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(54) Titre : INHIBITEUR DE SHP2 ET SON UTILISATION
(54) Title: SHP2 INHIBITOR AND USE THEREOF

(57) Abrégé/Abstract:

Provided are an inhibitor of SHP2, a pharmaceutical composition for preventing or treating diseases related to SHP2 comprising same, a method for treating and preventing diseases using same, and a use thereof. According to the present invention, it is possible to effectively prevent or treat diseases related to SHP2.

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【ABSTRACT】

The present invention relates to an inhibitor of SHP2, a pharmaceutical composition for preventing or treating a disease related to SHP2 comprising the same, a method for treating and preventing a disease using the same, and a use thereof. Accordingly, the present invention can effectively prevent or treat diseases related to SHP2.

Description

Title of Invention

SHP2 INHIBITOR AND USE THEREOF

Technical Field

The present invention relates to a compound as a SHP2 inhibitor, a stereoisomer or a solvate thereof, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and its use for the prevention or treatment of a disease associated with the abnormal activity of SHP2.

The present invention was supported by the National New Drug Development Project Support (HN22C0066) of the KOREA DRUG DEVELOPMENT FUND funded by the Ministry of Science and ICT, the Ministry of Trade, Industry and Energy, and the Ministry of Health and Welfare.

Background Art

Src homology region 2 domain-containing phosphatase-2 (SHP2) is a protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP), also referred to as PTPN11 (protein tyrosine phosphatase non-receptor type 11), PTP-1D (protein-tyrosine phosphatase 1D), or PTP-2C (protein-tyrosine phosphatase 2C). SHP2 is known as a signaling molecule that regulates various cellular functions, including cell growth, differentiation, cell cycle, and oncogenic transformation. SHP2, together with SHP1, consists of two tandem SH2 domains at the N-terminus. In the inactive state, the SH2 domain at the N-terminus binds to the PTP domain and blocks the substrate from binding to the active site, thereby inhibiting SHP2. Upon binding of the phospho-tyrosyl residue, the SH2 domain at the N-terminus is released from the PTP domain and the enzyme is activated.

Mutations in SHP2 are known to cause Noonan syndrome and Leopard syndrome and are known to be associated with cancer such as juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia, neuroblastoma, melanoma, acute myeloid leukemia, breast cancer, esophageal cancer, lung cancer, large intestine cancer, head cancer, squamous cell carcinoma of the head and neck, gastric carcinoma, anaplastic large cell lymphoma, glioblastoma, pancreatic cancer, biliary tract cancer, uterine cancer, endometrial cancer, liver cancer, and neurofibromatosis type 1.

Therefore, there is a need to develop a novel compound capable of inhibiting the activity of SHP2, a method for preparing the same, a pharmaceutical composition comprising the same, and a method for preventing or treating a disease associated with the abnormal activity of SHP2 using the same.

Detailed Description of Invention

Technical Problem

There is provided a novel compound capable of inhibiting the activity of SHP2, a stereoisomer or a solvate thereof, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

There is provided a pharmaceutical composition for preventing or treating a disease associated with the abnormal activity of SHP2 using a novel compound capable of inhibiting the activity of SHP2, a stereoisomer or a solvate thereof, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

There is provided a method for preventing or treating a disease associated with the abnormal activity of SHP2 using a novel compound capable of inhibiting the activity of SHP2, a stereoisomer or a solvate thereof, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

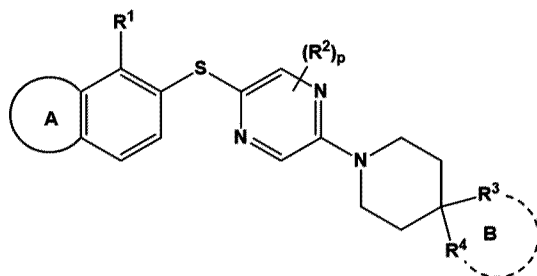
There is provided a use of a novel compound capable of inhibiting the activity of SHP2, a stereoisomer or a solvate thereof, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Solution to Problem

Each description and embodiment disclosed herein may also apply to each other description and embodiment. That is, all combinations of the various elements disclosed herein fall within the scope of the present application. In addition, it should not be construed that the scope of the present application is limited by the specific description set forth below.

In one aspect, there is provided a compound represented by Formula 1A, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof:

[Formula 1A]



The compound represented by Formula 1A may have a structure in which a pyrazine ring and a fused ring of ring A and a benzene ring are connected via a sulfide group (-S-), and the pyrazine ring is connected with a piperidine ring.

In Formula 1A, R¹ is H, halogen, hydroxy, cyano or C₁-C₆ haloalkyl. In some embodiments, R¹ may be H, halogen or C₁-C₆ haloalkyl. In some embodiments, R¹ may be halogen or C₁-C₃ haloalkyl. In some embodiments, R¹ may be halogen. For example, R¹ may be F or Cl.

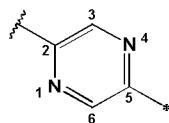
In Formula 1A, R² is selected from a group consisting of H, halogen, hydroxy, oxo, C₁-C₂₀ alkyl, C₁-C₂₀ alkoxy, C₁-C₂₀ haloalkyl, hydroxy-(C₁-C₂₀ alkyl)-, C₂-C₂₀ alkoxyalkyl (for example, (C₁-C₁₀ alkoxy)-(C₁-C₁₀ alkyl)-), C₁-C₂₀ alkyl substituted with an amine group (for example, H₂N-(C₁-C₂₀ alkyl)-), an amine group (for example, -NH₂, -NH(C₁-C₂₀ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₂₀ alkyl)₂), an imine group (for example, =NH), nitro, cyano, amidino, -C(O)NH₂, -C(O)(C₁-C₂₀ alkyl), -C(O)O(C₁-C₂₀ alkyl), and carboxy or a salt thereof.

In some embodiments, R^2 may be selected from a group consisting of H, halogen, hydroxy, oxo, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl, hydroxy-(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-, (C_1 - C_6 alkoxy)-(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-, H_2N -(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-, $-NH_2$, $-NH$ (C_1 - C_6 alkyl), $-N$ (C_1 - C_6 alkyl) $_2$, nitro, cyano, amidino, $-C(O)NH_2$, $-C(O)$ (C_1 - C_6 alkyl), $-C(O)O$ (C_1 - C_6 alkyl), and carboxy or a salt thereof. In some embodiments, R^2 may be selected from a group consisting of H, halogen, hydroxy, oxo, C_1 - C_3 alkyl, C_1 - C_3 alkoxy, C_1 - C_3 haloalkyl, hydroxy-(C_1 - C_3 alkyl)-, (C_1 - C_3 alkoxy)-(C_1 - C_3 alkyl)-, H_2N -(C_1 - C_3 alkyl)-, $-NH_2$, $-NH$ (C_1 - C_3 alkyl), $-N$ (C_1 - C_3 alkyl) $_2$, nitro, cyano, $-C(O)NH_2$, $-C(O)$ (C_1 - C_3 alkyl), $-C(O)O$ (C_1 - C_3 alkyl), and carboxy or a salt thereof. In some embodiments, R^2 may be selected from a group consisting of H, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, hydroxy-(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-, $-NH_2$, $-C(O)NH_2$ and $-C(O)$ (C_1 - C_6 alkyl). In some embodiments, R^2 may be selected from a group consisting of H, C_1 - C_3 alkyl, hydroxy-(C_1 - C_3 alkyl)-, $-NH_2$, $-C(O)NH_2$ and $-C(O)$ (C_1 - C_3 alkyl).

In some embodiments, R^2 may include H, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, hydroxymethyl, hydroxyethyl, hydroxypropyl, amino, methylcarbonyl(acetyl), ethylcarbonyl(propanoyl), carbamoyl, and the like. For example, R^2 may be H, $-CH_3$, $-CH_2OH$, $-NH_2$, $-C(O)NH_2$ or $-C(O)CH_3$.

In Formula 1A, p is an integer from 0 to 2. In some embodiments, when p is 2, two R^2 may be the same as or different from each other.

In Formula 1A, atoms constituting the pyrazine ring may have position numbers of



. In this case,  indicates a binding position with the sulfur atom, and * indicates a binding position with the nitrogen atom of the piperidine ring.

In some embodiments, R^2 may be bonded at the position 3 and/or the position 6 of the pyrazine ring. For example, R^2 is halogen, hydroxy, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, $-NH_2$ or cyano, and may be bonded at the position 3 of the pyrazine ring. In some embodiments, R^2 is hydroxy-(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-, $-C(O)NH_2$ or $-C(O)$ (C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-, and may be bonded at the position 6 of the pyrazine ring. In some embodiments, when p is 2, R^2 may be bonded at the position 3 and the position 6 of the pyrazine ring, respectively.

In Formula 1A, R^3 and R^4 may be each independently H, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, an amine group (for example, $-NH_2$, $-NH$ (C_1 - C_6 alkyl), $-N$ (C_1 - C_6 alkyl) $_2$) or C_1 - C_6 alkyl substituted with an amine group (for example, H_2N -(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-), or R^3 and R^4 may be connected to each other to form Ring B. For example, when R^3 and R^4 are connected to each other to form Ring B, a spiro-polycyclic ring including Ring B and the piperidine ring may be formed.

Ring B is a 3- to 8-membered cyclic ring group optionally containing one oxygen atom and optionally substituted. Ring B may be optionally fused with a cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl ring. The cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl ring fused with Ring B can be each optionally substituted.

In some embodiments, R^3 and R^4 may be each independently H, C_1 - C_3 alkyl, $-NH_2$, $-NH(C_1$ - C_3 alkyl), $-N(C_1$ - C_3 alkyl) $_2$, or H_2N -(C_1 - C_3 alkyl)-. In some embodiments, one of R^3 and R^4 may be C_1 - C_3 alkyl, and the other may be $-NH_2$ or H_2N -(C_1 - C_3 alkyl)-. In one embodiment, R^3 may be methyl or ethyl, R^4 may be amino, aminomethyl or aminoethyl. For example, R^3 may be methyl, and R^4 may be amino or aminomethyl.

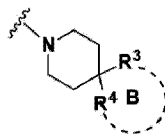
In some embodiments, Ring B may be C_3 - C_8 cycloalkyl or a 3- to 8-membered heterocycloalkyl ring optionally containing one oxygen atom. Ring B can be optionally substituted with at least one R^B . In some embodiments, Ring B may be C_4 - C_6 cycloalkyl or a 4- to 6-membered heterocycloalkyl ring optionally containing one oxygen atom and optionally substituted with at least one R^B . For example, Ring B may be a cyclopentane ring or a tetrahydrofuran ring.

R^B may be selected from a group consisting of deuterium, (C_1 - C_6 alkyl), an amine group (for example, $-NH_2$, $-NH(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl), $-N(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl) $_2$) and C_1 - C_6 alkyl substituted with an amine group (for example, H_2N -(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-). In some embodiments, R^B may be selected from a group consisting of deuterium, (C_1 - C_3 alkyl), $-NH_2$, $-NH(C_1$ - C_3 alkyl), $-N(C_1$ - C_3 alkyl) $_2$, and H_2N -(C_1 - C_3 alkyl)-. In some embodiments, Ring B may be optionally substituted with at least one R^B selected from deuterium, C_1 - C_3 alkyl and $-NH_2$. For example, R^B may be one or more selected from deuterium, methyl and $-NH_2$.

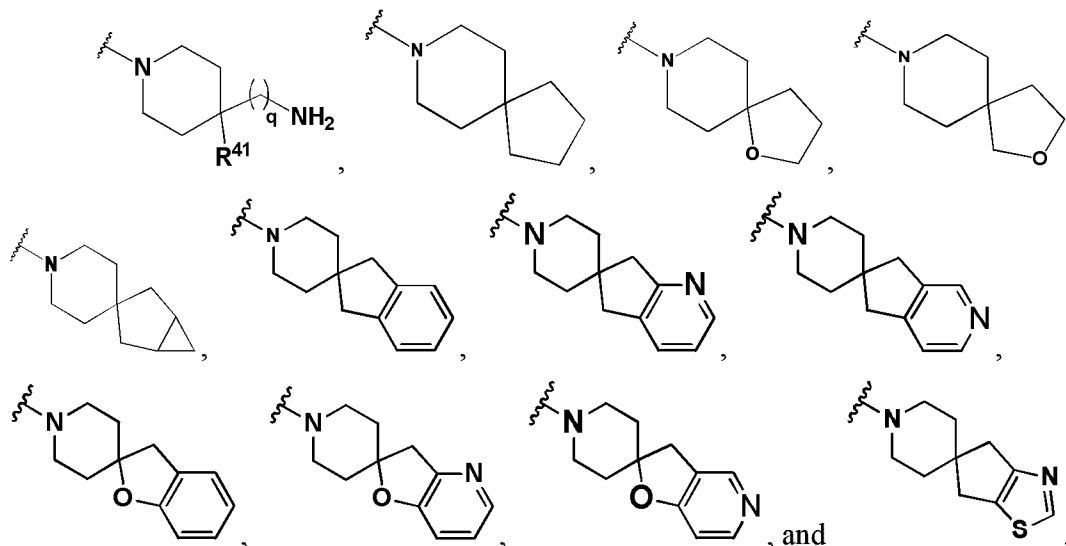
In some embodiments, Ring B may be optionally fused with Ring BB selected from C_3 - C_8 cycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{10} aryl, and 5- to 10-membered heteroaryl containing one or two heteroatoms selected from N, O and S. In this case, Ring BB may be optionally substituted with at least one R^{BB} . In some embodiments, Ring BB may be selected from C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{10} aryl, and 5- to 7-membered heteroaryl containing one or two heteroatoms selected from N, O and S. For example, Ring BB may be a C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl ring, a benzene ring, a pyridine ring or a thiazole ring.

In some embodiments, Ring B is a cyclopentane ring, and may be fused with Ring BB selected from a cyclopropane ring, a benzene ring, a pyridine ring and a thiazole ring. In some embodiments, Ring B is a tetrahydrofuran ring, and may be fused with Ring BB selected from a benzene ring and a pyridine ring.

R^{BB} may be selected from a group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, oxo, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl, hydroxy-(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-, (C_1 - C_6 alkoxy)-(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-, H_2N -(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-, $-NH_2$, $-NH(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl), $-N(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl) $_2$, nitro, cyano and amidino. In some embodiments, R^{BB} may be selected from a group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, oxo, C_1 - C_3 alkyl, C_1 - C_3 alkoxy, C_1 - C_3 haloalkyl, hydroxy-(C_1 - C_3 alkyl)-, (C_1 - C_3 alkoxy)-(C_1 - C_3 alkyl)-, H_2N -(C_1 - C_3 alkyl)-, $-NH_2$, $-NH(C_1$ - C_3 alkyl), $-N(C_1$ - C_3 alkyl) $_2$, nitro and cyano. In some embodiments, R^{BB} may be at least one selected from a group consisting of halogen, cyano, hydroxy, C_1 - C_3 alkyl and C_1 - C_3 alkoxy. For example, R^{BB} may be one or more selected from a group consisting of halogen, cyano, hydroxy, methyl and methoxy.

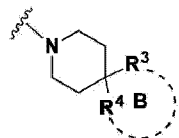


In some embodiments, of Formula 1A may be selected from the following structures:

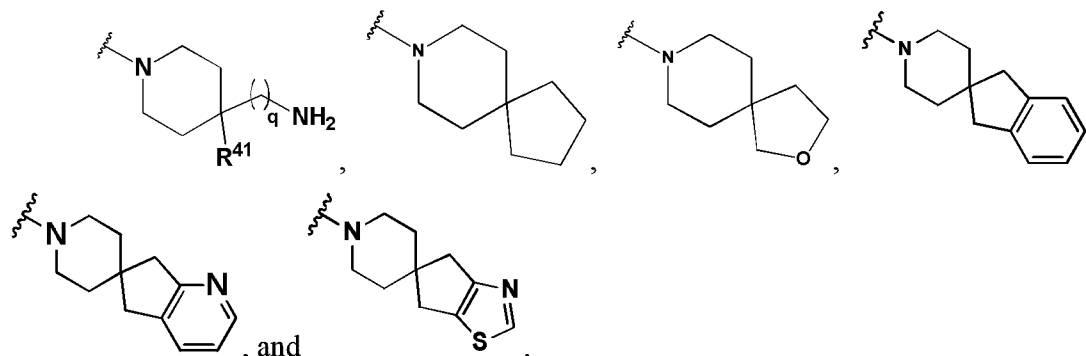


In the above structures, R^{41} may be C_1 - C_3 alkyl, and q may be an integer from 0 to 3. For example, R^{41} may be methyl, and q may be 0 or 1.

Ring B in the above structures may be optionally substituted with at least one R^B selected from deuterium, methyl and $-NH_2$. In addition, Ring BB may be optionally substituted with at least one R^{BB} selected from a group consisting of halogen, cyano, hydroxy, methyl and methoxy.



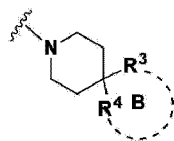
For example, of Formula 1A may be selected from the following structures:



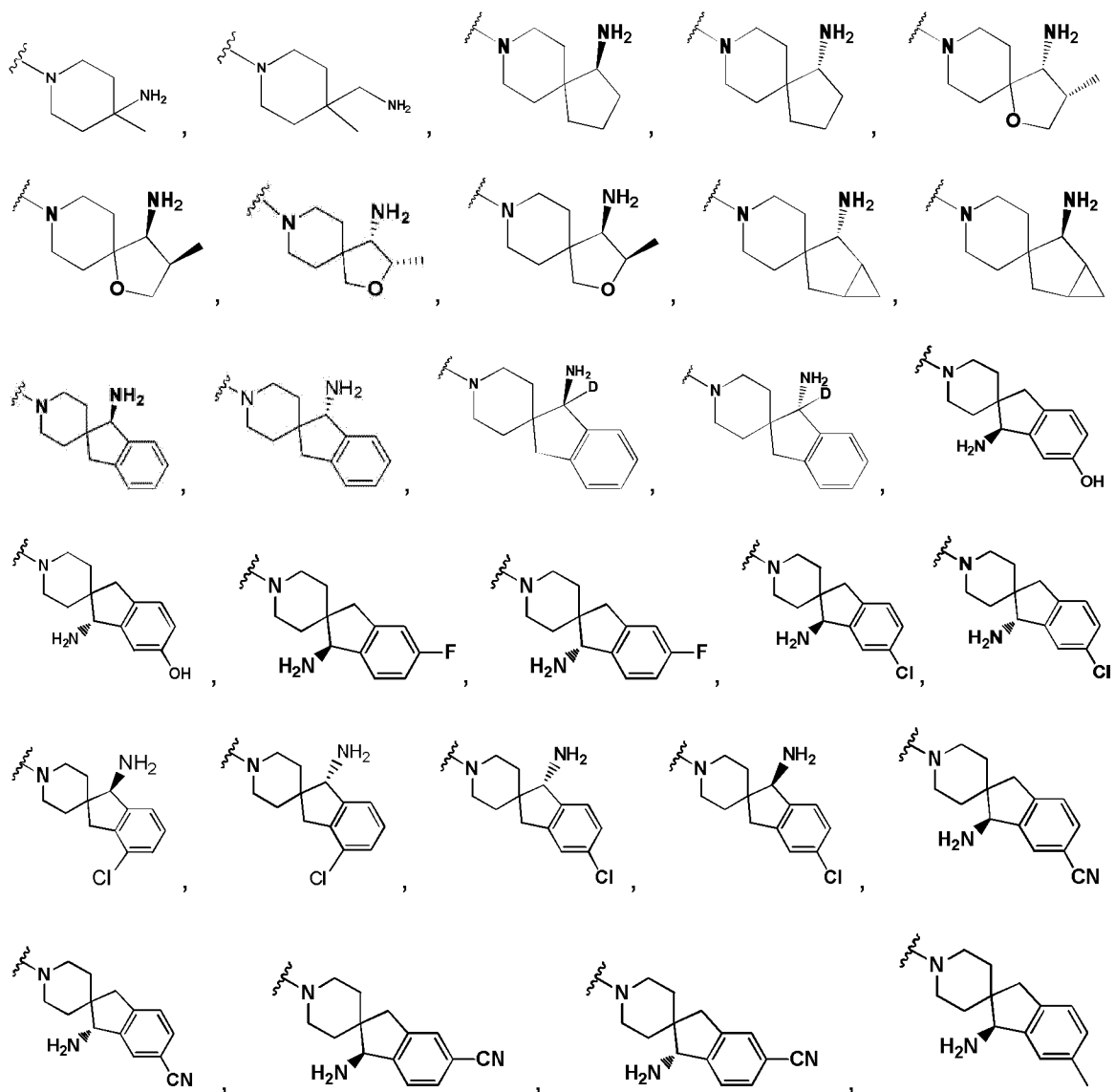
(In the above structures, R^{41} is methyl, and q is 0 or 1.)

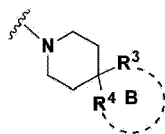
In this case, Ring B may be optionally substituted with at least one R^B selected from methyl and $-NH_2$, and Ring BB may be optionally substituted with at least one R^{BB} selected from a group consisting of halogen, cyano, hydroxy, methyl and methoxy.

In some embodiments,

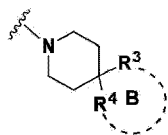
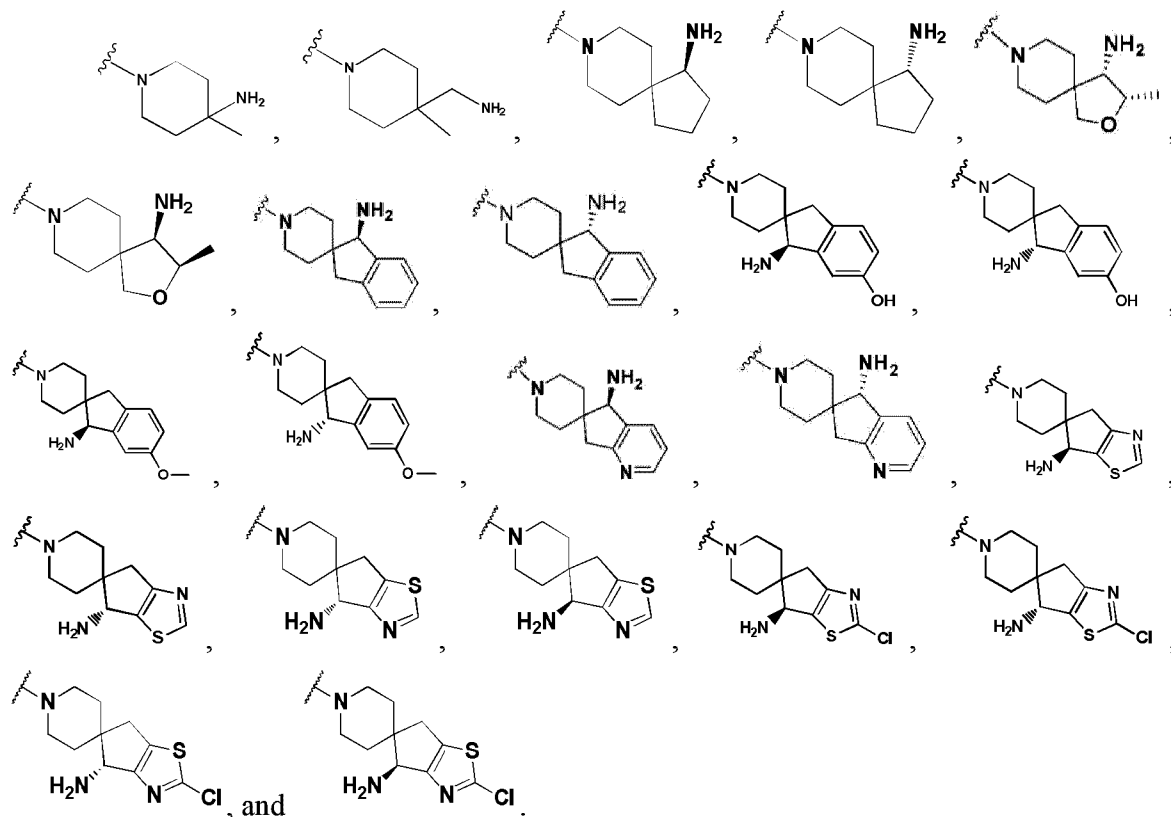


of Formula 1A may be selected from the following structures:

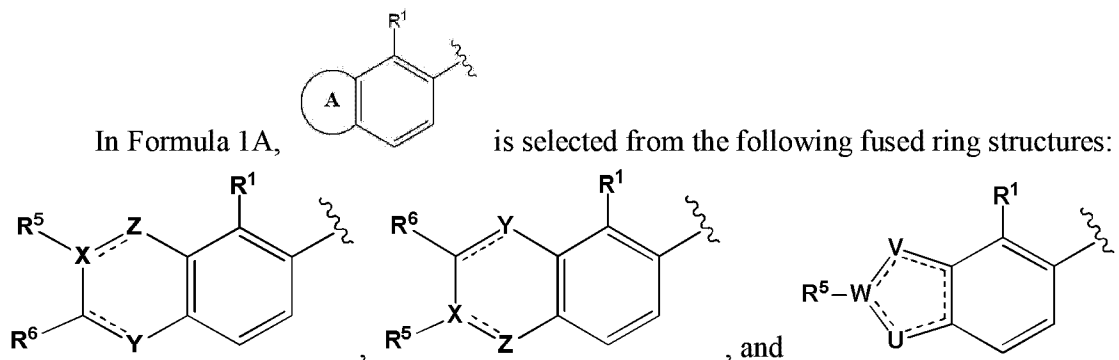




of Formula 1A may be selected from the following structures:



In addition, of Formula 1A may include a corresponding structure disclosed in International Patent Publication Nos. WO2019/183367, WO2020/063760, WO2020/201991, WO2020/081848, WO2020/073949, WO2021/197452, WO2021/147879, WO2020/049079, WO2021/218752, WO2021/218755, WO2022/017444, WO2021/115286, WO2021/088944, and the like, or a structure easily derived therefrom by those skilled in the art.



In the above fused ring structure, ----- is a single bond or a double bond in accordance with the valence that the ring element permits. (For example, a nitrogen atom allows 3 bonds and a carbon atom allows 4 bonds).

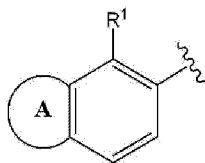
For example, when X is N, Y is N, and Z is C(O), ----- between X and Z is a single bond, and ----- between CR⁶ and Y is a double bond. For example, when W is C, U is N, and V is NR⁶, ----- between V and W is a single bond, and ----- between W and U is a double bond, and thus ----- shared by the 5-membered ring and the 6-membered ring is a double bond. For example, when W and U are N, and V is CH, ----- between each of V and U and the respective carbon atoms shared by the 6-membered ring is a double bond, and ----- between W and V and ----- between W and U are single bonds, and thus ----- shared by the 5-membered ring and the 6-membered ring is a single bond.

In the above fused ring structures, X may be N or C, Y may be N, CH or CH₂, and Z may be C(O), S(O)₂, or N. In this case, when Z is N, X is C, and Y is CH, and when Z is S(O)₂, both X and Y are N.

In some embodiments, in the above fused ring structures, X may be N or C, Y may be N, CH or CH₂, and Z may be C(O) or S(O)₂. In this case, when Z is S(O)₂, both X and Y may be N.

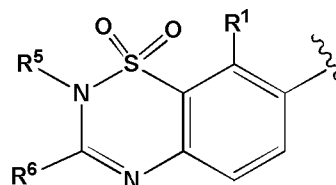
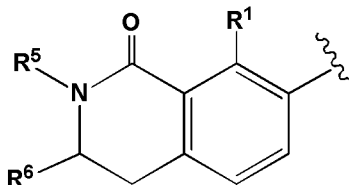
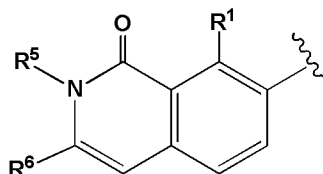
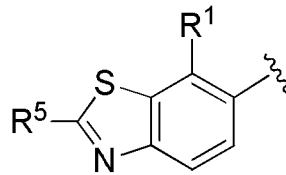
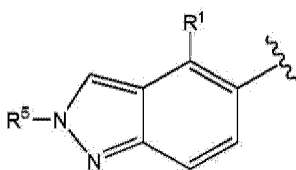
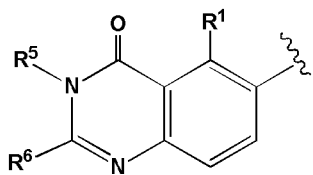
In the above fused ring structures, U may be N, NR⁶ or CHR⁶, V may be CH, C(O), S, O, N or NR⁶, and W may be N or C. In this case, when W is C, one of U and V is N, and the other is S, O or NR⁶. In addition, when W is N, U is CHR⁶, and V is C(O), or U is N, and V is CH. One or two of U, V and W is N.

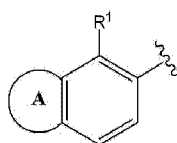
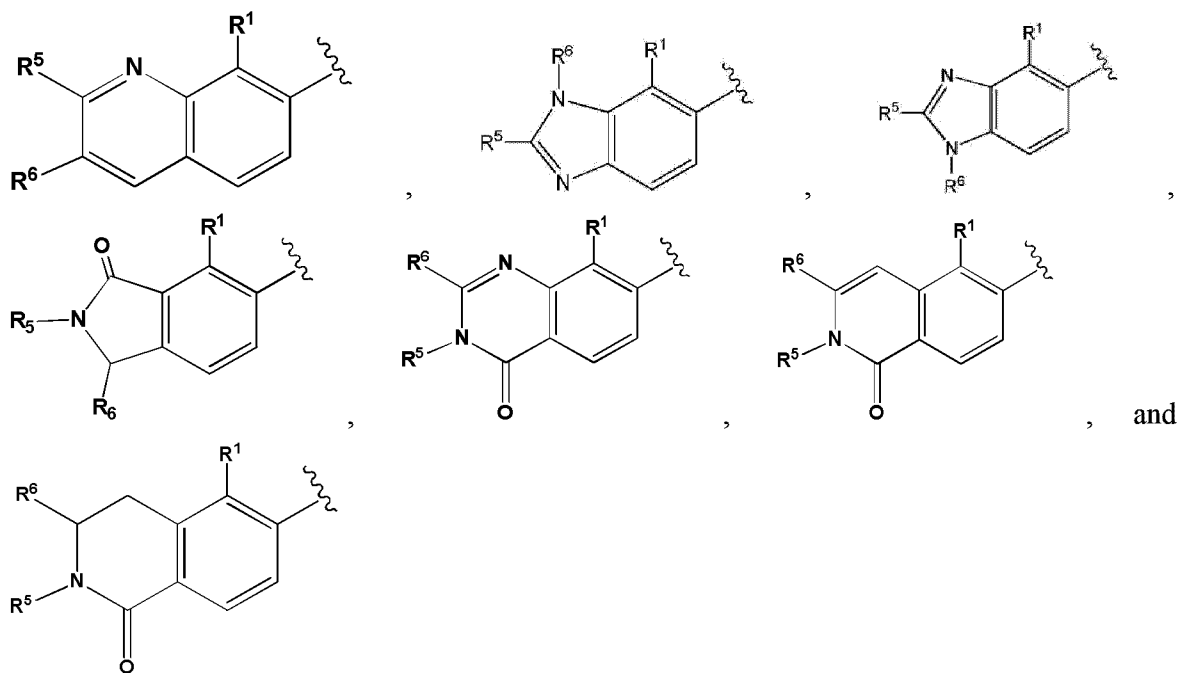
In some embodiments, in the above fused ring structures, U may be N or NR⁶, V may be CH, N or NR⁶, and W may be N or C. In this case, when W is C, one of U and V is N, and the other is NR⁶. Also, when W is N, U is N, and V is CH.



In some embodiments,

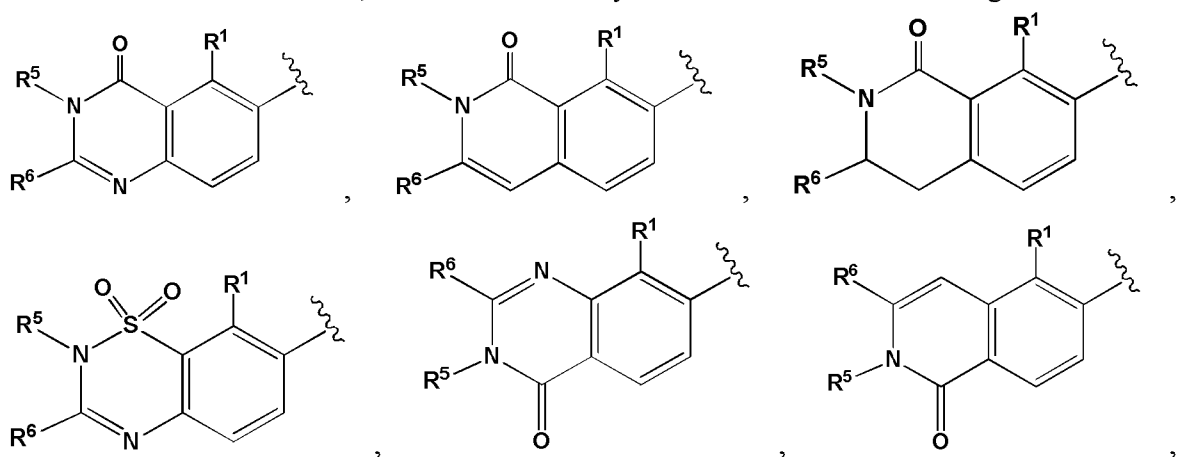
in Formula 1A may be selected from the following structures:

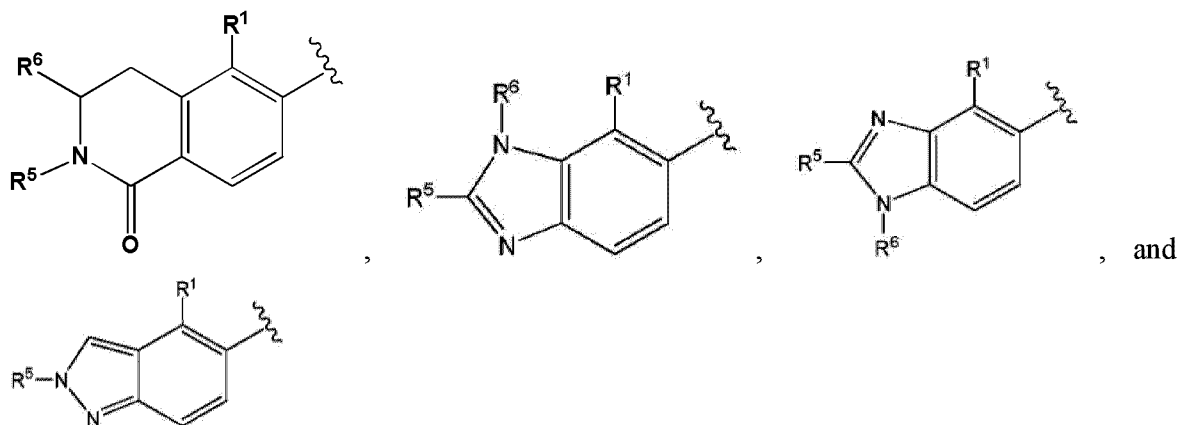




In some embodiments,

may be selected from the following structures:





R^5 may be each independently selected from a group consisting of H, a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, a ketone group, C_1 - C_{20} alkyl, C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy, C_2 - C_{20} alkoxyalkyl, an amine group, C_1 - C_{20} alkyl substituted with an amine group, an imine group, nitro, cyano, amidino, a carboxyl group or a salt thereof, C_1 - C_{20} heteroalkyl, C_3 - C_{20} heterocycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{20} aryl, C_6 - C_{20} arylalkyl, C_1 - C_{20} heteroaryl, C_1 - C_{20} heteroarylalkyl, C_1 - C_{20} heteroaryloxy, C_1 - C_{20} heteroaryloxyalkyl, and C_3 - C_{20} heterocycloalkyl, and polycyclic C_5 - C_{12} heteroarylalkyl.

R^5 may be H, a C_1 - C_6 alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted benzyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted thiazolylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted imidazolylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted pyrrolidinylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted pyridinylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted pyrimidinylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted pyrazinylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted benzimidazolylalkyl group, or a substituted or unsubstituted pyrrolopyridinylalkyl group. The phenyl group, benzyl group, thiazolylalkyl group, imidazolylalkyl group, pyrrolidinylalkyl group, pyridinylalkyl group, pyrimidinylalkyl group, pyrazinylalkyl group, benzimidazolylalkyl group, or pyrrolopyridinylalkyl group may be unsubstituted or substituted with at least one substituent selected from a group consisting of halogen, C_1 - C_6 alkyl substituted with a halogen atom, -CN, - NH_2 , - NO_2 , - OR^a , and - SO_2R^a . C_1 - C_6 alkyl substituted with a halogen atom may be - CF_3 . R^a may be H, a halogen atom, or C_1 - C_6 alkyl substituted with a halogen atom. - OR^a may be - OCH_3 . - SO_2R^a may be - SO_2F .

In one embodiment, in the above fused ring structures, R^5 may be each independently selected from the following (i) to (vi):

(i) H, halogen, hydroxy, an amine group (such as - NH_2), an imine group (such as =NH), -C(O) NH_2 , nitro, cyano, amidino, or carboxy or a salt thereof;

(ii) C_1 - C_{20} alkyl or C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy, which is optionally substituted with at least one substituent selected from a group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, C_1 - C_{20} alkyl, C_1 - C_{20} haloalkyl, C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy, C_1 - C_{20} haloalkoxy, an amine group (for example, - $NR'R''$), a carbonyl group (for example, $R'C(O)-$), a sulfonyl group (for example, $R'S(O)_2-$), an alkylsulfonylamine group (for

example, $R'S(O)_2NR''$), an aminocarbonyl group or an alkylaminocarbonyl group (for example, $R''R'NC(O)-$), and $R'C(O)NR''$);

(iii) C_6-C_{20} aryl, $(C_6-C_{12}$ aryl)- $(C_1-C_8$ alkyl)-, C_6-C_{20} aryloxy, $(C_6-C_{12}$ aryloxy)- $(C_1-C_8$ alkyl)-, C_6-C_{20} arylcarbonyl, $(C_6-C_{12}$ arylcarbonyl)- $(C_1-C_8$ alkyl)-, -CONH- $(C_6-C_{12}$ aryl), -CONH- $(C_1-C_8$ alkyl)- $(C_6-C_{12}$ aryl), -NHCO- $(C_6-C_{12}$ aryl), or -NHCO- $(C_1-C_8$ alkyl)- $(C_6-C_{12}$ aryl) ;

(iv) heteroaryl, heteroaryl- $(C_1-C_8$ alkyl)-, heteroaryloxy, heteroaryloxy- $(C_1-C_8$ alkyl)-, heteroarylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl- $(C_1-C_8$ alkyl)-, -CONH-heteroaryl, -CONH- $(C_1-C_8$ alkyl)-heteroaryl, -NHCO-heteroaryl, or -NHCO- $(C_1-C_8$ alkyl)-heteroaryl (wherein the heteroaryl ring may be 4- to 10-membered heteroaryl containing at least one heteroatoms selected from N, O and S; or the heteroaryl ring may be a C_1 to C_{20} heteroaryl ring);

(v) heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl- $(C_1-C_8$ alkyl)-, heterocycloalkyloxy, heterocycloalkyloxy- $(C_1-C_8$ alkyl)-, heterocycloalkylcarbonyl, heterocycloalkylcarbonyl- $(C_1-C_8$ alkyl)-, -CONH-heterocycloalkyl, -CONH- $(C_1-C_8$ alkyl)-heterocycloalkyl, -NHCO-heterocycloalkyl, or -NHCO- $(C_1-C_8$ alkyl)-heterocycloalkyl (wherein the heterocycloalkyl ring may be 3- to 10-membered fully saturated or partially unsaturated heterocycloalkyl containing at least one heteroatoms selected from N, O and S; or the heterocycloalkyl ring may be C_3 to C_{20} heterocycloalkyl); and

(vi) C_3-C_{10} cycloalkyl, $(C_3-C_{10}$ cycloalkyl)- $(C_1-C_8$ alkyl)-, C_3-C_{10} cycloalkyloxy, $(C_3-C_{10}$ cycloalkyloxy)- $(C_1-C_8$ alkyl)-, C_3-C_{10} cycloalkylcarbonyl, $(C_3-C_{10}$ cycloalkylcarbonyl)- $(C_1-C_8$ alkyl)-, -CONH- $(C_3-C_{10}$ cycloalkyl), -CONH- $(C_1-C_8$ alkyl)- $(C_3-C_{10}$ cycloalkyl), -NHCO- $(C_3-C_{10}$ cycloalkyl), or -NHCO- $(C_1-C_8$ alkyl)- $(C_3-C_{10}$ cycloalkyl).

R' and R'' are each independently H or C_1-C_{10} alkyl. In some embodiments, R' and R'' can be each independently H or C_1-C_6 alkyl. For example, R' and R'' may be each independently H or C_1-C_3 alkyl. Also, R' and R'' may be each independently H, methyl or ethyl.

The aryl ring, heteroaryl ring, heterocycloalkyl ring and cycloalkyl ring described in (iii) to (vi) above may be each optionally substituted. In (iii) to (vi) above, "aryl ring", "heteroaryl ring", "heterocycloalkyl ring" and "cycloalkyl ring" are used to collectively refer to those ring moieties in the substituents to which the rings are attached together with other chemical structures. For example, "aryl ring" is used to collectively refer to aryl as well as aryl rings included in arylalkyl, aryloxy, aryloxyalkyl, arylcarbonyl, arylcarbonylalkyl, -CONH-aryl, -CONH-alkyl-aryl, -NHCO-aryl and -NHCO-alkyl-aryl.

In some embodiments, R^5 may be each independently selected from:

(i) H, halogen, hydroxy, $-NH_2$, $=NH$, $-C(O)NH_2$, nitro, cyano, amidino or carboxy or a salt thereof (for example, H, halogen, hydroxy, $-NH_2$, $-C(O)NH_2$, nitro, cyano, or carboxy or a salt thereof);

(ii) C_1-C_6 alkyl or C_1-C_6 alkoxy, which is optionally substituted with at least one substituent selected from a group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, C_1-C_6 alkyl, C_1-C_6 haloalkyl, C_1-C_6 alkoxy,

C₁-C₆ haloalkoxy, -NR'R'', R'C(O)-, R'S(O)₂-, R'S(O)₂NR'', R'R'NC(O)-, and R'C(O)NR''- (for example, H, halogen, hydroxy, -NH₂, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₁-C₆ alkoxy, (C₁-C₆ alkoxy)-(C₁-C₆ alkyl)- or (C₁-C₆ alkoxy)-(C₁-C₆ alkoxy)-);

(iii) C₆-C₁₀ aryl, (C₆-C₁₀ aryl)-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-, C₆-C₁₀ aryloxy, (C₆-C₁₀ aryloxy)-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-, C₆-C₁₀ arylcarbonyl, (C₆-C₁₀ arylcarbonyl)-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-, -CONH-(C₆-C₁₀ aryl), -CONH-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-(C₆-C₁₀ aryl), -NHCO-(C₆-C₁₀ aryl) or -NHCO-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-(C₆-C₁₀ aryl) (for example, C₆-C₁₀ aryl, (C₆-C₁₀ aryl)-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, C₆-C₁₀ aryloxy, (C₆-C₁₀ aryloxy)-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, C₆-C₁₀ arylcarbonyl, or (C₆-C₁₀ arylcarbonyl)-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, wherein the aryl ring may be optionally substituted with at least one R^{5a});

(iv) heteroaryl, heteroaryl-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-, heteroaryloxy, heteroaryloxy-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-, heteroarylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-, -CONH-heteroaryl, -CONH-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-heteroaryl, -NHCO-heteroaryl, or -NHCO-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-heteroaryl (for example, heteroaryl, heteroaryl-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, heteroaryloxy, heteroaryloxy-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, heteroarylcarbonyl, or heteroarylcarbonyl-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, wherein the heteroaryl ring is 5- to 10-membered heteroaryl containing one to three heteroatoms selected from N, O and S; or 5- or 6-membered monocyclic heteroaryl or 9- or 10-membered bicyclic heteroaryl containing one or two heteroatoms selected from N, O and S and may be optionally substituted with at least one R^{5a});

(v) heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-, heterocycloalkyloxy, heterocycloalkyloxy-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-, heterocycloalkylcarbonyl, heterocycloalkylcarbonyl-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-, -CONH-heterocycloalkyl, -CONH-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-heterocycloalkyl, -NHCO-heterocycloalkyl, or -NHCO-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-heterocycloalkyl (for example, heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, heterocycloalkyloxy, heterocycloalkyloxy-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, heterocycloalkylcarbonyl, or heterocycloalkylcarbonyl-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, wherein the heterocycloalkyl ring is 3- to 10-membered fully saturated or partially unsaturated heterocycloalkyl containing one or three heteroatoms selected from N, O and S; or 4- to 7-membered fully saturated or partially unsaturated heterocycloalkyl containing one or two heteroatoms selected from N, O and S and may be optionally substituted with at least one R^{5a}); or

(vi) C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, (C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl)-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-, C₃-C₈ cycloalkyloxy, (C₃-C₈ cycloalkyloxy)-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-, C₃-C₈ cycloalkylcarbonyl, (C₃-C₈ cycloalkylcarbonyl)-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-, -CONH-(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), -CONH-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), -NHCO-(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), or -NHCO-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl) (for example, C₄-C₈ cycloalkyl, (C₄-C₈ cycloalkyl)-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, C₄-C₈ cycloalkyloxy, (C₄-C₈ cycloalkyloxy)-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, C₄-C₈ cycloalkylcarbonyl, or (C₄-C₈ cycloalkylcarbonyl)-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, wherein the cycloalkyl ring may be optionally substituted with at least one R^{5a}).

R' and R'' are each independently H or C₁-C₁₀ alkyl. In some embodiments, R' and R'' may be each independently H or C₁-C₆ alkyl. For example, R' and R'' may be each independently H or C₁-C₃ alkyl. Also, R' and R'' may be each independently H, methyl or ethyl.

R^{5a} may be selected from a group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, -NH₂, -NH(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₆ alkyl)₂, cyano, oxo, nitro, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₁-C₆ alkoxy; C₁-C₆ alkyl substituted with halogen, hydroxy, C₁-C₆ alkoxy, -NH₂ or cyano; C₁-C₆ alkoxy substituted with halogen, hydroxy, C₁-C₆ alkyl, -NH₂ or cyano; and halogen-SO₂-, (C₁-C₆ alkyl)-SO₂-, -SO₂NH₂, -SO₂NH(C₁-C₆ alkyl), and -SO₂N(C₁-C₆ alkyl)₂. In some embodiments, R^{5a} may be selected from a group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, oxo, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₁-C₆ alkoxy, C₁-C₆ haloalkyl, hydroxy-(C₁-C₆ alkyl)-, (C₁-C₆ alkoxy)-(C₁-C₆ alkyl)-, -NH₂, -NH(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₆ alkyl)₂, nitro, cyano, halogen-SO₂-, (C₁-C₆ alkyl)-SO₂- and -SO₂NH₂.

In one embodiment, R⁵ may be each independently selected from the following (i) to (vi):

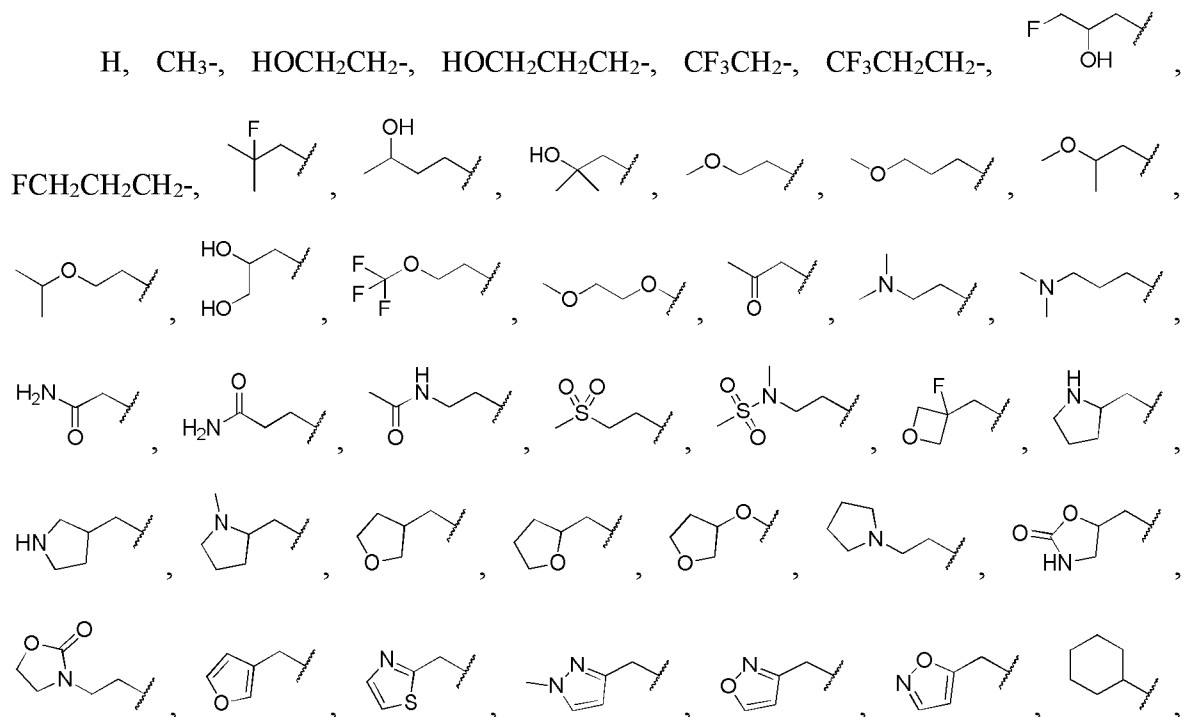
- (i) H, halogen, hydroxy, -NH₂, -C(O)NH₂, nitro, cyano, or carboxy or a salt thereof;
- (ii) C₁-C₆ alkyl, which is optionally substituted with at least one substituent selected from a group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, C₁-C₆ haloalkyl, C₁-C₆ alkoxy, C₁-C₆ haloalkoxy, -NR'R'', R'C(O)-, R'S(O)₂-, R'S(O)₂NR'', R''R'NC(O)- and R'C(O)NR''-; C₁-C₆ alkoxy; or (C₁-C₆ alkoxy)-(C₁-C₆ alkoxy)- (wherein R' and R'' are each independently H or C₁-C₃ alkyl);
- (iii) phenyl, phenyl-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, phenyloxy, phenyloxy-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, phenylcarbonyl, or phenylcarbonyl-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)- (wherein the phenyl ring can be optionally substituted with at least one R^{5a});
- (iv) heteroaryl, heteroaryl-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, heteroaryloxy, heteroaryloxy-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, heteroarylcarbonyl, or heteroarylcarbonyl-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)- (wherein the heteroaryl ring is selected from a group consisting of pyrrolyl, furanyl, thiophenyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, indolyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiophenyl, benzopyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzooxazolyl, benzoisoxazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzoisothiazolyl and 1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridinyl, which can be optionally substituted with at least one R^{5a});
- (v) heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, heterocycloalkyloxy, heterocycloalkyloxy-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, heterocycloalkylcarbonyl, or heterocycloalkylcarbonyl-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)- (wherein the heterocycloalkyl ring is selected from a group consisting of aziridinyl, oxiranyl, oxetanyl, azetidiny, pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydrothiophenyl, piperidinyl, tetrahydropyranyl, 4H-pyranyl, 3,6-dihydro-2H-pyranyl, 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyranyl, 1,2-dihydropyridinyl, 1,4-dihydropyridinyl, 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridinyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyridinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, thiomorpholinyl, oxazolidinyl and 2-oxo-oxazolidinyl, which can be optionally substituted with at least one R^{5a}); and
- (vi) C₅-C₇ cycloalkyl, (C₅-C₇ cycloalkyl)-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, C₅-C₇ cycloalkyloxy, (C₅-C₇ cycloalkyloxy)-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, C₅-C₇ cycloalkylcarbonyl, or (C₅-C₇ cycloalkylcarbonyl)-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)- (wherein the cycloalkyl ring can be optionally substituted with at least one R^{5a}).

In this case, R^{5a} may be selected from a group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, oxo, C_1 - C_3 alkyl, C_1 - C_3 alkoxy, C_1 - C_3 haloalkyl, hydroxy-(C_1 - C_3 alkyl)-, $-NH_2$, $-NH(C_1$ - C_3 alkyl), $-N(C_1$ - C_3 alkyl)₂, nitro, cyano, $-SO_2F$ and $-SO_2Cl$.

In one embodiment, the heteroaryl ring of (iii) may be selected from a group consisting of pyridinyl, pyrazolyl, isoxazolyl, furanyl, pyrimidinyl, thiazolyl, pyrazinyl, benzimidazolyl, benzooxazolyl and 1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridinyl. In addition, the heterocycloalkyl ring of (iv) may be selected from a group consisting of pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydropyranyl, 3,6-dihydro-2H-pyranyl, morpholinyl, oxetanyl, piperidinyl and 2-oxo-oxazolidinyl.

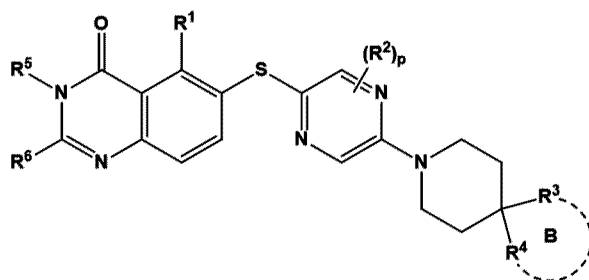
For example, R^5 may be selected from a group consisting of phenyl, benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, phenoxy, pyridinylmethyl, pyridinyloxy, pyridinylcarbonylmethyl, pyrazolylmethyl, pyrrolidinylmethyl, pyrrolidinylethyl, isoxazolylmethyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydrofuranyloxy, tetrahydropyranylmethyl, 3,6-dihydro-2H-pyranylmethyl, morpholinylmethyl, oxetanylmethyl, piperidinylcarbonylmethyl, 2-oxo-oxazolidinylethyl, 2-oxo-oxazolidinylmethyl, furanylmethyl, pyrimidinylmethyl, thiazolylmethyl, pyrazinylmethyl, benzimidazolylmethyl, benzooxazolylmethyl, 1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridinylmethyl and cyclohexyl, and R^5 may be optionally substituted with at least one R^{5a} selected from a group consisting of at least one F, Cl, OH, $-CH_3$, $-OCH_3$, cyano, oxo, $-NH_2$, NO_2 , SO_2F and CF_3 .

In some embodiments, R^5 may be selected from the following structures:



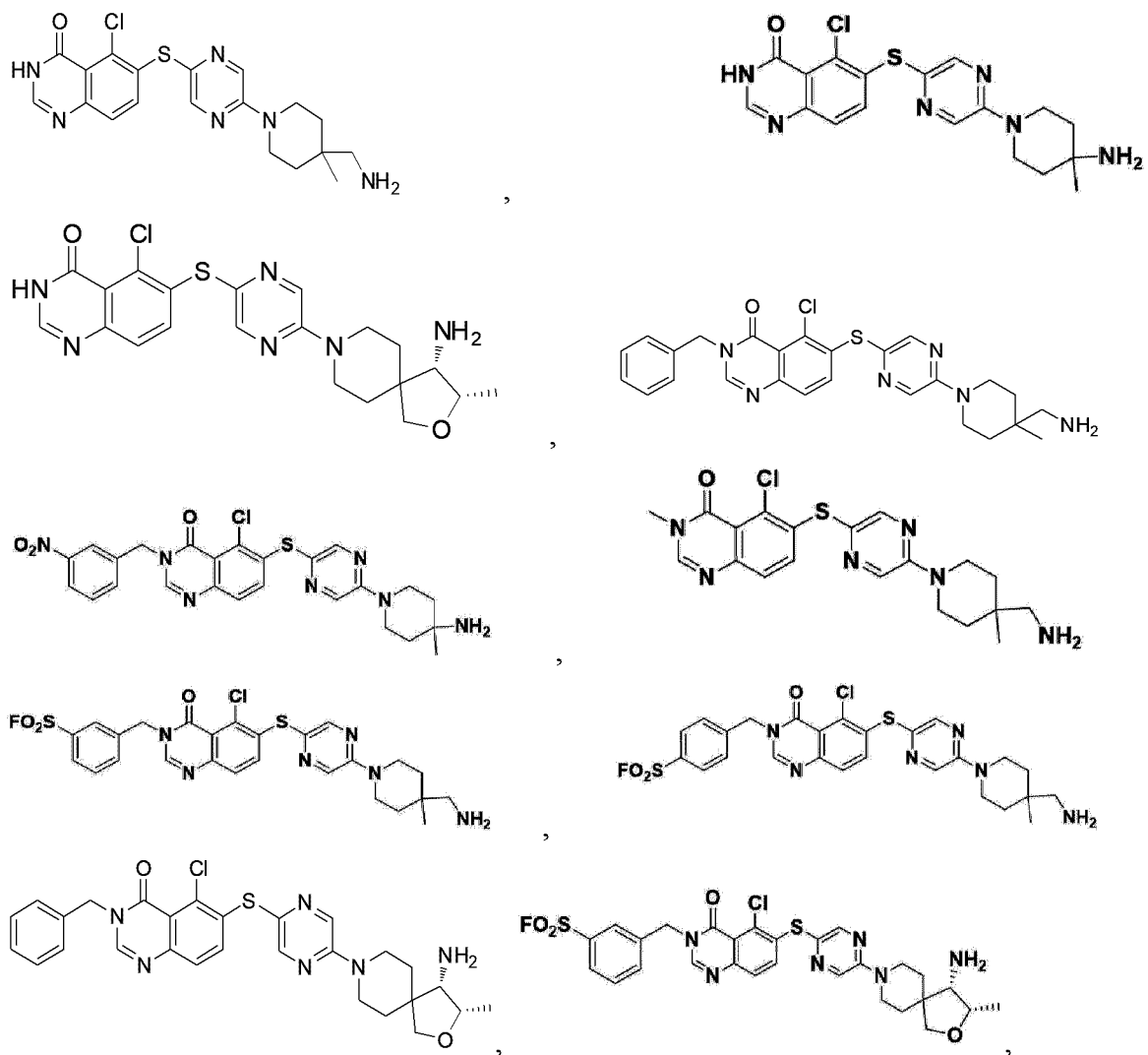
In the above fused ring structures, R⁶ is H or C₁-C₆ alkyl. In some embodiments, R⁶ may be H or C₁-C₃ alkyl. In some embodiments, R⁶ may be H or methyl.

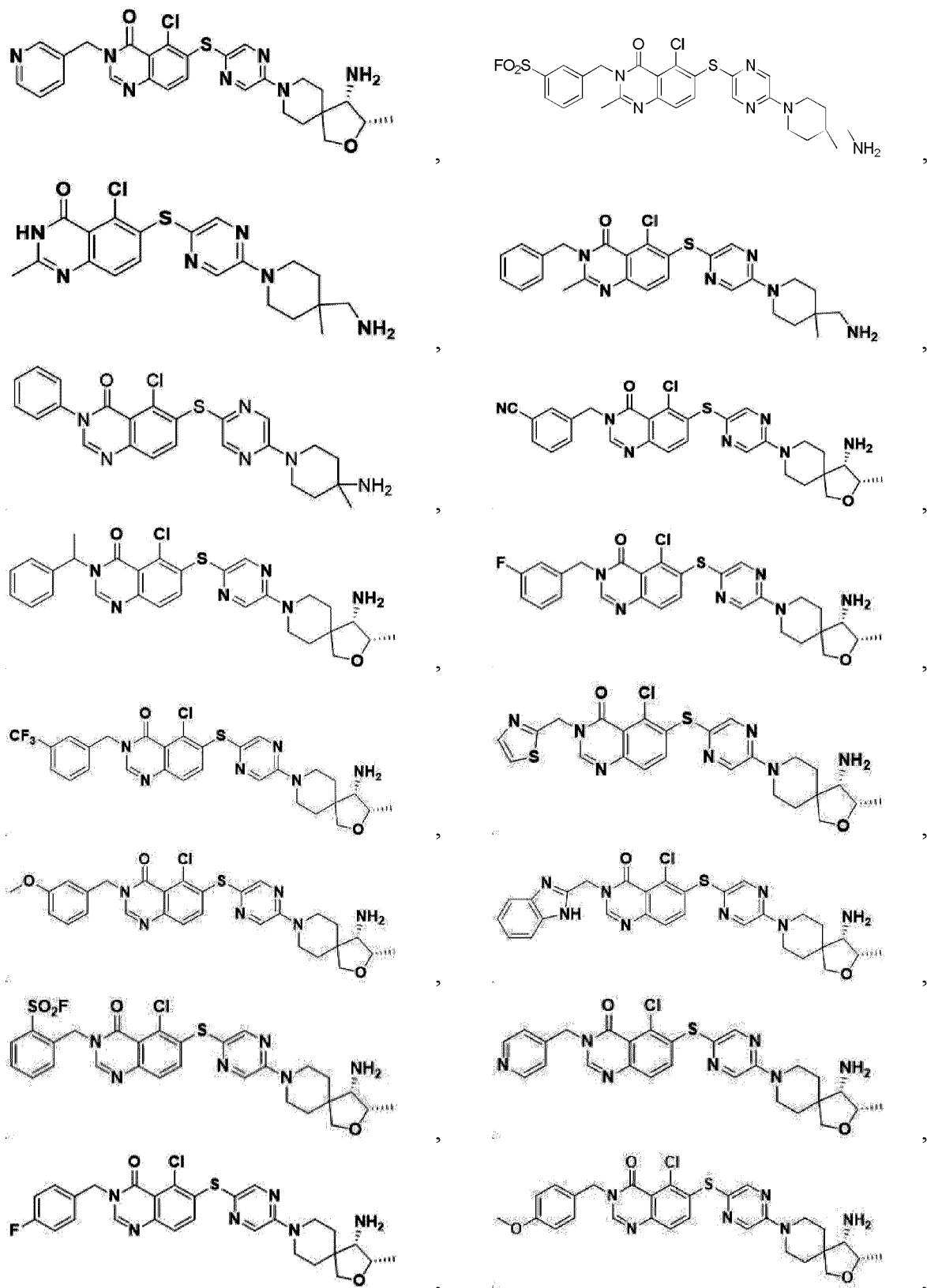
[Formula 1A-1]

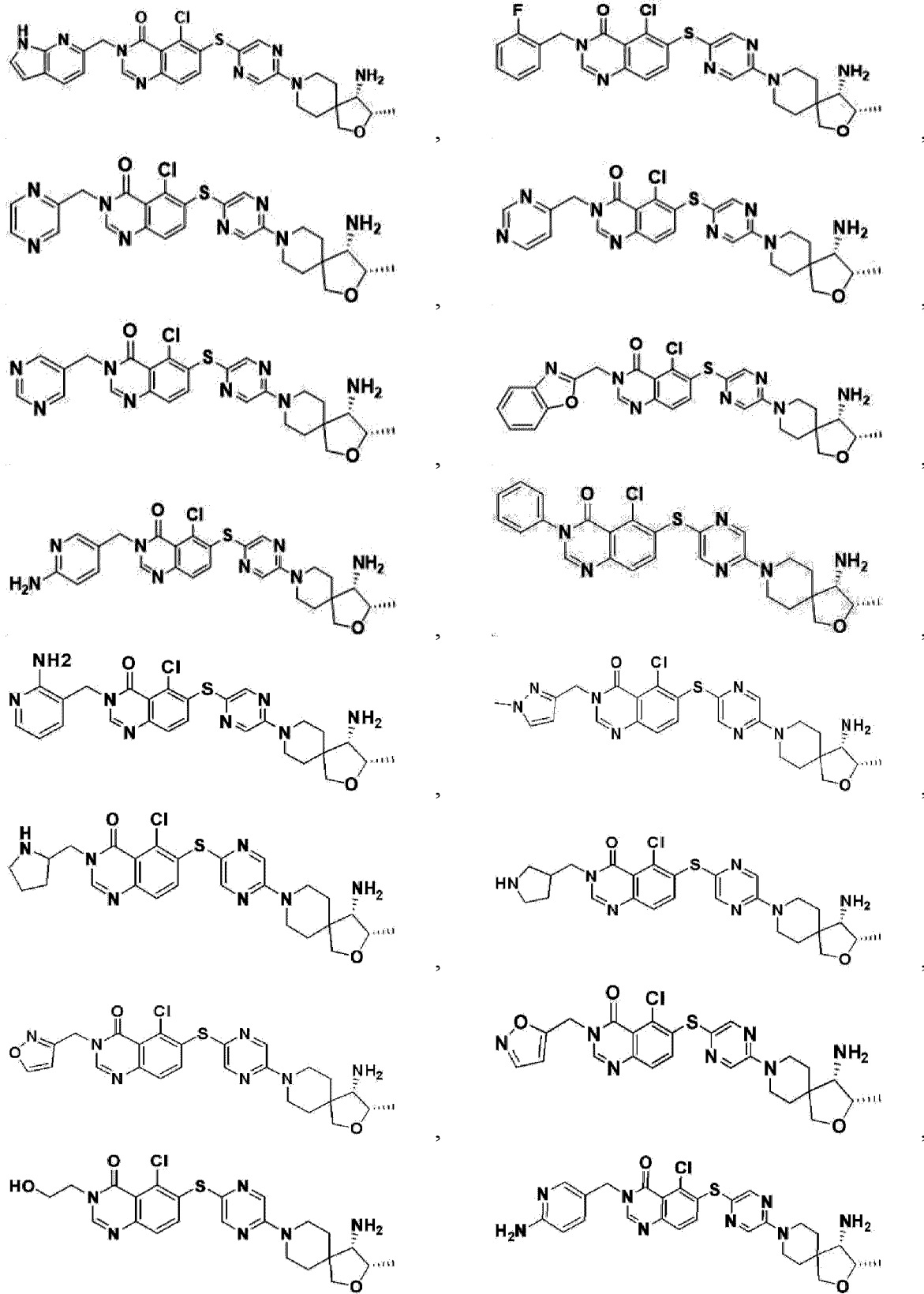


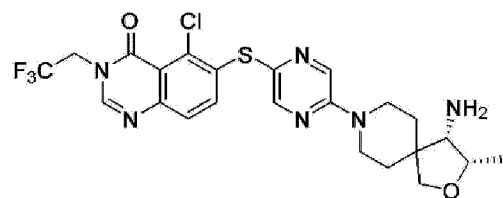
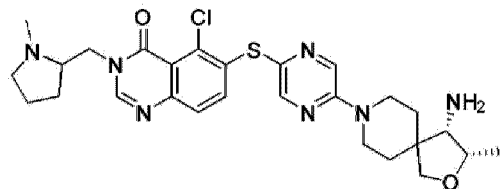
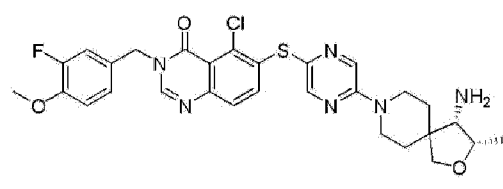
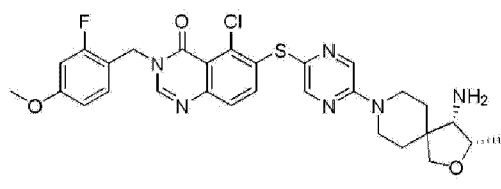
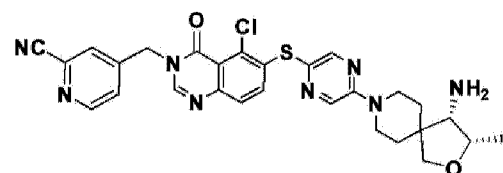
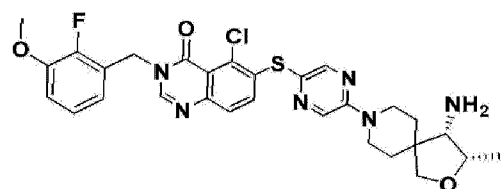
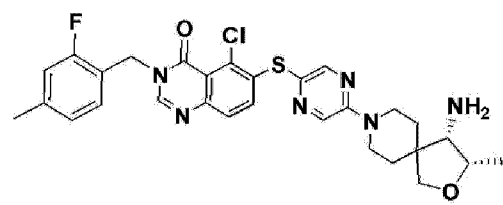
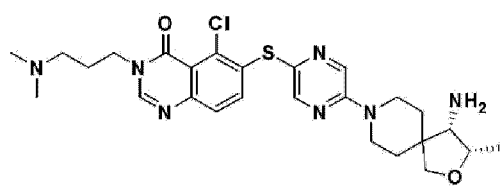
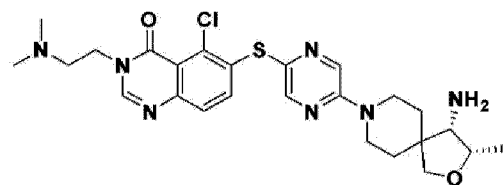
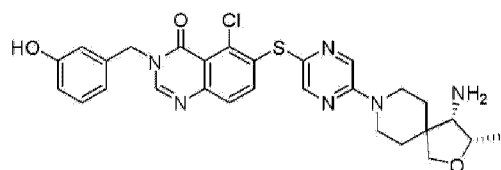
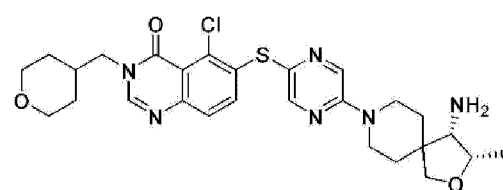
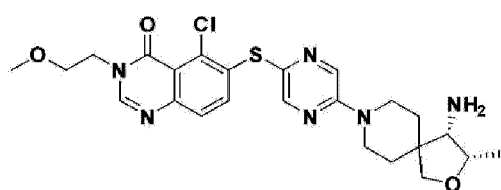
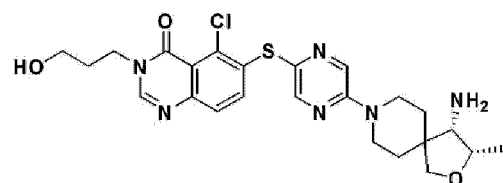
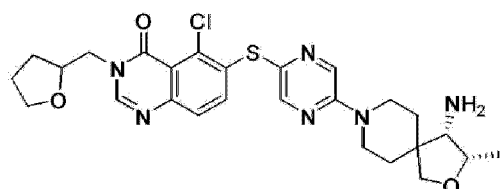
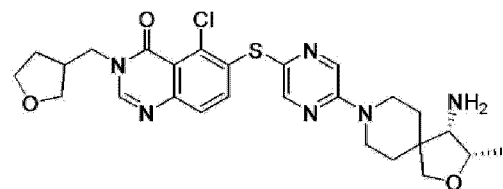
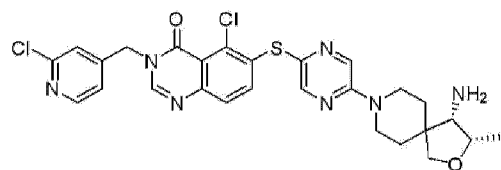
In Formula 1A-1, the definitions of R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , Ring B and p are as described for Formula 1A above.

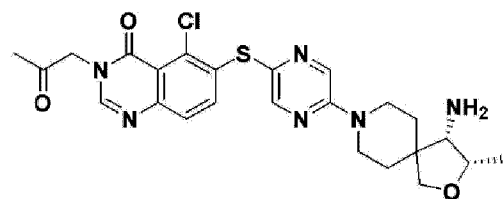
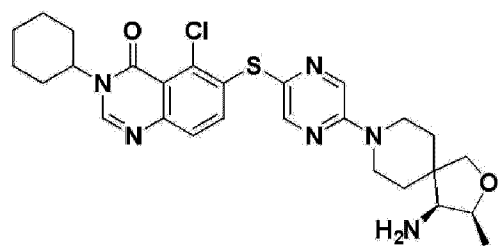
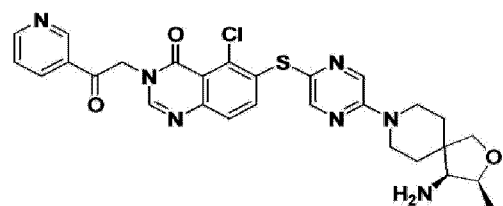
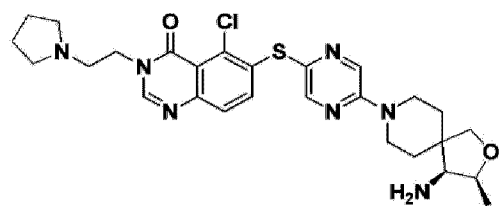
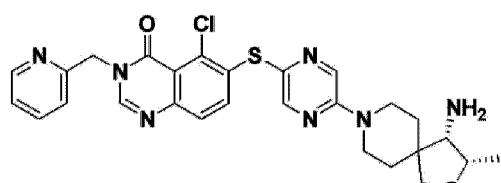
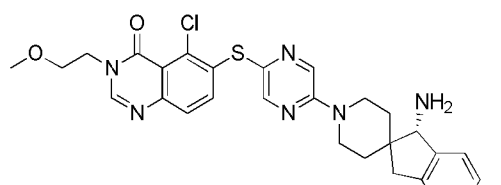
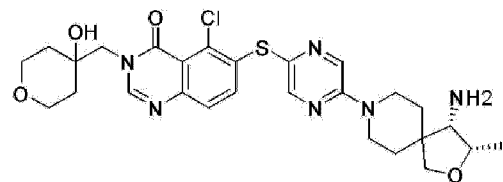
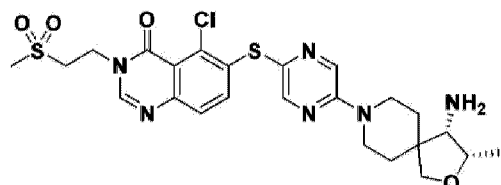
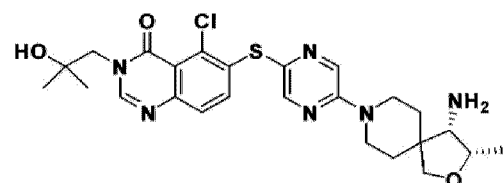
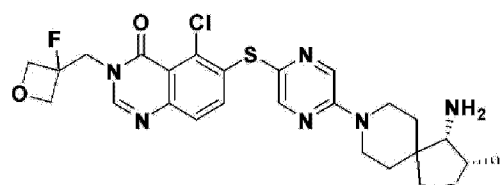
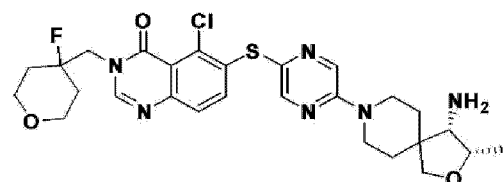
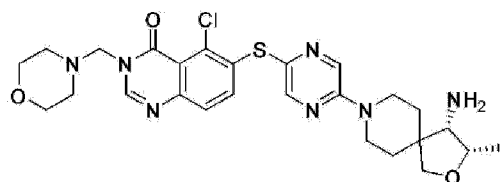
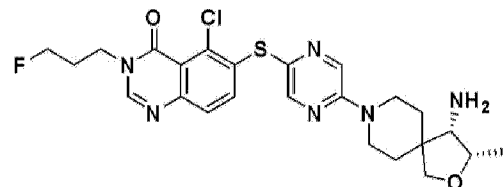
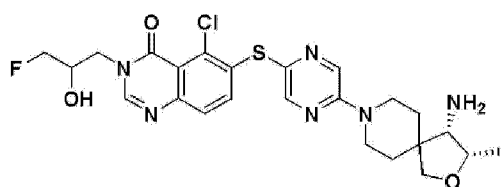
In some embodiments, the compound represented by Formula 1A may be selected from the following:

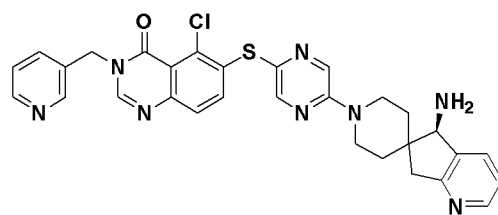
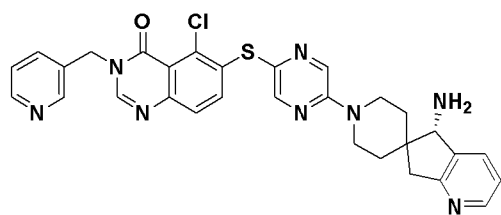
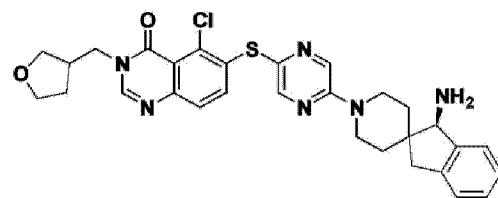
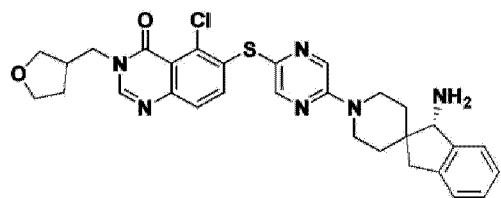
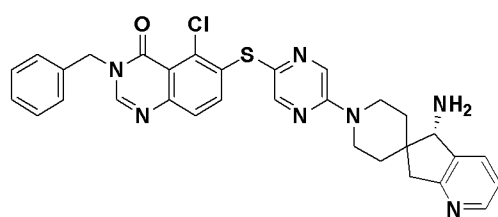
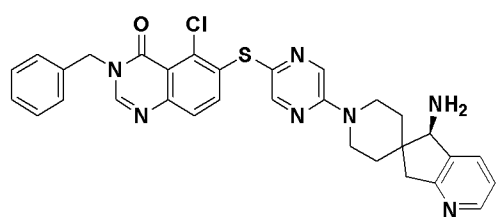
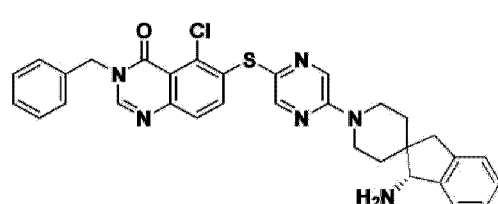
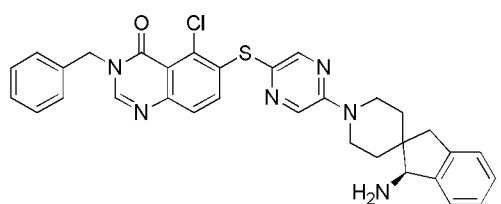
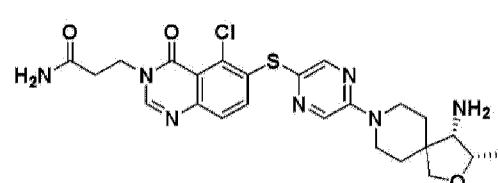
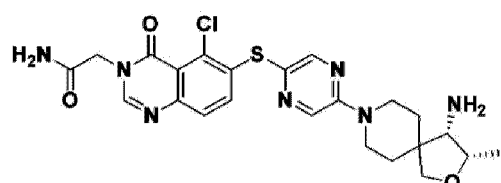
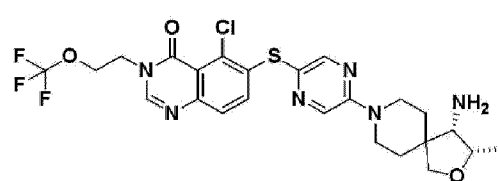
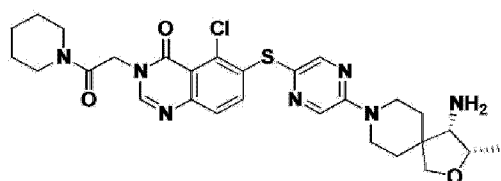
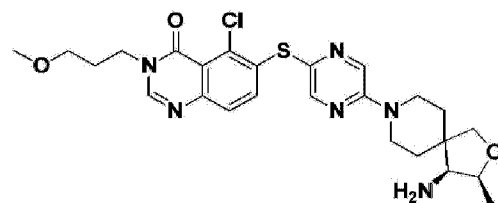
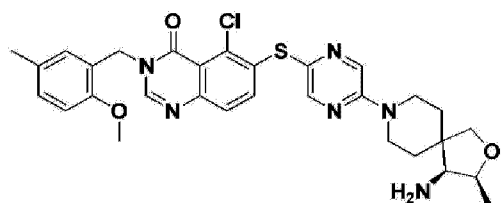


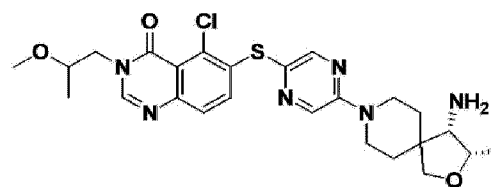
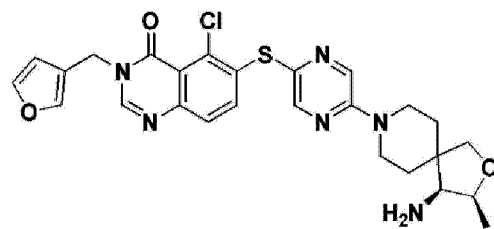
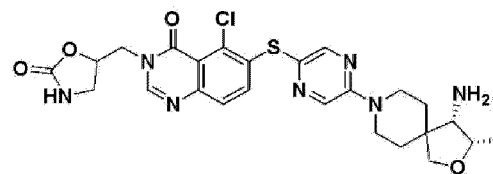
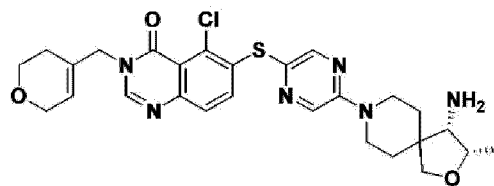
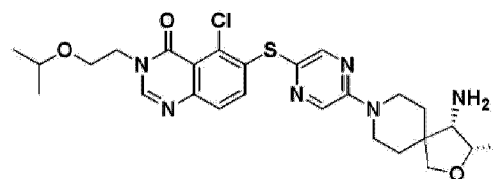
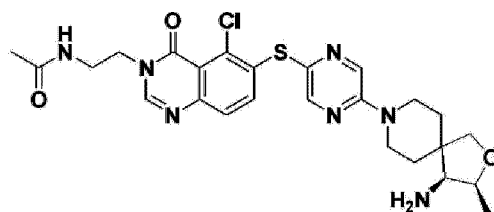
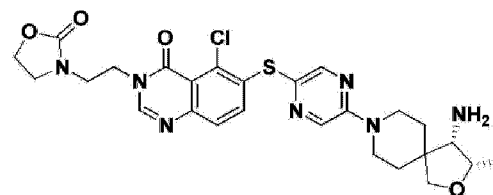
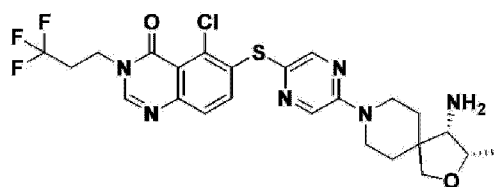
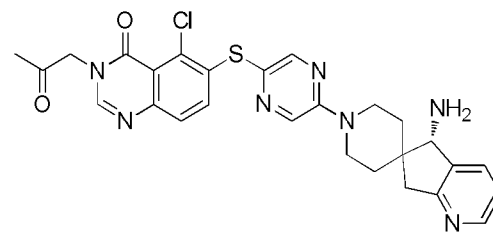
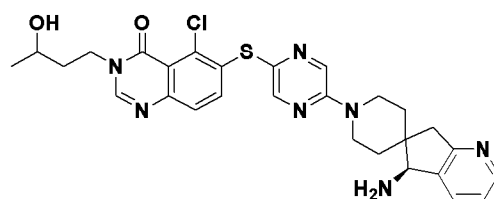
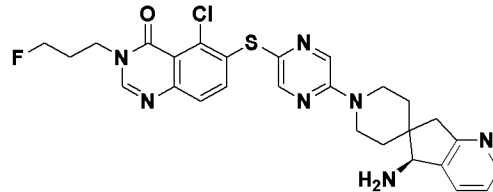
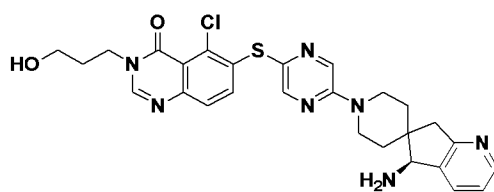
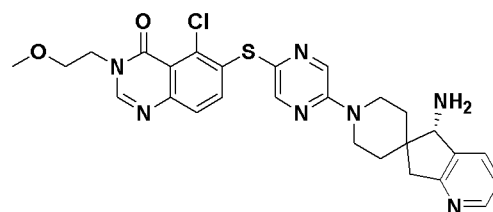
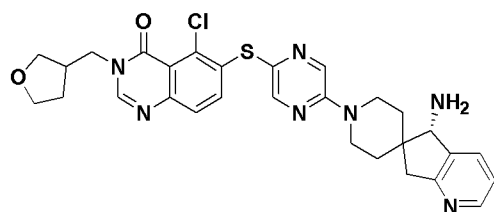


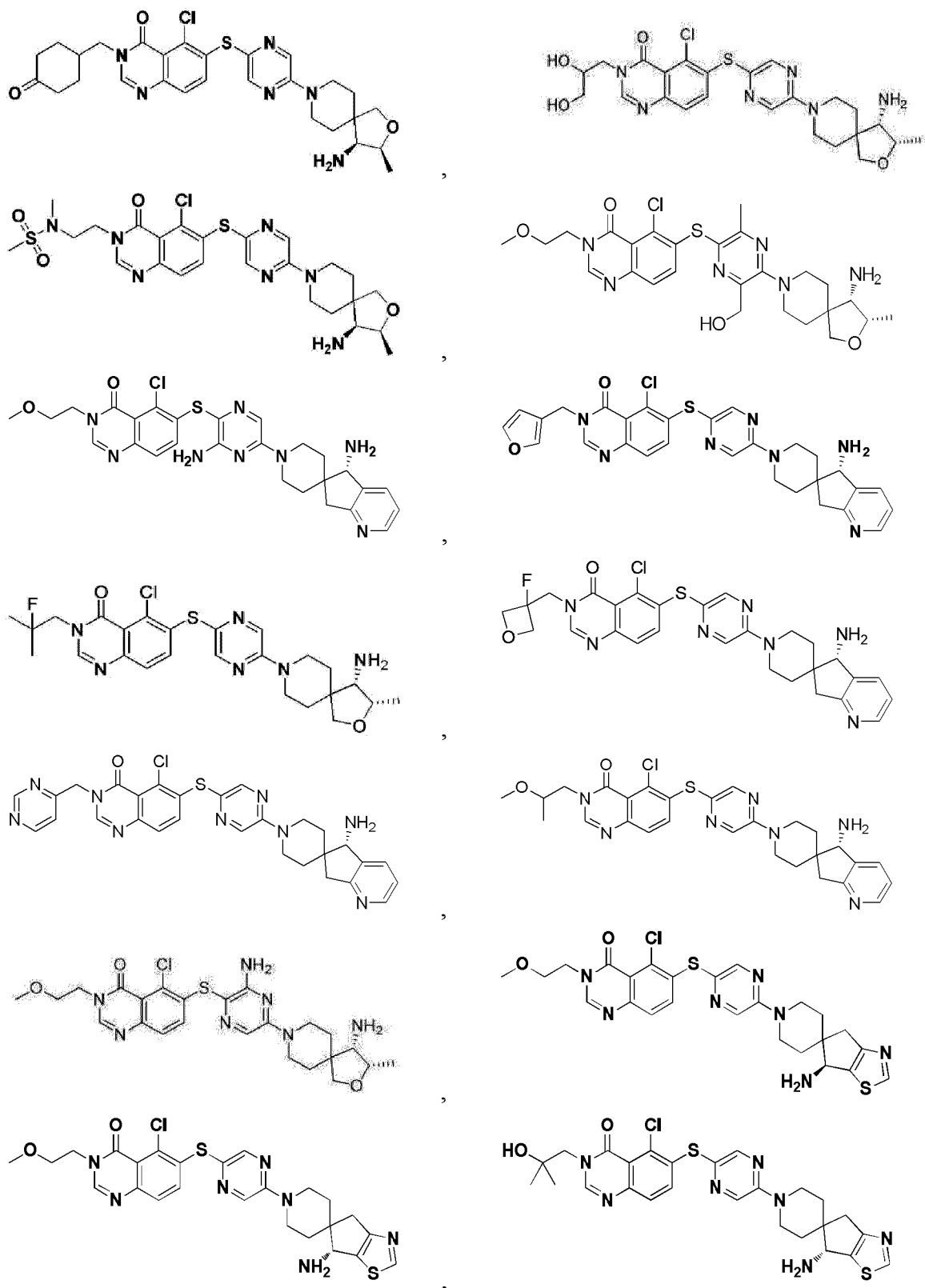


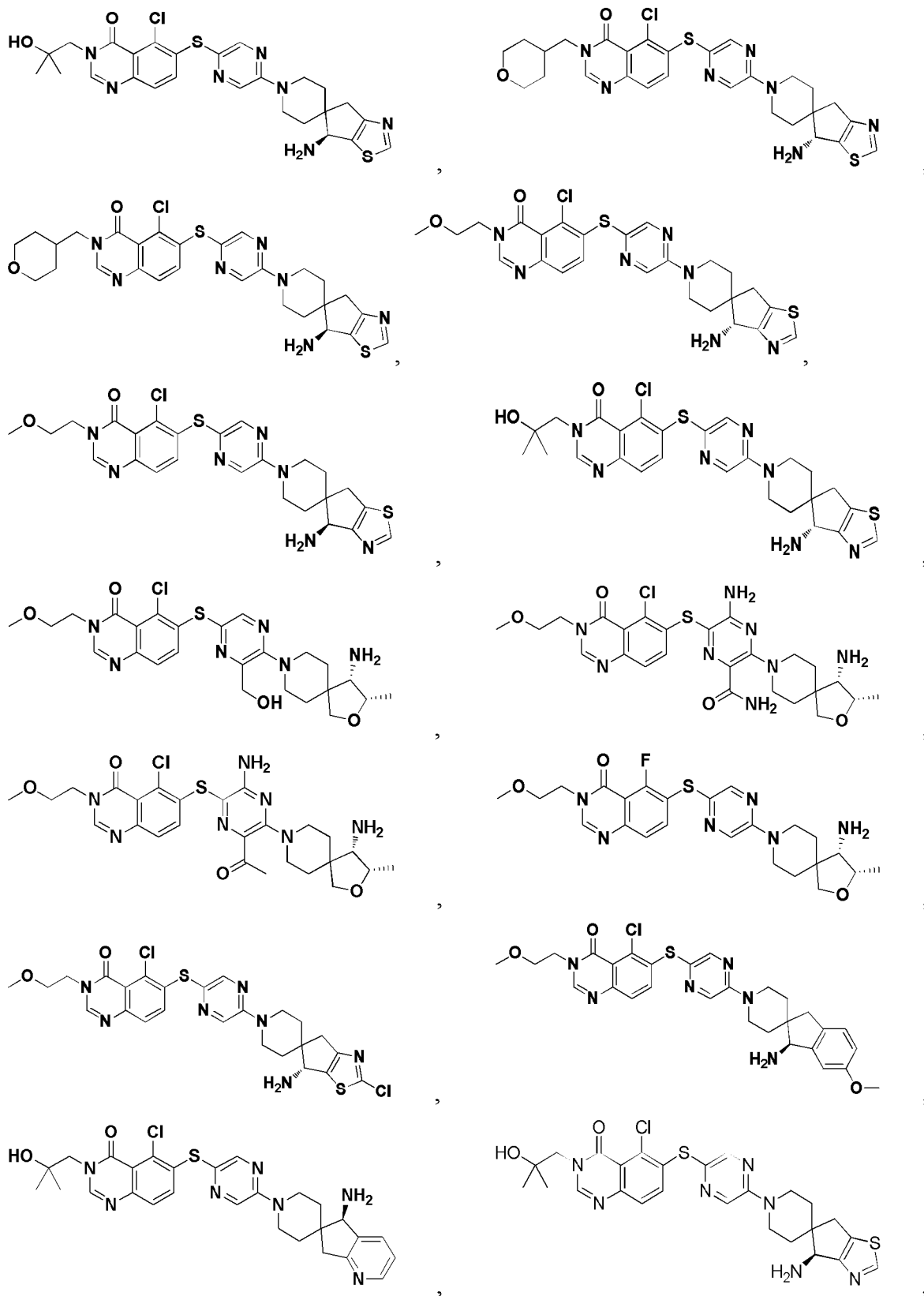


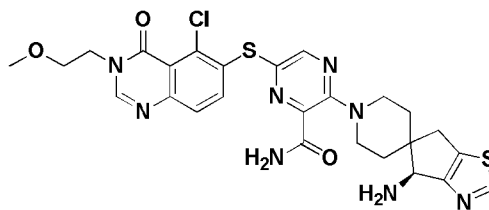
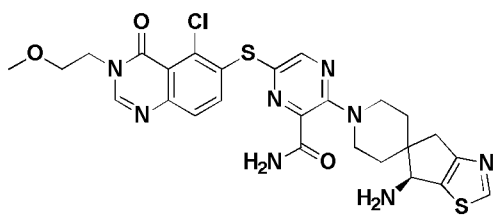
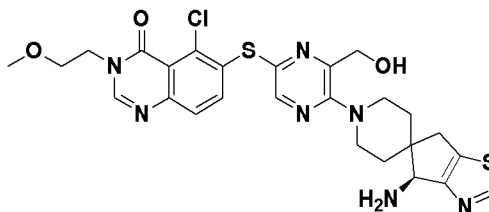
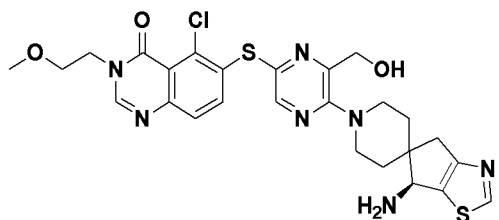
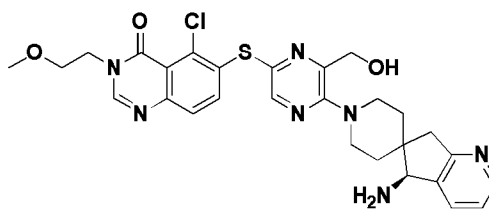
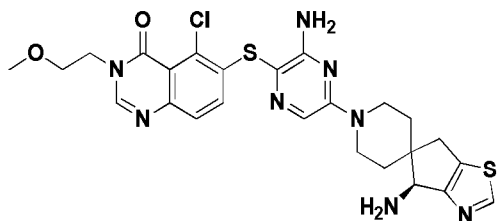
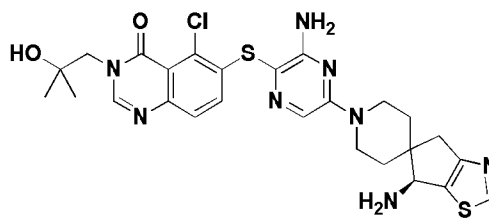
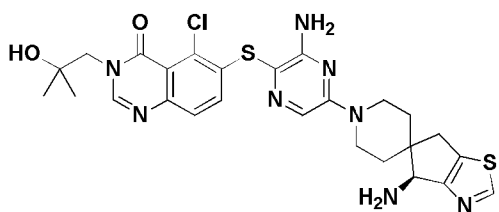
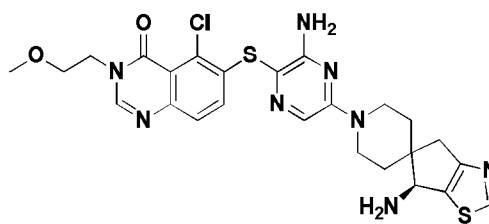
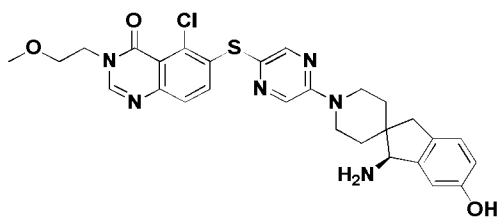
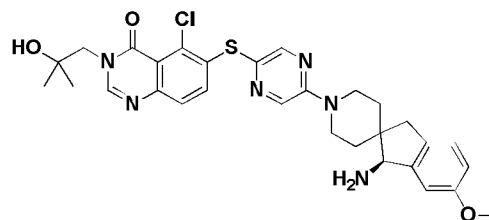
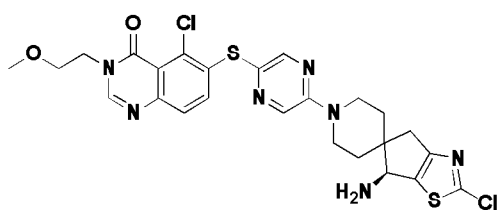


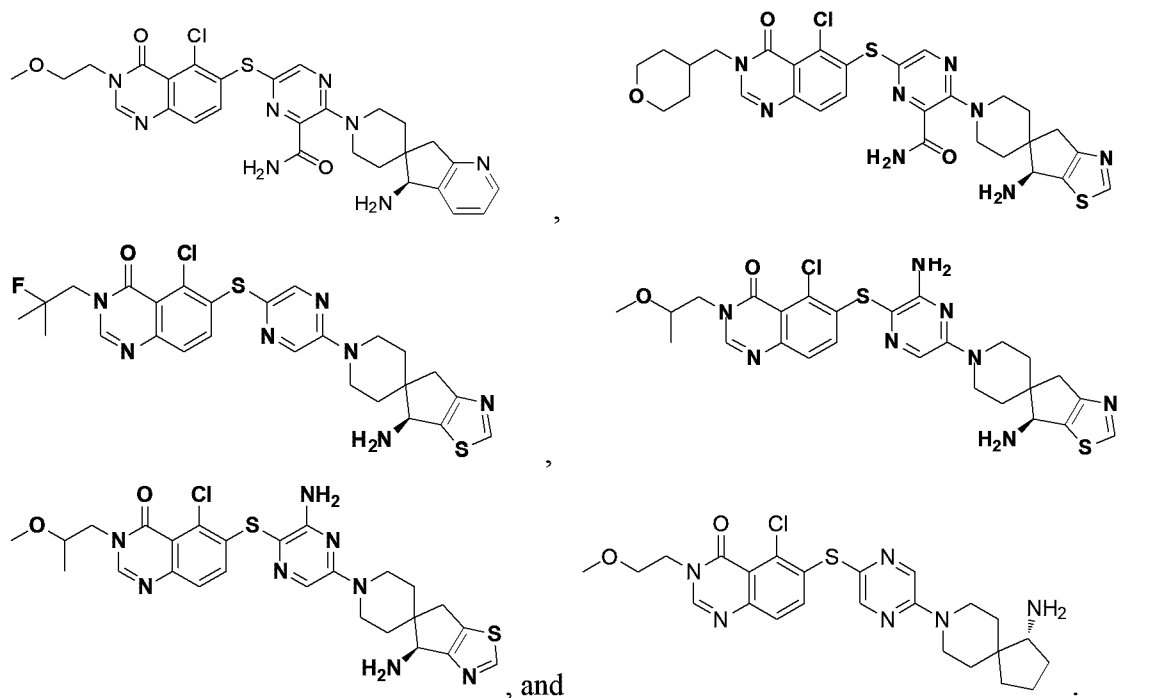






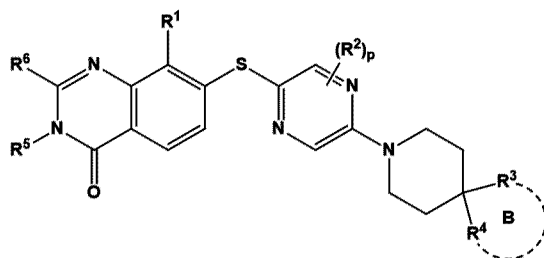




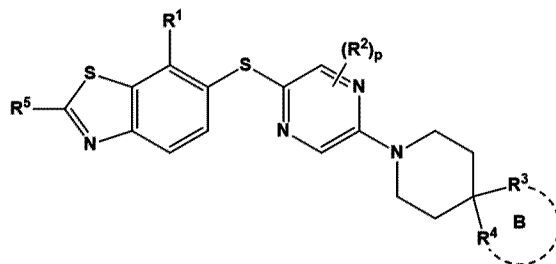


In some embodiments, the compound represented by Formula 1A may be a compound represented by any one of the following Formula 1A-2 to Formula 1A-9:

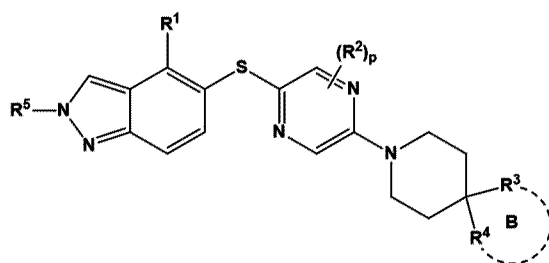
[Formula 1A-2]



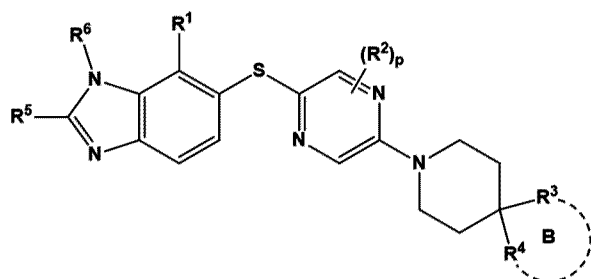
[Formula 1A-3]



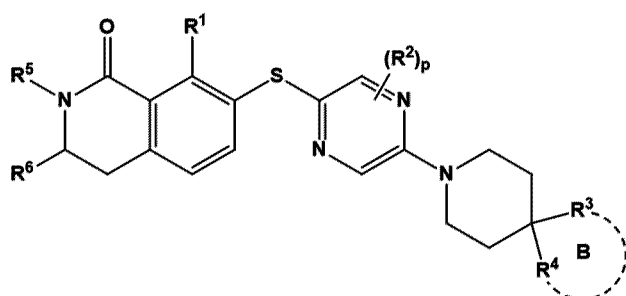
[Formula 1A-4]



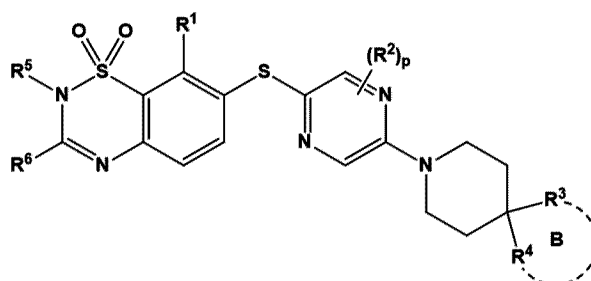
[Formula 1A-5]



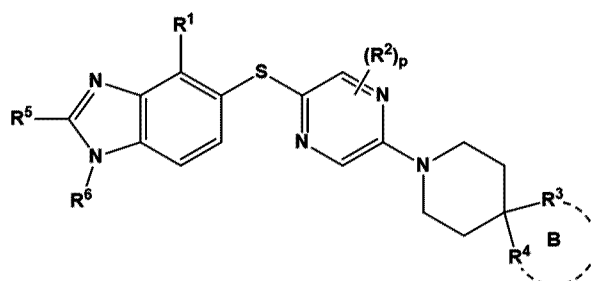
[Formula 1A-6]



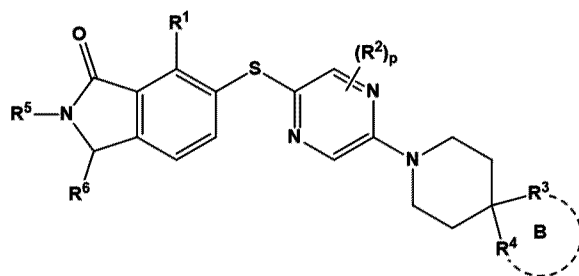
[Formula 1A-7]



[Formula 1A-8]

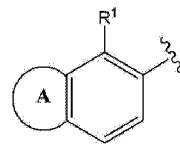


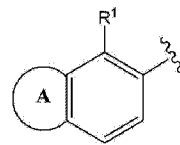
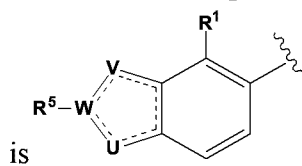
[Formula 1A-9]



In Formula 1A-2 to Formula 1A-9, the definitions of R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , Ring B and p are as described for Formula 1A above.

In one embodiment, the compound may be a compound of Formula 1A-4, 1A-5, 1A-8 or 1A-9.



In the compound of Formula 1A-4, 1A-5, 1A-8 or 1A-9,  of Formula 1A is , and U, V and W are defined as follows:

W is N, U is N, and V is CH, or U is CHR^6 , and V is C(O); or
W is C, and any one of U and V is N, and the other is NR^6 .

