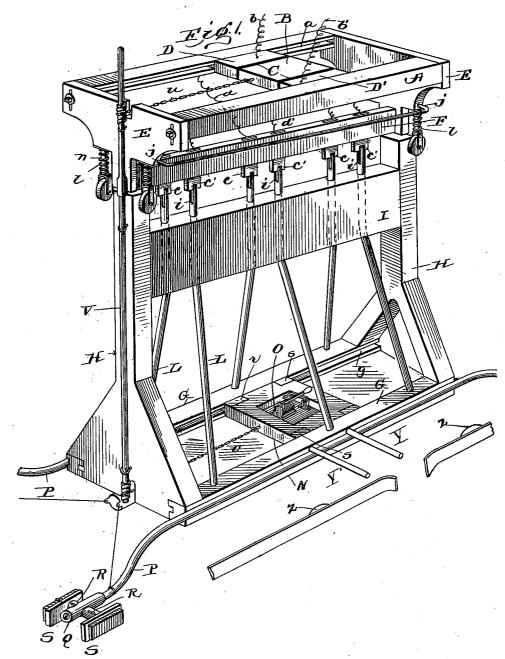
J. FLOYD.

TRAVELING CONTACT FOR UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC RAILWAYS.

(Application filed Apr. 27, 1900.)

(No Model.)

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Witnesses Jellottowler Jo. B. L. Hereford John & loyd

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No. 667,079.

Patented Jan. 29, 1901.

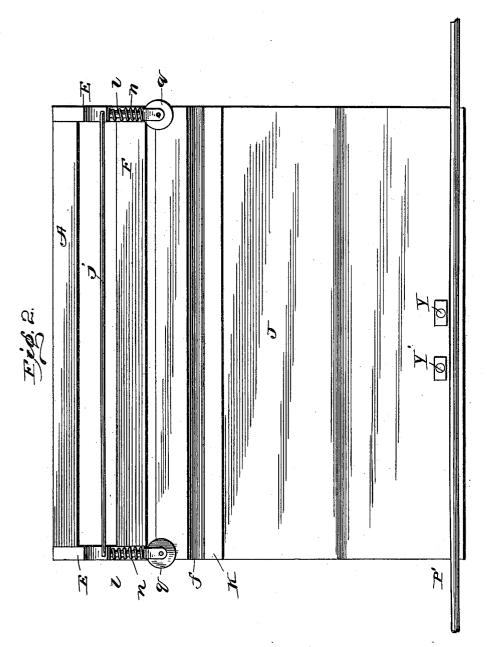
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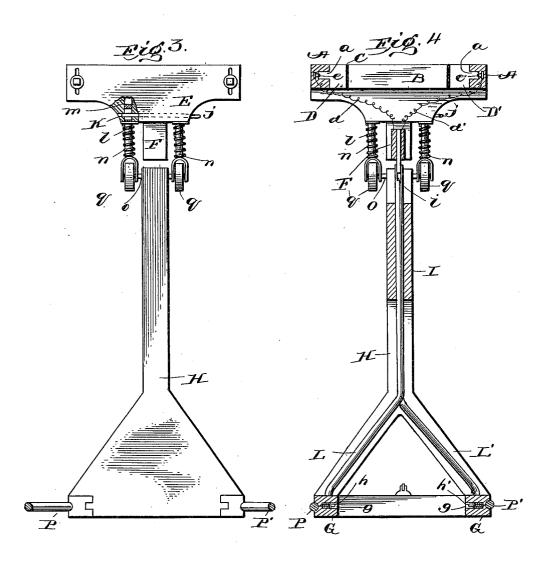
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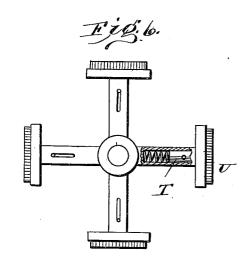
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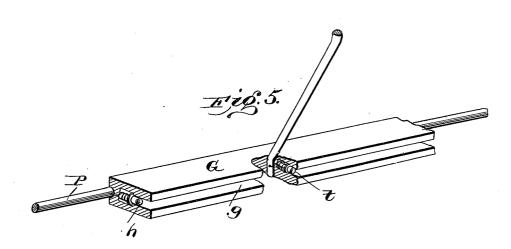
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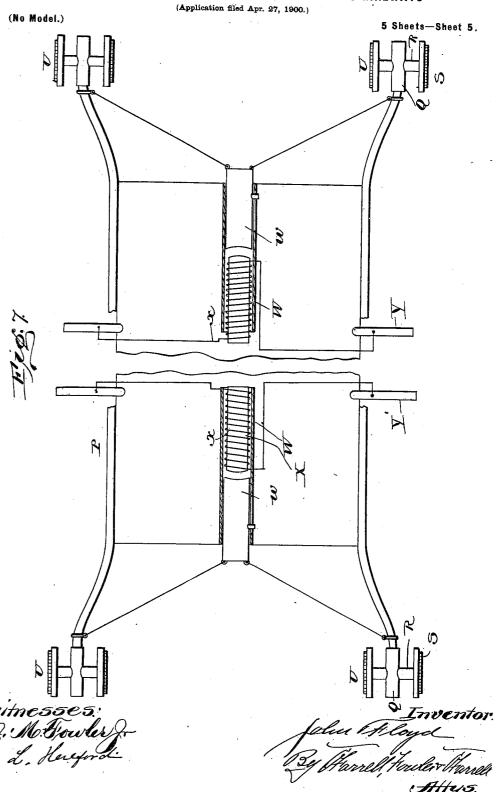
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witnesses: J. Mospowler J. B.L. Keufnd Inventor: John Bloyd Harrell Frule: Thanell HHU 5 J. FLOYD.

