WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 4:

B65B 13/02

(11) International Publication Number:

WO 88/06124

(43) International Publication Date:

25 August 1988 (25.08.88)

(21) International Application Number: PCT/KR88/00005

(22) International Filing Date: 19 February 1988 (19.02.88)

(31) Priority Application Number:

1987/1974 U

A1

(32) Priority Date:

20 February 1987 (20.02.87)

(33) Priority Country:

KR

(71)(72) Applicant and Inventor: KIM, Sam, Hong [KR/KR]; 43-3, Myungju-dong, Kangneung-si, Kangwon-do 210-030 (KR).

(74) Agent: CHUNG, Tae, Ryoun; 816-3, Yeouksam-dong, Kangnam-ku, Seoul 135-080 (KR).

(81) Designated States: AT (European patent), BE (European patent), BR, CH (European patent), DE (European patent), FR (European patent), GB (European patent), IT (European patent), JP, LU (European patent), NL (European patent), SE (European patent), US.

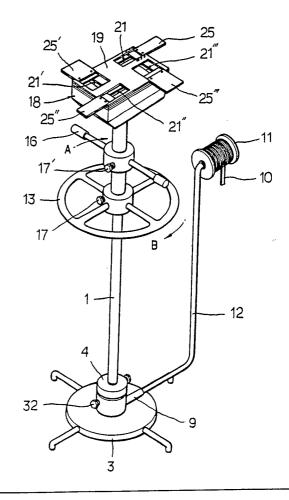
Published

With international search report.

(54) Title: A BOX-CORDING APPARATUS

(57) Abstract

A box-cording apparatus used to cord up a packing box. The apparatus comprises a frame means having a base frame and support members slidably installed thereon, a driving means for moving the support members back and forth, and a frame rotating means having a shaft and a control means for the rotation of the shaft. The support members are bound together with parts of the box loaded on the base frame during the cording work and then pulled and received in the base frame, getting free from the corded parts of the box



FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

ÀΤ	Austria	FR	France	ML	Mali
ΑU	Australia	GA	Gabon	MR	Mauritania
BB	Barbados	GB	United Kingdom	MW	Malawi
BE	Belgium	HU	Hungary	NL	Netherlands
BG	Bulgaria	IT	Italy	NO	Norway
BJ	Benin	JР	Japan	RO	Romania
BR	Brazil	KP	Democratic People's Republic	SD	Sudan
CF	Central African Republic		of Korea	SE	Sweden
CG	Congo	KR	Republic of Korea	SN	Senegal
CH	Switzerland	LI	Liechtenstein	SU	Soviet Union
CM	Cameroon	LK	Sri Lanka	TD	Chad
DE	Germany, Federal Republic of	LU	Luxembourg	TG	Togo
DK	Denmark	MC	Monaco	US	United States of America
FI	Finland	MG	Madagascar		

10

15

20

25

30

35

A box-cording apparatus

Background of the Invention

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to a box-cording apparatus and, in particular, to a box-cording apparatus which is used to cord up a packing box after an article is put therein.

Description of the Prior Art

Typically, a packing box which contains an article must be corded up in a condition where the bottom thereof is held up, and, accordingly, in order to cord up one packing box completely, it must be picked up and put down several times. This is troublesome and inconvenient. Moreover, if the box is heavy, it is extremely difficult for one person to do it. Such cases not only require a lot of strength but also waste time and manpower.

Summary of the Invention

It is an object of the present invention to provide a box-cording apparatus which overcomes or substantially reduces the above-drawbacks and by which a packing box can be corded up single-handed but quickly and conveniently.

According to the present invention, there is provided a box-cording apparatus comprising a frame means which has a base frame and support members slidably installed in the base frame, a driving means which drives each of the support members backwards and forwards, and a frame rotating means which also has a shaft fixed to the base frame, a control means which controls the rotation of the shaft and a base which supports the shaft.

Thus, according to the present invention, a box to be corded up is put on the base frame after the support members installed therein are pushed in the proper directions and then the outer parts of the box are bound together with the support members consecutively. After the box is completely bound, the support members are pulled into their original positions, getting free from the bound cords.

