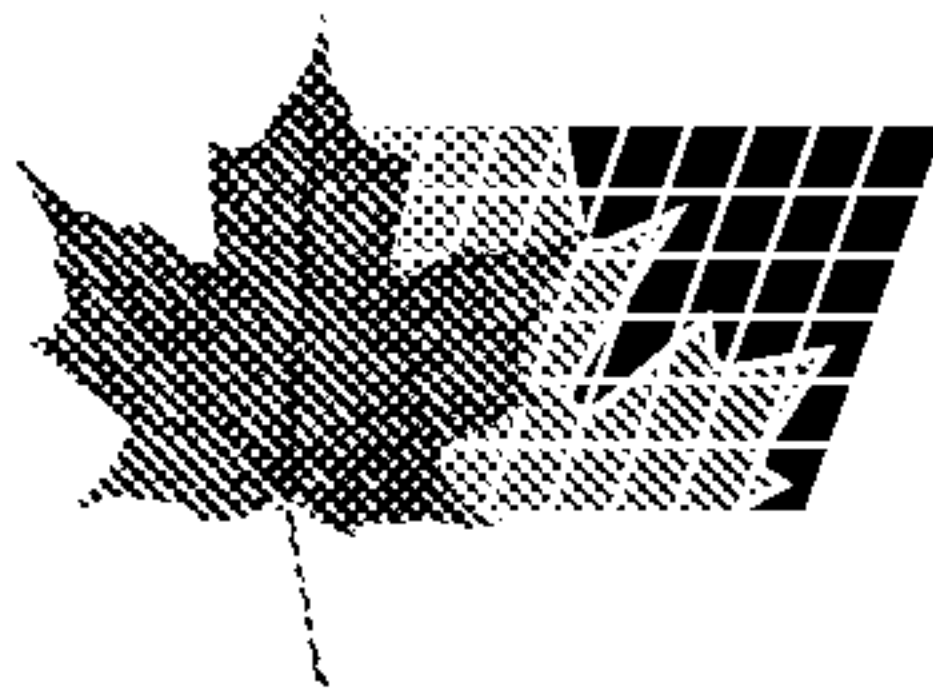




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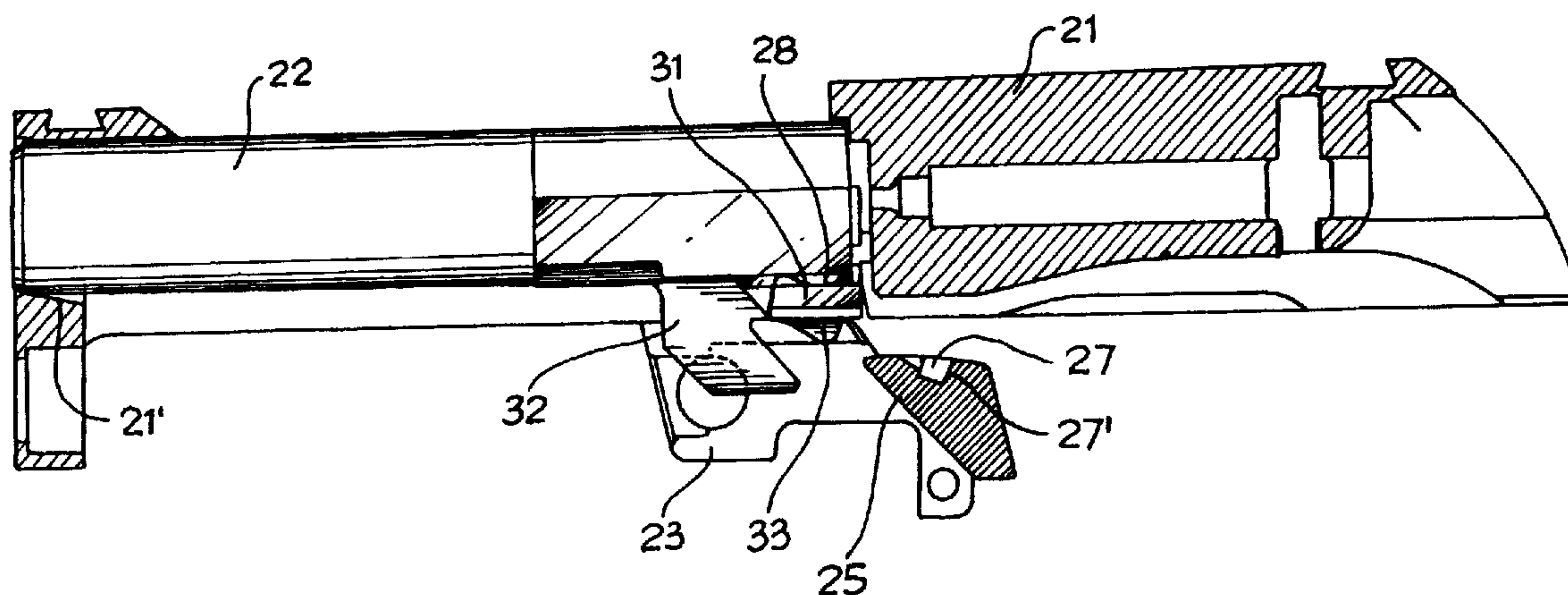
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(54) **DISPOSITIF POUR BLOQUER LE CANON OSCILLANT D'UN
PISTOLET**