TRAVELING CONTACT FOR UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC RAILWAYS



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN FLOYD, OF WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

TRAVELING CONTACT FOR UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC RAILWAYS.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 667,079, dated January 29, 1901.

Application filed April 27, 1900. Serial No. 14,538. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JOHN FLOYD, a citizen of the United States of America, residing at Washington, in the District of Columbia, have 5 invented certain new and useful Improvements in Traveling Contacts or Plows for Underground Electric Railways, of which the following is a specification.

My invention relates to electric railways, 10 and more particularly to an improved contact or plow designed for use with the under-

ground or conduit systems.

One object of this invention is to provide a plow arranged so as to hold the current when 15 the car is passing over crossings and switches and to afford means whereby the vibration of the plow in passing around a curve is reduced to a minimum.

Another object of this invention is to pro-20 vide a plow with spring-actuated arms having mounted upon each end thereof reversible contact-blocks with two or more faces and a series of leads adapted to be thrown into and out of connection by sliding contact-25 blocks, one of which is provided with an automatic current-breaker.

A still further object of this invention is to provide a plow with such connections that it may be easily and quickly attached to or re-30 moved from a car and when attached will permit of the oscillation of the car without caus-

ing any vibration of the plow.

With these and other objects in view, which will readily appear as the nature of the inven-35 tion is better understood, the same consists in the novel construction, combination, and arrangement of parts, all of which will hereinafter be more fully described, illustrated, and claimed.

Before giving a detailed description of the several auxiliary features of my invention I desire to here distinctly state and emphasize the fact that although I have shown in the accompanying drawings and described in 45 the specific description which follows certain component and cooperative parts which I deem sufficiently improved and operative to carry out the fundamental principles herein incorporated, however I do not confine my-50 self to the exact details of construction so

the inherent and generic features constituting the gist of the device.

In the drawings forming a part of this speci- 55 fication, Figure 1 is a perspective view with the casing removed. Fig. 2 is a side view. Fig. 3 is an end elevation. Fig. 4 is a crosssection. Fig. 5 is a detail view of the slotted bars and contact-buttons. Fig. 6 is a modi- 60 fication of the contact-blocks. Fig. 7 is a bottom plan view.

Referring by letters to the drawings, A A represent oppositely - disposed fiber bars which are adapted to be secured to the bot- 65 tom of a car. These bars are provided with grooves a a, mounted in which is a sliding block B, having in the center thereof a suitable insulation C and contact sides at D and D', with negative and positive wires b and b' 70 leading therefrom to the car in motion. Adjustably secured upon each end of the bars A A are plates E E, supporting a longitudinal fiber bar F, provided with a series of negative and positive contacts c and c', inserted 75 in its length and connected and positive wires d and d' to button-contacts e and e', mounted in the grooves a a.

