



US009289209B2

(12) **United States Patent**
Gurumurthy et al.

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 9,289,209 B2**
(45) **Date of Patent:** **Mar. 22, 2016**

(54) **SURGICAL FASTENER APPLYING APPARATUS**

(75) Inventors: **Aditya Nanditale Gurumurthy**,
Karnataka (IN); **Arvind Kumar Gupta**,
Uttar-Pradesh (IN); **Kiran Garikipati**,
Andhra Pradesh (IN); **Nagaraju**
Dongala, Andhra Pradesh (IN); **Nikhil**
R. Katre, Maharashtra (IN)

(73) Assignee: **Covidien LP**, Mansfield, MA (US)

(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this
patent is extended or adjusted under 35
U.S.C. 154(b) by 909 days.

(21) Appl. No.: **13/472,550**

(22) Filed: **May 16, 2012**

(65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2012/0312861 A1 Dec. 13, 2012

Related U.S. Application Data

(60) Provisional application No. 61/494,985, filed on Jun.
9, 2011.

(51) **Int. Cl.**

A61B 17/068 (2006.01)

A61B 17/072 (2006.01)

A61B 17/00 (2006.01)

A61B 19/00 (2006.01)

A61B 17/28 (2006.01)

A61B 17/32 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**

CPC **A61B 17/07207** (2013.01); **A61B 17/068**
(2013.01); **A61B 17/0686** (2013.01); **A61B**
2017/0023 (2013.01); **A61B 2017/00473**
(2013.01); **A61B 2017/07271** (2013.01); **A61B**
2017/2837 (2013.01); **A61B 2017/320052**
(2013.01); **A61B 2019/446** (2013.01); **A61B**
2019/4868 (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**

CPC **A61B 17/068**; **A61B 17/07207**; **A61B**
17/0686; **A61B 17/0684**

USPC **227/175.1**, **175.2**, **177.1**, **179.1**, **180.1**,
227/175.3

See application file for complete search history.

(56) **References Cited**

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

3,079,606 A 3/1963 Bobrov et al.

3,490,675 A 1/1970 Green et al.

(Continued)

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

AU 198654765 9/1986

DE 2744824 4/1978

(Continued)

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

European Search Report dated Sep. 15, 2014 issued in European
Appl. No. 12171261.

(Continued)

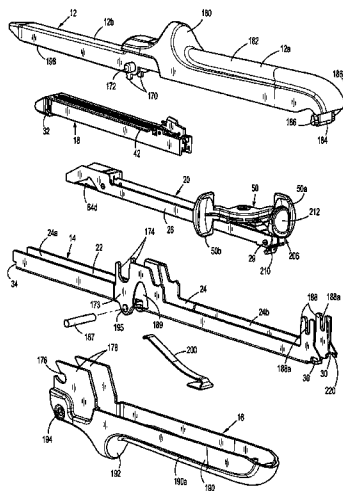
Primary Examiner — Michelle Lopez

Assistant Examiner — Eduardo R Ferrero

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A surgical fastener applying apparatus for applying fasteners to body tissue. The apparatus includes an anvil half-section having a distal anvil portion and a proximal handle portion and a cartridge receiving half-section having an elongated channel member. A firing assembly is releasably supported in the cartridge half-section and includes a locking member. A clamping lever having an engagement member engages a latch portion of the locking member to releasably retain the clamping lever in a clamped position.

18 Claims, 27 Drawing Sheets



(56)

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

3,499,591 A	3/1970	Green	5,366,133 A	11/1994	Geiste
3,777,538 A	12/1973	Weatherly et al.	5,376,095 A	12/1994	Ortiz
3,882,854 A	5/1975	Hulka et al.	5,379,933 A	1/1995	Green et al.
4,027,510 A	6/1977	Hiltebrandt	5,381,943 A	1/1995	Allen et al.
4,086,926 A	5/1978	Green et al.	5,382,255 A	1/1995	Castro et al.
4,244,372 A	1/1981	Kapitanov et al.	5,383,880 A	1/1995	Hooven
4,429,695 A	2/1984	Green	5,389,098 A	2/1995	Tsuruta et al.
4,505,414 A	3/1985	Filipi	5,395,033 A	3/1995	Byrne et al.
4,520,817 A	6/1985	Green	5,395,034 A	3/1995	Allen et al.
4,589,413 A	5/1986	Malyshev et al.	5,397,046 A	3/1995	Savage et al.
4,596,351 A	6/1986	Fedotov et al.	5,397,324 A	3/1995	Carroll et al.
4,602,634 A	7/1986	Barkley	5,403,312 A	4/1995	Yates et al.
4,605,001 A	8/1986	Rothfuss et al.	5,405,072 A	4/1995	Zlock et al.
4,608,981 A	9/1986	Rothfuss et al.	5,407,293 A	4/1995	Crainich
4,610,383 A	9/1986	Rothfuss et al.	5,413,268 A	5/1995	Green et al.
4,633,861 A	1/1987	Chow et al.	5,415,334 A	5/1995	Williamson, IV et al.
4,633,874 A	1/1987	Chow et al.	5,415,335 A	5/1995	Knodel, Jr.
4,671,445 A	6/1987	Barker et al.	5,417,361 A	5/1995	Williamson, IV
4,700,703 A	10/1987	Resnick et al.	5,423,471 A	6/1995	Mastri et al.
4,703,887 A	11/1987	Clanton et al.	5,425,745 A	6/1995	Green et al.
4,728,020 A	3/1988	Green et al.	5,431,322 A	7/1995	Green et al.
4,752,024 A	6/1988	Green et al.	5,431,323 A	7/1995	Smith et al.
4,784,137 A	11/1988	Kulik et al.	5,433,721 A	7/1995	Hooven et al.
4,863,088 A	9/1989	Redmond et al.	5,441,193 A	8/1995	Gravener
4,869,415 A	9/1989	Fox	5,445,304 A	8/1995	Plyley et al.
4,892,244 A	1/1990	Fox et al.	5,447,265 A	9/1995	Vidal et al.
4,955,959 A	9/1990	Tompkins et al.	5,452,837 A	9/1995	Williamson, IV et al.
4,978,049 A	12/1990	Green	5,456,401 A	10/1995	Green et al.
4,991,764 A	2/1991	Mericle	5,464,300 A	11/1995	Crainich
5,014,899 A	5/1991	Presty et al.	5,465,895 A	11/1995	Knodel et al.
5,031,814 A	7/1991	Tompkins et al.	5,467,911 A	11/1995	Tsuruta et al.
5,040,715 A	8/1991	Green et al.	5,470,007 A	11/1995	Plyley et al.
5,065,929 A *	11/1991	Schulze et al. 227/19	5,470,010 A	11/1995	Rothfuss et al.
5,071,430 A	12/1991	deSalis et al.	5,472,132 A	12/1995	Savage et al.
5,074,454 A	12/1991	Peters	5,474,566 A	12/1995	Alesi et al.
5,083,695 A	1/1992	Foslien et al.	5,476,206 A	12/1995	Green et al.
5,084,057 A	1/1992	Green et al.	5,478,003 A	12/1995	Green et al.
5,106,008 A	4/1992	Tompkins et al.	5,480,089 A	1/1996	Blewett
5,111,987 A	5/1992	Moeinzadeh et al.	5,482,197 A	1/1996	Green et al.
5,129,570 A	7/1992	Schulze et al.	5,484,095 A	1/1996	Green et al.
5,141,144 A	8/1992	Foslien et al.	5,484,451 A	1/1996	Akopov et al.
5,156,315 A	10/1992	Green et al.	5,485,947 A	1/1996	Olson et al.
5,156,614 A	10/1992	Green et al.	5,485,952 A	1/1996	Fontayne
5,163,943 A	11/1992	Mohiuddin et al.	5,486,185 A	1/1996	Freitas et al.
5,170,925 A	12/1992	Madden et al.	5,487,499 A	1/1996	Sorrentino et al.
5,171,247 A	12/1992	Hughetti et al.	5,487,500 A	1/1996	Knodel et al.
5,173,133 A	12/1992	Morin et al.	5,489,058 A	2/1996	Plyley et al.
5,180,092 A	1/1993	Crainich	5,490,856 A	2/1996	Person et al.
5,188,274 A *	2/1993	Moeinzadeh et al. 227/180.1	5,497,933 A	3/1996	DeFonzo et al.
5,220,928 A	6/1993	Odds et al.	5,501,689 A	3/1996	Green et al.
5,221,036 A	6/1993	Takase	5,505,363 A	4/1996	Green et al.
5,242,457 A	9/1993	Akopov et al.	5,507,426 A	4/1996	Young et al.
5,246,156 A	9/1993	Rothfuss et al.	5,518,163 A	5/1996	Hooven
5,253,793 A	10/1993	Green et al.	5,518,164 A	5/1996	Hooven
5,263,629 A	11/1993	Trumbull et al.	5,529,235 A	6/1996	Boiarski et al.
RE34,519 E	1/1994	Fox et al.	5,531,744 A	7/1996	Nardella et al.
5,275,323 A	1/1994	Schulze et al.	5,535,934 A	7/1996	Boiarski et al.
5,282,807 A	2/1994	Knoepfler	5,535,935 A	7/1996	Vidal et al.
5,289,963 A	3/1994	McGarry et al.	5,535,937 A	7/1996	Boiarski et al.
5,307,976 A	5/1994	Olson et al.	5,540,375 A	7/1996	Bolanos et al.
5,308,576 A	5/1994	Green et al.	5,542,594 A	8/1996	McKean et al.
5,312,023 A	5/1994	Green et al.	5,549,628 A	8/1996	Cooper et al.
5,318,221 A	6/1994	Green et al.	5,551,622 A	9/1996	Yoon
5,326,013 A	7/1994	Green et al.	5,553,765 A	9/1996	Knodel et al.
5,328,077 A	7/1994	Lou	5,554,164 A	9/1996	Wilson et al.
5,330,486 A	7/1994	Wilk	5,554,169 A	9/1996	Green et al.
5,332,142 A	7/1994	Robinson et al.	5,560,530 A	10/1996	Bolanos et al.
5,336,232 A	8/1994	Green et al.	5,560,532 A	10/1996	DeFonzo et al.
5,344,061 A	9/1994	Crainich	5,562,239 A	10/1996	Boiarski et al.
5,352,238 A	10/1994	Green et al.	5,562,241 A	10/1996	Knodel et al.
5,356,064 A	10/1994	Green et al.	5,562,682 A	10/1996	Oberlin et al.
5,358,506 A	10/1994	Green et al.	5,562,701 A	10/1996	Huitema et al.
5,364,001 A	11/1994	Bryan	5,564,615 A	10/1996	Bishop et al.
5,364,002 A	11/1994	Green et al.	5,571,116 A	11/1996	Bolanos et al.
5,364,003 A	11/1994	Williamson, IV	5,573,169 A	11/1996	Green et al.
			5,573,543 A	11/1996	Akopov et al.
			5,575,799 A	11/1996	Bolanos et al.
			5,575,803 A	11/1996	Cooper et al.
			5,577,654 A	11/1996	Bishop

(56)

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

5,579,107 A	11/1996	Wright et al.	5,782,834 A	7/1998	Lucey et al.
5,584,425 A	12/1996	Savage et al.	5,785,232 A *	7/1998	Vidal et al. 227/176.1
5,586,711 A	12/1996	Plyley et al.	5,797,536 A	8/1998	Smith et al.
5,588,580 A	12/1996	Paul et al.	5,797,537 A	8/1998	Oberlin et al.
5,588,581 A	12/1996	Conlon et al.	5,797,538 A	8/1998	Heaton et al.
5,597,107 A	1/1997	Knodel et al.	5,810,811 A	9/1998	Yates et al.
5,601,224 A	2/1997	Bishop et al.	5,810,855 A	9/1998	Rayburn et al.
5,607,095 A	3/1997	Smith et al.	5,814,055 A	9/1998	Knodel et al.
5,615,820 A	4/1997	Viola	5,814,057 A	9/1998	Oi et al.
5,618,291 A	4/1997	Thompson et al.	5,816,471 A	10/1998	Plyley et al.
5,624,452 A	4/1997	Yates	5,817,109 A	10/1998	McGarry et al.
5,626,587 A	5/1997	Bishop et al.	5,820,009 A	10/1998	Melling et al.
5,628,446 A	5/1997	Geiste et al.	5,823,066 A	10/1998	Huitema et al.
5,630,539 A	5/1997	Plyley et al.	5,826,776 A	10/1998	Schulze et al.
5,630,540 A	5/1997	Blewett	5,829,662 A	11/1998	Allen et al.
5,630,541 A	5/1997	Williamson, IV et al.	5,833,695 A	11/1998	Yoon
5,632,432 A	5/1997	Schulze et al.	5,836,147 A	11/1998	Schnipke
5,634,584 A	6/1997	Okorochoa et al.	5,862,972 A	1/1999	Green et al.
5,636,779 A *	6/1997	Palmer 227/175.2	5,865,361 A	2/1999	Milliman et al.
5,636,780 A	6/1997	Green et al.	5,871,135 A	2/1999	Williamson, IV et al.
5,645,209 A	7/1997	Green et al.	5,873,873 A	2/1999	Smith et al.
5,647,526 A	7/1997	Green et al.	5,878,938 A	3/1999	Bittner et al.
5,651,491 A	7/1997	Heaton et al.	5,893,506 A *	4/1999	Powell 227/175.3
5,653,373 A	8/1997	Green et al.	5,894,979 A	4/1999	Powell
5,653,374 A	8/1997	Young et al.	5,897,562 A	4/1999	Bolanos et al.
5,653,721 A	8/1997	Knodel et al.	5,901,895 A	5/1999	Heaton et al.
5,655,698 A	8/1997	Yoon	5,911,352 A	6/1999	Racenet et al.
5,657,921 A	8/1997	Young et al.	5,911,353 A	6/1999	Bolanos et al.
5,658,300 A	8/1997	Bito et al.	5,918,791 A	7/1999	Sorrentino et al.
5,662,258 A	9/1997	Knodel et al.	5,919,198 A	7/1999	Graves, Jr. et al.
5,662,259 A	9/1997	Yoon	5,922,001 A	7/1999	Yoon
5,662,260 A	9/1997	Yoon	5,931,847 A	8/1999	Bittner et al.
5,662,662 A	9/1997	Bishop et al.	5,941,442 A *	8/1999	Geiste et al. 227/175.1
5,662,666 A	9/1997	Onuki et al.	5,954,259 A	9/1999	Viola et al.
5,665,085 A	9/1997	Nardella	5,964,774 A	10/1999	McKean et al.
5,667,517 A	9/1997	Hooven	5,980,510 A	11/1999	Tsonton et al.
5,669,544 A	9/1997	Schulze et al.	5,988,479 A	11/1999	Palmer
5,673,840 A	10/1997	Schulze et al.	6,004,335 A	12/1999	Vaitekunas et al.
5,673,841 A	10/1997	Schulze et al.	6,010,054 A	1/2000	Johnson et al.
5,673,842 A	10/1997	Bittner et al.	6,032,849 A	3/2000	Mastri et al.
5,676,674 A	10/1997	Bolanos et al.	6,045,560 A	4/2000	McKean et al.
5,680,981 A	10/1997	Mililli et al.	6,063,097 A	5/2000	Oi et al.
5,680,982 A	10/1997	Schulze et al.	6,079,606 A	6/2000	Milliman et al.
5,680,983 A	10/1997	Plyley et al.	6,099,551 A	8/2000	Gabbay
5,690,269 A	11/1997	Bolanos et al.	6,109,500 A	8/2000	Alli et al.
5,692,668 A	12/1997	Schulze et al.	6,131,789 A	10/2000	Schulze et al.
5,697,542 A	12/1997	Knodel et al.	6,131,790 A	10/2000	Piraka
5,702,409 A	12/1997	Rayburn et al.	6,155,473 A *	12/2000	Tompkins et al. 227/175.2
5,704,534 A	1/1998	Huitema et al.	6,197,017 B1	3/2001	Brock et al.
5,706,997 A	1/1998	Green et al.	6,202,914 B1	3/2001	Geiste et al.
5,709,334 A	1/1998	Sorrentino et al.	6,241,139 B1	6/2001	Milliman et al.
5,711,472 A	1/1998	Bryan	6,250,532 B1	6/2001	Green et al.
5,713,505 A	2/1998	Huitema	6,264,086 B1	7/2001	McGuckin, Jr.
5,715,988 A	2/1998	Palmer	6,264,087 B1	7/2001	Whitman
5,716,366 A	2/1998	Yates	6,269,977 B1	8/2001	Moore
5,718,359 A *	2/1998	Palmer et al. 227/175.2	6,279,809 B1	8/2001	Nicolo
5,725,536 A	3/1998	Oberlin et al.	6,315,183 B1	11/2001	Piraka
5,725,554 A	3/1998	Simon et al.	6,315,184 B1	11/2001	Whitman
5,728,110 A	3/1998	Vidal et al.	6,325,810 B1	12/2001	Hamilton et al.
5,732,806 A	3/1998	Foshee et al.	6,330,965 B1	12/2001	Milliman et al.
5,735,848 A	4/1998	Yates et al.	6,391,038 B2	5/2002	Vargas et al.
5,743,456 A	4/1998	Jones et al.	6,398,797 B2	6/2002	Bombard et al.
5,749,893 A	5/1998	Vidal et al.	6,436,097 B1	8/2002	Nardella
5,752,644 A	5/1998	Bolanos et al.	6,439,446 B1	8/2002	Perry et al.
5,762,255 A	6/1998	Chrisman et al.	6,443,973 B1	9/2002	Whitman
5,762,256 A	6/1998	Mastri et al.	6,463,623 B2	10/2002	Ahn et al.
5,769,303 A	6/1998	Knodel et al.	6,478,804 B2	11/2002	Vargas et al.
5,769,892 A	6/1998	Kingwell	6,488,196 B1	12/2002	Fenton, Jr.
5,772,099 A	6/1998	Gravener	6,503,257 B2	1/2003	Grant et al.
5,772,673 A	6/1998	Cuny et al.	6,505,768 B2	1/2003	Whitman
5,779,130 A	7/1998	Alesi et al.	6,544,274 B2	4/2003	Danitz et al.
5,779,131 A	7/1998	Knodel et al.	6,554,844 B2	4/2003	Lee et al.
5,779,132 A	7/1998	Knodel et al.	6,565,554 B1	5/2003	Niemeyer
5,782,396 A	7/1998	Mastri et al.	6,587,750 B2	7/2003	Gerbi et al.
5,782,397 A	7/1998	Koukline	6,592,597 B2	7/2003	Grant et al.
			6,594,552 B1	7/2003	Nowlin et al.
			6,602,252 B2	8/2003	Mollenauer
			6,612,053 B2	9/2003	Liao
			6,619,529 B2	9/2003	Green et al.

(56)

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

D480,808	S	10/2003	Wells et al.	7,300,444	B1	11/2007	Nielsen et al.
6,644,532	B2	11/2003	Green et al.	7,303,107	B2	12/2007	Milliman et al.
6,656,193	B2	12/2003	Grant et al.	7,303,108	B2	12/2007	Shelton, IV
6,669,073	B2	12/2003	Milliman et al.	7,308,998	B2	12/2007	Mastri et al.
6,681,978	B2	1/2004	Geiste et al.	7,326,232	B2	2/2008	Viola et al.
6,698,643	B2	3/2004	Whitman	7,328,828	B2	2/2008	Ortiz et al.
6,716,232	B1	4/2004	Vidal et al.	7,328,829	B2	2/2008	Arad et al.
6,722,552	B2	4/2004	Fenton, Jr.	7,334,717	B2	2/2008	Rethy et al.
6,731,473	B2	5/2004	Li et al.	7,354,447	B2	4/2008	Shelton, IV et al.
6,755,338	B2	6/2004	Hahnen et al.	7,357,287	B2	4/2008	Shelton, IV et al.
6,783,524	B2	8/2004	Anderson et al.	7,364,061	B2	4/2008	Swayze et al.
6,786,382	B1	9/2004	Hoffman	7,367,485	B2	5/2008	Shelton, IV et al.
6,808,262	B2	10/2004	Chapoy et al.	7,377,928	B2	5/2008	Zubik et al.
6,817,509	B2	11/2004	Geiste et al.	7,380,695	B2	6/2008	Doll et al.
6,830,174	B2	12/2004	Hillstead et al.	7,380,696	B2	6/2008	Shelton, IV et al.
6,835,199	B2	12/2004	McGuckin, Jr. et al.	7,396,356	B2	7/2008	Mollenauer
6,843,403	B2	1/2005	Whitman	7,398,907	B2	7/2008	Racenet et al.
RE38,708	E	3/2005	Bolanos et al.	7,399,310	B2	7/2008	Edoga et al.
6,877,647	B2	4/2005	Green et al.	7,401,720	B1	7/2008	Durrani
6,879,880	B2	4/2005	Nowlin et al.	7,401,721	B2	7/2008	Holsten et al.
6,889,116	B2	5/2005	Jinno	7,404,508	B2	7/2008	Smith et al.
6,905,057	B2	6/2005	Swayze et al.	7,404,509	B2	7/2008	Ortiz et al.
6,945,444	B2	9/2005	Gresham et al.	7,407,074	B2	8/2008	Ortiz et al.
6,953,138	B1	10/2005	Dworak et al.	7,407,075	B2	8/2008	Holsten et al.
6,953,139	B2	10/2005	Milliman et al.	7,407,077	B2	8/2008	Ortiz et al.
6,959,852	B2	11/2005	Shelton, IV et al.	7,407,078	B2	8/2008	Shelton, IV et al.
6,962,594	B1	11/2005	Thevenet	7,416,101	B2	8/2008	Shelton, IV et al.
6,964,363	B2	11/2005	Wales et al.	7,419,080	B2	9/2008	Smith et al.
6,978,921	B2	12/2005	Shelton, IV et al.	7,419,081	B2	9/2008	Ehrenfels et al.
6,981,628	B2	1/2006	Wales	7,419,495	B2	9/2008	Menn et al.
6,986,451	B1	1/2006	Mastri et al.	7,422,139	B2	9/2008	Shelton, IV et al.
6,988,649	B2	1/2006	Shelton, IV et al.	7,424,965	B2	9/2008	Racenet et al.
6,991,627	B2	1/2006	Madhani et al.	7,431,189	B2	10/2008	Shelton, IV et al.
6,994,714	B2	2/2006	Vargas et al.	7,431,730	B2	10/2008	Viola
7,000,818	B2	2/2006	Shelton, IV et al.	7,434,715	B2	10/2008	Shelton, IV et al.
7,000,819	B2	2/2006	Swayze et al.	7,434,717	B2	10/2008	Shelton, IV et al.
7,032,799	B2 *	4/2006	Viola et al. 227/175.1	7,438,208	B2	10/2008	Larson
7,044,352	B2	5/2006	Shelton, IV et al.	7,438,209	B1	10/2008	Hess et al.
7,044,353	B2	5/2006	Mastri et al.	7,441,684	B2	10/2008	Shelton, IV et al.
7,055,730	B2	6/2006	Ehrenfels et al.	7,441,685	B1	10/2008	Boudreaux
7,055,731	B2	6/2006	Shelton, IV et al.	7,448,525	B2	11/2008	Shelton, IV et al.
7,059,508	B2	6/2006	Shelton, IV et al.	7,451,904	B2	11/2008	Shelton, IV
7,070,083	B2	7/2006	Jankowski	7,455,208	B2	11/2008	Wales et al.
7,083,075	B2	8/2006	Swayze et al.	7,455,676	B2	11/2008	Holsten et al.
7,097,089	B2	8/2006	Marczyk	7,458,494	B2	12/2008	Matsutani et al.
7,111,769	B2	9/2006	Wales et al.	7,461,767	B2	12/2008	Viola et al.
7,114,642	B2	10/2006	Whitman	7,462,185	B1	12/2008	Knodel
7,121,446	B2	10/2006	Arad et al.	7,464,846	B2	12/2008	Shelton, IV et al.
7,128,253	B2	10/2006	Mastri et al.	7,464,847	B2	12/2008	Viola et al.
7,128,254	B2	10/2006	Shelton, IV et al.	7,464,848	B2	12/2008	Green et al.
7,140,527	B2	11/2006	Ehrenfels et al.	7,464,849	B2	12/2008	Shelton, IV et al.
7,140,528	B2	11/2006	Shelton, IV	7,467,740	B2	12/2008	Shelton, IV et al.
7,143,923	B2	12/2006	Shelton, IV et al.	7,472,814	B2	1/2009	Mastri et al.
7,143,924	B2	12/2006	Scirica et al.	7,472,815	B2	1/2009	Shelton, IV et al.
7,143,925	B2	12/2006	Shelton, IV et al.	7,472,816	B2	1/2009	Holsten et al.
7,143,926	B2	12/2006	Shelton, IV et al.	7,473,258	B2	1/2009	Clauson et al.
7,147,138	B2	12/2006	Shelton, IV	7,481,347	B2	1/2009	Roy
7,159,750	B2	1/2007	Racenet et al.	7,481,348	B2	1/2009	Marczyk
7,168,604	B2	1/2007	Milliman et al.	7,481,349	B2	1/2009	Holsten et al.
7,172,104	B2	2/2007	Scirica et al.	7,481,824	B2	1/2009	Gillum et al.
7,188,758	B2	3/2007	Viola et al.	7,487,899	B2	2/2009	Shelton, IV et al.
7,207,471	B2	4/2007	Heinrich et al.	7,490,749	B2	2/2009	Schall et al.
7,213,736	B2	5/2007	Wales et al.	7,494,039	B2	2/2009	Racenet et al.
7,225,963	B2	6/2007	Scirica	7,500,979	B2	3/2009	Hueil et al.
7,225,964	B2	6/2007	Mastri et al.	7,503,474	B2	3/2009	Hillstead et al.
7,238,195	B2	7/2007	Viola	7,506,790	B2	3/2009	Shelton, IV
7,246,734	B2	7/2007	Shelton, IV	7,506,791	B2	3/2009	Omaitis et al.
7,258,262	B2	8/2007	Mastri et al.	7,510,107	B2	3/2009	Timm et al.
7,278,562	B2	10/2007	Mastri et al.	7,513,408	B2	4/2009	Shelton, IV et al.
7,278,563	B1	10/2007	Green	7,517,356	B2	4/2009	Heinrich
7,287,682	B1	10/2007	Ezzat et al.	7,537,602	B2	5/2009	Whitman
7,293,685	B2	11/2007	Ehrenfels et al.	7,543,729	B2	6/2009	Ivanko
7,296,722	B2	11/2007	Ivanko	7,543,730	B1	6/2009	Marczyk
7,296,724	B2	11/2007	Green et al.	7,543,731	B2	6/2009	Green et al.
7,296,772	B2	11/2007	Wang	7,552,854	B2	6/2009	Wixey et al.
				7,556,185	B2	7/2009	Viola
				7,556,186	B2	7/2009	Milliman
				7,559,450	B2	7/2009	Wales et al.
				7,559,452	B2	7/2009	Wales et al.

