May 7, 1929. C. MARCH 1,712,352

DESK PAD

Filed Sept. 15, 1926

Fig. 1.

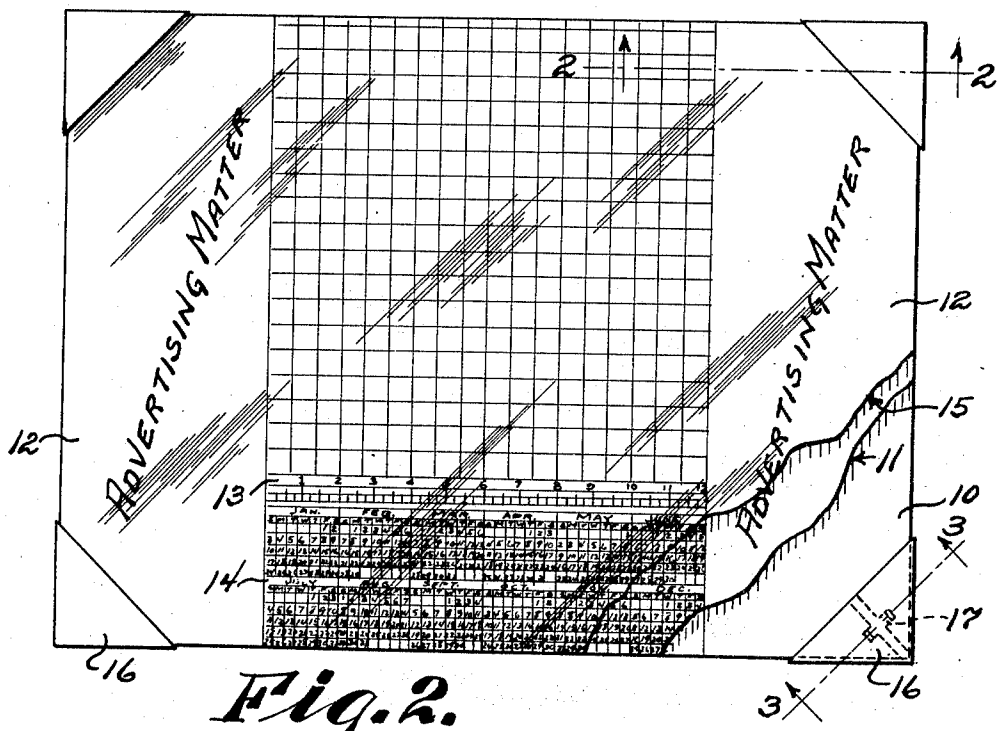


Fig. 2.

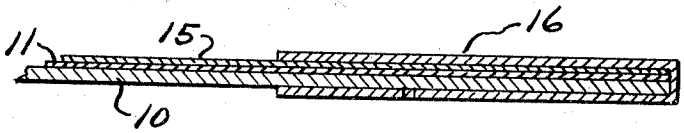
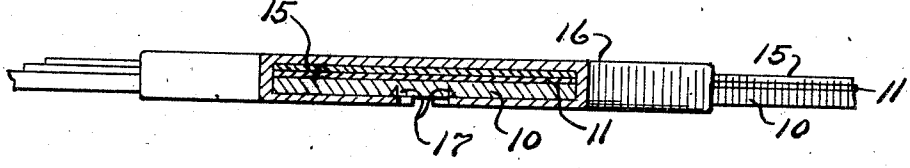


Fig. 3.



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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

CARL MARCH, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

DESK PAD.

Application filed September 15, 1926. Serial No. 135,612.

This invention contemplates the provision of a desk tablet or pad which is not only attractive in appearance, but which embodies corner clamps of novel construction by means of which a sheet of writing paper can be easily associated with or removed from the pad.

The nature and advantages of the invention will be better understood when the following detailed description is read in connection with the accompanying drawings, the invention residing in the construction, combination and arrangement of parts as claimed.

In the drawings forming part of this application like numerals of reference indicate similar parts in the several views and wherein:

Figure 1 is a plan view of the invention constructed in accordance with one embodiment thereof.

Figure 2 is a sectional view on line 2—2 of Figure 1.

Figure 3 is a sectional view on line 3—3 of Figure 1.

Referring to the drawings in detail, and particularly to Figures 1 to 3 inclusive, 10 indicates the base of the pad which may be constructed from cardboard or any other suitable material, and also vary in size and configuration without departing from the spirit of the invention. Adapted to be arranged upon the base 10 is a sheet of writing paper 11 which may be scored in any suitable manner if so desired, and which sheet of paper as shown in Figure 1 is provided with spaces 12 for advertising matter of any character. This sheet of paper is also provided with ruled graduations as indicated at 13, while arranged directly beneath said graduations is a calendar 14, the months being preferably arranged in spaced superimposed series or rows. This sheet of paper is covered by a sheet of transparent celluloid or other suitable material 15, which together with the sheet 11 is held associated with the base 10 by means of triangular-shaped corner clamps 16. As shown in Figure 3 each corner clamp is formed from a single piece of material having its adjacent edges slightly spaced apart, while struck from each edge is a pointed prong 17 adapted to bite into the base 10 whereby all of said parts are held together. The sheet of paper indicated at 12 can, however, be removed from the corner clamps when desired and a new sheet substituted therefor, by simply removing the celluloid strip 15 as will be readily understood. In other words these sheets can be slipped out of the corner clamps without removing the latter from the base 10.

While it is believed that from the foregoing description, the nature and advantages of the invention will be readily apparent, I desire to have it understood, that I do not limit myself to what is herein shown and described and that such changes may be resorted to when desired as fall within the scope of what is claimed.

What is claimed is:

A desk pad corner clamp for holding the component parts of the pad together, said clamp being formed from a single piece of material having its adjacent edges slightly spaced apart on the bottom side of the pad, each edge being slit transversely to provide a separated portion, and said portions being bent upwardly to form prongs spaced inwardly from said ends and adapted to bite into the base of the pad.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature.

CARL MARCH.