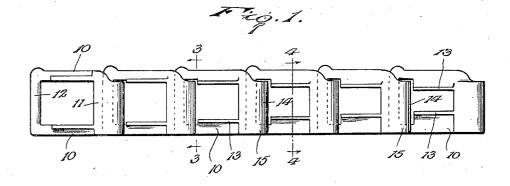
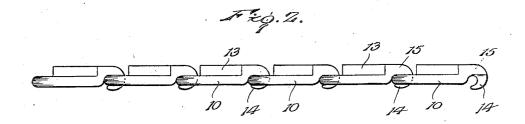
Aug. 7, 1923.

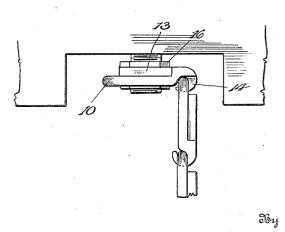
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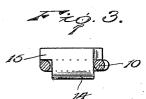
F. L. HAGGARDT SOCKET WRENCH Filed April 1, 1922













Inventor F.L. Haggardt.

Lacey Flacey, Eutoeney

# 1,464,132

# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

FRED L. HAGGARDT, OF TWIN FALLS, IDAHO.

#### SOCKET WRENCH.

### Application filed April 1, 1922. Serial No. 548,742.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, FRED L. HAGGARDT, citizen of the United States, residing at Twin Falls, in the county of Twin Falls 5 and State of Idaho, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Socket Wrenches, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to an improved 10 socket wrench and seeks, as one of its principal objects, to provide a device of this character especially adapted for use in places difficult of access.

The invention has a further object to pro-15 vide a wrench including a plurality of socket links mating to provide a chain which may be fiexed to meet the conditions of use of the wrench and wherein the links will rigidly coact when the chain is swung

20 so that the chain may be operated for turning a nut.

And the invention has as a still further object to provide a wrench wherein the several socket links of the wrench will be of

graduated dimensions so that the wrench will thus be adapted for a wide range of

Other and incidental objects will appear hereinafter.

In the drawings:

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Figure 1 is a plan view of my improved wrench.

Figure 2 is an edge elevation of the device.

35 Figure 3 is a sectional view on the line 3-3 of Figure 1, looking in the direction of the arrows,

Figure 4 is a sectional view on the line 4-4 of Figure 1, looking in the direction 40of the arrows, and

Figure 5 is a fragmentary elevation showing the wrench in use.

Referring now more particularly to the drawing, it will be seen that my improved

wrench is in the nature of a chain made up 45 of a plurality of mating oblong socket links each comprising spaced parallel side members 10 integrally joined by end mem-bers 11 and 12 respectively. As best shown

50 in detail in Figure 4, the side members 10 of each of the links are formed at their upper sides with upstanding longitudinally directed flanges 13 so that the side members members of the links pivotally connecting of the links thus provide jaws having rela- the links to form a chain, the back portions 55

as will be observed upon reference to Figure 1, the spacing between the jaws of the several links is gradually increased to fit different sized nuts so that the wrench will thus be adapted for a correspondingly wide 60 range of use. Extending from the end members 11 of the links are longitudinally directed down-turned hooks 14 detachably engaging the end members 12 for swingingly connecting the links. These hooks 66 are integrally formed on the links and at corresponding sides of said links the back portions thereof are, as best shown in Figure 3, widened to provide stop lugs 15 overhanging corresponding side members 10 70 of the links. Thus, the chain may be freely flexed in one direction while the stop lugs 15 will coact with said side members of the links for limiting the flexing movement of the chain in the opposite direction, the lugs 75 being adapted to rigidly lock the links in alinement so that the chain may be manipulated as a rigid structure.

As will now be readily understood in view of the foregoing, any one of the socket links 80 of the device may, as shown in Figure 5, be engaged with a nut, as conventionally illustrated at 16, when the chain may be swung for rotating the nut and should the nut be located in a position difficult of access, as 85 suggested in this figure of the drawing, the chain may be flexed to clear any adjacent When not in use, the chain obstruction. may be compactly folded so that the device may be readily carried about while, by add- 90 ing additional links to the chain or detaching some of the links therefrom, to thereby increase or decrease the length of the chain, the leverage of the wrench may be varied. I accordingly provide a particu- 95 larly simple and effective construction for the purpose set forth and a socket wrench which will be found particularly efficient in practical use.

Having thus described the invention, 100 what is claimed as new is:

1. A socket wrench including a plurality of links comprising side and end members, the side members being formed with upstanding flanges to provide jaws and cor- 105 responding end members of the links being formed with hooks engaging opposite end tively wide and flat confronting faces and, of said hooks being widened to provide stop 110 of each of the links for liminting the links in alinement.

2. In a socket wrench, the combination of 5 a plurality of socket links each comprising side and end members, corresponding end members of the links being formed with hooks engaging opposite corresponding end members of said links pivotally connecting 10 the links, and the back portions of said hooks being widened laterally to define stop lugs overlapping corresponding side members of the links and formed with straight lower faces for engagement with the upper fronting jaws. 15 longitudinal faces of said side members limiting the links, in alinement forming a ture. rigid tool.

3. In a socket wrench, the combination

lugs to coact with one of the side members of a plurality of socket links each comprising side and end members, corresponding 20 end members of the links being formed with hooks engaging opposite corresponding end members of said links pivotally connecting the links, and the back portions of said hooks being widened laterally to define 25 stop lugs overlapping corresponding side members of the links for engagement with the upper longitudinal faces of said side members limiting the links in alinement, and upstanding flanges formed on the side 30 members of each of the links forming con-

In testimony whereof I affix my signa-

### FRED L. HAGGARDT. [L.S.]

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