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(54) **Dózisegység, dózisegységet tartalmazó csomag és hatóanyag kombináció belégzésére alkalmas belégző készülék**

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(54) **DOSE UNIT, PACK OF DOSE UNITS AND INHALER FOR INHALATION OF COMBINATION OF DRUGS**

DOSISEINHEIT, PACKUNG FÜR DOSISEINHEITEN UND INHALATOR ZUR INHALATION VON WIRKSTOFFKOMBINATIONEN

UNITÉ DE DOSE, ENSEMBLE D'UNITÉS DE DOSE ET INHALATEUR DESTINÉ À L'INHALATION D'UNE COMBINAISON DE MÉDICAMENTS

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Description

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The invention relates to a dose unit for a dry powder inhaler comprising:

- a dose carrier including a plurality of pockets each adapted to contain a dose of medication powder suitable for inhalation, said pockets being sequentially arranged such that the content of the pockets can be sequentially exposed to a flow of air for successive inhalations and
- a plurality of medication powder doses arranged in pockets of the dose carrier.

[0002] Typically, all pockets of such dose units contain a medication dose including a blend of at least one pharmaceutically active ingredient and at least one excipient. It has already been proposed to use a pair of such dose units in the same inhaler and more specifically to provide inhalers adapted to deliver medication powders from both units simultaneously. Such embodiments are for example described in WO 2005/002654 and WO 2004/011070. In particular embodiments known from such references, the first dose unit contains a first medication powder and the second dose unit contains a second medication powder different from the first one, whereby the inhaler can be used to deliver a combination of pharmaceutically active ingredients stored in separate carriers. This is of particular interest in certain therapies, for administering to the patient pharmaceutically active ingredients which must be delivered in combination but stored separately for stability reasons.

[0003] However, it might be desirable to administer to the patient not only the combination of the two medication powders but also, alternatively, only one of the two medication powders, in case the two medications must be administered at a different frequency. For example, it might be desirable to administer the first medication powder four times a day (QID) and the second medication powder twice in a day (BID).

[0004] With the known dose units and associated inhalers, this cannot be achieved with a single inhaler and the patient would rather have to alternatively use a first inhaler to inhale the first medication powder and a second inhaler to inhale the combination of the first and second medication powders.

[0005] This method is not only inconvenient but also confusing for the patient, whereby it may increase the risk of incorrect dosing.

[0006] US2008/0283057A1 discloses a dispensing device having a storage device and an air pump for dispensing a medical formulation, the storage device comprising multiple inserts, each insert containing a single dose of the formulation. The inserts are located in separate and sealed cavities which can be individually opened for dispensing the respective dose from the re-

spective insert.

[0007] US 2005/0154491 A1 is directed to provide a dose unit for an inhaler which allows administration of medication powders with different frequency.

[0008] It is an object of the invention to solve the aforementioned problem and allow the delivery of a plurality of inhalable drugs for combined treatments at different frequencies by means of a single inhalation device.

10 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0009] This is achieved by the dose unit according to the invention, wherein the doses are regularly distributed in the pockets according to a sequence of identical groups, each group including at least one blank pocket and one pocket containing a dose of medication powder.

[0010] Each blank pocket may be an empty pocket or, alternatively, a pocket containing an excipient powder.

[0011] According to a first embodiment of the invention, the dose carrier comprises a disc-shaped supporting structure and the pockets are held in an annular arrangement in the supporting structure, said supporting structure being adapted to be rotatably mounted in the dry powder inhaler so as to sequentially expose the content of the pockets.

[0012] Preferably, the disc-shaped supporting structure includes an annular arrangement of through holes and the dose carrier further comprises rigid inserts defining the pockets, each of said inserts being slidably accommodated in the respective through-hole in a storage position and is adapted to be displaced from said storage position into a dispensing position projecting from the disc-shaped supporting structure wherein the content of the pocket is exposed to the airflow.

[0013] According to a second embodiment of the invention, the dose carrier comprises an elongated strip formed with successive cavities defining the pockets arranged along the main direction of the strip.

[0014] Preferably, said elongated strip is flexible and shaped into a winding whereby the strip is adapted to be unwound in the dry powder inhaler so as to sequentially expose the content of the pockets.

[0015] Each of said identical groups may be constituted of one pocket containing a dose of medication powder and one blank pocket, whereby the pockets of the dose unit are alternatively blank and inclusive of a dose of medication powder.

[0016] The medication powder may include a single pharmaceutically active ingredient, said single pharmaceutically active ingredient being preferably selected from the group consisting of muscarinic M3 receptor agonists or anticholinergic agents, β 2-adrenoceptor agonists, compounds having a dual muscarinic antagonist and β 2-agonist activity and glucocorticoid receptor agonists.

[0017] More specifically, said single pharmaceutically active ingredient may be selected from the group consisting of ipratropium, tiotropium, oxitropium, trospium,

acclidiniums, perenzepine, telenzepine, ephedrine, adrenaline, isoprenaline, metaproterenol, phenylephrine, phenylpropanolamine, pirbuterol, reproterol, rim-iterol, isoetharine, carmoterol, albuterol, terbutaline, bambuterol, fenoterol, salbutamol, tulobuterol formoterol, salmeterol, prednisone, prednisolone, flunisolide, triamcinolone acetonide, beclomethasone, budesonide, fluticasone, ciclesonide, mometasone as well as salts and/or solvates thereof.

[0018] Alternatively, the medication powder may include a combination of pharmaceutically active ingredients, preferably a combination of a β 2-adrenoceptor agonist and a glucocorticoid receptor agonist.

[0019] More specifically, said combination of pharmaceutically active ingredients may be a combination of salmeterol xinafoate and fluticasone propionate or a combination of budesonide and formoterol fumarate dehydrate.

[0020] The invention also relates to a pack including a first dose unit as described above and a second dose unit for a dry powder inhaler comprising

- a dose carrier including a plurality of pockets adapted to contain a dose of a medication powder suitable for inhalation, said pockets being sequentially arranged such that the content of the pockets can be sequentially exposed to a flow of air for successive inhalations and
- a plurality of medication powder doses arranged in the respective pockets of the dose carrier such that all the pockets of the second dose unit are inclusive of a medication powder dose.

[0021] Advantageously, the dose carrier of the first dose unit and the dose carrier of the second dose unit have an identical distribution of pockets.

[0022] The medication powder of the second dose unit may include a single pharmaceutically active ingredient, preferably selected from the group consisting of muscarinic M3 receptor agonists or anticholinergic agents, β 2-adrenoceptor agonists, compounds having a dual muscarinic antagonist and β 2-agonist activity and glucocorticoid receptor agonists.

[0023] More specifically, said single pharmaceutically active ingredient may be selected from the group consisting of ipratropium, tiotropium, oxitropium, trospium, acclidiniums, perenzepine, telenzepine, ephedrine, adrenaline, isoprenaline, metaproterenol, phenylephrine, phenylpropanolamine, pirbuterol, reproterol, rim-iterol, isoetharine, carmoterol, albuterol, terbutaline, bambuterol, fenoterol, salbutamol, tulobuterol formoterol, salmeterol, prednisone, prednisolone, flunisolide, triamcinolone acetonide, beclomethasone, budesonide, fluticasone, ciclesonide, mometasone as well as salts and/or solvates thereof.

[0024] Alternatively, the medication powder of the second dose unit may include a combination of pharmaceutically active ingredients.

[0025] The invention also relates to a dry powder inhaler for administering medication powder to a patient, comprising a pack as described above and means for simultaneously exposing in an inhalation airflow the respective contents of a pocket of the first dose unit and a corresponding pocket of the second dose unit.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0026] Preferred embodiments of the invention will now be described in more details, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying drawings, which are not drawn to scale and wherein:

- Fig. 1 is an exploded view of a dry powder inhaler of a type adapted to include a pack of dose units according to a first embodiment of the invention;
- Fig. 2 is an enlarged partial and schematic cross-sectional view of the inhaler of Fig. 1, showing one pocket of each dose unit in the storage position before inhalation;
- Fig. 3 is a similar view showing the pockets in the dispensing position during inhalation;
- Fig. 4-7 show different versions of a pack of dose units suitable for the inhaler of Fig. 1 in accordance with the invention illustrating a variety of patterns of distribution of medication doses in; and
- Fig. 8 is a perspective view of a pack of dose units according to a second embodiment of the invention, with a peelable lid of the dose carrier illustrated in an open position.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0027] Fig. 1-3 illustrate a dry powder inhaler 1 from which a patient may inhale consecutive doses of medicament in the form of dry powder, said inhaler being of a type known from the aforementioned patent application WO 2005/002654 and adaptable to a first preferred embodiment of the present invention which is illustrated in Fig. 4-7.

[0028] In Fig. 1, the inhaler 1 is shown in a view exploded along a main axis Z of the inhaler. This axis Z is arbitrarily represented vertical on the drawings but this orientation is not supposed to reflect the orientation of the device in real conditions of use. Terms depicting position or orientation such as "axial" and "radial" should be interpreted, in the present description, with reference to this axis Z.

[0029] The inhaler 1 mainly includes a housing made of a pair of complementary shells 3a, 3b, a pair of dose units 5a, 5b, a pair of supports (only one 7b of which is visible on Fig. 1) defining an internal structure 7 (Fig. 2 and 3) for accommodating the dose units 5a, 5b and a mechanism 9 operable by the patient to activate the inhaler.

