

(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property
Organization

International Bureau

(43) International Publication Date
21 June 2012 (21.06.2012)



(10) International Publication Number
WO 2012/083005 A3

(51) International Patent Classification:
C12Q 1/68 (2006.01)

(21) International Application Number:
PCT/US2011/065121

(22) International Filing Date:
15 December 2011 (15.12.2011)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(30) Priority Data:
61/423,456 15 December 2010 (15.12.2010) US
61/495,224 9 June 2011 (09.06.2011) US

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(81) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available): AU, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CL, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, QA, RO, RS, RU, RW, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW.

(84) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LR, LS, MW, MZ, NA, RW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European (AL, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MK, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, RS, SE, SI, SK, SM, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published:

- with international search report (Art. 21(3))
- before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of receipt of amendments (Rule 48.2(h))
- with sequence listing part of description (Rule 5.2(a))

(88) Date of publication of the international search report:
16 August 2012

(54) Title: MICRORNA INHIBITORS COMPRISING LOCKED NUCLEOTIDES

(57) Abstract: The invention provides chemically modified oligonucleotides capable of inhibiting the expression (e.g., abundance) of miR-208 family miRNAs, including miR-208a, miR-208b, and/or miR-499. The invention provides in some embodiments, oligonucleotides capable of inhibiting, in a specific fashion, the expression or abundance of each of miR-208a, miR-208b, and miR-499. The invention further provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising the oligonucleotides, and methods of treating patients having conditions or disorders relating to or involving a miR-208 family miRNA, such as a cardiovascular condition. In various embodiments, the oligonucleotides provide advantages in one or more of potency, efficiency of delivery, target specificity, toxicity, and/or stability.



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MICRORNA INHIBITORS COMPRISING LOCKED NUCLEOTIDES

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CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims priority to and the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 61/423,456, filed December 15, 2010, and of U.S. Provisional Application No. 61/495,224, filed June 9, 2011, each of which are hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

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The present invention relates to chemical motifs for microRNA (miRNA or miR) inhibitors, and particularly to chemically modified miRNA antisense oligonucleotides having advantages in potency, efficiency of delivery, target specificity, stability, and/or toxicity when administered to a patient.

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BACKGROUND

MicroRNAs (miRs) have been implicated in a number of biological processes including regulation and maintenance of cardiac function (see, Eva Van Rooij and Eric Olson, MicroRNAs: Powerful new regulators of heart disease and proactive therapeutic targets, *J. Clin. Invest.* 117(9):2369-2376 (2007); Chien KR, Molecular Medicine: MicroRNAs and the tell-tale heart, *Nature* 447, 389-390 (2007)). Therefore, miRs represent a relatively new class of therapeutic targets for conditions such as cardiac hypertrophy, myocardial infarction, heart failure, vascular damage, and pathologic cardiac fibrosis, among others. miRs are small, non-protein coding RNAs of about 18 to about 25 nucleotides in length, and act as repressors of target mRNAs by promoting their degradation, when their sequences are perfectly complementary, or by inhibiting translation, when their sequences contain mismatches. The mechanism involves incorporation of the mature miRNA strand into the RNA-induced silencing complex (RISC), where it associates with its target RNAs by base-pair complementarity.

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miRNA function may be targeted therapeutically by antisense polynucleotides or by polynucleotides that mimic miRNA function ("miRNA mimetic"). However, targeting

miRNAs therapeutically with oligonucleotide-based agents poses several challenges, including RNA-binding affinity and specificity, efficiency of cellular uptake, and nuclease resistance. For example, when polynucleotides are introduced into intact cells they are attacked and degraded by nucleases leading to a loss of activity. While polynucleotide analogues have been prepared in an attempt to avoid their degradation, e.g. by means of 2' substitutions (B. Sproat et al., *Nucleic Acids Research* 17 (1989), 3373-3386), the modifications often affect the polynucleotide's potency for its intended biological action. Such reduced potency, in each case, may be due to an inability of the modified polynucleotide to form a stable duplex with the target RNA and/or a loss of interaction with the cellular machinery. Other modifications include the use of locked nucleic acid, which has the potential to improve RNA-binding affinity. Veedu RN and Wengel J, Locked nucleic acid as a novel class of therapeutic agent. *RNA Biology* 6:3, 321-323 (2009).

