



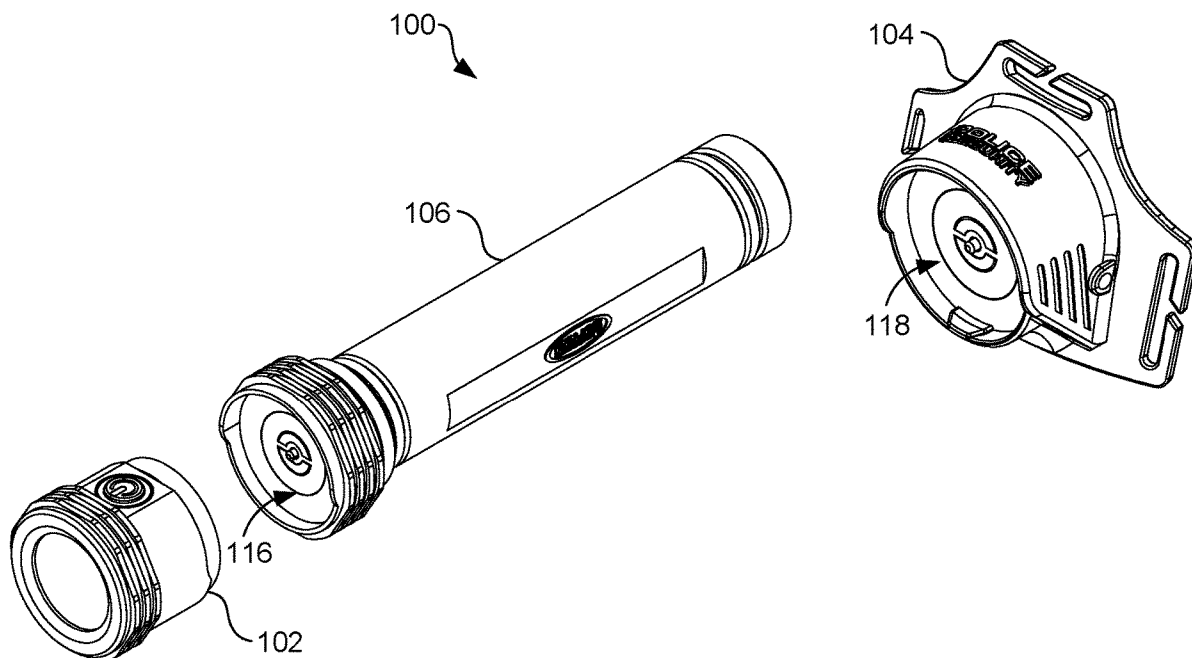
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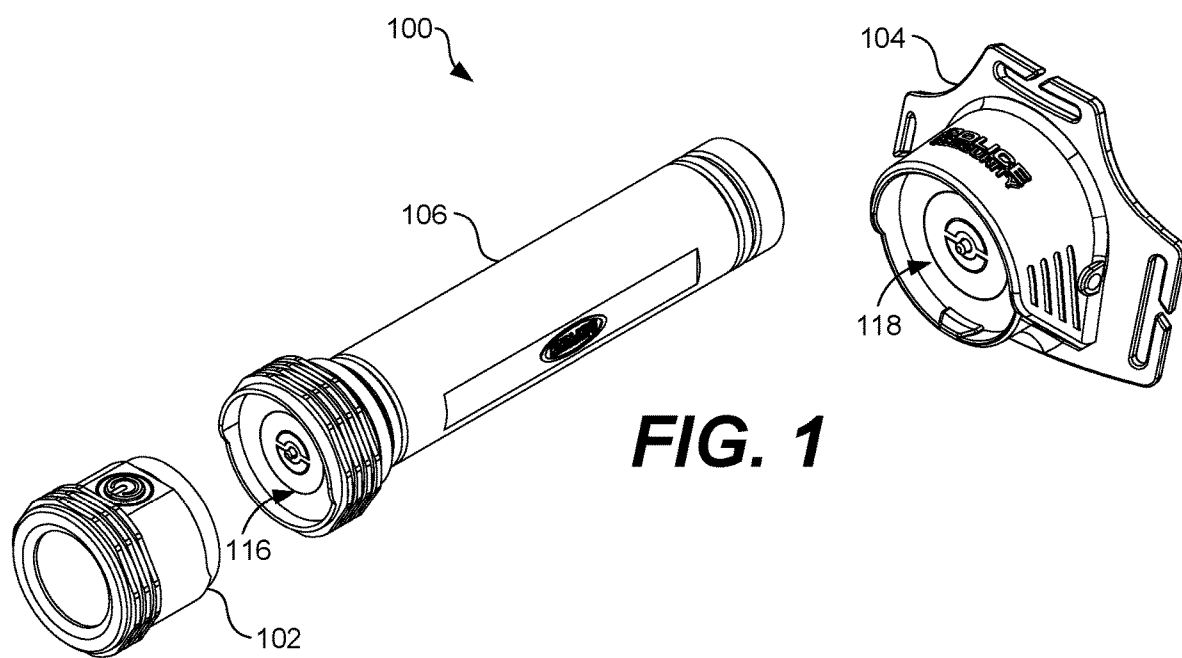
(19) **United States**(12) **Patent Application Publication**  
**Kaye et al.**(10) **Pub. No.: US 2023/0065166 A1**(43) **Pub. Date: Mar. 2, 2023**(54) **LIGHTING SYSTEM WITH DETACHABLE  
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**Lindley**, Alpharetta, GA (US)(21) Appl. No.: **17/981,587**(22) Filed: **Nov. 7, 2022****Related U.S. Application Data**(63) Continuation of application No. 17/109,682, filed on  
Dec. 2, 2020, now Pat. No. 11,493,192.(60) Provisional application No. 62/943,936, filed on Dec.  
5, 2019.**Publication Classification**(51) **Int. Cl.**  
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**F21V 21/084** (2006.01)**F21V 23/04** (2006.01)**F21V 23/06** (2006.01)**F21V 23/00** (2006.01)(52) **U.S. Cl.**CPC ..... **F21V 21/0965** (2013.01); **F21V 21/084**  
(2013.01); **F21V 23/0471** (2013.01); **F21V**  
**23/06** (2013.01); **F21V 23/003** (2013.01);  
**F21Y 2113/10** (2016.08)

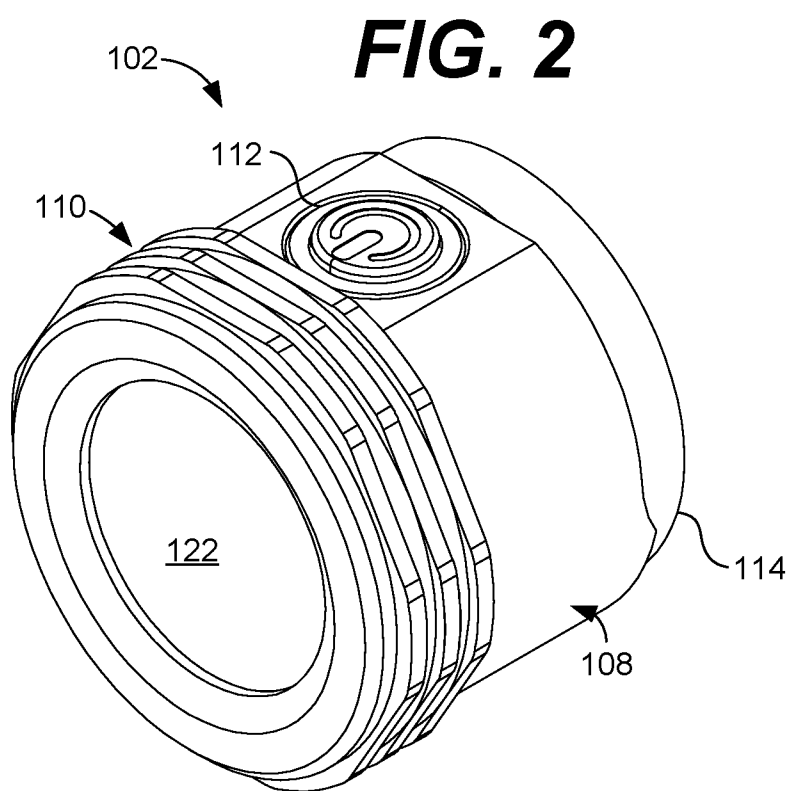
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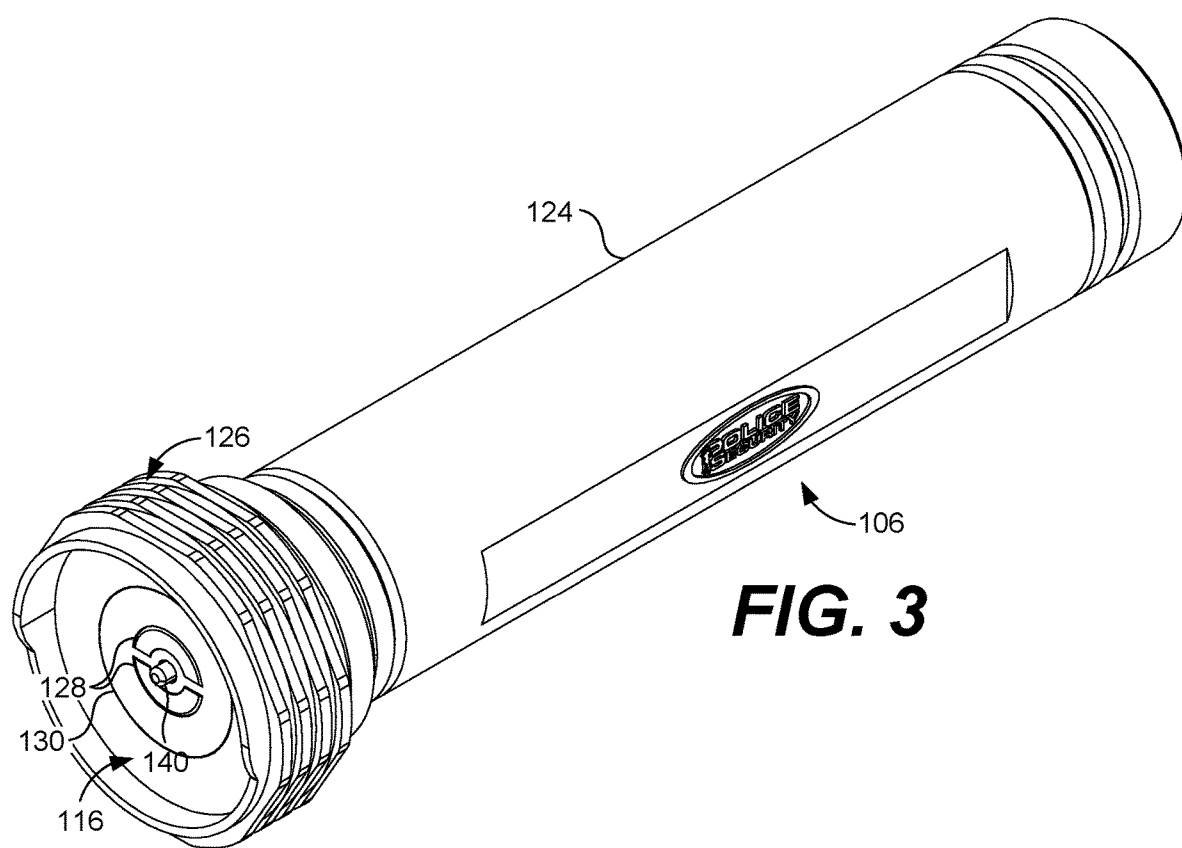
**ABSTRACT**