In one embodiment, R^5 of Formula 1A-4, 1A-5, 1A-8 or 1A-9 may be selected from the following (i) to (vi):

(i) H, halogen, hydroxy, $-NH_2$, $=NH$, $-C(O)NH_2$, nitro, cyano, amidino, or carboxy or a salt thereof;

(ii) C_1 - C_6 alkyl, which is optionally substituted with at least one substituent selected from a group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy and C_1 - C_6 ; C_1 - C_6 alkoxy; or $(C_1$ - C_6 alkoxy)- $(C_1$ - C_6 alkoxy)- (for example, it may be C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, or $(C_1$ - C_6 alkoxy)- $(C_1$ - C_6 alkoxy)-, and may also be methyl, ethyl, methoxy, ethoxy, methoxyethoxy, ethoxyethoxy, and the like.);

(iii) C_6 - C_{10} aryl, $(C_6$ - C_{10} aryl)- $(C_1$ - C_3 alkyl)- or C_6 - C_{10} aryloxy (for example, the aryl ring may be phenyl.);

(iv) heteroaryl, heteroaryl- $(C_1$ - C_3 alkyl)- or heteroaryloxy (for example, the heteroaryl ring may be 5- or 6-membered monocyclic heteroaryl containing one or two N atoms, and for example, the heteroaryl ring may be pyrimidinyl or pyridinyl.);

(v) heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl- $(C_1$ - C_3 alkyl)-, or heterocycloalkyloxy (for example, the heterocycloalkyl may be 4- to 7-membered fully saturated or partially unsaturated heterocycloalkyl containing one or two heteroatoms selected from N and O, and for example, the

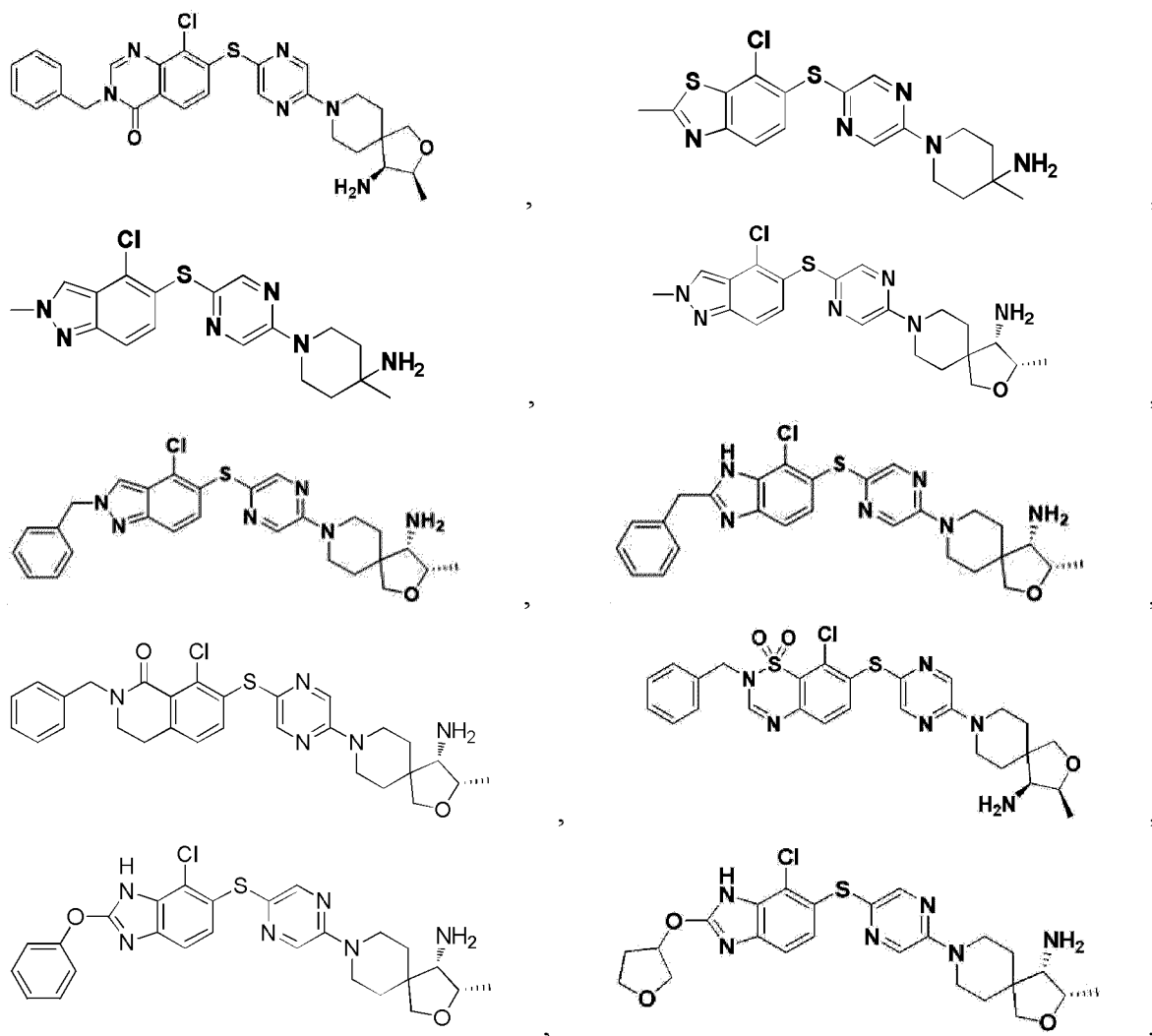
heterocycloalkyl ring may be tetrahydrofuranyl, pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydropyranyl or morpholinyl); and

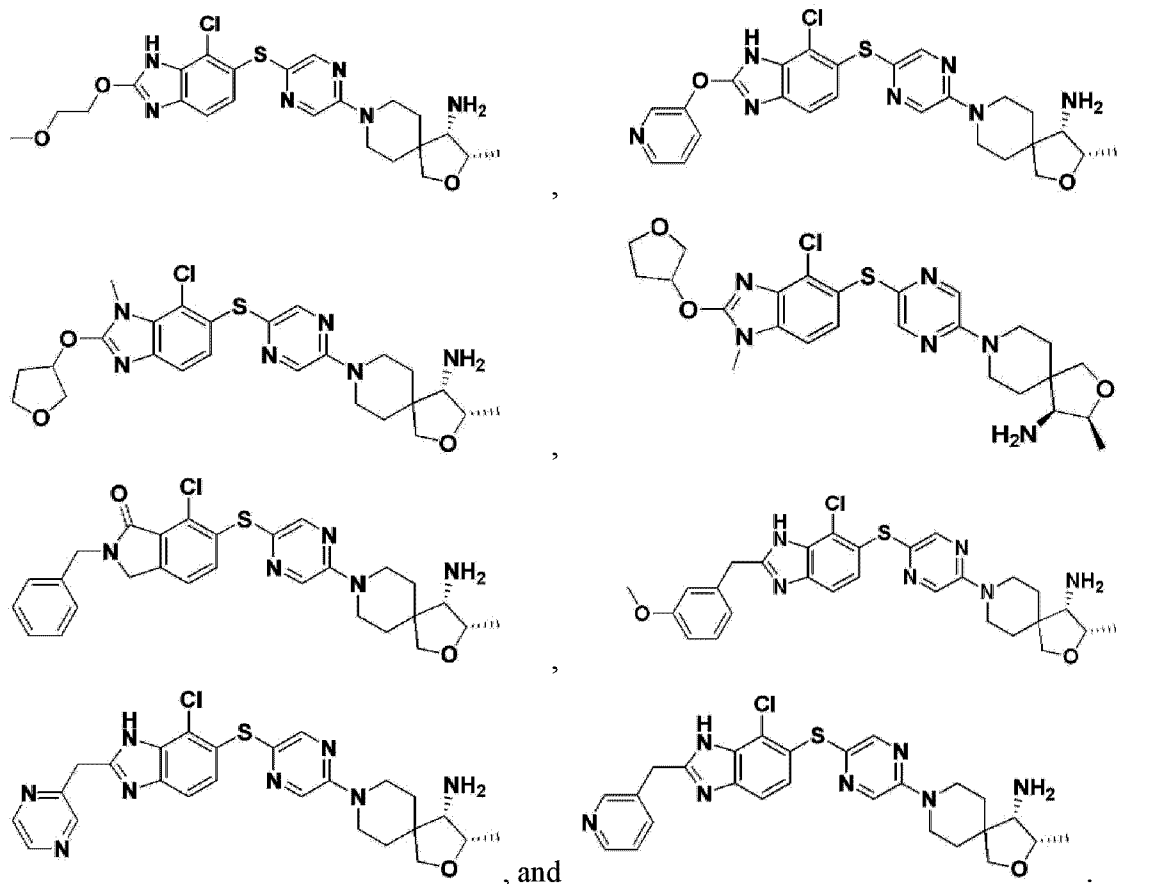
(vi) C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)- or C₃-C₈ cycloalkyloxy.

The aryl ring, heteroaryl ring, heterocycloalkyl ring and cycloalkyl ring described in (iii) to (vi) above may be each optionally substituted. For example, these rings may be optionally substituted with at least one substituent selected from halogen, hydroxy, oxo, -NH₂, cyano, nitro, C₁-C₆ alkyl, and C₁-C₆ alkoxy.

In one embodiment, R⁵ of Formula 1A-4, 1A-5, 1A-8 or 1A-9 may be C₁-C₆ alkyl (for example, methyl, ethyl), benzyl, phenyl, phenoxy, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydrofuranyloxy, methoxy, ethoxy, methoxyethoxy, ethoxyethoxy, pyridinyl, pyridinyloxy, pyridinylmethyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrimidinylmethyl, pyrimidinylloxy, methoxyphenyl, or methoxybenzyl.

In some embodiments, the compound represented by Formula 1A-2 to Formula 1A-9 may be selected from the following:

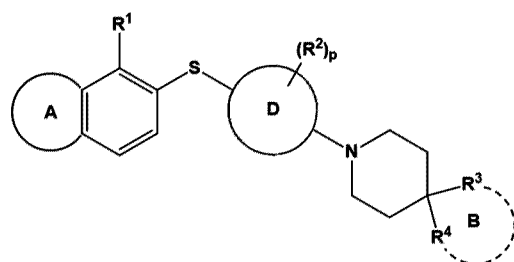




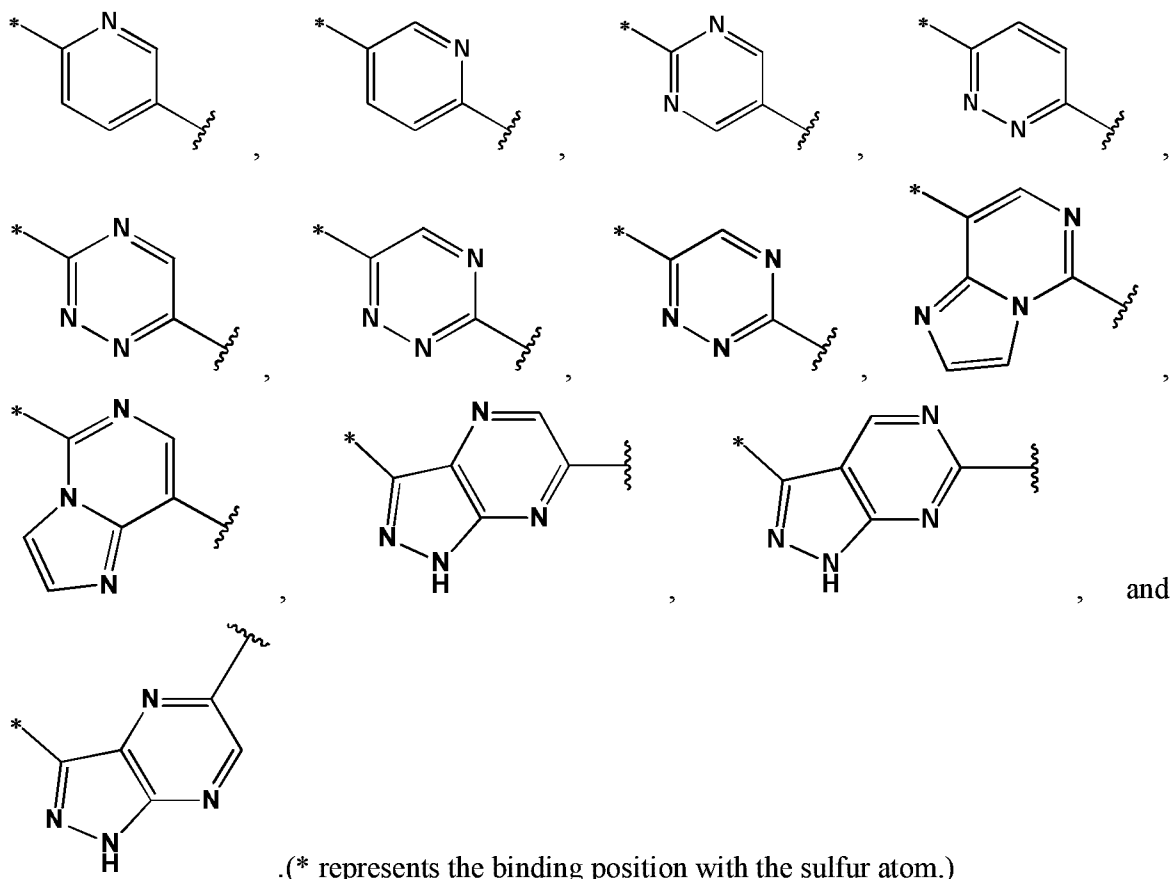
In some embodiments, the pyrazine core of the compound represented by Formula 1A may be replaced with another heteroaryl ring, for example, a 5- to 10-membered heteroaryl ring containing a nitrogen atom. The 5- to 10-membered heteroaryl ring containing a nitrogen atom may include pyridine, pyridazine, pyrimidine, triazine, imidazopyrimidine, pyrazolopyrazine or pyrazolopyrimidine.

In this case, the compound represented by Formula 1A may be represented by the following Formula 1:

[Formula 1]

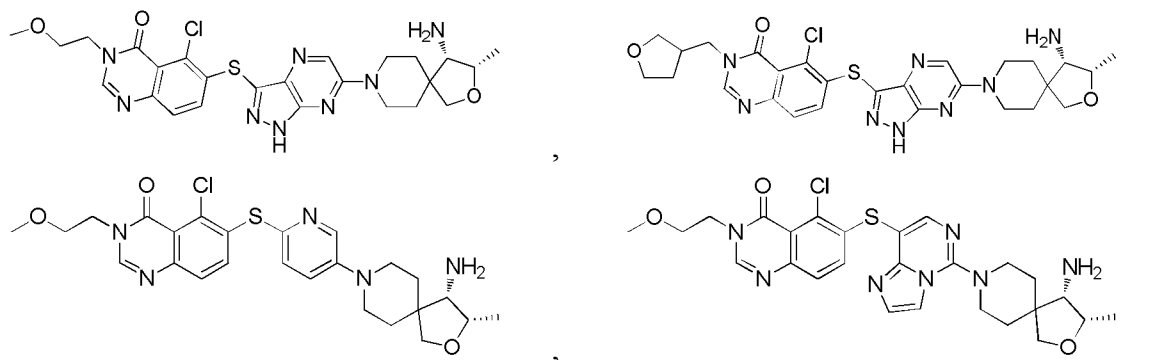


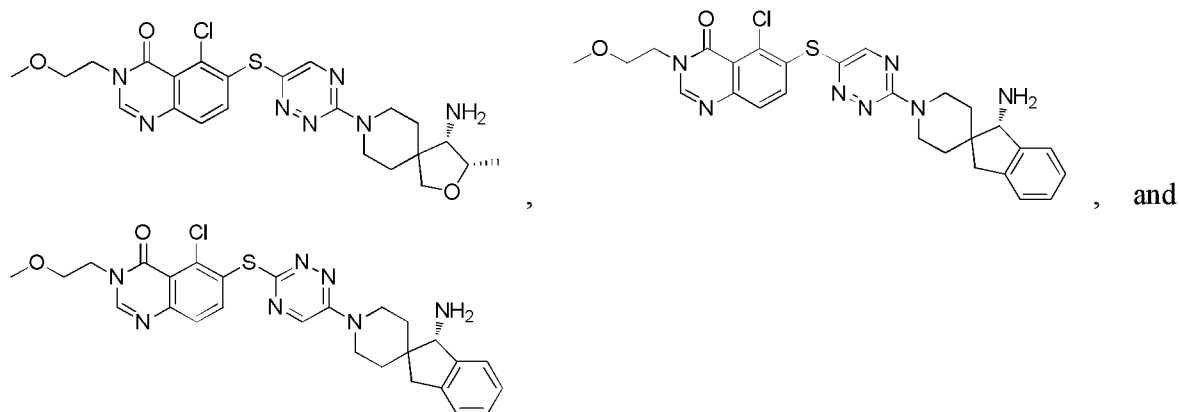
In Formula 1, ring D is selected from the following structures:



The definitions of R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , ring A, Ring B and p are as described for Formula 1A above.

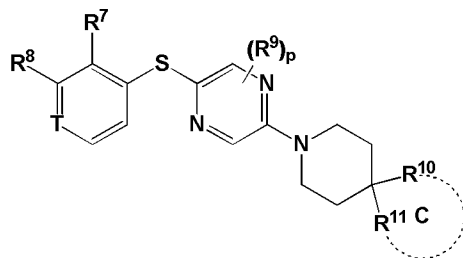
Among the compounds represented by Formula 1, the compounds having, as Ring D, a structure other than the pyrazine core may be selected from, for example, the compounds represented by the following formula:





In one aspect, there is provided a compound represented by the following Formula 2, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof:

[Formula 2]



In Formula 2, T may be C or N.

In Formula 2, R⁷ may be H, a halogen atom, or C₁-C₆ haloalkyl.

In Formula 2, R⁸ may be -COOR^c, -SO₂R^c, -SO₂NR^cR^d, -COR^c, -NHCOR^c or -CONHR^c. R^c and R^d may be each independently H, halogen, C₁-C₆ alkyl, -(CH₂)_m-(C₆-C₁₀ aryl), -(CH₂)_m-(5- to 10-membered heteroaryl). m may be an integer of 0, 1 or 2.

The C₆-C₁₀ aryl may be phenyl. The 5- to 10-membered heteroaryl may include one or two heteroatoms selected from N, O and S. For example, the 5- to 10-membered heteroaryl may be 5-membered or 6-membered heteroaryl containing one or two N (for example, pyrrolyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, etc.).

In one embodiment, R⁸ may be -CONH-CH₂-phenyl, -CONH-CH₂-pyridinyl, -COOCH₃, -SO₂F, -SO₂-NH₂, -SO₂-NH-CH₃, or -SO₂-NH-CH₂-phenyl.

In Formula 2, R⁹ may be selected from a group consisting of H, halogen, hydroxy, oxo, C₁-C₂₀ alkyl, C₁-C₂₀ alkoxy, C₂-C₂₀ alkoxyalkyl, an amine group, C₁-C₂₀ alkyl substituted with an amine group, an imine group, nitro, cyano, amidino, and a carboxyl group or a salt thereof.

In Formula 2, R¹⁰ and R¹¹ may be each independently H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, an amine group, or C₁-C₆ alkyl substituted with an amine group, or R¹⁰ and R¹¹ may be connected to each other to form Ring C.

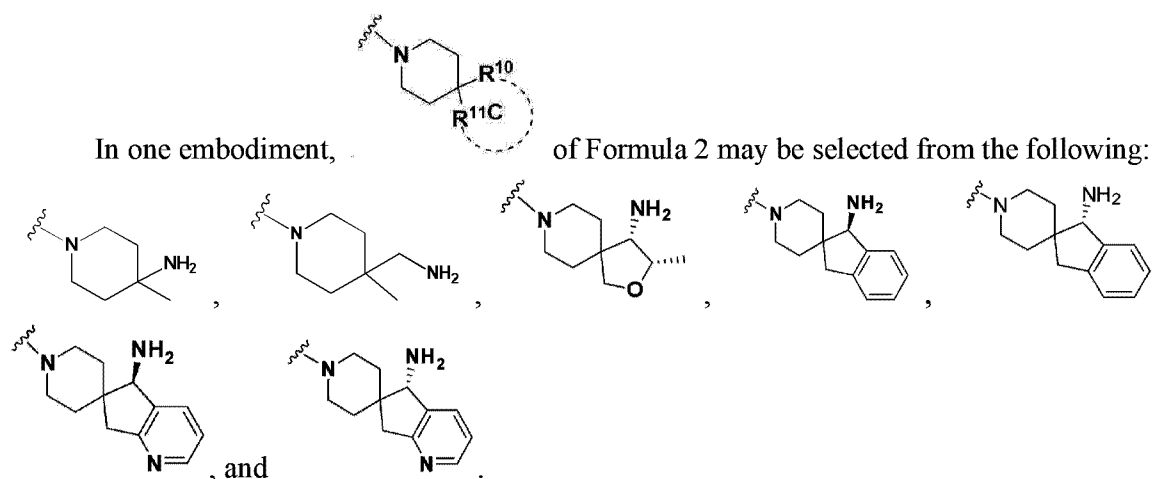
R^{10} may be an amine group or an aminomethyl group.

R^{11} may be a methyl group.

Ring C is a 3-, 4-, 5-, 6-, 7-, or 8-membered cyclic group optionally containing one oxygen atom, which may be optionally substituted with C_1 - C_6 alkyl, an amine group, or C_1 - C_6 alkyl substituted with an amine group. Ring C may be a substituted or unsubstituted tetrahydrofuran. The tetrahydrofuran may be substituted with one or more selected from a group consisting of C_1 - C_6 alkyl, an amine group, and C_1 - C_6 alkyl substituted with an amine group.

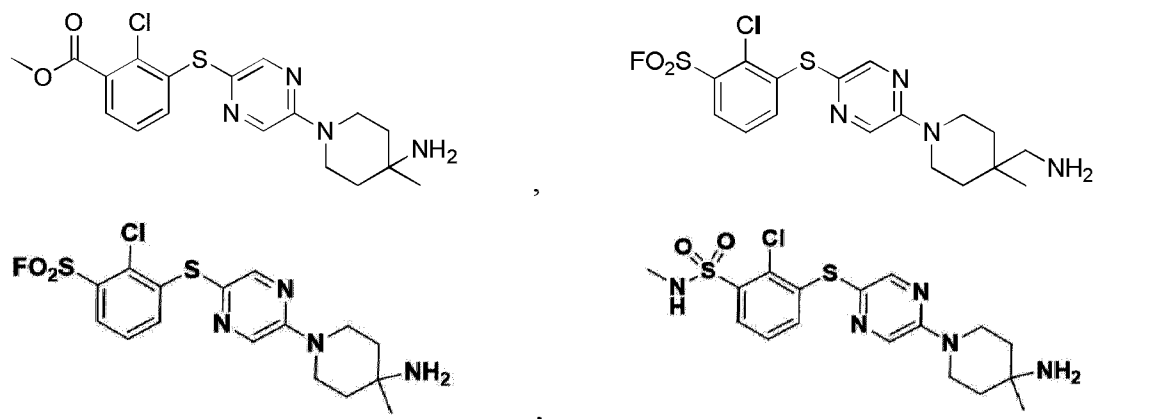
Ring C may be optionally fused with an aryl or heteroaryl ring.

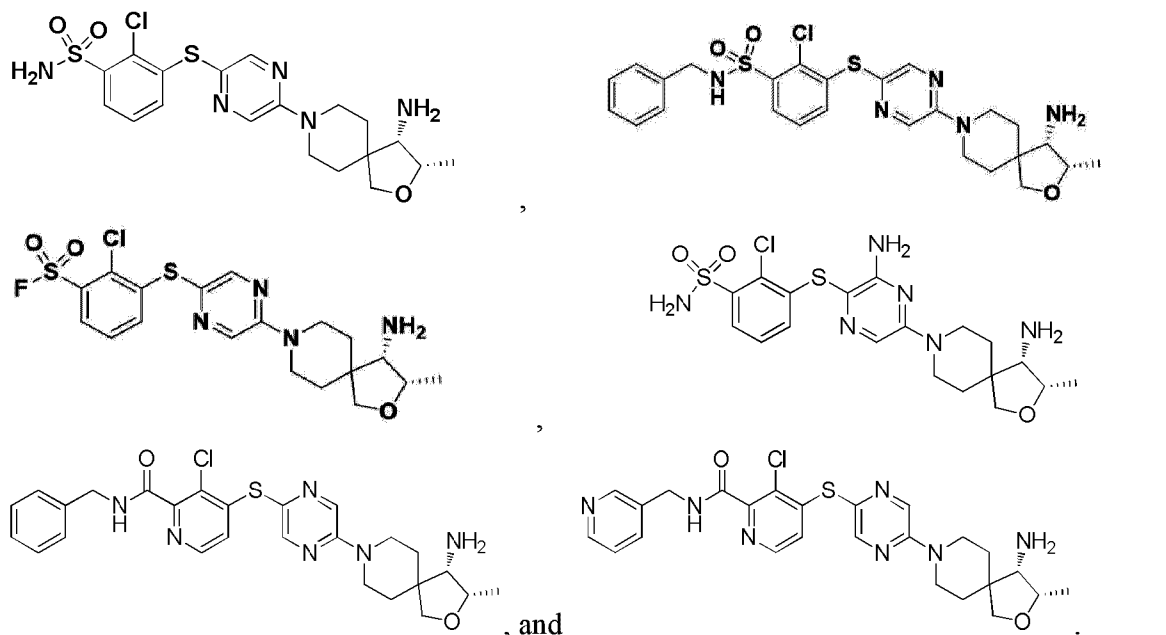
In one embodiment, R^{10} and R^{11} may be connected to each other to form Ring C, Ring C may be cyclopentane or tetrahydrofuran, Ring C may be optionally substituted with C_1 - C_6 alkyl or $-NH_2$. Also, ring C may be optionally fused with phenyl or pyridine.



In Formula 2, q may be an integer of 0, 1 or 2.

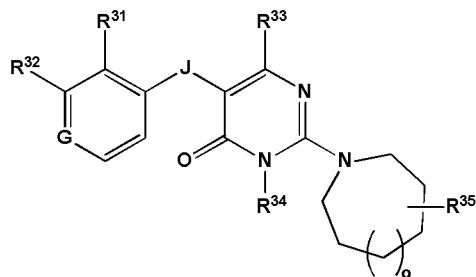
The compound of Formula 2 may be selected from a group consisting of the following formulae:





In one aspect, there is provided a compound represented by Formula 3A, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof:

[Formula 3A]



In Formula 3A, J may be absent or S.

In Formula 3A, G may be C or N.

In Formula 3A, o may be an integer of 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5. o may be an integer of 0 or 1.

In Formula 3A, R³¹ may be H, a halogen atom, or C₁-C₆ alkyl substituted with halogen atom. R³¹ may be H or a halogen atom.

In Formula 3A, R³² may be selected from a group consisting of H, a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, a ketone group, C₁-C₂₀ alkyl, C₁-C₂₀ alkoxy, C₂-C₂₀ alkoxyalkyl, an amine group, C₁-C₂₀ alkyl substituted with an amine group, an imine group, nitro, cyano, amidino, a carboxyl group or a salt thereof, C₁-C₂₀ heteroalkyl, C₆-C₂₀ aryl, C₆-C₂₀ arylalkyl, C₆-C₂₀ heteroaryl, C₆-C₂₀ heteroarylalkyl, C₆-C₂₀ heteroaryloxy, C₆-C₂₀ heteroaryloxyalkyl, and C₆-C₂₀ heterocycloalkyl. R³² may be selected from a group consisting of H, a halogen atom, an amine group, -COOH, or -COOR^e. R^e may be H, a halogen atom, or C₁-C₆ alkyl optionally substituted with a halogen atom.

In Formula 3A, R³¹ and R³² may each be halogen.

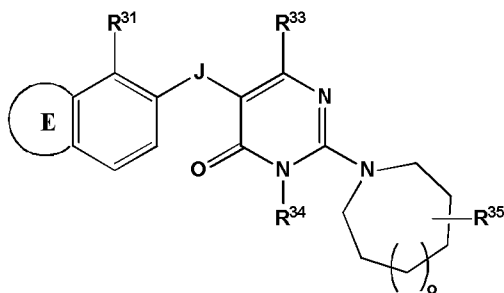
In Formula 3A, R^{33} and R^{34} may be each independently H, C_1 to C_6 alkyl, an amine group, or C_1 - C_6 alkyl substituted with an amine group. R^{33} and R^{34} may be each independently H, methyl, an amine group, or C_1 to C_6 alkyl substituted with an amine group.

In Formula 3A, R^{35} may represent two or more substituents. Two or more R^{35} may be the same as or different from each other.

R^{35} may be at least one selected from the group consisting of H, halogen, hydroxy, C_1 - C_{20} alkyl, C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy, C_2 - C_{20} alkoxyalkyl, an amine group, C_1 - C_{20} alkyl substituted with an amine group, an imine group, a nitro group, a cyano group, an amidino group, a carboxyl group or a salt thereof, C_1 - C_{20} heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{20} aryl, substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{20} arylalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{20} heteroaryl, substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{20} heteroarylalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{20} heteroaryloxy, substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{20} heteroaryloxyalkyl, and substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{20} heterocycloalkyl. R^{35} may be at least one selected from the group consisting of H, a halogen atom, C_1 - C_{20} alkyl, an amine group, C_1 - C_{20} alkyl substituted with an amine group, substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{20} aryl, substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{20} arylalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{20} heteroaryl, and substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{20} heteroarylalkyl. For example, R^{35} may be C_1 - C_6 alkyl or NH_2 .

In one aspect, there is provided a compound represented by the following Formula 3B, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof:

[Formula 3B]



In Formula 3B, J may be absent or S.

In Formula 3B, o may be an integer of 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5. o may be an integer of 0 or 1.

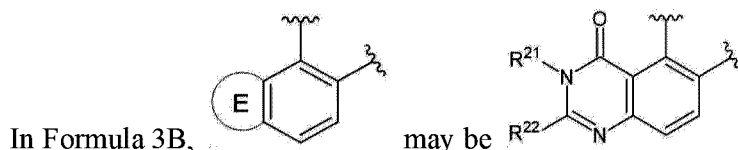
In Formula 3B, R^{31} may be H, a halogen atom, or C_1 - C_6 alkyl substituted with a halogen atom. R^{31} may be H or a halogen atom.

In Formula 3B, R^{33} and R^{34} may be each independently H, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, an amine group, or C_1 - C_6 alkyl substituted with an amine group. R^{33} and R^{34} may be each independently H, methyl, an amine group, or C_1 - C_6 alkyl substituted with an amine group.

In Formula 3B, R^{35} may represent two or more substituents. Two or more R^{35} may be the same as or different from each other.

R^{35} may be at least one selected from the group consisting of H, a halogen atom, a hydroxy group, C_1 - C_{20} alkyl, C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy, C_2 - C_{20} alkoxyalkyl, an amine group, C_1 - C_{20} alkyl substituted

with an amine group, an imine group, a nitro group, a cyano group, an amidino group, a carboxyl group or a salt thereof, C₁-C₂₀ heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₂₀ aryl, substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₂₀ arylalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₂₀ heteroaryl, substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₂₀ heteroarylalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₂₀ heteroaryloxy, substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₂₀ heteroaryloxyalkyl, and substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₂₀ heterocycloalkyl. R³⁵ may be at least one selected from the group consisting of H, a halogen atom, C₁-C₂₀ alkyl, an amine group, C₁-C₂₀ alkyl substituted with an amine group, substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₂₀ aryl, substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₂₀ arylalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₂₀ heteroaryl, and substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₂₀ heteroarylalkyl. For example, R³⁵ may be C₁-C₆ alkyl or NH₂.



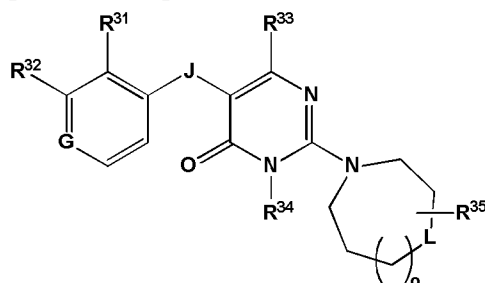
R²¹ and R²² may be each independently selected from the group consisting of H, a halogen atom, hydroxy, a ketone group, C₁-C₂₀ alkyl, C₁-C₂₀ alkoxy, C₂-C₂₀ alkoxyalkyl, an amine group, C₁-C₂₀ alkyl substituted with an amine group, an imine group, a nitro group, a cyano group, an amidino group, a carboxyl group or a salt thereof, C₁-C₂₀ heteroalkyl, C₆-C₂₀ aryl, C₆-C₂₀ arylalkyl, C₆-C₂₀ heteroaryl, C₆-C₂₀ heteroarylalkyl, C₆-C₂₀ heteroaryloxy, C₆-C₂₀ heteroaryloxyalkyl, and C₆-C₂₀ heterocycloalkyl.

R²¹ and R²² may be each independently selected from the group consisting of H, C₁-C₂₀ alkyl, an amine group, C₁-C₂₀ alkyl substituted with an amine group, C₆-C₂₀ aryl, C₆-C₂₀ arylalkyl, C₆-C₂₀ heteroaryl, and C₆-C₂₀ heteroarylalkyl.

R²¹ and R²² may be each independently H or a phenyl group.

In one aspect, there is provided a compound represented by the following Formula 3C, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof:

[Formula 3C]



In Formula 3C, J may be absent or S.

In Formula 3C, G may be C or N.

In Formula 3C, L may be C, N, or O. When L is CH₂ or NH, R³⁵ may be substituted with the carbon atom or the nitrogen atom of L.

In Formula 3C, o may be an integer of 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5. o may be an integer of 0 or 1.

In Formula 3C, R³¹ may be H, a halogen atom, or C₁-C₆ alkyl substituted with a halogen atom. R¹ may be H or a halogen atom.

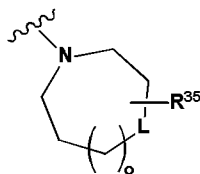
In Formula 3C, R³² may be selected from a group consisting of H, a halogen atom, hydroxy, a ketone group, C₁-C₂₀ alkyl, C₁-C₂₀ alkoxy, C₂-C₂₀ alkoxyalkyl, an amine group, C₁-C₂₀ alkyl substituted with an amine group, an imine group, a nitro group, a cyano group, an amidino group, a carboxyl group or a salt thereof, C₁-C₂₀ heteroalkyl, C₆-C₂₀ aryl, C₆-C₂₀ arylalkyl, C₆-C₂₀ heteroaryl, C₆-C₂₀ heteroarylalkyl, C₆-C₂₀ heteroaryloxy, C₆-C₂₀ heteroaryloxyalkyl, and C₆-C₂₀ heterocycloalkyl. R³² may be selected from a group consisting of H, a halogen atom, an amine group, -COOH, or -COOR^f. R^f may be H, a halogen atom, or C₁-C₆ alkyl optionally substituted with a halogen atom.

In Formula 3C, R³¹ and R³² may each be halogen.

In Formula 3C, R³³ and R³⁴ may be each independently H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, an amine group, or C₁-C₆ alkyl substituted with an amine group. R³³ and R³⁴ may be each independently H, methyl, an amine group, or C₁-C₆ alkyl substituted with an amine group. For example, R³³ and R³⁴ are each independently H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, -NH₂, -NH(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₆ alkyl)₂, or H₂N-(C₁-C₆ alkyl)-. In some embodiments, R³³ and R³⁴ may be each independently C₁-C₃ alkyl or -NH₂. In some embodiments, R³³ may be -NH₂, and R³⁴ may be methyl.

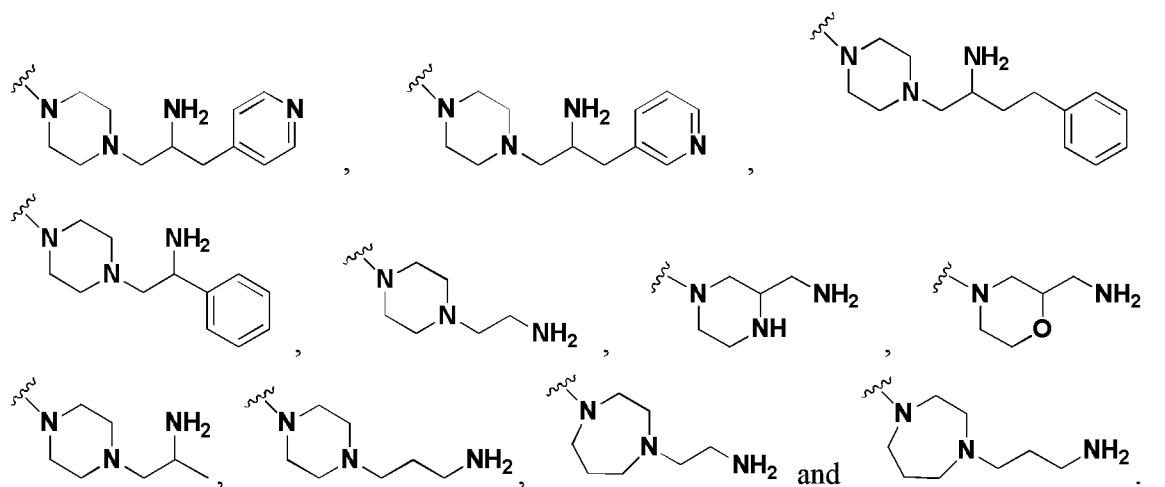
In Formula 3C, R³⁵ may represent two or more substituents. Two or more R³⁵ may be the same as or different from each other.

R³⁵ may be at least one selected from the group consisting of H, a halogen atom, hydroxy, C₁-C₂₀ alkyl, C₁-C₂₀ alkoxy, C₂-C₂₀ alkoxyalkyl, an amine group, C₁-C₂₀ alkyl substituted with an amine group, an imine group, a nitro group, a cyano group, an amidino group, a carboxyl group or a salt thereof, C₁-C₂₀ heteroalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₂₀ aryl, substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₂₀ arylalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₂₀ heteroaryl, substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₂₀ heteroarylalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₂₀ heteroaryloxy, substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₂₀ heteroaryloxyalkyl, and substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₂₀ heterocycloalkyl. R³⁵ may be at least one selected from the group consisting of H, a halogen atom, C₁-C₂₀ alkyl, an amine group, C₁-C₂₀ alkyl substituted with an amine group, substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₂₀ aryl, substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₂₀ arylalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₂₀ heteroaryl, and substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₂₀ heteroarylalkyl. R³⁵ may represent two or more substituents. For example, R³⁵ may be C₁-C₆ alkyl substituted with at least one substituent selected from the group consisting of -NH₂, 5- to 10-membered heteroaryl (for example, pyridinyl), and C₆-C₁₀ aryl (for example, phenyl).



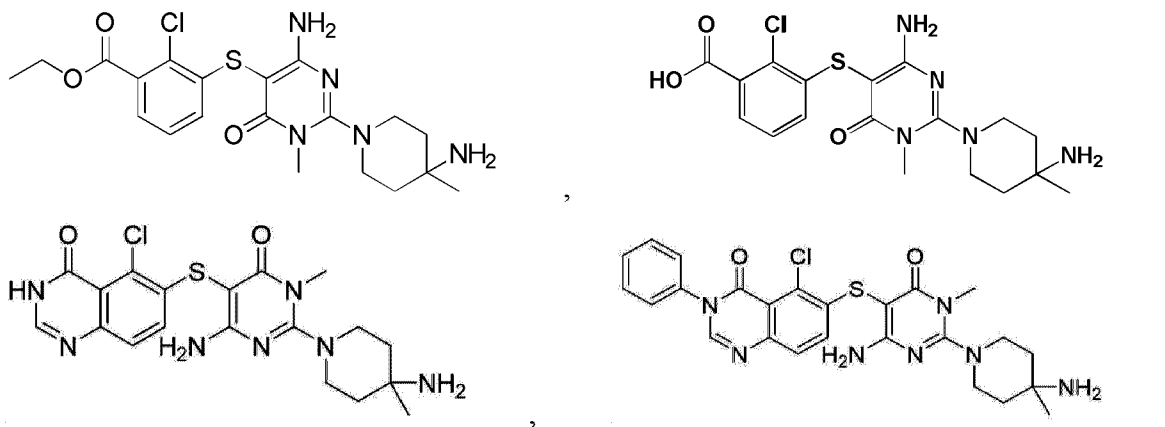
According to some embodiments,
the following structures:

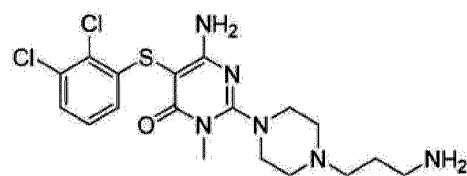
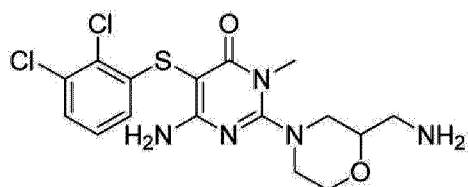
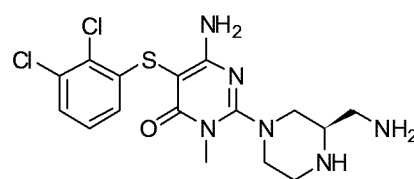
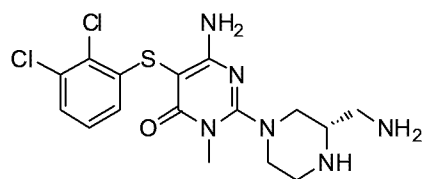
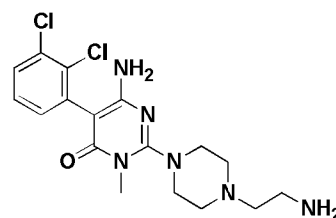
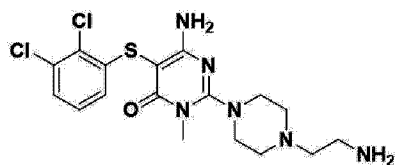
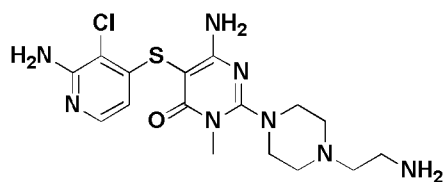
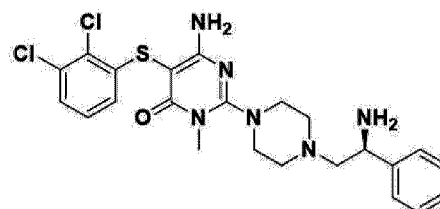
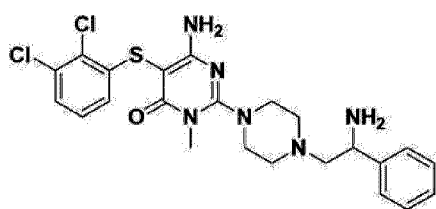
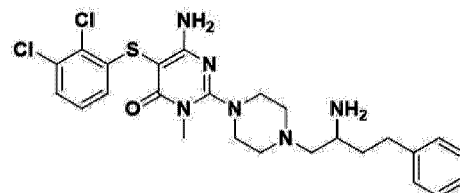
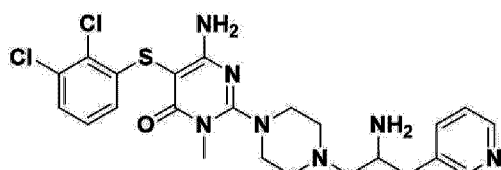
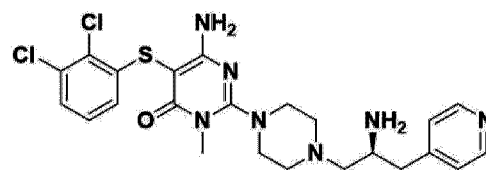
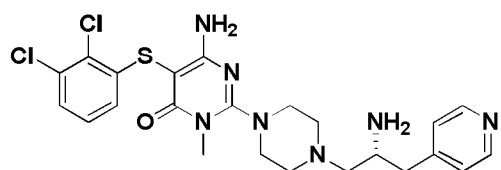
in Formula 3C may be selected from

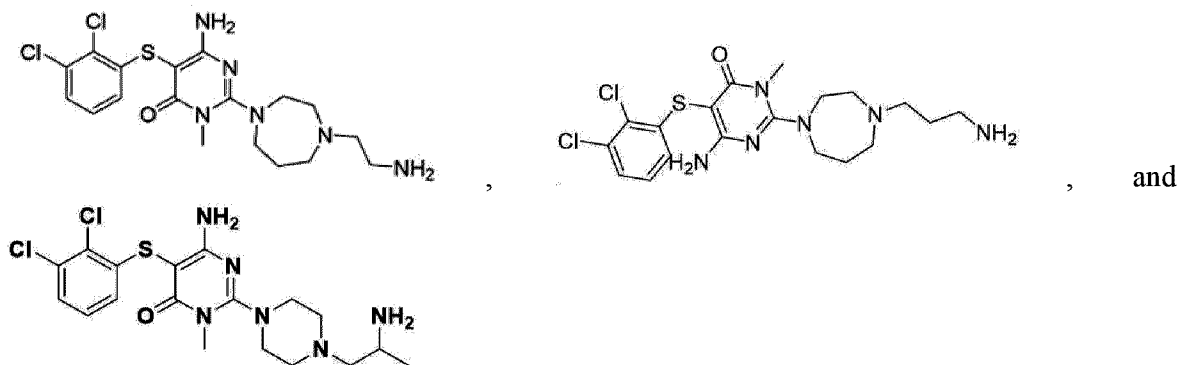


In some embodiments, in Formulae 3A to 3C, R^{35} is selected from a group consisting of H, halogen, hydroxy, oxo, C_1 - C_{20} alkyl, C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy, (C_1 - C_{10} alkoxy)-(C_1 - C_{10} alkyl)-, H_2N -(C_1 - C_{20} alkyl)-, $-NH_2$, $-NH(C_1$ - C_{20} alkyl), $-N(C_1$ - C_{20} alkyl) $_2$, $=NH$, nitro, cyano, amidino, carboxyl or a salt thereof, heterocycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{20} aryl, (C_6 - C_{12} aryl)-(C_1 - C_8 alkyl)-, heteroaryl, heteroaryl-(C_1 - C_8 alkyl)-, heteroaryloxy, and heteroaryloxy-(C_1 - C_8 alkyl)-. In this case, $-(C_1$ - C_8 alkyl)- of (C_6 - C_{12} aryl)-(C_1 - C_8 alkyl)-, heteroaryl-(C_1 - C_8 alkyl)- and heteroaryloxy-(C_1 - C_8 alkyl)- may be optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxy, $-NH_2$, nitro or cyano.

In some embodiments, the compound represented by Formula 3A, 3B or 3C may be selected from compounds represented by the following Formulae:







As used herein, the term "halogen" or "halogen atom" refers to an atom belonging to Group 17 of the periodic table. Halogen atoms include F, Cl, Br, I and the like.

The term "alkyl" refers to a fully saturated branched or unbranched (or straight-chain or linear) hydrocarbon. The alkyl may be a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl. The C₁-C₂₀ alkyl may be, for example, C₁-C₁₅, C₁-C₁₀, or C₁-C₆ alkyl. The C₁-C₆ alkyl may be C₁-C₅, C₁-C₄, C₁-C₃, or C₁-C₂ alkyl. The alkyl may be, for example, methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, n-pentyl, isopentyl, neopentyl, iso-amyl, or n-hexyl.

The term "haloalkyl" refers to an alkyl substituted with at least one halogen.

The term "hydroxy" refers to an -OH functional group (hydroxyl group).

The term "oxo" refers to =O, and "substituted with oxo" means that a carbon atom has an =O substituent in the form of -C(=O)-.

The term "carbonyl" refers to -C(=O)-.

The term "alkoxy" refers to an alkyl bound to an oxygen atom. The C₁-C₂₀ alkoxy may be, for example, C₁-C₁₅, C₁-C₁₀, or C₁-C₆ alkoxy. The C₁-C₆ alkoxy may be C₁-C₅, C₁-C₄, C₁-C₃, or C₁-C₂ alkoxy. The alkoxy may be methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, butoxy, and the like.

The term "alkoxyalkyl" refers to alkoxy bound to an alkyl. The C₂-C₂₀ alkoxyalkyl may be, for example, C₂-C₁₅, C₂-C₁₀, or C₂-C₆ alkoxyalkyl. For example, C₂-C₂₀ alkoxyalkyl may be (C₁-C₁₀ alkoxy)-(C₁-C₁₀ alkyl), (C₁-C₆ alkoxy)-(C₁-C₆ alkyl) and the like, and the number of carbon atoms in the alkoxy group and the alkyl group may be the same or different. The alkoxy may be, for example, methoxymethyl, methoxyethyl, ethoxymethyl, ethoxyethyl, methoxypropyl, ethoxypropyl, and the like.

The term "alkoxyalkoxy" refers to alkoxy bound to alkoxy. Alkoxyalkoxy may include, for example, methoxymethoxy, methoxyethoxy, ethoxymethoxy, ethoxyethoxy, and the like.

The term "amino" refers to -NH₂.

The term "amine group" refers to a substituent in which one, two or all three hydrogens of ammonia are replaced with an organic functional group and includes all of primary amines, secondary amines and tertiary amines, also including an amino group.

The term "imine" refers to a functional group containing a double bond between a carbon atom and a nitrogen atom.

The term "nitro" refers to -NO_2 .

The term "cyano" refers to -CN , which is a functional group consisting of a triple bond between a carbon atom and a nitrogen atom.

The term "amidino" refers to $\text{-C(-NH}_2\text{)=NH}$.

The term "carboxy" refers to -COOH . A salt of carboxy refers to a conjugate base of a carboxylic acid.

The term "sulfonyl" refers to a $\text{-SO}_2\text{-}$ group.

The term "cycloalkyl", "cyclic ring", or "carbon ring" refers to a saturated or partially unsaturated non-aromatic monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic hydrocarbon group. A cyclic ring group may contain 3 to 20 carbon atoms, for example, 5 to 10, 3 to 8, or 3 to 6 carbon atoms. The monocyclic ring group can be, for example, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclopentenyl, cyclohexyl, or cyclohexenyl, and the like. The bicyclic ring group may be, for example, bornyl, decahydronaphthyl, bicyclo[2.1.1]hexyl, bicyclo[2.2.1]heptyl, bicyclo[2.2.1]heptenyl, or bicyclo[2.2.2]octyl and the like. The tricyclic ring group may be, for example, adamantyl.

The term "aryl" also includes a group in which an aromatic ring is fused to one or more carbon rings. The $\text{C}_6\text{-C}_{30}$ aryl may be, for example, $\text{C}_6\text{-C}_{15}$, or $\text{C}_6\text{-C}_{10}$ aryl. Aryl may be phenyl, naphthyl, or tetrahydronaphthyl.

The term "arylalkyl" refers to an alkyl substituted with an aryl.

The term "aryloxy" refers to an aryl bound to an oxygen atom.

The term "heteroaryl" refers to a monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic compound containing one or more heteroatoms, the remaining ring atoms being carbon. The heteroaryl may include, for example, 1 to 5, 1 to 3, 1 or 2 heteroatoms, and may include 5 to 10 ring members. "Heteroaryl" may be, for example, pyrrolyl, furanyl, thiophenyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, indolyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiophenyl, benzopyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzooxazolyl, benzoisoxazolyl, benzothiazolyl, or benzoisothiazolyl, and the like.

The term "heteroarylalkyl" refers to an alkyl substituted with a heteroaryl.

The term "heteroaryloxy" refers to a heteroaryl bound to an oxygen atom.

The term "heterocycloalkyl" or "heterocyclyl" refers to a saturated or partially unsaturated cyclic hydrocarbon containing at least one heteroatom. The heterocyclyl ring group may be a single ring group, a two ring group, or a three ring group. The two ring groups may be a spiro-ring group, a bridged-ring group, and a fused-ring group. A heterocyclyl ring group may contain 3 to 20, 3 to 10, 3 to 8, 3 to 7, 5 to 7, 4 to 6, or 5 to 6 ring atoms. The heteroatom may be any one or more, for example, 1, 2 or 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O and S. For example, the heterocycloalkyl may be aziridinyl, oxiranyl, oxetanyl, azetidiny, pyrrolidinyl,

tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydrothiophenyl, piperidiny, tetrahydropyranyl, dihydropyranyl, morpholinyl, thiomorpholinyl or oxazolidinyl, and the like.

The term "heterocycloalkylalkyl" refers to an alkyl substituted with a heterocycloalkyl.

The term "heterocycloalkyloxy" refers to a heterocycloalkyl bound to an oxygen atom.

The heteroatom may be any one or more selected from the group consisting of N, O, P, and S. The heteroatom may be 1, 2, or 3 heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O and S.

The term "substituted" included in "substituted or unsubstituted" refers to replacement of hydrogen atoms and introduction of other atomic groups when a derivative is formed by substituting one or more hydrogen atoms in an organic compound with other atomic groups, and the term "substituent" refers to an atomic group as introduced. "Substituted" used herein without any limitation of a substituent may mean substitution with, for example, a halogen atom, C₁-C₂₀ alkyl substituted with a halogen atom (for example, CCF₃, CHCF₂, CH₂F, CCl₃ etc.), C₁-C₂₀ alkoxy, C₂-C₂₀ alkoxyalkyl, a hydroxy group, -NH₂, =NH, nitro, cyano, amidino, hydrazine, hydrazone, carboxy or a salt thereof, sulfonyl, sulfamoyl, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, phosphoric acid or a salt thereof, C₁-C₂₀ alkyl, C₂-C₂₀ alkenyl, C₂-C₂₀ alkynyl, C₆-C₂₀ aryl, C₆-C₂₀ arylalkyl, C₆-C₂₀ heteroaryl, C₇-C₂₀ heteroarylalkyl, C₆-C₂₀ heteroaryloxy, C₆-C₂₀ heteroaryloxyalkyl, or C₆-C₂₀ heteroarylalkyl, and the like.

The term "isomer" included in "stereoisomer" refers to a compound that has the same molecular formula but differs in atomic connectivity or spatial arrangement of constituent atoms in the molecule. Isomers include, for example, structural isomers and stereoisomers. The stereoisomer may be a diastereomer or an enantiomer. Enantiomers refer to a pair of isomers that are non-superimposable mirror images, such as the relationship between the left and right hands, and are also called optical isomers. Enantiomers are divided into R(Rectus: clockwise) and S(Sinister: counterclockwise) when 4 or more substituents differ from each other at the chiral center carbon. Diastereomers refer to non-mirror image stereoisomers and are isomers generated by different spatial arrangement of atoms. The diastereomers may be divided into cis-trans isomers, and conformational isomers or conformers.

The term "solvate" refers to a compound solvated in an organic or inorganic solvent. The solvate is, for example, a hydrate.

The term "salt" refers to inorganic and organic acid addition salts of compounds. The pharmaceutically acceptable salt may be a salt that does not cause serious irritation to an organism administered with the compound and does not impair the biological activity and properties of the compound. The inorganic acid salt may be hydrochloride, bromate, phosphate, sulfate, or disulfate. The organic acid salt may be formate, acetate, propionate, lactate, oxalate, tartrate, malate, maleate, citrate, fumarate, besylate, camsylate, edicylate, trichloroacetate, trifluoroacetate, benzoate, gluconate, methanesulfonate, glycolate, succinate, 4-toluenesulfonate, galacturonate, embonate,

glutamate, ethanesulfonate, benzenesulfonate, p-toluenesulfonate, or aspartate. The metal salt may be a calcium salt, a sodium salt, a magnesium salt, a strontium salt, or a potassium salt.

The compound of any one or more of Formulae 1, 1A, 1A-1 to 1A-9, 2, 3A, 3B and 3C may be an inhibitor for Src homology region 2 domain-containing phosphatase-2(SHP2). Src homology region 2 domain-containing phosphatase-2(SHP2) may be a protein belonging to protein tyrosine phosphatase(PTP). The SHP2 may also be referred to as tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 11(PTPN11), protein-tyrosine phosphatase 1D(PTP-1D), or protein-tyrosine phosphatase 2C(PTP-2C). The SHP2 may include two tandem SH2 domains at the N-terminus, together with SPP1. The SHP2 may be a protein comprising the amino acid sequence of Uniprot No. Q06124 in humans or the amino acid sequence of Uniprot No. P35235 in mice. The SHP2 may be a wild-type SHP2 or a SHP2 mutant. The inhibitor for SHP2 may be an inhibitor that inhibits the expression or activity of SHP2.

In another aspect, there is provided a pharmaceutical composition comprising the compound according to one aspect, a stereoisomer or a solvate thereof, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

In another aspect, there is provided a pharmaceutical composition for preventing or treating a disease associated with the abnormal activity of Src homology region 2 domain-containing phosphatase-2 (SHP2), comprising the compound according to one aspect, a stereoisomer or a solvate thereof, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

The above compound, stereoisomer, solvate, pharmaceutically acceptable salt, and SHP2 are as described above.

The disease associated with the abnormal activity of SHP2 may be selected from the group consisting of cancer, cancer metastasis, cardiovascular disease, immune disorder, fibrosis, and ocular disorder.

The cancer may be selected from the group consisting of ovarian cancer, cervical cancer, endometrial cancer, uterine sarcoma, vulvar cancer, breast cancer, skin cancer, head and neck cancer, pancreatic cancer, lung cancer, large intestine cancer, colorectal cancer, gastric cancer, prostate cancer, bladder cancer, urethral cancer, liver cancer, kidney cancer, skin cancer, cerebrospinal tumor, brain cancer, thymoma, mesothelioma, bronchial cancer, nasopharyngeal cancer, laryngeal cancer, esophageal cancer, biliary tract cancer, testicular cancer, germ cell tumor, thyroid cancer, parathyroid cancer, lymphoma, myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS), myelofibrosis, acute leukemia, chronic leukemia, multiple myeloma, endocrine system cancer, and sarcoma.

The cancer metastasis refers to the spread of a tumor from a primary site to another body site, where it settles and proliferates. The cancer metastasis can cause cancer cells to spread to blood vessels, lymphatic vessels, or tissues.

The cardiovascular disease refers to a disease occurring in the heart or major arteries (for example, aorta, pulmonary arteries, carotid arteries, cerebral blood vessels, renal arteries, lower extremity arteries). The cardiovascular disease may be selected from the group consisting of hypertension, ischemic heart disease, coronary artery disease, angina pectoris, myocardial infarction, atherosclerosis (arteriosclerosis), cerebrovascular disease, stroke, arrhythmia, acute heart failure, chronic heart failure, and hypotension.

The immune disorder refers to a state in which a normal immune response is not made. The immune disorder may be selected from the group consisting of acquired immunodeficiency, autoimmune disease, systemic lupus erythematosus, scleroderma, Sjogren's syndrome, polymyositis, dermatomyositis, polymyalgia rheumatica, temporal arteritis, polyarteritis nodosa, and Behcet's syndrome.

The fibrosis refers to a symptom in which fibrous tissue is excessively increased in a part of a tissue or an organ. The fibrosis may be selected from the group consisting of hepatic fibrosis, cystic fibrosis, myelofibrosis, endocardial myocardial fibrosis, and retroperitoneal fibrosis.

The ocular disorder refers to a disorder affecting various structures of the eye. The ocular disorder may be selected from the group consisting of endophthalmitis, degenerative myopia, degenerative disorders of the eye, hypotonia of the eye, intraocular foreign body, hemophthalmos, and dislocation of the eye.

The disease associated with the abnormal activity of SHP2 may be selected from the group consisting of Noonan syndrome, Leopard syndrome, juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia (JMML), neuroblastoma, melanoma, acute myeloid leukemia, breast cancer, esophageal cancer, lung cancer, large intestine cancer, head cancer, squamous cell carcinoma of the head and neck, gastric carcinoma, anaplastic large cell lymphoma, glioblastoma, pancreatic cancer, biliary tract cancer, uterine cancer, endometrial cancer, liver cancer, and neurofibromatosis type 1.

The term "prevention" refers to any action that inhibits the occurrence of or delays the onset of a disease associated with SHP2 by administration of the pharmaceutical composition. The term "treatment" refers to any action that improves or beneficially changes the symptoms of a disease associated with SHP2 by administration of the pharmaceutical composition.

The pharmaceutical composition may include a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. The carrier is used in the sense of including an excipient, a diluent or an adjuvant. For example, the carrier may be selected from the group consisting of lactose, dextrose, sucrose, sorbitol, mannitol, xylitol, erythritol, maltitol, starch, gum acacia, alginate, gelatin, calcium phosphate, calcium silicate, cellulose, methyl cellulose, polyvinyl pyrrolidone, water, physiological saline, buffers such as PBS, methyl hydroxybenzoate, propyl hydroxybenzoate, talc, magnesium stearate, and mineral oil. The composition may include a filler, an anti-aggregation agent, a lubricant, a wetting agent, a flavoring agent, an emulsifying agent, a preservative, or a combination thereof.

The pharmaceutical composition may be prepared in any formulation according to a conventional method. The composition may be formulated, for example, as an oral dosage form (for example, a powder, a tablet, a capsule, a syrup, a pill, or a granule) or a parenteral dosage form (for example, an injection). In addition, the composition may be prepared as a systemic formulation or as a topical formulation.

In the pharmaceutical composition, the solid preparation for oral administration may be a tablet, a pill, a powder, a granule, or a capsule. The solid preparation may further include an excipient. The excipient may be, for example, starch, calcium carbonate, sucrose, lactose, or gelatin. In addition, the solid preparation may further include a lubricant such as magnesium stearate or talc. In the pharmaceutical composition, the liquid preparation for oral administration may be a suspension, an internal solution, an emulsion, or a syrup. The liquid preparation may include water or liquid paraffin. The liquid preparation may include an excipient, for example, a wetting agent, a sweetening agent, a perfuming agent, or a preservative. In the pharmaceutical composition, the preparation for parenteral administration may be a sterile aqueous solution, a non-aqueous solution, a suspension, an emulsion, a freeze-dried preparation or a suppository. A non-aqueous solution or suspension may include a vegetable oil or an ester. The vegetable oil may be, for example, propylene glycol, polyethylene glycol, or olive oil. The ester may be, for example, ethyl oleate. The base of the suppository may be witepsol, macrogol, tween 61, cacao butter, laurin butter, or glycerogelatin.

The pharmaceutical composition comprises the compound according to one aspect, a stereoisomer, a solvate, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof as an active ingredient of the pharmaceutical composition. "Active ingredient" refers to a physiologically active substance used to achieve a pharmacological activity (for example, treatment of a disease associated with the abnormal activity of SHP2).

The pharmaceutical composition may comprise the compound according to one aspect, a stereoisomer, a solvate, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in an effective amount. The term "effective amount" refers to an amount sufficient to exhibit the effect of preventing or treating a disease when administered to a subject in need thereof. The effective amount may be appropriately selected by one of ordinary skill in the art depending on the cell or subject to be selected. The preferred dosage of the pharmaceutical composition varies depending on the condition and body weight of the subject, the severity of the disease, the drug form, the route and duration of administration, but may be appropriately selected by one of ordinary skill in the art. The effective amount may be about 0.5 μg to about 2 g, about 1 μg to about 1 g, about 10 μg to about 500 mg, about 100 μg to about 100 mg, or about 1 mg to about 50 mg per the pharmaceutical composition. However, the compound, stereoisomer, solvate, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof may be administered in an amount of, for example, about 0.0001 mg/kg to about 100 mg/kg, or about 0.001 mg/kg to about 100 mg/kg, which may be administered in divided doses 1 to 24

times a day, 1 to 7 times per 2 days to 1 week, or 1 to 24 times per 1 month to 12 months. In the pharmaceutical composition, the compound, stereoisomer, solvate, or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof may be included in an amount of from about 0.0001% by weight to about 10% by weight, or from about 0.001% by weight to about 1% by weight, based on the total weight of the entire composition.

The administration method may be oral or parenteral administration. The administration method may be, for example, oral, transdermal, subcutaneous, rectal, intravenous, intraarterial, intraperitoneal, intramuscular, intrasternal, topical, intranasal, intratracheal, or intradermal route. The composition may be administered systemically or locally, alone or in combination with other pharmaceutically active compounds.

In another aspect, there is provided a method for preventing or treating a disease associated with the abnormal activity of SHP2, comprising administering to a subject the compound according to one aspect, a stereoisomer or a solvate thereof, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

The above compound, stereoisomer, solvate, pharmaceutically acceptable salt, SHP2, disease associated with the abnormal activity of SHP2, prevention and treatment are as described above.

The subject may be a mammal, such as a human, mouse, rat, cow, horse, pig, dog, monkey, sheep, goat, ape, or cat. The subject may be a subject suffering from, or likely to suffer from, a symptom associated with a disease associated with the abnormal activity of SHP2.

The method may further comprise administering to the subject an active ingredient known to have an effect of preventing or treating a disease associated with SHP2. The known active ingredient may be administered to the subject simultaneously, separately, or sequentially with the compound according to one aspect, a stereoisomer, a solvate, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

The administration method may be oral or parenteral administration. The administration method may be, for example, oral, transdermal, subcutaneous, rectal, intravenous, intraarterial, intraperitoneal, intramuscular, intrasternal, topical, intranasal, intratracheal, or intradermal route. The pharmaceutical composition may be administered systemically or locally, alone or in combination with other pharmaceutically active compounds.

The preferred dosage of the pharmaceutical composition varies depending on the condition and body weight of the patient, the severity of the disease, the drug form, the route and duration of administration, but may be appropriately selected by one of ordinary skill in the art. The dosage may be, for example, in the range of about 0.001 mg/kg to about 100 mg/kg, about 0.01 mg/kg to about 10 mg/kg, or about 0.1 mg/kg to about 1 mg/kg, for an adult. The administration may be performed once a day, 2 to 24 times a day, 1 to 2 times per 3 days, 1 to 6

times a week, 1 to 10 times per 2 weeks, 1 to 15 times per 3 weeks, 1 to 3 times per 4 weeks, or 1 to 12 times a year.

In another aspect, there is provided the compound according to one aspect, a stereoisomer or a solvate thereof, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, for use in preventing or treating a disease associated with the abnormal activity of SHP2.

The above compound, stereoisomer, solvate, pharmaceutically acceptable salt, SHP2, disease associated with the abnormal activity of SHP2, prevention, and treatment are as described above.

In another aspect, there is provided a use of the compound according to one aspect, a stereoisomer or a solvate thereof, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, for use in the manufacture of a medicament for the prevention or treatment of a disease associated with the abnormal activity of SHP2.

The above compound, stereoisomer, solvate, pharmaceutically acceptable salt, SHP2, disease associated with the abnormal activity of SHP2, prevention, and treatment are as described above.

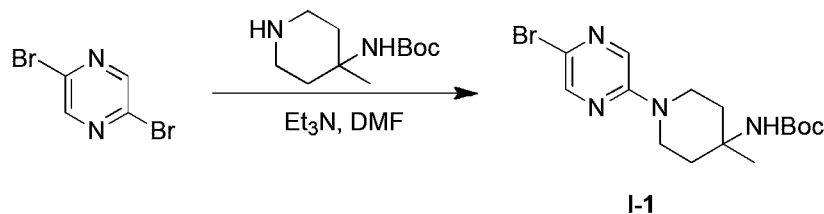
Effects of Invention

A disease associated with SHP2 can be effectively prevented or treated by a SHP2 inhibitor, a pharmaceutical composition for preventing or treating a disease associated with SHP2 comprising the same, a method for treating and preventing a disease using the same, and a use thereof.

Detailed Description for Carrying out the Invention

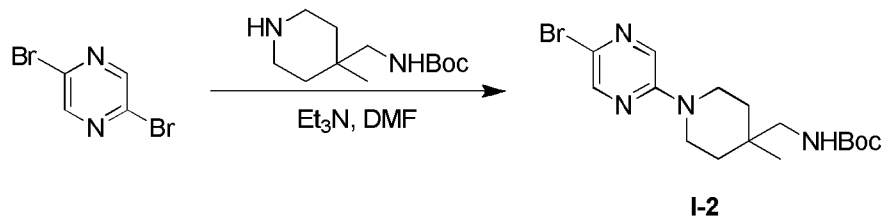
Hereinafter, the present invention will be described in more detail by way of the following examples. However, the following examples are only for illustrating the present invention, and the scope of the present invention is not limited thereto.

Preparation Example 1: Synthesis of tert-butyl (1-(5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)carbamate (Intermediate I-1)



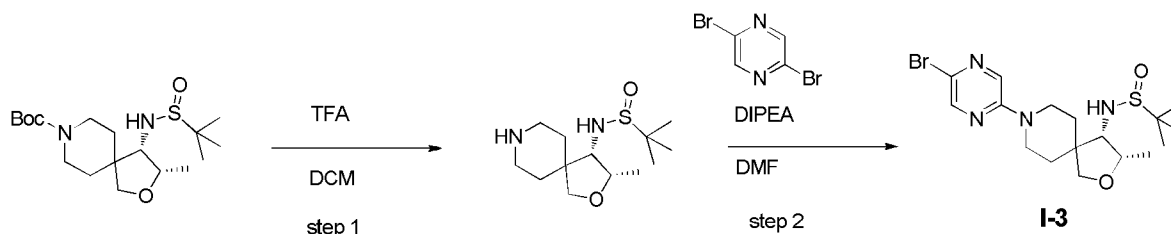
In a round bottom flask, Et₃N (5.6 mL, 42 mmol) was added dropwise to a reaction mixture of 2,5-dibromopyrazine (2 g, 8.4 mmol) and tert-butyl (4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)carbamate (1.98 g, 9.25 mmol) dissolved in DMF (dimethylformamide, 34 mL, 0.25 M), and the reaction mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 2 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (EA). The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (Medium pressure liquid chromatography) (EA:hexane(Hx)=1:9) and concentrated to obtain Intermediate I-1 (2.43 g, 78%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ8.20 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.14 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (b, 1H), 3.84-3.79 (m, 2H), 3.25-3.20 (m, 2H), 2.09 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 2H), 1.47-1.41 (m, 2H), 1.39 (s, 9H), 1.25 (s, 3H); MS m/z: 371 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 2: Synthesis of tert-butyl ((1-(5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate (Intermediate I-2)



In a round bottom flask, Et₃N (5.6 mL, 39.8 mmol) was added dropwise to a reaction mixture of 2,5-dibromopyrazine (1.89 g, 7.96 mmol) and tert-butyl ((4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate (2 g, 8.76 mmol) dissolved in DMF(N,N-dimethylformamide, 32 mL, 0.25 M), and the reaction mixture was stirred at 90 °C for 2 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered, concentrated and separated by MPLC(EA:Hx=1:1). The resulting compound was concentrated to obtain Intermediate I-2 (2 g, 65%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ8.19 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.13 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 3.78-3.72 (m, 2H), 3.39-3.33 (m, 2H), 2.88 (b, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.45-1.40 (m, 2H), 1.38 (s, 9H), 1.29-1.23 (m, 2H), 0.90 (s, 3H); MS m/z: 385 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 3: Synthesis of N-((3S,4S)-8-(5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfanilamide (Intermediate I-3)



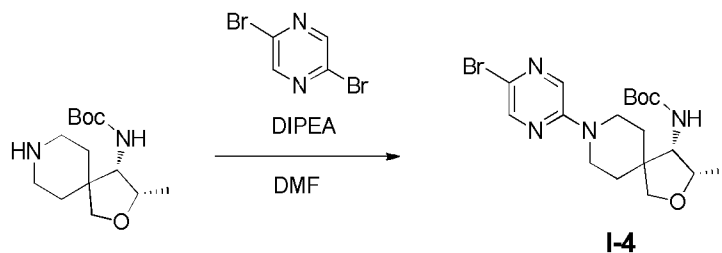
Step 1: 2-methyl-N-((3S,4S)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)propane-2-sulfanilamide

Tert-butyl (3S,4S)-4-((tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-carboxylate (3 g, 8.0 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (DCM)(200 mL, 0.04 M). The reaction mixture was slowly added dropwise with trifluoroacetic acid (TFA)(6.1 mL, 80.1 mmol) and then stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated to obtain [2-methyl-N-((3S,4S)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)propane-2-sulfanilamide].

Step 2: N-((3S,4S)-8-(5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfanilamide (Intermediate I-3)

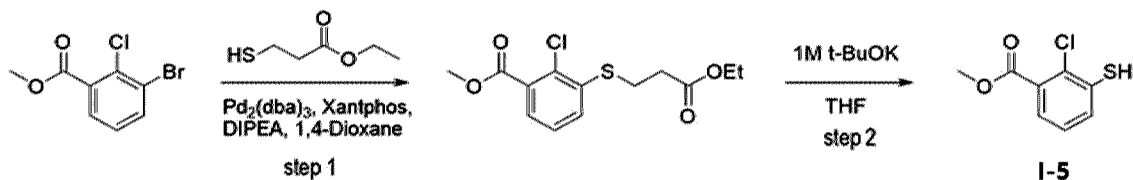
2-methyl-N-((3S,4S)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)propane-2-sulfanilamide and 2,5-dibromopyrazine (4.4 g, 16.0 mmol) were dissolved in dimethylformamide(DMF)(16 mL, 0.5 M). The reaction mixture was added with N,N-diisopropylethylamine(DIPEA) (14 mL, 80.1 mmol) and then stirred at 100 °C for 3 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with ethylacetate(EA). The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:1) and concentrated to obtain Intermediate I-3 (2.4 g, 70%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ8.21(d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.16(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.96(s, 1H), 5.12(d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 4.14-3.99(m, 2H), 3.86(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.51(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.41(dd, J = 11.2, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.13-3.02(m, 2H), 1.80-1.70(m, 2H), 1.61-1.54(m, 2H), 1.16(s, 9H), 1.10(d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS m/z: 431 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 4: Synthesis of tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-8-(5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate (Intermediate I-4)



Tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate (200 mg, 0.74 mmol) and 2,5-dibromopyrazine (260 mg, 1.1 mmol) were dissolved in DMF(1.5 mL, 0.5 M). The reaction mixture was added with DIPEA (0.64 mL, 3.7 mmol) and then stirred at 100 °C for 1 hour. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:1) and concentrated to obtain Intermediate I-4 (265 mg, 84%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ8.21(d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.15(d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.02(d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 4.20-1.12(m, 1H), 3.88(dd, J = 10.4, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 3.68-3.61(m, 2H), 3.59-3.49(m, 3H), 3.44-3.38(m, 1H), 1.68-1.55(m, 3H), 1.51-1.46(m, 1H), 1.39(s, 9H), 1.02(d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS m/z: 427 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 5: Synthesis of methyl 2-chloro-3-mercaptobenzoate (Intermediate I-5)



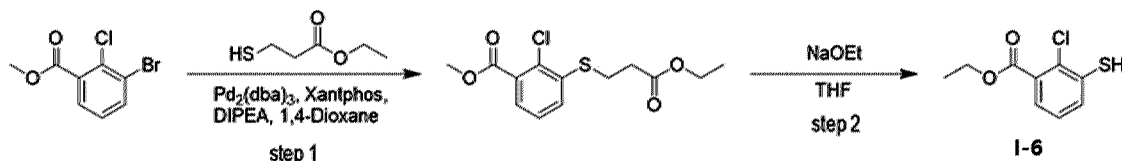
Step 1: methyl 2-chloro-3-((3-ethoxy-3-oxopropyl)thio)benzoate

In a round bottom flask, DIPEA (1.4 mL, 8.0 mmol) was added to a reaction mixture of methyl 3-bromo-2-chlorobenzoate (1 g, 4.0 mmol), ethyl-3-mercaptopropionate (0.7 mL, 5.2 mmol), $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$ (180 mg, 0.2 mmol) and XantPhos (230 mg, 0.4 mmol) dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (7 mL, 0.6 M). The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen, and then stirred at 100°C for 3 hours. The reaction was terminated with H_2O , and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:20) and concentrated to obtain methyl 2-chloro-3-((3-ethoxy-3-oxopropyl)thio)benzoate (940 mg, 73%).

Step 2: methyl 2-chloro-3-mercaptobenzoate (Intermediate I-5)

In a round bottom flask, methyl 2-chloro-3-((3-ethoxy-3-oxopropyl)thio)benzoate (300 mg, 1.0 mmol) was dissolved in THF (tetrahydrofuran, 2 mL, 0.5 M), and then the temperature was lowered to 0°C. The reaction mixture was slowly added dropwise with 1 M potassium tert-butoxide solution (1.5 mL, 1 M in THF) and then stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated using a concentrator. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:100) and concentrated to obtain Intermediate I-5 (110 mg, 54%). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 7.75(dd, $J = 7.6, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.50(dd, $J = 7.6, 1.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.32(t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.02(bs, 1H), 3.86(s, 3H); MS m/z : 202 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Preparation Example 6: Synthesis of ethyl 2-chloro-3-mercaptobenzoate (Intermediate I-6)



Step 1: methyl 2-chloro-3-((3-ethoxy-3-oxopropyl)thio)benzoate

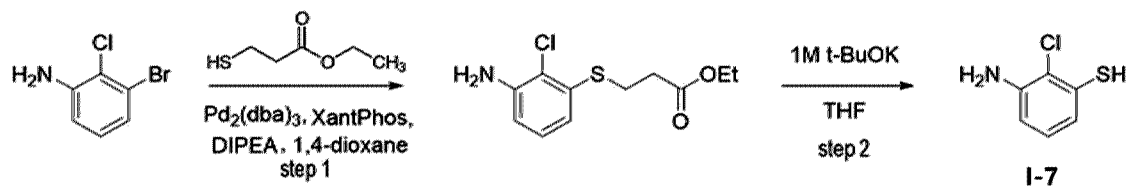
In a round bottom flask, DIPEA (1.4 mL, 8.0 mmol) was added to a reaction mixture of methyl 3-bromo-2-chlorobenzoate (1 g, 4.0 mmol), ethyl-3-mercaptopropionate (0.66 mL, 5.21 mmol), $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$ (183 mg, 0.2 mmol) and XantPhos (231 mg, 0.4 mmol) dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (7 mL, 0.6 M). The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen, and then stirred at 100°C for 3 hours. The reaction was terminated with H_2O , and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated

by MPLC EA:Hx(EA 2%) and concentrated to obtain methyl 2-chloro-3-((3-ethoxy-3-oxopropyl)thio)benzoate (2.06 g, 52%).

Step 2: ethyl 2-chloro-3-mercaptobenzoate (Intermediate I-6)

In a round bottom flask, methyl 2-chloro-3-((3-ethoxy-3-oxopropyl)thio)benzoate (200 mg, 0.66 mmol) was dissolved in THF (2.64 mL, 0.25 M), and then the temperature was lowered to 0 °C. The reaction mixture was slowly added dropwise with sodium ethoxide solution (21 wt% in ethanol) (517 µL, 1.32 mmol) and then stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated and separated by MPLC (MC:MeOH=20:1). The obtained compound was concentrated to obtain Intermediate I-6 (89 mg, 61%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 7.75 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.00 (b, 1H), 4.32 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.31 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); MS m/z: 217 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 7: Synthesis of 3-amino-2-chlorothiophenol (Intermediate I-7)



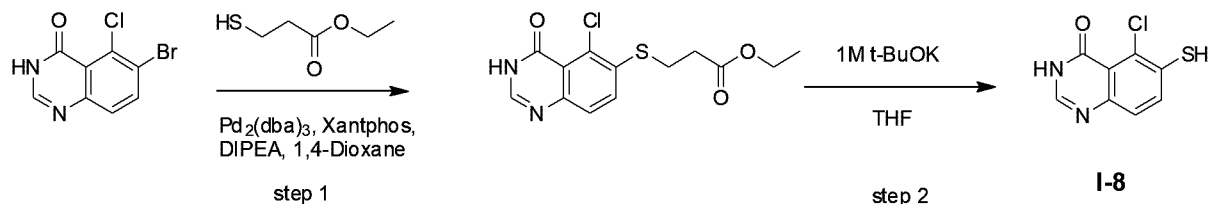
Step 1: ethyl 3-((3-amino-2-chlorophenyl)thio)propionate

In a round bottom flask, DIPEA (5.1 mL, 29.06 mmol) was added to a reaction mixture of 3-bromo-2-chloroaniline (3 g, 14.53 mmol), ethyl-3-mercaptopropionate (2.4 mL, 18.89 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (665 mg, 0.73 mmol) and XantPhos (840 mg, 1.45 mmol) dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (30 mL, 0.5 M). The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen, and then stirred at 100 °C for 12 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:5) and concentrated to obtain ethyl 3-((3-amino-2-chlorophenyl)thio)propionate (4.0 g, 99%).

Step 2: 3-amino-2-chlorothiophenol (Intermediate I-7)

In a round bottom flask, ethyl 3-((3-amino-2-chlorophenyl)thio)propionate (4.0 g, 14.53 mmol) was dissolved in THF (73 mL, 0.2 M), and then the temperature was lowered to 0 °C. The reaction mixture was slowly added dropwise with 1 M potassium tert-butoxide solution (19 mL, 1 M in THF) and then stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O. The inorganic layer was adjusted to pH4 to pH5 using 1N HCl, and then extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:10) and concentrated to obtain Intermediate I-7 (2.1 g, 91%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 6.86(t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.68(dd, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.55(dd, J = 8.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.39(s, 2H), 5.33(s, 1H); MS m/z: 159 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 8: Synthesis of 5-chloro-6-mercaptoquinazolin-4(3H)-one (Intermediate I-8)



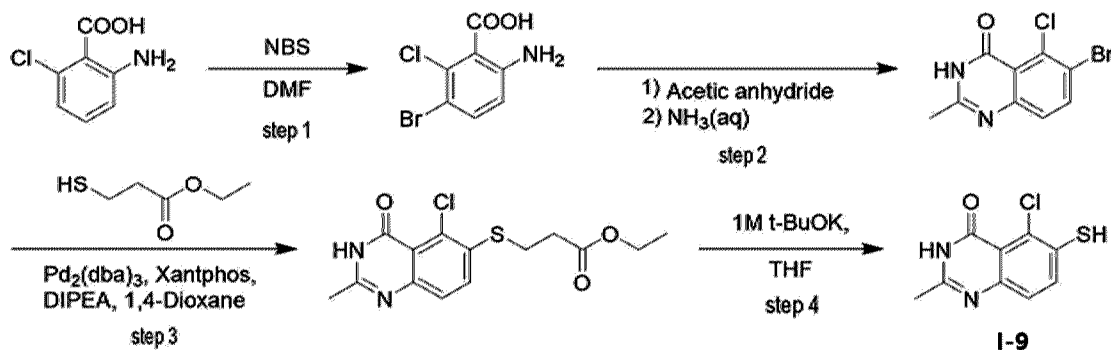
Step 1: ethyl 3-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)propionate

DIPEA (9.2 mL, 52.9 mmol) was added dropwise to a reaction mixture of 6-bromo-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one (6.87 g, 26.47 mmol), ethyl-3-mercaptopropionate (4 mL, 34.41 mmol), $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$ (1.21 g, 1.32 mmol) and XantPhos (1.53 g, 2.65 mmol) dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (66 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen, and then stirred at 140 °C for 16 hours. The reaction was terminated with H_2O , and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and then concentrated to obtain ethyl 3-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)propionate (7.03 g, 91%).

Step 2: 5-chloro-6-mercaptoquinazolin-4(3H)-one (Intermediate I-8)

Ethyl 3-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)propionate (7.03 g, 22.5 mmol) was dissolved in THF (113 mL, 0.2 M), and then the temperature was lowered to -78 °C. The reaction mixture was slowly added dropwise with potassium tert-butoxide solution (45 mL, 1 M in THF) and then stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated and then water was added, and the pH was adjusted to 1~2 using 1N HCl, and then extracted with EA and THF. The extracted compound was concentrated to obtain Intermediate I-8 (5.17 g, 91%). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 12.31 (brs, 1H), 8.03 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.00 (brs, 1H); MS m/z : 212 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Preparation Example 9: Synthesis of 5-chloro-6-mercapto-2-methylquinazolin-4(3H)-one (Intermediate I-9)



Step 1: 6-amino-3-bromo-2-chlorobenzoic acid

In a round bottom flask, 2-amino-6-chlorobenzoic acid (4 g, 23.3 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (47 mL, 0.5 M), and then the temperature was lowered to 0 °C. The reaction mixture was added with NBS (N-bromo succinimide, 4.6 g, 25.6 mmol) and then stirred at room temperature for 24 hours. After completion of the reaction, water was added, and the precipitated solid was obtained by filtration. The resulting compound was dried to obtain 6-amino-3-bromo-2-chlorobenzoic acid (4.6 g, 79%).

Step 2: 6-bromo-5-chloro-2-methylquinazolin-4(3H)-one

6-amino-3-bromo-2-chlorobenzoic acid (250 mg, 1.0 mmol) and acetic anhydride (4 mL, 0.25 M) were put into a round bottom flask, and then stirred at 140 °C for 3 hours. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated, and then added with NH₃ solution (28% in H₂O) (4 mL, 0.25 M) and stirred at 100 °C for 12 hours. The solid precipitated during the reaction was collected by filtration, washed with H₂O and MeOH, and then dried to obtain 6-bromo-5-chloro-2-methylquinazolin-4(3H)-one (203 mg, 74%).

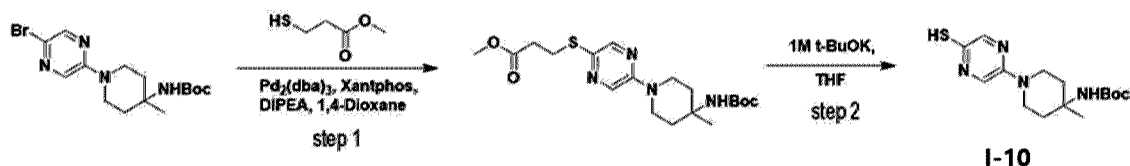
Step 3: ethyl 3-((5-chloro-2-methyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)propionate

In a round bottom flask, DIPEA (240 µL, 1.38 mmol) was added dropwise to a reaction mixture of 6-bromo-5-chloro-2-methylquinazolin-4(3H)-one (190 mg, 0.69 mmol), ethyl-3-mercaptopropionate (97 µL, 0.76 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (32 mg, 0.034 mmol) and XantPhos (40 mg, 0.07 mmol) dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (2.8 mL, 0.25 M). The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen, and then stirred at 100 °C for 4 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=9:1) and concentrated to obtain ethyl 3-((5-chloro-2-methyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)propionate (128 mg, 57%).

Step 4: 5-chloro-6-mercapto-2-methylquinazolin-4(3H)-one (Intermediate I-9)

In a round bottom flask, ethyl 3-((5-chloro-2-methyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)propionate (123 mg, 0.38 mmol) was dissolved in THF (1.9 mL, 0.2 M), and then the temperature was lowered to 0 °C. The reaction mixture was slowly added dropwise with potassium tert-butoxide solution (0.49 mL, 1 M in THF) and then stirred for 1 hour. After completion of the reaction, the concentrated compound was filtered with EA to obtain Intermediate I-9. The obtained compound was used in the next reaction without a further purification process. MS m/z: 227 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 10: Synthesis of tert-butyl (1-(5-mercaptopyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)carbamate (Intermediate I-10)



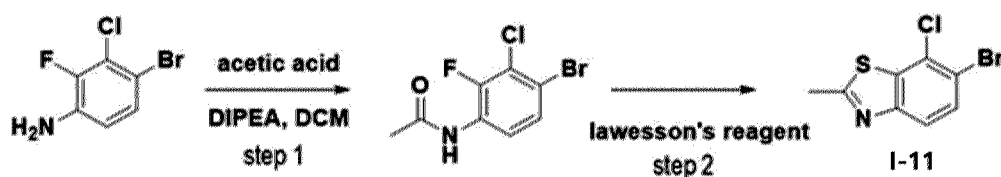
Step 1: methyl 3-((5-(4-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)propanate

In a round bottom flask, DIPEA (2.3 mL, 13.47 mmol) was added dropwise to a reaction mixture of tert-butyl (1-(5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)carbamate (2.5 g, 6.73 mmol), methyl 3-mercaptopropionate (0.82 mL, 7.41 mmol), $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$ (308 mg, 0.337 mmol) and XantPhos (195 mg, 0.337 mmol) dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (15 mL, 0.45 M). The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen, and then stirred at 100°C for 4 hours. The reaction was terminated with H_2O , and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=9:1) and concentrated to obtain methyl 3-((5-(4-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)propanate (2.7 g, 98%).

Step 2: tert-butyl (1-(5-mercaptopyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)carbamate (Intermediate I-10)

In a round bottom flask, methyl 3-((5-(4-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)propanate (2.7 g, 6.58 mmol) was dissolved in THF (10 mL, 0.67 M), and then the temperature was lowered to 0°C . The reaction mixture was slowly added dropwise with 1 M potassium tert-butoxide solution (5 mL, 1 M in THF) and then stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated using a concentrator. The resulting product was separated by MPLC and concentrated to obtain Intermediate I-10 (1.2 g, 56%). MS m/z : 325 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Preparation Example 11: Synthesis of 6-bromo-7-chloro-2-methylbenzo[d]thiazole (Intermediate I-11)



Step 1: N-(4-bromo-3-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)acetamide

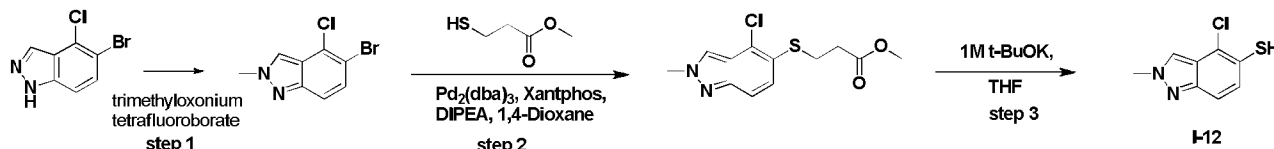
At 0°C , 4-bromo-3-chloro-2-fluoroaniline (250 mg, 1.11 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (DIPEA, 0.485 mL, 2.78 mmol) were dissolved in dichloromethane (DCM, 2 mL, 0.56 M), and then acetic anhydride (0.1 mL, 1.17 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 24 hours. The mixture was added with 1 M HCl and NaHCO_3 aqueous solution, and then extracted. The organic layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and then

concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC and concentrated to obtain N-(4-bromo-3-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)acetamide (200 mg, 83%).

Step 2: 6-bromo-7-chloro-2-methylbenzo[d]thiazole (Intermediate I-11)

N-(4-bromo-3-chloro-2-fluorophenyl)acetamide (200 mg, 0.75 mmol) was dissolved in xylene (3 mL, 0.25 M), and then Lawesson's reagent (300 mg, 0.45 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was stirred at 110 °C for 18 hours. The reaction mixture was added with cesium carbonate (800 mg, 1.5 mmol) and then further stirred at 110 °C for 18 hours. The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, and then extracted by adding water and EA. The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC and concentrated to obtain Intermediate I-11 (150 mg, 76%). MS m/z: 262 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 12: Synthesis of 4-chloro-2-methyl-2H-indazole-5-thiol (Intermediate I-12)



Step 1: 5-bromo-4-chloro-2-methyl-2H-indazole

5-bromo-4-chloro-1H-indazole (360 mg, 1.56 mmol) was dissolved in ethylacetate (3 mL, 0.52 M), and then solid trimethyloxonium tetrafluoroborate (250 mg, 1.70 mmol) was added at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. The mixture was added with aqueous NaHCO₃ solution and then extracted. The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC and concentrated to obtain 5-bromo-4-chloro-2-methyl-2H-indazole (300 mg, 79%).

Step 2: methyl 3-((4-chloro-2-methyl-2H-indazol-5-yl)thio)propanoate

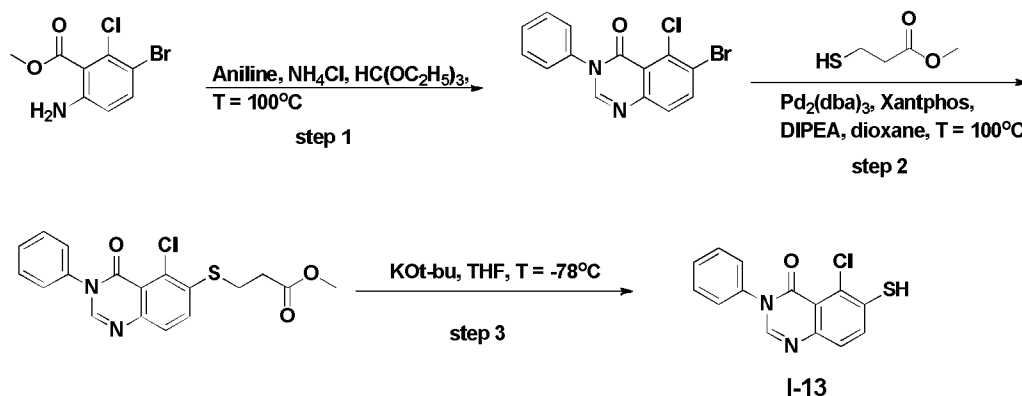
In a round bottom flask, DIPEA (0.43 mL, 2.44 mmol) was added dropwise to a reaction mixture of 5-bromo-4-chloro-2-methyl-2H-indazole (250 mg, 1.56 mmol), methyl-3-mercaptopropionate (0.2 mL, 1.83 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (112 mg, 0.122 mmol) and XantPhos (71 mg, 0.122 mmol) dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (5 mL, 0.31 M). The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen, and then stirred at 100 °C for 4 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=9:1) and concentrated to obtain methyl 3-((4-chloro-2-methyl-2H-indazol-5-yl)thio)propanoate (300 mg, 86%).

Step 3: 4-chloro-2-methyl-2H-indazole-5-thiol (Intermediate I-12)

In a round bottom flask, methyl 3-((4-chloro-2-methyl-2H-indazol-5-yl)thio)propanoate (300 mg, 1.22 mmol) was dissolved in THF (2 mL, 0.61 M), and then the temperature was lowered

to 0 °C. The reaction mixture was slowly added dropwise with 1 M potassium tert-butoxide solution (1 mL, 1 M in THF) and then stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated using a concentrator. The resulting product was separated by MPLC and concentrated to obtain Intermediate I-12 (100 mg, 47.8%). MS m/z: 199 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 13: Synthesis of 5-chloro-6-mercapto-3-phenylquinazolin-4(3H)-one (Intermediate I-13)



Step 1: 6-bromo-5-chloro-3-phenylquinazolin-4(3H)-one

In a round bottom flask, aniline (0.18 mL, 1.92 mmol) and NH₄Cl (43 mg, 0.80 mmol) were added dropwise to a reaction mixture of methyl 6-amino-3-bromo-2-chlorobenzoate (600 mg, 1.60 mmol) dissolved in triethyl orthoformate (0.4 mL, 2.40 mmol), and then the reaction mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 16 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hex=1:3) and concentrated to obtain 6-bromo-5-chloro-3-phenylquinazolin-4(3H)-one (503 mg, 94%). MS m/z: 535.00 [M+H]⁺.

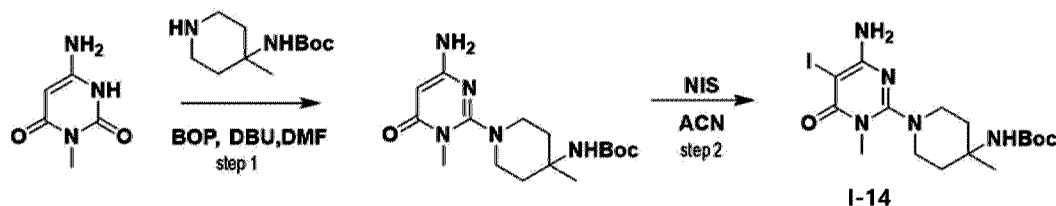
Step 2: methyl 3-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3-phenyl-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)propanoate

In a round bottom flask, methyl 3-mercaptopropanoate (0.17 mL, 1.51 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (106 mg, 0.12 mmol), XantPhos (69 mg, 0.12 mmol) and DIPEA (0.40 mL, 2.32 mmol) were added dropwise to a reaction mixture of 6-bromo-5-chloro-3-phenylquinazolin-4(3H)-one (390 mg, 1.16 mmol) dissolved in dioxane, and then the reaction mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 3 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hex=1:3) and concentrated to obtain methyl 3-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3-phenyl-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)propanoate (116 mg, 27%). MS m/z: 375.10 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: 5-chloro-6-mercapto-3-phenylquinazolin-4(3H)-one (Intermediate I-13)

In a round bottom flask, KOt-bu (69 mg, 0.62 mmol) was added dropwise to a reaction mixture of methyl 3-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3-phenyl-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)propanoate (116 mg, 0.31 mmol) dissolved in THF, and then the reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 1 hour. The reaction was terminated with aqueous 1 M HCl solution, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hex=1:3) and concentrated to obtain Intermediate I-13 (62 mg, 69%). MS m/z: 289.00 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 14: Synthesis of t-butyl N-[1-(4-amino-5-iodo-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl]carbamate (Intermediate I-14)



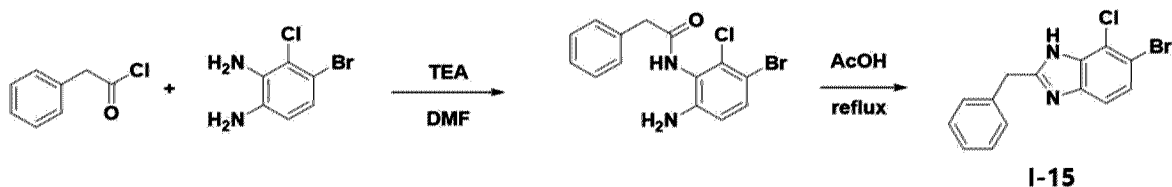
Step 1: tert-butyl (1-(4-amino-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)carbamate

6-amino-3-methyl-1H-pyrimidine-2,4-dione (500 mg, 3.54 mmol), BOP (1.57 g, 3.54 mmol), and DBU (1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene, 539 mg, 3.54 mmol, 534.02 μ L) were dissolved in DMF (10 mL, 0.35 M), and then tert-butyl (4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)carbamate (758 mg, 3.54 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. After confirming by LCMS that the reaction material had completely disappeared, the reaction mixture was added with brine (20 mL) and EtOAc (20 mL X 3) and extracted. The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by Prep-HPLC (neutral) and concentrated to obtain tert-butyl (1-(4-amino-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)carbamate (320 mg, 26.8%). MS m/z: 338 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: tert-butyl (1-(4-amino-5-iodo-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)carbamate (Intermediate I-14)

Tert-butyl (1-(4-amino-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)carbamate (260 mg, 950 μ mol) was dissolved in ACN (3 mL, 0.25 M), and then NIS (N-iodo succinimide, 214 mg, 950 μ mol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. After a white precipitate was formed, and LCMS confirmed that the reaction material had completely disappeared, the reaction was terminated with aqueous NaHCO₃ solution, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC and concentrated to obtain Intermediate I-14 (360 mg, 82%). MS m/z: 464 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 15: Synthesis of 2-benzyl-6-bromo-7-chloro-1H-benzol[d]imidazole (Intermediate I-15)



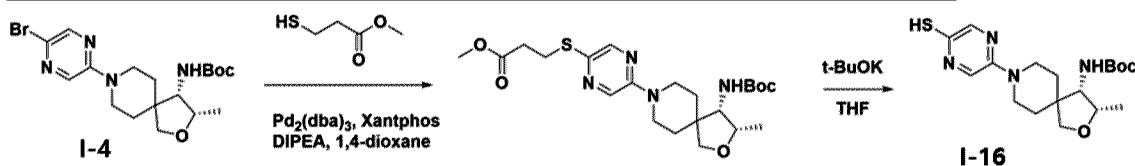
Step 1: N-(6-amino-3-bromo-2-chlorophenyl)-2-phenylacetate

In a round bottom flask, 4-bromo-3-chlorobenzene-1,2-diamine (100 mg, 0.45 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (2 mL), and then triethylamine (0.13 mL, 0.9 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was added with 2-phenylacetyl chloride (70 mg, 0.45 mmol) and then stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hex=1:3) and concentrated to obtain N-(6-amino-3-bromo-2-chlorophenyl)-2-phenylacetate (135 mg, 89%). MS m/z: 339 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: 2-benzyl-6-bromo-7-chloro-1H-benzo[d]imidazole

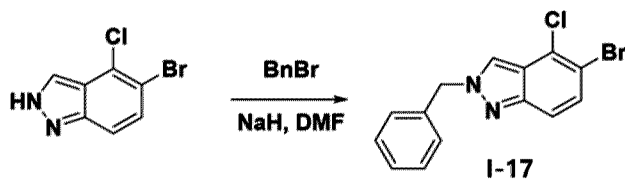
Acetic acid (5 mL) was added to N-(6-amino-3-bromo-2-chlorophenyl)-2-phenylacetate (135 mg, 0.4 mmol), followed by stirring at 100 °C for 1 hour. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was added with water and extracted with DCM. The DCM layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC and concentrated to obtain Intermediate I-15 (100 mg, 77%). MS m/z: 321 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 16: Synthesis of tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-8-(5-mercaptopyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate (Intermediate I-16)



Intermediate I-16 was synthesized using Intermediate I-4 as a starting material in accordance with Preparation Example 10. MS m/z: 381 [M+H]⁺.

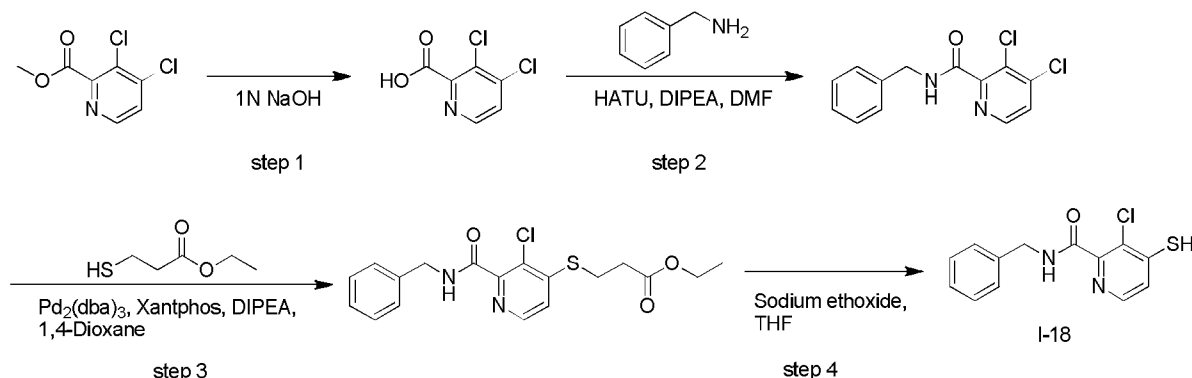
Preparation Example 17: Synthesis of 2-benzyl-5-bromo-4-chloro-2H-indazole (Intermediate I-17)



In a round bottom flask, 5-bromo-4-chloro-2H-indazole (100 mg, 0.43 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (3 mL), and then NaH (34 mg, 0.86 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was added with benzylbromide (74 mg, 0.43 mmol) and then stirred at room temperature

for 2 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. Then, two isomers were separated by MPLC (EA:Hex=1:3) and concentrated to obtain Intermediate I-17 (50mg, 36%). MS m/z: 321 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 18: N-benzyl-3-chloro-4-mercaptopicolinamide (Intermediate I-18)



Step 1: 3,4-dichloropicolinic acid

1N NaOH solution (7.29 mL, 7.29 mmol) was added dropwise to methyl 3,4-dichloropicolinate (500 mg, 2.43 mmol), followed by stirring at 40 °C for 1 hour. The reaction was terminated, and then 5M HCl solution was added dropwise to adjust the pH to 4. The precipitated solid was filtered to obtain 3,4-dichloropicolinic acid (354.6 mg, 76%). The obtained compound was used in the next reaction without a further purification process. MS m/z: 191 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: N-benzyl-3,4-dichloropicolinamide

3,4-dichloropicolinic acid (100 mg, 0.5 mmol) and phenylmethanamine (65 µL, 0.6 mmol) were dissolved in DMF, and DIPEA (260 µL, 1.5 mmol) was added dropwise thereto, and then HATU (1-[bis(dimethylamino)methylene]-1H-1,2,3-triazolo[4,5-b]pyridinium 3-oxide hexafluorophosphate) (380 mg, 1.0 mmol) was added dropwise thereto. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:2) and concentrated to obtain N-benzyl-3,4-dichloropicolinamide (92 mg, 66%). MS m/z: 281 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: ethyl 3-((2-(benzylcarbamoyl)-3-chloropyridin-4-yl)thio)propanoate

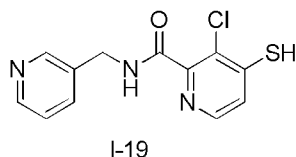
N-benzyl-3,4-dichloropicolinamide (92 mg, 0.33 mmol), ethyl-3-mercaptopropionate (63 µL, 0.495 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (18 mg, 0.02 mmol) and XantPhos (19 mg, 0.033 mmol) were dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (1 mL, 0.4 M), and then DIPEA (115 µL, 0.66 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen, and then stirred at 100 °C for 18 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC

(EA:Hx=1:2) and concentrated to obtain ethyl 3-((2-(benzylcarbamoyl)-3-chloropyridin-4-yl)thio)propanoate (61 mg, 49%). MS m/z: 379 [M+H]⁺.