Oligonucleotide chemistry patterns or motifs for miRNA inhibitors have the potential to improve the delivery, stability, potency, specificity, and/or toxicity profile of the inhibitors, and such are needed for effectively targeting miRNA function in a therapeutic context.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The invention provides chemically modified oligonucleotides capable of inhibiting the expression (e.g., abundance) of miR-208 family miRNAs, including miR-208a, miR-208b, and/or miR-499. The invention further provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising the oligonucleotides, and methods of treating patients having conditions or disorders relating to, or involving, a miR-208 family miRNA. Such conditions include various cardiovascular conditions. In various embodiments, the oligonucleotides provide advantages in one or more of potency, efficiency of delivery, target specificity, toxicity, and/or stability.

In one aspect, the invention provides a chemically-modified oligonucleotide capable of reducing the expression or abundance of miR-208 family miRNAs. The activity or potency of the oligonucleotides may be determined *in vitro* and/or *in vivo*. For

example, the oligonucleotide may significantly inhibit (e.g., about 50% inhibition) the activity of a miR-208 family miRNA (as determined in the dual luciferase assay) at a concentration of about 50 nM or less, or in other embodiments, 40 nM or less, 20 nM or less, or 10 nM or less. Alternatively, or in addition, the activity of the oligonucleotide
5 may be determined in a suitable mouse or rat model, or non-human primate model, such as those described herein, where inhibition (e.g., by at least 50%) of a miR-208 family miRNA is observed at a dose of 50 mg/kg or less, such as 25 mg/kg or less, 10 mg/kg or less, or 5 mg/kg or less. In these embodiments, the oligonucleotide may be dosed subcutaneously or intravenously (and as described herein), and may be formulated in an
10 aqueous preparation (e.g., saline).

The nucleotide sequence of the oligonucleotide is substantially complementary to a nucleotide sequence of human miR-208a or miR-208b (or corresponding pre- or pri-miRNA), and contains a mixture of locked and non-locked nucleotides. For example, the oligonucleotide may contain at least three, at least five, or at least seven, locked
15 nucleotides, and at least one non-locked nucleotide. Generally, the length of the oligonucleotide and number and position of locked nucleotides is such that the oligonucleotide reduces miR-208a, miR-208b, and/or miR-499 activity at an oligonucleotide concentration of about 50 nM or less in an *in vitro* luciferase assay, or at a dose of 50 mg/kg or less in a suitable rat or mouse model or non-human primate model as
20 described herein. In exemplary embodiments, the locked nucleotides have a 2' to 4' methylene bridge.

The oligonucleotide may comprise, consist essentially of, or consist of, a full length or truncated miR-208a, miR-208b, or miR-499 antisense sequence. In these
25 embodiments, the oligonucleotide is from about 6 to 22 nucleotides in length, or is from about 10 to 18 nucleotides in length, or is about 11 to about 16 nucleotides in length. The oligonucleotide in some embodiments is about 14, 15, 16, or 17 nucleotides in length. The oligonucleotide may comprise the nucleotide sequence of 5' – TGCTCGTCTTA – 3' (SEQ ID NO:1) or may comprise the nucleotide sequence of 5' – TGTTCGTCTTA – 3' (SEQ ID NO:2). In particular embodiments, the oligonucleotide comprises, consists
30 essentially of, or consists of the nucleotide sequence 5' – CTTTTTGCTCGTCTTA – 3' (SEQ ID NO:3) or 5' – CCTTTTGTTTCGTCTTA – 3' (SEQ ID NO:4).