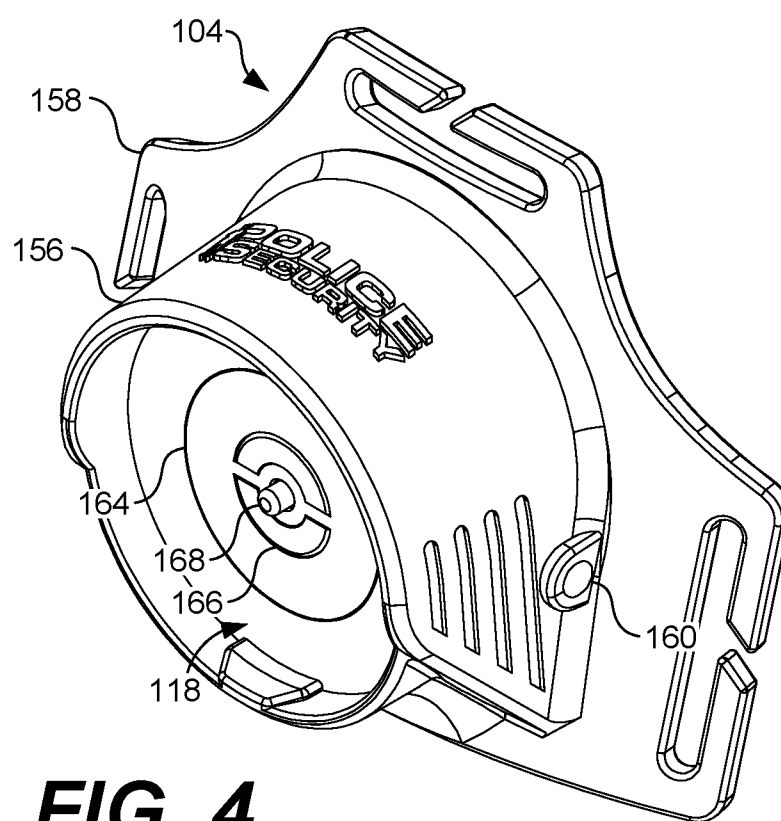
Disclosed are various embodiments for a lighting system. The lighting system may include a headguard adapted to be worn on a head of an operator, where the headguard comprising a headguard cavity, as well as an elongated flashlight base comprising a flashlight base cavity. A detachable flashlight head is adapted to be positioned in either of the headguard cavity and the flashlight base cavity. The detachable flashlight is sized and positioned such that, when positioned in the headguard cavity, the detachable flashlight magnetically and electrically couples to the headguard. Similarly, the detachable flashlight is sized and positioned such that, when positioned in the flashlight base cavity, the detachable flashlight magnetically and electrically couples to the elongated flashlight base.

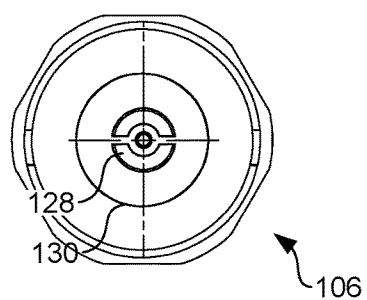




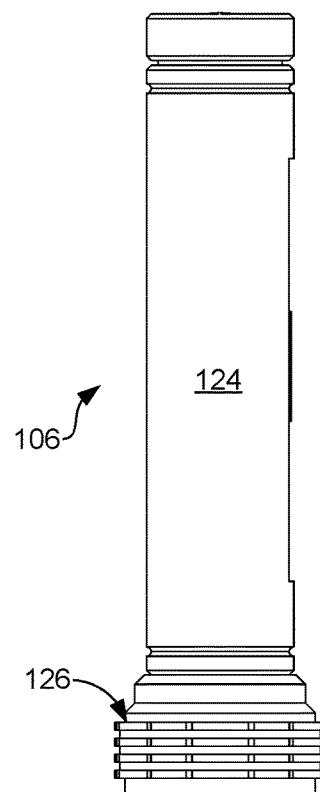




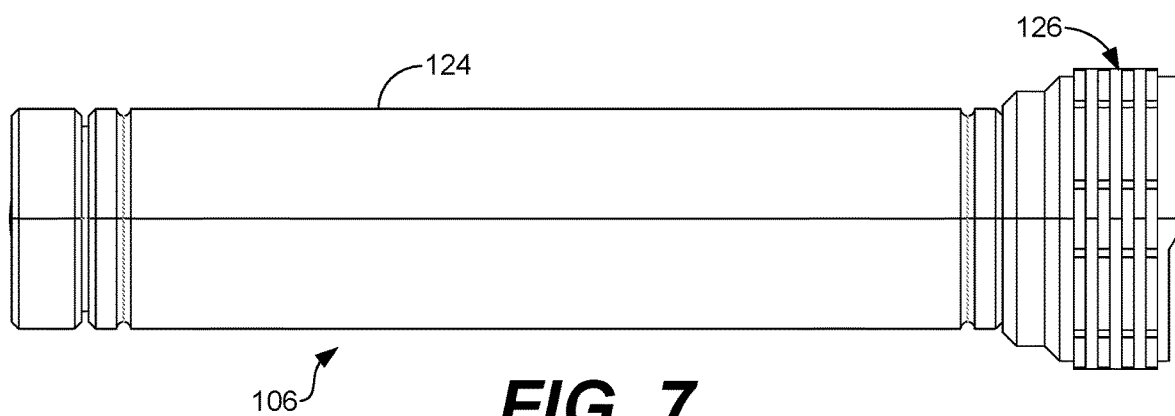




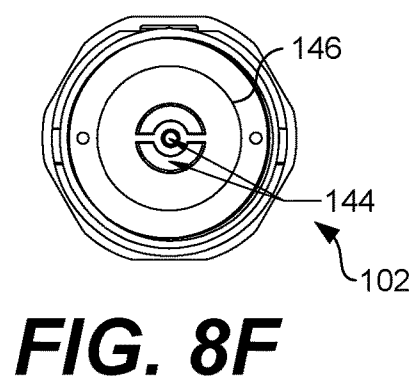
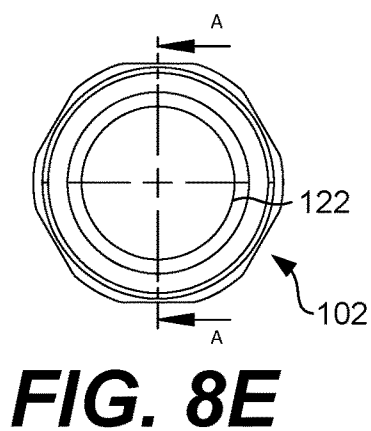
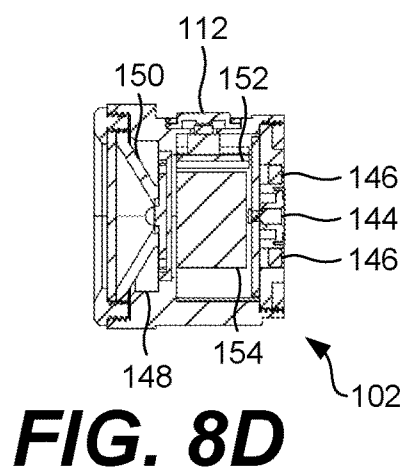
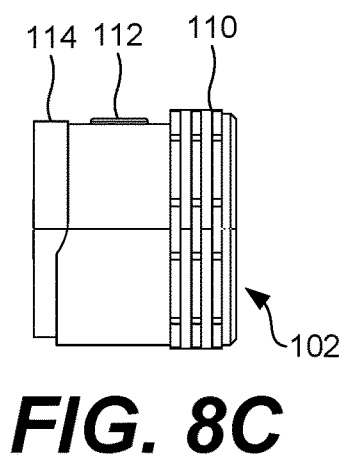
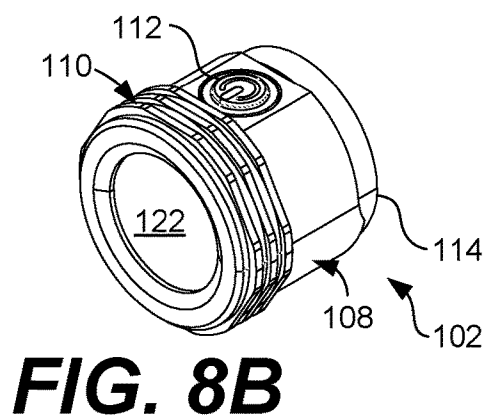
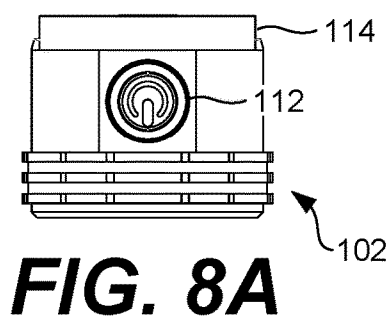
**FIG. 5**

