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(54) **CONNECTOR AND ELECTRONIC DEVICE COMPRISING SAME**

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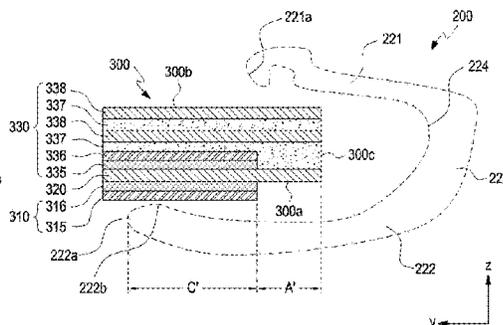
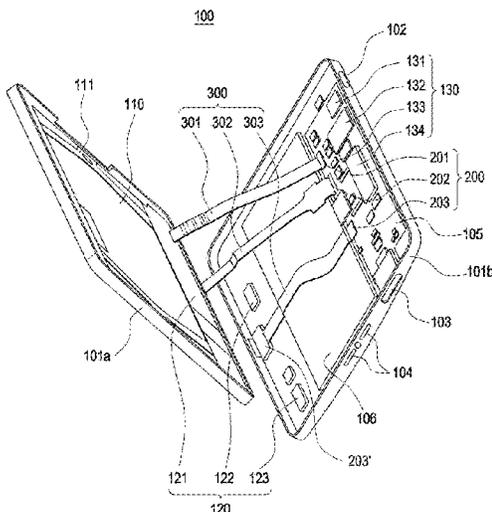
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

According to one embodiment, an electronic device includes: a housing; a first electronic component inside the housing; a second electronic component arranged inside the housing and spaced apart from the first electronic component; a female connector electrically connected to the second electronic component, the female connector comprising multiple conductive pins; a male connector electrically connected to the first electronic component and configured to contact at least some of the multiple conductive pins of the female connector, the male connector comprising a base film, a conductive layer formed on one surface of the base film, and an adhesive layer formed on the back surface of the base film, thereby forming a lamination structure; and multiple reinforcement members provided on at least one of one surface of the base film and the back surface thereof so as to form a peripheral portion of the lamination structure.

**15 Claims, 19 Drawing Sheets**



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*H05K 7/1427* (2013.01); *H05K 2201/10189*  
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 H01R 12/61; H01R 12/59; H01R 12/778;  
 H01R 12/771; H01R 12/77-83  
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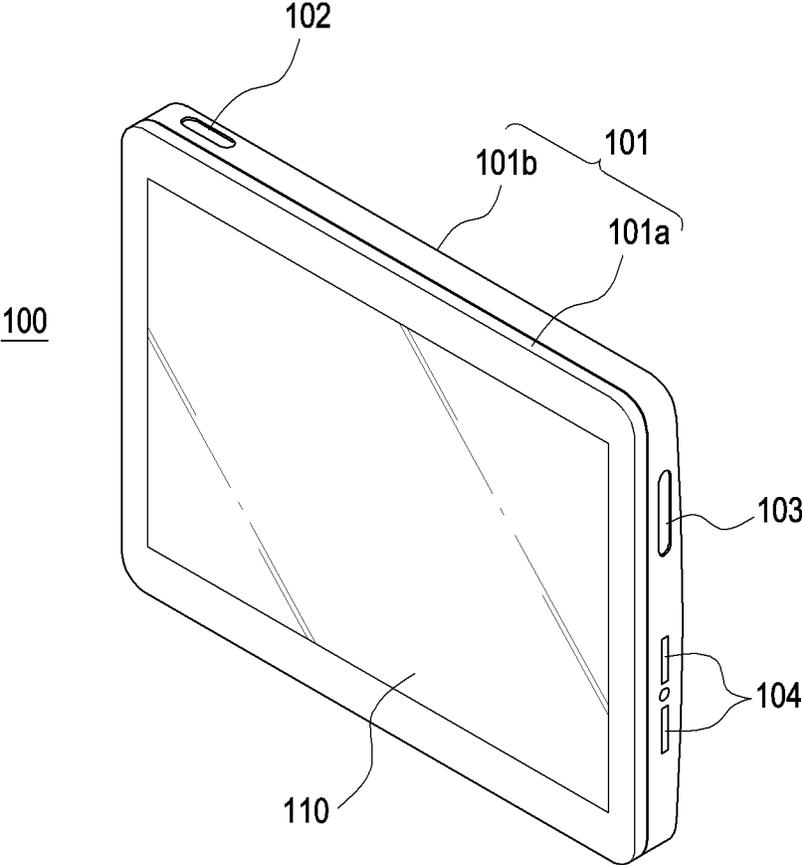