30

35

Brief Description of the Drawings

The present invention will now be described by way of illustrative example with reference to the accompanying drawings in which;

- 5 FIG. 1 is a perspective view of one embodiment of the box-cording apparatus according to the present invention;
 - FIG. 2 is an enlarged elevation of the apparatus of FIG. 1;
- 10 FIG. 3 is an enlarged vertical section of part of the apparatus of FIG. 1;
 - FIG. 4 is an enlarged perspective view showing a power-transmission means of the apparatus of FIG. 1;
- FIG. 5 is a partially enlarged elevation showing the manner in which the apparatus of FIG. 1 is used;
 - FIG. 6 is an exploded perspective view showing a frame means of the apparatus of FIG. 1;
 - FIG. 7 is a cross-sectional view showing a control means for controlling the rotation of a shaft in the apparatus of FIG. 1;
 - FIG. 8 is an enlarged elevation showing the manner in which the power-transmission means of the apparatus operates properly;
- FIG. 9 is an elevation showing the manner in which 25 the apparatus of FIG. 1 is used;
 - FIG. 10 is an enlarged perspective view showing another embodiment of the power-transmission means of the apparatus of FIG. 1; and
 - FIG. 11 is an enlarged elevation of the same embodiment of FIG. 10.

Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiments

Referring to the drawings, the lower part of the shaft 1 which has four catch holes 2 formed on its lower circumferential surface at intervals of an angle of 90° is inserted into a central opening of the base 3 and supported by a support ring 4 and a nut 5. On the upper part of the base 3, a lateral opening 6 is bored in the position

which meets with one of the catch holes 2 and a ball 8 which is urged by means of a tension spring which is built-in so that part of the ball 8 is inserted into one of the catch holes 2. Thus, the shaft 1 comes to a stop whenever it rotates through an angle of 90°. On the one side of the base 3 a fixing pipe 9 to which a fixed pipe 12 having a roller 11 with a packing cord 10 is fixed may be installed in order to allow the user to use the packing cord 10 conveniently.

The upper part of the shaft 1 is inserted through a swivel pipe 15 which has a double-grooved pulley 14 formed at the end of its upper part, and thus the swivel pipe 15 is capable of moving round the shaft 1 by means of a control lever 16 fastened thereto by a bolt 17'.

On the other hand, the base frame 18 is made to 15 maintain itself at a reasonable height as the upper end of the shaft 1 is fixed in the middle of the rear of a lower base plate 19b among base plates 19, 19a, 19b, which are also fixed on the upper part of the base frame 18, and therefore, it is possible to cord up a box 2 standing in a 20 On the four sides of the lower base comfortable posture. plate 19b, guide holes 21, 21', 21", 21'" for guiding the support members 25, 25', 25", 25" are provided. bottom thereof, thick support rollers 22, 22', 22a, 22b and thin support rollers 23, 23', 23a, 23b are installed at 25 both sides of the guide holes as to rotate in a position symmetrical to each other and, as shown FIG. 4, steel wires 24, 24', 24", 24"' are hung crosswise on the upper and lower grooves of the double-grooved pulley 14 through the support Guide pieces 26, 26', 26", 26"' are firmly 30 fixed to the bottom of the support members 25, 25', 25", 25" and guide pins 27, 27', 27" are also connected to the bottom of the guide pieces 26, 26', 26". The guide pins 27, 27', 27", 27"' have pinholes that the steel wires 24, 24', 24", 24"' are put through and tied up 35 with respectively.

The guide pins are placed through the guide holes

15

20

25

30

35

21, 21', 21"' in the lower base plate 19b. When the pulley 14 formed on the swivel pipe 15 rotates clockwise or counterclockwise by means of the control lever 16, the steel wires 24, 24', 24", 24"' move in accordance with the rotating directions of the pulley 14 and thus the support members with which the steel wires are tied up respectively are capable of moving backwards and forwards within the guide holes 21, 21', 21", 21"'.

