



- (51) **International Patent Classification:**
A45F 3/14 (2006.01) A45F 3/12 (2006.01)
- (21) **International Application Number:**
PCT/US2012/036855
- (22) **International Filing Date:**
7 May 2012 (07.05.2012)
- (25) **Filing Language:** English
- (26) **Publication Language:** English
- (30) **Priority Data:**
61/483,650 7 May 2011 (07.05.2011) US
- (72) **Inventor; and**
- (71) **Applicant : NIELSEN, Corey, David** [US/US]; c/o Den, Inc., 1518 Cambridge Drive, Longmont, CO 80503 (US).
- (74) **Agents: PEDERSEN, Ken, J.** et al.; Pedersen & Company, PLLC, P.O. Box 2666, Boise, ID 83701 (US).
- (81) **Designated States** (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available): AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ,

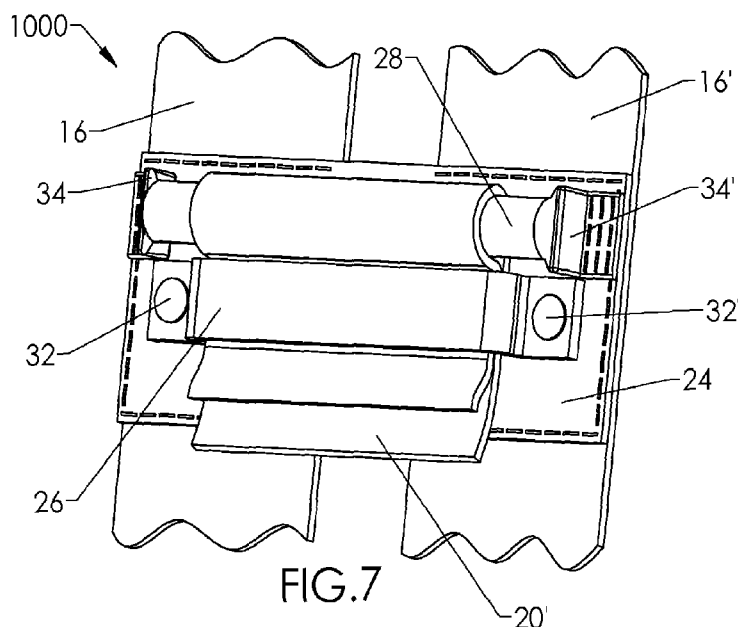
CA, CH, CL, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, QA, RO, RS, RU, RW, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW.

- (84) **Designated States** (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LR, LS, MW, MZ, NA, RW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, RU, TJ, TM), European (AL, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MK, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, RS, SE, SI, SK, SM, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published:

— without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report (Rule 48.2(g))

(54) **Title:** STRAP LIFTER FOR USE BETWEEN TWO PERSONS



(57) **Abstract:** A strap lifter for use with a harness is shown and described. The harness may have two shoulder straps that support a central, front buckle for use at about the lower, central belly of a user. A generally horizontal buckle strap has a fixed, rigid lower loop beneath a movable, flexible upper loop secured to the front of the buckle strap. The lower and upper loops are generally parallel, and close, to each other. Typically, the distance between the two loops is slightly more than the thickness of a lifter strap which is threaded between the two loops. Preferably, a set of two harnesses is used by two persons standing face-to-face with a single lifter strap between them threaded through both of the buckles.

STRAP LIFTER FOR USE BETWEEN TWO PERSONS

DESCRIPTION

BACKGROUND OF THE DISCLOSED TECHNOLOGY

[0001] This application claims priority of my prior, co-pending provisional patent application, Serial 61/483,650, filed on May 7, 2011, entitled “Two Person Lifting System with Middle Strap,” which is incorporated herein by reference.

[0002] Field of the Disclosed Technology

[0003] The disclosed technology relates generally to the delivery/moving/relocation businesses, and more specifically to a set of shoulder harnesses with buckles and central lifter strap for use between two persons to help lift heavy objects, like, for example, home appliances and furniture.

[0004] Related Art

[0005] US Patent #1,535,208 (*Drennan*) discloses a body lifter harness with a shoulder harness and a central buckle for securing the harness straps and supporting a central strap with a hook.

[0006] US Patent #2,431,780 (*Theal*) discloses a load carrying pair of straps connected by a central strap with a buckle, each load carrying strap being secured to a shoulder harness of a person.

[0007] US Patent #6,508,389 (*Ripoyla et al.*) discloses a harness for lifting. The harness having a bottom strap which is linked together with the bottom strap of another, identical harness at a cross-over point.

[0008] US Patent #6,641,008 (*Falzone et al.*) also discloses a shoulder strap harness lifter for two persons with a central strap being connected to each harness by the shoulder straps each being threaded through one of a series of openings in the central strap.

[0009] US Patent 6,729,511 (*Dent '511*) discloses a lifting harness for the shoulders of two persons with a wide, conventional central tension buckle and a web lift strap threaded through the buckle.

[0010] US Patent 7,331,493 (*Dent '493*) discloses a lifting harness similar to the one disclosed in *Dent '511* above, except in *Dent '493* the shoulder straps are threaded through holes in the central buckle, versus the shoulder straps having carabiners for supporting the central buckle in *Dent '511*. *Dent '493*, then, discloses a one-piece buckle that is loose on the webbed harness.

[0011] An embodiment similar to the disclosure of *Dent '493* is marketed as the SHOULDER DOLLY® by Nielsen Products, LLC of Sandy, Utah, USA. (SHOULDER DOLLY® is a registered US trademark owned by TDT Moving Systems, Inc. of Colorado, USA.)

SUMMARY OF THE DISCLOSED TECHNOLOGY

[0012] Described is a strap lifter, preferably for use between two persons, to help lift heavy objects, like, for example, home appliances and furniture.

[0013] In one embodiment, the subject strap lifter has a pair of shoulder harnesses with central, front buckles, and a central lifter strap of strong nylon webbing which is threaded through the buckles for both straps. Preferably, each shoulder harness has a set of shoulder straps fashioned from a single length of strong nylon web. The single length of web starts at an "x" crossing for the high, center back of the user, and also terminates there. To make an embodiment of a harness, the ends of the single length of web are overlapped in end-to-end fashion, the overlapped ends are placed over the midpoint of the looped single length in perpendicular fashion, and all three layers are sewn together with a strong nylon thread to make an "x" crossing of the two shoulder straps. At a distance in the looped single length generally opposite the "x" crossing, a short buckle strap is sewn perpendicularly to the front of each shoulder strap. The buckle strap is a short length of strong nylon web which is overlapped and sewn at each end to the front of one of the shoulder straps. This way,

the short buckle strap determines the spacing between the shoulder straps for the central, front buckle for use at about the lower, center belly of the user.