(54) **DEVICE FOR LOCKING A TILTING BARREL OF A PISTOL**



(57) This invention concerns a closing device for the barrel in semiautomatic and automatic pistols. The barrel (22) is equipped, in its lower rear part, with first lateral means (31) for interacting with the first complementary devices (28) at the sides of the breech-block (21) to hold the barrel closed when the breech-block is in the forward position, and with second means (32) designed to interact with the second complementary means (25) on an element (23) of the stock, for swinging the rear part of the barrel downward and the blocking of the barrel in order to open the gun when the breech-block is moved into the rear position.

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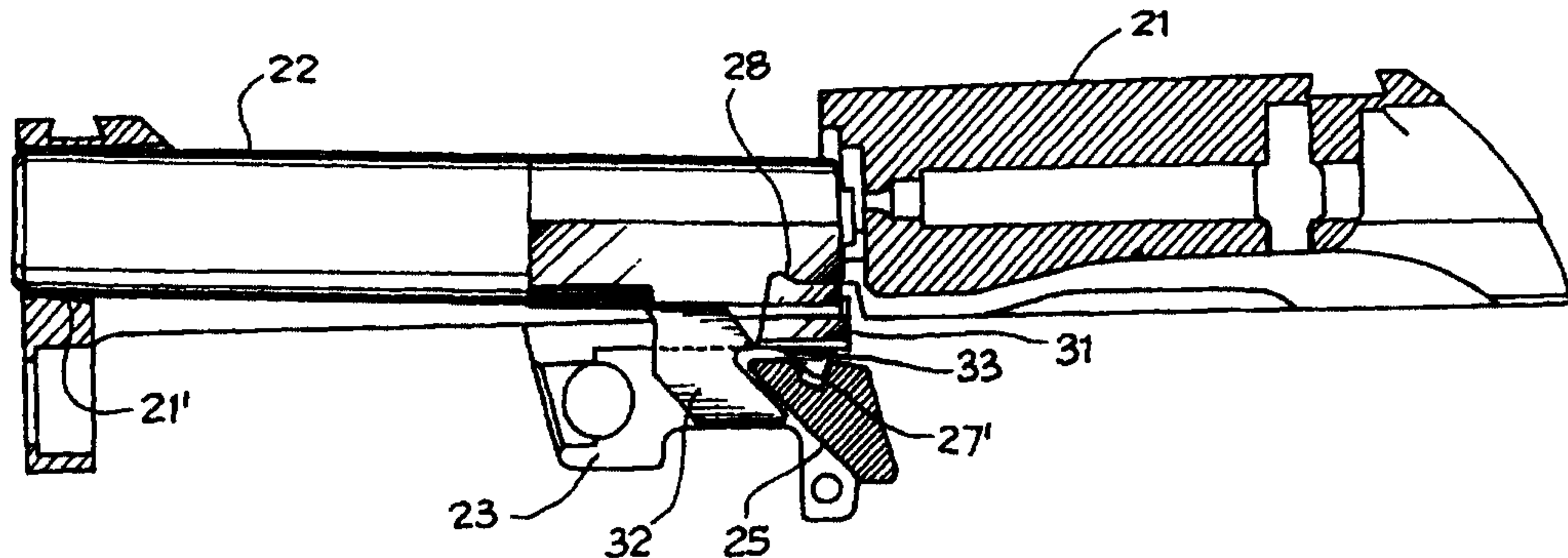
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(54) Title: DEVICE FOR LOCKING A TILTING BARREL OF A PISTOL