Step 4: N-benzyl-3-chloro-4-mercaptopicolinamide

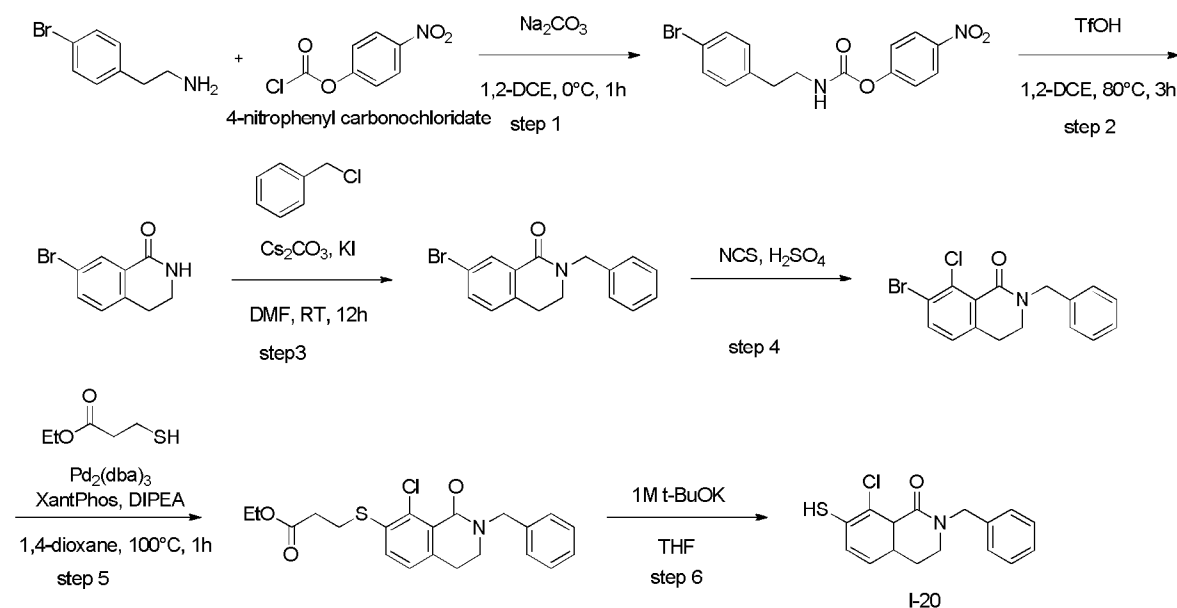
Ethyl 3-((2-(benzylcarbamoyl)-3-chloropyridin-4-yl)thio)propanoate (120 mg, 0.32 mmol) was dissolved in THF (1.6 mL, 0.2M), and then cooled to 0°C. The reaction mixture was slowly added dropwise with sodium ethoxide solution (21 wt% in ethanol) (128 µL, 0.35 mmol) and then stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated, and methylene chloride (MC) was added to, and then the precipitated solid was filtered to obtain Intermediate I-18. The resulting compound was used in the next reaction without a further purification process. MS m/z: 279 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 19: 3-chloro-4-mercapto-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)picolinamide (Intermediate I-19)



Intermediate I-19 was obtained in the same method as in Preparation Example 18, except that pyridin-3-ylmethanamine was used instead of phenylmethanamine in step 2 of Preparation Example 18. MS m/z: 280 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 20: 2-benzyl-8-chloro-7-mercapto-3,4-dihydroisoquinolin-1(2H)-one (Intermediate I-20)



Step 1: 4-nitrophenyl (4-bromophenethyl)carbamate

4-bromophenethyl amine (2000 mg, 10.0 mmol) and sodium carbonate (1170 mg, 11.0 mmol) were dissolved in 1,2-dichloroethane(1,2-DCE) (100 mL, 0.1M), followed by stirring at 0 °C for 30 minutes. The reaction mixture was added with 4-nitrophenyl chloroformate (2015 mg, 10.0 mmol) and then stirred at 0 °C for 1 hour. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA, followed by washing with brine. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated to obtain 4-nitrophenyl (4-bromophenethyl)carbamate (3630 mg, 99%).

Step 2: 7-bromo-3,4-dihydroisoquinolin-1(2H)-one

4-nitrophenyl (4-bromophenethyl)carbamate (3630 mg, 9.95 mmol) was dissolved in 1,2-DCE (100 mL, 0.1M), and then purged with nitrogen and stirred at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was slowly added with trifluoromethansulfonic acid(TfOH) (8.8 mL, 99.5 mmol) and then stirred at 0 °C for 10 minutes. After elevating the reaction temperature to 80 °C and stirring for 3 hours, The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was washed with 1N sodium hydroxide aqueous solution and brine. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. 7-bromo-3,4-dihydroisoquinolin-1(2H)-one (1150mg, 51%) was obtained by crystallization with EA and Hx.

Step 3: 2-benzyl-7-bromo-3,4-dihydroisoquinolin-1(2H)-one

7-bromo-3,4-dihydroisoquinolin-1(2H)-one (100 mg, 0.44 mmol), benzylchloride (0.1 mL, 0.93 mmol), cesium carbonate (400 mg, 1.24 mmol) and potassium iodide (50 mg, 0.22 mmol) were dissolved in DMF (6.2 mL, 0.1M), followed by stirring at room temperature for 24 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:10) and concentrated to obtain 2-benzyl-7-bromo-3,4-dihydroisoquinolin-1(2H)-one (110 mg, 80%).

Step 4: 2-benzyl-7-bromo-8-chloro-3,4-dihydroisoquinolin-1(2H)-one

2-benzyl-7-bromo-3,4-dihydroisoquinolin-1(2H)-one (340 mg, 1.07 mmol) was dissolved in H₂SO₄ (2.1 mL, 0.5M), and then stirred at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was added with N-chlorosuccinimide(NCS) (160 mg, 1.18 mmol) and then stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:10) and concentrated to obtain 2-benzyl-7-bromo-8-chloro-3,4-dihydroisoquinolin-1(2H)-one (96 mg, 26%).

Step 5: ethyl 3-((2-benzyl-8-chloro-1-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-7-yl)thio)propanoate

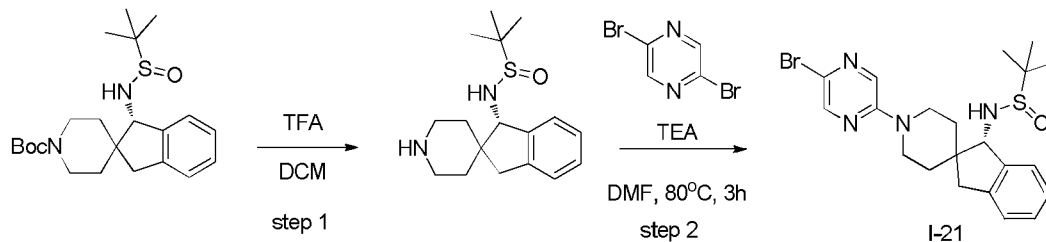
2-benzyl-7-bromo-8-chloro-3,4-dihydroisoquinolin-1(2H)-one (96 mg, 0.27 mmol), ethyl-3-mercaptopropionate (0.05 mL, 0.41 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (25 mg, 0.03 mmol), XantPhos (16 mg,

0.03 mmol) and DIPEA (0.1 mL, 0.55 mmol) were dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (0.7 mL, 0.4M). The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen, and then stirred at 100 °C for 1 hour. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:10) and concentrated to obtain ethyl 3-((2-benzyl-8-chloro-1-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-7-yl)thio)propanoate (100 mg, 91%).

Step 6: 2-benzyl-8-chloro-7-mercapto-3,4-dihydroisoquinolin-1(2H)-one

Ethyl 3-((2-benzyl-8-chloro-1-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-7-yl)thio)propanoate (100 mg, 0.25 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (1.3 mL, 0.2M), and then stirred at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was added with 1M tert-butoxide (0.37 mL, 0.37mmol) and then stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The reaction was stopped, and then concentrated using a concentrator to obtain Intermediate I-20 (crude product). MS m/z: 304 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 21: N-((S)-1'-(5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (Intermediate I-21)



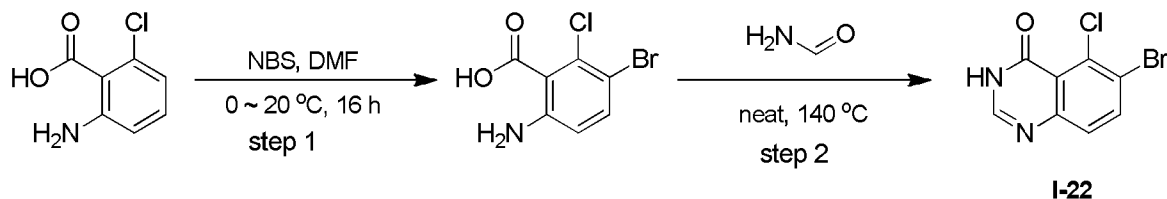
Step 1: N-((S)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

Tert-butyl (1S)-1-((tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (0.5 g, 1.23 mmol) was dissolved in DCM (6.9 mL, 0.18 M). The reaction mixture was slowly added dropwise with TFA (1.3 mL, 0.095 M) and then stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated to obtain N-((S)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide.

Step 2: N-((S)-1'-(5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

N-((S)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide and 2,5-dibromopyrazine (0.51 g, 1.84 mmol) were dissolved in DMF (8.2 mL, 0.15 M). The reaction mixture was added with triethylamine (TEA) (0.83 mL, 5.90 mmol) and then stirred at 80 °C for 3 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:3) and concentrated to obtain Intermediate I-21 (150 mg, 26%).

Preparation Example 22: 6-bromo-5-chloro-3H-quinazolin-4-one (Intermediate I-22)



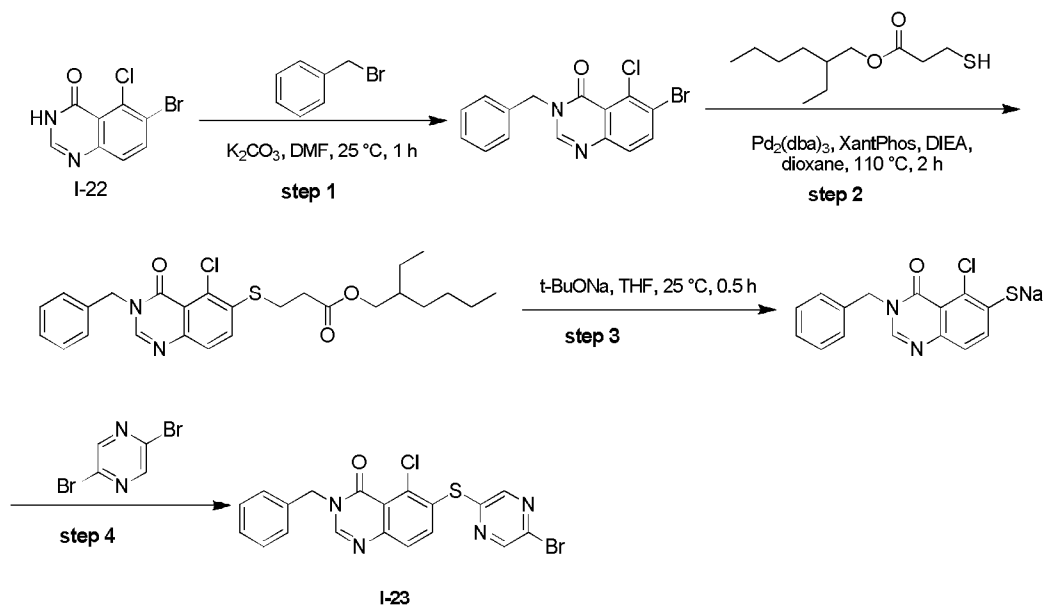
Step 1: 6-amino-3-bromo-2-chloro-benzoic acid

To a solution of 2-amino-6-chloro-benzoic acid (10.0 g, 58.2 mmol) in DMF (100 mL) was added NBS (12.4 g, 69.9 mmol) in 4 portions at 0~10 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0~25 °C for 16 hours. The mixture was diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 20 mL). The organic layer was washed with brine (2 x 50 mL), and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum to obtain 6-amino-3-bromo-2-chloro-benzoic acid (14.0 g, 95 % yield) as a brown oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 7.40 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H).

Step 2: 6-bromo-5-chloro-3H-quinazolin-4-one

A mixture of 6-amino-3-bromo-2-chloro-benzoic acid (10.0 g, 27.9 mmol) in formamide (18.2 g, 405 mmol) was stirred at 140 °C for 5 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with NH₄Cl (20 mL) and filtered. The filter cake was dried under vacuum to obtain Intermediate I-22 (4.00 g, 55% yield) as a brown solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 8.13 (s, 1H), 8.11 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H).

Preparation Example 23: 3-benzyl-6-((5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one (Intermediate I-23)



Step 1: 3-benzyl-6-bromo-5-chloro-quinazolin-4-one

A mixture of Intermediate I-22 (4.00 g, 12.3 mmol), bromomethylbenzene (2.53 g, 14.8 mmol), and K_2CO_3 (3.41 g, 24.6 mmol) in DMF (40 mL) was stirred at 25 °C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with water (30 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (2 x 20 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , and then filtered and concentrated under vacuum to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (PE:EtOAc = 2:1) to obtain 3-benzyl-6-bromo-5-chloro-quinazolin-4-one (2.00 g, 46% yield) as a brown solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $DMSO-d_6$) δ = 8.68 (s, 1H), 8.14 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.41 - 7.29 (m, 5H), 5.17 (s, 2H).

Step 2: 2-ethylhexyl 3-((3-benzyl-5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)propanoate

A mixture of 3-benzyl-6-bromo-5-chloro-quinazolin-4-one (1.60 g, 4.58 mmol), 2-ethylhexyl 3-sulfanylpropanoate (999 mg, 4.58 mmol), $Pd_2(dba)_3$ (41 mg, 457 μ mol), XantPhos (529 mg, 915 μ mol) and DIEA (1.77 g, 13.7 mmol) in dioxane (10 mL) was stirred under N_2 at 110 °C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under vacuum to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (PE:EtOAc=3:1) to obtain 2-ethylhexyl 3-((3-benzyl-5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)propanoate (2.00 g, 89% yield) as a yellow oil.

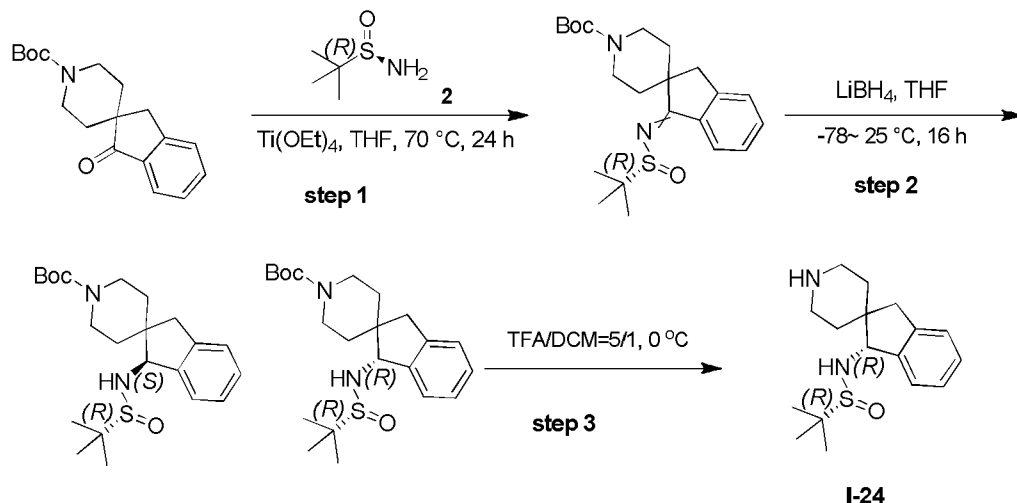
Step 3: Sodium 3-benzyl-5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-thiolate

To a solution of 2-ethylhexyl 3-((3-benzyl-5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)propanoate (500 mg, 1.03 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was added t-BuONa (147 mg, 1.54 mmol) at 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 1 hour. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was added with PE and then filtered. The filter cake was dried under vacuum to obtain sodium 3-benzyl-5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-thiolate (230 mg, 68% yield) as a red solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, D_2O) δ = 8.28 (s, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.38 - 7.32 (m, 5H), 7.28 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (s, 2H).

Step 4: 3-benzyl-6-((5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one

To a solution of 2,5-dibromopyrazine (1.00 g, 4.20 mmol) and K_2CO_3 (195 mg, 1.42 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) was added sodium 3-benzyl-5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-thiolate (230 mg, 708 μ mol) in DMF (10 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0~25 °C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with water (30 mL), and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2 x 20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (20 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , and then filtered and concentrated under vacuum to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (PE:EtOAc=2:1) to obtain Intermediate I-23 (110 mg, 33% yield) as a yellow oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ = 8.36 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.09 (s, 1H), 7.83 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.33 - 7.25 (m, 5H), 5.10 (s, 2H).

Preparation Example 24: (R)-2-methyl-N-[(1R)-spiro[indane-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl]propane-2-sulfonamide (Intermediate I-24)



Step 1: tert-butyl 1-[(R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]iminospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate

A mixture of tert-butyl 1-oxospiro[indane-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (1.00 g, 3.32 mmol), (R)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfonamide (402 mg, 3.32 mmol) and $\text{Ti}(\text{OEt})_4$ (2.27 g, 9.95 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was stirred at 70 °C for 36 hours. The reaction mixture was poured into water (10 mL) at 0 °C and then filtered. The filtrate was diluted with water (10 mL), and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2 X 20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (20 mL), and dried over Na_2SO_4 , and then filtered and concentrated under vacuum to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (PE:EtOAc = 3:1) to obtain tert-butyl 1-[(R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]iminospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (900 mg, 67% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.41 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.55 - 7.48 (m, 1H), 7.43 - 7.35 (m, 2H), 4.18 - 4.08 (m, 2H), 3.06 (s, 2H), 3.00 - 2.86 (m, 2H), 2.04 - 1.90 (m, 2H), 1.48 (s, 9H), 1.42 (d, J = 14.4 Hz, 1H), 1.32 (s, 9H), 1.28 - 1.24 (m, 1H).

Step 2: tert-butyl (1R)-1-[(R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]amino]spiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate

To a solution of tert-butyl 1-[(R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]iminospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (800 mg, 1.98 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was added LiBH_4 (129 mg, 5.93 mmol) under N_2 at -78 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at -78~25 °C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of NH_4Cl (10 mL) at 0 °C, and then diluted with water (10 mL), and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2 X 20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (2 X 20 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , and then filtered and concentrated under vacuum to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Welch Ultimate XB-CN 250*70*10 μm ; mobile phase: [hexane-EtOH(0.1% $\text{NH}_3\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$)]; B%: 1%-35%, 15 minutes) to obtain tert-

butyl (1S)-1-[[R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]amino]spiro[indane-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (540 mg, 67% yield) and tert-butyl (1R)-1-[[R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]amino]spiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (130 mg, 16% yield) as a white solid, respectively.

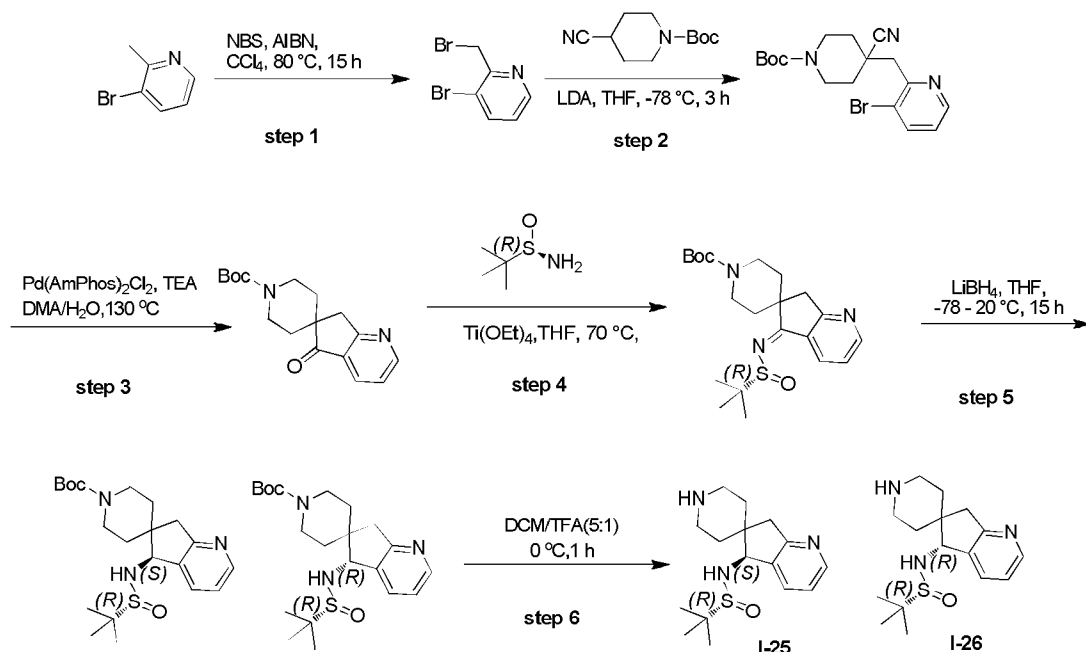
Tert-butyl (1S)-1-[[R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]amino]spiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 7.23 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.18 - 7.12 (m, 3H), 4.43 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 4.02 - 3.87 (m, 2H), 3.57 - 3.38 (m, 1H), 3.11 - 2.74 (m, 4H), 2.69 - 2.58 (m, 1H), 2.09 - 1.96 (m, 1H), 1.47 - 1.42 (m, 2H), 1.39 (s, 9H), 1.22 (s, 9H).

Tert-butyl (1R)-1-[[R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]amino]spiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 7.63 - 7.60 (m, 1H), 7.24 - 7.18 (m, 3H), 4.47 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.02 - 3.92 (m, 2H), 3.31 - 3.28 (m, 1H), 3.08 - 3.04 (m, 1H), 2.98 - 2.92 (m, 2H), 2.70 - 2.66 (m, 1H), 1.74 - 1.70 (m, 2H), 1.58 - 1.54 (m, 2H), 1.47 (s, 9H), 1.29 (s, 9H).

Step 3: (R)-2-methyl-N-[(1R)-spiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl]propane-2-sulfinamide

A mixture of tert-butyl (1R)-1-[[R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]amino]spiro[indane-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (130 mg, 319 μmol) and TFA (1.30 mL) in DCM (5 mL) was stirred at 0°C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was diluted with saturated aqueous NaHCO_3 (10 mL), and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (2 x 10 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , and then filtered and concentrated under vacuum to obtain Intermediate I-24 (90 mg, 91% yield) as a colorless oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 7.66 - 7.64 (m, 1H), 7.26 - 7.18 (m, 3H), 4.48 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 4.11 - 3.98 (m, 2H), 3.32 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.18 - 3.02 (m, 3H), 2.97 - 2.81 (m, 2H), 2.70 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 1.65 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 2H), 1.31 (s, 9H).

Preparation Example 25: (R)-2-methyl-N-[(5S)-spiro[5,7-dihydrocyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-5-yl]propane-2-sulfinamide (Intermediate I-25) and (R)-2-methyl-N-[(5R)-spiro[5,7-dihydrocyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-5-yl]propane-2-sulfinamide (Intermediate I-26)



Step 1: 3-bromo-2-(bromomethyl)pyridine

To a solution of 3-bromo-2-methylpyridine (20.0 g, 116 mmol) in CCl_4 (200 mL), N-bromosuccinimide (NBS) (22.8 g, 128 mmol) and azobisisobutyronitrile (AIBN) (1.91 g, 11.6 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 80°C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by MPLC (PE/EA=30:1) to obtain 3-bromo-2-(bromomethyl)pyridine (12.5 g, 42% yield) as a brown solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ = 8.60 - 8.53 (m, 1H), 8.16 - 8.08 (m, 1H), 7.38 - 7.26 (m, 1H), 4.80 - 4.70 (m, 2H); MS (EI) m/z : 251.8 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 2: tert-butyl 4-[(3-bromo-2-pyridyl)methyl]-4-cyano-piperidine-1-carboxylate

To a solution of tert-butyl 4-cyanopiperidine-1-carboxylate (10.1 g, 47.8 mmol) in THF (100 mL) was added lithium diisopropylamide (LDA) (2M, 23.9 mL), followed by stirring at -78°C for 0.5 hours. Then, the reaction mixture was slowly added with 3-bromo-2-(bromomethyl)pyridine (10.0 g, 39.9 mmol) in THF (100 mL) and then stirred at -78°C for 2.5 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride (100 mL) at 0°C , diluted with water (100 mL), and extracted with EA (3 X 200 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 100 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by reverse phase flash column chromatography (0.1% FA) to obtain tert-butyl 4-[(3-bromo-2-pyridyl)methyl]-4-cyano-piperidine-1-carboxylate (13.5 g, 89% yield) as a brown solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ = 8.60 - 8.53 (m, 1H), 8.14 - 8.07 (m, 1H), 7.32 - 7.24 (m, 1H), 4.01 - 3.90 (m, 2H), 3.25 (s, 2H), 3.01 - 2.78 (m, 2H), 2.12 - 2.03 (m, 2H), 1.73 - 1.56 (m, 2H), 1.44 - 1.35 (m, 9H); MS (EI) m/z : 402.0 $[\text{M}+23]^+$.

Step 3: tert-butyl 5-oxospiro[7H-cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate

A mixture of tert-butyl 4-[(3-bromo-2-pyridyl)methyl]-4-cyano-piperidine-1-carboxylate (5.90 g, 15.5 mmol), 4-di-tert-butylphosphanyl-N,N-dimethyl-aniline;dichloropalladium (Pd(AmPhos)Cl₂) (1.10 g, 1.55 mmol), TEA (6.28 g, 62.1 mmol) in dimethylacetamide(DMA) (120 mL) and H₂O (12 mL) was degassed and then purged 3 times with N₂. The mixture was stirred under N₂ atmosphere at 130 °C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride (50 mL) at 25 °C, and then diluted with water (50 mL), and extracted with EA (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 50 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (PE/EA=3:1) to obtain tert-butyl 5-oxospiro[7H-cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (3.2 g, 68% yield) as a brown solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.89 - 8.79 (m, 1H), 8.09 - 8.00 (m, 1H), 7.40 - 7.32 (m, 1H), 4.22 - 4.05 (m, 2H), 3.10 (s, 2H), 3.12 - 3.02 (m, 2H), 2.01 - 1.90 (m, 2H), 1.51 - 1.44 (m, 11H); MS (EI) m/z: 303.4 [M+H]⁺.

Step 4: tert-butyl (5Z)-5-[(R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]iminospiro[7H-cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate

To a solution of tert-butyl 5-oxospiro[7H-cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (3.00 g, 9.92 mmol) in THF (30 mL), Ti(OEt)₄ (34.0 g, 149 mmol) and (R)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (4.81 g, 39.7 mmol) were added. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with EA (300 mL) and quenched with water (50 mL), and then filtered and extracted with EA (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 50 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by reverse phase flash column chromatography (0.1% ammonium hydroxide) to obtain tert-butyl (5Z)-5-[(R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]iminospiro[7H-cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (3.35 g, 83% yield) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 8.79 - 8.74 (m, 1H), 8.69 - 8.61 (m, 1H), 7.50 - 7.44 (m, 1H), 4.00 - 3.93 (m, 2H), 3.00 (s, 2H), 3.02 - 2.89 (m, 2H), 1.81 - 1.68 (m, 2H), 1.58 - 1.50 (m, 2H), 1.44 - 1.42 (m, 9H), 1.27 - 1.22 (m, 9H); MS (EI) m/z: 406.2 [M+H]⁺.

Step 5: tert-butyl (5S)-5-[[R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]amino]spiro[5,7-dihydrocyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate and tert-butyl (5R)-5-[[R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]amino]spiro[5,7-dihydrocyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate

To a solution of tert-butyl (5Z)-5-[(R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]iminospiro[7H-cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (2.00 g, 4.93 mmol) in THF (20 mL) was added LiBH₄ (537 mg, 24.7 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at -70 °C for 2 hours. The reaction

mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride (20 mL) at 0 °C, and then diluted with water (30 mL) and extracted with EA (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 20 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by Prep-HPLC Column: Welch Ultimate XB-CN 250*50*10 μ m, mobile phase: [hexane-EtOH(0.1% $\text{NH}_3\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$)], B%: 10%-50%, 15 minutes to obtain the following compounds as a yellow solid, respectively.

Tert-butyl (5S)-5-[[*(R)*-tert-butylsulfinyl]amino]spiro[5,7-dihydrocyclopenta[*b*]pyridine-6,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (630 mg, 31 % yield): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.56 - 8.51 (m, 1H), 8.33 - 8.26 (m, 1H), 7.38 - 7.32 (m, 1H), 4.56 - 4.51 (m, 1H), 4.07 - 3.96 (m, 2H), 3.60 - 3.51 (m, 1H), 3.36 - 3.27 (m, 1H), 2.98 (s, 2H), 1.83 - 1.71 (m, 1H), 1.50 - 1.47 (m, 11H), 1.34 - 1.26 (m, 11H); MS (EI) m/z : 408.3 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

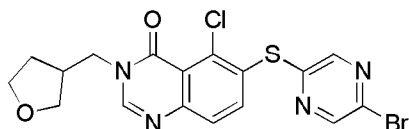
Tert-butyl (5R)-5-[[*(R)*-tert-butylsulfinyl]amino]spiro[5,7-dihydrocyclopenta[*b*]pyridine-6,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (150 mg, 7% yield): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.59 - 8.52 (m, 1H), 7.94 - 7.86 (m, 1H), 7.39 - 7.31 (m, 1H), 4.60 - 4.55 (m, 1H), 4.09 - 3.97 (m, 2H), 3.74 - 3.64 (m, 1H), 3.54 - 3.39 (m, 1H), 3.05 - 2.94 (m, 2H), 1.55 - 1.49 (m, 2H), 1.47 - 1.46 (m, 10H), 1.30 - 1.25 (m, 11H).

Step 6: (R)-2-methyl-N-[(5S)-spiro[5,7-dihydrocyclopenta[*b*]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-5-yl]propane-2-sulfinamide and (R)-2-methyl-N-[(5R)-spiro[5,7-dihydrocyclopenta[*b*]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-5-yl]propane-2-sulfinamide

To a solution of tert-butyl (5S)-5-[[*(R)*-tert-butylsulfinyl]amino]spiro[5,7-dihydrocyclopenta[*b*]pyridine-6,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (200 mg, 491 μ mol) in DCM (5 mL) was added TFA (1.68 g, 14.7 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was poured into aqueous K_2CO_3 (20 mL) at 25 °C, and then diluted with water (30 mL) and extracted with DCM (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 20 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain Intermediate I-25 (140 mg, 92% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) = 8.49 - 8.42 (m, 1H), 8.12 - 8.04 (m, 1H), 7.25 - 7.19 (m, 1H), 4.55 - 4.50 (m, 1H), 3.38 - 3.32 (m, 2H), 3.26 - 3.06 (m, 1H), 2.85 - 2.81 (m, 2H), 2.30 - 2.14 (m, 2H), 1.99 - 1.82 (m, 2H), 1.37 - 1.31 (m, 11H); MS (EI) m/z : 308.4 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Meanwhile, Intermediate I-26 (100 mg, 90% yield) was obtained as a yellow solid in the same method as in the preparation of Intermediate I-25, using tert-butyl (5R)-5-[[*(R)*-tert-butylsulfinyl]amino]spiro[5,7-dihydrocyclopenta[*b*]pyridine-6,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) = 8.46 - 8.41 (m, 1H), 7.61 - 7.59 (m, 1H), 7.16 - 7.12 (m, 1H), 4.55 - 4.52 (m, 1H), 4.08 - 4.01 (m, 1H), 3.23 - 3.11 (m, 2H), 2.91 - 2.81 (m, 3H), 2.26 - 2.20 (m, 1H), 1.81 - 1.75 (m, 1H), 1.67 - 1.63 (m, 1H), 1.33 - 1.31 (m, 11H), MS (EI) m/z : 308.4 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

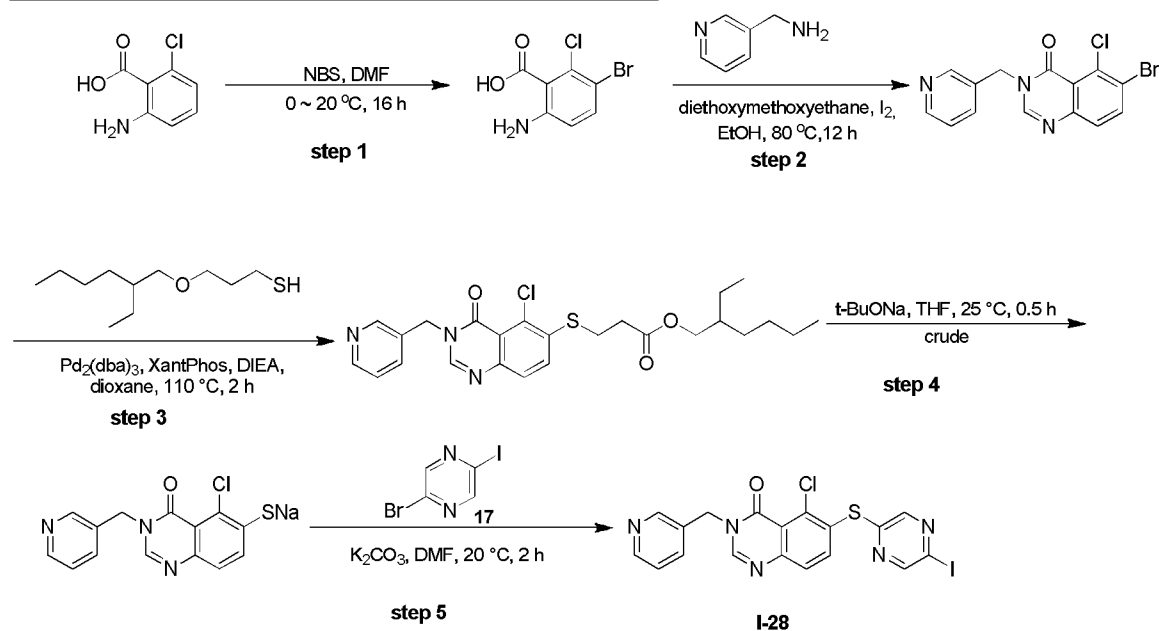
Preparation Example 26: 6-((5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-((tetrahydrofuran-3-yl)methyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one (Intermediate I-27)



I-27

Intermediate I-27 was obtained as a yellow solid in the same method as in Preparation Example 23, except that 3-(bromomethyl)tetrahydrofuran was used instead of bromomethylbenzene in step 1 of Preparation Example 23. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.37 (s, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 8.00 (s, 1H), 7.85 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.97 - 3.90 (m, 2H), 3.73 - 3.70 (m, 2H), 3.58 - 3.54 (m, 1H), 2.89 - 2.77 (m, 1H), 2.10 - 2.00 (m, 1H), 1.67 - 1.59 (m, 1H).

Preparation Example 27: 5-chloro-6-((5-iodopyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one (Intermediate I-28)



Step 1: 6-amino-3-bromo-2-chlorobenzoic acid

To a solution of 2-amino-6-chlorobenzoic acid (5 g, 29.1 mmol) in DMF (50 mL) was added NBS (5.71 g, 32.1 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched with water (100 mL) and extracted with EA (100 mL x 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 mL x 3), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain 6-amino-3-bromo-2-chlorobenzoic acid

acid (7 g, 96% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ = 7.40 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.47 (br s, 2H); MS (EI) m/z : 249.8 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

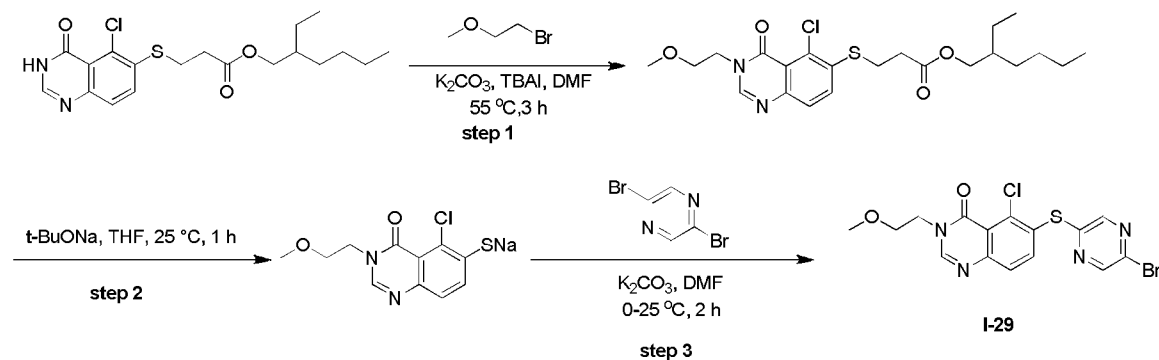
Step 2: 6-bromo-5-chloro-3-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

To a solution of 6-amino-3-bromo-2-chloro-benzoic acid (3 g, 12.0 mmol) in EtOH (60 mL), I_2 (304 mg, 1.20 mmol), diethoxymethoxyethane (2.66 g, 18.0 mmol) and 3-pyridylmethanamine (1.94 g, 18.0 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride (50 mL) at 25 °C, and then diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EA (100 mL x 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 mL x 3), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was triturated with MeOH (30 mL) to obtain 6-bromo-5-chloro-3-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one (1.5 g, 36% yield) as a brown solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.69 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.60 (dd, J = 1.2, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H), 7.96 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (dd, J = 4.8, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (s, 2H); MS (EI) m/z : 351.9 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 3 to Step 5: 5-chloro-6-((5-iodopyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

Intermediate I-28 was obtained as a yellow solid in the same method as in steps 2 to 4 of Preparation Example 23, using 5-chloro-6-((5-iodopyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one as a starting material. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.72 (s, 1H), 8.61 (s, 1H), 8.44 (s, 1H), 8.22 (s, 2H), 7.92 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (dd, J = 5.2, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (s, 2H); MS (EI) m/z : 508.0 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Preparation Example 28: 6-((5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one (Intermediate I-29)



Step 1: 2-ethylhexyl 3-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)propanoate

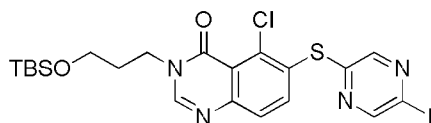
To a solution of ethyl 3-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)propionate (10g, 25.2mmol) in DMF (100 mL), 1-bromo-2-methoxy-ethane (4.2g, 30.2mmol), K_2CO_3 (6.96 g, 50.4 mmol) and TBAI (931 mg, 2.52 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 55 °C for 3

hours. The reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous ammonium chloride solution (50 mL), diluted with water (50 mL), and then extracted with EA (100 mL x 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 mL x 3), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (0.1% formic acid) to obtain 2-ethylhexyl 3-(5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)propanoate (6.8 g, 59% yield) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.67 - 7.59 (m, 2H), 4.15 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 4.05 (dd, J = 2.0, 5.8 Hz, 2H), 3.71 - 3.65 (m, 2H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 3.30 - 3.25 (m, 2H), 2.71 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.62 - 1.54 (m, 1H), 1.40 - 1.34 (m, 2H), 1.31 - 1.26 (m, 6H), 0.91 - 0.85 (m, 6H); MS (EI) m/z: 455.3 [M+H]⁺

Step 2 and Step 3: 6-((5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

Intermediate I-29 (1.4 g, 22%) was obtained as a yellow solid in the same method as in step 3 and 4 of Preparation Example 23, using 2-ethylhexyl 3-(5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)propanoate as a starting material. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.44 (s, 1H), 8.19 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.92 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.73 - 3.66 (m, 2H), 3.35 (s, 3H); MS (EI) m/z: 429.1 [M+H]⁺.

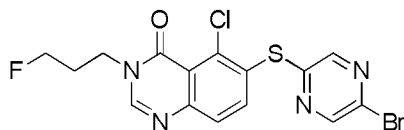
Preparation Example 29: 3-[3-[tert-butyl(dimethyl)silyl]oxypropyl]-5-chloro-6-(5-iodopyrazin-2-yl)thio-quinazolin-4(3H)-one (Intermediate I-30)



I-30

Intermediate I-30 (470mg, 32%) was prepared in the same method as in Preparation Example 28, except that (3-bromopropoxy)(tert-butyl)dimethylsilane was used instead of 1-bromo-2-methoxyethane in step 1 of Preparation Example 28. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.60 - 8.42 (m, 1H), 8.23 - 8.17 (m, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.91 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.68 - 7.61 (m, 1H), 4.13 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.67 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.06 - 1.97 (m, 2H), 0.92 (s, 9H), 0.08 (s, 6H).

Preparation Example 30: 6-(5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)thio-5-chloro-3-(3-fluoropropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one (Intermediate I-31)

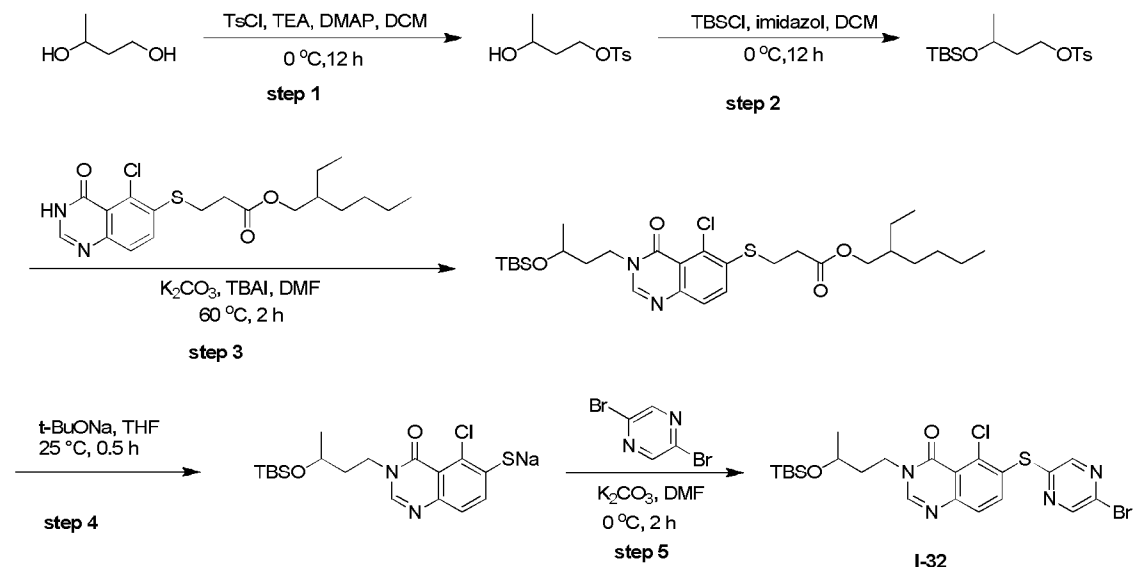


I-31

Intermediate I-31 (320mg, 20%) was prepared in the same method as in Preparation Example 28, except that 1-bromo-3-fluoropropane was used instead of 1-bromo-2-methoxyethane

in step 1 of Preparation Example 28. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.45 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.93 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.50 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.32 - 2.26 (m, 1H), 2.23 - 2.18 (m, 1H); MS (EI) m/z : 431.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Preparation Example 31: 6-(5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)thio-3-[3-[tert-butyl(dimethyl)silyloxybutyl]-5-chloro-quinazolin-4(3H)-one] (Intermediate I-32)



Step 1: 3-hydroxybutyl-4-methylbenzenesulfonate

To a solution of butane-1,3-diol (2.0 g, 22.2 mmol) and TEA (6.74 g, 66.6 mmol) in DMF (30 mL), TsCl (5.08 g, 26.6 mmol) and DMAP (271 mg, 2.22 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at $0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous ammonium chloride solution (50 mL), diluted with water (50 mL), and then extracted with DCM (100 mL x 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 mL x 3), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain 6-amino-3-bromo-2-chloro-benzoic acid (7 g, 96% yield) as a yellow solid. The residue was purified by column chromatography (PE / EA = 3/1) to obtain 3-hydroxybutyl-4-methylbenzenesulfonate (4.2 g, 77% yield). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 7.80 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.28 - 4.21 (m, 1H), 4.16 - 4.08 (m, 1H), 3.97 - 3.91 (m, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 1.88 - 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.74 - 1.72 (m, 1H), 1.72 - 1.65 (m, 1H), 1.19 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H).

Step 2: 3-[tert-butyl(dimethyl)silyl]oxybutyl 4-methylbenzenesulfonate

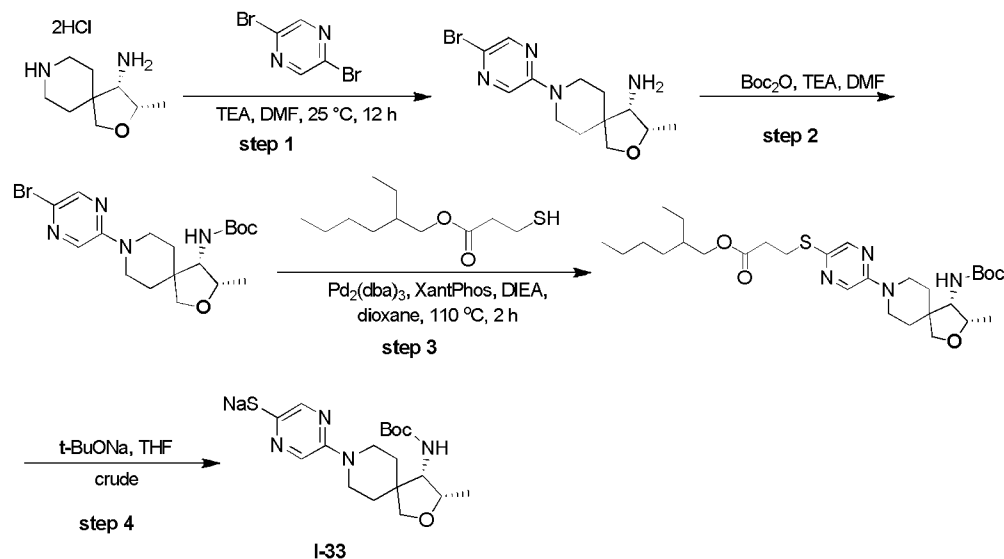
To a solution of 3-hydroxybutyl-4-methylbenzenesulfonate (4.0 g, 16.4 mmol) in DCM (40 mL), imidazole (2.79 g, 40.9 mmol) and DMAP (200 mg, 1.64 mmol) were added, and TBSCl (2.96 g, 19.7 mmol) was slowly added dropwise. The mixture was stirred at $0\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous ammonium chloride solution (50 mL), diluted with

water (100 ml), and then extracted with DCM (100 mL x 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 mL x 3), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain 6-amino-3-bromo-2-chloro-benzoic acid (7 g, 96% yield) as a yellow solid. The residue was purified by column chromatography (PE / EA = 15 / 1) to obtain 3-[tert-butyl(dimethyl)silyl]oxybutyl 4-methylbenzenesulfonate (5.3 g, 90% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.80 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.14 - 4.08 (m, 2H), 3.95 - 3.87 (m, 1H), 2.46 (s, 3H), 1.82 - 1.65 (m, 2H), 1.11 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H), 0.82 (s, 9H), 0.00 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 6H).

Steps 3 to 5: 6-(5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)thio-3-[3-[tert-butyl(dimethyl)silyl]oxybutyl]-5-chloro-quinazolin-4(3H)-one

Intermediate I-32 (320mg, 19%) was prepared in the same method as in Preparation Example 28, using 3-[tert-butyl(dimethyl)silyl]oxybutyl 4-methylbenzenesulfonate obtained in step 2 above as a starting material. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.44 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.19 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.09 (s, 1H), 7.91 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.10 - 4.06 (m, 2H), 4.02 - 3.96 (m, 1H), 2.03 - 1.95 (m, 1H), 1.90 - 1.81 (m, 1H), 1.22 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.93 (s, 9H), 0.10 (s, 6H); MS (EI) m/z: 557.1 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 32: Sodium 5-((3S,4S)-4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazine-2-thiolate (Intermediate I-33)



Step 1: (3S,4S)-8-(5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-amine

To a solution of (3S,4S)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-amine (5.00 g, 20.6 mmol, 2HCl) in DMF (50 mL), TEA (6.24 g, 61.7 mmol) and 2,5-dibromopyrazine (4.89 g, 20.6 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride (100 mL) at 25 °C, and then diluted with water (100

mL) and extracted with EA (3 x 200 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 100 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain (3S,4S)-8-(5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-amine (6.7 g, crude product) as a yellow oil, which was used directly in the next step. MS (EI) m/z: 329.1 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: tert-butyl N-[(3S,4S)-8-(5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl]carbamate

To a solution of (3S,4S)-8-(5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-amine (6.7 g, 20.5 mmol) in DMF (50 mL), Boc₂O (6.70 g, 30.7 mmol) and TEA (3.11 g, 30.7 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride (100 mL) at 25 °C, and then diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EA (3 x 200 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 100 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by column chromatography (PE/EA = 5:1) to obtain tert-butyl N-[(3S,4S)-8-(5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl]carbamate (5.5 g, 63% yield) as a yellow solid. MS (EI) m/z: 429.1 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: 2-ethylhexyl 3-((5-((3S,4S)-4-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)propanoate

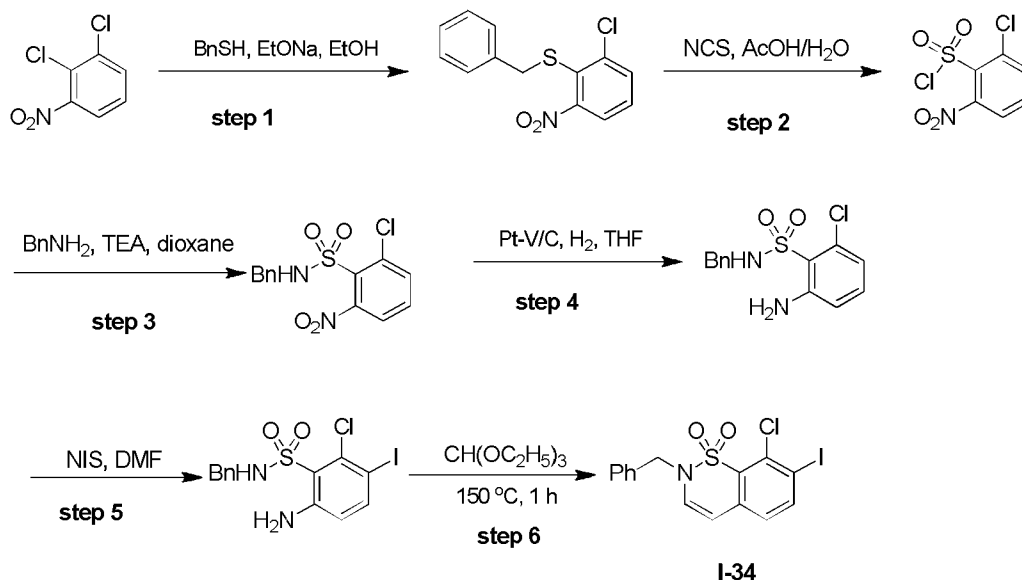
A mixture of tert-butyl N-[(3S,4S)-8-(5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl]carbamate (5.50 g, 12.9 mmol), 2-ethylhexyl 3-sulfanylpropanoate (4.22 g, 19.3 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (1.18 g, 1.29 mmol), XantPhos (1.49 g, 2.57 mmol) and DIEA (4.96 g, 38.6 mmol) in dioxane (80 mL) was degassed and purged 3 times with N₂, and then the mixture was stirred under N₂ atmosphere at 110 °C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by column chromatography (PE/EA = 3:1) to obtain 2-ethylhexyl 3-[5-[(3S,4S)-4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanylpropanoate (5.00 g, 69% yield) as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.08 (s, 1H), 8.06 (s, 1H), 4.63 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 4.23 - 4.13 (m, 1H), 4.01 (dd, J = 5.8, 2.6 Hz, 2H), 3.82 - 3.59 (m, 4H), 3.57 - 3.46 (m, 1H), 3.44 - 3.33 (m, 1H), 3.28 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.69 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.92 - 1.71 (m, 4H), 1.62 - 1.52 (m, 2H), 1.45 (s, 9H), 1.41 - 1.32 (m, 3H), 1.30 - 1.27 (m, 6H), 1.21 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 0.93 - 0.86 (m, 6H); MS (EI) m/z: 565.4 [M+H]⁺.

Step 4: Sodium 5-((3S,4S)-4-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]pyrazine-2-thiolate

To a solution of 2-ethylhexyl 3-[5-[(3S,4S)-4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanylpropanoate (270 mg, 478 μmol) in THF (5

mL) was added t-BuONa (68.9 mg, 717 μ mol), and the mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 0.5 hours. The residue was triturated with PE (10 mL) to obtain Intermediate I-33 (150 mg, crude product) as a yellow solid, which was used directly in the next step. MS (EI) m/z: 381.1 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 33: 2-benzyl-8-chloro-7-iodo-2H-benzo[e][1,2,4]thiazine 1,1-dioxide (Intermediate I-34)



Step 1: benzyl (2-chloro-6-nitrophenyl)sulfane

To a solution of phenylmethanthiol(BnSH) (3.23 g, 26.0 mmol) in EtOH (50 mL) was added EtONa (1.95 g, 28.7 mmol). Subsequently, the mixture was added with 1,2-dichloro-3-nitrobenzene (5.0 g, 26.0 mmol) and then stirred at 80 °C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride (20 mL) at 25 °C, and then diluted with water (30 mL) and extracted with EA (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 20 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by column chromatography (PE/EA = 10:1) to obtain benzyl (2-chloro-6-nitrophenyl)sulfane (5.7 g, 78% yield) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 7.86 (dd, J=8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (dd, J=8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.60 - 7.56 (m, 1H), 7.25 - 7.19 (m, 3H), 7.12 - 7.07 (m, 2H), 4.15 (s, 2H).

Step 2: 2-chloro-6-nitrobenzenesulfonyl chloride

To a solution of 2-benzylsulfanyl-1-chloro-3-nitrobenzene (3.70 g, 13.2 mmol) in AcOH(40 mL) and H₂O(13 mL) was added NCS (7.06 g, 52.9 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 3 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EA (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by column chromatography (PE/EA=5:1) to obtain 2-chloro-6-nitrobenzenesulfonyl chloride (2.70 g,

79% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ = 7.65 - 7.60 (m, 1H), 7.50 - 7.46 (m, 2H).

Step 3: N-benzyl-2-chloro-6-nitrobenzenesulfonamide

To a solution of 2-chloro-6-nitrobenzenesulfonyl chloride (2.80 g, 10.9 mmol) in dioxane (30 mL), TEA (1.66 g, 16.4 mmol) and phenylmethanamine (BnNH_2) (1.76 g, 16.40 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 0°C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride (50 mL) at 25°C , and then diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EA (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 50 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by column chromatography (PE/EA=5:1) to obtain N-benzyl-2-chloro-6-nitrobenzenesulfonamide (2.5 g, 70% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ = 9.09 (br s, 1H), 7.81 - 7.76 (m, 1H), 7.75 - 7.69 (m, 2 H), 7.24 - 7.11 (m, 5H), 4.14 (s, 2H).

Step 4: 2-amino-N-benzyl-6-chlorobenzenesulfonamide

To a solution of N-benzyl-2-chloro-6-nitrobenzenesulfonamide (2.00 g, 6.12 mmol) in THF (30 mL) was added Pt-V/C (239 mg, 1.22 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at 25°C for 2 hours under H_2 atmosphere (15psi). The reaction mixture was filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain 2-amino-N-benzyl-6-chlorobenzenesulfonamide (1.8 g, 99% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ = 8.20 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.30 - 7.16 (m, 5H), 7.10 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (dd, J = 8.4, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (dd, J = 7.6, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (s, 2H), 4.03 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H); MS (EI) m/z : 297.0 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 5: 6-amino-N-benzyl-2-chloro-3-iodobenzenesulfonamide

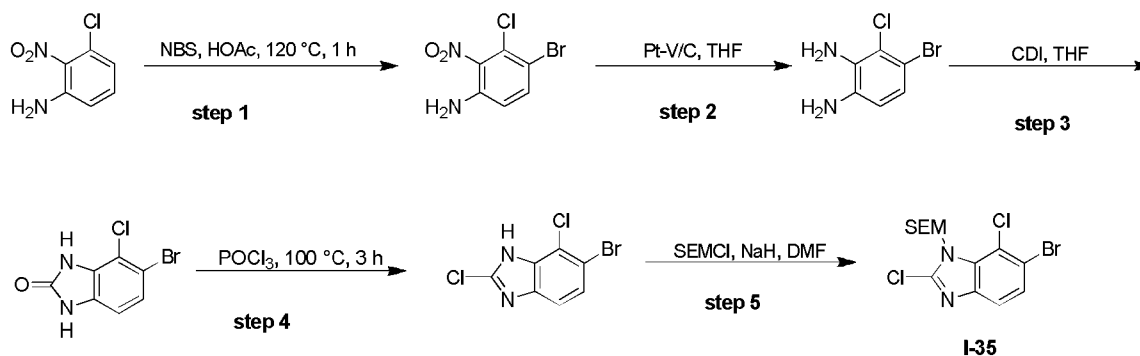
To a solution of 2-amino-N-benzyl-6-chloro-benzenesulfonamide (2.00 g, 6.74 mmol) in DMF (20 mL) was added N-iodosuccinimide (NIS) (1.67 g, 7.41 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at 80°C for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride (20 mL) at 25°C , and then diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EA (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 20 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by column chromatography (PE/EA=3:1) to obtain 6-amino-N-benzyl-2-chloro-3-iodobenzenesulfonamide (2.4 g, 84% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ = 8.34 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.26 - 7.14 (m, 5H), 6.70 (br s, 2H), 6.55 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 4.02 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H); MS (EI) m/z : 422.9 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 6: 2-benzyl-8-chloro-7-iodo-2H-benzo[e][1,2,4]thiazine 1,1-dioxide

To a solution of 6-amino-N-benzyl-2-chloro-3-iodobenzenesulfonamide (2.3 g, 5.44 mmol) in diethoxymethoxyethane (24.1 g, 163 mmol) was added triethyl orthoformate, and the mixture was stirred at 150°C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was filtered and concentrated under reduced

pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was triturated with MeOH (30 mL) to obtain Intermediate I-34 (2.1 g, 89% yield) as an off-white solid.

Preparation Example 34: 6-bromo-2,7-dichloro-1-((2-trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (Intermediate I-35)



Step 1: 4-bromo-3-chloro-2-nitroaniline

To a solution of 3-chloro-2-nitroaniline (5.0 g, 29.0 mmol) in HOAc (250 mL) was added NBS (5.16 g, 29.0 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at 120 °C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was quenched with water (100 mL) and extracted with EA (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 100 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by column chromatography (PE/EA = 10/1) to obtain 4-bromo-3-chloro-2-nitroaniline (5.35 g, 73% yield) as a brown solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ = 7.56 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (s, 2H).

Step 2: 4-bromo-3-chlorobenzene-1,2-diamine

To a solution of 4-bromo-3-chloro-2-nitroaniline (3.8 g, 15.1 mmol) in THF (40 mL) was added Pt-V/C (983 mg, 151 μmol, 3% purity), and the mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 1 hour under H₂ atmosphere (15 psi). The reaction mixture was filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain 4-bromo-3-chloro-benzene-1,2-diamine (3.1 g, 90% yield) as a brown solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ = 6.70 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (br s, 4H).

Step 3: 5-bromo-4-chloro-1,3-dihydrobenzimidazol-2-one

To a solution of 4-bromo-3-chloro-benzene-1,2-diamine (470 mg, 2.12 mmol) in DMF (25 mL) was added 1,1'-carbodiimide(CDI) (413 mg, 2.55 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was poured into water (40 mL), thereby obtaining an off-white precipitate. The solid was collected and washed with EA (40 mL), and then dried under vacuum to obtain 5-bromo-4-chloro-1,3-dihydrobenzimidazol-2-one (370 mg, 71% yield) as an off-white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ = 11.36 (s, 1H), 11.05 (s, 1H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H).

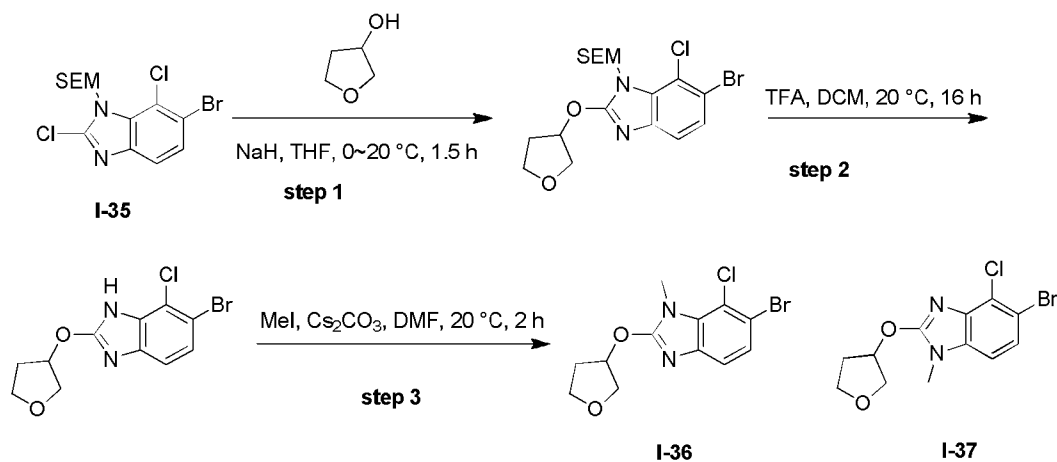
Step 4: 6-bromo-2,7-dichloro-1H-benzimidazole

A solution of 5-bromo-4-chloro-1,3-dihydrobenzimidazol-2-one (350 mg, 1.41 mmol) in POCl₃ (2 mL) was stirred at 100 °C for 3 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was quenched by addition of aqueous NaHCO₃ (20 mL) at 25 °C, and then diluted with water (30 mL) and extracted with EA (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 20 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain 6-bromo-2,7-dichloro-1H-benzimidazole (340 mg, 90% yield) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 7.55 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H); MS (EI) m/z: 267.0 [M+H]⁺.

Step 5: 6-bromo-2,7-dichloro-1-((2-trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole

To a solution of 6-bromo-2,7-dichloro-1H-benzimidazole (290 mg, 1.09 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) was added NaH (48.0 mg, 1.20 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 0.5 hours. Subsequently, the mixture was slowly added with 2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxymethyl chloride (SEM-Cl) (273 mg, 1.64 mmol) in THF (5 mL) and then stirred at 0 °C for 1.5 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride (20 mL) at 25 °C, and then diluted with water (30 mL) and extracted with EA (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 20 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by column chromatography (PE/EA = 30/1) to obtain Intermediate I-35 (400 mg, 93% yield) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.61 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.66 - 3.63 (m, 2H), 3.60 - 3.53 (m, 2H), 0.94 - 0.88 (m, 2H), 0.04 (s, 9H); MS (EI) m/z: 397.1 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 35: 6-bromo-7-chloro-1-methyl-2-tetrahydrofuran-3-yloxy-benzimidazole (Intermediate I-36) and 5-bromo-4-chloro-1-methyl-2-tetrahydrofuran-3-yloxy-benzimidazole (Intermediate I-37)



Step 1: 2-[(6-bromo-7-chloro-2-tetrahydrofuran-3-yloxy)-benzimidazol-1-yl)methoxy]ethyl-trimethyl-silane

To a mixture of tetrahydrofuran-3-ol (166 mg, 1.89 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was added NaH (75.5 mg, 1.89 mmol, 60% purity) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred under nitrogen atmosphere at 0 °C for 0.5 hours. Then, a solution of Intermediate I-35 (500 mg, 1.26 mmol) in THF (2 mL) was added at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred under nitrogen atmosphere at 20 °C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was quenched with water (10 mL) at 0 °C, and then diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with EA (3 X 20 mL). The organic layer was washed with brine (2 X 30 mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified by reverse phase flash column chromatography (0.1% FA condition) to obtain 2-[(6-bromo-7-chloro-2-tetrahydrofuran-3-yloxy-benzimidazol-1-yl)methoxy]ethyl-trimethyl-silane (230 mg, 41% yield) as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.41 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.91 - 5.83 (m, 1H), 5.35 (s, 2H), 4.14 - 4.06 (m, 2H), 4.05 - 3.99 (m, 1H), 3.98 - 3.91 (m, 1H), 3.54 - 3.49 (m, 2H), 2.44 - 2.33 (m, 1H), 2.31 - 2.22 (m, 1H), 0.90 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), -0.03 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 9H).

Step 2: 6-bromo-7-chloro-2-tetrahydrofuran-3-yloxy-1H-benzimidazole

To a mixture of 2-[(6-bromo-7-chloro-2-tetrahydrofuran-3-yloxy-benzimidazol-1-yl)methoxy]ethyl-trimethyl-silane (230 mg, 513 μmol) in DCM (2 mL) was added TFA (3.08 g, 27.0 mmol, 2 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at 20 °C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was diluted with water (10 mL) and basified with saturated aqueous K₂CO₃ solution until the pH became 7. The mixture was extracted with EA (3 X 10 mL). The organic layer was washed with brine (2 X 50 mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum to obtain 6-bromo-7-chloro-2-tetrahydrofuran-3-yloxy-1H-benzimidazole (160 mg, 98% yield) as a yellow oil. MS (EI) m/z: 318.9 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: 6-bromo-7-chloro-1-methyl-2-tetrahydrofuran-3-yloxy-benzimidazole and 5-bromo-4-chloro-1-methyl-2-tetrahydrofuran-3-yloxy-benzimidazole

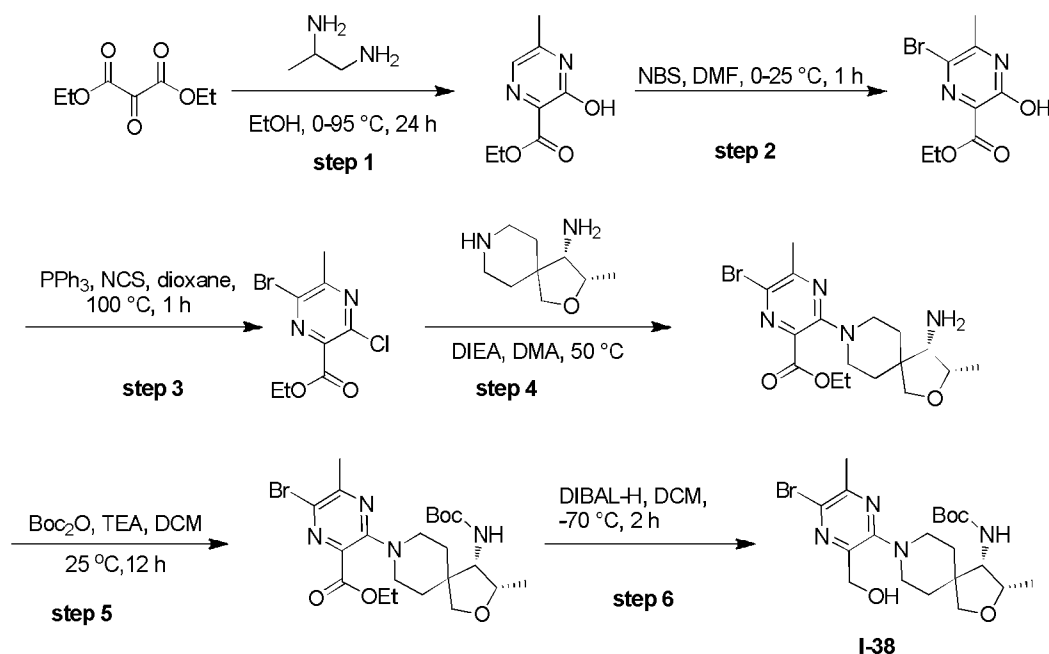
To a mixture of 6-bromo-7-chloro-2-tetrahydrofuran-3-yloxy-1H-benzimidazole (160 mg, 503 μmol) and Cs₂CO₃ (492 mg, 1.51 mmol) in DMF (5 mL) was added MeI (107 mg, 755 μmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 20 °C for 2 hours, diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with EA (3 X 20 mL). The organic layer was washed with brine (2 X 50 mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Phenomenex luna C18 150*25 mm* 10 μm; mobile phase: [water(FA)-I]; B%: 44%-64%, 2 minutes) to obtain Intermediate I-36 and Intermediate I-37 as a yellow solid, respectively.

6-bromo-7-chloro-1-methyl-2-tetrahydrofuran-3-yloxy-benzimidazole (53 mg, 31% yield): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.40 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.71-5.63 (m,

1H), 4.15-4.09 (m, 1H), 4.09-4.02 (m, 2H), 3.98-3.91 (m, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 2.43-2.34 (m, 1H), 2.33-2.24 (m, 1H).

5-bromo-4-chloro-1-methyl-2-tetrahydrofuran-3-yloxy-benzimidazole(40 mg, 24% yield): ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 7.39 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.87-5.82 (m, 1H), 4.15-4.10 (m, 1H), 4.09-4.02 (m, 2H), 3.97 - 3.91 (m, 1H), 3.55 (s, 3H), 2.46-2.34 (m, 1H), 2.33-2.22 (m, 1H).

Preparation Example 36: tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-8-(5-bromo-3-(hydroxymethyl)-6-methylpyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate (Intermediate I-38)



Step 1: ethyl 3-hydroxy-5-methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylate

To a stirred mixture of propan-1,2-diamine (25.5 g, 344 mmol) in EtOH (300 mL) was added diethyl 2-oxopropanedioate (59.9 g, 344 mmol) dropwise at 0 °C, the mixture was warmed to 25 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 2 hours, and then the reaction mixture was stirred at 95 °C for 18 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was triturated with EA (100 mL) to obtain ethyl 3-hydroxy-5-methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylate (10 g, 16% yield) as a red solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 11.46 (br s, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 4.55 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.58 (s, 3H), 1.49 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H).

Step 2: ethyl 6-bromo-3-hydroxy-5-methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylate

To a solution of ethyl 3-hydroxy-5-methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylate (2.85 g, 15.6 mmol) in DMF (60 mL) was added NBS (2.92 g, 16.4 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride (50 mL) at 25 °C,

and then diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EA (100 mL x 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 mL x 3), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by column chromatography (PE/EA=10/1 to 5:1) to obtain ethyl 6-bromo-3-hydroxy-5-methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylate (2.65 g, 65% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ = 12.56 (br s, 1H), 4.35 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.37 (s, 3H), 1.34 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 261.3 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 3: ethyl 6-bromo-3-chloro-5-methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylate

To PPh_3 (3.01 g, 11.5 mmol) in dioxane (30 mL) was added NCS (1.56 g, 11.68 mmol), and the resulting mixture was warmed to 25 °C and stirred for 30 minutes, and then ethyl 6-bromo-3-hydroxy-5-methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylate (1 g, 3.83 mmol) was added at once, and the resulting mixture was warmed to 100 °C and stirred for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was then cooled to room temperature and added with TEA (3.88 g, 38.3 mmol). The reaction mixture was filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by column chromatography (PE/EA = 15/1 to 10:1) to obtain ethyl 6-bromo-3-chloro-5-methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylate (0.3 g, 28% yield) as a yellow oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 4.53 - 4.44 (m, 2H), 2.71 (s, 3H), 1.44 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H).

Step 4: ethyl 3-[(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]-6-bromo-5-methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylate

To a solution of ethyl 6-bromo-3-chloro-5-methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylate (0.3 g, 1.07 mmol) in DMA (4 mL), DIEA (694 mg, 5.37 mmol) and (3S,4S)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-amine (287 mg, 1.18 mmol, 2HCl) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride (20 mL) at 25 °C, and then diluted with water (30 mL) and extracted with EA (50 mL x 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (20 mL x 3), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by reverse phase flash column chromatography (0.1% FA) to obtain ethyl 3-[(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]-6-bromo-5-methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylate (350 mg, crude product) as a yellow oil. MS (EI) m/z : 415.3 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 5: ethyl 6-bromo-3-[(3S,4S)-4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]-5-methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylate

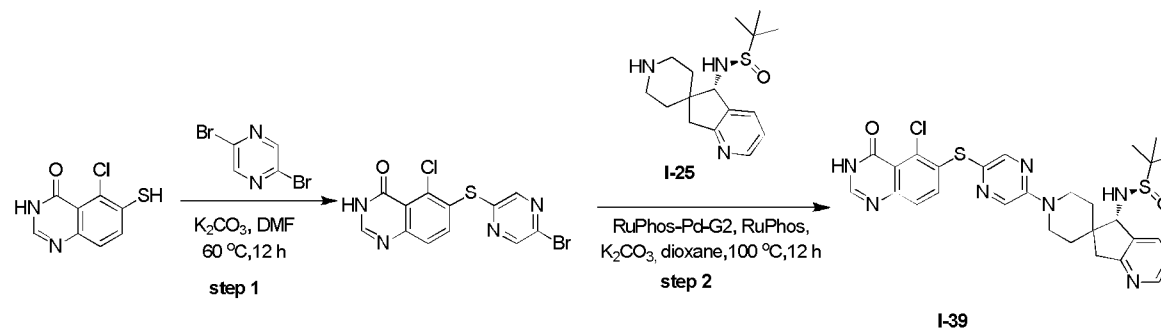
To a solution of ethyl 3-[(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]-6-bromo-5-methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylate (250 mg, 605 μmol) in DCM (10 mL), Boc_2O (198 mg, 907 μmol) and TEA (184 mg, 1.81 mmol) were added. The mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by reverse phase flash column chromatography (0.1% FA) to obtain ethyl 6-bromo-3-[(3S,4S)-4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-

azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]-5-methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylate (250 mg, 80% yield) as a yellow solid. MS (EI) m/z : 513.2 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 6: tert-butyl N-[(3S,4S)-8-[5-bromo-3-(hydroxymethyl)-6-methyl-pyrazin-2-yl]-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl]carbamate

To a solution of ethyl 6-bromo-3-[(3S,4S)-4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]-5-methyl-pyrazine-2-carboxylate (150 mg, 292 μ mol) in DCM (5 mL) was added diisobutylaluminum hydride (DIBAL-H) (1 M in toluene, 1.17 mL), and the mixture was stirred at -70°C for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of 2 mL of MeOH at -70°C and then diluted with DCM (50 mL). The mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by Pre-TLC (PE/EA = 1:1) to obtain Intermediate I-38 (120 mg, 87% yield) as a yellow solid. MS (EI) m/z : 471.3 $[M+H]^+$.

Preparation Example 37: (R)-N-((S)-1'-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-5-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (Intermediate I-39)



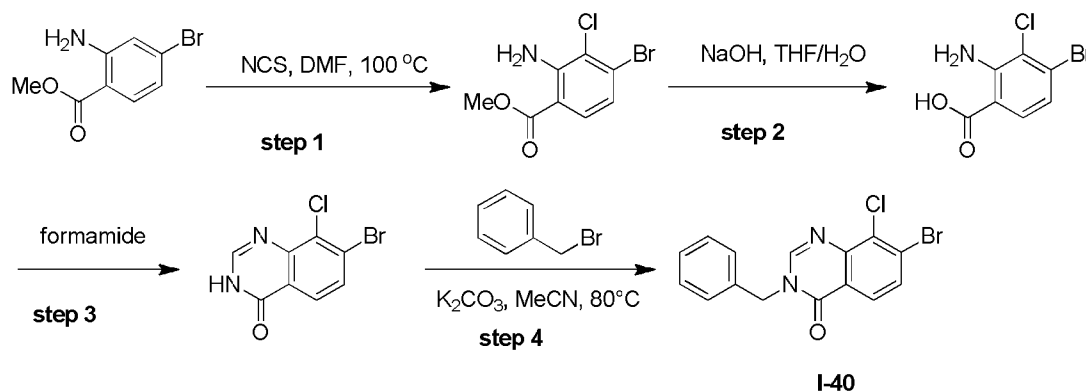
Step 1: 6-(5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)sulfanyl-5-chloro-3H-quinazolin-4-one

To a solution of 5-chloro-6-mercaptoquinazolin-4(3H)-one (880 mg, 3.75 mmol) in DMF (20 mL), K_2CO_3 (1.56 g, 11.3 mmol) and 2,5-dibromopyrazine (3.57 g, 15.00 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 0°C for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride (50 mL) at 25°C , and then diluted with water (50 mL) and extracted with EA (100 mL x 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 mL x 3), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by column chromatography (PE/EA=1/1 to 0:1) to obtain 6-(5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)sulfanyl-5-chloro-3H-quinazolin-4-one (500 mg, 36% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ = 12.50 (br s, 1H), 8.71 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 8.46 – 8.43 (m, 1H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H); MS (EI) m/z : 371.1 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 2: (R)-N-((S)-1'-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-5-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

A mixture of 6-(5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)sulfanyl-5-chloro-3H-quinazolin-4-one (150 mg, 406 μmol), Intermediate I-25 (150 mg, 487 μmol), [2-(2-aminophenyl)phenyl]-chloro-palladium; dicyclohexyl-[2-(2,6-diisopropoxyphenyl)phenyl]phosphane (RuPhos-Pd-G2) (31.5 mg, 40.6 μmol), 2-dicyclohexylphosphino-2',6'-diisopropoxybiphenyl(RuPhos) (37.8 mg, 81.2 μmol) and K_2CO_3 (168 mg, 1.22 mmol) in dioxane (5 mL) was degassed and purged 3 times with N_2 , and then the mixture was stirred under N_2 atmosphere at 100°C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of MeOH (2 mL) at -70°C , diluted with DCM (50 mL), and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by reverse phase flash column chromatography (0.1% FA) to obtain Intermediate I-39 (80 mg, 33% yield) as a yellow solid. MS (EI) m/z : 596.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Preparation Example 38: 3-benzyl-7-bromo-8-chloro-quinazolin-4-one (Intermediate I-40)



Step 1: methyl 2-amino-4-bromo-3-chlorobenzoate

To a solution of methyl 2-amino-4-bromo-benzoate (20.0 g, 86.9 mmol) in DMF (200 mL) was added NCS (12.7 g, 95.6 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 100°C for 4 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with water (300 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 200 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 150 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (PE:EA = 1:0), and then crude product was purified by reverse phase flash column chromatography (0.1% FA condition) to obtain methyl 2-amino-4-bromo-3-chloro-benzoate (4 g, 17% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 7.67 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.49 (br s, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H).

Step 2: 2-amino-4-bromo-3-chloro-benzoic acid

To a solution of methyl 2-amino-4-bromo-3-chloro-benzoate (2.00 g, 7.56 mmol) in THF (18 mL) and water (6 mL) was added NaOH (1.51 g, 37.8 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 40 °C for 12 hours. The residue was adjusted to pH 6 with 1M HCl to obtain a white solid precipitate. The solid was collected and then dried under vacuum to obtain 2-amino-4-bromo-3-chloro-benzoic acid (1.80 g, 95% yield) as a white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 13.16 (br s, 1H), 7.64 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (br s, 2H), 6.94 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H).

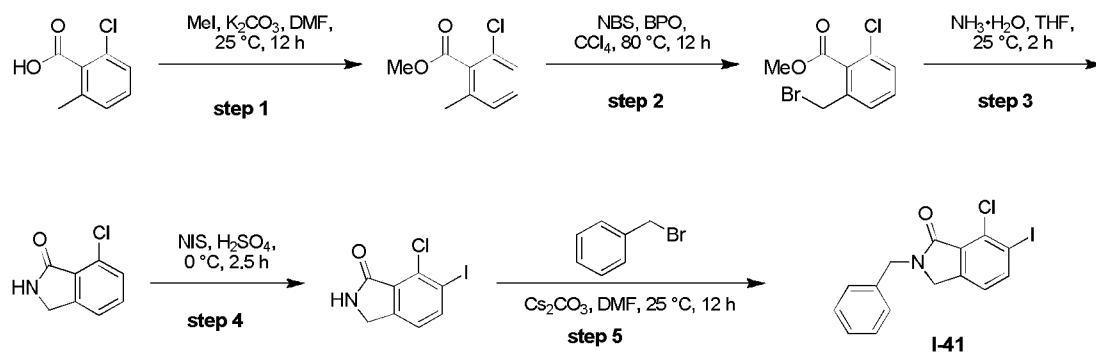
Step 3: 7-bromo-8-chloro-3H-quinazolin-4-one

A solution of 2-amino-4-bromo-3-chloro-benzoic acid (1.00 g, 3.99 mmol) in formamide (6.78 g, 150 mmol, 6 mL) was stirred at 140 °C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate was washed with EA (20 mL). The filter cake was dried under vacuum to obtain 7-bromo-8-chloro-3H-quinazolin-4-one (900 mg, crude product) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.84 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H).

Step 4: 3-benzyl-7-bromo-8-chloro-quinazolin-4-one

A mixture of 7-bromo-8-chloro-3H-quinazolin-4-one (300 mg, 1.16 mmol), benzyl bromide (395 mg, 2.31 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (479 mg, 3.47 mmol) in acetonitrile (MeCN) (2 mL) was stirred at 80 °C for 24 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate was purified by reverse phase flash column chromatography (0.1% FA) to obtain Intermediate I-40 (60 mg, 14% yield) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 8.74 (s, 1H), 7.90 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.28~7.38 (m, 5H), 5.19 (s, 2H).

Preparation Example 39: 2-benzyl-7-chloro-6-iodoisoindolin-1-one (Intermediate I-41)



Step 1: methyl 2-chloro-6-methylbenzoate

To a solution of 2-chloro-6-methylbenzoic acid (10.0 g, 58.6 mmol) in DMF (100 mL), MeI (24.9 g, 175 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (12.1 g, 87.9 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride (100 mL) at 25 °C, and then diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EA (3 x 200 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 100 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain methyl 2-

chloro-6-methyl-benzoate (10.5 g, 97% yield) as a yellow oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 7.25 - 7.21 (m, 2H), 7.13 - 7.10 (m, 1H), 3.99 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 185.0 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 2: methyl 2-(bromomethyl)-6-chloro-benzoate

To a solution of methyl 2-chloro-6-methyl-benzoate (7.90 g, 42.8 mmol) in CCl_4 (70 mL), NBS (8.38 g, 47.1 mmol) and benzoyl peroxide (BPO) (207 mg, 856 μmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain methyl 2-(bromomethyl)-6-chloro-benzoate (10 g, crude product) as a yellow oil. MS (EI) m/z : 263.0 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 3: 7-chloroisoindolin-1-one

To a solution of methyl 2-(bromomethyl)-6-chloro-benzoate (10.0 g, 38.0 mmol) in THF (50 mL) was added $\text{NH}_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ (53.2 g, 379 mmol, 30% purity), and the mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride (50 mL) at 25 °C, and then diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with EA (3 x 150 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 100 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by column chromatography (PE/EA = 0/1) to obtain 7-chloroisoindolin-1-one (2.8 g, 44% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ = 8.69 (br s, 1H), 7.60 - 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.46 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (s, 2H).

Step 4: 7-chloro-6-iodo-isoindolin-1-one

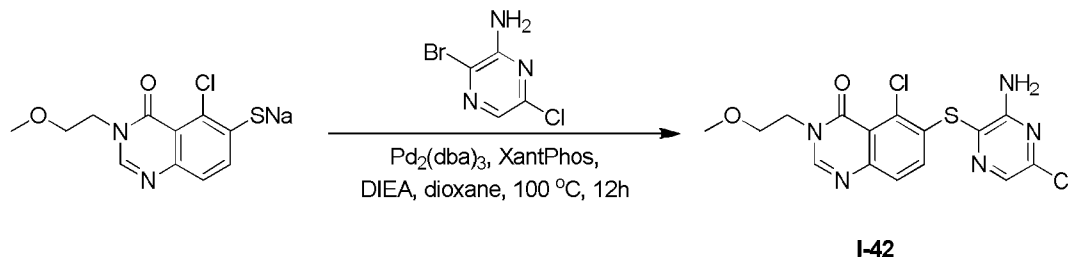
To a solution of 7-chloroisoindolin-1-one (12 g, 71.6 mmol) in H_2SO_4 (120 mL) was added NIS (20.9 g, 93.0 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 2.5 hours. The reaction mixture was poured into ice water, and then diluted with water (200 mL) and extracted with EA (3 x 300 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 150 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by column chromatography (PE/EA = 1:1) to obtain 7-chloro-6-iodo-isoindolin-1-one (3 g, 14% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ = 8.75 (br s, 1H), 8.15 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (s, 2H); MS (EI) m/z : 293.8 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 5: 2-benzyl-7-chloro-6-iodoisoindolin-1-one

To a solution of 7-chloro-6-iodo-isoindolin-1-one (500 mg, 1.70 mmol), bromomethylbenzene (437 mg, 2.56 mmol) in DMF (10 mL) was added Cs_2CO_3 (1.11 g, 3.41 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride (20 mL) at 25 °C, and then diluted with water (30 mL) and extracted with EA (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 20 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Phenomenex luna C18 150*40mm*15 μm ; mobile phase: [water(FA)-ACN]; B%: 50%-80%, 10 minutes) to obtain

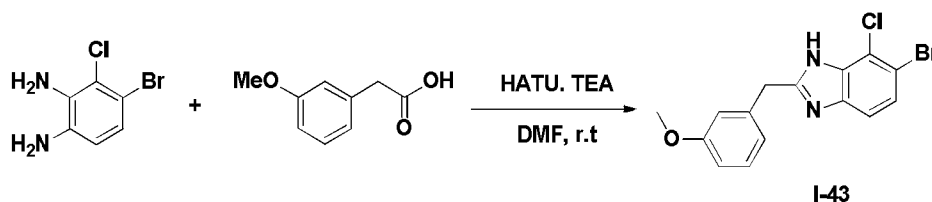
Intermediate I-41 (80 mg, 20% yield) as a white solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.00 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.37 - 7.27 (m, 5H), 7.02 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (s, 2H), 4.17 (s, 2H).

Preparation Example 40: 6-(3-amino-5-chloro-pyrazin-2-yl)sulfanyl-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4-one (Intermediate I-42)



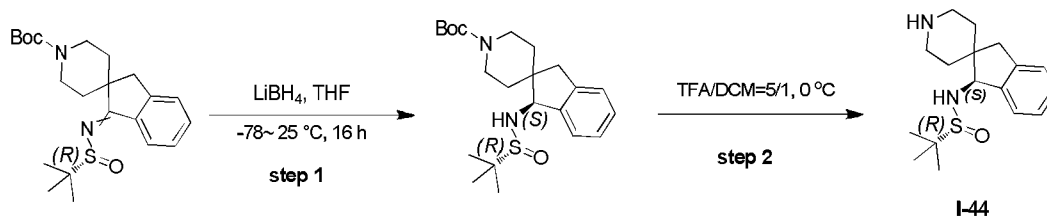
A mixture of [5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-quinazolin-6-yl]sulfanyl sodium (630 mg, 2.15 mmol) obtained in step 2 of Preparation Example 28, 3-bromo-6-chloro-pyrazine-2-amine (538 mg, 2.58 mmol), $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$ (197 mg, 215 μmol), XantPhos (249 mg, 431 μmol) and DIEA (835 mg, 6.46 mmol) in dioxane (20 mL) was degassed, and purged 3 times with N_2 , and then the mixture was stirred under N_2 atmosphere at 100 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by reverse phase flash column chromatography (0.1% FA) to obtain Intermediate I-42 (120 mg, 14% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.08 (s, 1H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.57 - 7.53 (m, 1H), 7.49 - 7.45 (m, 1H), 5.16 (br s, 2H), 4.16 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.68 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.33 (s, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 398.0 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Preparation Example 41: 6-bromo-7-chloro-2-(3-methoxybenzyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (Intermediate I-43)



4-bromo-3-chlorobenzene-1,2-diamine (150 mg, 0.677 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (8.2 mL, 0.15 M), and 2-(3-methoxyphenyl)acetic acid (113 mg, 0.677 mmol), HATU (515 mg, 1.354 mmol) and TEA (0.19 mL, 1.354 mmol) were added thereto, and then stirred at room temperature for 8 hours. The reaction was terminated with H_2O and extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:3) and concentrated to obtain Intermediate I-43 (150 mg, yield 60%). MS (EI) m/z : 351.6 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Preparation Example 42: (S)-2-methyl-N-[(1R)-spiro[indane-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl]propane-2-sulfinamide (Intermediate I-44)



Step 1: tert-butyl (S)-1-(((R)-tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate

To a solution of tert-butyl 1-[(R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]iminospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (800 mg, 1.98 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was added LiBH₄ (129 mg, 5.93 mmol) under N₂ at -78 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at -78~25 °C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of NH₄Cl (10 mL) at 0 °C, and then diluted with water (10 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 X 20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (2 X 20 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, and then filtered and concentrated under vacuum to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Welch Ultimate XB-CN 250*70*10 μm; mobile phase: [hexane-EtOH(0.1% NH₃·H₂O)]; B%: 1%-35%, 15 minutes) to obtain tert-butyl (1S)-1-[(R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]amino]spiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (540 mg, 67% yield) and tert-butyl (1R)-1-[(R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]amino]spiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (130 mg, 16% yield) as a white solid, respectively.

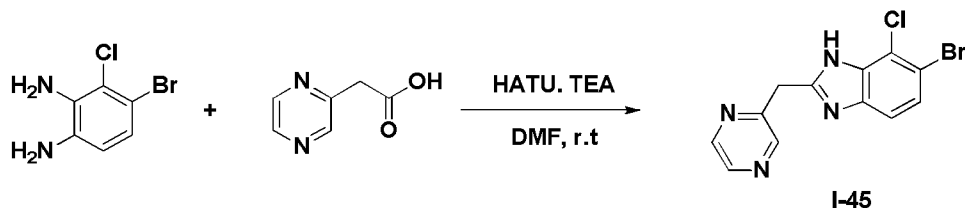
Tert-butyl (1S)-1-[(R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]amino]spiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.23 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.18 - 7.12 (m, 3H), 4.43 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 4.02 - 3.87 (m, 2H), 3.57 - 3.38 (m, 1H), 3.11 - 2.74 (m, 4H), 2.69 - 2.58 (m, 1H), 2.09 - 1.96 (m, 1H), 1.47 - 1.42 (m, 2H), 1.39 (s, 9H), 1.22 (s, 9H).

Step 3: (R)-N-((S)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfonamide

A mixture of tert-butyl (1S)-1-[(R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]amino]spiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (100 mg, 245 μmol) and TFA (1.30 mL) in DCM (5 mL) was stirred at 0 °C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was diluted with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (10 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (2 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (2 x 10 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, and then filtered and concentrated under vacuum to obtain Intermediate I-44 (70 mg, 92% yield) as a colorless oil.

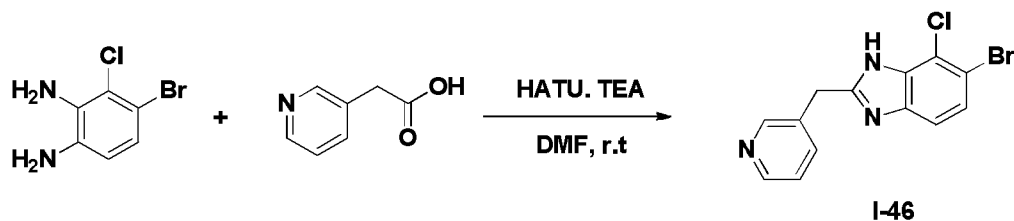
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.26 - 7.19 (m, 3H), 4.49 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 4.01 (br s, 1H), 3.63 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.20 - 3.02 (m, 3H), 2.94 - 2.66 (m, 3H), 2.23 - 2.21 (m, 1H), 1.72 - 1.66 (m, 1H), 1.60 - 1.57 (m, 1H), 1.33 (s, 9H), 1.19 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H).

Preparation Example 43: 6-bromo-7-chloro-2-(pyrazin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (Intermediate I-45)



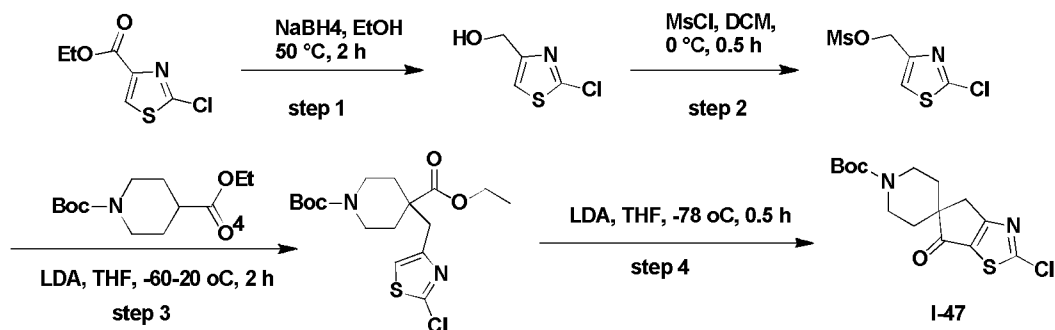
Intermediate I-45 (100 mg, 20%) was prepared in the same method as in Preparation Example 41, except that 2-(pyrazin-2-yl)acetic acid was used instead of 2-(3-methoxyphenyl)acetic acid in Preparation Example 41. MS (EI) m/z : 323.5 $[M+H]^+$.

Preparation Example 44: 6-bromo-7-chloro-2-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (Intermediate I-46)



Intermediate I-46 (100 mg, 20%) was prepared in the same method as in Preparation Example 41, except that 2-(pyridin-3-yl)acetic acid was used instead of 2-(3-methoxyphenyl)acetic acid in Preparation Example 41. MS (EI) m/z : 322.5 $[M+H]^+$.

Preparation Example 45: tert-butyl 2-chloro-6-oxo-spiro[4H-cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (Intermediate I-47)



Step 1: (2-chlorothiazol-4-yl)methanol

To a solution of ethyl 2-chlorothiazole-4-carboxylate (30 g, 157 mmol) in EtOH (300 mL) was added NaBH_4 (41.5 g, 1.10 mol), and the mixture was stirred at 50 °C for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous ammonium chloride solution (100 mL) at 0 °C, diluted in water (100 mL), and then extracted with EA (200 mL x 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (200 mL x 3), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain (2-chlorothiazol-4-yl)methanol (22 g, 94% yield) as a colorless oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 7.12 (s, 1H), 4.73 - 4.70 (m, 2H), 2.52 - 2.34 (m, 1H); MS (EI) m/z : 150.5 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 2: (2-chlorothiazol-4-yl)methylmethansulfonate

To a solution of ethyl 2-chlorothiazole-4-carboxylate (30 g, 157 mmol) in DCM (300 mL), TEA (27.1 g, 267 mmol) and MsCl (21.4 g, 187 mmol) were added at 0 °C, and the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 0.5 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous NaHCO₃ solution (100 mL) at 25 °C, diluted in water (100 mL), and then extracted with DCM (200 mL x 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (100 mL x 3), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain (2-chlorothiazol-4-yl)methylmethansulfonate (28 g, crude product) as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.29 (s, 1H), 5.19 (s, 2H), 3.01 (s, 3H)

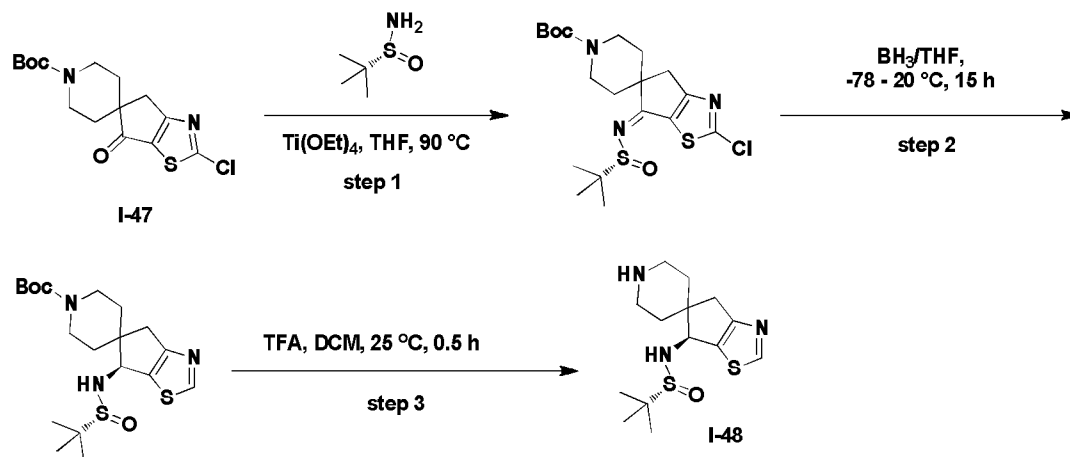
Step 3: O1-tert-butyl O4-ethyl 4-[(2-chlorothiazol-4-yl)methyl]piperidine-1,4-dicarboxylate

A solution of ethyl 2-chlorothiazole-4-carboxylate (30 g, 157 mmol) in THF (30 mL) was stirred at -60 °C under nitrogen, and then LDA (2 M, 81.6 mL) was added thereto dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at -60 °C for 0.5 hours and added dropwise with (2-chlorothiazol-4-yl)methylmethansulfonate (26.5 g, 117 mmol) in THF (15 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at -60 °C for 0.5 hours, and then the temperature was slowly increased to room temperature and stirred for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous ammonium chloride solution (100 mL), diluted in water (200 mL), and then extracted with EA (300 mL x 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (150 mL x 3), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (0.1% FA) to obtain O1-tert-butyl O4-ethyl 4-[(2-chlorothiazol-4-yl)methyl]piperidine-1,4-dicarboxylate (14 g, 31% yield) as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 6.80 (s, 1H), 4.15 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.89 (s, 2H), 2.94 - 2.84 (m, 4H), 2.11 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 2H), 1.52 - 1.47 (m, 2H), 1.45 (s, 9H), 1.24 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H).

Step 4: tert-butyl 2-chloro-6-oxo-spiro[4H-cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate

To a solution of O1-tert-butyl O4-ethyl 4-[(2-chlorothiazol-4-yl)methyl]piperidine-1,4-dicarboxylate (13.8 g, 35.5 mmol) in THF (300 mL) was added dropwise LDA (2 M, 44.4 mL), and the reaction mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 0.5 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous ammonium chloride solution (100 mL) at 0 °C, diluted in water (100 mL), and then extracted with EA (200 mL x 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (200 mL x 3), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain Intermediate I-47 (6.1 g, 50% yield) as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 4.16 (br s, 2H), 3.09 - 3.02 (s, 2H), 3.01 - 2.90 (m, 2H), 2.02 - 1.92 (m, 2H), 1.52 - 1.48 (m, 11H).

Preparation Example 46: (R)-2-methyl-N-[(6S)-spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-6-yl]propane-2-sulfonamide (Intermediate I-48)



Step 1: tert-butyl (6Z)-6-[(R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]imino-2-chloro-spiro[4H-cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate

To a solution of Intermediate I-47 (3.0 g, 8.75 mmol) and (R)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfonamide (4.24 g, 35.0 mmol) in THF (30 mL) was added dropwise $\text{Ti}(\text{OEt})_4$ (29.9 g, 131 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred at 90 °C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was added with EA (300 mL), diluted in water (50 mL), and then extracted with EA (100 mL x 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (100 mL x 3), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain tert-butyl (6Z)-6-[(R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]imino-2-chloro-spiro[4H-cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (3.5 g, 90% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 4.28 - 4.14 (m, 2H), 2.96 - 2.84 (m, 4H), 2.05 - 1.91 (m, 2H), 1.61 - 1.55 (m, 2H), 1.49 (s, 9H), 1.28 (s, 9H); MS (EI) m/z : 446.0 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 2: tert-butyl (6S)-6-[[R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]amino]spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate

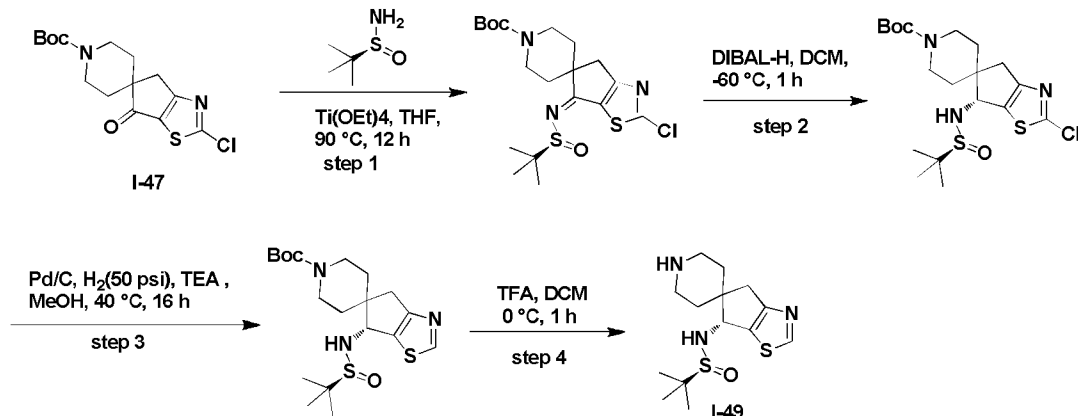
To a solution of tert-butyl (6Z)-6-[(R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]imino-2-chloro-spiro[4H-cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (3.5 g, 7.85 mmol) in THF (30 mL) was added BH_3 . THF (1 M, 31.4 mL), and the reaction mixture was stirred at -70 °C for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched with MeOH (10 mL) at 0 °C, diluted in water (100 mL), and then extracted with EA (100 mL x 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 mL x 3), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain tert-butyl (6S)-6-[[R)-tert-butylsulfinyl]amino]spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (660 mg, 20%) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.78 (s, 1H), 4.57 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H),

4.13 - 3.95 (m, 2H), 3.65 - 3.52 (m, 1H), 3.06 - 2.98 (m, 1H), 2.95 - 2.85 (m, 2H), 1.91 - 1.78 (m, 2H), 1.64 (d, $J = 14.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.47 (s, 9H), 1.24 - 1.21 (s, 9H).

Step 3: (R)-2-methyl-N-[(6S)-spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-6-yl]propane-2-sulfinamide

To a solution of tert-butyl (6S)-6-[[*(R)*-tert-butylsulfinyl]amino]spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (200 mg, 484 μ mol) in DCM (6 mL) was added TFA (2.76 g, 24.2 mmol), and the reaction mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 0.5 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous K_2CO_3 solution (20 mL) at 25 °C, diluted in water (30 mL), and then extracted with DCM (50 mL x 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (20 mL x 3), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain Intermediate I-48 (140 mg, crude product) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ = 8.77 (s, 1H), 4.58 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.67 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.16 - 3.05 (m, 2H), 2.90 - 2.84 (m, 2H), 2.60 - 2.36 (m, 2H), 1.93 - 1.85 (m, 2H), 1.69 - 1.61 (m, 1H), 1.59 - 1.53 (m, 1H), 1.24 (s, 9H).

Preparation Example 47: (S)-2-methyl-N-[(6R)-spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-6-yl]propane-2-sulfinamide (Intermediate I-49)



Step 1: tert-butyl (6Z)-6-[(S)-tert-butylsulfinyl]imino-2-chloro-spiro[4H-cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate

To a solution of Intermediate I-47 (3.0 g, 8.75 mmol) in THF (30 mL), $Ti(OEt)_4$ (29.9 g, 131 mmol) and (S)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (4.24 g, 35.0 mmol) were added, and the reaction mixture was stirred at 90 °C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched with water (30 mL) and extracted with EA (300 mL). After filtration, the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure, added with EA (100 mL), washed with brine (20 mL x 3), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain tert-butyl (6Z)-6-[(S)-tert-butylsulfinyl]imino-2-chloro-spiro[4H-cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (3.7 g, 94% yield) as a

yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 4.28 - 4.15 (m, 2H), 2.97 - 2.86 (m, 4H), 2.06 - 1.98 (m, 1H), 1.97 - 1.91 (m, 1H), 1.58 - 1.52 (m, 2H), 1.49 (s, 9H), 1.28 (s, 9H).

Step 2: tert-butyl (6R)-6-[[*(S)*-tert-butylsulfinyl]amino]-2-chloro-spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate

To a solution of tert-butyl (6Z)-6-[[*(S)*-tert-butylsulfinyl]imino]-2-chloro-spiro[4H-cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (2.0 g, 4.48 mmol) in DCM (20 mL) was added DIBAL-H (1 M, 13.4 mL), and the reaction mixture was stirred at -60°C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was quenched with methanol (0.5 mL) at -60°C and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by column chromatography to obtain tert-butyl (6R)-6-[[*(S)*-tert-butylsulfinyl]amino]-2-chloro-spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (1.6 g, 78% yield) as a pale yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 4.53 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.10 - 3.94 (m, 2H), 3.55 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.07 - 2.77 (m, 4H), 1.90 - 1.75 (m, 2H), 1.63 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.57 (br s, 1H), 1.47 (s, 9H), 1.23 (s, 9H); MS (EI) m/z : 448.2 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

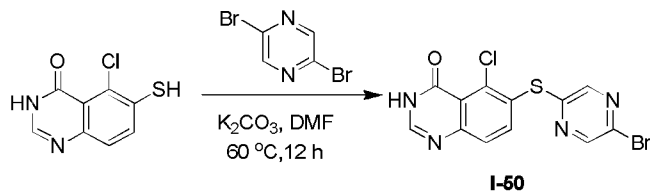
Step 3: tert-butyl (6R)-6-[[*(S)*-tert-butylsulfanyl]amino]spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate

To a solution of tert-butyl (6R)-6-[[*(S)*-tert-butylsulfinyl]amino]-2-chloro-spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (1.0 g, 2.23 mmol) in methanol (10 mL) was added TEA (677 mg, 6.70 mmol), followed by purging 3 times with N_2 . Pd/C (100 mg, 10% purity) was added to the reaction mixture, and H_2 gas was injected thereinto. The reaction mixture was stirred at 40°C for 16 hours. After filtration, the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure, and then the residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain tert-butyl (6R)-6-[[*(S)*-tert-butylsulfanyl]amino]spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (880 mg, 93% yield) as a white solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.79 (s, 1H), 4.58 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.09 - 3.90 (m, 2H), 3.68-3.53 (m, 1H), 3.08 - 2.81 (m, 4H), 1.93 - 1.76 (m, 2H), 1.68 - 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.47 (s, 9H), 1.23 (s, 9H); MS (EI) m/z : 414.2 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 4: (*S*)-2-methyl-N-[(6R)-spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-6-yl]propane-2-sulfinamide

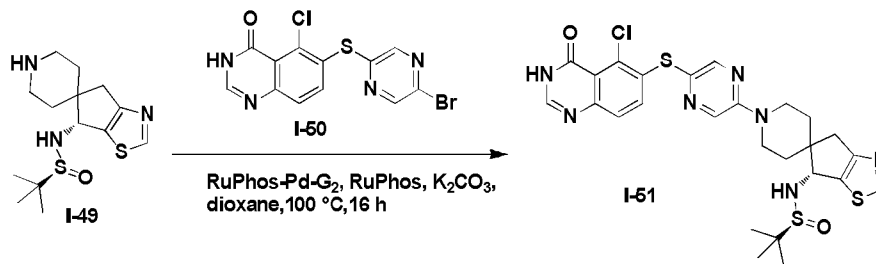
To a solution of tert-butyl (6R)-6-[[*(S)*-tert-butylsulfanyl]amino]spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (400 mg, 967 μmol) in DCM (9 mL) was added TFA (3 mL), followed by stirring at 0°C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, adjusted to pH 9 with sat. K_2CO_3 , and then extracted with DCM/*i*-PrOH = 3/1 (3 x 5 mL). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, filtered, and then concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain Intermediate I-49 (310 mg, crude product) as a light yellow oil. MS (EI) m/z : 314.2 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Preparation Example 48: 6-(5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)sulfanyl-5-chloro-3H-quinazolin-4-one (Intermediate I-50)



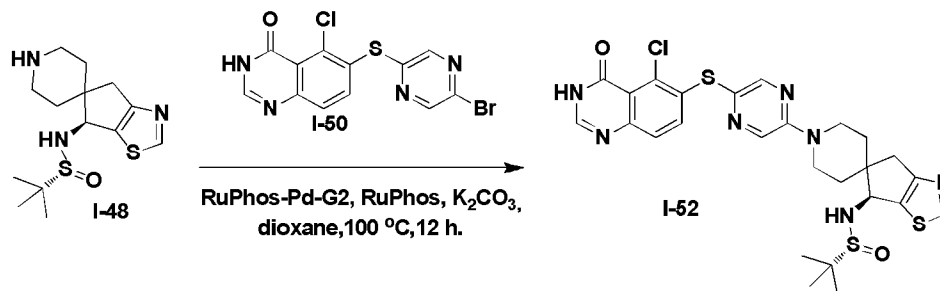
To a solution of 5-chloro-6-mercaptoquinazolin-4(3H)-one (880 mg, 3.75 mmol) in DMF (20 mL), K_2CO_3 (1.56 g, 11.3 mmol) and 2,5-dibromopyrazine (3.57 g, 15.00 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride (50 mL) at 25 °C, diluted with water (50 mL), and extracted with EA (100 mL x 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (50 mL x 3), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by column chromatography (PE/EA=1/1 to 0:1) to obtain Intermediate I-50 (500 mg, 36% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $DMSO-d_6$) δ = 12.50 (br s, 1H), 8.71 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 8.46 – 8.43 (m, 1H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H); MS (EI) m/z : 371.1 $[M+H]^+$.