The oligonucleotide may contain at least about 3, at least about 5, or at least about 7 locked nucleotides, or at least 9 locked nucleotides, but in various embodiments is not fully comprised of locked nucleotides. Generally, the number and position of locked nucleotides is such that the oligonucleotide reduces or inhibits miR-208a, miR-208b, and/or miR-499 activity at high potency. In certain embodiments, the oligonucleotide does not contain a stretch of nucleotides with more than four, or more than three, or more than two, contiguous non-locked nucleotides. In exemplary embodiments, the oligonucleotide has exactly 9 locked nucleotides and 7 non-locked nucleotides. For example, the pattern of locked nucleotides may be such that at least positions 1, 6, 10, 13, and 15 are locked nucleotides. In certain embodiments, at least positions 1, 5, 10, and 16 are locked nucleotides. In certain embodiments, positions 1, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11, 13, 15, and 16 are locked nucleotides, and the remaining positions are non-locked nucleotides. In other embodiments, positions 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 13, 15, and 16 are locked nucleotides, with the remaining positions being non-locked nucleotides. In still other embodiments, positions 1, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 14, and 16 are locked nucleotides, with remaining positions being non-locked nucleotides. These patterns of locked nucleotides may be employed, in certain embodiments, using the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:3 or SEQ ID NO:4, or variant thereof described herein. Where the inhibitor consists of, or consists essentially of, the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:3 or SEQ ID NO:4, the oligonucleotide may contain all locked nucleotides.

For non-locked nucleotides, the nucleotide may contain a 2' modification with respect to a 2' hydroxyl. In some embodiments the 2' modification may be independently selected from O-alkyl (which may be substituted), halo, and deoxy (H).

The oligonucleotide may also contain one or more phosphorothioate linkages. For example, the oligonucleotide may be fully phosphorothioate-linked or may contain about half or $\frac{1}{4}$ phosphorothioate linkages.

Exemplary oligonucleotide inhibitors are shown in Table 1.

In another aspect, the invention provides pharmaceutical compositions and formulations comprising the oligonucleotides of the invention, which may involve incorporation of the oligonucleotide within a variety of macromolecular assemblies,

micelle, or liposome compositions for cellular delivery. In certain embodiments, the oligonucleotides are formulated for conventional intravenous, subcutaneous, or intramuscular dosing. Such formulations may be conventional aqueous preparations, such as formulation in saline. In certain embodiments, the compositions are suitable or
5 formulated for intradermal, subcutaneous, intramuscular, intraperitoneal or intravenous injection, or by direct injection into target tissue (e.g., cardiac tissue).

In still other aspects, the invention provides a method for delivering oligonucleotides and the pharmaceutical compositions to mammalian cells either *in vitro* or *ex vivo*, e.g., for treating, ameliorating, or preventing the progression of a condition in a
10 mammalian patient. The method may comprise administering the oligonucleotide or composition comprising the same to a mammalian patient or population of target cells. The patient may have a condition associated with, mediated by, or resulting from, miR-208 family expression. Such conditions include, for example, cardiac hypertrophy, myocardial infarction, heart failure (e.g., congestive heart failure), vascular damage,
15 restenosis, or pathologic cardiac fibrosis. Thus, the invention provides a use of the modified oligonucleotides and compositions of the invention for treating such conditions, and for the preparation of medicaments for such treatments.

Other aspects and embodiments of the invention will be apparent from the following detailed description of the invention.

DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

20 **Figure 1.** The psiCHECK™-2 construct (Promega) for quantifying inhibitor activity *in vitro* using the dual luciferase assay.

Figure 2. miR-208 inhibitor efficacy measured by Dual Luciferase assay for miR-208a. Figure 2 shows the effect of adding LNAs: 10673 has 9 LNAs of 16 nucleotides (9/16),
25 10674 has 11/16, 10677 has 13/16, and 10101 and 10591 have 9/16. “208 alone” refers to the luciferase construct alone having the miR-208a recognition site cloned 3’ to the renilla luciferase gene. “208 + mimic” includes cotransfection of mir-208a.

Figure 3. miR-208 inhibitor efficacy measured by Dual Luciferase assay for miR-208a. M-10591 is a non-targeting control.

Figure 4. miR-208 inhibitor efficacy measured by Dual Luciferase assay for miR-208b.