[0030] Reference being more specifically made to Fig. 1, the housing comprises air intakes formed of apertures

in the shells 3a, 3b constitutive of the housing. Only the apertures 11 a formed on the shell 3a are visible on Fig. 1. The housing 3a, 3b further includes a mouthpiece made of two halves 13a, 13b, each formed on a respective shell.

[0031] As illustrated in Fig. 1-3, the dose units 5a, 5b each comprise a dose carrier 15 provided with a plurality of pockets 17, said pockets being each adapted to contain a dose of medication powder suitable for inhalation, and a plurality of medication powder doses 19 (Fig. 2 and 3) arranged in pockets 17 of the dose carrier 15.

[0032] In the present patent application, the expression "medication powder dose" should be understood as a dose of powder which is suitable for inhalation by a patient and which includes at least one pharmaceutically active ingredient. Typically, as specified in the preamble of the present description, the medication powder is made of a blend of particles of one or more pharmaceutically active ingredient(s) with particles of one or more excipient(s). Such formulation is often designated as dry powder formulation. In contrast, in the context of the present description, a dose of powder containing excipient(s) but no pharmaceutically active ingredient should not be considered as a "medication powder dose".

[0033] The pharmaceutically active ingredient according to the present invention may be selected from any class of drugs which is suitable to the treatment or prevention of diseases, disorders and conditions by inhalation. Example of such diseases, disorders and conditions include for example allergic, inflammatory and/or respiratory disorders such as rhinitis, sinusitis, asthma, wheezy infant syndrome, bronchiolitis, bronchitis, bronchopneumopathy, nasal polyps, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), pulmonary emphysema, acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS), cystic fibrosis, interstitial lung diseases, pulmonary fibrosis bronchospasm, lung hypersensitivity, exacerbation of airways hyper-reactivity consequent to other drug therapy, pulmonary hypertension, pneumonia, pulmonary embolism, tuberculosis, common cold, influenza, pharyngitis, lung cancer, etc...

[0034] The pharmaceutically active ingredient(s) according to the present invention may thus be selected from numerous classes of medications such as for example glucocorticoid receptor agonists, PDE inhibitors in particular PDE4 inhibitors, sodium cromoglycate, muscarinic M3 receptor antagonists or anticholinergic agents, β 2-adrenoceptor agonists, compounds having a dual muscarinic antagonist and β 2-agonist activity, anti-tumour necrosis factor (anti-TNF- α) agents, adenosine A2a receptor agonists and A2b antagonists, histamine H3 antagonists and H4 antagonists, modulators of prostaglandin D2 including DP1 antagonists, DP2 antagonists and inhibitors of haematopoietic prostaglandin D synthase (hPGDS), modulators of the NF κ B pathway such as IKK inhibitors, modulators of cytokine signalling pathways such as p38 MAP kinases, PI3 kinases, JAK kinases, syk kinase, EGFR, MK-2, fyn kinases or ITK

etc...

[0035] According to a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the pharmaceutically active ingredient(s) may be selected from:

- muscarinic M3 receptor agonists or anticholinergic agents such as ipratropium, tiotropium, oxitropium, tropium, aclidinium, perenzepine, telenzepine and other muscarinic agonists such as e.g. those described in WO 03/035599, WO 2007/034325, WO 08/035157 or WO 2009/034432., as well as salts and/or solvates thereof;
- β 2-adrenoceptor agonists such as ephedrine, adrenaline, isoprenaline, metaproterenol, phenylephrine, phenylpropanolamine, pirbuterol, reproterol, rimiterol, isoetharine, carmoterol, albuterol, terbutaline, bambuterol, fenoterol, salbutamol, tulobuterol formoterol, salmeterol, and other β 2-agonists such as e.g. those described in WO 04/032921, WO 05/080313, WO 05/080324, WO 05/090287, WO 05/092840 and WO 2007/010356 as well as salts and/or solvates thereof;
- compounds having a dual muscarinic antagonist and β 2-agonist activity such as e.g. those described in WO 2007/107828 or WO 2008/041095;
- Glucocorticoid receptor agonists such as prednisone, prednisolone, flunisolide, triamcinolone acetonide, beclomethasone, budesonide, fluticasone, ciclesonide, mometasone as well as salts and/or solvates thereof;

and dual or triple combinations thereof.

[0036] Prior to use in a dry powder formulation, the pharmaceutically active ingredient should be presented for administration in a size suitable for delivery by inhalation. This may be achieved by controlled crystallization and isolation of the pharmaceutically active ingredient using for example high shear wet milling or sonocrystallisation, followed by any appropriate comminuting method, such as spiral jet milling, fluid bed jet milling, supercritical fluid processing, high pressure homogenisation, or spray drying. The particles that are so obtained typically have an average aerodynamic particle size of less than 10 μ m, preferably less than 6 μ m, more preferably of less than 5 μ m.

[0037] The excipient used in the context of the present invention may be any physiologically acceptable excipient which can be used in the context of the inhalable formulation. As a matter of example, said excipient may be selected from monosaccharides, disaccharides, oligo- and polysaccharides. Examples of such excipient include glucose, arabinose, lactose, sucrose, maltose, dextrans. Monosaccharides or disaccharides are preferably used. More preferably, the excipient used in the context of the present invention is lactose, most preferably

lactose monohydrate.

[0038] The excipient powder according to the present invention may further be made of a mixture of components comprising a component as herein before described together with other components selected from e.g. phospholipids such as phosphatidylcholine, performance modifier such as *L*-leucine, mannitol, or magnesium stearate. Suitable flavours, such as menthol and levomenthol, or sweeteners, such as saccharin or saccharin sodium, may be added to those formulations of the invention intended for inhaled/intranasal administration.

[0039] The excipient powder that may be used in the context of the present invention is made of particles having an average size that is less than 200 μm , preferably less than 100 μm . More preferably, the excipient powder is made of particles having an average particle size that is comprised between 10 μm and 80 μm , still more preferably between 15 and 60 μm .

[0040] According to a preferred embodiment, the medication powder dose according to the present invention comprises one or more pharmaceutically active ingredient selected from muscarinic M3 receptor agonists, β_2 -adrenoceptor agonists and/or glucocorticoid receptor agonists as herein before described, and lactose as the excipient.

[0041] More preferably, the medication powder dose according to the present invention comprises one or more pharmaceutically active ingredient(s) selected from ipratropium, tiotropium, oxitropium, trospium, aclidiniums, perenzepine, telenzepine, ephedrine, adrenaline, isoprenaline, metaproterenol, phenylephrine, phenylpropanolamine, pirbuterol, reproterol, rimiterol, isoetharine, carmoterol, albuterol, terbutaline, bambuterol, fenoterol, salbutamol, tulobuterol formoterol, salmeterol, prednisone, prednisolone, flunisolide, triamcinolone acetonide, beclomethasone, budesonide, fluticasone, ciclesonide, mometasone as well as salts and/or solvates thereof and lactose as the excipient.

[0042] Still more preferably, the medication powder dose according to the present invention comprises one or more pharmaceutically active ingredient(s) selected from ipratropium, tiotropium, oxitropium, trospium, aclidiniums, perenzepine, telenzepine, ephedrine, adrenaline, isoprenaline, metaproterenol, phenylephrine, phenylpropanolamine, pirbuterol, reproterol, rimiterol, isoetharine, carmoterol, albuterol, terbutaline, bambuterol, fenoterol, salbutamol, tulobuterol formoterol, salmeterol, prednisone, prednisolone, flunisolide, triamcinolone acetonide, beclomethasone, budesonide, fluticasone, ciclesonide, mometasone as well as salts and/or solvates thereof and lactose monohydrate as the excipient.

[0043] As visible on Fig. 2 and 3, each dose carrier 15 comprises a supporting structure in the form of a rigid disc 21 having a number of through holes 23 extending from one side of the disc to the other and rigid inserts 25 defining the pockets 17, each accommodated in a respective through hole 23. Each insert 25 is cup-shaped

with its external surface fitting on the internal surface of the corresponding through hole 23, whereby the insert 25 is able to axially slide in the through hole from a storage position (Fig. 2) into a dispensing position (Fig. 3). The insert 25 has a bottom wall defining the closed side of the cup shape and provided with an external flat surface 27 which, in the storage position, extends in the plane of a first side of the disc 21. At the open side of the cup shape, the insert 25 has a peripheral edge 29 substantially extending, in the storage position, in the plane of the second side of the disc 21. All the inserts 25 of a same dose carrier 15 are oriented in the same way which means that all the inserts 25 have their closed side on the same side of the disc 21.

[0044] Each dose carrier 15 also includes a pair of foils (not shown) respectively attached to the first and second faces of the disc 21 so as to hermetically enclose the inserts 25 with the powder contained therein and protect the powder from any moisture ingress and contamination until delivery. The foil applied on the second side of the disc is designed to be ruptured open by the edge 29 of the insert 25 when said insert is axially pushed from the first side toward the second side, so as to allow the powder to be exposed in a flow of air.

[0045] Referring back to Fig. 1, the through holes 23 are formed in the disc 21 according to an annular distribution wherein the holes are angularly and regularly spaced one from the other about the axis Z. The inserts 25 are thus held in the disc 21 in an annular arrangement defining a distribution of pockets 17 for the dose units 5a, 5b. It should be further noted that the two dose units 5a, 5b have corresponding or identical distributions of pockets 17, that means the same number of pockets with the same angular spacing therebetween.

[0046] The supports 7a, 7b may each comprise an anvil plate (not shown) and an airway plate (not shown) designed to be attached to the respective dose units 5a, 5b and to be rotatably mounted, together with the respective dose units, within the housing 3a, 3b. The internal structure 7 defined by the supports 7a, 7b is designed to both allow a proper extraction of the inserts 25 from their storage position into their dispensing position and provide individual paths for the inhalation airflow between the air intakes 11 a and an air outlet of the mouthpiece 13a, 13b through the respective pockets 17.