(56)

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

7,559,453 B2	7/2009	Heinrich et al.	7,766,928 B2	8/2010	Ezzat et al.
7,559,937 B2	7/2009	de la Torre et al.	7,770,774 B2	8/2010	Mastri et al.
7,565,993 B2	7/2009	Milliman et al.	7,770,775 B2	8/2010	Shelton, IV et al.
7,568,603 B2	8/2009	Shelton, IV et al.	7,776,060 B2	8/2010	Mooradian et al.
7,568,604 B2	8/2009	Ehrenfels et al.	7,780,055 B2	8/2010	Scirica et al.
7,571,845 B2	8/2009	Viola	7,784,662 B2	8/2010	Wales et al.
7,575,144 B2	8/2009	Ortiz et al.	7,789,283 B2	9/2010	Shah
7,584,880 B2	9/2009	Racenet et al.	7,789,889 B2	9/2010	Zubik et al.
7,588,174 B2	9/2009	Holsten et al.	7,793,812 B2	9/2010	Moore et al.
7,588,175 B2	9/2009	Timm et al.	7,793,814 B2	9/2010	Racenet et al.
7,588,176 B2	9/2009	Timm et al.	7,794,475 B2	9/2010	Hess et al.
7,588,177 B2	9/2009	Racenet	7,798,385 B2	9/2010	Boyden et al.
7,597,229 B2	10/2009	Boudreaux et al.	7,798,386 B2	9/2010	Schall et al.
7,597,230 B2	10/2009	Racenet et al.	7,799,039 B2	9/2010	Shelton, IV et al.
7,600,663 B2	10/2009	Green	7,810,690 B2	10/2010	Bilotti et al.
7,604,150 B2	10/2009	Boudreaux	7,810,691 B2	10/2010	Boyden et al.
7,604,151 B2	10/2009	Hess et al.	7,810,692 B2	10/2010	Hall et al.
7,607,557 B2	10/2009	Shelton, IV et al.	7,810,693 B2	10/2010	Broehl et al.
7,611,038 B2	11/2009	Racenet et al.	7,815,090 B2	10/2010	Marczyk
7,617,961 B2	11/2009	Viola	7,815,091 B2	10/2010	Marczyk
7,624,902 B2	12/2009	Marczyk et al.	7,815,092 B2	10/2010	Whitman et al.
7,624,903 B2	12/2009	Green et al.	7,819,296 B2	10/2010	Hueil et al.
7,631,793 B2	12/2009	Rethy et al.	7,819,297 B2	10/2010	Doll et al.
7,631,794 B2 *	12/2009	Rethy et al. 227/175.1	7,819,298 B2	10/2010	Hall et al.
7,635,073 B2	12/2009	Heinrich	7,819,299 B2	10/2010	Shelton, IV et al.
7,635,074 B2	12/2009	Olson et al.	7,819,896 B2	10/2010	Racenet
7,635,373 B2	12/2009	Ortiz	7,823,760 B2	11/2010	Zemlok et al.
7,637,409 B2	12/2009	Marczyk	7,823,761 B2	11/2010	Boyden et al.
7,637,410 B2	12/2009	Marczyk	7,824,426 B2	11/2010	Racenet et al.
7,641,091 B2	1/2010	Olson et al.	7,828,186 B2	11/2010	Wales
7,641,093 B2	1/2010	Doll et al.	7,828,187 B2	11/2010	Green et al.
7,641,095 B2	1/2010	Viola	7,828,188 B2	11/2010	Jankowski
7,644,848 B2	1/2010	Swayze et al.	7,828,189 B2	11/2010	Holsten et al.
7,648,055 B2	1/2010	Marczyk	7,832,408 B2	11/2010	Shelton, IV et al.
7,651,017 B2	1/2010	Ortiz et al.	7,832,611 B2	11/2010	Boyden et al.
7,654,431 B2	2/2010	Hueil et al.	7,832,612 B2	11/2010	Baxter, III et al.
7,658,311 B2	2/2010	Boudreaux	7,837,079 B2	11/2010	Holsten et al.
7,658,312 B2	2/2010	Vidal et al.	7,837,081 B2	11/2010	Holsten et al.
7,665,646 B2	2/2010	Prommersberger	7,841,503 B2	11/2010	Sonnenschein et al.
7,665,647 B2	2/2010	Shelton, IV et al.	7,845,533 B2	12/2010	Marczyk et al.
7,669,746 B2	3/2010	Shelton, IV	7,845,534 B2	12/2010	Viola et al.
7,670,334 B2	3/2010	Hueil et al.	7,845,535 B2	12/2010	Scirica
7,673,780 B2	3/2010	Shelton, IV et al.	7,845,537 B2	12/2010	Shelton, IV et al.
7,673,781 B2	3/2010	Swayze et al.	7,845,538 B2	12/2010	Whitman
7,673,782 B2	3/2010	Hess et al.	7,850,703 B2	12/2010	Bombard et al.
7,673,783 B2	3/2010	Morgan et al.	7,857,183 B2	12/2010	Shelton, IV
7,678,121 B1	3/2010	Knodel	7,857,184 B2	12/2010	Viola
7,681,772 B2	3/2010	Green et al.	7,857,185 B2	12/2010	Swayze et al.
7,682,367 B2	3/2010	Shah et al.	7,857,186 B2	12/2010	Baxter, III et al.
7,682,368 B1	3/2010	Bombard et al.	7,861,906 B2	1/2011	Doll et al.
7,690,547 B2	4/2010	Racenet et al.	7,861,907 B2	1/2011	Green et al.
7,694,865 B2	4/2010	Scirica	7,866,524 B2	1/2011	Krehel
7,699,205 B2	4/2010	Ivanko	7,866,525 B2	1/2011	Scirica
7,703,653 B2	4/2010	Shah et al.	7,866,526 B2	1/2011	Green et al.
7,721,930 B2	5/2010	McKenna et al.	7,866,527 B2	1/2011	Hall et al.
7,721,931 B2	5/2010	Shelton et al.	7,866,528 B2	1/2011	Olson et al.
7,721,933 B2	5/2010	Ehrenfels et al.	7,870,989 B2	1/2011	Viola et al.
7,721,935 B2	5/2010	Racenet et al.	7,886,952 B2	2/2011	Scirica et al.
7,726,537 B2	6/2010	Olson et al.	7,891,532 B2	2/2011	Mastri et al.
7,726,538 B2	6/2010	Holsten et al.	7,891,533 B2	2/2011	Green et al.
7,726,539 B2	6/2010	Holsten et al.	7,891,534 B2	2/2011	Wenchell et al.
7,731,072 B2	6/2010	Timm et al.	7,896,214 B2	3/2011	Farascioni
7,735,703 B2	6/2010	Morgan et al.	7,900,805 B2	3/2011	Shelton, IV et al.
7,740,159 B2	6/2010	Shelton et al.	7,901,416 B2	3/2011	Nolan et al.
7,740,160 B2	6/2010	Viola	7,905,380 B2	3/2011	Shelton, IV et al.
7,743,960 B2	6/2010	Whitman	7,905,381 B2	3/2011	Baxter, III et al.
7,744,628 B2	6/2010	Viola	7,909,039 B2	3/2011	Hur
7,753,245 B2	7/2010	Boudreaux et al.	7,909,220 B2	3/2011	Viola
7,753,248 B2	7/2010	Viola	7,909,221 B2	3/2011	Viola et al.
7,757,924 B2	7/2010	Gerbi et al.	7,909,224 B2	3/2011	Prommersberger
7,757,925 B2	7/2010	Viola et al.	7,913,891 B2	3/2011	Doll et al.
7,762,445 B2	7/2010	Heinrich et al.	7,913,893 B2	3/2011	Mastri et al.
7,766,209 B2	8/2010	Baxter, III et al.	7,914,543 B2	3/2011	Roth et al.
7,766,210 B2	8/2010	Shelton, IV et al.	7,918,230 B2	4/2011	Whitman et al.
7,766,924 B1	8/2010	Bombard et al.	7,918,276 B2	4/2011	Guignard et al.
			7,922,061 B2	4/2011	Shelton, IV et al.
			7,922,063 B2	4/2011	Zemlok et al.
			7,922,064 B2	4/2011	Boyden et al.
			7,926,691 B2	4/2011	Viola et al.

(56)

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

7,926,692 B2	4/2011	Racenet et al.	8,096,460 B2	1/2012	Blier et al.
7,934,628 B2	5/2011	Wenchell et al.	8,100,309 B2	1/2012	Marczyk
7,934,630 B2	5/2011	Shelton, Iv et al.	8,100,310 B2	1/2012	Zemlok
7,934,631 B2	5/2011	Balbierz et al.	8,113,406 B2	2/2012	Holsten et al.
7,942,300 B2	5/2011	Rethy et al.	8,113,407 B2	2/2012	Holsten et al.
7,942,303 B2	5/2011	Shah	8,113,408 B2	2/2012	Wenchell et al.
7,950,560 B2	5/2011	Zemlok et al.	8,113,409 B2	2/2012	Cohen et al.
7,950,561 B2	5/2011	Aranyi	8,113,410 B2	2/2012	Hall et al.
7,950,562 B2	5/2011	Beardsley et al.	8,123,101 B2	2/2012	Racenet et al.
7,954,682 B2	6/2011	Giordano et al.	8,127,975 B2	3/2012	Olson et al.
7,954,683 B1	6/2011	Knodel et al.	8,127,976 B2	3/2012	Scirica et al.
7,954,684 B2	6/2011	Boudreaux	8,132,703 B2	3/2012	Milliman et al.
7,954,685 B2	6/2011	Viola	8,132,705 B2	3/2012	Viola et al.
7,954,686 B2	6/2011	Baxter, III et al.	8,132,706 B2	3/2012	Marczyk et al.
7,954,687 B2	6/2011	Zemlok et al.	8,136,713 B2	3/2012	Hathaway et al.
7,959,051 B2	6/2011	Smith et al.	8,141,762 B2	3/2012	Bedi et al.
7,963,431 B2	6/2011	Scirica	8,152,041 B2	4/2012	Kostrzewski
7,963,432 B2	6/2011	Knodel et al.	8,157,148 B2	4/2012	Scirica
7,963,433 B2	6/2011	Whitman et al.	8,157,151 B2	4/2012	Ingmanson et al.
7,967,178 B2	6/2011	Scirica et al.	8,167,185 B2	5/2012	Shelton, IV et al.
7,967,179 B2	6/2011	Olson et al.	8,167,186 B2	5/2012	Racenet et al.
7,967,180 B2	6/2011	Scirica	8,172,121 B2	5/2012	Krehel
7,975,894 B2	7/2011	Boyden et al.	8,172,124 B2	5/2012	Shelton, IV et al.
7,980,443 B2	7/2011	Scheib et al.	8,181,837 B2	5/2012	Roy
7,988,026 B2	8/2011	Knodel et al.	8,186,555 B2	5/2012	Shelton, IV et al.
7,988,027 B2	8/2011	Olson et al.	8,186,558 B2	5/2012	Sapienza
7,988,028 B2	8/2011	Farascioni et al.	8,186,560 B2	5/2012	Hess et al.
7,992,758 B2	8/2011	Whitman et al.	8,196,795 B2	6/2012	Moore et al.
7,997,468 B2	8/2011	Farascioni	8,196,796 B2	6/2012	Shelton, IV et al.
7,997,469 B2	8/2011	Olson et al.	8,205,619 B2	6/2012	Shah et al.
8,002,795 B2	8/2011	Beetel	8,205,780 B2	6/2012	Sorrentino et al.
8,006,885 B2	8/2011	Marczyk	8,205,781 B2	6/2012	Baxter, III et al.
8,006,887 B2	8/2011	Marczyk	8,216,236 B2	7/2012	Heinrich et al.
8,007,505 B2	8/2011	Weller et al.	8,220,688 B2	7/2012	Laurent et al.
8,007,513 B2	8/2011	Nalagatla et al.	8,220,690 B2	7/2012	Hess et al.
8,011,550 B2	9/2011	Aranyi et al.	8,225,979 B2	7/2012	Farascioni et al.
8,011,551 B2	9/2011	Marczyk et al.	8,231,040 B2	7/2012	Zemlok et al.
8,011,552 B2	9/2011	Ivanko	8,231,041 B2	7/2012	Marczyk et al.
8,011,553 B2	9/2011	Mastri et al.	8,235,272 B2	8/2012	Nicholas et al.
8,011,555 B2	9/2011	Tarinelli et al.	8,236,010 B2	8/2012	Ortiz et al.
8,012,170 B2	9/2011	Whitman et al.	8,241,322 B2	8/2012	Whitman et al.
8,015,976 B2	9/2011	Shah	8,245,897 B2	8/2012	Tzakis et al.
8,016,177 B2	9/2011	Bettuchi et al.	8,245,898 B2	8/2012	Smith et al.
8,016,178 B2	9/2011	Olson et al.	8,245,899 B2	8/2012	Swensgard et al.
8,020,742 B2	9/2011	Marczyk	8,252,009 B2	8/2012	Weller et al.
8,020,743 B2	9/2011	Shelton, IV	8,267,300 B2	9/2012	Boudreaux
8,028,882 B2	10/2011	Viola	8,272,554 B2	9/2012	Whitman et al.
8,028,883 B2	10/2011	Stopek	2004/0007608 A1 *	1/2004	Ehrenfels et al. 227/176.1
8,028,884 B2	10/2011	Sniffin et al.	2004/0108357 A1	6/2004	Milliman
8,033,438 B2	10/2011	Scirica	2004/0199180 A1	10/2004	Knodel et al.
8,033,440 B2	10/2011	Wenchell et al.	2004/0199181 A1	10/2004	Knodel et al.
8,033,441 B2	10/2011	Marczyk	2004/0232201 A1	11/2004	Wenchell
8,033,442 B2	10/2011	Racenet et al.	2004/0243151 A1	12/2004	Demmy
8,034,077 B2	10/2011	Smith et al.	2004/0267310 A1	12/2004	Racenet
8,038,044 B2	10/2011	Viola	2005/0103819 A1	5/2005	Racenet
8,038,045 B2	10/2011	Bettuchi et al.	2005/0119669 A1	6/2005	Demmy
8,052,024 B2	11/2011	Viola et al.	2005/0159778 A1 *	7/2005	Heinrich et al. 606/216
8,056,787 B2	11/2011	Boudreaux et al.	2005/0189397 A1	9/2005	Jankowski
8,056,788 B2	11/2011	Mastri et al.	2005/0216055 A1	9/2005	Scirica et al.
8,056,791 B2	11/2011	Whitman	2005/0222616 A1 *	10/2005	Rethy et al. 606/215
8,061,577 B2	11/2011	Racenet et al.	2006/0049229 A1	3/2006	Milliman et al.
8,066,166 B2	11/2011	Demmy et al.	2006/0180634 A1	8/2006	Shelton, IV et al.
8,070,033 B2	12/2011	Milliman et al.	2006/0289602 A1	12/2006	Wales et al.
8,070,035 B2	12/2011	Holsten et al.	2007/0027469 A1	2/2007	Smith et al.
8,074,858 B2	12/2011	Marczyk et al.	2007/0073341 A1	3/2007	Smith et al.
8,074,859 B2	12/2011	Kostrzewski	2007/0084897 A1	4/2007	Shelton, IV et al.
8,074,862 B2	12/2011	Shah	2007/0084899 A1	4/2007	Taylor
8,083,118 B2	12/2011	Milliman et al.	2007/0102472 A1	5/2007	Shelton, IV
8,083,119 B2	12/2011	Prommersberger	2007/0106317 A1	5/2007	Shelton, IV
8,083,120 B2	12/2011	Shelton et al.	2007/0119901 A1	5/2007	Ehrenfels et al.
8,087,563 B2	1/2012	Milliman et al.	2007/0145096 A1	6/2007	Viola et al.
8,091,753 B2	1/2012	Viola	2007/0170225 A1	7/2007	Shelton, IV et al.
8,091,754 B2	1/2012	Ehrenfels et al.	2007/0175949 A1	8/2007	Shelton, IV et al.
8,091,756 B2	1/2012	Viola	2007/0175950 A1	8/2007	Shelton, IV et al.
8,096,459 B2	1/2012	Ortiz et al.	2007/0175951 A1	8/2007	Shelton, IV et al.
			2007/0175955 A1	8/2007	Shelton, IV et al.
			2007/0179528 A1	8/2007	Soltz et al.
			2007/0194079 A1	8/2007	Hueil et al.
			2007/0194081 A1	8/2007	Hueil et al.

(56)

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

2007/0194082 A1	8/2007	Morgan et al.	2010/0294828 A1	11/2010	Bindra et al.
2007/0221700 A1	9/2007	Ortiz et al.	2010/1029482	11/2010	Giordano et al.
2007/0295780 A1	12/2007	Shelton et al.	2010/0301095 A1	12/2010	Shelton, IV et al.
2008/0029570 A1	2/2008	Shelton et al.	2010/0305552 A1	12/2010	Shelton, IV et al.
2008/0029573 A1	2/2008	Shelton et al.	2010/0308100 A1	12/2010	Boudreaux
2008/0029574 A1	2/2008	Shelton et al.	2010/0320252 A1	12/2010	Viola et al.
2008/0029575 A1	2/2008	Shelton et al.	2010/0320254 A1	12/2010	Zemlok et al.
2008/0078800 A1	4/2008	Hess et al.	2011/0006099 A1	1/2011	Hall et al.
2008/0078802 A1	4/2008	Hess et al.	2011/0006101 A1	1/2011	Hall et al.
2008/0078803 A1	4/2008	Shelton et al.	2011/0006103 A1	1/2011	Laurent et al.
2008/0078804 A1	4/2008	Shelton et al.	2011/0011914 A1	1/2011	Baxter, III et al.
2008/0078806 A1	4/2008	Omaits et al.	2011/0011915 A1	1/2011	Shelton, IV
2008/0078808 A1	4/2008	Hess et al.	2011/0017801 A1	1/2011	Zemlok et al.
2008/0110961 A1	5/2008	Voegele et al.	2011/0024477 A1	2/2011	Hall
2008/0149685 A1	6/2008	Smith et al.	2011/0024478 A1	2/2011	Shelton, IV
2008/0169328 A1	7/2008	Shelton	2011/0036887 A1	2/2011	Zemlok et al.
2008/0169329 A1	7/2008	Shelton et al.	2011/0036888 A1	2/2011	Pribanic et al.
2008/0169330 A1	7/2008	Shelton et al.	2011/0036890 A1	2/2011	Ma
2008/0169331 A1	7/2008	Shelton et al.	2011/0036891 A1	2/2011	Zemlok et al.
2008/0169332 A1	7/2008	Shelton et al.	2011/0036892 A1	2/2011	Marczyk et al.
2008/0169333 A1	7/2008	Shelton et al.	2011/0042439 A1	2/2011	Johnson et al.
2008/0287987 A1	11/2008	Boyden et al.	2011/0042441 A1	2/2011	Shelton, IV et al.
2008/0296344 A1	12/2008	Cropper et al.	2011/0062213 A1	3/2011	Scirica et al.
2008/0296346 A1	12/2008	Shelton, IV et al.	2011/0068145 A1	3/2011	Bedi et al.
2008/0308602 A1	12/2008	Timm et al.	2011/0068148 A1	3/2011	Hall et al.
2008/0308603 A1	12/2008	Shelton, IV et al.	2011/0084114 A1	4/2011	Marczyk et al.
2009/0001121 A1	1/2009	Hess et al.	2011/0084115 A1	4/2011	Bedi et al.
2009/0001124 A1	1/2009	Hess et al.	2011/0087276 A1	4/2011	Bedi et al.
2009/0001130 A1	1/2009	Hess et al.	2011/0089221 A1	4/2011	Masiakos et al.
2009/0005808 A1	1/2009	Hess et al.	2011/0095067 A1	4/2011	Ohdaira
2009/0065549 A1	3/2009	Viola	2011/0101067 A1	5/2011	Johnson et al.
2009/0078739 A1	3/2009	Viola	2011/0101069 A1	5/2011	Bombard et al.
2009/0090763 A1	4/2009	Zemlok et al.	2011/0108603 A1	5/2011	Racenet et al.
2009/0090766 A1	4/2009	Knodel	2011/0114702 A1	5/2011	Farascioni
2009/0173766 A1 *	7/2009	Wenchell 227/178.1	2011/012104	5/2011	Malinouskas et al.
2009/0200355 A1 *	8/2009	Baxter et al. 227/176.1	2011/0132961 A1	6/2011	Whitman et al.
2009/0209946 A1	8/2009	Swayze et al.	2011/0132963 A1	6/2011	Giordano et al.
2009/0209990 A1	8/2009	Yates et al.	2011/0132964 A1	6/2011	Weisenburgh, II et al.
2009/0236395 A1	9/2009	Scirica	2011/0132965 A1	6/2011	Moore et al.
2009/0242610 A1	10/2009	Shelton, IV et al.	2011/0139851 A1	6/2011	McCuen
2009/0255974 A1	10/2009	Viola	2011/0144640 A1	6/2011	Heinrich et al.
2009/0272787 A1	11/2009	Scirica	2011/0147433 A1	6/2011	Shelton, IV et al.
2009/0277946 A1	11/2009	Marczyk	2011/0147434 A1	6/2011	Hueil et al.
2009/0277949 A1	11/2009	Viola et al.	2011/0155781 A1	6/2011	Swensgard et al.
2009/0283568 A1	11/2009	Racenet et al.	2011/0155784 A1	6/2011	Shelton, IV et al.
2009/0306708 A1	12/2009	Shah	2011/0155786 A1	6/2011	Shelton, IV
2009/0308907 A1 *	12/2009	Nalagatla et al. 227/175.2	2011/0155787 A1	6/2011	Baxter, III et al.
2010/0012703 A1	1/2010	Calabrese et al.	2011/0155788 A1	6/2011	Hillstead et al.
2010/0012704 A1	1/2010	Racenet et al.	2011/0163146 A1	7/2011	Ortiz et al.
2010/0069942 A1	3/2010	Shelton, IV	2011/0163147 A1	7/2011	Laurent et al.
2010/0072251 A1 *	3/2010	Baxter et al. 227/175.2	2011/0163149 A1	7/2011	Viola
2010/0072254 A1	3/2010	Aranyi et al.	2011/0163150 A1	7/2011	Farascioni
2010/0076429 A1	3/2010	Heinrich	2011/0168757 A1	7/2011	Viola et al.
2010/0076459 A1	3/2010	Farascioni	2011/0168760 A1	7/2011	Viola et al.
2010/0089970 A1	4/2010	Smith	2011/0174862 A1	7/2011	Shelton, IV et al.
2010/0127041 A1	5/2010	Morgan et al.	2011/0174863 A1	7/2011	Shelton, IV et al.
2010/0127042 A1	5/2010	Shelton, IV	2011/0180585 A1	7/2011	Czernik et al.
2010/0133317 A1	6/2010	Shelton, IV et al.	2011/0186614 A1	8/2011	Kasvikis
2010/0133318 A1	6/2010	Boudreaux	2011/0192881 A1	8/2011	Balbierz et al.
2010/0147921 A1	6/2010	Olson	2011/0192882 A1	8/2011	Hess et al.
2010/0147922 A1	6/2010	Olson	2011/0192883 A1	8/2011	Whitman et al.
2010/0155453 A1	6/2010	Bombard et al.	2011/0198385 A1	8/2011	Whitman et al.
2010/0170931 A1	7/2010	Viola	2011/0198386 A1	8/2011	Viola
2010/0193566 A1	8/2010	Scheib et al.	2011/0204119 A1	8/2011	McCuen
2010/0224668 A1	9/2010	Fontayne et al.	2011/0204120 A1	8/2011	Crainich
2010/0230468 A1	9/2010	Viola	2011/0210157 A1	9/2011	Knodel et al.
2010/0237130 A1	9/2010	Scirica	2011/0215132 A1	9/2011	Aranyi et al.
2010/0243709 A1	9/2010	Hess et al.	2011/0215133 A1	9/2011	Aranyi
2010/0249802 A1	9/2010	May et al.	2011/0226837 A1	9/2011	Baxter, III et al.
2010/0252611 A1	10/2010	Ezzat et al.	2011/0233258 A1	9/2011	Boudreaux
2010/0252612 A1	10/2010	Viola	2011/0233259 A1	9/2011	Olson
2010/0264192 A1	10/2010	Marczyk	2011/0240713 A1	10/2011	Scirica et al.
2010/0264193 A1	10/2010	Huang et al.	2011/0240714 A1	10/2011	Whitman et al.
2010/0264194 A1	10/2010	Huang et al.	2011/0253765 A1	10/2011	Nicholas et al.
2010/0282817 A1	11/2010	Ehrenfels et al.	2011/0257679 A1	10/2011	Ishitsuki et al.