On the base plates 19 and 19a which are to be attached in piles onto the base plate 19b, guide channels 28 and 29 are formed respectively. In the preferred embodiments, the width of the guide channels 29 on the middle base plate 19a is a little larger than that of the guide channels 28 on the upper base plate 19. Thus, since the base plates 19, 19a, 19b lie in piles, the inner surfaces of the guide channels 28 and 29 define guide groove 30 as shown in FIG. 2.

Thus, three sides of the guide pieces 26, 26', 26", 26"' are slidably received within the guide grooves 30 and the support members 25, 25', 25", 25"' are thereby made to come outside as shown in FIG. 1, while the pulley 14 rotates clockwise. On both sides of the entrance to the guide channels 29 on the base plate 19a, catching jaws 31 and 31' are respectively formed in order to catch both sides of the guide pieces, causing the support members not to fall from the guide channels 28 respectively.

Referring to FIG. 5, the manner in which the apparatus according to the present invention is used is illustrated. In order to bind the box 20 with the packing cord 10, the control lever 16 is turned clockwise (See "A" in FIG. 1) by hand and thus the pulley 14 at the end of the swivel pipe 15 rotates clockwise (See "A' " in FIG. 4). Accordingly, the steel wires 24, 24', 24", 24"' which are hung on the upper and lower grooves of the pulley 14 move in the directions of the arrows respectively as shown in FIG. 8 and therefore, the guide pins 27, 27', 27"' that the steel wires are put through and tied up with

25

30

35

move in the same directions as the steel wires. the support members 25, 25', 25", 25"' are respectively made to be pushed to the outsides of the base frame 18 as After that, the box 20 is put on the shown in FIG. 1. base frame 18 as shown in FIG. 5 and one part thereof is 5 bound together with one 25 of the support members by drawing the packing cord 10 wound on the roller 11. part is bound in this manner, the shaft 1 rotates clockwise (See "B" in FIG. 1) by means of a handle 13, causing the base frame 18 itself to rotate clockwise. When the shaft 10 1 has turned through an angle of 90° , part of the ball 8 built in the lateral opening 6 and urged by means of the tension spring 7, the tension of which is adjusted by an adjustment bolt 32, is made to meet with and to be inserted into another catch hole, causing the rotation of the shaft 1 15 to come to a stop under such a condition that the handle 13 Thereupon, the box 20 is also is not turned further. turned through an angle of 90° and another part thereof is bound with the packing cord 10 in the same manner.

Thus, four parts of the box 20 are bound together with the support members 25, 25', 25", 25"' as shown in FIG. 9, by repeatedly turning the base frame 18 90° by means of the handle 13 in such a manner as described hereinabove.

After such a cording work comes to an end, the control lever 16 is then turned counterclockwise so that the pulley 14 formed on the swivel pipe 15 also rotates counterclockwise. Thus, the steel wires 24, 24', 24", 24"' move in the directions opposite to the arrows shown in FIG. 8 and accordingly, the guide pins 27, 27', 27", 27"' also move in the same directions as the steel wires move respectively, resulting in that the support members 25, 25', 25", 25"' are respectively pulled in and received within the guide channels 28 and 29 and thereby get free from the corded parts of the box 20. After that, the box 20 can be unloaded from the base frame 18.

Although the support members 25, 25', 25", 25"' fall off from the corded parts of the box 20, the corded

10

25

30

35

condition thereof does not become loose because the support members are relatively thin and the box 20 is usually made of paper scraps.

Referring now to FIGs. 10 and 11, there is illustrated another embodiment of the power-transmission means according to the present invention. In the illustrated embodiment, two guide pins 27 and 27"' connected to the guide pieces 26 and 26"' are tied up with one steel wire 24a and the other guide pins 27 and 27" attached to the guide pieces 26' and 26" are tied up with the other steel wire 24b.

In such a case, the structure becomes simple and a cost reduction effect is obtainable by a decrease in the number of support rollers.

15 Also, in this case, the support rollers 22c, 22c', 22c" are combined with additional rollers 22d, 22d', 22d", and thus the steel wires 24a, 24b can be kept from rubbing against each other or from being overlapped in the pulley 14 because the combined support rollers 22c, 22c', 22c" are different in height as compared with the support rollers 23c, 23c', 23c".