[0047] On Fig. 2 and 3, for the sake of clarity, the internal structure 7 is schematically represented as a single piece although it is not in fact. As visible on these figures, the structure 7 defines, for each pocket 17 of each dose unit 5a, 5b, a path 33 for the airflow, with a section 35 upstream the associated pocket and a section 37 downstream the same pocket. The downstream sections 37 of the respective paths 33 end up into a common duct 38 to the outlet.

[0048] In the storage position (Fig. 2), an insert 25 is fully enclosed in the associated disc 21 and, in the dispensing position (Fig. 3), it projects from the disc so as to be integral part of the walls defining the flow path 33

and expose the powder contained in the insert to the airflow. On Fig. 3, the airflow associated with the dose unit 5a is referred to as F_a and the airflow associated with the dose unit 5b is referred to as F_b .

[0049] The mechanism 9 will not be described in much detail in the present application as a similar arrangement is known from the aforementioned patent application WO 2005/002654 to which one may refer to understand more details of constitution and operation of the inhaler 1. However, it is important to note for the understanding of the present invention, that the mechanism 9 comprises a movable part 40 rotatably mounted within the housing 3a, 3b about the axis Z, said movable part having, integrally made, a lever 41 and a rotative cam 43. The cam 43 is formed as an annular portion extending essentially in a radial plane over a certain angle and having a thickness varying with the angle of rotation about the axis Z. The mechanism also has two cam followers in the form of two prodgers 45, each axially movable in accordance with the angular position of the cam 43 and each associated with a respective dose unit 5a, 5b.

[0050] The mechanism 9 is also provided with means, such as toothed wheels meshing with complementary teeth provided on the supports 7a, 7b, for rotating together the supports and the dose units 5a, 5b about the axis Z with the operation of the lever 41 over a certain angular travel.

[0051] It will be appreciated that, in the assembled configuration of the inhaler 1, the dose units 5a, 5b, the supports 7a, 7b and the mechanism 9 are enclosed in the housing 3a, 3b, the lever 41 extending out of the inner compartment defined by the housing so as to be handled by a user.

[0052] The inhaler 1 may further comprise a mouthpiece cover (not shown) rotatably supported by the housing 3a, 3b so as to be displaceable between a storage position, wherein it covers the mouthpiece 13a, 13b and the lever 41 thereby preventing access thereto and operation of the inhaler, and a use position, wherein it leaves free access to the mouthpiece and the lever.

[0053] Starting from a neutral initial position, when the lever 41 is activated, it sequentially

- (i) rotates the supports 7a, 7b together with the respective dose units 5a, 5b over the angular spacing between two successive pockets 17 so as to place one fresh pocket of each dose unit in correspondence with the respective prodger 45 and then
- (ii) simultaneously displaces, by the action of the cam 43 on the prodgers 45, the two prodgers 45 in the axial direction so as to push the inserts 25 from their storage position into their dispensing position as shown on Fig. 2 and 3.

[0054] As the inserts 25 are pushed by the respective prodgers 45 out of the through holes 23, they burst through the protective lidding foil so as to expose properly the powder to the airflow. When the inhalation occurs,

as shown on Fig. 3, the powder from the two corresponding pockets 17 is simultaneously dispensed in the respective airflows F_a , F_b which mix up downstream in the duct 38.

[0055] At the end of this operation, the lever is returned back to its initial position by means not shown on the figures without causing any further or reverse rotation of the dose units.

[0056] It will be appreciated that the annular arrangement of the pockets 17 in the dose units 5a, 5b, since the discs 21 are rotatably mounted in the housing of the inhaler, defines a sequential arrangement allowing that the content of the pockets is sequentially exposed to a flow of air for successive inhalations.

[0057] Different versions of the first embodiment of the invention are shown on Fig. 4-5, wherein packs of two dose units suitable for use within the inhaler 1 are as described above.

[0058] In the version of Fig. 4, the pack 105 includes

- a first dose unit 105a having, in an annular arrangement such as described for the dose unit 5a in reference to Fig. 1, a sequence of pockets which are alternatively blank B and inclusive of dose of a first medication powder X; and
- a second dose unit 105b having, in an annular arrangement such as described for the dose unit 5b in reference to Fig. 1, a sequence of pockets all containing a dose of a second medication powder Y, preferably different from the first medication powder X.

[0059] A "blank" pocket should be understood, in the present description, as a pocket which does not include a pharmaceutically active ingredient. A blank pocket may be an empty pocket but it is, in the present invention, a pocket containing an excipient powder (such as lactose) without pharmaceutically active ingredient, whereby the inhalation effort and the perception of the user are not affected by the presence of blank pockets. As opposed to "blank", the term "active" may be used in some circumstances in the description below to qualify the pockets inclusive of medication powder.

[0060] The first X and second Y medication powders each may include a single pharmaceutically active ingredient or a combination of two or more pharmaceutically active ingredients.

[0061] In a first illustrative example corresponding to a preferred embodiment:

the first medication powder X includes a single pharmaceutically active ingredient selected from the group consisting of β 2-adrenoceptor agonists such as ephedrine, adrenaline, isoprenaline, metaproterenol, phenylephrine, phenylpropanolamine, pirbuterol, reproterol, rimiterol, isoetharine, carmoterol, albuterol, terbutaline, bambuterol, fenoterol, salbutamol, tulobuterol formoterol, salmeterol, and other

β 2-agonists such as e.g. those described in WO 04/032921, WO 05/080313, WO 05/080324, WO 05/090287, WO 05/092840 and WO 2007/010356 as well as salts thereof;

the second medication powder Y includes a single ingredient selected from the group consisting of glucocorticoid receptor agonists such as prednisone, prednisolone, flunisolide, triamcinolone acetonide, beclomethasone dipropionate, budesonide, fluticasone, ciclesonide, mometasone as well as salts thereof.

[0062] In a second illustrative example corresponding to another preferred embodiment:

the first medication powder X includes a fixed combination of two pharmaceutically active ingredients, the first one being selected from the group consisting of β 2-adrenoceptor agonists such as ephedrine, adrenaline, isoprenaline, metaproterenol, phenylephrine, phenylpropanolamine, pirbuterol, reproterol, rimeterol, isoetharine, carmoterol, albuterol, terbutaline, bambuterol, fenoterol, salbutamol, tulobuterol, formoterol, salmeterol, and other β 2-agonists such as e.g. those described in WO 04/032921, WO 05/080313, WO 05/080324, WO 05/090287, WO 05/092840 and WO 2007/010356 as well as salts thereof and the second one being selected from the group consisting of glucocorticoid receptor agonists such as prednisone, prednisolone, flunisolide, triamcinolone acetonide, beclomethasone dipropionate, budesonide, fluticasone, ciclesonide, mometasone as well as salts thereof;

the second medication powder Y includes a single ingredient selected from the group consisting of muscarinic M3 receptor agonists or anticholinergic agents such as ipratropium, tiotropium, oxitropium, tropium, acridinium, perenzepine, telenzepine and other muscarinic agonists such as e.g. those described in WO 03/035599, WO 2007/034325, WO 08/035157 or WO 2009/034432., as well as salts thereof.

[0063] In a third illustrative example corresponding to another preferred embodiment:

- the first medication powder X includes a combination of active ingredients which is either a combination of salmeterol xinafoate and fluticasone propionate, or a combination of budesonide and formoterol fumarate dihydrate; and
- the second medication powder Y includes a single ingredient selected from the group consisting of tiotropium, bromide.

[0064] With the configuration depicted with reference

to Fig. 4, it is made possible to dispense two different medication powders X, Y with the same inhaler at different frequencies, the medication powder Y being dispensed at twice the frequency of the medication powder X. It is thus made possible, for example, to dispense the medication powder X twice a day (in combination with Y) and the medication powder Y four times a day (including two times in combination with X).

[0065] In the version of Fig. 5, the pack 205 includes

- a first dose unit 205a having, in regularly repeated manner, a sequence of two blank pockets B and one active pocket including a dose of the first medication powder X; and
- a second dose unit 205b with all pockets active containing a dose of the second medication powder Y.

[0066] It is easily conceivable that this configuration allows dispensing the pharmaceutically active ingredient(s) of powder Y with a frequency which is three times the frequency of dispensing of the pharmaceutically active ingredient(s) of powder X.

[0067] In the versions of Fig. 6 and 7, each dose unit has two annular arrangements of pockets wherein each pocket of the first annular arrangement has, in the second annular arrangement, a corresponding pocket radially spaced therefrom at the same angular location. It should be noted that such dose units are suitable to be used within the inhaler illustrated on Fig. 1-3 provided that, the prodgers 45 are adapted to simultaneously burst the two corresponding pockets.

[0068] In the version of Fig. 6, the pack 305 includes:

- a first dose unit 305a comprising:
 - in the first annular arrangement, which is the radially outermost arrangement, a sequence of alternatively blank pockets B and active pockets each inclusive of dose of a first medication powder X1;
 - in the second annular arrangement, which is the radially innermost arrangement, only active pockets each inclusive of a dose of a second medication powder X2;
- a second dose unit 305b comprising:
 - in the first annular arrangement, which is the radially outermost arrangement, only active pockets each inclusive of a dose of a third medication powder Y1;
 - in the second annular arrangement, which is the radially innermost arrangement, only active pockets each inclusive of a dose of a fourth medication powder Y2.