Preparation Example 49: (S)-N-[(6R)-1'-[5-[(5-chloro-4-oxo-3H-quinazolin-6-yl)sulfanyl]pyrazin-2-yl]spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-6-yl]-2-methyl-propane-2-sulfinamide (Intermediate I-51)



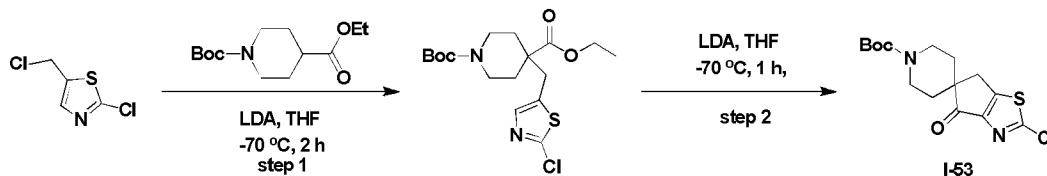
To a solution of Intermediate I-50 (402 mg, 1.09 mmol) in dioxane (5 mL), Intermediate I-49 (310 mg, 989 μ mol), RuPhos (92.3 mg, 198 μ mol), RuPhos-Pd-G2 (76.8 mg, 98.9 μ mol) and K_2CO_3 (410 mg, 2.97 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain Intermediate I-51 (180 mg, 28% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ = 8.83 (s, 1H), 8.28 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.50 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 4.67 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.49 - 4.22 (m, 2H), 3.89 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.31 - 3.25 (m, 1H), 3.23 - 3.13 (m, 2H), 3.11 - 2.93 (m, 2H), 1.84 (s, 2H), 1.78 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 1.75 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 1.26 (s, 9H); MS (EI) m/z : 602.3 $[M+H]^+$.

Preparation Example 50: (R)-N-[(6S)-1'-[5-[5-chloro-4-oxo-3H-quinazolin-6-yl)sulfanyl]pyrazin-2-yl]spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-6-yl]-2-methyl-propane-2-sulfinamide (Intermediate I-52)



Intermediate I-52 (300mg, 53%) was prepared in the same method as in Preparation Example 49, except that Intermediate I-48 was used instead of Intermediate I-49 in Preparation Example 49. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 10.74 - 10.64 (m, 1H), 8.82 (s, 1H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 7.98 - 7.92 (m, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 4.68 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.41 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 4.35 - 4.26 (m, 1H), 3.29 - 3.16 (m, 2H), 3.11 - 3.02 (m, 1H), 2.99 - 2.93 (m, 1H), 2.18 - 1.99 (m, 2H), 1.87 - 1.75 (m, 2H), 1.27 (s, 9H).

Preparation Example 51: tert-butyl 2-chloro-4-oxo-spiro[6H-cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (Intermediate I-53)



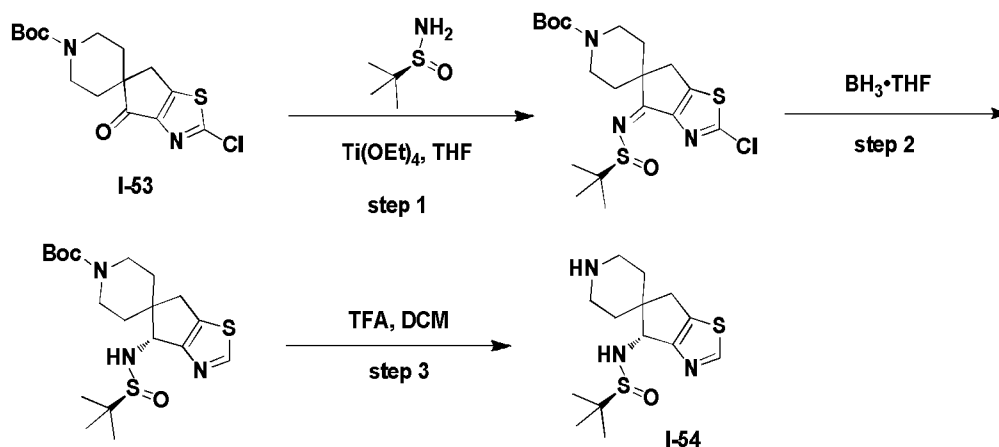
Step 1: O4-ethyl 4-[(2-chlorothiazole-5-yl)methyl]piperidine-1,4-dicarboxylate

To a solution of O1-tert-butyl O4-ethyl piperidine-1,4-dicarboxylate (30.3 g, 118 mmol) in THF (200 mL) was added LDA (2 M, 64.3 mL) at -70 °C, and the mixture was stirred at -70 °C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was added dropwise with 2-chloro-5-(chloromethyl)thiazole (18 g, 107 mmol) in THF (40 mL) and stirred at -70 °C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous ammonium chloride solution and extracted with EA (3 X 200 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (200 mL x 2), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain O4-ethyl 4-[(2-chlorothiazole-5-yl)methyl]piperidine-1,4-dicarboxylate (25 g, 60% yield) as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.22 (s, 1H), 4.18 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.97 - 3.77 (m, 2H), 3.00 (s, 2H), 2.95 (s, 2H), 2.11 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 2H), 1.46 (s, 9H), 1.41 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 2H), 1.26 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H).

Step 2: tert-butyl 2-chloro-4-oxo-spiro[6H-cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate

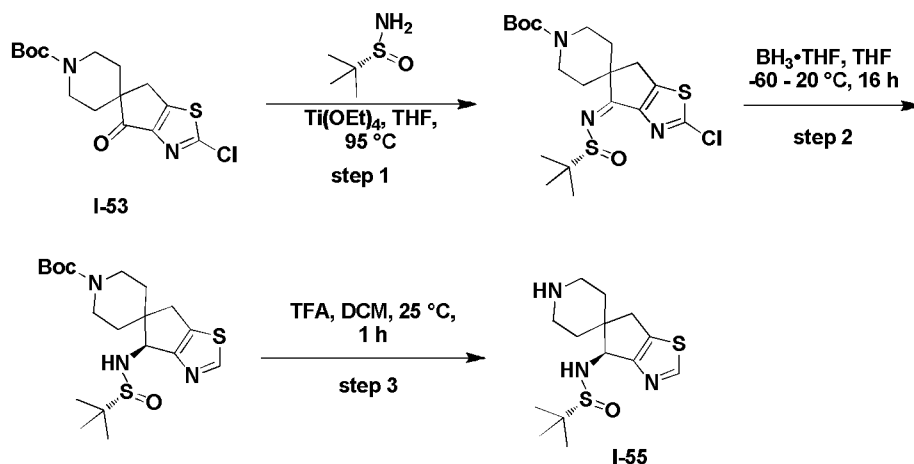
To a solution of O4-ethyl 4-[(2-chlorothiazole-5-yl)methyl]piperidine-1,4-dicarboxylate (15 g, 38.6 mmol) in THF (350 mL) was added LDA (2 M, 30.9 mL) at -70°C , and the mixture was stirred at -70°C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous ammonium chloride solution (500 mL) at 0°C and extracted with EA (3 X 100 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (200 mL x 2), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain Intermediate I-53 (4.0 g, 30% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 4.26 - 4.03 (m, 2H), 3.11 (s, 2H), 2.99 (t, J = 12.0 Hz, 2H), 2.03 - 1.92 (m, 2H), 1.55-1.51 (m, 1H), 1.48 (s, 9H), 1.47 - 1.44 (m, 1H).

Preparation Example 52: (S)-2-methyl-N-[(4R)-spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-4-yl]propane-2-sulfinamide (Intermediate I-54)



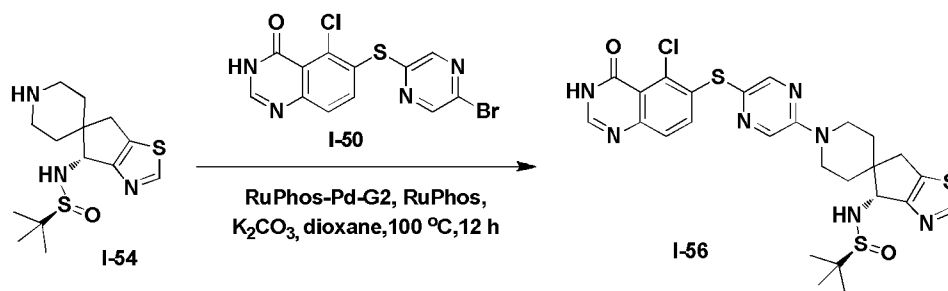
Intermediate I-54 (50 mg, crude product) was prepared in the same method as in Preparation Example 46, except that Intermediate I-53 was used instead of Intermediate I-47, and (S)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide was used instead of (R)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide in Preparation Example 46. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 9.91 - 9.65 (m, 1H), 8.76 - 8.52 (m, 1H), 4.59 (s, 1H), 3.53 - 3.37 (m, 2H), 3.33 - 3.16 (m, 2H), 3.10 - 3.01 (m, 1H), 2.93 - 2.85 (m, 1H), 2.37 - 2.14 (m, 2H), 2.00 - 1.81 (m, 2H), 1.28 (s, 9H).

Preparation Example 53: (R)-2-methyl-N-[(4S)-spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-4-yl]propane-2-sulfinamide (Intermediate I-55)



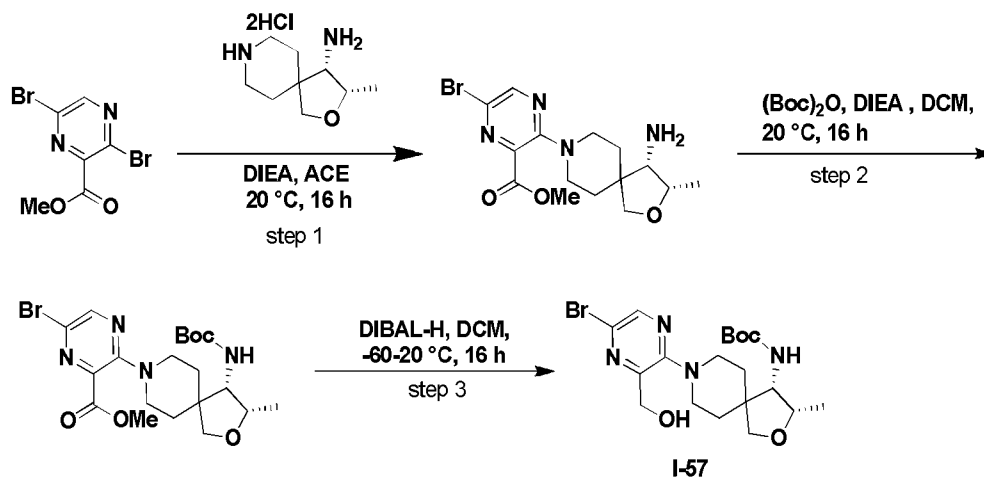
Intermediate I-55 (260 mg) was prepared in the same method as in Preparation Example 52, except that (R)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfonamide was used instead of (S)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfonamide in Preparation Example 52. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.74 (s, 1H), 4.49 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.20 - 3.11 (m, 2H), 3.01 - 2.96 (m, 1H), 2.94 - 2.88 (m, 2H), 2.85 - 2.80 (m, 1H), 2.04 - 1.90 (m, 2H), 1.71 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 1.57 (d, J = 14.0 Hz, 1H), 1.28 (s, 9H).

Preparation Example 54: (S)-N-[(4R)-1'-[5-[(5-chloro-4-oxo-3H-quinazolin-6-yl)sulfanyl]pyrazin-2-yl]spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-4-yl]-2-methyl-propane-2-sulfonamide (Intermediate I-56)



Intermediate I-56 (240 mg, 34%) was prepared in the same method as in Preparation Example 49, except that Intermediate I-54 was used instead of Intermediate I-49 in Preparation Example 49. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ = 12.48 - 12.11 (m, 1H), 8.98 (s, 1H), 8.51 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.31 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.50 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.78 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 4.35 - 4.20 (m, 3H), 3.29 - 3.15 (m, 2H), 3.04 - 2.94 (m, 1H), 2.92 - 2.85 (m, 1H), 1.97 - 1.90 (m, 1H), 1.85 - 1.76 (m, 1H), 1.74 - 1.66 (m, 2H), 1.16 (s, 9H).

Preparation Example 55: tert-butyl N-[(3S,4S)-8-[5-bromo-3-(hydroxymethyl)pyrazin-2-yl]-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl]carbamate (Intermediate I-57)



Step 1: methyl 3-[(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]-6-bromo-pyrazine-2-carboxylate

To a solution of methyl 3,6-dibromopyrazine-2-carboxylate (500 mg, 1.69 mmol) in ACN (10 mL), DIPEA (1.09 g, 8.45 mmol) and (3S,4S)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-amine (384 mg, 1.86 mmol, HCl) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 20 °C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain methyl 3-[(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]-6-bromo-pyrazine-2-carboxylate (650 mg, crude product) as a brown oil. MS (EI) m/z : 387.0 $[M+H]^+$.

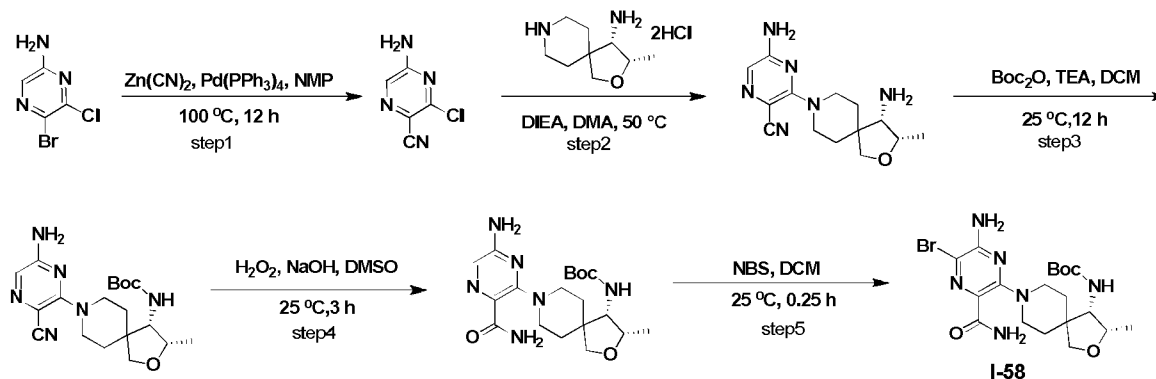
Step 2: methyl 6-bromo-3-[(3S,4S)-4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]pyrazine-2-carboxylate

To a solution of methyl 3-[(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]-6-bromo-pyrazine-2-carboxylate (650 mg, 1.69 mmol) in CM (10 mL), DIPEA (436 mg, 3.37 mmol) and (Boc)₂O (552 mg, 2.53 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 20 °C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with EA (3 X 10 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain methyl 6-bromo-3-[(3S,4S)-4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]pyrazine-2-carboxylate (710 mg, 83% yield) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.12 (s, 1H), 4.55 - 4.47 (m, 1H), 4.14 - 4.04 (m, 1H), 3.96 - 3.81 (m, 4H), 3.64 - 3.57 (m, 2H), 3.57 - 3.44 (m, 2H), 3.38 - 3.29 (m, 1H), 3.27 - 3.13 (m, 1H), 1.78 - 1.73 (m, 1H), 1.72 - 1.63 (m, 2H), 1.57 - 1.52 (m, 1H), 1.38 (s, 9H), 1.12 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 487.0 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 3: tert-butyl N-[(3S,4S)-8-[5-bromo-3-(hydroxymethyl)pyrazin-2-yl]-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl]carbamate

To a solution of methyl 6-bromo-3-[(3S,4S)-4-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]pyrazine-2-carboxylate (300 mg, 618 μmol) in DCM (10 mL) was added DIBAL-H (1 M, 1.85 mL) at -60°C , and the mixture was stirred at 20°C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched with methanol (0.5 mL) at -60°C and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure, and then the residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain Intermediate I-57 (90 mg, 31%) as a white solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.20 (s, 1H), 4.65 (s, 2H), 4.60 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 4.22 - 4.15 (m, 1H), 3.98 (dd, J = 4.4, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.70 - 3.65 (m, 2H), 3.40 - 3.27 (m, 2H), 3.15-3.09 (m, 1H), 3.03-2.97 (m, 1H), 1.96 - 1.83 (m, 2H), 1.81 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 1.68 - 1.62 (m, 1H), 1.46 (s, 9H), 1.20 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 459.0 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Preparation Example 56: tert-butyl N-[(3S,4S)-8-(6-amino-5-bromo-3-carbamoyl-pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl]carbamate (Intermediate I-58)



Step 1: 5-amino-3-chloro-pyrazine-2-carbonitrile

To a solution of 5-bromo-6-chloro-pyrazine-2-amine (10 g, 48.0 mmol) in NMP (100 mL) was added $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$ (2.77 g, 2.40 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at 100°C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous ammonium chloride solution (100 mL) at room temperature, diluted with water (100 mL), and then extracted with EA (3 x 200 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 100 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 , and then filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain 5-amino-3-chloro-pyrazine-2-carbonitrile (2.6 g, 35%) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ = 8.11 (s, 2H), 7.87 (s, 1H).

Step 2: 5-amino-3-[(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]pyrazine-2-carbonitrile

To a solution of 5-amino-3-chloro-pyrazine-2-carbonitrile (1.0 g, 6.47 mmol) in DMF (10 mL), (3S,4S)-3-methyl-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-amine (1.21 g, 7.12 mmol, 2 HCl) and DIEA (4.18 g, 32.4 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 80°C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous ammonium chloride solution (20 mL) at room temperature, diluted with water (30 mL), and then extracted with DCM (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic

layers were washed with brine (3 X 20 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, and then filtered and concentrated under vacuum to obtain 5-amino-3-[(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]pyrazine-2-carbonitrile (1.8 g, crude product) as a yellow solid. MS (EI) m/z: 289.4 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: tert-butyl N-[(3S,4S)-8-(6-amino-3-cyano-pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl]carbamate

To a solution of 5-amino-3-[(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]pyrazine-2-carbonitrile (1.8 g, 6.24 mmol) in DMF (15 mL), Boc₂O (2.04 g, 9.36 mmol) and TEA (1.90 g, 18.7 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous ammonium chloride solution (20 mL) at room temperature, diluted with water (30 mL), and then extracted with EA (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 X 20 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, and then filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain tert-butyl N-[(3S,4S)-8-(6-amino-3-cyano-pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl]carbamate (1.3 g, 54%) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.39 (s, 1H), 4.86 - 4.81 (m, 2H), 4.62 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 4.20 - 4.15 (m, 1H), 3.98 (dd, J = 4.4, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.93 - 3.82 (m, 2H), 3.71 - 3.63 (m, 3H), 3.62 - 3.54 (m, 1H), 1.90 - 1.72 (m, 3H), 1.65 - 1.60 (m, 1H), 1.46 (s, 9H), 1.20 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H).

Step 4: tert-butyl N-[(3S,4S)-8-(6-amino-3-carbamoyl-pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl]carbamate

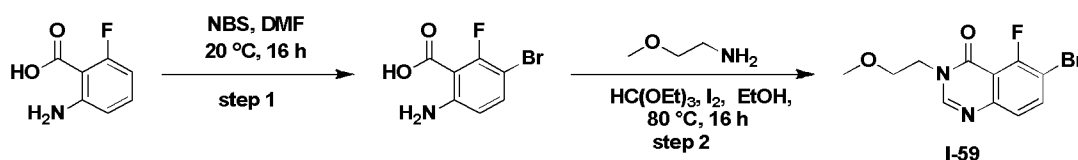
To a solution of tert-butyl N-[(3S,4S)-8-(6-amino-3-cyano-pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl]carbamate (300 mg, 772 μmol) in DMSO (6 mL), NaOH (92.7 mg, 2.32 mmol) and H₂O₂ (4.38 g, 38.6 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 20 °C for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous sodium thiosulfate solution (5 mL) at room temperature, diluted with water (30 mL), and then extracted with EA (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 X 20 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, and then filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain tert-butyl N-[(3S,4S)-8-(6-amino-3-carbamoyl-pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl]carbamate (160 mg, 51% yield) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.39 (s, 1H), 7.32 (s, 1H), 5.42 - 5.33 (m, 1H), 4.71 - 4.65 (m, 2H), 4.61 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 4.18 - 4.13 (m, 1H), 3.95 (dd, J = 4.4, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.71 - 3.66 (m, 1H), 3.65 - 3.59 (m, 1H), 3.58 - 3.49 (m, 1H), 3.37 - 3.30 (m, 1H), 3.29 - 3.21 (m, 1H), 1.89 - 1.83 (m, 1H), 1.81 - 1.72 (m, 2H), 1.68-1.62 (m, 1H), 1.44 (s, 9H), 1.18 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z: 407.4 [M+H]⁺.

Step 5: tert-butyl N-[(3S,4S)-8-(6-amino-5-bromo-3-carbamoyl-pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl]carbamate

To a solution of tert-butyl N-[(3S,4S)-8-(6-amino-3-carbamoyl-pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl]carbamate (160 mg, 394 μmol) in DCM (2 mL) was added NBS (77.1 mg, 433 μmol), and the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 0.25 hours. The reaction mixture was

quenched with aqueous ammonium chloride solution (10 mL) at room temperature, diluted with water (20 mL), and then extracted with DCM (3 x 30 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 20 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, and then filtered and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain Intermediate I-58 (160 mg, 84% yield) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.17 (s, 1H), 5.29 - 5.23 (m, 1H), 5.10 (s, 2H), 4.61 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 4.19 - 4.12 (m, 1H), 3.95 (dd, J = 4.4, 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.68 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.63 - 3.58 (m, 1H), 3.59-3.51 (m, 1H), 3.37 - 3.32 (m, 1H), 3.30 - 3.23 (m, 1H), 1.89 - 1.83 (m, 1H), 1.77 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 1.67 - 1.58 (m, 2H), 1.44 (s, 9H), 1.21 - 1.16 (m, 3H); MS (EI) m/z: 487.3 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 57: 6-bromo-5-fluoro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4-one (Intermediate I-59)



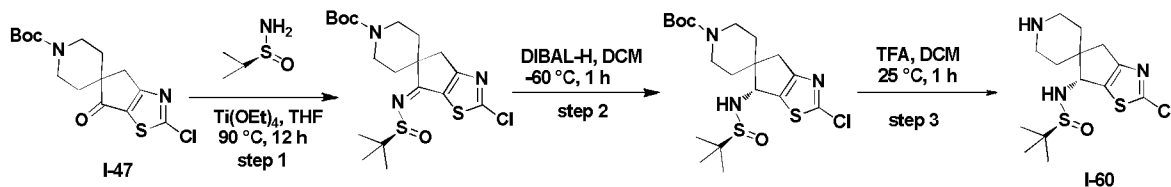
Step 1: 6-amino-3-bromo-2-fluoro-benzoic acid

To a solution of 2-amino-6-fluorobenzoic acid (20.0 g, 129 mmol) in DMF (200 mL) was added NBS (24.1 g, 135 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at 20 °C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with water (200 mL) and then extracted with EA (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (100 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, and then filtered and concentrated under vacuum to obtain 6-amino-3-bromo-2-fluoro-benzoic acid (24.3 g, 73.3% yield) as a light color solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 7.39 (dd, J = 7.6, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (dd, J = 1.2, 8.8 Hz, 1H); MS (EI) m/z: 234.0 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: 6-bromo-5-fluoro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4-one

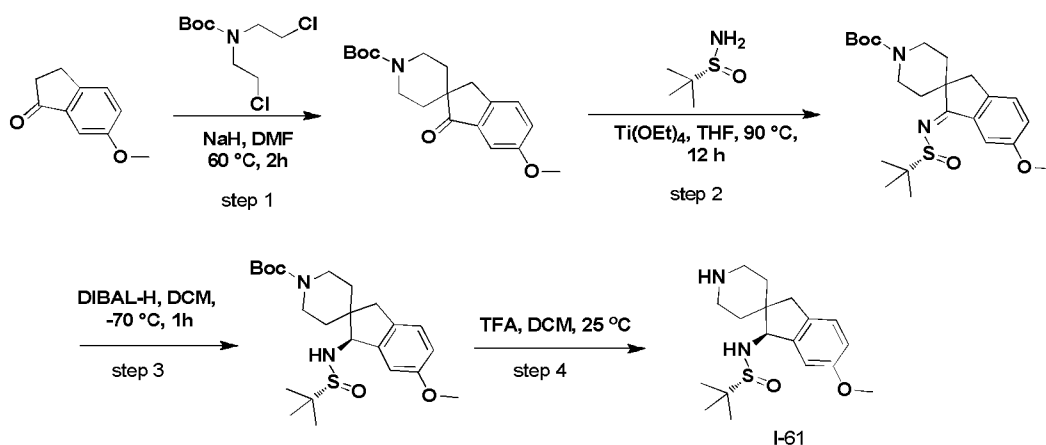
To a solution of 6-amino-3-bromo-2-fluoro-benzoic acid (2.0 g, 8.55 mmol) in ethanol (20 mL), I₂ (217 mg, 855 μmol), diethoxymethoxyethane (1.90 g, 12.8 mmol) and 2-methoxyethanamine (963 mg, 12.8 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with water (20 mL), and then extracted with EA (3 x 15 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, and then filtered and concentrated under vacuum. EtOAc (10 mL) was added to the residue to obtain Intermediate I-59 (970 mg, 37% yield) as a white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.08 (s, 1H), 7.87 (dd, J = 6.8, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (dd, J = 1.2, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.19 - 4.14 (m, 2H), 3.70 - 3.66 (m, 2H), 3.33 (s, 3H).

Preparation Example 58: (S)-N-((R)-2-chloro-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-6-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfonamide (Intermediate I-60)



Intermediate I-60 (300 mg, 53%) was prepared in accordance with the same procedure as Preparation Example 47, excluding step 3 therefrom. MS (EI) m/z : 348.1 $[M+H]^+$.

Preparation Example 59: (R)-N-((S)-5-methoxy-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-3-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (Intermediate I-61)



Step 1: tert-butyl 6-methoxy-1-oxo-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate

To a solution of 6-methoxy-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (5.0 g, 30.8 mmol) in DMF (30 mL) was added NaH (3.70 g, 92.5 mmol, 60% purity), and the mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 0.5 hours. The reaction mixture was slowly added dropwise with tert-butyl N,N-bis(2-chloroethyl)carbamate (8.21 g, 33.9 mmol) and then stirred at 60 °C for 1.5 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride (100 mL) at 25 °C, diluted with water (100 mL), and extracted with EA (3 x 200 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 100 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was separated by column chromatography to obtain tert-butyl 6-methoxy-1-oxo-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (640 mg, 6% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 7.37 - 7.34 (m, 1H), 7.21 (s, 2H), 4.21 - 4.07 (m, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.09 - 2.95 (m, 4H), 1.95 - 1.87 (m, 2H), 1.49 (s, 9H), 1.39 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 2H).

Step 2: tert-butyl (R,Z)-1-((tert-butylsulfinyl)imino-6-methoxy-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate

To a solution of tert-butyl 6-methoxy-1-oxo-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (630 mg, 1.90 mmol) in THF (6 mL), $\text{Ti}(\text{OEt})_4$ (6.50 g, 28.5 mmol) and (R)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (922 mg, 7.60 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 90 °C

for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with EA (100 mL), quenched with water (20 mL), and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The mixture was extracted with EA (3 x 50 mL), and the combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 20 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was separated by column chromatography to obtain tert-butyl (R,Z)-1-((tert-butylsulfinyl)imino)-6-methoxy-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (800 mg, 97%) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.08 - 7.97 (m, 1H), 7.30 - 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.14 - 7.10 (m, 1H), 4.20 - 4.08 (m, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.01 - 2.98 (m, 2H), 2.97 - 2.88 (m, 2H), 1.54 - 1.50 (m, 2H), 1.49 (s, 9H), 1.46 - 1.40 (m, 2H), 1.34 (s, 9H).

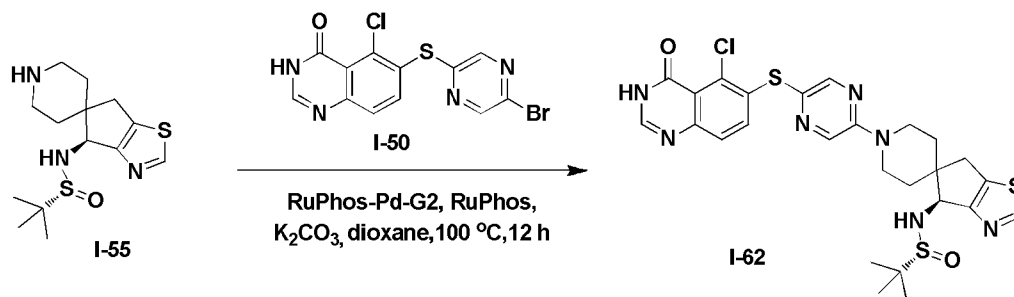
Step 3: tert-butyl (S)-1-(((R)-tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-6-methoxy-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate

To a solution of tert-butyl (R,Z)-1-((tert-butylsulfinyl)imino)-6-methoxy-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (800 mg, 1.84 mmol) in DCM (10 mL) was added DIBAL-H (1 M, 5.52 mL), and the mixture was stirred at -70°C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was quenched with methanol (2 mL), diluted with DCM (100 mL) and then filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was separated by column chromatography to obtain tert-butyl (S)-1-(((R)-tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-6-methoxy-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (520 mg, 65%) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.11 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (s, 1H), 6.79 (dd, J = 2.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.46 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 4.02 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.62 - 3.46 (m, 1H), 3.05 - 2.96 (m, 1H), 2.90 (dt, J = 2.8, 12.8 Hz, 2H), 2.68 - 2.57 (m, 1H), 1.81 - 1.54 (m, 2H), 1.54 - 1.49 (m, 1H), 1.49 - 1.47 (m, 1H), 1.46 (s, 9H), 1.30 (s, 9H).

Step 4: (R)-N-((S)-5-methoxy-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-3-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

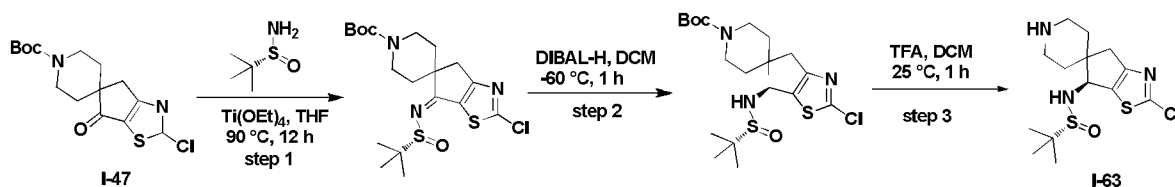
To a solution of tert-butyl (S)-1-(((R)-tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-6-methoxy-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (520 mg, 1.19 mmol) in DCM (6 mL) was added TFA (2.72 g, 23.8 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at 20°C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was quenched with calcium carbonate aqueous solution (20 mL), diluted with water (30 mL) and then extracted with DCM (3 X 50 mL). The mixture was washed with brine (3 x 20 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was separated by column chromatography to obtain Intermediate I-61 (390 mg, crude product) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.11 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (dd, J = 2.4, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.63 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.11 - 3.02 (m, 3H), 2.87 (dd, J = 2.0, 12.4 Hz, 1H), 2.79 - 2.74 (m, 1H), 2.63 (d, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H), 2.15 (dt, J = 4.4, 12.8 Hz, 1H), 1.69 - 1.61 (m, 1H), 1.56 (dd, J = 2.4, 13.2 Hz, 1H), 1.31 (s, 9H).

Preparation Example 60: (S)-N-[(4R)-1'-[5-[5-chloro-4-oxo-3H-quinazolin-6-yl)sulfanyl]pyrazin-2-yl]spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-4-yl]-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (Intermediate I-62)



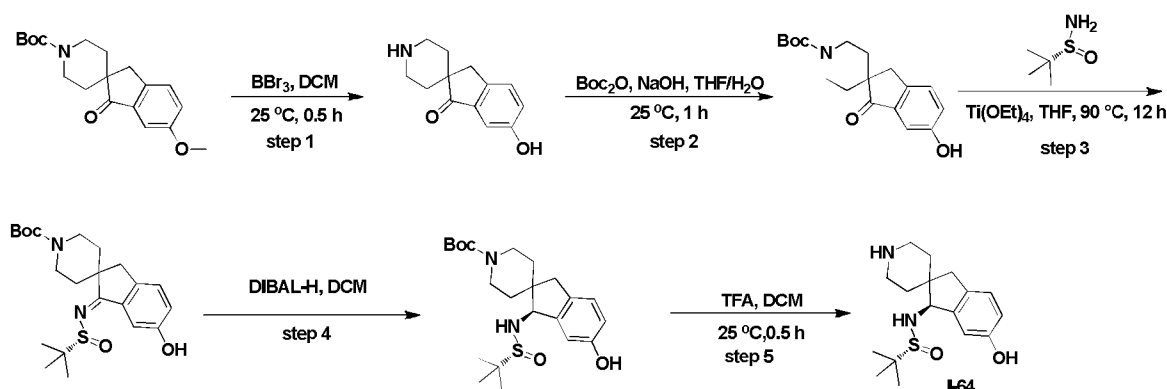
Intermediate I-62 (300 mg, 41% yield) was prepared in the same method as in Preparation Example 49, except that Intermediate I-55 was used instead of Intermediate I-49 in Preparation Example 49. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.76 (s, 1H), 8.26 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 7.97 - 7.94 (m, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.27 - 7.23 (m, 1H), 4.58 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 4.35 - 4.28 (m, 1H), 4.23 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 4.01 - 3.96 (m, 1H), 3.50 (s, 2H), 3.31 (dd, J = 2.0, 13.6 Hz, 2H), 1.87 - 1.81 (m, 2H), 1.77 - 1.73 (m, 2H), 1.30 (s, 9H); MS (EI) m/z : 602.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Preparation Example 61: (R)-N-[(6S)-2-chlorospiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-6-yl]-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (Intermediate I-63)



Intermediate I-63 (100 mg, crude product) was prepared in the same procedure as in Preparation Example 58, except that (R)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide was used instead of (S)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide. MS (EI) m/z : 348.3 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Preparation Example 62: (R)-N-[(S)-5-hydroxy-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-3-yl]-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (Intermediate I-64)



Step 1: 6-hydroxyspiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1(3H)-one

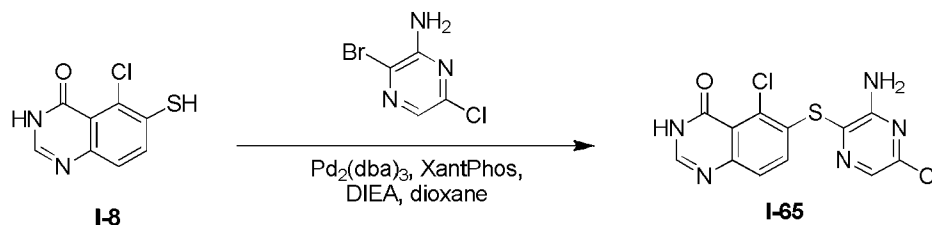
To a solution of tert-butyl 6-methoxy-1-oxo-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (1.5g, 4.53 mmol) in DCM (15 mL) was added BBr₃ (11.3 g, 45.3 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of water (50 mL) at 0 °C and then extracted with DCM(50 mL x 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (20 mL x 3), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain 6-hydroxyspiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1(3H)-one (980 mg, crude product) as a yellow solid. MS (EI) m/z: 217.3 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: tert-butyl 6-hydroxy-1-oxo-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate

To a solution of 6-hydroxyspiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1(3H)-one (980 mg, 4.51 mmol) in THF (10 mL) and water (10mL), Boc₂O (1.97 g, 9.02 mmol) and NaOH (902 mg, 22.6 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride solution (20 mL) at 25 °C, diluted with water (30 mL) and extracted with EA (50 mL x 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (20 mL x 3), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was separated by column chromatography to obtain tert-butyl 6-hydroxy-1-oxo-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (1.3 g, 91% yield) as a yellow solid. MS (EI) m/z: 340.3 [M+Na]⁺.

Step 3 to Step 5: (R)-N-((S)-5-hydroxy-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-3-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

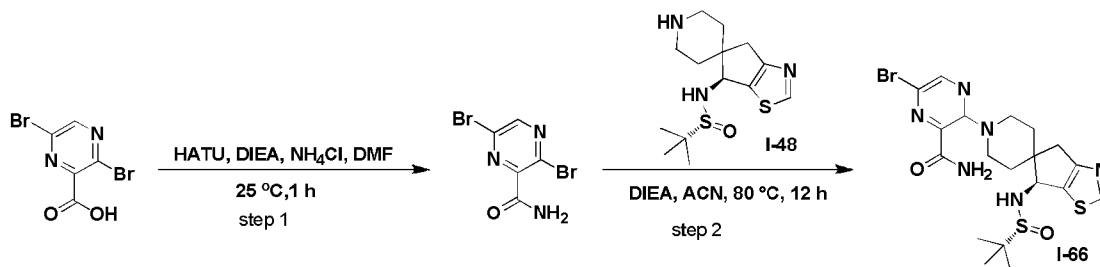
Intermediate I-64 (90mg, 66% yield) was prepared by using (R)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide instead of (S)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide in step 1 of Preparation Example 47, and performing step 2 and step 4 thereof with the resulting intermediate. MS (EI) m/z: 323.4 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 63: 6-((3-amino-5-chloropyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one (Intermediate I-65)

To a solution of Intermediate I-8 (1.7 g, 7.25 mmol) in dioxane(50 mL), 3-bromo-6-chloropyrazine-2-amine (1.66 g, 7.97 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (664 mg, 725 μmol), XantPhos (838 mg, 1.45 mmol) and DIEA (2.81 g, 21.7 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride solution

(50 mL) at 25 °C, followed by filtering the resulting solid. The solid was washed with EA (50 mL) and methanol (30 mL), and then concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain Intermediate I-65 (0.7 g, 28% yield) as a black solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 8.09 (s, 1H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.57 - 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.11 (s, 1H), 3.30 (s, 2H).

Preparation Example 64: 6-bromo-3-((S)-6-(((R)-tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazine-2-carboxamide (Intermediate I-66)



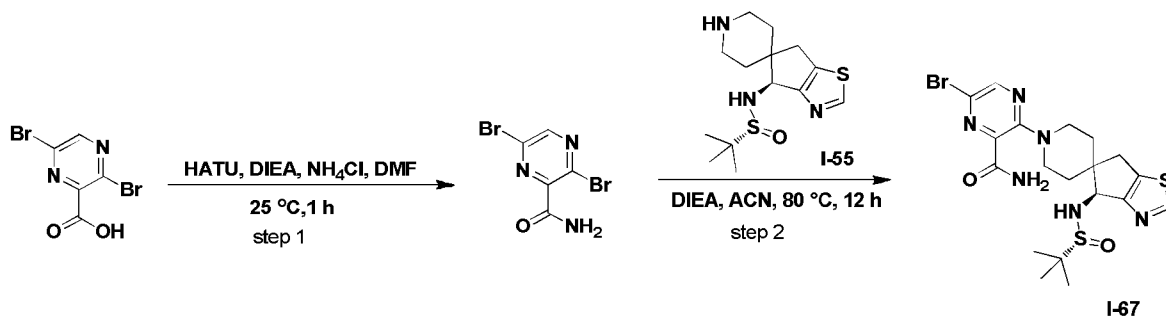
Step 1: 3,6-dibromopyrazine-2-carboxamide

To a solution of 3,6-dibromopyrazine-2-carboxylic acid (1.0 g, 3.55 mmol) in DMF (10 mL), NH₄Cl (570 mg, 10.6 mmol), HATU (1.62 g, 4.26 mmol) and DIEA (2.29 g, 17.7 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride solution (20 mL) at 25 °C, and then added with water (30 mL) and extracted with EA (50 mL x 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (20 mL x 3), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain 3,6-dibromopyrazine-2-carboxamide (310 mg, 31% yield) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 8.51 (s, 1H), 8.44 (s, 1H), 8.19 (s, 1H)

Step 2: 6-bromo-3-((S)-6-(((R)-tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazine-2-carboxamide

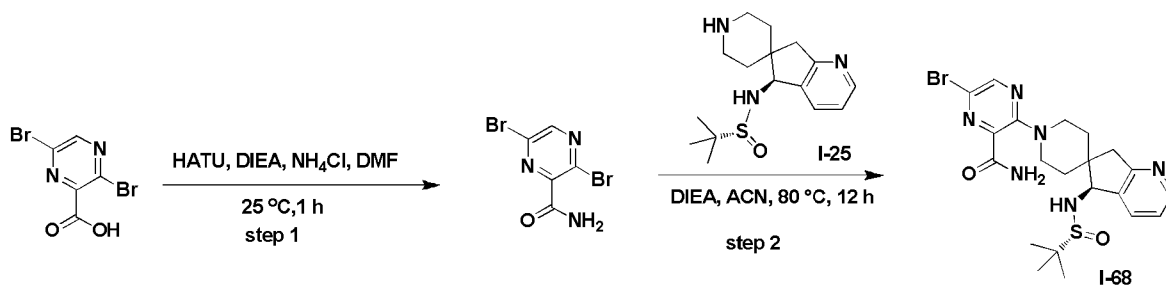
To a solution of 3,6-dibromopyrazine-2-carboxamide (100 mg, 0.36 mmol) in ACN (3 mL), DIEA (230 mg, 1.78 mmol) and Intermediate I-48 (112 mg, 0.36 mmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was separated by column chromatography to obtain Intermediate I-66 (130 mg, 71% yield) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.80 (s, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 5.95 - 5.88 (m, 1H), 4.60 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (t, J = 13.2 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.36 - 3.24 (m, 2H), 3.03 - 2.93 (m, 2H), 2.02 (dd, J = 3.6, 13.2 Hz, 2H), 1.77 - 1.68 (m, 2H), 1.22 (s, 9H).

Preparation Example 65: 6-bromo-3-((S)-4-(((R)-tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazine-2-carboxamide (Intermediate I-67)



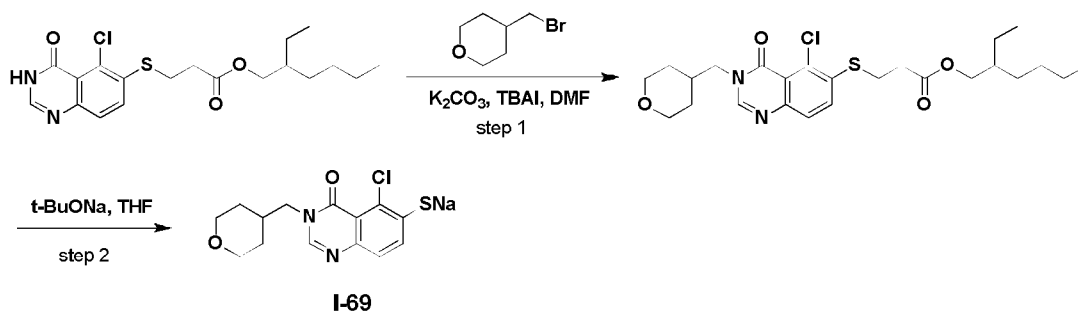
Intermediate I-67 (80 mg, 55% yield) was synthesized in the same method as in Preparation Example 64, except that Intermediate I-55 was used instead of Intermediate I-48 in step 2 of Preparation Example 64. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.73 (s, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 5.73 (s, 1H), 4.50 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.98 - 3.85 (m, 2H), 3.72 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.42 - 3.32 (m, 2H), 3.06 - 3.00 (m, 1H), 2.95 - 2.89 (m, 1H), 2.17 - 2.07 (m, 1H), 2.05 - 2.00 (m, 1H), 1.72 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 2H), 1.25 (s, 9H).

Preparation Example 66: 6-bromo-3-((S)-4-(((R)-tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazine-2-carboxamide (Intermediate I-68)



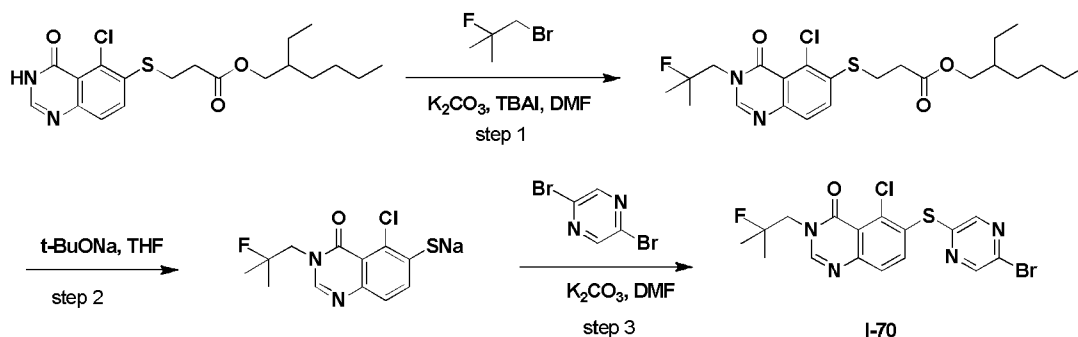
Intermediate I-68 (70 mg, 78% yield) was synthesized in the same method as in Preparation Example 64, except that Intermediate I-25 was used instead of Intermediate I-48 in step 2 of Preparation Example 64. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.44 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31 - 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.16 (dd, J = 4.4, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.57 - 5.49 (m, 1H), 4.54 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 3.95 - 3.87 (m, 2H), 3.36 - 3.27 (m, 2H), 3.26 - 3.20 (m, 2H), 1.97 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 1.84 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 2H), 1.70 - 1.64 (m, 1H), 1.65 - 1.64 (m, 1H), 1.28 (s, 9H).

Preparation Example 67: Sodium 5-chloro-4-oxo-3-((tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)methyl)-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-thiolate (Intermediate I-69)



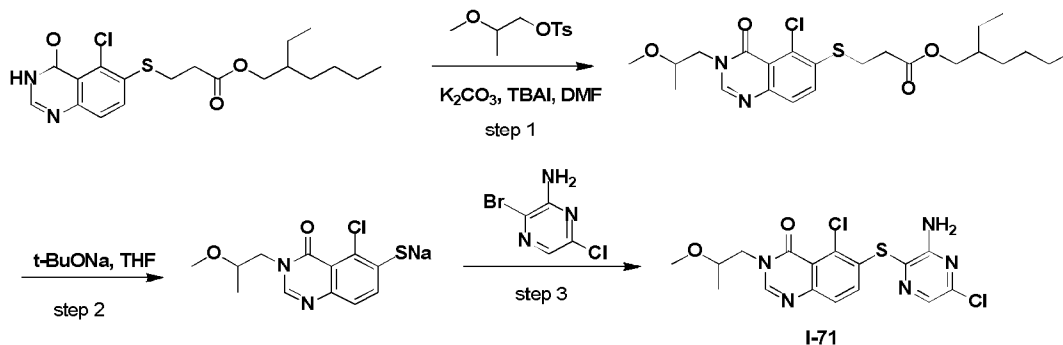
Intermediate I-69 (85 mg, crude product) was synthesized in the same method as in steps 1 and 2 of Preparation Example 28, except that 4-(bromomethyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran was used instead of 1-bromo-2-methoxyethane in step 1 of Preparation Example 28. MS (EI) m/z : 310.9 $[M+H]^+$.

Preparation Example 68: 6-((5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-fluoro-2-methylpropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one (Intermediate I-70)



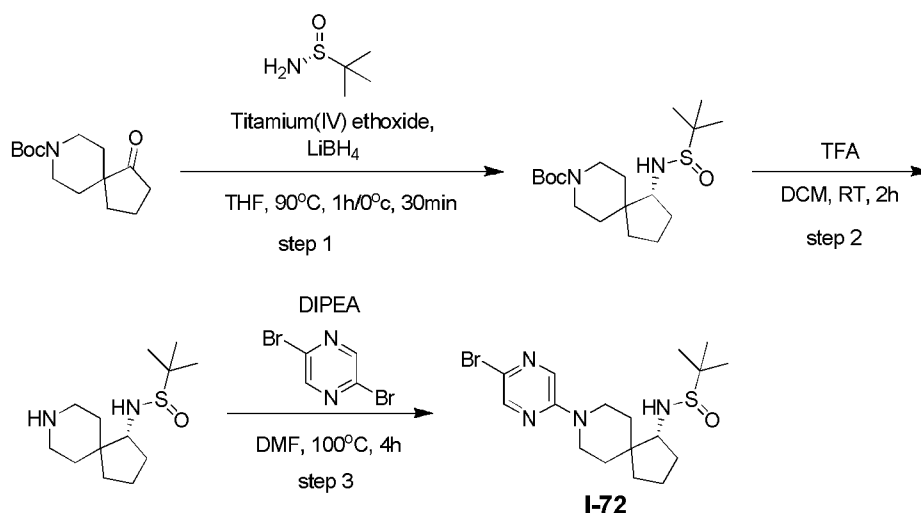
Intermediate I-70 (150 mg, 65% yield) was synthesized in the same method as in Preparation Example 28, except that 1-bromo-2-fluoro-2-methylpropane was used instead of 1-bromo-2-methoxyethane in step 1 of Preparation Example 28. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 9.08 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 8.69 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 8.49 (s, 1H), 7.80 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.27 (d, J = 17.2 Hz, 2H), 1.58 (s, 3H), 1.53 (s, 3H).

Preparation Example 69: 6-((3-amino-5-chloropyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxypropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one (Intermediate I-71)



Intermediate I-71 (150 mg, 65% yield) was synthesized in the same method as in Preparation Example 28, except that 2-methoxypropyl 4-methylbenzenesulfonate was used instead of 1-bromo-2-methoxyethane in step 1 of Preparation Example 28. MS (EI) m/z : 411.9 $[M+H]^+$.

Preparation Example 70: Synthesis of N-((R)-8-(5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (Intermediate I-72)



Step 1: tert-butyl (1R)-1-((tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-carboxylate

Tert-butyl 1-oxo-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-carboxylate (2 g, 7.89 mmol), titanium(IV) ethoxide (6.63 mL, 31.6 mmol), (R)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (1.91 g, 15.78 mmol) were dissolved in THF (36 mL, 0.22 M) and stirred at 90 °C for 1 hour. The temperature was lowered to 0 °C, and the mixture was added with LiBH₄ (21 mg, 9.7 mmol) and stirred for 30 minutes. The reaction was terminated with MeOH, and the mixture was concentrated. The resulting product was diluted with brine and then extracted with EA. The precipitated white solid was filtered to obtain tert-butyl (1R)-1-((tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-carboxylate (912.7 mg, 32%) in the flask. MS m/z : 373.5 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 2: 2-methyl-N-((R)-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-1-yl)propane-2-sulfinamide

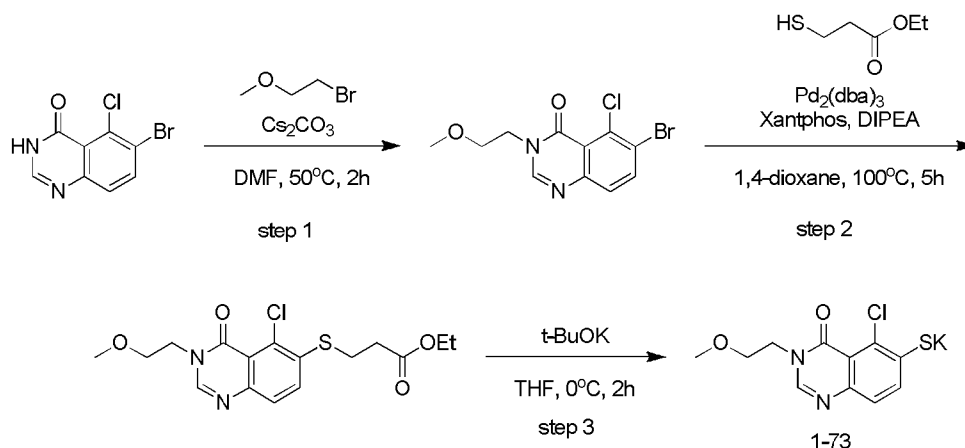
Tert-butyl (1R)-1-((tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-carboxylate (913 mg, 2.55 mmol) was dissolved in DCM (51 mL, 0.05 M). The reaction mixture was slowly added dropwise with trifluoroacetic acid (2.9 mL, 38.3 mmol) and then stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. After completion of the reaction, the resulting product was concentrated to obtain 2-methyl-N-((R)-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-1-yl)propane-2-sulfinamide. MS m/z : 273.5 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 3: N-((R)-8-(5-bromopyrazin-2-yl)-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

2-methyl-N-((R)-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-1-yl)propane-2-sulfinamide (crude product, 2.55 mmol) and 2,5-dibromopyrazine (1.4 g, 5.1 mmol) were dissolved in DMF (5.1 mL, 0.5M). The

mixture was added with DIPEA (6.6 mL, 38.25 mmol) and then stirred at 100 °C for 3 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:1) and then concentrated to obtain Intermediate I-72 (382 mg, 36%). MS m/z: 430.5 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 71: potassium 5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-thiolate (Intermediate I-73)



Step 1: 6-bromo-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

In a round bottom flask, 6-bromo-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one (58.7 g, 226.1 mmol), 1-bromo-2-methoxyethane (32 mL, 339.2 mmol) and cesium carbonate (147 g, 452.3 mmol) were dissolved in DMF (565 mL, 0.4 M), and then stirred at 50 °C for 2 hours. The reaction was terminated with aqueous NaHCO₃ solution, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. EA and Hx were added to precipitate a solid, and then the solid was filtered to obtain 6-bromo-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one (53.5 g, 74.5%). MS m/z: 318.5 [M+H]⁺.

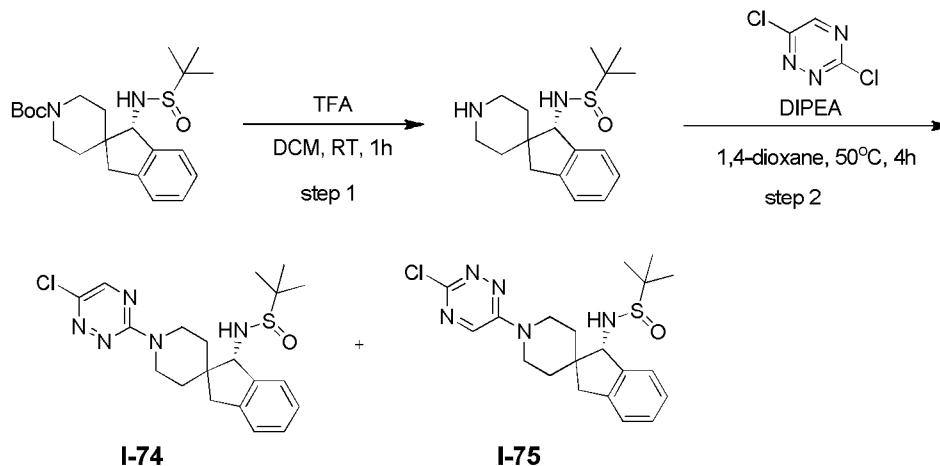
Step 2: ethyl 3-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)propanoate

In a round bottom flask, 6-bromo-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one (26.7 g, 84.2 mmol), ethyl 3-mercaptopropionate (20.4 mL, 160 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (3.7 g, 4.0 mmol) and XantPhos (4.6 g, 8.0 mmol) were dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (267 mL, 0.3 M), and then DIPEA (28 mL, 160.4 mmol) was added dropwise thereto. The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen, and then stirred at 120 °C for 5 hours. After being filtered through celite, the mixture was added with H₂O and extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. EA and Hx were added, and then the precipitated solid was filtered to obtain ethyl 3-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)propanoate (58.7 g, 99%). MS m/z: 371.5 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: potassium 5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-thiolate

In a round bottom flask, ethyl 3-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)propanoate (29.4 g, 79.2 mmol) was dissolved in THF (400 mL, 0.2 M), and then the temperature was lowered to 0°C. The reaction mixture was slowly added dropwise with potassium tert-butoxide (9.7 g, 87.1 mmol) and stirred at 0°C for 30 hours. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated to obtain Intermediate I-73 (45.7 g, 93%). MS m/z: 270.5 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 72: Synthesis of N-((S)-1'-(6-chloro-1,2,4-triazin-3-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (Intermediate I-74) and N-((S)-1'-(3-chloro-1,2,4-triazin-6-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (Intermediate I-75)



Step 1: N-((S)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

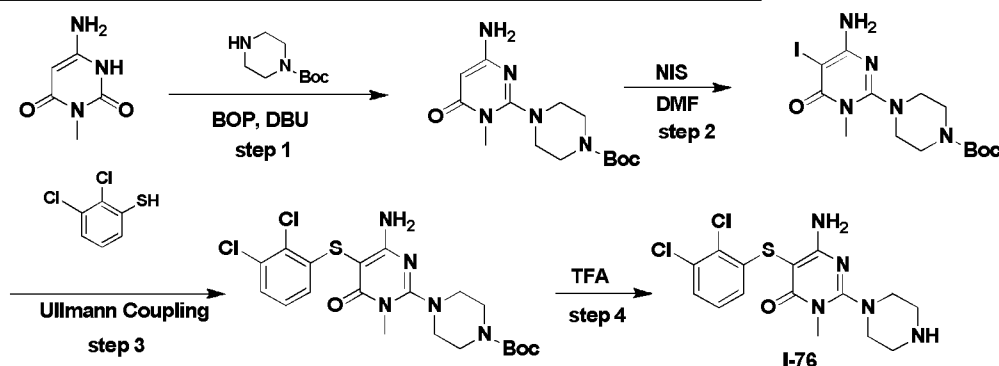
Tert-butyl (1S)-1-((tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidine]-1'-carboxylate (201 mg, 0.49 mmol) was dissolved in DCM (1.63 mL, 0.3 M). The reaction mixture was slowly added dropwise with trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) (0.38 mL, 4.94 mmol) and then stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. After completion of the reaction, the resulting product was concentrated to obtain N-((S)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide. MS m/z: 307.5 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: N-((S)-1'-(6-chloro-1,2,4-triazin-3-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (Intermediate I-74) and N-((S)-1'-(3-chloro-1,2,4-triazin-6-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (Intermediate I-75)

N-((S)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (crude product, 0.49 mmol) as concentrated and 3,6-dichloro-1,2,4-triazine (73 mg, 0.49 mmol)

were dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (2.45 mL, 0.2 M). The mixture was added with DIPEA (0.85 mL, 4.9 mmol) and then stirred at 50 °C for 4 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was purified by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:1) and then concentrated to obtain Intermediate I-74 (65.6 mg, 32%) and Intermediate I-75 (55.7 mg, 27%). MS m/z: 420.5 [M+H]⁺.

Preparation Example 73: Synthesis of 6-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-3-methyl-2-(piperazin-1-yl)pyrimidin-4(3H)-one (Intermediate I-76)



Step 1: t-butyl 4-(4-amino-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl)piperazine-1-carboxylate

6-amino-3-methyl-1H-pyrimidine-2,4-dione (2 g, 14.17 mmol), BOP (benzotriazol-1-yloxytris(dimethylamino)phosphonium hexafluorophosphate, 6.27 g, 14.17 mmol), DBU (1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene, 2.16 g, 14.17 mmol, 2.14 mL) were dissolved in DMF (30.0 mL, 0.47 M), and then tert-butyl piperazine-1-carboxylate (2.90 g, 15.59 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. After confirming by LCMS that the reaction material had completely disappeared, the reaction mixture was added with brine (20.0 mL) and EtOAc (20.0 mL X 3) and extracted. The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by Prep-HPLC (neutral) and concentrated to obtain t-butyl 4-(4-amino-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (1.8 g, 40.7%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d) δ= 5.23 (s, 1H), 4.50 (s, 2H), 3.62 - 3.52 (m, 4H), 3.42 (s, 3H), 3.18 - 3.09 (m, 4H), 1.49 (s, 9H); MS m/z: 310.3 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: t-butyl 4-(4-amino-5-iodo-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazine-1-carboxylate

Tert-butyl 4-(4-amino-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (1.6 g, 5.17 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (10 mL, 0.52 M), and then NIS (N-iodosuccinimide, 1.16 g, 5.17 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. After a white precipitate was formed, and LCMS confirmed that the reaction materials had completely disappeared, the reaction was terminated by addition of aqueous Na₂SO₃ (5 mL). After filtration, the filter cake was washed with MBTE (methyl tertiary-butyl ether, 200 mL). The

filter cake was dried to obtain *t*-butyl 4-(4-amino-5-iodo-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (1.8 g, 75.6%) as a white solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6) δ = 3.44 (br s, 4H), 3.32 (s, 3H), 3.13 - 3.02 (m, 4H), 1.42 (s, 9H); MS m/z : 435.9 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

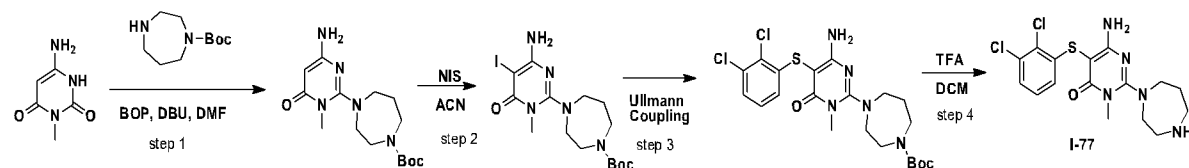
Step 3: *tert*-butyl 4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazine-1-carboxylate

2,3-dichlorobenzenethiol (395 mg, 2.21 mmol), *t*-butyl 4-(4-amino-5-iodo-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (800 mg, 1.84 mmol), (1*R*,2*R*)-*N*1,*N*2-dimethylcyclohexane-1,2-diamine (26.14 mg, 183.80 μmol) and K_3PO_4 (780.28 mg, 3.68 mmol) were dissolved in dioxane (15 mL), and then CuI (35.00 mg, 183.80 μmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was stirred at 90 °C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was added with aqueous NaHCO_3 solution and EtOAc and extracted. The organic layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC and concentrated to obtain *tert*-butyl 4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (640.0 mg, 71%). MS m/z : 486 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 4: 6-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-3-methyl-2-(piperazin-1-yl)pyrimidin-4(3H)-one

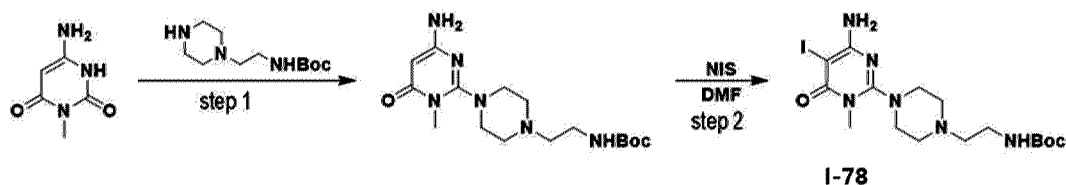
Tert-butyl 4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (640 mg, 1.32 mmol) was dissolved in DCM (dichloromethane, 3 mL, 0.4 M), and then the reaction mixture was added with TFA (1 mL) and stirred at 25 °C for 30 minutes. The reaction solution was concentrated, and then separated by MPLC to obtain Intermediate I-76 (400 mg, 79%). MS m/z : 386 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Preparation Example 74: Synthesis of 6-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-3-methyl-2-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)pyrimidin-4(3H)-one (Intermediate I-77)



Intermediate I-77 was synthesized in the same method as in Preparation Example 73, except that *tert*-butyl 1,4-diazepan-1-carboxylate was used instead of *tert*-butyl piperazine-1-carboxylate. MS m/z : 400 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Preparation Example 75: Synthesis of *t*-butyl N-[2-[4-(4-amino-5-iodo-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl)-piperazin-1-yl]ethyl]carbamate (Intermediate I-78)



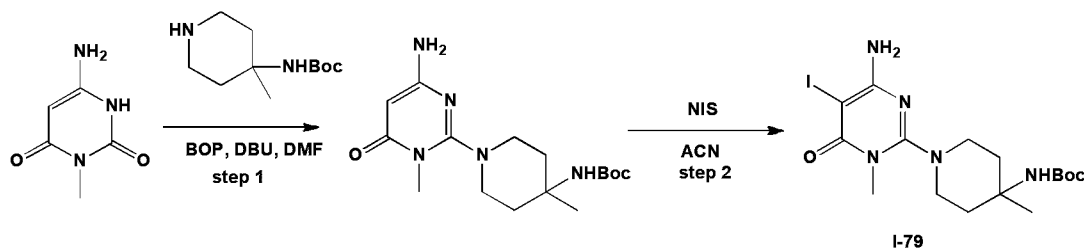
Step 1: t-butyl N-[2-[4-(4-amino-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl)-piperazin-1-yl]ethyl]carbamate

6-amino-3-methyl-1H-pyrimidine-2,4-dione (500 mg, 3.54 mmol), BOP (1.57 g, 3.54 mmol), DBU (539 mg, 3.54 mmol, 534.02 μ L) were dissolved in DMF (10 mL, 0.35 M), and then tert-butyl piperazine-1-carboxylate (812 mg, 3.54 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. After confirming by LCMS that the reaction materials had completely disappeared, the reaction mixture was added with brine (20 mL) and EtOAc (20 mL X 3) and extracted. The organic layer was dried over Na_2SO_4 , filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by Prep-HPLC (neutral) and concentrated to obtain t-butyl N-[2-[4-(4-amino-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl)-piperazin-1-yl]ethyl]carbamate (320 mg, 23.6%). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d) δ = 5.22 (s, 1H), 5.04 - 4.92 (m, 1H), 4.45 (br d, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 3.41 (s, 3H), 3.28 (br d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.23 - 3.17 (m, 4H), 2.63 - 2.56 (m, 4H), 2.54 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 1.48 (s, 9H); MS m/z : 353.4 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 2: t-butyl N-[2-[4-(4-amino-5-iodo-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl)-piperazin-1-yl]ethyl]carbamate

Tert-butyl N-[2-[4-(4-amino-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl)-piperazin-1-yl]ethyl]carbamate (260 mg, 737 μ mol) was dissolved in DMF (3 mL, 0.25 M), and then NIS (166 mg, 737 μ mol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. After a white precipitate was formed, and LCMS confirmed that the reaction materials had completely disappeared, the reaction was terminated with aqueous NaHCO_3 solution, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC and concentrated to obtain Intermediate I-78 (360 mg, 97%). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d) δ = 5.03 (s, 2H), 4.98 (br s, 1H), 3.47 (s, 3H), 3.29 (br d, J = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 3.25 - 3.18 (m, 4H), 2.61 (br s, 4H), 2.55 (br t, J = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 1.48 (s, 9H); MS m/z : 479.3 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Preparation Example 76: Synthesis of tert-butyl (1-(4-amino-5-iodo-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)carbamate (Intermediate I-79)



Step 1: tert-butyl (1-(4-amino-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)carbamate

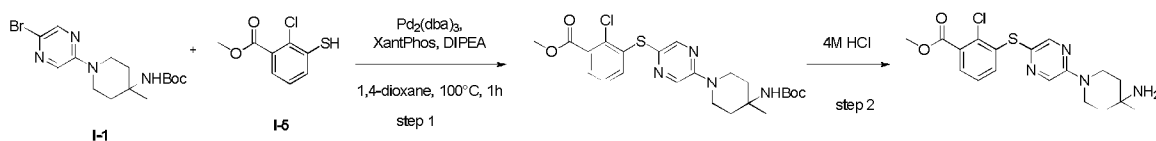
In a round bottom flask, 6-amino-3-methylpyrimidine-2,4 (1H, 3H)-dione (300 mg, 2.13 mmol) and BOP (benzotriazol-1-yloxytris(dimethylamino)phosphonium hexafluorophosphate,

942 mg, 2.13 mmol), DBU (1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene, 324 mg, 2.13 mmol, 0.32 mL) were dissolved in DMF, and then 1-(tert-butyl) 2-methyl (S)-piperazine-1,2-dicarboxylate (502.1 mg, 2.34 mmol) was added dropwise thereto. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MeOH:DCM=1:10) and concentrated to obtain tert-butyl (1-(4-amino-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)carbamate (760 mg, 97%). MS m/z: 368.20 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: tert-butyl (1-(4-amino-5-iodo-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)carbamate

In a round bottom flask, NIS (567 mg, 2.52 mmol) was added dropwise to a reaction mixture of 1-(tert-butyl) 2-methyl (S)-4-(4-amino-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazine-1,2-dicarboxylate (772 mg, 2.52 mmol) dissolved in ACN. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MeOH:DCM=1:10) and concentrated to obtain Intermediate I-79 (981 mg, 94%). MS m/z: 494.10 [M+H]⁺.

Example 1: Synthesis of methyl 3-((5-(4-amino-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzoate



Step 1: methyl 3-((5-(4-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzoate

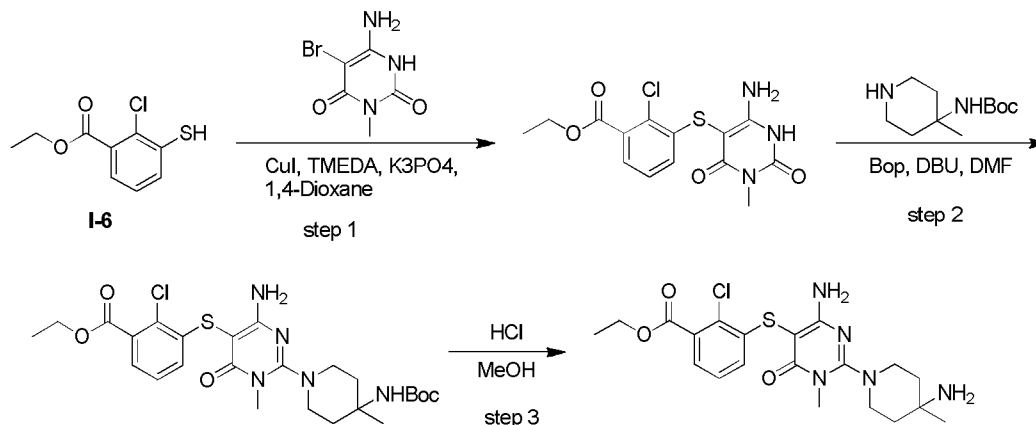
In a round bottom flask, Intermediate I-1 (220 mg, 0.59 mmol), Intermediate I-5 (110 mg, 0.53 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (50 mg, 0.053 mmol) and XantPhos (30 mg, 0.053 mmol) were dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (2.2 mL, 0.25 M), and then DIPEA (0.19 mL, 1.07 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen and stirred at 100 °C for 1 hour. The resulting product was washed with EA and filtered through celite, and the filtrate was concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:5) and then concentrated to obtain methyl 3-((5-(4-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzoate (230 mg, 87%). MS m/z: 494.1 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: methyl 3-((5-(4-amino-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzoate

In a round bottom flask, methyl 3-((5-(4-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzoate (22 mg, 0.045 mmol) was dissolved in DCM (0.15 mL,

0.3 M). 4 M HCl in dioxane (0.15 mL) was slowly added dropwise to the reaction mixture, followed by stirring at room temperature for 1 hour. The reaction was terminated with aqueous NaHCO₃ solution, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MeOH:MC=1:10) and concentrated to obtain the compound of Example 1 (8 mg, 43%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.23(d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.19(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.55(dd, J = 6.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.15(t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.08(dd, J = 8.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.93(s, 3H), 3.83-3.75(m, 2H), 3.67-3.61(m, 2H), 1.77-1.66(m, 4H), 1.32(s, 3H); MS m/z: 393 [M+H]⁺.

Example 2: Synthesis of ethyl 3-((4-amino-2-(4-amino-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-5-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzoate



Step 1: ethyl 3-((6-amino-3-methyl-2,4-dioxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyrimidin-5-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzoate

In a round bottom flask, Intermediate I-6 (89 mg, 0.4 mmol), 6-amino-5-bromo-3-methylpyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione (75 mg, 0.34 mmol), CuI (13 mg, 0.068 mmol), TMEDA (tetramethylethylenediamine, 20 μ L, 0.136 mmol) and K₃(PO)₄ (217 mg, 1.02 mmol) were dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (0.8 mL, 0.5 M), followed by stirring at 100 °C for 1 hour. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MC:MeOH=20:1) and concentrated to obtain ethyl 3-((6-amino-3-methyl-2,4-dioxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyrimidin-5-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzoate (38 mg, 32%). MS m/z: 356.5 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: ethyl 3-((4-amino-2-(4-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-5-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzoate

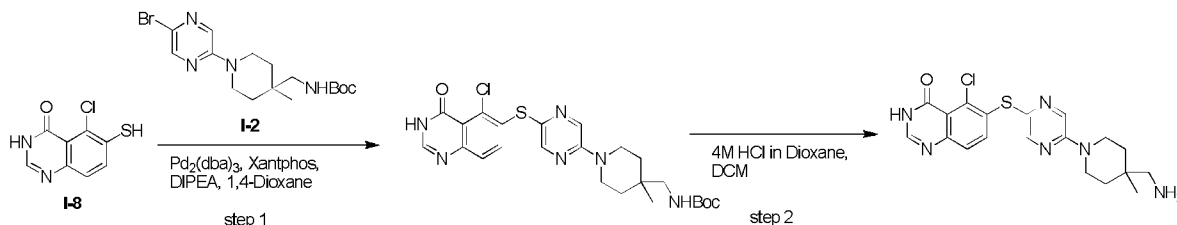
In a round bottom flask, ethyl 3-((6-amino-3-methyl-2,4-dioxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyrimidin-5-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzoate (38 mg, 0.11 mmol), tert-butyl (4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)carbamate (34 mg, 0.16 mmol), BOP (232 mg, 0.33 mmol) and DBU (84 mg, 0.55 mmol) were dissolved in DMF (0.1 mL, 0.1 M), followed by stirring at room temperature for 1 hour. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA

layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=4:1) and concentrated to obtain ethyl 3-((4-amino-2-(4-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-5-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzoate (31 mg, 54%). MS m/z : 553.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 3: ethyl 3-((4-amino-2-(4-amino-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-5-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzoate

In a round bottom flask, ethyl 3-((4-amino-2-(4-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-5-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzoate (31 mg, 0.06 mmol) was dissolved in methanol (1.2 mL, 0.05 M). The reaction mixture was added with 4 M HCl in dioxane (1.5 mL) and stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated using a concentrator. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MC:MeOH=20:1) and concentrated to obtain the compound of Example 2 (10.4 mg, 38%). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 7.41(dd, $J = 6.4, 1.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.28(t, $J = 8$ Hz, 1H), 6.89(dd, $J = 6.4, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.77-6.57(m, 2H), 4.34(q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.41-3.36(m, 2H), 3.27(s, 3H), 3.24-3.21(m, 2H), 1.64(m, 4H), 1.34-1.30(m, 3H), 1.24-1.22(m, 3H); MS m/z : 452 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 3: Synthesis of 6-((5-(4-(aminomethyl)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one



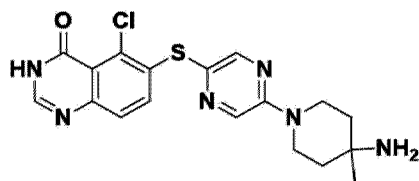
Step 1: tert-butyl((1-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate

In a round bottom flask, Intermediate I-8 (150 mg, 0.6 mmol), Intermediate I-2 (154 mg, 0.4 mmol), $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$ (36 mg, 0.04 mmol) and XantPhos (46 mg, 0.08 mmol) were dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (1 mL, 0.4 M), and then DIPEA (139 μL , 0.8 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen, and then stirred at 100°C for 4 hours. The reaction was terminated with H_2O , and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MC:MeOH=9:1) and concentrated to obtain tert-butyl ((1-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate (5 mg, 3%). MS m/z : 518.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 2: 6-((5-(4-(aminomethyl)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one

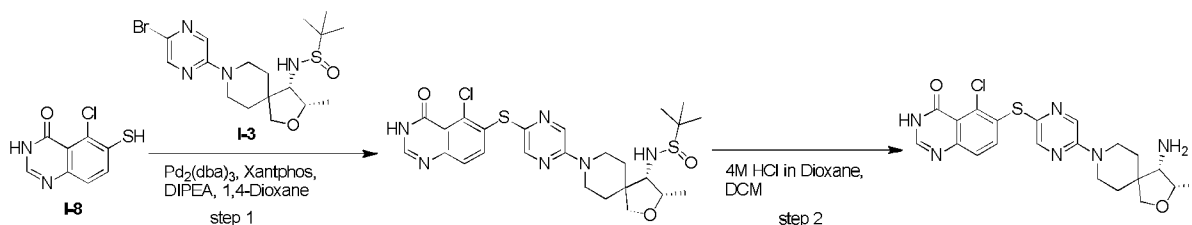
Tert-butyl ((1-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate (5 mg, 0.01 mmol) was put into a round bottom flask and dissolved in DCM (0.25 mL). The reaction mixture was slowly added dropwise with 4 M HCl in dioxane (0.25 mL) and then stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. After completion of the reaction, the resulting product was concentrated and added with EA dropwise. The precipitated solid was filtered with EA to obtain the compound of Example 3 (3 mg, 66%) in the form of a salt. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 12.51-12.39(m, 1H), 8.48(d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.31(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.07(s, 1H), 7.90-7.83(m, 3H), 7.52(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.21(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.97-3.93(m, 2H), 2.81-2.80(m, 2H), 1.59-1.44(m, 4H), 1.10(s, 3H); MS m/z : 417 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 4: Synthesis of 6-((5-(4-amino-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 4 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 3 above, except that Intermediate I-1 was used instead of Intermediate I-2. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.50 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.34 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.09 (s, 1H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.10-4.01 (m, 2H), 3.46-3.41 (m, 2H), 1.84-1.77 (m, 4H), 1.40 (s, 3H); MS m/z : 403 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 5: Synthesis of 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one



Step 1: N-((3S,4S)-8-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfanilamide

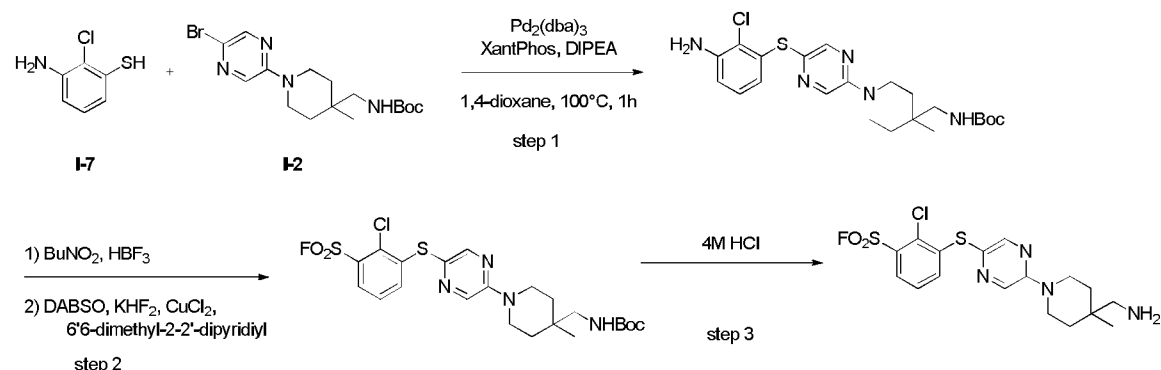
In a round bottom flask, Intermediate I-8 (108 mg, 0.43 mmol), Intermediate I-3 (170 mg, 0.39 mmol), $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$ (36 mg, 0.04 mmol) and XantPhos (46 mg, 0.08 mmol) were dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (1 mL, 0.4 M), and then DIPEA (136 μL , 0.8 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen, and then stirred at 100 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 4 hours. The reaction was terminated with H_2O , and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MC:MeOH=9:1) and concentrated to obtain N-((3S,4S)-8-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-

yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfanilamide (10.3 mg, 5%). MS m/z: 560.1 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one

N-((3S,4S)-8-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfanilamide (10.3 mg, 0.017 mmol) was put into a round bottom flask and dissolved in DCM (0.25 mL). The reaction mixture was slowly added dropwise with 4 M HCl in dioxane (63 μ L) and then stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. After completion of the reaction, the resulting product was concentrated and added with EA dropwise. The precipitated solid was filtered with EA to obtain the compound of Example 5 (4 mg, 47%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 12.61-12.54(m, 1H), 8.52(d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.33(d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.10(s, 2H), 8.09(b, 2H), 7.52(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.24(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.30-4.19(m, 3H), 3.93(d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.70(d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.40(t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.20-3.13(m, 2H), 1.84-1.71(m, 3H), 1.62-1.59(m, 1H), 1.24(d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS m/z: 459 [M+H]⁺.

Example 6: Synthesis of 3-((5-(4-(aminomethyl)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzenesulfonyl fluoride



Step 1: tert-butyl ((1-(5-((3-amino-2-chlorophenyl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate

In a round bottom flask, Intermediate I-2 (200 mg, 0.52 mmol), Intermediate I-7 (100 mg, 0.62 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (48 mg, 0.052 mmol) and XantPhos (30 mg, 0.052 mmol) were dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (2.1 mL, 0.25 M), and then DIPEA (0.18 mL, 1.04 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen, and then stirred at 100 °C for 1 hour. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:5) and concentrated to obtain tert-butyl((1-(5-((3-amino-2-chlorophenyl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate (187 mg, 78%). MS m/z: 465.1 [M+H]⁺.

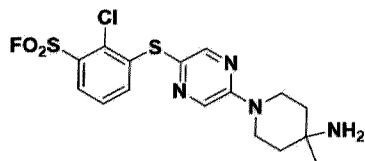
Step 2: tert-butyl ((1-(5-((2-chloro-3-(fluorosulfonyl)phenyl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate

In a round bottom flask, tert-butyl ((1-(5-((3-amino-2-chlorophenyl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate (210 mg, 0.45 mmol) was dissolved in ethanol (0.5 mL, 1.0 M), and then purged with nitrogen. The reaction mixture was added with 48 wt% of tetrafluoroboric acid (HBF₃, 0.11 mL, 0.91 mmol) and then the temperature was lowered to 0°C. Tert-butylnitrile (0.15 mL, 1.14 mmol) was added, followed by stirring at room temperature for 30 minutes. The resulting product was concentrated using a concentrator. 1,4-diazabicyclo[2,2,2]octane (1,4-diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane bis(sulfur dioxide) adduct: DABSO, 110 mg, 0.045 mmol), potassium bifluoride (177 mg, 2.27 mmol), copper chloride (12 mg, 20 mol%) and 6,6'-dimethyl-2,2'-pyridyl (17 mg, 20 mol%) were added to a round bottom flask containing the reaction mixture, and then dissolved in acetonitrile (2.3 mL, 0.2 M). The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen and stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. The reaction was terminated with aqueous NaHCO₃ solution, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:5) and concentrated to obtain tert-butyl((1-(5-((2-chloro-3-(fluorosulfonyl)phenyl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate (13 mg, 7%). MS m/z: 532.1 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: 3-((5-(4-(aminomethyl)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzenesulfonyl fluoride

In a round bottom flask, tert-butyl ((1-(5-((2-chloro-3-(fluorosulfonyl)phenyl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate (13 mg, 0.024 mmol) was dissolved in methanol (0.5 mL, 0.05 M). The reaction mixture was added with 4 M HCl solution (0.7 mL, 4 M in dioxane) and then stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated using a concentrator. The resulting product was washed with EA, and then filtered to obtain the compound of Example 6 (12 mg, 99%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ8.45(d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.24(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.74-7.71(m, 4H), 7.17(t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.87(dd, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 3.95-3.92(m, 2H), 3.46-3.41(m, 2H), 2.80-2.79(m, 2H), 1.58-1.52(m, 2H), 1.49-1.43(m, 2H), 1.09(s, 3H); MS m/z: 431 [M+H]⁺.

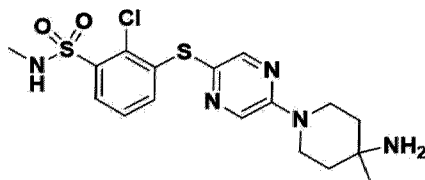
Example 7: Synthesis of 3-((5-(4-(aminomethyl)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzenesulfonyl fluoride



The compound of Example 7 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 6 above, except that Intermediate I-1 was used instead of Intermediate I-2. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ8.49(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.36 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (dd, J = 8.0Hz, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.58 ((t, J =

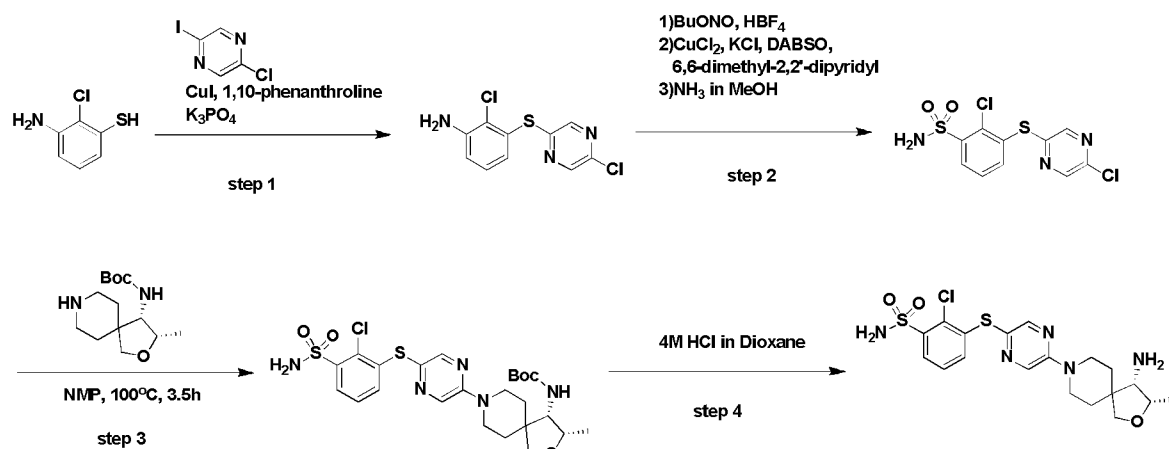
8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (dd, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.92 -3.88 (m, 2H), 3.63-3.60 (m, 2H), 1.65-1.62 (m, 4H), 1.27 (s, 3H); MS m/z : 417 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 8: Synthesis of 3-((5-(4-amino-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-2-chloro-N-methylbenzenesulfonamide



The compound of Example 8 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 6 above, except that Intermediate I-1 was used instead of Intermediate I-2, and KCl was used instead of KHF_2 , and then methylamine (10 equivalents) and DIPEA (3 equivalents) were added. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.45 (d, $J = 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.29 (d, $J = 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.75 (dd, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.08 (dt, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.91-3.80 (m, 2H), 3.63-3.55 (m, 2H), 2.49 (s, 3H), 1.47-1.42 (m, 4H), 1.10 (s, 3H); MS m/z : 428 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 9: Synthesis of 3-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzenesulfonamide



Step 1: 2-chloro-3-((5-chloropyrazin-2-yl)thio)aniline

2-chloro-5-iodopyrazine (116 mg, 0.48 mmol), 3-amino-2-chlorobenzenethiol (100 mg, 0.62 mmol), K_3PO_4 (266 mg, 1.25 mmol), CuI (18 mg, 0.09 mmol), 1,10-phenanthroline (38 mg, 0.19 mmol) and 1,4-dioxane (1.6 mL, 0.3 M) were put into a round bottom flask, and purged with nitrogen and then stirred at $80^\circ C$ for 1.5 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated and then separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:2). The resulting product was concentrated to obtain 2-chloro-3-((5-chloropyrazin-2-yl)thio)aniline (75 mg, 57%). MS m/z : 273.1 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 2: 2-chloro-3-((5-chloropyrazin-2-yl)thio)benzenesulfonamide

In a round bottom flask, 2-chloro-3-((5-chloropyrazin-2-yl)thio)aniline (75 mg, 0.27 mmol) was dissolved in ethanol (0.2 mL, 1.5 M), and then purged with nitrogen. The reaction mixture was added with 48 wt% of tetrafluoroboric acid (0.07 mL) and then the temperature was lowered to 0 °C. Tert-butylnitrile (0.08 mL, 0.6 mmol) was added, followed by stirring at room temperature for 30 minutes. The resulting product was concentrated using a concentrator. 1,4-diazabicyclo[2,2,2]octane (73 mg, 0.304 mmol), potassium chloride (144 mg, 1.93 mmol), copper chloride (7.4 mg, 20 mol%) and 6,6'-dimethyl-2,2'-pyridyl (10 mg, 20 mol%) were added to a round bottom flask containing the reaction mixture and dissolved in acetonitrile (1.3 mL, 0.2 M). The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen, and then stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. The reaction mixture was added with ammonia solution (0.8 mL, 7 M in MeOH) and then stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. The reaction was terminated with aqueous NaHCO₃ solution, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:2) and concentrated to obtain 2-chloro-3-((5-chloropyrazin-2-yl)thio)benzenesulfonamide (10 mg, 11%). MS m/z: 337.1 [M+H]⁺.

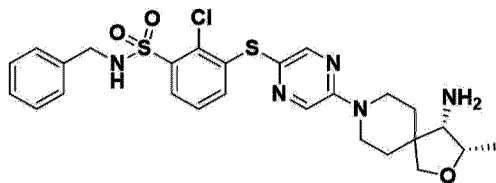
Step 3: tert-butyl((3S,4S)-8-(5-((2-chloro-3-sulfamoylphenyl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate

NMP (N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone, 0.1 mL, 0.3 M) was added to 2-chloro-3-((5-chloropyrazin-2-yl)thio)benzenesulfonamide (10 mg, 0.03 mmol), tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate (9 mg, 0.03 mmol), and DIPEA (30 µL, 0.18 mmol), followed by stirring at 100 °C for 3 hours. The reaction was terminated with aqueous solution, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:1) and concentrated to obtain tert-butyl((3S,4S)-8-(5-((2-chloro-3-sulfamoylphenyl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate (10 mg, 59%). MS m/z: 571.1 [M+H]⁺.

Step 4: 3-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzenesulfonamide

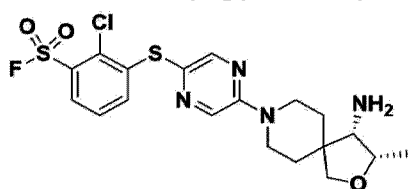
Tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-8-(5-((2-chloro-3-sulfamoylphenyl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate (10 mg, 0.018 mmol) was dissolved in methanol (0.3 mL, 0.05 M). The reaction mixture was added with 4 M HCl solution (0.3 mL, 4 M in dioxane) and then stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. EA was added slowly to precipitate a solid, which was filtered to obtain the compound of Example 9 (5 mg, 55%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.51 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.32 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (dd, J = 8.0 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (s, 2H), 7.40 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (dd, J = 8.0 Hz, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.31-4.18 (m, 3H), 3.70-3.68 (m, 1H), 3.45-3.39 (m, 1H), 3.20-3.12 (m, 2H), 1.84-1.70 (m, 3H), 1.62-1.58 (m, 1H), 1.23 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS m/z: 470 [M+H]⁺.

Example 10: Synthesis of 3-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-N-benzyl-2-chlorobenzenesulfonamide



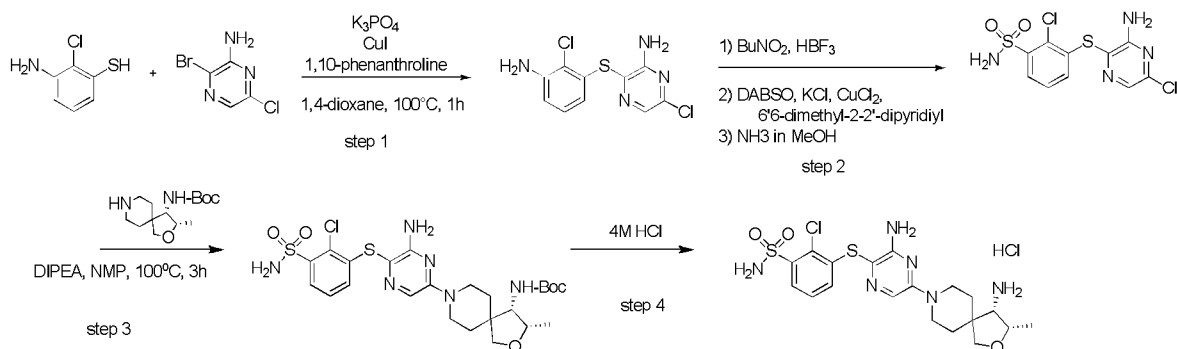
The compound of Example 10 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 9, except that benzylamine was used instead of ammonia. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.55 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 8.51 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.30 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (dd, J = 7.6 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.26-7.18 (m, 5H), 7.07 (dd, J = 8.0 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.30-4.18 (m, 3H), 4.11 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.91 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.42-3.41 (m, 1H), 3.21-3.13 (m, 2H), 1.82-1.74 (m, 3H), 1.62-1.58 (m, 2H), 1.23 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS m/z : 460 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 11: Synthesis of 3-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzenesulfonyl fluoride



The compound of Example 11 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 9, except that KHF_2 was used instead of ammonia. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.3-8.2 (m, 2H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.40-7.35 (m, 2H), 4.38 (m, 3H), 4.05-3.97 (m, 1H), 3.85-3.80 (m, 1H), 3.30-3.10 (m, 2H), 2.12-1.94 (m, 2H), 1.85-1.78 (m, 2H), 1.40 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 3H); MS m/z : 473 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 12: Synthesis of 3-((3-amino-5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzenesulfonamide



Step 1: 3-((3-amino-5-chloro-2-pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzenamine

3-bromo-6-chloropyrazine-2-amine (501 mg, 2.409 mmol), 3-amino-2-chlorobenzenethiol (500 mg, 3.132 mmol), K_3PO_4 (1.3 g, 6.24 mmol), CuI (92 mg, 0.482 mmol), 1,10-phenanthroline (190 mg, 0.96 mmol) and 1,4-dioxane (8.0 mL, 0.3 M) were put into a round bottom flask, and

purged with nitrogen and then stirred at 80 °C for 6 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated and then separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:2). The resulting product was concentrated to obtain 3-((3-amino-2-chlorophenyl)thio)-6-chloropyrazine-2-amine (155 mg, 22%). MS m/z: 288.1 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: 3-((3-amino-5-chloropyrazin-2-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzenesulfonamide

In a round bottom flask, 3-((3-amino-2-chlorophenyl)thio)-6-chloropyrazine-2-amine (90 mg, 0.31 mmol) was dissolved in ethanol (0.2 mL, 1.5 M), and then purged with nitrogen. The reaction mixture was added with 48 wt% of tetrafluoroboric acid (0.06 mL) and then the temperature was lowered to 0 °C. Tert-butyl nitrile (0.07 mL, 0.6 mmol) was added, followed by stirring at room temperature for 30 minutes. The resulting product was concentrated using a concentrator. 1,4-diazabicyclo[2,2,2]octane (75 mg, 0.344 mmol), potassium chloride (163 mg, 2.19 mmol), copper chloride (8.4 mg, 20 mol%) and 6,6'-dimethyl-2,2'-pyridyl (11 mg, 20 mol%) were put into a round bottom flask containing the reaction mixture, and then dissolved in acetonitrile (1.5 mL, 0.2 M). The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen and stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. The reaction mixture was added with ammonia solution (0.8 mL, 7 M in MeOH) and then stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. The reaction was terminated with aqueous NaHCO₃ solution, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:2) and concentrated to obtain 3-((3-amino-5-chloropyrazin-2-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzenesulfonamide (16 mg, 15%). MS m/z: 352.1 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-8-(6-amino-5-((2-chloro-3-sulfamoylphenyl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate

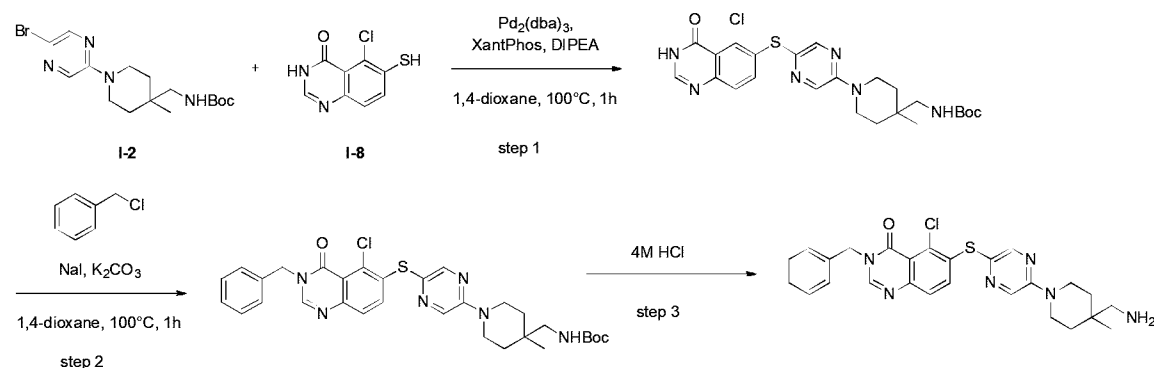
NMP (0.1 mL, 0.3 M) was added to 3-((3-amino-5-chloropyrazin-2-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzenesulfonamide (15 mg, 0.043 mmol), tert-butyl((3S,4S)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate (12 mg, 0.043 mmol), and DIPEA (15 mg, 0.086 mmol), followed by stirring at 100 °C for 3 hours. The reaction was terminated with aqueous solution, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:1) and concentrated to obtain tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-8-(6-amino-5-((2-chloro-3-sulfamoylphenyl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate (10 mg, 40%). MS m/z: 586.1 [M+H]⁺.

Step 4: 3-((3-amino-5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzenesulfonamide

Tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-8-(6-amino-5-((2-chloro-3-sulfamoylphenyl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate (10 mg, 0.017 mmol) was dissolved in methanol (0.1 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was added with 4 M HCl solution (0.7 mL, 4 M in dioxane) and then stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. EA was added slowly to

precipitate a solid, which was filtered to obtain the compound of Example 12 (5 mg, 56%). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 7.74 (dd, J = 8.0 Hz, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (s, 1H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.36 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (dd, J = 8.0 Hz, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.26 (brs, 2H), 4.21-4.11 (m, 3H), 3.92-3.87 (m, 1H), 3.42-3.38 (m, 1H), 3.10-3.0 (m, 2H), 1.78-1.50 (m, 2H), 1.23 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H); MS m/z : 485 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 13: Synthesis of 6-((5-(4-(aminomethyl)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-benzyl-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one



Step 1: tert-butyl ((1-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate

In a round bottom flask, Intermediate I-2 (275 mg, 0.71 mmol), Intermediate I-8 (215 mg, 0.86 mmol), $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$ (64 mg, 0.07 mmol) and XantPhos (40 mg, 0.07 mmol) were dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (3.0 mL, 0.25 M), and then DIPEA (0.25 mL, 1.4 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen and stirred at 100°C for 1 hour. The reaction was terminated with H_2O , and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:1) and concentrated to obtain tert-butyl ((1-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate (144 mg, 40%). MS m/z : 518.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 2: tert-butyl ((1-(5-((3-benzyl-5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate

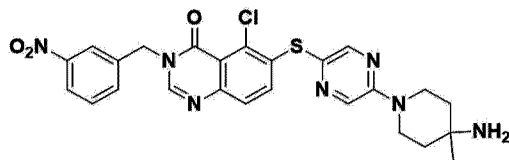
In a round bottom flask, tert-butyl ((1-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate (30 mg, 0.05 mmol), benzylchloride (6 μL , 0.05 mmol), sodium iodide (7 mg, 0.05 mmol), and potassium carbonate (34 mg, 0.25 mmol) were dissolved in acetone (0.5 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was stirred at 100°C for 1 hour. The reaction was terminated with H_2O , and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:1) and concentrated to obtain tert-butyl((1-(5-((3-benzyl-5-chloro-

4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate (21 mg, 60%). MS m/z: 608.1 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: 6-((5-(4-(aminomethyl)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-benzyl-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one

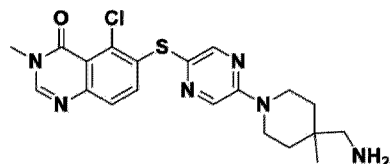
In a round bottom flask, tert-butyl ((1-(5-((3-benzyl-5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate (21 mg, 0.03 mmol) was dissolved in methanol (0.6 mL, 0.05 M). The reaction mixture was added with 4 M hydrochloric acid (0.8 mL, 4 M in dioxane) and stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated using a concentrator. The reaction mixture was washed with EA, and the solid was collected by filtration to obtain the compound of Example 13 (16 mg, 99%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ8.61(s, 1H), 8.47(d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.30(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.93(bs, 3H), 7.55(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.29(m, 5H), 7.24(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.17(s, 2H), 3.96-3.91(m, 2H), 3.50-3.43(m, 2H), 2.80-2.79(m, 2H), 1.60-1.53(m, 2H), 1.48-1.45(m, 2H), 1.10(s, 3H); MS m/z: 507 [M+H]⁺.

Example 14: Synthesis of 6-((5-(4-amino-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(3-nitrobenzyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



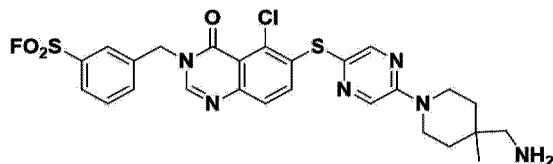
The compound of Example 14 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 13, except that Intermediate I-1 was used instead of Intermediate I-2, and 3-nitrobenzylbromide was used instead of benzylchloride. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ8.26 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.21-8.18 (m, 2H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.75 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (s, 1H), 5.23 (s, 2H), 3.81-3.65 (m, 4H), 1.67-1.62 (m, 4H), 1.25 (s, 3H); MS m/z: 538 [M+H]⁺.

Example 15: Synthesis of 6-((5-(4-(aminomethyl)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-methylquinazolin-4(3H)-one



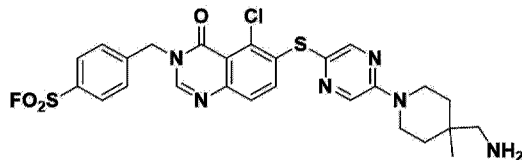
The compound of Example 15 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 13, except that MeI was used instead of benzylchloride. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ8.49(s, 1H), 8.29(s, 1H), 8.32(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.86(bs, 3H), 7.52(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.20(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.01-3.93(m, 2H), 3.58-3.44(m, 5H), 2.81-2.80(m, 2H), 1.60-1.53(m, 2H), 1.48-1.45(m, 4H), 1.10(s, 3H); MS m/z: 531 [M+H]⁺.

Example 16: Synthesis of 3-(((6-((5-(4-(aminomethyl)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-4-oxoquinazolin-3(4H-yl)methyl)benzenesulfonyl fluoride



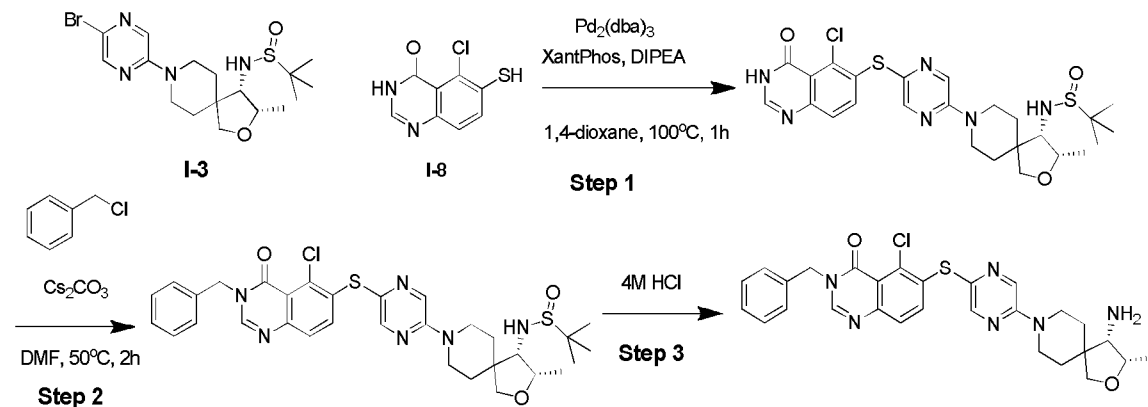
The compound of Example 16 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 13, except that 3-(bromomethyl)benzenesulfonyl fluoride was used instead of benzylchloride. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ8.68(s, 1H), 8.48(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.31(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.23(s, 1H), 8.11-8.08(m, 1H), 7.96(d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.84(bs, 3H), 7.79(t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.56(d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.24(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.30(s, 2H), 3.96-3.93(m, 2H), 3.49-3.44(m, 2H), 2.81-2.79(m, 2H), 1.59-1.52 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.44(m, 2H), 1.09(s, 3H); MS m/z: 589 [M+H]⁺.