(56)

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

DE	2903159	1/1980
DE	3114135	10/1982
DE	4213426	10/1992
DE	4300307	7/1994
EP	0041022	12/1981
EP	O0136950	4/1985
EP	0140552	5/1985
EP	0156774	10/1985
EP	0216532	4/1987
EP	O0220029	4/1987
EP	0213817	11/1987
EP	0273468	7/1988
EP	0324166	7/1989
EP	0324635	7/1989
EP	0324637	7/1989
EP	0324638	7/1989
EP	O0369324	5/1990
EP	0373762	6/1990
EP	0380025	8/1990
EP	0399701	11/1990
EP	0449394	10/1991
EP	0484677	5/1992
EP	0489436	6/1992
EP	0503662	9/1992
EP	0514139	11/1992
EP	0536903	4/1993
EP	0537572	4/1993
EP	0539762	5/1993
EP	0545029	6/1993
EP	0552050	7/1993
EP	0552423	7/1993
EP	0579038	1/1994
EP	O0589306	3/1994

EP	0591946	4/1994
EP	0592243	4/1994
EP	0593920	4/1994
EP	0598202	5/1994
EP	0598579	5/1994
EP	0600182	6/1994
EP	0621006	10/1994
EP	0621009	10/1994
EP	0656188	6/1995
EP	0365153	8/1995
EP	0666057	8/1995
EP	0705571	4/1996
EP	0760230	3/1997
FR	2542188	9/1984
FR	2660851	10/1991
FR	2681775	10/1991
GB	1352554	4/1971
GB	1452185	10/1976
GB	1555455	11/1979
GB	2048685	12/1980
GB	2070499	9/1981
GB	2141066	12/1984
GB	2165559	4/1986
SU	659146	4/1979
SU	728848	5/1980
SU	980703	12/1982
SU	990220	1/1983
WO	WO 8302247	7/1983
WO	WO 89/10094	11/1989
WO	WO 9210976	7/1992
WO	WO 9308754	5/1993
WO	WO 9314706	8/1993

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Chinese Office Action dated Jul. 10, 2015, issued in Chinese Application No. 201210192042.

* cited by examiner

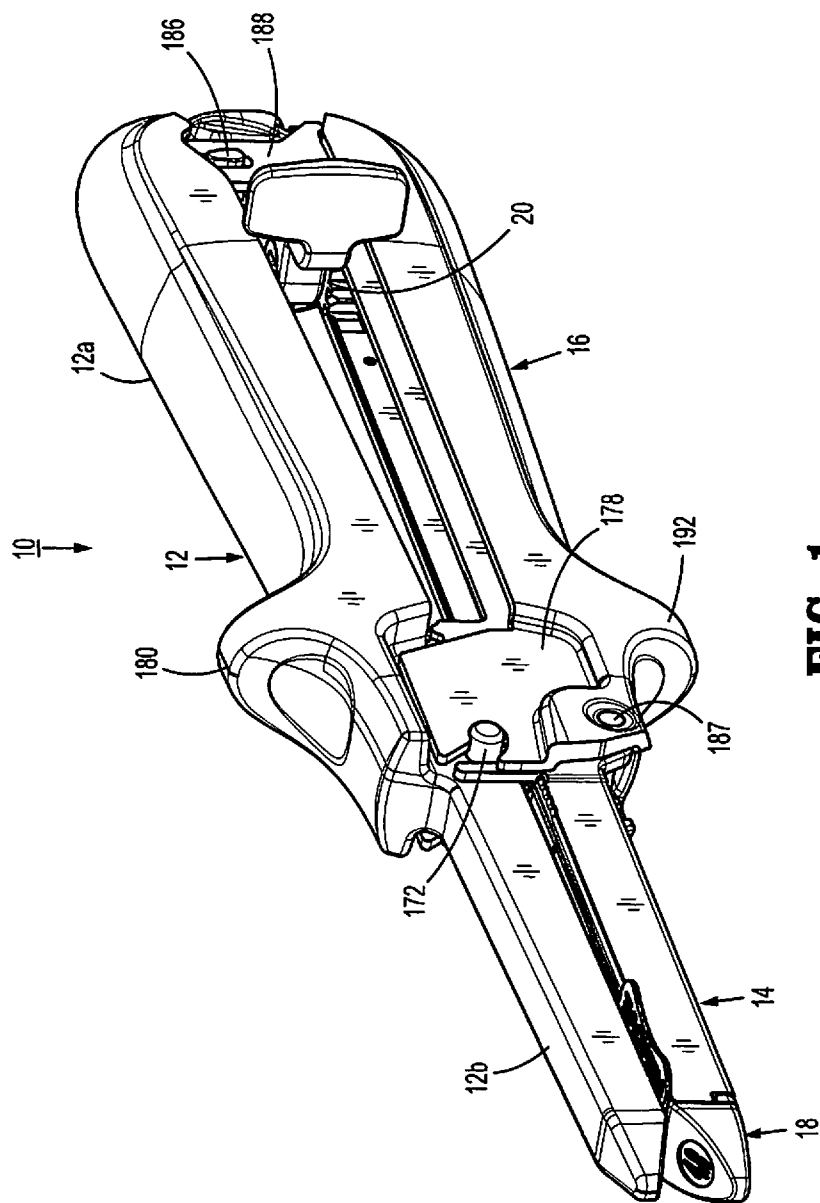


FIG. 1

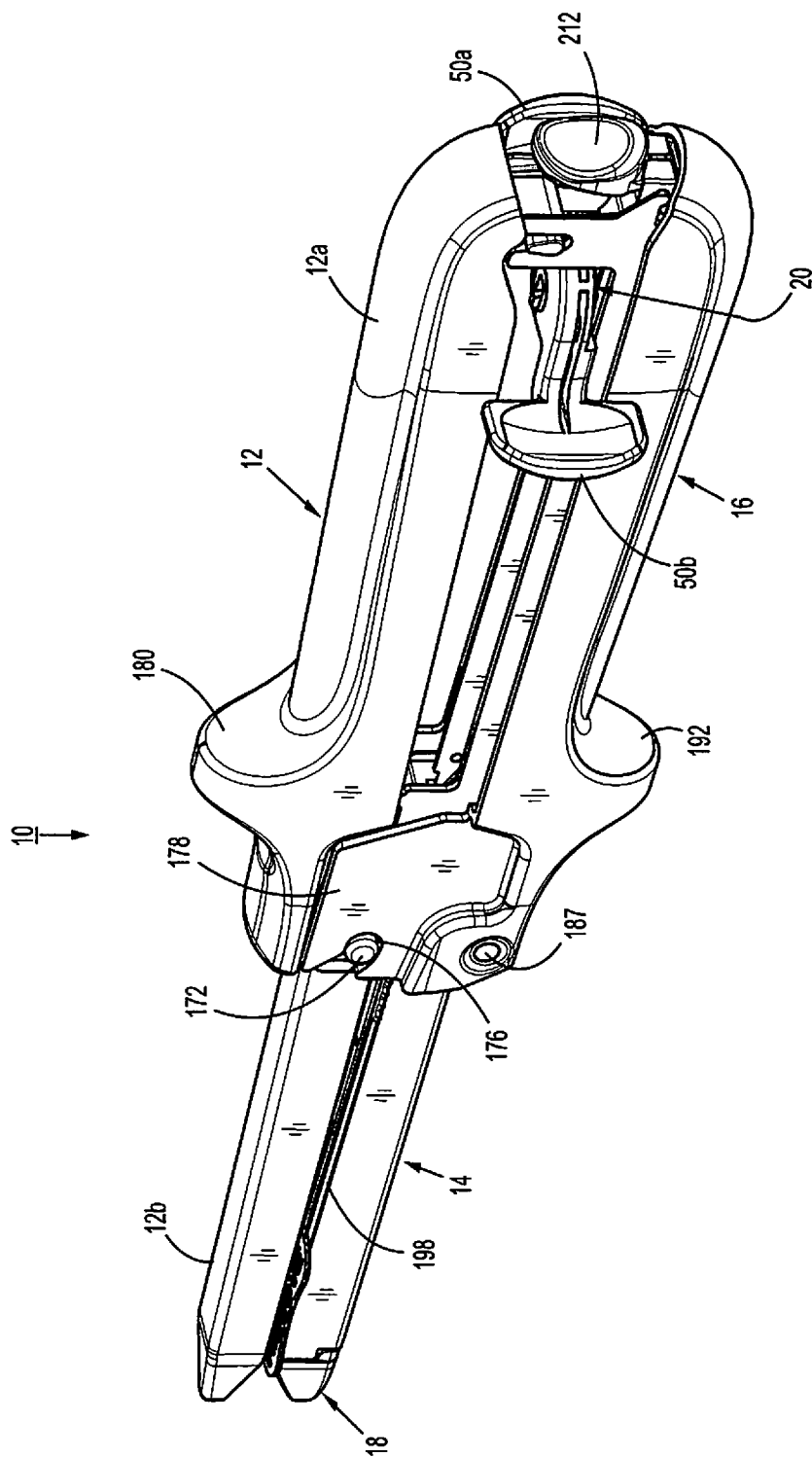
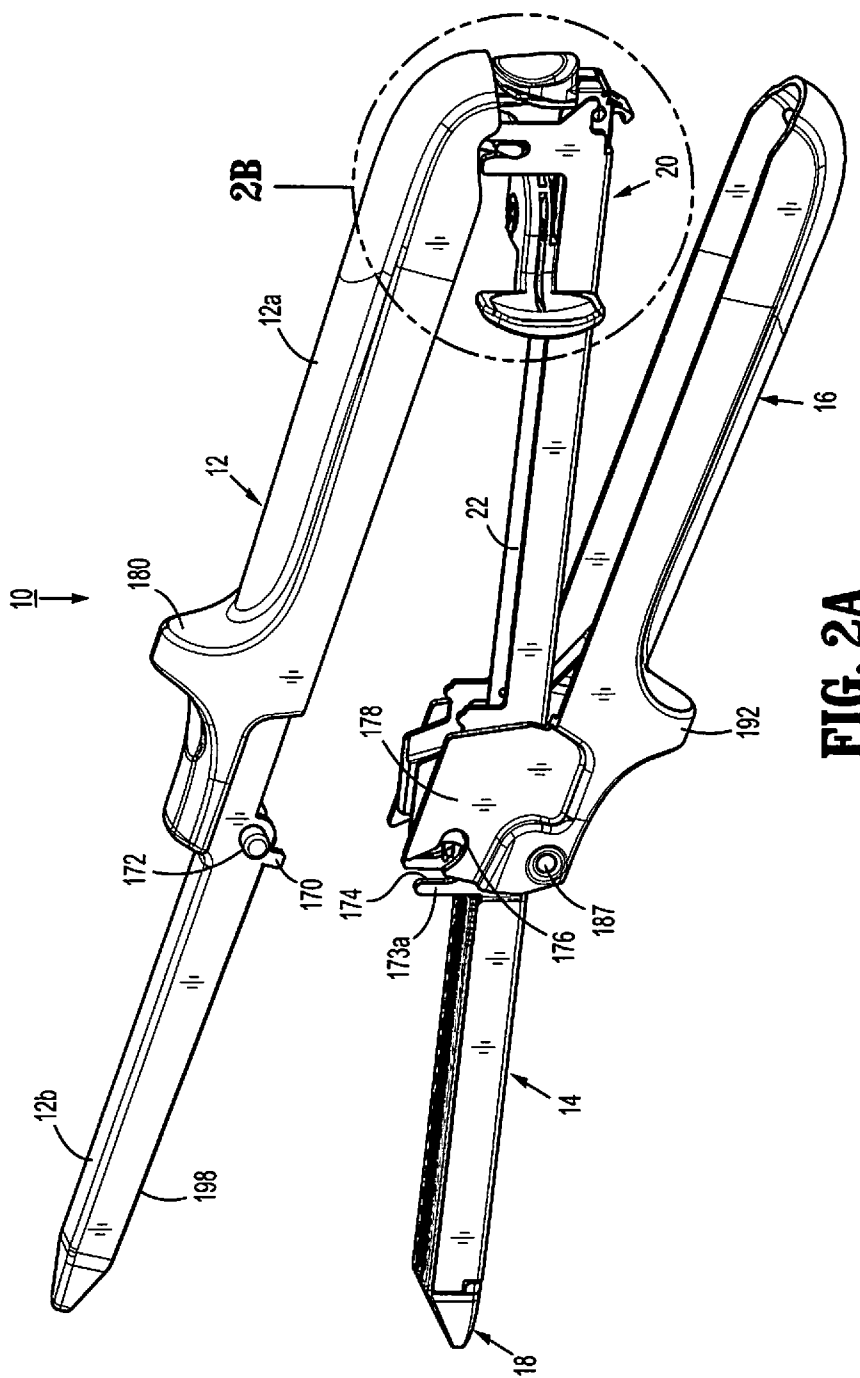
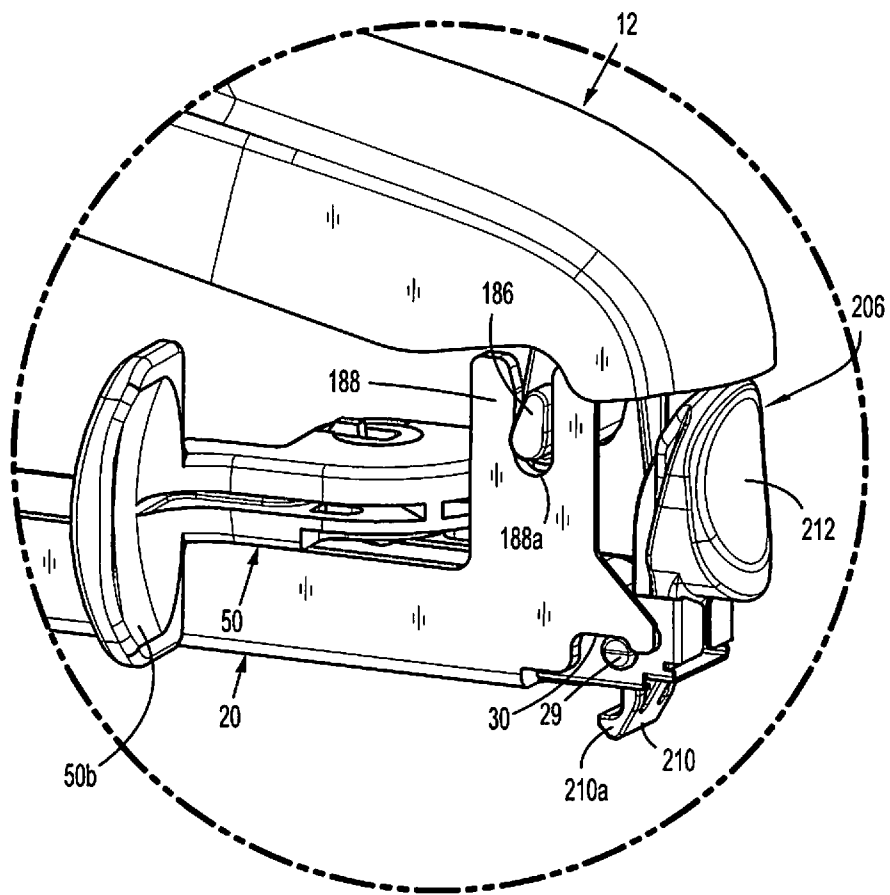