[0069] It will be appreciated that this configuration allows dispensing the pharmaceutically active ingredients

of the powders X2, Y1, Y2 at the same frequency and the pharmaceutically active ingredient of the powder X1 at half this frequency, in accordance with the following repeated sequence:

- (i) dispensing of the combination X1 +X2+Y1+Y2;
- (ii) dispensing of the combination X2+Y1+Y2.

[0070] In the version of Fig. 7, the pack 405 includes:

- a first dose unit 405a comprising:
 - in the first annular arrangement, which is the radially outermost arrangement, a sequence of alternatively blank pockets B and active pockets each inclusive of dose of a first medication powder X1;
 - in the second annular arrangement, which is the radially innermost arrangement, a sequence of alternatively blank pockets B and active pockets each inclusive of dose of a first medication powder X2, the blank pockets of the second arrangement being angularly offset from those of the first arrangement such that each pair of two corresponding pockets from the two arrangements has a blank pocket and an active pocket, alternatively with X1 and X2;
- a second dose unit 405b comprising:
 - in the first annular arrangement, which is the radially outermost arrangement, only active pockets each inclusive of a dose of a third medication powder Y1;
 - in the second annular arrangement, which is the radially innermost arrangement, only active pockets each inclusive of a dose of a fourth medication powder Y2.

[0071] It will be appreciated that this configuration allows dispensing the pharmaceutically active ingredients of the powders X1, X2 at a first frequency and the pharmaceutically active ingredients of the powders Y1, Y2 at a second frequency which is twice the first frequency, in accordance with the following repeated sequence:

- (iii) dispensing of the combination X1+Y1+Y2;
- (iv) dispensing of the combination X2+Y1+Y2.

[0072] In all the above-described configurations, the doses of medication powder of the first dose unit are regularly distributed in the pockets according to a sequence of identical groups, each group including at least one blank pocket and one pocket containing a dose of medication powder.

[0073] With reference to Fig. 8, a second embodiment of the invention will now be described which relates to an inhalation device of the type disclosed for example in

the patent application WO 004/011070. With this device, combination of medicaments can be dispensed from a pair of dose units including elongated and flexible strips.

[0074] As also schematically represented on Fig. 8, which shows a pack 505 of dose units 505a, 505b in accordance with the invention, a typical dose unit 505b suitable for use within such inhalers comprises a dose carrier in the form of an elongated strip 515 formed with successive cavities 517. Said cavities 517 that define pockets for containing inhalation powder are arranged along the main direction Δ of the strip 515. The dose unit 505b also comprises a lid sheet 524 which is initially sealed to the strip 515 in order to hermetically close the pockets and which can be peeled apart from the strip 515.

[0075] The elongated strip 515 associated with the lid sheet 524 is suitable to be shaped into a winding and adapted to be, in an inhaler of the type known from WO 004/011070, step by step unwound and advanced along the main direction Δ while the lid sheet 524 being progressively peeled apart from the strip 515, whereby the content of successive pockets can be exposed to an inhalation airflow.

[0076] Likewise, the other dose unit 505a of the pack 505 shown on Fig. 8 is adapted to be used in an inhaler of the same type, in association with the dose unit 505b for dispensing combination of medication powders.

[0077] In accordance with the invention, the first dose unit 505a includes an arrangement of successive pockets along the main direction Δ , said arrangement comprising alternatively a blank pocket B and an active pocket including the first medication powder X.

[0078] The second dose unit 505b of the pack 505 according to the invention includes an arrangement of successive pockets along the main direction Δ , said arrangement comprising only active pockets including the second active powder Y.

[0079] Like the configuration shown on Fig. 4, the embodiment of Fig. 8 allows dispensing of two different medication powders X, Y with the same inhaler at different frequencies. In this specific example, the medication powder Y is dispensed at twice the frequency of the medication powder X, the medication powder X being dispensed in combination with the medication powder Y.

[0080] It will be appreciated that, irrespective of the type of inhaler and the type of associated dose carrier, the invention provides means to achieve a dispensing of different medication powders at different frequencies with one single inhaler, according to a repeatable sequence.

Claims

1. A dose unit for a dry powder inhaler comprising:

- a dose carrier (15; 515, 524) including a plurality of pockets (17; 517) each adapted to contain a dose of medication powder suitable for

inhalation, said pockets being sequentially arranged such that the content of the pockets (17; 517) can be sequentially exposed to a flow of air (Fa) for successive inhalations and

- a plurality of medication powder doses (X; X1, X2) arranged in pockets (17; 517) of the dose carrier (15),

the doses being regularly distributed in the pockets according to a sequence of identical groups, **characterized in that** each group includes at least one blank pocket (B) containing an excipient powder without pharmaceutically active ingredient and one pocket containing a dose of medication powder (X; X1, X2).

2. A dose unit according claim 1, **characterized in that** the dose carrier (15) comprises a disc-shaped supporting structure (21) and the pockets (17) are held in an annular arrangement in the supporting structure, said supporting structure being adapted to be rotatably mounted in the dry powder inhaler (1) so as to sequentially expose the content of the pockets (17).
3. A dose unit according to claim 2, **characterized in that** the disc-shaped supporting structure (21) includes an annular arrangement of through holes (23) and that the dose carrier (15) further comprises rigid inserts (25) defining the pockets (17), each of said inserts being slidably accommodated in the respective through-hole (23) in a storage position and is adapted to be displaced from said storage position into a dispensing position projecting from the disc-shaped supporting structure (21) wherein the content of the pocket is exposed to the airflow (Fa).
4. A dose unit according claim 1, **characterized in that** the dose carrier comprises an elongated strip (515) formed with successive cavities (517) defining the pockets arranged along the main direction (Δ) of the strip.
5. A dose unit according to claim 4, **characterized in that** said elongated strip (515) is flexible and shaped into a winding whereby the strip is adapted to be unwound in the dry powder inhaler so as to sequentially expose the content of the pockets (517).
6. A dose unit according to any one of claims 1 to 5, **characterized in that** each of said identical groups is constituted of one pocket containing a dose of medication powder (X; X1, X2) and one blank pocket (B), whereby the pockets of the dose unit are alternatively blank (B) and inclusive of a dose of medication powder (X; X1, X2).
7. A dose unit according to any one of claims 1 to 6,

characterized in that the medication powder (X; X1, X2) includes a single pharmaceutically active ingredient.

8. A dose unit according to claim 7, **characterized in that** said single pharmaceutically active ingredient is selected from the group consisting of muscarinic M3 receptor agonists or anticholinergic agents, β 2-adrenoceptor agonists, compounds having a dual muscarinic antagonist and β 2-agonist activity and glucocorticoid receptor agonists.
9. A dose unit according to claim 8 wherein said single pharmaceutically active ingredient is selected from the group consisting of ipratropium, tiotropium, oxitropium, tropium, acridiniums, perenzepine, telenzepine, ephedrine, adrenaline, isoprenaline, metaprotefenol, phenylephrine, phenylpropanolamine, pirbuterol, reproterol, rimiterol, isoetharine, carmoterol, albuterol, terbutaline, bambuterol, fenoterol, salbutamol, tulobuterol formoterol, salmeterol, prednisone, prednisolone, flunisolide, triamcinolone acetate, beclomethasone, budesonide, fluticasone, ciclesonide, mometasone as well as salts and/or solvates thereof.
10. A dose unit according to any one of claims 1 to 6, **characterized in that** the medication powder (X; X1, X2) includes a combination of pharmaceutically active ingredients.
11. A dose unit according to claim 10, **characterized in that** said combination of pharmaceutically active ingredients is a combination of a β 2-adrenoceptor agonist and a glucocorticoid receptor agonist.
12. A dose unit according to claim 11 wherein said combination of pharmaceutically active ingredients is a combination of salmeterol xinafoate and fluticasone propionate or a combination of budesonide and formoterol fumarate dehydrate.
13. A pack including a first dose unit (105a; 205a; 305a; 405a; 505a) according to any one of claims 1 to 12 and a second dose unit (105b; 205b; 305b; 405b; 505b) for a dry powder inhaler comprising
 - a dose carrier (15; 515) including a plurality of pockets (17; 517) adapted to contain a dose of a medication powder suitable for inhalation, said pockets being sequentially arranged such that the content of the pockets can be sequentially exposed to a flow of air (Fb) for successive inhalations and
 - a plurality of medication powder doses (Y; Y1, Y2) arranged in the respective pockets (17; 517) of the dose carrier (15; 515) such that all the pockets of the second dose unit (105b; 205b;

305b; 405b; 505b) are inclusive of a medication powder dose (Y; Y1, Y2).

