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(54) Title: VALVE ARRANGEMENT FOR CONTROLLING OF FLOW OF A HEATING OR COOLING FLUID

(57) Abstract: A valve arrangement for controlling a flow of a heating or cooling fluid is described, said valve arrangement comprising a housing (2) having an inlet and an outlet, and a pressure regulating valve (11) being arranged between said inlet and said outlet and having a regulating valve element (12) and a regulating valve seat (13), said regulating valve element (12) being connected to a membrane (15), said membrane (15) having a flexible part (17). Such a valve arrangement should have a good regulation of flow. To this end a radially inner expansion space (27) is provided on a radially inner side (25) of the flexible part (17) of the membrane (15).

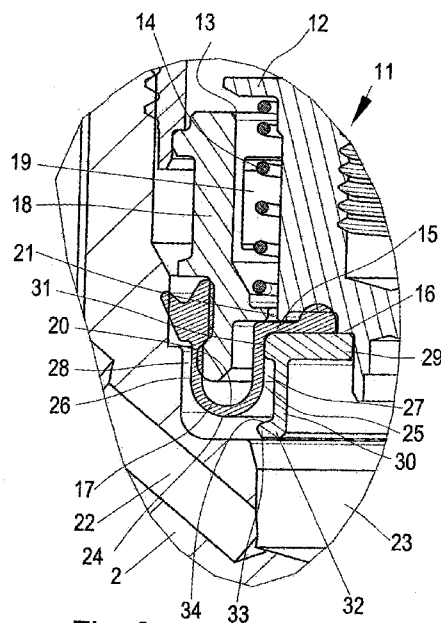


Fig. 2

Valve arrangement for controlling of flow of a heating or cooling fluid

The present invention relates to a valve arrangement for controlling a flow of a heating or cooling fluid, said valve arrangement comprising a housing having an inlet and an outlet, and a pressure regulating valve being arranged between said inlet and said outlet and having a regulation valve element and
5 a regulating valve seat, said regulating valve element being connected to a membrane.

Such a valve arrangement is known, for example, from EP 2 482 160 A1.

10 The regulating valve element and the regulating valve seat together form the main parts of a pressure control valve. The pressure control valve can be used to keep constant a pressure difference over a flow control valve so that the flow through the flow control valve depends only on the distance between a valve element and a valve seat of the flow control valve.

15 The regulating valve element is moved, when a pressure difference between both sides of the membrane changes. This movement changes the distance between the regulating valve element and the regulating valve seat and thereby changes the throttling characteristic of the pressure regulating valve.

20 The object underlying the invention is to have a good regulation of flow.

This object is solved with a valve arrangement as described at the outset in that a radially inner expansion space is provided on a radially inner side of
25 the flexible part of the membrane.

The membrane is, at least in the flexible part, made of a flexible material, for example rubber or a plastic material. When a pressure difference exists over the membrane, this material is deformed. Since an expansion space is
30 provided on a radially inner side of the flexible part of the membrane, the deformation of the radially inner side of the flexible part of the membrane is

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possible. The regulation valve element can be moved basically freely without a damping function. This improves the regulation of the flow and reduces loss capacities from friction during operation.

- 5 In an embodiment of the invention a radially outer expansion space is provided on a radially outer side of the flexible part of the membrane. When the pressure difference exists over the membrane, the flexible part of the membrane can be deformed radially inwardly and at the same time radially outwardly. This improves the regulation further.

10

In an embodiment of the invention the radially inner expansion space and the radially outer expansion space are dimensioned to allow a symmetrically radial expansion of the flexible part of the membrane. The flexible part of the membrane has in principle a section in form of an U. Both shanks of the U
15 can be deformed, one shank radially inwardly and the other shank radially outwardly. Such a symmetrical deformation shows good results for the regulation.

20

In an embodiment of the invention the radially inner expansion space has a larger radial width than the radially outer expansion space. When the regulation valve element is moved because of a pressure difference over the membrane, a radially outer part of the flexible path can touch the housing, wherein the radially inner expansion is still free to move thus avoiding friction and improving the regulation characteristics.

