

**(12) PATENT**  
**(19) AUSTRALIAN PATENT OFFICE**

**(11) Application No. AU 200141380 B2**  
**(10) Patent No. 783693**

(54) Title  
Combination safety needle assembly and medical apparatus

(51) 6 International Patent Classification(s)  
A61M 005/32

(21) Application No: 200141380 (22) Application Date: 2000.11.29

(87) WIPO No: WO01/37898

(30) Priority Data

(31) Number (32) Date (33) Country  
60/168146 1999.11.29 US

(43) Publication Date : 2001.06.04

(43) Publication Journal Date : 2001.08.16

(44) Accepted Journal Date : 2005.11.24

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(56) Related Art  
US 5980494

(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization  
International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date  
31 May 2001 (31.05.2001)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number  
WO 01/37898 A2

(51) International Patent Classification<sup>2</sup>: A61M

A61M

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(21) International Application Number: PCT/US00/42328

(22) International Filing Date:  
29 November 2000 (29.11.2000)

(81) Designated States (national): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU,  
AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ,  
DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,  
HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,  
LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ,  
NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM,  
TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.

(25) Filing Language: English

English

(26) Publication Language: English

English

(30) Priority Data:  
60/168,146 29 November 1999 (29.11.1999) US

(84) Designated States (regional): ARIPO patent (GH, GM,  
KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian  
patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European  
patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE,  
IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF,  
CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

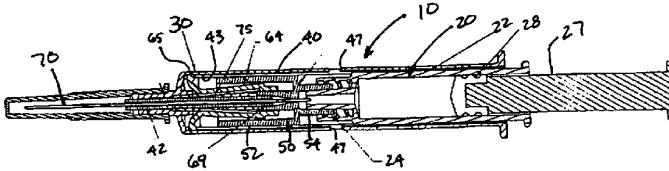
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Published:  
— Without international search report and to be republished  
upon receipt of that report.

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For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guid-  
ance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the begin-  
ning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: COMBINATION SAFETY NEEDLE ASSEMBLY AND MEDICAL APPARATUS



WO 01/37898 A2

(57) Abstract: A method and apparatus are provided for using a medical device (10) comprised of a medical apparatus (20) and a needle assembly (30). The needle assembly includes a needle (70) having a sharpened tip. Preferably, the medical apparatus (20) is a standard apparatus, such as a syringe or phlebotomy device. The medical apparatus (20) includes a connector (24), such as a Luer connector. The needle assembly (30) is configured so that it can be attached to the medical apparatus (20) and the sharpened tip of the needle (70) is automatically shielded after use to prevent inadvertent contact with the contaminated needle.

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**COMBINATION SAFETY NEEDLE ASSEMBLY AND MEDICAL APPARATUS****Field of the Invention**

The present invention relates to needle bearing medical devices. More specifically, 5 the invention relates to such devices having a retractable needle feature for rendering the device non-reusable and safely disposable.

**Background of the Invention**

Various types of medical devices employ a needle for piercing the skin of a patient 10 for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes. One such device is a hypodermic syringe. Handling of such needle-bearing medical devices after the needle is withdrawn from the patient can result in transmission of various pathogens, most notably human immune virus (HIV), to uninfected medical personnel, due to an inadvertent needle stick. Accordingly, it is desirable to provide a device for injecting medication or withdrawing fluid, wherein the 15 contaminated needle is enclosed after use.

According to one aspect of the present invention there is provided a safety medical device comprising: a medical apparatus comprising: a barrel; and a first connector attached to the barrel; a needle assembly connectable to the medical apparatus and comprising: a 20 housing adapted to receive at least a portion of the medical apparatus; a needle operable between an extended position in which the needle projects forwardly from the housing and a retracted position in which the sharpened tip of the needle is enclosed within the housing; a biasing element biasing the needle toward the retracted position; and means for releasably retaining the needle in the extended position against the bias of the biasing 25 element; the needle assembly further comprising means for holding the needle connected to the needle; forward displacement of the medical apparatus relative to the needle assembly operating to displace the needle holding means forwardly relative to the means for releasably retaining the needle, thereby releasing the needle for retraction so that the biasing element retracts the needle into the housing; characterized in that the means for 30 releasably retaining the needle comprises a radially deformable arm engaging the housing