14. A pack according to claim 13, **characterized in that** the dose carrier (15; 515) of the first dose unit (105a; 205a; 305a; 405a; 505a) and the dose carrier (15; 515) of the second dose unit (105b; 205b; 305b; 405b; 505b) have an identical distribution of pockets (17; 517). 5
15. A pack according to claim 13 or 14, **characterized in that** the medication powder (Y) of the second dose unit (105a; 205a; 505a) includes a single pharmaceutically active ingredient. 10
16. A pack according to claim 15, **characterized in that** said single pharmaceutically active ingredient is selected from the group consisting of muscarinic M3 receptor agonists or anticholinergic agents, β 2-adrenoceptor agonists, compounds having a dual muscarinic antagonist and β 2-agonist activity and glucocorticoid receptor agonists. 15
17. A pack according to claim 16 wherein said single pharmaceutically active ingredient is selected from the group consisting of ipratropium, tiotropium, oxitropium, tropium, aclidiniums, perenzepine, telenzepine, ephedrine, adrenaline, isoprenaline, metaproterenol, phenylephrine, phenylpropanolamine, pirbuterol, reproterol, rimiterol, isoetharine, carmoterol, albuterol, terbutaline, bambuterol, fenoterol, salbutamol, tulobuterol formoterol, salmeterol, prednisone, prednisolone, flunisolide, triamcinolone acetate, beclomethasone, budesonide, fluticasone, ciclesonide, mometasone as well as salts and/or solvates thereof. 20
18. A pack according to claim 13 or 14, **characterized in that** the medication powder (Y) of the second dose unit (105a; 205a; 505a) includes a combination of pharmaceutically active ingredients. 25
19. Dry powder inhaler for administering medication powder to a patient, comprising a pack (105; 205; 305; 405; 505) according to any one of claims 13 to 18 and means (9) for simultaneously exposing in an inhalation airflow (F_a , F_b) the respective contents of a pocket of the first dose unit (105a; 205a; 305a; 405a; 505a) and a corresponding pocket of the second dose unit (105b; 205b; 305b; 405b; 505b). 30

Patentansprüche

1. Eine Dosiseinheit für einen Trockenpulver-Inhalator umfassend: 35
- einen Dosisträger (15; 515, 524) mit einer Viel-

zahl von Fächern (17; 517), die jeweils angepasst sind eine Dosis eines Medikationspulvers aufzunehmen, das zur Inhalation geeignet ist, wobei die Fächer nacheinander so angeordnet sind, dass der Inhalt der Fächer (17; 517) nacheinander einem Luftstrom (F_a) für aufeinanderfolgende Inhalationen ausgesetzt werden kann und

- eine Vielzahl von Medikationspulver-Dosen (X; X1, X2), die in den Fächern (17; 517) des Dosisträgers (15) angeordnet sind,

wobei die Dosen gemäß einer Abfolge von identischen Gruppen regelmäßig in den Fächern verteilt sind, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** jede Gruppe mindestens ein leeres Fach (B) enthaltend ein Pulver eines Hilfsstoffes ohne pharmazeutisch wirksamem Bestandteil und ein Fach enthaltend eine Dosis eines Medikationspulvers (X; X1, X2) aufweist.

2. Eine Dosiseinheit gemäß Anspruch 1, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** der Dosisträger (15) eine scheibenförmige Tragkonstruktion (21) aufweist und die Fächer (17) in einer ringförmigen Anordnung in der Tragkonstruktion vorgesehen sind, wobei die Tragkonstruktion angepasst ist in dem Trockenpulver-Inhalator (1) drehbar montiert zu werden, um so nacheinander den Inhalt der Fächer (17) zu exponieren.
3. Eine Dosiseinheit gemäß Anspruch 2, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** die scheibenförmige Tragkonstruktion (21) eine ringförmige Anordnung von Durchgangsbohrungen (23) aufweist und dass der Dosisträger (15) ferner starre Einsätze (25) umfasst, die die Fächer (17) definieren, wobei jeder der Einsätze verschiebbar in der jeweiligen Durchgangsbohrung (23) in einer Lagerposition untergebracht ist und angepasst ist, von der Lagerposition in eine Abgabeposition gebracht zu werden, die von der scheibenförmigen Tragkonstruktion (21) hervorsteht, wobei der Inhalt des Faches dem Luftstrom (F_a) ausgesetzt wird.
4. Eine Dosiseinheit gemäß Anspruch 1, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** der Dosisträger einen länglichen Streifen (515) umfasst, der mit aufeinanderfolgenden Hohlräumen (517) ausgebildet ist, die die Fächer definieren, die entlang der Hauptrichtung (Δ) des Streifens angeordnet sind.
5. Eine Dosiseinheit gemäß Anspruch 4, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** der längliche Streifen (515) flexibel ist und in einer Wicklung ausgebildet ist, wodurch der Streifen angepasst ist, um in dem Trockenpulver-Inhalator abgewickelt zu werden, um so den Inhalt der Fächer (517) nacheinander zu exponieren.

6. Eine Dosiseinheit gemäß irgendeinem der Ansprüche 1 bis 5, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** jede der identischen Gruppen aus einem Fach, das eine Dosis des Medikationspulvers (X; X1, X2) enthält, und einem leeren Fach (B) gebildet wird, wobei die Fächer der Dosiseinheit abwechselnd leer (B) sind und eine Dosis Medikationspulver (X; X1, X2) einschließen.
7. Eine Dosiseinheit gemäß irgendeinem der Ansprüche 1 bis 6, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** das Medikationspulver (X; X1, X2) einen einzigen pharmazeutisch wirksamen Bestandteil enthält.
8. Eine Dosiseinheit gemäß Anspruch 7, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** der einzige pharmazeutisch wirksame Bestandteil ausgewählt ist aus der Gruppe bestehend aus muskarinischen M3-Rezeptor-Agonisten oder Anticholinergika, β 2-Adrenozeptor-Agonisten, Verbindungen mit einer dualen muskarinischen Antagonisten- und β 2-Agonisten-Aktivität und Glucocorticoidrezeptor-Agonisten.
9. Eine Dosiseinheit gemäß Anspruch 8, wobei der einzige pharmazeutisch wirksame Bestandteil ausgewählt ist aus der Gruppe bestehend aus Ipratropium, Tiotropium, Oxitropium, Trosipium, Acridinium-Wirkstoffen, Perenzepin, Telenzepin, Ephedrin, Adrenalin, Isoprenalin, Metaproterenol, Phenylephrin, Phenylpropanolamin, Pirbuterol, Reproterol, Rimiterol, Isoetharin, Carmoterol, Albuterol, Terbutalin, Bambuterol, Fenoterol, Salbutamol, Tulobuterol, Formoterol, Salmeterol, Prednison, Prednisolon, Flunisolid, Triamcinolonacetonid, Beclomethason, Budesonid, Fluticason, Ciclesonid, Mometason, sowie Salze und/oder Solvate davon.
10. Eine Dosiseinheit gemäß irgendeinem der Ansprüche 1 bis 6, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** das Medikationspulver (X; X1, X2) eine Kombination aus pharmazeutisch wirksamen Bestandteilen enthält.
11. Eine Dosiseinheit gemäß Anspruch 10, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** die Kombination von pharmazeutisch wirksamen Bestandteilen eine Kombination aus einem β 2-Adrenozeptor-Agonisten und einem Glucocorticoid-Rezeptor-Agonisten ist.
12. Eine Dosiseinheit gemäß Anspruch 11, wobei die Kombination aus pharmazeutisch wirksamen Bestandteilen eine Kombination von Salmeterolxinafoat und Fluticasonpropionat oder eine Kombination von Budesonid und Formoterolfumarat-Dihydrat ist.
13. Eine Packung, die eine erste Dosiseinheit (105a; 205a; 305a; 405a; 505a) gemäß irgendeinem der Ansprüche 1 bis 12 und eine zweite Dosiseinheit (105b; 205b; 305b; 405b; 505b) für einen Trockenpulver-Inhalator enthält, umfassend
- einen Dosisträger (15; 515) mit einer Vielzahl von Fächern (17; 517), die angepasst sind eine Dosis des Medikationspulvers aufzunehmen, das zur Inhalation geeignet ist, wobei die Fächer nacheinander so angeordnet sind, dass der Inhalt der Fächer nacheinander einem Luftstrom (Fb) für aufeinanderfolgende Inhalationen ausgesetzt werden kann und
 - eine Vielzahl von Medikationspulver-Dosen (Y; Y1, Y2), die in den jeweiligen Fächern (17; 517) des Dosisträgers (15; 515) angeordnet sind, so dass alle Fächer der zweiten Dosiseinheit (105b; 205b; 305b; 405b, 505b) einschließlich einer Medikationspulver-Dosis (Y; Y1, Y2) vorliegen.
14. Eine Packung gemäß Anspruch 13, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** der Dosisträger (15; 515) der ersten Dosiseinheit (105a; 205a; 305a; 405a; 505a) und der Dosisträger (15; 515) der zweiten Dosiseinheit (105b 205b; 305b; 405b; 505b) eine identische Verteilung der Fächer (17; 517) aufweisen.
15. Eine Packung gemäß Anspruch 13 oder 14, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** das Medikationspulver (Y) der zweiten Dosiseinheit (105a; 205a; 505a) einen einzigen pharmazeutisch wirksamen Bestandteil enthält.
16. Eine Packung gemäß Anspruch 15, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** der einzige pharmazeutisch wirksame Bestandteil ausgewählt ist aus der Gruppe bestehend aus muskarinischen M3-Rezeptor-Agonisten oder Anticholinergika, β 2-Adrenozeptor-Agonisten, Verbindungen mit einer dualen muskarinischen Antagonisten- und β 2-Agonisten-Aktivität und Glucocorticoidrezeptor-Agonisten.
17. Eine Packung gemäß Anspruch 16, wobei der einzige pharmazeutisch wirksame Bestandteil ausgewählt ist aus der Gruppe bestehend aus Ipratropium, Tiotropium, Oxitropium, Trosipium, Acridinium-Wirkstoffen, Perenzepin, Telenzepin, Ephedrin, Adrenalin, Isoprenalin, Metaproterenol, Phenylephrin, Phenylpropanolamin, Pirbuterol, Reproterol, Rimiterol, Isoetharin, Carmoterol, Albuterol, Terbutalin, Bambuterol, Fenoterol, Salbutamol, Tulobuterol, Formoterol, Salmeterol, Prednison, Prednisolon, Flunisolid, Triamcinolonacetonid, Beclomethason, Budesonid, Fluticason, Ciclesonid, Mometason, sowie Salze und/oder Solvate davon.
18. Eine Packung gemäß Anspruch 13 oder 14, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** das Medikationspulver (Y) der zweiten Dosiseinheit (105a; 205a; 505a) eine Kombination aus pharmazeutisch wirksamen

Bestandteilen enthält.