FIG. 1

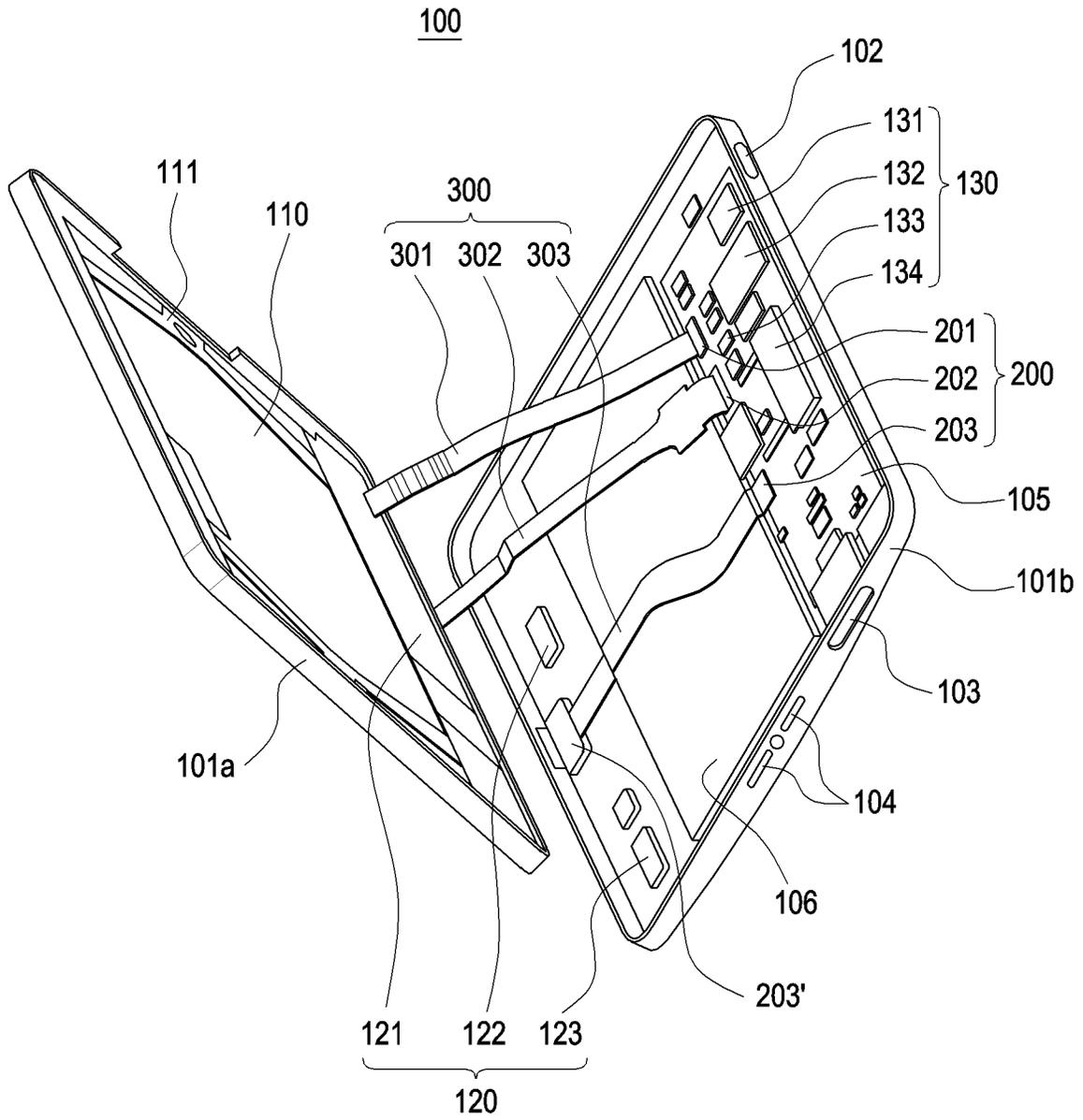


FIG. 2

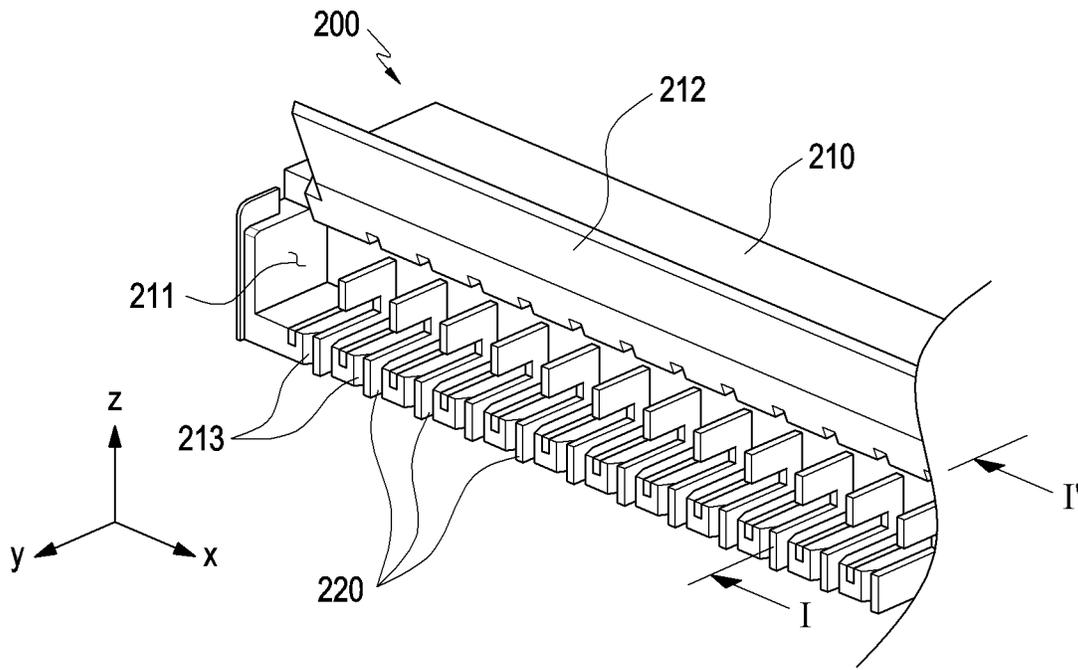


FIG.3A

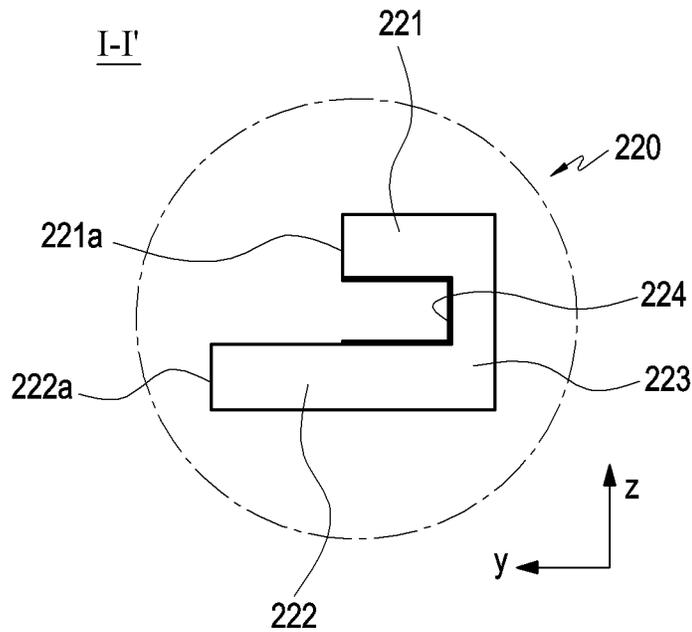


FIG.3B

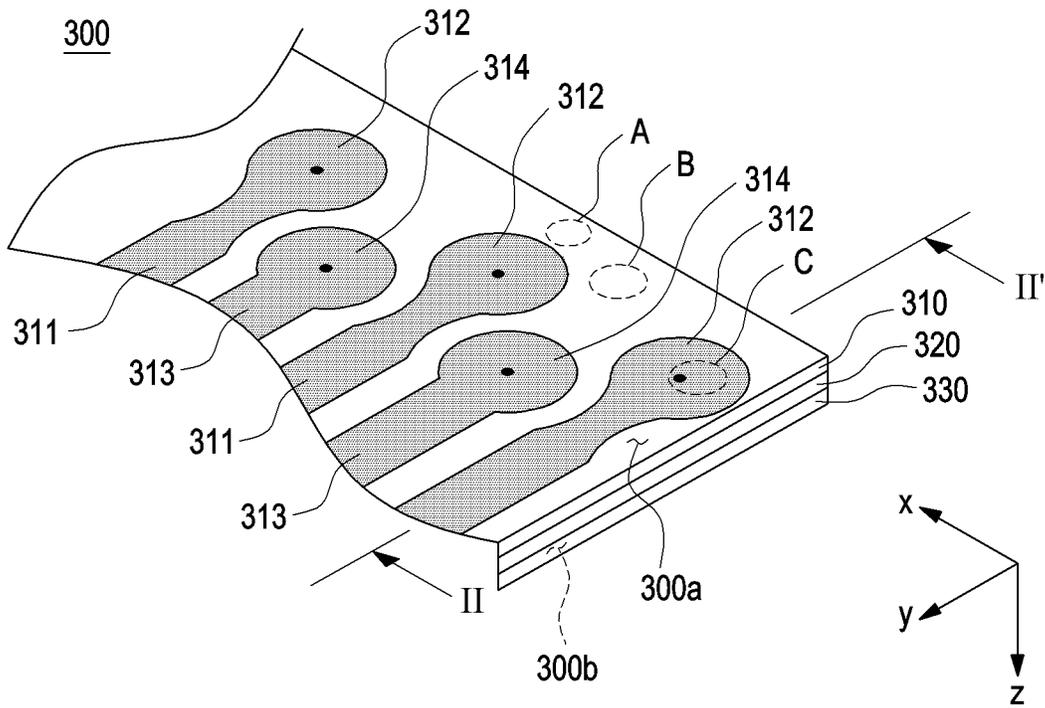


FIG.4

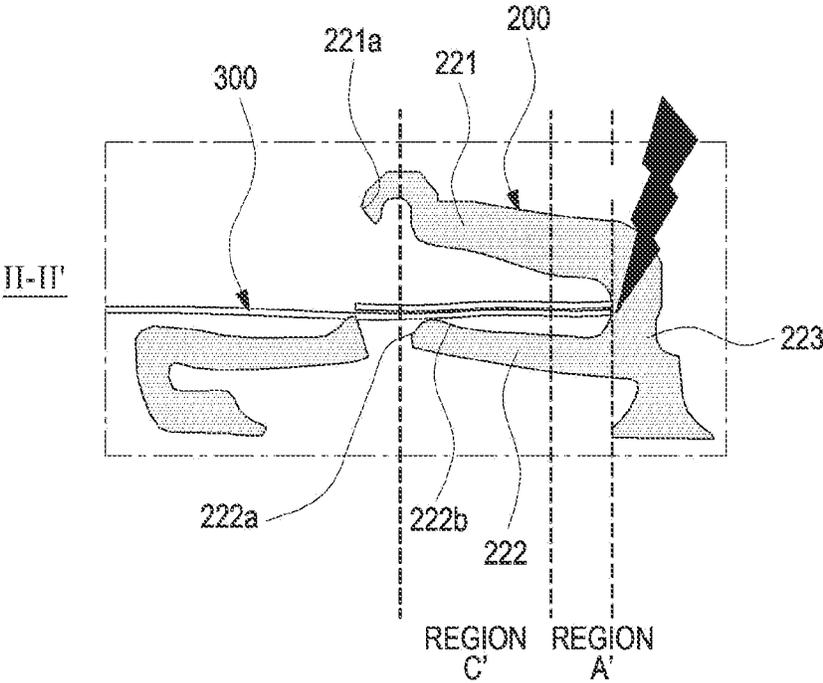


FIG.5A

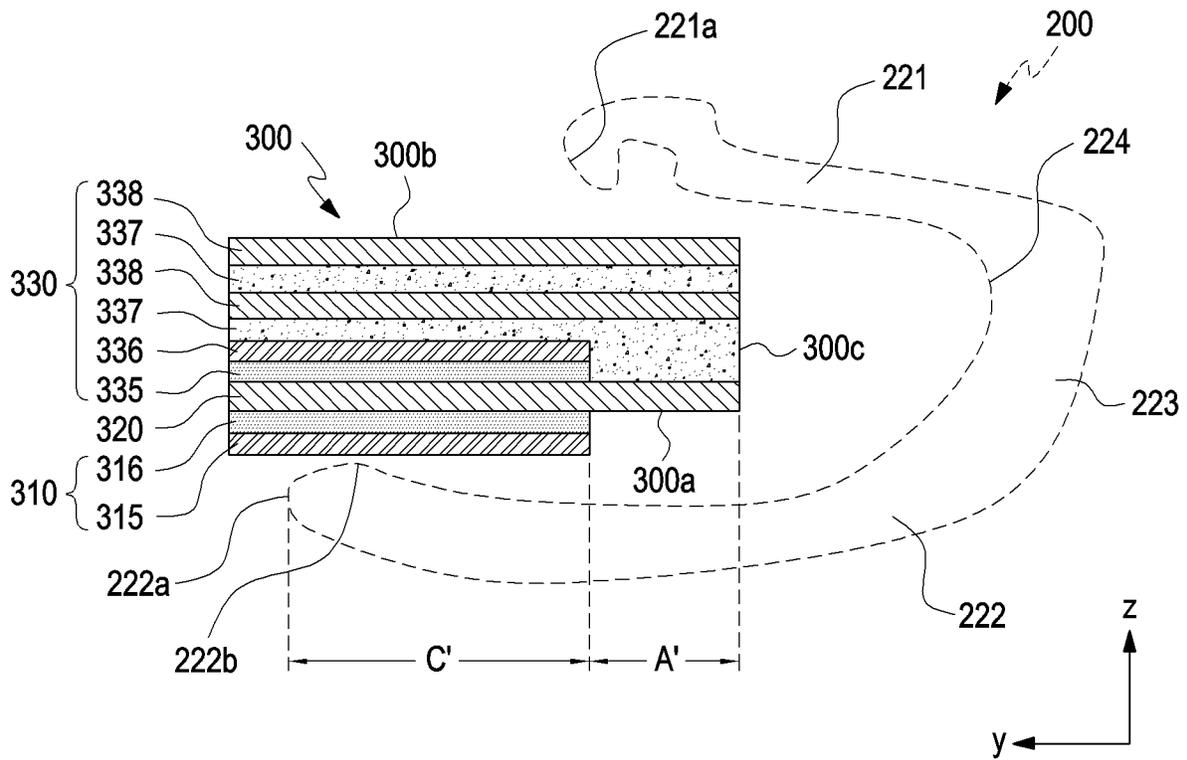


FIG.5B

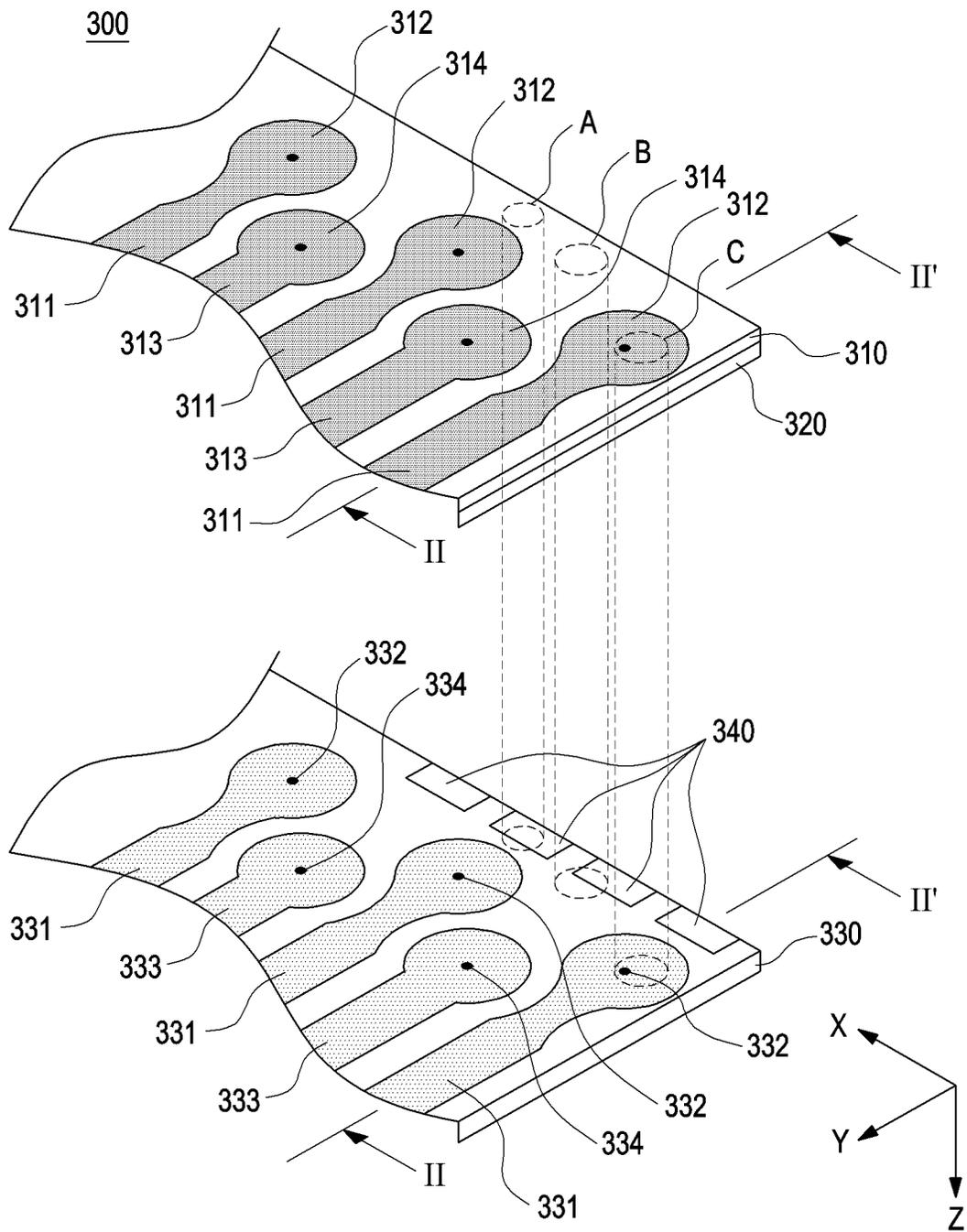


FIG. 6



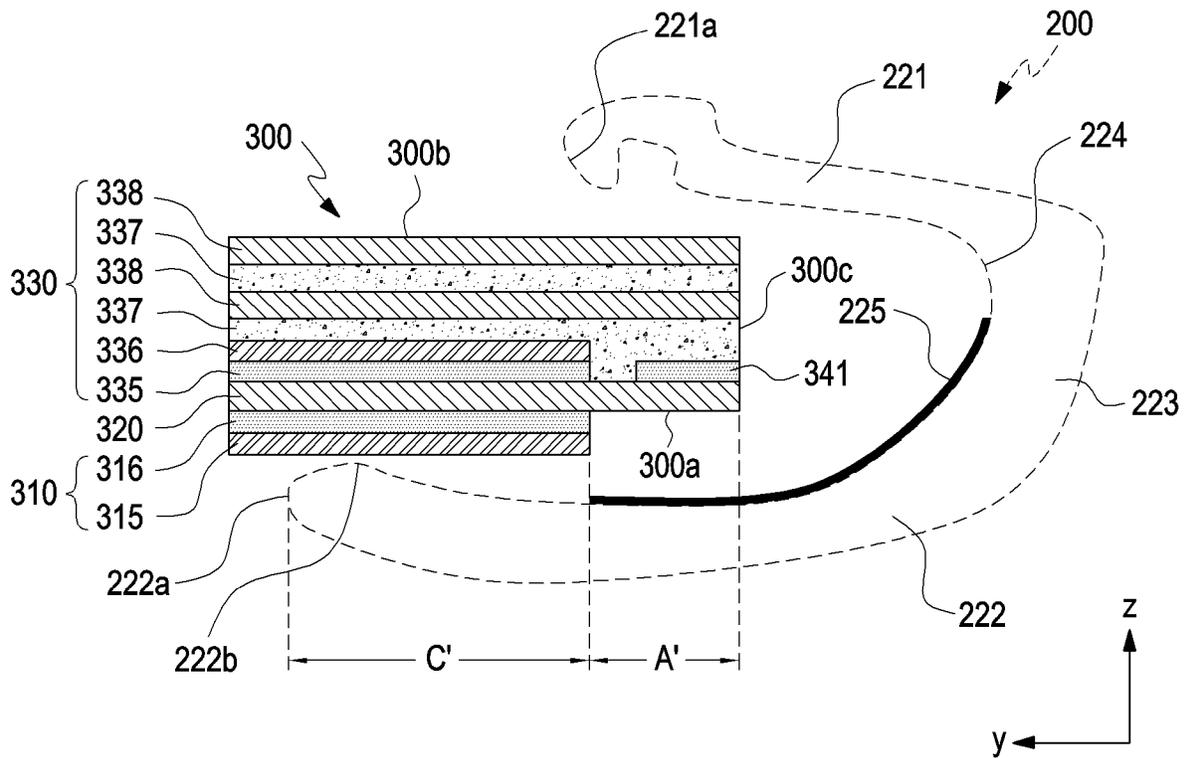


FIG. 7B

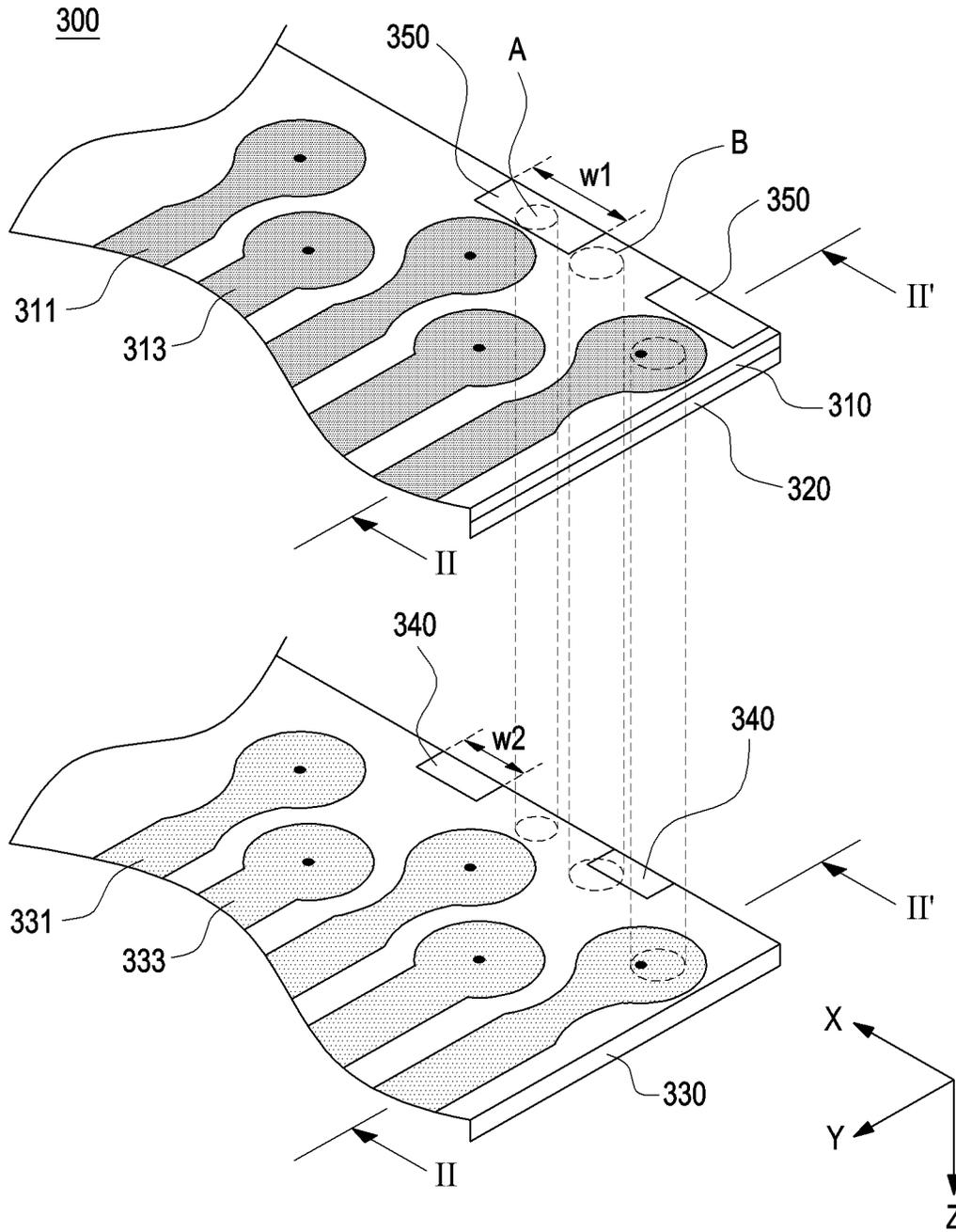


FIG. 8

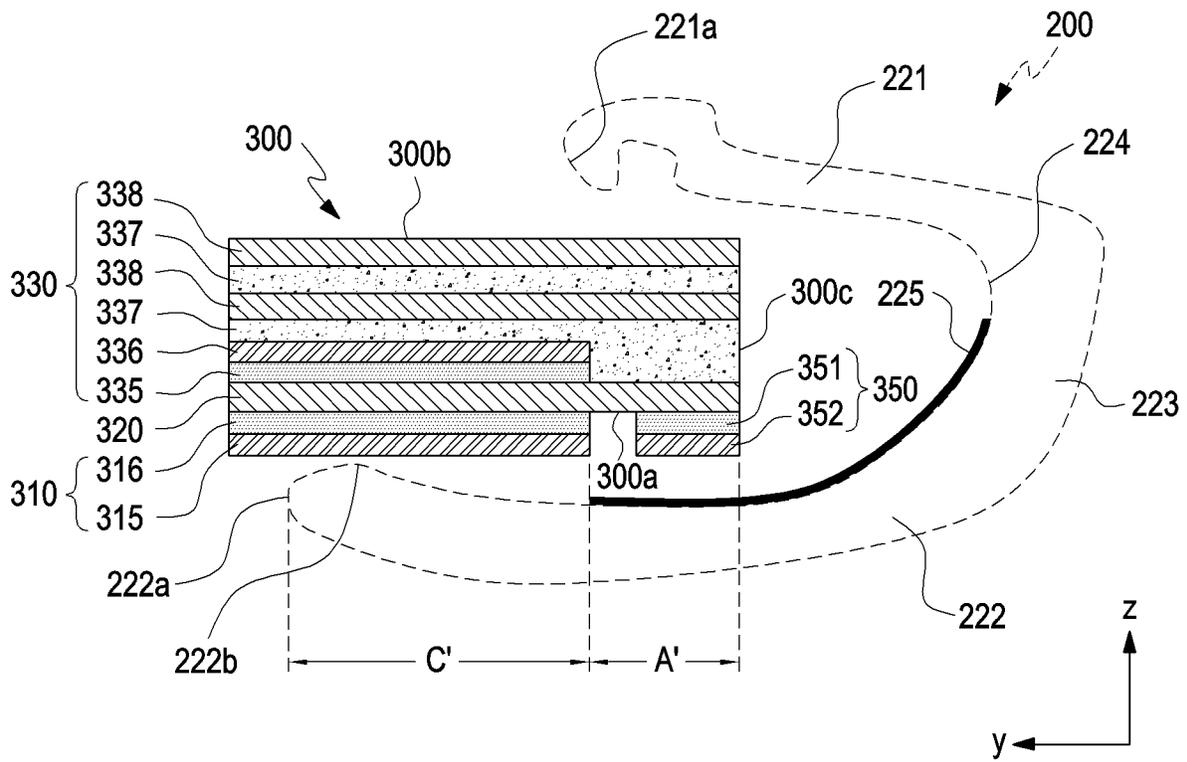


FIG.9A



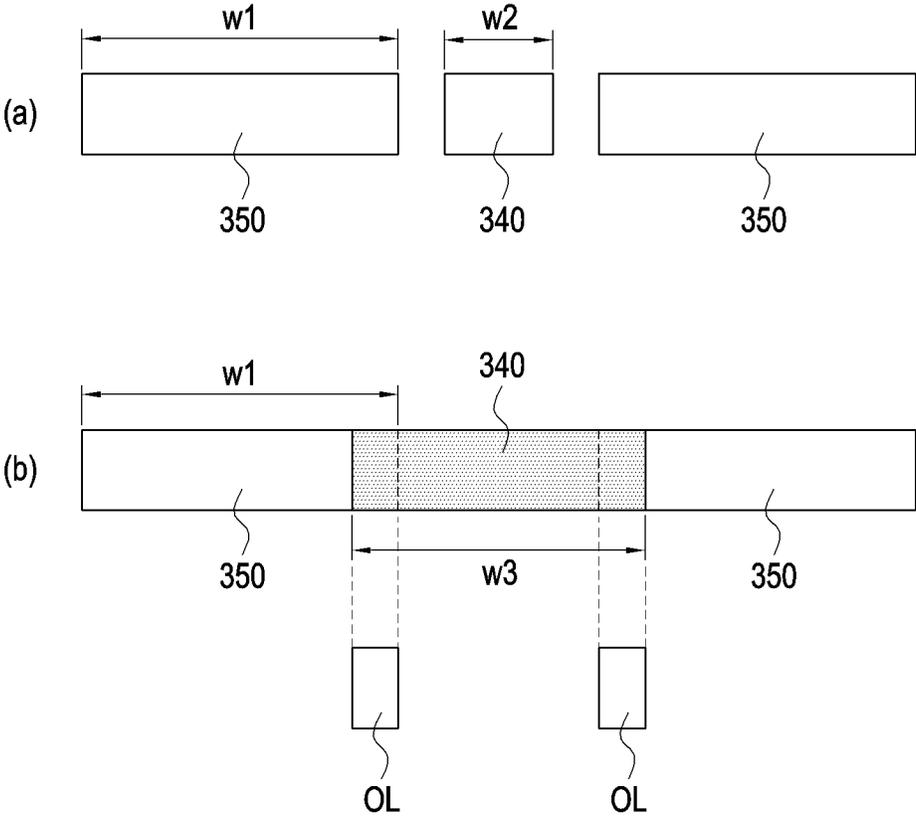


FIG. 10

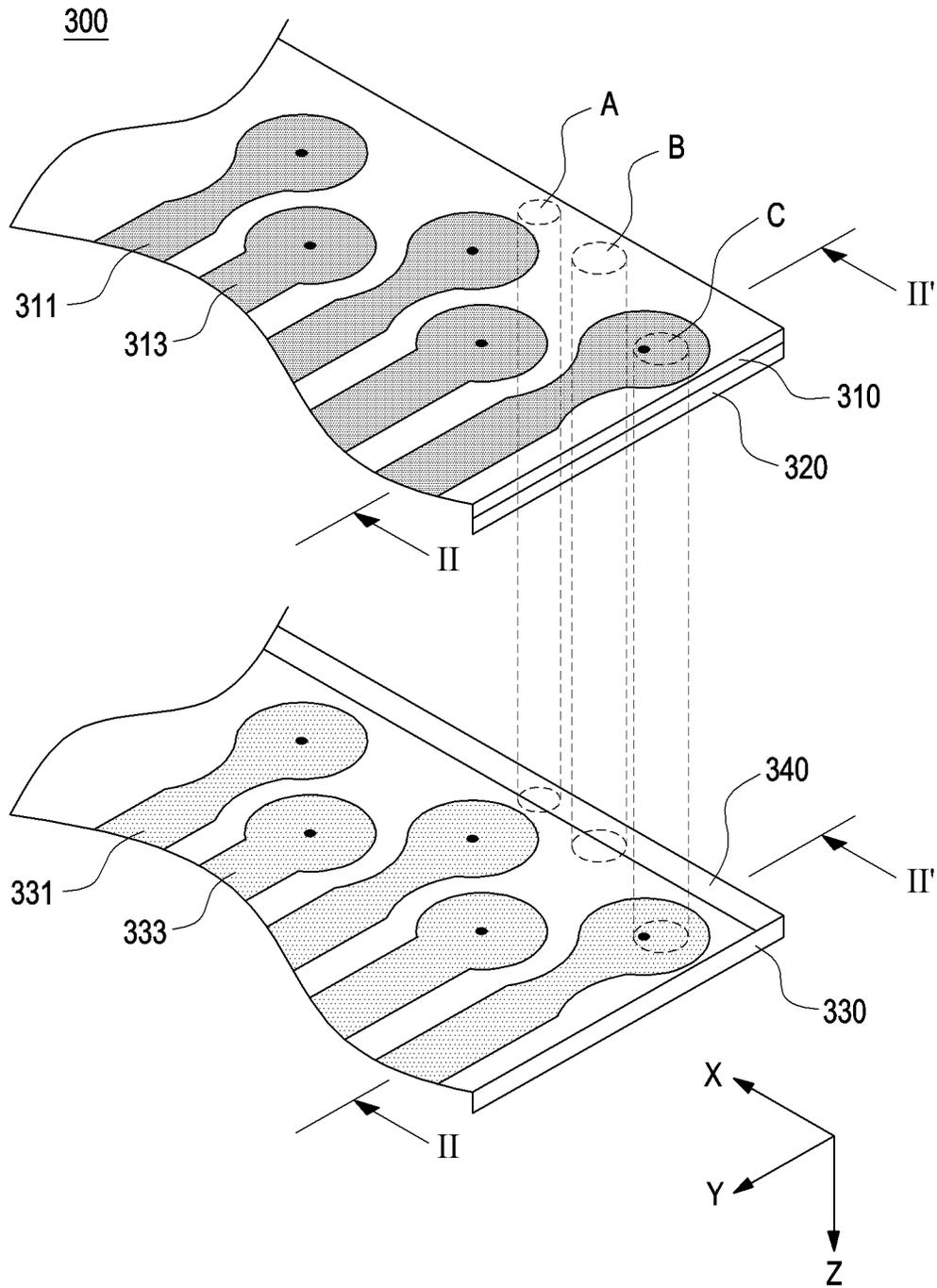


FIG. 11

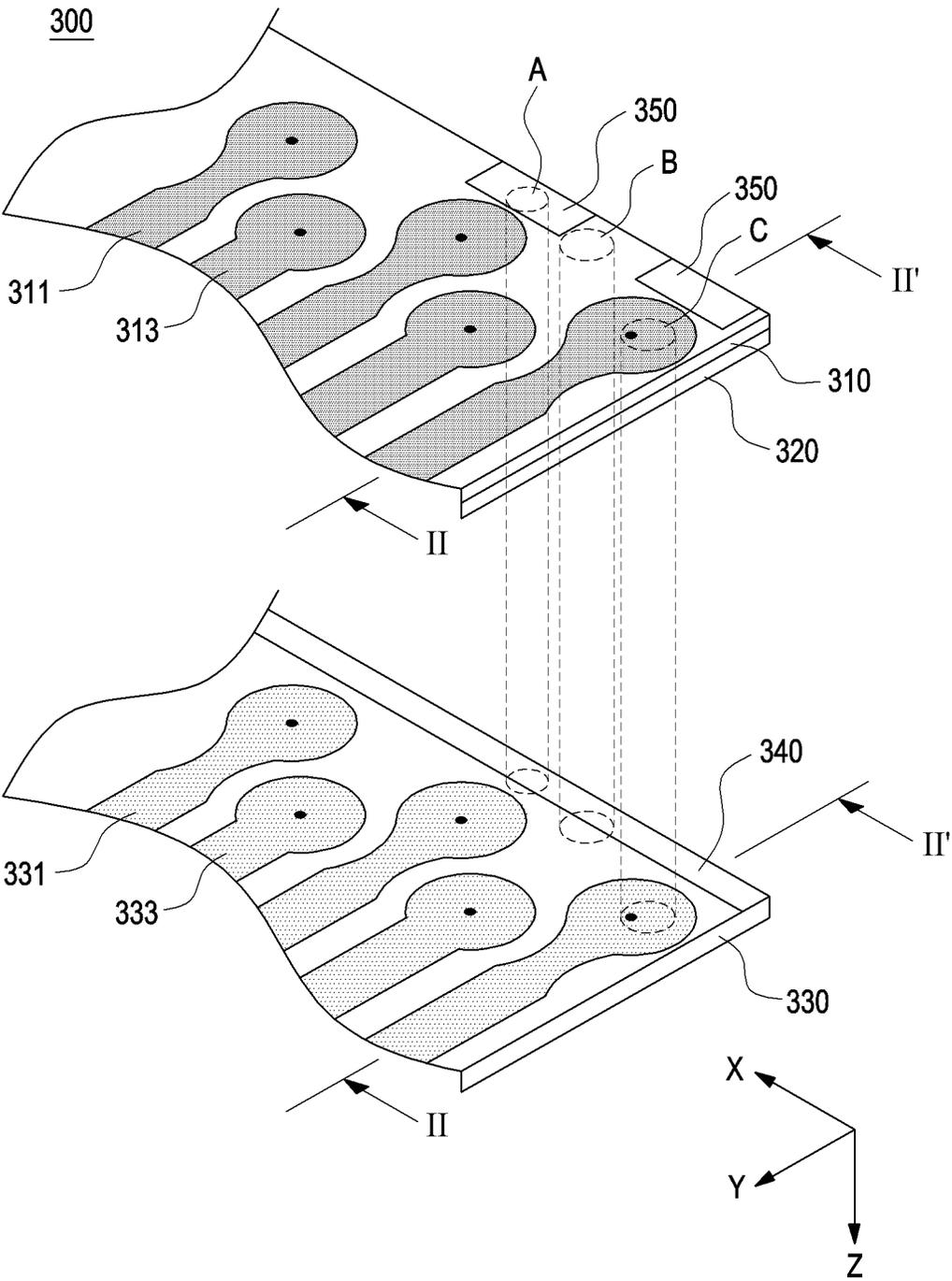


FIG.12

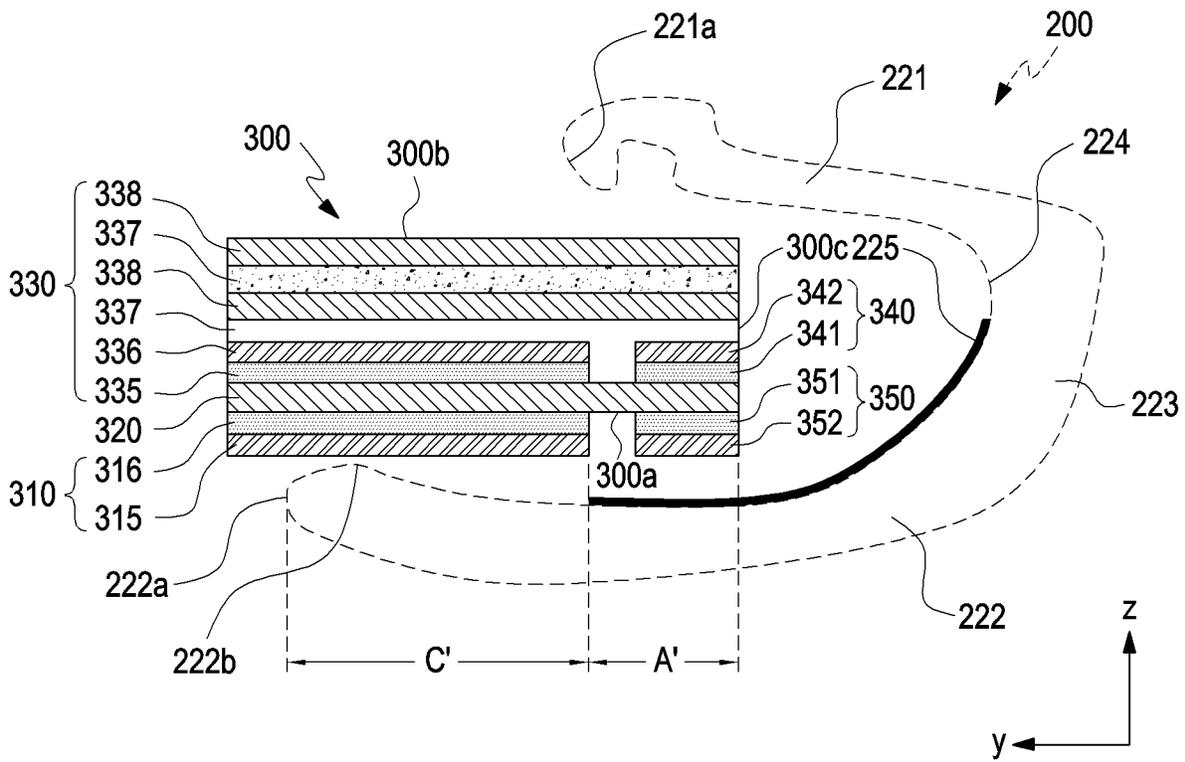


FIG.13A

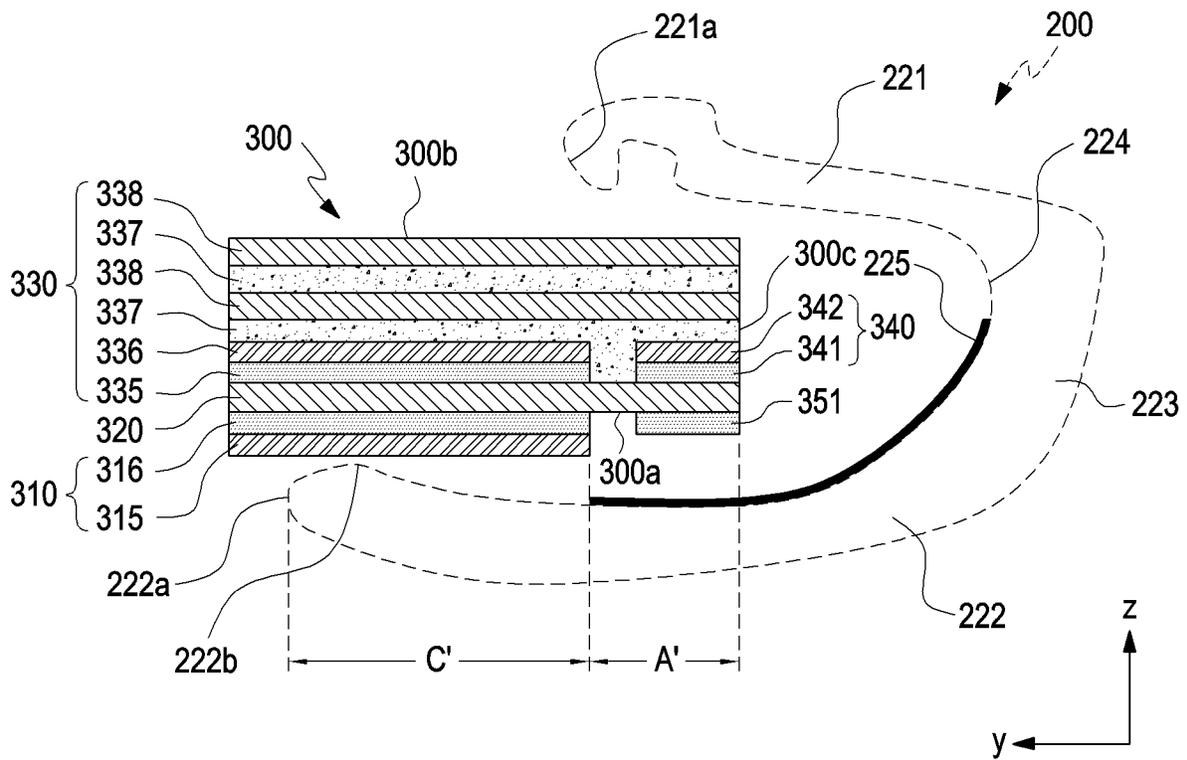


FIG.13B



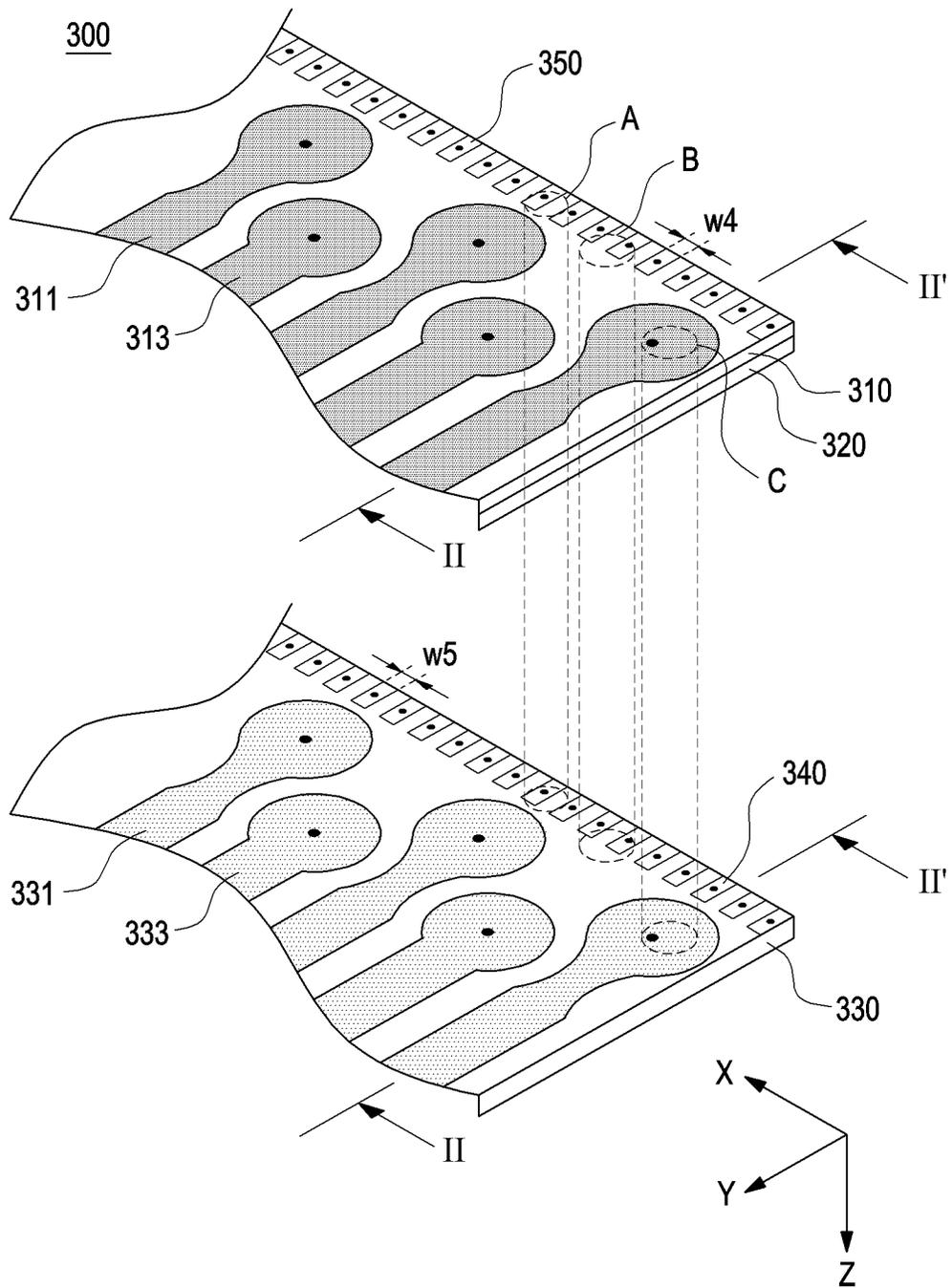


FIG.15

## CONNECTOR AND ELECTRONIC DEVICE COMPRISING SAME

### CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION(S)

This application is a National Phase Entry of PCT international Application No. PCT/KR2019/003781, which was filed on Apr. 1, 2019, and claims priority to Korean Patent Application No. 10-2018-0038278 filed on Apr. 2, 2018, in the Korean Intellectual Property Office, the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference.

### BACKGROUND

#### 1. Field

Various embodiments disclosed herein relate to an electronic device and, more particularly, to an electronic device including a connector capable of electrically connecting two or more components.