[0014] Besides the short buckle strap, the central, front buckle has an optional, generally horizontal reinforcing bar riveted perpendicularly to the back of each shoulder strap. Generally the reinforcing bar is located and secured so it is at about the center of the buckle strap, but on the opposite sides of the shoulder straps. The reinforcing bar helps make the central, front buckle more rigid and stronger, and better secured to the short buckle strap. On the front of the buckle strap, generally co-extensive with the reinforcing bar, is a fixed, rigid lower loop of the buckle. Conveniently, the rigid lower loop may be secured to the front of the buckle strap by the same rivets which secure the reinforcing bar to the back of the shoulder straps.

[0015] Also secured to the front of the buckle strap, just above and generally parallel to, the rigid lower loop, is a movable, flexible upper loop. Typically, the upper loop is spaced-apart from the lower loop a distance slightly greater than the thickness of the central lifter strap, for example, spaced-apart a distance about 5 – 100 percent greater (and more preferably about 20 – 60 percent greater) than the thickness of the central strap, when no load is applied to the central lifter strap. For example, the upper loop may be spaced-apart from the lower loop a distance of 3/16 inch for a central lifter strap about 1/8 inch thick, when no load is applied to the lifter strap. The middle part of the upper loop may be a horizontal cylinder made of nylon fabric which receives within it a reinforcing rod. Or, the upper loop may exist as a flatter envelope which is flexible enough to accept the reinforcing rod. The ends of the upper loop, which are secured to the buckle strap near its side edges, respectively, are flexible so the upper loop is movable relative to the buckle strap and the fixed lower loop.

[0016] In use, one end of the central lifter strap is first threaded up through the rigid lower loop, passed up, over the top of, and partly around, the flexible upper loop, and back down and through the rigid lower loop, preferably in front of the first pass of the lifter strap through the rigid lower loop. This way, when no load is applied to the lifter strap, its length may be easily adjusted by the user by loosening the lifter strap's end up and over the flexible upper loop to un-do the buckle, and gently pushing and/or

pulling on the lifter strap to adjust the length of it. After adjustment, when a load is applied to the lifter strap, the central part of the movable, flexible upper loop is pulled down and pinches the lifter strap on itself and on the upper, inside edge of the rigid lower loop. This way, the lifter strap is restrained in the buckle, and securely fixed for use in lifting heavy objects.

[0017] Preferably, two harnesses worn by two persons standing face-to-face are employed with one central lifter strap between them to place under and help lift heavy objects. However, one person with the harness can use the central lifter strap to secure large, ungainly loads that are still light enough to lift safely. Also, more than one lifter strap may be secured to one person when the harness for the person is fitted with several buckles. Also, the buckle may be effectively provided by a harness with an integrated buckle strap that is secured to a fixed point, like on a post or wall, and a lifter strap threaded through the buckle and operated by one or more persons not connected to the harness to pull or lift an object on the lifter strap.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0018] Fig. 1 is a side perspective view of one embodiment of the disclosed technology in use by two persons.

[0019] Fig. 2 is a schematic, front perspective view of another embodiment of the disclosed technology on a person, but showing only part of the central lifter strap.

[0020] Fig. 3 is a rear perspective view of the embodiment depicted in Fig. 2.

[0021] Fig. 4 is a side view of the embodiment depicted in Figs. 2 and 3.

[0022] Fig. 5 is a schematic, front perspective view of the embodiment depicted in Figs. 2-4, but without the person.

[0023] Fig. 6 is a back perspective view of the embodiment depicted in Figs. 2-5.

[0024] Fig. 7 is an enlarged, schematic, front perspective view of the central, front buckle of another embodiment of the disclosed technology.

[0025] Fig. 8 is a back perspective view of the embodiment depicted in Fig. 7.

[0026] Fig. 9 is a further enlarged front view of the embodiment depicted in Figs. 7 and 8. Fig 9A is a side cross-sectional view along the line 9A-9A in Fig. 9.

[0027] Fig. 10 is a side perspective view of the embodiment depicted in Figs. 7-9A, but without the central lifter strap.

[0028] Fig. 11 is a bottom view of the embodiment depicted in Fig. 10.

[0029] Fig. 12 is a side perspective exploded view of the embodiment depicted in Figs. 7-11.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF SEVERAL EMBODIMENTS OF THE DISCLOSED TECHNOLOGY

[0030] Referring to the Figures, there are shown several, but not all, embodiments of the disclosed technology.

[0031] Fig. 1 shows one embodiment 10 of the disclosed technology in use by two persons 12 and 12' to help lift dresser 14.

[0032] Fig. 2 shows a front perspective view of another embodiment 100 of the disclosed technology on person 12', this embodiment 100 having shoulder straps 16 and 16' supporting central buckle 18 which has center strap 20 (shown in part) threaded through buckle 18.

[0033] Fig. 3 shows a rear view of Fig. 2. From this Figure it is clear that straps 16 and 16' cross in the back to make an "x" connection 22.

[0034] Fig. 4 shows a left side view of the embodiment 100 depicted in Figs. 2 and 3. From this Figure it is clear that buckle 18 is employed at about the lower, center belly of the user.

[0035] Fig. 5 shows the embodiment 100 in a front, top perspective view. From this Figure there is enough resolution to clearly see short buckle strap 24, fixed, rigid lower loop 26 and movable, flexible upper loop 28. Also, it is clear from this Figure that central lifter strap 20 passes first up through lower loop 26, then up behind, over and down partly around upper loop 28 before passing down through lower loop 26.

[0036] Fig. 6 shows the rear view of Fig. 5, in which reinforcement bar 30, approximately co-extensive with fixed, rigid lower loop 26, but on the back sides of shoulder straps 16 and 16', is now clearly visible.

[0037] Shoulder straps 16 and 16' need not be present in the "x" connection embodiment. Instead, they may not be connected and each may exist separately at one side of the harness. Also, besides shoulder straps 16 and 16', the subject harness may be embodied in a belt for around the waist of a user. In such an embodiment, the front of the belt may serve as the buckle strap 24. In another embodiment, another garment, like an apron, may serve as the harness and buckle strap, with this structure integrated into the garment.

[0038] Fig. 7 shows a front perspective view of another embodiment 1000 of the disclosed technology. In this enlarged Figure an abbreviated schematic portion of central lifter strap 20' is shown threaded twice through fixed, rigid lower loop 26 and once partly around movable, flexible upper loop 28. The fixed ends of lower loop 26 are secured to short buckle strap 24 by rivets 32 and 32'. Movable, flexible ends 34 and 34' of upper loop 28 are secured to short buckle strap 24 by several rows of sewing thread. Preferably, upper loop 28 is made of strong fabric which flexes and bends easily at both its ends.

[0039] If upper loop 28 is made of thicker, softer material, even with no load applied to central lifter strap 20', the bottom of upper loop 28 may lightly touch the top of lower loop 26. In this embodiment, the upper and lower loops still need to be spaced so that the central lifter strap 20' may be conveniently pushed between the loops to be threaded through the buckle.