Consequently, in the preferred embodiments, the support members are firstly pushed to the outsides of the base frame by turning the control lever clockwise before the box containing an article is loaded on the base frame. Thereafter, one part of the box is bound with one of the support members by drawing the packing cord wound on the roller. Then, the other parts of the box are consecutively bound in the same manner by repeatedly turning the base frame by 90° with the handle.

After such a cording work is completed, the control lever is then turned counterclockwise and thus the support members are pulled in and compeltely received within the guide channels, getting free from the corded parts of the box. Then, the box can be taken down.

The reason that the support members are made to move backwards and forwards is to bind the parts of the box

10

15

in a convenient manner. In other words, as the sides of the box are required to come further outside than the outer side of the base frame while it is on the base frame, the base frame must be manufactured smaller than the box to be bound. Thus, when the box is loaded on the base frame which is smaller, the loaded box's condition is not stable and the box may fall through operator's carelessness. The support members can prevent the box from falling and stabilize the loading of the box.

From the foregoing, it will be apparent that the present invention provides the advantages of being specially designed to do cording work single-handed but quickly and conveniently, and reducing the cording time and manpower.

While the present invention has been described and illustrated herein with reference to the preferred embodiments thereof, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes in form and details may be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention.

' 20

25

30

35

10

15

20

25

30

35

Claims

1. A box-cording apparatus comprising;

a frame means having a base frame on which a box to be corded is loaded and support members slidably installed on said base frame;

a driving means for moving said support members back and forth; and

a frame rotating means having a shaft fixed to said base frame, a control means for the rotation of said shaft and a base for supporting said shaft.

2. A box-cording apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein said base frame comprises an upper base plate having first set of guide channels formed thereon in all directions for slidably receiving said support members, a middle base plate having second set of guide channels on which catching jaws are formed, and a lower base plate attached onto said middle base plate and having guide holes formed thereon through which guide pins are placed, said guide pins being connected to guide pieces which are fixed to said support members and slidably received within said second set of guide channels,

characterized in that the width of said second set of guide channels is made a little larger than that of said first set thereof and both of said first and second sets thereof define guide grooves for slidably receiving said guide pieces.

- 3. A box-cording apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein said driving means comprises a swivel pipe through which the upper part of said shaft is inserted, a control lever for turning said swivel pipe by hand, and a power-transmission means which transmits the torque of said swivel pipe and makes said support members move back and forth.
- 4. A box-cording apparatus as claimed in calim 3, wherein said power-transmission means comprises a double-grooves pulley formed at the upper end of said swivel pipe, eight support rollers installed to said base plate, and four steel wires hung on the upper and lower grooves of said

pulley via said support rollers and tied up with said guide pins respectively.

5. A box-cording apparatus as claimed in claim 3, wherein said power-transmission means comprises a double-grooved pulley formed at the upper end of said swivel pipe, two steel wires each of which is tied up with two of said guide pieces, and six support rollers,

characterized in that three of said support rollers are combined with additional rollers and different in height as compared with the others of said support rollers.

- 6. A box-cording apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein said control means comprises catch holes formed on the lower circumferential surface of said shaft at regular intevals, a ball built in a lateral opening which is bored on the upper part of said base, part of said ball being inserted into one of said catch holes, a tension spring by which said ball is urged and a tension adjustment bolt of said spring.
- 7. A box-cording apparatus as claimed in claim
 20 1, wherein said base further comprises a fixing pipe to
 which a fixed pipe having a roller with a packing cord is
 firmly fixed.