Example 17: Synthesis of 4-(((6-((5-(4-(aminomethyl)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-4-oxoquinazolin-3(4H-yl)methyl)benzenesulfonyl fluoride



The compound of Example 17 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 13, except that 4-(bromomethyl)benzenesulfonyl fluoride was used instead of benzylchloride. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ8.64(s, 1H), 8.48(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.31(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.13(d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.90(bs, 3H), 7.75(d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.58(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.26(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.33(s, 2H), 4.06-3.93(m, 4H), 3.50-3.44(m, 2H), 2.81-2.79(m, 2H), 1.60-1.53(m, 2H), 1.48-1.44(m, 2H), 1.10(s, 3H); MS m/z: 589 [M+H]⁺.

Example 18: Synthesis of 6-(((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-benzyl-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one



Step 1: N-((3S,4S)-8-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfanilamide

In a round bottom flask, Intermediate I-3 (345 mg, 0.8 mmol), Intermediate I-8 (300 mg, 1.2 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (73 mg, 0.08 mmol) and XantPhos (46 mg, 0.08 mmol) were dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (3.2 mL, 0.25 M), and then DIPEA (0.28 mL, 1.6 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen, and then stirred at 100 °C for 1 hour. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MeOH:MC=1:50) and concentrated to obtain N-((3S,4S)-8-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfanilamide (190 mg, 42%). MS m/z: 564.1 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: N-((3S,4S)-8-(5-((3-benzyl-5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfanilamide

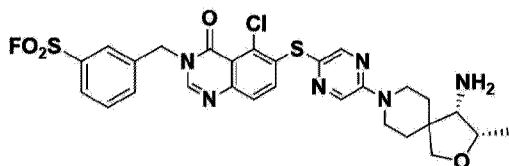
In a round bottom flask, N-((3S,4S)-8-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfanilamide (50 mg, 0.09 mmol), benzylchloride (13 µL, 0.12 mmol) and cesium carbonate (44 mg, 0.13 mmol) were dissolved in DMF (0.9 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was stirred at 50 °C for 2 hours. The reaction was terminated with aqueous NaHCO₃ solution, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MeOH:MC=1:50) and concentrated to obtain N-((3S,4S)-8-(5-((3-benzyl-5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfanilamide (37 mg, 62%). MS m/z: 654.1 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-benzyl-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one

In a round bottom flask, N-((3S,4S)-8-(5-((3-benzyl-5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfanilamide (37 mg, 0.056 mmol) was dissolved in DCM (0.6 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was added with 4 M hydrochloric acid (0.14 mL, 4 M in dioxane) and then stirred at 40 °C for 30 minutes. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated using a concentrator. The reaction mixture was washed with EA, and then the solid was collected by filtration to obtain the compound of Example 18 (35 mg, 99%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ8.61(s, 1H), 8.51(s, 1H), 8.33(s, 1H), 8.07(bs, 3H), 7.55(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.31(m, 5H), 7.52(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.17(s, 2H), 4.30-4.19(m, 3H), 3.92(d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H),

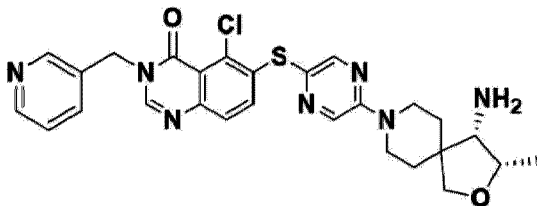
3.70(d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.42-3.41(m, 1H), 3.20-3.12(m, 2H), 1.82-1.71(m, 3H), 1.62-1.58(m, 1H), 1.23(d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS m/z: 549 [M+H]⁺.

Example 19: Synthesis of 3-((6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azospiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-4-oxoquinazolin-3(4H)-yl)methyl)benzenesulfonyl fluoride



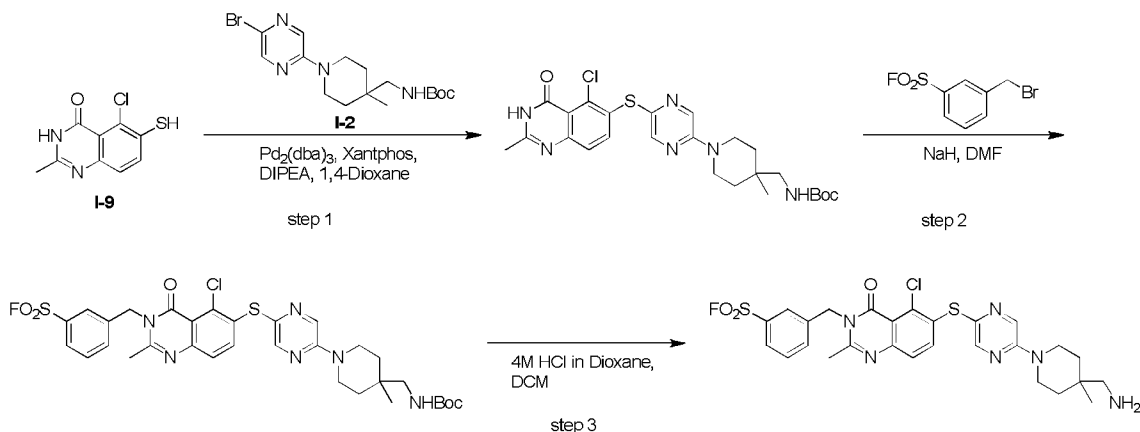
The compound of Example 19 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 3-(bromomethyl)benzenesulfonyl fluoride was used instead of benzyl chloride. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ8.68(s, 1H), 8.511(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.32(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.23(s, 1H), 8.11-8.09(m, 4H), 7.96(d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.79(t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.56(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.26(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.30(s, 2H), 4.30-4.19(m, 2H), 3.93(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.70(d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.20-3.12(m, 2H), 1.98-1.92(m, 2H), 1.80-1.74(m, 3H), 1.62-1.59(m, 1H), 1.24(d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS m/z: 631 [M+H]⁺.

Example 20: Synthesis of 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azospiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 20 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 3-(bromomethyl)pyridine was used instead of benzyl chloride. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ8.93(s, 1H), 8.77-8.75(m, 1H), 8.66(s, 1H), 8.51(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.38-8.36(m, 1H), 8.32(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.11(s, 3H), 7.86-7.83(m, 1H), 7.56(d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.26(d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.29(s, 2H), 4.30-4.19(m, 3H), 3.93(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.70(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.20-3.13(m, 3H), 1.83-1.71(m, 3H), 1.62-1.59(m, 1H), 1.24(d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS m/z: 550 [M+H]⁺.

Example 21: Synthesis of 3-((6-((5-(4-(aminomethyl)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-2-methyl-4-oxoquinazolin-3(4H)-yl)methyl)benzenesulfonyl fluoride



Step 1: tert-butyl ((1-(5-((5-chloro-2-methyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate

In a round bottom flask, Intermediate I-2 (132 mg, 0.34 mmol), Intermediate I-9 (131 mg, 0.58 mmol), $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$ (16 mg, 0.017 mmol) and XantPhos (20 mg, 0.034 mmol) were dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (1 mL, 0.3 M), and then DIPEA (120 μL , 0.68 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen and stirred at 100 °C for 4 hours. The reaction was terminated with H_2O , and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MC:MeOH=9:1) and concentrated to obtain tert-butyl ((1-(5-((5-chloro-2-methyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate (67 mg, 37%). MS m/z : 532.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

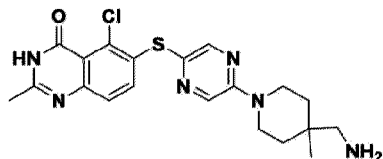
Step 2: tert-butyl ((1-(5-((5-chloro-3-(3-(fluorosulfonyl)benzyl)-2-methyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate

In a round bottom flask, tert-butyl ((1-(5-((5-chloro-2-methyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate (15 mg, 0.03 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (0.5 mL), and then NaH (1.4 mg, 0.06 mmol) was added thereto at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 1 hour and added with 3-(bromomethyl)benzenesulfonyl fluoride (7.9 mg, 0.031 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 hours, the reaction was terminated with H_2O , and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=4:1) and concentrated to obtain tert-butyl((1-(5-((5-chloro-3-(3-(fluorosulfonyl)benzyl)-2-methyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate (8.2 mg, 39%). MS m/z : 704.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 3: 3-((6-((5-(4-(aminomethyl)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-2-methyl-4-oxoquinazolin-3(4H)-yl)methyl)benzenesulfonyl fluoride

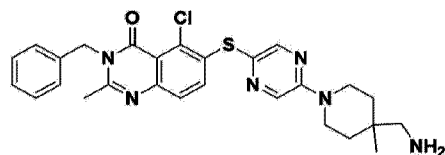
Tert-butyl ((1-(5-((5-chloro-3-(3-(fluorosulfonyl)benzyl)-2-methyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate (8.2 mg, 0.012 mmol) was put into a round bottom flask and dissolved in DCM (0.25 mL). The reaction mixture was slowly added dropwise with 4 M HCl in dioxane (0.25 mL) and then stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. After completion of the reaction, the resulting product was concentrated, and then EA was added thereto dropwise. The precipitated solid was filtered with EA to obtain the compound of Example 21 (3.5 mg, 48%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.55(s, 1H), 8.37(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.1 (s, 1H), 8.15-8.14(m, 1H), 7.90(b, 3H), 7.82(d, J = 4.4 Hz, 2H), 7.56(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.30(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.52(s, 2H), 4.02-3.99(m, 2H), 3.55-3.50(m, 2H), 2.87-2.86(m, 2H), 2.55(s, 3H), 1.64-1.51(m, 4H), 1.16(s, 3H); MS m/z: 603 [M+H]⁺.

Example 22: Synthesis of 6-((5-(4-(aminomethyl)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-2-methylquinazolin-4(3H)-one



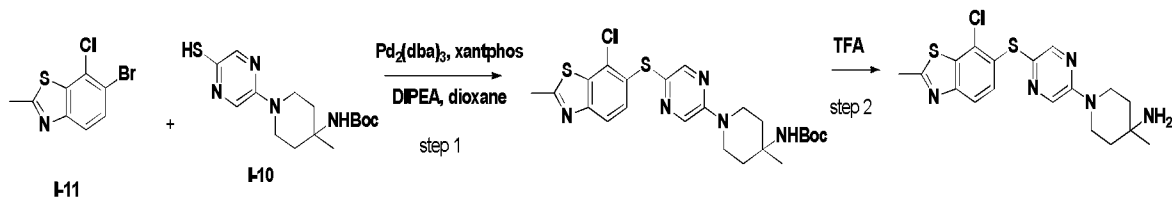
The compound of Example 22 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 21, by performing Boc-deprotection on tert-butyl ((1-(5-((5-chloro-3-(3-(fluorosulfonyl)benzyl)-2-methyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl)carbamate obtained in Step 2. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 8.28 (dd, J = 10.6, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (dt, J = 13.9, 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.54 - 3.43 (m, 2H), 2.91 (s, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 1.60 (dt, J = 8.4, 4.3 Hz, 4H), 1.20 (s, 3H); MS m/z: 431 [M+H]⁺.

Example 23: Synthesis of 6-((5-(4-(aminomethyl)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-benzyl-5-chloro-2-methylquinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 23 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 21, except that benzyl bromide was used instead of 3-(bromomethyl)benzenesulfonyl fluoride. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 8.29 (dd, J = 9.0, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 7.54 - 7.45 (m, 1H), 7.45 - 7.17 (m, 5H), 7.11 - 7.01 (m, 1H), 5.41 (s, 2H), 4.07 (d, J = 13.9 Hz, 2H), 3.55 - 3.48 (m, 1H), 3.47 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 2.91 (s, 2H), 2.52 (s, 3H), 1.65 - 1.57 (m, 4H), 1.20 (s, 3H); MS m/z: 521 [M+H]⁺.

Example 24: Synthesis of 1-(5-((7-chloro-2-methylbenzo[d]thiazol-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-amine



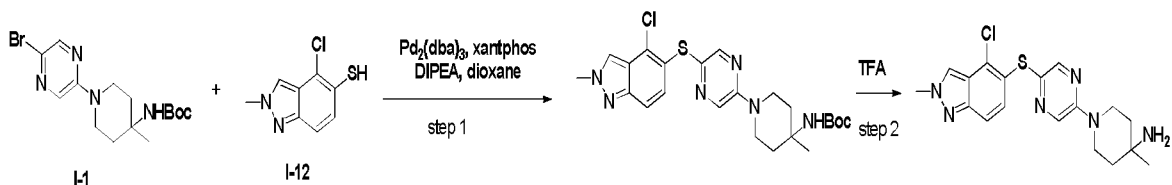
Step 1: tert-butyl (1-(5-((7-chloro-2-methylbenzo[d]thiazol-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)carbamate

In a round bottom flask, Intermediate I-10 (100 mg, 0.31 mmol), Intermediate I-11 (89 mg, 0.34 mmol), $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$ (28 mg, 0.031 mmol) and XantPhos (18 mg, 0.031 mmol) were dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (2 mL, 0.15 M), and then DIPEA (0.11 mL, 0.62 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction was carried out at 150 °C for 30 minutes using a microwave instrument. The reaction mixture was washed with EA and filtered through celite, and then the filtrate was concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:3) and concentrated to obtain tert-butyl(1-(5-((7-chloro-2-methylbenzo[d]thiazol-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)carbamate (20 mg, 13%). MS m/z: 506 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 2: 1-(5-((7-chloro-2-methylbenzo[d]thiazol-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-amine

In a round bottom flask, tert-butyl (1-(5-((7-chloro-2-methylbenzo[d]thiazol-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)carbamate (20 mg, 0.31 mmol) was dissolved in DCM (1 mL, 0.3 M). The reaction mixture was added with trifluoroacetic acid (0.5 mL, 0.62 M) and then stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The reaction was terminated with aqueous NaHCO_3 solution, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by Prep-HPLC and concentrated to obtain the compound of Example 24 (4.5 mg, 28%). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 8.26 (d, $J = 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 8.19 (d, $J = 1.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.17 (dt, $J = 14.2, 4.6$ Hz, 2H), 3.47 - 3.32 (m, 2H), 2.83 (s, 3H), 1.89 - 1.80 (m, 2H), 1.49 (s, 3H), 1.41 - 1.27 (m, 2H); MS m/z: 406 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 25: Synthesis of 1-(5-((4-chloro-2-methyl-2H-indazol-5-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-amine



Step 1: tert-butyl (1-(5-((4-chloro-2-methyl-2H-indazol-5-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)carbamate

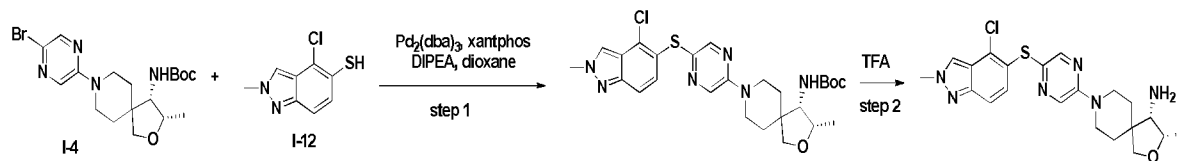
In a round bottom flask, Intermediate I-1 (50 mg, 0.135 mmol), Intermediate I-12 (32 mg, 0.162 mmol), $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$ (12 mg, 0.0135 mmol) and XantPhos (8 mg, 0.0135 mmol) were dissolved

in 1,4-dioxane (1 mL, 0.14 M), and then DIPEA (47 μ L, 0.27 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction was carried out at 150 °C for 30 minutes using a microwave instrument. The reaction mixture was washed with EA and filtered through celite, and then the filtrate was concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:3) and concentrated to obtain tert-butyl(1-(5-((4-chloro-2-methyl-2H-indazol-5-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)carbamate (15 mg, 23%). MS m/z: 489 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: 1-(5-((4-chloro-2-methyl-2H-indazol-5-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-amine

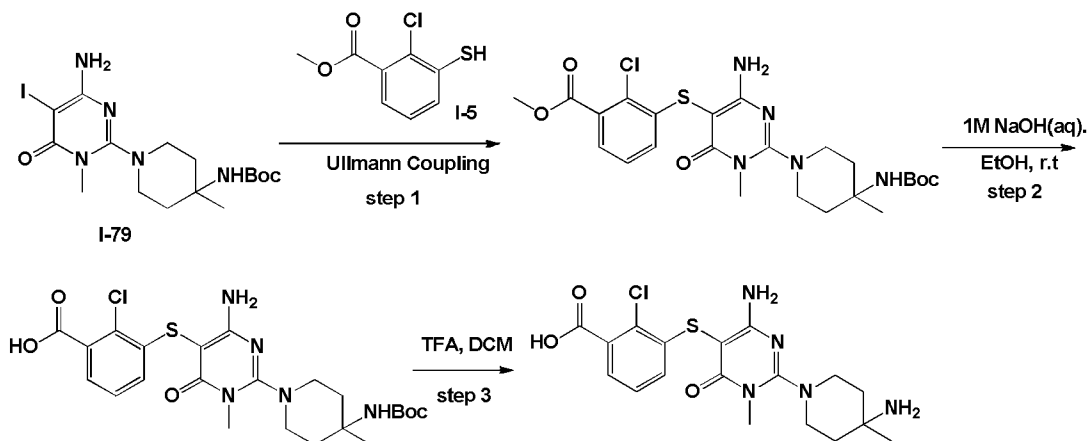
In a round bottom flask, tert-butyl (1-(5-((4-chloro-2-methyl-2H-indazol-5-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4-methylpiperidin-4-yl)carbamate (15 mg, 0.03 mmol) was dissolved in DCM (1 mL, 0.03 M). The reaction mixture was added with trifluoro acetic acid (0.5 mL, 0.06 M) and then stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The reaction was terminated with aqueous NaHCO₃ solution, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by Prep-HPLC and concentrated to obtain the compound of Example 25 (4.1 mg, 35%) as a TFA salt. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 8.31 (s, 1H), 8.20 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (dd, J = 8.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (s, 3H), 4.13 (dt, J = 14.2, 4.4 Hz, 2H), 3.43 - 3.32 (m, 2H), 1.84 (m, 4H), 1.48 (s, 3H); MS m/z: 389 [M+H]⁺.

Example 26: Synthesis of (3S,4S)-8-(5-((4-chloro-2-methyl-2H-indazol-5-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-amine



The compound of Example 26 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 25, except that Intermediate I-4 was used instead of Intermediate I-1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 8.17 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.53 - 7.44 (m, 1H), 7.20 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (s, 3H), 3.86 - 3.75 (m, 2H), 3.41 - 3.38 (m, 3H), 3.16 - 3.10 (m, 2H), 1.85 - 1.68 (m, 4H), 1.30 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H); MS m/z: 445 [M+H]⁺.

Example 27: Synthesis of 3-((4-amino-2-(4-amino-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-5-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzoic acid



Step 1: methyl 3-((4-amino-2-(4-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-5-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzoate

In a round bottom flask, Intermediate I-79 (1.04 g, 2.13 mmol) was dissolved in 1,4-dioxane, and then Intermediate I-5 (763 mg, 4.26 mmol), K_3PO_4 (904 mg, 4.26 mmol), CuI (82 mg, 0.43 mmol) and (1R, 2R)-N1, N2-dimethylcyclohexane-1,2-diamine (61 mg, 0.43 mmol) were added dropwise thereto. The reaction mixture was stirred at 90 °C for 16 hours. The reaction was terminated with H_2O , and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over $MgSO_4$, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MeOH:DCM=1:10) and concentrated to obtain methyl 3-((4-amino-2-(4-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-5-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzoate (280 mg, 24%). MS m/z: 538.20 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 2: 3-((4-amino-2-(4-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-5-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzoic acid

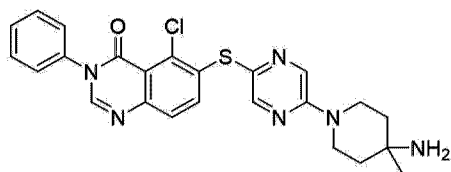
In a round bottom flask, 1 M aqueous NaOH solution (0.5 mL, 0.50 mmol) was added dropwise to a reaction mixture of methyl 3-((4-amino-2-(4-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-5-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzoate (134 mg, 0.25 mmol) dissolved in EtOH. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. The reaction was terminated with 1 M aqueous HCl solution, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over $MgSO_4$, filtered and concentrated to obtain 3-((4-amino-2-(4-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-5-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzoic acid (121 mg, 92%). MS m/z: 524.20 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 3: 3-((4-amino-2-(4-amino-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-5-yl)thio)-2-chlorobenzoic acid

Tert-butyl N-[2-[4-[4-amino-5-[(2-amino-3-chloro-4-pyridyl)sulfanyl]-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl]piperazin-1-yl]ethyl]carbamate (70.0 mg, 136 μ mol) was dissolved in DCM (0.5 mL), and then TFA (2.69 g, 23.6 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 minutes. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was

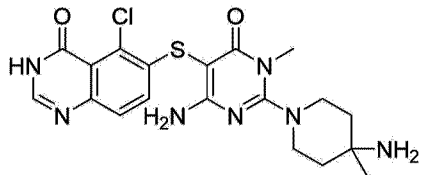
concentrated and neutralized by addition of $\text{NH}_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$. The resulting product was separated by Prep-HPLC to give the compound of Example 27 (7 mg, 18%). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 7.48 (dd, $J = 7.7, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.18 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.95 (dd, $J = 8.0, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.63 (d, $J = 14.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.42 (d, $J = 1.5$ Hz, 3H), 3.30 - 3.22 (m, 2H), 2.00 (td, $J = 11.8, 3.9$ Hz, 2H), 1.89 (d, $J = 13.2$ Hz, 2H); MS m/z : 424.10 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 28: Synthesis of 6-((5-(4-amino-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-phenylquinazolin-4(3H)-one



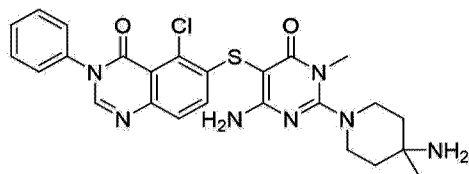
The compound of Example 28 (33 mg, 82%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 26, except that Intermediate I-13 was used instead of Intermediate I-12. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 8.41 - 8.31 (m, 2H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 7.63 - 7.45 (m, 6H), 7.34 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.29 - 4.20 (m, 2H), 3.52 - 3.41 (m, 2H), 2.03 - 1.77 (m, 4H), 1.52 (s, 3H); MS m/z : 479.10 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 29: Synthesis of 6-((4-amino-2-(4-amino-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-5-yl)thio)-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 29 (8 mg, 20%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 27, except that Intermediate I-8 was used instead of Intermediate I-6. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 8.18 (s, 1H), 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.45 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.65 (d, $J = 14.1$ Hz, 2H), 3.43 (s, 3H), 3.30 - 3.16 (m, 2H), 2.07 - 1.98 (m, 2H), 1.94 - 1.85 (m, 2H); MS m/z : 448.10 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

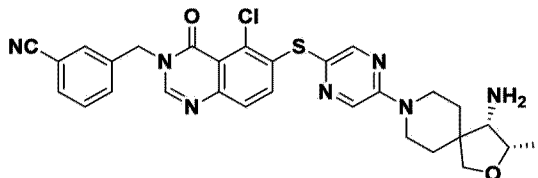
Example 30: Synthesis of 6-((4-amino-2-(4-amino-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-5-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-phenylquinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 30 (9 mg, 13%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 27, except that Intermediate I-13 was used instead of Intermediate I-6. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 8.22 (s, 1H), 7.63 - 7.45 (m, 6H), 7.28 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 3.65 (d, $J = 14.1$ Hz,

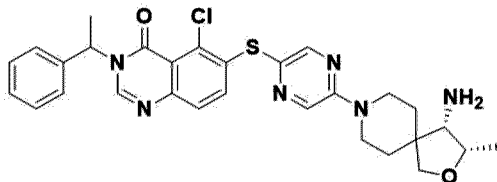
2H), 3.44 (s, 3H), 3.34 (s, 3H), 3.32 - 3.17 (m, 2H), 2.07 - 1.96 (m, 2H), 1.95 - 1.87 (m, 2H); MS m/z : 524.20 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 31: 3-((6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-4-oxoquinazolin-3(4H)-yl)methyl)benzonitrile



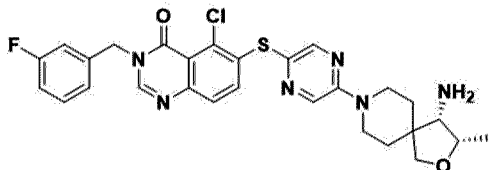
The compound of Example 31 (18 mg, 97%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 3-(bromomethyl)benzonitrile was used instead of benzyl chloride. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.63 (s, 1H), 8.51 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.32 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 8.17 (bs, 3H), 7.90 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (dt, J = 7.7, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (dt, J = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.80 - 7.73 (m, 2H), 7.26 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (s, 2H), 4.33 - 4.17 (m, 3H), 3.94 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.43 - 3.36 (m, 1H), 3.19 - 3.12 (m, 2H), 1.85 - 1.70 (m, 3H), 1.63 - 1.59 (m, 1H), 1.24 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H); MS m/z : 573.17 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 32: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(1-phenylethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 32 (8.5 mg, 83%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 1-(bromoethyl)benzene was used instead of benzyl chloride. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.51 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.43 (s, 1H), 8.32 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (bs, 3H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.46 - 7.30 (m, 4H), 7.33 - 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.25 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.32 - 4.17 (m, 3H), 3.92 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.42 - 3.40 (m, 1H), 1.84 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.79 - 1.71 (m, 3H), 1.61 - 1.58 (m, 1H), 1.61 - 1.58 (m, 1H), 1.23 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H); MS m/z : 562.19 $[M+H]^+$.

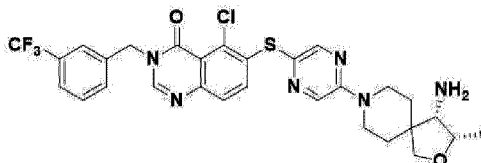
Example 33: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(3-fluorobenzyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 33 (17 mg, 85%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 1-(bromomethyl)-3-fluorobenzene was used instead of benzyl chloride.

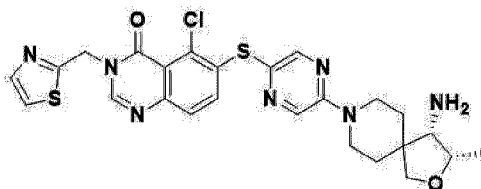
^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.61 (s, 1H), 8.51 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 8.32 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (b, 3H), 7.56 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.44-7.39 (m, 1H), 7.29 - 7.20 (m, 3H), 7.15 (td, J = 8.7, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (s, 2H), 4.30 - 4.20 (m, 3H), 3.41-3.39 (m, 1H), 3.20-3.12 (m, 2H), 1.84-1.71 (m, 3H), 1.61 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 1.24 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 4H), 1.05 (s, 1H); MS m/z : 566.17 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 34: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(3-trifluoromethyl)benzyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



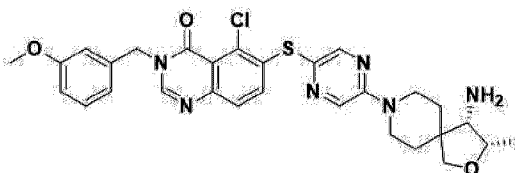
The compound of Example 34 (15.4 mg, 71%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 1-(bromomethyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzene was used instead of benzyl chloride. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.67 (s, 1H), 8.51 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.32 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (b, 3H), 7.81 (s, 1H), 7.69-7.68 (m, 2H), 7.62 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (s, 2H), 4.30-4.19 (m, 3H), 3.92 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.41-3.40 (m, 1H), 3.20-3.13 (m, 2H), 1.82-1.71 (m, 3H), 1.62-1.58 (m, 1H), 1.24-1.23 (m, 4H), 0.87 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H); MS m/z : 616.16 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 35: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(thiazol-2-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



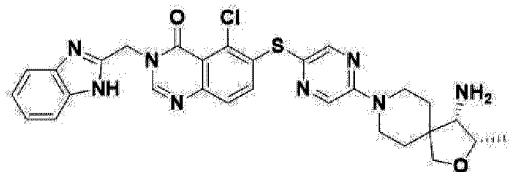
The compound of Example 35 (27 mg, 91%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 2-(chloromethyl)thiazole was used instead of benzyl chloride. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.59 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.52 (s, 1H), 8.33 (s, 1H), 8.23 (b, 3H), 7.76-7.74 (m, 2H), 7.58 (dd, J = 8.8 Hz, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, J = 8.8 Hz, 2 Hz, 1H), 5.51 (s, 2H), 3.95 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 3.68 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 3.40 (b, 1H), 3.15 (b, 2H), 1.81 (b, 2H), 1.72 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 1.62 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 1.25 (m, 4H), 1.05 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 0.87-0.86 (m, 1H); MS m/z : 555.13 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 36: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(3-methoxybenzyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



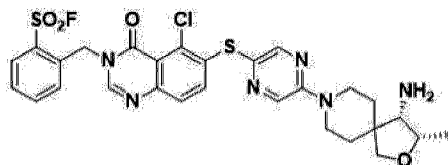
The compound of Example 36 (18.7 mg, 87%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 3-methoxybenzyl bromide was used instead of benzyl chloride. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.59 (s, 1H), 8.52 (s, 1H), 8.33 (s, 1H), 8.03 (bs, 3H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.32 - 7.22 (m, 2H), 6.96 - 6.88 (m, 3H), 5.13 (s, 2H), 4.30 (s, 1H), 4.30 - 4.21 (m, 3H), 3.92 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.70 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.18 - 3.13 (m, 3H), 1.79 - 1.76 (m, 3H), 1.61 - 1.58 (m, 1H), 1.23 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H); MS m/z : 578.19 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 37: 3-((1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)methyl)-6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one



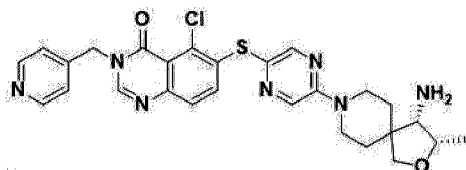
The compound of Example 37 (5.1 mg, 74%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 2-(chloromethyl)benzimidazole was used instead of benzyl chloride. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.65 (s, 1H), 8.59 (s, 1H), 8.52 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 8.33 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (bs, 3H), 7.81 - 7.74 (m, 2H), 7.62 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.52 - 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.64 (s, 2H), 4.32 - 4.18 (m, 3H), 3.93 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.20 - 3.12 (m, 2H), 1.83 - 1.72 (m, 3H), 1.62-1.59 (m, 1H), 1.24 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H); MS m/z : 588.18 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 38: 2-((6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-4-oxoquinazolin-3(4H)-yl)methyl)benzenesulfonyl fluoride



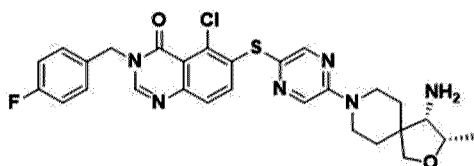
The compound of Example 38 (8 mg, 67%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 2-(bromomethyl)benzenesulfonyl fluoride was used instead of benzyl chloride. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.64 (s, 1H), 8.52 (s, 1H), 8.33 (s, 1H), 8.14-8.11 (m, 5H), 7.75 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.59-7.57 (m, 1H), 7.29-7.26 (m, 1H), 5.33 (s, 2H), 4.30-4.22 (m, 3H), 3.41 (m, 1H), 3.18-3.15 (m, 2H), 1.84-1.74 (m, 3H), 1.62-1.59 (m, 1H), 1.25-1.19 (m, 4H), 1.0 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H); MS m/z : 630.13 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 39: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(pyridin-4-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



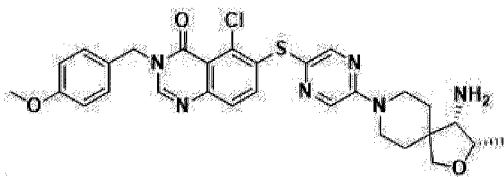
The compound of Example 39 (1.5 mg, 34%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 4-(bromomethyl)pyridine was used instead of benzyl chloride. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.78 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 8.59 (s, 1H), 8.52 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.32 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 8.14 (bs, 3H), 7.82 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.37 (s, 2H), 4.33 - 4.20 (m, 3H), 3.93 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.20 - 3.13 (m, 3H), 1.91 - 1.71 (m, 3H), 1.63 - 1.59 (m, 1H), 1.24 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H); MS m/z : 549.17 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 40: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(4-fluorobenzyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



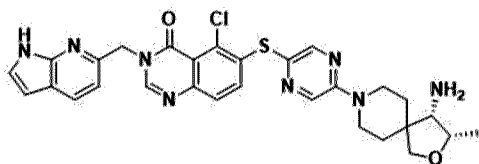
The compound of Example 40 (22 mg, 81%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 1-(bromomethyl)-4-fluorobenzene was used instead of benzyl chloride. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.62 (s, 1H), 8.51 (d, J = 1.1 Hz, 1H), 8.32 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (s, 3H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.48 - 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.25 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (t, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 5.14 (s, 2H), 4.30 - 4.18 (m, 3H), 4.25 - 4.16 (m, 2H), 3.92 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.42 - 3.39 (m, 2H), 3.16 (q, J = 10.1 Hz, 2H), 1.82 - 1.70 (m, 3H), 1.60 (d, J = 13.3 Hz, 1H), 1.23 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H); MS m/z : 566.17 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 41: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(4-methoxybenzyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



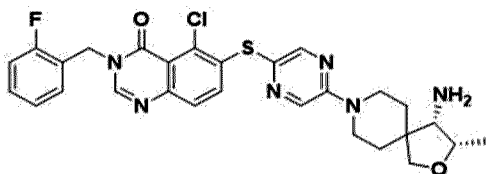
The compound of Example 41 (32 mg, 97%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 4-methoxybenzyl chloride was used instead of benzyl chloride. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.60 (s, 1H), 8.51 (s, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 8.09 (bs, 3H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.08 (s, 2H), 4.32 - 4.16 (m, 3H), 3.92 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.69 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.41 - 3.39 (m, 1H), 3.19 - 3.12 (m, 2H), 1.82 - 1.70 (m, 3H), 1.61 - 1.58 (m, 1H), 1.23 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H); MS m/z : 578.19 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 42: 3-((1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-6-yl)methyl)-6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one



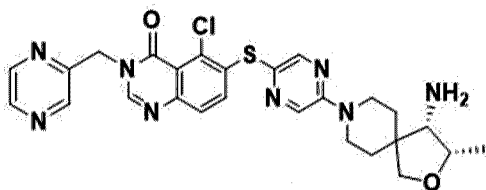
The compound of Example 42 (24 mg, 87%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 6-(chloromethyl)-1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridine was used instead of benzyl chloride. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 11.63(s, 1H), 8.59(s, 1H), 8.50(s, 1H), 8.32(s, 1H), 8.12(bs, 3H), 7.97(d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.58(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.41(t, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.27(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.15(d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.44(s, 1H), 5.34(s, 2H), 4.30-4.19(m, 3H), 3.93(d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.68-3.60(m, 1H), 3.41-3.40(m, 1H), 3.19-3.12(m, 2H), 1.84-1.70(m, 3H), 1.62-1.58(m, 1H), 1.24(d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS m/z : 588.18 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 43: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-fluorobenzyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



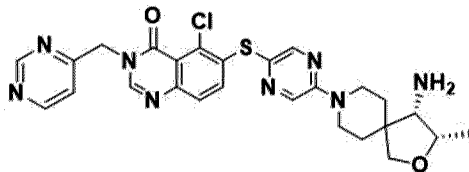
The compound of Example 43 (18 mg, 90%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 1-(bromomethyl)-2-fluorobenzene was used instead of benzyl chloride. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.55 (s, 1H), 8.51 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.32 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (b, 3H), 7.56 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.40-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.27-7.17 (m, 3H), 5.20 (s, 2H), 4.29-4.19 (m, 3H), 3.92 (d, J = 9 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.42-3.40 (m, 2H), 3.20-3.12 (m, 2H), 1.83-1.70 (m, 3H), 1.60 (d, J = 13 Hz, 1H), 1.23 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H); MS m/z : 566.17 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 44: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(pyrazin-2-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



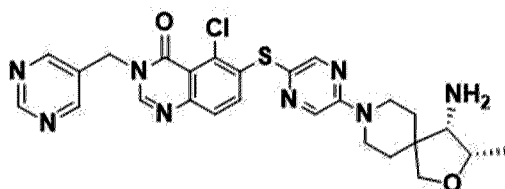
The compound of Example 44 (24.4 mg, 72%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 2-(chloromethyl)pyrazine and sodium hydride were used instead of benzyl chloride and cesium carbonate, and the reaction was carried out at 0 °C. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 9.08(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.79(d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 8.52-8.51(m, 2H), 8.33(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.14(bs, 3H), 7.61-7.58(m, 1H), 7.28(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.30(s, 2H), 4.31-4.19(m, 3H), 3.93(d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.69(d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.41-3.39(m, 1H), 3.20-3.12(m, 2H), 1.91-1.70(m, 3H), 1.62-1.59(m, 1H), 1.24(d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H); MS m/z : 550.17 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 45: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



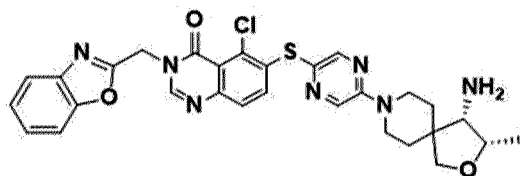
The compound of Example 45 (33 mg, 99%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 4-(bromomethyl)pyrimidine and sodiumhydride were used instead of benzyl chloride and cesium carbonate, and the reaction was carried out at 0 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.82 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.61 - 8.53 (m, 3H), 8.51 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.32 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 8.25 (bs, 3H), 7.57 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.35 (s, 2H), 4.22 - 4.20 (m, 3H), 3.94 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.68 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.43 - 3.37 (m, 1H), 3.20 - 3.09 (m, 2H), 1.85 - 1.79 (m, 2H), 1.71 (d, J = 13.4 Hz, 1H), 1.62 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 1.25 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H); MS m/z: 550.17 [M+H]⁺.

Example 46: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(pyrimidin-5-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 46 (27 mg, 99%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 5-(chloromethyl)pyrimidine was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1 equivalent of potassium iodide was added. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 9.13 (s, 1H), 8.91 (s, 2H), 8.68 (s, 1H), 8.50 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.31 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 8.16 (bs, 3H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (s, 2H), 4.32 - 4.16 (m, 3H), 3.93 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.66 - 3.57 (m, 1H), 3.34 - 3.31 (m, 1H), 3.17 - 3.11 (m, 2H), 1.84 - 1.70 (m, 3H), 1.62 - 1.59 (m, 1H), 1.24 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H); MS m/z: 550.17 [M+H]⁺.

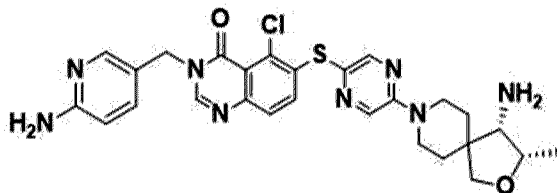
Example 47: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-(benzo[d]oxazol-2-ylmethyl)-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 47 (13.2 mg, 35%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 2-(chloromethyl)benzo[d]oxazol was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1 equivalent of potassium iodide was added. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.61 (s, 1H), 8.52 (s,

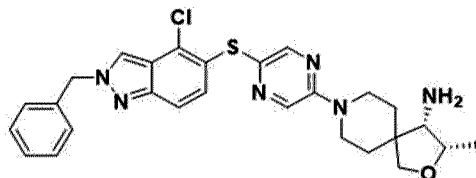
1H), 8.38 - 8.33 (m, 1H), 8.16 (bs, 3H), 7.76 - 7.67 (m, 2H), 7.61 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.44 - 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.31 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.54 (s, 2H), 4.33 - 4.18 (m, 3H), 3.93 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.43 - 3.39 (m, 1H), 3.20 - 3.12 (m, 2H), 1.85 - 1.67 (m, 3H), 1.63 - 1.55 (m, 1H), 1.24 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS m/z: 589.17 [M+H]⁺.

Example 48: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-((6-aminopyridin-3-yl)methyl)-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one



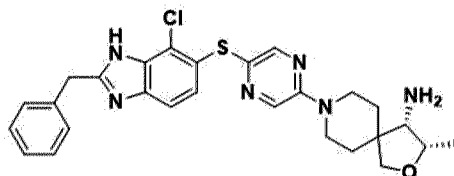
The compound of Example 48 (16 mg, 71%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 5-(bromomethyl)pyridin-2-amine was used instead of benzyl chloride. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 13.78-13.77 (b, 1H), 8.54 (s, 1H), 8.51 (s, 1H), 8.33 (s, 1H), 8.24 (b, 2H), 8.03 (b, 2H), 7.94 (d, J = 6.3Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 1H), 6.86 (d, J = 6.6Hz, 1H), 6.70 (s, 1H), 5.19 (s, 2H), 4.31-4.28 (m, 1H), 4.23-4.20 (m, 2H), 3.68 (d, J = 9.1Hz, 1H), 3.39 (m, 1H), 3.17 (m, 2H), 1.82-1.79 (m, 2H), 1.71 (d, J = 13Hz, 1H), 1.62 (d, J = 13Hz, 1H), 1.24 (d, J = 6.3Hz, 3H), 1.05 (s, 1H); MS m/z: 565.09 [M+H]⁺.

Example 49: (3S,4S)-8-(5-((2-benzyl-4-chloro-2H-indazol-5-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-amine



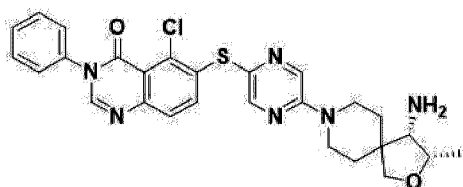
The compound of Example 49 (3 mg, 20%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 25 above, except that Intermediate I-16 was used instead of Intermediate I-1, and Intermediate I-17 was used instead of Intermediate I-2. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.07 (s, 1H), 7.92 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 7.61 - 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.36 - 7.30 (m, 5H), 7.22 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 5.58 (s, 2H), 4.22 - 4.13 (m, 3H), 3.99 (d, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.40 - 3.36 (m, 1H), 2.99 - 2.09 (m, 2H), 1.81 - 1.66 (m, 3H), 1.63 - 1.55 (m, 1H), 1.36 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H); MS m/z: 521 [M+H]⁺.

Example 50: (3S,4S)-8-(5-((2-benzyl-7-chloro-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-amine



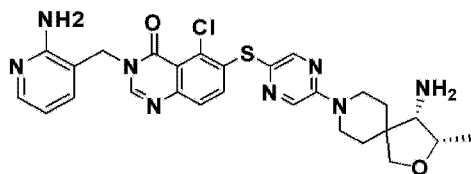
The compound of Example 50 (3 mg, 20%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 25 above, except that Intermediate I-16 was used instead of Intermediate I-1, and Intermediate I-15 was used instead of Intermediate I-2. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 8.22 (s, 1H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 8.00 - 7.93 (m, 2H), 7.57 (d, J = 8.4, 1H), 7.50 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.43 - 7.29 (m, 5H), 4.20 (d, J = 14.2 Hz, 2H), 3.97 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (dd, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.40 - 3.38 (m, 1H), 3.24 - 3.06 (m, 2H), 2.23 - 2.15 (m, 2H), 1.69 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 3H), 1.60 (s, 1H), 1.30 (dd, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H); MS m/z : 521 [M+H]⁺.

Example 51: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-phenylquinazolin-4(3H)-one



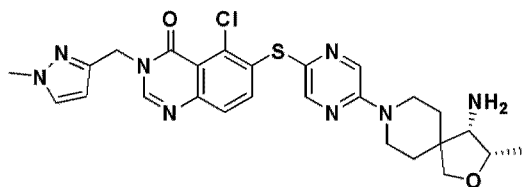
The compound of Example 51 (5 mg, 22%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 26 above, except that Intermediate I-13 was used instead of Intermediate I-12. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 8.34 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 8.30 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 7.62 - 7.43 (m, 6H), 7.31 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.43 - 4.20 (m, 3H), 4.00 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.49 - 3.38 (m, 1H), 3.29 - 3.11 (m, 2H), 1.91 - 1.80 (m, 3H), 1.78 - 1.69 (m, 1H), 1.32 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H); MS m/z : 535 [M+H]⁺.

Example 52: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-((2-aminopyridin-3-yl)methyl)-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one



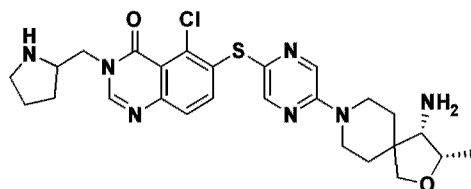
The compound of Example 52 (2.7 mg, 61%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 3-(chloromethyl)pyridin-2-amine hydrochloride (1:1) was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.54 (s, 1H), 8.52 (s, 1H), 8.32 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 8.17-8.13 (m, 2H), 8.07 (br s, 2H), 7.98 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 5.07 (s, 2H), 4.30-4.19 (m, 3H), 3.92 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.17 (br s, 3H), 1.82-1.71 (m, 3H), 1.62-1.58 (m, 1H), 1.24 (br s, 3H); MS m/z : 565 [M+H]⁺.

Example 53: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-((1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)methyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



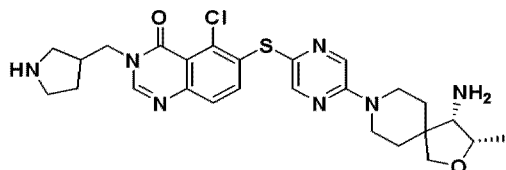
The compound of Example 53 (13 mg, 81%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, 3-(chloromethyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1 equivalent of potassium iodide was added. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.51(s, 1H), 8.46(s, 1H), 8.32(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.02(br s, 3H), 7.63(d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.53(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.24(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.21(d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 5.10(s 2H), 4.29-4.18(m, 3H), 3.91(d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.76(s, 3H), 3.69(d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.50-3.41(m, 1H), 3.20-3.12(m, 2H), 1.81-1.66(m, 3H), 1.61-1.58(m, 1H), 1.22(d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H).

Example 54: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(pyrrolidin-2-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 54 (25 mg, 80%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, tert-butyl 2-(bromomethyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1 equivalent of potassium iodide was added. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 9.30-9.22(m, 2H), 8.51(s, 2H), 8.32(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.20(br s, 3H), 7.55(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.26(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.32-4.19(m, 5H), 3.94-3.91(m, 1H), 3.68(d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.40-3.37(m, 1H), 3.34-3.28(m, 1H), 3.19-3.11(m, 4H), 2.17-2.11(m, 1H), 2.02-1.89(m, 2H), 1.84-1.78(m, 2H), 1.75-1.67(m, 2H), 1.63-1.59(m, 1H), 1.24(d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H).

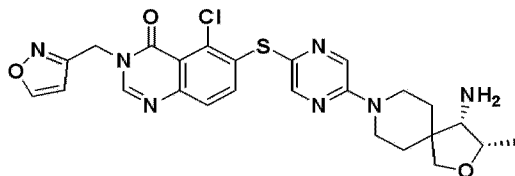
Example 55: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(pyrrolidin-3-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 55 (31 mg, 95%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, tert-butyl 3-(bromomethyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1 equivalent of potassium iodide was added. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 9.26-9.09(m, 2H), 8.51-8.48(m, 2H), 8.32(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.20-8.16(m, 3H), 7.53(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.24(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.30-4.27(m, 1H), 4.23-4.19(m, 2H), 4.03(d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.93(d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.68(d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.40-3.37(m, 1H), 3.28-

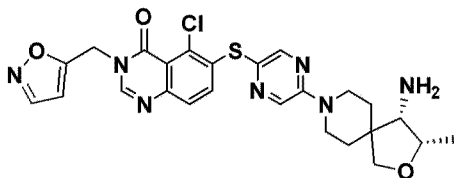
3.24(m, 2H), 3.19-3.12(m, 3H), 2.99-2.91(m, 1H), 2.78-2.72(m, 1H), 2.06-1.98(m, 1H), 1.81-1.65(m, 4H), 1.60-1.59(m, 1H), 1.24(d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H).

Example 56: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(isoxazol-3-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



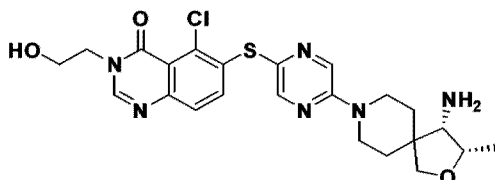
The compound of Example 56 (23 mg, 83%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, 3-(chloromethyl)isoxazole was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1 equivalent of potassium iodide was added. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.91(d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.53(s, 1H), 8.51(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.33(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.05(br s, 3H), 7.56(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.27(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.65(d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 5.29(s, 2H), 4.30-4.18(m, 3H), 3.91(d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.69(d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.42-3.41(m, 1H), 3.20-3.12(m, 2H), 1.83-1.70(m, 3H), 1.61-1.58(m, 1H), 1.23(d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H).

Example 57: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(isoxazol-5-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 57 (44 mg, 94%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, 5-(bromomethyl)isoxazole was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1.5 equivalent of potassium iodide was added. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.55 (d, J = 2.5Hz, 2H), 8.51 (s, 1H), 8.33 (s, 1H), 8.05 (br s, 2H), 7.56 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 1H), 6.53 (s, 1H), 5.37 (s, 2H), 4.29-4.19 (m, 3H), 3.91 (d, J = 9.0Hz, 1H), 3.69 (d, J = 9.0Hz, 1H), 3.20-3.12 (m, 3H), 1.82-1.70 (m, 3H), 1.61-1.58 (m, 1H), 1.23 (d, J = 6.5Hz, 3H); MS m/z: 540 [M+H]⁺.

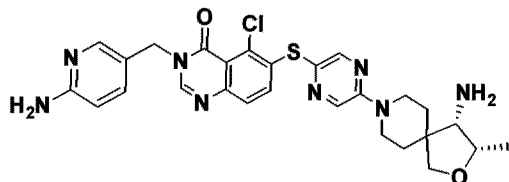
Example 58: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-hydroxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 58 (5 mg, 85%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, 2-chloroethanol was used instead of benzyl

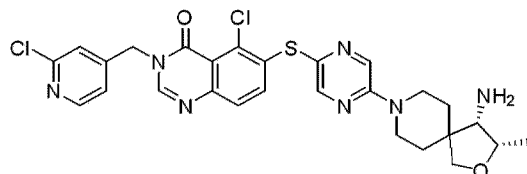
chloride, and 1 equivalent of potassium iodide was added. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.51(s, 1H), 8.32(d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.26(s, 1H), 8.00(br s, 3H), 7.52(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.24(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.29-4.18(m, 3H), 4.01-3.99(m, 2H), 3.91(d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.71-3.61(m, 4H), 3.21-3.12(m, 3H), 1.78-1.71(m, 3H), 1.61-1.58(m, 1H), 1.22(d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H).

Example 59: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-((6-aminopyridin-3-yl)methyl)-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one



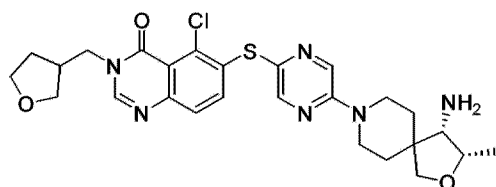
The compound of Example 59 (3.8 mg, 80%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 5-(chloromethyl)pyridin-2-amine hydrochloride (1:1) was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 13.81-13.64 (m, 1H), 8.60 (s, 1H), 8.50 (s, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 8.11-8.08 (m, 5H), 8.02 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (s, 2H), 4.30-4.18 (m, 3H), 3.92 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.19-3.11 (m, 3H), 1.80-1.70 (m, 3H), 1.62-1.58 (m, 1H), 1.24 (br s, 3H); MS m/z : 565 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 60: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-((2-chloropyridin-4-yl)methyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



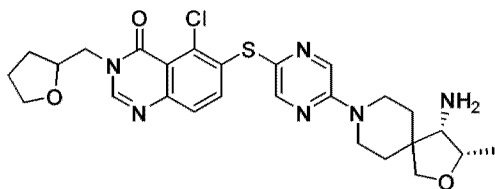
The compound of Example 60 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 2-chloro-4-(chloromethyl)pyridine was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.56(s, 1H), 8.51(s, 1H), 8.37(d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 8.10 (br s, 3H), 7.56(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.52(s, 1H), 7.35(d, J = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.26(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.18(s, 2H), 4.29-4.18(m, 3H), 3.91(d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.76(s, 3H), 3.69(d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.50-3.41(m, 1H), 3.20-3.12(m, 2H), 1.81-1.66(m, 3H), 1.61-1.58(m, 1H), 1.22(d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H).

Example 61: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-((tetrahydrofuran-3-yl)methyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



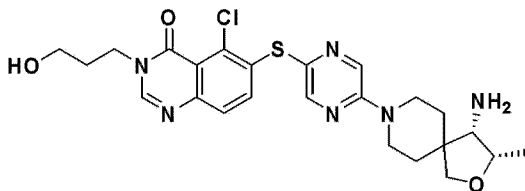
The compound of Example 61 (57.7 mg, 88%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, 3-(bromomethyl)tetrahydrofuran was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1.5 equivalents of potassium iodide were added. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.51(s, 1H), 8.45 (s, 1H), 8.32 (d, J = 1.2Hz, 1H), 8.19 (br s, 2H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 1H), 4.31-4.27 (m, 1H), 4.23-4.20 (m, 2H), 3.99-3.94(m, 3H), 3.83-3.78 (m, 1H), 3.71-3.60 (m, 3H), 3.47 (dd, J = 2.9, 5.7Hz, 1H), 3.39 (br s, 1H), 3.18-3.11 (m, 2H), 2.74-2.67 (m, 1H), 1.95-1.88 (m, 1H), 1.82-1.79 (m, 2H), 1.73-1.69 (m, 1H), 1.67-1.59 (m, 2H), 1.24 (d, J = 6.5Hz, 3H); MS m/z: 543 [M+H]⁺.

Example 62: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



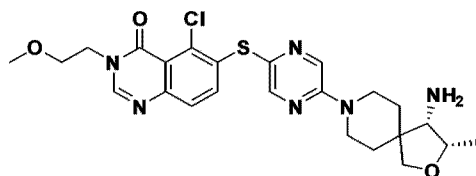
The compound of Example 62 (24.5 mg, 70%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, tetrahydrofurfuryl bromide was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1.5 equivalents of potassium iodide were added. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.51 (s, 1H), 8.33 (d, J = 1.2Hz, 1H), 8.29 (s, 1H), 7.96 (br s, 2H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 1H), 4.29-4.10 (m, 5H), 3.91-3.88 (m, 1H), 3.86-3.76 (m, 2H), 3.71-3.69 (m, 1H), 3.67-3.61 (m, 2H), 3.18-3.17 (m, 2H), 1.99-1.95 (m, 1H), 1.88-1.81 (m, 2H), 1.77-1.71 (m, 3H), 1.61-1.55 (m, 2H), 1.22 (d, J = 6.6Hz, 3H); MS m/z: 543 [M+H]⁺.

Example 63: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(3-hydroxypropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



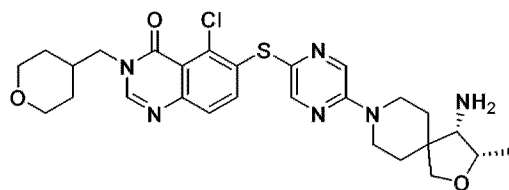
The compound of Example 63 (29 mg, 81%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, 3-bromo-1-propanol was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1 equivalent of potassium iodide was added. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.51(s, 1H), 8.56(s, 1H), 8.32(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.09(br s, 3H), 7.52(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.23(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.30-4.25(m, 1H), 4.23-4.19(m, 2H), 4.04-3.98(m, 2H), 3.92(d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.72-3.60(m, 2H), 3.45(t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 3.40-3.39(m, 1H), 3.19-3.12(m, 2H), 1.86-1.70(m, 4H), 1.61-1.59(m, 1H), 1.23(d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H).

Example 64: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



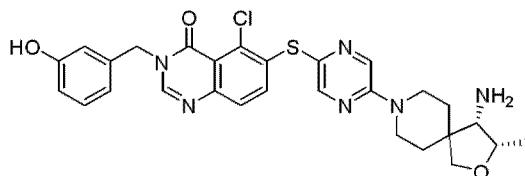
The compound of Example 64 (101 mg, 98%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 2-bromoethyl methyl ether was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.51(s, 1H), 8.32(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.29(s, 1H), 8.11(br s, 3H), 7.52(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.24(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.30-4.27(m, 1H), 4.23-4.19(m, 2H), 4.13(t, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 3.92(d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.69(d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 3.60(t, J = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 3.41-3.37(m, 1H), 3.25(s, 3H), 3.19-3.12(m, 2H), 1.83-1.70(m, 3H), 1.62-1.58(m, 1H), 1.23(d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H).

Example 65: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-((tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)methyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 65 (76 mg, 98%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, 4-(bromomethyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1.5 equivalents of potassium iodide were added. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.51 (s, 1H), 8.36 (s, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 7.99 (br s, 2H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.7Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 7.7Hz, 1H), 4.29-4.19 (m, 3H), 3.92-3.90 (m, 1H), 3.85-3.83 (m, 4H), 3.71-3.69 (m, 1H), 3.27-3.13 (m, 4H), 2.04-1.99 (m, 1H), 1.81-1.74 (m, 3H), 1.61-1.57 (m, 1H), 1.49-1.46 (m, 2H), 1.29-1.18 (m, 6H); MS m/z : 557 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

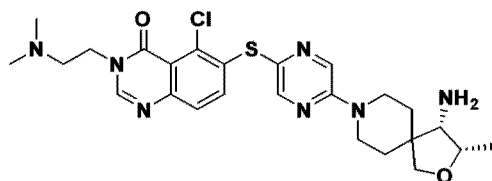
Example 66: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(3-hydroxybenzyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 66 (48.8 mg, 81%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, 3-(bromomethyl)phenol was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1.5 equivalents of potassium iodide were added. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.56 (s, 1H), 8.51 (s, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 8.11 (br s, 2H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.1Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, J = 7.6Hz, 1H), 7.16-7.13 (m, 1H), 6.78-6.67 (m, 3H), 5.08 (s, 2H), 4.30-4.22 (m, 3H), 3.93-3.91 (m,

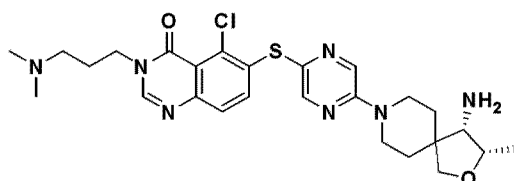
2H), 3.40 (br s, 1H), 3.17-3.14 (m, 2H), 1.80-1.70 (m, 3H), 1.62-1.59 (m, 1H), 1.23 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 3H); MS m/z: 565 [M+H]⁺.

Example 67: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-(dimethylamino)ethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



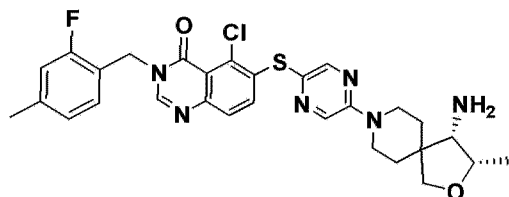
The compound of Example 67 (6 mg, 85%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, 2-bromo-N,N-dimethylethylamine was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1 equivalent of potassium iodide was added. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 9.69(br s, 1H), 8.51(s, 1H), 8.40(s, 1H), 8.33(s, 1H), 8.07(br s, 3H), 7.54(d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.25(d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 4.32-4.19(m, 5H), 3.93-3.89(m, 1H), 3.71-3.68(m, 1H), 3.55-3.47(m, 3H), 3.22-3.12(m, 2H), 2.88(s, 6H), 1.77-1.64(m, 3H), 1.62-1.59(m, 1H), 1.23(d, J = 4.4 Hz, 3H).

Example 68: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(3-(dimethylamino)propyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 68 (28 mg, 88%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, 3-chloro-1-(N,N-dimethyl)propylamine was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1 equivalent of potassium iodide was added. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 10.39(br s, 1H), 8.51(s, 1H), 8.45(s, 1H), 8.32(s, 1H), 8.24(br s, 3H), 7.54(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.24(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.31-4.28(m, 1H), 4.22-4.20(m, 2H), 4.03(t, J = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 3.94(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.69-3.67(m, 2H), 3.45-3.39(m, 2H), 3.14-3.12(m, 2H), 2.74(s, 6H), 2.13-2.10(m, 2H), 1.85-1.80(m, 2H), 1.73-1.70(m, 1H), 1.63-1.60(m, 1H), 1.24(d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H).

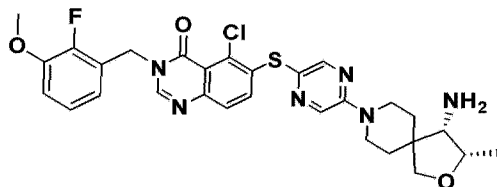
Example 69: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-fluoro-4-methylbenzyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 69 (86 mg, 80%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, 2-fluoro-4-methylbenzyl bromide was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1.5 equivalents of potassium iodide were added. ¹H NMR (400

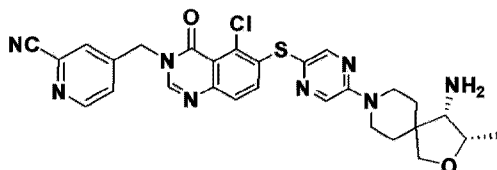
MHz, DMSO) δ 8.50 (d, J = 9.5Hz, 2H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 8.09 (br s, 2H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 1H), 7.26-7.20 (m, 2H), 7.05 (d, J = 11.6Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, J = 7.8Hz, 1H), 5.14 (s, 2H), 4.29-4.18 (m, 3H), 3.92 (d, J = 9.1Hz, 1H), 3.70 (br s, 1H), 3.39 (br s, 1H), 3.19-3.11 (m, 2H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 1.84-1.69 (m, 3H), 1.62-1.58 (m, 1H), 1.23 (d, J = 6.5Hz, 3H); MS m/z : 581 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 70: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-fluoro-3-methoxybenzyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



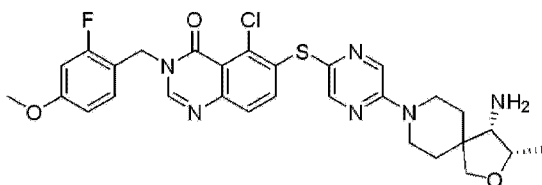
The compound of Example 70 (31 mg, 67%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, 2-fluoro-3-methoxybenzyl bromide was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1.5 equivalents of potassium iodide were added. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.51 (d, J = 11.2Hz, 2H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 8.09 (br s, 2H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 1H), 7.14-7.07 (m, 2H), 6.83-6.80 (m, 1H), 5.19 (s, 2H), 4.29-4.18 (m, 3H), 3.92 (d, J = 9.1Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.72-3.67 (m, 1H), 3.40 (br s, 1H), 3.19-3.11 (m, 2H), 1.82-1.70 (m, 3H), 1.61-1.58 (m, 1H), 1.23 (d, J = 6.5Hz, 3H); MS m/z : 597 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 71: 4-((6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-4-oxoquinazolin-3(4H)-yl)methyl)picolinonitrile



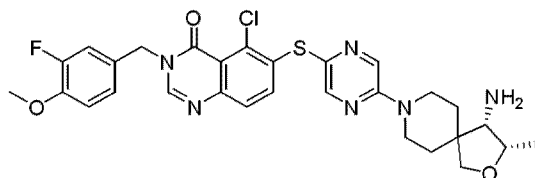
The compound of Example 71 (82 mg, 99%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, 4-(bromomethyl)picolinonitrile was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1 equivalent of potassium iodide was added. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.71(d, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 8.54(s, 1H), 8.50(s, 1H), 8.31(s, 1H), 8.13-8.07(m, 4H), 7.70-7.68(m, 1H), 7.57(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.28(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.24(s, 2H), 4.29-4.18(m, 3H), 3.92(d, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 3.69(d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 3.41-3.40(m, 1H), 3.20-3.12(m, 2H), 1.82-1.66(m, 3H), 1.62-1.58(m, 1H), 1.23(d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H).

Example 72: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-fluoro-4-methoxybenzyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



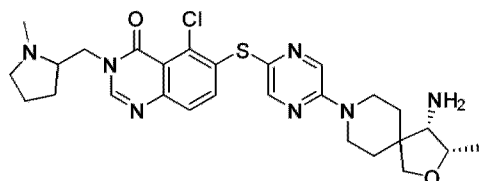
The compound of Example 72 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 1-(bromomethyl)-2-fluoro-4-methoxybenzene was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.51(d, J = 4.3 Hz, 2H), 8.31(s, 1H), 8.02(br s, 3H), 7.53(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.13(t, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.24(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.85(d, J = 12.4 Hz, 2H), 6.76(d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 5.10(s 2H), 4.28-4.17(m, 3H), 3.91-3.89(m, 1H), 3.41-3.39(m, 1H), 3.19-3.11(m, 2H), 1.81-1.73(m, 3H), 1.60-1.55(m, 1H), 1.22(d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 1.04 (s, 3H).

Example 73: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(3-fluoro-4-methoxybenzyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



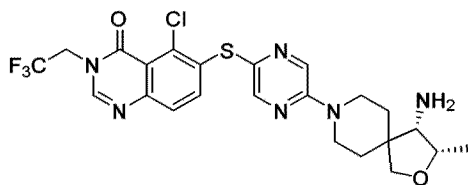
The compound of Example 73 (62 mg, 93%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, 4-(bromomethyl)-2-fluoro-1-methoxybenzene was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1.5 equivalents of potassium iodide were added. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.60 (s, 1H), 8.50 (s, 1H), 8.31 (d, J = 1.1Hz, 1H), 8.14 (br s, 2H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 1H), 7.32-7.29 (m, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 1H), 7.21-7.12 (m, 2H), 5.07 (s, 2H), 4.29-4.18 (m, 3H), 3.93 (d, J = 9.0Hz, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.68 (d, J = 9.3Hz, 1H), 3.39 (br s, 1H), 3.19-3.11 (m, 2H), 1.84-1.69 (m, 3H), 1.60 (d, J = 12.7Hz, 1H), 1.23 (d, J = 6.5Hz, 3H); MS m/z: 597 [M+H]⁺.

Example 74: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-((1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl)methyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



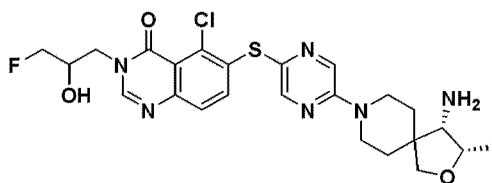
The compound of Example 74 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 2-(bromomethyl)-1-methylpyrrolidin hydrochloride was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.50(d, J = 7.2 Hz 2H), 8.32(s, 1H), 8.07(br s, 3H), 7.56(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.25(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.46-4.41(m, 1H), 4.30-4.19(m, 4H), 3.92-3.90(m, 1H), 3.70-3.68(m, 3H), 3.56(s, 2H), 3.21-3.08 (m, 5H), 2.90(d, J = 4.4 Hz, 3H), 2.22-2.18(m, 1H), 2.02-1.98(m, 2H), 1.84-1.70(m, 3H), 1.62-1.55(m, 1H), 1.22(d, J = 6.2 Hz, 3H).

Example 75: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



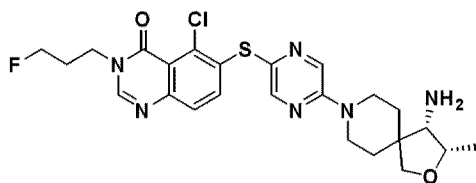
The compound of Example 75 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 2-bromo-1,1,1-trifluoroethane was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. MS m/z : 542 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 76: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(3-fluoro-2-hydroxypropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



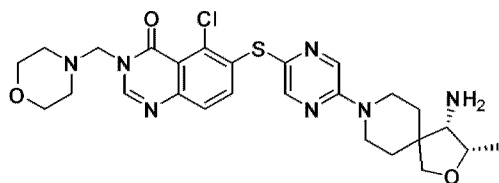
The compound of Example 76 (60 mg, 87%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, 1-chloro-3-fluoroisopropanol was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1 equivalent of potassium iodide was added. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.51(s, 1H), 8.32(s, 1H), 8.26(s, 1H), 8.15(br s, 2H), 7.53(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.25(d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 4.53-4.45(m, 1H), 4.42-4.32(m, 1H), 4.30-4.27(m, 1H), 4.22-4.16(m, 3H), 4.08-4.02(m, 2H), 3.93(d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.80-3.75(m, 1H), 3.68(d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.40(br s, 1H), 3.16-3.14(m, 2H), 1.81-1.69(m, 3H), 1.62-1.59(m, 1H), 1.23(d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H).

Example 77: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(3-fluoropropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



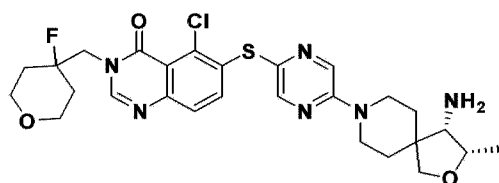
The compound of Example 77 (77 mg, 99%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, 1-iodo-3-fluoropropane was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1 equivalent of potassium iodide was added. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.51(s, 1H), 8.41(s, 1H), 8.32(s, 1H), 8.15(br s, 2H), 7.53(d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24(d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 4.60(t, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.48(t, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.30-4.27(m, 1H), 4.22-4.19(m, 2H), 4.08-4.05(m, 2H), 3.93(d, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 3.68(d, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.40(br s, 1H), 3.16-3.14(m, 2H), 2.14-2.03(m, 2H), 1.81-1.70(m, 3H), 1.62-1.59(m, 1H), 1.23(d, J = 6.1 Hz, 3H).

Example 78: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(morpholinomethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



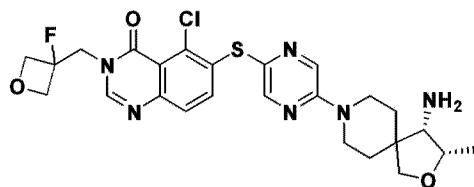
The compound of Example 78 (101.7 mg, 100%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, 4-(2-chloroethyl)morpholine was used instead of benzylchloride, and 1.5 equivalents of potassium iodide were added. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 10.69-10.65 (m, 1H), 8.51 (s, 1H), 8.43 (s, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 8.14 (br s, 2H), 7.55 (d, J = 9.5Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, J = 8.7Hz, 1H), 4.36 (br s, 2H), 4.04-3.99 (m, 2H), 3.93 (d, J = 8.4Hz, 1H), 3.77-3.68 (m, 4H), 3.59-3.55 (m, 4H), 3.40 (br s, 1H), 3.16-3.14 (m, 4H), 1.83-1.70 (m, 3H), 1.62-1.59 (m, 1H), 1.23 (d, J = 6.2Hz, 3H); MS m/z : 558 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 79: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-((4-fluorotetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)methyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 79 (31 mg, 99%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, 4-(bromomethyl)-4-fluorooxane was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1 equivalent of potassium iodide was added. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.52(s, 1H), 8.32(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.24(d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.12(br s, 2H), 7.53(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.24(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.27(s, 2H), 4.23-4.19(m, 3H), 3.92(d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.76-3.74(m, 2H), 3.69(d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.53-3.45(m, 2H), 3.40-3.37(m, 1H), 3.19-3.12(m, 2H), 1.91-1.55(m, 8H), 1.23(d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H).

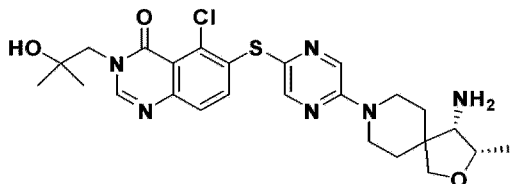
Example 80: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-((3-fluorooxetan-3-yl)methyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 80 (34 mg, 99%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, 3-(bromomethyl)-3-fluoro oxetane was used instead of benzylchloride, and 1 equivalent of potassium iodide was added. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.51(s, 1H), 8.32(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.20(d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.07(br s, 2H), 7.53(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.24(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.30-4.27(m, 1H), 4.23-4.19(m, 2H), 3.94-3.93(m, 2H), 3.91-

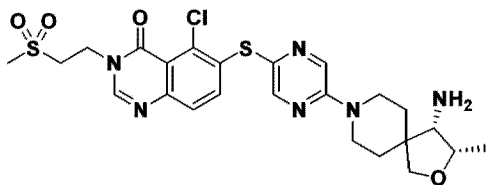
3.89(m, 2H), 3.70-3.63(m, 4H), 3.43-3.40(m, 1H), 3.20-3.12(m, 2H), 1.82-1.70(m, 3H), 1.61-1.58(m, 1H), 1.23(d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H).

Example 81: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



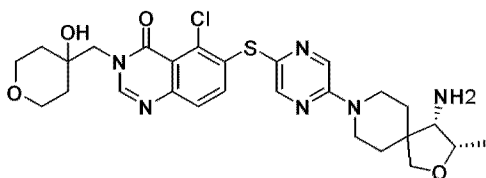
The compound of Example 81 (33 mg, 89%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, 1-chloro-2-methyl-2-propanol was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1 equivalent of potassium iodide was added. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.51(s, 1H), 8.33(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.24(s, 1H), 8.08(br s, 2H), 7.52(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.23(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.30-4.25(m, 1H), 4.23-4.19(m, 2H), 3.96(s, 2H), 3.92(d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.69(d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.41-3.40(m, 1H), 3.20-3.12(m, 2H), 1.83-1.70(m, 3H), 1.61-1.58(m, 1H), 1.23(d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 1.11(s, 6H).

Example 82: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-(methylsulfonyl)ethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



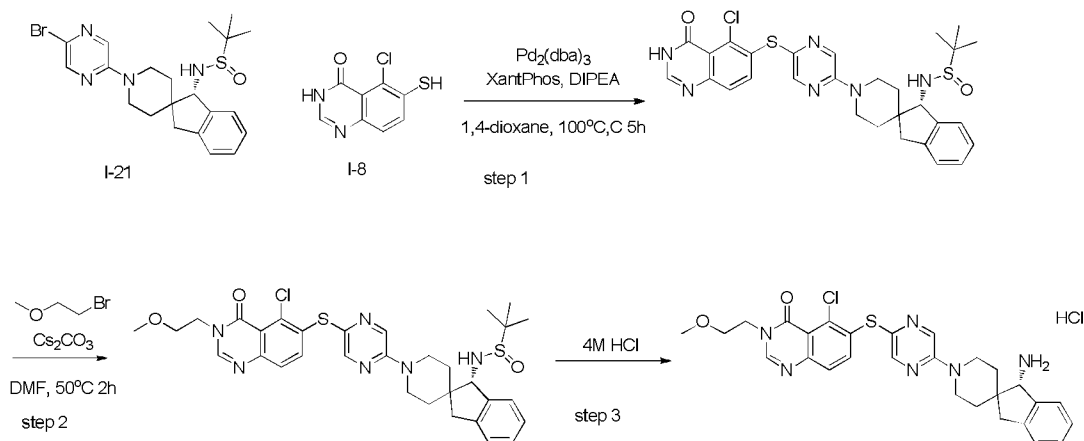
The compound of Example 82 (77 mg, 99%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, 2-bromomethyl-methylsulfon was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1 equivalent of potassium iodide was added. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.51(d, J = 1.1 Hz, 1H), 8.40(s, 1H), 8.33(d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.11(br s, 2H), 7.53(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.25(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.37(t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 4.30-4.26(m, 2H), 4.23-4.19(m, 2H), 3.92(d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.69(d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.63(t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.45-3.40(m, 1H), 3.19-3.15(m, 2H), 3.10(s, 3H), 1.83-1.70(m, 3H), 1.62-1.58(m, 1H), 1.23(d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H).

Example 83: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-((4-hydroxytetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)methyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 83 (6.5 mg, 59%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 1,6-dioxaspiro[2,5]octane was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.51 (s, 1H), 8.32 (d, J = 1.2Hz, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 8.06 (br s, 2H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.7Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 1H), 4.30-4.23 (m, 1H), 4.22-4.19 (m, 3H), 4.00 (s, 2H), 3.91 (d, J = 9.0Hz, 1H), 3.69 (d, J = 9.1Hz, 1H), 3.65-3.55 (m, 4H), 3.41 (br s, 1H), 3.20-3.12 (m, 2H), 1.82-1.70 (m, 3H), 1.65-1.58 (m, 3H), 1.35 (d, J = 13.6Hz, 2H), 1.23 (d, J = 6.6Hz, 3H); MS m/z : 573 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 84: (S)-6-((5-(1-amino-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



Step 1: N-((S)-1'-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

Intermediate I-21 (150 mg, 0.32 mmol), Intermediate I-8 (106 mg, 0.42 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (30 mg, 0.032 mmol) and XantPhos (18.5 mg, 0.032 mmol) were dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (3.2 mL, 0.2M), and then DIPEA (0.11 mL, 0.64 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen and stirred at 100 °C for 5 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MeOH:MC=1:50) and concentrated to obtain N-((S)-1'-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (140 mg, 73%). MS m/z : 596.1 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 2: N-((S)-1'-(5-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

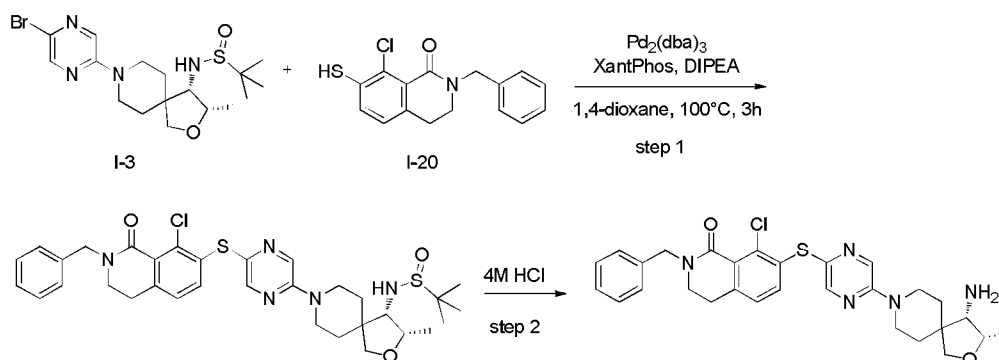
N-((S)-1'-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (50 mg, 0.084 mmol), 1-bromo-2-methoxyethane (17.5 mg, 0.126 mmol) and cesium carbonate (54.7 mg, 0.168 mmol) were dissolved in DMF (0.84 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was stirred at 50 °C for 2 hours.

The reaction was terminated with aqueous NaHCO₃ solution, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MeOH:MC=1:50) to obtain N-((S)-1'-((5-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (9.6 mg, 17%). MS m/z: 654.1 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: (S)-6-((5-((1-amino-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

N-((S)-1'-((5-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (9.6 mg, 0.0146 mol) was dissolved in DCM (0.1 mL, 0.1M). The reaction mixture was added with 4M HCl (0.0036 mL, 4 M in dioxane) and stirred at 40 °C for 1 hour. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated using a concentrator. The reaction mixture was washed with EA, and the solid was collected by filtration to obtain the compound of Example 84 (6.3 mg, 74%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.52(s, 1H), 8.32-8.28(m, 5H), 7.53(d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.37-7.31(m, 3H), 7.26-7.24(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.42-4.34(m, 2H), 4.30-4.24(m, 1H), 4.14-4.11(m, 2H), 3.74-3.70(m, 2H), 3.62-3.59 (m, 2H), 1.78-1.74(m, 2H), 1.60-1.56 (m, 2H), 1.23 (s, 3H).

Example 85: 7-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-2-benzyl-8-chloro-3,4-dihydroisoquinolin-1(2H)-one



Step 1: N-((3S,4S)-8-(5-((2-benzyl-8-chloro-1-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-7-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfonamide

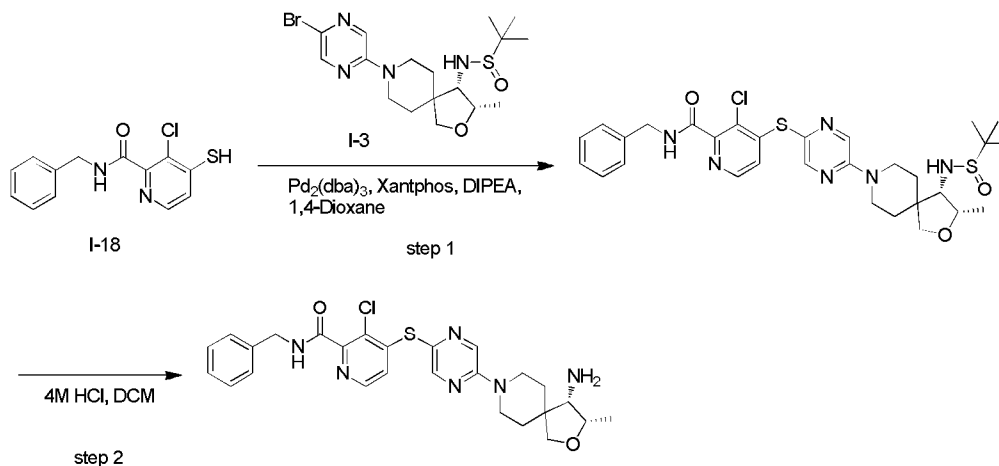
Intermediate I-20 (0.25 mmol), Intermediate I-3 (160 mg, 0.37 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (23 mg, 0.02 mmol), XantPhos (14 mg, 0.02 mmol) and DIPEA (0.09 mL, 0.5mmol) were dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (1.0 mL, 0.25M). The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen and stirred at 100 °C for 3 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MeOH:MC=1:50) and concentrated to obtain N-((3S,4S)-8-(5-((2-benzyl-8-

chloro-1-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-7-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfonamide (74 mg, 47%). MS m/z: 655.1 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: 7-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-2-benzyl-8-chloro-3,4-dihydroisoquinolin-1(2H)-one

N-((3S,4S)-8-(5-((2-benzyl-8-chloro-1-oxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-7-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfonamide (74 mg, 0.12 mmol) was dissolved in DCM (1.2 mL, 0.1M). The reaction mixture was added with hydrochloric acid aqueous solution (0.3 mL, 4 M in dioxane) and stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated using a concentrator. The reaction mixture was washed with EA, and the solid was collected by filtration to obtain the compound of Example 85 (60 mg, 88%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.39(s, 1H), 8.21(s, 1H), 8.07(br s, 3H), 7.75(s, 1H), 7.45-7.27(m, 6H), 4.66(s, 2H), 4.23-4.19(m, 2H), 4.16-4.12(m, 1H), 3.90(d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.67(d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.49(t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.38-3.37(m, 1H), 3.14-3.07(m, 2H), 2.93(t, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 1.79-1.67(m, 3H), 1.60-1.56(m, 1H), 1.22(d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H).

Example 86: 4-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-N-benzyl-3-chloropicolinamide



Step 1: N-benzyl-4-((5-((3S,4S)-4-((tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-chloropicolinamide

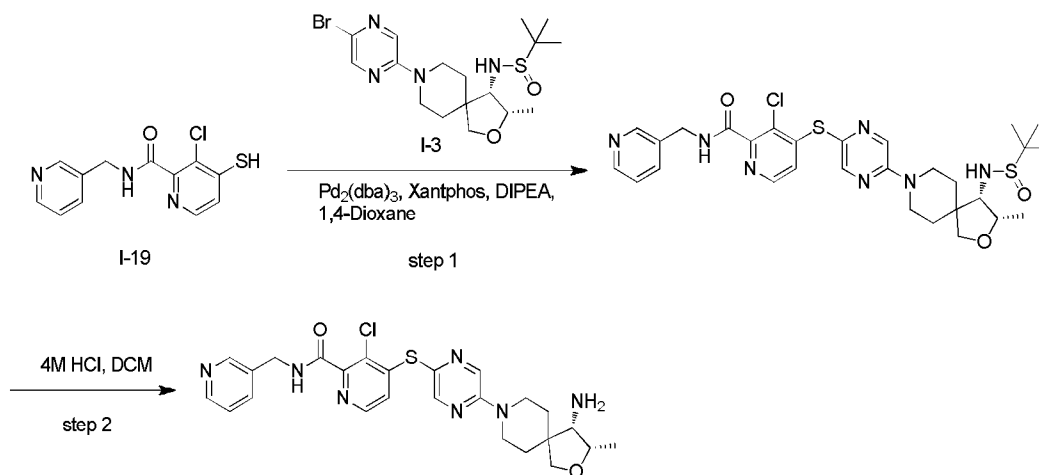
Intermediate I-18 (0.32 mmol), Intermediate I-3 (117 mg, 0.27 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (25 mg, 0.027 mmol) and XantPhos (16 mg, 0.027 mmol) were dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (1.4 mL, 0.2M), and then DIPEA (94 μL, 0.54 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen and stirred at 110 °C for 5 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:1) and concentrated to obtain N-benzyl-4-

((5-((3S,4S)-4-((tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-chloropicolinamide (44 mg, 22%). MS m/z: 279 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: 4-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-N-benzyl-3-chloropicolinamide

N-benzyl-4-((5-((3S,4S)-4-((tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-chloropicolinamide (44 mg, 0.07 mmol) was dissolved in MC (0.7 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was added dropwise with 4M HCl (84 μ L, 0.35 mmol) in dioxane and stirred at 40 °C for 10 minutes. The reaction mixture was concentrated and added with MC to precipitate a solid, and then the precipitated solid was filtered to obtain the compound of Example 86 (33.2 mg, 90%) in the form of a hydrochloride salt. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 9.17 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 8.57 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 8.37 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.27 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 8.16 (br s, 2H), 7.36-7.35 (m, 4H), 7.30-7.24 (m, 1H), 6.81 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 4.47 (d, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 4.33-4.30 (m, 1H), 4.25-4.19 (m, 2H), 3.70 (t, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.40 (br s, 1H), 3.22-3.17 (m, 3H), 1.85-1.70 (m, 3H), 1.63-1.60 (m, 1H), 1.24 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H); MS m/z: 525 [M+H]⁺.

Example 87: 4-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-chloro-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)picolinamide



Step 1: 4-((5-((3S,4S)-4-((tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-chloro-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)picolinamide

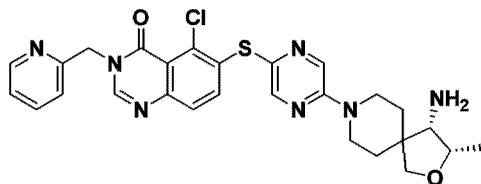
Intermediate I-19 (0.45 mmol), Intermediate I-3 (162 mg, 0.38 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (34 mg, 0.038 mmol) and XantPhos (22 mg, 0.038 mmol) were dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (2.3 mL, 0.2M), and then DIPEA (130 μ L, 0.75 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen and stirred at 110 °C for 5 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:1) and concentrated to obtain 4-((5-((3S,4S)-

4-((tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-chloro-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)picolinamide (27 mg, 10%). MS m/z: 630 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: 4-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-chloro-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)picolinamide

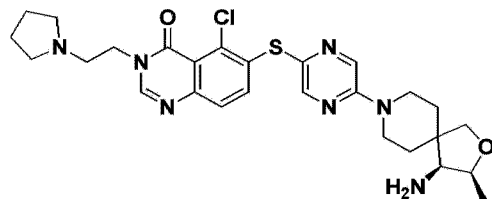
4-((5-((3S,4S)-4-((tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-chloro-N-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)picolinamide (27 mg, 0.043 mmol) was dissolved in MC (0.43 ml, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was added dropwise with 4M HCl in dioxane (54 μ L, 0.22 mmol) and stirred at 40°C for 10 minutes. The reaction mixture was concentrated and was added with MC to precipitate a solid, and then the precipitated solid was filtered to obtain the compound of Example 87 (25 mg, 100%) in the form of a hydrochloride salt. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 9.46-9.43 (m, 1H), 8.84 (s, 1H), 8.81 (d, J = 5.6Hz, 1H), 8.57 (s, 1H), 8.42-8.39 (m, 1H), 8.38 (d, J = 1.1Hz, 1H), 8.29 (d, J = 5.3Hz, 1H), 8.14 (br s, 2H), 7.98 (br s, 1H), 6.85 (d, J = 5.3Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, J = 5.5Hz, 2H), 4.33-4.29 (m, 1H), 4.25-4.21 (m, 2H), 3.93 (d, J = 9.2Hz, 2H), 3.20-3.17 (m, 3H), 1.82-1.71 (m, 3H), 1.63-1.60 (m, 1H), 1.24 (d, J = 6.5Hz, 3H); MS m/z: 526 [M+H]⁺.

Example 88: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 88 (5 mg, 30%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 2-(chloromethyl)pyridine was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 8.58 (s, 1H), 8.46 (s, 1H), 8.33 (s, 1H), 8.29 (s, 1H), 8.05 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.47 (m, 2H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 5.36 (s, 2H), 4.37 (d, J = 14.0 Hz, 1H), 4.28 (d, J = 14.5 Hz, 2H), 4.00 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 3.44 (s, 1H), 3.21 (dd, J = 15.9, 10.9 Hz, 3H), 1.93 (s, 1H), 1.91 - 1.78 (m, 3H), 1.72 (d, J = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 1.32 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z: 550.1 [M+H]⁺.

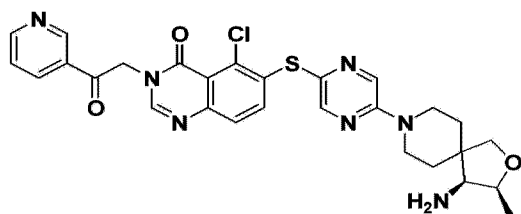
Example 89: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 89 (6.1 mg, 35%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 1-(2-chloroethyl)pyrrolidine hydrochloride was used instead of benzyl

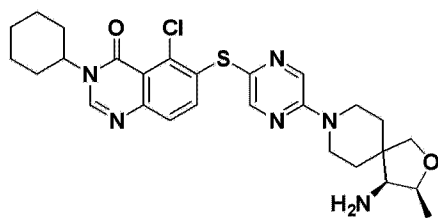
chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 8.37 - 8.27 (m, 3H), 7.49 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.44 - 4.30 (m, 4H), 4.33 - 4.25 (m, 2H), 4.00 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.65 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 3.45 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 1H), 3.22 (s, 6H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 1.96 - 1.79 (m, 4H), 1.73 (d, J = 13.3 Hz, 1H), 1.32 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 556.3 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 90: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-oxo-2-(pyridin-3-yl)ethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



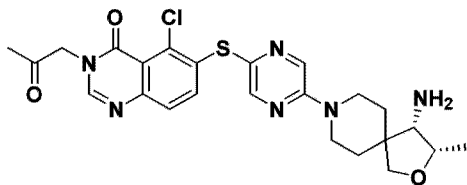
The compound of Example 90 (27 mg, 13%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 2-bromo-1-(pyridin-3-yl)ethan-1-one was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 9.15 (s, 1H), 8.54 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 8.4 (s, 1H), 8.32 (d, J = 13.8 Hz, 2H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.59 (s, 2H), 4.38 (d, J = 14.0 Hz, 1H), 4.34 - 4.25 (m, 3H), 4.00 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.96 - 3.86 (m, 1H), 3.44 (d, J = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 3.28 - 3.14 (m, 2H), 1.96 - 1.78 (m, 4H), 1.72 (d, J = 13.1 Hz, 1H), 1.30 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 578.9 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 91: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-cyclohexylquinazolin-4(3H)-one



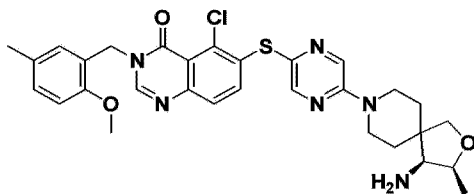
The compound of Example 91 (7 mg, 18%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that bromocyclohexane was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 8.35 - 8.26 (m, 3H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (s, 2H), 4.00 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.43 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.18 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.01-1.92 (m, 6H), 1.89 (s, 1H), 1.80 (s, 9H), 1.53 (d, J = 12.5 Hz, 2H), 1.35 - 1.26 (m, 8H), 0.89 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H); MS (EI) m/z : 541.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 92: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-oxopropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



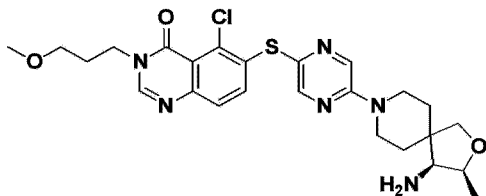
The compound of Example 92 (13 mg, 45%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that chloroacetone was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.51 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 8.33 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 7.93 (s, 3H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (s, 2H), 4.31 - 4.16 (m, 2H), 3.90 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.20 (d, J = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 3.14 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.74 (s, 3H), 1.59 (d, J = 13.3 Hz, 1H), 1.22 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 515.3 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 93: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxy-5-methylbenzyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 93 (8.5 mg, 30%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 2-(chloromethyl)-1-methoxy-4-methylbenzene was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 8.37 (s, 1H), 8.29 (dd, J = 16.5, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.15 - 7.08 (m, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.10 (s, 2H), 4.40 - 4.23 (m, 1H), 4.00 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 3.88 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.43 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 1H), 3.35 (s, 6H), 3.29 - 3.12 (m, 1H), 2.27 (s, 3H), 1.90 - 1.77 (m, 4H), 1.72 (d, J = 13.0 Hz, 1H), 1.32 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 593.4 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

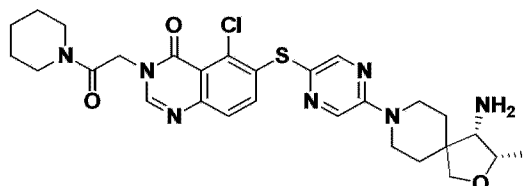
Example 94: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(3-methoxypropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 94 (10 mg, 31%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 1-chloro-3-methoxypropane was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.51 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.36 - 8.30 (m, 2H), 7.96 (s, 3H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (s, 32H), 4.31 - 4.16 (m, 2H),

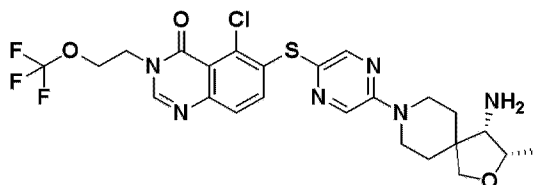
3.99 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.90 (d, $J = 9.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.71 (d, $J = 9.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.42 (t, $J = 5.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.38 (t, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.21 - 3.10 (m, 2H), 1.92 (p, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 2H), 1.74 (s, 2H), 1.59 (d, $J = 13.2$ Hz, 1H), 1.22 (d, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 531.7 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 95: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-oxo-(2-piperidin-1-yl)ethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



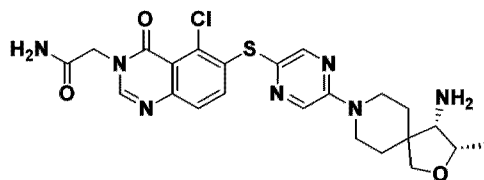
The compound of Example 95 (15 mg, 50%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 2-chloro-1-(piperidin-1-yl)ethan-1-one was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.52 (d, $J = 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 8.34 (d, $J = 1.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.27 (s, 1H), 7.93 (s, 3H), 7.55 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.88 (s, 2H), 4.31 - 4.16 (m, 3H), 3.70 (s, 6H), 3.64 (s, 54H), 3.54 - 3.39 (m, 7H), 3.25 - 3.10 (m, 2H), 1.74 (s, 3H), 1.61 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 6H), 1.47 (s, 2H), 1.22 (d, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 584.4 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 96: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-(trifluoromethoxy)ethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



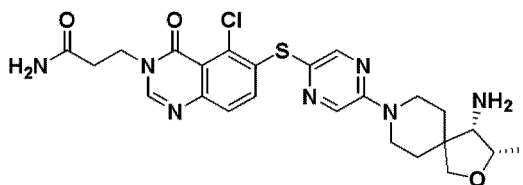
The compound of Example 96 (4.5 mg, 20%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 1-bromo-2-(trifluoromethoxy)ethane was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.52 (d, $J = 1.4$ Hz, 1H), 8.38 - 8.31 (m, 2H), 7.91 (s, 3H), 7.54 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.41 (t, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 2H), 4.30 (t, $J = 5.1$ Hz, 2H), 4.27 - 4.16 (m, 2H), 3.90 (d, $J = 9.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.71 (d, $J = 9.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.43 (d, $J = 5.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.19 (s, 1H), 3.19 - 3.11 (m, 1H), 1.74 (s, 3H), 1.59 (d, $J = 13.3$ Hz, 1H), 1.22 (d, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 571.2 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 97: 2-(6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-4-oxoquinazolin-3(4H)-yl)acetamide



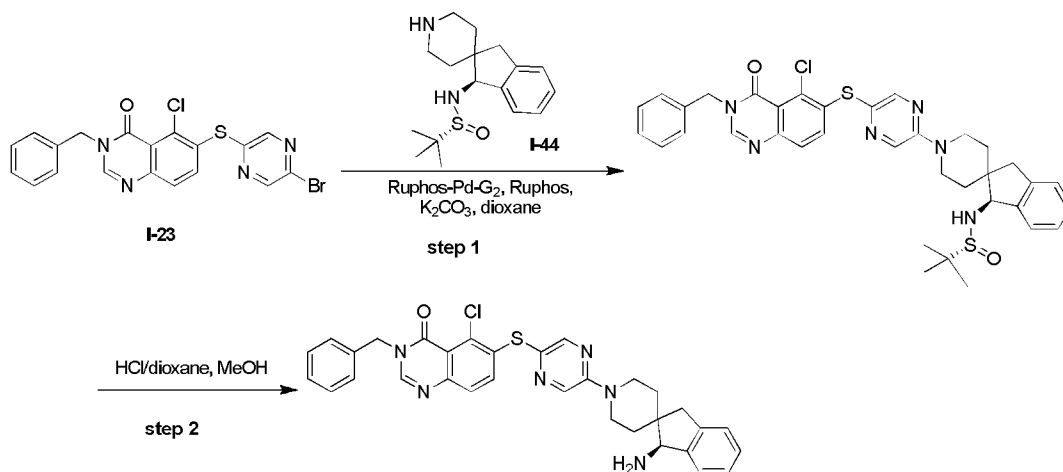
The compound of Example 97 (4.8 mg, 30%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 2-chloroacetamide was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.51 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 8.36-8.27 (m, 2H), 7.96 (s, 3H), 7.78 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (s, 1H), 7.26 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.94 (s, 8H), 4.57 (s, 2H), 4.31 - 4.16 (m, 3H), 3.90 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.17 (q, J = 10.8 Hz, 2H), 1.76 (dd, J = 6.3, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 1.74 (s, 2H), 1.59 (d, J = 13.3 Hz, 1H), 1.22 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z: 516.1 [M+H]⁺.

Example 98: 3-(6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-4-oxoquinazolin-3(4H)-yl)propanamide



The compound of Example 98 (18 mg, 50%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 3-chloropropanamide was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.51 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 8.35-8.28 (m, 2H), 7.93 (s, 3H), 7.51 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.45-7.40 (m, 1H), 7.22 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (s, 1H), 4.31 - 4.16 (m, 2H), 4.11 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 3.90 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.46 - 3.39 (m, 1H), 3.14 (d, J = 11.8 Hz, 1H), 2.57 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 1.74 (s, 3H), 1.59 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 1.22 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z: 530.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 99: (S)-6-((5-(1-amino-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-benzyl-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one



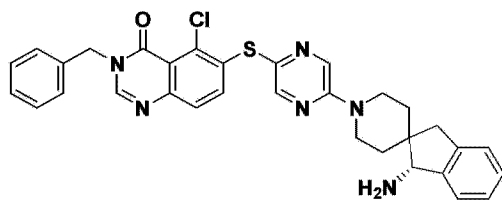
Step 1: (R)-N-((S)-1'-5-((3-benzyl-5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfonamide

A mixture of Intermediate I-23 (100 mg, 217 μmol), Intermediate I-44 (70.0 mg, 228 μmol), RuPhos (20.3 mg, 43.5 μmol), RuPhos-Pd-G₂ (33.7 mg, 43.5 μmol) and K₂CO₃ (90.1 mg, 652.5 μmol) in dioxane (2.00 mL) was stirred under N₂ at 100 °C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under vacuum to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by reverse phase flash column chromatography (0.1% FA) to obtain (R)-N-((S)-1'-(5-((3-benzyl-5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfonamide (70.0 mg, 46% yield) as a yellow solid. MS (ESI) m/z: 685.2 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: (S)-6-((5-(1-amino-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-benzyl-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one

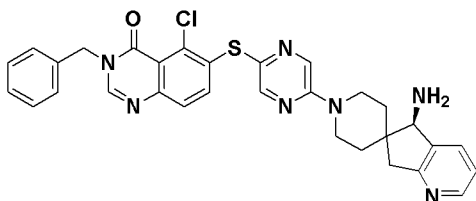
To a mixture of (R)-N-((S)-1'-(5-((3-benzyl-5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfonamide (70.0 mg, 102 μmol) in MeOH (3 mL) was added HCl/dioxane (0.3 mL), followed by stirring at 25 °C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was concentrated under vacuum to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Phenomenex Luna C18 150*25mm*10 μm ; mobile phase: [water (FA)-ACN]; B%: 21%-51%, 10 minutes) to obtain the compound of Example 99 (12 mg, 20 % yield) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.27 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.23 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.40 - 7.29 (m, 6H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 7.26 - 7.23 (m, 3H), 5.16 (s, 2H), 4.25 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 2H), 4.05 (s, 1H), 3.33 - 3.22 (m, 2H), 3.13 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 2.80 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 1.90 - 1.83 (m, 2H), 1.70 - 1.63 (m, 1H), 1.50 - 1.45 (m, 1H); MS (EI) m/z: 581.1 [M+H]⁺.

Example 100: 6-[5[(1R)-1-aminospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-3-benzyl-5-chloro-quinazolin-4-one



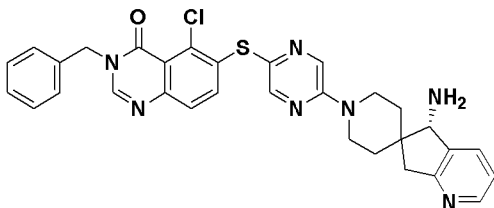
The compound of Example 100 (6 mg, 35%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 99, except that Intermediate I-24 was used instead of Intermediate I-44 in step 1 of Example 99. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.28 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 8.07 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.42 - 7.30 (m, 6H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.26 - 7.24 (m, 3H), 5.17 (s, 2H), 4.29 - 4.16 (m, 2H), 4.07 (s, 1H), 3.33 - 3.23 (m, 2H), 3.14 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 2.82 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 1.87 - 1.79 (m, 2H), 1.70 - 1.65 (m, 1H), 1.52 - 1.50 (m, 1H); MS (ESI) m/z: 581.1 [M+H]⁺.

Example 101: (R)-6-((5-(5-amino-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-benzyl-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one



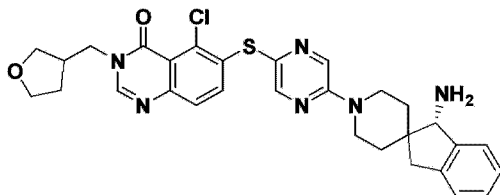
The compound of Example 101 (11 mg, 43%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 99, except that Intermediate I-26 was used instead of Intermediate I-44 in step 1 of Example 99. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.30 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.40 - 7.33 (m, 5H), 7.32 - 7.27 (m, 1H), 7.22 - 7.14 (m, 1H), 5.16 (s, 2H), 4.36 - 4.26 (m, 2H), 4.06 (s, 1H), 3.33 - 3.18 (m, 3H), 2.96 - 2.86 (m, 1H), 1.97 - 1.87 (m, 1H), 1.84 - 1.76 (m, 1H), 1.74 - 1.64 (m, 1H), 1.45 - 1.41 (m, 1H); MS (EI) m/z : 582.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 102: (S)-6-((5-(5-amino-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta]b)pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-benzyl-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 102 (11 mg, 42%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 99, except that Intermediate I-25 was used instead of Intermediate I-44 in step 1 of Example 99. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.44 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.71 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.40 - 7.33 (m, 5H), 7.32 - 7.25 (m, 1H), 7.17 - 7.15 (m, 1H), 5.16 (s, 2H), 4.35 - 4.26 (m, 2H), 4.10 (s, 1H), 3.33 - 3.20 (m, 3H), 2.96 - 2.90 (m, 1H), 1.98 - 1.83 (m, 2H), 1.70 - 1.68 (m, 1H), 1.52 - 1.48 (m, 1H); MS (EI) m/z : 582.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

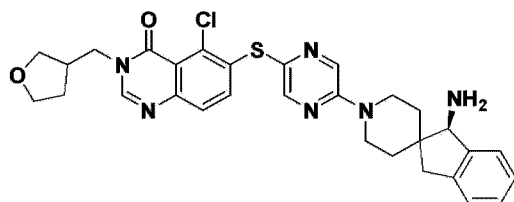
Example 103: 6-((5-((S)-1-amino-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-((tetrahydrofuran-3-yl)methyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 103 (20 mg, 52%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 99, except that Intermediate I-27 was used instead of Intermediate I-23 in step 1 of Example 99. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.30 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.25 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.39 - 7.34 (m, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.27 - 7.23 (m, 3H), 4.29 - 4.21 (m, 2H), 4.04 (s, 1H), 4.02 - 3.95 (m, 2H), 3.93 - 3.86 (m, 1H), 3.82 - 3.76 (m, 2H), 3.63

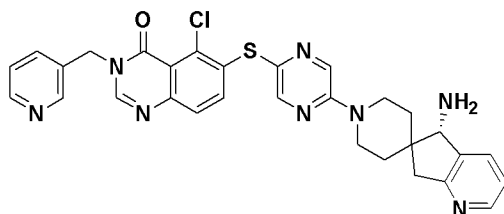
(dd, $J = 4.8, 9.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.33 - 3.23 (m, 2H), 3.13 (d, $J = 15.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.95 - 2.87 (m, 1H), 2.80 (d, $J = 15.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.11 - 2.08 (m, 1H), 1.89 - 1.80 (m, 2H), 1.73 - 1.64 (m, 2H), 1.47 (d, $J = 13.2$ Hz, 1H); m/z ES⁺: 575.2 [M+H]⁺.