FIG. 2



**FIG. 2B**

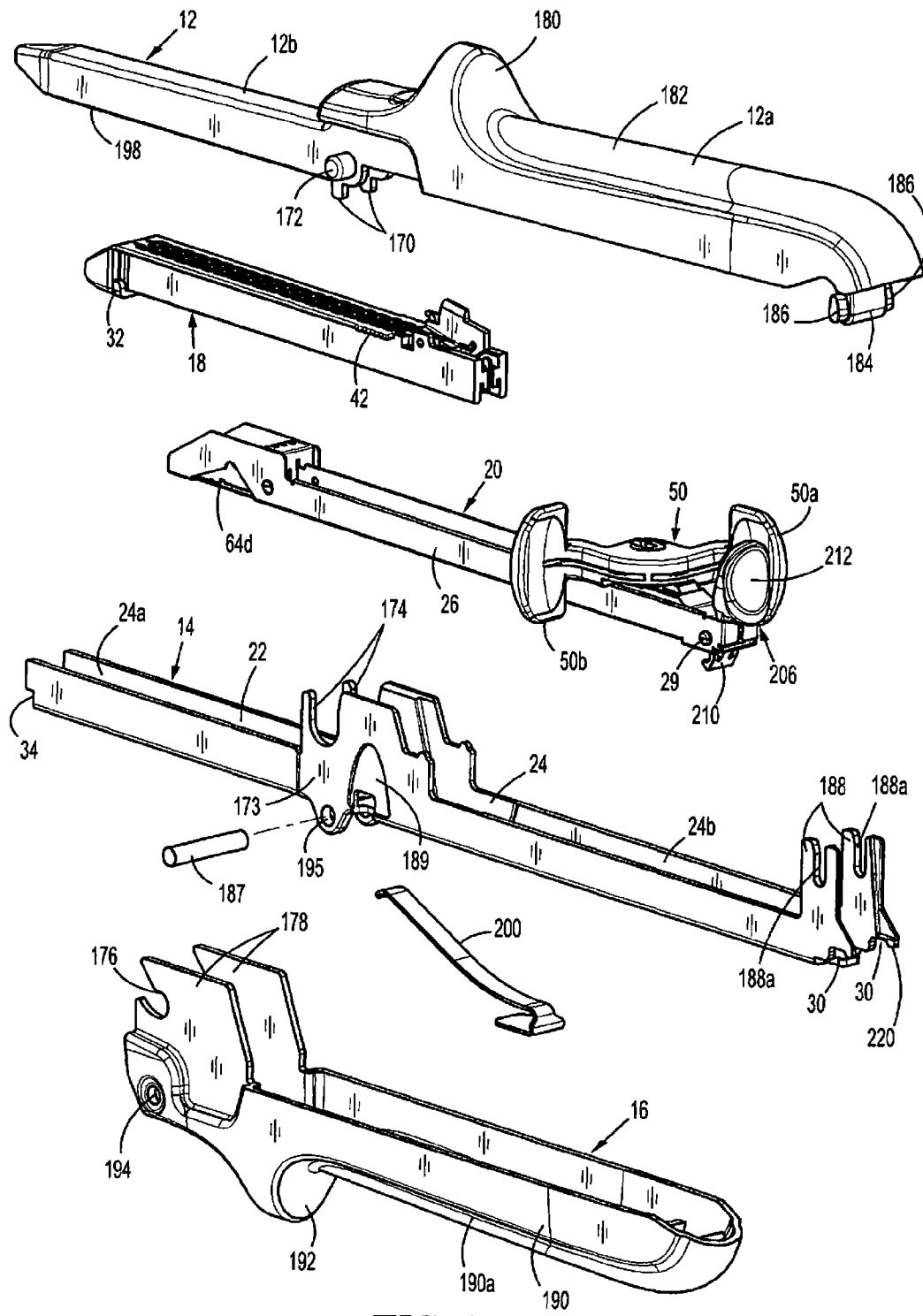


FIG. 3

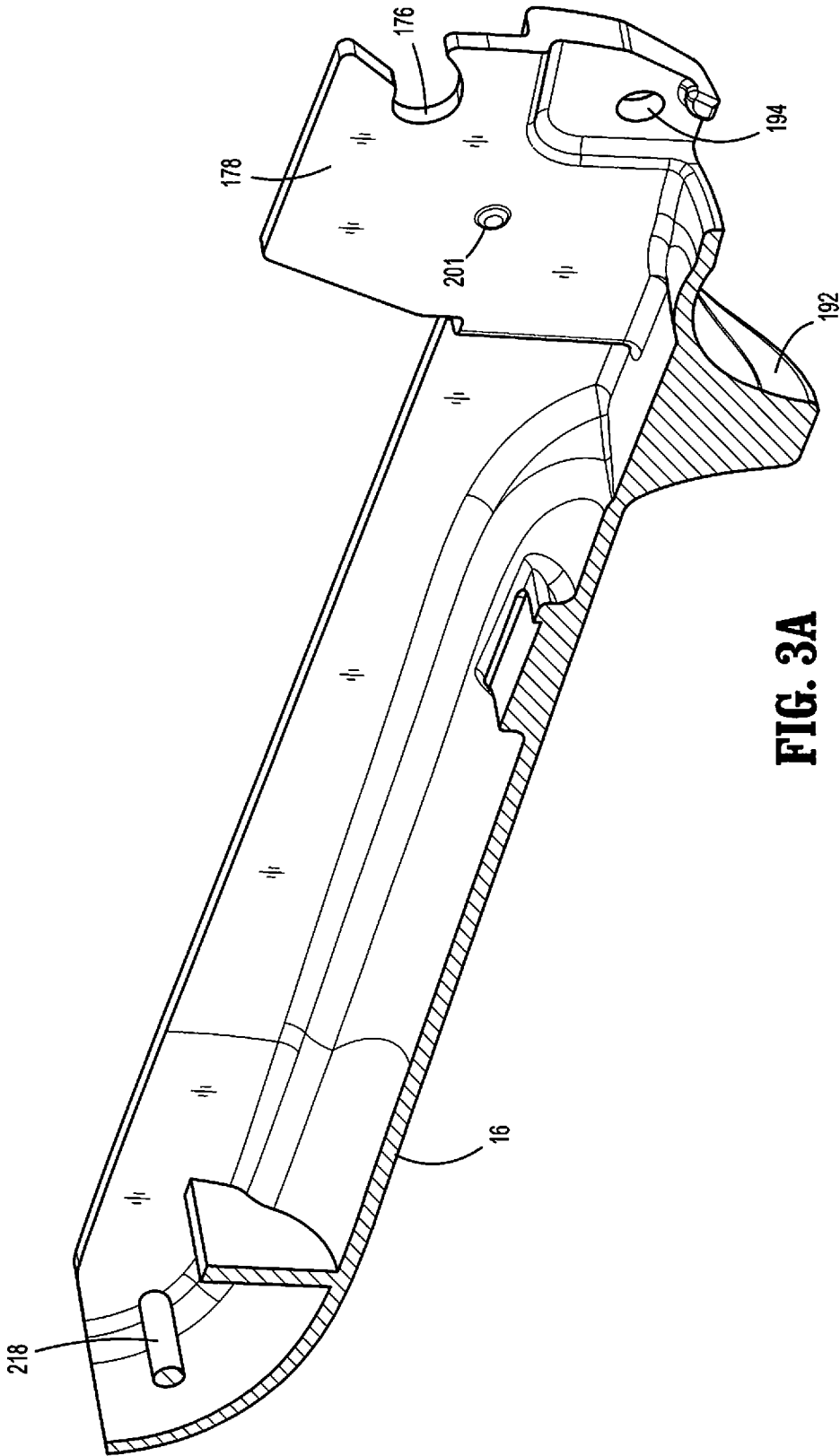
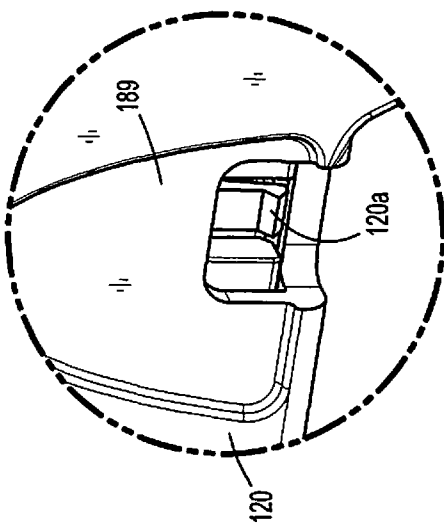
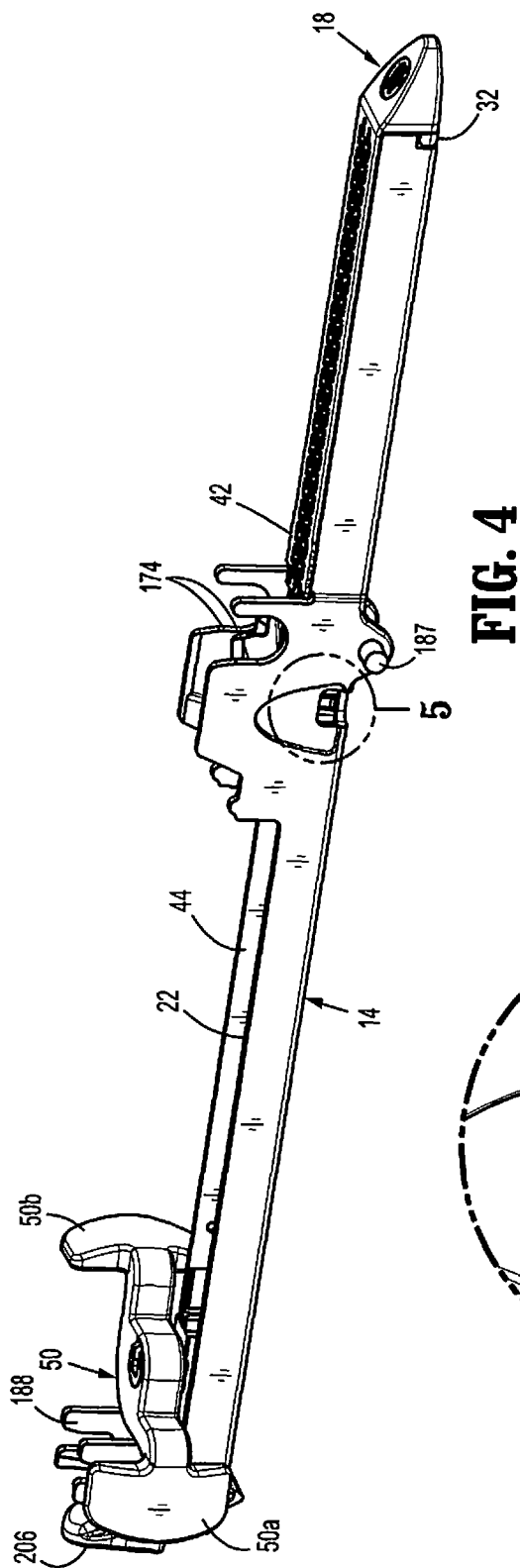
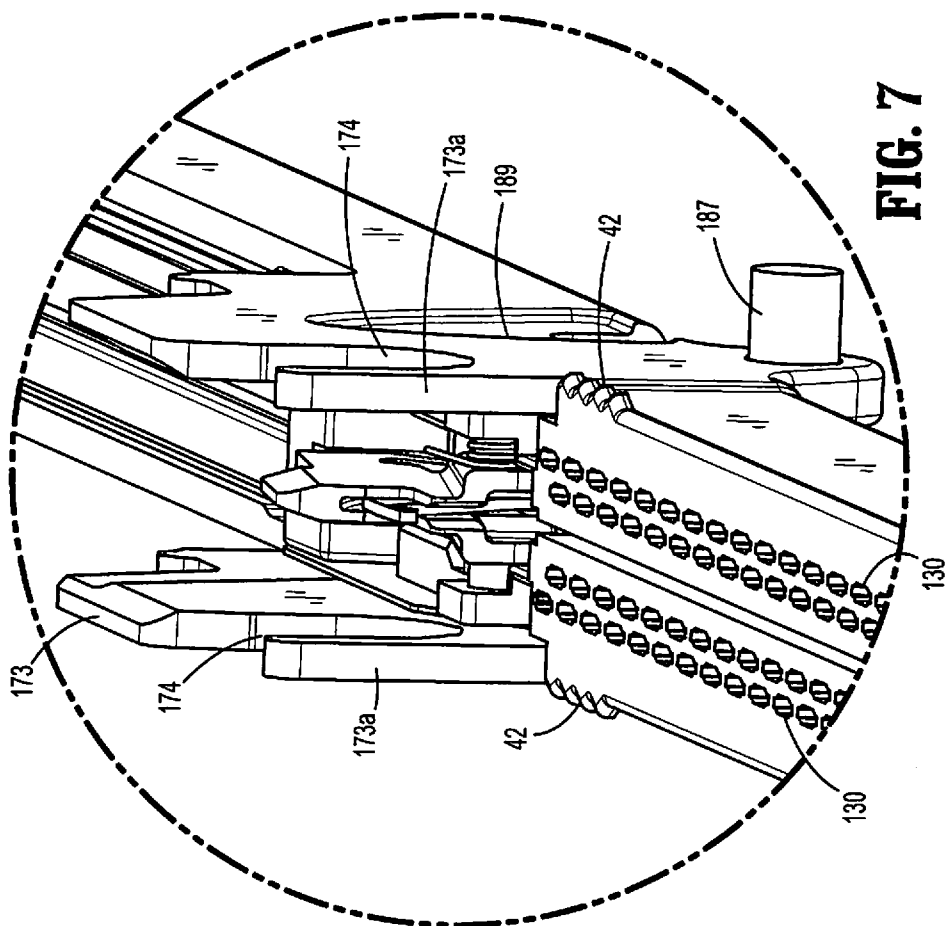
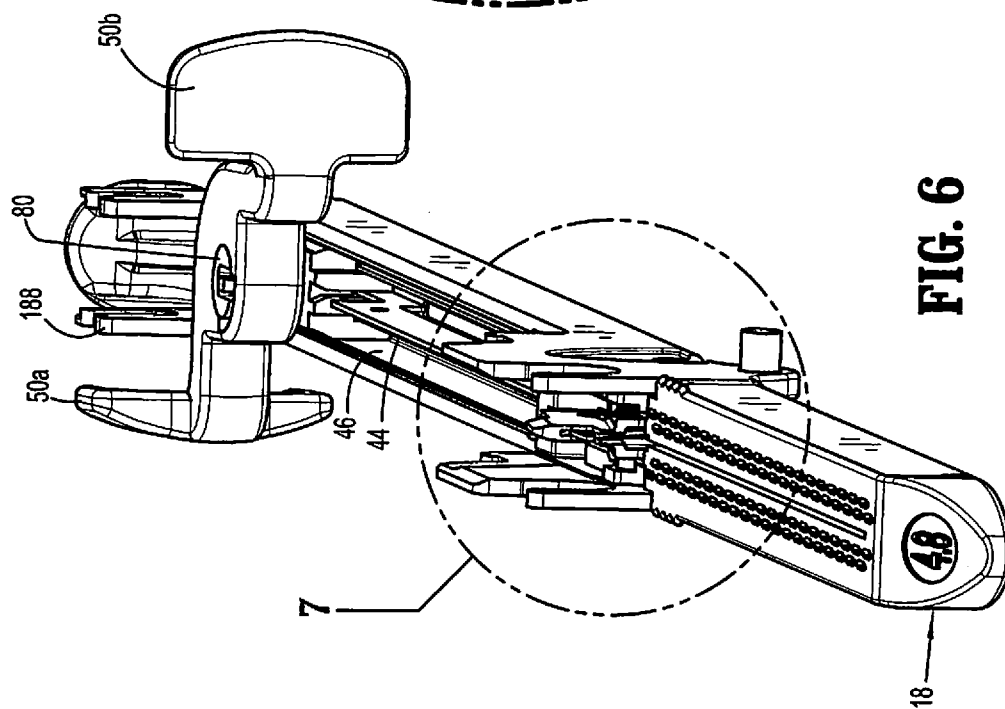


FIG. 3A





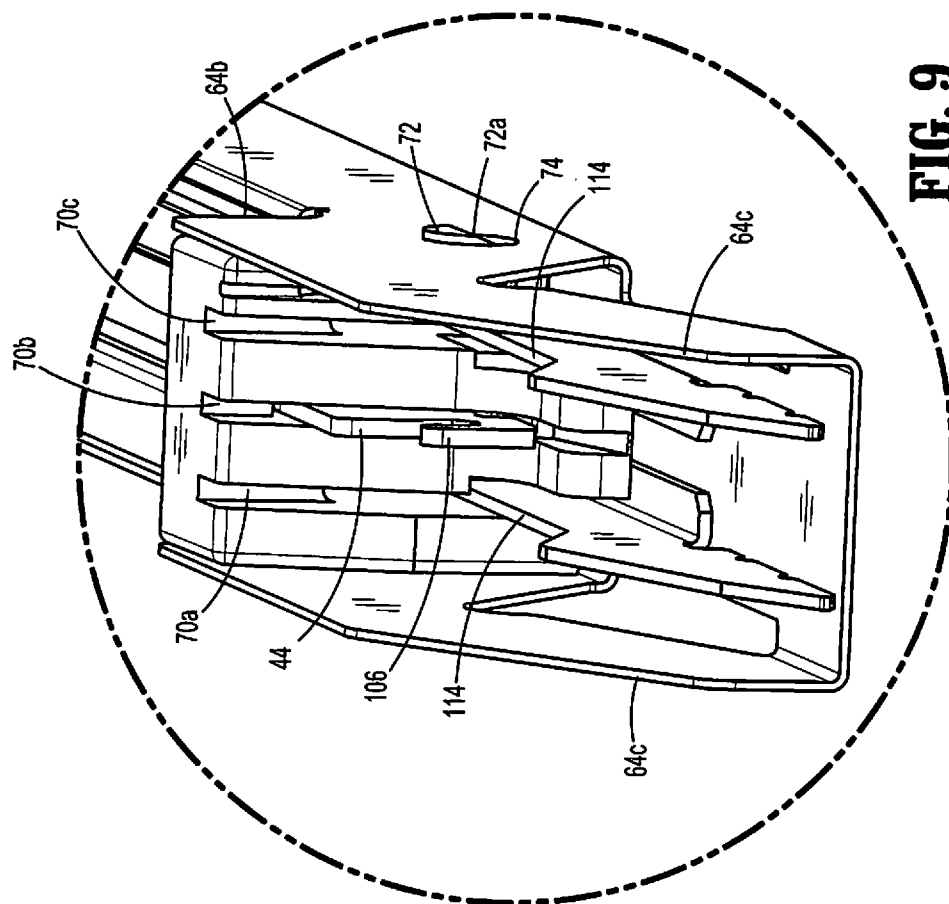


FIG. 9

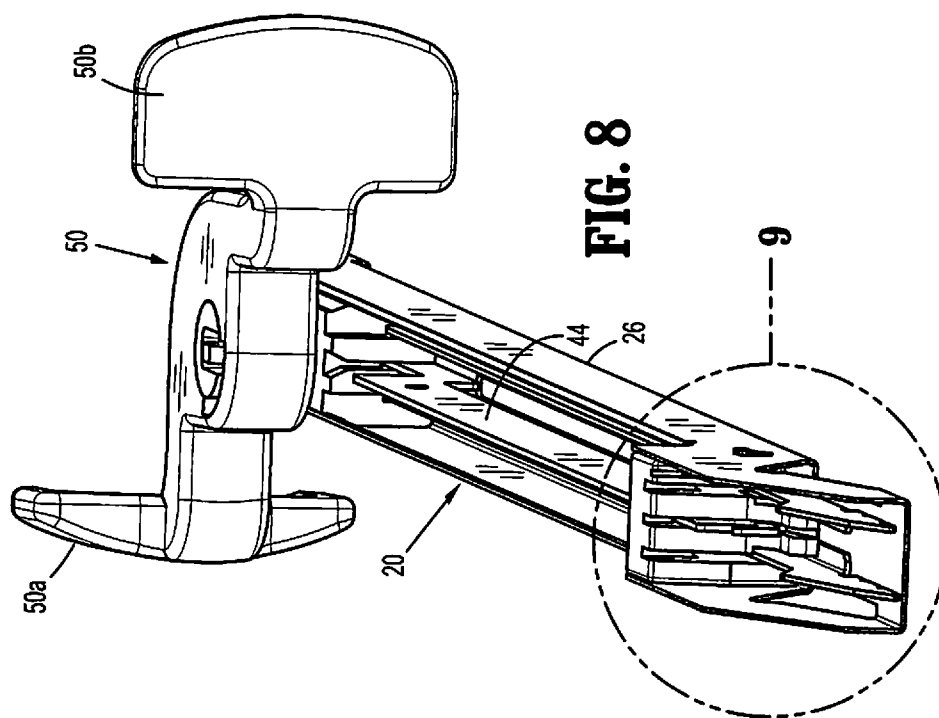


FIG. 8

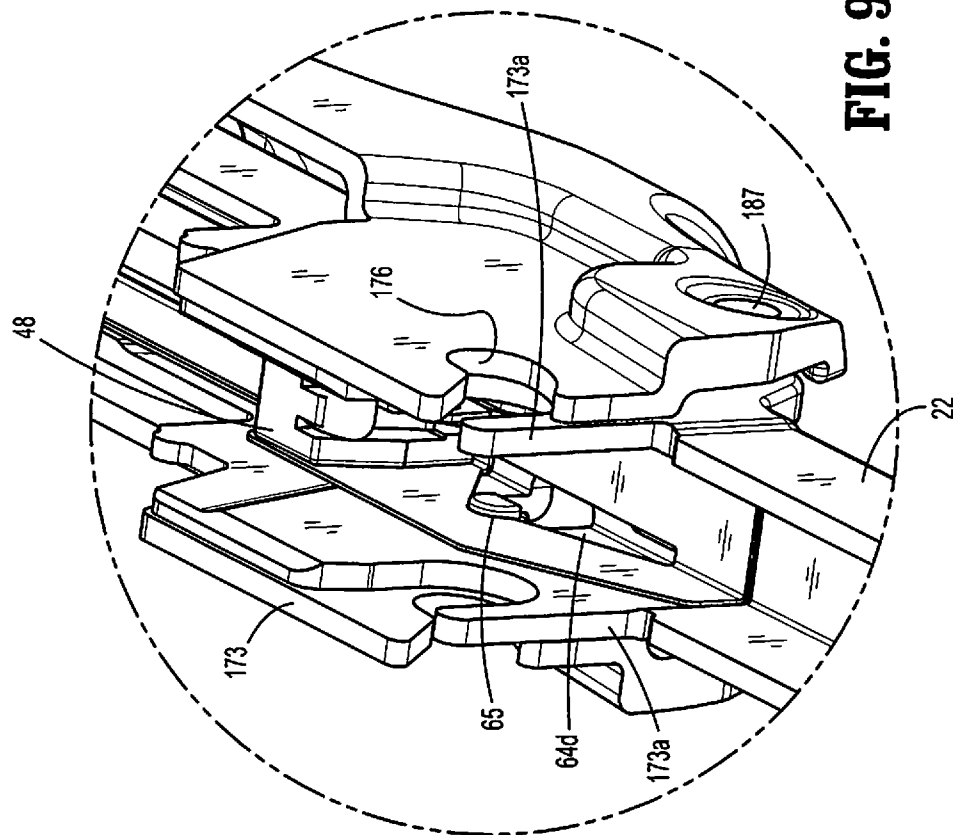
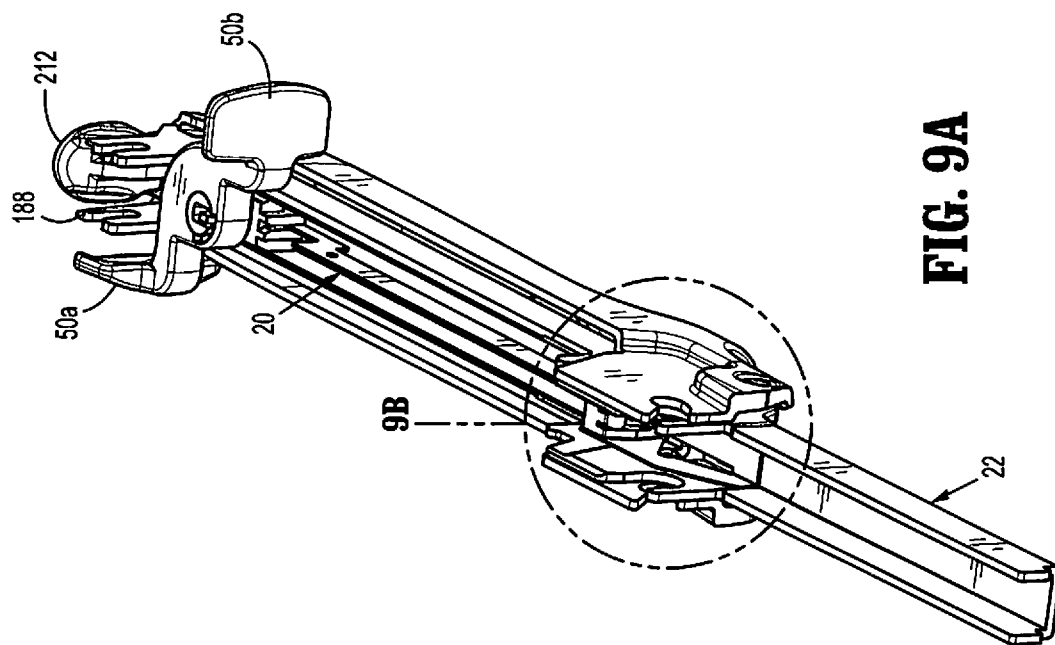


FIG. 9B

FIG. 9A

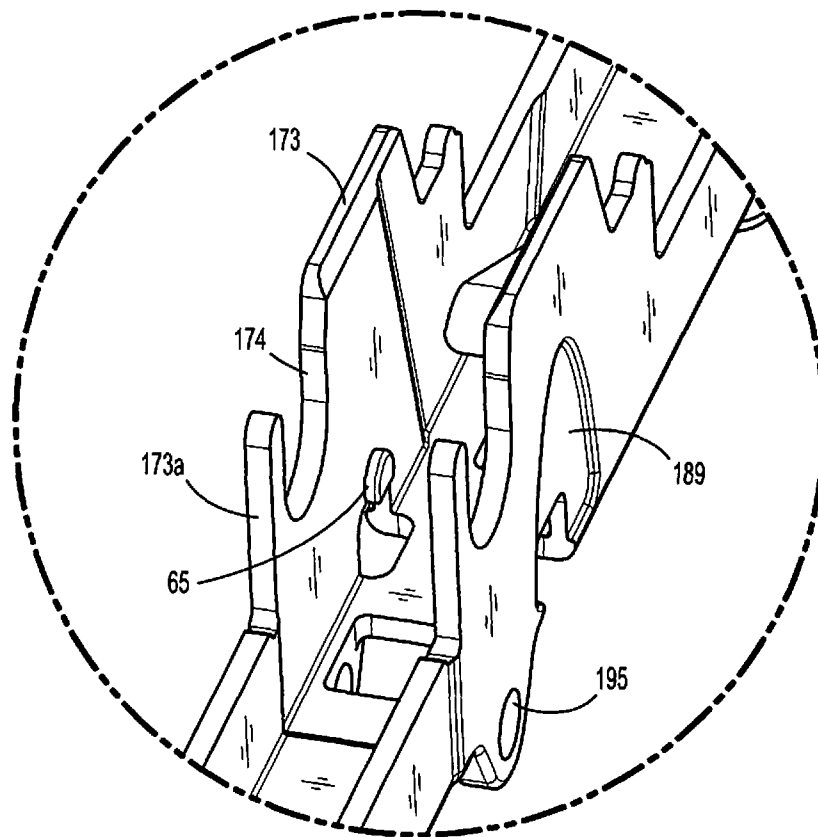
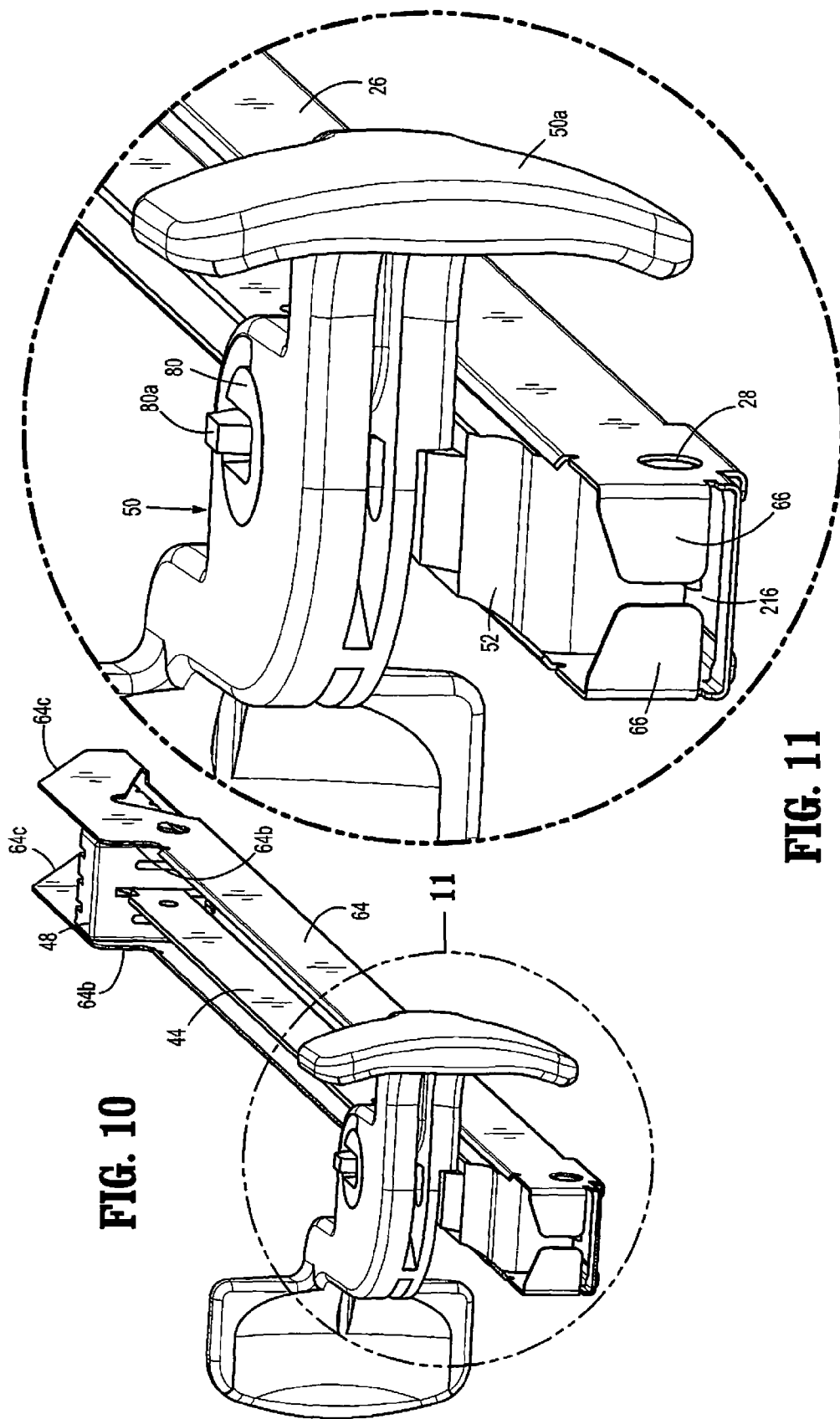
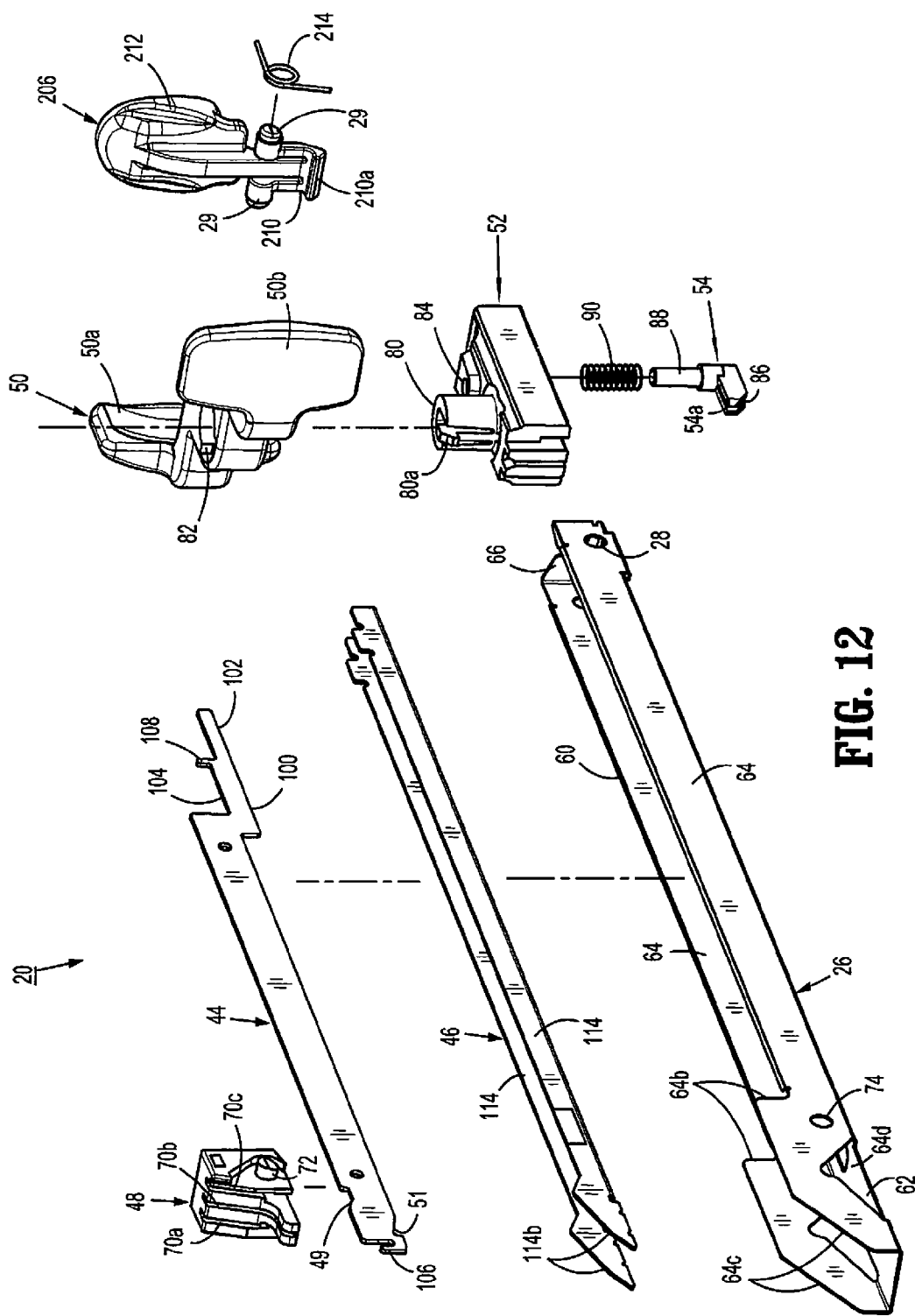