[0040] Fig. 8 shows a rear view of Fig. 7. From this Figure it is clear that rivets 32 and 32', which secure lower loop 26 to buckle strap 24, are the same rivets which secure optional reinforcement bar 30 to the back sides of shoulder straps 16 and 16'.

[0041] Fig. 9 shows a front view of embodiment 1000. In this Figure the flexible ends 34 and 34' of upper loop 28 are clearly shown, stitched to the front of short buckle strap 24. Fig. 9A shows embodiment 1000 in side cross-section along the

line 9A-9A in Fig. 9. In this Figure the reinforcement rod 36 within flexible upper loop 28 is shown for the first time. Preferably, rod 36 is made of a rigid and strong material like metal, wood or plastic. Also, from this Figure it is clear that upper loop 28 flexes and changes shape to become more oval than round to help pinch central lifter strap 20' against itself and the top edge of rigid lower loop 26 to secure strap 20' in the buckle. Also, because the ends 34 and 34' of upper loop 28 are also flexible, when a load is applied to lifter strap 20', upper loop 28 is pulled down, so it moves down relative to lower loop 26 to become closer to it, which also assists in the pinch pressure on lifter strap 20'.

[0042] Fig. 10 shows embodiment 1000 in a side perspective view, without central lifter strap 20' present.

[0043] Fig. 11 shows embodiment 1000 in a bottom view.

[0044] Fig. 12 shows embodiment 1000 in a side perspective exploded view.

[0045] Although this disclosed technology has been described above with reference to particular means, materials, and embodiments, it is to be understood that the disclosed technology is not limited to these disclosed particulars, but extends instead to all equivalents within the scope of the following claims.

CLAIMS

I claim:

1. A strap lifter comprising:
 - a harness with a generally horizontal buckle strap;
 - a generally horizontal moveable, flexible upper loop secured to said buckle strap at both ends of said upper loop, the ends of said upper loop being made of a flexible material; and
 - a generally horizontal fixed, rigid lower loop also secured at both ends to said buckle strap, said lower loop being generally parallel to, but beneath, said upper loop.
2. The lifter of Claim 1, wherein the harness is a shoulder harness with two straps for resting on the shoulders of a user.
3. The lifter of Claim 2, wherein the buckle strap is secured to the two shoulder straps.
4. The lifter of Claim 1, wherein the harness is a waist belt for a user.
5. The lifter of Claim 4, wherein the buckle strap is integrated into the waist belt.
6. The lifter of Claim 1, wherein the upper loop is spaced-apart from the lower loop slightly more than the thickness of a central lifter strap to be threaded between the loops.
7. A strap lifter comprising:
 - a harness with a generally horizontal buckle strap;
 - a generally horizontal moveable, flexible upper loop secured to said buckle strap at both ends of said upper loop, the ends of said upper loop being made of a flexible material;
 - a generally horizontal fixed, rigid lower loop also secured at both ends to said buckle strap, said lower loop being generally parallel to, but beneath, said upper loop; and
 - a central lifter strap that is adapted to be threaded between said upper loop and said lower loop.

8. The lifter of Claim 7, wherein the harness is a shoulder harness with two straps for resting on the shoulders of a user.
9. The lifter of Claim 8, wherein the buckle strap is secured to the two shoulder straps.
10. The lifter of Claim 7, wherein the harness is a waist belt for a user.
11. The lifter of Claim 10, wherein the buckle strap is integrated into the waist belt.
12. The lifter of Claim 7, wherein the upper loop and the lower loop are spaced-apart slightly more than the thickness of the central lifter strap.

