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(54) COMPATIBILITY SCORING OF USERS

(71) Applicant: Facebook, Inc., Menlo Park, CA (US)

(72) Inventors: Xiao Ming Zhu, San Jose, CA (US);

Christopher Lunt, Mountain View, CA

Assignee: Facebook, Inc., Menlo Park, CA (US)

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- (52) U.S. Cl. CPC G06F 16/9535 (2019.01); G06F 16/24 (2019.01); **G06Q 50/01** (2013.01); (Continued)
- Field of Classification Search CPC G06F 16/9535; G06F 16/2457; G06F 16/435; G06Q 50/01; G06Q 30/0204; G06Q 30/02

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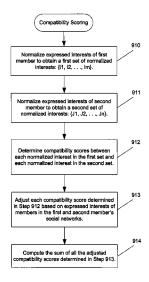
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Primary Examiner — Gabrielle A McCormick (74) Attorney, Agent, or Firm — Baker Botts, L.L.P.

ABSTRACT (57)

The compatibility score of members of a social network is based on the compatibility of their expressed interests. The compatibility score between any two interests is calculated as the log of the estimated probability that a member of the social network will express both interests divided by the product of: (i) the estimated probability that a member of the social network will express the first of the two interests and (ii) the estimated probability that a member of the social network will express the second of the two interests. The compatibility score between two individuals is calculated as the sum of the compatibility scores between each interest appearing in a set of interests expressed by the first of the two individuals and each interest appearing in a set of interests expressed by the second of the two individuals.

28 Claims, 9 Drawing Sheets



Related U.S. Application Data

continuation of application No. 12/242,562, filed on Sep. 30, 2008, now Pat. No. 8,150,778, which is a division of application No. 11/117,793, filed on Apr. 28, 2005, now Pat. No. 7,451,161.