#### 2. Description of the Related Art

Typically, an electronic device means a device that performs a specific function according to a program incorporated therein, such as an electronic scheduler, a portable multimedia reproducer, a mobile communication terminal, a tablet PC, an image/sound device, a desktop/laptop PC, or a vehicular navigation system, including a home appliance. The above-mentioned electronic devices may output, for example, information stored therein as sound or an image. As the integration degree of electronic devices has increased and super-high speed and large-capacity wireless communication have become popular, various functions have recently been provided in a single mobile communication terminal. For example, various functions, such as an entertainment function (e.g., a game function), a multimedia function (e.g., a music/video reproducing function), a communication and security function for mobile banking, a schedule management function, and an e-wallet function, are integrated in a single electronic device, in addition to a communication function.

In order to integrate various functions into a single electronic device and to implement the functions, it is necessary to establish a connection between certain components in the electronic device and other components. One or more connectors may be provided in the electronic device for connection between these components. The connectors are capable of electrically connecting two or more physically separated electronic components in the electronic device.

In general, a connector may include a female connector electrically connected to one electronic component, and a male connector electrically connected to another electronic component and partially inserted into the female connector so as to enable contact connection. For example, the female connector may be electrically connected to an electronic component via a lead wire, and may have a form in which a conductive contact portion is wrapped in a plastic housing having an opening at one side thereof. The male connector may have a shape in which a conductive contact portion is exposed on a surface of a substrate (e.g., a flexible printed circuit board). In addition, one end of the male connector may be used by being inserted into an opening in the female connector.

## SUMMARY

A male connector may include a plurality of conductive layers and a plurality of adhesive layers, which may form a stacked structure (hereinafter, referred to as a “stacked structure”). At this time, in the stacked structure of the male connector, the surface of a contact portion may be damaged due to damage caused by contact when the male connector is connected with a female connector or various physical impacts applied to the electronic device after the connection, and the adhesive components of the adhesive layers of the male connector may be transferred to a contact portion on the female connector, which may cause poor contact.

According to various embodiments disclosed herein, it is possible to provide a robust design structure of a male connector capable of solving the problem of the poor contact.

According to various embodiments disclosed herein, it is possible to provide a robust design structure of a female connector capable of solving the problem of the poor contact.