19. Trockenpulver-Inhalator zur Verabreichung von Medikationspulver an einen Patienten umfassend eine Packung (105; 205; 305; 405; 505) gemäß irgendeinem der Ansprüche 13 bis 18 und Mittel (9), um die jeweiligen Inhalte eines Faches der ersten Dosiseinheit (105a; 205a; 305a; 405a; 505a) und eines entsprechenden Faches der zweiten Dosiseinheit (105b; 205b; 305b; 405b; 505b) gleichzeitig einem Inhalationsluftstrom (Fa, Fb) auszusetzen.

Revendications

1. Unité de doses pour inhalateur de poudre sèche comprenant :

- un support de doses (15 ; 515, 524) comprenant une pluralité de poches (17 ; 517) chacune conçue pour contenir une dose de poudre à visée médicale se prêtant à l'inhalation, lesdites poches étant agencées séquentiellement de façon que le contenu des poches (17 ; 517) puisse être séquentiellement exposé à un flux d'air (Fa) pour les inhalations successives et
- une pluralité de doses sous forme de poudre à visée médicale (X ; X1, X2) agencées dans les poches (17 ; 517) du support de doses (15),

les doses étant régulièrement distribuées dans les poches selon une séquence constituée de groupes identiques, **caractérisée en ce que** chaque groupe comprend au moins une poche à blanc (B) contenant un excipient en poudre sans principe pharmaceutiquement actif et une poche contenant une dose de poudre à visée médicale (X ; X1, X2).

2. Unité de doses selon la revendication 1, **caractérisée en ce que** le support de doses (15) comprend une structure de support en forme de disque (21) et les poches (17) sont maintenues selon un agencement annulaire dans la structure de support, ladite structure de support étant conçue pour être montée rotative dans l'inhalateur de poudre sèche (1) de façon à exposer séquentiellement le contenu des poches (17).
3. Unité de doses selon la revendication 2, **caractérisée en ce que** la structure de support en forme de disque (21) comprend un agencement annulaire de trous traversants (23) et **en ce que** le support de doses (15) comprend en outre des inserts rigides (25) définissant les poches (17), chacun desdits inserts se logeant de manière coulissante dans le trou traversant (23) respectif en une position de stockage et étant conçu pour être déplacé de ladite position de stockage à une position de distribution dépassant

de la structure de support en forme de disque (21) dans laquelle le contenu de la poche est exposé au flux d'air (Fa).

4. Unité de doses selon la revendication 1, **caractérisée en ce que** le support de doses comprend une bande allongée (515) formée par les cavités successives (517) définissant les poches agencées dans le sens principal (Δ) de la bande.
5. Unité de doses selon la revendication 4, **caractérisée en ce que** ladite bande allongée (515) est flexible et conditionnée sous la forme d'un enroulement, la bande étant conçue pour se dérouler dans l'inhalateur de poudre sèche de façon à exposer séquentiellement le contenu des poches (517).
6. Unité de doses selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 5, **caractérisée en ce que** chacun desdits groupes identiques est constitué d'une poche contenant une dose de poudre à visée médicale (X ; X1, X2) et d'une poche à blanc (B), les poches de l'unité de doses étant alternativement des poches à blanc (B) et des poches contenant une dose de poudre à visée médicale (X ; X1, X2).
7. Unité de doses selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 6, **caractérisée en ce que** la poudre à visée médicale (X ; X1, X2) contient un seul principe pharmaceutiquement actif.
8. Unité de doses selon la revendication 7, **caractérisée en ce que** ledit seul principe pharmaceutiquement actif est choisi dans le groupe constitué par les agonistes du récepteur muscarinique M3 ou les agents anticholinergiques, les agonistes de l'adrénocepteur β_2 , les composés ayant une double activité d'antagoniste muscarinique et d'agoniste β_2 et les agonistes du récepteur de glucocorticoïdes.
9. Unité de doses selon la revendication 8 dans laquelle ledit seul principe pharmaceutiquement actif est choisi dans le groupe constitué par l'ipratropium, le tiotropium, l'oxytropium, le tropium, les acéliniums, la pérenzépine, la télenzépine, l'éphédrine, l'adrénaline, l'isoprénaline, le métoprotérénol, la phényléphrine, la phénylpropanolamine, le pirbutérol, le réprotérol, le rimitérol, l'isoétharine, le carmotérol, l'albutérol, la terbutaline, le bambutérol, le fénotérol, le salbutamol, le tulobutérol, le formotérol, le salmétérol, la prednisone, la prednisolone, le flunisolide, le triamcinolone acétonide, la béclo méthasone, le budésonide, la fluticasone, le ciclesonide, la mométasone ainsi que leurs sels et/ou solvates de ceux-ci.
10. Unité de doses selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 6, **caractérisée en ce que** la poudre à visée médicale (X ; X1, X2) contient une combi-

naison de principes pharmaceutiquement actifs.

11. Unité de doses selon la revendication 10, **caractérisée en ce que** ladite combinaison de principes pharmaceutiquement actifs est une combinaison d'un agoniste de l'adrénocepteur $\beta 2$ et d'un agoniste du récepteur des glucocorticoïdes. 5
12. Unité de doses selon la revendication 11 dans laquelle ladite combinaison de principes pharmaceutiquement actifs est une combinaison de xinafoate de salmétérol et de propionate de fluticasone ou une combinaison de budésonide et fumarate de formotérol déshydraté. 10
13. Ensemble comprenant une première unité de doses (105a ; 205a ; 305a ; 405a ; 505a) selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 12 et une seconde unité de doses (105b ; 205b ; 305b ; 405b ; 505b) pour inhalateur de poudre sèche comprenant 15
- un support de doses (15 ; 515) comprenant une pluralité de poches (17 ; 517) conçues pour contenir une dose de poudre à visée médicale se prêtant à l'inhalation, lesdites poches étant agencées séquentiellement de façon que le contenu des poches puisse être séquentiellement exposé à un flux d'air (Fb) pour les inhalations successives et 25
- une pluralité de doses sous forme de poudre à visée médicale (Y ; Y1, Y2) agencées dans les poches (17 ; 517) respectives du support de doses (15 ; 515) de façon que toutes les poches de la seconde unité de doses (105b ; 205b ; 305b ; 405b ; 505b) contiennent une dose de poudre à visée médicale (Y ; Y1, Y2). 30 35
14. Ensemble selon la revendication 13, **caractérisé en ce que** le support de doses (15 ; 515) de la première unité de doses (105a ; 205a ; 305a ; 405a ; 505a) et le support de doses (15 ; 515) de la seconde unité de doses (105b ; 205b ; 305b ; 405b ; 505b) ont une distribution de poches (17 ; 517) identique. 40
15. Ensemble selon la revendication 13 ou 14, **caractérisé en ce que** la poudre à visée médicale (Y) de la seconde unité de doses (105a ; 205a ; 505a) contient un seul principe pharmaceutiquement actif. 45
16. Ensemble selon la revendication 15, **caractérisé en ce que** ledit seul principe pharmaceutiquement actif est choisi dans le groupe constitué par les agonistes du récepteur muscarinique M3 ou les agents anticholinergiques, les agonistes de l'adrénocepteur $\beta 2$, les composés ayant une double activité d'antagoniste muscarinique et d'agoniste $\beta 2$ et les agonistes du récepteur de glucocorticoïdes. 50 55

17. Ensemble selon la revendication 16 dans lequel ledit seul principe pharmaceutiquement actif est choisi dans le groupe constitué par l'ipratropium, le tiotropium, l'oxytropium, le tropium, les aclidiniums, la pérenzépine, la télenzépine, l'éphédrine, l'adrénaline, l'isoprénaline, le métaprotérénol, la phényléphrine, la phénylpropanolamine, le pirbutérol, le réprotérol, le rimitérol, l'isoétharine, le carmotérol, l'albutérol, la terbutaline, le bambutérol, le fénotérol, le salbutamol, le tulobutérol, le formotérol, le salmétérol, la prednisone, la prednisolone, le flunisolide, le triamcinolone acétonide, la béclométazone, le budésonide, la fluticasone, le ciclésonide, la mométasone ainsi que leurs sels et/ou solvates de ceux-ci.
18. Ensemble selon la revendication 13 ou 14, **caractérisé en ce que** la poudre à visée médicale (Y) de la seconde unité de doses (105a ; 205a ; 505a) contient une combinaison de principes pharmaceutiquement actifs.
19. Inhalateur de poudre sèche pour l'administration d'une poudre à visée médicale à un patient, comprenant un ensemble (105 ; 205 ; 305 ; 405 ; 505) selon l'une quelconque des revendications 13 à 18 et un moyen (9) pour exposer simultanément dans un flux d'air d'inhalation (Fa, Fb) les contenus respectifs d'une poche de la première unité de doses (105a ; 205a ; 305a ; 405a ; 505a) et d'une poche correspondante de la seconde unité de doses (105b ; 205b ; 305b ; 405b ; 505b).