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FIG. 1

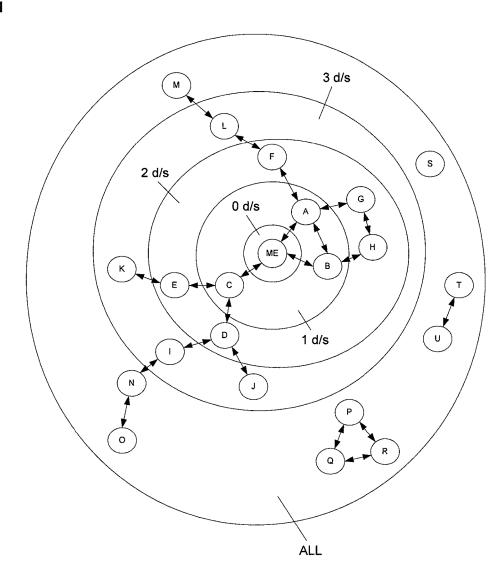


FIG. 2

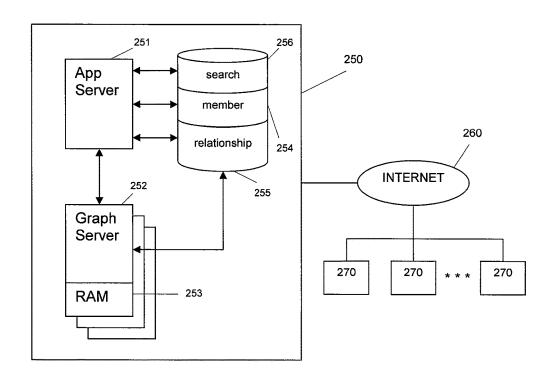


FIG. 3

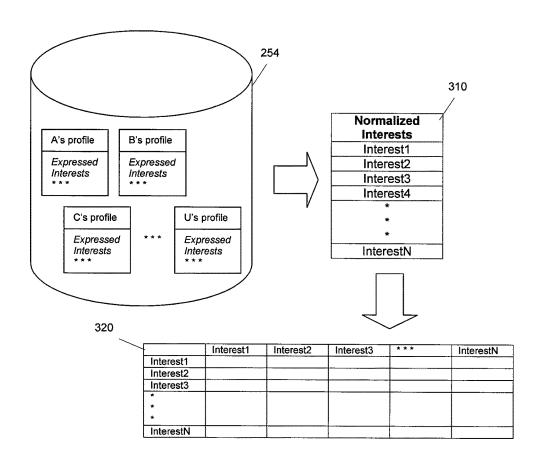


FIG. 4

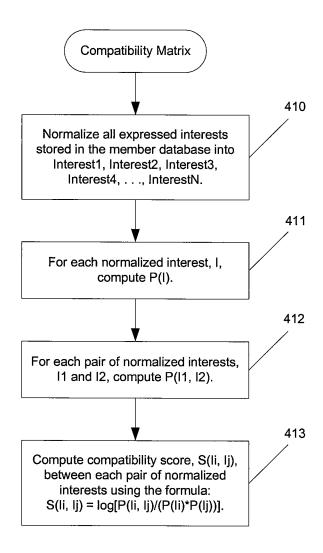


FIG. 5

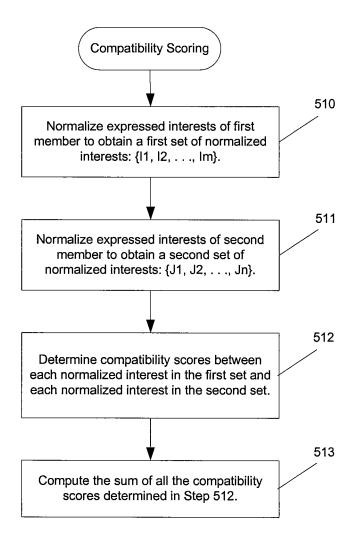


FIG. 6

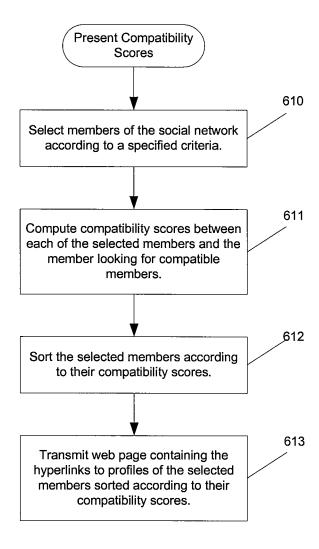


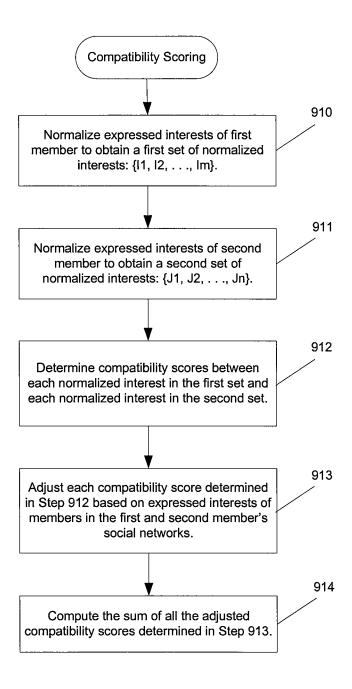
FIG. 7

Hometown		
Ages: 18 to 30	He/She is interested in:	
- tributation to the second se	□ All	
People who are:	☐ Dating Men	
Men & Women	☐ Dating Women	
-	☐ Relationship Men	
Country:	☐ Relationship Women	
UNITED STATES	☐ Friends	
	☐ Activity Partners	
Proximity:	☐ Just Looking Around	
Within 50 miles of		
[2000-600-6	Relationship Status:	
Zip or City, State:	□ Any	
Zip or orty; otato.	☐ Single	
	☐ In a Relationship	
Show Profiles Within:	□ Domestic Partnership	
Three Degrees	☐ Married	
Trice Degrees	☐ Unknown Status	
Show:		
□ Profiles with Photos Only		
Photos & Info		
Filotos & Ililo		
710		
Search		

FIG. 8

Search Results		Sort by: d/s	Sort by: d/s score proximity	
Rank	Photo	Member	Score	
1	Photo	<u>User D</u> Mini-profile	14.11	
2	Photo	User B Mini-profile	13.05	
3	Photo	User S Mini-profile	11.19	
4	Photo	User G Mini-profile	10.01	

FIG. 9



COMPATIBILITY SCORING OF USERS

PRIORITY

This application is a continuation under 35 U.S.C. § 120 ⁵ of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 13/337,803, filed 27 Dec. 2011, which is a continuation under 35 U.S.C. § 120 of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/242,562, filed 30 Sep. 2008, now issued as U.S. Pat. No. 8,150,778, which is a divisional under 35 U.S.C. § 121 of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/117,793, filed 28 Apr. 2005, now issued as U.S. Pat. No. 7,451,161, each of which is incorporated herein by reference.