25

10

15

30

35

FIG. 1

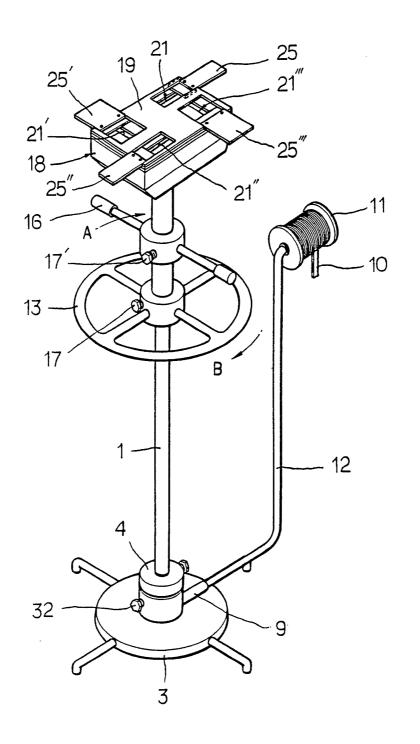
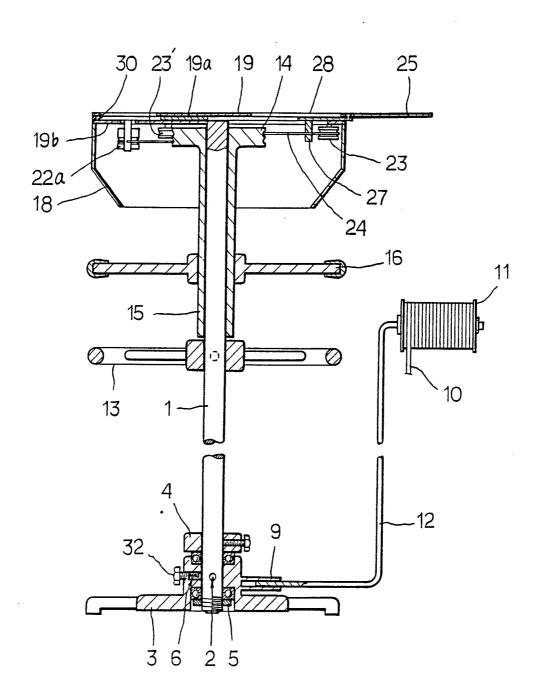


FIG.2



3 / 7

FIG.3

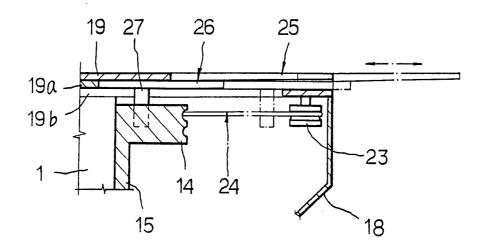
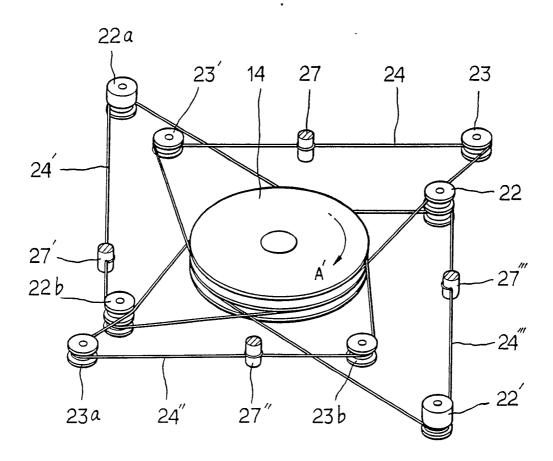
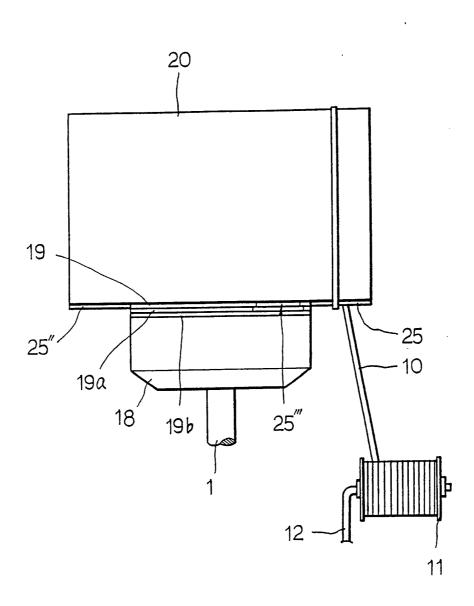


