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(54) **POUDINGS MULTICOUCHES PRETS A CONSOMMER
EMBALLES**

(54) **PACKAGED, MULTI-LAYERED, READY-TO-EAT PUDDINGS**

(57) In layered, ready-to-eat pudding products containing adjacent layers of a dark-colored pudding, such as chocolate and a light-colored pudding, such as vanilla, the appearance of color migration from the dark layer into the light layer is eliminated by incorporating of 0.4% or more by weight of a whitening pigment, such as titanium dioxide, in the light-colored pudding. The problem overcome by this invention is of concern when the layered pudding is packaged in clear or translucent plastic cups and particularly when the pudding product is a shelf-stable product.

ABSTRACT

In layered, ready-to-eat pudding products containing adjacent layers of a dark-colored pudding, such as chocolate and a light-colored pudding, such as vanilla, the appearance of color migration from the dark layer into the light layer is eliminated by incorporating of 0.4% or more by weight of a whitening pigment, such as titanium dioxide, in the light-colored pudding. The problem overcome by this invention is of concern when the layered pudding is packaged in clear or translucent plastic cups and particularly when the pudding product is a shelf-stable product.

PACKAGED, MULTI-LAYERED, READY-TO-EAT PUDDINGS

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This application claims the benefit of U.S. provisional application Serial No. 60/140,569 filed June 23, 1999.

10 **Background of the Invention**

Consumers have in recent times been desirous of eating wholesome and nutritious snack foods. Milk-containing puddings have long been considered nutritious and wholesome foods. Consumers are, however, requiring that the
15 foods they eat, particularly snack food and dessert items, be essentially ready-to-eat. Thus, the amounts of cooked puddings and even instant puddings prepared in the home environment has been decreasing in recent years.

To fill the desire of consumers for pudding dessert or snack items which require no preparation on the part of the consumer, there exists ready-to-eat
20 puddings which are usually marketed in single-service portions. Ready-to-eat puddings are currently available as aseptic, shelf-stable products and pasteurized or commercially-sterile refrigerated products.

These products were initially marketed as single flavor puddings, such as all chocolate or all vanilla. However, a desire to provide consumers with more
25 variety has led to the production and marketing of multi-layered pudding products. As ready-to-eat pudding products are usually packaged in clear or translucent plastic cups, it is desirable to have a clear line of demarcation between adjacent differently-colored pudding layers. Adjacent layers of chocolate and vanilla puddings would present one of the extreme problems for
30 having a dark-colored pigment, such as cocoa, bleed into a lighter-colored layer. As might be expected, the problem with pigment or color migration increases with the length of storage time and with increased storage temperature.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It has been found that the perceived color migration from adjacent layers
5 of darker-colored and lighter-colored, ready-to-eat puddings can be obviated by
incorporating a high level of an inorganic whitening pigment, such as titanium
dioxide, in the lighter-colored pudding formulation. Although whitening pigments
such as titanium dioxide, are known for use as whiteners for puddings, the
typical use level has been significantly below 0.4% by weight of the pudding
10 formulation.

The use of titanium dioxide as a whitener in pudding, has been largely
directed to low-fat and fat-free puddings where titanium dioxide is employed in
order to add back the opacity which fat is known to provide.

According to this invention, white pigments, such as titanium dioxide, at a
15 level of 0.4% or more by weight are incorporated into the lighter-colored pudding
formulation of a layered pudding product comprised of a layer of lighter-colored
pudding adjacent to a layer of a darker-colored pudding. The desired effect is
directly proportional to the level of titanium dioxide employed. The higher the
level of pigment, the longer the period visible color migration is absent. Levels
20 in excess of 0.5% by weight of the pudding are typically employed. Preferably,
the level of titanium dioxide in the pudding at least 0.6%, more preferably from
0.6 – 1% by weight.