FIG. 9C





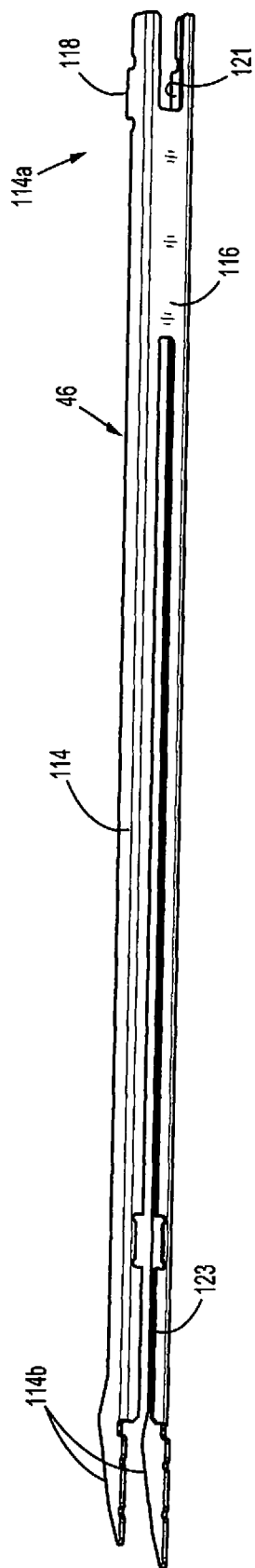


FIG. 12A

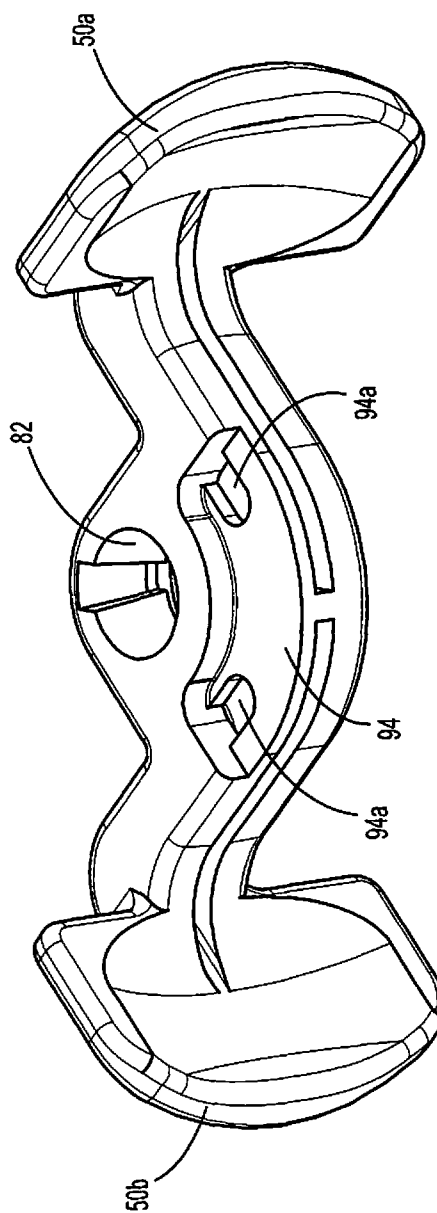
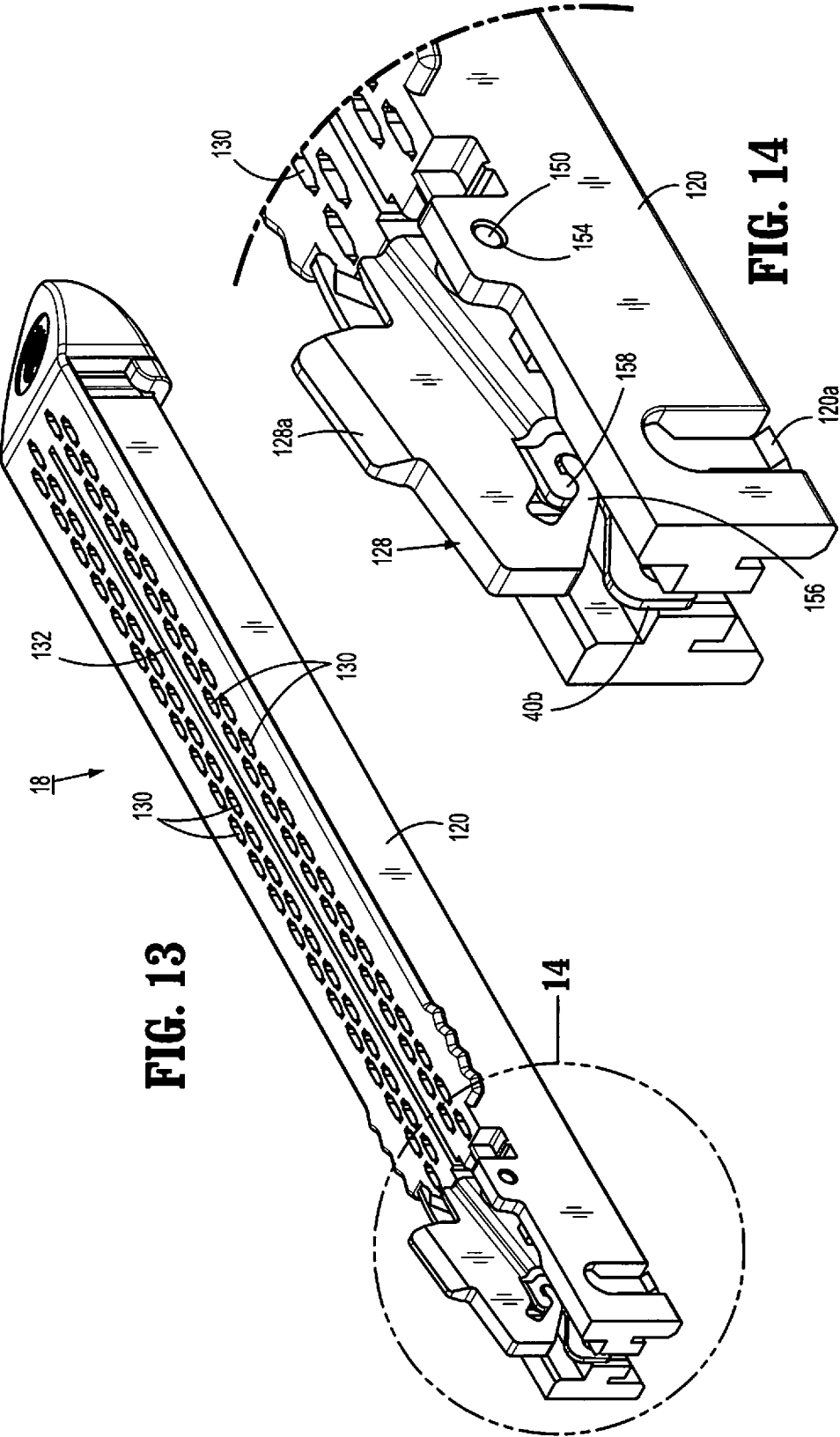


FIG. 12B



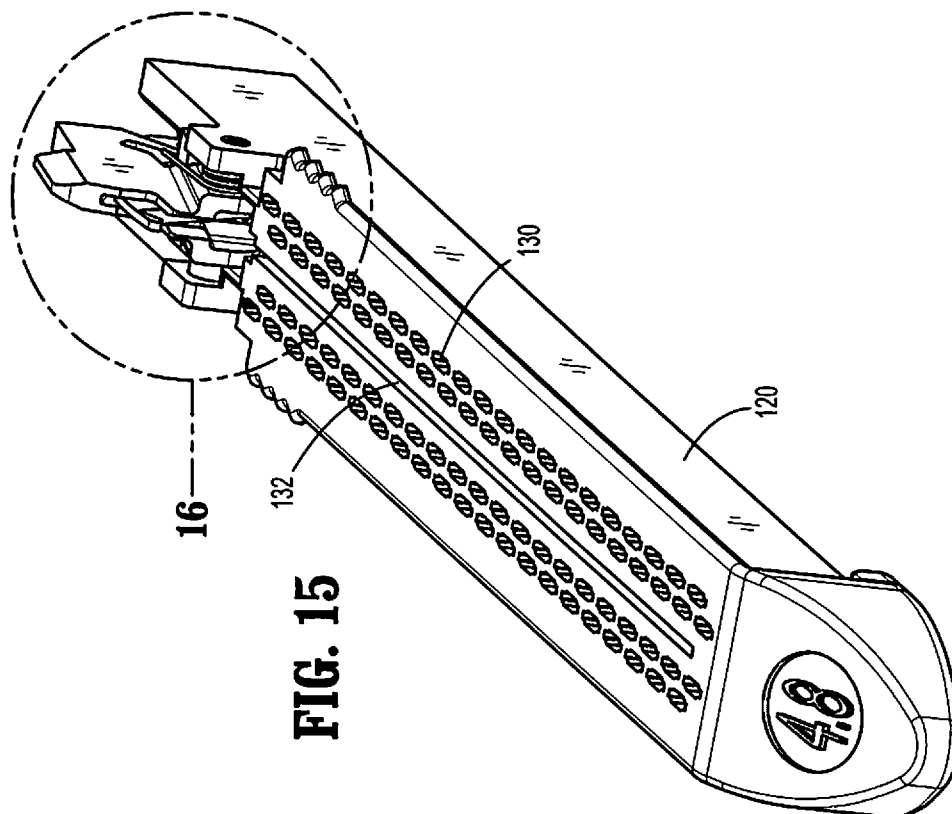


FIG. 15

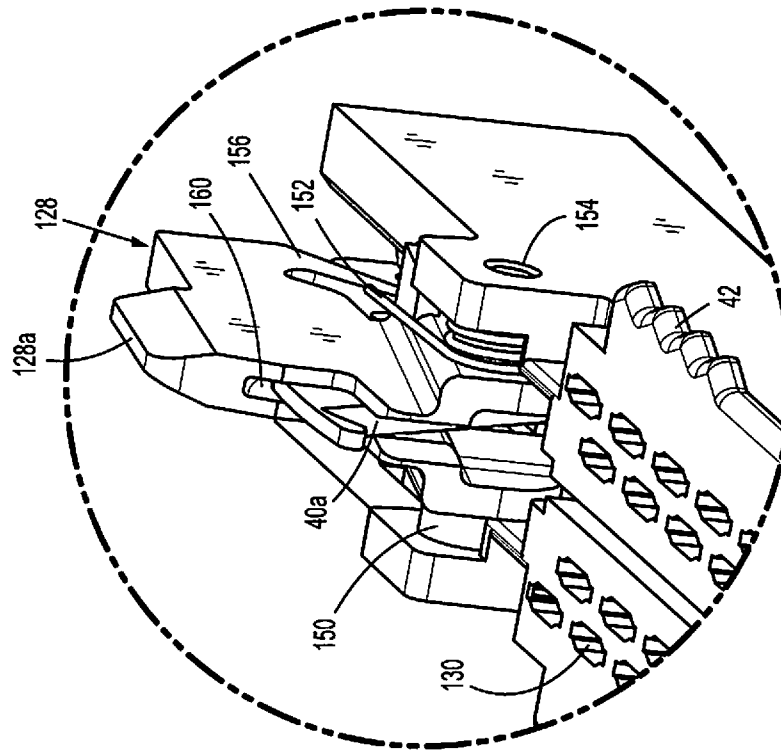
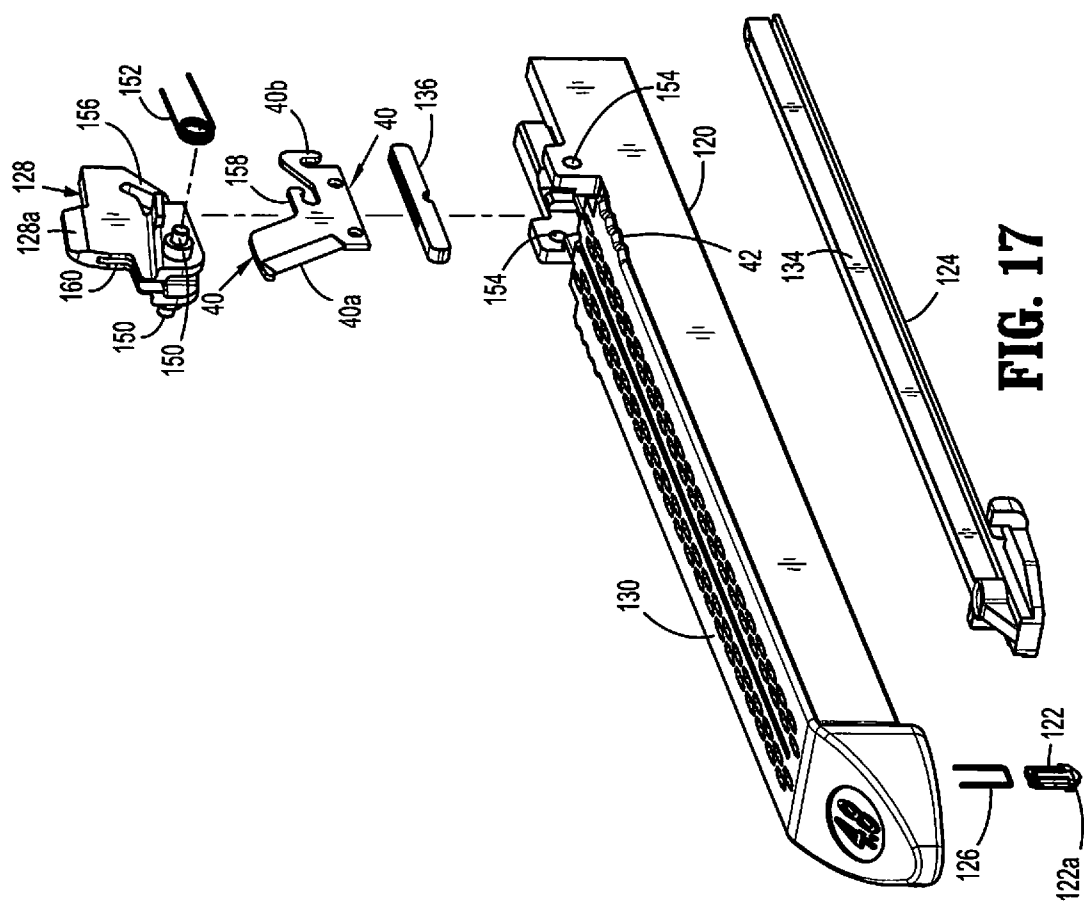
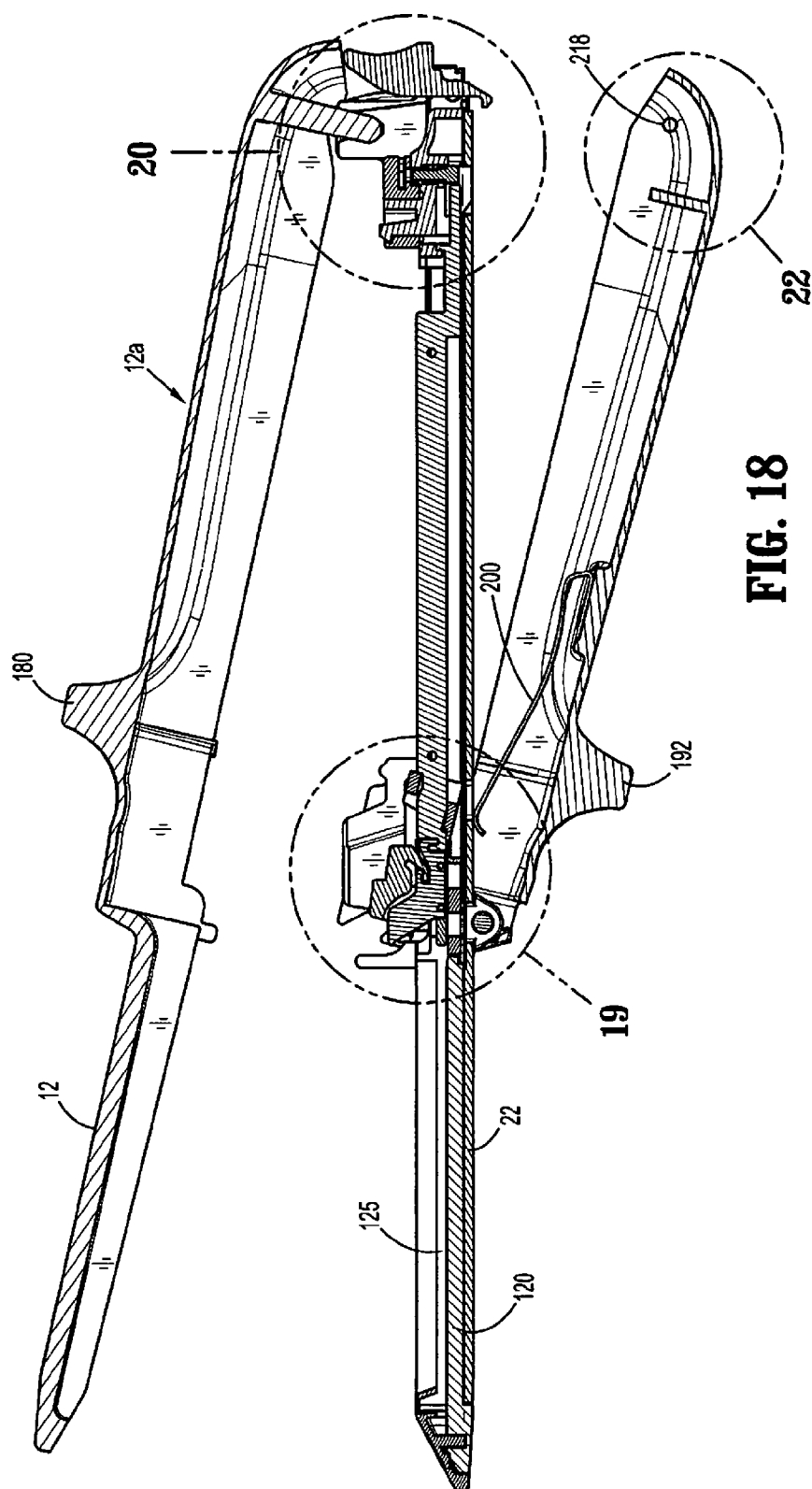


