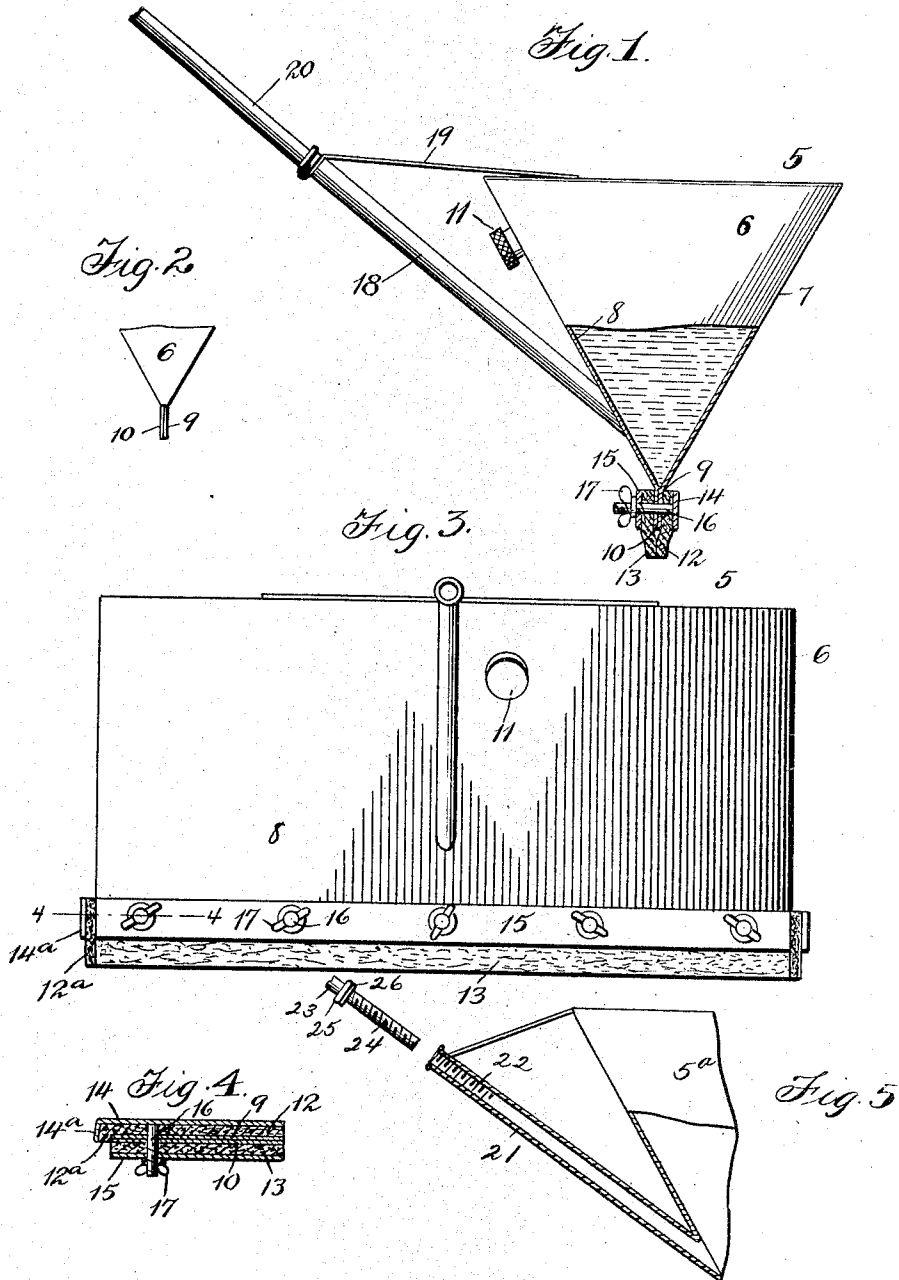


H. POND.  
 FOUNTAIN FLOOR OILING AND PAINTING DEVICE.  
 APPLICATION FILED MAR. 23, 1917.

1,237,380.

Patented Aug. 21, 1917.



Inventor

Henry Pond,

Witness  
 E. M. Stockman

By *Shepherd Campbell*

Attorney

# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

HENRY POND, OF METZ, MISSOURI.

FOUNTAIN FLOOR OILING AND PAINTING DEVICE.

1,237,380.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented Aug. 21, 1917.

Application filed March 23, 1917. Serial No. 156,990.