1/10

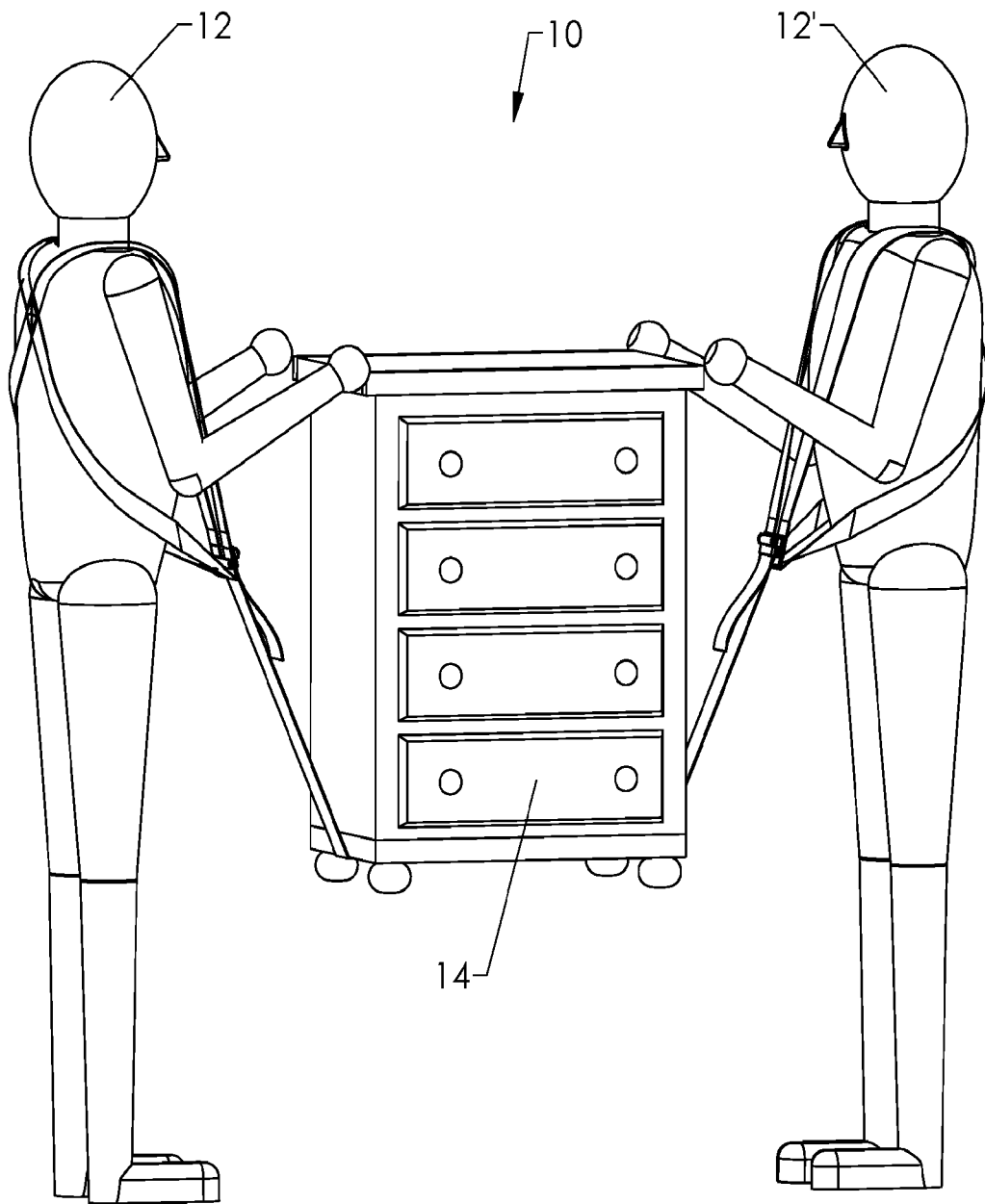


FIG.1

2/10

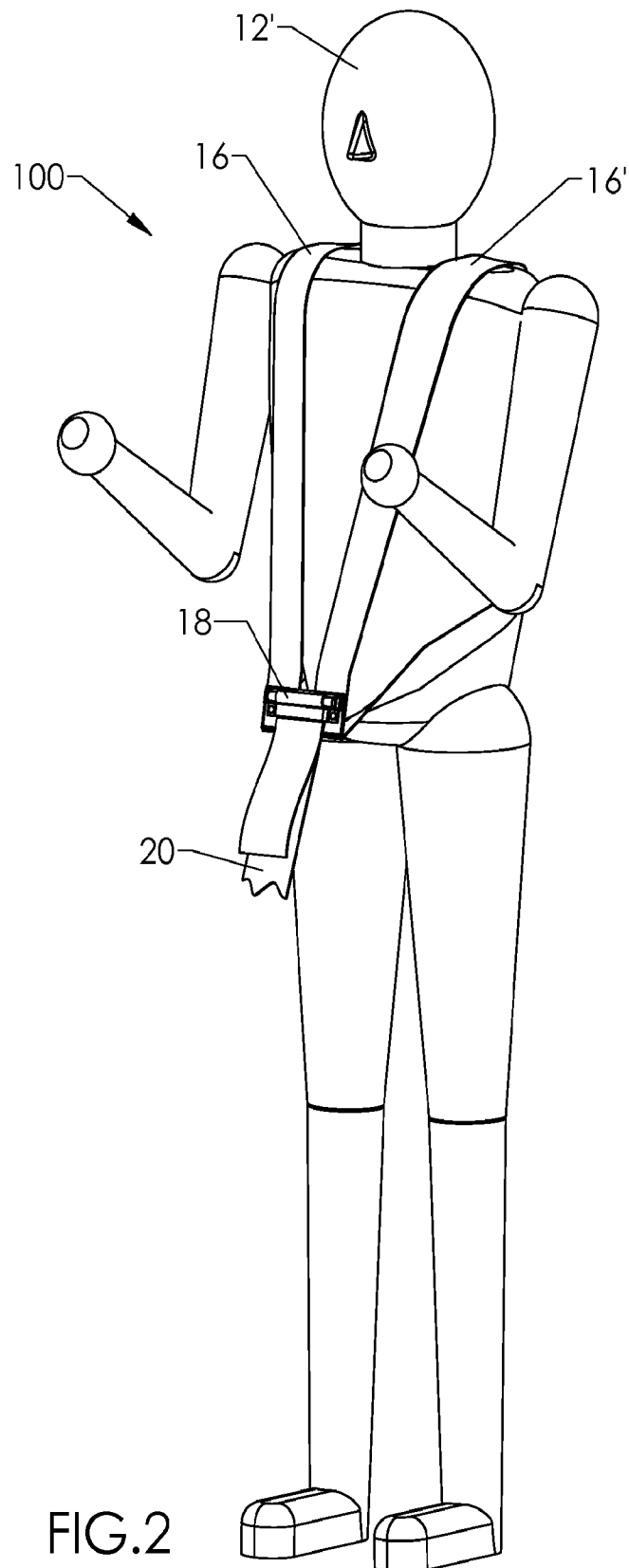


FIG.2

3/10