Figure 5. miR-208 inhibitor efficacy measured by Dual Luciferase assay for miR-499.

Figure 6. miR-208a and miR-208b expression levels in the heart after *in vivo* dosing of miRNA inhibitor designs in normal mice. Left bars are miR-208a expression levels and
5 right bars are miR-208b expression levels.

Figure 7. Survival of Dahl salt-sensitive rats after *in vivo* dosing of miRNA inhibitor designs at 25 mg/kg subcutaneously every two weeks.

Figure 8. Percent body weight changes for Dahl salt-sensitive rats dosed with inhibitor designs as in Figure 7.

10 **Figure 9.** Chart showing placement of Locked Nucleic Acids in the top 10 miR-208 inhibitor designs (SEQ ID NOS:94-99).

Figure 10. miR-208a abundance in heart determined by Real-time PCR after *in vivo* dosing of miR-208a inhibitor designs in normal mice.

Figure 11. miR-208b abundance in heart determined by Real-time PCR after *in vivo*
15 dosing of miR-208a inhibitor designs in normal mice.

Figure 12. Systemic delivery of antimiR-208a (M-10101) induces potent and sustained silencing of miR-208 in the heart. Figure 12 shows Real-time PCR analysis on murine hearts one week after intravenous (i.v.) delivery of increasing doses of antimiR-208a, and demonstrates a dose-dependent reduction in miR-208a levels. n=4 for each dose.

20 **Figure 13.** Real-time PCR analysis on cardiac tissue collected at the indicated time-points. Figure 13 shows that i.v., intraperitoneal (i.p) or subcutaneous (s.c.) delivery of 25 mg/kg of antimiR-208a (M-10101) induces potent silencing of miR-208a. n=4 for each group.

Figure 14. miR-208a silencing reduces miR-499 and Myh7. **Figure 14A** shows Real-time PCR analysis demonstrating that antimiR-208a (M-10101) potently reduces cardiac
25 levels of miR-208a up to 6 weeks after injection, which leads to a time-responsive reduction in miR-499. Dosing with both an antimiR against miR-208a and -499 induces

an immediate reduction in cardiac levels of both miR-208a and miR-499. **Figure 14B** shows (by real-time PCR) that Myh7 is reduced 4 weeks after miR-208a inhibition, while inhibition of miR-208a and miR-499 reduces Myh7 after 2 weeks. **Figure 14C** is a Western blot analysis for Myh7 showing reduced Myh7 expression at the indicated time-points following anti-miR-208a or anti-miR-208a/-499 treatment. Gapdh serves as a loading control. For Figs. 14A and B, error bars depict SEM. n=4 for each time-point and dose.

Figure 15. Tissue distribution analysis indicates that significant amounts of anti-miR-208a (M-10101) are detectable in plasma, heart, liver or kidney up to 6 weeks after injection. Error bars depict SEM. n=4 for each time-point and dose.

Figure 16. Therapeutic silencing of miR-208a is beneficial during heart failure. **Figure 16A** shows Kaplan-Meier survival curves in the Dahl hypertensive rat model, and shows a pronounced decrease in survival in response to a HS diet for both HS/Saline and HS/Control groups, which is significantly improved in response to anti-miR-208a (M-10101) treatment. **Figure 16B** shows body weight analysis, and indicates that Dahl hypertensive rats on 8% HS diet exhibit reduced weight gain compared to animals on LS diet, while HS/anti-miR-208a treated rats show a significantly better maintenance in weight gain. For (a) and (b), n=6 for LS/Saline; n=15 for HS/Saline and HS/Control; and n=14 for HS/anti-miR-208a. The "n" on the graph represents total survivors remaining at week 8 post-diet.