Example 104: 6-((5-((R)-1-amino-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-((tetrahydrofuran-3-yl)methyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



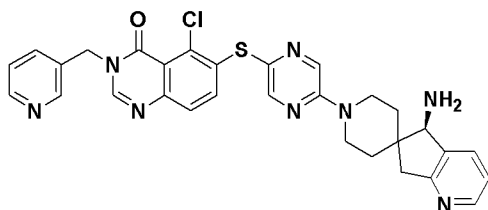
The compound of Example 104 (15 mg, 30%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 99, using Intermediate I-24 and Intermediate I-27 as starting materials in step 1 of Example 99. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD-d₄) δ = 8.30 (s, 1H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 7.97 (s, 1H), 7.59 - 7.52 (m, 1H), 7.47 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.38 - 7.27 (m, 4H), 4.20 (s, 1H), 4.18 - 4.07 (m, 2H), 4.04 - 3.94 (m, 2H), 3.93 - 3.85 (m, 1H), 3.83 - 3.74 (m, 2H), 3.67 - 3.59 (m, 1H), 3.38 - 3.28 (m, 1H), 3.27 - 3.15 (m, 2H), 2.97 - 2.85 (m, 2H), 2.14 - 2.04 (m, 1H), 1.91 - 1.66 (m, 4H), 1.61 - 1.58 (m, 1H); MS (EI) m/z : 575.3 [M+H]⁺.

Example 105: (S)-6-((5-((S)-5-amino-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-(3-pyridin-3-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



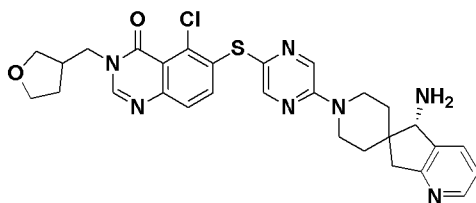
The compound of Example 105 (2.1 mg, 23%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 99, using Intermediate I-25 and Intermediate I-28 as starting materials in step 1 of Example 99. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.69 (d, $J = 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.59 (dd, $J = 1.2, 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.47 - 8.43 (m, 1H), 8.29 - 8.27 (m, 1H), 8.25 - 8.22 (m, 1H), 8.11 - 8.09 (m, 1H), 7.80 - 7.76 (m, 1H), 7.71 - 7.66 (m, 1H), 7.49 - 7.45 (m, 1H), 7.34 - 7.30 (m, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.20 - 7.15 (m, 1H), 5.18 - 5.15 (m, 2H), 4.37 - 4.29 (m, 2H), 4.08 (s, 1H), 3.32 - 3.20 (m, 3H), 2.96 - 2.90 (m, 1H), 1.88 - 1.78 (m, 2H), 1.69 (d, $J = 13.2$ Hz, 1H), 1.49 - 1.41 (m, 1H); MS (EI) m/z : 583.2 [M+H]⁺.

Example 106: (R)-6-((5-((S)-5-amino-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-(3-pyridin-3-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



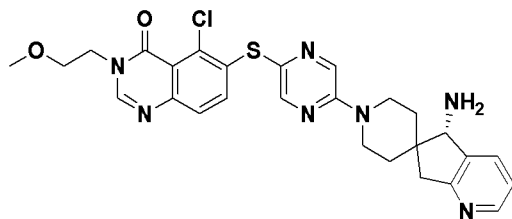
The compound of Example 106 (20 mg, 76%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 99, using Intermediate I-26 and Intermediate I-28 as starting materials in step 1 of Example 99. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.69 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.60 (dd, J = 1.2, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 8.45 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 8.28 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.78 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.70 - 7.66 (m, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.34 - 7.29 (m, 2H), 7.17 (dd, J = 5.2, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (s, 2H), 4.32 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (s, 1H), 3.34 - 3.22 (m, 3H), 2.96 - 2.88 (m, 1H), 1.89 - 1.79 (m, 2H), 1.73 - 1.66 (m, 1H), 1.46 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 1H); MS (EI) m/z : 583.2 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 107: 6-((5-((S)-5-amino-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-((tetrahydrofuran-3-yl)methyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 107 (15 mg, 53%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 99, using Intermediate I-27 and Intermediate I-25 as starting materials in step 1 of Example 99. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.49 (s, 1H), 8.28 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 7.97 (s, 1H), 7.74 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.49 - 7.44 (m, 1H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 7.19-7.15 (m, 1H), 4.34-4.25 (m, 2H), 4.15 (s, 1H), 4.04 - 3.94 (m, 2H), 3.93 - 3.86 (m, 1H), 3.83 - 3.75 (m, 2H), 3.68 - 3.63 (m, 1H), 3.32 - 3.20 (m, 3H), 2.99 - 2.88 (m, 2H), 2.14 - 2.06 (m, 1H), 1.94 - 1.79 (m, 2H), 1.74 - 1.66 (m, 2H), 1.53 - 1.45 (m, 1H); MS (EI) m/z : 576.2 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

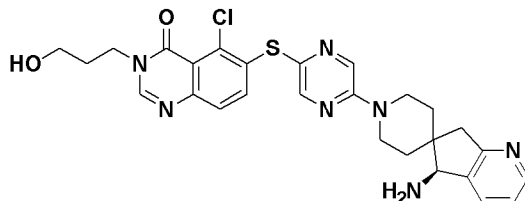
Example 108: (S)-6-((5-((S)-5-amino-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine]-6,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 108 (135 mg, 49%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 99, using Intermediate I-25 and Intermediate I-29 as starting materials in step 1 of Example 99. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.46 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 8.28 - 8.26 (m, 1H), 8.23

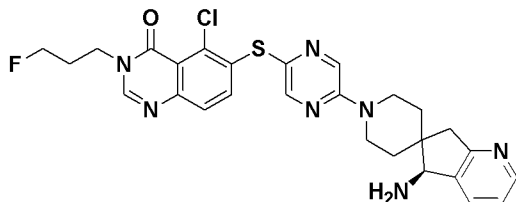
(s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H, FA), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.74 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.29 - 7.27 (m, 1H), 7.20 (dd, J = 5.2, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.36 - 4.25 (m, 2H), 4.19 - 4.10 (m, 3H), 3.68 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 3.30 - 3.21 (m, 3H), 2.97 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 1.93 - 1.78 (m, 2H), 1.70 - 1.64 (m, 1H), 1.53 - 1.49 (m, 1H); MS (EI) m/z: 550.2 [M+H]⁺.

Example 109: (S)-6-((5-(5-amino-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine]-6,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(3-hydroxypropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



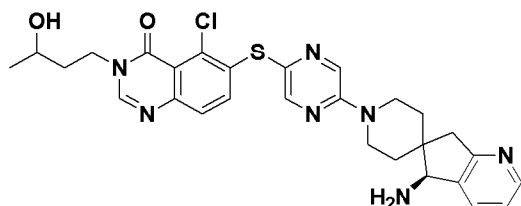
The compound of Example 109 (5.72 mg, 26%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 99, using Intermediate I-25 and Intermediate I-30 as starting materials in step 1 of Example 99. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.45 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 8.29 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.66 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.20 - 7.15 (m, 1H), 4.40 - 4.26 (m, 2H), 4.17 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 4.07 (s, 1H), 3.71 - 3.61 (m, 2H), 3.34 - 3.19 (m, 3H), 2.92 (d, J = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 2.08 - 1.99 (m, 2H), 1.97 - 1.85 (m, 2H), 1.69 - 1.65 (m, 1H), 1.45 - 1.43 (m, 1H); MS (EI) m/z: 550.2 [M+H]⁺.

Example 110: (S)-6-((5-(5-amino-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine]-6,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(3-fluoropropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



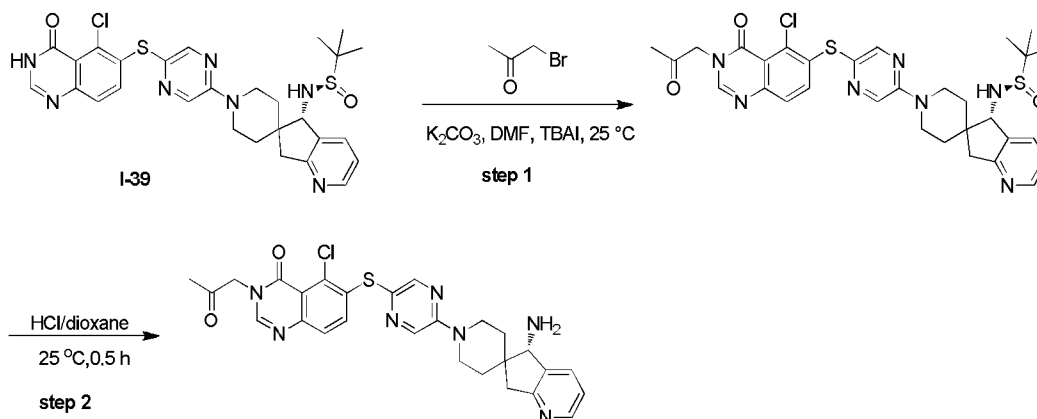
The compound of Example 110 (22 mg, 85%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 99, using Intermediate I-25 and Intermediate I-31 as starting materials in step 1 of Example 99. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 8.49 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.38 (s, 1H), 8.36 - 8.34 (m, 1H), 8.31 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.72 - 7.68 (m, 1H), 7.54 - 7.50 (m, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.21 - 7.18 (m, 1H), 4.60 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (br s, 1H), 4.30 - 4.28 (m, 1H), 4.06 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.99 (s, 1H), 3.28 - 3.21 (m, 2H), 3.19 - 3.11 (m, 1H), 2.85 - 2.80 (m, 1H), 2.17 - 2.10 (m, 1H), 2.08 - 2.02 (m, 1H), 1.85 - 1.68 (m, 2H), 1.62 - 1.54 (m, 1H), 1.25 - 1.19 (m, 1H); MS (EI) m/z: 552.2 [M+H]⁺.

Example 111: (6-((5-((S)-5-amino-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine]-6,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(3-hydroxybutyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 111 (22 mg, 69%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 99, using Intermediate I-25 and Intermediate I-32 as starting materials in step 1 of Example 99. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.44 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 8.28 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.67 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 7.17 (dd, J = 4.8, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.38 - 4.23 (m, 3H), 4.09 - 3.99 (m, 2H), 3.84 - 3.74 (m, 1H), 3.33 - 3.20 (m, 3H), 2.92 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 1.95 - 1.84 (m, 2H), 1.83 - 1.75 (m, 2H), 1.72 - 1.65 (m, 1H), 1.44 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 1.24 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 564.2 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 112: (S)-6-((5-(5-amino-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine]-6,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-oxopropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



Step 1: (R)-N-((S)-1'-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3-(2-oxopropyl)-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-5-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

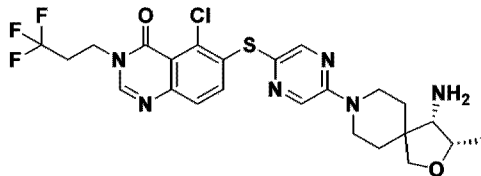
To a solution of Intermediate I-39 (80.0 mg, 134 μmol) and 1-bromopropan-2-one (36.8 mg, 268 μmol) in DMF (3 mL), K_2CO_3 (55.6 mg, 403 μmol) and tetra-*n*-butylammonium iodide (TBAI) (4.96 mg, 13.4 μmol) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 20 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride (10 mL) at 25 $^\circ\text{C}$, diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with EA (30 mL x 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (20 mL x 3), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by reverse phase flash column chromatography (0.1% FA) to obtain (R)-N-((S)-1'-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3-(2-oxopropyl)-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-5,7-

dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-5-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfonamide (60 mg, 69% yield) as a yellow solid. MS (EI) m/z : 652.1 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 2: (S)-6-((5-(5-amino-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine]-6,4'-piperidin)-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-oxopropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

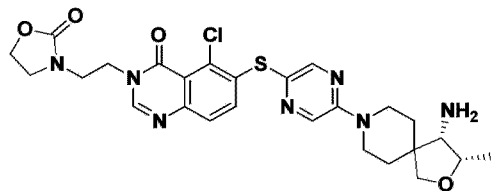
To a solution of (R)-N-((S)-1'-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3-(2-oxopropyl)-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine]-6,4'-piperidin]-5-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfonamide (50 mg, 76.7 μ mol) in MeOH (5 mL) was added HCl/dioxane(4 M), and then the mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 0.5 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Phenomenex C18 75*30mm*3 μ m; mobile phase: [water(FA)-ACN]; B%: 8%-38%, 7 minutes) to obtain the compound of Example 112 (12 mg, 25% yield, FA) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.45 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 8.28 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 8.15 (s, 1H, FA), 7.84 (s, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.32 - 7.28 (m, 1H), 7.21 - 7.16 (m, 1H), 4.75 - 4.70 (m, 2H), 4.32 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 2H), 4.10 (s, 1H), 3.33 - 3.20 (m, 3H), 2.97 - 2.89 (m, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.96 - 1.88 (m, 1H), 1.82 - 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.71 - 1.67 (m, 1H), 1.48 - 1.44 (m, 1H); MS (EI) m/z : 548.1 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 113: 6-((5-(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4,5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(3,3,3-trifluoropropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)one



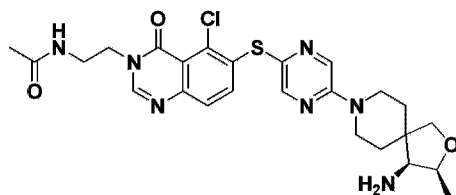
The compound of Example 113 (40 mg, 73%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 3-chloro-1,1,1-trifluoro-propane was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.28 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.22 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H, FA), 7.97 (s, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 4.24 - 4.17 (m, 3H), 4.05 - 3.95 (m, 2H), 3.86 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.76 - 3.72 (m, 1H), 3.50 - 3.43 (m, 1H), 3.40 - 3.32 (m, 1H), 3.08 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 2.76 - 2.65 (m, 2H), 1.96 - 1.87 (m, 1H), 1.84 - 1.73 (m, 3H), 1.27 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (E SI) m/z : 555.1 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 114: 3-(2-6-((5-(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4,5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-4-oxoquinazolin-3(4H)-yl)ethyl)oxazolidin-2-one



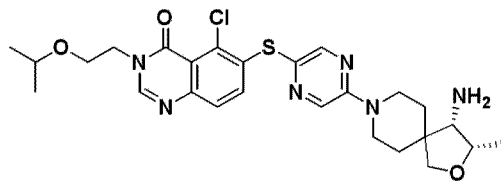
The compound of Example 114 (60 mg, 79%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 3-(2-chloroethyl)oxazolidin-2-one was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ = 8.47 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 8.30 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.12 - 4.07 (m, 3H), 4.02 - 3.92 (m, 2H), 3.72 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.55 - 3.50 (m, 3H), 3.47 - 3.41 (m, 1H), 3.39 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.01 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 1.80 - 1.71 (m, 1H), 1.70 - 1.63 (m, 1H), 1.61 - 1.55 (m, 1H), 1.54 - 1.47 (m, 1H), 1.10 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 572.2 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 115: N-(2-(6-((5-(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-4-oxoquinazolin-3(4H)-yl)ethyl)acetamide



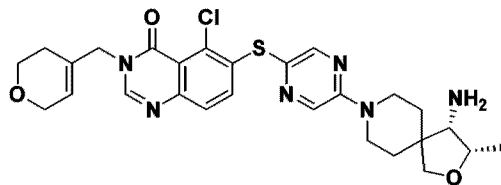
The compound of Example 115 (45 mg, 45%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that N-(2-bromoethyl) acetamide was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.30 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.24 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.98 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.27 - 4.15 (m, 3H), 4.04 - 3.92 (m, 2H), 3.87 - 3.83 (m, 1H), 3.73 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.68 - 3.64 (m, 2H), 3.56 - 3.48 (m, 1H), 3.44 - 3.41 (m, 1H), 3.04 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 2.00 (s, 3H), 1.95 - 1.90 (m, 1H), 1.83 - 1.68 (m, 3H), 1.27 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 544.2 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 116: 6-((5-(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-(3-(2-isopropoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



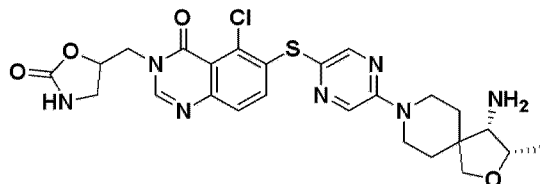
The compound of Example 116 (43 mg, 53%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 2-(2-bromoethoxy)propane was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.27 (s, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H, FA), 8.09 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 4.28 - 4.19 (m, 1H), 4.14 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 4.10 - 3.96 (m, 2H), 3.89 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.57 - 3.47 (m, 1H), 3.40 (t, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.31 (t, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.12 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.00 - 1.88 (m, 1H), 1.87 - 1.72 (m, 3H), 1.30 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 1.08 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 6H); MS (EI) m/z : 545.3 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 117: 6-((5-(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4,5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-((3,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)methyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



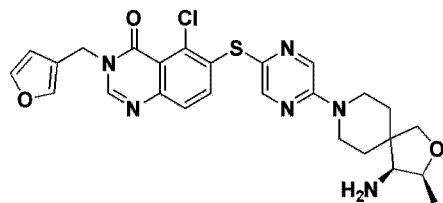
The compound of Example 117 (8 mg, 63%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 4-(chloromethyl)-3,6-dihydro-2H-pyran was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.25 (s, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.02 (br s, 1H, FA), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 5.66 (s, 1H), 4.55 (br s, 2H), 4.35 - 4.29 (m, 2H), 4.26 - 4.21 (m, 1H), 4.17 - 4.12 (m, 3H), 3.80 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 3H), 3.49 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 3.18 - 3.07 (m, 2H), 2.23 - 2.15 (m, 1H), 2.11 (s, 2H), 2.07 - 2.01 (m, 1H), 1.96 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 1.85 - 1.79 (m, 1H), 1.54 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z: 555.2 [M+H]⁺.

Example 118: 5-((6-((5-(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4,5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-4-oxoquinazolin-3(4H)-yl)methyl)oxazolidin-2-one



The compound of Example 118 (25 mg, 59%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 5-(bromomethyl)oxazolidin-2-one was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.29 (s, 1H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.49 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 5.12 - 5.00 (m, 2H), 4.49 (dd, J = 2.4, 14.0 Hz, 1H), 4.24 - 4.17 (m, 1H), 4.07 - 3.89 (m, 3H), 3.86 - 3.78 (m, 2H), 3.71 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.55 - 3.48 (m, 1H), 3.46 - 3.39 (m, 2H), 3.02 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 1.95 - 1.88 (m, 1H), 1.83 - 1.67 (m, 3H), 1.25 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z: 558.2 [M+H]⁺.

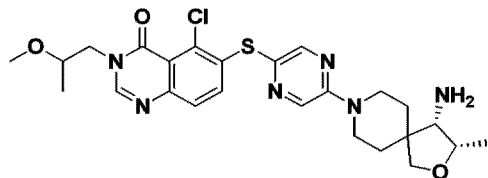
Example 119: 6-((5-(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4,5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(furan-3-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 119 (20 mg, 30%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 3-(bromomethyl)furan was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.25 (s, 1H), 8.23 - 8.19 (m, 1H), 8.05 - 8.02 (m,

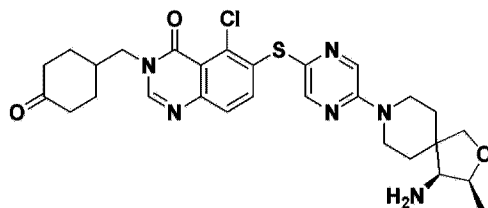
1H), 7.57 (s, 1H), 7.46 - 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.26 - 7.20 (m, 1H), 6.46 - 6.43 (m, 1H), 5.02 - 4.98 (m, 2H), 4.25 - 4.16 (m, 1H), 4.06 - 3.95 (m, 2H), 3.91 - 3.84 (m, 1H), 3.72 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.43 - 3.32 (m, 1H), 3.31 - 3.21 (m, 1H), 3.17 - 3.06 (m, 1H), 2.00 - 1.89 (m, 2H), 1.84 - 1.76 (m, 2H), 1.29 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z: 539.2 [M+H]⁺.

Example 120: 6-((5-(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4,5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxypropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



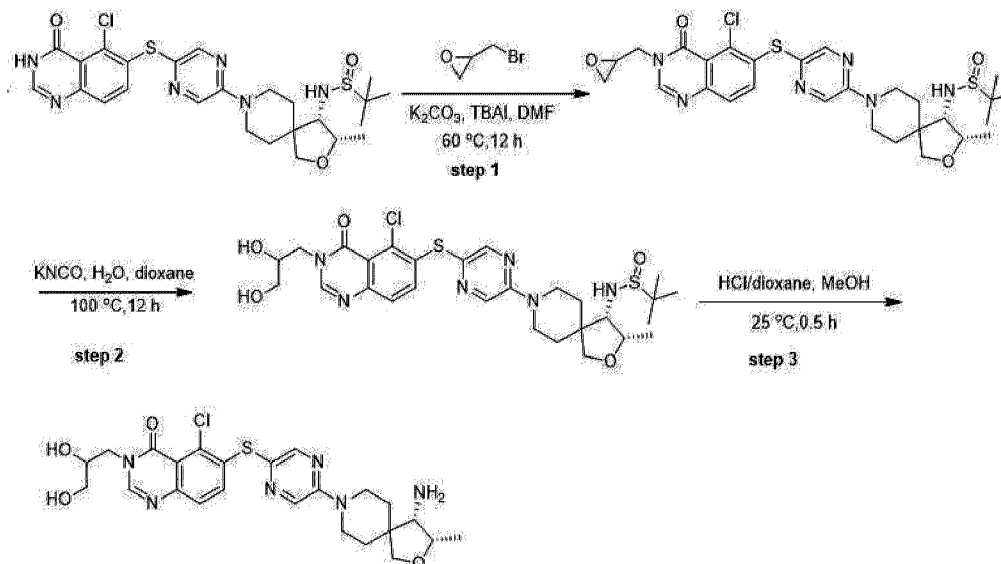
The compound of Example 120 (22 mg, 61%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that 1-chloro-2-methoxypropane was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.27 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.38 - 4.31 (m, 1H), 4.26 - 4.17 (m, 1H), 4.06 - 3.91 (m, 2H), 3.86 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (s, 2H), 3.57 - 3.50 (m, 1H), 3.50 - 3.42 (m, 1H), 3.40 - 3.31 (m, 1H), 3.27 (s, 3H), 3.06 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 1.96 - 1.89 (m, 1H), 1.84 - 1.73 (m, 3H), 1.28 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 1.24 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z: 531.2 [M+H]⁺.

Example 121: 6-((5-(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4,5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-((4-oxocyclohexyl)methyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 121 (14 mg, 54%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that (4-oxocyclohexyl)methyl 4-methylbenzenesulfonate was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 1 of Example 18. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.26 (s, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H, FA), 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.28 - 4.17 (m, 1H), 4.06 - 3.94 (m, 2H), 3.90 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.86 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.51 - 3.41 (m, 1H), 3.41 - 3.29 (m, 1H), 3.07 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.52 - 2.41 (m, 3H), 2.40 - 2.30 (m, 2H), 2.13 - 2.06 (m, 2H), 1.82 - 1.68 (m, 4H), 1.59 - 1.47 (m, 2H), 1.33 - 1.23 (m, 3H); MS (EI) m/z: 569.3 [M+H]⁺.

Example 122: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4,5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



Step 1: N-((3S,4S)-8-(5-((5-chloro-3-(oxiran-2-ylmethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

To a solution of N-((3S,4S)-8-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (100 mg, 178 μ mol) obtained in step 1 of Example 18 and 2-(bromomethyl)oxirane (36.5 mg, 266 μ mol) in DMF (2 mL), K_2CO_3 (73.6 mg, 533 μ mol) and TBAI (6.56 mg, 17.8 μ mol) were added. The mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride (10 mL) at 25 °C, diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with EA (3 x 30 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 20 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by Prep-TLC (EA/MeOH = 10/1) to obtain N-((3S,4S)-8-(5-((5-chloro-3-(oxiran-2-ylmethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (100 mg, 91% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ = 8.27 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.20 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.59 - 4.53 (m, 1H), 4.29 - 4.22 (m, 2H), 4.20 - 4.14 (m, 1H), 3.92 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.82 - 3.73 (m, 1H), 3.69 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.57 - 3.51 (m, 1H), 3.41 - 3.36 (m, 2H), 3.27 - 3.13 (m, 2H), 2.64 - 2.59 (m, 1H), 2.11 - 1.93 (m, 2H), 1.75 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 1.64 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 2H), 1.27 (s, 9H), 1.23 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z: 619.1 $[M+H]^+$.

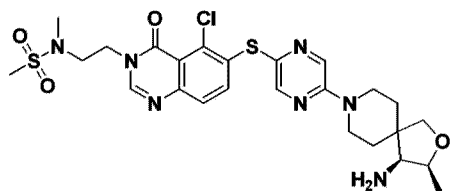
Step 2: N-((3S,4S)-8-(5-((5-chloro-3-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

To a solution of N-((3S,4S)-8-(5-((5-chloro-3-(oxiran-2-yl)methyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (100 mg, 161 μ mol) in H₂O (6 mL) and dioxane (3 mL) was added potassium cyanate (26.2 mg, 323 μ mol), and then the mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride (10 mL) at 25 °C, diluted with water (20 mL) and extracted with DCM (3 x 30 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 20 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain N-((3S,4S)-8-(5-((5-chloro-3-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (80 mg, 78% yield) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.27 (s, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H), 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.30 - 4.22 (m, 3H), 4.17 (d, J = 14.0 Hz, 1H), 4.12 - 4.07 (m, 1H), 3.95 - 3.88 (m, 2H), 3.62 - 3.57 (m, 1H), 3.53 - 3.48 (m, 1H), 3.40 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.26 - 3.13 (m, 3H), 2.10 - 1.94 (m, 3H), 1.78 - 1.70 (m, 2H), 1.67 - 1.58 (m, 2H), 1.27 - 1.25 (m, 9H), 1.22 ((d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z: 637.1 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

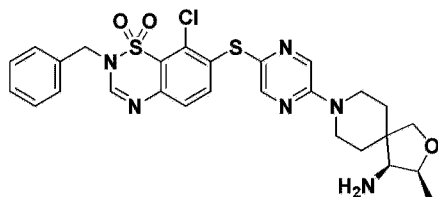
To a solution of N-((3S,4S)-8-(5-((5-chloro-3-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (80 mg, 126 μ mol) in MeOH (10 mL) was added HCl/dioxane (4M, 1.57 mL), and then the mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 0.5 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Unisil 3-100 C18 Ultra 150*50mm*3 μ m; mobile phase: [water(FA)-ACN]; B%: 4%-34%, 7 minutes) to obtain the compound of Example 122 (37 mg, 55% yield) as a off-white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 8.46 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.29 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.10 - 4.98 (m, 1H), 4.82 - 4.70 (m, 1H), 4.27 (dd, J = 3.2, 13.2 Hz, 1H), 4.13 - 4.04 (m, 1H), 4.01 - 3.89 (m, 2H), 3.81 - 3.75 (m, 1H), 3.74 - 3.70 (m, 1H), 3.63 - 3.57 (m, 1H), 3.53 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.48 - 3.42 (m, 2H), 3.41 - 3.37 (m, 2H), 3.00 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 1.80 - 1.71 (m, 1H), 1.69 - 1.64 (m, 1H), 1.62 - 1.47 (m, 2H), 1.11 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z: 533.2 [M+H]⁺.

Example 123: N-(2-(6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-4-oxoquinazolin-3(4H)-yl)ethyl)-N-methylmethanesulfonamide



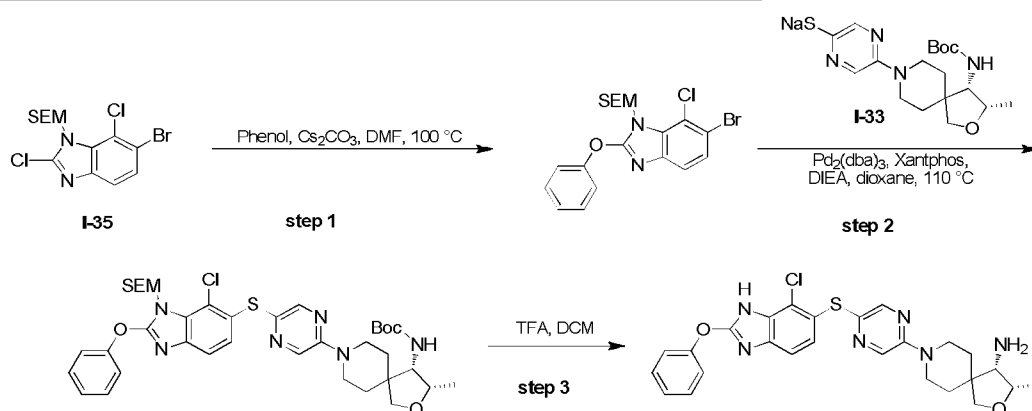
The compound of Example 123 (40 mg, 62%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that N-(2-bromoethyl)-N-methyl methanesulfonamide was used instead of benzyl chloride in step 2 of Example 18. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ = 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H, FA), 7.50 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.14 - 4.06 (m, 3H), 4.02 - 3.90 (m, 3H), 3.73 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.53 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.45 - 3.40 (m, 1H), 3.39 - 3.32 (m, 2H), 3.04 - 3.00 (m, 1H), 2.86 (s, 3H), 2.82 (s, 3H), 1.81 - 1.65 (m, 2H), 1.61 - 1.47 (m, 2H), 1.11 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z: 594.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 124: 7-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-2-benzyl-8-chloro-2H-benzo[e][1,2,4]thiadiazine 1,1-dioxide



The compound of Example 124 (7 mg, 38%) was synthesized in the same method as in steps 1 and 3 of Example 18, using Intermediate I-33 and Intermediate I-34 as starting materials. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.27 (s, 1H), 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.45 - 7.38 (m, 5H), 7.32 - 7.23 (m, 3H), 5.03 (s, 2H), 4.27 - 4.17 (m, 1H), 4.06 - 3.92 (m, 2H), 3.86 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.55 - 3.44 (m, 1H), 3.43 - 3.33 (m, 1H), 3.06 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 1.96 - 1.89 (m, 1H), 1.83 - 1.74 (m, 3H), 1.28 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z: 585.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 125: (3S,4S)-8-(5-((7-chloro-2-phenoxy-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-amine



Step 1: 2-[(6-bromo-7-chloro-2-phenoxy-benzimidazol-1-yl)methoxy]ethyl-trimethyl-silane

To a solution of Intermediate I-35 (380 mg, 959 μ mol) in DMF (5 mL), Cs_2CO_3 (938 mg, 2.88 mmol) and phenol (181 mg, 1.92 mmol) were added. The mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched by addition of aqueous ammonium chloride (20 mL) at 25 °C, diluted with water (30 mL) and extracted with EA (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 x 20 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by reverse phase flash column chromatography (0.1% FA) to obtain 2-[(6-bromo-7-chloro-2-phenoxy-benzimidazol-1-yl)methoxy]ethyl-trimethyl-silane (300 mg, 69% yield) as a yellow oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 7.49 - 7.41 (m, 5H), 7.30 - 7.27 (m, 1H), 7.22 - 7.18 (m, 1H), 3.64 - 3.60 (m, 4H), 0.95 - 0.93 (m, 2H), 0.03 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 9H).

Step 2: tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-8-(5-((7-chloro-2-phenoxy-1-((2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate

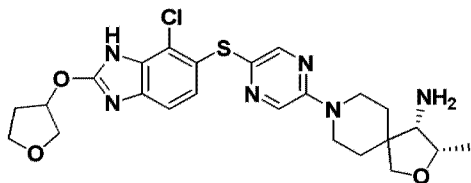
A mixture of 2-[(6-bromo-7-chloro-2-phenoxy-benzimidazol-1-yl)methoxy]ethyl-trimethyl-silane (150 mg, 331 μ mol), Intermediate I-33 (160 mg, 397 μ mol), $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$ (30.3 mg, 33.1 μ mol), XantPhos (38.3 mg, 66.1 μ mol) and DIEA (128 mg, 992 μ mol) in dioxane (3 mL) was degassed and purged 3 times with N_2 . Then, the mixture was stirred under N_2 atmosphere at 110 °C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by reverse phase flash column chromatography (0.1% FA) to obtain tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-8-(5-((7-chloro-2-phenoxy-1-((2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate (25 mg, 10% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.07 - 7.97 (m, 2H), 7.47 - 7.44 (m, 1H), 7.42 - 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.39 - 7.35 (m, 1H), 7.29 - 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.26 - 7.23 (m, 1H), 4.68 - 4.54 (m, 1H), 4.21 - 4.14 (m, 1H), 4.03 - 3.96 (m, 1H), 3.85 - 3.68 (m, 3H), 3.68 - 3.64 (m, 3H), 3.64 - 3.55 (m, 2H), 3.54 - 3.46 (m, 1H), 3.44 - 3.33 (m, 1H), 1.89 - 1.80 (m, 2H), 1.78 - 1.73 (m, 2H), 1.45 (s, 9H), 1.22 - 1.18 (m, 3H), 0.98 - 0.89 (m, 2H), 0.04 (m, 9H).

Step 3: (3S,4S)-8-(5-((7-chloro-2-phenoxy-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4,5]decan-4-amine

To a solution of tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-8-(5-((7-chloro-2-phenoxy-1-((2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate (20 mg, 26.6 μ mol) in DCM (3 mL) was added TFA (303 mg, 2.65 mmol), and then the mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by Prep-HPLC

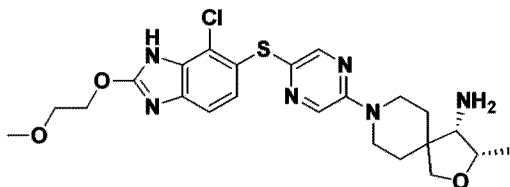
(Column: Unisil 3-100 C18 Ultra 150*50mm*3 μ m; mobile phase: [water(FA)-ACN]; B%: 10%-40%, 10 minutes) to obtain the compound of Example 125 (10 mg, 72% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ = 8.12 (s, 1H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.51 - 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.36 - 7.29 (m, 3H), 7.29 - 7.23 (m, 2H), 4.31 - 4.21 (m, 1H), 4.18 - 4.03 (m, 2H), 3.92 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.24 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 3.23 - 3.17 (m, 1H), 3.16 - 3.09 (m, 1H), 1.84 - 1.75 (m, 3H), 1.70 - 1.62 (m, 1H), 1.26 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 523.2 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 126: (3S,4S)-8-(5-((7-chloro-2-((tetrahydrofuran-3-yl)oxy)-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4,5]decan-4-amine



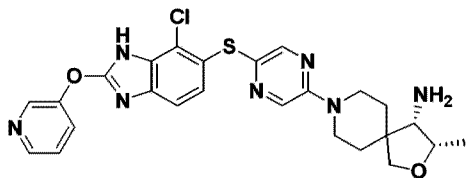
The compound of Example 126 (9.03 mg, 79%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 125, except that tetrahydrofuran-3-ol was used instead of phenol in step 1 of Example 125. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD- d_4) δ = 8.53 (s, 1H, FA), 8.11 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.93 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (s, 2H), 5.62 (s, 1H), 4.28 - 4.21 (m, 1H), 4.13 - 3.93 (m, 6H), 3.93 - 3.88 (m, 2H), 3.76 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.28 - 3.21 (m, 1H), 3.20 - 3.12 (m, 2H), 2.44 - 2.32 (m, 1H), 2.30 - 2.20 (m, 1H), 1.85 - 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.78 - 1.72 (m, 2H), 1.70 - 1.60 (m, 1H), 1.25 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 516.9 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 127: (3S,4S)-8-(5-((7-chloro-2-(2-methoxyethoxy)-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4,5]decan-4-amine



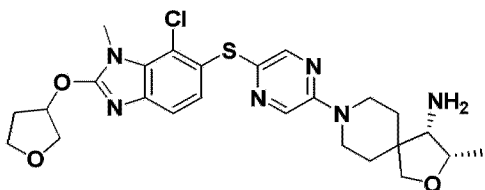
The compound of Example 127 (18.7 mg, 68%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 125, except that 2-methoxyethanol was used instead of phenol in step 1 of Example 125. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD- d_4) δ = 8.11 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (s, 2H), 4.66 - 4.60 (m, 2H), 4.29 - 4.21 (m, 1H), 4.12 - 3.98 (m, 2H), 3.89 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.81 - 3.77 (m, 2H), 3.75 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.42 (s, 3H), 3.29 - 3.23 (m, 1H), 3.23 - 3.16 (m, 1H), 3.15 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 1.84 - 1.70 (m, 3H), 1.69 - 1.60 (m, 1H), 1.24 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 505.2 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 128: (3S,4S)-8-(5-((7-chloro-2-(pyridin-3-yloxy)-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4,5]decan-4-amine



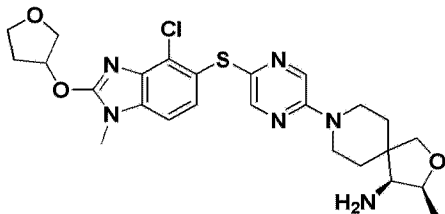
The compound of Example 128 (23.7 mg, 68%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 125, except that pyridin-3-ol was used instead of phenol in step 1 of Example 125. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD-d_4) δ = 8.67 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 8.52 - 8.48 (m, 1H), 8.13 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.99 - 7.91 (m, 2H), 7.60 - 7.54 (m, 1H), 7.33 - 7.24 (m, 2H), 4.30 - 4.22 (m, 1H), 4.19 - 4.04 (m, 2H), 3.93 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.26 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 3.24 - 3.18 (m, 1H), 3.18 - 3.09 (m, 1H), 1.84 - 1.73 (m, 3H), 1.70 - 1.61 (m, 1H), 1.27 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 524.2 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 129: (3S,4S)-8-(5-((7-chloro-1-methyl-2-((tetrahydrofuran-3-yl)oxy)-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-amine



The compound of Example 129 (45.8 mg, 53%) was synthesized in the same method as in steps 1 and 3 of Example 18, using Intermediate I-33 and Intermediate I-36 as starting materials. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD-d_4) δ = 8.47 (s, 1H, FA), 8.14 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.36 - 7.31 (m, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.63 - 5.56 (m, 1H), 4.31 - 4.24 (m, 1H), 4.23 - 4.16 (m, 1H), 4.16 - 4.10 (m, 1H), 4.09 - 3.99 (m, 3H), 3.96 - 3.90 (m, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.83 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.33 (s, 1H), 3.21 - 3.07 (m, 2H), 2.45 - 2.35 (m, 1H), 2.33 - 2.23 (m, 1H), 1.82 (t, J = 4.4 Hz, 2H), 1.80 (s, 1H), 1.71 - 1.62 (m, 1H), 1.29 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 531.2 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

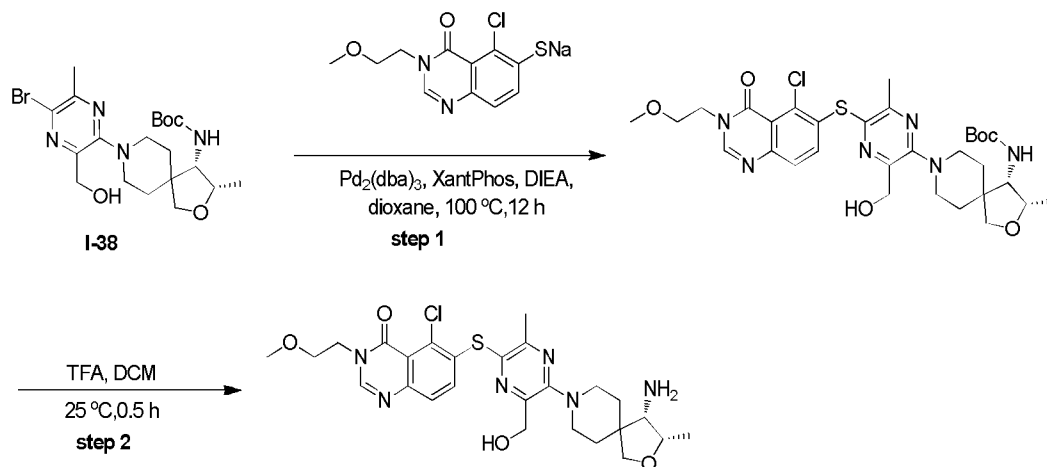
Example 130: (3S,4S)-8-(5-((4-chloro-1-methyl-2-(tetrahydrofuran-3-yl)oxy)-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-5-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-amine



The compound of Example 130 (13 mg, 50%) was synthesized in the same method as in steps 1 and 3 of Example 18, using Intermediate I-33 and Intermediate I-37 as starting materials. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ = 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.31 - 7.21 (m, 2H), 5.72 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.28 - 4.22 (m, 1H), 4.11 - 4.07 (m, 1H), 4.04 (s, 2H), 4.03 - 4.00 (m, 1H), 3.96 - 3.88

(m, 2H), 3.76 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.64 - 3.60 (m, 1H), 3.59 - 3.56 (m, 3H), 3.27 - 3.20 (m, 1H), 3.14 - 3.10 (m, 2H), 2.45 - 2.34 (m, 1H), 2.32 - 2.24 (m, 1H), 1.84 - 1.71 (m, 3H), 1.64 - 1.61 (m, 1H), 1.27 - 1.23 (m, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 531.3 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 131: 6-((5-(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)-6-(hydroxymethyl)-3-methylpyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



Step 1: tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-8-(5-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-3-(hydroxymethyl)-6-methylpyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate

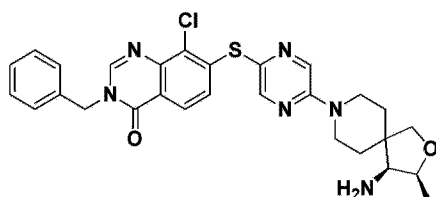
A mixture of Intermediate I-38 (120 mg, 255 μ mol), [5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl]sulfanyl sodium (111 mg, 382 μ mol) obtained in step 2 of Preparation Example 28, $Pd_2(dba)_3$ (23.3 mg, 25.5 μ mol), XantPhos (29.5 mg, 50.9 μ mol) and DIEA (98.7 mg, 764 μ mol) in dioxane (5 mL) was degassed and purged 3 times with N_2 , and then the mixture was stirred under N_2 atmosphere at 100 °C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by Pre-TLC(PE/EA = 1:10) to obtain tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-8-(5-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-3-(hydroxymethyl)-6-methylpyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate (60 mg, 36% yield) as a yellow solid. MS (EI) m/z : 661.2 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 2: 6-((5-(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)-6-(hydroxymethyl)-3-methylpyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

To a solution of tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-8-(5-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-3-(hydroxymethyl)-6-methylpyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate (60 mg, 90.7 μ mol) in DCM (3 mL) was added TFA (1.03 g, 9.07 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 0.5 hours. The reaction mixture was

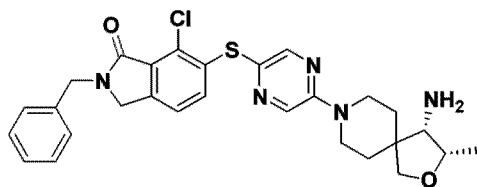
concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was purified by Prep-HPLC (Column: Unisil 3-100 C18 Ultra 150*50mm*3 μ m; mobile phase: [water(FA)-ACN]; B%: 11%-41%, 7 minutes) to obtain the compound of Example 131 (42 mg, 82% yield) as a white solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.07 (s, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (s, 2H), 4.22 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.92 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.78 - 3.73 (m, 1H), 3.68 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.49 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 2H), 3.34 (s, 3H), 3.23 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.07 - 2.90 (m, 2H), 2.53 - 2.47 (m, 3H), 2.02 - 1.87 (m, 2H), 1.76 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 2H), 1.31 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 561.2 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 132: 7-((5-(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4,5]decan-8-yl)-pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-3-benzyl-8-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one



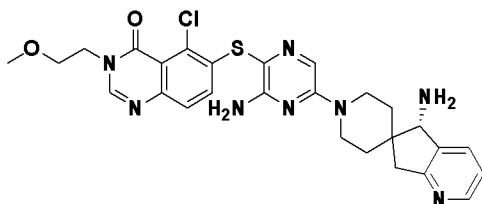
The compound of Example 132 (16 mg, 61% yield) was obtained as a white solid in the same method as in Example 131, using Intermediate I-40 and Intermediate I-33 as starting materials. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.30 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.01 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.40 - 7.28 (m, 5H), 6.92 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (s, 2H), 4.27 - 4.18 (m, 1H), 4.07 - 4.01 (m, 2H), 3.88 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.47 - 3.31 (m, 2H), 3.11 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 1.96 - 1.90 (m, 1H), 1.80 - 1.68 (m, 3H), 1.28 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 549.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 133: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4,5]decan-8-yl)-pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-2-benzyl-7-chloroisindolin-1-one



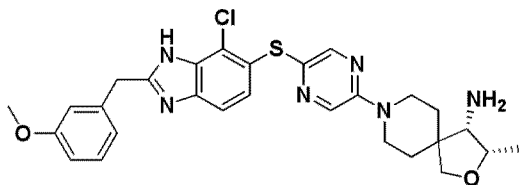
The compound of Example 133 (13 mg, 50%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 131, using Intermediate I-41 and Intermediate I-33 as starting materials. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.21 - 8.18 (m, 1H), 8.14 - 8.11 (m, 1H), 7.37 - 7.28 (m, 6H), 7.17 - 7.12 (m, 1H), 4.77 (s, 2H), 4.25 - 4.23 (m, 1H), 4.21 (s, 2H), 4.04 - 3.90 (m, 2H), 3.89 - 3.85 (m, 1H), 3.74 - 3.69 (m, 1H), 3.43 - 3.34 (m, 1H), 3.32 - 3.21 (m, 1H), 3.11 - 3.06 (m, 1H), 1.81 - 1.69 (m, 4H), 1.32 - 1.25 (m, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 536.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 134: (S)-6-((3-amino-5-(5-amino-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine]-6,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



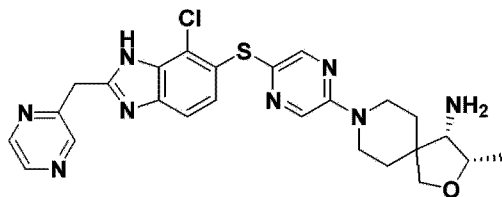
The compound of Example 134 (13 mg, 25%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 99 using Intermediate I-25 and Intermediate I-42. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.46 - 8.42 (m, 1H), 8.03 - 8.01 (m, 1H), 7.71 - 7.69 (m, 1H), 7.66 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.20 - 7.13 (m, 2H), 4.85 (br s, 2H), 4.32 - 4.25 (m, 2H), 4.15 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 4.05 (s, 1H), 3.69 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.34 - 3.31 (m, 3H), 3.24 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.22 - 3.15 (m, 2H), 2.90 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 1.82 (s, 2H), 1.66 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 1.39 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H); MS (EI) m/z : 565.2 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 135: (3S,4S)-8-(5-((7-chloro-2-(3-methoxybenzyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-amine



The compound of Example 135 (18 mg, 50%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 131, using Intermediate I-43 and Intermediate I-33 as starting materials. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 8.19 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.11 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (dd, J = 16.9, 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.97 - 6.84 (m, 3H), 4.39 - 4.24 (m, 5H), 4.19 (d, J = 13.9 Hz, 1H), 4.00 - 3.94 (m, 1H), 3.86 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 4H), 3.41 (d, J = 4.2 Hz, 1H), 3.23 - 3.05 (m, 2H), 1.83 (dd, J = 10.3, 4.4 Hz, 2H), 1.79 (dd, J = 11.5, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 1.68 (d, J = 13.1 Hz, 1H), 1.31 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 6H); MS (EI) m/z : 551.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

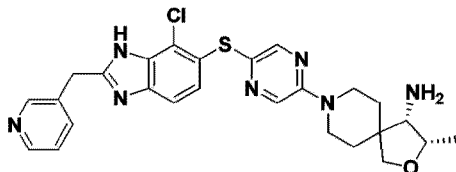
Example 136: (3S,4S)-8-(5-((7-chloro-2-(pyrazin-2-ylmethyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-amine



The compound of Example 136 (6 mg, 33%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 135 above, except that Intermediate I-45 was used instead of Intermediate I-43. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 8.77 (s, 1H), 8.58 (s, 2H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.38 - 7.31 (m, 1H), 4.28 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 4.21 (d, J = 14.3 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H),

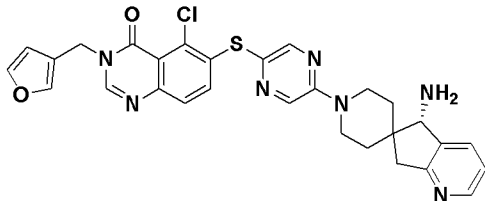
3.87 (d, $J = 9.3$ Hz, 1H), 3.42 (s, 1H), 3.24 - 3.07 (m, 3H), 1.86 (s, 3H), 1.69 (d, $J = 13.3$ Hz, 1H), 1.31 (d, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 4H); MS (EI) m/z : 523.6 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 137: (3S,4S)-8-(5-((7-chloro-2-(pyridin-3-ylmethyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-amine



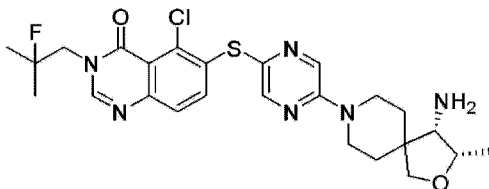
The compound of Example 137 (5.1 mg, 31%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 135 above, except that Intermediate I-46 was used instead of Intermediate I-43. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 8.71 (s, 1H), 8.60 (d, $J = 5.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.15 (d, $J = 1.4$ Hz, 1H), 8.02 (d, $J = 1.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.43 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.44 (s, 2H), 4.32 - 4.21 (m, 1H), 4.16 (d, $J = 14.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.96 (d, $J = 9.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.85 (d, $J = 9.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.40 (d, $J = 4.1$ Hz, 1H), 3.21 - 3.03 (m, 2H), 1.84 (s, 2H), 1.83 - 1.74 (m, 1H), 1.67 (d, $J = 12.9$ Hz, 1H), 1.30 (d, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 4H); MS (EI) m/z : 522.7 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 138: (S)-6-((5-(5-amino-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine]-6,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(furan-3-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



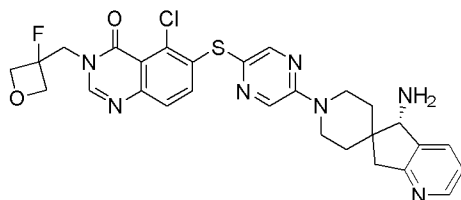
The compound of Example 138 (7.8 mg, 38%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 112, except that 3-(bromomethyl)furan was used instead of 1-bromopropan-2-one in step 1 of Example 112. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.46 (d, $J = 4.4$ Hz, 1H), 8.27 (s, 1H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.73 - 7.69 (m, 1H), 7.57 (s, 1H), 7.45 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.41 (t, $J = 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.18 (dd, $J = 5.2, 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.45 (s, 1H), 5.00 (s, 2H), 4.35 - 4.26 (m, 2H), 4.12 - 4.08 (m, 1H), 3.31 - 3.21 (m, 3H), 2.95 (d, $J = 16.4$ Hz, 1H), 1.93 - 1.79 (m, 2H), 1.68 (d, $J = 12.8$ Hz, 1H), 1.49 (d, $J = 12.4$ Hz, 1H); MS (EI) m/z : 572.2 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 139: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-fluoro-2-methylpropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



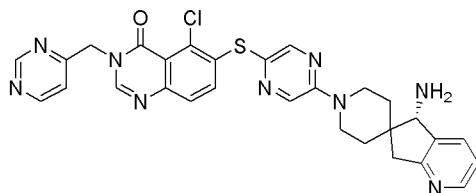
The compound of Example 139 (9.1 mg, 69%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 18, except that, in step 2 of Example 18, 1-bromo-2-fluoro-2-methylpropane was used instead of benzyl chloride, and 1.5 equivalents of potassium iodide were added. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.52 (s, 1H), 8.33 (d, J = 1.1Hz, 1H), 8.21 (d, J = 1.8Hz, 1H), 8.14-8.09 (m, 2H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 8.8Hz, 1H), 4.28-4.19 (m, 4H), 3.92 (d, J = 9.1Hz, 1H), 3.69 (d, J = 9.0Hz, 1H), 3.20-3.12 (m, 4H), 1.83-1.70 (m, 3H), 1.59 (d, J = 16Hz, 1H), 1.37 (s, 3H), 1.32 (s, 3H), 1.23 (d, J = 6.6Hz, 3H); MS m/z : 533 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 140: (S)-6-((5-(5-amino-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-((3-fluorooxetan-3-yl)methyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



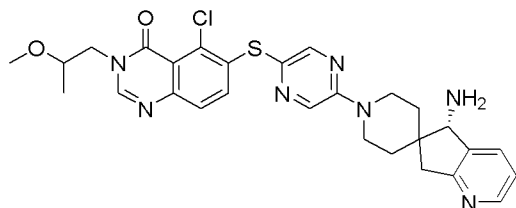
The compound of Example 140 (16 mg, 75%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 112, except that 3-(fluorooxetan-3-yl)methyl 4-methylbenzenesulfonate was used instead of 1-bromopropan-2-one in step 1 of Example 112. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.48 - 8.44 (m, 1H), 8.27 (s, 1H), 8.21 (s, 1H), 7.95 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 7.17 (dd, J = 5.2, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.87 - 4.77 (m, 4H), 4.60 - 4.52 (m, 2H), 4.34 - 4.27 (m, 2H), 4.15 (s, 1H), 3.31 - 3.27 (m, 1H), 3.25 (s, 2H), 3.00 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 1.90 - 1.81 (m, 2H), 1.70 - 1.63 (m, 1H), 1.59 - 1.54 (m, 1H);

Example 141: (S)-6-((5-(5-amino-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(pyrimidin-4-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



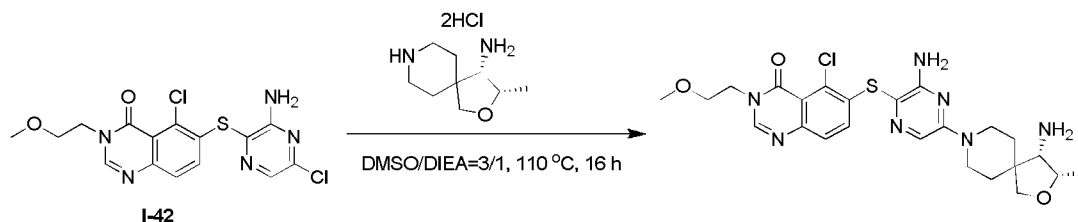
The compound of Example 141 (26 mg, 87%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 112, except that 4-(chloromethyl)pyrimidine was used instead of 1-bromopropan-2-one in step 1 of Example 112. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 9.15 (s, 1H), 8.74 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 8.44 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 8.27 (s, 1H), 8.22 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.20 - 7.16 (m, 1H), 5.17 (s, 2H), 4.37 - 4.28 (m, 2H), 4.06 (s, 1H), 3.32 - 3.19 (m, 3H), 2.91 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 1.92 - 1.87 (m, 1H), 1.82 - 1.80 (m, 1H), 1.71 - 1.67 (m, 1H), 1.46 - 1.38 (m, 1H); MS (EI) m/z : 584.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 142: 6-((5-((S)-5-amino-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxypropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



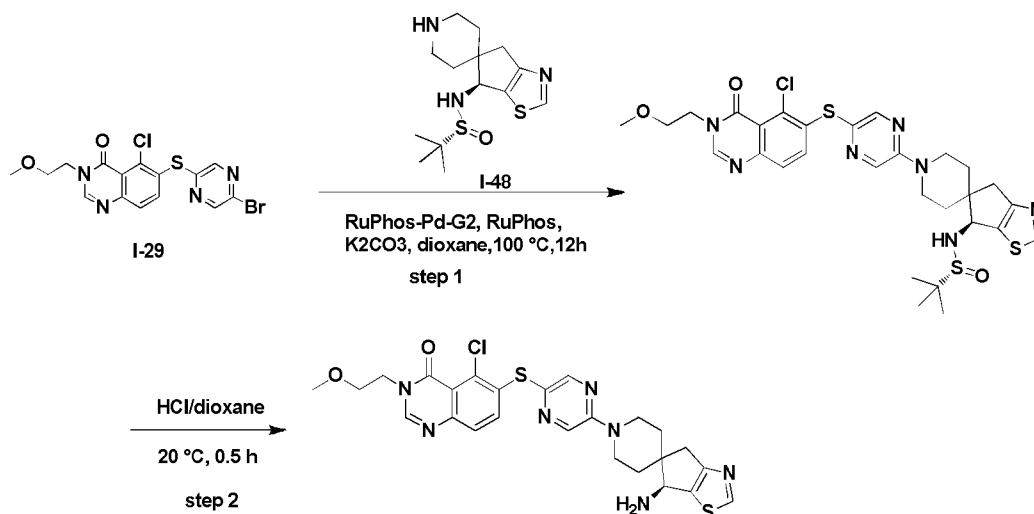
The compound of Example 142 (26 mg, 87%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 112, except that 2-methoxypropyl-4-methylbenzenesulfonate was used instead of 1-bromopropan-2-one in step 1 of Example 112. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.45 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 8.28 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.68 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.40 - 4.26 (m, 3H), 4.08 (s, 1H), 3.76 - 3.64 (m, 1H), 3.58 - 3.49 (m, 1H), 3.36 - 3.19 (m, 6H), 2.93 (d, J = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 1.95 - 1.88 (m, 1H), 1.86 - 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.70 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 1.51 - 1.37 (m, 1H), 1.24 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 564.2 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 143: 6-((3-amino-5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



Intermediate I-42 (40 mg, 101 μmol), (3S,4S)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-amine (29.6 mg, 151 μmol) were dissolved in DMSO (3 mL), and DIEA (649 mg, 5.02 mmol) was added thereto, followed by stirring at 110 °C for 12 hours. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was extracted with water and EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by prep-HPLC and concentrated to obtain the compound of Example 143 (20 mg, 37% yield). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ = 8.26 (s, 1H, FA), 8.25 (s, 1H), 7.67 (s, 1H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.14 (s, 2H), 4.13 (t, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 4.10 - 4.05 (m, 1H), 3.88 (dd, J = 4.0, 8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.70 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.62 - 3.59 (m, 2H), 3.51 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.33 (s, 2H), 3.26 (s, 3H), 2.95 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 1.78 - 1.70 (m, 1H), 1.64 - 1.62 (m, 1H), 1.55 - 1.44 (m, 2H), 1.10 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 532.2 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 144: 6-[5-[(6S)-6-aminospiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4-one



Step 1: (R)-N-[(6S)-1'-[5-[5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-quinazolin-6-yl]sulfanylpyrazin-2-yl]spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-6-yl]-2-methyl-propane-2-sulfinamide

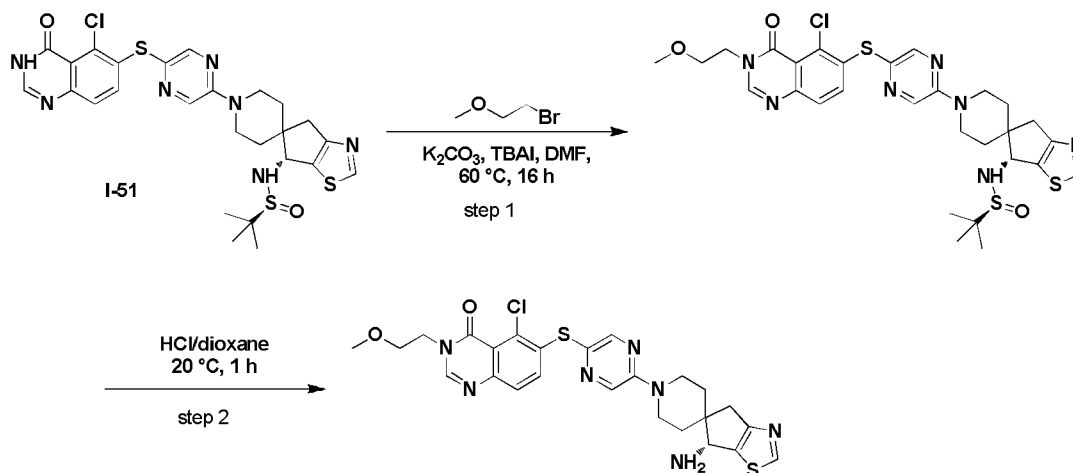
To a solution of Intermediate I-29 (50 mg, 117 μmol) in dioxane (3 mL), Intermediate I-48 (36.7 mg, 117 μmol), [2-(2-aminophenyl)phenyl]-chloro-palladium;dicyclohexyl-[2-(2,6-diisopropoxyphenyl)phenyl]phosphane (9.08 mg, 11.7 μmol), RuPhos (10.9 mg, 23.4 μmol) and K_2CO_3 (48.8 mg, 351 μmol) were added. The mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 12 hours and filtered, and then the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The filtrate was purified by reverse phase flash column chromatography (0.1% FA) to obtain (R)-N-[(6S)-1'-[5-[5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-quinazolin-6-yl]sulfanylpyrazin-2-yl]spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-6-yl]-2-methyl-propane-2-sulfinamide (20 mg, 26%) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.82 (s, 1H), 8.29 - 8.27 (m, 1H), 8.24 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (s, 1H), 7.50 - 7.46 (m, 1H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 4.66 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 4.42 - 4.30 (m, 2H), 4.16 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 2H), 3.70 - 3.68 (m, 2H), 3.66 (s, 1H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 3.27 - 3.18 (m, 2H), 3.10 - 3.04 (m, 1H), 2.99 - 2.92 (m, 1H), 2.08 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 2H), 1.89-1.82 (m, 1H), 1.77 - 1.73 (m, 1H), 1.24 (s, 9H).

Step 2: 6-[5-[(6S)-6-aminospiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4-one

To a solution of (R)-N-[(6S)-1'-[5-[5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-quinazolin-6-yl]sulfanylpyrazin-2-yl]spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-6-yl]-2-methyl-propane-2-sulfinamide (20 mg, 30.3 μmol) in methanol (3 mL) was added HCl/dioxane (4 M, 757 μL), followed by stirring at 25 °C for 0.5 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered, and then the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The filtrate was purified by column chromatography to obtain the compound of Example 144 (12 mg, 66% yield) as a yellow-white solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.77 (s, 1H), 8.31 - 8.18 (m, 2H), 8.03 (s, 1H), 7.47 (d, J =

8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.32 - 7.27 (m, 1H), 4.30 - 4.16 (m, 5H), 3.68 (br s, 2H), 3.42 - 3.24 (m, 5H), 3.01 - 2.89 (m, 2H), 2.01 - 1.78 (m, 4H); MS (EI) m/z : 556.0 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 145: 6-[5-[(6R)-6-aminospiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4-one



Step 1: (S)-N-[(6R)-1'-[5-[5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-quinazolin-6-yl]sulfanylpyrazin-2-yl]spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-6-yl]-2-methyl-propane-2-sulfinamide

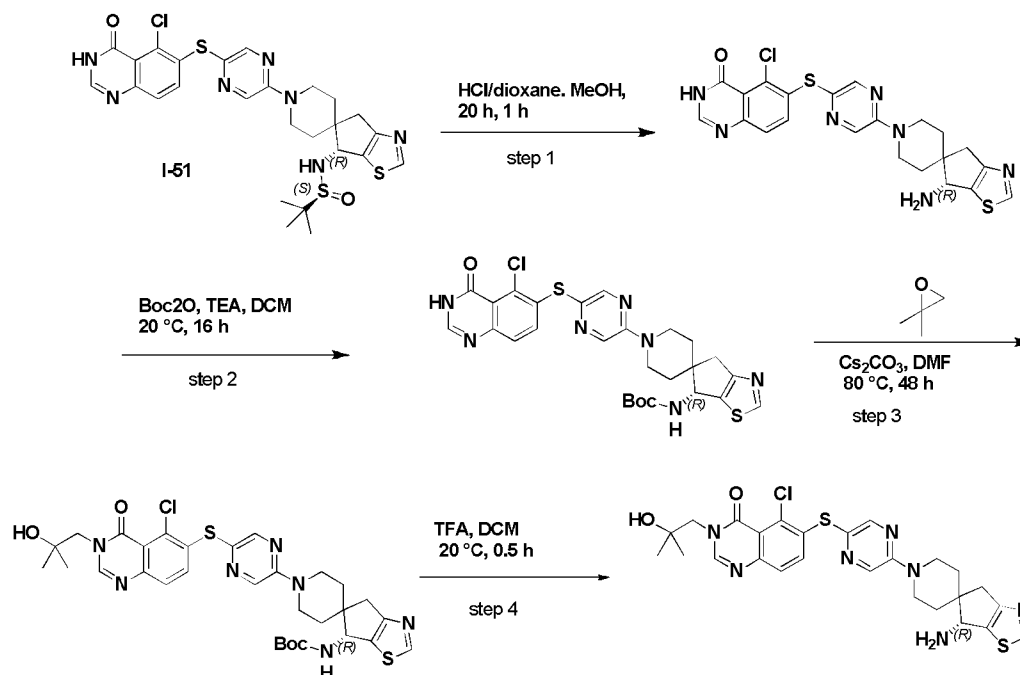
TBAI (2.36 mg, 6.39 μ mol), K_2CO_3 (26.5 mg, 191 μ mol) and 1-bromo-2-methoxy-ethane (9.77 mg, 70.3 μ mol) were added to Intermediate I-51 (55 mg, 63.9 μ mol) in DMF (0.5 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with water (10 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 X 5 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (2 X 20 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 and filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The filtrate was purified by column chromatography to obtain (S)-N-[(6R)-1'-[5-[5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-quinazolin-6-yl]sulfanylpyrazin-2-yl]spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-6-yl]-2-methyl-propane-2-sulfinamide (30 mg, 63% yield) as a pale yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ = 8.82 (s, 1H), 8.28 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.49 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 4.67 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 4.45 - 4.30 (m, 2H), 4.14 - 4.10 (m, 1H), 3.72 - 3.62 (m, 3H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 3.31 - 3.17 (m, 2H), 3.09 - 3.03 (m, 1H), 2.98 (s, 1H), 2.94 (s, 1H), 2.13 - 2.06 (m, 2H), 1.90 - 1.81 (m, 1H), 1.78 - 1.71 (m, 1H), 1.24 (s, 9H); MS (EI) m/z : 660.3 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 2: 6-[5-[(6R)-6-aminospiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4-one

HCl/dioxane (4 M, 0.5 mL) was added to (S)-N-[(6R)-1'-[5-[5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-quinazolin-6-yl]sulfanylpyrazin-2-yl]spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-6-yl]-2-methyl-propane-2-sulfinamide (30 mg, 45.4 μ mol) in methanol (0.5 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at 20 °C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was concentrated under

reduced pressure and purified by column chromatography to obtain the compound of Example 145 (11.55 mg, 45.71% yield) as a pale yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.77 (s, 1H), 8.28 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 8.03 (s, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.31 - 4.23 (m, 1H), 4.23 - 4.11 (m, 4H), 3.69 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.43 - 3.29 (m, 5H), 3.04 - 2.87 (m, 2H), 2.02 - 1.88 (m, 4H); MS (EI) m/z : 556.0 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 146: 6-[5-[(6R)-6-aminospiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-chloro-3-(2-hydroxy-2-methyl-propyl)quinazolin-4-one



Step 1: 6-[5-[(6R)-6-aminospiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-chloro-3H-quinazolin-4-one

HCl/dioxane (4 M, 2 mL) was added to Intermediate I-51 (180 mg, 299 μmol) in methanol (2 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at 20 °C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain 6-[5-[(6R)-6-aminospiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-chloro-3H-quinazolin-4-one (150 mg, crude product, HCl) as a pale yellow solid. MS (EI) m/z : 520.2 $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$.

Step 2: tert-butyl (R)-(1'-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-6-yl)carbamate

TEA (85.2 mg, 842 μmol) and tert-butoxycarbonyl tert-butyl carbonate (91.9 mg, 421 μmol) were added to 6-[5-[(6R)-6-aminospiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-chloro-3H-quinazolin-4-one (150 mg, 281 μmol , HCl) in DCM (5 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at 20 °C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with water

(20 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 X 5 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (2 X 20 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄ and filtered, and then the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The filtrate was purified by column chromatography to obtain tert-butyl (R)-(1'-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-6-yl)carbamate (100 mg, 46%) as a pale yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.82 (s, 1H), 8.32 (s, 1H), 8.29 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 5.05 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 4.71 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 4.26 - 4.16 (m, 2H), 3.54 - 3.43 (m, 1H), 3.42 - 3.31 (m, 1H), 2.99 - 2.88 (m, 2H), 1.99 - 1.91 (m, 2H), 1.87 - 1.79 (m, 2H), 1.67 (s, 9H); MS (EI) m/z: 698.3 [M+H]⁺.

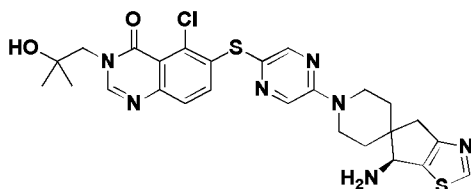
Step 3: tert-butyl (R)-(1'-(5-((5-chloro-3-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-6-yl)carbamate

Cs₂CO₃ (74.7 mg, 229 μmol) and 2,2-dimethyloxirane (496 mg, 6.87 mmol) were added to tert-butyl (R)-(1'-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-6-yl)carbamate (80 mg, 115 μmol) in DMF (2 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 48 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by column chromatography to obtain tert-butyl (R)-(1'-(5-((5-chloro-3-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-6-yl)carbamate (35 mg, 31% yield) as a pale yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.74 (s, 1H), 8.28 - 8.00 (m, 3H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 4.68 - 4.59 (m, 1H), 4.17 - 4.09 (m, 1H), 4.04 - 3.98 (m, 2H), 3.48 - 3.23 (m, 2H), 2.95 - 2.78 (m, 2H), 1.93 - 1.81 (m, 2H), 1.80 - 1.69 (m, 2H), 1.39 (s, 9H), 1.29 - 1.22 (m, 6H); MS (EI) m/z: 670.4 [M+H]⁺.

Step 4: (R)-6-((5-(6-amino-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

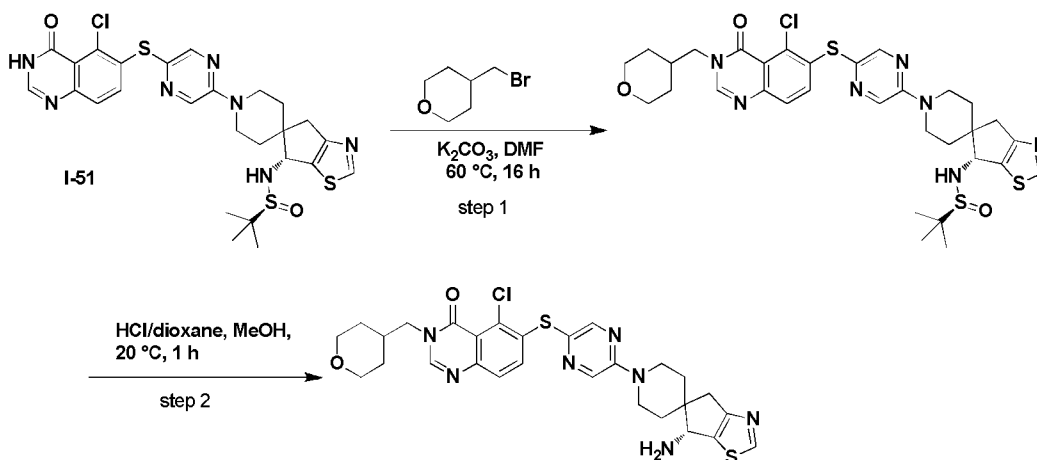
TFA (0.5 mL) was added to tert-butyl (R)-(1'-(5-((5-chloro-3-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-6-yl)carbamate (35 mg, 52.2 μmol) in DCM (1.5 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at 20 °C for 0.5 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by column chromatography to obtain the compound of Example 146 (13.78 mg, 46%) as a white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 8.98 (s, 1H), 8.50 (s, 1H), 8.31 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.22 - 8.20 (m, 1H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.91 - 4.65 (m, 1H), 4.28 - 4.13 (m, 2H), 4.02 (s, 1H), 3.95 (s, 2H), 3.43 - 3.37 (m, 2H), 2.93 - 2.85 (m, 1H), 2.82 - 2.74 (m, 1H), 1.91 - 1.80 (m, 1H), 1.75 - 1.57 (m, 3H), 1.11 (s, 6H); MS (EI) m/z: 570.1 [M+H]⁺.

Example 147: 6-[5-[(6S)-6-aminospiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-chloro-3-(2-hydroxy-2-methyl-propyl)quinazolin-4-one



The compound of Example 147 (1.4 mg, 16%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 146, except that Intermediate I-52 was used instead of Intermediate I-51 in step 1 of Example 146. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.76 (s, 1H), 8.30 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (s, 1H), 4.31 - 4.25 (m, 1H), 4.23 - 4.17 (m, 1H), 4.15 (s, 1H), 4.07 (s, 2H), 3.42 - 3.30 (m, 2H), 3.02 - 2.96 (m, 1H), 2.94 - 2.89 (m, 1H), 2.04 - 1.91 (m, 2H), 1.82 - 1.79 (m, 2H), 1.33 (s, 6H); MS (EI) m/z: 570.2 [M+H]⁺.

Example 148: 6-[5-[(6R)-6-aminospiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-chloro-3-(tetrahydropyran-4-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4-one



Step 1: (S)-N-[(6R)-1'-[5-[5-chloro-4-oxo-3-(tetrahydropyran-4-ylmethyl)quinazolin-6-yl]sulfanylpyrazin-2-yl]spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidine-6-yl]-2-methyl-propane-2-sulfinamide

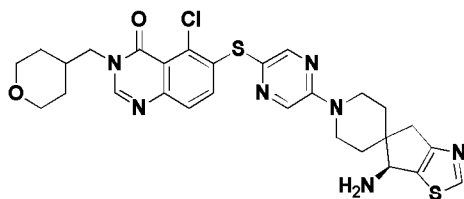
K₂CO₃ (26.5 mg, 191 μmol) and 4-(bromomethyl)tetrahydropyran (12.5 mg, 70.3 μmol) were added to Intermediate I-51 (55 mg, 63.9 μmol) in DMF (0.5 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure, diluted with water (10 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 X 5 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with water (3 X 5 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄ and filtered, and then the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain (S)-N-[(6R)-1'-[5-[5-chloro-4-oxo-3-(tetrahydropyran-4-ylmethyl)quinazolin-6-

yl)sulfanylpurazin-2-yl]spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidine-6-yl]-2-methylpropane-2-sulfonamide (25 mg, 44% yield) as a light yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.83 (s, 1H), 8.29 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.49 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.28 - 7.25 (m, 1H), 4.71 - 4.64 (m, 1H), 4.45 - 4.31 (m, 2H), 4.00 (dd, J = 3.6, 11.6 Hz, 2H), 3.84 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.66 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.44 - 3.32 (m, 2H), 3.32 - 3.18 (m, 2H), 3.12 - 2.91 (m, 2H), 2.26 - 2.07 (m, 2H), 1.89 - 1.82 (m, 1H), 1.79 - 1.71 (m, 1H), 1.65 - 1.62 (m, 2H), 1.48 - 1.38 (m, 2H), 1.25 (s, 9H); MS (EI) m/z : 700.3 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 2: 6-[5-[(6R)-6-aminospiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-chloro-3-(tetrahydropyran-4-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4-one

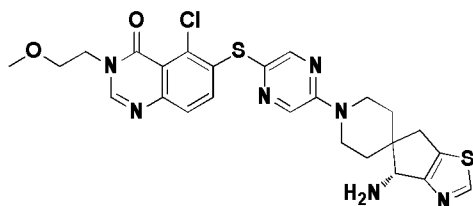
HCl/dioxane (4 M, 0.5 mL) was added to (S)-N-[(6R)-1'-[5-[5-chloro-4-oxo-3-(tetrahydropyran-4-ylmethyl)quinazolin-6-yl]sulfanylpurazin-2-yl]spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidine-6-yl]-2-methylpropane-2-sulfonamide (25 mg, 35.7 μmol) in methanol (0.5 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at 20°C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by column chromatography to obtain the compound of Example 148 (12.39 mg, 58%) as a white solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.77 (s, 1H), 8.32 - 8.19 (m, 2H), 7.92 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.33 - 4.13 (m, 3H), 3.99 (dd, J = 3.6, 11.2 Hz, 2H), 3.84 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.45 - 3.27 (m, 4H), 3.04 - 2.87 (m, 2H), 2.29 - 2.14 (m, 1H), 2.02 - 1.84 (m, 4H), 1.62 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 2H), 1.43-1.39 (m, 2H); MS (EI) m/z : 596.4 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 149: 6-[5-[(6S)-6-aminospiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-chloro-3-(tetrahydropyran-4-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4-one



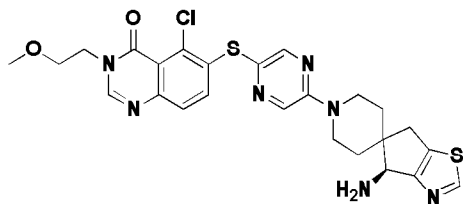
The compound of Example 149 (3.97 mg, 31%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 148, except that Intermediate I-52 was used instead of Intermediate I-51 in step 1 of Example 148. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.79 (s, 1H), 8.29 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 7.93 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 4.30 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 4.26 - 4.16 (m, 2H), 3.99 (dd, J = 3.2, 11.2 Hz, 2H), 3.84 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.42 - 3.27 (m, 4H), 3.04 - 2.92 (m, 2H), 2.29 - 2.15 (m, 1H), 2.00 - 1.91 (m, 1H), 1.87 - 1.74 (m, 3H), 1.62 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 2H), 1.32 - 1.47 (m, 2H); MS (EI) m/z : 596.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 150: 6-[5-[(4R)-4-aminospiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4-one



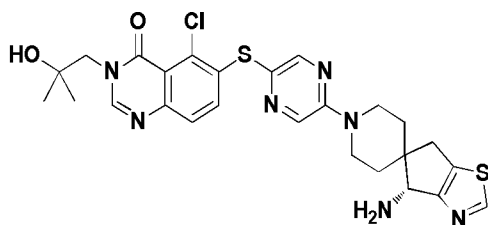
The compound of Example 150 (12.6 mg, 72%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 144, except that Intermediate I-54 was used instead of Intermediate I-48 in step 1 of Example 144. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.74 (s, 1H), 8.28 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.18 - 4.04 (m, 5H), 3.69 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.54 - 3.40 (m, 2H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 3.08 - 2.99 (m, 1H), 2.92 - 2.83 (m, 1H), 2.14 - 2.03 (m, 1H), 1.97 - 1.85 (m, 1H), 1.84 - 1.74 (m, 2H); MS (EI) m/z : 556.0 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 151: 6-[5-[(4S)-4-aminospiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4-one



The compound of Example 151 (5.37 mg, 42%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 150, except that Intermediate I-55 was used instead of Intermediate I-54 in step 1 of Example 150. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.73 (s, 1H), 8.28 (s, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.30 - 7.27 (m, 1H), 4.18 - 4.11 (m, 3H), 4.11 - 4.05 (m, 2H), 3.69 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.53 - 3.41 (m, 2H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 3.05 - 2.98 (m, 1H), 2.91 - 2.84 (m, 1H), 2.06 (s, 1H), 1.94 - 1.87 (m, 1H), 1.79 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 2H); MS (EI) m/z : 556.2 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

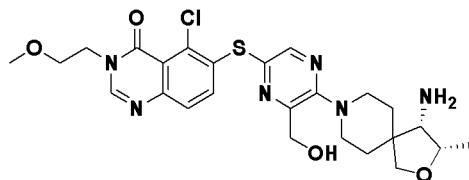
Example 152: 6-[5-[(4R)-4-aminospiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-chloro-3-(2-hydroxy-2-methyl-propyl)quinazolin-4-one



The compound (5.98 mg, 54%) of Example 152 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 146, except that Intermediate I-56 was used instead of Intermediate I-51 in step 1 of Example 146. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ = 8.98 (s, 1H), 8.50 (s, 1H), 8.32 - 8.21 (m, 2H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.23 - 4.03 (m, 3H), 4.01-3.91 (m, 4H), 3.51 -

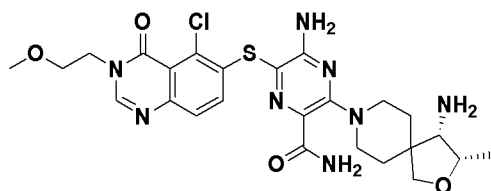
3.33 (m, 3H), 2.99 - 2.83 (m, 2H), 1.98 - 1.83 (m, 1H), 1.75 - 1.56 (m, 3H), 1.11 (s, 6H); MS (EI) m/z: 570.4 [M+H]⁺.

Example 153: 6-[5-[(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]-6-(hydroxymethyl)pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4-one



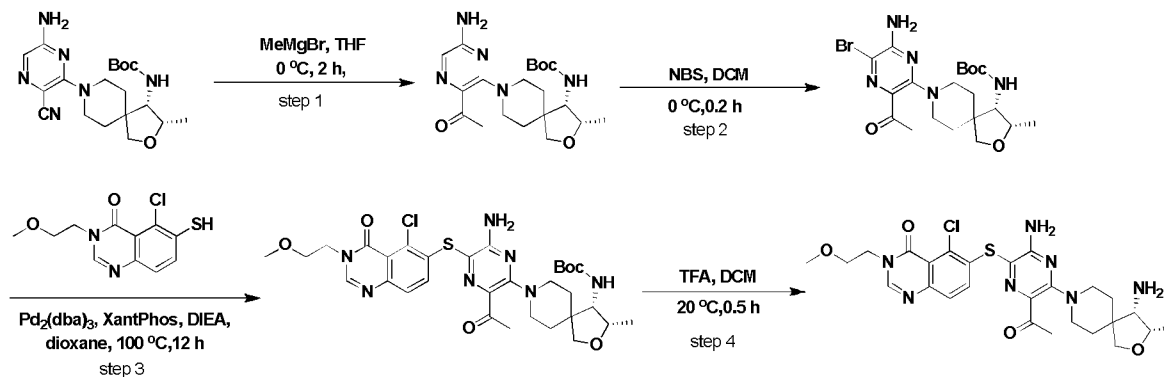
The compound of Example 153 (66.33 mg, 60% yield) was synthesized in the same method as in step 1 and step 3 of Example 18, except that Intermediate I-57 was used instead of Intermediate I-3 in step 1 of Example 18, and the product obtained in step 2 of Preparation Example 28 was used instead of Intermediate I-8. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.32 (br s, 1H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 8.07 (s, 1H), 7.46 - 7.38 (m, 1H), 7.32 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.65 - 4.61 (m, 2H), 4.21 (s, 1H), 4.15 (s, 2H), 3.92 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.75 - 3.70 (m, 1H), 3.67 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.52 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 3.38 (s, 1H), 3.31 (s, 3H), 3.03 - 2.82 (m, 2H), 2.09 - 1.86 (m, 2H), 1.84 - 1.68 (m, 2H), 1.31 (s, 3H); MS (EI) m/z: 547.2 [M+H]⁺.

Example 154: 5-amino-3-[(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]-6-[5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-quinazolin-6-yl]sulfanyl-pyrazine-2-carboxamide



The compound of Example 154 (6.29 mg, 49%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 153, except that Intermediate I-58 was used instead of Intermediate I-57 of Example 153. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.27 - 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.17 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.35 (s, 1H), 5.23 (s, 2H), 4.25 - 4.12 (m, 3H), 3.87 - 3.75 (m, 3H), 3.72 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 3.32 - 3.19 (m, 2H), 3.06 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.02 - 1.93 (m, 1H), 1.84 - 1.81 (m, 1H), 1.72 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 2H), 1.26 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z: 575.0 [M+H]⁺.

Example 155: 6-[6-acetyl-3-amino-5-[(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4-one



Step 1: tert-butyl N-[(3S,4S)-8-(3-acetyl-6-amino-pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl]carbamate

MeMgBr (1 M, 7.72 mL) was added to tert-butyl N-[(3S,4S)-8-(6-amino-3-cyano-pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl]carbamate (300 mg, 772 μ mol, the product obtained in step 3 of Preparation Example 56) in THF (2 mL), and then the reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous ammonium chloride solution (20 mL), diluted with water (30 mL) and then extracted with EtOAc (3 X 5 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 X 20 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄ and filtered, and then the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain tert-butyl N-[(3S,4S)-8-(3-acetyl-6-amino-pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl]carbamate (110 mg, 35% yield) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 7.37 (s, 1H), 4.77 (s, 2H), 4.61 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 4.14 - 4.10 (m, 1H), 3.95 (dd, J = 4.6, 10.7 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (t, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 3.63 - 3.57 (m, 1H), 3.53-3.47 (m, 1H), 3.36 - 3.29 (m, 1H), 3.27 - 3.19 (m, 1H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 1.87 - 1.82 (m, 1H), 1.77 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 1.67 - 1.60 (m, 2H), 1.44 (s, 9H), 1.19 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H).

Step 2: tert-butyl N-[(3S,4S)-8-(3-acetyl-6-amino-5-bromo-pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl]carbamate

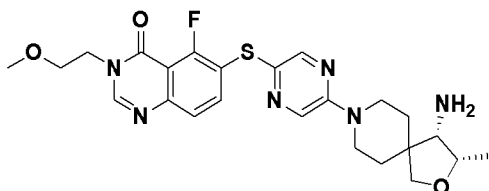
NBS (46.1 mg, 259 μ mol) was added to tert-butyl N-[(3S,4S)-8-(3-acetyl-6-amino-pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl]carbamate (100 mg, 247 μ mol) in DCM (2 mL), followed by stirring at 0 °C for 0.2 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous ammonium chloride solution (10 mL), diluted with water (20 mL) and then extracted with DCM (3 X 30 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 X 20 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄ and filtered, and then the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain tert-butyl N-[(3S,4S)-8-(3-acetyl-6-amino-5-bromo-pyrazin-2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl]carbamate (100 mg, 84 % yield) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 5.20 (s, 2H), 4.60 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.95 (dd, J = 4.4, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.70 - 3.65 (m, 2H), 3.59-3.51 (m, 1H), 3.50 - 3.42 (m, 1H), 3.35 -

3.31(m, 1H), 3.27 - 3.19 (m, 1H), 2.53 (s, 3H), 1.85 - 1.80 (m, 1H), 1.79 - 1.76 (m, 1H), 1.67 - 1.59 (m, 2H), 1.46 - 1.43 (m, 9H), 1.18 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H).

Step 3 and Step 4: 6-[6-acetyl-3-amino-5-[(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4-one

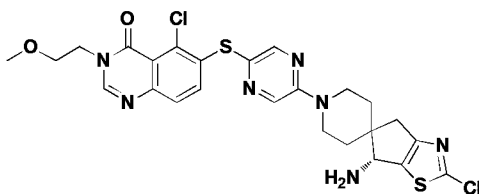
The compound of Example 155 (6.78 mg, 53%) was synthesized in the same method as in step 1 and step 2 of Example 153. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.26 - 7.23 (m, 1H), 5.48 (s, 2H), 4.28 - 4.22 (m, 1H), 4.16 (t, J = 4.4 Hz, 2H), 3.91 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.83 - 3.77 (m, 1H), 3.73 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.68 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 3.29 - 3.24 (m, 1H), 3.15 (s, 2H), 2.54 (s, 3H), 2.10 - 2.00 (m, 1H), 1.97 - 1.88 (m, 1H), 1.78 - 1.68 (m, 2H), 1.34 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z: 574.2 [M+H]⁺.

Example 156: 6-[5-[(3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-fluoro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4-one



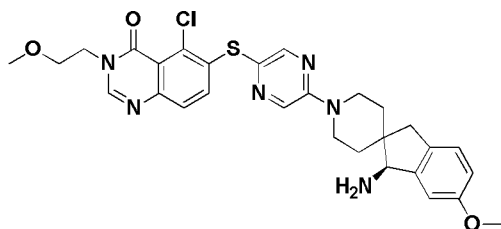
The compound of Example 156 (16.87 mg, 52%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 153, except that Intermediate I-33 was used instead of Intermediate I-57, and Intermediate I-59 was used instead of the product obtained in step 2 of Preparation Example 28, sodium [5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-quinazolin-6-yl]sulfanyl. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.29 - 8.21 (m, 1H), 8.19 (s, 1H), 8.10 - 8.01 (m, 2H), 7.71 - 7.62 (m, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.25 - 4.20 (m, 1H), 4.17 - 4.11 (m, 3H), 4.04 - 3.92 (m, 3H), 3.88 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.35 - 3.25 (m, 4H), 3.25 - 3.10 (m, 2H), 1.96 - 1.65 (m, 4H), 1.29 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z: 501.2 [M+H]⁺.

Example 157: 6-[5-[(6R)-6-amino-2-chloro-spiro[4.6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4-one



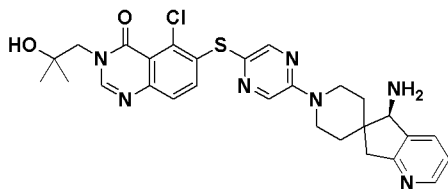
The compound of Example 157 (11.89 mg, 46%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 144, except that Intermediate I-60 was used instead of Intermediate I-48 in Example 144. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.28 (s, 1H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 8.03 (s, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.29 - 4.21 (m, 1H), 4.19 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 4H), 3.68 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.42 - 3.25 (m, 5H), 2.96 - 2.80 (m, 2H), 1.98 - 1.87 (m, 1H), 1.85 - 1.76 (m, 3H); MS (EI) m/z: 612.1 [M+Na]⁺.

Example 158: 6-[5-[(1S)-1-amino-6-methoxy-spiro[indane-2,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4-one



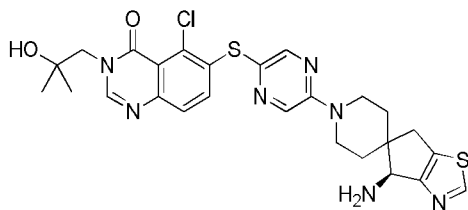
The compound of Example 158 (18 mg, 69%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 144, except that Intermediate I-61 was used instead of Intermediate I-48 in Example 144. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.29 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.26 (s, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.30 - 7.28 (m, 1H), 7.14 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (s, 1H), 6.82 (dd, J = 2.4, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.29 - 4.20 (m, 2H), 4.16 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 4.03 (s, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.70 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.34 (s, 3H), 3.31 - 3.21 (m, 2H), 3.07 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 2.76 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 1.90 - 1.77 (m, 2H), 1.65 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 1.48 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 1H); MS (EI) m/z : 579.2 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 159: 6-[5-[(5R)-5-aminospiro[5,7-dihydrocyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-chloro-3-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl)quinazolin-4-one



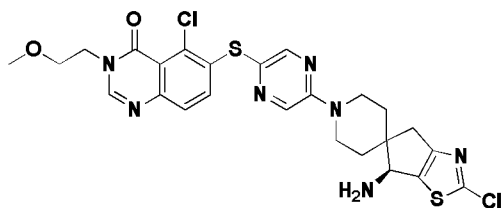
The compound of Example 159 (3.36 mg, 26% yield) was synthesized in the same method as in step 3 and step 4 of Example 146, except that Intermediate I-39 was used as a starting material in step 3 of Example 146. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.44 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 8.29 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.24 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 7.66 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (dd, J = 5.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.36 - 4.27 (m, 2H), 4.12 - 3.99 (m, 3H), 3.29 - 3.21 (m, 3H), 2.91 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 1.85 - 1.82 (m, 2H), 1.69 (dd, J = 2.0, 13.3 Hz, 1H), 1.43 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 1.32 (s, 6H); MS (EI) m/z : 564.2 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 160: 6-[5-[(4S)-4-amino[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-chloro-3-(2-hydroxy-2-methyl-propyl)quinazolin-4-one



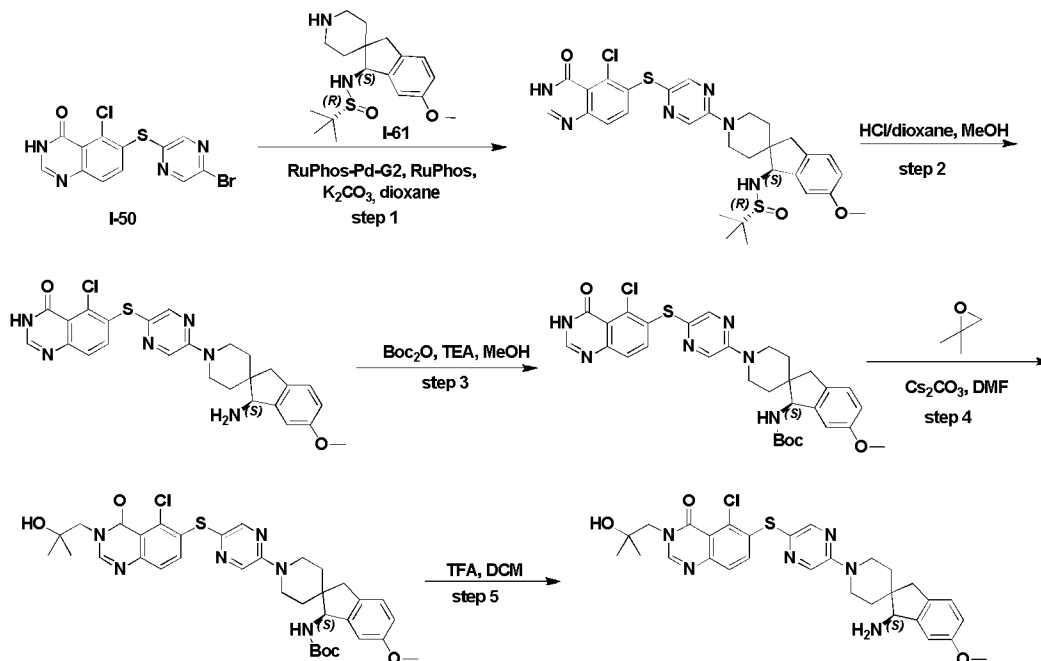
The compound of Example 160 (7 mg, 55% yield) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 146, except that Intermediate I-62 was used instead of Intermediate I-51 in step 1 of Example 146. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.72 (s, 1H), 8.29 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.31 - 7.28 (m, 1H), 4.15 - 4.08 (m, 2H), 4.08 - 4.04 (m, 3H), 3.56 - 3.43 (m, 2H), 3.04 - 2.95 (m, 1H), 2.90 - 2.82 (m, 1H), 2.13 - 2.04 (m, 1H), 1.92 - 1.86 (m, 1H), 1.32 (s, 6H), 1.31 - 1.23 (m, 2H); MS (EI) m/z : 570.2 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 161: 6-[5-[(6S)-6-amino-2-chloro-spiro[4,6-dihydrocyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl]pyrazin-2-yl]sulfanyl-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4-one



The compound of Example 161 (13 mg, 50% yield) was synthesized as a white solid in the same method as in Example 144, except that Intermediate I-63 was used instead of Intermediate I-48 in Example 144. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.28 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.29 - 4.22 (m, 1H), 4.21 - 4.13 (m, 3H), 4.11 (s, 1H), 3.69 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.41 - 3.35 (m, 1H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 3.33 - 3.28 (m, 1H), 2.95 - 2.82 (m, 2H), 1.91 (dd, J = 3.6, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 1.85 - 1.79 (m, 2H), 1.75-1.72 (m, 1H); MS (EI) m/z : 612.1 $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$.

Example 162: (S)-6-((5-(1-amino-6-methoxy-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



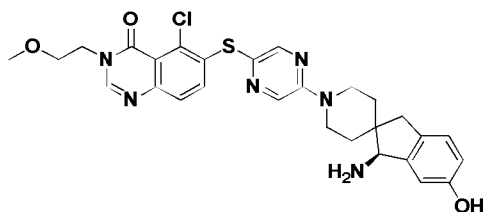
Step 1 and Step 2: (S)-6-((5-(1-amino-6-methoxy-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one

(S)-6-((5-(1-amino-6-methoxy-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one (250 mg, crude product) was synthesized as a yellow solid in the same method as in Example 144, except that, in Example 144, Intermediate I-50 was used instead of Intermediate I-29, and Intermediate I-61 was used instead of Intermediate I-48. MS (EI) m/z : 521.3 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 3 to Step 5: (S)-tert-butyl (1'-(5-((5-chloro-3-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-5-methoxy-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-3-yl)carbamate

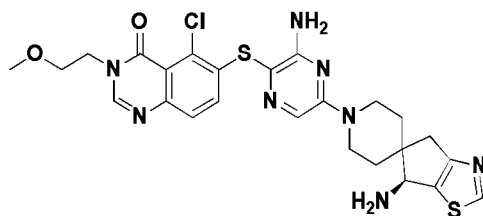
The compound of Example 162 (9.53 mg, 45% yield) was synthesized as a white solid in the same method as in steps 2 to 4 of Example 146, except that (S)-6-((5-(1-amino-6-methoxy-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloroquinazolin-4(3H)-one was used as a starting material in step 3 of Example 146. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ = 8.28 (s, 1H), 8.23 - 8.21 (m, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 7.12 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (dd, J = 2.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.30 - 4.21 (m, 2H), 4.06 (s, 2H), 4.00 (s, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.29 - 3.19 (m, 2H), 3.05 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 2.73 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 1.90 - 1.75 (m, 2H), 1.68 - 1.62 (m, 1H), 1.51 - 1.44 (m, 1H), 1.32 (s, 6H); MS (EI) m/z : 615.2 $[M+Na]^+$.

Example 163: (S)-6-((5-(1-amino-6-hydroxy-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



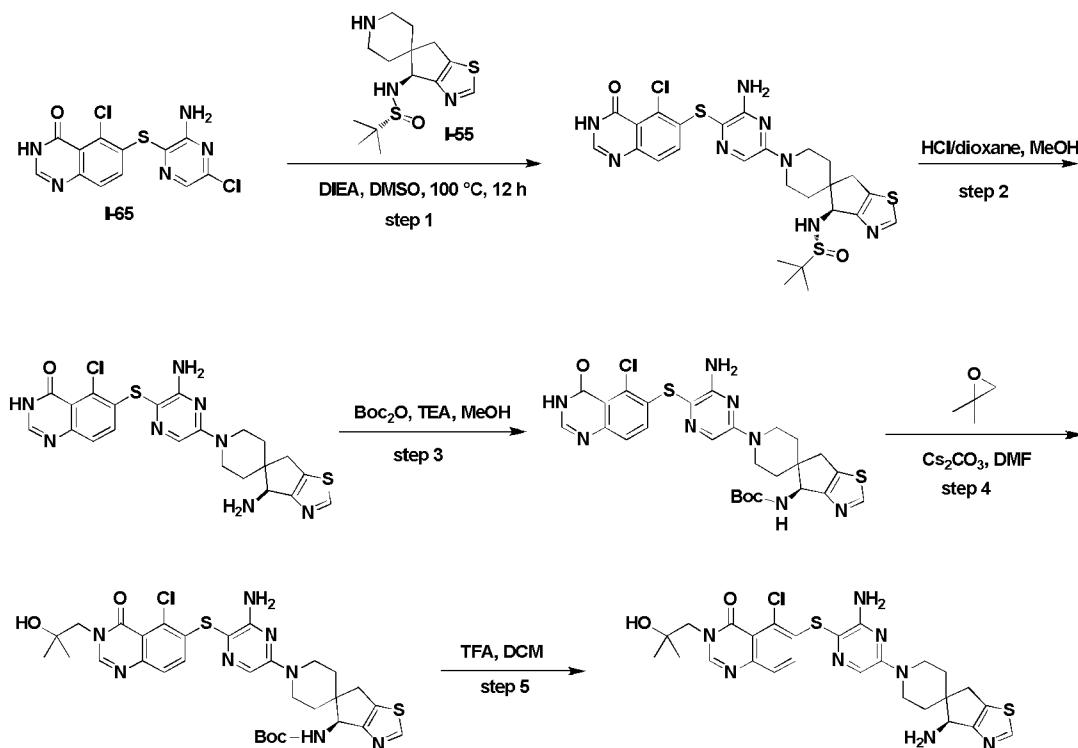
The compound of Example 163 (7.14 mg, 85% yield) was synthesized as a yellow solid in the same method as in Example 144, except that Intermediate I-64 was used instead of Intermediate I-48 in Example 144. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $MeOD-d_4$) δ = 8.38 - 8.24 (m, 2H), 8.22 - 8.12 (m, 1H), 7.51 - 7.39 (m, 1H), 7.34 - 7.20 (m, 1H), 7.17 - 7.07 (m, 1H), 6.95 - 6.84 (m, 1H), 6.81 - 6.70 (m, 1H), 4.79 - 4.76 (m, 1H), 4.44 - 4.27 (m, 2H), 4.25 - 4.12 (m, 3H), 3.75 - 3.61 (m, 2H), 3.29 - 3.22 (m, 3H), 3.16 - 2.88 (m, 3H), 1.88 - 1.75 (m, 2H), 1.71 - 1.59 (m, 2H); MS (EI) m/z : 564.2 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 164: (S)-6-((3-amino-5-(6-amino-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 164 (14.6 mg, 34% yield) was synthesized as a yellow solid in the same method as in Example 144, except that Intermediate I-42 was used instead of Intermediate I-29 in Example 144. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.76 (s, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.70 (s, 1H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.19 - 7.14 (m, 1H), 4.88 (s, 2H), 4.26 - 4.19 (m, 1H), 4.18 - 4.10 (m, 4H), 3.69 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.37 - 3.27 (m, 5H), 3.01 - 2.86 (m, 2H), 1.96 - 1.87 (m, 1H), 1.84 - 1.79 (m, 1H), 1.71 - 1.64 (m, 2H); MS (EI) m/z : 571.2 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 165: (S)-6-((3-amino-5-(4-amino-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



Step 1: (R)-N-((S)-1'-(6-amino-5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfonamide

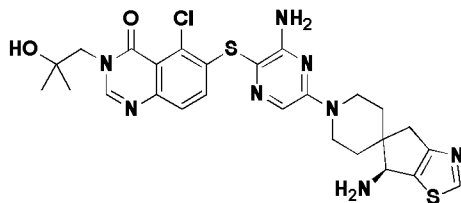
To a solution of Intermediate I-65 (200 mg, 588 μmol) in DMSO (3 mL), DIEA (2.28 g, 17.6 mmol) and Intermediate I-55 (184 mg, 588 μmol) were added, and then the mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous ammonium

chloride solution (10 mL), diluted with water (30 mL) and then extracted with EtOAc (3 X 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 X 10 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄ and filtered, and then the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography to obtain (R)-N-((S)-1'-(6-amino-5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (180 mg, 50% yield) as a brown solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 10.87 - 10.74 (m, 1H), 8.76 (s, 1H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.65 (s, 1H), 7.49 - 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.15 - 7.10 (m, 1H), 4.96 - 4.87 (m, 2H), 4.60 - 4.54 (m, 1H), 4.28 - 4.21 (m, 1H), 4.19 - 4.12 (m, 1H), 4.02 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.30 - 3.18 (m, 2H), 3.07 - 3.03 (m, 1H), 2.92 - 2.85 (m, 1H), 2.19 - 2.11 (m, 1H), 2.09 - 2.01 (m, 1H), 1.83 - 1.74 (m, 2H), 1.30 (s, 9H).

Steps 2 to 5: (S)-6-((3-amino-5-(4-amino-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

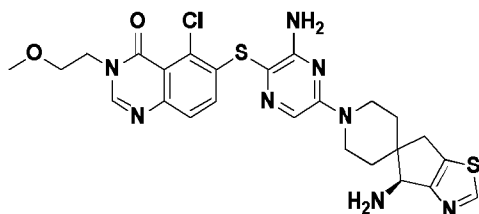
The compound of Example 165 (12 mg, 47% yield) was synthesized in the same method as in step 1 to step 4 of Example 146, using the product obtained in step 1 above. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CCl₃) δ = 8.77 (s, 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (s, 2H), 4.10 - 4.01 (m, 5H), 3.47 - 3.41 (m, 2H), 3.01 - 2.97 (m, 2H), 2.87 - 2.82 (m, 1H), 1.86 - 1.84 (m, 1H), 2.09 - 2.03 (m, 1H), 1.77 - 1.74 (m, 2H), 1.33 (s, 6H); MS (EI)m/z: 585.2 [M+H]⁺.

Example 166: (S)-6-((3-amino-5-(6-amino-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



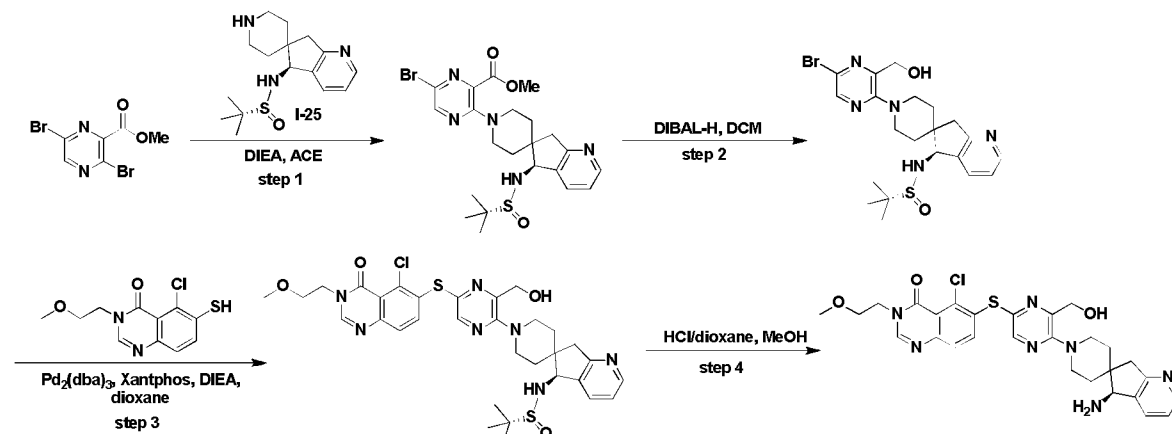
The compound of Example 166 (20 mg, 58% yield) was synthesized as a yellow solid in the same method as in Example 165, except that Intermediate I-48 was used instead of Intermediate I-55 in Example 165. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.76 (s, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.94 - 4.84 (m, 2H), 4.26 - 4.15 (m, 2H), 4.14 - 4.12 (m, 1H), 4.07 (s, 2H), 3.38 - 3.23 (m, 2H), 3.01 - 2.85 (m, 2H), 1.96 - 1.83 (m, 2H), 1.75 - 1.70 (m, 2H), 1.33 (s, 6H); MS (EI) m/z: 585.2 [M+H]⁺.