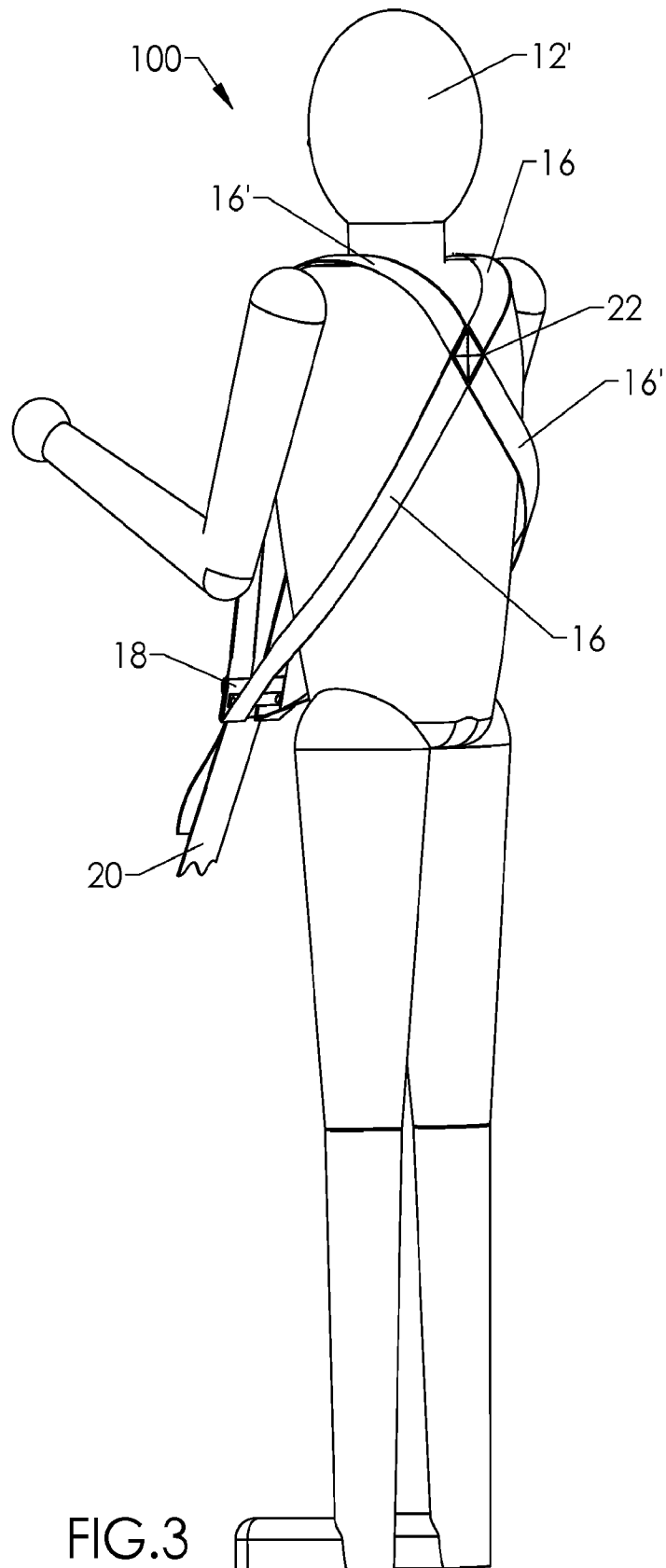


FIG.3

4/10

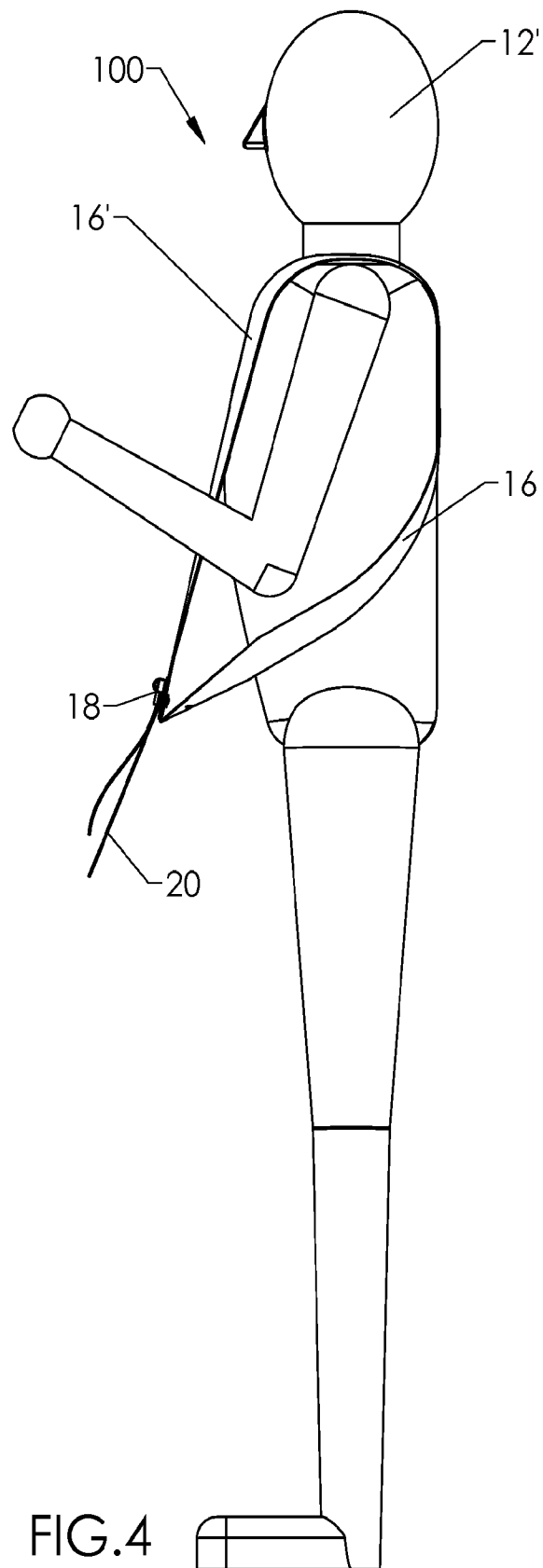


FIG. 4

5/10

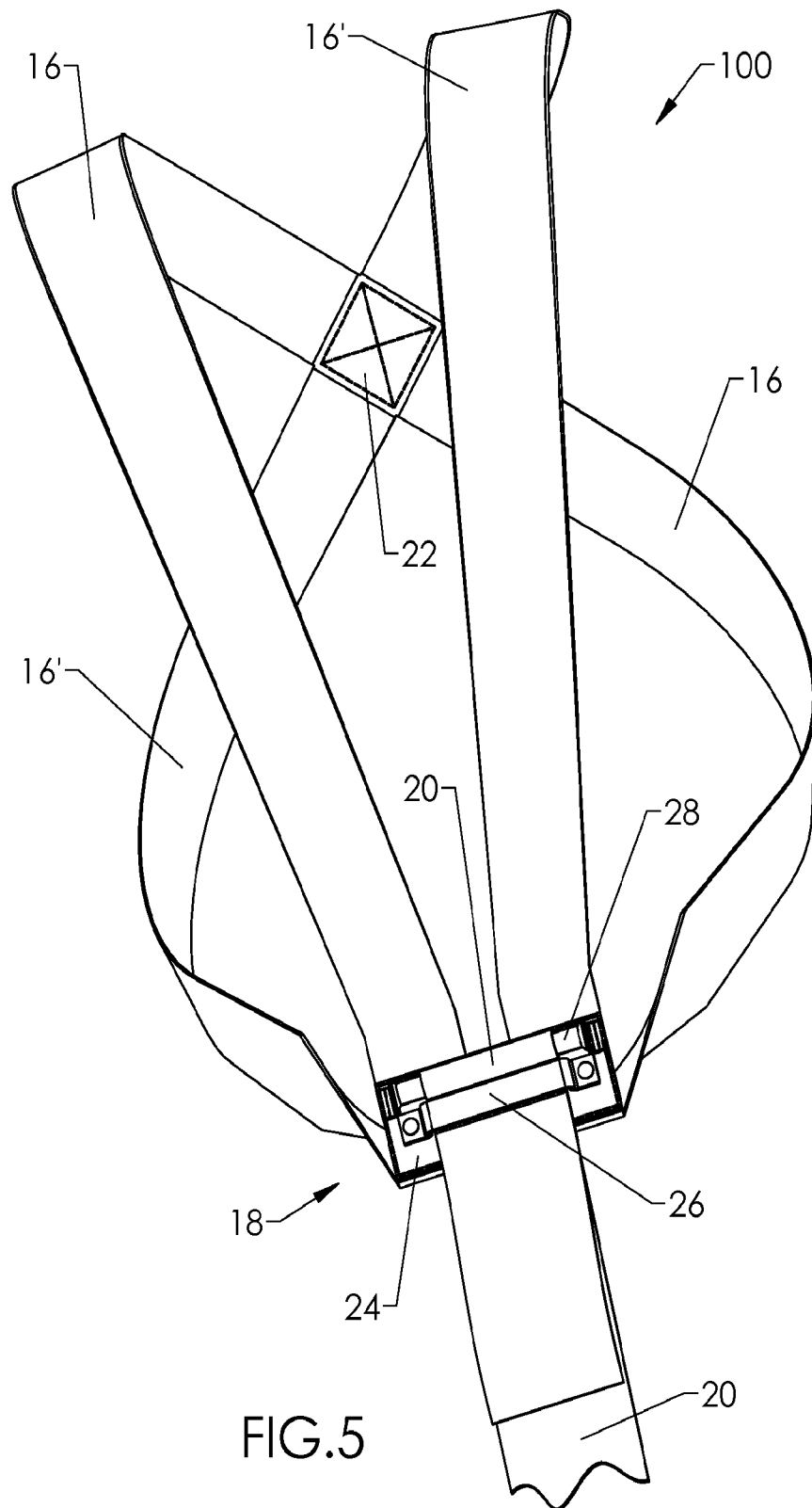