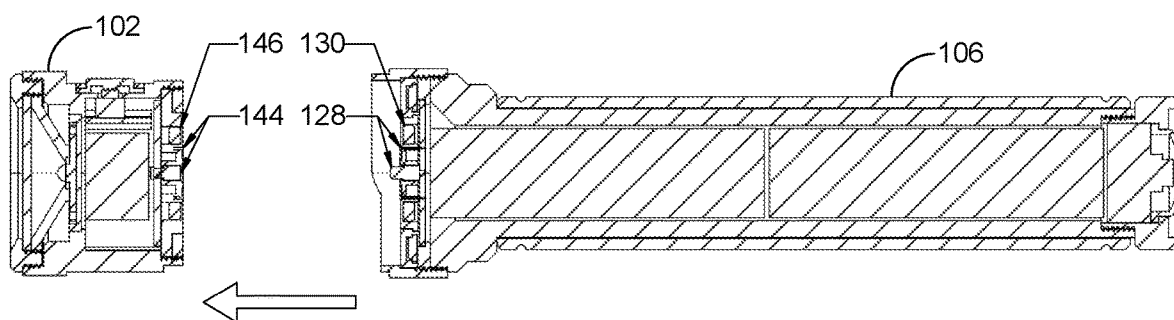


**FIG. 6**

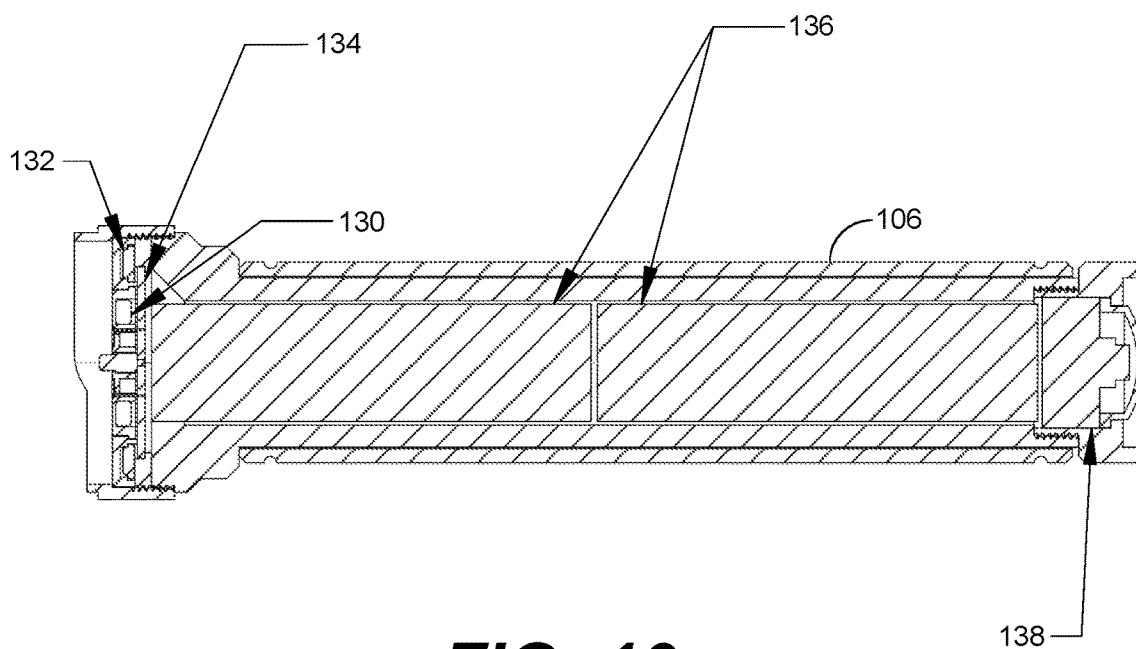


**FIG. 7**



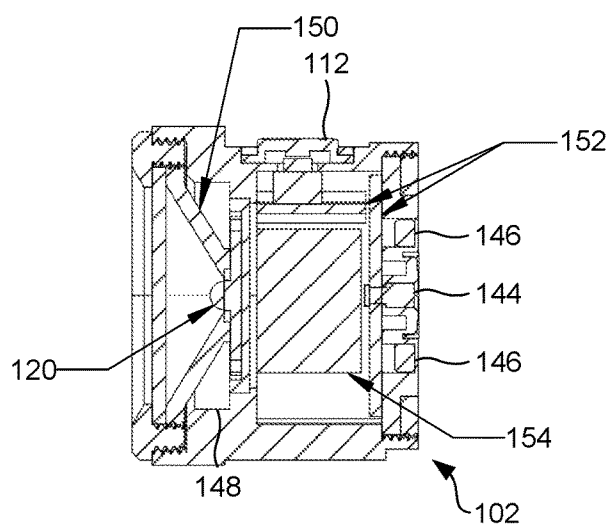


**FIG. 9**

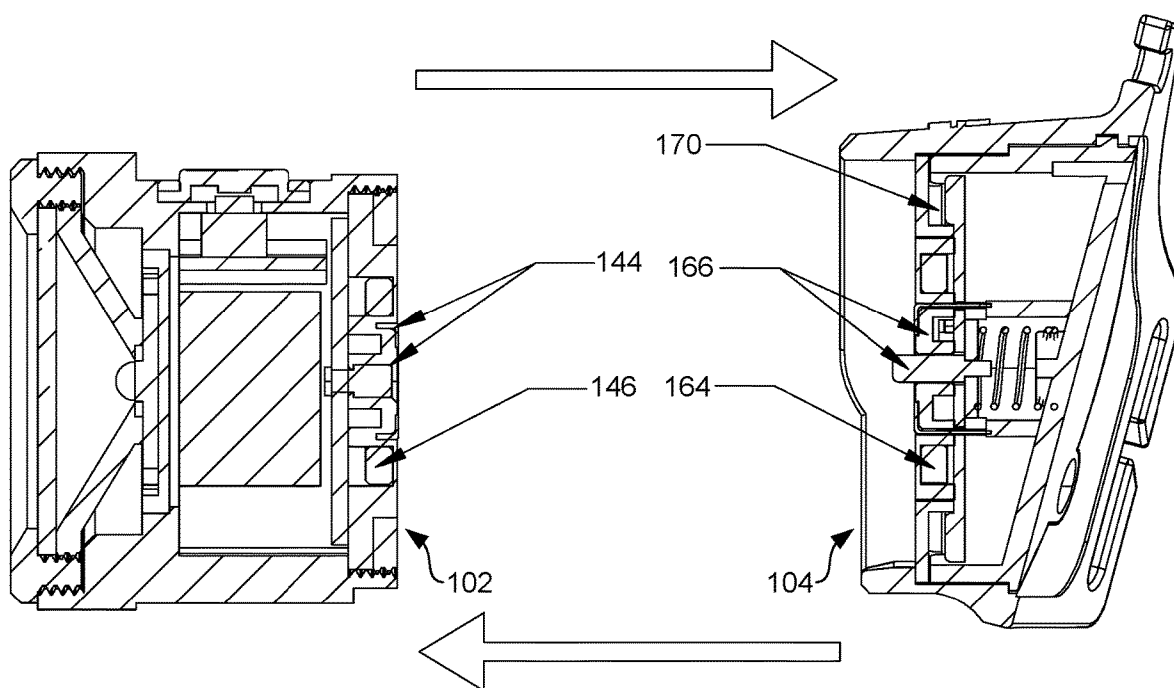


**FIG. 10**

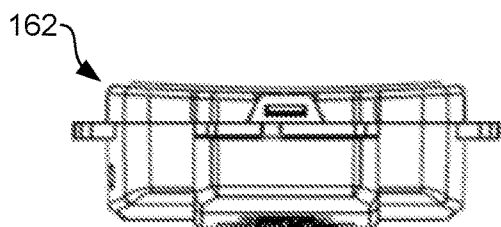




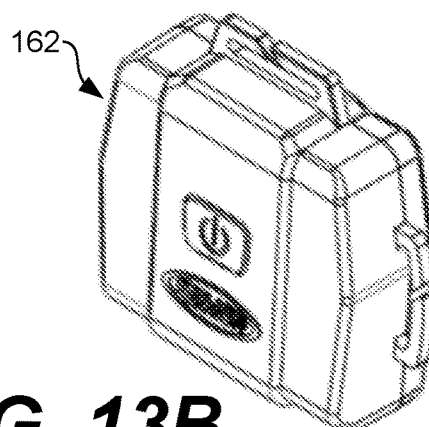
**FIG. 11**



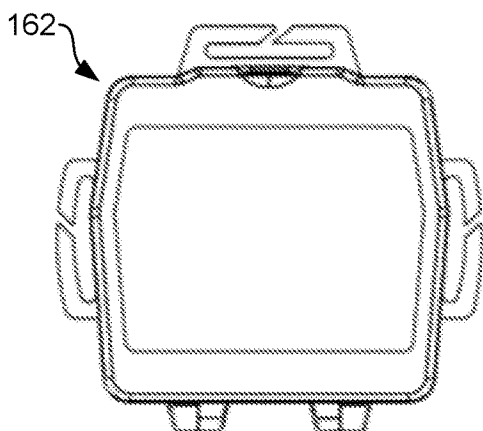
**FIG. 12**



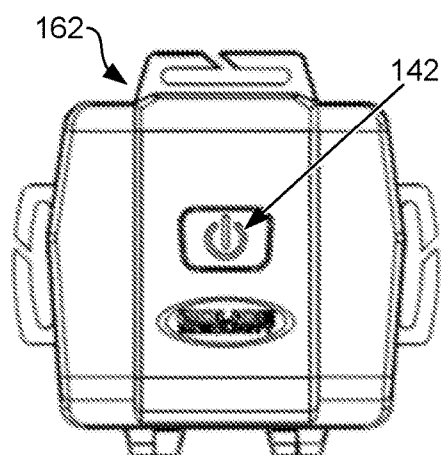
**FIG. 13A**



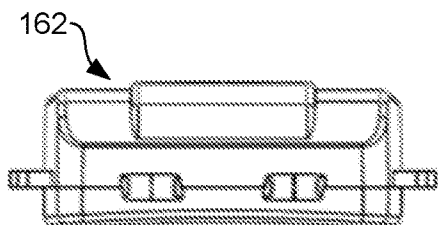
**FIG. 13B**



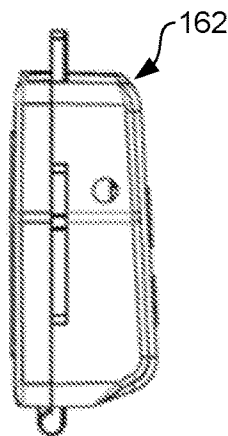
**FIG. 13C**



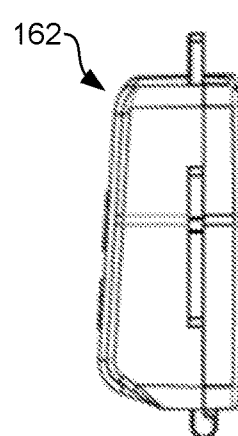
**FIG. 13D**



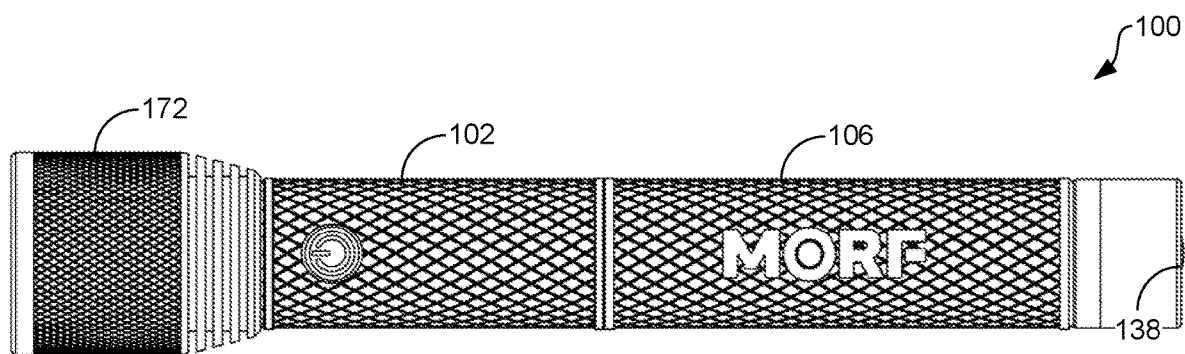
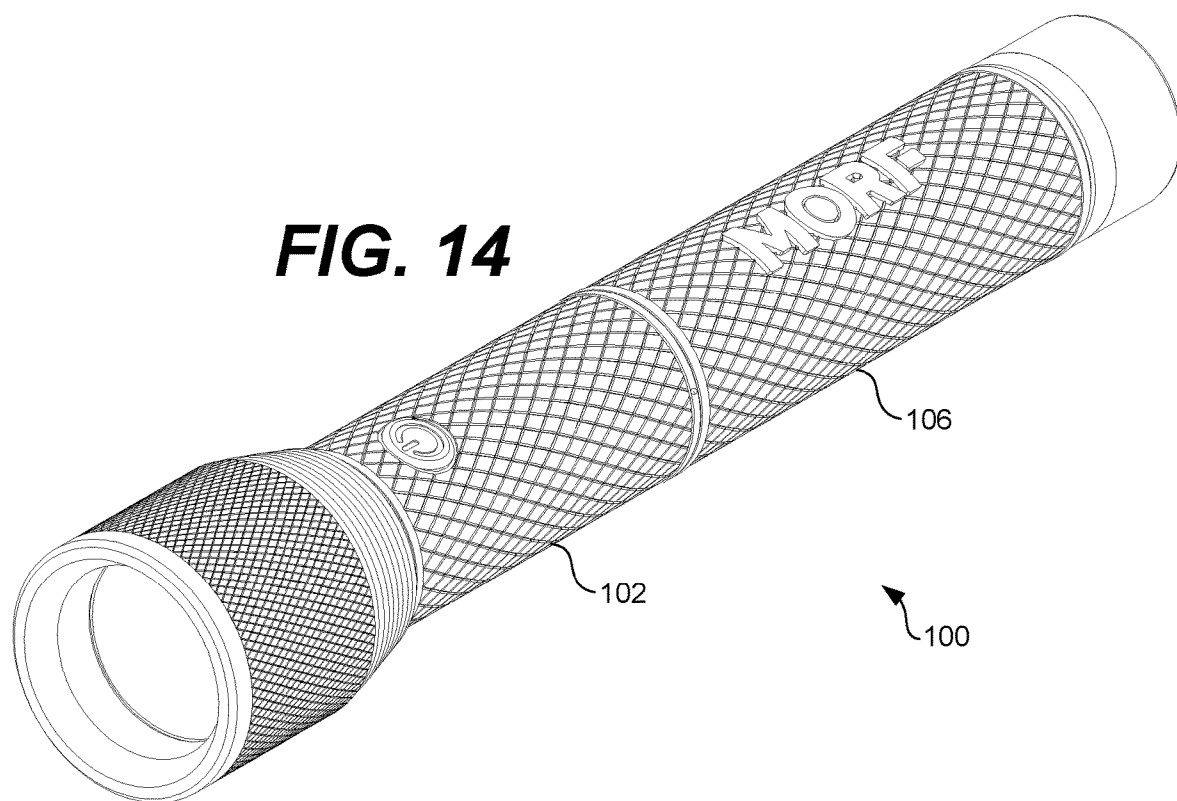
**FIG. 13E**