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention generally relates to processing of social network data, and more particularly, to a method for scoring compatibility between members of an online social network.

BACKGROUND

Several online dating and friend-making sites currently operate on the Internet. These services are generally similar 25 in function. They allow users to post profiles and photos, as well as search through the profiles and photos of other users. Communication between users is provided anonymously, since users are identified by pseudonyms.

Initially, these sites implemented rudimentary techniques 30 to match users. These techniques amounted to no more than user profile searches based on criteria such as age, gender, location, and physical characteristics. More recently, these sites have implemented more sophisticated processes in an effort to find better matches for their users. These processes 35 attempt to assess an individual's personality based on specially designed tests or questionnaires and find users who have compatible personalities.

SUMMARY OF PARTICULAR EMBODIMENTS

The present invention bases compatibility of two individuals who are members of a social network on the compatibility of interests expressed by these individuals, and provides for methods for quantifying compatibility of interests, scoring compatibility of the two individuals in accordance with compatibility of interests expressed by these individuals, and presenting compatibility results that include the compatibility scores.

The method of quantifying compatibility of interests 50 includes the steps of calculating an estimated probability associated with each interest (referred to herein as "interest probability") and each pair of interests (referred to herein as "joint probability"), and assigning an interest compatibility score between each pair of interests based on the estimated 55 probabilities. The estimated interest probability for a particular interest represents the probability that a member of the social network will express that interest as one of his or her interests. The estimated joint probability for a particular pair of interests represents the probability that a member of 60 the social network will express both interests in the pair as his or her interests.

In accordance with one embodiment of the present invention, the interest compatibility score between each pair of interests is computed as a function of the estimated joint 65 probability for the pair, and the estimated interest probabilities for the first and second interests of the pair.

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The method of scoring compatibility in accordance with compatibility of interests includes the steps of preparing interest compatibility scores based on expressed interests of the members of the social network, and computing a compatibility score between a first member of the social network and a second member of the social network based on expressed interests of the first member, expressed interests of the second member, and the interest compatibility scores between the expressed interests of the first member and the expressed interests of the second member. The interest compatibility score for any two expressed interests represents the degree of compatibility between the two expressed interests.

The method of presenting compatibility results that include the compatibility scores, e.g., to an individual in the social network, includes the steps of preparing interest compatibility scores based on expressed interests of the individuals in the social network, selecting a set of individuals who are within a predetermined degree of separation from the first individual, and computing a compatibility score between the first individual and each of the individuals in the set. If the predetermined degree of separation is set as one, this means that only the compatibility scores of the first individual's direct friends will be presented. The compatibility results that include the compatibility scores are presented as a web page and before the web page is transmitted to be displayed, the compatibility results are sorted in the order of the compatibility scores. By providing compatibility scores and linking it to interest profiles, the invention encourages people to enter interests so the site can find other people who share the same or compatible interests.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

So that the manner in which the above recited features of the present invention can be understood in detail, a more particular description of the invention, briefly summarized above, may be had by reference to embodiments, some of which are illustrated in the appended drawings. It is to be noted, however, that the appended drawings illustrate only typical embodiments of this invention and are therefore not to be considered limiting of its scope, for the invention may admit to other equally effective embodiments.

FIG. 1 is a diagram that graphically represents the relationships between members in a social network;

FIG. 2 is a block diagram illustrating components of a system for managing an online social network;

FIG. 3 schematically illustrates the process for computing interest compatibility data from a member database containing interest data;

FIG. 4 is a flow diagram illustrating the process steps for computing interest compatibility data from a member database containing interest data;

FIG. 5 is a flow diagram illustrating the process steps for computing a compatibility score between two members of a social network according to an embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 6 is a flow diagram illustrating the process steps for generating a member search results page containing compatibility scores;

FIG. 7 is a sample GUI used to specify member search criteria;

FIG. **8** is a sample member search results page containing compatibility scores; and

FIG. 9 is a flow diagram illustrating the process steps for computing a compatibility score between two members of a social network according to another embodiment of the present invention.