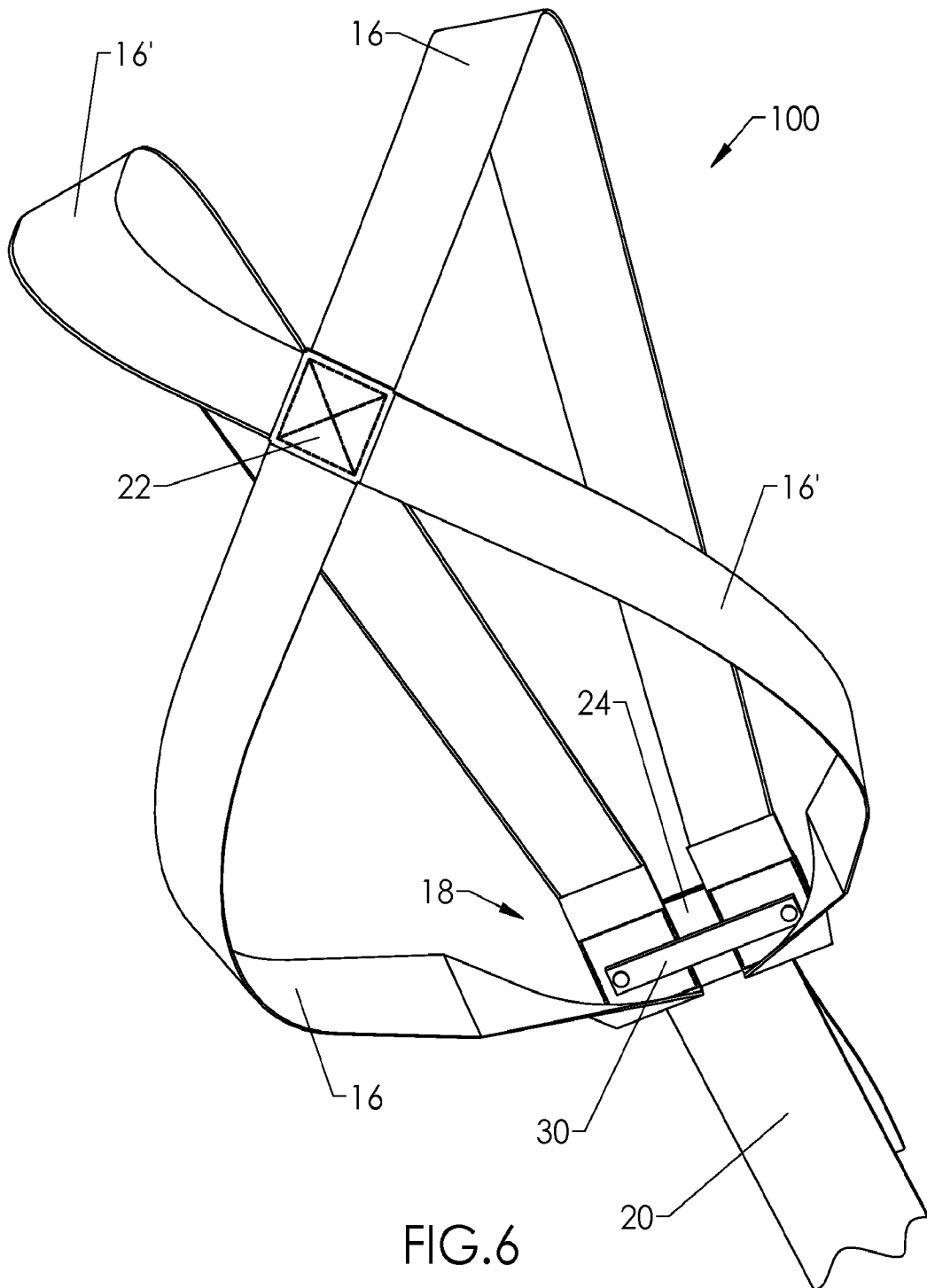
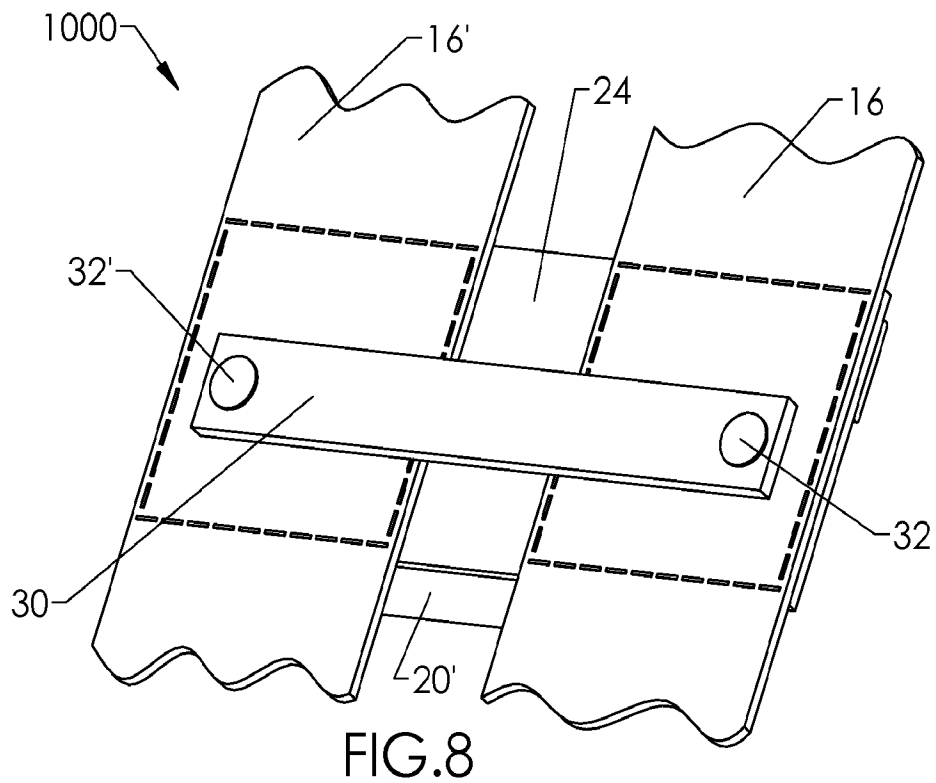
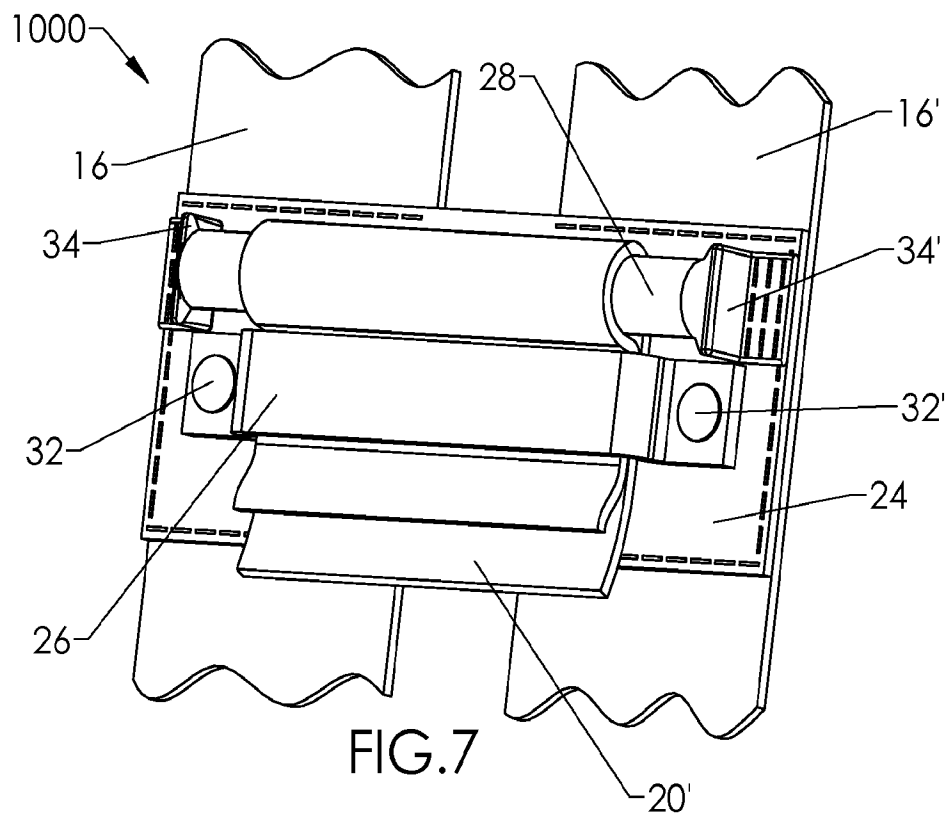