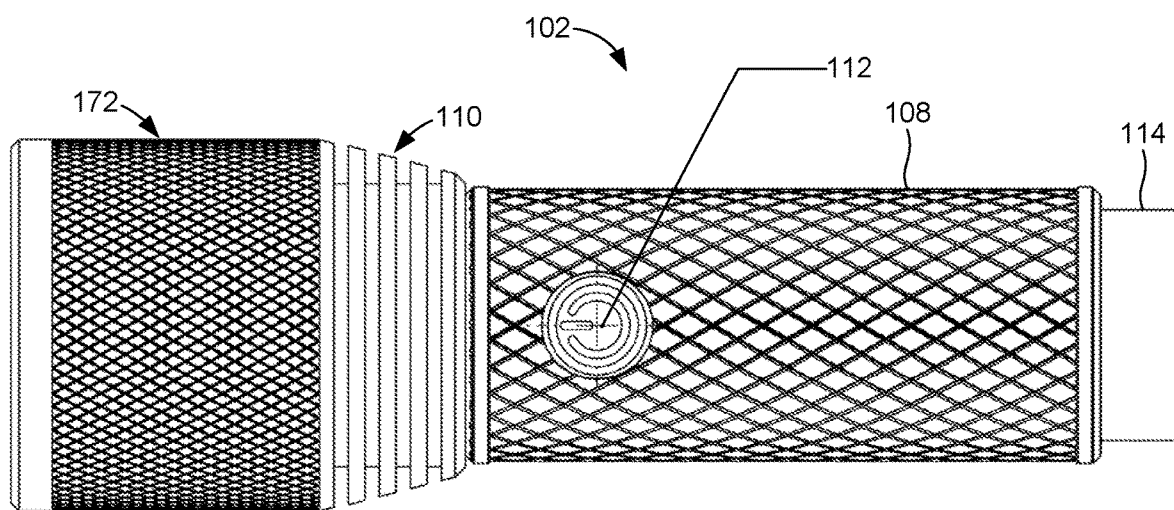
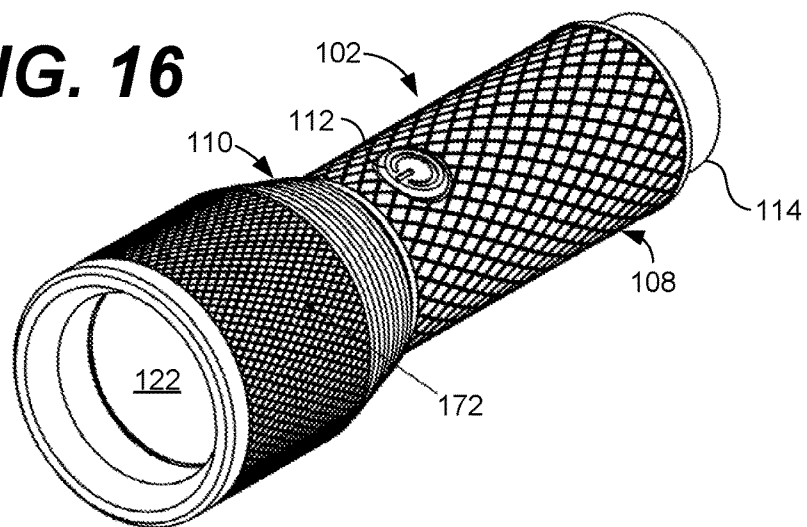
**FIG. 13F**