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and the means for holding the needle displaces the arm radially inwardly to effectuate retraction of the needle.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a method for  
5 preparing a safety medical device, comprising the steps of: providing a medical apparatus,  
comprising: a barrel; and a first connector attached to the barrel; providing a needle  
assembly, comprising: a second connector cooperable with the first connector; a housing  
adapted to receive at least a portion of the medical apparatus; a needle connected with the  
housing and operable between an extended position in which the needle projects forwardly  
10 from the housing and a retracted position in which the sharpened tip of the needle is  
enclosed within the housing; a biasing element biasing the needle toward the retracted  
position; means for releasably retaining the needle in the extended position against the bias  
of the biasing element; wherein forward displacement of the medical apparatus relative to  
the means for releasably retaining the needle operates to release the needle for retraction so  
15 that the biasing element can retract the needle into the housing; and connecting the second  
connector to the first connector to attach the needle assembly to the medical device.

Preferred embodiment of the invention will hereinafter be described with reference  
to the accompanying drawings:

20

Fig. 1 is a top sectional view of a combination safety needle assembly and syringe embodying aspects of the present invention;

5 Fig. 2 is a side sectional view of the combined safety needle assembly and syringe illustrated in Fig. 1;

Fig. 3 is a side sectional view of the combined safety needle assembly and syringe illustrated in Fig. 1, shown at the end of an injection 10 stroke;

Fig. 4 is a side sectional view of the combined safety needle assembly and syringe illustrated in Fig. 1, shown just prior to retraction;

15 Fig. 5 is a top sectional view of the combined safety needle assembly and syringe illustrated in Fig. 1 shown after retraction; and

Fig. 6 is an exploded perspective view of the combination safety needle assembly and syringe illustrated in Fig. 1.

20 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Referring now to the drawings in general and to Fig. 1 specifically, a combination medical device 20 and safety needle assembly 30 is designated generally 10. The needle assembly 30 is connectable with the medical 25 device 20, and includes a needle 70 having a sharpened

tip. After use, the needle 70 is automatically shielded to prevent inadvertent contact with the contaminated needle.

5 Preferably, the needle assembly 30 is configured to cooperate with a variety of standard medical devices, such as a hypodermic syringe. In this way, medical devices that are currently widely available can be used with a needle assembly that automatically shields the needle after use.

10 Accordingly, the needle assembly and needle assembly may be sterilized and sealed together in a single sterile package to be assembled by a medical professional prior to use. However, preferably, the needle assembly is sterilized and sealed in a sterile package separate from 15 the needle assembly. The needle assembly can then be used with a separately packaged sterile medical device of the user's choosing.

20 In the drawings and the following description needle assembly 30 is illustrated and described in connection with a hypodermic syringe 20, which is the preferred combination. The syringe 20 includes a generally cylindrical housing or barrel 22 having a hollow interior forming a fluid chamber. The forward end of the barrel

forms an end wall and has an opening through which medicine can flow. A connector 24, in the form of a Luer fitting, is formed on the forward end of the barrel 22. A piston 28 forms a fluid tight seal with the interior of the barrel 22. A plunger 27 connected to the piston 28 is operable to reciprocally displace the piston within the barrel 22 to draw fluid into the barrel or expel fluid from the barrel.

10 The needle assembly 30 includes a generally cylindrical housing 40. As discussed further below, the housing 40 operates as a shield to enclose the needle after use to prevent inadvertent contact with the contaminated needle.

15 The rearward end of the housing is generally open forming a socket for receiving the syringe 20. The forward end of the housing 40 forms a reduced diameter tip 42 having an opening through which the needle 70 extends. Finger tabs 45 are formed at the rearward end of the housing 40. The finger tabs provide a surface for 20 the medical professional to engage during injection of fluid from or aspiration of fluid into the syringe 20.

The needle assembly 30 further comprises an adapter 50 for attaching the needle assembly 30 to the syringe

20. The adapter 50 comprises a generally cylindrical body 52 having a connector 54 extending from the rearward end of the body. In the present instance, the connector 54 is a threaded stem that cooperates with the Luer 5 fitting 24 of the syringe 20. However, a variety of different connectors can be used. In addition, it may be desirable to include a lock, such as a Luer lock, for substantially permanently connecting the needle assembly 30 to the syringe 20.