The plow proper consists of two oppositelydisposed fiber bars G G, secured to perpen- 80 dicular end pieces H H, connected approximately near their tops by a fiber-bar I. This entire structure is inclosed in a fiber casing J and is provided upon that portion which engages the rail-slot with a steel plate K, hav- 85 ing a longitudinal groove f therein adapted to carry off the water which comes through the slot in rainy weather. The fiber bars G G are provided with oppositely - disposed grooves g g, having contact-buttons h and h' 90 therein connected to a series of oppositelydisposed negative and positive leads L and L', which extend upward through the fiber bar I and are provided upon their free ends with slots i, adapted to be engaged by the 95 negative and positive contacts c and c' in the fiber bar F and there held in position by the pins jj, which are formed at right angles on the ends of the bar M and are adapted to be passed through the apertures k k in the end 100 pieces E E, engaging the slotted arms l l, which fit into the recesses m m and are proillustrated and described, since obvious deprived with coiled springs n n, which allow for partures may be made without deviating from the oscillation of the car. The arms l l are

mounted on axles o o, which pass through the apertures p p in the end pieces H H and support oppositely-disposed wheels q q, which are adapted to engage the rail-slot and to pre-5 vent the plow from falling in the conduit should it become detached from the car.

Mounted in the grooves gg is a sliding block N, which is provided with a double-pole automatic circuit-breaker O, connected to oppo-10 sitely-disposed contacts r and s in the sides of the block. The contact r is adapted to engage the contact-buttons h and the contact sis adapted to engage the contact-buttons t, which are connected to the spring-actuated 15 negative and positive conductors P and P', secured in the sides of the plow opposite the grooves g g and covered by any suitable nonconducting material. These spring-actuated arms extend along the sides of the plow, hav-20 ing their free ends projecting in front and to the rear thereof and provided with reversible contact-blocks, which consist of a sleeve or collar Q, having a series of dependent sleeves R, each supporting a casing S.

Mounted in the dependent sleeves and casing are spring-actuated plungers T, supporting contact-blocks U, the object of which is that in case one of the contact-blocks becomes worn or damaged in any way another 30 may be placed in position by revolving the sleeve mounted on the spring-actuated arm and tightening the set-screw in the end

The sliding blocks B and N are connected 35 by chains u and v to a shaft V, mounted upon one end of the plow and adapted to project up through the platform of the car, where it may be operated by a detachable handle. The shaft is formed in two parts connected 40 by a male and female joint, so as to allow of the removal of the plow and to leave that portion attached to the car always in position.

It will be readily seen that in case one set of leads should burn out or become damaged 45 in any way another set may be employed by revolving the shaft, which moves the blocks N and B in unison to the desired position for

making the proper connections.

Secured to the bottom of the plow, adjacent 50 to each end thereof, are cylindrical tubes W W, having mounted in their opposite ends soft-metal plungers w w, which are connected in any suitable manner to the ends of the spring-actuated arms PP'. Each tube is pro-55 vided with a coil X X, having wires x x leading therefrom to the oppositely-disposed arms Y and Y', secured to the sides of the plow. The arm Y' is somewhat longer than the arm Y, the object of which will be hereinafter ex-60 plained.

In the adaptation of my plow I find it necessary to provide the negative and positive rails at each cut-out with raised plates Z, the plates on the approaching side being some-65 what lower and closer to the slot than the plate on the opposite side of the cut-out.

a cut-out the arms Υ and Υ' will be brought in contact with the raised plates, whereby a current will pass through the coil, thus mag- 70 netizing the plunger sufficiently to draw in the forward spring-actuated arms, so as to let the contact-blocks pass freely into the slot, where they are released, and the rear springactuated arms manipulated in like manner 75 by the arms Y'engaging the rail-plates on the opposite of the cut-out.

Having thus described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters

Patent, is—

1. The combination with a traveling contactor current-collector, of reversible contactblocks mounted on spring-actuated arms, a series of positive and negative independent leads and two independent couplings, one of 85 which is provided with an automatic circuitbreaker, substantially as shown and described.

2. The combination with a frame, of the traveling contact, a series of independent positive and negative leads mounted in fiber 90 bars, of two independent couplings one of which is provided with an automatic circuitbreaker, and means for adjusting the couplings substantially as shown and described.