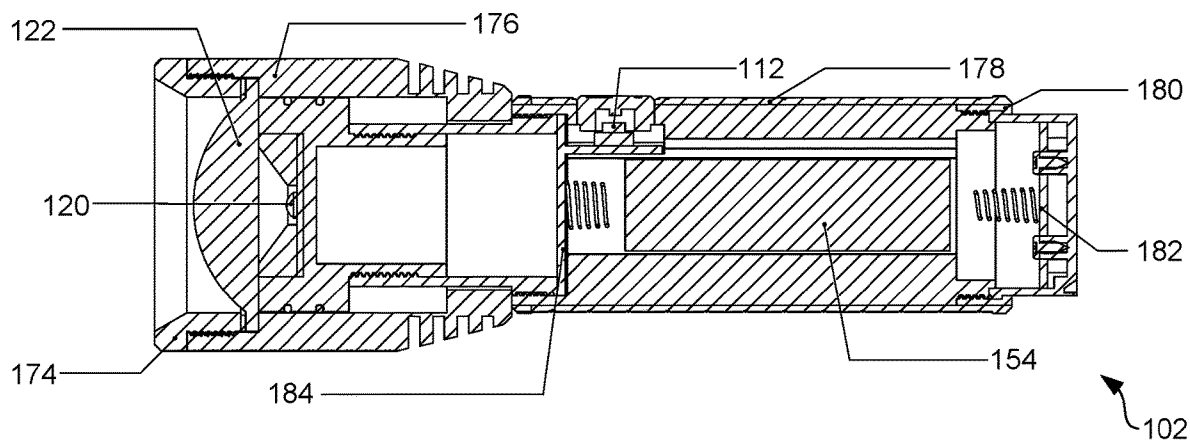
**FIG. 13G**



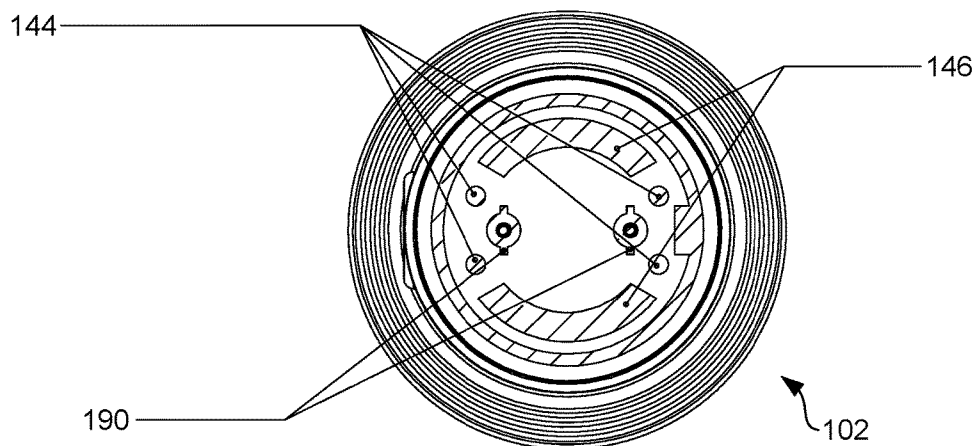
**FIG. 16**



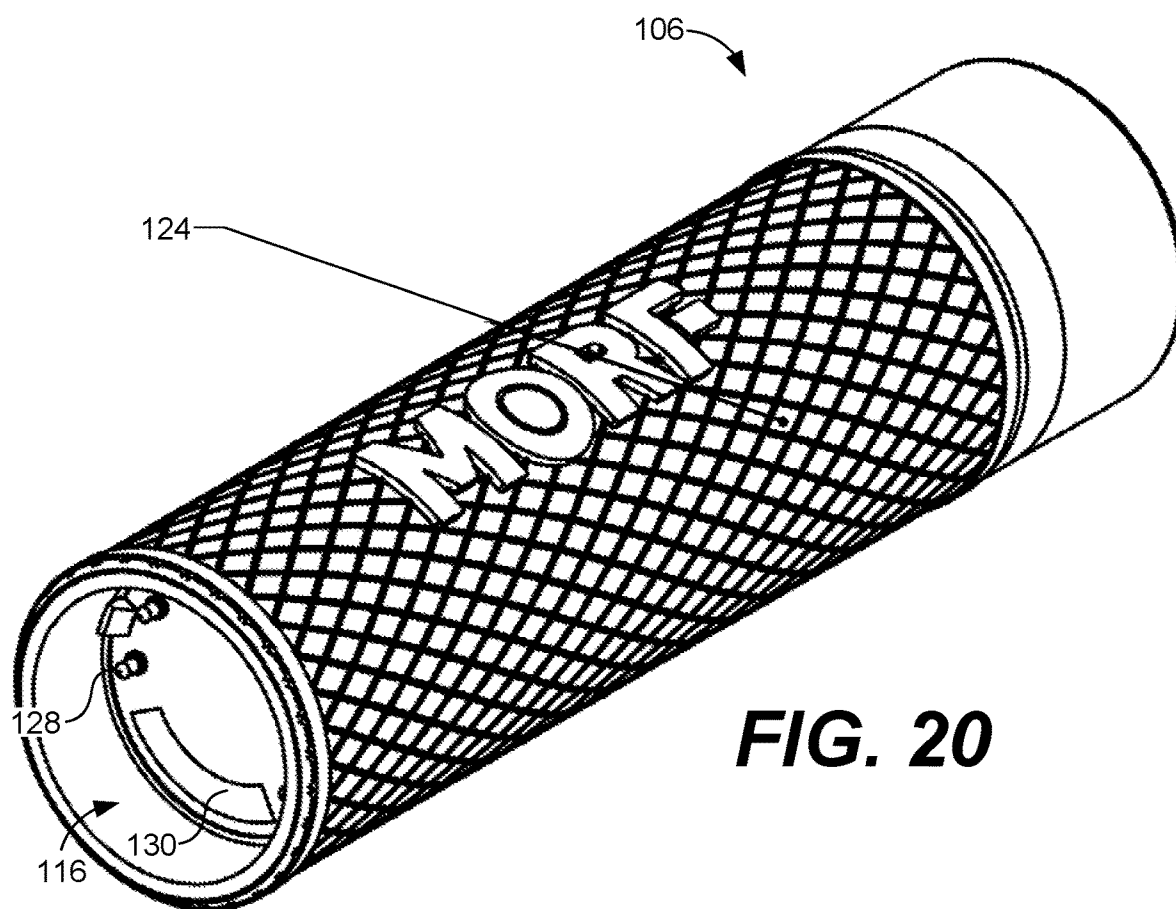
**FIG. 17**



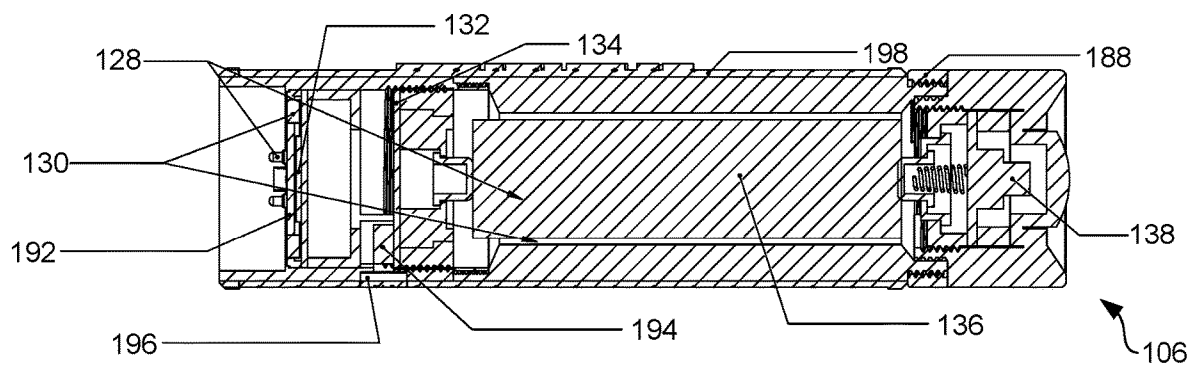
**FIG. 18**



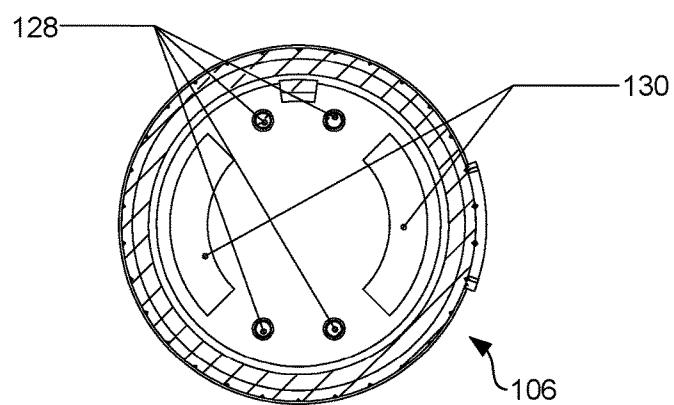
**FIG. 19**



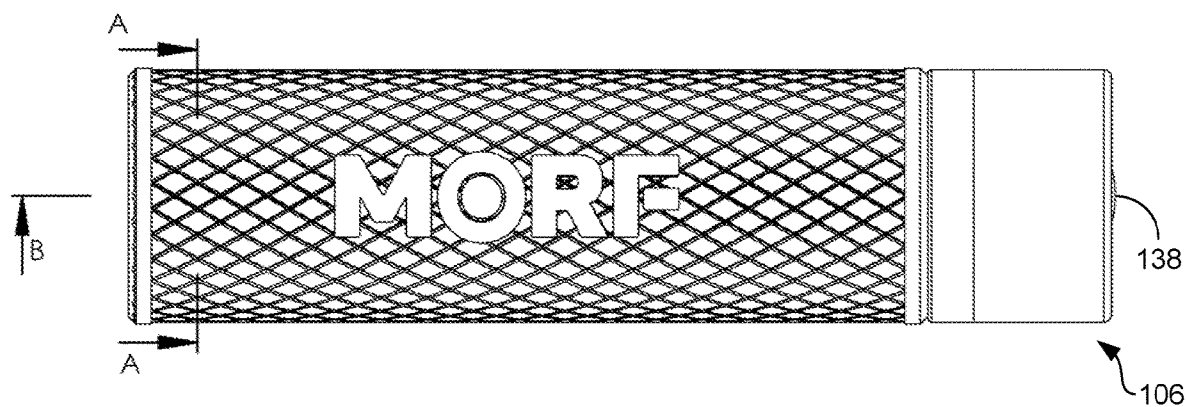
**FIG. 20**



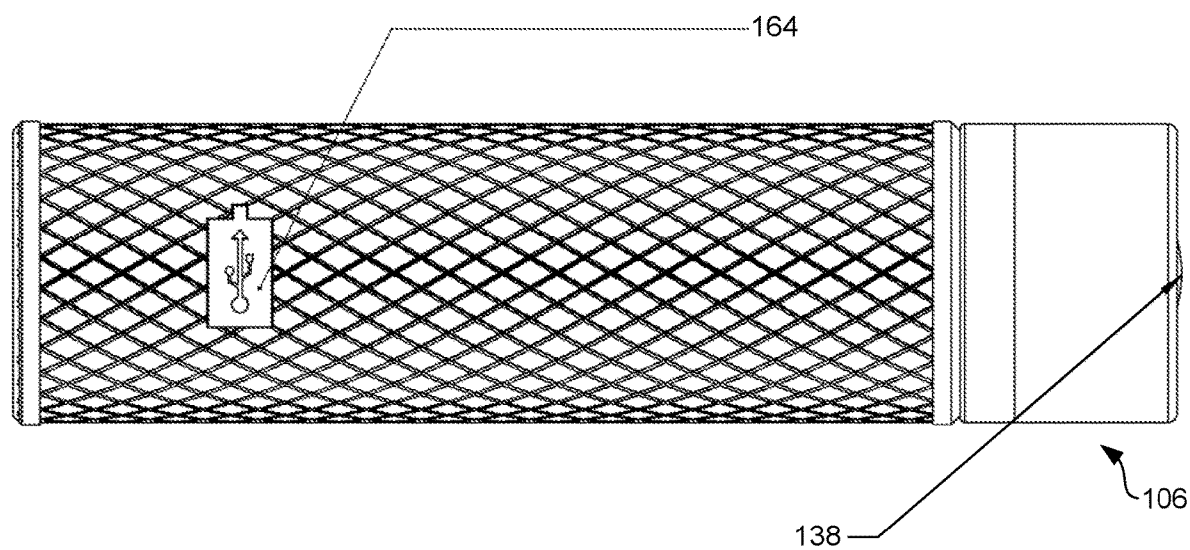
**FIG. 21**



**FIG. 22**



**FIG. 23**



**FIG. 24**



## LIGHTING SYSTEM WITH DETACHABLE FLASHLIGHT HEAD

### CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 17/109,682 entitled “LIGHTING SYSTEM WITH DETACHABLE FLASHLIGHT HEAD,” filed Dec. 2, 2020, which claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional 62/943,936 entitled “LIGHTING SYSTEM WITH DETACHABLE FLASHLIGHT HEAD,” filed Dec. 5, 2019, the contents of which being incorporated by reference in their entirety herein.

### BACKGROUND

[0002] Several forms of hands-free lighting exist. For instance, lighting devices are often found mounted on helmets or headbands, which prove useful in law enforcement, mining, construction, automotive, manufacturing, or other industries that frequently require hands-free lighting solutions. Existing lighting devices, however, generally include a lighting element that is fixed and not removable from a helmet, headband, or other device. Some removable lighting devices exist; however, these lighting devices are not suitable for hands-free operation and are often not easily removable or attachable to a helmet, headband, or other device.

### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0003] The present invention relates to a portable lighting device. More specifically, the present invention relates to a lighting device that may be removably attached to a headlamp, flashlight, or other suitable base.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0004] Many aspects of the present disclosure may be better understood with reference to the following drawings. The components in the drawings are not necessarily to scale, emphasis instead being placed upon clearly illustrating the principles of the disclosure. Moreover, in the drawings, like reference numerals designate corresponding parts throughout the several views.

[0005] FIG. 1 is a top perspective view of a lighting system showing a detachable flashlight head, a headguard, and a flashlight base in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0006] FIG. 2 is an enlarged view of the detachable flashlight head of FIG. 1 in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0007] FIG. 3 is an enlarged view of the flashlight base of FIG. 1 in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0008] FIG. 4 is an enlarged view of the headguard of FIG. 1 in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0009] FIGS. 5-7 are various alternative views of the flashlight base of FIG. 1 in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0010] FIGS. 8A-8F are various views of the detachable flashlight head of FIG. 1 in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0011] FIG. 9 is a cross-section view showing a coupling of the detachable flashlight head and the flashlight base in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0012] FIG. 10 is a cross-section view of the flashlight base of FIG. 1 in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0013] FIG. 11 is a cross-section view of the detachable flashlight head of FIG. 1 in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0014] FIG. 12 is a cross-section view showing a coupling of the detachable flashlight head and the headguard in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0015] FIGS. 13A to 13G includes various views of a battery pack capable of being used with the headguard in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0016] FIG. 14 is a top perspective view of another embodiment of the lighting system showing the detachable flashlight head and the flashlight base in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0017] FIG. 15 is a top elevation view of the detachable flashlight head and the flashlight base in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0018] FIG. 16 is a top perspective view of the detachable flashlight head in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0019] FIG. 17 is a top elevation view of the detachable flashlight head in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0020] FIG. 18 is a side cross-sectional view of the detachable flashlight head in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0021] FIG. 19 is a rear cross-sectional view of the detachable flashlight head in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0022] FIG. 20 is a top perspective view of the flashlight base in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0023] FIG. 21 is a side cross-sectional view of the flashlight base in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0024] FIG. 22 is a rear cross-sectional view of the flashlight base in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0025] FIG. 23 is a side elevation view of the flashlight base in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0026] FIG. 24 is another side elevation view of the flashlight base in accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure.

### DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0027] The present disclosure relates to a lighting system having a detachable lighting device that may be removably attached to a headguard, flashlight body, or other suitable base, such that the lighting device may be toggled between a shortened flashlight, an elongated flashlight, and a head-mounted light (i.e., a headlamp). Existing hands-free illumination devices generally include a fixed lighting element that is not removable from a helmet or headband. While some devices include a removable lighting element, generally, these devices are not optimal for hands-free illumina-

tion. For instance, the removal and reattachment of lighting elements in existing products may be time and labor intensive. Additionally, these lighting elements are not rechargeable. Providing a detachable and rechargeable lighting element that may be easily removed, attached, and secured to a helmet, headband, or other head-mounted device can present significant technical challenges.

**[0028]** Accordingly, in various embodiments of the present disclosure, a lighting system is described that has a detachable flashlight head that may be moved among bases based on a desired mode of operation. The lighting system may include a headguard (e.g., base 1) adapted to be worn on a head of an operator, where the headguard comprises a headguard cavity. The lighting system may further include an elongated flashlight base (e.g., base 2) comprising a flashlight base cavity. A detachable flashlight head is adapted to be positioned in either the headguard cavity and/or the flashlight base cavity. The detachable flashlight is sized and positioned such that, when positioned in the headguard cavity, the detachable flashlight magnetically and electrically couples to the headguard. Similarly, the detachable flashlight is sized and positioned such that, when positioned in the flashlight base cavity, the detachable flashlight magnetically and electrically couples to the elongated flashlight base.

**[0029]** In the following discussion, a general description of a lighting system having a detachable flashlight head is provided, followed by a discussion of operation of the same.

**[0030]** Referring now to FIG. 1, an embodiment of a lighting system 100 is shown that includes a detachable flashlight head 102, a headguard 104, and a flashlight base 106. Enlarged views of the detachable flashlight head 102, the flashlight base 106, and the headguard 104, are shown in FIGS. 2, 3, and 4, respectively. Referring to FIGS. 1-4 collectively, the headguard 104 may include a device adapted to be worn on a head of an operator. For instance, a body of the headguard 104 may be ergonomically countered to fit on or near a forehead of an individual, on a front of a helmet, etc. As such, when the detachable flashlight head 102 is affixed to the headguard 104, the headguard 104 may provide an operator with a hands-free source of lighting for various uses. However, in some situations, it is beneficial to have a hand-held source of light. For instance, a hand-held flashlight may provide a better source of light in hard-to-reach places, or in various cavities and workspaces. As such, the detachable flashlight head 102 may be detached from the headguard 104 such that the detachable flashlight head 102 may be operated as a hand-held source of light.

**[0031]** Accordingly, in some desired modes of operation, the detachable flashlight head 102 is configured to operate in conjunction with at least one of the headguard 104 and the flashlight base 106. For instance, the detachable flashlight head 102 may be coupled to the flashlight base 106 to provide the operator with a larger flashlight body, which is desirable for certain types of applications in which lighting is required, such as law enforcement. In another example, the detachable flashlight head 102 may be coupled to the headguard 104 to provide the operator with a headlamp or a hands-free lighting solution, which is more practical for certain types of applications in which hands-free lighting is required, such as mining, construction, vehicle maintenance, etc. In some embodiments, when the detachable flashlight head 102 is docked in the flashlight base 106 or the head-

guard 104, the lumens output by the detachable flashlight head 102 is configured to increase to produce a much higher illumination.

**[0032]** The detachable flashlight head 102 may operate independently of either the headguard 104 and/or the flashlight base 106. For instance, the detachable flashlight head 102 may include its own power supply such that, when the detachable flashlight head 102 is removed from the headguard 104 or the flashlight base 106, the detachable flashlight head 102 may operate as a small lighting device that may be positioned in locations in which a larger flashlight body or a headlamp is not practical. Notably, with reference to FIG. 1, the headguard 104 is shown while additional components of the headlamp, such as head straps and a power supply (e.g., an external battery pack), are not shown for explanatory purposes.

**[0033]** To facilitate the removability and independent operation of the detachable flashlight head 102, the detachable flashlight head 102 may include a power source independent of the headguard 104 and the flashlight base 106. For instance, in some embodiments, the detachable flashlight head 102 may include one or more batteries that permit the detachable flashlight head 102 to power one or more light sources, such as light emitting diodes (LEDs) or light bulbs, independent of a power supply or other light source of the headguard 104 and the flashlight base 106. The batteries may include rechargeable batteries in some embodiments.

**[0034]** Referring specifically to FIG. 2, an enlarged view of an embodiment of the detachable flashlight head 102 is shown. The detachable flashlight head 102 may include a flashlight head housing 108. In some embodiments, the flashlight head housing 108 may include a longitudinally extending and substantially tubular housing, as shown in FIG. 2. Further, the flashlight head housing 108 may include one or more ridges 110 projecting from a surface of the flashlight head housing 108 in various regions of the flashlight head housing 108 that facilitate gripping the detachable flashlight head 102 using the fingertips or other suitable portion of a hand. The ridges 110 are shown in a front portion of the flashlight base housing 124 in the embodiment of FIG. 2 to provide a bezel; however, the ridges 110 may be positioned towards a central region or a distal rear end of the flashlight head housing 108 in some embodiments. The detachable flashlight head 102 may include a head switch 112 that may be positioned on a top portion of the detachable flashlight head 102. The head switch 112 may be coupled to circuitry of the detachable flashlight head 102 for toggling the lighting element (e.g., a LED) between on-and-off positions or between different modes of operation (e.g., strobing, high intensity illumination, low intensity illumination, etc.).