According to various embodiments disclosed herein, it is possible to provide an electronic device including: a housing; a first electronic component inside the housing; a printed circuit board inside the housing; a second electronic component mounted on the printed circuit board inside the housing; a female connector mounted on the printed circuit board and configured to be electrically connected to the second electronic component, the female connector including a plurality of conductive pins, which are spaced apart from each other, aligned in a first direction, and electrically connected to the second electronic component, each of the plurality of conductive pins including a U-shaped portion; and a male connector configured to be electrically connected to the first electronic component and having a stacked structure comprising a portion configured to be inserted into the U-shaped portion in a second direction substantially perpendicular to the first direction. The stacked structure may include: a first surface formed of a first material, which is an insulative material; a second surface facing away from the first surface; a plurality of first conductive lines configured to be electrically connected to the first electronic component and exposed through the first surface, each of the first conductive lines comes into electrical contact with the U-shaped portion of each of the plurality of conductive pins; and a plurality of reinforcing members arranged in at least a portion of a periphery of the stacked structure when viewed from above the first surface, the plurality of reinforcing members configured to be inserted into the U-shaped portion more deeply than the plurality of the first conductive lines, and the plurality of reinforcing members being formed of a second material having a higher rigidity than the first material.

According to various embodiments, it is possible to provide an electronic device including: a housing; a first electronic component inside the housing; a second electronic component arranged inside the housing and spaced apart from the first electronic component; a female connector electrically connected to the second electronic component, the female connector including a plurality of conductive pins; a male connector electrically connected to the first electronic component and configured to come into contact with at least some of the plurality of conductive pins of the female connector, the male connector including a base film, a conductive layer formed on one surface of the base film, and an adhesive layer disposed on the rear surface of the base film so as to form a stacked structure; and a plurality of

reinforcing members provided on at least one of one surface of the base film and the rear surface thereof so as to form at least a portion of the periphery of the stacked structure.

According to various embodiments, it is possible to provide a connector including: a female connector including a plurality of conductive pins; a male connector configured to come into contact with at least some of the plurality of conductive pins of the female connector, the male connector including a base film, a conductive layer disposed on one surface of the base film, and an adhesive layer disposed on the rear surface of the base film, thereby forming a stacked structure; and a plurality of reinforcing members provided on at least one of one surface of the base film and the rear surface of the base film so as to form at least a portion of the periphery of the stacked structure.

According to various embodiments disclosed herein, it is possible to provide a connector and an electronic device, in which the adhesive components of the adhesive layer of the male connector can be prevented from being transferred to a contact portion of the female connector when the stacked structure of the male connector is damaged, for example, even if the surface of the contact portion of the male connector is damaged by contact while the male connector is being fastened with the female connector, or by various physical impacts applied to the electronic device after fastening.

That is, according to various embodiments disclosed herein, a connector and an electronic device including the same have an advantage in that it is possible to prevent various problems of poor contact occurring in the connector in advance.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a perspective view illustrating an electronic device according to various embodiments disclosed herein;

FIG. 2 is a perspective view illustrating the inner features of the electronic device according to various embodiments disclosed herein;

FIG. 3A is a perspective view illustrating a female connector according to various embodiments disclosed herein;

FIG. 3B is a side view illustrating a conductive pin according to various embodiments disclosed herein;

FIG. 4 is a perspective view schematically illustrating a mail connector according to various embodiments disclosed herein;

FIG. 5A is a view illustrating a photograph of a cross section taken along line II-II' of FIG. 4 when the male connector is inserted into the female connector according to various embodiments disclosed herein;

FIG. 5B is a conceptual view illustrating a cross section taken along line II-II' of FIG. 4 according to various embodiments disclosed herein;

FIG. 6 is an exploded perspective view schematically illustrating a mail connector in which a plurality of reinforcing members are arranged on a second layer according to various embodiments disclosed herein;

FIG. 7A is a conceptual view illustrating a cross section taken along line II-II' in FIG. 6, according to an embodiment;

FIG. 7B is a conceptual view illustrating a cross section taken along line II-II' in FIG. 6, according to an embodiment different from that of FIG. 7A;

FIG. 8 is an exploded perspective view schematically illustrating a mail connector in which a plurality of reinforcing members are arranged on a first layer and a second layer according to various embodiments disclosed herein;

FIG. 9A is a conceptual view illustrating a cross section taken along line II-II' in FIG. 8, according to an embodiment;

FIG. 9B is a conceptual view illustrating a cross section taken along line II-II' in FIG. 8, according to an embodiment different from that illustrated in FIG. 9A;

FIGS. 10A and 10B are conceptual views schematically illustrating the shapes of reinforcing members arranged on a first layer and a second layer according to various embodiments disclosed herein;

FIG. 11 is an exploded perspective view schematically illustrating a mail connector in which a plurality of reinforcing members are successively arranged on a second layer according to various embodiments disclosed herein;

FIG. 12 is an exploded perspective view schematically illustrating a mail connector in which a plurality of reinforcing members are arranged on a first layer and a second layer according to an embodiment different from that illustrated in FIG. 8;

FIG. 13A is a conceptual view illustrating a cross section taken along line II-II' in FIG. 12, according to an embodiment;

FIG. 13B is a conceptual view illustrating a cross section taken along line II-II' in FIG. 12, according to an embodiment different from that illustrated in FIG. 13A;

FIG. 14 is a conceptual view schematically illustrating the state in which reinforcing members arranged on a first layer and a second layer according to various embodiments disclosed herein are connected by a via; and

FIG. 15 is an exploded perspective view schematically illustrating a mail connector in which a plurality of reinforcing members are arranged on a first layer and a second layer according to an embodiment different from those illustrated in FIGS. 8 and 12.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Hereinafter, various embodiments of the disclosure will be described with reference to the accompanying drawings. It should be appreciated that the embodiments of the disclosure and the terms used therein are not intended to limit the technological features set forth herein to particular embodiments and include various changes, equivalents, or alternatives for a corresponding embodiment. With regard to the description of the drawings, similar reference numerals may be used to designate similar or relevant elements. It is to be understood that a singular form of a noun corresponding to an item may include one or more of the things, unless the relevant context clearly indicates otherwise.

As used herein, each of such phrases as “A or B” and “at least one of A or B” may include all possible combinations of the items enumerated together. The expressions “a first”, “a second”, “the first”, “the second”, and the like as used in various embodiments may modify various elements regardless of the order and/or the importance thereof. These expressions may be used only to distinguish between one element and any other element, and do not limit the corresponding elements. It should be understood that when an element (e.g., first element) is referred to as being (operatively or communicatively) “connected” or “coupled” to another element (e.g., second element), it may be directly connected or coupled directly to the other element or any other element (e.g., third element) may be interposed between them.

The expression “configured to” used in the disclosure may be interchangeably used with, for example, “suitable for”, “having the capacity to”, “designed to”, “adapted to”, “made

to”, or “capable of” according to the situation. The term “configured to” may not necessarily imply “specifically designed to” in hardware. Alternatively, in some situations, the expression “device configured to” may mean that the device, together with other devices or components, “is able to”. For example, the phrase “processor adapted (or configured) to perform A, B, and C” may mean a dedicated processor (e.g., embedded processor) only for performing the corresponding operations or a generic-purpose processor (e.g., central processing unit (CPU) or application processor (AP)) that can perform the corresponding operations by executing one or more software programs stored in a memory device.

An electronic device according to various embodiments of the disclosure may include at least one of, for example, a smartphone, a tablet personal computer (PC), a mobile phone, a video phone, an electronic book reader (e-book reader), a desktop PC, a laptop PC, a netbook computer, a workstation, a server, a personal digital assistant (PDA), a portable multimedia player (PMP), a MPEG-1 audio layer-3 (MP3) player, a mobile medical device, a camera, and a wearable device. The wearable device may include at least one of an accessory type (e.g., watch, ring, bracelet, anklet, necklace, glasses, contact lens, or head-mounted device (HMD)), a fabric or clothing-integrated type (e.g., electronic clothing), a body-mounted type (e.g., skin pad, or tattoo), and a bio-implantable type (e.g., implantable circuit). According to some embodiments, the electronic device may include at least one of, for example, a television, a digital video disk (DVD) player, an audio, a refrigerator, an air conditioner, a vacuum cleaner, an oven, a microwave oven, a washing machine, an air purifier, a set-top box, a home automation control panel, a security control panel, a TV box (e.g., Samsung HomeSync™, Apple TV™, or Google TV™, a game console (e.g., Xbox™ and PlayStation™), an electronic dictionary, an electronic key, a camcorder, and an electronic photo frame.

According to other embodiments, the electronic device may include at least one of various medical devices (e.g., various portable medical measuring devices (blood glucose monitoring device, heart rate monitoring device, blood pressure measuring device, body temperature measuring device, etc.), magnetic resonance angiography (MRA), magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), computed tomography (CT) machine, ultrasonic machine, etc.), a navigation device, a global positioning system (GPS) receiver, an event data recorder (EDR), a flight data recorder (FDR), a vehicle infotainment device, electronic equipment for a ship (e.g., ship navigation device, gyro-compass, etc.), avionics, a security device, an automobile head unit, a home or industrial robot, an Automatic Teller’s Machine (ATM) in banks, Point Of Sales (POS) in a shop, or Internet of things devices (e.g., light bulb, various sensors, electric or gas meter, sprinkler device, fire alarm, thermostat, streetlamp, toaster, sporting goods, hot water tank, heater, boiler, etc.). According to some embodiments, the electronic device may include at least one of a part of furniture or a building/structure, an electronic board, an electronic signature receiving device, a projector, and various kinds of measuring instruments (e.g., water meter, electric meter, gas meter, radio wave meter, etc.). In various embodiments, the electronic device may be flexible, or may be a combination of one or more of the aforementioned various devices. The electronic device according to various embodiments of the disclosure is not limited to the aforementioned devices. In various embodiments of the disclosure, the term “user” may refer to a

person using an electronic device or a device (e.g., artificial intelligence electronic device) using an electronic device.

FIG. 1 is a perspective illustrating an electronic device 100 according to various embodiments disclosed herein. FIG. 2 is a perspective view illustrating the inner features of the electronic device 100 according to various embodiments disclosed herein.

As illustrated in FIGS. 1 and 2, the electronic device 100 according to various embodiments of the disclosure may include a housing 101. According to an embodiment, the housing 101 may be divided into a front housing 101a and a rear housing 101b. The housing 101 may be manufactured in a form in which one surface (e.g., the front housing 101a) is open, and a display device or a touch screen panel 110 may be provided on the open surface. The display device or the touch screen panel 110 may form the exterior of the electronic device 100 together with the housing 101.

According to various embodiments, the housing 101 may include, for example, a switch hole 102 for installing a power switch or a direction key used for volume control, menu movement, or the like, a slot 103 for inserting a storage medium such as a memory card, a jack hole (not illustrated) for connecting an ear phone, and a speaker hole 104 for outputting sound from a speaker device. These holes are generally located in the side surface of the housing 101 to penetrate the housing 101 so as to connect the inside and the outside of the housing 101.

According to various embodiments, the housing 101 may form a space for accommodating various electronic components therein. Inside the housing 101, structures (e.g., a bracket) for fixing and supporting a printed circuit board 105 to be described below or modules for implementing various functions (e.g., a camera module and a speaker module) or the like may be disposed. In addition, a wiring groove for wiring of a flexible printed circuit board (FPCB) may be formed in the inner surface of the housing 101.

According to various embodiments, the front housing 101a may include a display device or a touch screen panel 110 and a chassis 111 coupled to surround the display device or touch screen panel 110. Various electronic components may be coupled to one surface of the chassis 111. For example, electronic components for driving the display device or the touch screen panel 110 (e.g., a driving IC of the display device or the touch screen panel) may be coupled to one surface of the chassis 111, or a flexible printed circuit board (FPCB) or the like for connecting the display device or the touch screen panel 110 another circuit device may be coupled to the one surface of the chassis 111.

According to various embodiments, electronic components, such as an antenna module that enables wireless communication of the electronic device 100, a processor, and a battery pack 106, may be provided in the rear housing 101b. Electronic components such as the antenna module, the processor, and the battery pack 106 may be interposed between the inner surfaces of the rear housing 101b, and a groove may be formed in the rear housing 101b so as to at least partially accommodate the electronic components.

The flexible printed circuit board (FPCB) may extend to the rear surface of the display device or the touch screen panel 110, and may be wired between the display device or the touch screen panel 110 and the battery pack 106. In addition, a plurality of flexible printed circuit boards (FPCBs) may be provided in the electronic device 100. One end of a flexible printed circuit board (FPCB) may be connected to a display element and the other end may be connected to a processor so as to transmit an image signal from the processor to the display device. One end of a

flexible printed circuit board (FPCB) may be connected to a display element and the other end may be connected to a battery pack **106** so as to supply power from the battery pack **106** to the display element.

According to various embodiments disclosed herein, a first electronic component **120** and a second electronic component **130** may be included in the housing **101**. A plurality of first electronic components **121**, **122**, and **123** and a plurality of second electronic components **131**, **132**, **133** and **134** may be included in the housing **101**.

According to various embodiments, the first electronic component **120** may correspond to the display device or the touch screen panel **110**, or may correspond to an electronic component for driving the display device or the touch screen panel **110** (e.g., a drive IC of the display device or the touch screen panel). The second electronic component **130** may correspond to electronic components such as an antenna module, a processor, and a battery pack **106**. However, the first electronic component **120** and the second electronic component **130** according to various embodiments disclosed herein are not limited to the embodiments of the drawings. The positions at which the first electronic component **120** and the second electronic component **130** are disposed or the component-specific functions thereof are not limited to any specific embodiments. For example, it should be noted that, although FIG. 2 illustrates that the first electronic component **120** is disposed on the inner surface of the front housing **101a** and the second electronic component **130** is disposed on the inner surface of the rear housing **101b** for convenience of description, the disclosure is not necessarily limited thereto.