FIG.5

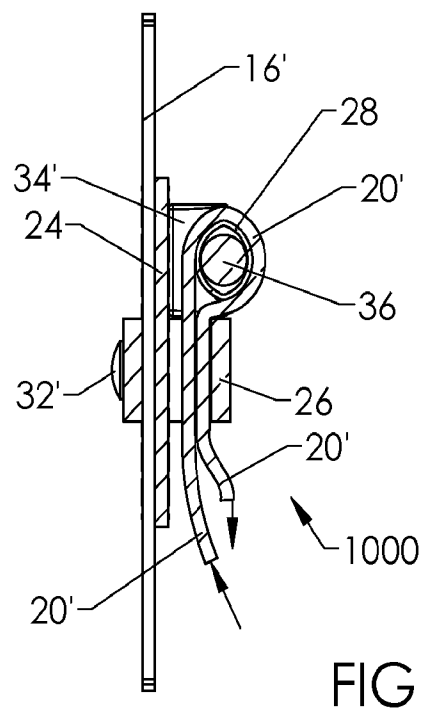
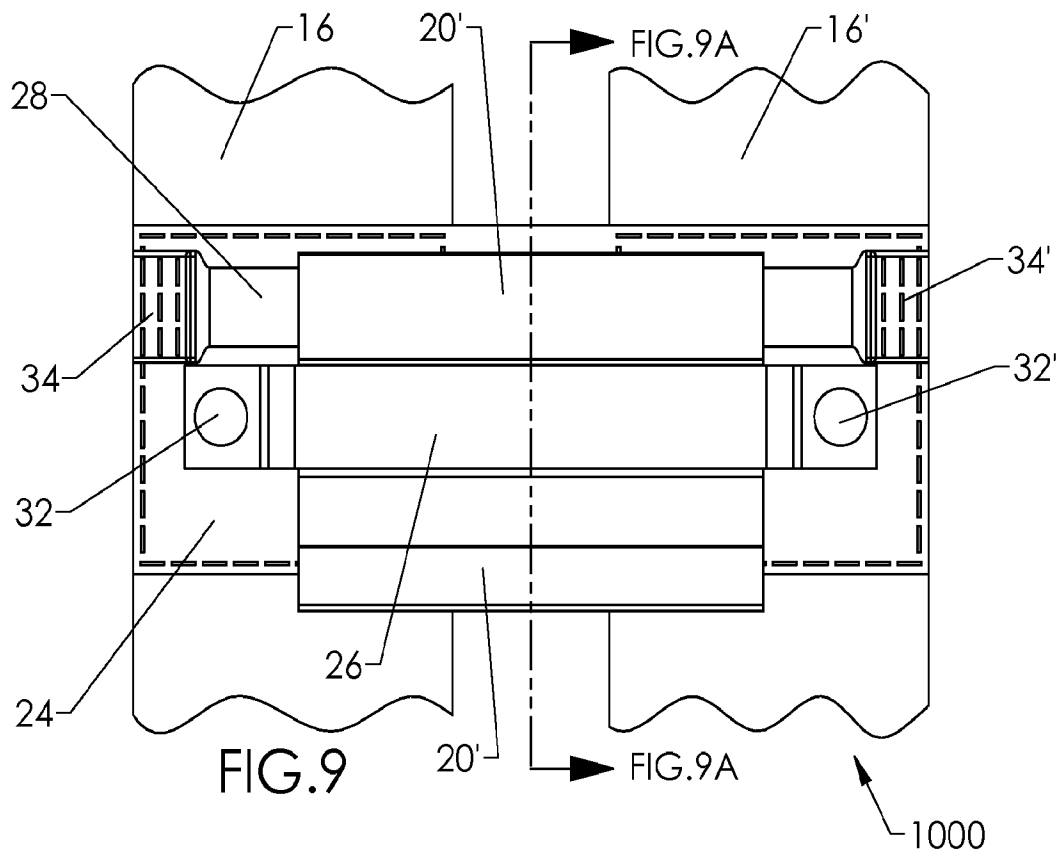
6/10