10        The needle 70 is fixedly attached to the adapter 50, preferably by an adhesive. A spring 75 is disposed between the housing 40 and the adapter 50, biasing the adapter 50 and the attached needle 70 rearwardly. A needle retainer 60 releasably retains the needle 70 15        against the bias of the spring 75.

20        The needle retainer is disposed within the adapter 50. The needle retainer comprises a generally cylindrical hub 61 and a pair of radially deformable arms 62 extending radially outwardly from the hub. A detent 63 is formed on the end of each arm 62. The detents 63 engage sockets 44 formed in the forward end of the housing 40.

A circumferential flange 68 is formed on the

exterior of the needle retainer hub 61 and engages an annular recess 55 in the adapter 50. The cooperation of the flange 68 and the recess 55 impedes rearward movement of the adapter 50 relative to the needle retainer 60. In this way, the needle retainer 60 retains the adapter 50 and the attached needle 70 against the rearward bias of the spring 75.

5 The adapter 50 is cooperable with the needle retainer 60 to effectuate retraction. Specifically, upon 10 forward displacement of the adapter 50, the forward end of the adapter engages the needle retainer arms 62, thereby displacing the arms radially inwardly until the 15 detents 63 are displaced out of registration with the sockets 44 in the housing 40. The spring 75 then propels the needle 70, needle retainer 60, adapter 50 and the 15 syringe 20 rearwardly.

20 The spring 75 is a compression spring preferably made from stainless steel or other metal. The spring is sized to fit over the needle and within the arms of the 25 needle retainer. In addition, the spring has adequate free length and spring force to ensure that the needle 30 fully retracts into the housing 40 of the needle assembly.

The needle assembly 30 preferably also includes a locking mechanism for preventing continued rearward displacement of the needle 70 after retraction and for preventing re-extension of the needle after retraction. Specifically, a pair of radially deformable locking arms 64 extend from the hub 61 of the needle retainer 60. A locking tab 65 projects radially outwardly from the forward end of each locking arm 64. The locking tabs 65 engage a pair of guide slots 43 formed in the interior surface of the needle assembly housing 40. A pair of lockout sockets 47 are formed in the housing 40 adjacent the rearward end of the guide slots 43. When the needle 70 and attached components are retracted rearwardly, the locking tabs 65 engage the lockout sockets 47 to lock the needle and attached components against further axial displacement rearwardly or forwardly.

The locking arms 64 extend generally axially from the hub 61 and are disposed radially inwardly from the body 52 of the adapter 50. In this way, when the adapter body 52 is displaced forwardly into contact with the needle retainer arms 62, the adapter body 52 does not engage the locking arms 64.

In the present instance, the needle assembly 30 further comprises a rigid conduit 69 that extends between

the adapter 50 and the housing 40, projecting forwardly through the tip 42 of the housing. The conduit 69 provides an alignment path for attaching the needle 70 to the adapter 50 after assembly of the remaining components 5 of the needle assembly 30.

Configured in this way, the device 10 operates as follows. The syringe 20 is inserted into the rearward opened end of the needle assembly 30 until the Luer fitting 24 of the syringe engages the connector 54. The 10 connector 54 is then threaded into the Luer fitting 24 to attach the needle assembly 30 to the syringe 20. The medical professional may then aspirate fluid into the syringe 20 by displacing the plunger 27 rearwardly within the barrel 22. Alternatively, the syringe 20 may be pre-filled with a measured dose of medicine. The fluid is 15 expelled from the syringe 20 by displacing the plunger 27 forwardly.

At the end of the injection stroke, the piston 28 abuts the forward end of the interior of the barrel 22, 20 as shown in Fig. 3. Continued forward displacement of the plunger displaces the adapter 50 forwardly, such that the adapter engages the needle retainer arms 62, displacing the arms radially inwardly until the detents 63 are displaced out of registration with the sockets 44

in the housing, as shown in Fig. 4. This releases the needle for retraction by the spring after the medical professional releases the plunger. The needle 70, adapter 50, needle retainer 60 and syringe 20 are then 5 displaced rearwardly under the biasing force of the spring until the sharpened tip of the needle is enclosed within the housing 40, thereby shielding the contaminated needle against inadvertent contact, as shown in Fig. 5. After retraction, the lockout tabs 65 deform radially 10 outwardly to engage the lockout sockets 47 in the housing to lock the needle against further retraction or inadvertent re-extension.