3. The combination with the frame of the 95 traveling contact, of two longitudinal oppositely-disposed groove-bars, having contactbuttons therein connected by wires to contacts in a third longitudinal bar, of a coupling sliding in the said grooves, the said coupling 100 having contact-faces and wires leading therefrom to the car-motor, a series of independent leads adapted to be connected to the contacts in the third-mentioned bar, and of a sliding coupling between the said leads hav- 105 ing an automatic circuit-breaker adapted to connect the said leads with the contact-block, substantially as shown and described.

4. The combination with the frame of the traveling contact, of oppositely-disposed 110 longitudinal grooved bars having contactbuttons mounted therein connected to springactuated arms supporting reversible contactblocks and to a series of leads mounted in the bars, the said leads being slotted at their 115 free ends, of a sliding coupling mounted in the said grooved bars the said coupling having an automatic circuit-breaker adapted to connect the contact-buttons of the leads with the contact-buttons of the spring-actuated 120 arms, of the slotted ends of the leads engaging the contacts in a longitudinal bar, having wires leading therefrom to button-contacts in oppositely-disposed grooved bars, having a sliding coupling mounted therein and wires 125 leading therefrom to the car-motor, substantially as shown and described.
5. The combination with a traveling con-

tact or current-collector, a frame adapted to be secured to the bottom of a car, and de- 130 tachably connected to a second frame, the first-mentioned frame consisting of oppositely-disposed grooved bars, having contact-It will be readily seen that in passing over | buttons arranged within the grooves and con-

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nected by wires to contacts in a third bar secured to the oppositely-disposed bars by adjustable end plates, and of a sliding coupling or contact mounted in the grooves having wires leading therefrom to the car-motor, of the second-mentioned frame having oppositely-disposed grooved bars secured between two end pieces held together at the top by a third bar, of a series of independent negative 10 and positive leads mounted in the bars of the second-mentioned frame, of the said leads connected to the contacts in the third bar of the first-mentioned frame, of a series of contact-buttons mounted in the grooved bars of 15 the second-mentioned frame and connected to the leads and to spring-actuated arms carrying contact-blocks, substantially as shown

and described. 6. The combination with a traveling con-20 tact, a frame comprising two parts held together by spring-actuated arms, of the arms being mounted on an axle provided with oppositely-disposed wheels adapted to support the second part, of the first part comprising oppositely-disposed grooved bars having contact-buttons within the grooves and wires leading from the contact-buttons to contacts in a third bar, of the third bar connected to the oppositely-disposed bars by adjustable 30 plates, of the second part comprising oppositely-disposed grooved bars secured between end pieces connected at the top by a third bar, of a series of leads mounted in the secondmentioned bars, of spring-actuated arms sup-35 porting reversible contact-blocks, of contactbuttons within the grooved bars connected to the leads and to the spring-actuated arms, of sliding couplings mounted in the grooved bars of the upper and lower frame, of the coup-40 ling in the lower frame having an automatic circuit-breaker adapted to connect the leads and the spring-actuated arms, of the coupling in the upper frame having contact-faces and wires leading therefrom to the car-motor, and

means for adjusting the couplings, substan- 45 tially as shown and described.

7. In a traveling contact or current-collector for underground electric-railway systems, a contact-block, comprising a sleeve or collar having a series of dependent sleeves 50 mounted thereon each supporting a casing, of a spring-actuated plunger mounted in the said dependent sleeves, the said plungers supporting contact-blocks within the said easings, substantially as shown and described.

8. In a traveling contact or current-collector for underground electric-railway systems, of spring-actuated arms carrying two sets of contact-blocks of the contact-blocks being adjustably mounted upon each end of 60 the said spring-actuated arms, of each contact-block comprising a sleeve, having a series of dependent sleeves mounted thereon and provided at their free ends with a easing, of a spring-actuated plunger mounted in the 65 said dependent sleeves, supporting contact-blocks within the easing, substantially as shown and described.

9. In a traveling contact or current-collector for underground electric-railway sys-70 tems, of oppositely-disposed spring-actuated arms mounted upon a plow-frame, of the said arms supporting two sets of contact-blocks, of tubes mounted between the spring-actuated arms on the bottom of the frame, the said 75 tubes inclosing coils having wires leading therefrom to arms on the sides of the frame, and of soft-metal plungers mounted in the opposite ends of the tubes and connected to the ends of the spring-actuated arms, substan-80 tially as shown and described.

In testimony whereof I hereto affix my signature in the presence of two witnesses.

JOHN FLOYD.

Witnesses:

PATRICK H. O'FARRELL, HENRY W. REED.