According to various embodiments, one or more printed circuit boards **105** may be accommodated in the housing **101**. In the embodiment illustrated in FIG. 2, it is illustrated that a printed circuit board **105** is disposed on the inner surface of the rear housing **101b**. However, according to another embodiment, the printed circuit board **105** may be disposed in the front housing **101a**. Alternatively, the printed circuit board **105** may be disposed both of the front housing **101a** and the rear housing **101b**. That is, it should be noted that the printed circuit board **105** is not limited to any specific embodiment.

According to various embodiments, the second electronic component **130** may be an electronic component mounted on the printed circuit board **105**. According to an embodiment, the electrical connection between the first electronic component **120** and the second electronic component **130** may be implemented using a flexible printed circuit board (FPCB) extending from the first electronic component **120** to the second electronic component **130** mounted on the printed circuit board **105** and fixed in position.

The electronic device **100** according to various embodiments disclosed herein may include a female connector **200** electrically connected to the second electronic component **130**. According to an embodiment, the female connector **200** may be mounted on the printed circuit board **105** and used like the second electronic component **130**.

The electronic device **100** according to various embodiments disclosed herein may further include a male connector **300** electrically connected to the first electronic component **120**. According to an embodiment, the male connector **300** may be formed in the form of a flexible printed circuit board (FPCB), thereby implementing an electrical connection between electronic components arranged to be spaced apart from each other inside the housing **101** by a considerable distance.

According to various embodiments, a plurality of female connectors **200** and a plurality of male connectors **300** may be provided. As in the embodiment illustrated in FIG. 2, a plurality of male connectors **301**, **302**, and **303** may be provided to correspond to a plurality of female connectors **201**, **202**, and **203**.

According to various embodiments, one male connector **301** or **302** may be connected to one female connector **201** or **202**, but according to another embodiment, two different female connectors **203** and **203'** may be connected using a single male connector **303**. According to an embodiment, in the case of connecting different female connectors **203** and **203'** using one male connector **303**, one **203'** of the two female connectors may correspond to an interface connector connected to an external input device (or an external storage device).

FIG. 3A is a perspective view illustrating a female connector **200** (e.g., **200** in FIG. 2) according to various embodiments disclosed herein. FIG. 3B is a side view illustrating a plurality of conductive pins **220** according to various embodiments disclosed herein. FIG. 4 is a perspective view schematically illustrating a male connector **300** (e.g., **300** in FIG. 2) according to various embodiments disclosed herein.

Regarding the direction components illustrated in FIGS. 3A to 4, in the drawings according to various embodiments of the disclosure, the direction components x, y, and z may mean reference directions corresponding to a rectangular coordinate system in a space. According to various embodiments disclosed herein, a first direction may be a direction parallel to a direction in which the direction component x is oriented, and a second direction may be a direction parallel to a direction opposite to the direction in which the direction component y is oriented. The direction components illustrated in FIGS. 3A to 4 may be referred to in FIGS. 5B to 15 to be described later.

According to various embodiments, the female connector **200** may include a female housing **210**, and an opening **211** may be formed at one side of the female housing **210**. Here, the opening **211** is formed to extend along the width direction of the female housing **210** (e.g., a direction parallel to the x axis in FIG. 3A), and may form a space for accommodating the male connector **300**. According to an embodiment, a cover **212** may be disposed on one surface of the female housing **210** to be rotatable about a direction parallel to the width direction of the female housing **210** as an axis. The degree of exposure of the opening **211** to the outside of the female housing **210** may be adjusted using the cover **212**. For example, when the male connector **300** is fastened to the female connector **200**, the cover **212** is opened, and after the male connector **300** is fastened to the female connector **200**, the cover **212** may cover one side of the male connector **300**.

According to various embodiments, a plurality of grooves **213** may be formed in one surface of the female housing **210**. According to an embodiment, the plurality of grooves **213** are formed adjacent to the opening **211**, and may be arranged in parallel at a predetermined pitch along the width direction of the female housing **210**.

Referring to FIG. 3A, the female connector **200** may include a plurality of conductive pins **220**, which are spaced apart from each other, aligned in one direction, and electrically connected to the second electronic component (e.g., **130** in FIG. 2). Here, the direction in which the plurality of conductive pins **220** are aligned may be a direction parallel to the x axis, and may be inserted into the plurality of grooves **213** and arranged in parallel at a predetermined pitch. According to an embodiment, in the case where each

of the plurality of conductive pins **220** is accommodated in corresponding one of the plurality of grooves **213**, at least a portion of each conductive pin may be designed to be exposed to the outside through the opening **211**.

Referring to FIG. **3B**, a conceptual view of one of the plurality of conductive pins **220** is illustrated. As in the embodiment illustrated in FIG. **3B**, according to various embodiments, each of the plurality of conductive pins **220** may include a support portion **221** positioned thereabove when viewed from a side so as to support a second surface (e.g., **300b** in FIG. **4**) of the male connector **300** (e.g., **300** in FIG. **2**). Each of the plurality of conductive pins **220** may include a contact portion **222** positioned therebelow when viewed from a side so as to come into electrical contact with a first surface (e.g., **300a** in FIG. **4**) of the male connector **300** (e.g., **300** in FIG. **2**). Each conductive pin may include a connection portion **223** integrally connecting the support portion **221** and the contact portion **222** to each other.

According to various embodiments, as in the embodiment illustrated in FIG. **3B**, each of the plurality of conductive pins **220** may include a U-shaped portion **224** (or a  $\square$ -shaped portion). For example, as in the embodiment illustrated in FIG. **3B** (indicated by the thick solid line), the U-shaped portion may be a portion of a region including a boundary at which the support portion **221** and the connection portion **223** are connected to each other and a boundary at which the contact portion **222** and the connection portion **223** are connected to each other. The U-shaped portion **224** schematically illustrated in the drawing corresponds to the entire shape of one of the plurality of conductive pins **220**, but is not limited thereto. According to an embodiment, only a portion of the entire shape of the conductive pin may have the U-shaped portion **224**.

According to the embodiment illustrated in FIG. **3B**, a support end portion **221a** of the support portion **221** is illustrated to be flat, but is not necessarily limited thereto. The support end portion may have a tip formed in a curved shape (e.g., a hook). According to the embodiment illustrated in FIG. **3B**, a contact end portion **222a** of the contact portion **222** is illustrated to be flat, but is not necessarily limited thereto. The support portion **221** and the contact portion **222** may extend parallel to each other from the connection portion **223**, but may extend not parallel to each other. Hereinafter, it will be described later with reference to FIG. **5B**.

According to various embodiments, as in the embodiment illustrated in FIG. **4**, the male connector **300** may be formed in a stacked structure. The stacked structure may include a portion inserted into the U-shaped portion **224** in the second direction substantially perpendicular to the first direction, which is a direction in which the plurality of conductive pins **220** are aligned. For example, if the first direction is a direction parallel to the x axis, the stacked structure is capable of moving back and forth in a direction parallel to the y axis, and is in close contact with the U-shaped portion **224** so as to be mounted in the female connector **200**.

According to various embodiments, the stacked structure of the male connector **300** may include a base film **320**. In addition, the stacked structure may include a first layer **310** disposed on one surface of the base film **320** and including first conductive lines **311** and **313**, and may further include a second layer **330** disposed on the rear surface of the base film **320** to form a second surface **300b** and including second conductive lines.

According to various embodiments, the first surface **300a** may be a surface formed on the first layer **310** or the base film **320**. For example, the first surface **300a** may corre-

spond to one surface formed by the first layer **310**. However, when the remaining portion of the first layer **310**, except for the first conductive lines **311** and **313**, is etched or at least a portion of an end portion of the first layer **310** illustrated in FIG. **4** is formed to have a hollow shape from the beginning, the first surface **300a** may correspond to a portion of the surface on which the base film **320** is formed.

According to various embodiments, the second surface **300b** may be a surface formed on a side opposite to the first surface **300a**, wherein the second surface **300b** may be a surface formed on the second layer **330**.

Referring to the embodiments of FIGS. **3A** and **4** with reference to the direction components illustrated in the drawings, the male connector **300** illustrated in FIG. **4** may be inserted into the female connector **200** illustrated in FIG. **3A** in the state in which the first surface **300a** faces downward unlike the orientation in FIG. **4** and the second surface **300b** faces upwards unlike the orientation in FIG. **4**. Accordingly, the plurality of first conductive lines **311** and **313** exposed through the first surface **300a** may come into electrical contact with the plurality of conductive pins **220** at positions corresponding thereto, respectively. According to an embodiment, when the end of the male connector **300** is inserted into the U-shaped portion **224**, the first surface **300a** of the male connector **300** comes into contact with the contact portions **222** of the female connector **200**, and the second surface **300b** of the male connector **300** may be fastened in a form capable of being supported by the support portions **221** of the female connector **200**.

FIG. **5A** is a view illustrating a photograph of a cross section taken along line II-II' of FIG. **4** when the male connector **300** is inserted into the female connector **200** according to various embodiments disclosed herein. FIG. **5B** is a conceptual view illustrating a cross section taken along line II-II' of FIG. **4** according to various embodiments disclosed herein.

According to various embodiments, the male connector **300** may be formed in a stacked structure including a base film **320**, a plurality of conductive layers, a plurality of insulating resin layers, and a plurality of adhesive layers.

According to various embodiments, the plurality of conductive layers may be formed of a conductive film (e.g., copper or a copper alloy) and a plating layer (e.g., a combination of one or more of an Au plate, a Cu plate, a carbon plate, and a solder plate), and the plating layer may be formed on the uppermost surface of the plurality of conductive layers. According to various embodiments, as the plating layer, a plating layer having good corrosion resistance or abrasion resistance may be selected.

According to various embodiments, the plurality of insulating resin layers may include polyimide, polyester, and polyethylene naphthalate (PEN). According to an embodiment, the base film **320** may also be formed of an insulating resin. The insulating resin layers may include polyimide, polyester, and polyethylene naphthalate (PEN) in the form of films. According to various embodiments, thermal curing, ultraviolet curing, photosensitive ink, or the like may be additionally applied to the insulating resin layers.

Referring to FIG. **5B**, as illustrated in the drawing, an example of the male connector **300** includes a base film **320**, a first layer **310** disposed on one surface of the base film **320**, and a second layer **310** disposed on the rear surface of the base film **320**. Here, as illustrated in the drawing, the first layer **310** includes a first plating layer **315** and a first conductive film **316**, and the second layer **330** includes a second plating layer **336**, a second conductive film **335**, two adhesive layers **337**, and two insulating resin layers **338**,

wherein the two adhesive layers 337 and two insulating resin layers 338 are alternately stacked.

According to various embodiments, the insulating resin layers 338 are provided separately from the base film 320, and the adhesive layers 337 may be disposed to connect the insulating resin layers 338 and the base film 320 to each other. According to an embodiment, the adhesive layers 337 may be disposed on the rear surface of the base film 320 and may be formed to surround the second plating layer 336 and the second conductive film 335. For reference, it should be noted that the stacked structure of the male connector 300 may be changed depending on the stacked shape of each of the first and second layers 310 and 330. According to an embodiment, the size and number of the adhesive layers 337 and the insulating resin layers 338 may be changed depending on the height of the U-shaped portion 224 of the female connector 200.

According to the embodiment illustrated in FIG. 5B, the first surface 300a may be formed by the base film 320, and the second surface 300b may be formed by the second layer 330. According to an embodiment, a third surface 300c constituting at least a portion of a periphery of the stacked structure (or an end portion of the stacked structure) may be formed in the stacked structure of the male connector 300. According to an embodiment, the third surface 300c may be perpendicular to the first surface 300a and perpendicular to the second surface 300b. According to another embodiment, the third surface 300c is not necessarily perpendicular to the first surface 300a and the second surface 300b, but may be formed at least partially in an inclined shape or at least partially in a curved shape.

In the plurality of conductive pins 220 of the female connector 200 according to various embodiments disclosed herein, as illustrated in FIG. 5B, the support end portion 221a of the support portion 221 may be formed in a hook shape. According to various embodiments, some (e.g., 222b) of the contact end portions 222a and 222b of the contact portions 222 may be formed to protrude toward a space formed by the U-shaped portion 224. According to an embodiment, the plurality of conductive pins 220 may be formed of an elastically deformable material. Through this, when the female connector 200 and the male connector 300 are fastened to each other, the fastening force may be improved using the structural elasticity of the conductive pins 220.

Referring to FIGS. 5A and 5B together, in the process of fastening the male connector 300 to the female connector 200, the periphery of the male connector 300, that is, the third surface 300c, may be inserted into the space formed by the U-shaped portions 224. According to an embodiment, the vicinity of an edge that forms a boundary between the first surface 300a and the third surface 300c may come into contact with the U-shaped portion 224. In the embodiments described above, damage may occur to the stacked structure of the male connector 300 due to contact during in the process of fastening the male connector 300 with the female connector 200. On the other hand, the surfaces of the contact portions may be damaged due to various physical impacts applied to the electronic device (e.g., 100 in FIG. 2) after fastening, and the adhesive components of the adhesive layers 337 of the male connector 300 may be transferred to the contact portions of the female connector 200, causing poor contact. According to an embodiment, a situation, in which the protruding contact end portions 222b of the plurality of conductive pins 220, which come into contact with the first plating layer 315, presses the base film 320, may occur. In that case, damage may occur to the base film

320, the hardness of which is not high, and thus the adhesive components of the adhesive layers 337 may be transferred to the contact portions 222 of the female connector 200.

FIG. 6 is an exploded perspective view schematically illustrating the male connector 300 in which a plurality of reinforcing members 340 are arranged on the second layer 330 (e.g., 330 in FIG. 4) according to various embodiments disclosed herein. FIG. 7A is a conceptual view illustrating a cross section taken along line II-II' in FIG. 6 (e.g., II-II' in FIG. 4), according to an embodiment. FIG. 7B is a conceptual view illustrating a cross section taken along line II-II' in FIG. 6 (e.g., II-II' of FIG. 4), according to another embodiment.