**[0035]** The flashlight head housing 108 may further include a base 114 having a width and/or diameter less than the central and/or front portion of the flashlight head housing 108. As such, the base 114 may be positioned, nested, or otherwise placed in a cavity or an aperture of the flashlight base 106, headguard 104, or other suitable mount. For instance, referring back to FIG. 1, the base 114 of the detachable flashlight head 102 may be nested in a flashlight base cavity 116 of the flashlight base 106 or a headguard cavity 118 of the headguard 104 such that the base 114 is wholly or partially encapsulated by a projecting portion of the flashlight base 106 or the headguard 104. The detachable flashlight head 102 may further include a head light emitting

diode (LED) **120** or other bulb, a lens **122**, a reflector (not shown), and other components as may be appreciated.

**[0036]** Referring now to FIG. 3, an enlarged view of the flashlight base **106** is shown in accordance with various embodiments. The flashlight base **106** may include a flashlight base housing **124**. In some embodiments, the flashlight base housing **124** may include a longitudinally extending and substantially tubular housing, as shown in FIG. 3, where the length of the flashlight base housing **124** is substantially longer than a length of the detachable flashlight head **102** (e.g., two to three times the length or larger). Like the detachable flashlight head **102**, the flashlight base housing **124** may include one or more base ridges **126** projecting from the flashlight base housing **124** in various regions of the flashlight base housing **124** to facilitate gripping of the flashlight base **106** using a hand of the operator. The base ridges **126** are shown in a front portion of the flashlight base housing **124** in the embodiment of FIG. 3, thereby providing a bezel. However, alternatively or in combination with the foregoing, the base ridges **126** may be positioned towards a central region or a distal rear end of the flashlight base housing **124** in some embodiments.

**[0037]** When the detachable flashlight head **102** is positioned in the flashlight base cavity **116**, the detachable flashlight head **102** may form a physical, magnetic, and/or electrical connection with the flashlight base **106**. The physical connection may include an interference fit, a friction fit, a snap connection, or similar connection, as will be described in greater detail below.

**[0038]** In some embodiments, the magnetic attraction between the detachable flashlight head **102** and the flashlight base **106** is strong enough to align a rear face of the detachable flashlight head **102** such that an electrical connection is formed between the detachable flashlight head **102** and the flashlight base **106**. As such, in addition to the flashlight base cavity **116**, the flashlight base **106** may include base electrical contacts **128**, base magnets **130**, base LED(s) **132**, base circuitry **134** (e.g., a printed circuit board (PCB)), batteries **136** (e.g., rechargeable batteries), a base switch **138**, presence sensor **140**, as well as other components. The electrical connection may charge a battery of the detachable flashlight head **102** and/or power the circuitry and the base LED(s) **132** of the detachable flashlight head **102**.

**[0039]** As noted above, the flashlight base **106** may include one or more base LEDs **132** or other lighting elements to provide lighting in the flashlight base cavity **116** when the detachable flashlight head **102** is removed. As such, the flashlight base **106** may be described as having secondary illumination. The presence, or lack thereof, of the detachable flashlight head **102** may be determined using the presence sensor **140**, which may include a mechanical sensor, an optical sensor, resistance detection sensor, capacitance detection sensor, or other suitable sensor to detect the presence, or lack thereof, of the detachable flashlight head **102**. In further embodiments, the presence sensor **140** includes a push button, electrical connection sensor, or similar sensor.

**[0040]** In some embodiments, the flashlight base **106** may include a base switch **138**, such as a power button. When the detachable flashlight head **102** is coupled to the flashlight base **106**, the base switch **138** may toggle a lighting element, such as the head LED **120** in the detachable flashlight head **102** between on-and-off positions or between different

modes of operation (e.g., strobing, high intensity illumination, low intensity illumination, etc.). When the detachable flashlight head **102** is detached from the flashlight base **106**, the base switch **138** may toggle a lighting element, such as the base LED **132** in the flashlight base **106** between on-and-off positions or between different modes of operation (e.g., strobing, high intensity illumination, low intensity illumination, etc.).

**[0041]** In some embodiments, the base switch **138** may be formed of a transparent material having a multi-color LED or other lighting element disposed underneath. When the detachable flashlight head **102** is coupled to the flashlight base **106** and a charging process is initiated, the multi-color LED may cause the base switch **138** to illuminate a first color (e.g., red) during the charging process and change to a second, different color (e.g., green) when charging has completed. Additionally, the head switch **112** and a battery pack switch **142** on a battery pack **162**, as will be described, may include similar functionality.

**[0042]** The detachable flashlight head **102** similarly has head electrical contacts **144** and head magnets **146** that are configured to contact and couple to the base electrical contacts **128** and base magnets **130** of the flashlight base **106**, thereby forming magnetic and/or electrical connections, respectively. Additionally, the detachable flashlight head **102** includes lighting circuitry **148**, a light cup **150**, the head switch **112** (e.g., an on/off button), circuitry **152** (e.g., PCB boards), and one or more batteries **154** (e.g., rechargeable batteries). In some embodiments, the lighting circuit **148** has one or more lighting elements (e.g., head LEDs **120**) disposed thereon, such as chip-on-board (COB) LEDs.

**[0043]** Turning now to FIG. 4, an enlarged view of the headguard **104** is shown according to various embodiments. The headguard **104** may include a flashlight receiver **156** defining the headguard cavity **118**, pivoting knobs (not shown), headguard body (hereinafter “body **158**”) and a wire portal **160** through which a wire may be run to a battery pack **162**, shown in FIG. 13, as well as other components as will be described. As noted above, the headguard **104** is adapted to be worn on a head of an operator. For instance, a body **158** of the headguard **104** may be ergonomically countered to fit on or near a forehead of an individual, or on a front of a helmet. As such, when the detachable flashlight head **102** is coupled to the headguard **104**, the lighting system **100** may provide an operator with a hands-free source of lighting for various uses.

**[0044]** However, in some situations, it is beneficial to have a hand-held source of light. For instance, a hand-held flashlight may provide a better source of light in hard-to-reach places, or in various cavities and workspaces. As such, the detachable flashlight head **102** may be detached from the headguard **104**, such that the detachable flashlight head **102** may be operated as a hand-held source of light or coupled to the flashlight base **106** to operate similar to a traditional flashlight.

**[0045]** Referring back to FIG. 1, and as noted above, the detachable flashlight head **102** may include a head switch **112** and the flashlight base **106** may include a base switch **138**. The head switch **112** may be coupled to processing circuitry of the detachable flashlight head **102**, and the base switch **138** may be coupled to processing circuitry of the flashlight base **106**, as may be appreciated. The processing circuitry may include a PCB board, an integrated circuit (IC), and/or a microcontroller in some examples. Through

operation of the processing circuitry, the switches **112**, **138** may toggle a respective light source and/or a mode of operation of the detachable flashlight head **102**.

[0046] For instance, in some embodiments, the switches **112**, **138** may be manipulated by the operator to turn a light source of the detachable flashlight head **102** or a light source of the flashlight base **106** on or off. In addition to, or in lieu of the toggling of the light source, the switches **112**, **138** may iterate through different modes of operation. The different modes of operation may include, for example, pulsating the light source (e.g., performing a strobe effect), providing a constant light source typical to a flashlight, varying the color of the light source, varying the luminous intensity of the light source, or other operations as may be appreciated.

[0047] FIGS. **1**, **4**, and **12** further illustrate that the flashlight receiver **156** may include a headguard cavity **118** in which the detachable flashlight head **102** may be retained. More specifically, the base **114** of the detachable flashlight head **102** may be positioned in the headguard cavity **118**, such that the base **114** is situated and retained therein through a slight interference fit, in addition to or in place of a magnetic coupling, as will be discussed. Similarly, the base **114** of the detachable flashlight head **102** may be positioned in the flashlight base cavity **116**, such that the base **114** is situated and retained therein through a slight interference fit in addition to or in place of a magnetic coupling, as will be discussed.

[0048] To form a slight interference fit, the flashlight receiver **156** and/or the flashlight base cavity **116** may include a shape that substantially conforms to a shape of the base **114** of the detachable flashlight head **102**. For instance, assuming the base **114** of the detachable flashlight head **102** includes a generally circular body with flat top and bottom portions, as shown in FIG. **1**, the flashlight receiver **156** and/or the flashlight base cavity **116** may also include a generally circular body with flat top and bottom portions, as best illustrated in FIG. **4**. The headguard **104** may be sized and positioned similarly. Additionally, the flashlight receiver **156** and/or the flashlight base cavity **116** may have a diameter substantially similar to, while slightly larger than, a diameter of the base **114** of the detachable flashlight head **102**.

[0049] Referring collectively to FIGS. **1** and **4**, in various embodiments, the base **114** may be retained in the headguard cavity **118** such that any torque or force applied on a distal top portion or a distal bottom portion of the detachable flashlight head **102** may cause the flashlight receiver **156** to pivot about an axis. Notably, pivoting occurs without causing the detachable flashlight head **102** to disengage from the headguard **104**. Additionally, in embodiments in which the headguard **104** includes pivoting knobs, the pivoting knobs may be turned by the operator in a clockwise or counter-clockwise direction, or otherwise manipulated, to pivot the flashlight receiver **156** and the detachable flashlight head **102** positioned therein about an axis.

[0050] The headguard **104** may further include a headguard magnet **164**, headguard electrical contacts **166**, presence sensor **168**, headguard LED(s) **170**, as well as other components. The headguard magnet **164** may be sized and positioned in the headguard cavity **118** such that, when the detachable flashlight head **102** is positioned in the headguard cavity **118**, a magnetic coupling between a magnet of the detachable flashlight head **102** and the headguard magnet **164** is formed. As may be appreciated, the magnetic cou-

pling further retains the detachable flashlight head **102** in the headguard cavity **118** until a predetermined amount of force is applied to remove the detachable flashlight from the headguard cavity **118**. In some embodiments, the headguard magnet **164** includes an annular or circularly-shaped magnet positioned along the interior perimeter of the headguard cavity **118**. However, other shapes and sizes of headguard magnets **164** may be employed as may be appreciated.

[0051] In some embodiments, circuitry is electrically coupled to one or more housing light sources (e.g., headguard LED(s) **170**) which, like the flashlight base **106**, may provide secondary illumination sources independent of the detachable flashlight head **102**. In some embodiments, housing light sources may be disposed on the substrate of the circuit board. The housing light sources may include, for instance, one or more headguard LEDs **170** positioned, for instance, annularly around a perimeter of the circuit board or in another suitable arrangement. The lenses may be clear, transparent, or partially transparent, and may be positioned in the headguard cavity **118** such that light emitted by the housing light sources are visible, for instance, when the detachable flashlight head **102** is removed from the headguard cavity **118**. As such, the headguard **104** may provide light independent of the detachable flashlight head **102** in some embodiments.

[0052] The headguard electrical contacts **166** may be positioned such that the headguard electrical contacts **166** engage with corresponding head electrical contacts **144** positioned on a rear end or other suitable location of the detachable flashlight head **102**, thereby forming an electrical connection. Through the electrical connection, the detachable flashlight head **102** may be powered directly by a power supply (e.g., a battery pack) of the headguard **104**, and/or a battery of the detachable flashlight head **102** which may be charged and re-charged.

[0053] The presence sensor **140** of the flashlight base **106** and the presence sensor **168** of the headguard **104** may include a mechanical, optical, resistive, capacitive, or other suitable sensor for detecting a presence of the detachable flashlight head **102** in the flashlight base cavity **116** of the flashlight base **106**, the headguard cavity **118** of the headguard **104**, or a lack thereof. In some embodiments, the presence sensor **140**, **168** includes a pogo pin, which includes a spring-load and electrically conductive pin. In other embodiments, the presence sensor **140**, **168** may include a stationary pin mounted to a PCB or other substrate, where the stationary pin includes a spring backing. The presence sensor **140** of the flashlight base **106** and/or the presence sensor **168** of the headguard **104** may trigger a light source on the flashlight base **106** or the headguard **104** to turn on when the detachable flashlight head **102** is removed from the flashlight base cavity **116** or the headguard cavity **118** of the headguard **104**, or turn off when the detachable flashlight head **102** is returned or otherwise positioned in the flashlight base cavity **116** or the headguard cavity **118**.

[0054] FIGS. **5-7** illustrate additional views of the flashlight base **106**. Specifically, FIG. **5** is a front view of the flashlight base **106**, FIG. **6** is a top view of the flashlight base **106**, and FIG. **7** is a side view of the flashlight base **106**. FIGS. **9** and **10** illustrate cross-sectional views of the flashlight base **106**.