*To all whom it may concern:*

Be it known that I, HENRY POND, a citizen of the United States of America, residing at Metz, in the county of Vernon and State of Missouri, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Fountain Floor Oiling and Painting Devices, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to a fountain receptacle particularly adapted for use in oiling floors though it is capable of use in other relations such as for painting flat surfaces and indeed is capable for use in any relation where it is desired to coat a surface with a film of a liquid substance. I am aware of the fact that it is not broadly new to provide structures of the foregoing nature but as this description proceeds it will be seen that, by virtue of the structure herein shown and described, I provide an improved article of the character set forth in that the flow of oil, paint or other liquid substances is very effectively controlled and the operation of the device as a whole is facilitated.

Further objects and advantages of the invention will be set forth in the detailed description which now follows.

In the accompanying drawing,

Figure 1 is a view partly in end elevation and partly in vertical section of a device constructed in accordance with the invention.

Fig. 2 is a fragmentary end elevation of a receptacle hereinafter described.

Fig. 3 is a rear elevation of the device with the handle removed.

Fig. 4 is a fragmentary, horizontal sectional view upon line 4—4 of Fig. 3, and

Fig. 5 is a detail view partly in elevation and partly in section illustrating a modified form of filling means.

Like numerals designate corresponding parts in all of the figures of the drawing.

Referring to the drawing 5 designates a receptacle comprising end walls 6 downwardly convergent front and rear walls 7 and 8 and parallel contacting webs 9 and 10 which depend from the front and rear walls 7 and 8, respectively. The receptacle 5 is provided with a filling cap 11 in its rear wall, the purpose of locating the filling cap in that particular position being to render it possible to fill the receptacle with said receptacle lying upon its front wall. This leaves the hands of the operator free to handle the liquid. Furthermore, the recep-

tacle may be carried in the aforesaid position to the place where the device is to be used and the oil is not nearly so likely to drip from the felt strips hereinafter described as would be the case if the device were carried in an upright position, *i. e.*, in the position shown in Fig. 1. Located upon the outer faces of the webs 9 and 10 are strips of felt 12 and 13. Clamping strips 14 and 15 are disposed outwardly of the strips of felt 12 and 13, respectively. The clamping strip 14 has rigidly attached thereto a plurality of studs 16 upon which thumb nuts 17 are threaded. By tightening these thumb nuts the clamping strips 14 and 15 are clamped against the strips of felt and this not only compresses the strips of felt but presses the webs 9 and 10 together.

It will, therefore be observed that this structure provides efficient means for controlling the flow of the liquid from the receptacle to the strips of felt. To provide for a uniform adjustment throughout the length of the felt strips the side walls 6 are terminated short of the webs 9 and 10 and in order to prevent the liquid from oozing out at the ends of the webs, I may, if desired, turn the ends of the clamping strip 14 inwardly as indicated at 14<sup>a</sup> in Fig. 4. This will result in pressing the extending portion 12<sup>a</sup> of the felt strip 12 over the joints at the ends of the webs.

A handle 18 is rigidly affixed at its lower end to the rear wall 8 and is connected to the upper portion of the receptacle by braces 19. This handle socket is adapted to receive a handle 20. I may utilize the handle socket as a filling means by employing the construction illustrated in Fig. 5, in which figure, 21 illustrates a tubular handle socket, said socket being internally threaded at 22 and communicating with the interior of a receptacle 5<sup>a</sup> which corresponds in function to the receptacle 5, and which handle 21 may serve as a filling element through which the liquid may be introduced to receptacle 5<sup>a</sup>. A handle 23 is threaded at 24 for engagement with the threaded portion 22 and carries a flange 25 and a rubber washer 26 so that when the handle 23 is screwed into the handle socket 21 the portion 24 constitutes a plug and the washer 26 makes a fluid tight joint with the outer end of the handle socket 21.

The structure herein shown and described may be constructed at a very small

cost and without the employment of skilled labor and provides means for oiling floors, painting and the like in a rapid and efficient manner. It is to be understood that  
5 the invention is not limited to the precise construction set forth but includes within its purview such changes as fairly come within the spirit of the appended claim.

Having described my invention what I  
10 claim is:—

A device of the character described, comprising downwardly converging front and rear walls terminating at their lower edges in parallel webs lying face to face, end walls  
15 connecting the front and rear walls but terminating short of said webs, strips of felt or the like disposed outwardly of said webs,

compression strips disposed outwardly of the strips of felt, means for drawing said strips toward each other to thereby bind the  
20 strips of felt against the webs, one of said strips of felt being longer than the corresponding web and projecting therebeyond at its ends and intumed ends upon one of the compression strips which act to force  
25 said extending portions of the felt laterally to cause it to close the joint at the ends of the webs.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

HENRY POND.

Witnesses:

IRL D. HUDSON,  
T. E. WILLIAMS.

Copies of this patent may be obtained for five cents each, by addressing the "Commissioner of Patents, Washington, D. C."