FIG.4



4 / 7

FIG.5



5 / 7

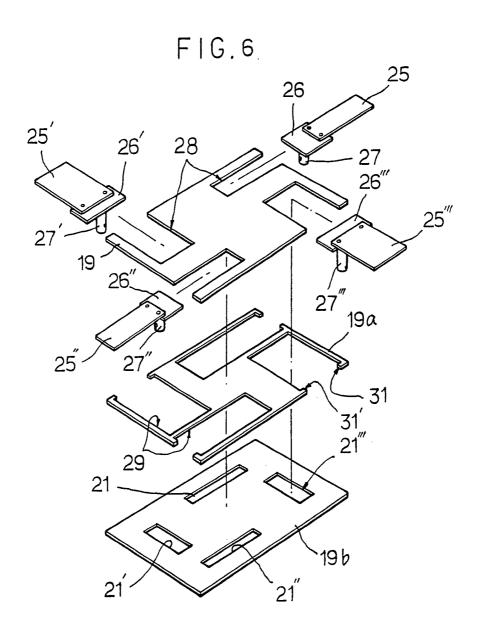
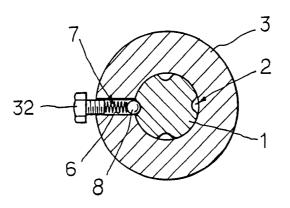


FIG.7



6 / 7

FIG.8

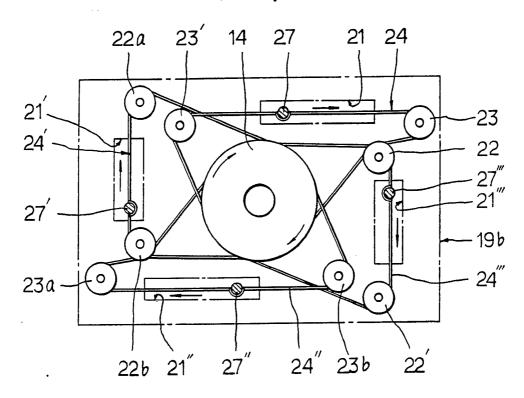
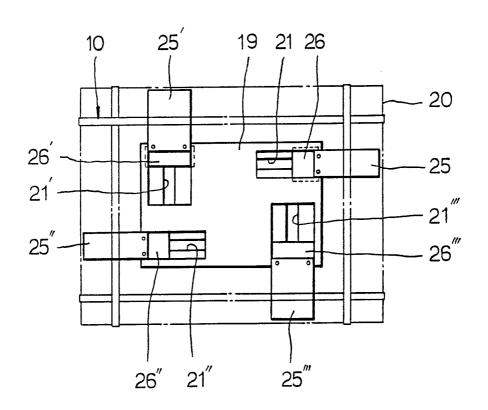


FIG.9



n

7 / 7

F | G.10

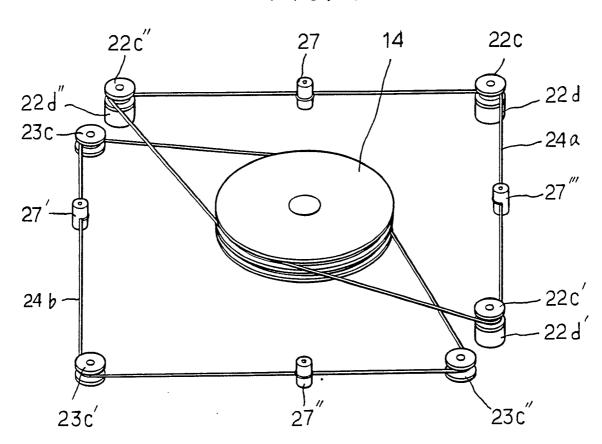
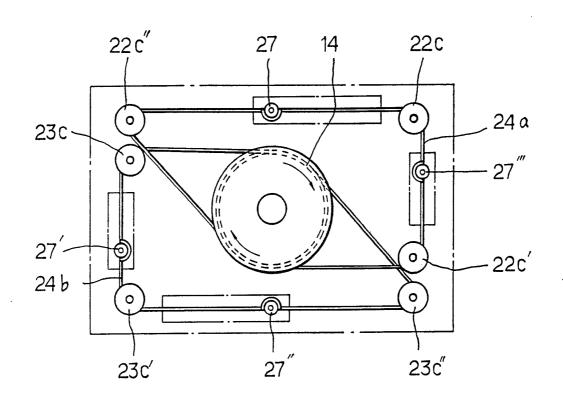