[0055] FIGS. **8A-8F** illustrate various views of the detachable flashlight head **102**. Specifically, FIG. **8A** is a top view of the detachable flashlight head **102**, FIG. **8B** is a top

perspective view of the detachable flashlight head **102**, FIG. **8C** is a side view of the detachable flashlight head **102**, FIG. **8D** is a side cross-sectional view of the detachable flashlight head **102**, FIG. **8E** is a front view of the detachable flashlight head **102**, and FIG. **8F** is a rear view of the detachable flashlight head **102**.

[0056] FIG. **11** is an additional side cross-sectional view of the detachable flashlight head **102**. FIG. **12** is a side cross-sectional view of the detachable flashlight head **102** shown relative to the headguard **104**.

[0057] FIGS. **13A-13G** include various views of a battery pack **162** that may be used in conjunction with the headguard **104**, as may be appreciated. FIG. **13** is a top view of the battery pack **162**, FIG. **13B** is a top perspective view thereof, FIG. **13C** is a front view thereof, FIG. **13D** is a rear view thereof, FIG. **13E** is a bottom view thereof, FIG. **13F** is a first side view (e.g., a left side view) thereof, and FIG. **13G** is a second side view (e.g., right side view) thereof.

[0058] In some embodiments, the battery pack **162** may include a battery pack switch **142** that, when pressed or otherwise manipulated, toggles through the modes of the detachable flashlight head **102**, for instance, when the detachable flashlight head **102** is docked to the headguard **104**. When the detachable flashlight head **102** is not docked in either the flashlight base **106** and/or the headguard **104**, corresponding buttons on the components may control the secondary illumination (e.g., turning their LEDs off and on).

[0059] Referring now to FIGS. **14** and **15**, another embodiment of the lighting system **100** is shown. Specifically, FIG. **14** is a top perspective view of the lighting system **100**, whereas FIG. **15** is a side view of the lighting system **100**. Similar to the embodiments described above, the lighting system **100** includes a detachable flashlight head **102** and a flashlight base **106**. Specifically, the detachable flashlight head **102** is shown as being physically, magnetically, and/or electrically coupled to the flashlight base **106**. While a headguard **104** is not shown in FIGS. **14** and **15**, it is understood that the lighting system **100** of FIGS. **14** and **15** may further include the headguard **104** of FIG. **1** or similar headguard.

[0060] In some desired modes of operation, the detachable flashlight head **102** is configured to operate in conjunction with the headguard **104** and/or the flashlight base **106**. For instance, the detachable flashlight head **102** may be coupled to the flashlight base **106** to provide the operator with a larger flashlight body, which is desirable for certain types of applications in which lighting is required. In another example, the detachable flashlight head **102** may be coupled to the headguard **104** to provide the operator with a headlamp or a hands-free lighting solution, which is more practical for certain types of applications in which hands-free lighting is required, such as mining, construction, vehicle maintenance, etc. In some embodiments, when the detachable flashlight head **102** is docked in the flashlight base **106** or the headguard **104**, the lumens of the detachable flashlight head **102** are configured to increase to produce a much higher illumination.

[0061] The detachable flashlight head **102** may operate independently of either the headguard **104** and/or the flashlight base **106**. For instance, the detachable flashlight head **102** may be removed from the headguard **104** or the flashlight base **106** to be utilized as a small lighting device that may be positioned in locations in which a larger flashlight body or a headlamp is not practical.

[0062] Enlarged views of the detachable flashlight head **102**, depicted separate from the flashlight base **106**, are shown in FIGS. **16** and **17**. Similarly, an enlarged view of the flashlight base **106**, depicted separate from the detachable flashlight head **102**, is shown in FIG. **20**. A side cross-sectional view of the detachable flashlight head **102** is shown in FIG. **18**, and a rear cross-sectional view of the detachable flashlight head **102** is shown in FIG. **19**.

[0063] Referring collectively to FIGS. **16-19**, to facilitate the removability and independent operation of the detachable flashlight head **102**, the detachable flashlight head **102** may include a power source independent of the headguard **104** and the flashlight base **106**. For instance, in some embodiments, the detachable flashlight head **102** may include a power source, such as one or more batteries **154**, that permit the detachable flashlight head **102** to power one or more light sources, such as light emitting diodes (LEDs), independent of a power supply or other light source of the headguard **104** and/or the flashlight base **106**. The one or more batteries **154** may include rechargeable batteries **154** in some embodiments.

[0064] Referring to FIGS. **16** and **17**, an enlarged view of the detachable flashlight head **102** is shown. The detachable flashlight head **102** may include a flashlight head housing **108**. In some embodiments, the flashlight head housing **108** may include a longitudinally extending and substantially tubular housing, as shown in FIG. **16**. Further, the flashlight head housing **108** may include ridges **110** and/or a textured bezel **172** projecting from a surface of the flashlight head housing **108** in one or more regions of the flashlight head housing **108**, which may facilitate gripping the detachable flashlight head **102** using fingertips or other suitable portion of a hand.

[0065] The ridges **110** and the textured bezel **172** are shown in a front portion of the flashlight base housing **124** in the embodiment of FIG. **16**; however, it is understood that the ridges **110** and/or the textured bezel **172** may be positioned towards a central region or a distal rear end of the flashlight head housing **108** in some embodiments. A head switch **112** may be positioned on a top portion of the detachable flashlight head **102** that may be coupled to circuitry of the detachable flashlight head **102** for toggling the lighting element between on-and-off positions or between different modes of operation (e.g., strobing, high intensity illumination, low intensity illumination, etc.). The head switch **112** may include a sliding switch or a button switch in some embodiments.

[0066] The flashlight head housing **108** may include a base **114** having a width and/or diameter less than the central and/or front portion of the flashlight head housing **108**. As such, the base **114** may be positioned, nested, or otherwise placed in a cavity or an aperture of the flashlight base **106**, headguard **104**, or other suitable mount.

[0067] For instance, referring to FIGS. **1**, **16**, and **17** collectively, the base **114** of the detachable flashlight head **102** of FIG. **16** may be nested in a flashlight base cavity **116** of the flashlight base **106** or a headguard cavity **118** of the headguard **104** such that the base **114** is wholly or partially encapsulated by a projecting portion of the flashlight base **106** or the headguard **104**. While FIG. **16** shows the base **114** being sized and positioned for being nested in the flashlight base cavity **116**, in alternative embodiments, the detachable flashlight head **102** may include a cavity whereas the headguard **104** includes a projecting region similar to the base

shown in FIG. 16 that nests in the cavity of the detachable flashlight head 102. In some embodiments, neither component nests with respect to one another.

[0068] Referring now to FIGS. 18 and 19, the detachable flashlight head 102 may further include a head LED 120 or other bulb, a lens 122 (e.g., a clear plastic lens), an accent ring 174, a slide focus head 176, a rubber grip 178, a lock ring 180, charging circuitry 182 (e.g., a charging circuit PCB), primary circuitry 184 (e.g., circuitry that handles the head switch 112 and operation of the head LED 120), a reflector (not shown), and other components as may be appreciated. The head LED 120 may include a plurality of LEDs, as may be appreciated, or a multitude of different bulbs or light sources. Referring specifically to FIG. 19, a rear face of the detachable flashlight head 102 may include head electrical contacts 144, head magnets 146, posts 190 (e.g., PCB posts), as well as other components, as may be appreciated. The electrical contacts described herein may also be referred to as charging contacts in some embodiments.

[0069] Now, turning to FIG. 20, an enlarged view of the flashlight base 106 is shown in accordance with various embodiments. The flashlight base 106 may include a flashlight base housing 124. In some embodiments, the flashlight base housing 124 may include a longitudinally extending and substantially tubular housing, as shown in FIG. 20, where the length of the flashlight base housing 124 is longer, or substantially longer, than a length of the detachable flashlight head 102 (e.g., two to three times the length or larger).

[0070] When the detachable flashlight head 102 is positioned in the flashlight base cavity 116 of the flashlight base 106, the detachable flashlight head 102 may form a physical, magnetic, and/or electrical connection with the flashlight base 106. The physical connection may include a snapping mechanism, an interference fit, a friction fit, or other physical connection as may be appreciated.

[0071] In some embodiments, the magnetic attraction between the detachable flashlight head 102 and the flashlight base 106 may cause the detachable flashlight head 102 to align such that an electrical connection is formed between the detachable flashlight head 102 and the flashlight base 106. In other words, the magnetic attraction orients electrical connections on a rear portion of the detachable flashlight head 102 to align with electrical contacts positioned on the flashlight base 106 (e.g., in the flashlight base cavity 116).

[0072] As such, in addition to the flashlight base cavity 116, the flashlight base 106 may include base electrical contacts 128, base magnets 130, and other components. Referring collectively to a side cross-sectional view of the flashlight base 106 shown in FIG. 21 and a rear cross-sectional view of the flashlight base 106 shown in FIG. 22, the flashlight base 106 may further include base LED(s) 132, base circuitry 134 (e.g., printed circuit board (PCB) circuitry), battery 136 (e.g., rechargeable battery), a base switch 138, presence sensor 140, as well as other components. In some embodiments, the base LED 132 is a chip-on-board LED area light. The flashlight base 106 may further include a base lens 192 (e.g., a clear plastic lens), a charging port 194 (e.g., a micro-USB charging port, a USB-C charging port, or other suitable charging port), a charging port cover 196, a rubber exterior 198, an accent ring 188, as well as other components.

[0073] Additionally, in some embodiments, the flashlight base 106 may include one or more base LEDs 132 or other lighting elements to provide lighting in the flashlight base cavity 116 (or on the front of the flashlight base 106) when the detachable flashlight head 102 is removed. As such, the flashlight base 106 may be described as having secondary illumination. The presence, or lack thereof, of the detachable flashlight head 102 may be determined using a presence sensor 140, shown in FIG. 3, which may include a push button, electrical connection sensor, or similar sensor.

[0074] Referring again to FIG. 20, in some embodiments, the flashlight base 106 may include a base switch 138, such as a power button. When the detachable flashlight head 102 is coupled to the flashlight base 106, the base switch 138 may toggle a lighting element, such as the head LED 120 in the detachable flashlight head 102 between on-and-off positions or between different modes of operation (e.g., strobing, high intensity illumination, low intensity illumination, etc.). As the base switch 138 may be positioned on a rear face of the flashlight base 106, the base switch 138 is better illustrated in FIG. 15.

[0075] In some embodiments, the base switch 138 may be formed of a transparent material with a multi-color LED or other lighting element disposed underneath. When the detachable flashlight head 102 is coupled to the flashlight base 106 and a charging process is initiated, the multi-color LED may cause the base switch 138 to illuminate a first color (e.g., red) during the charging process and change to a second, different color (e.g., green) when charging has completed. Additionally, a button of the head switch 112 and a battery pack switch 142 on the battery pack 162 may include similar functionality.

[0076] The detachable flashlight head 102 similarly has head electrical contacts 144 and head magnets 146 that come into contact with the base electrical contacts 128 and base magnets 130 of the flashlight base 106, thereby forming magnetic and/or electrical connections. Additionally, the detachable flashlight head 102 includes lighting circuitry 148 having one or more lighting elements (e.g., head LEDs 120) disposed thereon, a light cup 150, the head switch 112 (e.g., an on/off button), circuitry 152 (e.g., PCB boards), and one or more rechargeable batteries 154.

[0077] As noted above, the detachable flashlight head 102 may include a head switch 112 and the flashlight base 106 may include a base switch 138 along with corresponding processing circuitry. The processing circuitry may include an integrated circuit (IC) or a microcontroller in some examples. Through operation of the processing circuitry, the switches 112, 138 may toggle the light source and/or mode of operation of the detachable flashlight head 102. For instance, in some embodiments, the switches 112, 138 may be manipulated by the operator to turn the light source on or off. In addition to or in lieu of toggling the light source, the switches 112, 138 may iterate through different modes of operation. The different modes of operation may include, for example, pulsating the light source (e.g., performing a strobe effect), providing a constant light source typical to a flashlight, varying the color of the light source, varying the luminous intensity of the light source, or other operation as may be appreciated.