(57) Abstract: This invention concerns a closing device for the barrel in semiautomatic and automatic pistols. The barrel (22) is equipped, in its lower rear part, with first lateral means (31) for interacting with the first complementary devices (28) at the sides of the breech-block (21) to hold the barrel closed when the breech-block is in the forward position, and with second means (32) designed to interact with the second complementary means (25) on an element (23) of the stock, for swinging the rear part of the barrel downward and the blocking of the barrel in order to open the gun when the breech-block is moved into the rear position.



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DEVICE FOR LOCKING A TILTING BARREL OF A PISTOL

This invention concerns semiautomatic and automatic pistols of the type with an oscillating barrel and, in particular, refers to a device for closing the barrel in said pistols and the blocking/unblocking of this device by means
5 of the breech-block carriage.

In some well-known versions of the oscillating barrel pistols, the barrel is held closed by means of a barrel-breech block coupling, which occurs in the upper part of the breech-block. In this case, the barrel is equipped on top
10 with a projection or step which, when the barrel is closed, rests against a shoulder made in an upper transverse wall of the breech-block and which is released from said shoulder, to open the barrel, when the breech-block recoils after each shot and the barrel, which follows it for a stretch and is

constrained by runners on the gun stock, swings downwards from the breech.

5 This method of closing the barrel is relatively simple. However, it requires the breech-block to have a bridge integrated into its upper part, near to the cartridge chamber. Therefore, the breech-block has a rather "closed" structure, with an ejection hole for cases of limited length, also because it is difficult to effect the coupling closure too far forward.

10 This construction, in particular the narrowness of the breech-block opening, may hinder the safe and correct ejection of the cases when the ammunition is fired.

15 In another well-known version, the oscillating barrel is held in the closed position in the lower part of the barrel and breech-block. This has the advantage of making the breech-block more "open" in the upper part, to ensure the ejection of the case without hindrance, but, on the other hand, there is the disadvantage that the closure is done by means of an additional device, which is movable, awkward and relatively
20 complicated.

It is the aim of this invention to propose a closing device for oscillating barrel pistols, which operates on the lower part of the barrel and the breech-block, incorporating within it the advantages of a simple construction and an "open"
25 breech-block, typical of the above-mentioned models,

without resorting to movable, complicated and expensive components.

In fact, one of the advantages is that the means of closure are integral with the barrel, and the upper part of the breech-
5 block remains completely free of blocking duties, so it may be opened wide to freely release the used cartridge case while the breech-block retreats.

The aim and the advantages whereof above are achieved by using a closing device for pistols with an oscillating
10 barrel, according to claim 1.

