILED JAN. 27, 1908.

2 SHEETS—SHEET 1.

Fig. 1.

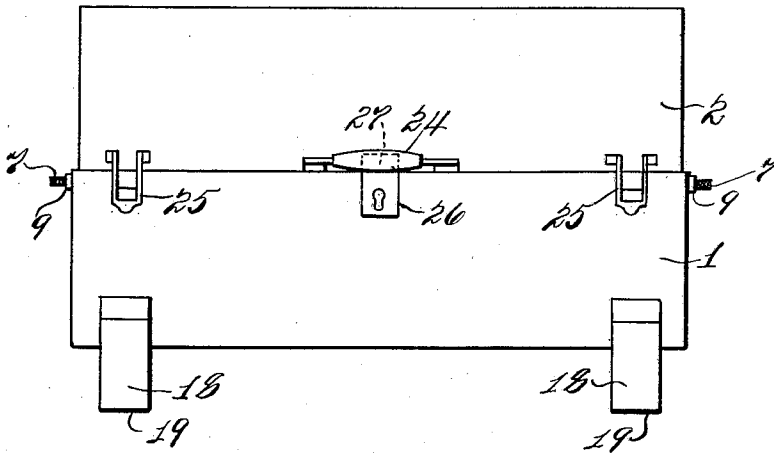


Fig. 2.

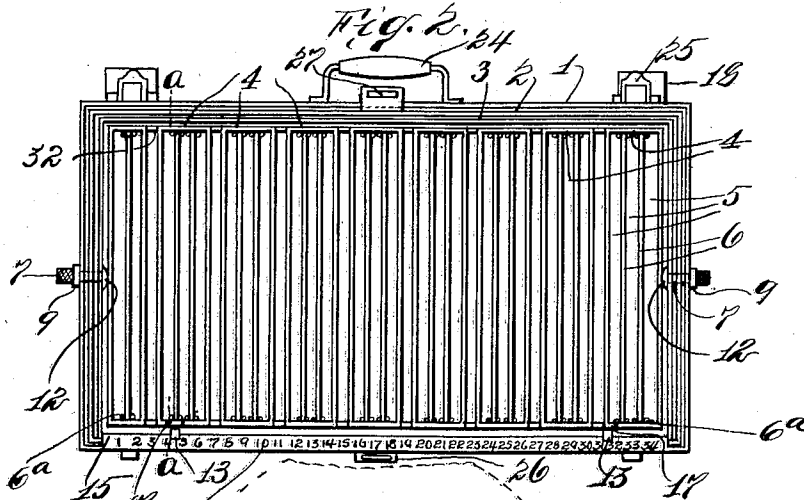
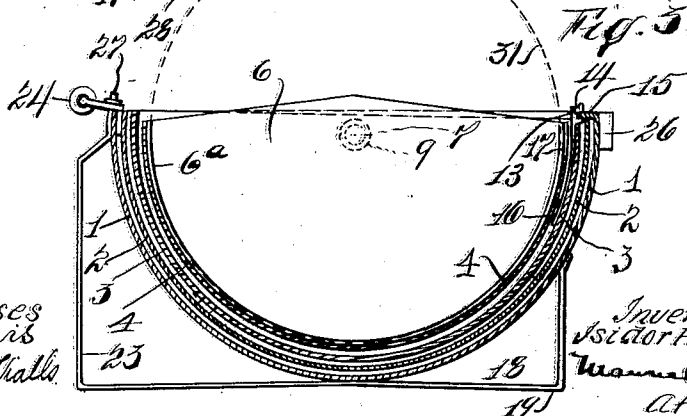


Fig. 3.



Witnesses
C. A. Jarvis
Mildred Thallo

Inventor:
Isidor Herrman.
Wm. Block
Attorney:

No. 896,637.

PATENTED AUG. 18, 1908.

I. HERRMAN.
PHONOGRAPH DISK RECORD CASE.

APPLICATION FILED JAN. 27, 1908.