[0078] In some embodiments, a method for providing a light source is described that includes providing a headguard 104 adapted to be worn on a head of an operator; providing a flashlight base 106 having an extended body; and provid-

ing a detachable flashlight head **102** configured to detachably attach to the headguard **104** and the flashlight base **106**, where the detachable flashlight head **102** has a power supply independent of the headguard **104** and the flashlight base **106** such that the detachable flashlight head operates independently of the headguard and the flashlight base. The method may further include using the detachable flashlight head **102** as a light source while the detachable flashlight head **102** is coupled to the headguard **104**; using the detachable flashlight head **102** as a light source while the detachable flashlight head **102** is coupled to the flashlight base **106**; and/or using the detachable flashlight head **102** as an independent light source when the detachable flashlight head **102** is not coupled to either the headguard **104** or the flashlight base **106**.

[0079] As noted above, the headguard **104** may include a headguard magnet **164** and a headguard electrical contact **166**, whereas the flashlight base comprises a base magnet **130** and a base electrical contact **128**. The detachable flashlight head **102** includes a head magnet **146** and a head electrical contact **144**. When the head magnet **146** comes into contact with the headguard magnet **164**, the headguard magnet **164** causes the head electrical contact **144** to align with the headguard electrical contact **166** and form an electrical connection therewith. Similarly, when the head magnet **146** comes into contact with the base magnet **130**, the base magnet **130** causes the detachable head electrical contact **144** to align with the base electrical contact **128** and form an electrical connection therewith.

[0080] The headguard **104** may include a headguard cavity **118**, whereas the flashlight base **106** may include a flashlight base cavity **116**. Further, the detachable flashlight head **102** may include a base **114** configured to nest within the headguard cavity **118** and the flashlight base cavity **116** and form an interference connection therewith.

[0081] In further embodiments, the headguard **104** includes a headguard light source, such as one or more headguard LEDs **170**, the flashlight base **106** includes a base light source, such as one or more base LEDs **132**, and the detachable flashlight head **102** comprises a head light source, such as one or more head LEDs **120**.

[0082] The headguard **104** may further include a presence sensor **168**. The method may further include detecting a presence of the detachable flashlight head **102** in the headguard cavity **118** and a lack thereof using the presence sensor **168**, in response to the detachable flashlight head **102** not being present in the headguard cavity **118**, turning on the headguard light source, and, in response to the detachable flashlight head **102** being present in the headguard cavity **118**, turning off the headguard light source.

[0083] Similarly, the flashlight base **106** may further include a presence sensor **140**. The method may further include detecting a presence of the detachable flashlight head **102** in the flashlight base cavity **116** and a lack thereof using the presence sensor **140**, in response to the detachable flashlight head **102** not being present in the flashlight base cavity **116**, turning on the flashlight base light source, and, in response to the detachable flashlight head **102** being present in the flashlight base cavity **116**, turning off the headguard light source.

[0084] Further, in some embodiments, the flashlight base **106** further includes a switch **138** and a presence sensor **140**. The method may further include detecting a presence of the detachable flashlight head **102** in the base cavity **116** and a

lack thereof using the presence sensor **140**. In response to the detachable flashlight head **102** not being present in the flashlight base cavity **116** and the switch **138** being manipulated, the base light source may be toggled (e.g., turned off or on, or different modes of operation enabled). Similarly, in response to the detachable flashlight head **102** being present in the headguard cavity, the head light source (e.g., turned off or on, or different modes of operation enabled).

[0085] The switch **138** may be formed of a transparent material having a multi-color light emitting diode (LED) disposed underneath. As such, the method may further include detecting the presence of the detachable flashlight head **102** in the flashlight base cavity **116** and a lack thereof using the presence sensor **140**; when the detachable flashlight head **102** is coupled to the flashlight base **106** and a charging process is initiated in which a battery of the flashlight base **106** is charging a battery of the detachable flashlight head **102**, causing the multi-color LED to illuminate a first color during the charging process; and causing the multi-color LED to illuminate a second color when the charging process has been completed, the second color being different than the first color.

[0086] The features, structures, or characteristics described above may be combined in one or more embodiments in any suitable manner, and the features discussed in the various embodiments are interchangeable, if possible. In the following description, numerous specific details are provided in order to fully understand the embodiments of the present disclosure. However, a person skilled in the art will appreciate that the technical solution of the present disclosure may be practiced without one or more of the specific details, or other methods, components, materials, and the like may be employed. In other instances, well-known structures, materials, or operations are not shown or described in detail to avoid obscuring aspects of the present disclosure.

[0087] Although the relative terms such as “on,” “below,” “upper,” and “lower” are used in the specification to describe the relative relationship of one component to another component, these terms are used in this specification for convenience only, for example, as a direction in an example shown in the drawings. It should be understood that if the device is turned upside down, the “upper” component described above will become a “lower” component. When a structure is “on” another structure, it is possible that the structure is integrally formed on another structure, or that the structure is “directly” disposed on another structure, or that the structure is “indirectly” disposed on the other structure through other structures.

[0088] In this specification, the terms such as “a,” “an,” “the,” and “said” are used to indicate the presence of one or more elements and components. The terms “comprise,” “include,” “have,” “contain,” and their variants are used to be open ended, and are meant to include additional elements, components, etc., in addition to the listed elements, components, etc. unless otherwise specified in the appended claims. The terms “first,” “second,” etc. are used only as labels, rather than a limitation for a number of the objects.

[0089] The above-described embodiments of the present disclosure are merely possible examples of implementations set forth for a clear understanding of the principles of the disclosure. Many variations and modifications may be made to the above-described embodiment(s) without departing substantially from the spirit and principles of the disclosure.

All such modifications and variations are intended to be included herein within the scope of this disclosure and protected by the following claims.

Therefore, the following is claimed:

1. A system, comprising:
  - a headguard adapted to be worn on a head of an operator;
  - a flashlight base having an extended body; and
  - a detachable flashlight head configured to detachably attach to the headguard and the flashlight base, wherein the detachable flashlight head has a power supply independent of the headguard and the flashlight base such that the detachable flashlight head operates independently of the headguard and the flashlight base.
2. The system of claim 1, wherein:
  - the headguard comprises a headguard magnet and a headguard electrical contact;
  - the flashlight base comprises a base magnet and a base electrical contact;
  - the detachable flashlight head comprises a detachable head magnet and a detachable head electrical contact;
  - when the detachable head magnet comes into contact with the headguard magnet, the headguard magnet causes the detachable head electrical contact to align with the headguard electrical contact and form an electrical connection therewith; and
  - when the detachable head magnet comes into contact with the base magnet, the base magnet causes the detachable head electrical contact to align with the base electrical contact and form an electrical connection therewith.
3. The system of claim 1, wherein:
  - the headguard comprises a headguard cavity;
  - the flashlight base comprises a base cavity; and
  - the detachable flashlight head comprises a base configured to nest within the headguard cavity and the base cavity and form an interference connection therewith.
4. The system of claim 3, wherein:
  - the headguard comprises a headguard light source;
  - the flashlight base comprises a base light source; and
  - the detachable flashlight head comprises a head light source.
5. The system of claim 4, wherein the headguard further comprises:
  - a presence sensor; and
  - processing circuitry configured to:
    - detect a presence of the detachable flashlight head in the headguard cavity and a lack thereof using the presence sensor;
    - in response to the detachable flashlight head not being present in the headguard cavity, turning on the headguard light source; and
    - in response to the detachable flashlight head being present in the headguard cavity, turning off the headguard light source.
6. The system of claim 4, wherein the flashlight base further comprises:
  - a presence sensor; and
  - processing circuitry configured to:
    - detect a presence of the detachable flashlight head in the base cavity and a lack thereof using the presence sensor;
    - in response to the detachable flashlight head not being present in the base cavity, turn on the base light source; and
    - in response to the detachable flashlight head being present in the headguard cavity, turn off the base light source.
7. The system of claim 1, wherein the flashlight base further comprises:
  - a switch;
  - a presence sensor; and
  - processing circuitry configured to:
    - detect a presence of the detachable flashlight head in the base cavity and a lack thereof using the presence sensor;
    - in response to the detachable flashlight head not being present in the base cavity and the switch being manipulated, toggle the base light source; and
    - in response to the detachable flashlight head being present in the headguard cavity, toggle the head light source.
8. The system of claim 7, wherein the switch is formed of a transparent material having a multi-color light emitting diode (LED) disposed underneath.
9. The system of claim 8, wherein the processing circuitry of the detachable flashlight head is further configured to:
  - detect the presence of the detachable flashlight head in the base cavity and a lack thereof using the presence sensor;
  - when the detachable flashlight head is coupled to the flashlight base and a charging process is initiated in which a battery of the flashlight base is charging a battery of the detachable flashlight head, cause the multi-color LED to illuminate a first color during the charging process; and
  - cause the multi-color LED to illuminate a second color when the charging process has been completed, the second color being different than the first color.
10. The system of claim 9, wherein the flashlight base comprises a rubber body cover, a charging port, and a charging port cover.
11. A method for providing a light source, comprising:
  - providing a headguard adapted to be worn on a head of an operator;
  - providing a flashlight base having an extended body;
  - providing a detachable flashlight head configured to detachably attach to the headguard and the flashlight base, wherein the detachable flashlight head has a power supply independent of the headguard and the flashlight base such that the detachable flashlight head operates independently of the headguard and the flashlight base;
  - using the detachable flashlight head as a light source while the detachable flashlight head is coupled to the headguard;
  - using the detachable flashlight head as a light source while the detachable flashlight head is coupled to the flashlight base; and
  - using the detachable flashlight head as an independent light source when the detachable flashlight head is not coupled to either the headguard or the flashlight base.
12. The method of claim 11, wherein:
  - the headguard comprises a headguard magnet and a headguard electrical contact;
  - the flashlight base comprises a base magnet and a base electrical contact;
  - the detachable flashlight head comprises a detachable head magnet and a detachable head electrical contact;



when the detachable head magnet comes into contact with the headguard magnet, the headguard magnet causes the detachable head electrical contact to align with the headguard electrical contact and form an electrical connection therewith; and

when the detachable head magnet comes into contact with the base magnet, the base magnet causes the detachable head electrical contact to align with the base electrical contact and form an electrical connection therewith.

**13.** The method of claim **11**, wherein:

- the headguard comprises a headguard cavity;
- the flashlight base comprises a base cavity; and
- the detachable flashlight head comprises a base configured to nest within the headguard cavity and the base cavity and form an interference connection therewith.

**14.** The method of claim **13**, wherein:

- the headguard comprises a headguard light source;
- the flashlight base comprises a base light source; and
- the detachable flashlight head comprises a head light source.

**15.** The method of claim **14**, wherein the headguard further comprises a presence sensor; and

- the method further comprises:
  - detecting a presence of the detachable flashlight head in the headguard cavity and a lack thereof using the presence sensor;
  - in response to the detachable flashlight head not being present in the headguard cavity, turning on the headguard light source; and
  - in response to the detachable flashlight head being present in the headguard cavity, turning off the headguard light source.

**16.** The method of claim **14**, wherein the flashlight base further comprises a presence sensor; and

- the method further comprises:
  - detecting a presence of the detachable flashlight head in the base cavity and a lack thereof using the presence sensor;

- in response to the detachable flashlight head not being present in the base cavity, turning on the base light source; and
- in response to the detachable flashlight head being present in the headguard cavity, turning off the base light source.

**17.** The method of claim **11**, wherein the flashlight base further comprises a switch and a presence sensor; and

- the method further comprises:
  - detecting a presence of the detachable flashlight head in the base cavity and a lack thereof using the presence sensor;
  - in response to the detachable flashlight head not being present in the base cavity and the switch being manipulated, toggling the base light source; and
  - in response to the detachable flashlight head being present in the headguard cavity, toggling the head light source.

**18.** The method of claim **17**, wherein the switch is formed of a transparent material having a multi-color light emitting diode (LED) disposed underneath.

**19.** The method of claim **18**, further comprising:

- detecting the presence of the detachable flashlight head in the base cavity and a lack thereof using the presence sensor;
- when the detachable flashlight head is coupled to the flashlight base and a charging process is initiated in which a battery of the flashlight base is charging a battery of the detachable flashlight head, causing the multi-color LED to illuminate a first color during the charging process; and
- causing the multi-color LED to illuminate a second color when the charging process has been completed, the second color being different than the first color.

**20.** The method of claim **19**, wherein the flashlight base comprises a rubber body cover, a charging port, and a charging port cover.

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