FIG. 16





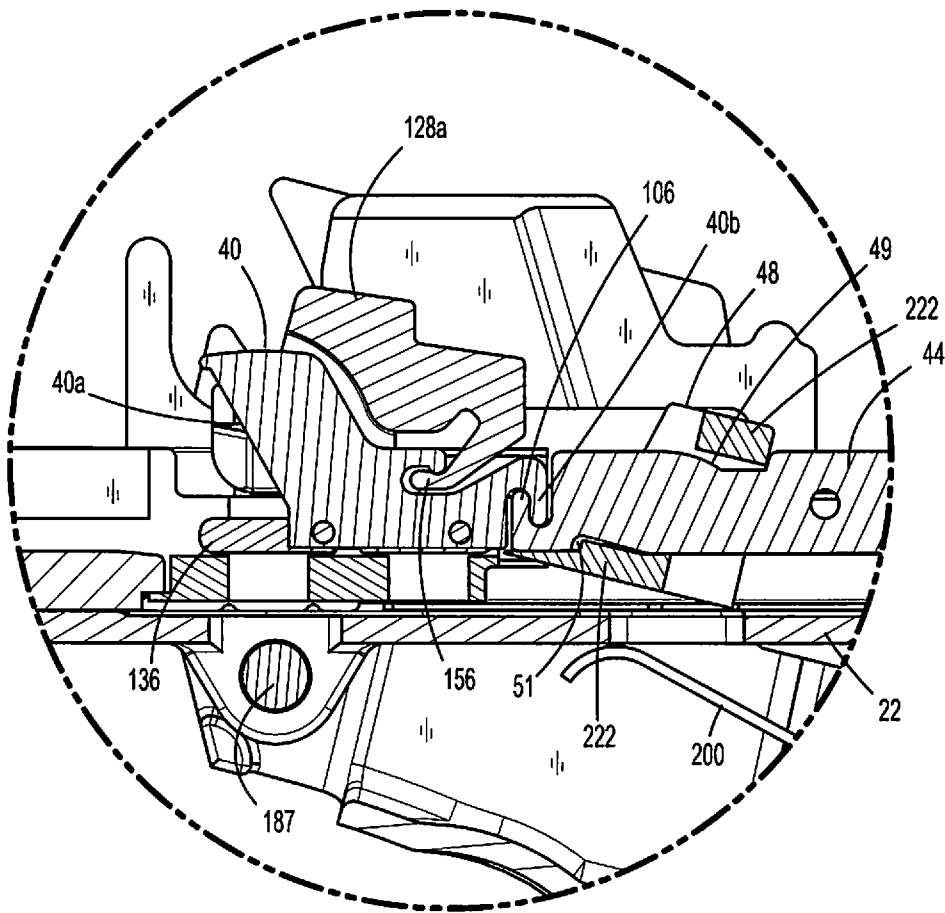


FIG. 19

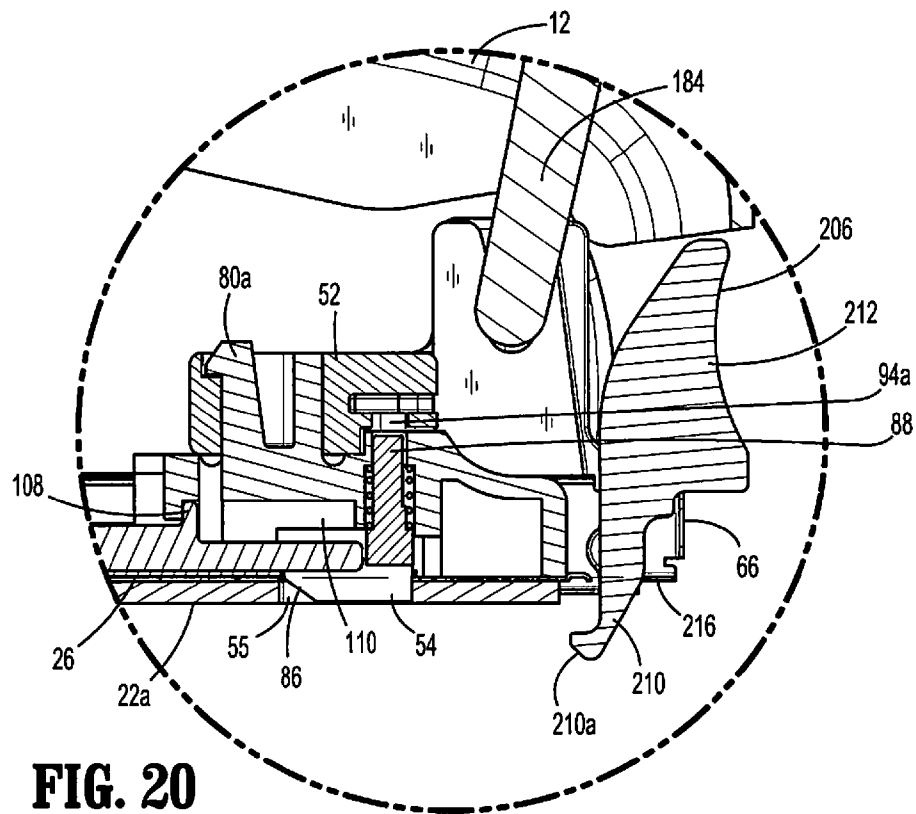


FIG. 20

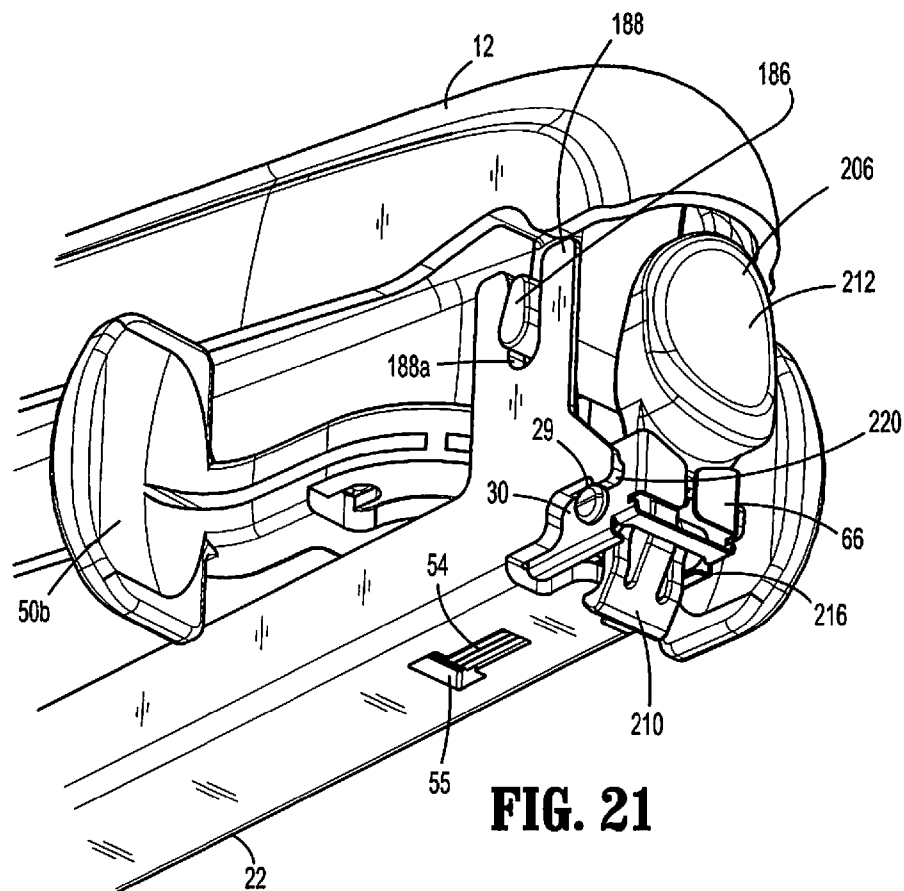


FIG. 21

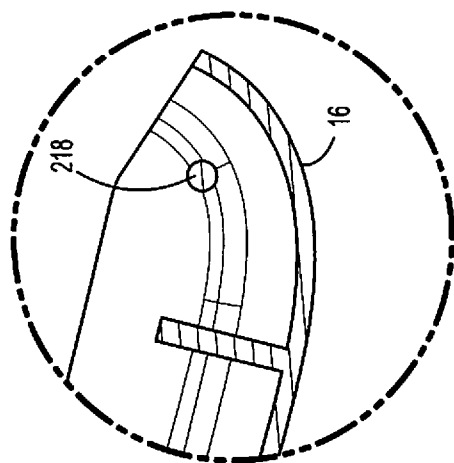


FIG. 22

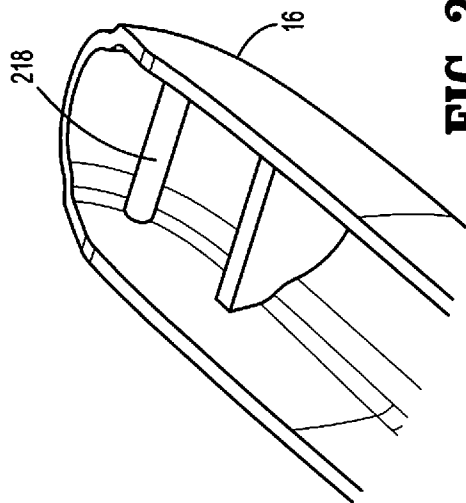


FIG. 23

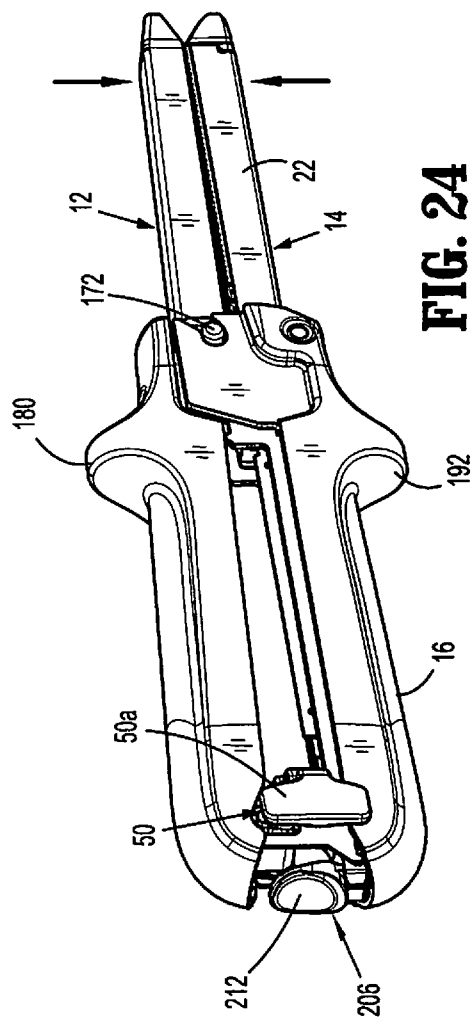


FIG. 24

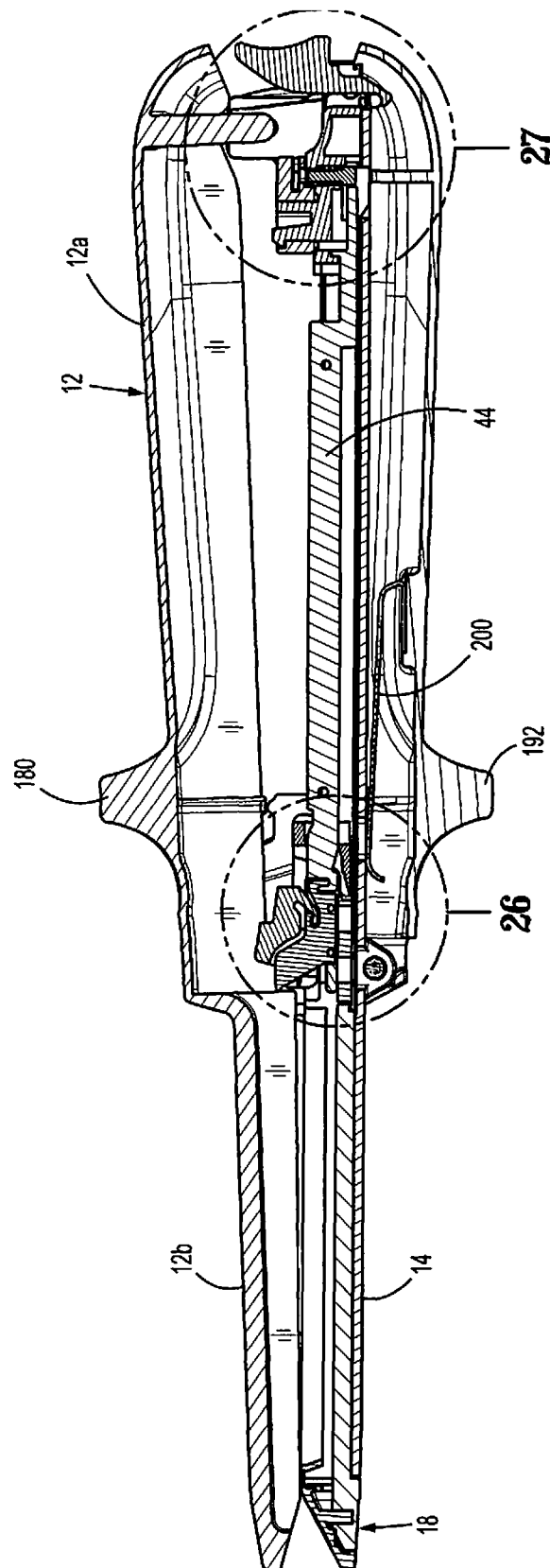
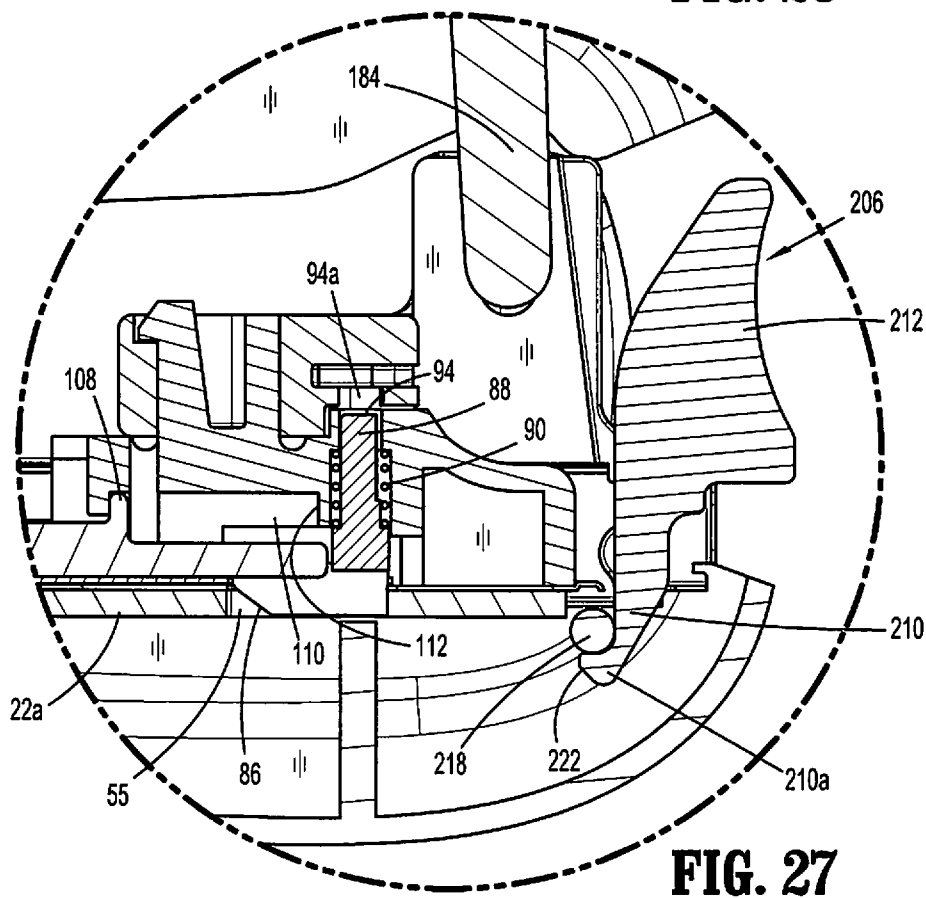
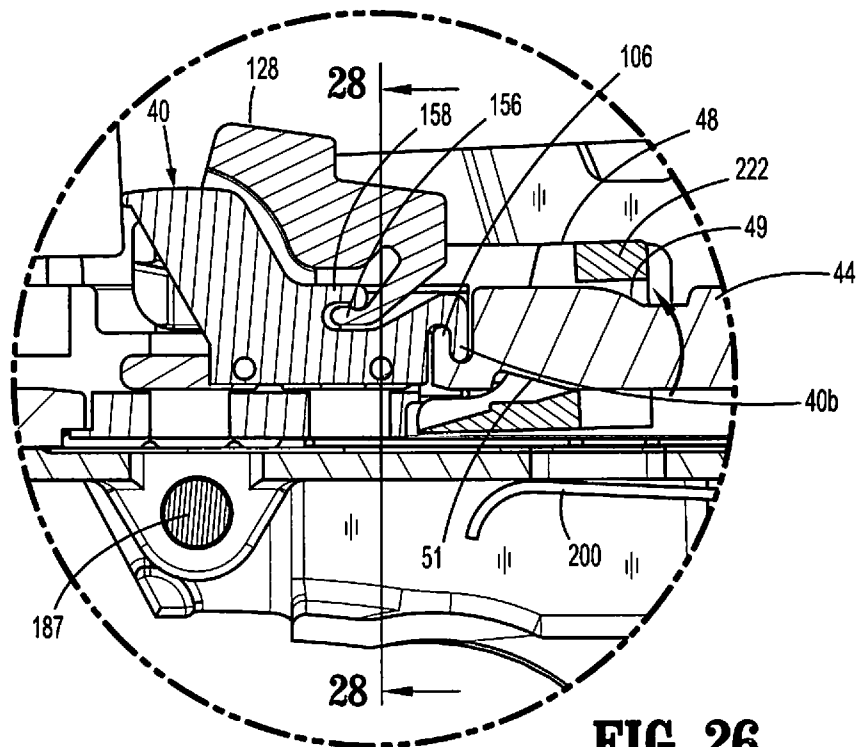