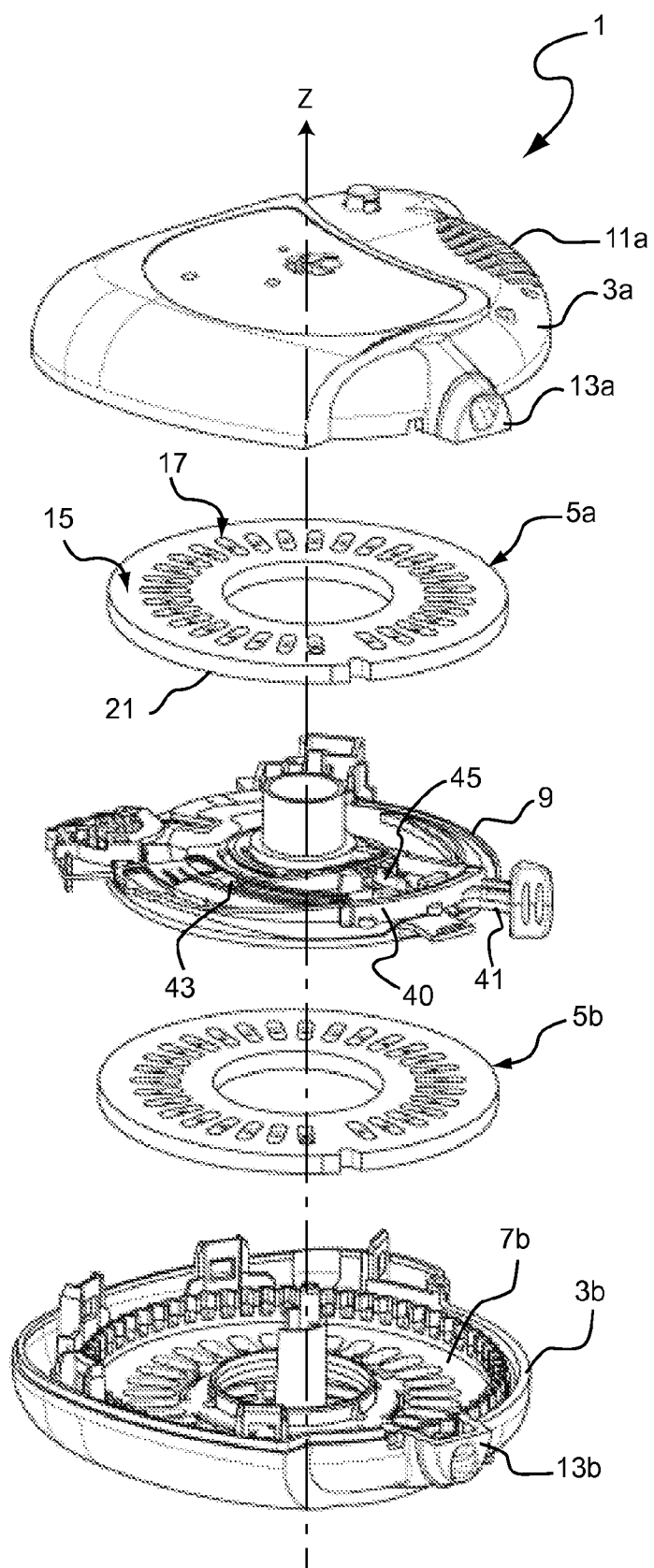


Fig. 1

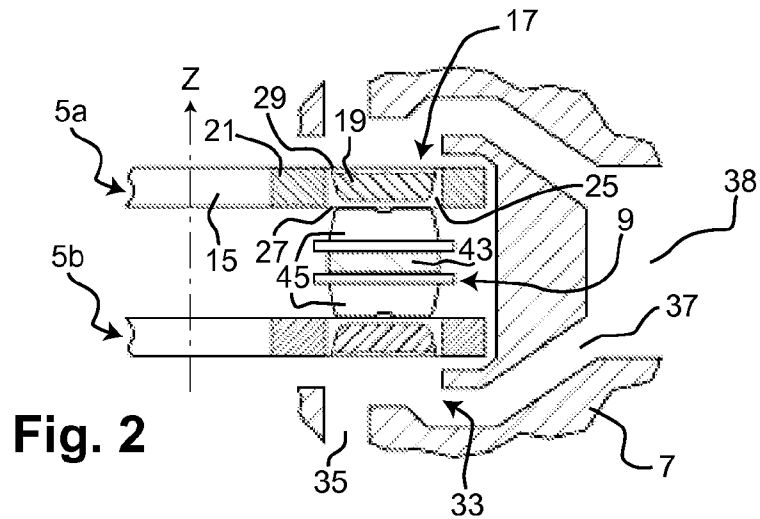


Fig. 2

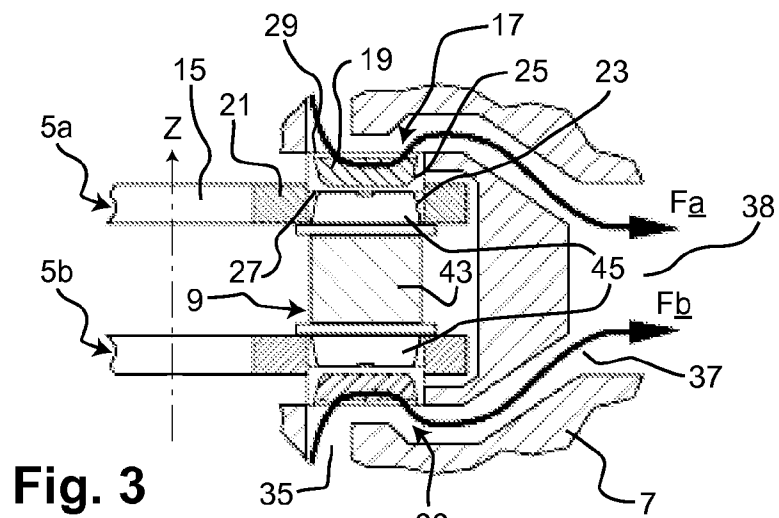


Fig. 3

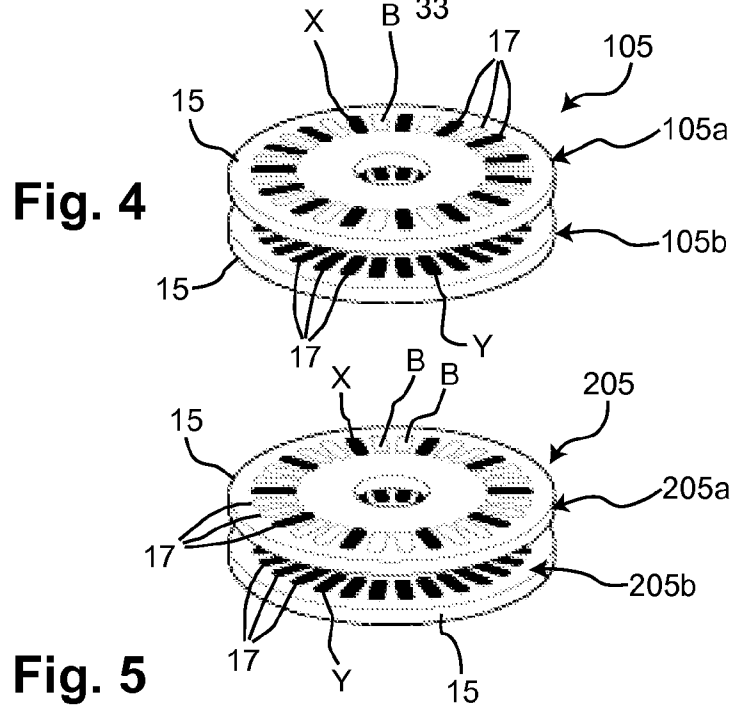


Fig. 4

Fig. 5

Fig. 6

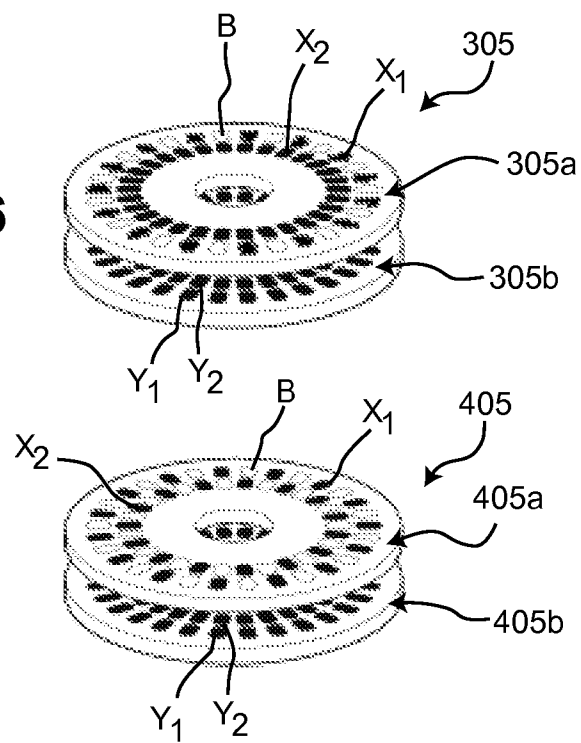


Fig. 7

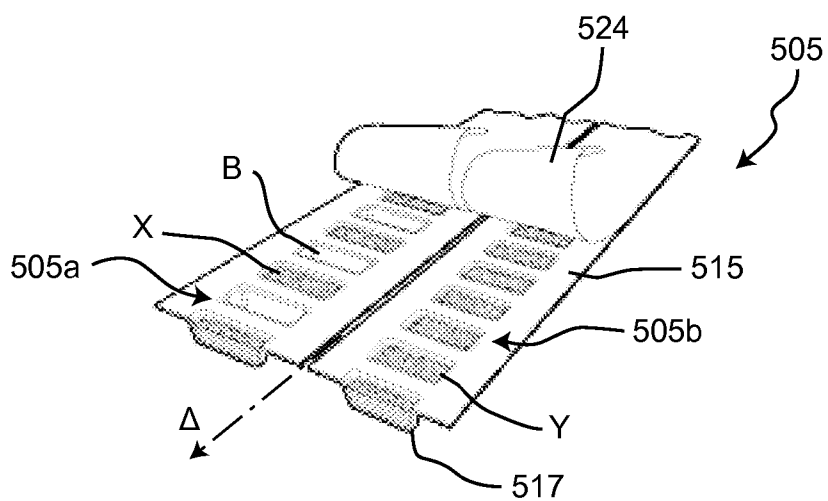


Fig. 8

REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

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Szabadalmi igénypontok

1. Dózisegység száraz por belégző készülékhez, amely tartalmaz:

- egy dózishordozót (15; 515, 524), amely több mélyedést (17; 517) foglal magában, amelyek mindegyike egy belégzésre alkalmas gyógyászati por dózisének befoglalására van kialakítva, amely mélyedések egymás után vannak elrendezve oly módon, hogy a mélyedések (17; 517) tartalma az egymást követő belégzésekhez egymás után tárulhat fel az áramló levegő számára (Fa), és