DESCRIPTION OF EXAMPLE EMBODIMENTS

FIG. 1 is a graph representation of a social network centered on a given individual (ME). Other members of this social network include A-U whose position, relative to 10 ME's, is referred to by the degree of separation between ME and each other member. Friends of ME, which includes A, B, and C, are separated from ME by one degree of separation (1 d/s). A friend of a friend of ME is separated from ME by 2 d/s. As shown, D, E, F, G, and H are each separated from 15 ME by 2 d/s. A friend of a friend of a friend of ME is separated from ME by 3 d/s. FIG. 1 depicts all nodes separated from ME by more than 3 degrees of separation as belonging to the category ALL.

Degrees of separation in a social network are defined 20 relative to an individual. For example, in ME's social network, H and ME are separated by 2 d/s, whereas in G's social network, H and G are separated by only 1 d/s. Accordingly, each individual will have their own set of first, second and third degree relationships.

As those skilled in the art understand, an individual's social network may be extended to include nodes to an Nth degree of separation. As the number of degrees increases beyond three, however, the number of nodes typically grows at an explosive rate and quickly begins to minor the ALL set. 30

FIG. 2 is a block diagram illustrating a system for creating and managing an online social network. As shown, FIG. 2 illustrates a system 250 that includes an application server 251 and one or more graph servers 252. The system 250 is connected to a network 260, e.g., the Internet, and accessible 35 over the network by a plurality of computers, collectively designated as 270. The application server 251 manages a member database 254, a relationship database 255, and a search database 256. The member database 254 contains profile information for each of the members in the online 40 social network managed by the system 250. The profile information may include, among other things: a unique member identifier, name, age, gender, location, hometown, references to image files, listing of interests, attributes, and the like. The relationship database 255 stores information 45 defining to the first degree relationships between members. In addition, the contents of the member database 254 are indexed and optimized for search, and stored in the search database 256. The member database 254, the relationship database 255, and the search database 256 are updated to 50 reflect inputs of new member information and edits of existing member information that are made through the computers 270.

The application server **251** also manages the information exchange requests that it receives from the remote computers **270**. The graph servers **252** receive a query from the application server **251**, process the query and return the query results to the application server **252**. The graph servers **252** manage a representation of the social network for all the members in the member database. The graph servers **252** have a dedicated memory device **253**, such as a random access memory (RAM), in which an adjacency list that indicates all first degree relationships in the social network is stored. The graph servers **252** respond to requests from application server **251** to identify relationships and the 65 degree of separation between members of the online social network.

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FIG. 3 illustrates the member database 254 in additional detail and shows that the interest data stored therein is first converted into a set 310 of normalized interests and then to a matrix 320 of interest compatibility scores. The conversion into normalized interests and then to interest compatibility scores is performed by a processing unit of the application server 251.

The interest normalization process is in essence an interest classification process. It is performed so that the same interest expressed in different ways will be classified under that same interest. For example, an interest expressed as reading may be classified under the same normalized interest as an interest expressed as books. In the set 310 of normalized interests shown in FIG. 3, the normalized interests are shown as a list. In an alternative embodiment, the normalized interests may be arranged as a hierarchical tree. Further, the present invention may be applied to systems where members input interests by selecting one or more interests that have been pre-defined by the system operator. In such a case, the normalization step is not performed and the set of pre-defined interests is used as the set 310 of normalized interests.

The matrix 320 of interest compatibility scores provides numerical scores that represent how compatible each pair of normalized interests, Interest1, Interest2, . . . , InterestN, is. Each off-diagonal cell in the matrix 320 has a numerical score entry that indicates the compatibility of the two interests associated with that cell's row and column. Each diagonal cell in the matrix 320 has a numerical score entry that is a measure of the rarity of the interests associated with that cell's row and column. A rare interest has a high score. A commonly occurring interest has a low score. In the embodiment of the present invention illustrated herein, the interest compatibility scores are compiled automatically based on the expressed interests of the members that have been normalized. The interest compatibility scores can also be manually created or they can be created using a combination of automatic and manual processes. Further, any of the interest compatibility scores that are compiled automatically may be manually adjusted.