2 SHEETS—SHEET 2.

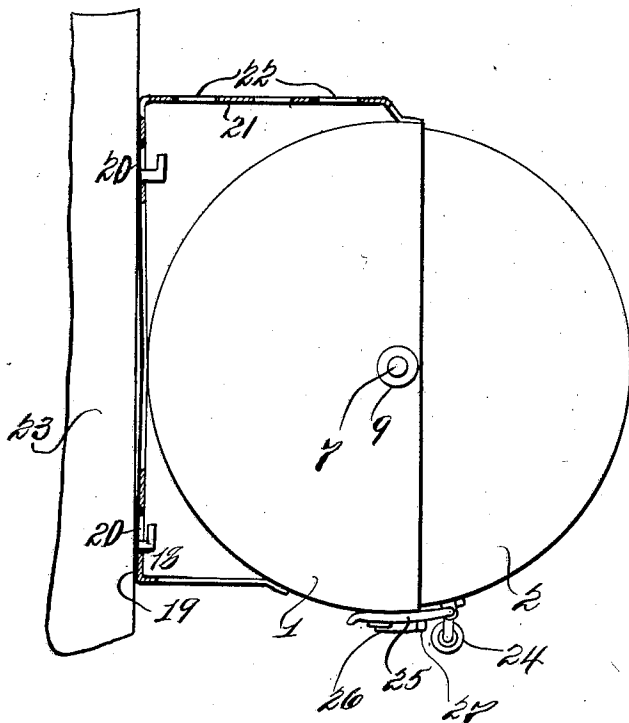


Fig. 2.

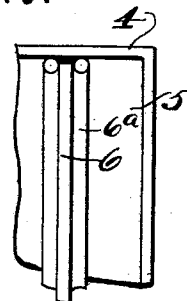


Fig. 4.

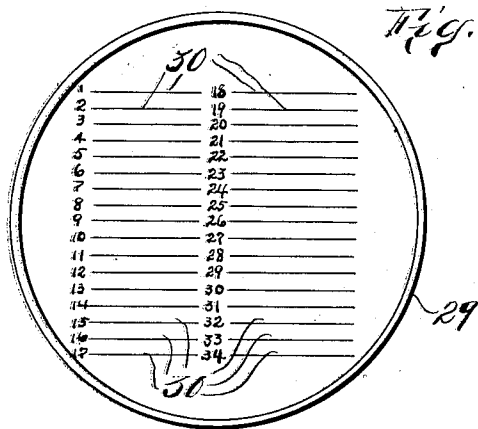


Fig. 5.

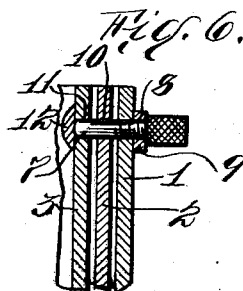


Fig. 6.

Witnesses:
C. A. Jarvis
Mildred Challe

Inventor:
Isidor Herrman.
By *Wm. M. Block*
Attorney

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ISIDOR HERRMAN, OF NEW YORK, N. Y., ASSIGNOR TO JOHN J. BRITTON, OF BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

PHONOGRAPH-DISK-RECORD CASE.

No. 896,637.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Aug. 18, 1908.

Application filed January 27, 1908. Serial No. 412,713.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ISIDOR HERRMAN, a subject of the King of Hungary, residing at New York city, borough of Manhattan, county and State of New York, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Phonograph-Disk-Record Cases, of which the following is a clear, full, and exact description.

10 This invention relates to cabinets, the object being to provide an article of this character that is adapted for the storage of phonograph records, particularly the disk variety.

15 Another object is to provide, at each partition of the cabinets, a reference character that will correspond to a character on an index, for the classification of records.

20 Other features of improvement will hereinafter appear.

To these and other ends my invention comprises the novel arrangements and combination of parts to be hereinafter explained and finally claimed, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, forming part hereof, wherein—

Figure 1 illustrates a front elevation of my improved record cabinet; Fig. 2 is a top plan view thereof, the cover being opened; 30 Fig. 3 is an enlarged cross-sectional detail view of my improved device, the section being taken on a line *a— a* in Fig. 2; Fig. 4 is an end view, partly in section, of my improved cabinet shown suspended from a wall; Fig. 5 is an enlarged face view of a form of index preferably used in connection with my cabinet; Fig. 6 is an enlarged fragmentary vertical sectional view of the casing, cover and inner removable shell therein contained, and 40 shows the manner of pivotally supporting the cover and securing the inner removable shell in position; and Fig. 7 is an enlarged fragmentary detail view showing the manner of removably supporting the partitions in the 45 inner auxiliary shells.

Similar reference characters indicate like parts in all the views.