According to various embodiments, in the stacked structure of the male connector 300, a plurality of second conductive lines 331 and 333 may be formed on the second layer 330. According to an embodiment, the plurality of second conductive lines 331 and 333 may be disposed to overlap the plurality of first conductive lines 311 and 313 when viewed from above the first surface 300a in a projection manner.

According to various embodiments disclosed herein, as in the embodiment illustrated in FIG. 6, the male connector 300 may include a plurality of reinforcing members 340 disposed in at least a portion of the periphery of the stacked structure when viewed from above the first surface 300a (when the male connector 300 is viewed in a direction parallel to the z direction). In various embodiments disclosed herein, the reinforcing members 340 are dummy portions that are not related to the electrical connection of the connector. The reinforcing members 340 may be located above the adhesive layers 337 so as to protect the adhesives layer 337 from an external impact.

According to an embodiment, when the stacked structure is viewed from above the first surface 300a in a projection manner, the plurality of reinforcing members 340 may be disposed between the second conductive lines 331 and 333 and a third surface (e.g., 300c in FIG. 7A). In addition, according to an embodiment, the plurality of reinforcing members 340 may be arranged on a straight line in the width direction of the male connector 300 (e.g., the x direction in FIG. 4).

Referring to FIGS. 6 to 7B together with FIG. 4, at least a portion of the top surface of the male connector 300 may be arbitrarily divided to set regions (regions A, B, and C). Through this, the regions in which the plurality of reinforcing members 340 are disposed may be set. Here, the arbitrarily divided regions (the regions A, B, and C) may be virtual regions provided for convenience of description of the disclosure. For example, the region A may correspond to a region between a contact 312 at the end of each of the first conductive lines 311 and the third surface (e.g., 300c in FIG. 7A). The region B may correspond to a region between a contact 314 at the end of each of the first conductive lines 313 and the third surface (e.g., 300c in FIG. 7A). The region C may correspond to a region located within a contact 312 at the end of each of the first conductive line 311. In addition, as in the embodiment illustrated in FIGS. 7A and 7B, at least a portion of the cross section of the male connector 300 may be arbitrarily divided to set regions (regions A' and C'). According to an embodiment, the region A' may correspond to the region A, and the region C' may correspond to the region C. Through this, the cross section of the male connector 300 may be divided into, for example, the region A' in which the plurality of reinforcing members 340 are disposed and the region C' in which the plurality of reinforcing members 340 are not disposed.

As described above, a plating layer having relatively higher corrosion resistance and abrasion resistance than the adhesive layers may be disposed on the uppermost portion of the contact **312** of each of the first conductive line **311**, corresponding to the region C. Therefore, even if the contacts **312** corresponding to the regions C come into contact with the contact end portions **222b** of the contact portions **222** of the female connector **200**, the adhesive components may be less likely to be transferred to the contact portions **222**. On the contrary, the first layer **310** or the base film **320** corresponding to the regions A and B has relatively low corrosion resistance and abrasion resistance compared to the first conductive lines **311**. Thus, when the first layer **310** or the base film **320** comes into contact with the contact portions of the female connector **200**, the adhesive components may be highly likely to be transferred to the contact portions **222**. Accordingly, according to various embodiments disclosed herein, by providing the reinforcing members **340** in the regions A and B, it is possible to prevent poor contact of the connector in advance.

Referring to FIGS. **7A** and **7B** together, in the electronic device **100** according to various embodiments, the reinforcing members **340** may be formed of a conductive film or a combination of a conductive film and a plating layer. These reinforcing members **340** are disposed in at least a portion of the periphery of the stacked structure, and thus may be exposed to the outside through the third surface **300c**. At this time, even if the end side of the male connector **300** (e.g., the base film **320**) is in strong contact with the contact end portions **222b** of the contact portions **222**, the adhesive layers **337** are protected by the reinforcing members **340**, and thus the adhesive components can be prevented from being transferred.

According to various embodiments disclosed herein, an insulating material **225** covering at least a portion of the U-shaped portion **224** may be included. The insulating material **225** may be interposed between the reinforcing members **340** and the U-shaped portion **224**. As a result, when the male connector **300** is inserted deeply into the space formed by the U-shaped portion **224**, it is possible to insulate portions that are in contact between the reinforcing members **340** and the U-shaped portion **224**. According to an embodiment, even if the reinforcing members **340** formed of a metallic material are provided to ensure the rigidity of the stacked structure, it is possible to prevent a short of an electrical signal by providing the insulating material **225**.

According to various embodiments disclosed herein, the reinforcing members **340** may be arranged in various shapes (widths and lengths) and numbers on the male connector **300**. According to various embodiments, the male connector **300** may further include reinforcing members **350** disposed on the first layer **310** in addition to the reinforcing members **340** disposed on the second layer **330**.

FIG. **8** is an exploded perspective view schematically illustrating the male connector **300** in which a plurality of reinforcing members **340** and **350** are disposed on the first and second layer **310** and **330**, respectively, according to various embodiments disclosed herein. FIG. **9A** is a conceptual view illustrating a cross section taken along line II-II' in FIG. **8** (e.g., II-II' in FIG. **4**), according to an embodiment. FIG. **9B** is a conceptual view illustrating a cross section taken along line II-II' in FIG. **8** (e.g., II-II' in FIG. **4**), according to another embodiment.

According to various embodiments, a plurality of reinforcing members **340** may be formed on the second layer **330**, and another plurality of reinforcing members **350** may be formed on the first layer **310**. According to an embodi-

ment, the plurality of reinforcing members **340** and **350** may be formed on both the second layer **330** and the first layer **310** in one stacked structure.

According to various embodiments, the plurality of reinforcing members **340** and **350** may be alternately arranged on the second layer **330** and the first layer **310** when viewed from above the first surface **300a** in a projection manner.

FIG. **8** illustrates an embodiment in which a plurality of reinforcing members **350** are arranged over a region A of the first layer **310** and another plurality of reinforcing members **340** are arranged over a region B of the second layer **330**. According to another embodiment, a plurality of reinforcing members **350** may be arranged over the region B of the first layer **310**, and another plurality of reinforcing members **340** may be arranged over the region A of the second layer **330**.

Referring to FIGS. **9A** and **9B** together, a cross section of the reinforcing member located in the direction II-II' in FIG. **8** (e.g., II-II' in FIG. **4**) among the plurality of reinforcing members **350** can be seen. As in the embodiment illustrated in FIGS. **9A** and **9B**, in the electronic device **100** according to various embodiments, the reinforcing members **350** may be formed of a conductive film or a combination of a conductive film and a plating layer. These reinforcing members **350** are disposed in at least a portion of the periphery of the stacked structure, and thus may be exposed to the outside through the third surface **300c**. At this time, even if the adhesive layers **337** are in contact with the contact end portions **222b** of the contact portions **222** of the female connector **200**, the adhesive layers **337** are protected by the reinforcing members **350**, and thus the adhesive components can be prevented from being transferred. Here, unlike the reinforcing members **340** described above, the reinforcing members **350** are disposed on the first layer (or on the first surface **300a**), and thus the adhesive layers can be protected from a direct impact applied by the contact end portions **222b** of the contact portions **222**.

FIGS. **10A** and **10B** are conceptual views illustrating the shapes of the reinforcing members **340** and **350** arranged on the first layer (e.g., **310** in FIG. **4**) and a second layer (e.g., **330** in FIG. **4**) when the stacked structure is viewed from above the first surface (e.g., **300a** in FIG. **4**) in a projection manner.

According to various embodiments, the plurality of reinforcing members **340** and **350** may include a region OL in which at least some of the reinforcing members **350** arranged on the second layer **330** and at least some of the reinforcing members **340** arranged on the first layer **310** overlap each other when viewed from above the first surface **300a** in a projection manner.

According to various embodiments, the plurality of reinforcing members **340** and **350** respectively disposed on the second layer (e.g., **330** in FIG. **4**) and the first layer **310** may be designed to have different widths. For example, the reinforcing members **340** disposed on the second layer (e.g., **330** in FIG. **4**) may have a width  $w_2$ , and the reinforcing members **350** arranged on the first layer (e.g., **310** in FIG. **4**) may have a width  $w_1$ .

According to various embodiments, since the reinforcing members **340** and **350** may be formed of a member having higher rigidity than the base film **320**, for example, a metallic material (e.g., copper or a copper alloy), it can be said that when the reinforcing members **340** and **350** have a larger width  $w$ , the rigidity of the corresponding stacked structure has a higher rigidity. Using this point, among the plurality of reinforcing members **340** and **350**, the width  $w_2$  of the reinforcing members **340** arranged on the second layer **330** may be set to be narrower than the width  $w_1$  of the

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reinforcing members **350** arranged on the first layer **310**. According to an embodiment, the adhesive layer **337** included in the second layer **330** may be surrounded by the base film **320** and the insulating resin layer **338** adjacent thereto. That is, the second layer **330** may have a relatively strong durability against external impacts compared to the first layer **310**. Therefore, even if the width  $w_2$  of the reinforcing members **340** arranged on the second layer **330** is narrower than the width  $w_1$  of the reinforcing members **350** arranged on the first layer **310**, it is possible to secure sufficient durability to prevent the phenomenon of poor contact.

According to various embodiments, the plurality of reinforcing members **340** and **350**, which are respectively arranged on the second layer (e.g., **330** in FIG. 4) and the first layer **310** may overlap each other as in the embodiment illustrated in FIG. 10B. For example, when the width of the reinforcing members **340** arranged on the second layer (e.g., **330** in FIG. 4) has a width  $w_3$  greater than the width  $w_1$  illustrated in FIG. 10A, the plurality of reinforcing members **340** and **350**, which are respectively arranged on the layer (e.g., **330** in FIG. 4) and the first layer **310** may have a region OL in which the reinforcing members **340** and **350** overlap each other when viewed from above the first surface  $300a$  in a projection manner. According to an embodiment, when the width  $w_3$  of the reinforcing members **340** arranged on the second layer (e.g., **330** in FIG. 4) is larger than that illustrated in the drawing, the size of the overlapping region OL can also be expanded further.

FIG. 11 is an exploded perspective view schematically illustrating a male connector **300** in which a plurality of reinforcing members **340** are successively arranged on the second layer **330** (e.g., **330** in FIG. 4) according to various embodiments disclosed herein. FIG. 12 is an exploded perspective view schematically illustrating a male connector **300** having a plurality of reinforcing members **340** and **350**, which are arranged on the first layer **310** (e.g., **310** in FIG. 4) and a second layer **330** (e.g., **330** in FIG. 4) according to an embodiment different from that illustrated in FIG. 8. FIG. 13A is a conceptual view illustrating a cross section taken along line II-II' in FIG. 12 (e.g., II-II' in FIG. 4), according to an embodiment. FIG. 13B is a conceptual view illustrating a cross section taken along line II-II' in FIG. 12 (e.g., II-II' in FIG. 4), according to an embodiment different from that illustrated in FIG. 13A.

According to various embodiments, the plurality of reinforcing members **340** may be successively arranged along a direction parallel to the first direction on the second layer **330**. For example, when the first direction corresponds to a direction parallel to the x axis in FIG. 4, the plurality of reinforcing members **340** may be arranged to extend in the width direction of the male connector **300**.

Referring to FIG. 12, it is illustrated that a plurality of reinforcing members **340** arranged on the second layer **330** are successively arranged in a direction parallel to the first direction, and a plurality of reinforcing members **350** are arranged on the first layer **310**. Here, the plurality of reinforcing members **340** arranged on the second layer **330** may be integrally formed so as to form a single reinforcing member having a substantially long length. According to the embodiment illustrated in FIG. 12, a region (e.g., OL of FIG. 10B) in which the reinforcing members **340** and **350** overlap each other by the width length of the plurality of reinforcing members **350** arranged on the first layer **310** may be formed.

Referring to FIGS. 13A and 13B together, a cross section of the reinforcing member located in the direction II-II' in FIG. 12 (e.g., II-II' in FIG. 4) among the plurality of

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reinforcing members **340** and **350** can be seen. As in the embodiment illustrated in FIGS. 13A and 13B, in the electronic device **100** according to various embodiments, the reinforcing members **350** may be formed of a conductive film or a combination of a conductive film and a plating layer. These reinforcing members **350** are disposed in at least a portion of the periphery of the stacked structure, and thus may be exposed to the outside through the third surface **300c**. At this time, even if the adhesive layers **337** are in contact with the contact end portions **222b** of the contact portions **222** of the female connector **300**, the adhesive layers **337** can be protected by the reinforcing members **350**, and thus the adhesive components can be prevented from being transferred. According to this, since the plurality of reinforcing members **340** and **350** are arranged on one surface and another surface of the base film **320**, respectively, and are capable of protecting the adhesive layer **337**, the transfer of the adhesive components can be more effectively prevented compared to the above-described embodiments.

FIG. 14 is a conceptual view illustrating the state in which the reinforcing members **340** and **350** arranged on the first layer **310** and the second layer **330** are connected by vias **360** according to various embodiments disclosed herein.

According to various embodiments, the vias **360** may be formed to connect the reinforcing members **340** arranged on the second layer **330** and the reinforcing members **350** arranged on the first layer **310**. Here, the vias **360** may be formed of the same material as the reinforcing members **340** arranged on the second layer **330** and the reinforcing members **350** arranged on the first layer **310** so as to integrally connect the reinforcing members in the front row and the reinforcing members in the rear row.

According to various embodiments, the vias **360** may be formed only in the overlapping regions OL. For example, in the stacked structure according to the embodiment illustrated in FIG. 10A, the vias **360** cannot be formed, and in the stacked structure according to the embodiment illustrated in FIG. 10B, the vias **360** can be formed.

The electronic device **100** according to various embodiments disclosed herein may have an advantage in manufacturing in that, since the reinforcing members of the front row and the rear row are connected rather than connecting the contacts formed on the conductive lines of the front row and the rear row, the vias **360** can be formed further outside the position where the conductive lines are formed.