FIG. 4 is a flow diagram that illustrates the process steps involved in generating the matrix 320. In Step 410, all expressed interests stored in the member database 254 are normalized into the set 310 of normalized interests, Interest1, Interest2, InterestN. A standard data mining methodology known as clustering can be used in Step 410. For each normalized interest, I, the probability, P(I), is calculated (Step 411). P(I) represents the probability that a member will express an interest that corresponds to the normalized interest, I, and is calculated using the expressed interests stored in the member database 254 according to the formula: P(I)=(number of times an interest corresponding to the normalized interest, I, is expressed in the member database 254)/(total number of expressed interests in the member database 254). For each pair of normalized interests, I1 and I2, the probability, P(I1, I2), is calculated (Step 412). P(I1, I2) represents the probability that a member will express interests that correspond to the normalized interests, I1 and I2, and is calculated using the expressed interests stored in the member database 254 according to the formula: P(I1, I2)=(number of members who expressed interests corresponding to both of the normalized interests, I1 and I2, in the member database 254)/(total number of expressed interests in the member database 254). In cases where I1=I2, P(I1, I2) is set to P(I1) or P(I2). In Step 413, an interest compatibility score, S(Ii, Ii), is calculated between each pair of normalized interests using the formula: S(Ii, Ij)=log[P(Ii, Ij)/(P(Ii)*P

(Ij))]. Because of the division by [P(Ii)*P(Ij)], using this formula, the commonality of rare interests are rated higher than commonality in more popular interests.

FIG. 5 is a flow diagram that illustrates the process steps executed by the processor of the application server 251 in 5 computing a compatibility score between two members, e.g., a first member and a second member. In Step 510, the expressed interests of the first member are normalized into a first set {I1 I2, ..., Im} of normalized interests, where m represents the number of normalized interests in the first set. 10 In Step 511, the expressed interests of the second member are normalized into a second set {J1, J2, ..., Jn} of normalized interests, where n represents the number of normalized interests in the second set. In Step 512, the interest compatibility scores for all pairs of normalized 13 interests in the first and second sets are determined from the matrix 320. For example, if the first set is {Interest_1, Interest_2 and the second set is {Interest_2, Interest_3}, the following compatibility scores are retrieved from the matrix

```
Compatibility(Interest_1, Interest_2);
Compatibility(Interest_1, Interest_3);
Compatibility(Interest_2, Interest_2); and
Compatibility(Interest_2, Interest_3).
```

In Step **513**, the compatibility scores determined in Step 25 **512** are summed, and the sum represents the compatibility score between the first member and the second member.

FIG. 6 is a flow diagram that illustrates the process steps executed by the processor of the application server 251 in presenting compatible scores of those members who meet a 30 set of criteria specified by a member of the social network. In Step 610, the members of the social network who meet the specified criteria are selected. A sample graphical user interface (GUI) for specifying the set of criteria is illustrated in FIG. 7. The GUI 700 shows the criteria that can be 35 specified by the member. They include: age, gender (men, women, men & women), location, purpose of the search, relationship status and keywords in selected categories such as hometown, companies, schools, affiliations, interests, favorite movies, favorite books, favorite music, and favorite 40 TV shows. The GUI 700 also provides a setting for degree of separation (d/s): members who are within 1 d/s, members who are within 2 d/s, members who are within 3 d/s, or all members. After specifying the criteria, the member clicks on the search button 710, in response to which the application 45 server 251 performs the search of the members who meet the specified criteria.

In Step 611, a compatibility score between the member specifying the criteria and each member of the social network who meets the specified search criteria is computed. In 50 Step 612, the members of the social network who meet the specified search criteria are sorted according to their compatibility scores, and in Step 613, a web page containing images, mini-profiles, and hyperlinks associated with the members of the social network who meet the specified 55 search criteria are transmitted to the member for display. The web page transmitted in Step 613 is formatted such that the images, mini-profiles, and hyperlinks associated with the members are displayed according their compatibility scores (highest to lowest). FIG. 8 shows a sample search results 60 page 800.

The compatibility score between two members can be adjusted based on relationship information stored for the two members. In one embodiment, the compatibility score between the two members is increased based on the number 65 of common first through Nth degree friends that the members have. N is typically set to 2 or 3, but may be any

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positive integer. The compatibility score may be increased in proportion to the number of common first through Nth degree friends that the members have, with the increase based on first degree friends being weighted higher than the increase based on second degree friends, and the increase based on second degree friends being weighted higher than the increase based on third degree friends, and so forth.