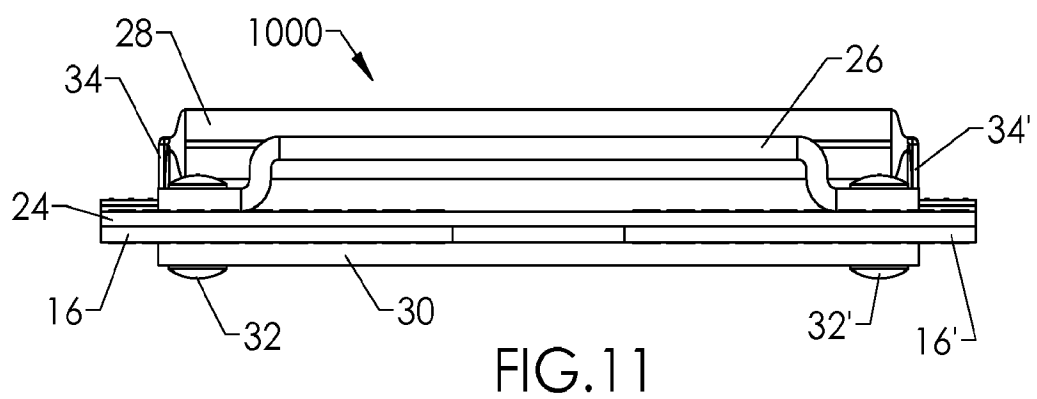
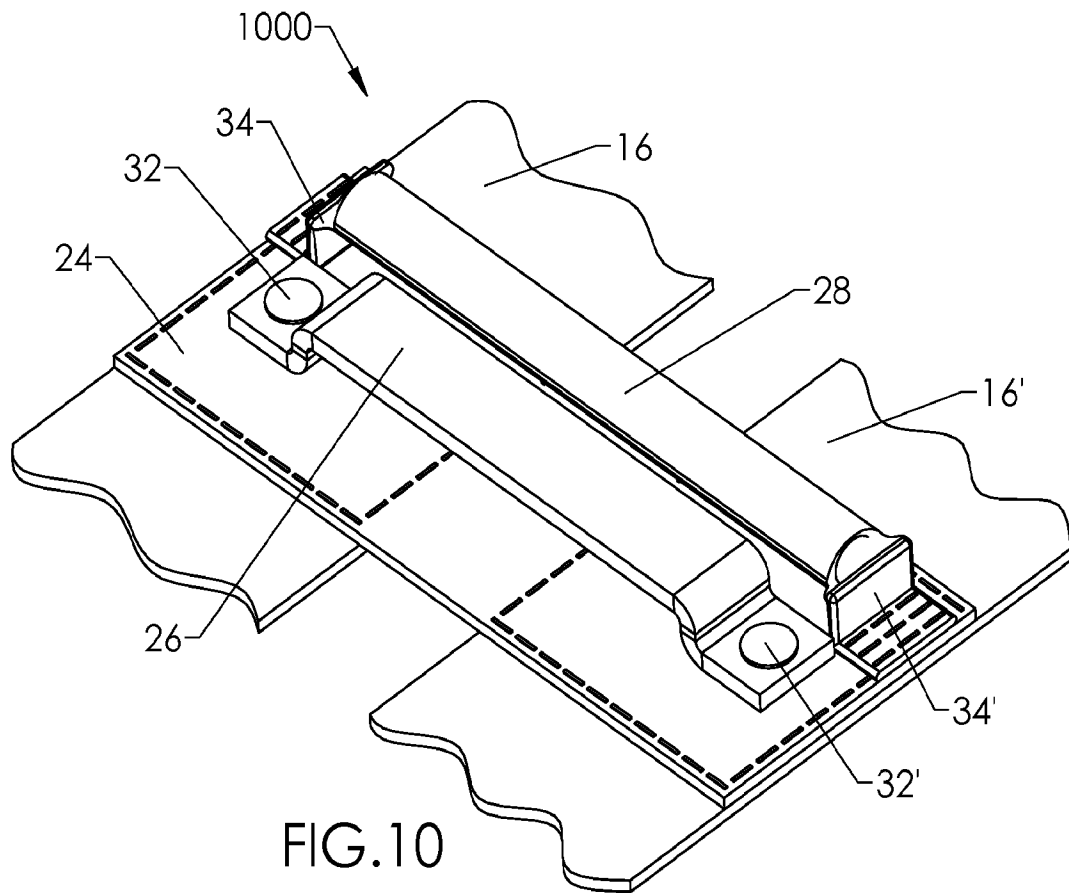
7/10



8/10



9/10



10/10

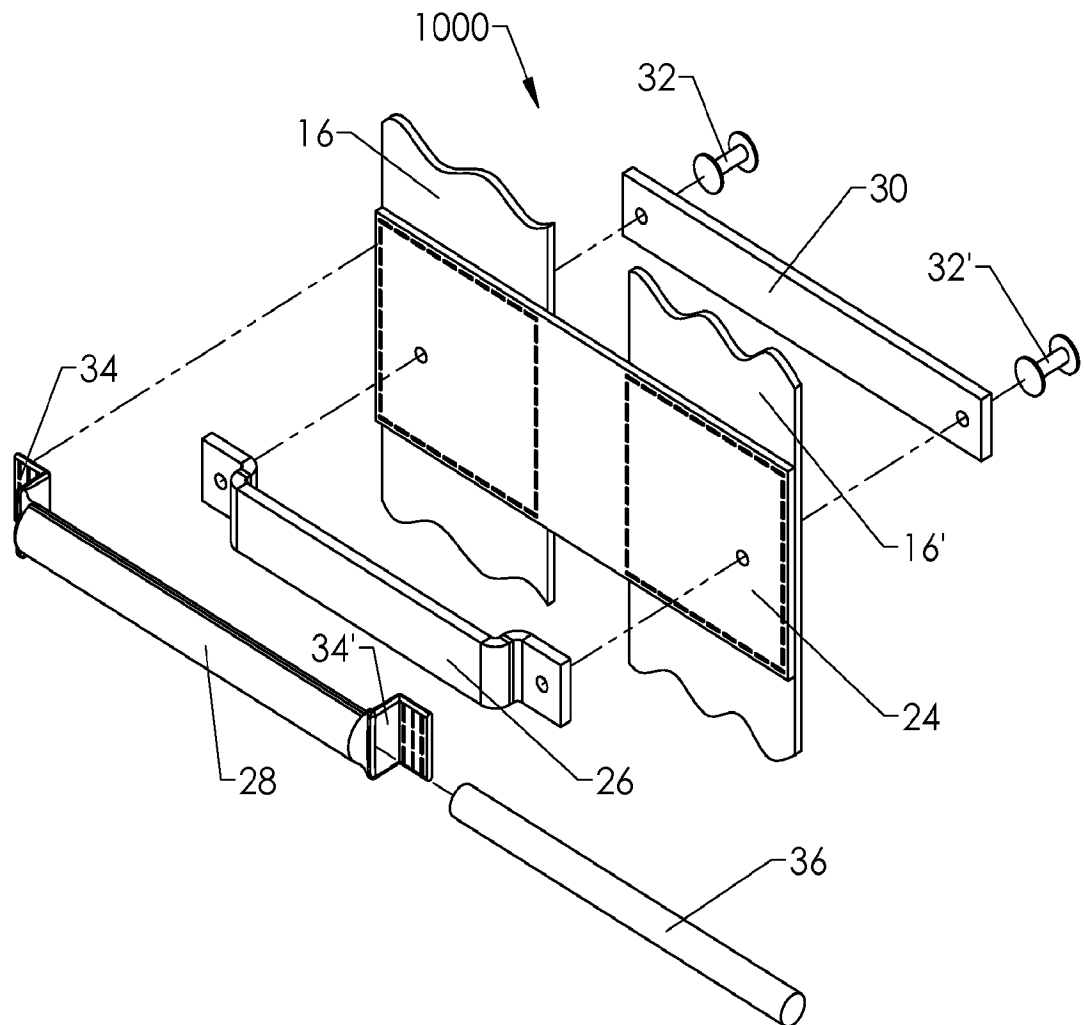


FIG.12