In the foregoing description, the needle 70 is described as being retracted into the housing 40. 15 However, the motion can also be viewed as the housing 40 extending over the needle 70. Accordingly, the description uses the term retraction to describe relative motion between the needle 70 and another element, namely the housing 40, that causes the sharpened tip of the 20 needle to be enclosed to prevent inadvertent needle sticks.

The terms and expressions which have been employed are used as terms of description and not of limitation. There is no intention in the use of such terms and

expressions of excluding any equivalents of the features shown and described or portions thereof. It is recognized, however, that various modifications are possible within the scope and spirit of the invention.

5 For instance, the needle assembly has been described in connection with a standard hypodermic syringe that can be used to draw a dose of medicine and inject the medicine into a patient. However, the needle assembly can also be used in connection with a number of other 10 medical devices. One such example is a phlebotomy device used for collecting blood samples. Another example is a pre-filled device, such as a syringe that is pre-filled with a measured does of medicine. Accordingly, the needle assembly can be used in connection with a variety 15 of medical devices.

In addition, as described above in connection with the preferred embodiment, the needle and needle assembly are substantially permanently attached to the syringe. However, it may be desirable to provide a 20 releasable connection between the medical device and the needle assembly. In this way, after use the shielded needle assembly can be safely removed and disposed of, and the medical device can be reused with a new uncontaminated needle assembly or the medical device can

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be used in a separate procedure. For instance, if the medical device is used to collect a fluid specimen, the needle assembly may be removed and then the medical device can be used to dispense the collected fluid into a device that analyzes the collected fluid.

5        Throughout this specification and the claims which follow, unless the context requires otherwise, the word "comprise", and variations such as "comprises" or "comprising", will be understood to imply the inclusion of a stated integer or step or group of integers or steps but not the exclusion of any other integer or step or group of integers or steps.

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The reference to any prior art in this specification is not, and should not be taken as, an acknowledgment or any form of suggestion that that prior art forms part of the common general knowledge in Australia.

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THE CLAIMS DEFINING THE INVENTION ARE AS FOLLOWS :

1. A safety medical device comprising:  
a medical apparatus comprising:  
a barrel; and  
a first connector attached to the barrel;  
a needle assembly connectable to the medical apparatus and comprising:  
a housing adapted to receive at least a portion of the medical apparatus;  
a needle operable between an extended position in which the needle  
projects forwardly from the housing and a retracted position in  
which the sharpened tip of the needle is enclosed within the  
housing;  
a biasing element biasing the needle toward the retracted position; and  
means for releasably retaining the needle in the extended position against  
the bias of the biasing element;  
the needle assembly further comprising means for holding the needle  
connected to the needle; forward displacement of the medical apparatus relative  
to the needle assembly operating to displace the needle holding means forwardly  
relative to the means for releasably retaining the needle, thereby releasing the  
needle for retraction so that the biasing element retracts the needle into the  
housing;  
characterized in that the means for releasably retaining the  
needle comprises a radially deformable arm engaging the housing  
and the means for holding the needle displaces the arm radially  
inwardly to effectuate retraction of the needle
2. A safety medical device according to claim 1, wherein the biasing element is  
operable to displace the medical apparatus rearwardly upon actuation of  
retraction of the needle.
3. A safety medical device according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the needle holding  
means comprises a second connector cooperable with the first connector.