In another embodiment, the compatibility score between a first member of the social network and a second member of the social network is adjusted based on the commonality of the first member's expressed interest in the first member's social network and the commonality of the second member's expressed interest in the second member's social network. FIG. 9 is a flow diagram that illustrates the process steps executed by the processor of the application server 251 in computing a compatibility score between two members, e.g., a first member and a second member, with the adjustment based on the commonality of the first member's expressed interest in the first member's social network and the commonality of the second member's expressed interest in the second member's social network.

In Step 910, the expressed interests of the first member are normalized into a first set {I1 I2, . . . , Im} of normalized interests, where m represents the number of normalized interests in the first set. In Step 911, the expressed interests of the second member are normalized into a second set {J1, J2, . . . , Jn} of normalized interests, where n represents the number of normalized interests in the second set. In Step 912, the interest compatibility scores for all pairs of normalized interests in the first and second sets are determined from the matrix 320. For example, if the first set is {Interest_1, Interest_2} and the second set is {Interest_2, Interest_3}, the following compatibility scores are retrieved from the matrix 320:

```
Compatibility(Interest_1, Interest_2);
Compatibility(Interest_1, Interest_3);
Compatibility(Interest_2, Interest_2); and
Compatibility(Interest_2, Interest_3).
```

In Step 913, each of the compatibility scores determined in Step 912 is adjusted based on the commonality of the first member's expressed interest in the first member's social network and the commonality of the second member's expressed interest in the second member's social network. For example, the adjustments, k12, k13, k22, k23, are made to the compatibility scores determined in Step 912 as follows:

```
k12*Compatibility(Interest_1, Interest_2);
k13*Compatibility(Interest_1, Interest_3);
k22*Compatibility(Interest_2, Interest_2); and
k23*Compatibility(Interest_2, Interest_3).
```

The adjustment, kij, is a function of the number of first through Nth degree friends of the first member who have expressed an interest corresponding to Interest_i and the number of first through Nth degree friends of the second member who have expressed an interest corresponding to Interest_j. N is typically set to 3 or 4, but may be any positive integer. The properties of the adjustment, kij, are as follows:

- 1. kij.gtoreq.1;
- 2. kij=kji;
- 3. kij increases in proportion to the number of friends of the first member who have expressed an interest corresponding to Interest_i, with the amount of increase being weighted higher for closer degree friends; and
- kij increases in proportion to the number of friends of the second member who have expressed an interest

corresponding to Interest_j, with the amount of increase being weighted higher for closer degree friends

In Step 914, the adjusted compatibility scores determined in Step 913 are summed, and the sum represents the compatibility score between the first member and the second member.

While particular embodiments according to the invention have been illustrated and described above, those skilled in the art understand that the invention can take a variety of 10 forms and embodiments within the scope of the appended claims.

What is claimed is:

1. A method comprising, by one or more processors 15 associated with one or more computing devices of an online social network:

receiving, at an application server of the online social network from a client system of a first user of the online social network, a request comprising search criteria 20 specifying a first interest of the first user;

normalizing, by the application server, the first interest based on an interest classification process to obtain a first normalized interest of the first user;

accessing, by the application server, a set of normalized 25 interests, wherein the set of normalized interests are pre-determined by the interest classification process from expressed interests of users of the online social network accessed from a member database on the online social network;

determining, by the application server, one or more compatible interests from the set of normalized interests, wherein each compatible interest has an interest compatibility score in relation to the first normalized interest that exceeds a pre-determined threshold, the interest compatibility score for each pair of normalized interests being based on:

- an estimated probability of compatibility of the pair of normalized interests and
- (2) an adjustment corresponding to a commonality of 40 each normalized interest in the pair of normalized interests in a social network of the first user, wherein a user's social network corresponds to all first through Nth degree connections of the user, wherein N is a positive integer;

retrieving, by the application server from the member database of the online social network, search results based on the search criteria and the one or more compatible interests, the search results comprising information associated with one or more second users of the online social network retrieved from the member database, each of the one or more second users having at least one expressed interest corresponding to one of the one or more compatible normalized interests; and

sending, to the client system in response to the request, 55 instructions for presenting a search results interface comprising the search results.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the search criteria is received in relation to a first user of an online social network.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the search criteria is 60 received from an application of the online social network running on the client system of the first user.
- **4**. The method of claim **1**, wherein the search criteria is received in relation to a third-party website, application, or web service.
- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein normalizing the first interest comprises classifying the first interest of the search

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criteria to a corresponding normalized interest, wherein each normalized interest corresponds to a plurality of interests.