FIG. 25



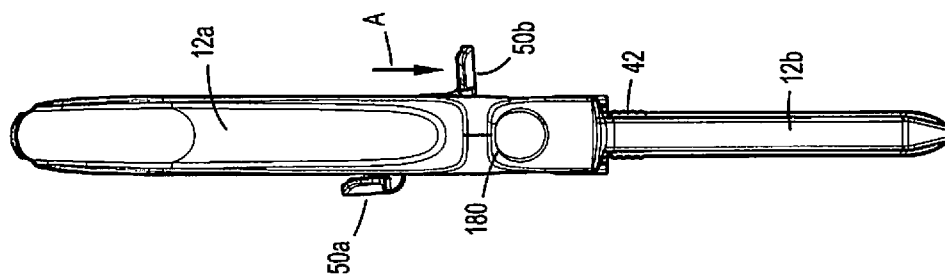


FIG. 29

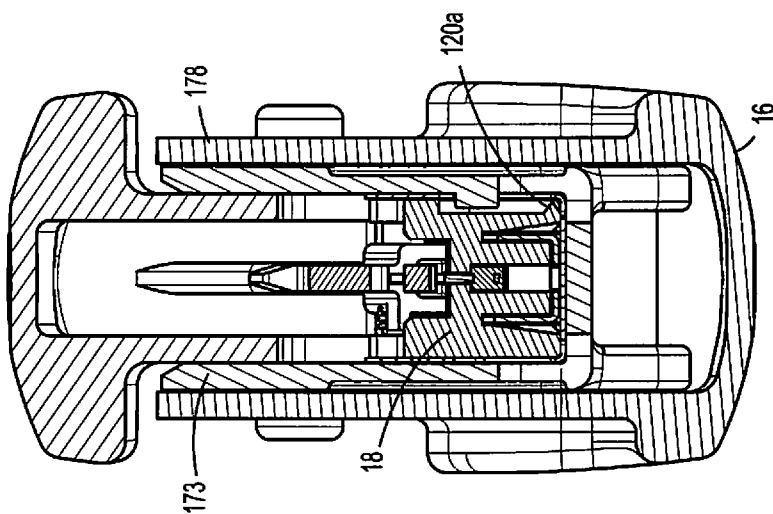


FIG. 28

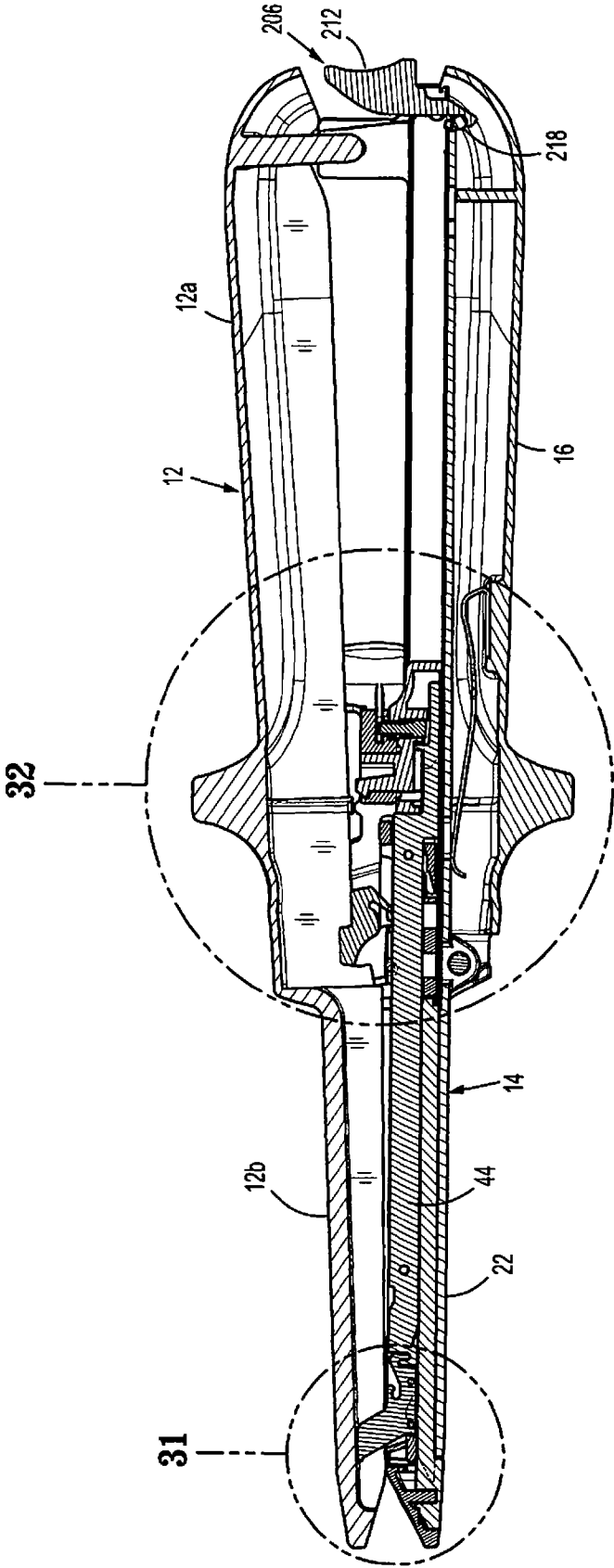


FIG. 30

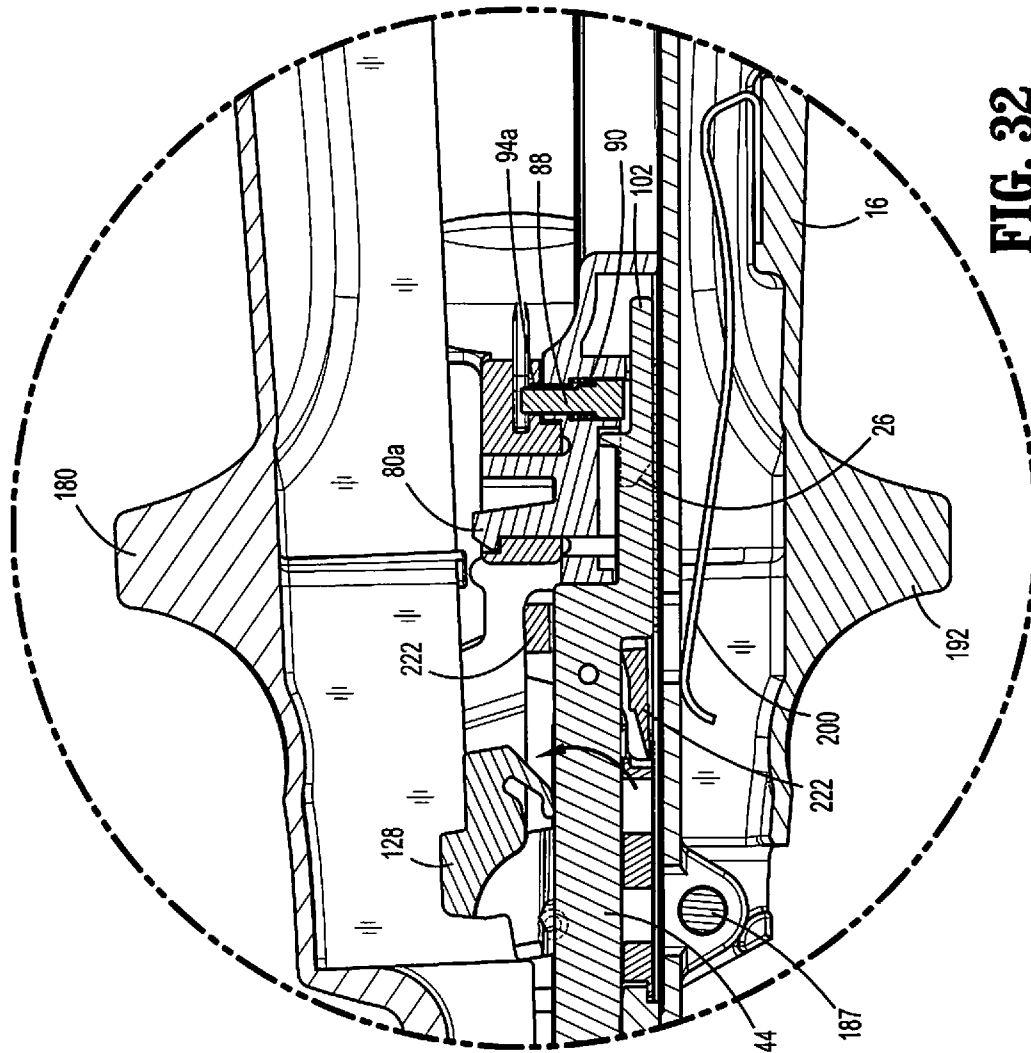


FIG. 32

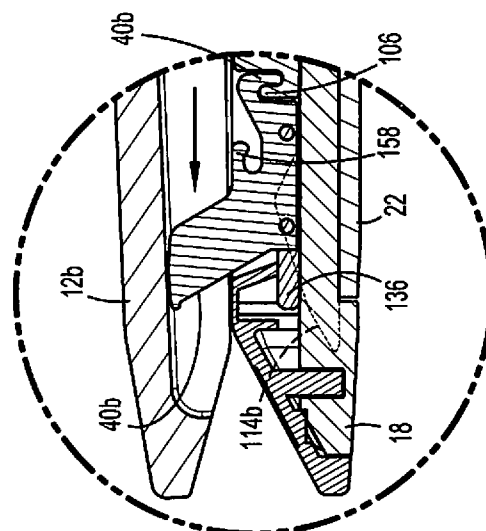
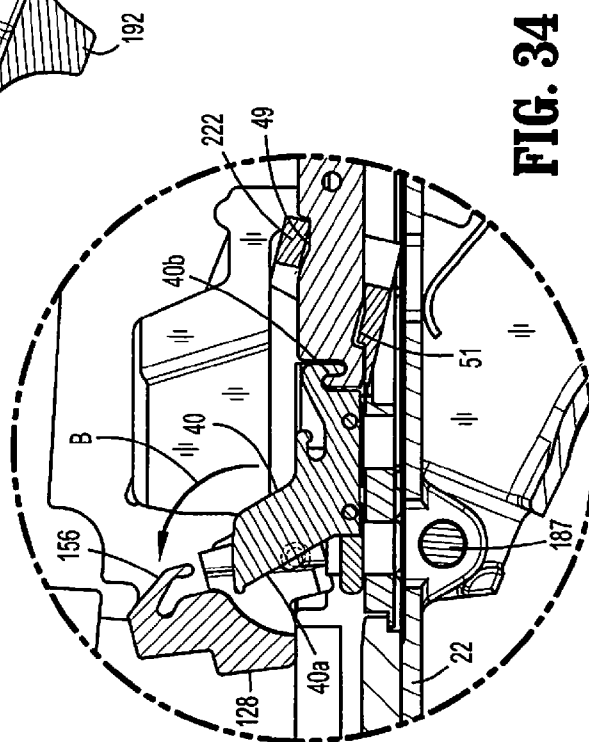
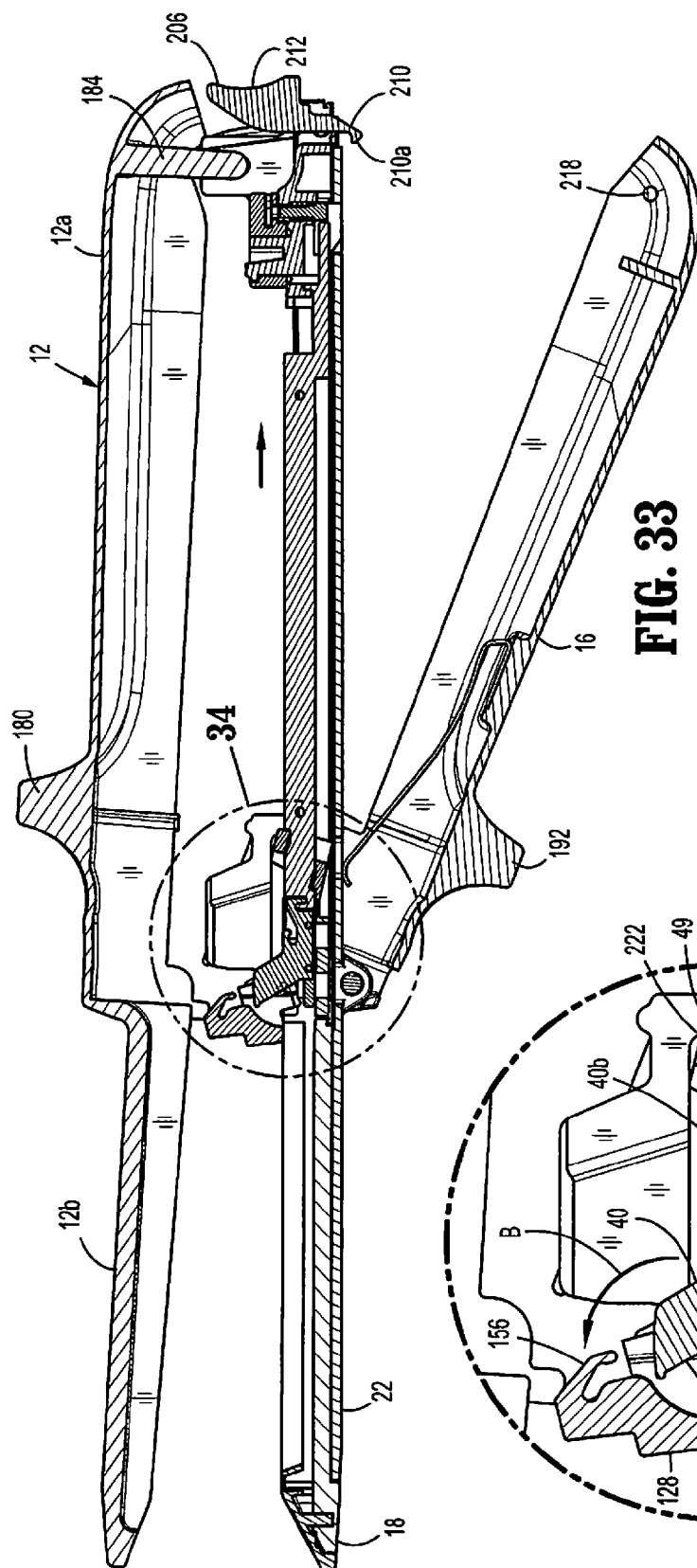


FIG. 31



1

SURGICAL FASTENER APPLYING APPARATUS

This application claims priority from provisional application Ser. No. 61/494,985, filed Jun. 9, 2011, the entire contents of which are incorporated herein by reference.

BACKGROUND

1. Technical Field

The present disclosure relates to a surgical fastener applying apparatus and, more particularly, to a surgical fastener applying apparatus having reusable and disposable components.

2. Discussion of Related Art

Surgical fastener applying apparatus, wherein tissue is first grasped or clamped between opposing jaw structures and then joined by means of surgical fasteners, are well known in the art. In some such apparatus, a knife is provided to cut the tissue which has been joined by the fasteners. The fasteners are typically in the form of surgical staples, although, other surgical fasteners may also be utilized, such as, for example, clips or two part polymeric surgical fasteners.

Surgical fastener applying apparatus typically include two elongated beam members which are used to capture or clamp tissue therebetween. Typically, one of the beam members carries a disposable cartridge assembly which houses a plurality of staples arranged in at least two lateral rows, while the other beam member includes an anvil which defines a surface for forming the staple legs as the staples are driven from the cartridge assembly. Where two part fasteners are used, the beam member which includes the anvil carries a mating part of the two part fastener, e.g. the receiver. Generally, the staple formation process is affected by the interaction between one or more longitudinally moving camming members and a series of individual staple pushers. As the camming members travel longitudinally through the cartridge carrying beam member, the individual pusher members are biased upwardly into a backspan of the staples supported within the cartridge assembly to sequentially eject the staples from the cartridge. A knife may be provided to travel with the camming members between the staple rows to cut the tissue between the rows of formed staples. An example of such an instrument is disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 7,631,794, which is incorporated herein in its entirety by reference.

Because of the dangers associated with improper sterilization, surgical fastener applying apparatus are typically disposable after use. Although the cartridge assembly may be replaced to perform multiple fastener applying operations on a single patient, the fastener applying apparatus is typically disposable after a surgical procedure has been completed. This requirement of disposability may increase the costs associated with surgical procedures. Although reusable fastener applying apparatus have been developed, such apparatus can be overly complex and prove difficult to sterilize.

A need exists in the art for a fastener applying apparatus which includes reusable components, is not overly complex and is configured to facilitate proper sterilization after use in a surgical procedure.

SUMMARY

The present invention relates to a surgical fastener applying apparatus for applying surgical fasteners to tissue. In one embodiment, the apparatus includes an anvil half-section including a distal anvil portion and a proximal handle portion. A cartridge receiving half-section defines an elongated chan-

2

nel member having a distal portion dimensioned to releasably receive a single use loading unit and a proximal portion configured to support a firing assembly. A clamping lever is secured to the cartridge receiving half-section and includes a proximal portion and a distal portion and a handle portion supporting an engagement member. A firing assembly is configured to be releasably supported within the proximal portion of the cartridge receiving half-section. The firing assembly includes a stationary housing, a firing lever, a cam bar fixedly secured to the firing lever, and a pivotal locking member including a latch portion. The clamping lever is operably associated with the anvil half-section and the cartridge receiving half-section and is movable from an unclamped position to a clamped position to releasably secure the anvil portion of the anvil half-section in close approximation with the single use loading unit. In the clamped position, the engagement member of the clamping lever releasably engages the latch portion of the locking member to releasably retain the clamping lever in the clamped position.

In one embodiment, the engagement member includes a cylindrical post, although other engagement member configurations are also envisioned. The latch portion, in one embodiment, includes a hook member engageable with the engagement member of the clamping lever. The locking member can include a pair of pivot members which are pivotally supported in openings defined in a proximal end of the stationary housing of the firing assembly. A spring member can be supported on the clamping lever and positioned to engage the cartridge receiving half-section to urge the clamping lever to the unclamped position. A biasing member can be provided to urge the latch portion inwardly towards the stationary housing.

In one embodiment, a finger engagement member is positioned on the locking member wherein the finger engagement member is depressed to release the latch portion from the engagement member of the clamping lever. The finger engagement member can be positioned proximal of the firing lever. In one embodiment, the finger engagement member is positioned on one end of the locking member and the latch portion is positioned on the other end of the locking member.

In one embodiment, the latch portion extends through an opening in the proximal end of the stationary housing and below a bottom surface of the elongate channel member.

In one embodiment, the firing assembly and single use loading unit are disposable and the anvil half-section, cartridge receiving half-section and clamping lever are reusable.

In one embodiment, the elongated channel member has first and second cutouts to receive the pivot members to releasably secure the firing assembly within the proximal portion of the channel member.

The stationary housing can include a U-shaped frame including a bottom wall and a pair of sidewalls, wherein each of the sidewalls has a proximal end defining the openings and the pivot members are dimensioned to extend through the openings at a position to be received in cutouts formed in a proximal end of the cartridge receiving half-section to releasably retain the stationary housing within the proximal portion of the elongated channel member.

The firing assembly can include a guide block axially fixed within the U-shaped frame and a slide block slidably positioned with the U-shaped frame, wherein the firing lever is pivotally secured to the slide block and the cam bar is fixedly secured to the slide block such that the slide block is slidable through the U-shaped frame to advance the cam bar through the distal portion of the elongated channel member. The firing

3

assembly can further include a knife actuating bar which is configured to engage a knife supported within the single use loading unit.

The cartridge receiving half-section can include a sidewall defining a depression and the clamping lever can include a sidewall defining a protrusion wherein the protrusion is positionable within the depression to retain the clamping lever.

In one embodiment, the clamping lever is releasably secured to the cartridge receiving half-section.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Various embodiments of the presently disclosed surgical fastener applying apparatus will now be described herein with reference to the accompanying figures wherein:

FIG. 1 is a side perspective view from the distal end of one embodiment of the presently disclosed surgical fastener applying apparatus in the clamped position;

FIG. 2 is a side perspective view from the proximal end of the surgical fastener applying apparatus shown in FIG. 1 in the clamped position;

FIG. 2A is a side perspective view of the surgical fastener applying apparatus shown in FIG. 1 in the open position;

FIG. 2B is an enlarged view of the indicated area of detail shown in FIG. 2A;

FIG. 3 is a side perspective view with parts separated of the surgical fastener applying apparatus shown in FIG. 1;

FIG. 3A is a side cross-sectional view of the clamp lever of the fastener applying apparatus shown in FIG. 1;

FIG. 4 is a side perspective view of the cartridge receiving half-section of the surgical fastener applying apparatus shown in FIG. 1 with the single use loading unit and the firing assembly supported therein;

FIG. 5 is an enlarged view of the indicated area of detail shown in FIG. 4;

FIG. 6 is a perspective view from above of the cartridge receiving half-section of the surgical fastener applying apparatus with the SULU and the firing assembly supported therein;

FIG. 7 is an enlarged view of the indicated area of detail shown in FIG. 6;

FIG. 8 is a front end perspective view from above of the firing assembly of the surgical fastener applying apparatus shown in FIG. 3;

FIG. 9 is an enlarged view of the indicated area of detail shown in FIG. 8;

FIG. 9A is a top perspective view of the channel member with the firing assembly releasably secured therein;

FIG. 9B is an enlarged view of the indicated area of detail shown in FIG. 9A;

FIG. 9C is a top perspective view of a central portion of the channel member;

FIG. 10 is a rear end perspective view from above of the firing assembly shown in FIG. 8;

FIG. 11 is an enlarged view of the indicated area of detail shown in FIG. 10;

FIG. 12 is a side perspective view of the firing assembly shown in FIG. 10 with parts separated;

FIG. 12A is a bottom perspective view of the cam bar of the firing assembly shown in FIG. 12;

FIG. 12B is a bottom perspective view of the firing lever of the firing assembly shown in FIG. 12;

FIG. 13 is a side perspective view of the SULU of the surgical fastener applying apparatus shown in FIG. 1;

FIG. 14 is an enlarged view of the indicated area of detail shown in FIG. 13;

4

FIG. 15 is a front perspective view of the SULU shown in FIG. 13;

FIG. 16 is an enlarged view of the indicated area of detail shown in FIG. 15;

FIG. 17 is a side perspective view with parts separated of the SULU shown in FIG. 15;

FIG. 18 is a side cross-sectional view of the surgical fastener applying apparatus shown in FIG. 1 in the open position;

FIG. 19 is an enlarged view of the indicated area of detail shown in FIG. 18;

FIG. 20 is an enlarged view of the indicated area of detail shown in FIG. 18;

FIG. 21 is a perspective view of the proximal end of the surgical fastener applying apparatus shown in FIG. 18 in the open position;

FIG. 22 is an enlarged view of the indicated area of detail shown in FIG. 18;

FIG. 23 is a perspective view from below of the proximal end of the clamping lever of the surgical fastener applying apparatus shown in FIG. 1;

FIG. 24 is a side perspective view of the surgical fastener applying apparatus shown in FIG. 1 in the clamped position;

FIG. 25 is a side cross-sectional view of the surgical fastener applying apparatus shown in FIG. 24 in the clamped position;

FIG. 26 is an enlarged view of the indicated area of detail shown in FIG. 25;

FIG. 27 is an enlarged view of the indicated area of detail shown in FIG. 25;

FIG. 28 is a cross-sectional view taken along section lines 28-28 of FIG. 26;

FIG. 29 is a top view of the surgical fastener applying apparatus shown in FIG. 1 as the firing assembly is moved through an actuating stroke to eject fasteners from the fastener applying apparatus;

FIG. 30 is a side cross-sectional view of the surgical fastener applying apparatus shown in FIG. 29 with the firing assembly in the actuated position;

FIG. 31 is an enlarged view of the indicated area of detail shown in FIG. 30;

FIG. 32 is an enlarged view of the indicated area of detail shown in FIG. 30;

FIG. 33 is a side cross-sectional view of the surgical fastener applying apparatus shown in FIG. 1 after the apparatus has been fired and moved to the open position; and

FIG. 34 is an enlarged view of the indicated area of detail shown in FIG. 33.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

Embodiments of the presently disclosed surgical fastener applying apparatus in accordance with the present disclosure will now be described in detail with reference to the drawings wherein like reference numerals identify similar or identical structural elements. As used herein, as is traditional, the term "proximal" refers to the end of the apparatus which is closer to the user and the term distal refers to the end of the apparatus which is further away from the user.

FIGS. 1-34 illustrate one embodiment of the presently disclosed surgical fastener applying apparatus designated generally as surgical stapler 10. Referring specifically to FIGS. 1-3, surgical stapler 10 includes an anvil half-section 12, a cartridge receiving (supporting) half-section 14, a clamping lever 16, a single use loading unit or cartridge 18 (hereinafter "SULU") and a firing assembly 20. In one embodiment, anvil half-section 12, cartridge receiving half-section 14 and clamping lever 16 are constructed to be reus-

5

able components and, as such, are constructed from a biocompatible material suitable for sterilization and repeated use, e.g., stainless steel. In contrast, SULU 18 and firing assembly 20 are constructed to be disposable and, as such, may be constructed from any suitable biocompatible material, e.g., plastics, metals, combinations thereof, having the requisite strength characteristics. SULU 18 and firing assembly 20 can alternatively be constructed as an integral unit to be loaded as a single unit into the cartridge receiving half-section 18.

Referring to FIGS. 3-7, cartridge receiving half-section 14 defines an elongated channel member 22 which defines a substantially U-shaped channel 24 having a distal portion 24a dimensioned to releasably receive a SULU 18 and a proximal portion 24b dimensioned to releasably receive firing assembly 20. Firing assembly 20 includes a stationary housing 26 (see also FIG. 12) having a proximal end including openings 28 which receive ends of pivot members 29. Pivot members 29 pivotally support a locking member 206 on a proximal end of stationary housing 26 and extend through openings 28 into recesses 30 (FIG. 3) formed in a proximal portion of cartridge receiving half-section 14 to releasably secure the proximal end of firing assembly 20 within the proximal portion 24b of channel member 22 as will be discussed in further detail below. The distal end of firing assembly 20 defines a triangular cutout 64d. Cutout 64d is positioned to receive a protrusion 65 formed on an inner wall of channel member 22 (see FIGS. 9A-9C) to releasably secure the distal end of firing assembly 20 within channel member 22. The structure of firing assembly 20 will also be discussed in further detail below. SULU 18 includes a pair of distal protrusions 32 which are positioned in cutouts 34 formed at the distal end of channel member 22 to releasably secure SULU 18 within the distal portion 24a of channel member 22. During assembly, firing assembly 20 must be inserted into proximal portion 24b of channel member 22 before SULU 18 is inserted into distal portion 24a of channel member 22 as will be discussed below. To position SULU 18 in channel member 22, protrusions 32 on SULU 18 are positioned within cutouts 34 while SULU 18 is positioned above and at an angle to channel member 22. Thereafter, SULU 18 can be rotated downwardly into distal portion 24a of U-shaped channel 24. This allows for the drive components of firing assembly 20 to properly align with components of SULU 18 and also facilitates engagement of the firing assembly 20 with a knife 40 (FIG. 17) supported within SULU 18. A proximal end of SULU 18 includes an outwardly extending serrated surface 42 (FIG. 7) to facilitate gripping of the proximal end of SULU 18 to allow for removal and/or replacement of SULU 18 from channel member 22. Prior to movement of stapler 10 to the clamped position, as will be discussed below, serrated gripping surface 42 will not fully seat within distal portion 24a of channel member 22.

Referring to FIGS. 8-12, firing assembly 20 includes stationary housing 26, a knife actuating bar 44, a cam bar 46, a guide block 48, a firing lever 50, a slide block 52, a pedal 54 and pivotal locking member 206 (FIG. 12). In one embodiment, stationary housing 26 includes a U-shaped frame 60 including a bottom wall 62 and a pair of sidewalls 64. The distal end of each sidewall 64 defines a proximal step 64b, a distal angled portion 64c and the triangular cutout 64d. As discussed above, triangular cutout 64d is positioned to receive the protrusion 65 (FIG. 9B) formed on an inner wall of channel member 22. A proximal end of each sidewall 64 includes a pair of transversely extending deformable wall portions 66 (FIG. 11) which are spaced from a proximal end of slide block 52 and define an area between wall portions 66 and slide

6

block 52 for pivotally receiving locking member 206 as will be discussed in further detail below.

Guide block 48 includes a body defining three longitudinal slots 70a-c and a pair of outwardly extending protrusions 72. In one embodiment, each protrusion 72 is substantially cylindrical and includes a tapered portion 72a (FIG. 9). Alternatively, other protrusion configurations are envisioned. Protrusions 72 are dimensioned to be received in openings 74 (FIG. 12) formed in sidewalls 64 of stationary housing 26 to axially fix guide block 48 within the distal end of stationary housing 26. Protrusions 72 allow for a degree of pivotal movement of guide block 48 within U-shaped frame 60. As will be discussed in further detail below, guide block 48 is pivotal from a first position (FIG. 19) in locking engagement with notches 49 and 51 of knife actuating bar 44 to a second position (FIG. 26) disengaged from notches 49 and 51 of knife actuating bar 44 in response to movement of stapler 10 to the clamped position. A torsion spring is provided about protrusion 72 to urge guide block 48 into locking engagement with notches 49 and 51. Each of slots 70a and 70c is dimensioned to slidably receive a respective sidewall 114 of cam bar 46. Similarly, slot 70b is dimensioned to slidably receive knife actuating bar 44.

Slide block 52 includes a hub 80 which includes a resilient finger 80a configured to be snap-fit into a pivot hole 82 formed in firing lever 50. Firing lever 50 is pivotal about hub 80 when the slide block 52 is in a retracted position to facilitate actuation of the firing assembly 20 from either side of stapler 10. Pedal 54 is reciprocally received within a hole 84 formed in slide block 52. Pedal 54 includes a split body portion 54a which is configured to straddle a proximal end 102 of knife actuating bar 44. In one embodiment, split body portion 54a includes an angled distal surface 86. A pin 88 extends upwardly from pedal 54 through hole 84 in slide block 52. A biasing member 90 is positioned between split body portion 54a and slide block 52, about pin 88 to urge pedal 54 downwardly away from slide block 52 to an extended position. In the retracted position of slide block 52, pedal 54 is received in a cutout 55 formed in a bottom wall 22a of channel member 22 (FIG. 20).

Firing lever 50 includes first and second finger engagement members 50a and 50b, either one of which can be selectively engaged to move the firing lever 50 through a firing stroke from either side of stapler 10. An arcuate recess 94 (FIG. 12B) is formed in a bottom surface of firing lever 50 which slidably receives pin 88 of pedal 54 to define the range of rotation through which firing lever 50 can pivot about hub 80 of slide block 52. As used herein, a firing stroke is defined as movement of firing lever 50 from a fully retracted position (FIG. 25) to a fully advanced position (FIG. 30). A stop recess 94a is formed at each end of arcuate recess 94. Stop recesses 94a are configured and dimensioned to receive the end of pin 88 of pedal 54 to prevent pivotal movement of firing lever 50 about hub 80 during a firing stroke of surgical stapler 10. More specifically, when the firing assembly 20 is actuated to advance slide block 52 distally within stationary housing 26, angled distal surface 86 of pedal 54 engages channel member 22 and is cammed out of cutout 55 (FIG. 27) to urge pin 88 upwardly into a stop recess 94a to prevent pivotal movement of firing lever 50 during movement of firing lever 50 through a firing stroke. As is evident, pin 88 must be positioned beneath a stop recess 94a to allow pedal 54 to lift upwardly from cutout 55 to allow firing lever 50 to be moved through the firing stroke. Thus, firing lever 50 must be pivoted to one side or the other of firing assembly 20 before the firing lever 50 can be moved through a firing stroke.

7

Knife actuating bar 44 includes a proximal end having a stepped portion 100 which includes a proximal first step 102 having a first height and a second step 104 having a second height which is greater than the first height. A distal end of actuating bar 44 includes an upturned hook portion 106 and upper and lower notches 49 and 51. A finger 108 projects upwardly from knife actuating bar 44 between first and second steps 102 and 104. As shown in FIG. 27, finger 108 is slidably received within a recess 110 formed in an underside of slide block 52. When slide block 52 is advanced distally within stationary housing 26, finger 108 moves within recess 110 such that slide block 52 moves in relation to knife actuating bar 44 until finger 108 engages a wall 112 (FIG. 32) defining a proximal end of recess 110. When finger 108 engages wall 112, further distal movement of slide block 52 will also effect distal movement of knife actuating bar 44. As will be evident below, this arrangement allows for staples to be ejected from SULU 18 prior to cutting of tissue.