Example 167: (S)-6-((3-amino-5-(4-amino-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 167 (15.8 mg, 36% yield) was synthesized as a yellow solid in the same method as in Example 164, except that Intermediate I-55 was used instead of Intermediate I-48 in Example 164. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.74 - 8.69 (m, 1H), 8.04 - 8.00 (m, 1H), 7.70 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.92 - 4.85 (m, 2H), 4.19 - 4.12 (m, 2H), 4.11 - 3.99 (m, 3H), 3.69 (t, J = 4.4 Hz, 2H), 3.49 - 3.37 (m, 2H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 3.02 - 2.95 (m, 1H), 2.89 - 2.80 (m, 1H), 2.11 - 2.00 (m, 1H), 1.89 - 1.83 (m, 1H), 1.76 - 1.69 (m, 2H); MS (EI) m/z : 571.3 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 168: (S)-6-((5-(5-amino-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)-6-(hydroxymethyl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



Step 1: methyl 6-bromo-3-(((S)-5-((S)-tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazine-2-carboxylate

Methyl 6-bromo-3-(((S)-5-((S)-tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazine-2-carboxylate (520 mg, 61% yield) was synthesized as a yellow solid in the same method as in step 1 of Preparation Example 55, except that Intermediate I-25 was used instead of (3S,4S)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-amine in step 1 of Preparation Example 55. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.46 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.20 - 7.15 (m, 1H), 4.54 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.28 (s, 1H), 4.13 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 3.92 - 3.78 (m, 2H), 3.36 - 3.31 (m, 1H), 3.30 - 3.21 (m, 2H), 2.90 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 1.96 - 1.91 (m, 1H), 1.82 - 1.75 (m, 1H), 1.69 (dd, J = 3.2, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.29 (s, 9H).

Step 2: (S)-N-((S)-1'-(5-bromo-3-(hydroxymethyl)pyrazin-2-yl)-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-5-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

To a solution of methyl 6-bromo-3-(((S)-5-(((S)-tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazine-2-carboxylate (500 mg, 957 μ mol) in DCM (10 mL) was added DIBAL-H (1 M, 2.87 mL) at -60°C , and then the mixture was stirred at 20°C for 16 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched with methanol (5 mL) at -60°C , and then filtered. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by column chromatography to give (S)-N-((S)-1'-(5-bromo-3-(hydroxymethyl)pyrazin-2-yl)-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-5-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (230 mg, 49% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.62 - 8.53 (m, 2H), 8.22 (s, 1H), 7.61 (dd, J = 6.0, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.67 - 4.63 (m, 3H), 4.06 - 4.01 (m, 1H), 3.60 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 3.50 - 3.37 (m, 2H), 3.18 - 3.07 (m, 3H), 2.02 - 1.85 (m, 2H), 1.75 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 1.48 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 1.31 (s, 9H).

Step 3: (S)-N-((S)-1'-(5-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-3-(hydroxymethyl)pyrazin-2-yl)-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-5-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

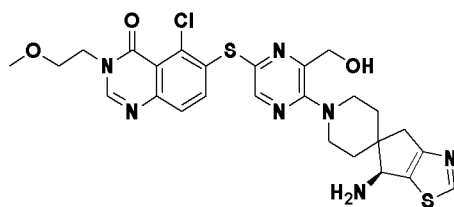
To a solution of (S)-N-((S)-1'-(5-bromo-3-(hydroxymethyl)pyrazin-2-yl)-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-5-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (100 mg, 202 μ mol) in dioxane (4 mL), $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$ (18.5 mg, 20.2 μ mol), XantPhos (23.4 mg, 40.5 μ mol) and DIEA (78.4 mg, 607 μ mol) were added, followed by stirring at 100°C for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered, the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure, and then the residue was purified by column chromatography to give (S)-N-((S)-1'-(5-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-3-(hydroxymethyl)pyrazin-2-yl)-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-5-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (100 mg, 72% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.45 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 8.18 (s, 1H), 8.09 (s, 1H), 8.01 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.54 - 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.20 (dd, J = 5.2, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.66 - 4.63 (m, 2H), 4.56 (d, J = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.69 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.60 - 3.52 (m, 2H), 3.35 - 3.32 (m, 3H), 3.30 - 3.22 (m, 2H), 3.21 - 3.11 (m, 2H), 2.89 - 2.84 (m, 1H), 2.05 - 1.97 (m, 1H), 1.86 - 1.82 (m, 1H), 1.77 - 1.71 (m, 1H), 1.40 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 1.30 (s, 9H).

Step 4: (S)-6-((5-(5-amino-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)-6-(hydroxymethyl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

HCl/dioxane (4M, 2.56 mL) was added to (S)-N-((S)-1'-(5-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-3-(hydroxymethyl)pyrazin-2-yl)-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[b]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-5-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (70 mg, 102 μ mol) in MeOH (6 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at 25°C for 0.5 hours. The reaction

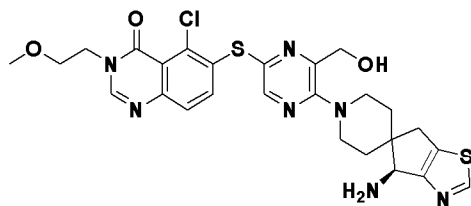
mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by column chromatography to give the compound of Example 168 (26.8 mg, 45% yield) as a yellow solid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.42 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 8.19 (s, 1H), 8.07 (s, 1H), 7.67 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 7.54 - 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.18 - 7.11 (m, 1H), 4.66 (s, 2H), 4.16 (t, J = 4.4 Hz, 2H), 4.08 (s, 1H), 3.68 (t, J = 4.4 Hz, 2H), 3.57 (s, 2H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 3.23 - 3.11 (m, 3H), 2.88 (d, J = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 2.03 - 1.83 (m, 2H), 1.67 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 1.47 - 1.38 (m, 1H); MS (EI) m/z : 580.2 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 169: (S)-6-((5-(6-amino-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)-6-(hydroxymethyl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



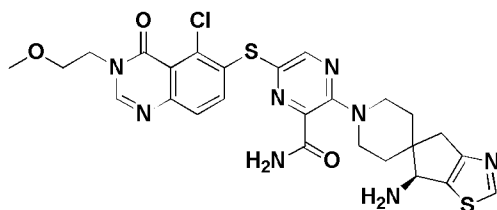
The compound of Example 169 (1.51 mg, 18 % yield) was synthesized as a yellow solid in the same method as in Example 168, except that Intermediate I-48 was used instead of Intermediate I-25 in Example 168. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ = 9.14 - 9.12 (m, 1H), 8.25 - 8.24 (m, 2H), 7.58 - 7.51 (m, 2H), 5.39 - 5.34 (m, 1H), 4.69 (s, 1H), 4.61 (s, 2H), 4.46 (s, 1H), 4.23 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.96 - 3.89 (m, 1H), 3.81 (dd, J = 3.2, 12.0 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.37 (s, 3H), 3.27 - 3.18 (m, 1H), 3.17 - 3.11 (m, 1H), 3.06 - 2.98 (m, 1H), 2.02 - 1.90 (m, 2H), 1.83 - 1.76 (m, 1H), 1.66 - 1.59 (m, 1H); MS (EI) m/z : 586.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 170: (S)-6-((5-(4-amino-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)-6-(hydroxymethyl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



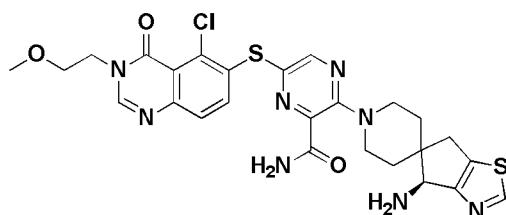
The compound of Example 170 (11.02 mg, 43 % yield) was synthesized as a yellow solid in the same method as in Example 168, except that Intermediate I-55 was used instead of Intermediate I-25 in Example 168. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.77 - 8.70 (m, 1H), 8.20 - 8.16 (m, 1H), 8.07 (s, 1H), 7.51 - 7.42 (m, 2H), 4.67 (s, 2H), 4.23 - 4.10 (m, 3H), 3.72 - 3.65 (m, 2H), 3.61 - 3.49 (m, 2H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 3.25 - 3.09 (m, 3H), 2.98 (s, 2H), 2.19 - 2.09 (m, 1H), 2.02 - 1.92 (m, 1H), 1.88 - 1.73 (m, 2H); MS (EI) m/z : 586.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 171: (S)-3-(6-amino-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)-6-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazine-2-carboxamide



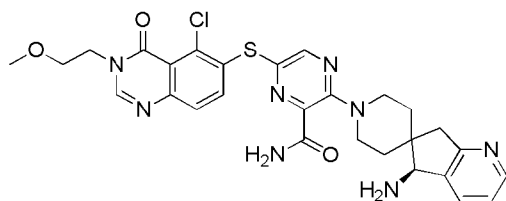
The compound of Example 171 (13 mg, 51% yield) was synthesized in the same method as in step 1 and step 3 of Example 18, except that Intermediate I-66 was used instead of Intermediate I-3 in step 1 of Example 18, and the product obtained in step 2 of Preparation Example 28 was used instead of Intermediate I-8. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.79 - 8.74 (m, 1H), 8.22 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.54 - 7.43 (m, 2H), 7.38 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.40 - 6.07 (m, 1H), 4.27 (s, 1H), 4.18 - 4.13 (m, 2H), 4.03 - 3.93 (m, 2H), 3.69 - 3.64 (m, 2H), 3.32 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 3H), 3.29 - 3.19 (m, 2H), 2.95 - 2.91 (m, 2H), 2.11 - 2.03 (m, 1H), 1.91 - 1.79 (m, 2H), 1.71-1.69 (m, 1H); MS (EI) m/z: 599.1 [M+H]⁺.

Example 172: (S)-3-(4-amino-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)-6-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazine-2-carboxamide



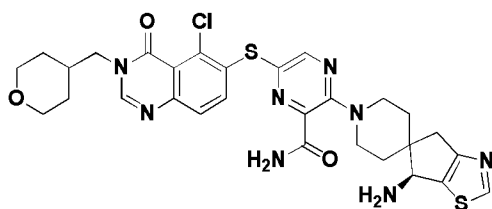
The compound of Example 172 (5 mg, 59% yield) was synthesized as a yellow solid in the same method as in step 1 and step 3 of Example 18, except that Intermediate I-67 was used instead of Intermediate I-3 in step 1 of Example 18, and the product obtained in step 2 of Preparation Example 28 was used instead of Intermediate I-8. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 8.75 (s, 1H), 8.23 (s, 1H), 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.43 - 7.36 (m, 2H), 6.42 - 6.19 (m, 1H), 4.23 (s, 1H), 4.16 (t, J = 4.4 Hz, 2H), 4.04 - 3.89 (m, 2H), 3.69 (t, J = 4.4 Hz, 2H), 3.43 - 3.38 (m, 1H), 3.37 - 3.35 (m, 1H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 3.06 (s, 1H), 2.93 - 2.90 (m, 1H), 2.26 - 2.17 (m, 1H), 2.02 - 1.88 (m, 2H), 1.76 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 1H); MS (EI) m/z: 599.1 [M+H]⁺.

Example 173: (S)-3-(5-amino-5,7-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]pyridine-6,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)-6-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazine-2-carboxamide



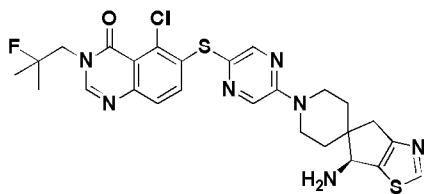
The compound of Example 173 (18 mg, 71% yield) was synthesized as a yellow solid in the same method as in step 1 and step 3 of Example 18, except that Intermediate I-68 was used instead of Intermediate I-3 in step 1 of Example 18, and the product obtained in step 2 of Preparation Example 28 was used instead of Intermediate I-8. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.41 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 8.24 (s, 1H), 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.67 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.17 - 7.12 (m, 1H), 5.69 - 5.51 (m, 1H), 4.86 - 4.77 (m, 2H), 4.75 - 4.63 (m, 1H), 4.16 (s, 2H), 4.05 (d, J = 15.6 Hz, 2H), 3.72 - 3.65 (m, 2H), 3.33 (s, 3H), 3.24 - 3.19 (m, 1H), 2.89 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 1.97 (s, 2H), 1.62 (s, 1H), 1.39 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H); MS (EI) m/z : 593.2 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 174: (S)-3-(6-amino-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)-6-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3-((tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)methyl)-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazine-2-carboxamide



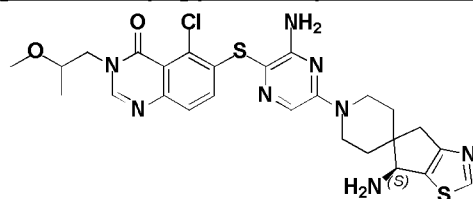
The compound of Example 174 (12 mg, 47% yield) was synthesized as a yellow solid in the same method as in step 1 and step 3 of Example 18, except that Intermediate I-66 was used instead of Intermediate I-3 in step 1 of Example 18, and Intermediate I-69 was used instead of Intermediate I-8. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.76 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 7.98 - 7.94 (m, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (s, 1H), 5.87 - 5.59 (m, 1H), 4.21 (s, 1H), 4.03 - 3.97 (m, 4H), 3.85 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.42 - 3.30 (m, 4H), 2.94 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 2.27 - 2.15 (m, 2H), 1.89 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 1.74 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 2H), 1.62 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 2H), 1.46 - 1.38 (m, 2H); MS (EI) m/z : 639.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 175: (S)-6-((5-(6-amino-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-fluoro-2-methylpropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



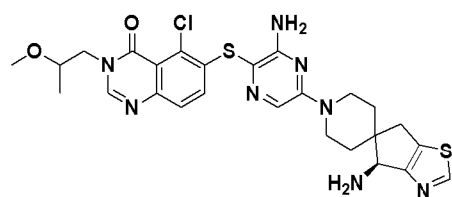
The compound of Example 175 (18 mg, 67% yield) was synthesized as a white solid in the same method as in Example 144, except that Intermediate I-70 was used instead of Intermediate I-29 in step 1 of Example 144. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.82 - 8.78 (m, 1H), 8.48 (s, 1H), 8.29 (s, 1H), 8.11 - 8.06 (m, 1H), 7.74 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.35 - 4.27 (m, 1H), 4.26 - 4.16 (m, 2H), 3.40 - 3.30 (m, 2H), 3.28 - 3.26 (m, 1H), 3.24 - 3.22 (m, 1H), 3.05 - 3.00 (m, 1H), 2.97 - 2.92 (m, 1H), 2.03 - 1.94 (m, 1H), 1.90 - 1.79 (m, 2H), 1.77 - 1.71 (m, 1H), 1.57 (s, 3H), 1.51 (s, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 572.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 176: 6-((3-amino-5-((S)-6-amino-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxypropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



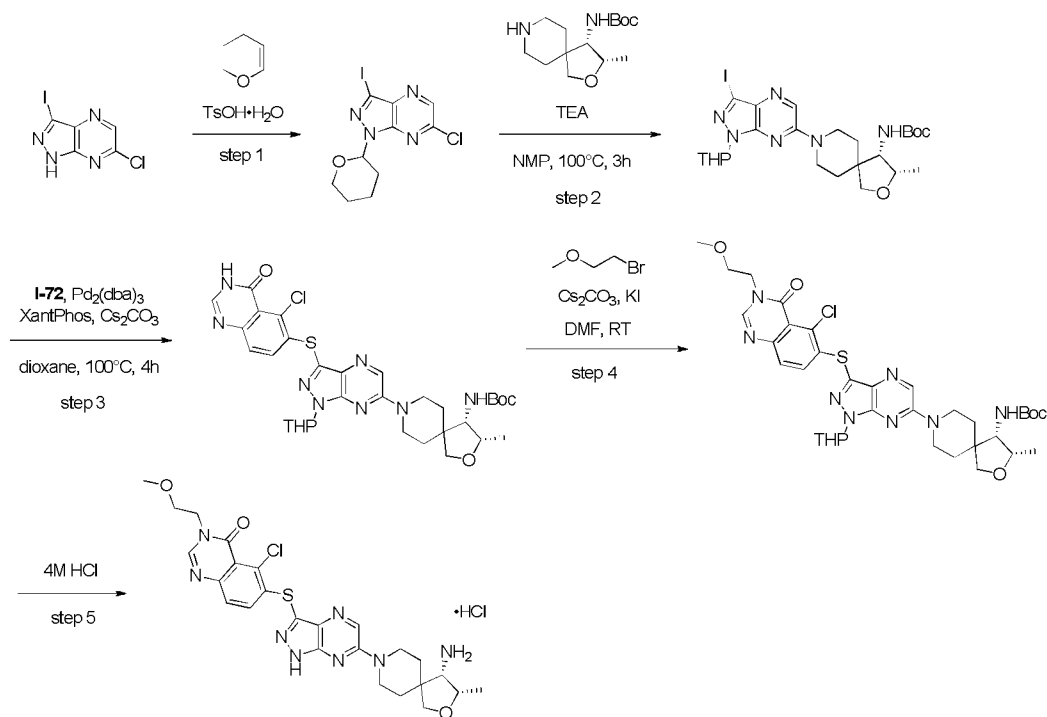
The compound of Example 176 (5.38 mg, 30% yield) was synthesized as a white solid in the same method as in Example 144, except that Intermediate I-71 was used instead of Intermediate I-29 in step 1 of Example 144. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.77 (s, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.71 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.89 (s, 2H), 4.35 (dd, J = 2.4, 13.6 Hz, 1H), 4.27 - 4.20 (m, 1H), 4.20 - 4.13 (m, 2H), 3.70 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.54 (dd, J = 8.8, 13.6 Hz, 1H), 3.38 - 3.32 (m, 1H), 3.31 (s, 1H), 3.27 (s, 3H), 3.01 - 2.95 (m, 1H), 2.94 - 2.88 (m, 1H), 1.91 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 1.77 (s, 2H), 1.24 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 607.2 $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$.

Example 177: 6-((3-amino-5-((S)-4-amino-4,6-dihydrospiro[cyclopenta[d]thiazole-5,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxypropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 177 (12.38 mg, 70% yield) was synthesized as a white solid in the same method as in Example 144, except that, in step 1 of Example 144, Intermediate I-71 was used instead of Intermediate I-29, and Intermediate I-55 was used instead of Intermediate I-48. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ = 8.75 (s, 1H), 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.70 (s, 1H), 7.47 - 7.41 (m, 1H), 7.18 - 7.13 (m, 1H), 4.94 (s, 2H), 4.38 - 4.32 (m, 1H), 4.17 - 4.09 (m, 2H), 4.08 - 4.01 (m, 1H), 3.74 - 3.68 (m, 1H), 3.58 - 3.51 (m, 1H), 3.45 - 3.34 (m, 2H), 3.27 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 3H), 3.06 - 2.99 (m, 1H), 2.91 - 2.85 (m, 1H), 1.92 - 1.70 (m, 4H), 1.24 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 3H); MS (EI) m/z : 585.0 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 178: Synthesis of 6-((6-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyrazin-3-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



Step 1: 6-chloro-3-iodo-1-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyrazine

In a round bottom flask, 6-chloro-3-iodo-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyrazine (500mg, 1.78mmol), 3,4-dihydro-2H-furan (0.5ml, 5.35mmol) and p-toluenesulfonic acid (102mg, 0.53mmol) were dissolved in DCM (9ml, 0.2M) and stirred at room temperature for 10 minutes. The reaction mixture was added with 15 mL of aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution and stirred at room temperature for 10 minutes. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the DCM layer was washed with brine. The DCM layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated to obtain 6-chloro-3-iodo-1-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyrazine (620mg, 96%). MS m/z: 365.5 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-8-(3-iodo-1-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyrazin-6-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate

In a round bottom flask, 6-chloro-3-iodo-1-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyrazine (550mg, 1.51mmol) was dissolved in NMP (1.5ml, 1.0M), and then triethylamine (0.42ml, 3.02mmol) was added to, followed by stirring at 120 °C for 2 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:2) and concentrated to obtain tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-8-(3-iodo-1-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyrazin-6-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate (780mg, 96%). MS m/z: 599.5 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-8-(3-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-1-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyrazin-6-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate

In a round bottom flask, tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-8-(3-iodo-1-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyrazin-6-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate (780mg, 1.31mmol), Intermediate I-72 (500mg, 1.96mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (120mg, 0.13mmol), XantPhos (150mg, 0.26mmol) and cesium carbonate (850mg, 2.62mmol) were dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (22ml, 0.06M). The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen and stirred at 100 °C for 5 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MeOH:MC=1:100) and concentrated to obtain tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-8-(3-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-1-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyrazin-6-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate (680mg, 76%). MS m/z: 649.5 [M+H]⁺.

Step 4: tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-8-(3-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-1-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyrazin-6-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate

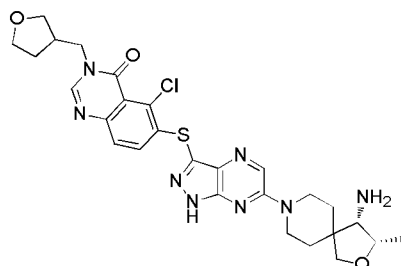
In a round bottom flask, tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-8-(3-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-1-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyrazin-6-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate (85mg, 0.13mmol), 2-bromoethyl methyl ether (18 µL, 0.19 mmol), cesium carbonate (81 mg, 0.25 mmol) and potassium iodide (21 mL, 0.13 mmol) were dissolved in DMF (1.3 mL, 0.1M) and stirred at 50 °C for 1 hour. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (EA:Hx=1:20) and concentrated to obtain tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-8-(3-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-1-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyrazin-6-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate (80mg, 85%). MS m/z: 707.5 [M+H]⁺.

Step 5: 6-(((6-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyrazin-3-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

In a round bottom flask, tert-butyl ((3S,4S)-8-(3-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-1-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyrazin-6-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)carbamate (80mg, 0.12mmol) was dissolved in DCM (1.1ml, 0.1M) and cooled to 0 °C. The reaction mixture was added with aqueous hydrochloric acid solution (0.3ml, 4M in dioxane) and stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated using a concentrator. The reaction mixture was washed with EA, and the solid was collected by filtration to obtain the compound of Example 178 (63mg, 99%) as an HCl salt. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 13.87(br s, 1H), 8.47(s, 1H),

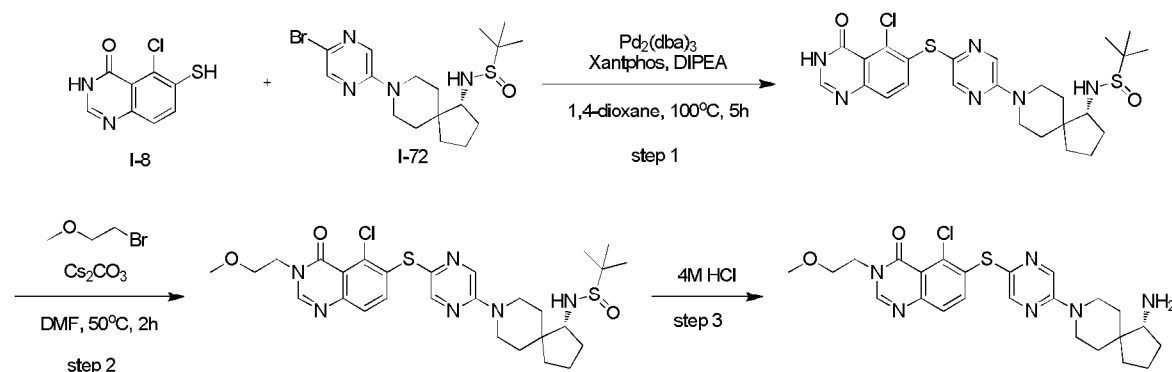
8.28(s, 1H), 8.12(br s, 2H), 7.42(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.08(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.36-4.32(m, 1H), 4.28-4.12(m, 2H), 4.13(t, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 3.93(d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.69(d, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.61(t, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 3.39-3.37(m, 1H), 3.26(s, 3H), 3.23-3.17(m, 2H), 1.81-1.71(m, 3H), 1.63-1.59(m, 1H), 1.23(d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H).

Example 179: Synthesis of 6-((6-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyrazin-3-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-((tetrahydrofuran-3-yl)methyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 179 (53 mg, 99%) was synthesized in the same method as in Example 178, except that 3-(bromomethyl)tetrahydrofuran was used instead of 2-bromoethyl methyl ether in step 4 of Example 178. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 13.88(br s, 1H), 8.49(s, 1H), 8.44(s, 1H), 8.12(br s, 2H), 7.43(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.07(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.36-4.20(m, 3H), 4.00-3.92(m, 3H), 3.84-3.78(m, 1H), 3.71-3.60(m, 3H), 3.50-3.46(m, 1H), 3.39-3.38(m, 1H), 3.25-3.17(m, 2H), 2.75-2.67(m, 1H), 1.95-1.89(m, 1H), 1.81-1.70(m, 3H), 1.67-1.59(m, 2H), 1.23(d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H).

Example 180: Synthesis of (R)-6-((5-(1-amino-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



Step 1: N-((R)-8-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfonamide

In a round bottom flask, Intermediate I-8 (158 mg, 0.63 mmol), Intermediate I-72 (200 mg, 0.48 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (44 mg, 0.048 mmol) and XantPhos (28 mg, 0.048 mmol) were dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (2.4 mL, 0.2 M), and then DIPEA (0.17 mL, 0.96 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was purged with nitrogen and stirred at 120 °C for 4 hours. The reaction was

terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MeOH:MC=1:50) and concentrated to obtain N-((R)-8-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (55 mg, 21%). MS m/z: 548.1 [M+H]⁺.

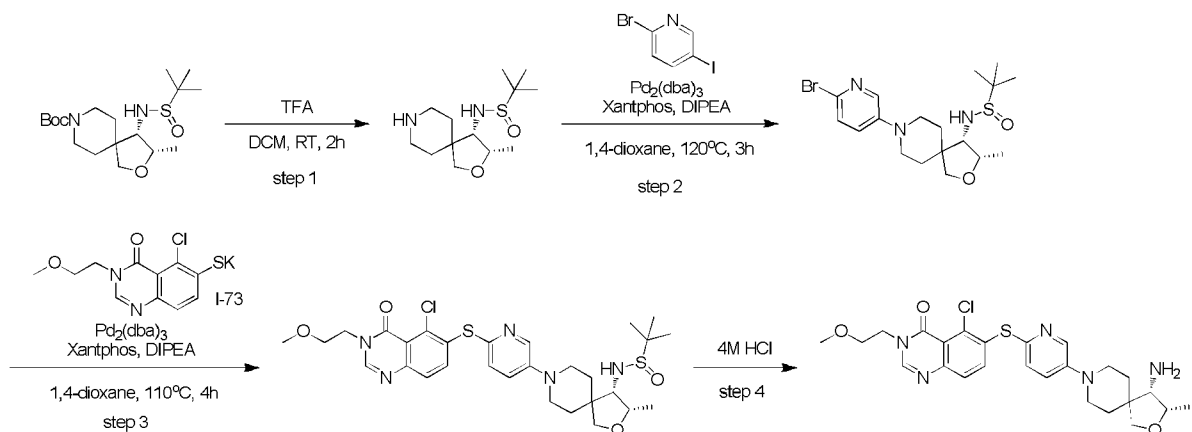
Step 2: N-((R)-8-(5-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

In a round bottom flask, N-((R)-8-(5-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (55 mg, 0.1 mmol), 1-bromo-2-methoxyethane (0.014 mL, 0.15 mmol), potassium iodide (16.6 mg, 0.1 mmol) and cesium carbonate (65 mg, 0.2 mmol) were dissolved in DMF (1 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was stirred at 50 °C for 6 hours. The reaction was terminated with aqueous NaHCO₃ solution, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (amine column, EA:Hex=80:20) to obtain N-((R)-8-(5-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (7.9 mg, 13%). MS m/z: 606.1 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: (R)-6-((5-(1-amino-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyrazin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

In a round bottom flask, N-((R)-8-(5-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyrazin-2-yl)-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (7.9 mg, 0.013 mmol) was dissolved in DCM (0.13 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was added with 4M HCl in dioxane (0.016 mL, 0.0652 mmol) and stirred at 40 °C for 10 minutes. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated using a concentrator. The reaction mixture was washed with MC/EA, and the solid was collected by filtration to obtain the compound of Example 180 (2.1 mg, 30 %). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.50(d, J = 1.1 Hz, 1H), 8.32(d, J = 1.1 Hz, 1H), 8.28(s, 1H), 7.97(brs, 2H), 7.52(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.23(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.27(dd, J = 26.6, 13.6 Hz, 2H), 4.13(t, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 3.60(t, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 3.25(s, 3H), 3.18-3.12(m, 3H), 2.08-2.01(m, 1H), 1.83-1.74(m, 2H), 1.72-1.39(m, 7H), 1.23(s, 1H)

Example 181: Synthesis of 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyridin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



Step 1: 2-methyl-N-((3S,4S)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)propane-2-sulfinamide

Tert-butyl (3S,4S)-4-((tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-carboxylate (200 mg, 0.53 mmol) was dissolved in DCM (13 ml, 0.04 M). The reaction mixture was slowly added dropwise with TFA (0.4 ml, 5.3 M) and stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. The reaction mixture was poured into aqueous 1N NaOH and then extracted with EA/MeOH. The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, and then filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain 2-methyl-N-((3S,4S)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)propane-2-sulfinamide. MS m/z : 275.5 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 2: N-((3S,4S)-8-(6-bromopyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

A mixture of 2-methyl-N-((3S,4S)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)propane-2-sulfinamide (100 mg, 0.36 mmol), 2-bromo-5-iodopyridine (114 mg, 0.40 mmol), $Pd_2(dba)_3$ (33 mg, 0.036 mmol), XantPhos (21 mg, 0.036 mmol) and cesium carbonate (235 mg, 0.72 mmol) in dioxane (2.3 mL) was degassed and purged 3 times with N_2 , and stirred under N_2 atmosphere at 120°C for 3 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered through celite and then concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The mixture was added with H_2O and extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over $MgSO_4$, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was purified by column chromatography (EA/Hex=80:20) to obtain N-((3S,4S)-8-(6-bromopyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (47 mg, 31%). MS m/z : 431.5 $[M+H]^+$.

Step 3: N-((3S,4S)-8-(6-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

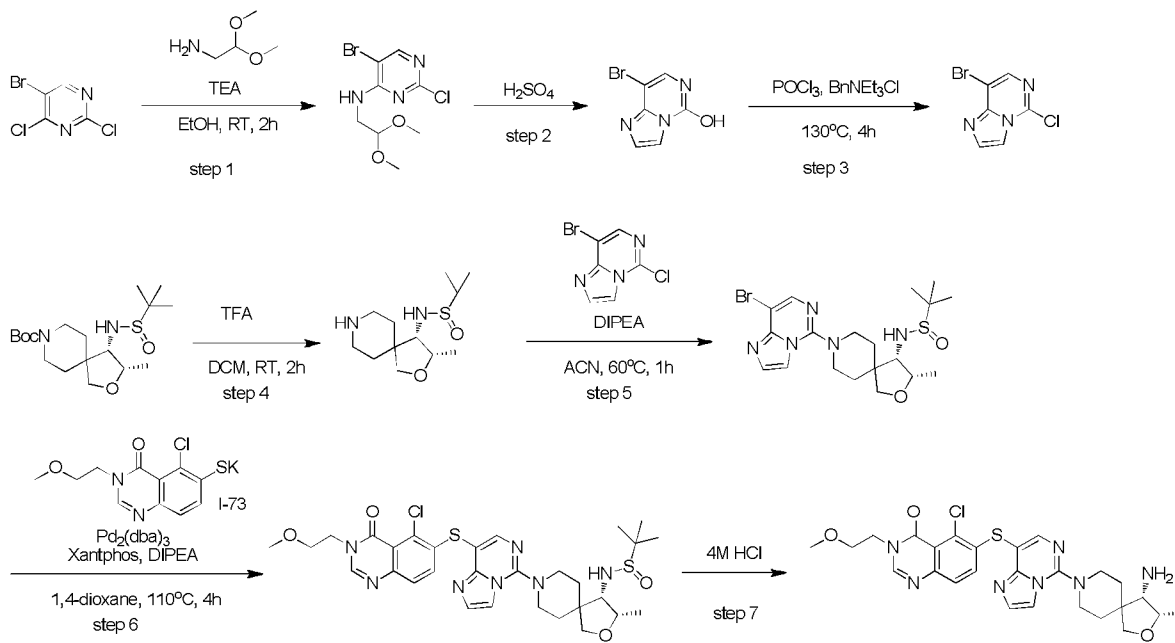
A mixture of N-((3S,4S)-8-(6-bromopyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (47 mg, 0.11 mmol), potassium 5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-thiolate (40.3 mg, 0.13 mmol), $Pd_2(dba)_3$ (10.1 mg,

0.011 mmol), XantPhos (6.4 mg, 0.011 mmol) and DIPEA (0.038 mL, 0.22 mmol) in dioxane (2.3 mL) was degassed and purged 3 times with N₂, and stirred under N₂ atmosphere at 110 °C for 4 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered through celite and then concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was added with aqueous NaHCO₃ and extracted with EA. The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was purified by column chromatography (MeOH:MC=1:50) to obtain N-((3S,4S)-8-(6-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (16 mg, 24%). MS m/z: 621.5 [M+H]⁺.

Step 4: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)pyridin-2-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

N-((3S,4S)-8-(6-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)pyridin-3-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (16 mg, 0.026 mmol) was dissolved in DCM (0.26 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was added with hydrochloric acid (0.032 mL, 4 M in dioxane) and then stirred at 50 °C for 10 minutes. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated using a concentrator. The reaction mixture was washed with EA, and then filtered to obtain the compound of Example 181 (8.3 mg, 58%) as an HCl salt. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.38(d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 8.30(s, 1H), 8.10-8.06(m, 2H), 7.54(d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.44-7.36 (m, 3H), 4.21 (quin, J = 6.7, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.13(t, J = 4.9 Hz, 2H), 3.86(d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.78(d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 3.70(d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 3.61 (t, J = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 3.39(br s, 1H), 2.90(q, J = 13.6, 12.6 Hz, 2H), 1.85-1.80(m, 2H), 1.72(d, J = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 1.60(d, J = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 1.23 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H).

Example 182: Synthesis of 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)imidazo[1,2-c]pyrimidin-8-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



Step 1: 5-bromo-2-chloro-N-(2,2-dimethoxyethyl)pyrimidin-4-amine

At 0 °C, triethylamine(TEA) (6.1 mL, 43.9 mmol) and aminoacetaldehyde dimethyl acetal (3.1 mL, 28.5 mmol) were added to 5-bromo-2,4-dichloropyrimidine (5 g, 21.9 mmol) in EtOH, followed by stirring for 15 minutes. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours and then concentrated. At 0 °C, the mixture was added with diethyl ether and diluted, and then filtered through celite to remove solid. The filtered material was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated to obtain 5-bromo-2-chloro-N-(2,2-dimethoxyethyl)pyrimidin-4-amine (6.94 g, 100%). MS m/z: 297.5 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: 8-bromoimidazo[1,2-c]pyrimidin-5-ol

5-bromo-2-chloro-N-(2,2-dimethoxyethyl)pyrimidin-4-amine (2 g, 6.74 mmol) in sulfuric acid(20 mL, 20 V) was stirred at 75 °C for 2 hours. The reaction mixture was poured into cold distilled water, and aqueous 5M NaOH was slowly added dropwise to adjust the pH to 6. The precipitated solid was filtered and washed with MC. The resulting solid was dried to obtain 8-bromoimidazo[1,2-c]pyrimidin-5-ol (320 mg, 22%). MS m/z: 215.1 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: 8-bromo-5-chloroimidazo[1,2-c]pyrimidine

8-bromoimidazo[1,2-c]pyrimidin-5-ol (100 mg, 0.47 mmol), POCl₃ (1.3 mL, 14 mmol), and benzyl triethyl ammonium chloride (321 mg, 1.41 mmol) were put into a round bottom flask, and then stirred at 130 °C for 4 hours. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated using a concentrator. The mixture was slowly added dropwise with aqueous NaHCO₃ and extracted with EA. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated to obtain 8-bromo-5-chloroimidazo[1,2-c]pyrimidine (72.9 mg, 67%). MS m/z: 233.5 [M+H]⁺.

Step 4: 2-methyl-N-((3S,4S)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)propane-2-sulfinamide

Tert-butyl (3S,4S)-4-((tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-carboxylate (112 mg, 0.3 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (DCM) (7.5 mL, 0.04 M). The reaction mixture was slowly added dropwise with trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) (0.23 mL, 3.0 mmol) and then stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. After completion of the reaction, the resulting product was concentrated to obtain 2-methyl-N-((3S,4S)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)propane-2-sulfinamide. MS m/z: 275.5 [M+H]⁺.

Step 5: N-((3S,4S)-8-(8-bromoimidazo[1,2-c]pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

DIPEA (0.52 mL, 3.0 mmol) was added to [2-methyl-N-((3S,4S)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)propane-2-sulfinamide] (crude product, 0.3 mmol) and 8-bromo-5-chloroimidazo[1,2-c]pyrimidine (72.9 mg, 0.31 mmol) in ACN, followed by stirring at 60 °C for 1 hour. The reaction was terminated with distilled water, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was purified by column chromatography (MeOH:MC=1:15) to obtain N-((3S,4S)-8-(8-bromoimidazo[1,2-c]pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (131 mg, 93%). MS m/z: 471.5 [M+H]⁺.

Step 6: N-((3S,4S)-8-(8-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)imidazo[1,2-c]pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

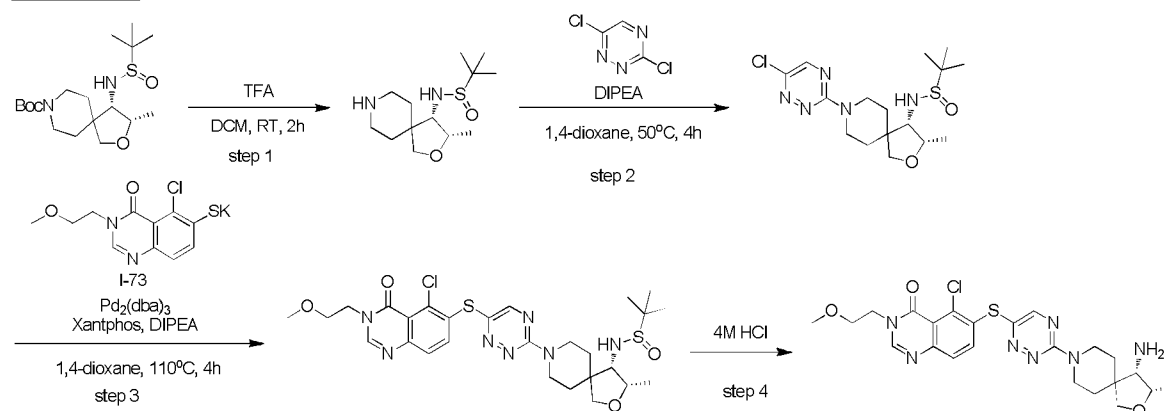
A mixture of N-((3S,4S)-8-(8-bromoimidazo[1,2-c]pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (100 mg, 0.21 mmol), potassium 5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-thiolate (78 mg, 0.26 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (9.6 mg, 0.01 mmol), XantPhos (12.2 mg, 0.021 mmol) and DIPEA (0.109 mL, 0.63 mmol) in dioxane (1.1 mL) was degassed and purged 3 times with N₂, and then stirred under N₂ atmosphere at 120 °C for 4 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered through celite and then concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was added with aqueous NaHCO₃ and extracted with EA. The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was purified by column chromatography (MeOH:MC=1:20) to obtain N-((3S,4S)-8-(8-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)imidazo[1,2-c]pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (9.6 mg, 7.1%). MS m/z: 661.1 [M+H]⁺.

Step 7: 6-((5-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)imidazo[1,2-c]pyrimidin-8-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

N-((3S,4S)-8-(8-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)imidazo[1,2-c]pyrimidin-5-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-

methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (9.6 mg, 0.015 mmol) was dissolved in DCM (0.15 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was added with hydrochloric acid (0.019 mL, 4 M in dioxane) and then stirred at 50 °C for 10 minutes. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated using a concentrator. The reaction mixture was washed with EA, and then filtered to obtain the compound of Example 182 (3.5 mg, 39%) as an HCl salt. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.28(s, 1H), 8.19(br s, 1H), 8.10-8.07(m, 2H), 7.93(s, 1H), 7.74(br s, 1H), 7.40(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.16(d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 4.26(t, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.14(t, J = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 3.97-3.90(m, 4H), 3.75(d, J = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 3.61 (t, J = 5.1 Hz, 2H), 3.26 (s, 3H), 1.99-1.98(m, 3H), 1.83(d, J = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 1.72(d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 1.25(d, J = 6.45 Hz, 3H), 1.05 (s, 1H)

Example 183: Synthesis of 6-((3-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)-1,2,4-triazin-6-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



Step 1: 2-methyl-N-((3S,4S)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)propane-2-sulfinamide

Tert-butyl (3S,4S)-4-((tert-butylsulfinyl)amino)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-carboxylate (300 mg, 2.0 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane(DCM) (6.7 mL, 0.3 M). The reaction mixture was slowly added dropwise with trifluoroacetic acid(TFA) (1.53 mL, 20.0 mmol) and then stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. After completion of the reaction, the resulting product was concentrated to obtain 2-methyl-N-((3S,4S)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)propane-2-sulfinamide. MS m/z: 275.5 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: N-((3S,4S)-8-(6-chloro-1,2,4-triazin-3-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

2-methyl-N-((3S,4S)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)propane-2-sulfinamide (crude product, 2.0 mmol) and 3,6-dichloro-1,2,4-triazine (300 mg, 2.0 mmol) were dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (10 mL, 0.2 M). The reaction mixture was added with DIPEA (1.22 mL, 7.0 mmol) and then stirred at 50 °C for 4 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The

resulting product was purified by MPLC (EA:hexane(Hx)=4:1) and concentrated to obtain N-((3S,4S)-8-(6-chloro-1,2,4-triazin-3-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (119 mg, 15%). MS m/z: 388.5 [M+H]⁺.

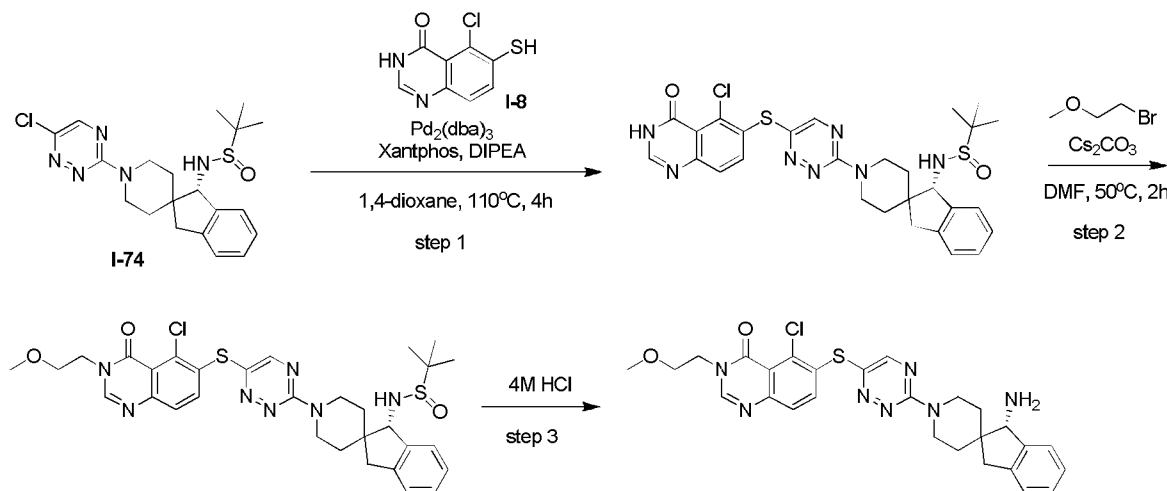
Step 3: N-((3S,4S)-8-(6-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-1,2,4-triazin-3-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

A mixture of N-((3S,4S)-8-(6-chloro-1,2,4-triazin-3-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (97 mg, 0.25 mmol), potassium 5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-thiolate (93 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (11 mg, 0.012 mmol), XantPhos (15 mg, 0.025 mmol) and DIPEA (0.087 mL, 0.5 mmol) in dioxane (1.25 mL) was degassed and purged 3 times with N₂, and stirred under N₂ atmosphere at 120 °C for 4 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered through celite and then concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was added with aqueous NaHCO₃ and extracted with EA. The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was purified by column chromatography (amine column, EA:Hex=3:1) to obtain N-((3S,4S)-8-(6-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-1,2,4-triazin-3-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (13.1 mg, 8.4%). MS m/z: 623.1 [M+H]⁺.

Step 4: 6-((3-((3S,4S)-4-amino-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl)-1,2,4-triazin-6-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

N-((3S,4S)-8-(6-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-1,2,4-triazin-3-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (13.1 mg, 0.02 mmol) was dissolved in DCM (0.2 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was added with hydrochloric acid (0.025 mL, 4 M in dioxane) and then stirred at 50 °C for 10 minutes. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated using a concentrator. The reaction mixture was washed with EA/Hex, and then filtered to obtain the compound of Example 183 (5.9 mg, 53%) as an HCl salt. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.40(s, 1H), 8.32(s, 1H), 8.10(dd, J = 5.6, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.98-7.95(m, 2H), 7.66(t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.31(q, J = 14.9, 13.2 Hz, 1H), 4.16-4.14(m, 3H), 4.02(d, J = 15.1 Hz, 1H), 3.94-3.92(m, 1H), 3.84(d, J = 9.3 Hz, 2H), 3.37(br s, 2H), 3.27(s, 3H), 3.22-3.14(m, 1H), 3.03(dd, J = 14.2, 12.4 Hz, 1H), 1.66-1.45(m, 5H), 1.20(d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H).

Example 184: Synthesis of (S)-6-((3-(1-amino-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)-1,2,4-triazin-6-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



Step 1: N-((S)-1'-(6-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-1,2,4-triazin-3-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfonamide

A mixture of Intermediate I-74 (42 mg, 0.1 mmol), Intermediate I-8 (33 mg, 0.13 mmol), $\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$ (4.6 mg, 0.005 mmol), XantPhos (5.8 mg, 0.01 mmol) and DIPEA (0.035 mL, 0.2 mmol) in dioxane (0.5 mL) was degassed and purged 3 times with N_2 , and stirred under N_2 atmosphere at 120°C for 4 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered through celite and then concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was added with aqueous NaHCO_3 and extracted with EA. The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was purified by column chromatography (MeOH:MC=1:20) to obtain N-((S)-1'-(6-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-1,2,4-triazin-3-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfonamide (45 mg, 76%). MS m/z : 597.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

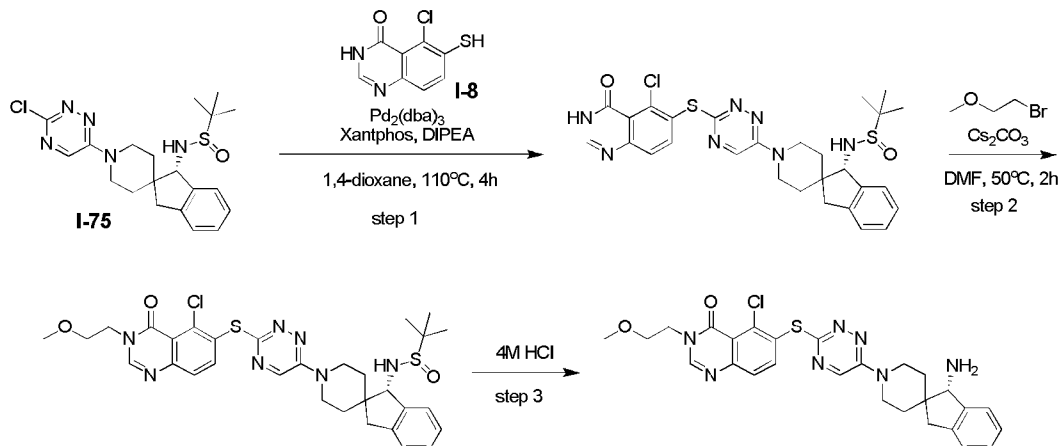
Step 2: N-((S)-1'-(6-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-1,2,4-triazin-3-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfonamide

In a round bottom flask, N-((S)-1'-(6-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-1,2,4-triazin-3-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfonamide (45.1 mg, 0.076 mmol), 1-bromo-2-methoxyethane (0.011 mL, 0.11 mmol) and cesium carbonate (50 mg, 0.15 mmol) were dissolved in DMF (0.76 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was stirred at 50°C for 3 hours. The reaction was terminated with aqueous NaHCO_3 solution, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (amine column, EA:Hex=1:1) to obtain N-((S)-1'-(6-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-1,2,4-triazin-3-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfonamide (33 mg, 67%). MS m/z : 655.1 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 3: (S)-6-((3-(1-amino-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)-1,2,4-triazin-6-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

N-((S)-1'-(6-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-1,2,4-triazin-3-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (33 mg, 0.05 mmol) was dissolved in DCM (0.5 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was added with 4 M hydrochloric acid (0.064 mL, 4 M in dioxane) and then stirred at 50 °C for 10 minutes. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated using a concentrator. The reaction mixture was washed with EA/Hex, and then filtered to obtain the compound of Example 184 (31.3 mg, 100%) as an HCl salt. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.41-8.33(m, 4H), 8.11(d, J = 4.35 Hz, 1H), 7.68-7.64(m, 1H), 7.55(br s, 1H), 7.34-7.30(m, 3H), 4.47-4.40(m, 1H), 4.33(br s, 1H), 4.12(br s, 2H), 4.03-4.00(m, 1H), 3.25(br s, 2H), 3.18(s, 3H), 3.12-3.08(m, 1H), 2.94(d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 1.71-1.50(m, 3H), 1.42-1.39(m, 1H), 1.25-1.17(m, 1H), 1.05(s, 1H).

Example 185: Synthesis of (S)-6-((6-(1-amino-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)-1,2,4-triazin-3-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one



Step 1: N-((S)-1'-(3-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-1,2,4-triazin-6-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

A mixture of Intermediate I-75 (42 mg, 0.1 mmol), Intermediate I-8 (33 mg, 0.13 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (4.6 mg, 0.005 mmol), XantPhos (5.8 mg, 0.01 mmol) and DIPEA (0.035 mL, 0.2 mmol) in dioxane (0.5 mL) was degassed and purged 3 times with N₂, and stirred under N₂ atmosphere at 120 °C for 4 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered through celite and then concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain a residue. The residue was added with aqueous NaHCO₃ and extracted with EA. The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was purified by column chromatography (MeOH:MC=1:20) to obtain N-((S)-1'-(3-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-1,2,4-triazin-6-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (41 mg, 69%). MS m/z: 597.1 [M+H]⁺.

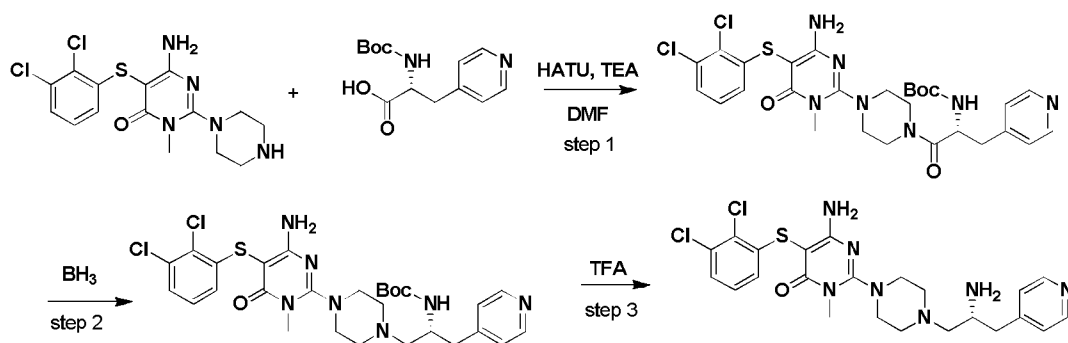
Step 2: N-((S)-1'-(3-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-1,2,4-triazin-6-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide

In a round bottom flask, N-((S)-1'-(3-((5-chloro-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-1,2,4-triazin-6-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (41 mg, 0.069 mmol), 1-bromo-2-methoxyethane (0.010 mL, 0.103 mmol) and cesium carbonate (50 mg, 0.15 mmol) were dissolved in DMF (0.69 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was stirred at 50 °C for 3 hours. The reaction was terminated with aqueous NaHCO₃ solution, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (amine column, EA:Hex=1:1) to obtain N-((S)-1'-(3-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-1,2,4-triazin-6-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (34.1 mg, 75%). MS m/z: 655.1 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: (S)-6-((6-(1-amino-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1'-yl)-1,2,4-triazin-3-yl)thio)-5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

N-((S)-1'-(3-((5-chloro-3-(2-methoxyethyl)-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazolin-6-yl)thio)-1,2,4-triazin-6-yl)-1,3-dihydrospiro[indene-2,4'-piperidin]-1-yl)-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide (34 mg, 0.05 mmol) was dissolved in DCM (0.5 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was added with hydrochloric acid (0.065 mL, 4 M in dioxane) and then stirred at 50 °C for 10 minutes. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated using a concentrator. The reaction mixture was washed with EA/Hex, and then filtered to obtain the compound of Example 185 (32 mg, 100%) as an HCl salt. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO) δ 8.39-8.37(m, 3H), 8.33(d, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 8.11(t, J = 7.45 Hz, 1H), 7.69-7.64(m, 1H), 7.54(d, J = 6.25 Hz, 1H), 7.37-7.29(m, 3H), 4.49-4.33(m, 2H), 4.14-4.12(m, 2H), 4.02(d, J = 12.6 Hz, 1H), 3.25(s, 3H), 3.21-3.08(m, 3H), 2.95(d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 1.73-1.59(m, 2H), 1.51(d, J = 12.5 Hz, 1H), 1.39(t, J = 14.1 Hz, 1H), 1.29-1.25(m, 1H), 1.05(s, 1H).

Example 186: Synthesis of (R)-6-amino-2-(4-(2-amino-3-(pyridin-4-yl)propyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-3-methylpyrimidin-4(3H)-one



Step 1: tert-butyl (R)-(1-(4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-1-oxo-3-(pyridin-4-yl)propan-2-yl)carbamate

6-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-3-methyl-2-(piperazin-1-yl)pyrimidin-4(3H)-one (200 mg, 0.52 mmol) and HATU (1-[bis(dimethylamino)methylene]-1H-1,2,3-triazolo[4,5-b]pyridinium 3-oxide hexafluorophosphate, 395 mg, 1.04 mmol), TEA (0.15 mL, 1.04 mmol) were dissolved in DMF (5 mL, 0.1 M), and then (R)-2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-(pyridin-4-yl)propanoic acid (277 mg, 1.04 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. The reaction mixture was added with brine (10 mL) and EtOAc (10 mL X 3) and extracted. The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC to obtain tert-butyl (R)-(1-(4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-1-oxo-3-(pyridin-4-yl)propan-2-yl)carbamate (150 mg, 45%). MS m/z: 634 [M+H]⁺.

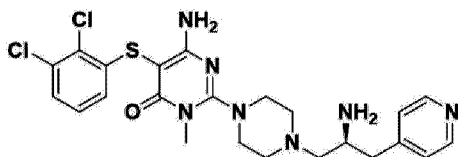
Step 2: tert-butyl (R)-(1-(4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-3-(pyridin-4-yl)propan-2-yl)carbamate

Tert-butyl (R)-(1-(4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-1-oxo-3-(pyridin-4-yl)propan-2-yl)carbamate (150 mg, 0.24 mmol) was dissolved in THF (3 mL), and then BH₃-Me₂S (30 μ L) was added thereto at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. At 0 °C, The reaction was terminated with MeOH (5 mL), and the mixture was concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC to obtain tert-butyl (R)-(1-(4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-3-(pyridin-4-yl)propan-2-yl)carbamate (50 mg, 34%). MS m/z: 620 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: (R)-6-amino-2-(4-(2-amino-3-(pyridin-4-yl)propyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-3-methylpyrimidin-4(3H)-one

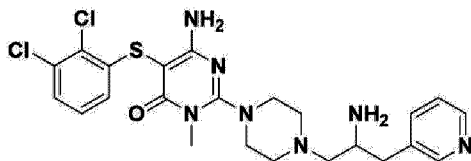
Tert-butyl (R)-(1-(4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazin-1-yl)-3-(pyridin-4-yl)propan-2-yl)carbamate (50 mg, 0.08 mmol) was dissolved in DCM (1 mL, 0.08 M). The reaction mixture was added with trifluoroacetic acid (TFA, 0.5 mL, 0.16 M) and then stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The reaction was terminated with aqueous NaHCO₃ solution, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by Prep-HPLC and concentrated to obtain the compound of Example 186 (30 mg, 72%) as a TFA salt. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 8.87 - 8.79 (m, 2H), 8.12 - 8.01 (m, 2H), 7.29 - 7.21 (m, 1H), 7.18 - 7.05 (m, 1H), 6.75 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.02 (s, 1H), 3.41 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 8H), 3.31 - 3.21 (m, 1H), 2.97 - 2.89 (m, 2H), 2.93 - 2.78 (m, 1H), 2.81 - 2.67 (m, 3H); MS m/z: 520 [M+H]⁺.

Example 187: Synthesis of (S)-6-amino-2-(4-(2-amino-3-(pyridin-4-yl)propyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-3-methylpyrimidin-4(3H)-one



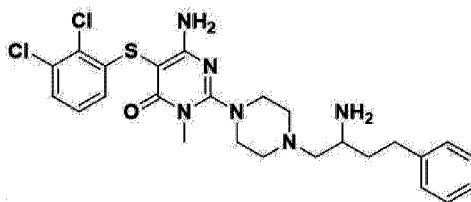
The compound of Example 187 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 186 above, except that (S)-2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-(pyridin-4-yl)propanoic acid was used instead of (R)-2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-(pyridin-4-yl)propanoic acid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3OD) δ 8.87 - 8.79 (m, 2H), 8.12 - 8.01 (m, 2H), 7.29 - 7.21 (m, 1H), 7.18 - 7.05 (m, 1H), 6.75 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.02 (s, 1H), 3.41 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 8H), 3.31 - 3.21 (m, 1H), 2.97 - 2.89 (m, 2H), 2.93 - 2.78 (m, 1H), 2.81 - 2.67 (m, 3H); MS m/z : 520 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 188: Synthesis of 6-amino-2-(4-(2-amino-3-(pyridin-3-yl)propyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-3-methylpyrimidin-4(3H)-one



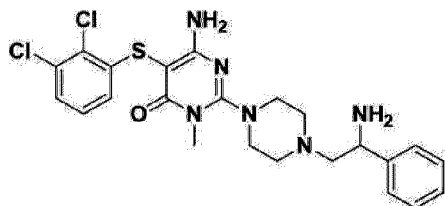
The compound of Example 188 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 186 above, except that 2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-(pyridin-3-yl)propanoic acid was used instead of (R)-2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-(pyridin-4-yl)propanoic acid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3OD) δ 8.65 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 8.14 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.76 - 7.69 (m, 1H), 7.24 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.02 (s, 1H), 3.42 - 3.32 (m, 8H), 3.26 - 3.21 (m, 3H), 3.09 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.62 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H); MS m/z : 520 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 189: Synthesis of 6-amino-2-(4-(2-amino-4-phenylbutyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-3-methylpyrimidin-4(3H)-one



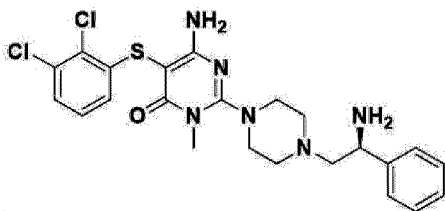
The compound of Example 189 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 186 above, except that 2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-4-phenylbutanoic acid was used instead of (R)-2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-(pyridin-4-yl)propanoic acid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3OD) δ 7.30 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (dd, J = 8.9, 7.5 Hz, 4H), 7.11 - 7.07 (m, 1H), 6.76 - 6.74 (m, 1H), 3.41 - 3.35 (m, 4H), 3.26 - 3.25 (m, 3H), 2.79 - 2.75 (m, 5H), 2.58 - 2.54 (m, 4H), 1.93 - 1.92 (m, 2H); MS m/z : 533 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 190: Synthesis of 6-amino-2-(4-(2-amino-2-phenylethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-3-methylpyrimidin-4(3H)-one



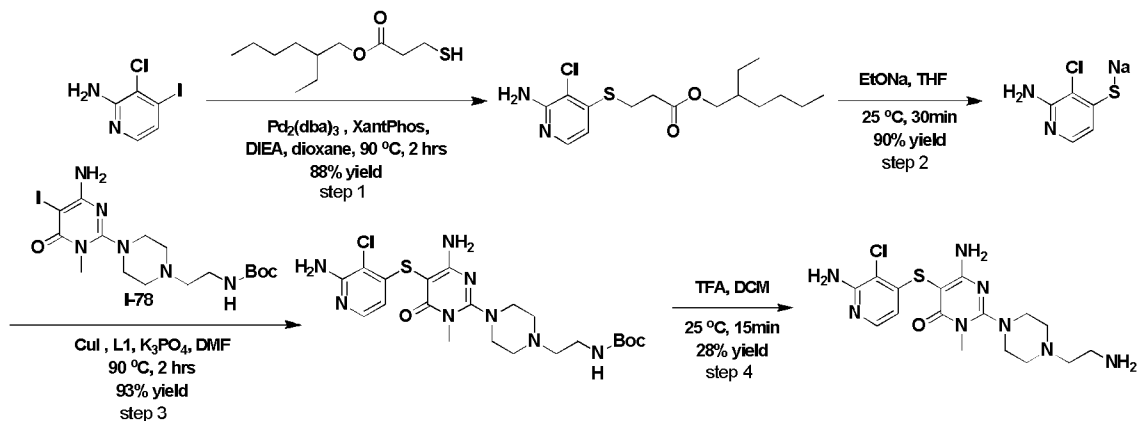
The compound of Example 190 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 186 above, except that 2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-2-phenylacetic acid was used instead of (R)-2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-(pyridin-4-yl)propanoic acid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3OD) δ 7.53 - 7.41 (m, 5H), 7.24 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.55 (dd, J = 10.9, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.47- 3.44 (m, 4H), 3.43 (s, 3H), 3.04 - 2.77 (m, 4H), 2.71 - 2.64 (m, 2H); MS m/z : 505 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 191: Synthesis of (S)-6-amino-2-(4-(2-amino-2-phenylethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-3-methylpyrimidin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 191 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 186 above, except that (S)-2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-2-phenylacetic acid was used instead of (R)-2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-3-(pyridin-4-yl)propanoic acid. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3OD) δ 7.53 - 7.41 (m, 5H), 7.24 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.55 (dd, J = 10.9, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.47- 3.44 (m, 4H), 3.43 (s, 3H), 3.04 - 2.77 (m, 4H), 2.71 - 2.64 (m, 2H); MS m/z : 505 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 192: Synthesis of 6-amino-5-((2-amino-3-chloropyridin-4-yl)thio)-2-(4-(2-aminoethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-3-methylpyrimidin-4(3H)-one



Step 1: 2-ethylhexyl 3-[(2-amino-3-chloro-4-pyridyl)sulfanyl]propanoate

3-chloro-4-iodo-pyridin-2-amine (1.00 g, 3.93 mmol) and 2-ethylhexyl-3-sulfanylpropanoate (943 mg, 4.32 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (359 mg, 393 μmol), XantPhos (227 mg, 393 μmol), DIEA (1.02 g, 7.86 mmol) were dissolved in dioxane (2 mL), followed by stirring at 90 °C for 2 hours. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated. The resulting product was separated by column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 15/1 to 0/1) to obtain 2-ethylhexyl 3-[(2-amino-3-chloro-4-pyridyl)sulfanyl]propanoate (1.20 g, 88% yield) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ= 7.80 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H) 6.55 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H) 6.25 (s, 2H) 3.97 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H) 3.21 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H) 2.71 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H) 1.59 - 1.45 (m, 1H) 1.31 - 1.21 (m, 8H) 0.86 - 0.81 (m, 6H); MS m/z: 345.1 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: (2-amino-3-chloro-4-pyridyl)sulfanyl sodium

2-ethylhexyl 3-[(2-amino-3-chloro-4-pyridyl)sulfanyl]propanoate (500 mg, 1.45 mmol) was dissolved in THF (10 mL), and then EtONa (295 mg, 4.35 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. After completion of the reaction, DCM (10 mL) was added to the mixture, and the resulting solid was filtered. The solid was dried under vacuum to obtain (2-amino-3-chloro-4-pyridyl)sulfanyl sodium (550 mg, 90% yield) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ= 7.02 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H) 6.45 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 1H); MS m/z: 161.0 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: tert-butyl N-[2-[4-[4-amino-5-[(2-amino-3-chloro-4-pyridyl)sulfanyl]-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl]piperazin-1-yl]ethyl]carbamate

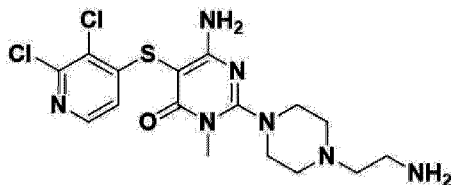
(2-amino-3-chloro-4-pyridyl)sulfanyl sodium (95.4 mg, 522 μmol) and Intermediate I-78 (50.0 mg, 104 μmol), CuI (1.99 mg, 10.4 μmol), K₃PO₄ (110 mg, 522 μmol), (1S,2S)-N1,N2-dimethylcyclohexane-1,2-diamine (1.49 mg, 10.45 μmol) were dissolved in DMF (1 mL), followed by stirring at 90 °C for 2 hours. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting product was separated by reverse phase flash (0.1% FA condition) to obtain tert-butyl N-[2-[4-[4-amino-5-[(2-amino-3-chloro-4-pyridyl)sulfanyl]-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl]piperazin-1-yl]ethyl]carbamate (100 mg, 93% yield). MS m/z: 511.3 [M+H]⁺.

Step 4: 6-amino-5-((2-amino-3-chloropyridin-4-yl)thio)-2-(4-(2-aminoethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-3-methylpyrimidin-4(3H)-one

Tert-butyl N-[2-[4-[4-amino-5-[(2-amino-3-chloro-4-pyridyl)sulfanyl]-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl]piperazin-1-yl]ethyl]carbamate (70.0 mg, 136 μmol) was dissolved in DCM (0.5 mL), and then TFA (2.69 g, 23.6 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 minutes. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated and neutralized by addition of NH₃·H₂O. The resulting product was separated by Prep-HPLC to obtain the compound of Example 192 (17.4 mg, 28% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz,

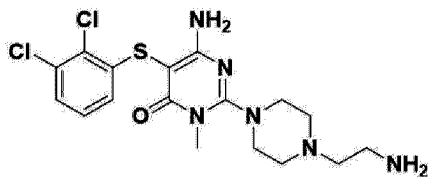
MeOD- d_4) δ = 8.85 - 7.85 (m, 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H) 6.15 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H) 3.43 (s, 3H) 3.41 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 4H) 3.10 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H) 2.69 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 6H); MS m/z : 411.1 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 193: Synthesis of 6-amino-2-(4-(2-aminoethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-((2,3-dichloropyridin-4-yl)thio)-3-methylpyrimidin-4(3H)-one



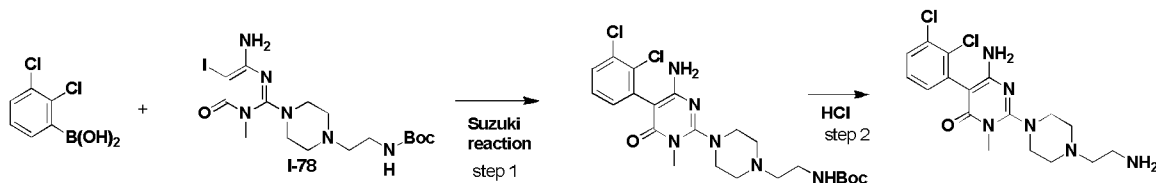
The compound of Example 193 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 192 above, except that 2,3-dichloro-4-iodo-pyridine was used instead of 3-chloro-4-iodo-pyridin-2-amine. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD- d_4) δ = 8.54 (s, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 3.48 - 3.37 (m, 7H), 3.09 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.75 - 2.62 (m, 6H); MS m/z : 430.1 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 194: Synthesis of 6-amino-2-(4-(2-aminoethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-3-methylpyrimidin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 194 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 192 above, except that 2,3-dichlorobenzenethiol was used instead of 3-chloro-4-iodo-pyridin-2-amine. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD- d_4) δ = 7.25 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H) 7.10 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H) 6.76 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H) 3.42 (s, 3H) 3.41 - 3.40 (m, 4H) 3.04 - 3.14 (m, 2H) 2.62 - 2.74 (m, 6H); MS m/z : 429.1 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 195: Synthesis of 6-amino-2-(4-(2-aminoethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)-3-methylpyrimidin-4(3H)-one



Step 1: tert-butyl N-[2-[4-[4-amino-5-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl]piperazin-1-yl]ethyl]carbamate

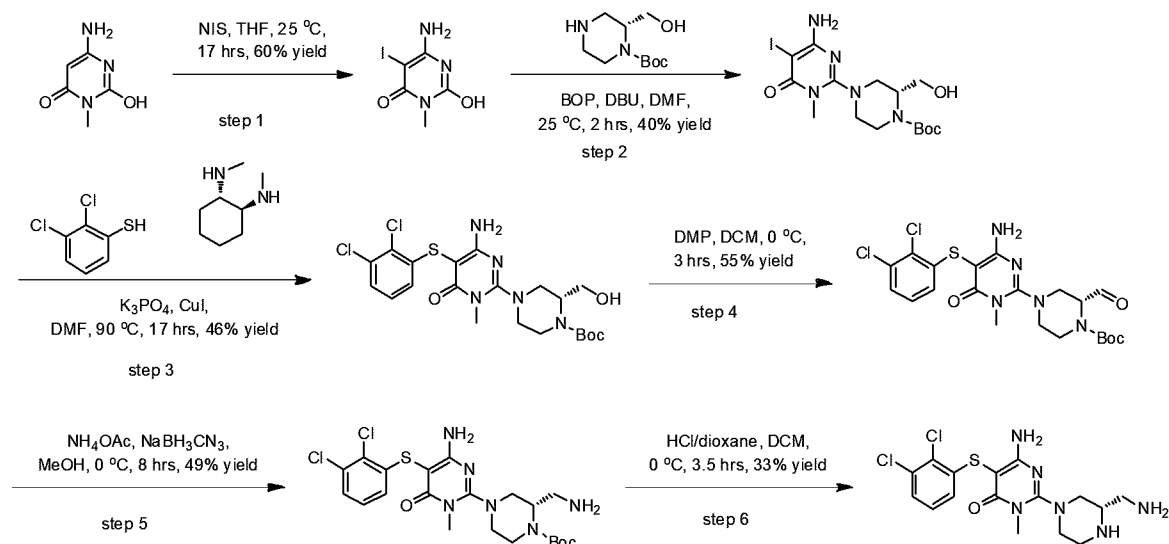
Intermediate I-78 (150.0 mg, 313.59 μ mol), (2,3-dichlorophenyl)boronic acid (89.76 mg, 470.39 μ mol), and K_2CO_3 (65.01 mg, 470.39 μ mol) were dissolved in dioxane (2.0 mL) and H_2O (0.2 mL), and then $Pd(PPh_3)_4$ (36.24 mg, 31.36 μ mol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was stirred at 90 °C for 16 hours. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated and then separated by Prep-TLC (EtOAc). Then, tert-Butyl N-[2-

[4-[4-amino-5-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl]piperazin-1-yl]ethyl]carbamate (100.0 mg, 34.36% yield) was obtained. MS m/z: 497.4 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: 6-amino-2-(4-(2-aminoethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)-3-methylpyrimidin-4(3H)-one

HCl/EtOAc (4 M, 1 mL) was added to tert-butyl N-[2-[4-[4-amino-5-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl]piperazin-1-yl]ethyl]carbamate (100.0 mg, 107.76 μ mol), followed by stirring at room temperature for 30 minutes. The reaction mixture was concentrated and separated by Prep-HPLC (neutral) to obtain the compound of Example 195 (25.45 mg, 56.82% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-d) δ = 7.50 - 7.43 (m, 1H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 7.26 (d, J = 1.1 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (s, 2H), 3.47 (s, 3H), 3.33 - 3.25 (m, 4H), 2.85 (br d, J = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 2.63 (br s, 4H), 2.53 (br t, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H); MS m/z: 397.3 [M+H]⁺.

Example 196: Synthesis of 6-amino-2-[(3S)-3-(aminomethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-5-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)sulfanyl-3-methyl-pyrimidin-4-one



Step 1: 6-amino-2-hydroxy-5-iodo-3-methyl-pyrimidin-4-one

6-amino-3-methyl-1H-pyrimidine-2,4-dione (1.0 g, 7.09 mmol) was dissolved in THF (50 mL), and then NIS (1.91 g, 8.50 mmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 17 hours. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was added with water (100 mL) and saturated Na₂S₂O₃ (100 mL) and filtered. The filter cake was dried under vacuum to obtain 6-amino-2-hydroxy-5-iodo-3-methyl-pyrimidin-4-one (1.2 g, 63% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) 10.85 (br s, 1H), 6.35 (s, 2H), 3.10 (s, 3H).

Step 2: tert-butyl (2R)-4-(4-amino-5-iodo-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl)-2-(hydroxymethyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate

6-amino-2-hydroxy-5-iodo-3-methyl-pyrimidin-4-one (500 mg, 1.87 mmol), tert-butyl (2R)-2-(hydroxymethyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (445 mg, 2.06 mmol), BOP (1.08 g, 2.43 mmol)

and DBU (570 mg, 3.74 mmol) were dissolved in DMF (5 mL) and stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was added with water (0.5 mL) and concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting product was separated by reverse phase flash (0.1% FA) to obtain tert-butyl (2R)-4-(4-amino-5-iodo-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl)-2-(hydroxymethyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (350 mg, 40% yield). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ = 3.97 (br s, 1H), 3.82 - 3.72 (m, 1H), 3.69 - 3.59 (m, 2H), 3.51 - 3.40 (m, 2H), 3.32 (s, 3H), 2.83 - 2.67 (m, 2H), 2.52 (s, 2H), 1.41 (s, 9H).

Step 3: tert-butyl (2R)-4-[4-amino-5-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)sulfanyl-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl]-2-(hydroxymethyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate

Tert-butyl (2R)-4-(4-amino-5-iodo-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl)-2-(hydroxymethyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (350 mg, 752 μmol), 2,3-dichlorobenzenethiol (161 mg, 902 μmol), CuI (14.3 mg, 75.2 μmol), (1S,2S)-N1,N2-dimethylcyclohexane-1,2-diamine (10.7 mg, 75.2 μmol), K_3PO_4 (479 mg, 2.26 mmol) were dissolved in DMF (10 mL), and then stirred at 90 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 17 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting product was separated by reverse phase flash (0.1% FA) to obtain tert-butyl (2R)-4-[4-amino-5-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)sulfanyl-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl]-2-(hydroxymethyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (180 mg, 46% yield). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ = 7.34 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (br s, 1H), 3.85 - 3.72 (m, 2H), 3.69 - 3.55 (m, 2H), 3.46 - 3.30 (m, 3H), 3.30 (s, 3H), 2.97 - 2.89 (m, 1H), 2.86 - 2.75 (m, 1H), 1.42 (s, 9H).

Step 4: tert-butyl (2R)-4-[4-amino-5-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)sulfanyl-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl]-2-formyl-piperazine-1-carboxylate

Tert-butyl (2R)-4-[4-amino-5-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)sulfanyl-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl]-2-(hydroxymethyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (90 mg, 174 μmol) was dissolved in DCM (5 mL), and then DMP (110 mg, 261 μmol) was added thereto at 0 $^\circ\text{C}$. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 3 hours. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was added with aqueous $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ (10 mL) and extracted with DCM (3 X 20 mL). The organic layer was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the resulting product was separated by reverse phase flash (0.1% FA) to obtain tert-butyl (2R)-4-[4-amino-5-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)sulfanyl-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl]-2-formyl-piperazine-1-carboxylate (50 mg, 55% yield). MS m/z : 458.0 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 5: tert-butyl (2R)-4-[4-amino-5-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)sulfanyl-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl]-2-formyl-piperazine-1-carboxylate

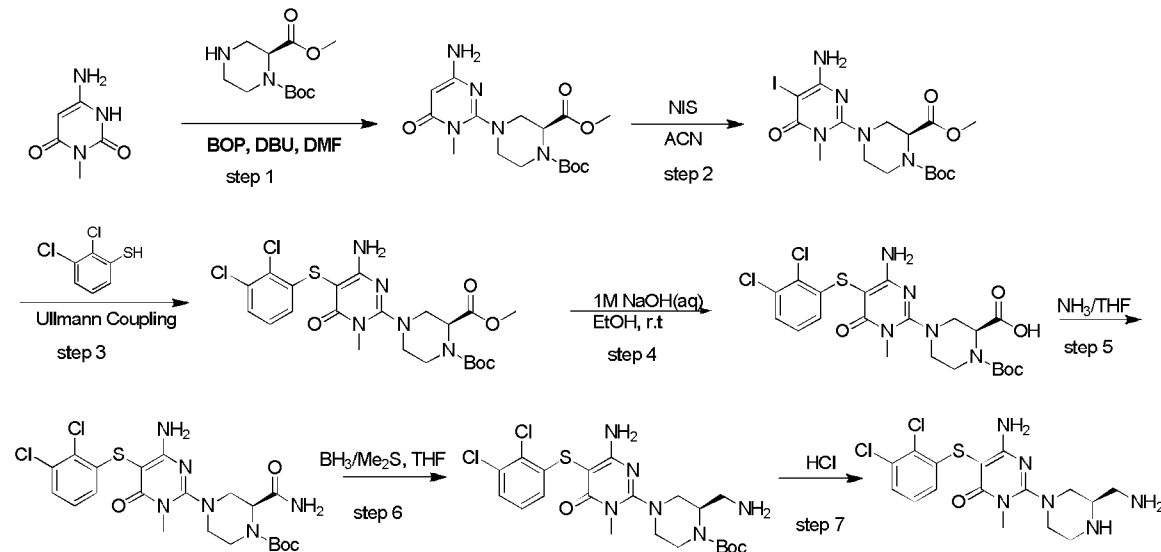
At 0 $^\circ\text{C}$, tert-butyl (2R)-4-[4-amino-5-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)sulfanyl-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl]-2-formyl-piperazine-1-carboxylate (40.0 mg, 77.7 μmol) and NH_4OAc (599 mg, 7.78 mmol) were dissolved in MeOH (5 mL), and then NaBH_3CN (7.33 mg, 116 μmol) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 8 hours. After completion of the reaction, the

reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and separated by reverse phase flash (0.1% FA) to obtain tert-butyl (2R)-4-[4-amino-5-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)sulfanyl-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl]-2-formyl-piperazine-1-carboxylate (20 mg, 49% yield). MS m/z: 515.2 [M+H]⁺.

Step 6: 6-amino-2-[(3S)-3-(aminomethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-5-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)sulfanyl-3-methylpyrimidin-4-one

At 0 °C, tert-Butyl (2R)-4-[4-amino-5-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)sulfanyl-1-methyl-6-oxo-pyrimidin-2-yl]-2-formyl-piperazine-1-carboxylate (20 mg, 38.8 μmol) was dissolved in MeOH (4 mL), and then HCl/MeOH (4 M, 5 mL) was added thereto. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 3.5 hours. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. After being dissolved in MeOH (5 mL), the mixture was added with 10% aqueous NH₃·H₂O to neutralize until the pH became 8, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting product was separated by Prep-HPLC to obtain the compound of Example 196 (6.1 mg, 33%, FA salt). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD-d₄) δ = 8.42 (br s, 1H, FA), 7.25 (dd, J = 1.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (dd, J = 1.6, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.61 (dd, J = 1.6, 13.2 Hz, 1H), 3.57 - 3.49 (m, 1H), 3.42 (s, 3H), 3.20 - 2.84 (m, 7H); MS m/z: 415.1 [M+H]⁺.

Example 197: Synthesis of (R)-6-amino-2-(3-(aminomethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-3-methylpyrimidin-4(3H)-one



Step 1: 1-(tert-butyl) 2-methyl(R)-4-(4-amino-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazine-1,2-dicarboxylate

In a round bottom flask, 6-amino-3-methylpyrimidine-2,4 (1H, 3H)-dione (300 mg, 2.13 mmol) and BOP (942 mg, 2.13 mmol) were dissolved in DMF, and then 1-(tert-butyl) 2-methyl (S)-piperazine-1,2-dicarboxylate (520 mg, 2.13 mmol) was added dropwise to a reaction mixture. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered

and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MeOH:DCM=1:10) and concentrated to obtain 1-(tert-butyl) 2-methyl (R)-4-(4-amino-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazine-1,2-dicarboxylate (760 mg, 97%). MS m/z: 368.20 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: 1-(tert-butyl) 2-methyl (R)-4-(4-amino-5-iodo-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazine-1,2-dicarboxylate

In a round bottom flask, NIS (567 mg, 2.52 mmol) was added dropwise to 1-(tert-butyl) 2-methyl(R)-4-(4-amino-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazine-1,2-dicarboxylate (772 mg, 2.52 mmol) dissolved in DMF. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MeOH:DCM=1:10) and concentrated to obtain 1-(tert-butyl) 2-methyl (R)-4-(4-amino-5-iodo-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazine-1,2-dicarboxylate (981 mg, 94%). MS m/z: 494.10 [M+H]⁺.

Step 3: 1-(tert-butyl) 2-methyl (R)-4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazine-1,2-dicarboxylate

In a round bottom flask, 1-(tert-butyl) 2-methyl (R)-4-(4-amino-5-iodo-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazine-1,2-dicarboxylate (1.04 g, 2.13 mmol) was dissolved in 1,4-dioxane, and then 2,3-dichloro benzenethiol (763 mg, 4.26 mmol), K₃PO₄ (904 mg, 4.26 mmol), CuI (82 mg, 0.43 mmol) and (1R, 2R)-N1, N2-dimethylcyclohexane-1,2-diamine (61 mg, 0.43 mmol) were added dropwise thereto. The reaction mixture was stirred at 90 °C for 16 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MeOH:DCM=1:10) and concentrated to obtain 1-(tert-butyl) 2-methyl (R)-4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazine-1,2-dicarboxylate (280 mg, 24%). MS m/z: 544.20 [M+H]⁺.

Step 4: (R)-4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)-1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)piperazine-2-carboxylic acid

In a round bottom flask, 1-(tert-butyl) 2-methyl (R)-4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazine-1,2-dicarboxylate (220 mg, 0.40 mmol) was dissolved in EtOH, and then 1 M NaOH aqueous solution (1.83 mL, 1.83 mmol) was added dropwise thereto. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. The reaction was terminated with 1 M HCl aqueous solution, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated to obtain (R)-4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)-1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)piperazine-2-carboxylic acid (210 mg, 99%). MS m/z: 530.20 [M+H]⁺.

Step 5: tert-butyl (R)-4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)-2-carbamoylpiperazine-1-carboxylate

In a round bottom flask, (R)-4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)-1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)piperazine-2-carboxylic acid (212 mg, 0.40 mmol) was dissolved in DMF, and then HATU (182 mg, 0.48 mmol), DIPEA (0.21 mL, 1.20 mmol) were added dropwise thereto. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. After 30 minutes of stirring, the mixture was added dropwise with NH₄Cl (32 mg, 0.60 mmol) and stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MeOH:DCM=1:10) and concentrated to obtain tert-butyl (R)-4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)-2-carbamoylpiperazine-1-carboxylate (191 mg, 90%). MS m/z: 529.20 [M+H]⁺.

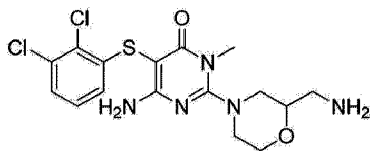
Step 6: tert-butyl (R)-4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)-2-(aminomethyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate

In a round bottom flask, tert-butyl (R)-4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)-2-carbamoylpiperazine-1-carboxylate (24 mg, 0.05 mmol) was dissolved in THF, and then BH₃-S(CH₃)₂ (0.02 mL, 0.23 mmol) was added dropwise thereto. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. After 30 minutes of stirring, the mixture was added dropwise with NH₄Cl (32 mg, 0.60 mmol) and stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MeOH:DCM=1:10) and concentrated to obtain tert-butyl (R)-4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)-2-(aminomethyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (6 mg, 60%). MS m/z: 515.10 [M+H]⁺.

Step 7: (R)-6-amino-2-(3-(aminomethyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-3-methylpyrimidin-4(3H)-one

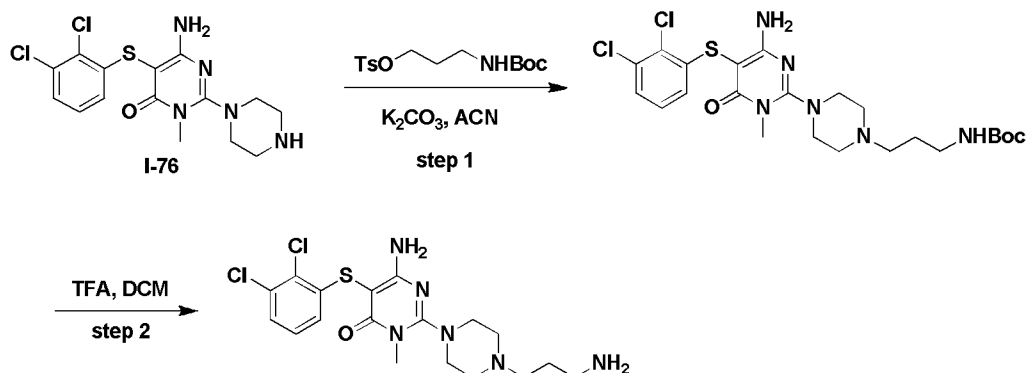
In a round bottom flask, tert-butyl (R)-4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)-2-(aminomethyl)piperazine-1-carboxylate (10 mg, 0.02 mmol) was dissolved in dioxane. The reaction mixture was added dropwise with 4 M HCl in dioxane (0.19 mL, 0.78 mmol) and then stirred at room temperature for 6 hours. The reaction was terminated with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by Prep-HPLC and concentrated to obtain the compound of Example 197 (3 mg, 38%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 7.29 - 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.09 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 3.92 (d, J = 14.1 Hz, 1H), 3.84 - 3.76 (m, 2H), 3.55 - 3.46 (m, 1H), 3.44 (s, 3H), 3.44 - 3.30 (m, 5H), 3.28 - 3.23 (m, 1H); MS m/z: 415.10 [M+H]⁺.

Example 198: Synthesis of 6-amino-2-(2-(aminomethyl)morpholino)-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-3-methylpyrimidin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 198 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 197 above, except that methylmorpholine-2-carboxylate was used instead of 1-(tert-butyl) 2-methyl (S)-piperazine-1,2-dicarboxylate. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 7.25 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.08 - 4.01 (m, 1H), 3.96 - 3.77 (m, 2H), 3.69 - 3.57 (m, 2H), 3.43 (s, 3H), 3.21 - 3.13 (m, 2H), 3.00 (dd, J = 13.1, 9.4 Hz, 1H), 2.89 (dd, J = 12.9, 10.4 Hz, 1H); MS m/z : 416.10 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Example 199: Synthesis of 6-amino-2-(4-(3-aminopropyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-3-methylpyrimidin-4(3H)-one



Step 1: tert-butyl (3-(4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazin-1-yl)propyl)carbamate

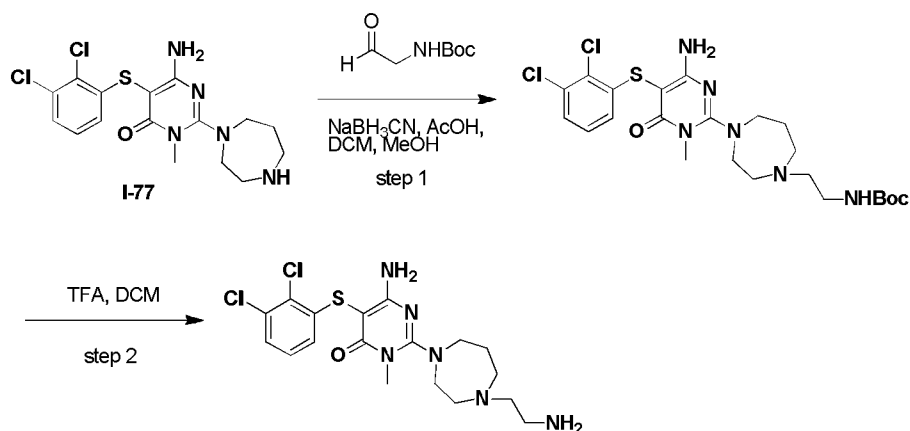
In a round bottom flask, 3-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)propyl 4-methylbenzenesulfonate (128 mg, 0.39 mmol) was added dropwise to Intermediate I-76 (100 mg, 0.26 mmol) dissolved in MeCN. The reaction mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 16 hours. The reaction was terminated with H_2O , and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MeOH:DCM=1:10) and concentrated to obtain tert-butyl (3-(4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazin-1-yl)propyl)carbamate (132 mg, 94%). MS m/z : 543.20 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

Step 2: 6-amino-2-(4-(3-aminopropyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-3-methylpyrimidin-4(3H)-one

In a round bottom flask, TFA (0.9 mL) was added dropwise to tert-butyl (3-(4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)piperazin-1-yl)propyl)carbamate (15 mg, 0.03 mmol) dissolved in DCM. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. The reaction was terminated with saturated aqueous NaHCO_3 solution, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered

and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MeOH:DCM=1:10) and concentrated to obtain the compound of Example 199 (5 mg, 41%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 7.25 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 3.65 (s, 4H), 3.44 (s, 3H), 3.42 - 3.31 (m, 1H), 3.30 - 3.19 (m, 5H), 3.13 - 2.97 (m, 2H), 2.22 - 2.10 (m, 2H); MS m/z: 443.10 [M+H]⁺.

Example 200: Synthesis of 6-amino-2-(4-(2-aminoethyl)-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-3-methylpyrimidin-4(3H)-one



Step 1: tert-butyl (2-(4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)ethyl)carbamate

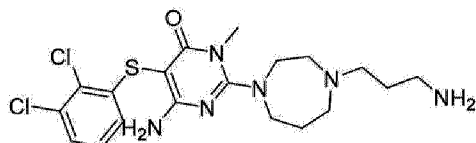
In a round bottom flask, tert-butyl (2-oxoethyl)carbamate (7 mg, 0.04 mmol) was added to Intermediate I-77 (12 mg, 0.03 mmol) and AcOH (0.07 mL, 0.12 mmol) in DCM. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. After 1 hour of stirring, NaBH₃CN (2 mg, 0.03 mmol) was added dropwise to the reaction mixture. The reaction was terminated with H₂O, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MeOH:DCM=1:10) and concentrated to obtain tert-butyl(2-(4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)ethyl)carbamate (132 mg, 94%). MS m/z: 543.20 [M+H]⁺.

Step 2: 6-amino-2-(4-(2-aminoethyl)-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-3-methylpyrimidin-4(3H)-one

In a round bottom flask, TFA (0.92 mL, 11.99 mmol) was added dropwise to tert-butyl (2-(4-(4-amino-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-1-methyl-6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyrimidin-2-yl)-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)ethyl)carbamate (132 mg, 0.243 mmol) dissolved in DCM. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. The reaction was terminated with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution, and the mixture was extracted with EA. The EA layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and then concentrated. The resulting product was separated by MPLC (MeOH:DCM=1:10) and concentrated to obtain the compound of Example 200 (121 mg, 76%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz,

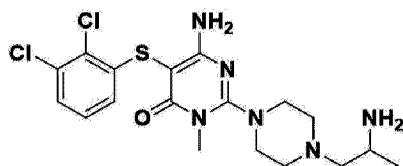
MeOD) δ 7.24 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.82 - 6.75 (m, 1H), 3.91 - 3.86 (m, 2H), 3.75 - 3.52 (m, 4H), 3.51 - 3.32 (m, 8H), 2.31 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H); MS m/z : 443.10 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 201: Synthesis of 6-amino-2-(4-(3-aminopropyl)-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-3-methylpyrimidin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 201 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 199 above, except that Intermediate I-77 was used instead of Intermediate I-76. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, MeOD) δ 7.25 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (s, 2H), 3.52 - 3.33 (m, 8H), 3.26 (q, J = 1.7 Hz, 3H), 3.05 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.31 (s, 2H), 2.14 (s, 2H); MS m/z : 457 $[M+H]^+$.

Example 202: Synthesis of 6-amino-2-(4-(2-aminopropyl)piperazin-1-yl)-5-((2,3-dichlorophenyl)thio)-3-methylpyrimidin-4(3H)-one



The compound of Example 202 was synthesized in the same method as in Example 200 above, except that tert-butyl (1-oxopropan-2-yl)carbamate was used instead of tert-butyl (2-oxoethyl)carbamate. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CD_3OD) δ 7.27 - 7.18 (m, 1H), 7.09 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 3.41 - 3.35 (m, 7H), 2.81 - 2.78 (m, 3H), 2.60 - 2.52 (m, 4H), 1.31 (m, 3H); MS m/z : 443- $[M+H]^+$.

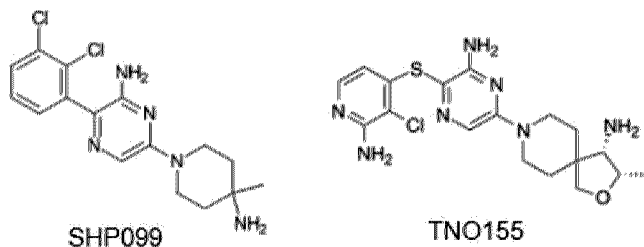
Experimental Example

Experimental Example 1: Phosphatase assay (IC_{50})

IC_{50} values were measured using 6,8-difluoro-4-methylumbelliferyl phosphate (DiFMU) as a substrate. The reaction was performed in a 384-well plate, and fluorescence measurement values were obtained using an EnVision plate reader from PerkinElmer.

SHP2 (full length, diluted to 100 pM final concentration in reaction buffer, BPS bioscience, US) was incubated with the SHP2 activating peptide in reaction buffer (60 mM HEPES (pH 7.2), 75 mM NaCl, 75 mM KCl, 1 mM EDTA, 5 mM DTT, 0.05% P-20) for 30 minutes to activate SHP2. After activation, DMSO [1% (V/V)] or the compound of the present invention (concentration ranging from 0.6 nM to 10 μM) was added. As a positive control group, the selective SHP2 inhibitors SHP099 (6-(4-amino-4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)-3-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)pyrazin-2-amine, FOCUS bioscience, Australia; concentration ranging from 0.6 nM to 10 μM) and TNO155 ((3S,4S)-8-(6-amino-5-((2-amino-3-chloropyridin-4-yl)thio)pyrazin-

2-yl)-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-4-amine, Chemietek, US; concentration ranging from 0.6 nM to 10 μ M) were used.



DiFMUP (80 μ M) was added to the reaction and incubated for a total of 2 hours to allow for the reaction to proceed. Thereafter, fluorescence (340 nm excitation, 450 nm emission) values were measured. IC₅₀ values were obtained using Graphad's Prism from the measured values depending on the concentration. The IC₅₀ values of the compounds of the present invention as obtained are summarized in Table 1 below.

In the phosphatase assay (PTPase assay), when an IC₅₀ value was 100 nM or more, + was indicated, when an IC₅₀ value was 3 nM or more and less than 100 nM, ++ was indicated, and when an IC₅₀ value was less than 3 nM, +++ was indicated.

【Table 1】

Example No.	IC ₅₀ (PTPase aS say, nM)	Example No.	IC ₅₀ (PTPase aS say, nM)
1	++	103	+++
2	+	104	+++
3	++	105	+++
4	++	106	++
5	++	107	+++
6	++	108	++
7	++	109	+++
8	++	110	+++
9	+++	111	+++
10	++	112	+++
11	+++	113	+++
12	++	114	+++
13	++	115	+++
14	++	116	+++
15	++	117	++
16	+++	118	+++
17	++	119	+++

18	+++	120	+++
19	+++	121	+++
20	+++	122	+++
21	++	123	+++
22	++	124	+++
23	++	125	+++
24	++	126	++
25	++	127	+++
26	+++	128	+++
27	+	129	+++
28	++	130	+++
29	+	131	++
30	+	132	+++
31	+++	133	++
32	+++	134	++
33	+++	135	+
34	++	136	+++
35	+++	137	++
36	+++	138	+++
37	+++	139	++
38	+++	140	+++
39	++	141	+++
40	+++	142	+++
41	+++	143	+++
42	+++	144	+++
43	+++	145	++
44	+++	146	++
45	+++	147	+++
46	++	148	++
47	+++	149	+++
48	+++	150	+++
49	++	151	+++
50	++	152	++
51	+++	153	+++
52	++	154	++

53	++	155	++
54	++	156	++
55	++	157	++
56	+++	158	+++
57	+++	159	+++
58	++	160	+++
59	+++	161	+++
60	+++	162	+++
61	+++	163	+++
62	+++	164	+++
63	+++	165	+++
64	+++	166	+++
65	+++	167	+++
66	+++	168	+++
67	++	169	+++
68	++	170	+++
69	+++	171	+++
70	+++	172	+++
71	+++	173	N.A.
72	+++	174	+++
73	+++	175	N.A.
74	++	176	+++
75	++	177	+++
76	++	178	+++
77	+++	179	+++
78	+++	180	+++
79	+++	181	++
80	+++	182	++
81	+++	183	N.A.
82	+++	184	N.A.
83	+++	185	N.A.
84	+++	186	+
85	++	187	+
86	++	188	+
87	++	189	+

88	+++	190	+
89	++	191	+
90	+++	192	+
91	++	193	+
92	+++	194	+
93	+++	195	+
94	+++	196	+
95	+++	197	++
96	++	198	+
97	+++	199	+
98	++	200	+
99	+++	201	+
100	++	202	+
101	++	SHP099 (positive control group)	+
102	+++	TNO155 (positive control group)	+++

Experimental Example 2: phospho-ERK assay

MIA PaCa2 or H358 [20,000 cell/well] was contained in 40 μ L of the cell culture solution (DMEM/RPMI, 10% FBS, penicillin, streptomycin) and placed on a 384-well plate. After 24 hours, the serially diluted compound of the present invention (concentration of minimum 0.13 nM, maximum 10 μ M) was contained in 10 μ L of the cell culture solution, put into wells containing cells, and incubated in a cell incubator for 1.5 hours. As a positive control group, the selective SHP2 inhibitors, SHP099 (FOCUS bioscience, Australia; concentration ranging from 0.6 nM to 10 μ M) and TNO155 (Chemietek, US; concentration ranging from 0.6 nM to 10 μ M) were used.

Thereafter, phospho-ERK was labeled using an AlphaLisa system from PerkinElmer according to the manufacturer's instructions, and then fluorescence (680 nm excitation wavelength, 615 nm emission wavelength) values were measured using a Varioskan equipment from Thermo. IC₅₀ values were obtained using Graphad's Prism from the measured values depending on the concentration. The IC₅₀ values of the compounds of the present invention as obtained are summarized in Table 2 below. In the phospho-ERK assay, when an IC₅₀ value was 1.5 μ M or more, + was indicated, when an IC₅₀ value was 45 nM or more and less than 1.5 μ M, ++ was indicated, and when an IC₅₀ value was less than 45 nM, +++ was indicated.

【Table 2】

Example No.	IC ₅₀ (p-ERK, nM)	Example No.	IC ₅₀ (p-ERK, nM)
1	++	103	+++
2	++	104	+++
3	++	105	+++
4	++	106	++
5	++	107	+++
6	++	108	++
7	++	109	+++
8	+	110	+++
9	+++	111	+++
10	+++	112	+++
11	+++	113	+++
12	++	114	+++
13	++	115	+++
14	++	116	+++
15	++	117	++
16	++	118	+++
17	++	119	+++
18	+++	120	+++
19	++	121	+++
20	+++	122	+++
21	++	123	+++
22	++	124	+++
23	++	125	+++
24	+	126	++
25	++	127	+++
26	+++	128	+++
27	+	129	+++
28	++	130	+++
29	+	131	++
30	+	132	+++
31	+++	133	++
32	++	134	++
33	++	135	+
34	++	136	+++

35	+++	137	++
36	+++	138	+++
37	+++	139	++
38	++	140	+++
39	++	141	+++
40	++	142	+++
41	+++	143	+++
42	+++	144	+++
43	+++	145	++
44	+++	146	++
45	+++	147	+++
46	+++	148	++
47	+++	149	+++
48	+++	150	++
49	+	151	+++
50	++	152	++
51	++	153	+++
52	++	154	++
53	+++	155	+
54	N.A.	156	+++
55	N.A.	157	++
56	N.A.	158	+++
57	N.A.	159	+++
58	N.A.	160	+++
59	N.A.	161	+++
60	+++	162	N.A.
61	+++	163	+++
62	+++	164	N.A.
63	+++	165	+++
64	+++	166	+++
65	+++	167	++
66	+++	168	+++
67	++	169	+++
68	++	170	+++
69	+++	171	+++

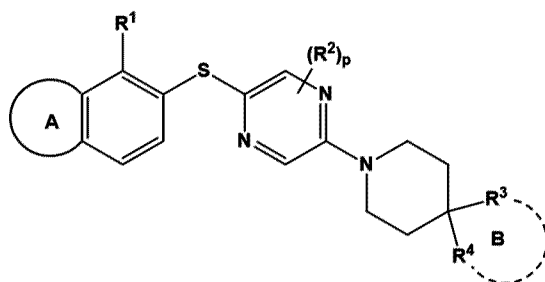
70	+++	172	+++
71	+++	173	N.A.
72	+++	174	+++
73	+++	175	N.A.
74	++	176	+++
75	++	177	+++
76	++	178	+++
77	+++	179	++
78	+++	180	++
79	+++	181	++
80	+++	182	++
81	+++	183	+
82	+++	184	N.A.
83	+++	185	N.A.
84	+++	186	++
85	+	187	N.A.
86	N.A.	188	+
87	++	189	+
88	+++	190	+
89	++	191	+
90	+++	192	N.A.
91	++	193	+
92	+++	194	+
93	+++	195	+
94	+	196	+
95	++	197	++
96	+++	198	+
97	+++	199	+
98	++	200	+
99	N.A.	201	+
100	N.A.	202	+
101	N.A.	SHP099 (positive control group)	++
102	+++	TNO155 (positive control group)	+++

CLAIMS

【Claim 1】

A compound of Formula 1A, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof:

[Formula 1A]



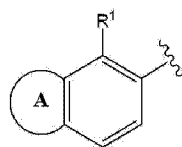
wherein,

R¹ is H, halogen, hydroxy, cyano or C₁-C₆ haloalkyl;

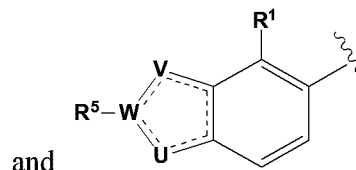
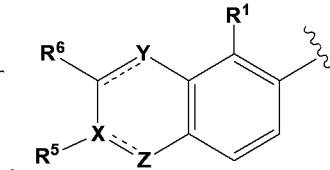
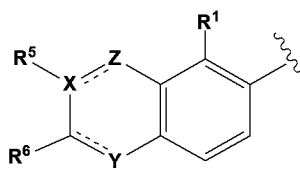
R² is selected from a group consisting of H, halogen, hydroxy, oxo, C₁-C₂₀ alkyl, C₁-C₂₀ alkoxy, C₁-C₂₀ haloalkyl, hydroxy-(C₁-C₂₀ alkyl)-, (C₁-C₁₀ alkoxy)-(C₁-C₁₀ alkyl)-, H₂N-(C₁-C₂₀ alkyl)-, -NH₂, -NH(C₁-C₂₀ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₂₀ alkyl)₂, =NH, nitro, cyano, amidino, -C(O)NH₂, -C(O)(C₁-C₂₀ alkyl), -C(O)O(C₁-C₂₀ alkyl), and carboxy or a salt thereof;

R³ and R⁴ are each independently H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, -NH₂, -NH(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₆ alkyl)₂, or H₂N-(C₁-C₆ alkyl)-, or R³ and R⁴ are connected to each other to form Ring B,

Ring B is a 3- to 8-membered cyclic ring group optionally containing one oxygen atom and optionally substituted, wherein Ring B can be optionally fused with a cycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl ring, and the cycloalkyl, aryl and heteroaryl rings fused with Ring B can be optionally substituted; and



is selected from the the following structures:



wherein ----- is a single bond or a double bond, respectively, in accordance with the valence that the ring element permits;

X is N or C,

Y is N, CH or CH₂,

Z is C(O), S(O)₂, or N,

wherein when Z is N, X is C, and Y is CH, and when Z is S(O)₂, both X and Y are N,

U is N, NR⁶ or CHR⁶,

V is CH, C(O), S, O, N, or NR⁶, and

W is N or C,

wherein when W is C, one of U and V is N, and the other is S, O or NR⁶,

and when W is N, U is CHR⁶, and V is C(O), or U is N, and V is CH,

and one or two of U, V and W is N;

R⁵ is each independently selected from:

(i) H, halogen, hydroxy, -NH₂, =NH, -C(O)NH₂, nitro, cyano, amidino, or carboxy or a salt thereof;

(ii) C₁-C₂₀ alkyl or C₁-C₂₀ alkoxy, which is optionally substituted with at least one substituent selected from a group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, C₁-C₂₀ alkyl, C₁-C₂₀ haloalkyl, C₁-C₂₀ alkoxy, C₁-C₂₀ haloalkoxy, -NR'R'', R'C(O)-, R'S(O)₂-, R'S(O)₂NR'', R''R'NC(O)-, and R'C(O)NR''-;

(iii) C₆-C₂₀ aryl, (C₆-C₁₂ aryl)-(C₁-C₈ alkyl)-, C₆-C₂₀ aryloxy, (C₆-C₁₂ aryloxy)-(C₁-C₈ alkyl)-, C₆-C₂₀ arylcarbonyl, (C₆-C₁₂ arylcarbonyl)-(C₁-C₈ alkyl)-, -CONH-(C₆-C₁₂ aryl), -CONH-(C₁-C₈ alkyl)-(C₆-C₁₂ aryl), -NHCO-(C₆-C₁₂ aryl), or -NHCO-(C₁-C₈ alkyl)-(C₆-C₁₂ aryl);

(iv) heteroaryl, heteroaryl-(C₁-C₈ alkyl)-, heteroaryloxy, heteroaryloxy-(C₁-C₈ alkyl)-, heteroarylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl-(C₁-C₈ alkyl)-, -CONH-heteroaryl, -CONH-(C₁-C₈ alkyl)-heteroaryl, -NHCO-heteroaryl, or -NHCO-(C₁-C₈ alkyl)-heteroaryl, wherein the heteroaryl ring is 4- to 10-membered heteroaryl containing at least one heteroatom selected from N, O and S;

(v) heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl-(C₁-C₈ alkyl)-, heterocycloalkyloxy, heterocycloalkyloxy-(C₁-C₈ alkyl)-, heterocycloalkylcarbonyl, heterocycloalkylcarbonyl-(C₁-C₈ alkyl)-, -CONH-heterocycloalkyl, -CONH-(C₁-C₈ alkyl)-heterocycloalkyl, -NHCO-heterocycloalkyl, or -NHCO-(C₁-C₈ alkyl)-heterocycloalkyl, wherein the heterocycloalkyl ring is 3- to 10-membered fully saturated or partially unsaturated heterocycloalkyl containing at least one heteroatom selected from N, O and S; or

(vi) C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl, (C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl)-(C₁-C₈ alkyl)-, C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyloxy, (C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyloxy)-(C₁-C₈ alkyl)-, C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkylcarbonyl, (C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkylcarbonyl)-(C₁-C₈ alkyl)-, -CONH-(C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl), -CONH-(C₁-C₈ alkyl)-(C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl), -NHCO-(C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl), or -NHCO-(C₁-C₈ alkyl)-(C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl);

wherein the aryl ring, heteroaryl ring, heterocycloalkyl ring and cycloalkyl ring as described in (iii) to (vi) can be each optionally substituted;

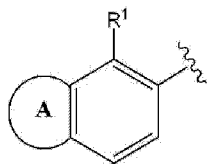
R' and R'' are each independently H or C₁-C₁₀ alkyl;

R⁶ is H or C₁-C₆ alkyl; and

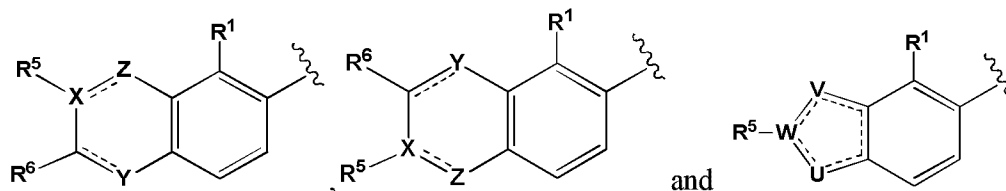
p is an integer from 0 to 2.