25

In an embodiment of the invention a fixation element is arranged on the side of the membrane opposite the regulating valve element, wherein the fixation element limits the radially inner expansion space to a radially inner side. The fixation element is a kind of washer which clamps the membrane against the
30 regulation valve element. Nevertheless, the fixation element leaves free the inner expansion space.

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In an embodiment of the invention the fixation element comprises a plate-like section fixing the membrane at the regulating valve element and a circumferential wall, wherein an outer diameter of the wall at least over a part of its axial length is smaller than an outer diameter of the plate-like section. Thus, the fixation element comprises a kind of recess on its circumference. This recess is available for the radially inner expansion space.

In an embodiment of the invention the wall comprises a membrane support structure in a part remote from the plate-like section. This membrane support structure is used to protect the membrane when high pressure differences over the membrane occur.

In an embodiment of the invention the membrane support structure has a larger outer diameter than the plate-like section. The membrane support structure does not only support the membrane on the radially inner side, but also on a bottom part, at least partially.

In an embodiment of the invention the membrane support structure comprises a radial protrusion running in circumferential direction around the wall. This is a simple way of realizing the membrane support structure.

In an embodiment of the invention the membrane support structure comprises an inclined support surface. In this way it is possible that the membrane lays smooth against the membrane support structure.

A preferred embodiment of the invention will now be described in more detail with reference to the drawing, in which:

Fig. 1 shows schematically a section of a valve arrangement and

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Fig. 2 is a detail A of Fig. 1.

Fig. 1 shows a valve arrangement 1 having a housing 2. The housing 2 has an inlet 3 and an outlet 4. The outlet 4 is connected to an outlet tube 5.

5

A control valve comprising a control valve element 6 and a control valve seat 7 is arranged between the inlet 3 and the outlet 4. The control valve element 6 is connected to a spindle 8 which is loaded in an opening direction by a control valve spring 9. The spindle 8 can be actuated by means of a
10 thermostatic actuator (not shown) via a pin 10. However, other means can be used as well for actuating the spindle.

When the control valve element 6 is moved in a direction towards the control valve seat 7 the flow from the inlet 3 to the outlet 4 is throttled. When the
15 control valve element 6 is moved in a direction away from the control valve seat 7 the flow resistance of the control valve is decreased.

A pressure regulating valve 11 is arranged between the inlet 3 and the flow control valve 6, 7. The pressure regulating valve 11 comprises a pressure
20 regulating valve element 12 cooperating with a regulating valve seat 13. Fig. 1 and 2 show the pressure regulating valve 11 in an open stage.

The pressure regulating valve element 12 is loaded by a spring 14 in an opening direction, i.e. in a direction away from the regulating valve seat 13.

25

The regulating valve element 12 is connected to a membrane 15 by means of a fixing element 16 (Fig. 2). The membrane 15 has a flexible part 17 in which the membrane 15 can be deformed when the regulating valve element 12 is moved. The pressure regulating valve element 12 is moved when a force
30 resulting from a pressure difference over the membrane 15 is not equal to the

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force generated by the spring 14. The pressure regulating valve element 12 is moved until the corresponding forces are balanced again.

5 The pressure regulating valve 11 comprises a cage-like housing 18. The regulating valve seat 13 is part of the housing 18. The regulating valve element 12 is positioned within the housing 18 over the greatest part of its length. The spring 14 is arranged between the housing 18 and the regulating valve element 12.

10 The inlet 3 is in fluid connection with the interior 19 of the housing. Therefore, the fluid pressure of the inlet 3 is on side 20 of the membrane 15. To simplify the following explanation, this side 20 is called "upper side".

A connecting channel 22 is arranged between the outlet 4 and a chamber 23.
15 A pressure in the chamber 23 is arranged on the other side 24 of the membrane 15. This other side 24 is called "lower side".

The flexible part 17 of the membrane has a section in form of a "U". This "U" has a radially inner side 25 and a radially outer side 26. A radially inner
20 expansion space 27 is provided on the radially inner side 25 of the flexible part 17 of the membrane 15. A radially outer expansion space 28 is provided on the radially outer side 26 of the flexible part 17 of the membrane 15.