Referring now to the drawings, particularly to Fig. 3, 1 indicates the casing or base- 50 portion of my improved cabinet, while 2 indicates the rotatably mounted cover, 3 the inner removable shell and 4 one of the inner auxiliary removable shells which is carried by the inner shell 3. Each of the inner re-

movable auxiliary shells 4 contains a plu- 55 rality of compartments 5, in this instance three. I can employ as many of such compartments as I desire, the outer case 1 of course, being made long enough for the purpose. The walls or partitions 6 of the com- 60 partments 5 are removably held in place by the beadings 6^a, and may be faced with felt or other soft material, to prevent the records from becoming mutilated.

To pivotally mount the cover 2 I have in 65 this instance, employed a spindle 7 (see Fig. 6), which is threaded, as at 8, to engage a threaded hub 9 on the ends of the outer shell or casing 1. The threads on said spindle do not connect with the opening 10 in the cover 70 2. The spindle 7 passes freely through the cover 2; the end of said spindle however, is adapted to enter an opening 11 in the end walls of the inner removable shell 3. A cover or stop 12 limits the inward movement of 75 the said spindle to prevent the end walls of the members 1, 2 and 3 from becoming bound. The length of the spindle 7 will be just enough to enter well into the opening 11 of the inner removable shell 3. By unscrewing the 80 spindle 7, the inner removable shell 3 can be taken out of the cabinet.

To keep the inner removable shell 3 from rotating, when in position, I have in this instance employed leaf-spring catches 13 85 (see Figs. 2 and 3.) The catches 13 are provided with jaws 14 which are adapted to engage the flange 15 carried by the outer shell, 1. The said catches are attached, near the bottom thereof as at 16, to the inner 90 shell 3. The adjacent inner auxiliary shell 4 is cut away, as at 17, to permit the catches 13 to be sprung inwardly when it is desired to remove the inner shell 3. The inner auxiliary shells 4 remain in position by virtue 95 of their own weight.

It will be seen that the cover 2 moves between the outer shell 1 and inner shell 3, the shell 3 being kept from contact therewith by the spindle 7 and catches 13. 100

The outer shell or casing is provided with standards 18 (see Fig. 1), the bottoms 19 thereof being provided with openings 20, and the ends 21 thereof being provided with openings 22. By means of the said openings 105 I can hang the cabinet on a wall, as at 23 (for instance, Fig. 4), or I can fasten the cabinet to stand in a vertical position by

screwing the standards 18 to a support through the openings 22. Fig. 1 shows the cabinet in a horizontal position.

The cover 2 is provided with a handle 24 for opening or closing the same; also with snap latches 25. The casing 1 carries a lock 26 and the cover 2 a tongue 27 which is adapted to enter the lock 26, a key being employed in the usual manner.

10 The purpose of my improved case is to store, and protect disk records which are placed in the compartments 5. Each compartment, is in this instance, numbered as at 28 to correspond with a disk 29 (Fig. 5) 15 of paper or any other material. The disk 29 will be carried in one of the compartments 5 and have printed or written thereupon, as at 30, the name of a selection. The compartment having the number corresponding to the number opposite the selection will 20 contain the disk having recorded thereupon the said selection.

By means of the inner removable shell 3, I can take all the disks from the cabinet, or 25 I can take any desired number of disks from the cabinet by means of the auxiliary shells 4, without removing the shell 3. By means of the handle 24 I can carry the cabinet from place to place in the event of the said 30 cabinet not being fastened down.

The dotted lines 31, in Fig. 3, indicate a disk record.

The object of removably supporting the partitions 6 is to permit of the insertion of

two or more disks, having recorded there- 35 upon the same selection, in the same compartment, or to permit of the insertion of an extra thick disk.

The inner removable shell 3 is provided with separators 32 which serve to form sock- 40 ets for the reception of the auxiliary shells 4.

Having now described my invention, what I claim and desire to secure by Letters Patent is:

1. A cabinet adapted for disk-records, 45 comprising a casing, a removable shell within said casing, a plurality of auxiliary removable shells within the shell first named, said auxiliary shells being provided with a plurality of independent compartments. 50

2. A cabinet adapted for disk-records, comprising a semi-cylindrical casing, a rotatable cover for said casing, and a removable shell within said casing, said shell being retained by the pivot of said cover. 55

3. In a cabinet for disk-records, a plurality of semi-cylindrical shells one within the other, the inner shell being removable and provided with a plurality of independently removable semi-cylindrical compartments, 60 a rotatable cover for said shells, said inner shell being retained by the pivot of said cover.

Signed at New York, N. Y., this 24 day of January 1908.

ISIDOR HERRMAN.

Witnesses:

CHAS. HARE,
ABRAM SHLIVEK.