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4. A safety medical device according to claim 3, wherein the needle is fixedly attached to the needle holding means.
5. A safety medical device according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the medical apparatus comprises a plunger slidable within the barrel, and the barrel comprises a forward end wall such that advancing the plunger forwardly displaces the plunger into engagement with the end wall, and continued advancement of the plunger displaces the barrel forwardly relative to the housing to effectuate retraction.
6. A safety medical device according to any of the preceding claims, comprising a lock for automatically substantially permanently locking the needle in the retracted position to prevent displacement of the needle relative to the housing after the needle is retracted.
7. A safety medical device according to claim 8, wherein the lock comprises a radially deformable locking arm and the housing comprises a recess that cooperates with the locking arm.
8. A safety medical device according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the housing comprises a pair of flanges projecting radially outwardly and configured to provide a surface for a user to engage during use of the device.
9. A safety medical device according to claim 1, comprising a second connector that is cooperable with the first connector to substantially permanently attach the needle to the barrel.
10. A method for preparing a safety medical device, comprising the steps of:  
providing a medical apparatus, comprising:  
a barrel; and  
a first connector attached to the barrel;

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providing a needle assembly, comprising:

- 5 a second connector cooperable with the first connector;
- a housing adapted to receive at least a portion of the medical apparatus;
- a needle connected with the housing and operable between an extended position in which the needle projects forwardly from the housing and a retracted position in which the sharpened tip of the needle is enclosed within the housing;
- 10 a biasing element biasing the needle toward the retracted position;
- means for releasably retaining the needle in the extended position against the bias of the biasing element;
- 15 wherein forward displacement of the medical apparatus relative to the means for releasably retaining the needle operates to release the needle for retraction so that the biasing element can retract the needle into the housing; and
- connecting the second connector to the first connector to attach the needle assembly to the medical device.

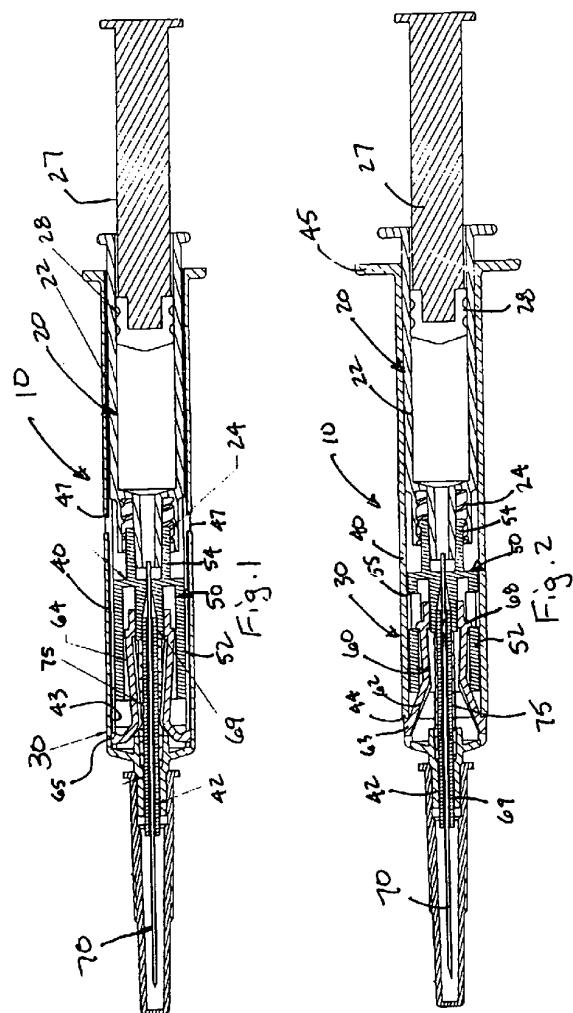
15 11. A method for preparing a safety medical device according to claim 10 comprising connecting the needle assembly to the medical apparatus.