【Claim 2】

The compound according to claim 1, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein



is selected from the following structures:



wherein ----- is a single bond or a double bond in accordance with the valence that the ring element permits;

X is N or C,

Y is N, CH or CH₂,

Z is C(O) or S(O)₂,

wherein when Z is S(O)₂, both X and Y are N,

U is N or NR⁶,

V is CH, N or NR⁶, and

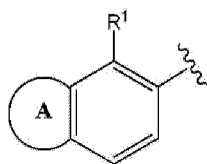
W is N or C,

wherein when W is C, one of U and V is N, and the other is NR⁶, and

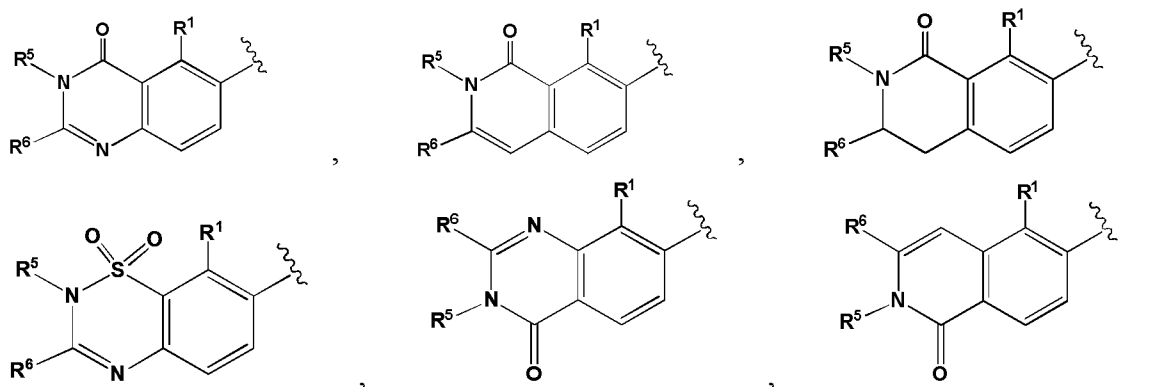
when W is N, U is N, and V is CH.

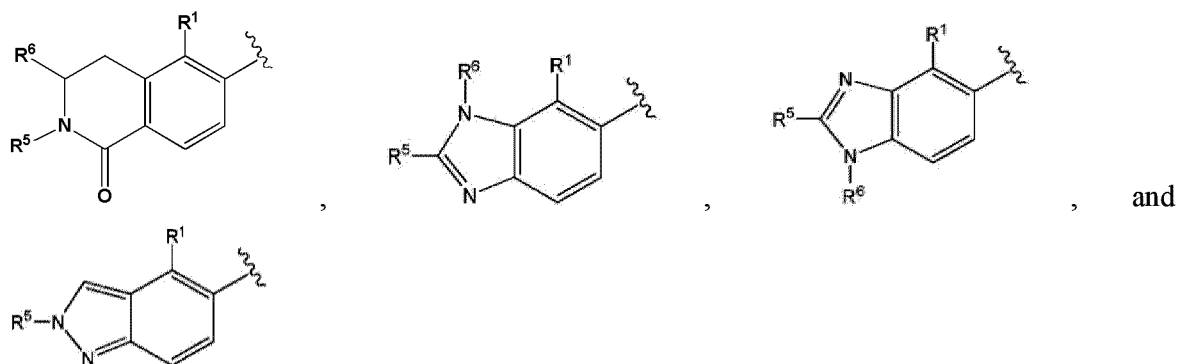
【Claim 3】

The compound according to claim 2, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein



is selected from the following structures:



**【Claim 4】**

The compound according to claim 1, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

R^1 is halogen or C_1 - C_3 haloalkyl;

R^2 is selected from a group consisting of H, halogen, hydroxy, oxo, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl, hydroxy- $(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl)-, $(C_1$ - C_6 alkoxy)- $(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl)-, H_2N - $(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl)-, $-NH_2$, $-NH(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl), $-N(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl) $_2$, nitro, cyano, amidino, $-C(O)NH_2$, $-C(O)(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl), $-C(O)O(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl), and carboxy or a salt thereof;

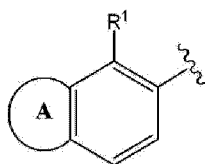
R^3 and R^4 are each independently H, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, $-NH_2$, $-NH(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl), $-N(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl) $_2$, or H_2N - $(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl)-, or R^3 and R^4 are connected to each other to form Ring B,

Ring B is a C_3 - C_8 cycloalkyl or 3- to 8-membered heterocycloalkyl ring that optionally contains one oxygen atom and is optionally substituted with at least one R^B ,

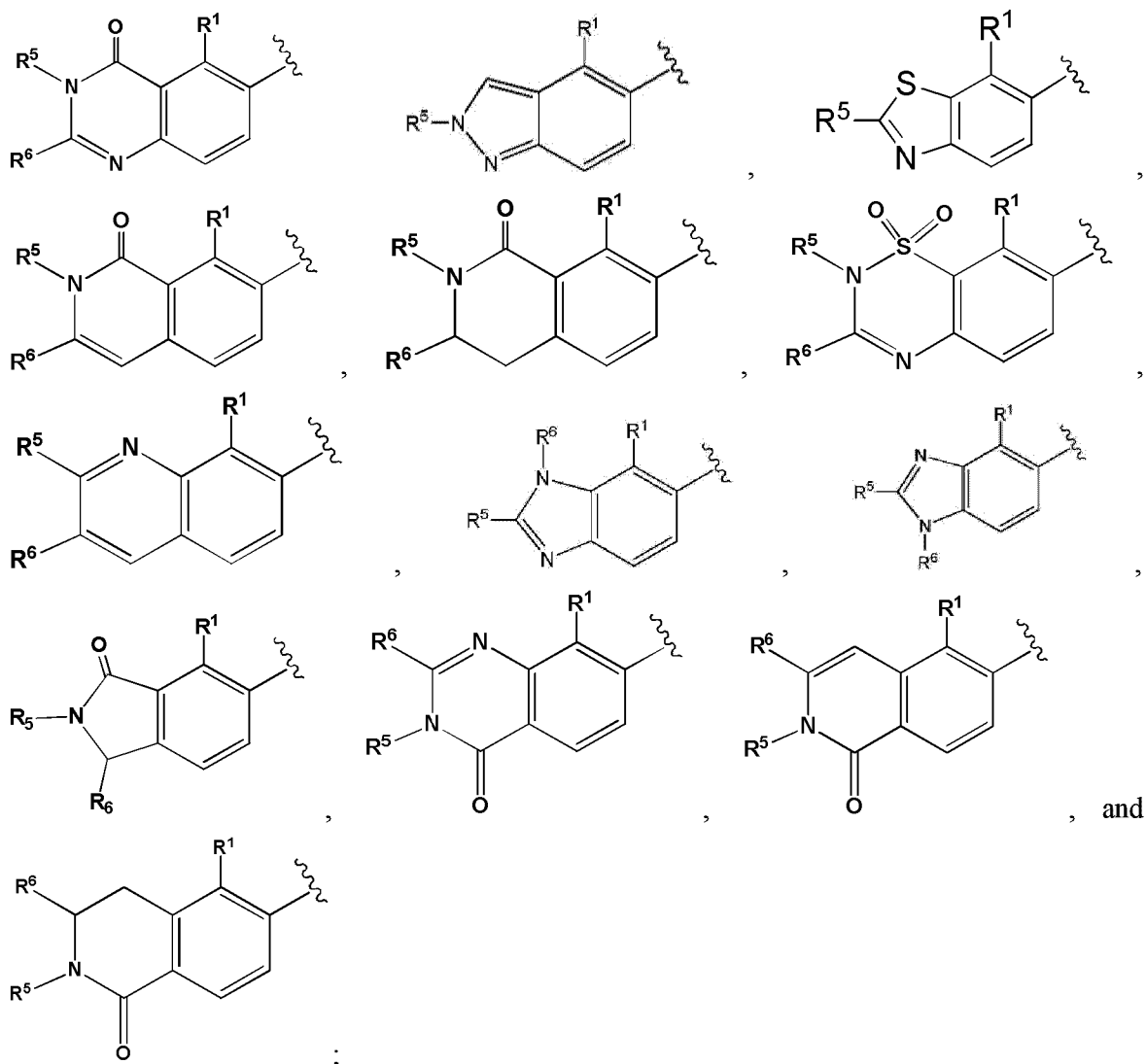
Ring B can be optionally fused with Ring BB selected from C_3 - C_8 cycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{10} aryl, and 5- to 10-membered heteroaryl containing one or two heteroatoms selected from N, O and S, and Ring BB can be optionally substituted with at least one R^{BB} ,

R^B is selected from a group consisting of deuterium, $(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl), $-NH_2$, $-NH(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl), $-N(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl) $_2$, and H_2N - $(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl)-;

R^{BB} is selected from a group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, oxo, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl, hydroxy- $(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl)-, $(C_1$ - C_6 alkoxy)- $(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl)-, H_2N - $(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl)-, $-NH_2$, $-NH(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl), $-N(C_1$ - C_6 alkyl) $_2$, nitro, cyano and amidino;



is selected from the following structures:



wherein R^5 is each independently selected from:

- (i) H, halogen, hydroxy, $-NH_2$, $=NH$, $-C(O)NH_2$, nitro, cyano, amidino, or carboxy or a salt thereof;
- (ii) C_1 - C_6 alkyl or C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, which is optionally substituted with at least one substituent selected from a group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 haloalkoxy, $-NR'R''$, $R'C(O)-$, $R'S(O)_2-$, $R'S(O)_2NR''-$, $R''R'NC(O)-$, and $R'C(O)NR''-$;
- (iii) C_6 - C_{10} aryl, $(C_6$ - C_{10} aryl)-(C_1 - C_5 alkyl)-, C_6 - C_{10} aryloxy, $(C_6$ - C_{10} aryloxy)-(C_1 - C_5 alkyl)-, C_6 - C_{10} arylcarbonyl, $(C_6$ - C_{10} arylcarbonyl)-(C_1 - C_5 alkyl)-, $-CONH-(C_6$ - C_{10} aryl), $-CONH-(C_1$ - C_5 alkyl)-(C_6 - C_{10} aryl), $-NHCO-(C_6$ - C_{10} aryl) or $-NHCO-(C_1$ - C_5 alkyl)-(C_6 - C_{10} aryl), wherein the aryl ring can be optionally substituted with at least one R^{5a} ;

(iv) heteroaryl, heteroaryl-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-, heteroaryloxy, heteroaryloxy-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-, heteroarylcarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-, -CONH-heteroaryl, -CONH-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-heteroaryl, -NHCO-heteroaryl, or -NHCO-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-heteroaryl, wherein the heteroaryl ring is 5- to 10-membered heteroaryl containing one to three heteroatoms selected from N, O and S, and can be optionally substituted with at least one R^{5a};

(v) heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-, heterocycloalkyloxy, heterocycloalkyloxy-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-, heterocycloalkylcarbonyl, heterocycloalkylcarbonyl-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-, -CONH-heterocycloalkyl, -CONH-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-heterocycloalkyl, -NHCO-heterocycloalkyl, or -NHCO-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-heterocycloalkyl, wherein the heterocycloalkyl ring is 3- to 10-membered fully saturated or partially unsaturated heterocycloalkyl containing one or three heteroatom selected from N, O and S, and can be optionally substituted with at least one R^{5a}; or

(vi) C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl, (C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl)-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-, C₃-C₈ cycloalkyloxy, (C₃-C₈ cycloalkyloxy)-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-, C₃-C₈ cycloalkylcarbonyl, (C₃-C₈ cycloalkylcarbonyl)-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-, -CONH-(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), -CONH-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), -NHCO-(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), or -NHCO-(C₁-C₅ alkyl)-(C₃-C₈ cycloalkyl), wherein the cycloalkyl ring can be optionally substituted with at least one R^{5a};

R' and R'' are each independently H or C₁-C₆ alkyl;

R^{5a} is selected from a group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, -NH₂, -NH(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₆ alkyl)₂, cyano, oxo, nitro, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₁-C₆ alkoxy; C₁-C₆ alkyl substituted with halogen, hydroxy, C₁-C₆ alkoxy, -NH₂ or cyano; C₁-C₆ alkoxy substituted with halogen, hydroxy, C₁-C₆ alkyl, -NH₂ or cyano; and halogen-SO₂-, (C₁-C₆ alkyl)-SO₂-, -SO₂NH₂, -SO₂NH(C₁-C₆ alkyl), and -SO₂N(C₁-C₆ alkyl)₂;

wherein R⁶ is H or C₁-C₆ alkyl; and

p is an integer from 0 to 2.

【Claim 5】

The compound according to claim 4, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

R¹ is halogen;

R² is selected from a group consisting of H, halogen, hydroxy, oxo, C₁-C₃ alkyl, C₁-C₃ alkoxy, C₁-C₃ haloalkyl, hydroxy-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, (C₁-C₃ alkoxy)-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, H₂N-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, -NH₂, -NH(C₁-C₃ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₃ alkyl)₂, nitro, cyano, -C(O)NH₂, -C(O)(C₁-C₃ alkyl), -C(O)O(C₁-C₃ alkyl), and carboxy or a salt thereof;

R³ and R⁴ are each independently H, C₁-C₃ alkyl, -NH₂, -NH(C₁-C₃ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₃ alkyl)₂, or H₂N-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, or R³ and R⁴ are connected to each other to form Ring B,

Ring B is C₄-C₆ cycloalkyl or a 4- to 6-membered heterocycloalkyl ring that optionally contains one oxygen atom and is optionally substituted with at least one R^B, wherein R^B is selected

from a group consisting of deuterium, (C₁-C₃ alkyl), -NH₂, -NH(C₁-C₃ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₃ alkyl)₂, and H₂N-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-,

Ring B can be optionally fused with Ring BB, and Ring BB is selected from C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl, C₆-C₁₀ aryl, and 5- to 7-membered heteroaryl containing one or two heteroatom selected from N, O and S, and Ring BB can be optionally substituted with at least one R^{BB}, wherein R^{BB} is selected from a group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, oxo, C₁-C₃ alkyl, C₁-C₃ alkoxy, C₁-C₃ haloalkyl, hydroxy-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, (C₁-C₃ alkoxy)-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, H₂N-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, -NH₂, -NH(C₁-C₃ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₃ alkyl)₂, nitro and cyano;

wherein R⁵ is each independently selected from the following (i) to (vi):

- (i) H, halogen, hydroxy, -NH₂, -C(O)NH₂, nitro, cyano or carboxy or a salt thereof;
- (ii) C₁-C₆ alkyl or C₁-C₆ alkoxy, which is optionally substituted with at least one substituent selected from a group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₁-C₆ haloalkyl, C₁-C₆ alkoxy, C₁-C₆ haloalkoxy, -NR'R'', R'C(O)-, R'S(O)₂-, R'S(O)₂NR'', R'R'NC(O)-, and R'C(O)NR''-;
- (iii) C₆-C₁₀ aryl, (C₆-C₁₀ aryl)-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, C₆-C₁₀ aryloxy, (C₆-C₁₀ aryloxy)-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, C₆-C₁₀ arylcarbonyl or (C₆-C₁₀ arylcarbonyl)-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, wherein the aryl ring can be optionally substituted with at least one R^{5a};
- (iv) heteroaryl, heteroaryl-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, heteroaryloxy, heteroaryloxy-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, heteroarylcarbonyl or heteroarylcarbonyl-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, wherein the heteroaryl ring is a 5- to 6-membered monocyclic heteroaryl or 9- to 10-membered bicyclic heteroaryl ring containing one or two heteroatom selected from N, O and S, and can be optionally substituted with at least one R^{5a};
- (v) heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, heterocycloalkyloxy, heterocycloalkyloxy-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, heterocycloalkylcarbonyl, or heterocycloalkylcarbonyl-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, wherein the heterocycloalkyl ring is 4- to 7-membered fully saturated or partially unsaturated heterocycloalkyl containing one or two heteroatom selected from N, O and S, and can be optionally substituted with at least one R^{5a}; or
- (vi) C₄-C₈ cycloalkyl, (C₄-C₈ cycloalkyl)-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, C₄-C₈ cycloalkyloxy, (C₄-C₈ cycloalkyloxy)-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, C₄-C₈ cycloalkylcarbonyl, or (C₄-C₈ cycloalkylcarbonyl)-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, wherein the cycloalkyl ring can be optionally substituted with at least one R^{5a};

R' and R'' are each independently H or C₁-C₆ alkyl;

R^{5a} is selected from a group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, oxo, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₁-C₆ alkoxy, C₁-C₆ haloalkyl, hydroxy-(C₁-C₆ alkyl)-, (C₁-C₆ alkoxy)-(C₁-C₆ alkyl)-, -NH₂, -NH(C₁-C₆ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₆ alkyl)₂, nitro, cyano, halogen-SO₂-, (C₁-C₆ alkyl)-SO₂- and -SO₂NH₂;

R⁶ is H or C₁-C₆ alkyl;

p is an integer from 0 to 2.

【Claim 6】

The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 5, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein R^1 is F or Cl.

【Claim 7】

The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 5, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein R^2 is selected from a group consisting of H, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, hydroxy-(C_1 - C_6 alkyl)-, $-NH_2$, $-C(O)NH_2$ and $-C(O)(C_1-C_6 \text{ alkyl})$.

【Claim 8】

The compound according to claim 5, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein R^2 is selected from a group consisting of H, C_1 - C_3 alkyl, hydroxy-(C_1 - C_3 alkyl)-, $-NH_2$, $-C(O)NH_2$ and $-C(O)(C_1-C_3 \text{ alkyl})$.

【Claim 9】

The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 5, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein R^1 is F or Cl; and R^2 is H, $-CH_3$, $-CH_2OH$, $-NH_2$, $-C(O)NH_2$ or $-C(O)CH_3$.

【Claim 10】

The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 5, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

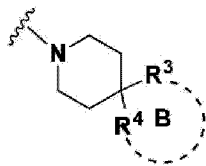
one of R^3 and R^4 is C_1 - C_3 alkyl, and the other is $-NH_2$ or $H_2N-(C_1-C_3 \text{ alkyl})$ -, or R^3 and R^4 are connected to each other to form Ring B, wherein Ring B is a cyclopentane ring or a tetrahydrofuran ring, and Ring B can be optionally substituted with at least one R^B selected from deuterium, C_1 - C_3 alkyl and $-NH_2$;

Ring B can be optionally fused with Ring BB selected from a C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl ring, a benzene ring, a pyridine ring or a thiazole ring;

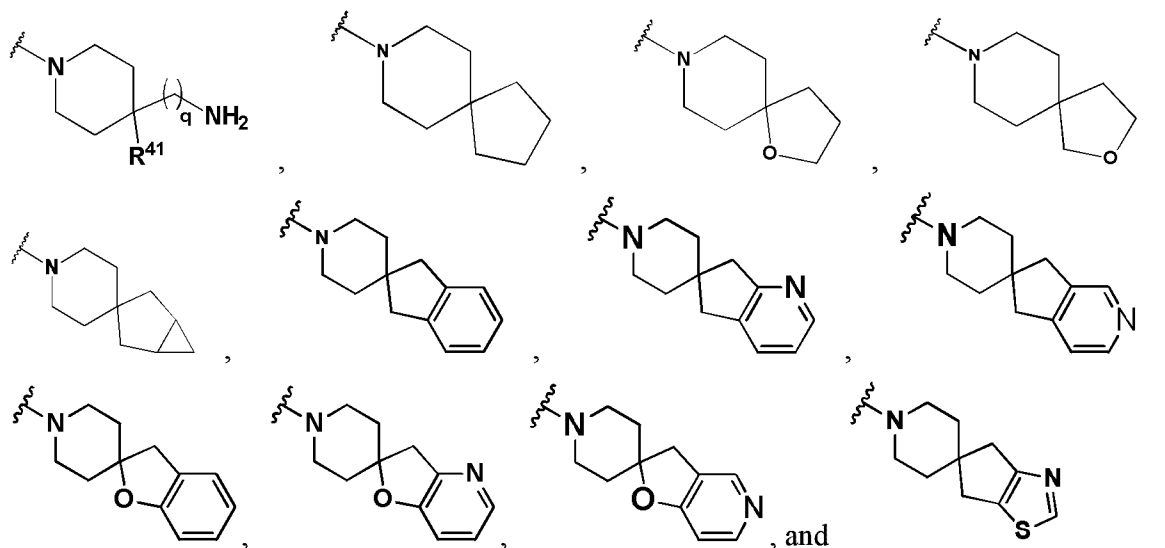
Ring BB can be optionally substituted with at least one R^{BB} selected from a group consisting of halogen, cyano, hydroxy, C_1 - C_3 alkyl and C_1 - C_3 alkoxy.

【Claim 11】

The compound according to claim 10, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein



of Formula 1A is selected from the following structures:

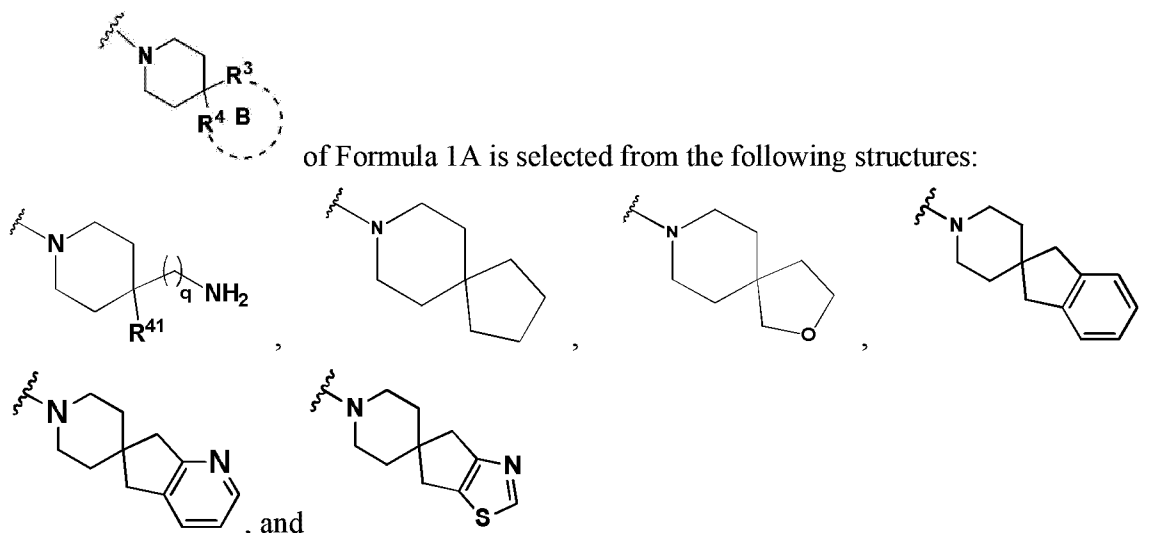


(In the formulae above, R^{41} is C_1 - C_3 alkyl, and q is an integer from 0 to 3);

wherein Ring B in the above structures can be optionally substituted with at least one R^B selected from deuterium, methyl and $-NH_2$, and Ring BB can be optionally substituted with at least one R^{BB} selected from a group consisting of halogen, cyano, hydroxy, methyl and methoxy.

【Claim 12】

The compound according to claim 11, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein



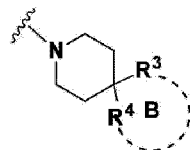
of Formula 1A is selected from the following structures:

(In the formula above, R^{41} is methyl, and q is 0 or 1);

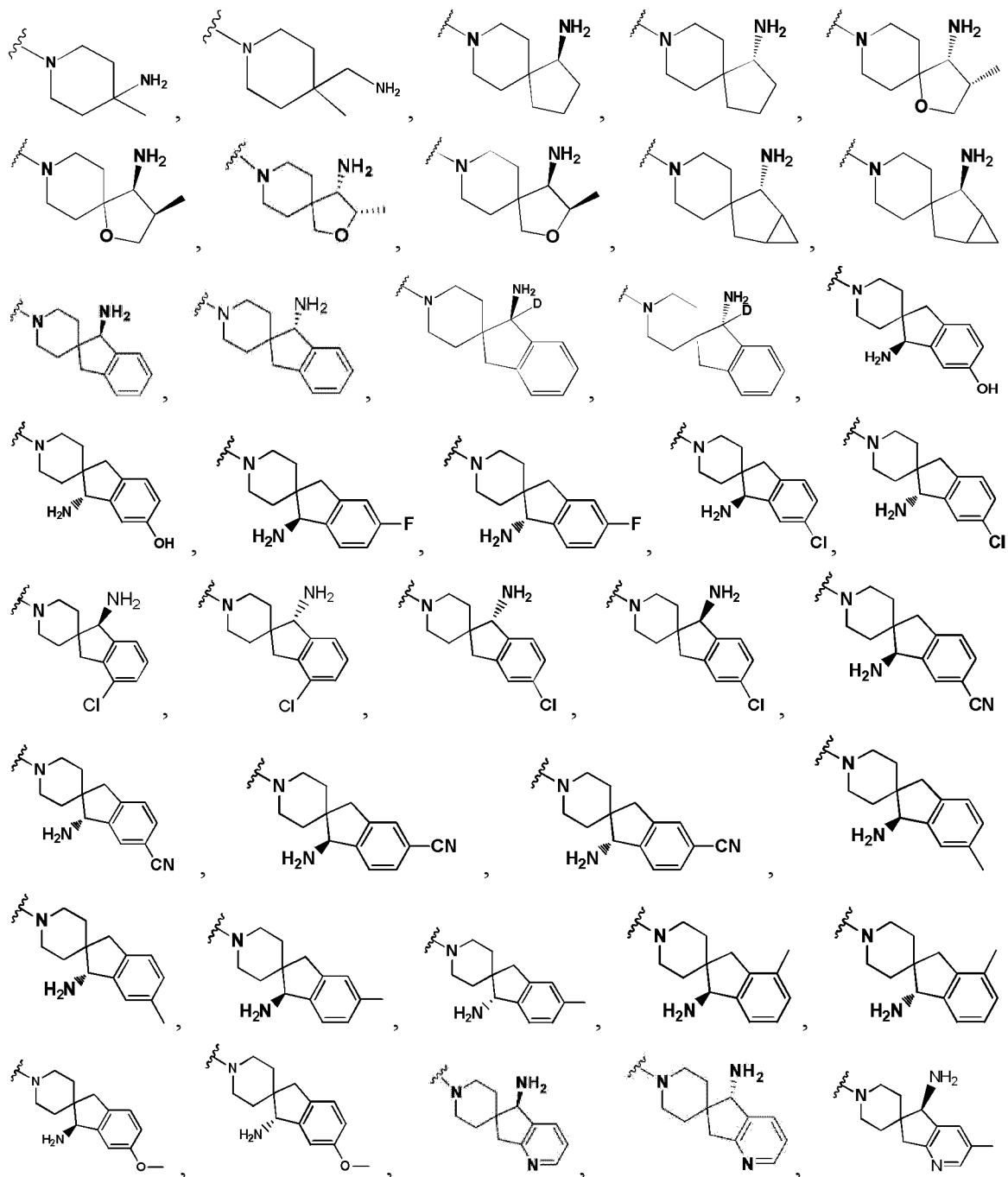
wherein Ring B in the above structures can be optionally substituted with at least one R^B selected from methyl and $-NH_2$, and Ring BB is optionally substituted with at least one R^{BB} selected from a group consisting of halogen, cyano, hydroxy, methyl and methoxy.

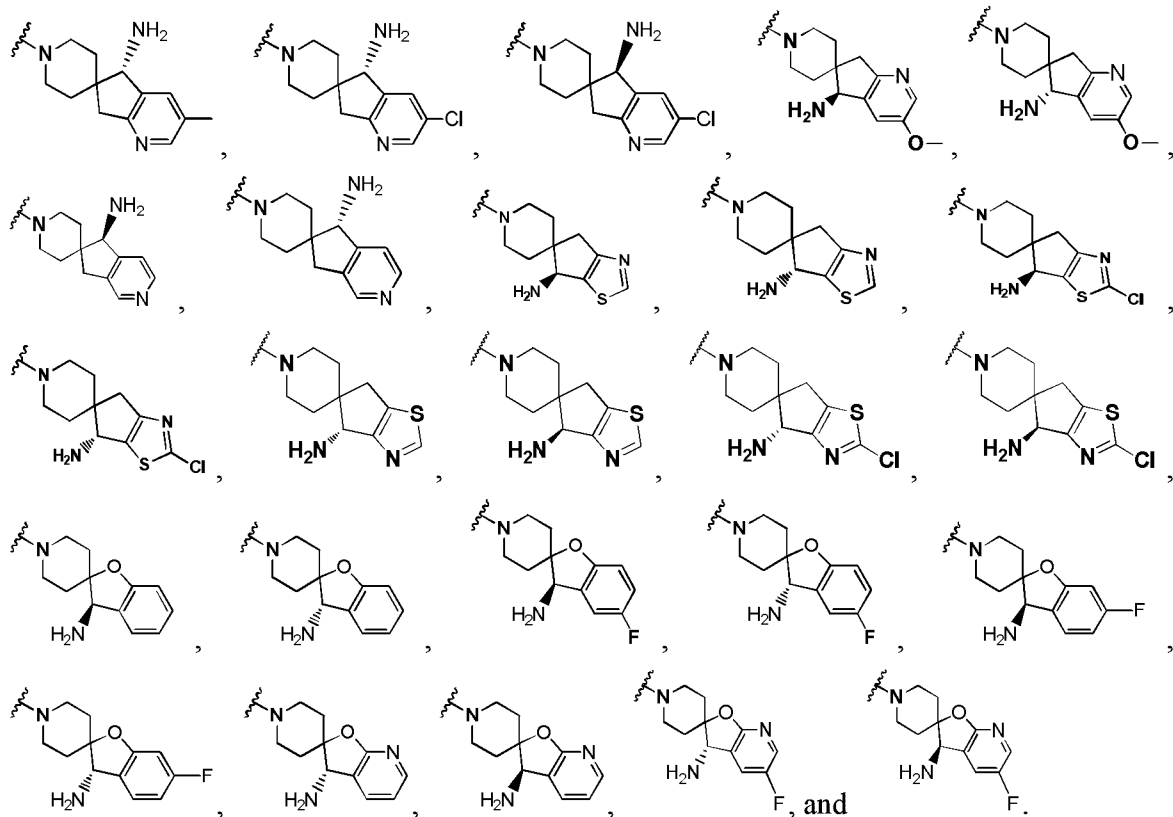
【Claim 13】

The compound according to claim 11, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein



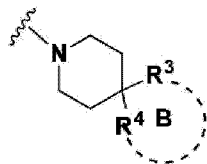
of Formula 1A is selected from the following structures:



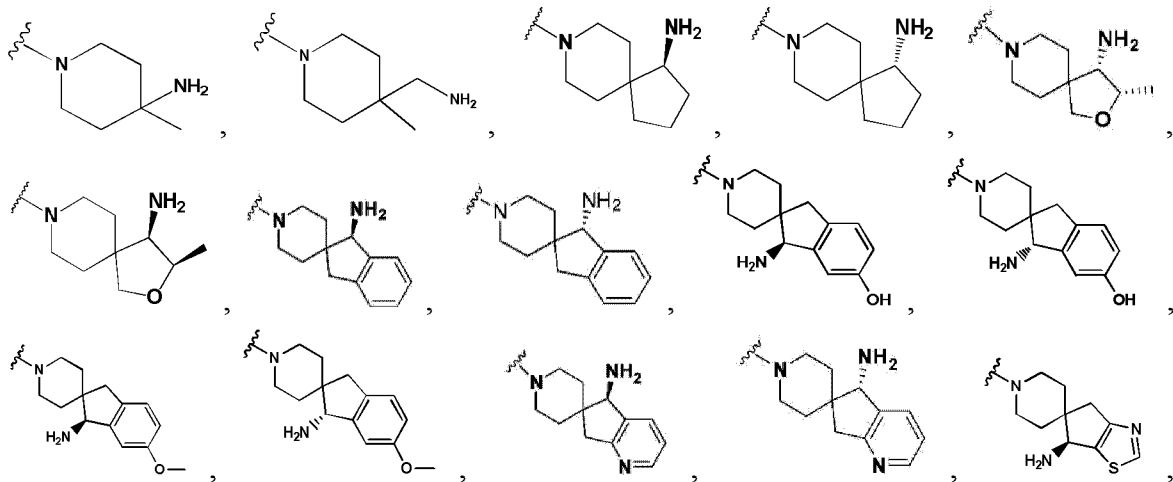


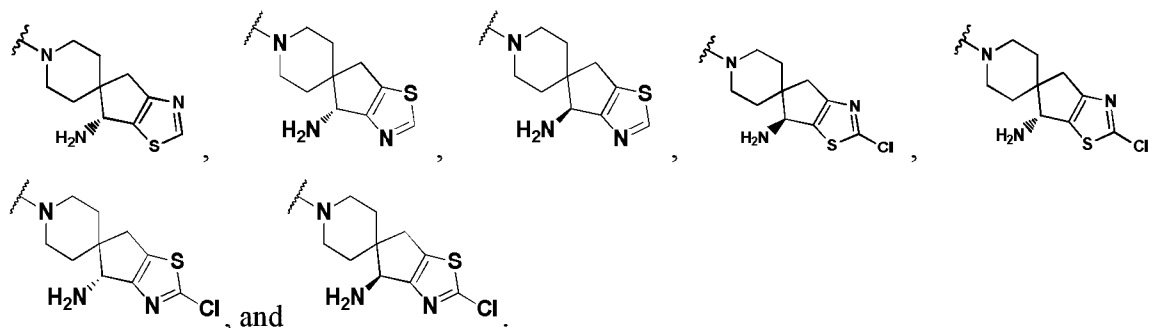
【Claim 14】

The compound according to claim 13, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein



of Formula 1A is selected from the following structures:





【Claim 15】

The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 5, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein

R^5 is each independently selected from the following (i) to (vi):

- (i) H, halogen, hydroxy, $-\text{NH}_2$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NH}_2$, nitro, cyano or carboxy or a salt thereof;
- (ii) $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkyl, which is optionally substituted with at least one substituent selected from a group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ haloalkyl, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkoxy, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ haloalkoxy, $-\text{NR}'\text{R}''$, $\text{R}'\text{C}(\text{O})-$, $\text{R}'\text{S}(\text{O})_2-$, $\text{R}'\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{NR}''-$, $\text{R}''\text{R}'\text{NC}(\text{O})-$ and $\text{R}'\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}''-$; $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6$ alkoxy; or $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkoxy})-(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6 \text{ alkoxy})-$, wherein the R' and R'' are each independently H or $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_3$ alkyl;
- (iii) phenyl, phenyl- $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_3 \text{ alkyl})-$, phenyloxy, phenyloxy- $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_3 \text{ alkyl})-$, phenylcarbonyl, or phenylcarbonyl- $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_3 \text{ alkyl})-$, wherein the phenyl ring can be optionally substituted with at least one R^{5a} ;
- (iv) heteroaryl, heteroaryl- $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_3 \text{ alkyl})-$, heteroaryloxy, heteroaryloxy- $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_3 \text{ alkyl})-$, heteroarylcarbonyl, or heteroarylcarbonyl- $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_3 \text{ alkyl})-$, wherein the heteroaryl ring is selected from a group consisting of pyrrolyl, furanyl, thiophenyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, isoxazolyl, oxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, indolyl, benzofuranyl, benzothiophenyl, benzopyrazolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzooxazolyl, benzoisoxazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzoisothiazolyl and 1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridinyl, and can be optionally substituted with at least one R^{5a} ;
- (v) heterocycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl- $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_3 \text{ alkyl})-$, heterocycloalkyloxy, heterocycloalkyloxy- $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_3 \text{ alkyl})-$, heterocycloalkylcarbonyl, or heterocycloalkylcarbonyl- $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_3 \text{ alkyl})-$, wherein the heterocycloalkyl ring is selected from a group consisting of oxetanyl, azetidiny, pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydrothiophenyl, piperidinyl, tetrahydropyranyl, 4H-pyranyl, 3,6-dihydro-2H-pyranyl, 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyranyl, 1,2-dihydropyridinyl, 1,4-dihydropyridinyl, 1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridinyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyridinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, thiomorpholinyl, oxazolidinyl and 2-oxo-oxazolidinyl, and can be optionally substituted with at least one R^{5a} ; or

(vi) C₅-C₇ cycloalkyl, (C₅-C₇ cycloalkyl)-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, C₅-C₇ cycloalkyloxy, (C₅-C₇ cycloalkyloxy)-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, C₅-C₇ cycloalkylcarbonyl, or (C₅-C₇ cycloalkylcarbonyl)-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, wherein the cycloalkyl ring can be optionally substituted with at least one R^{5a}, and

wherein R^{5a} is selected from a group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, oxo, C₁-C₃ alkyl, C₁-C₃ alkoxy, C₁-C₃ haloalkyl, hydroxy-(C₁-C₃ alkyl)-, -NH₂, -NH(C₁-C₃ alkyl), -N(C₁-C₃ alkyl)₂, nitro, cyano, -SO₂F and -SO₂Cl.

【Claim 16】

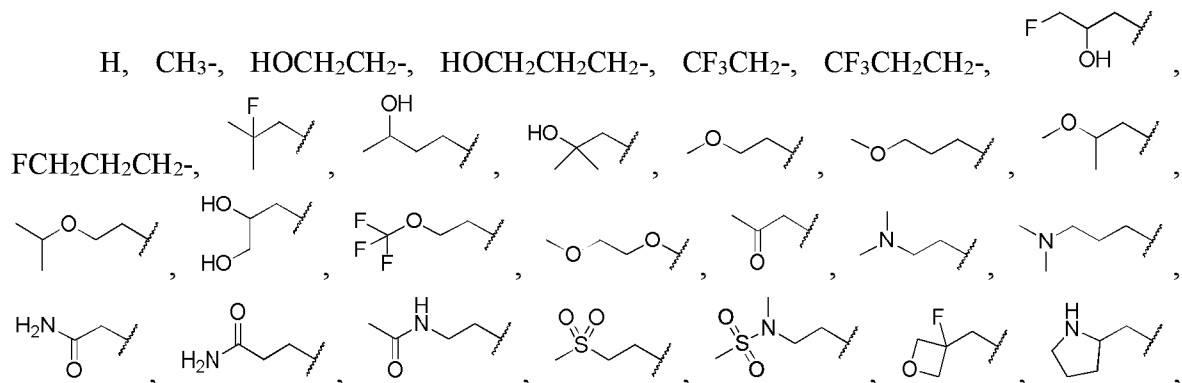
The compound according to claim 15, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein the heteroaryl ring is selected from a group consisting of pyridinyl, pyrazolyl, isoxazolyl, furanyl, pyrimidinyl, thiazolyl, pyrazinyl, benzimidazolyl, benzooxazolyl and 1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridinyl; and the heterocycloalkyl ring is selected from a group consisting of pyrrolidinyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydropyranyl, 3,6-dihydro-2H-pyran, morpholinyl, oxetan, piperidinyl and 2-oxo-oxazolidinyl.

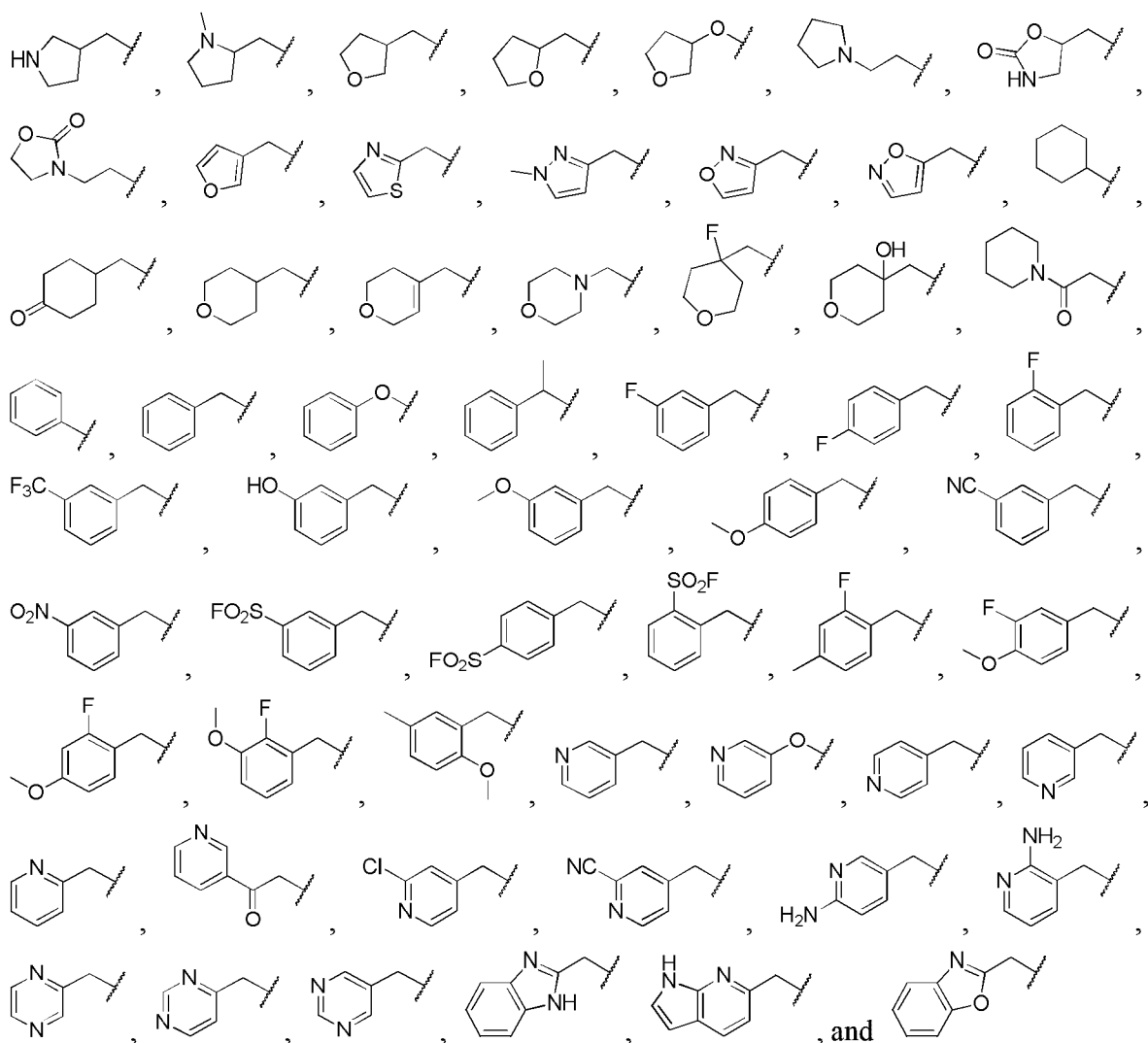
【Claim 17】

The compound according to claim 15, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein R⁵ is selected from a group consisting of phenyl, benzyl, 1-phenylethyl, phenoxy, pyridinylmethyl, pyridinyloxy, pyridinylcarbonylmethyl, pyrazolylmethyl, pyrrolidinylmethyl, pyrrolidinylethyl, isoxazolylmethyl, tetrahydrofuranyl, tetrahydrofuranyloxy, tetrahydropyranyl, 3,6-dihydro-2H-pyran, morpholinyl, oxetan, piperidinyl, piperidinylcarbonylmethyl, 2-oxo-oxazolidinylethyl, 2-oxo-oxazolidinylmethyl, furanyl, pyrimidinyl, thiazolyl, pyrazinyl, benzimidazolyl, benzooxazolyl, 1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridinyl and cyclohexyl; and wherein R⁵ is optionally substituted with at least one R^{5a} selected from a group consisting of at least one F, Cl, OH, -CH₃, -OCH₃, cyano, oxo, -NH₂, NO₂, SO₂F and CF₃.

【Claim 18】

The compound according to claim 15, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein R⁵ is selected from:



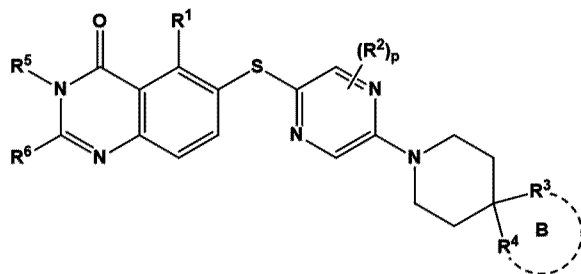


(In the above structures,  represents a binding position with the remaining residue of the compound).

【Claim 19】

The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 18, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein the compound of Formula 1A is a compound represented by the following Formula 1A-1:

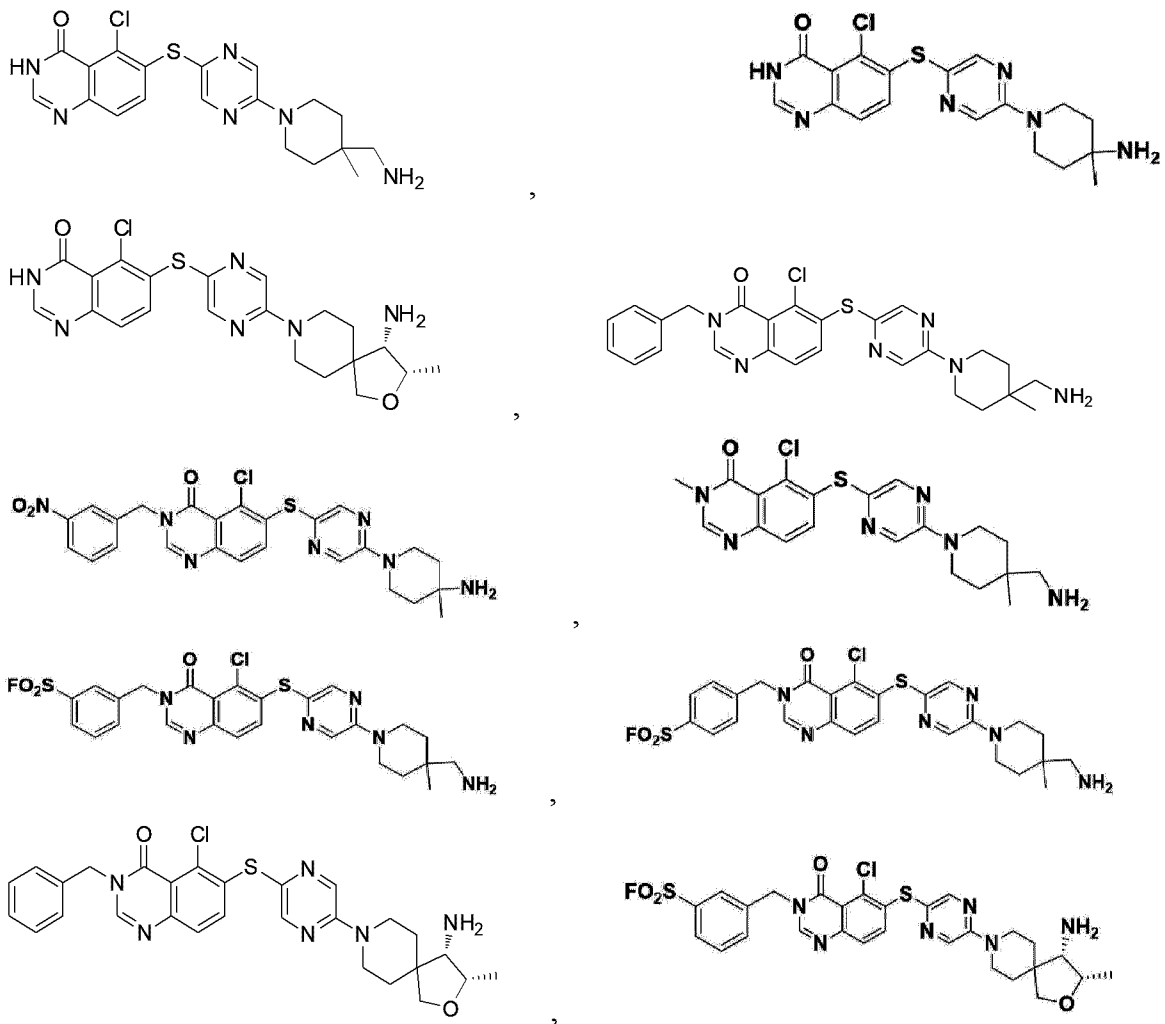
[Formula 1A-1]

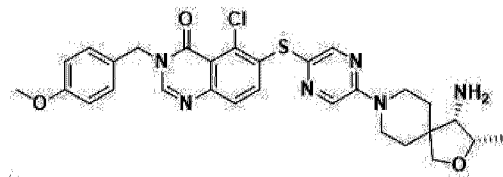
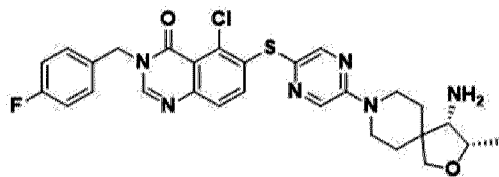
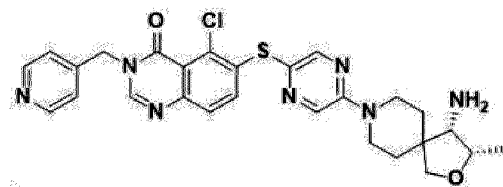
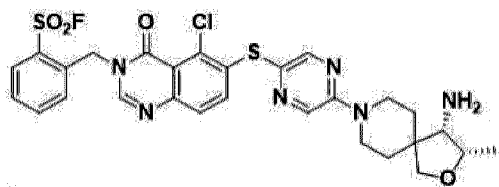
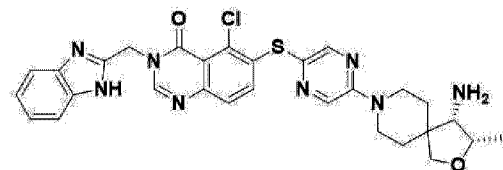
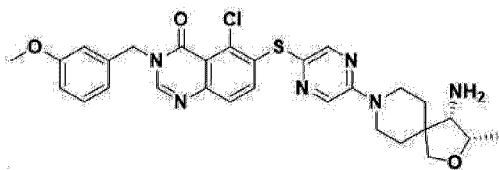
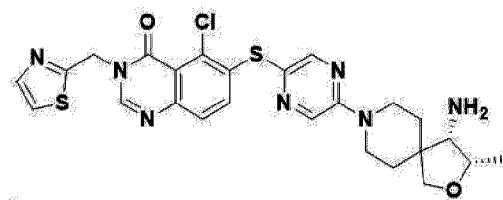
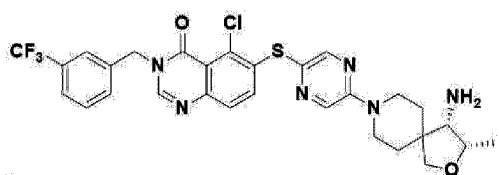
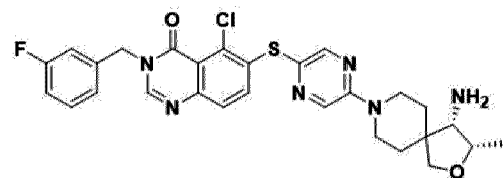
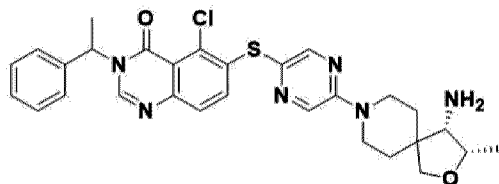
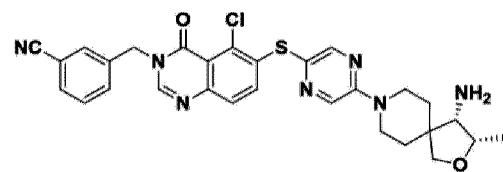
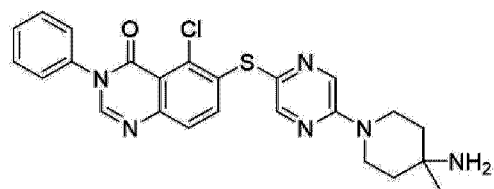
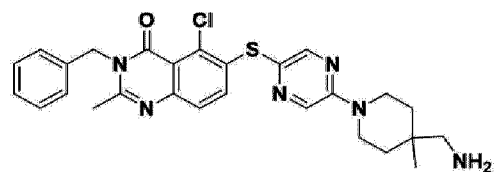
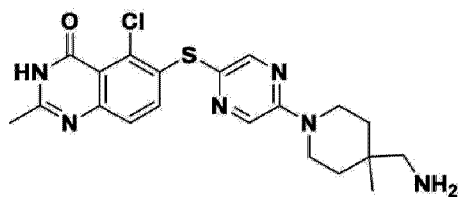
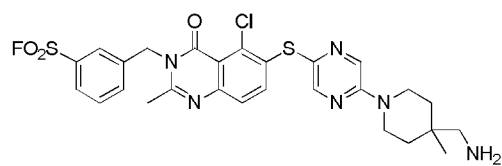
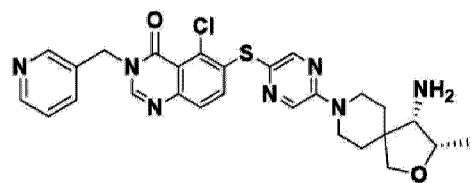


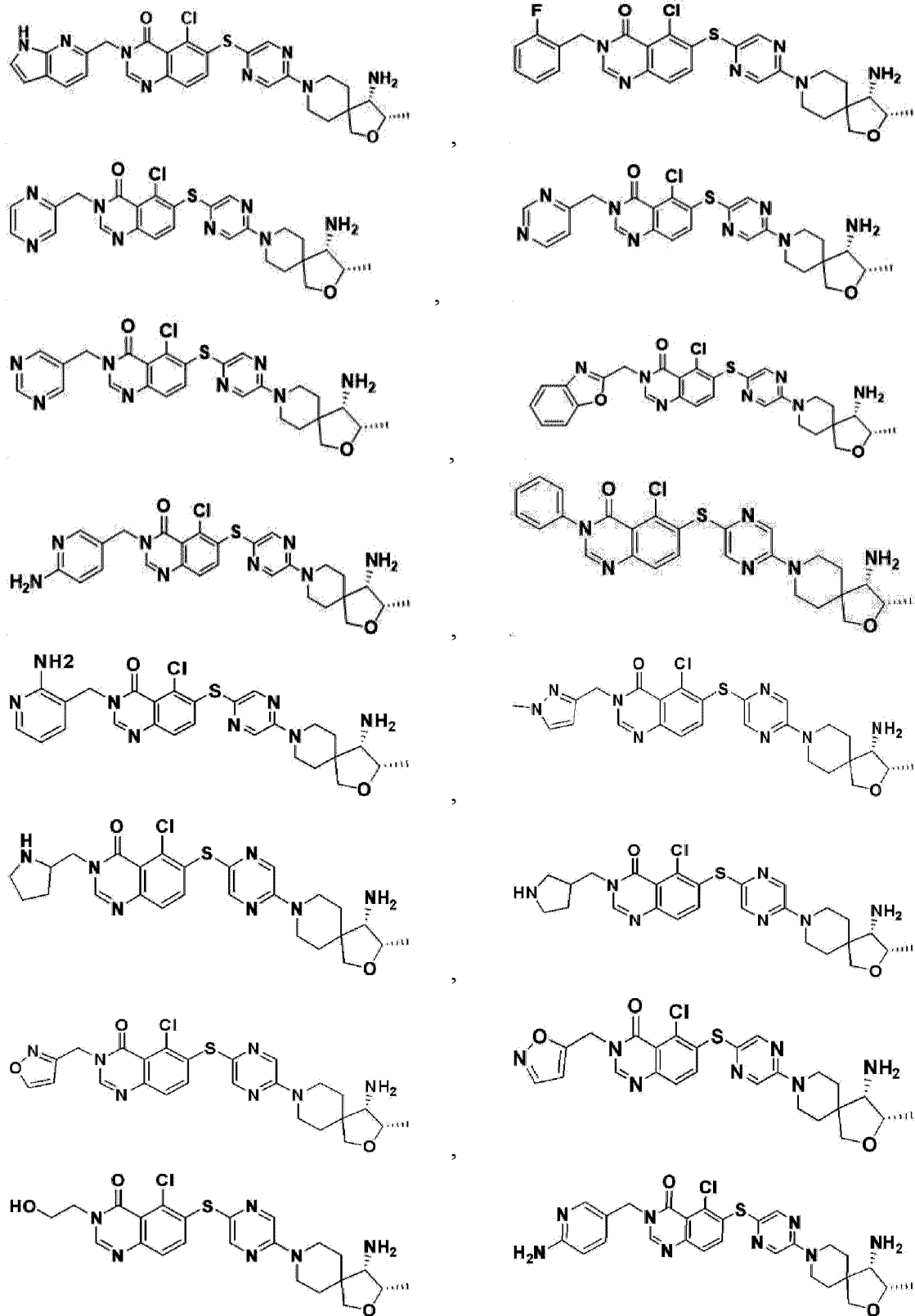
wherein the definitions of R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , R^6 , Ring B and p are as described in any one of claims 1 to 18.

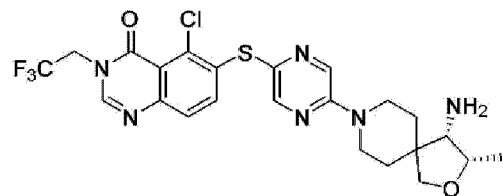
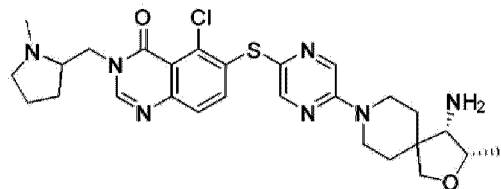
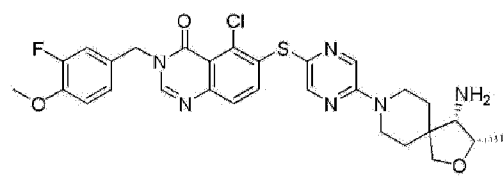
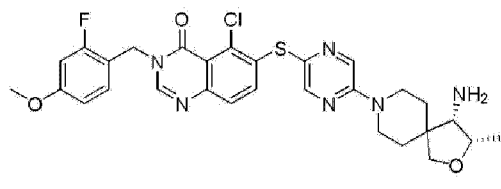
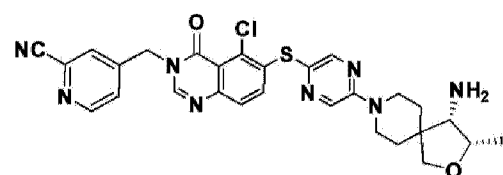
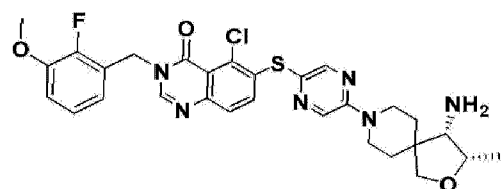
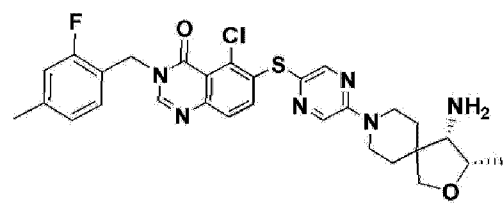
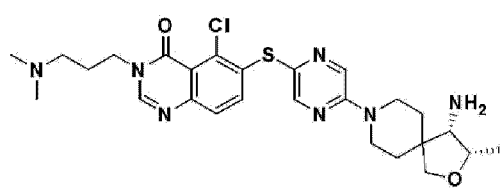
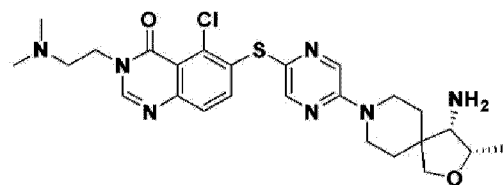
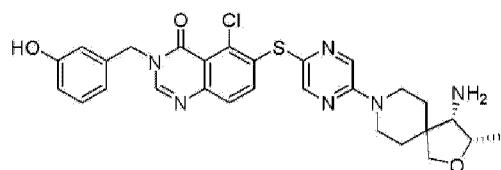
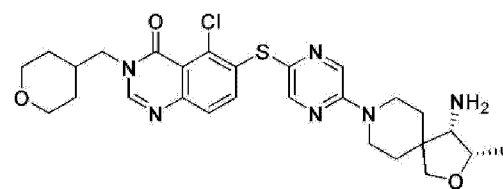
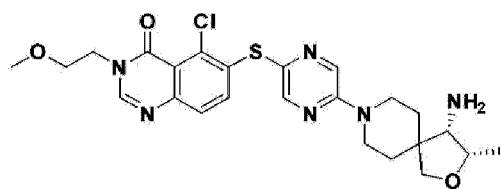
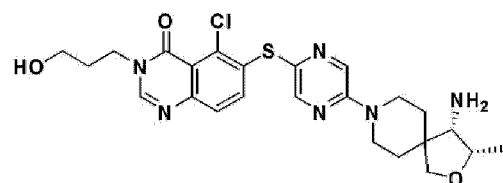
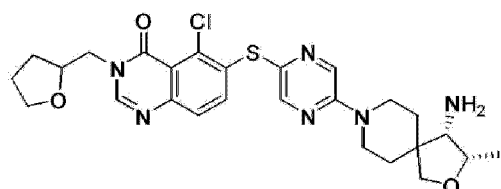
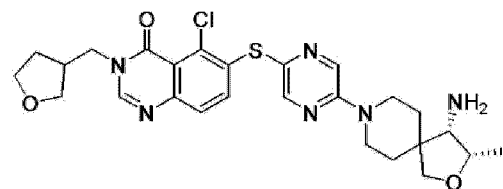
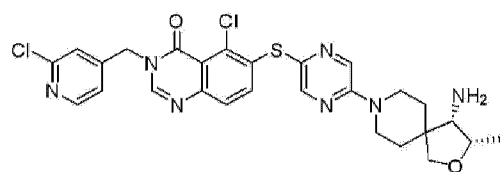
【Claim 20】

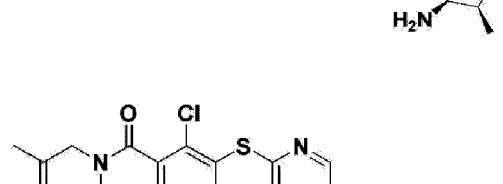
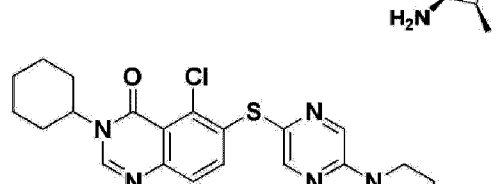
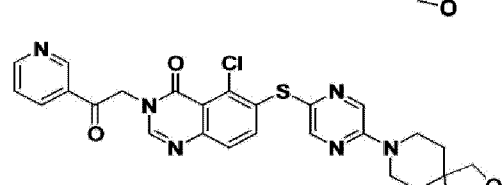
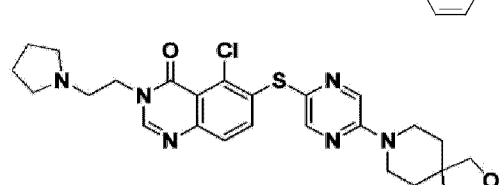
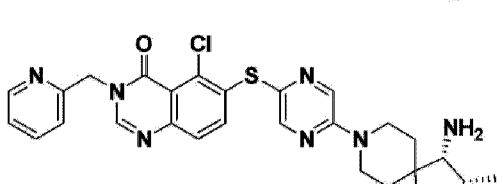
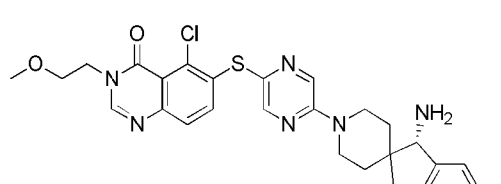
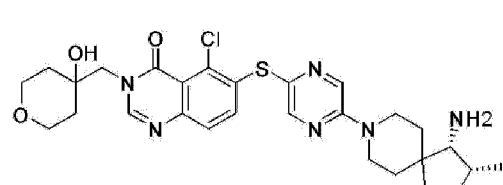
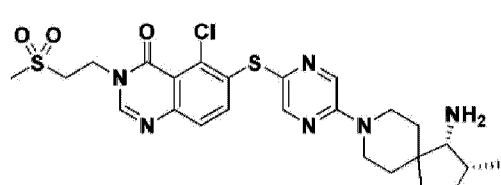
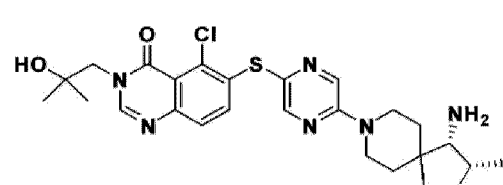
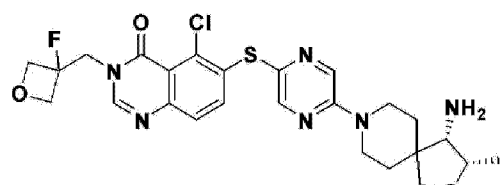
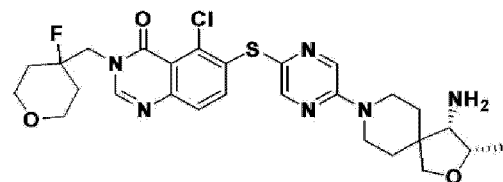
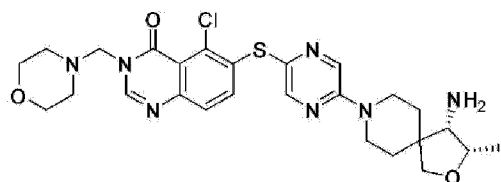
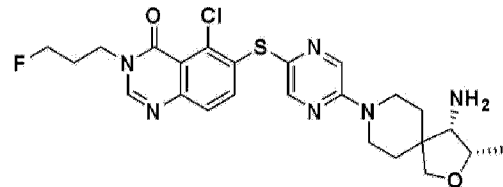
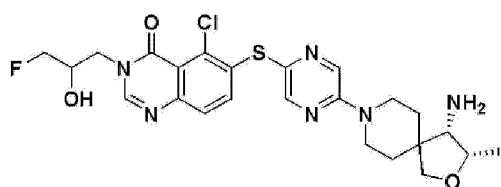
The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 18, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein the compound is selected from:

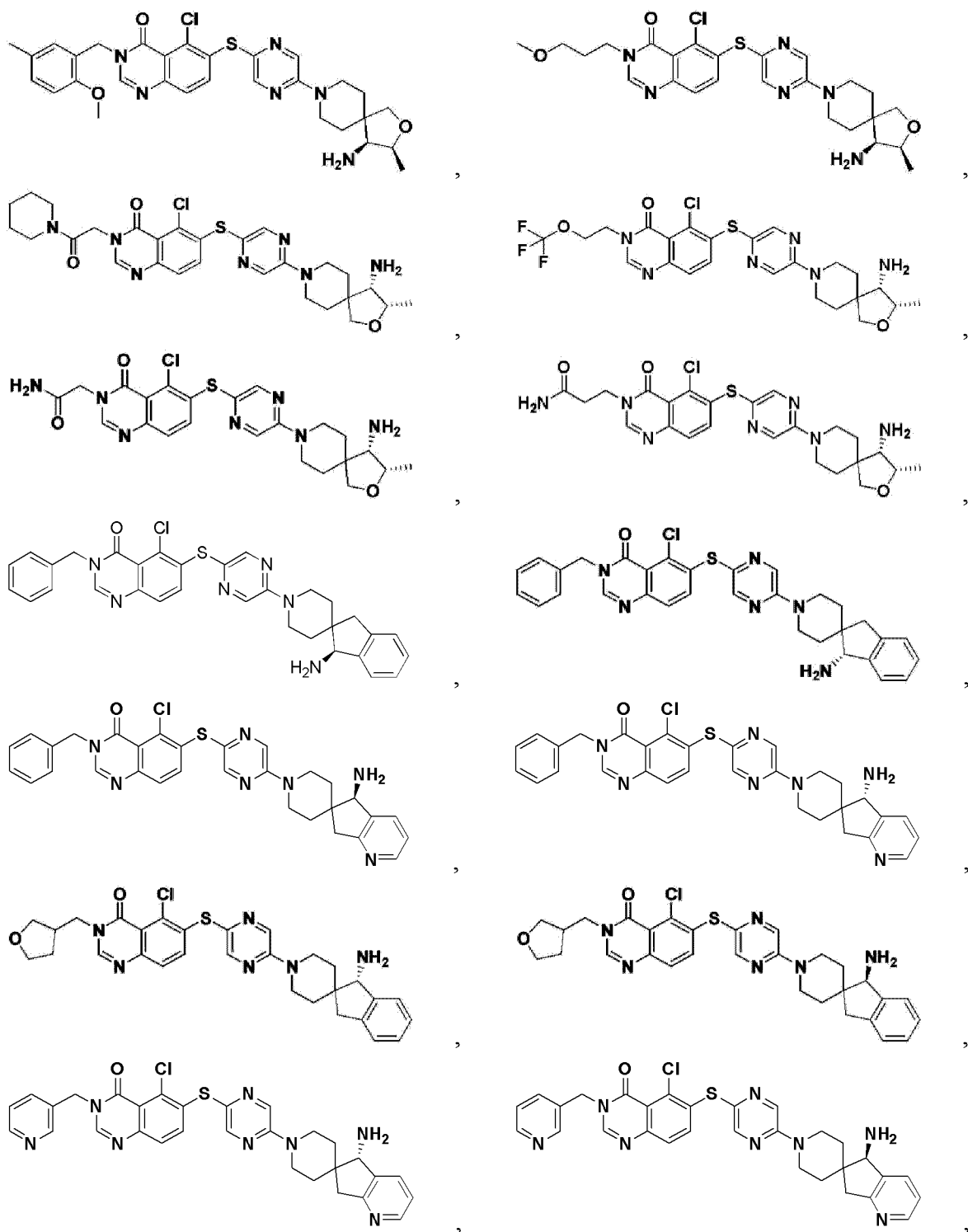


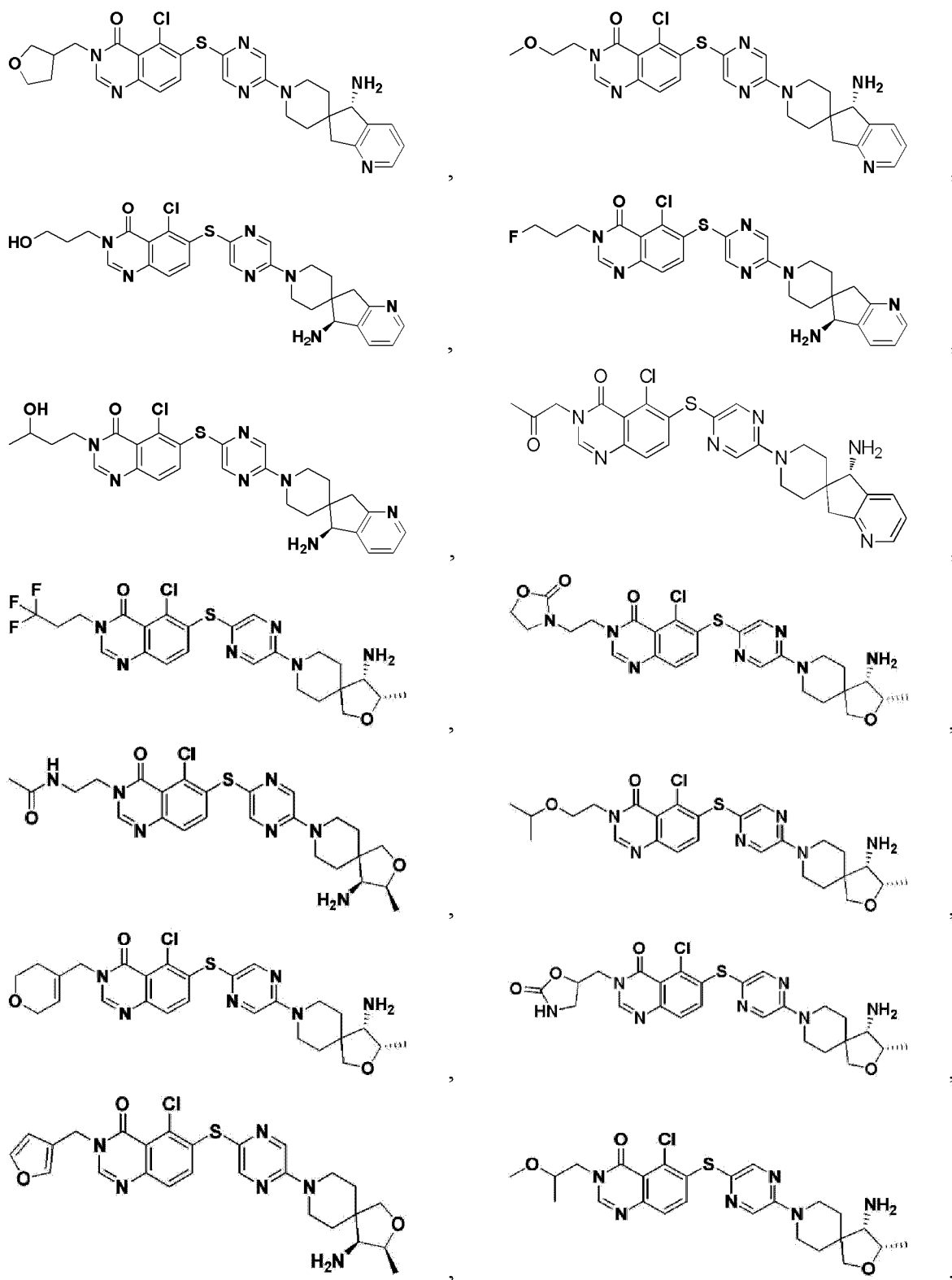


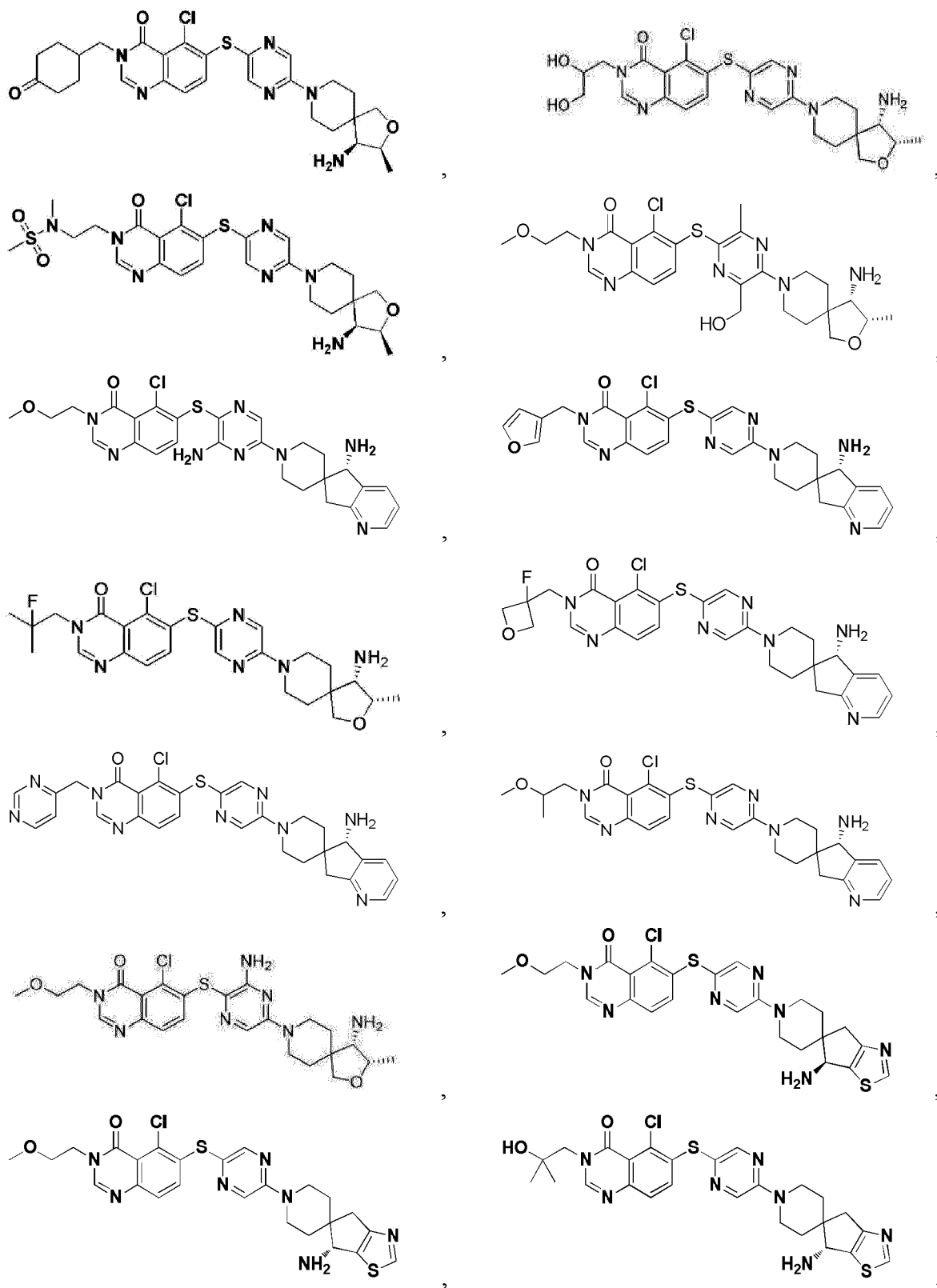


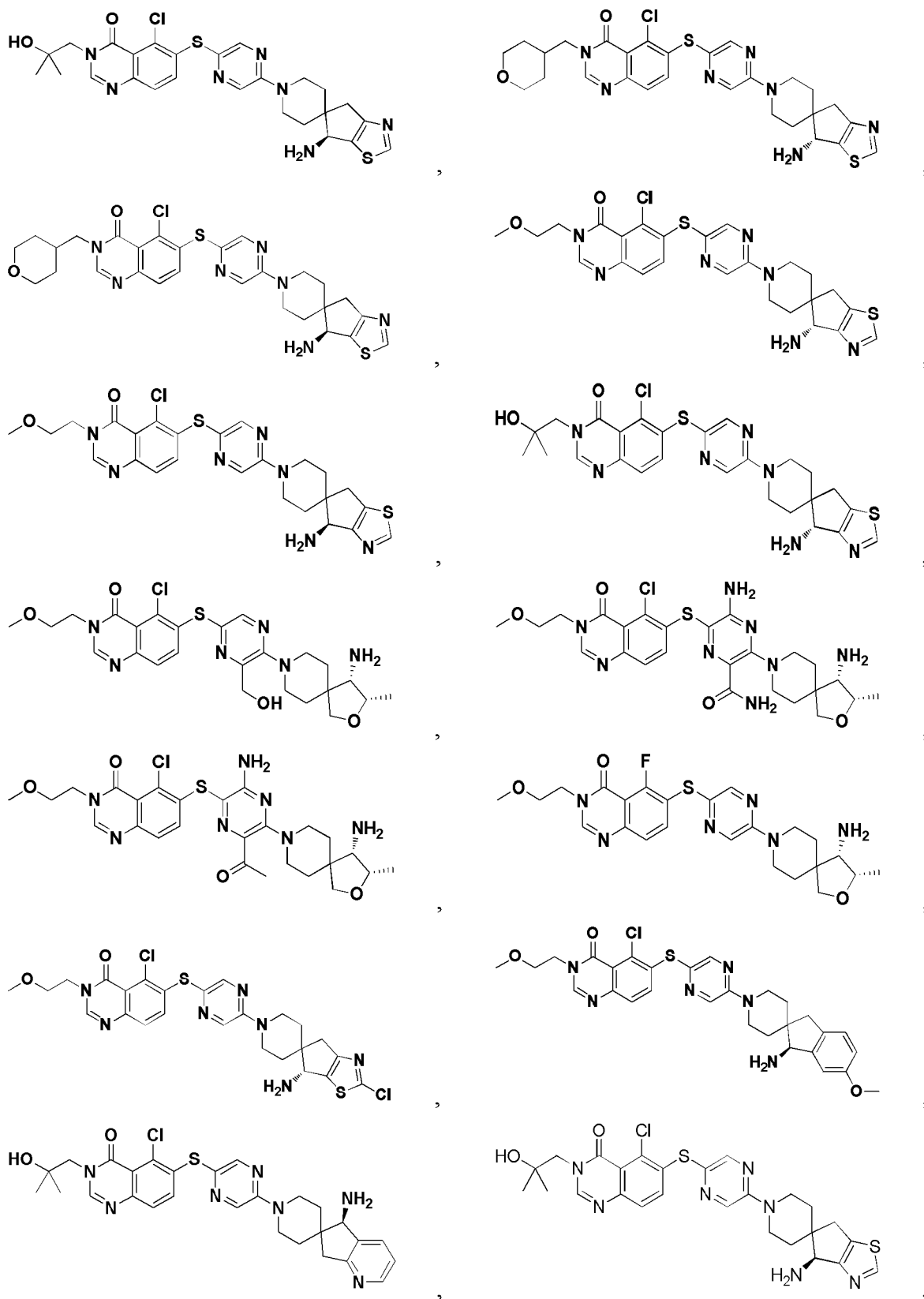


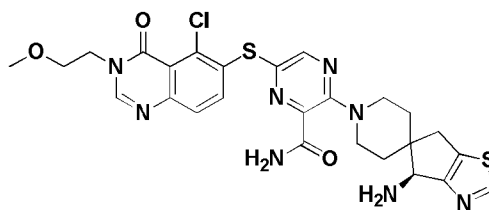
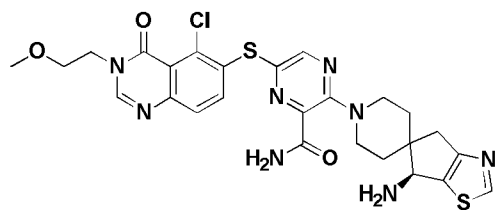
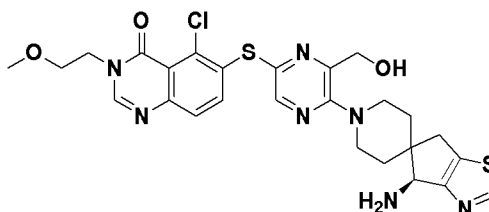
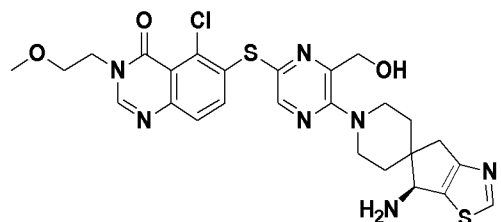
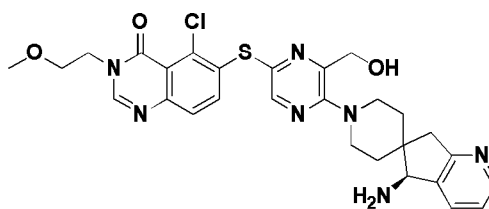
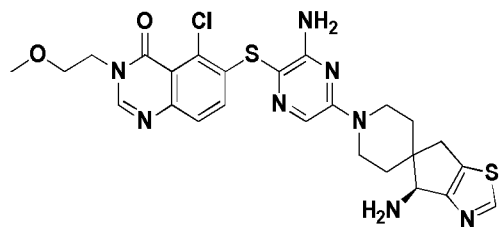
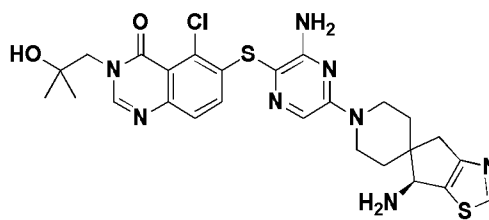
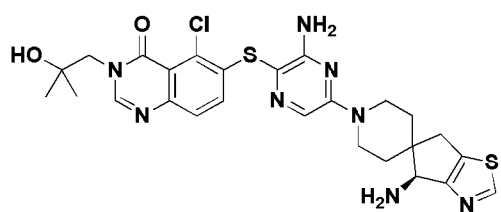
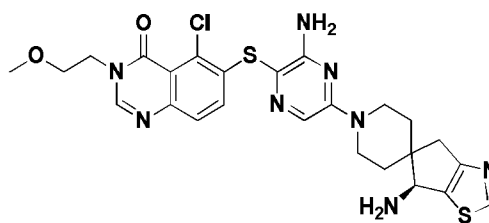
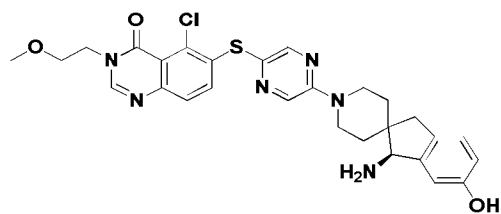
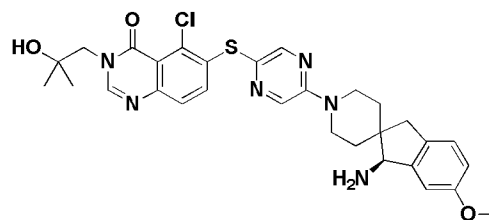
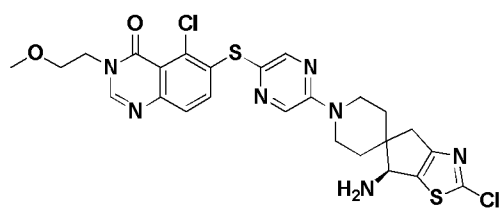


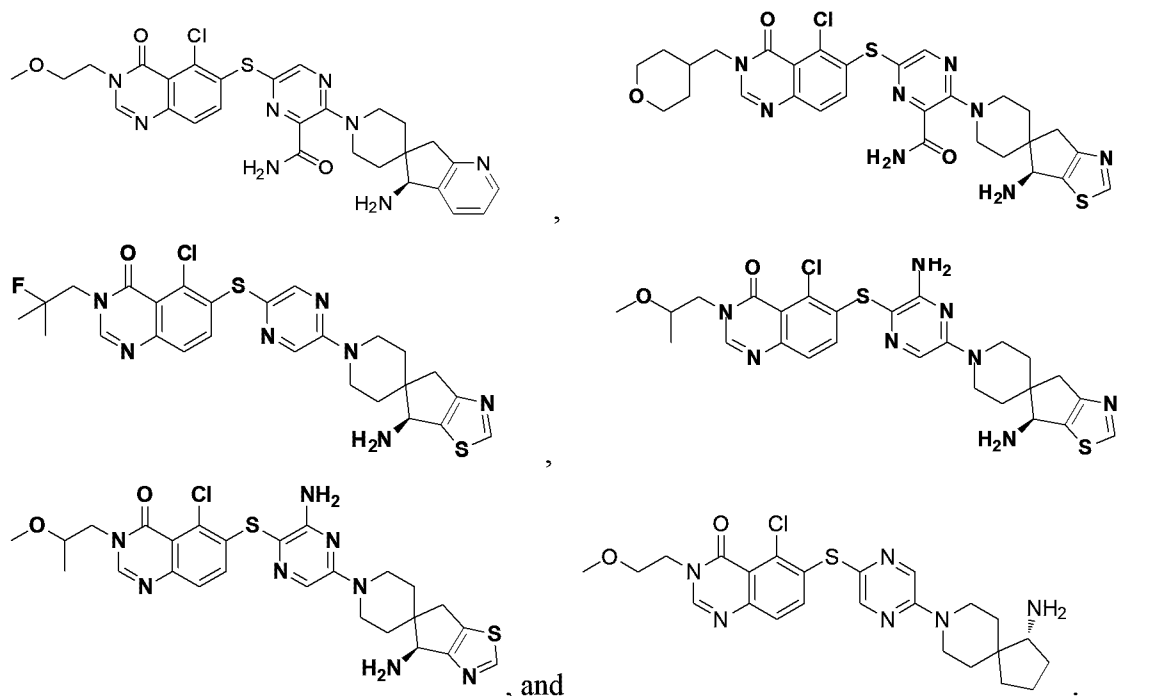








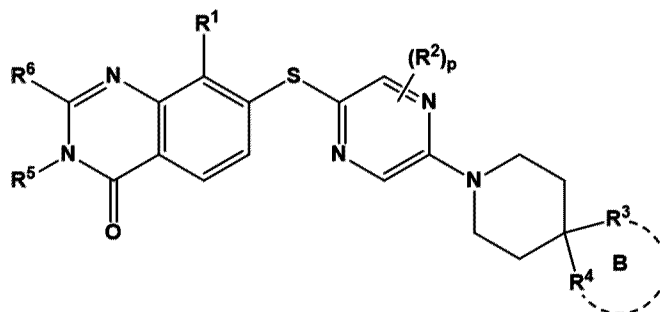




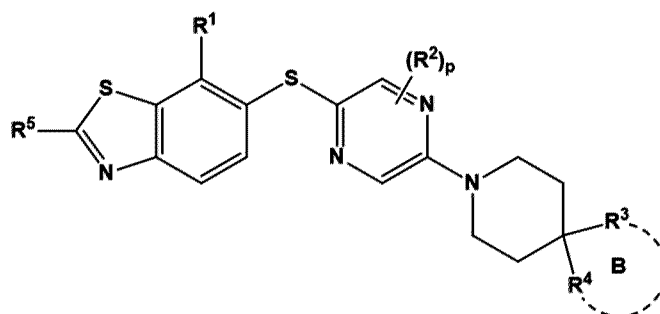
【Claim 21】

The compound according to any one of claims 1 to 18, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein the compound of Formula 1A is a compound represented by the following Formula 1A-2, Formula 1A-3, Formula 1A-4, Formula 1A-5, Formula 1A-6, Formula 1A-7, Formula 1A-8 or Formula 1A-9:

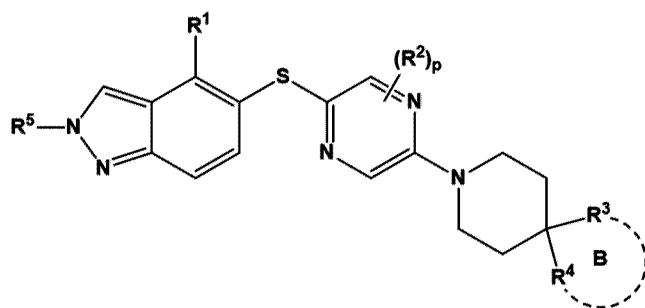
[Formula 1A-2]



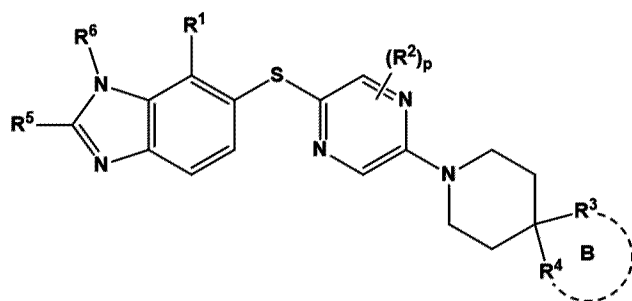
[Formula 1A-3]



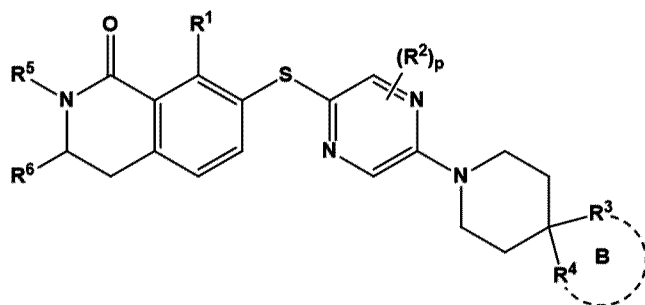
[Formula 1A-4]



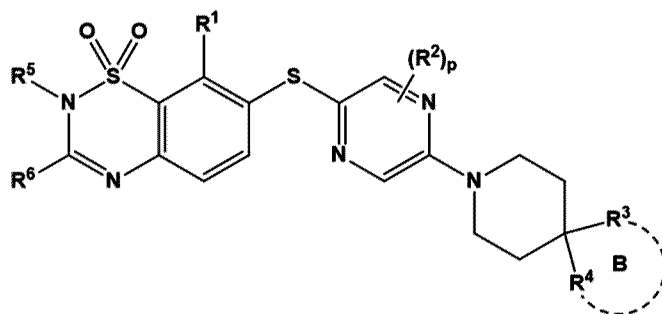
[Formula 1A-5]



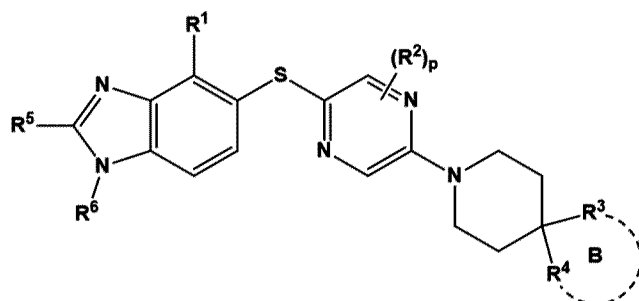
[Formula 1A-6]



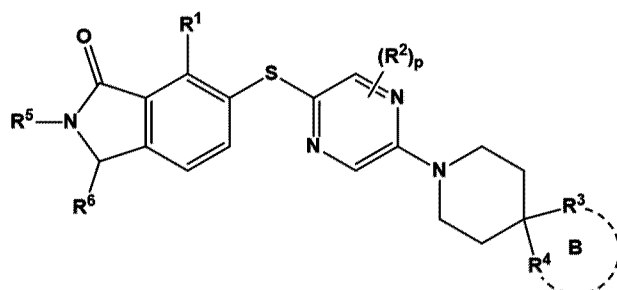
[Formula 1A-7]



[Formula 1A-8]



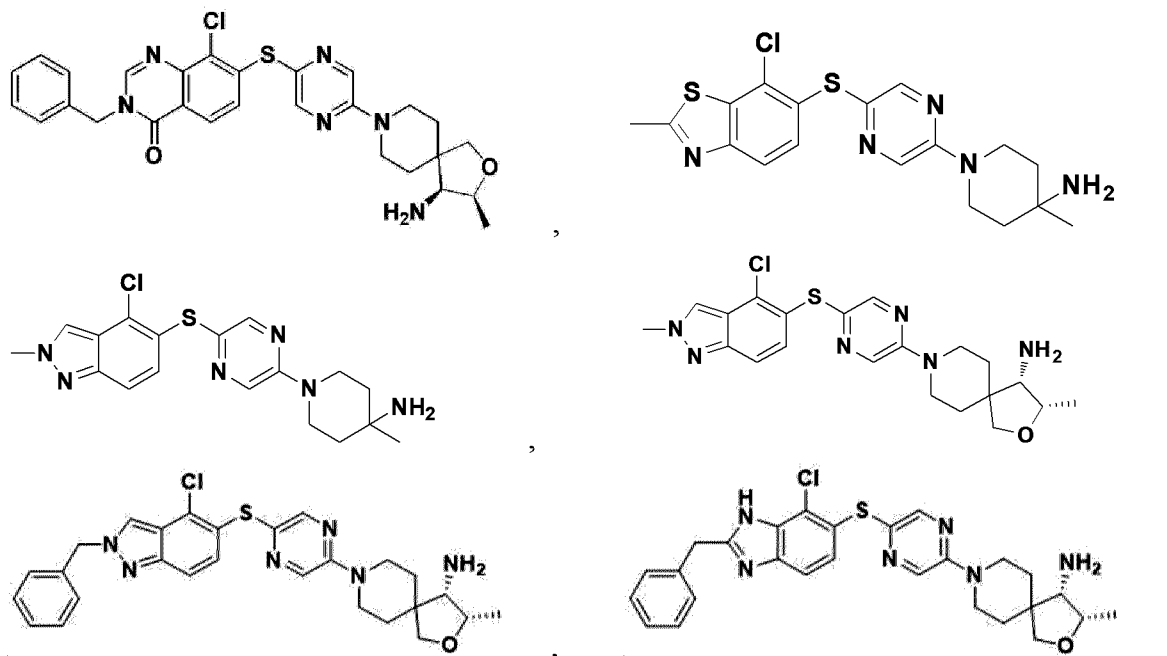
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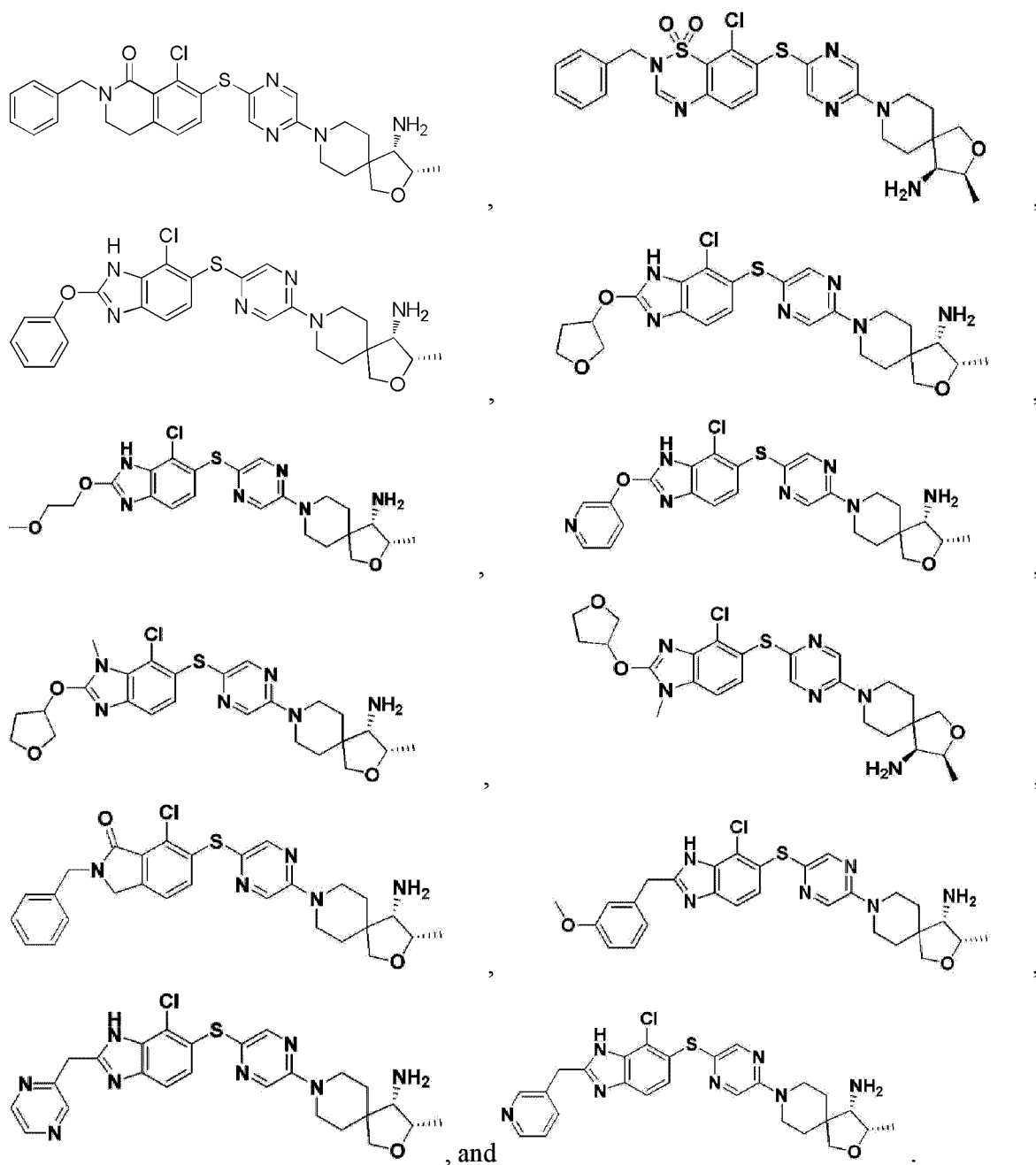


wherein the definitions of R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, Ring B and p are as described in any one of claims 1 to 18.

【Claim 22】

The compound according to claim 21, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein the compound is selected from:





【Claim 23】

A pharmaceutical composition for preventing or treating a disease associated with the abnormal activity of Src homology region 2 domain-containing phosphatase-2 (SHP2), comprising the compound of any one of claims 1 to 22, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

【Claim 24】

The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 23, wherein the disease associated with the abnormal activity of SHP2 is selected from a group consisting of cancer, cancer metastasis, cardiovascular disease, immune disorder, fibrosis, and ocular disorder.

【Claim 25】

The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 23, wherein the disease associated with the abnormal activity of SHP2 is selected from a group consisting of Noonan syndrome, Leopard syndrome, juvenile myelomonocytic leukemia, neuroblastoma, melanoma, acute myeloid leukemia, breast cancer, esophageal cancer, lung cancer, large intestinal cancer, head cancer, squamous cell carcinoma of the head and neck, gastric carcinoma, anaplastic large cell lymphoma, glioblastoma, pancreatic cancer, biliary tract cancer, uterine cancer, endometrial cancer, liver cancer and neurofibromatosis type 1.

【Claim 26】

A method for preventing or treating a disease associated with the abnormal activity of SHP2, comprising administering to a subject the compound of any one of claims 1 to 22, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

【Claim 27】

A pharmaceutical composition comprising the compound of any one of claims 1 to 22, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

【Claim 28】

A compound of any one of claims 1 to 22, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, for use in preventing or treating a disease associated with the abnormal activity of SHP2.

【Claim 29】

Use of the compound of any one of claims 1 to 22, or a stereoisomer, solvate or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, for use in the manufacture of a medicament for the prevention or treatment of a disease associated with the abnormal activity of SHP2.