Referring to FIGS. 12 and 12A, cam bar 46 includes a pair of sidewalls 114 and a base wall 116. The proximal end 114a of each sidewall 114 includes a raised wall portion 118. Each raised wall portion 118 is configured to be fixedly received in a slot (not shown) formed in an underside of slide block 52 to fixedly secure the proximal end of cam bar 46 to slide block 52. Alternately, slide block 52 may be molded about the proximal end of knife actuating bar 44. The distal end of each sidewall 114 includes an angled camming surface 114b. Base wall 116 defines a distally extending elongated slot 123 which extends from the distal end of cam bar 46 along a substantial length of the cam bar 46 and a proximally extending longitudinal slot 121. Slot 121 is positioned to facilitate the passage of pedal 54 through cutout 55 of channel member 22 when slide block 52 is in the retracted position (see FIG. 27).

Sidewalls 114 of cam bar 46 are slidably positioned in slots 70a and 70c of guide block 48 and knife actuating bar 44 is slidably positioned in longitudinal slot 70b of guide block 48. When firing assembly 20 is supported in channel member 22 and firing lever 50 is pivoted to one side of stationary housing 26 and pushed distally, slide block 52 is moved distally within stationary housing 26. As slide block 52 begins to move distally, tapered surface 86 of pedal 54 engages a proximal edge of channel member 22 defining cutout 55 to urge pedal 54 upwardly out of cutout 55, through slot 121 of cam bar 46, and onto an inner surface of stationary housing 26 of firing assembly 20 (FIG. 27). As this occurs, pin 88 of pedal 54 moves into a stop recess 94a to prevent further pivotal movement of firing lever 50. If firing lever 50 is not pivoted to a position in which pin 88 is positioned beneath a stop recess 94a, pedal 54 will be prevented from moving upwardly out of cutout 55 and firing lever 50 will be prevented from moving through a firing stroke. As firing lever 50 is moved distally, finger 108 moves within recess 110 such that knife actuating bar 44 remains stationary as cam bar 46 is advanced distally. When finger 108 engages proximal wall 112 defining recess 110, knife actuating bar 44 is moved distally with slide block 52 and cam bar 46. As will be discussed below, when cam bar 46 and knife actuating bar 44 are moved distally within stationary housing 26 of firing assembly 20 and channel member 22, angled camming surfaces 114b of cam bar 46 are moved through SULU 18 to eject fasteners from SULU 18. Simultaneously, although with a preset delay equal to the length of recess 110 (FIG. 32), knife actuating bar 44 drives a knife blade 40 through SULU 18 to dissect tissue.

U.S. Pat. No. 7,631,794 ("the '794 patent") discloses a surgical fastener applying apparatus which includes a firing assembly similar to that described above. The '794 patent is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

8

FIGS. 13-17 illustrate SULU 18. Referring to FIG. 17, SULU 18 includes a body 120, a plurality of staple pushers 122 (only one is shown), a bottom cover 124, a knife 40 having an angled sharpened leading edge or blade 40a, a plurality of staples 126 (only one is shown), and a pivotally mounted safety lockout 128. A proximal end of body 120 includes a flexible finger 120a which projects slightly beyond the outer wall defining body 120 (see also FIG. 5). Finger 120a frictionally engages an inner wall of channel member 22 to retain the proximal end of SULU 18 within channel member 22 when SULU 18 is releasably positioned within channel member 22. As is known in the art, body 120 has a plurality of rows of staple retaining slots 130, e.g., four, six, etc. and a linear slotted knife track 132 centrally disposed in body 120. Surgical stapler 10 can be dimensioned to receive or accommodate SULU's of different staple line lengths including, e.g., 60 mm, 80 mm and 100 mm. Knife 40 includes a downturned hook portion 40b which is positioned to engage upturned hook portion 106 (FIG. 12) of knife actuating bar 44 when SULU 18 is positioned within channel member 22.

In the illustrated embodiment, body 120 includes two staggered rows of slots 130 formed on either side of linear slotted knife track 132. The staggered rows of slots 130 extend beyond the distal end of knife track 132 to facilitate staple formation beyond the distal end of the stroke of the knife blade 40.

Staple pushers 122 may be configured to extend into one or more slots 130. In one embodiment, a single pusher is associated with each slot 130. Alternately, as illustrated in FIG. 17, each pusher 122 can be configured to extend into two adjacent slots 130 and is positioned beneath respective staples 126 which are retained in slots 130. As is known in the art, each pusher 122 includes a lower cam surface 122a which is positioned to engage one of cam surfaces 114b (FIG. 12) on the distal end of cam bar 46 such that movement of cam bar 46 through SULU 18 sequentially lifts each respective pusher 122 within its respective slot or slots 130 to eject staples from slots 130.

Bottom cover 124 partially encloses a channel 125 (FIG. 18) formed within the cartridge body 120. A longitudinal ridge 134 is formed on an upper surface of bottom cover 124 and provides a bearing surface for a knife supporting member 136 which is secured to a bottom edge of knife 40. Knife 40 may be secured to supporting member 136 via pins, welding or other known fastening techniques. During a firing stroke, knife 40 is guided along knife track 132 as the firing lever 50 is advanced through channel member 22. A pair of slots 138 are defined between the sides of ridge 134 and an outer wall of cartridge body 120. Longitudinal ridge 134 is positioned within body 120 and dimensioned to be slidably received in elongated slot 120 (FIG. 12A) of cam bar 46 such that cam bar 46 is slidably movable through cartridge body 120 about longitudinal ridge 134 to eject staples 126 from SULU 18.

Safety lockout 128 is pivotally disposed on an upper proximal end of body 120 and is pivotal about a pivot member 150 from a locked orientation (FIG. 26) to unlocked orientation (FIG. 34). Pivot member 150 is received in openings 154 in body 120. A biasing member, e.g., spring 152, is positioned between knife supporting member 136 and safety lockout 128 to urge safety lockout 128 towards the unlocked orientation. Safety lockout 128 includes a proximal hook 156 which is positioned to receive an engagement member 158 formed on the knife 40 to retain the safety lockout 128 in the locked orientation when the knife 40 is in the retracted position (FIG. 19). When the knife 40 is moved towards the advanced position during a firing stroke, engagement member 158 is moved away from proximal hook 156 to allow safety lockout 128 to

pivot towards the unlocked position in response to the urging of spring 152. It is noted that safety lockout 128 is prevented from pivoting to the unlocked position when the anvil half-section 12 and cartridge receiving half-section 14 are in the clamped position because the top surface 128a of safety lockout 128 engages an inner surface of anvil half-section 12 to prevent pivoting of safety lockout 128. Safety lockout 128 defines a slot 160 dimensioned to slidably receive the knife 40. In the retracted position of the knife 40, the leading edge 40a of knife 40 is confined within slot 160 safety lockout 128 to prevent accidental engagement and injury to medical personnel with leading edge 40a of knife 40.

Referring again to FIGS. 2-3, anvil half-section 12 includes a proximal handle portion 12a and a distal anvil portion 12b. Anvil portion 12b includes a staple deforming portion 198 which, as known in the art, includes a plurality of staple deforming recesses and faces a top surface of SULU 18 when SULU 18 is positioned in the channel member 22. As is also known in the art, the staple deforming portion 198 includes a central longitudinal slot (not shown) for receiving the knife 40 as the knife 40 is moved through the SULU 18. The staple deforming portion 198 can be formed integrally with anvil half-section 12, or in the alternative, secured to anvil half-section 12 by a fastening process such as welding. A pair of locating fingers 170 (FIG. 3) are positioned adjacent the proximal end of the staple deforming portion 198 of anvil portion 12b. Locating fingers 170 are received in grooves in SULU 18 to properly align SULU 18 with staple determining portion 198 when the apparatus is in a clamped position.

A central portion of anvil half-section 12 includes a pair of cylindrical lateral support members 172. During assembly of anvil half-section 12 and cartridge receiving half-section 14, lateral support members 172 are supported in U-shaped recesses 174 defined in a central portion 173 of cartridge receiving half-section 14 (FIG. 28). A distal wall of central portion 173 defines a tissue stop (FIG. 3). Lateral support members 172 are also positioned to be received in cutouts 176 formed on spaced flange portions 178 of clamping lever 16 when the clamping lever 16 is moved to the clamped position. Proximal handle portion 12a is ergonomically formed and includes a thumb-engaging abutment 180 and a gripping portion 182. A proximal end of handle portion 12a includes a downwardly extending finger 184 which includes a pair of opposed teardrop shaped protrusions 186 which will be discussed in further detail below. Alternately, protrusions 186 may assume a variety of configurations.

Cartridge receiving half-section 14 includes spaced centrally disposed U-shaped recesses 174 positioned to support lateral support members 172 of anvil half-section 12. The proximal end of cartridge receiving half-section 14 includes a pair of vertical support members 188. Each vertical support member 188 includes an elongated vertical slot 188a having a rounded bottom surface. Vertical slots 188a are dimensioned to receive protrusions 186 formed on finger 184 of anvil half-section 12 (FIG. 21) when the anvil half-section 12 is supported on the cartridge receiving half-section 14 during assembly. By positioning protrusion 186 within the vertical slots 188a, anvil half-section 12 can be pivoted in a scissor-like manner with respect to the cartridge receiving half-section 14 between open and closed positions. In one embodiment, protrusions 186 have a teardrop profile. At least one sidewall of cartridge receiving half-section 14 includes a depression 189 (see FIG. 3) which will be discussed in further detail below.

Clamping lever 16 also includes a handle portion 190 including a grip 190a and a thumb engaging abutment 192. As discussed above, a pair of spaced flange portions 178 are

supported on the distal end of clamping lever 16. Each flange portion 178 defines a cutout 176 dimensioned to receive a respective lateral support member 172 of anvil half-section 12 when stapler 10 is moved towards clamped position (FIG. 2B). The distal end of clamping lever 16 also defines a pair of openings 194 which are dimensioned to receive a pivot member 187. Pivot member 187 is dimensioned to extend through openings 195 in cartridge receiving half-section 14 and openings 194 in clamp lever 16 to pivotally secure clamp lever 16 to cartridge receiving half-section 14.

As shown in FIG. 3A, an inner wall of clamping lever 16 includes a protrusion 201. Protrusion 201 is positioned within depression 189 (FIG. 2A) formed in the sidewall of cartridge receiving half-section 14 to releasably retain clamp lever 16 from moving counterclockwise (as viewed in the orientation of FIG. 3) to an angled position for cleaning and/or where it can be disengaged from cartridge receiving half-section 14 as explained below.

In order to load firing assembly 20 into proximal portion 24b of channel member 22, the stationary housing 26 of firing assembly 20 is slid into the channel member 22 through the proximal end of channel member 22 until pivot members 29 are received in recesses 30 formed in the proximal end of channel member 22. After firing assembly 20 is loaded, the SULU 18 can be loaded into distal portion 24a in the manner discussed above.

Referring to FIGS. 2 and 2B, after SULU 18 and firing assembly 20 are loaded into channel member 22, anvil section 12 can be assembled to cartridge receiving half-section 14. To attach anvil half-section 12 to cartridge receiving half-section 14, protrusions 186 of fingers 184 are positioned in vertical slots 188a of vertical support member 188 of cartridge receiving half-section 14. Thereafter, anvil half-section 12 is rotated towards cartridge receiving half-section 14 to position lateral supports members 172 in U-shaped recesses 174.

In order to position surgical stapler 10 in the clamped position, clamping lever 16 is rotated in a counter-clockwise direction from the position shown in FIG. 2A. As clamping lever 16 is rotated, lateral support members 172 are received in cutouts 176 (FIG. 2) of flange portions 178 and cammed towards cartridge receiving half-section 14. As shown in FIG. 3, a spring member 200 is secured to an inner surface of clamping lever 16, such as by welding, at a position to engage cartridge receiving portion 14 to urge clamping lever 16 to the non-clamped position shown in FIG. 2A. In the clamped position shown in FIG. 1, the staple deforming portion 198 is positioned in close approximation with the top surface of SULU 18.

Referring to FIGS. 3, 3A and 12, as discussed above, a pivotal locking member 206 is pivotally supported on the proximal end of stationary housing 26 of firing assembly 20. Pivotal locking member 206 includes pivot members 29 which extend through openings 28 defined in stationary housing 26. A finger engagement member 212 is positioned on one end of locking member 206 and a latch portion 210 is positioned on the other end of locking member 206. Latch portion 206 includes a hook member 210a. A biasing member 214 is positioned about a pivot member 29 to urge latch portion 210 inwardly towards stationary housing 26 of firing assembly 20. When locking member 206 is secured on firing assembly 26, latch portion 210 extends downwardly through an opening 216 in a proximal end of stationary housing 26 to a position below a bottom surface of channel member 22 (FIG. 20). As discussed above, the ends of pivot members 29 are received in cutouts 30 formed in the proximal end of cartridge receiving half-section 14 to releasably secure firing assembly 20 within proximal channel portion 24b of channel member 22 (FIG.

11

21). Cutouts 30 are partially defined by downturned fingers 220 to retain firing assembly 26 within channel member 22 (FIG. 3).

Referring to FIG. 3A, a proximal end of clamping lever 16 includes an engagement member, e.g., cylindrical transverse post 218, which is positioned to be engaged by hook member 210a of latch portion 210 when the clamp lever 16 is moved to the clamped position (FIG. 27). Although a post is illustrated, other engagement member configurations are envisioned. As can be seen by viewing FIG. 27, as clamping lever 16 is moved towards the clamped position, an angled face 222 of latch portion 210 engages post 218. This engagement causes locking member 206 to pivot about pivot members 29 such that hook member 210a of latch portion 210 passes by and then snaps into engagement with post 218. To release latch portion 210 from post 218, engagement member 212 of locking member 206 is depressed to pivot latch portion 210 out of engagement with post 218. When this occurs, spring member 200 urges clamping lever 16 to the unclamped position.

Referring to FIGS. 3, 12, 19 and 26, as discussed above, guide block 48 is pivotally supported in stationary housing 26 of firing assembly 20. Guide block 48 includes a distally extending nose portion 220 (FIGS. 12 and 26) which rests beneath SULU 18 when SULU 18 is supported in channel member 22. The internal surface of guide block 48 includes locking surfaces 222 (FIG. 19) which are received in notches 49 and 51 of knife actuating bar 44 when the stapler 10 is in an unclamped position. When the SULU 18 is positioned in the channel member 22, prior to moving clamp lever 16 to the clamped position, SULU 18 is positioned atop nose portion 220 and is not fully seated in the channel member 22, as discussed above. When the stapler 10 is moved to the clamped position, locating fingers 170 (FIG. 3) engage a top surface of body 120 of SULU 18 to fully seat SULU 18 in channel member 22. As discussed above, locating fingers 170 are received in grooves in SULU 18 to properly position SULU 18 in relation to anvil portion 12b. As SULU 18 is fully seated in channel member 22, SULU 18 presses downwardly on nose portion 220 of guide block 48 to pivot guide block 48 about protrusions 72. When guide block 48 pivots, locking surfaces 222 move from notches 49 and 51 to unlock knife actuating bar 44 (FIG. 26). This configuration prevents movement of the knife actuating bar 44 in relation to guide block 48 prior to clamping to ensure that the knife actuating bar 44 and SULU knife 40 remain properly positioned for operational engagement prior to use.

Referring to FIGS. 24-28, when stapler 10 is in the clamped, unfired position, slide block 52 of firing assembly 20 is in the retracted position at the proximal end of channel member 22 and stationary housing 26. See FIG. 27. In this position, pedal 54 is positioned in cutout 55 of channel member 22 and pin 88 of pedal 54 is positioned in arcuate recess 94 of firing lever 50 beneath stop recesses 94a. As such, firing lever 50 can be pivoted to facilitate actuation of stapler 10 from either side of the stapler 10. In addition, in this position of slide block 52, finger 108 of knife actuating bar 44 is positioned adjacent the distal wall of recess 110 of slide block 52. Latch portion 210 of locking member 206 is also engaged with post 218 to retain clamping lever 16 in the clamped position.

Referring to FIG. 26, when slide block 52 is in the retracted position, knife 40 and cam surfaces 114b of cam bar 46 are positioned in the proximal end of SULU 18 and, proximal hook 156 of safety lockout 128 is positioned in engagement with engagement member 158 of knife 40 to retain safety lockout 128 in the locked orientation. In addition, down-

12

turned hook portion 40b of knife 40 is engaged with upturned hook portion 106 of knife actuating bar 44 to connect firing assembly 20 to knife 40 of SULU 18.

Referring to FIGS. 29-32, when the firing lever 50 is advanced distally in the direction indicated by arrow "A" in FIG. 29, slide block 52 is moved distally within stationary housing 26 of firing assembly 20 to effect corresponding movement of cam bar 46 and delayed movement of knife actuating bar 44. As discussed above, the delayed movement of the knife actuating bar 44 is equal to the length of recess 110 of slide block 52 and results from movement of finger 108 of knife actuating bar 44 within recess 110 of slide block 52. Movement of knife actuating bar 44 with slide block 52 begins when finger 108 abuts the proximal wall 112 of recess 110. As cam bar 46 is moved distally through stationary housing 26 of firing assembly 20, cam surfaces 114b on sidewalls 114 of cam bar 46 are advanced through SULU 18 to sequentially engage pushers 122 to eject staples 126 from slots 130 of body 120. Concurrently, since the distal end of knife actuating bar 44 is engaged with knife 40, knife 40, after the preset delay, is advanced through SULU 18 to incise tissue between the staple lines.

As shown in phantom in FIG. 32, when slide block 52 moves distally within stationary housing 26, pedal 54 rides up over channel member 22 and moves along inner surface of stationary housing 26 of firing assembly 20. When this occurs, pin 88 of pedal 54 moves into a stop recess 94a to prevent further pivotal movement of firing lever 50.

Referring to FIGS. 31 and 32, when knife 40 is moved distally within SULU 18, engagement member 158 of knife 40 is disengaged with proximal hook 156 of safety lockout 128.

Referring to FIGS. 33 and 34, when the firing lever 50 is returned to its proximal-most position to retract cam bar 46 and knife 40, and the locking member 206 is depressed to disengage latch portion 210 from post 218, spring 200 urges clamping lever 16 to its unclamped position to allow stapler 10 to move to the open position. In the open position, anvil half-section 12 is spaced from cartridge receiving half-section 14 and spring 152 (FIG. 17) pivots safety lockout 128 in the direction indicated by arrow B in FIG. 34 about pivot member 150 to its unlocked position such that safety lockout 128 projects upwardly from SULU 18. In the unlocked position, safety lockout 128 prevents movement of the stapler 10 back to the clamped position. In order to reuse stapler 10, used SULU 18 must be replaced with a new SULU 18.

During a surgical procedure, SULU 18 can be replaced multiple times to facilitate multiple uses of stapler 10 on a single patient. If an integrated unit is provided, the SULU and firing assembly can be replaced multiple times. Since each SULU 18 is provided with a fresh knife 40, tearing of tissue is minimized. After the surgical procedure, the used SULU(S) 18 and the firing assembly 20 can be removed from the channel member 22 and disposed of in an appropriate manner. The anvil half-section 12, cartridge receiving half-section 14 and clamping lever 16 can now be sterilized, such as by autoclaving, and reused with a new SULU 18 and firing assembly 20 in the manner discussed above. Because the locking member 206 forms part of the firing assembly 20 and is disposable, fewer areas remain on the reusable components for tissue and fluids to become trapped. As such, the reusable components of the apparatus can be more easily sterilized. Note for cleaning/sterilization, the clamping lever 16 can be rotated clockwise from the position of FIG. 2A so the protrusion 201 is out of engagement with the depression 189 of cartridge receiving half-section and the clamping lever 16 moved to a greater angle with respect to cartridge receiving

13

half-section 14, e.g., about 90° or even an obtuse angle. This facilitates cleaning/sterilization. In some embodiments, once rotated out of depression 189, the clamping lever 16 can be separated from the cartridge receiving half-section 14.

It will be understood that various modifications may be made to the embodiments of the surgical fastener applying apparatus disclosed herein. Therefore, the above description should not be construed as limiting, but merely as exemplifications of embodiments. Those skilled in the art will envision other modifications within the scope and spirit of the present disclosure.

What is claimed is:

1. A surgical fastener applying apparatus comprising:
an anvil half-section including a distal anvil portion and a proximal handle portion;
a cartridge receiving half-section defining an elongated channel member, the elongated channel member having a distal portion dimensioned to releasably receive a single use loading unit and a proximal portion configured to support a firing assembly,
a clamping lever secured to the cartridge receiving half-section, the clamping lever having a proximal portion and a distal portion and including a handle portion supporting an engagement member; and
a firing assembly configured to be releasably supported within the proximal portion of the cartridge receiving half-section and including a stationary housing releasably received within the proximal portion of the cartridge receiving half section, a firing lever, a cam bar fixedly secured to the firing lever, and a pivotal locking member including a latch portion, the pivotal locking member being pivotally supported on a proximal end of the stationary housing;
the clamping lever being operably associated with the anvil half-section and the cartridge receiving half-section and being movable from an unclamped position to a clamped position to releasably secure the anvil portion of the anvil half-section in close approximation with the single use loading unit, wherein in the clamped position, the engagement member of the clamping lever releasably engages the latch portion of the locking member to releasably retain the clamping lever in the clamped position.
2. The surgical fastener applying apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the engagement member includes a cylindrical post.
3. The surgical fastener applying apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the locking member includes a pair of pivot members which are pivotally supported in openings defined in a proximal end of the stationary housing of the firing assembly.
4. The surgical fastener applying apparatus according to claim 2, wherein the latch portion includes a hook member engageable with the engagement member of the clamping lever.
5. The surgical fastener applying apparatus according to claim 1, further comprising a finger engagement member positioned on the locking member, wherein the finger engagement member is depressed to release the latch portion from the engagement member of the clamping lever.
6. The surgical fastener applying apparatus according to claim 5, wherein the finger engagement member is positioned proximal of the firing lever.
7. The surgical fastener applying apparatus according to claim 5, wherein the finger engagement member is positioned

14

on one end of the locking member and the latch portion is positioned on the other end of the locking member.

8. The surgical fastener applying apparatus according to claim 3, wherein the elongated channel member has first and second cutouts to receive the pivot members to releasably secure the firing assembly within the proximal portion of the channel member.

9. The surgical fastener applying apparatus according to claim 8, wherein the cutouts are partially defined by fingers.

10. The surgical fastener applying apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the firing assembly and single use loading unit are disposable and the anvil half-section, cartridge receiving half-section and clamping lever are reusable.

11. The surgical fastener applying apparatus according to claim 1, further comprising a biasing member urging the latch portion inwardly towards the stationary housing.

12. The surgical fastener applying apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the latch portion extends through an opening in the proximal end of the stationary housing and below a bottom surface of the elongate channel member.

13. The surgical fastener applying apparatus according to claim 1, further including a spring member which is supported on the clamping lever and positioned to engage the cartridge receiving half-section to urge the clamping lever to the unclamped position.

14. The surgical fastener applying apparatus according to claim 3, wherein the stationary housing includes a U-shaped frame including a bottom wall and a pair of sidewalls, each of the sidewalls having a proximal end defining the openings, the pivot members extending through the openings at a position to be received in cutouts in a proximal end of the cartridge receiving half-section to releasably retain the stationary housing within the proximal portion of the elongated channel member.

15. The surgical fastener applying apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the firing assembly further includes a knife actuating bar which is configured to engage a knife supported within the single use loading unit.

16. The surgical fastener applying apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the firing assembly further includes a guide block axially fixed within the U-shaped frame and a slide block slidably positioned with the U-shaped frame, wherein the firing lever is pivotally secured to the slide block and the cam bar is fixedly secured to the slide block, the slide block being slidable through the U-shaped frame to advance the cam bar through the distal portion of the elongated channel member.

17. The surgical fastener applying apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the cartridge receiving half-section includes a sidewall defining a depression and the clamping lever includes a sidewall defining a protrusion, the protrusion being positionable within the depression to retain the clamping lever.

18. The surgical fastener applying apparatus according to claim 17, wherein the clamping lever is releasably secured to the cartridge receiving half-section, the clamping lever movable to move the protrusion out of engagement within the depression to enable detachment of the clamping lever from the cartridge receiving half-section.

* * * * *