The white pigment material preferred for use in this invention is
conventional and commercially-available titanium dioxide, wherein substantially
25 all particles are less than one micron and wherein a majority of particles are
between 0.2 and 0.3 microns. As will be recognized by those skilled in the art,
pigment material, which has a particle size less than the conventional material
will have a greater whitening power per unit weight. Therefore, the levels of
white pigment specified for use in this invention relate to conventional-sized
30 pigment. Of course, as again will be recognized by those skilled in the art, at

extreme fineness the whitening power of these particles will become non-existent.

5 The pigment-containing pudding may have a fat content in excess of 1.5% by weight for low-fat puddings, in excess of 2.5% by weight for reduced fat puddings or in excess of 3.0% by weight for full-fat puddings. This invention is well-suited for the production of layered, shelf-stable ready-to-eat puddings which typically require shelf-life stability in excess of six months and which may encounter storage temperatures well above 70°F (21.1°C). As might be expected, the speed of color migration is affected by storage temperature, with
10 color migration being accelerated at higher storage temperatures. Of course, this invention could also be applied in the production of layered, refrigerated, ready-to-eat puddings.

The effect of gravity will also influence the rate of color migration. Thus migration from an upper layer to a lower layer will be more rapid than migration
15 from a lower layer to an upper layer. This invention is therefore well-suited for use in a pudding product with a chocolate upper layer and a vanilla lower layer. Other combinations of color-contrasting pudding layers, such as rocky road and marshmallow, vanilla and banana, are contemplated for use with this invention.

EXAMPLE

Vanilla and chocolate puddings were prepared according to the following formulas (parts by weight).

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<u>INGREDIENT</u>	<u>VANILLA</u>	<u>CHOCOLATE</u>
Water	70.4	70.7
Sugar	14.6	14.4
Non-Fat Dry Milk	3.5	3.2
Soybean Oil	4.0	3.6
Modified Waxy Maize Starch	3.0	2.9
Modified Corn Starch	2.0	1.9
Salt	0.2	0.3
Sodium Stearyl Lactylate	0.2	0.2
Vanilla flavor/color	0.1	--
Cocoa	--	2.7
Titanium Dioxide/Carrier (50/50)	2.0	--
Chocolate Flavor	--	0.1

Vanilla and chocolate puddings were prepared in a conventional manner in accordance with the above formulations. Each formulation is sterilized using UHT conditions, cooled and then aseptically filled into clear, single-serving plastic cups with the bottom 2/3 fill level being vanilla and the top 1/3 fill level being chocolate. After two months of room temperature storage, color migration from the chocolate layer to the vanilla layer is masked and visually appealing. A comparable, layered pudding product, without any titanium dioxide ingredient, evidences visual color migration from the chocolate layer through the vanilla layer making the vanilla layer brown and visually unappealing.

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**THE EMBODIMENTS OF THE INVENTION IN WHICH AN EXCLUSIVE
PROPERTY OR PRIVILEGE IS CLAIMED ARE DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:**

1. A layered, ready-to-eat, packaged pudding comprising of a lighter-colored pudding layer in contact with a darker-colored pudding layer wherein the lighter-colored pudding contains a level of inorganic whitening pigment of 0.4% or more by weight.
2. The layered pudding of claim 1, wherein the pigment level is 0.5% or more.
3. The layered pudding of claim 1, wherein the pigment level is 0.6 or more.
4. The layered pudding of claim 1, wherein the pigment is titanium dioxide.
5. The layered pudding of claim 1, wherein the lighter-colored pudding layer is vanilla-colored.
6. The layered pudding of claim 1, wherein the darker-colored pudding layer is chocolate-colored.
7. The layered pudding of claim 1, wherein the lighter-colored pudding has a fat content in excess of 1.5% by weight.
8. The layered pudding of claim 1, wherein the lighter-colored pudding has a fat content in excess of 2.5% by weight.
9. The layered pudding of claim 1, wherein the lighter-colored pudding has a fat content in excess of 3% by weight.
10. The layered, packaged pudding product of claim 1, wherein the pudding is a shelf-stable product.
11. The layered, packaged pudding product of claim 1, wherein the darker-colored pudding layer is an upper layer and the lighter-colored pudding layer is a lower layer.