Further details of the invention will become clear from the following description, made with reference to the enclosed drawings, in which:

Fig. 1 shows part of a pistol in lengthwise cross-section,
15 with the barrel closed;

Fig. 2 shows a perspective of the front insert of the stock;

Fig. 3 shows a view from below of the insert in Fig. 2;

Fig. 4 shows a cross-section of the insert according to the arrows IV-IV in Fig. 3;

20 Fig. 5 shows a perspective of the breech-block from the side of the passage for ejecting the case;

Fig. 6 shows a side view of the breech-block in Fig. 5;

Fig. 7 shows a view of the breech-block from above;

25 Fig. 8 shows a lengthwise cross-section of the breech-block according to the arrows VIII-VIII in Fig. 7;

Fig. 9 shows a perspective of the barrel from below;

Fig. 10 shows a side view of the barrel in Fig. 9;

Fig. 11 shows a view of the barrel from below;

Fig. 12 shows a lengthwise cross-section of the barrel
5 according to the arrows XII-XII in Fig. 11;

Fig. 13 shows a view of the barrel from its rear end; and

Figs 14 and 15 show the whole: insert, breech-block and
barrel, at two moments of the opening.

In said drawings, showing a pistol that incorporates the
10 device of the invention, the stock 20, the breech-block
carriage 21 and the barrel 22 are all highlighted.

In the front section, the stock 20 is equipped with an
opening and closing element for the barrel. This element
may be integrated with the stock, or, as shown in the
15 drawings, may consist of an insert 23 – Fig. 2 – with two
parallel side arms 24, turned upwards, between which the
breech-block carriage 21 is guided lengthwise.
Furthermore, beneath the plane of movement of the breech-
block 21, the element or insert 23 has an opening slider 25,
20 which slopes from front to back of the gun, and which has
an end piece 26 with a notch 27 on its upper surface and
behind the slider. It should be noted that the notch 27 has a
back wall 27' which is at an angle to the vertical, facing in
the opposite direction to that of the slider 25 – Fig. 4.

25 The breech-block, guided along the stock between the

two arms 24 of the insert, moves in the usual way between a forward closed position of the gun, for shooting, and a rear open position of the gun, for ejecting the spent cartridge case and re-arming the gun with new ammunition.

5 The forward position is guaranteed by a spring (not shown), while the rear open position is caused by the firing of the ammunition or by moving the breech-block manually.

10 The breech-block 21 sits astride the barrel 22 and has, down below and on opposite sides, two blocking notches 28 and, above, a large lengthwise opening 29 with a lateral passage 30 for ejecting the spent cartridge case – Fig. 5.

15 The lower part of the barrel 22 is guided into a tunnel 21' in the front of the breech block. The barrel is subject to oscillation between a horizontal closed position and a position sloped downwards at the back, when open. It assumes a horizontal position when the gun is closed, and the sloped open position when the gun is open, with the breech-block drawn back.

20 The barrel has two lateral fins 31 on either side – Figs 9, 11, 13 – and, beneath and centrally, a wedge-shaped tenon 32 and a catch 33. The lateral fins 31 are designed to interact with the lateral cavities in the breech-block, while the opening tenon 32 and the catch 33 are designed to interact with the slider 25 and the notch 27, respectively, on
25 the front element or insert 23 of the stock 20.

More precisely, the lateral fins 31 on the barrel fit into the lateral cavities 28 of the breech-block 21 when the latter is in the forward position, thereby blocking the barrel in the horizontal closed position. In this condition, the gun is ready to fire the ammunition in the barrel and, furthermore, the opening tenon 32 and the catch 33 are up front, far away from the slider 25 and the notch 27, respectively – Fig. 14.

Once the ammunition has been fired, the breech-block slides backwards. During the first part of this backward movement, the breech-block pulls with it the barrel, which is held by means of the lateral fins 31. This continues until the opening tenon 32 is intercepted by the slider 25 on the insert 23 – Fig. 15. Then, the interaction of the tenon and the slider forces the rear of the barrel to slope downwards, causing the lateral fins to be freed from the lateral cavities on the breech block, while the latter continues its backward movement. In this way, the cartridge chamber opens and the spent cartridge case is ejected.