When a pressure difference exists over the flexible part 17 of the membrane
25 15, wherein the pressure from the upper side 20 is larger than the pressure on the lower side 24, the flexible part 17 of the membrane 15 is "inflated", i.e. both legs of the flexible part 17 can be deformed, a radially inner part can be deformed into the radially inner expansion space 27 and a radially outer part can be deformed into the radially outer expansion space 28. The deformation
30 of the flexible part 17 can be symmetrical with respect to the radial middle between the two parts or legs. This design allows the pressure regulating

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valve 11 to perform freely without any damping function. It improves a regulation of constant flow and reduces loss of capacity from friction during operation.

- 5 However, it is possible that the radial width of the radially inner expansion space 27 is slightly larger than the radial width of the radially outer expansion space 28.

10 The fixation element 16 comprises a plate-like section 29 with which the membrane 15 is clamped to the regulating valve element 12. Furthermore, the fixation element 16 comprises a circumferential wall 30. The circumferential wall 30 is slightly offset radially inwardly with respect to a radial outer edge 31 of the plate-like element 29, so that the radially inner expansion space 27 is formed in a recess. The wall 30 limits the radially inner
15 expansion space 27 to a radially inner side. However, the radially inner expansion space 27 is large enough to accommodate the radially inner leg of the U of the flexible part 17 of the membrane 15, when a corresponding pressure difference occurs.

20 The wall 30 comprises a membrane support structure 32 in a part remote from the plate-like element 29. The membrane support structure 32 can preferably be at the lower end of the wall 30, i.e. the end remote from the regulating valve element 12.

25 The membrane support structure comprises or is in form of a radial protrusion 33. The radial protrusion 33 can run continuously in circumferential direction around the wall 33. However, it is also possible that this protrusion 33 is interrupted in circumferential direction. The membrane support structure 32 comprises an inclined supporting surface 34 on the side facing the flexible
30 part 17 of the membrane 15.

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The outer diameter of the membrane support structure 32 is larger than the outer diameter of the plate-like section 29 of the fixation element 16.

- 5 If the diameter of the chamber 23 was made with almost the same diameter as the wall 30 then the protrusion 33 could be avoided (this solution would still offer the necessary membrane support).