- 6. The method of claim 1, wherein the estimated probability of compatibility of a pair of interests represents the probability that a user of the online social network will express both interests of the pair of interests among the interests of the user.
- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein each pair of interests comprises the first normalized interest and a second normalized interest from the set of normalized interests, and wherein the interest compatibility score for each pair of interests is based on the estimated probability of compatibility calculated for the pair of interests divided by the product of the estimated probability of compatibility calculated for the first interest of the pair of interests and the estimated probability of compatibility calculated for the second interest of the pair of interests.
- 8. The method of claim 1, wherein each of the one or more second users are connected to the first user within the online social network.
- 9. The method of claim 1, further comprising determining, for each of the one or more second users, an interest compatibility score between the first user and the second user, wherein the search results comprise the interest compatibility score between the first user and the second user.
 - 10. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

accessing a social graph comprising a plurality of nodes and a plurality of edges connecting the nodes, each of one or more of the nodes being associated with one of a plurality of users of an online social network, each connection between two nodes representing a relationship between the two nodes and establishing a single degree of separation between the two nodes.

11. The method of claim 10, wherein:

the first user is associated with a first node of the plurality of nodes; and

the one or more second users are associated with one or more second nodes of the plurality of nodes, respectively.

- 12. The method of claim 11, wherein retrieving the search results is further based on a degree of separation between the nodes associated with the first user and the second user in the social graph.
- 13. The method of claim 1, further comprising calculating the interest compatibility score between each of one or more pairs of interests.
 - 14. The method of claim 1, further comprising: selecting, by the application server, the one or more second users having at least one of the compatible interests, the selecting of each second user being based on:
 - (1) the first normalized interest of the first user,
 - (2) a plurality of second normalized interests of the second user, wherein the second normalized interests are based on second interests of the second user retrieved from the member database of the online social network, and
 - (3) an estimated probability of compatibility of each pair of interests in a matrix of the normalized interests of the first and second users, each pair of interests in the matrix including the first normalized interest and a second interest from the plurality of second normalized interests of the second user, wherein the estimated probability of compatibility for the first normalized interest and second normalized interest is based at least in part on a frequency

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- of occurrence of interests corresponding to the first interest and second interest occurring in the member database.
- **15**. The method of claim **1**, further comprising: calculating, by the application server, an interest compatibility score between each pair of interests.
- **16**. The method of claim **1**, further comprising:
- sending, by the application server, a query to a social graph server of the online social network for information indicating a degree of separation between the first user and one or more other users of the online social network, wherein a relationship database of the social graph server stores a social graph comprising a plurality of nodes and a plurality of edges connecting the nodes, the plurality of nodes being associated with a plurality of users of the online social network, respectively, each connection between two nodes representing a relationship between the two nodes and establishing a single degree of separation between the two nodes.
- 17. The method of claim 16, wherein:
- the first user is associated with a first node of the plurality of nodes; and
- the one or more second users are associated with one or more second nodes of the plurality of nodes, respectively.
- 18. The method of claim 17, wherein each retrieved search result corresponds to a second user having a degree of separation between the first user and the second user in the social graph that is less than or equal to a threshold degree of separation.
 - 19. The method of claim 16, further comprising: receiving, by the application server from the social graph server responsive to the query, identifiers of the one or
 - server responsive to the query, identifiers of the one or more second users, wherein the degree of separation between nodes corresponding to the first and second users is within a predetermined degree of separation.
- **20**. The method of claim **19**, further comprising, for each of the one or more second users:
 - accessing, from a member database of the online social network, a set of interests of the second user;
 - normalizing, by the application server, the set of interests of the second user accessed from the member database to obtain a set of normalized interests of the second 45 user;
 - determining, by the application server, for each of one or more combinations of the first normalized interest and one of the normalized interests in the set of normalized interests of the second user, a probability that a user of 50 the online social network will identify both the first normalized interest and the one of the normalized interests in the set of normalized interests as interests of the user; and
 - calculating, by the application server, an interest compatibility score between the first and second users based at least in part on the probabilities determined for the combinations of normalized interests.
 - 21. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 - calculating, for each pair of normalized interests, the 60 adjustment k_ij for the pair comprising interest_i and interest_j, wherein k_ij increases in proportion to a number of Nth degree connections in the first user's social network who have expressed an interest corresponding to interest_i or interest_j, with the amount of 65 increase of k_ij being weighted higher for closer degree friends of the first user.