- több gyógyászati por dózist (X; X1, X2), amelyek a dózishordozó (15) mélyedéseiben (17; 517) vannak elrendezve,

ahol a dózisok szabályosan vannak kiosztva a mélyedésekben az azonos csoportok sorozata szerint, azzal jellemezve, hogy mindegyik csoport magában foglal legalább egy üres mélyedést (B), amely gyógyszerészeti kötőanyagport tartalmaz gyógyhatású alkotórész nélkül, és egy mélyedést, amely gyógyászati por dózist (X; X1, X2) tartalmaz.

2. Az 1. igénypont szerinti dózisegység, azzal jellemezve, hogy a dózishordozó (15) tartalmaz egy korong alakú hordozó szerkezetet (21), és a mélyedések (17) gyűrűs elrendezésben helyezkednek el a hordozó szerkezetben, amely hordozó szerkezet a száraz por belégző készülékben (1) forgatható módon van kialakítva, így egymás után tárul fel a mélyedések (17) tartalma.

3. A 2. igénypont szerinti dózisegység, azzal jellemezve, hogy a korong alakú hordozó szerkezet (21) átmenő lyukak (23) gyűrűs elrendezését foglalja magában, továbbá hogy a dózishordozó (15) merev betéteket (25) tartalmaz, amelyek tartalmazzák a mélyedéseket (17), ahol az említett betétek mindegyike becsúszthatóan illeszkedik a megfelelő átmenő lyukba (23), amely egy tároló rekeszben van, és a tároló rekeszből egy elosztó rekeszbe áthelyezhető módon van kialakítva, amely elosztó rekesz a korong alakú hordozó szerkezetből (21) kiemelkedik, ahol a mélyedés tartalma feltárul a légáram (Fa) számára.

4. Az 1. igénypont szerinti dózisegység, azzal jellemezve, hogy a dózishordozó tartalmaz egy elnyúló szalagot (515), amely egymást követő üregekkel (517) van kialakítva, amelyek tartalmazzák a szalag fő iránya (Δ) mentén elrendezett mélyedéseket.

5. A 4. igénypont szerinti dózisegység, azzal jellemezve, hogy az említett elnyúló szalag (515) rugalmas és feltekercselve van kialakítva, ezáltal a szalag a száraz por belégző készülékben kitekerhetően van kialakítva, így egymás után tárul fel a mélyedések (517) tartalma.

6. Az 1-5. igénypontok bármelyike szerinti dózisegység, azzal jellemezve, hogy az említett azonos csoportok mindegyike egy gyógyászati por dózist (X; X1, X2) tartalmazó mélyedésből és egy üres mélyedésből (B) áll, ezáltal a dózisegység mélyedései váltakozva üresek (B) vagy gyógyászati por dózist (X; X1, X2) foglalnak magukban.

7. Az 1-6. igénypontok bármelyike szerinti dózisegység, **azzal jellemezve**, hogy a gyógyászati por (X; X1, X2) egyetlen gyógyhatású alkotórészt foglal magában.

8. A 7. igénypont szerinti dózisegység, **azzal jellemezve**, hogy az említett egyetlen gyógyhatású alkotórész muszkarin M3 receptor agonisták vagy antikolinerg szerek, β 2-adrenoceptor agonisták, kettős muszkarin antagonisták és β 2-agonista hatású vegyületek és glükokortikoid receptor agonisták csoportjából van kiválasztva.

9. A 8. igénypont szerinti dózisegység, ahol az említett egyetlen gyógyhatású alkotórész ipratropium, tiotropium, oxitropium, tropium, aclidiniums, perenzepine, telenzepine, efedrin, adrenalin, izoprenalin, metaproterenol, fenilefrin, fenilpropanolamin, pirbuterol, reproterol, rimiterol, isoetharine, carmoterol, albuterol, terbutaline, bambuterol, fenoterol, salbutamol, tulobuterol formoterol, salmeterol, prednisone, prednisolone, flunisolide, triamcinolone acetone, beclomethasone, budesonide, fluticasone, ciclesonide, mometasone, valamint ezek sói és/vagy szolvátjai csoportjából van kiválasztva.

10. Az 1-6. igénypontok bármelyike szerinti dózisegység, **azzal jellemezve**, hogy a gyógyászati por (X; X1, X2) gyógyhatású alkotórészek kombinációját foglalja magában.

11. A 10. igénypont szerinti dózisegység, **azzal jellemezve**, hogy a gyógyhatású alkotórészek említett kombinációja egy β 2-adrenoceptor agonista és egy glükokortikoid receptor agonista kombinációja.

12. A 11. igénypont szerinti dózisegység, ahol a gyógyhatású alkotórészek említett kombinációja salmeterol-xinafoát és fluticasone-propionát kombinációja vagy budesonide és formoterol-fumarát-dehidrát kombinációja.

13. Az 1-12. igénypontok bármelyike szerinti csomag, amely magában foglal egy száraz por belégző készülékhez alkalmazható első dózisegységet (105a; 205a; 305a; 405a; 505a) és második dózisegységet (105b; 205b; 305b; 405b; 505b), amely csomag tartalmaz

- egy dózishordozót (15; 515), amely több mélyedést (17; 517) foglal magában, amelyek mindegyike egy belégzésre alkalmas gyógyászati por dózisának befoglalására van kialakítva, amely mélyedések egymás után vannak elrendezve oly módon, hogy a mélyedések tartalma az egymást követő belégzésekhez egymás után táruhat fel az áramló levegő számára (Fb), és

- több gyógyászati por dózist (Y; Y1, Y2), amelyek a dózishordozó (15; 515) megfelelő mélyedéseiben (17; 517) vannak elrendezve oly módon, hogy a második dózisegység (105b; 205b; 305b; 405b; 505b) összes mélyedése egy gyógyászati por dózist (Y; Y1, Y2) foglal magában.

14. A 13. igénypont szerinti csomag, **azzal jellemezve**, hogy az első dózisegység (105a; 205a; 305a; 405a; 505a) dózishordozójának és a második dózisegység (105b; 205b; 305b; 405b; 505b) dózishordozójának (15; 515) mélyedései (17; 517) azonosan vannak kiosztva.

15. A 13. vagy 14. igénypont szerinti csoport, **azzal jellemezve**, hogy a második dózisegység (105a; 205a; 505a) gyógyászati pora (Y) egyetlen gyógyhatású alkotórészt foglal magában.

16. A 15. igénypont szerinti csomag, **azzal jellemezve**, hogy az említett egyetlen gyógyhatású alkotórész muszkarin M3 receptor agonisták vagy antikolinerg szerek, β_2 -adrenoceptor agonisták, kettős muszkarin antagonisták és β_2 -agonista hatású vegyületek és glükokortikoid receptor agonisták csoportjából van kiválasztva.

17. A 16. igénypont szerinti csomag, ahol az egyetlen gyógyhatású alkotórész ipratropium, tiotropium, oxitropium, tropium, aclidiniums, perenzepine, telenzepine, efedrin, adrenalin, izoprenalin, metaproterenol, fenilefrin, fenilpropanolamin, pirbuterol, reproterol, rimiterol, isoetharine, carmoterol, albuterol, terbutaline, bambuterol, fenoterol, salbutamol, tulobuterol formoterol, salmeterol, prednisone, prednisolone, flunisolide, triamcinolone acetone, beclomethasone, budesonide, fluticasone, ciclesonide, mometasone, valamint ezek sói és/vagy szolvátjai csoportjából van kiválasztva.

18. A 13. vagy 14. igénypont szerinti csomag, **azzal jellemezve**, hogy a második dózisegység (105a; 205a; 505a) gyógyászati pora (Y) gyógyhatású alkotórészek kombinációját foglalja magában.

19. Száraz por belégző készülék gyógyászati por egy betegnek történő beadásra, amely készülék tartalmaz egy, a 13-18. igénypontok bármelyike szerinti csomagot (105; 205; 305; 405; 505) és egy elemet (9) az első dózisegység (105a; 205a; 305a; 405a; 505a) mélyedésének tartalma és a második dózisegység (105b; 205b; 305b; 405b; 505b) megfelelő mélyedésének tartalma egyidejű feltáráshoz egy belégzett légáramban (Fa, Fb).