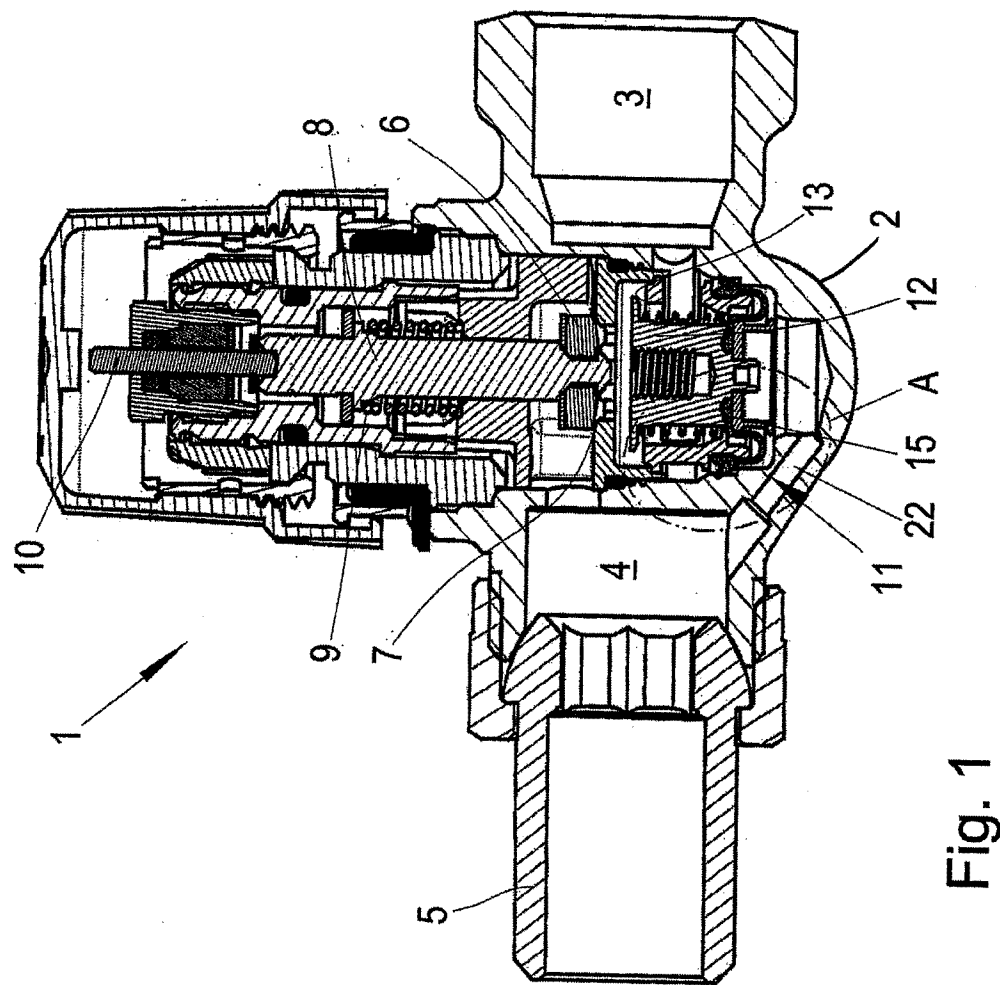
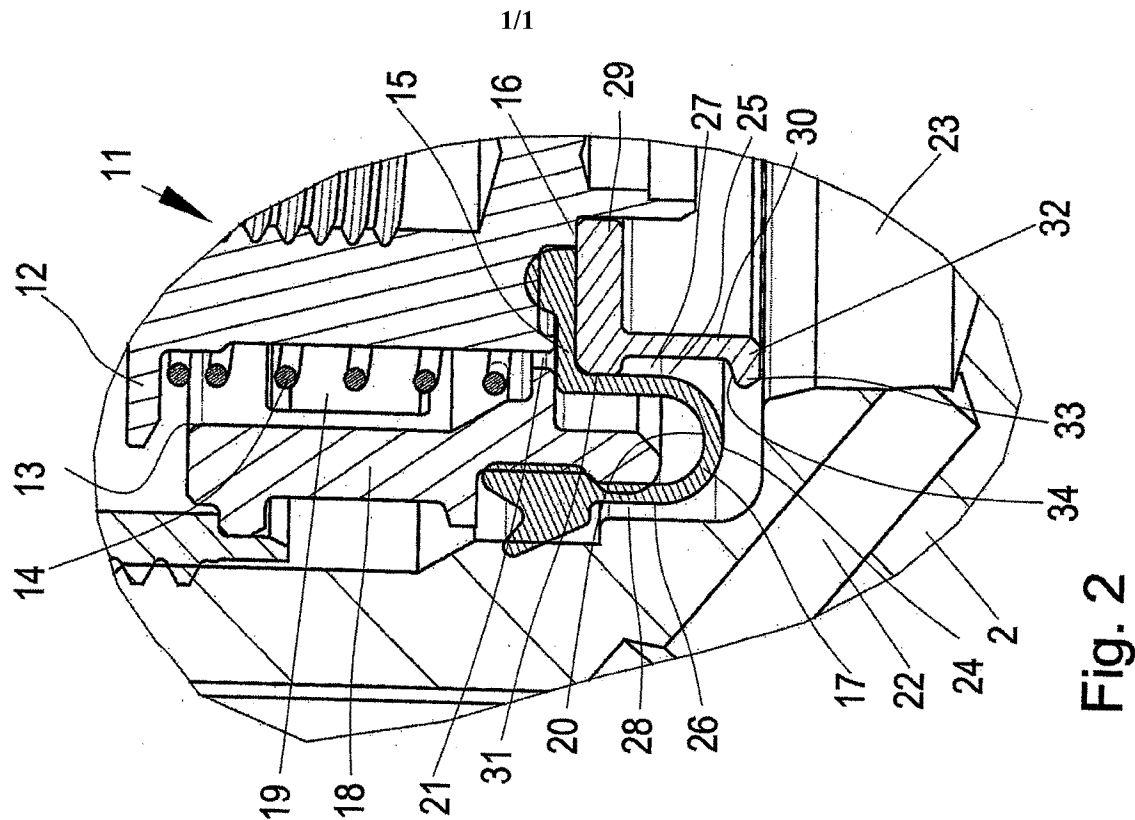
- 10 When the pressure regulating valve 11 is open (as shown in the drawing) and a pressure difference of the membrane 15 occurs tending to close the pressure regulating valve 11, this pressure difference deforms the flexible part 17 of the membrane slightly. However, such a deformation does not cause a friction since the two legs of the "U" of the flexible part 17 of the membrane 15 can bulge freely into the expansion spaces 27, 28.