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- 22. The method of claim 1, wherein the adjustment is weighted based on a degree of separation from the first user of a connection having the normalized interest.
 - 23. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 - identifying, by the application server from the member database of the online social network, a plurality of second users of the online social network matching the search criteria;
 - accessing, by the application server, for each second user of the plurality of second users, one or more normalized interests associated with the second user from the sect of normalized interests; and
- calculating, for each pair of normalized interests, the adjustment k_ij for the pair comprising interest_i of the first user and interestj of one of the second users, wherein k_ij increases in proportion to a number of Nth degree connections in the first user's social network who have expressed an interest corresponding to interest_i, with the amount of increase of k_ij being weighted higher for closer degree friends of the first user, and wherein k_ij increases in proportion to a number of Nth degree connections in the second user's social network who have expressed an interest corresponding to interest_j, with the amount of increase of k_ij being weighted higher for closer degree friends of the second user.
- **24**. A system of an online social network, comprising: one or more non-transitory machine-readable storage media encoded with instructions; and one or more processors operable to execute the instructions to:
 - receive, at an application server of the online social network from a client system of a first user of the online social network, a request comprising search criteria specifying a first interest of the first user;
 - normalize, by the application server, the first interest based on an interest classification process to obtain a first normalized interest of the first user;
 - access, by the application server, a set of normalized interests, wherein the set of normalized interests are pre-determined by the interest classification process from expressed interests of users of the online social network accessed from a member database on the online social network;
 - determine, by the application server, one or more compatible interests from the set of normalized interests, wherein each compatible interest has an interest compatibility score in relation to the first normalized interest that exceeds a pre-determined threshold, the interest compatibility score for each pair of normalized interests being based on:
 - (1) an estimated probability of compatibility of the pair of normalized interests and
 - (2) an adjustment corresponding to a commonality of each normalized interest in the pair of normalized interests in a social network of the first user, wherein a user's social network corresponds to all first through Nth degree connections of the user, wherein N is a positive integer;
 - retrieve, by the application server from the member database of the online social network, search results based on the search criteria and the one or more compatible interests, the search results comprising information associated with one or more second users of the online social network retrieved from the member database, each of the one or more second users having at least one expressed interest corresponding to one of the one or more compatible normalized interests; and

- send, to the client system in response to the request, instructions for presenting a search results interface comprising the search results.
- **25**. The system of claim **24**, wherein the search criteria is received in relation to a first user of an online social network. ⁵
- 26. The system of claim 24, wherein the search criteria is received from an application of the online social network running on the client system of the first user.
- 27. The system of claim 24, wherein the search criteria is received in relation to a third-party website, application, or web service.
- **28**. One or more computer-readable non-transitory storage media embodying logic that is operable when executed to:
 - receive, at an application server of an online social network from a client system of a first user of the online social network, a request comprising search criteria specifying a first interest of the first user;
 - normalize, by the application server, the first interest 20 based on an interest classification process to obtain a first normalized interest of the first user;
 - access, by the application server, a set of normalized interests, wherein the set of normalized interests are pre-determined by the interest classification process 25 from expressed interests of users of the online social network accessed from a member database on the online social network;

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- determine, by the application server, one or more compatible interests from the set of normalized interests, wherein each compatible interest has an interest compatibility score in relation to the first normalized interest that exceeds a pre-determined threshold, the interest compatibility score for each pair of normalized interests being based on:
 - (1) an estimated probability of compatibility of the pair of normalized interests and
 - (2) an adjustment corresponding to a commonality of each normalized interest in the pair of normalized interests in a social network of the first user, wherein a user's social network corresponds to all first through Nth degree connections of the user, wherein N is a positive integer;

retrieve, by the application server from the member database of the online social network, search results based on the search criteria and the one or more compatible interests, the search results comprising information associated with one or more second users of the online social network retrieved from the member database, each of the one or more second users having at least one expressed interest corresponding to one of the one or more compatible normalized interests; and

send, to the client system in response to the request, instructions for presenting a search results interface comprising the search results.

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