In addition, the barrel is firmly blocked with the help of the catch 33. When the barrel is sloping backwards, the catch 33, in fact, snags against the face 27' of the notch 27. Given the inclination of this face 27' of the notch, the barrel undergoes a small forward movement, causing the tenon 32 to detach slightly from the slider 25, so that there is no interference between these two parts when the barrel slopes

even more as the breech block is completely drawn back, the barrel tilting upward at the front, with its fulcrum in the said notch 27.

5 Then, with the return of the breech block to its forward position, the barrel resumes its horizontal position, forced to close by the push forward from the breech-block and blocked there by the lateral fins, which settle back into the lateral cavities.

CLAIMS

1. Device for closing the barrel of semiautomatic and automatic pistols, consisting of:

- a stock (20) with an opening and closing element (23) in the front part,
- 5 - a breech-block carriage (21) guided along said element (23) of the stock and movable axially, between a forward closed position and a rear open position,
- 10 - a spring placed between the stock and the breech-block in order to push the breech-block into the forward position, the return movement being carried out manually or following the firing of the gun, and
- 15 - a barrel (22) guided lengthwise and fitting with a front part of the breech-block, and subject to oscillations between a horizontal closed position, when the breech-block is in the forward position, and a sloping downward open position, when the breech-block is in the rear
- 20 position,

characterised by the fact that the barrel (22) incorporates first lateral means, in its lower rear part, which are designed to interact with the first complementary means at either side of the breech-

block, thereby blocking the barrel in the closed position when said breech-block is in the forward position, and second means designed to interact with second complementary means located on said
5 element (23) of the stock for the oscillation and the unblocking of the barrel in order to open it when the breech-block is moved backwards.

2. Device according to claim 1, in which said first means of the barrel consist of at least one lateral fin (31), and
10 said first complementary means of the breech-block consist of at least one lateral cavity (28) into which the said fin enters from below, when the breech-block is in the forward position and the barrel closed.

3. Device according to claim 1, in which said second
15 means of the barrel, consist of a wedge-shaped tenon (32), and said second complementary means on the element (23) of the stock consist of an opening slider (25) for the barrel oscillation and the release of the lateral fin of the barrel from the breech-block cavity,
20 during the first part of the movement of the breech-block from the forward to the rear position.

4. Device according to claim 3, in which said second means of the barrel also consist of a catch (33) in the rear of said wedge-shaped tenon (32), and said second
25 complementary means on the element (23) of the stock

also include a notch (27) with a rear wall (27') that slopes in the opposite direction to said slider (25), said catch (33) blocking against said sloping side (27') of said notch when the barrel oscillates downwards and backwards, causing the tenon to detach slightly from the slider (25), allowing, however, the front of the barrel to oscillate upwards following the final reverse movement of the breech-block.

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5. Device according to claim 1, in which said first means of the barrel consist of two fins (31), on opposite sides and said first complementary means of the breech-block consist of two lateral cavities (28) in which said fins insert themselves upwards, when the breech-block is in the forward position and the barrel closed; in which said second means of the barrel consist of a wedge-shaped tenon (32), and said second complementary means on the element (23) of the stock consist of an opening slider (25) which slopes downwards towards the rear of the gun, the wedge-shaped tenon (32) interacting with said slider (25) for the oscillation of the barrel and the release of the lateral fins of the barrel from the cavities on the breech block during the first phase of the breech block movement backwards from the forward position; in which said second means of the barrel also consist of a

catch (33) at the back of said wedge-shaped tenon (32), and said second complementary means on the insert of the stock also include a notch (27) which has a back wall (27') that slopes in the opposite direction to said slider (25), said catch (33) interacting with said sloping wall (27') of said slider when the barrel is oscillated downwards and backwards in order to detach the tenon slightly from the slider, consenting the front of the barrel to oscillate upwards as a result of the final backward movement of the breech-block.