FIG.11



		International Application No	-
. CLASS	IFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER (if several classific to international Patent Classification (IPC) or to both Natio	eation symbols apply, indicate and	
		ner e-alemocuson and mag	
	C ⁴ B 65 B 13/02		
PELDE	SEARCHED Minimum Document	etion Receiped 7	
		lassification Symbols	
assincatio	on System C		
Int.	C1. ⁴ B 65 B 13/00, 27/00	0, 51/00, 67/00	
	Documentation Searched other th to the Extent that such Documents	en Minimum Documentation are included in the Fields Searched ⁸	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
II. DOCU	MENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	and the selevant garages 18	Relevant to Claim No. 13
tegory *	Citation of Document, 11 with indication, where appr	agriate, of the relevant passages	
А	GB, A, 614 736 (VIART) 22 (22.12.48).	(1)	
Α	DE, C, 716 910 (HOLZBERG) (02.02.42).	(1)	
A	US, A, 1 811 744 (BRÜNING (23.06.31).	(1)	
A	US, A, 2 549 136 (SIMPSON (17.04.51).) 17 April 1951	(1,7)
	1 1		
	1		
	;	•	
	i i		
	,		
* Speci	al categories of cited documents: 18	"T" later document published after or priority date and not in con	niet with the abblication v
"E" ear fili	cument defining the general state of the art which is not naidered to be of particular relevance frier document but published on or after the international nigitate cument which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or nich is cited to establish the publication date of another ation or other special reason (as specified) cument referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or her means	cited to understand the princi- invention "X" document of particular releva- cannot be considered novel (involve an inventive step "Y" document of particular releva- cannot be considered to involve document is combined with or ments, such combination being in the art. "4" document member of the same	nce; the claimed inventi or cannot be considered ince; the claimed inventi e an inventive step when i e or more other such do g obvious to a person skill
lat	er than the priority date claimed		
	TIFICATION he Actual Completion of the international Search	Date of Mailing of this International	Search Report
	arch 1988 (18.03.88)	23 March 1988 (2)	3.03.88)
		Signature of Authorized Officer	
	onal Searching Authority PRIAN PATENT OFFICE	Pippan	

Anhang zum internationalen Recherchenbericht über die internationale Patentanmeldung Nr.

In diesem Anhang sind die Mitglieder der Patentfamilien der im obengenannten internationalen Recherchenbericht angeführten Patentdokumente angegeben. Diese Angaben dienen nur zur Unterichtung und erfolgen ohne Gewähr.

Annex to the International Search Report on International Patent Application No. PCT/KR 88/00005

This Annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned International search report. The Austrian Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

Annexe au rapport de recherche internationale relatif à la demande de brevet international n°.

La présente annexe indique les membres de la famille de brevets relatifs aux documents de brevets cités dans le rapport de recherche internationale visé ci-dessus. Les renseignements fournis sont donnés à titre indicatif et n'engagent pas la responsabilité de l'Office autrichien des brevets.

Im Recherchenbericht
angeführtes Patentdokument
Patent document cited
in search report
Document de brevet cité
dans le rapport
de recherche

Datum der
Veröffentlichung
Publication
date
Date de
publication

Mitglied(er) der Patentfamilie Patent family member(s) Membre(s) de la famille de brevets Datum der
Veröffentlichung
Publication
date
Date de
publication

G:	B-A-	614	736	22/12/1948	None
D.	E-C-	716	910	02/02/1942	None
U	S-A-1	811	744	23/06/1931	None
U	S-A-2	549	136	17/04/1951	None