- 15 If the pressure difference is large enough, the flexible part 17 is deformed such that it rests against the membrane supporting structure 32 and against a part of the housing 2.

Claims

1. Valve arrangement (1) for controlling a flow of a heating or cooling fluid, said valve arrangement (1) comprising: a housing (2) having an inlet (3) and an outlet (4), and a pressure regulating valve (11) being arranged between said inlet (3) and said outlet (4) and having a regulating valve element (12) and a regulating valve seat (13), said regulating valve element (12) being connected to a membrane (15), said membrane (15) having a flexible part (17), characterized in that a radially inner expansion space (27) is provided on a radially inner side (25) of the flexible part (17) of the membrane (15).
5
2. Valve arrangement according to claim 1, characterized in that a radially outer expansion space (28) is provided on a radially outer side (26) of the flexible part (17) of the membrane (15).
10
3. Valve arrangement according to claim 2, characterized in that the radially inner expansion space (27) and the radially outer expansion space (28) are dimensioned to allow a symmetric radial expansion of the flexible part (17) of the membrane (15).
15
4. Valve arrangement according to claim 2 or 3, characterized in that the radially inner expansion space (27) has a larger radial width than the radially outer expansion space (28).
20
5. Valve arrangement according to any of claims 1 to 4, characterized in that a fixation element (16) is arranged on the side of the membrane (15) opposite the regulating valve element (12), wherein the fixation element (16) limits the radially inner expansion space (27) to a radially inner side.
25

6. Valve arrangement according to claim 5, characterized in that the fixation element (16) comprises a plate-like section (29) fixing the membrane (15) at the regulating valve element (12) and a circumferential wall (30), wherein an outer diameter of the wall (30) at least over a part of its axial length is smaller than an outer diameter of the plate-like section (29).
7. Valve arrangement according to claim 6, characterized in that the wall (30) comprises a membrane support structure (32) in a part remote from the plate-like section (29).
8. Valve arrangement according to claim 7, characterized in that the membrane support structure (32) is arranged at an end of the wall (30).
9. Valve arrangement according to claim 7 or 8, characterized in that the membrane support structure (32) has a larger outer diameter than the plate-like section (29).
10. Valve arrangement according to any of claims 7 to 9, characterized in that the membrane support structure (32) comprises a radial protrusion (33) running in circumferential direction around the wall (30).
11. Valve arrangement according to any of claims 7 to 10, characterized in that the membrane support structure (32) comprises an inclined supporting surface (34).



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No
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A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
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ADD.

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
G05D

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	EP 2 818 960 A1 (DANFOSS AS [DK]) 31 December 2014 (2014-12-31)	1
Y	the whole document	2-11
Y	----- US 2014/252261 A1 (HIRAI KAZUKI [JP]) 11 September 2014 (2014-09-11)	1-11
Y	the whole document	
Y	----- US 2016/139606 A1 (LOEFFLER GERHARD [DE]) 19 May 2016 (2016-05-19)	1-11
Y	the whole document	
Y	----- EP 2 693 287 A1 (DANFOSS AS [DK]) 5 February 2014 (2014-02-05)	1-11
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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No

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C(Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	WO 2012/100777 A1 (DANFOSS AS [DK]; CHRISTENSEN MORTEN HEDEGAARD [DK]; BJERGGAARD NIELS [] 2 August 2012 (2012-08-02) the whole document -----	1-11

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

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International application No

PCT/EP2018/069450

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