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GLOVE

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Fig. 1.

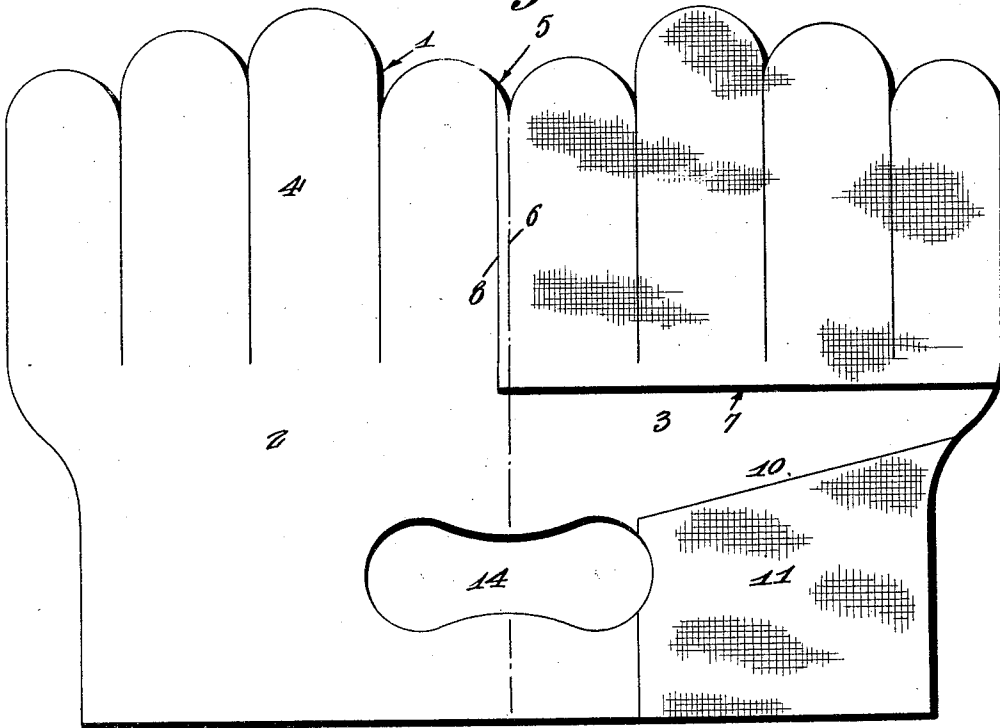
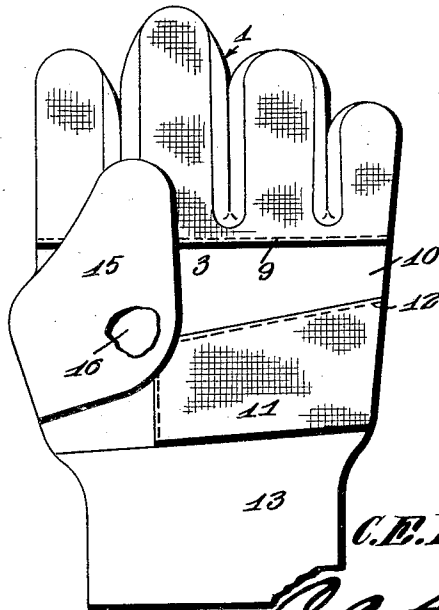


Fig. 2.



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GLOVE.

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This invention relates to gloves and more particularly to workmen's gloves.

The object of the invention is to construct a pair of gloves of this character for use by mechanics who use one hand almost entirely to do the rough work, the glove for that hand being so constructed that it will not wear out before the other, and which while affording the necessary reinforcement at the desired places is more pliable than when reinforced throughout its inner face and also affects a considerable saving in material.

It is well known that brick-layers wear out the fingers of the left hand glove while corn-shuckers wear out the fingers and also the ball of the glove but do not wear out the palm so that this invention is designed to prevent wearing out of the fingers and ball of the glove and yet provide such a glove which is pliable at the palm and this is accomplished by making a reinforce for the left hand in two pieces instead of one as has been heretofore done.

With the foregoing and other objects in view which will appear as the description proceeds, the invention resides in the combination and arrangement of parts and in the details of construction hereinafter described and claimed, it being understood that changes in the precise embodiment of the invention herein disclosed may be made within the scope of what is claimed without departing from the spirit of the invention.

In the accompanying drawings:—

Figure 1 represents a plan view of a blank in which the glove constituting this invention is constructed; the thumb which is preferably a double thumb is omitted; and

Fig. 2 is a similar view taken from the front face of the completed glove.

In the embodiment illustrated the blank 1 from which the body of the glove is constructed as shown in Fig. 1 may be composed of canton-flannel or any suitable material and includes a back 2 and front 3 cut from a single piece of material and provided with cooperating finger flaps 4, the front or first finger being double width as shown at 5 and folded along the dotted line 6 when the glove members are sewed together.

The finger flaps 4 on the front portion of the glove are reinforced by a protector 7, the portion 8 for the first finger being made wider than the finger flap and extended be-

yond the line of fold 6 so that the edge of the first finger will be fully protected.

The finger protector 7 extends over the entire front face of the finger flaps beyond the bases thereof and is stitched along the lines shown at 9 just beyond the palm 10 of the glove.

The ball of the glove on the front face is reinforced by protector 11 which at its outer edge is stitched in the seam which secures the cuff 13 to the glove and at its inner edge is stitched along the line 12 to the palm 10. It will thus be seen that the palm 10 of the glove is not reinforced and it will be more flexible or pliable at this point enabling the user to open and shut his hand without interference.

An elongated opening 14 extends transversely of the glove near the wrist portion thereof in suitable position for the passage therethrough of the thumb. Secured in this opening 14 is a double thumb member 15 which is also preferably lined on its inner face as shown at 16.

The cuff 13 is preferably composed of knit fabric to adapt it to fit yieldably yet closely around the wrist of the wearer and is secured to the rear edge of the glove body by stitching.

The glove herein shown and described is primarily for use by corn-huskers and brick-layers who as above stated wear out their left hand gloves much faster than the right owing to the fact that the hard work is done by the left hand, and brick-layers wear out the fingers while corn-huskers wear out both the fingers and the ball but neither wear out the palm and consequently it has been found desirable to reinforce or face the fingers and ball of the left hand glove and to leave the palm unfaced or unreinforced so that it will be pliable in this portion. By so forming the glove it is not only more pliable at the palm but quite a saving in fabric is effected.

The regular two thumb glove requires three and a quarter yards of material to make twenty-four right and left hand gloves or a dozen pair. A corn-husker will wear out all of the left hand side and only twelve of the right sides or palm. With this new facing, which requires only one yard additional material forty-eight left hand and twenty-four right hand gloves are produced and both sides of each are worn out. A demonstration by a brick layer of a pair

of these gloves showed that one glove worn on the left hand for three days was capable of handling several hundred brick in that time while ordinarily the gloves used
5 last one day only. The facing on the fingers appears to produce a cushion which lessens the friction and increases the wear.

I claim;

10 In a workman's glove, a body portion including a back and front section cut from a single piece of material and provided with cooperating finger flaps, a protecting portion formed of wear resisting material and

constructed with finger flaps positioned over the finger flaps of the front section, a front
15 protecting strip secured to the front of the front section, said front protecting strip having an inclined edge arranged in spaced relation with one edge of the first mentioned
20 protecting strip to permit the front section to bend freely, and a thumb member secured to the body portion.

In testimony that I claim the foregoing as my own, I have hereto affixed my signature.

CHARLES E. YOUNG.