FIG. 15 is an exploded perspective view schematically illustrating a male connector **300** having a plurality of reinforcing members **350** and **310**, which are arranged on the first layer **310** (e.g., **310** in FIG. 4) and a second layer **330** (e.g., **330** in FIG. 4) according to an embodiment different from those illustrated in FIGS. 8 and 12.

When comparing the embodiment illustrated in FIG. 15 with the embodiments illustrated in FIGS. 8 and 12, the widths  $w_4$  and  $w_5$  of the plurality of reinforcing members **350** and **340** are formed to be relatively narrow, and a great number of reinforcing members **350** and **340** may be arranged in the width direction of the male connector **300**. According to an embodiment, by arranging a plurality of reinforcing members **350** and **340** having relatively narrow widths  $w_4$  and  $w_5$  in a number corresponding to the number of conductive pins (e.g., **220** in FIG. 3A), it is possible to prevent a short of an electrical signal in the female connector (e.g., **200** in FIG. 3A) when inserting the male connector **300** into the female connector (e.g., **200** in FIG. 3A).

According to the embodiments described above, even if the male connector (e.g., **300** in FIG. 2) is damaged by

contact in the process of being fastened with the female connector (e.g., **200** in FIG. 2), or the surfaces of the contact portions are damaged due to various physical impacts applied to the electronic device (e.g., **100** in FIG. 2) after fastening, it is possible to prevent the adhesive components of the adhesive layers of the male connector (e.g., **200** in FIG. 2) from being transferred to the contact portions (e.g., **222** in FIG. 3B) of the female connector (e.g., **200** in FIG. 2). That is, there is an advantage of preventing various problems of poor contact occurring in a connector in advance.

According to various embodiments disclosed herein, it is possible to provide an electronic device (e.g., **100** in FIG. 1) including: a housing (e.g., **101** in FIG. 1); a first electronic component (e.g., **120** in FIG. 2) inside the housing; a printed circuit board (e.g., **105** in FIG. 2) inside the housing; a second electronic component (e.g., **130** in FIG. 2) mounted on the printed circuit board inside the housing; a female connector (e.g., **200** in FIG. 3A) mounted on the printed circuit board and electrically connected to the second electronic component, the female connector including a plurality of conductive pins (e.g., **220** in FIG. 3A), which are spaced apart from each other, aligned in a first direction (e.g., a direction parallel to the x direction in FIG. 3A), and electrically connected to the second electronic component, each of the plurality of conductive pins including a U-shaped portion (e.g., **224** in FIG. 3B); and a male connector (e.g., **300** in FIG. 4) electrically connected to the first electronic component and having a stacked structure including a portion inserted into the U-shaped portion in a second direction (e.g., a direction parallel to the y direction in FIG. 3A) substantially perpendicular to the first direction, wherein the stacked structure may include: a first surface (e.g., **300a** in FIG. 4) formed of a first material, which is an insulative material; a second surface (e.g., **300b** in FIG. 4) facing away from the first surface; a plurality of first conductive lines (e.g., **311** and **313** in FIG. 4) electrically connected to the first electronic component and exposed through the first surface, each of the plurality of first conductive lines comes into electrical contact with the U-shaped portion of each of the plurality of conductive pins; and a plurality of reinforcing members (e.g., **340** in FIG. 6) arranged in at least a portion of a periphery of the stacked structure when viewed from above the first surface, the plurality of reinforcing members being inserted into the U-shaped portion more deeply than the first conductive lines, and the plurality of reinforcing members being formed of a second material having a higher rigidity than the first material.

According to various embodiments, the first conductive lines (e.g., **311** and **313** in FIG. 4) may be formed of a third material, which is a conductive material, and the second material may be the same as the third material.

According to various embodiments, the third may contain copper.

According to various embodiments, the first electronic component (e.g., **120** in FIG. 2) may include a display, and the second electronic component (e.g., **130** in FIG. 2) may include a processor.

According to various embodiments, the female connector (e.g., **200** in FIG. 2) may include an insulating material (e.g., **225** in FIG. 7A) that covers at least a portion of the U-shaped portions (e.g., **224** in FIG. 3B), and the insulating material may be interposed between the reinforcing members and the U-shaped portions.

According to various embodiments, each of the plurality of conductive pins (e.g., **220** in FIG. 3B) may include: a support portion (e.g., **221** in FIG. 3B) located in an upper

portion of the conductive pin when viewed from a side, and configured to support the second surface (e.g., **300b** in FIG. 4) of the male connector (e.g., **300** in FIG. 4); a contact portion (e.g., **222** in FIG. 3B) located in a lower portion of the conductive pin when viewed from a side, and configured to come into electrical contact with the first surface (e.g., **300a** in FIG. 4); and a connection portion (e.g., **223** in FIG. 3B) integrally connecting the support portion and the contact portion. At least a portion of the support portion, at least a portion of the contact portion, and at least a portion of the connection portion may form the U-shaped portion.

According to various embodiments, the stacked structure of the male connector (e.g., **300** in FIG. 4) may include: a base film (e.g., **320** in FIG. 4); a first layer (e.g., **310** in FIG. 4) disposed on one surface of the base film and including the first conductive lines; and a second layer (e.g., **330** in FIG. 4) disposed on another surface of the base film, forming the second surface, and including the second conductive lines.

According to various embodiments, the plurality of reinforcing members (e.g., **340** in FIG. 6) may be arranged on the second layer (e.g., **330** in FIG. 6).

According to various embodiments, the plurality of reinforcing members (e.g., **350** in FIG. 8) may be arranged on the first layer (e.g., **310** in FIG. 8).

According to various embodiments, the plurality of reinforcing members (e.g., **340** and **350** in FIG. 8) may be arranged on the second layer (e.g., **330** in FIG. 8) and the first layer (e.g., **310** in FIG. 8).

According to various embodiments, the plurality of reinforcing members (e.g., **340** and **350** in FIG. 8) may be arranged alternately on the second layer (e.g., **330** in FIG. 8) and on the first layer (e.g., **310**) when viewed from above the first surface (e.g., **300a** in FIG. 4).

According to various embodiments, the plurality of reinforcing members (e.g., **340** in FIG. 11) are successively arranged in a direction parallel to the first direction (e.g., a direction parallel to the x direction in FIG. 11) on the second layer (e.g., **330** in FIG. 11).

According to various embodiments, the plurality of reinforcing members (e.g., **340** and **350** in FIG. 11) may include an overlapping region (e.g., OL in FIG. 10) in which at least some of the reinforcing members (e.g., **340** in FIG. 11) arranged on the second layer (e.g., **330** in FIG. 11) and at least some of the reinforcing members (e.g., **350** in FIG. 11) arranged on the first layer (e.g., **310** in FIG. 11) overlap each other when viewed from above the first surface (e.g., **300a** in FIG. 4).

According to various embodiments, in the overlapping region (e.g., OL in FIG. 10), a via (e.g., **360** in FIG. 14) is formed to connect the reinforcing member arranged on the second layer (e.g., **330** in FIG. 11) and the reinforcing member arranged on the first layer (e.g., **310** in FIG. 11).

According to various embodiments, among the plurality of reinforcing members (e.g., **340** and **350** in FIG. 8), the reinforcing members arranged on the second layer (e.g., **330** in FIG. 8) may have a width  $w_2$  narrower than the width  $w_1$  of the reinforcing member arranged on the first layer (e.g., **310** in FIG. 8).

According to various embodiments, it is possible to provide an electronic device (e.g., **100** in FIG. 1) including: a housing (e.g., **101** in FIG. 1); a first electronic component (**120** in FIG. 2) inside the housing; a second electronic component (**120** in FIG. 1) arranged inside the housing and spaced apart from the first electronic component; a female connector (e.g., **200** in FIG. 3A) electrically connected to the second electronic component, the female connector including a plurality of conductive pins; a male connector (e.g.,

300 in FIG. 4) electrically connected to the first electronic component and configured to come into contact with at least some of the plurality of conductive pins (e.g., 220 in FIG. 3A) of the female connector, the male connector including a base film (e.g., 320 in FIG. 7A), a conductive layer (e.g., 316 in FIG. 7A) formed on one surface of the base film, and an adhesive layer (e.g., 337 in FIG. 7A) disposed on the another surface of the base film so as to form a stacked structure; and a plurality of reinforcing members (e.g., 340 in FIG. 7A) provided on at least one of one surface of the base film and the another surface thereof so as to form at least a portion of the periphery of the stacked structure.

According to various embodiments, the plurality of reinforcing members (e.g., 340 and 350 in FIG. 10) may include an overlapping region (e.g., OL in FIG. 10) in which at least some of the reinforcing members (e.g., 340 in FIG. 10) arranged on one surface of the base film (e.g., 320 in FIG. 7A) and at least some of the reinforcing members (e.g., 350 in FIG. 10) arranged on another surface of the base film overlap each other when viewed from above the top surface of the stacked structure.

According to various embodiments, each of the plurality of conductive pins (e.g., 220 in FIG. 3A) may include the U-shaped portion (e.g., 224 in FIG. 3B), and an insulating material (e.g., 225 in FIG. 7A) covering at least a portion of the U-shaped portion.

According to various embodiments, it is possible to provide a connector including: a female connector (e.g., 200 in FIG. 3A) including a plurality of conductive pins (e.g., 220 in FIG. 3A); a male connector (e.g., 300 in FIG. 4) configured to come into contact with at least some of the plurality of conductive pins of the female connector, the male connector including a base film (e.g., 320 in FIG. 7A), a conductive layer (e.g., 316 in FIG. 7A) disposed on one surface of the base film, and an adhesive layer (e.g., 337 in FIG. 7A) disposed on another surface of the base film, thereby forming a stacked structure; and a plurality of reinforcing members (e.g., 340 in FIG. 7A) provided on at least one of one surface of the base film and the rear surface of the base film so as to form at least a portion of the periphery of the stacked structure.

Although specific embodiments have been described in the detailed description of the disclosure, it will be apparent to those skilled in the art that various modifications and changes may be made thereto without departing from the scope of the disclosure.

What is claimed is:

1. An electronic device comprising:
  - a housing;
  - a first electronic component inside the housing;
  - a printed circuit board inside the housing;
  - a second electronic component mounted on the printed circuit board inside the housing;
  - a female connector mounted on the printed circuit board and configured to be electrically connected to the second electronic component, the female connector comprising a plurality of conductive pins, which are spaced apart from each other, aligned in a first direction, and configured to be electrically connected to the second electronic component, each of the plurality of conductive pins including a U-shaped portion; and
  - a male connector configured to be electrically connected to the first electronic component and having a stacked structure comprising a portion configured to be inserted into the U-shaped portion in a second direction substantially perpendicular to the first direction, wherein the stacked structure comprises:

- a first surface formed of a first material, which is an insulative material;
- a second surface facing away from the first surface;
- a plurality of first conductive lines configured to be electrically connected to the first electronic component and exposed through the first surface, the first conductive lines being configured to come into electrical contact with the U-shaped portion of the plurality of conductive pins, respectively; and
- a plurality of reinforcing members arranged in at least a portion of a periphery of the stacked structure when viewed from above the first surface, the plurality of reinforcing members being configured to be inserted into the U-shaped portion more deeply than the plurality of first conductive lines, and the plurality of reinforcing members being formed of a second material having a higher rigidity than the first material.

2. The electronic device of claim 1, wherein the first conductive lines are formed of a third material, which is a conductive material, and the second material is a same as the third material.

3. The electronic device of claim 2, wherein the third material comprises copper.

4. The electronic device of claim 1, wherein the first electronic component comprises a display, and the second electronic component comprises a processor.

5. The electronic device of claim 1, wherein the female connector comprises an insulating material that covers at least a portion of the U-shaped portion, and the insulating material is interposed between the reinforcing members and the U-shaped portion.

6. The electronic device of claim 1, wherein each of the plurality of conductive pins comprises:

- a support portion located in an upper portion of the plurality of conductive pins when viewed from a side the plurality of conductive pins, and configured to support the second surface of the male connector;
- a contact portion located in a lower portion of the plurality of conductive pins when viewed from a side the plurality of conductive pins, and configured to come into electrical contact with the first surface; and
- a connection portion integrally connecting the support portion and the contact portion, and wherein at least a portion of the support portion, at least a portion of the contact portion, and at least a portion of the connection portion form the U-shaped portion.

7. The electronic device of claim 6, wherein the stacked structure of the male connector comprises:

- a base film;
- a first layer disposed on one surface of the base film and comprising the first conductive lines; and
- a second layer disposed on another surface of the base film, forming the second surface, and comprising second conductive lines.

8. The electronic device of claim 7, wherein the plurality of reinforcing members are arranged on the second layer.

9. The electronic device of claim 7, wherein the plurality of reinforcing members are arranged on the first layer.

10. The electronic device of claim 7, wherein the plurality of reinforcing members are arranged on the second layer and the first layer.

11. The electronic device of claim 10, wherein, in the plurality of reinforcing members, a plurality of reinforcing members included in the second layer and a plurality of reinforcing members included in the first layer are arranged alternately when viewed from above the first surface.

12. The electronic device of claim 10, wherein the plurality of reinforcing members are successively arranged in a direction parallel to the first direction on the second layer.

13. The electronic device of claim 10, wherein the plurality of reinforcing members comprise an overlapping 5 region in which at least some of the reinforcing members arranged on the second layer and at least some of the reinforcing members arranged on the first layer overlap each other when viewed from above the first surface.

14. The electronic device of claim 13, wherein in the 10 overlapping region, a via is formed to connect at least one of the plurality of reinforcing members arranged on the second layer and at least one of the plurality of reinforcing members arranged on the first layer.

15. The electronic device of claim 10, wherein, among the 15 plurality of reinforcing members, the plurality of reinforcing members arranged on the second layer has a width narrower than a width of the plurality of reinforcing members arranged on the first layer.

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