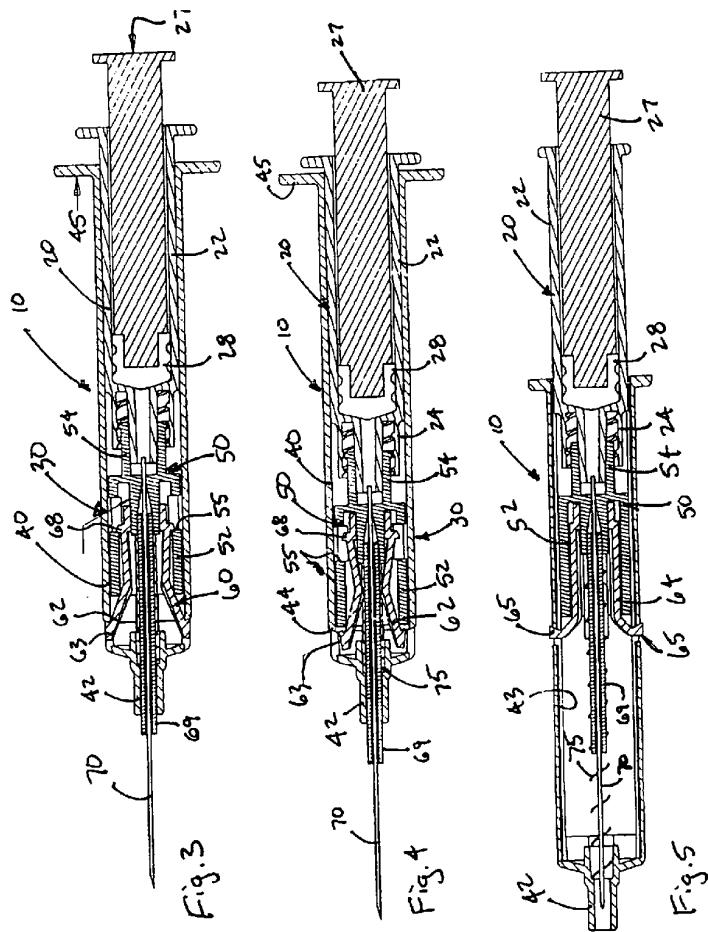
12. A safety medical device substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to

20 the accompanying drawings.

13. A method for preparing a safety medical device substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

25 Dated this 5th day of October, 2005  
**MDC INVESTMENT HOLDINGS INC**  
By Its Patent Attorneys  
**DAVIES COLLISON CAVE**





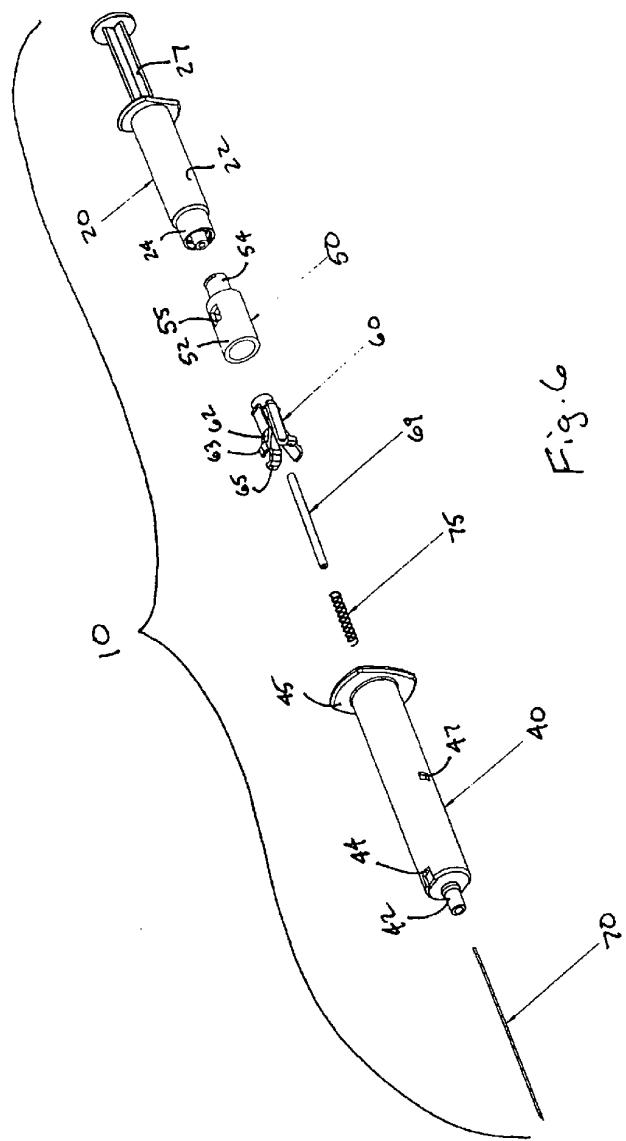


Fig. 6