Figure 17. Body weight analysis of Dahl rats on the 4% HS diet (**Figure 17A**), showing significant reductions in weight gain compared to LS diet controls, while both 5 and 25 mg/kg injections every 2 weeks is sufficient to maintain weight gain comparable to animals on a normal diet. Error bars depict SEM, * p<0.05 vs. HS saline, # p<0.05 vs. LS saline. **Figure 17B** shows echocardiography measurements, indicating that the increase in IVRT and decrease in MV E/A in response to 4% HS diet are significantly improved in response to anti-miR-208a treatment 8 weeks after the onset of the diet. IVRT, isovolumic relaxation time; MV E/A, mitral valve early to active filling velocity ratio. n=10 for all groups.

Figure 18. Representative images of H&E and picrosirius red stained left ventricular histological sections indicate an increase in cardiomyocyte hypertrophy and perivascular fibrosis in response to the 4% HS diet for 8 weeks, while both parameters are reduced in response to antimiR-208a (M-10101) treatment (**Figure 18A**). **Figure 18B** is a bar-graph representation of histological quantification showing significantly less hypertrophy and fibrosis in the presence of antimiR-208a. Error bars depict SEM, * p<0.05 vs. HS saline, # p<0.05 vs. LS saline.

Figure 19. antimiR-208a (M-10101) treatment reduces miR-499 and Myh7 in Dahl salt-sensitive rats. All analyses were performed 8 weeks following the onset of 4% HS diet and 7 weeks after the onset of antimiR treatment. n=10 for all groups in (a) and (c). **Figure 19A** shows real-time PCR analysis indicating a dose-dependent reduction of miR-208a in both left ventricle (LV) and right ventricle (RV), which corresponds to a dose-dependent decrease in miR-499. While miR-208b is increased in response to the HS diet, antimiR-208a significantly blunts this response. Administration of a control chemistry (directed against a *C. elegans* miR) has no effect on the expression of either miR-208a, miR-499 or miR-208b. Error bars depict SEM, * p<0.05 vs. HS saline, # p<0.05 vs. LS saline. **Figure 19B** shows that regulation of miR-499 and miR-208b in response to antimiR-208a treatment can be confirmed by Northern blot analysis. U6 serves as a loading control.

Figure 20. Real-time PCR analysis showing that HS diet reduces Myh6, while it increases Myh7 (**Figure 20A**). AntimiR-208a (M-10101) treatment dose-dependently increases Myh6 expression while it reduces Myh7b expression. The HS diet-induced increase in Myh7 is dose-dependently reduced by antimiR-208a. Error bars depict SEM, * p<0.05 vs. HS saline, # p<0.05 vs. LS saline. **Figure 20B** shows a Western blot analysis for Myh7 from ventricular tissue confirms the dose-dependent reduction in response to antimiR-208a treatment. Gapdh is used as a loading control.

Figure 21. miR-499 in plasma serves a biomarker for antimiR-208a efficacy. **Figure 21** shows real-time PCR analysis on plasma samples, indicating an increase in miR-499 in response to HS diet, while antimiR-208a significantly lowers the detection of miR-499 in plasma 8 weeks following the onset of 4% HS diet and 7 weeks after the onset of antimiR

treatment. Further miRNA analysis additionally indicates a decrease in plasma detectable miR-423-5p in response to antimiR-208a.

Figure 22. Tissue and plasma distribution in African Green Monkeys (~3 kg). Antimirs 10101 (antimiR-208a) and 10707 (antimiR-208b) were administered three times at a dose of 25 mg/kg by the saphenous vein, and drug plasma clearance determined (right panel). Tissue was collected after four weeks and assayed for inhibitor (dark bars, M-10101; light bars, M-10707).

Figure 23. Specific miRNA target inhibition in African Green Monkeys. Left panel shows changes in miR-208a expression in left ventricle (left to right: untreated, M-10101, M-10707, M-10591). Right panel shows changes in miR-208b in left ventricle (left to right: untreated, M-10101, M-10707, M-10591). As shown, with only two nucleotide differences between M-10101 and M-10707, the antimiRs are specific for their target miR (miR-208a and miR-208b, respectively).

Figure 24. Mir-499 levels after treatment. Levels are shown for left ventricle (LV), right ventricle (RV), and septum. Bars are, from left to right, untreated, M-10101, M-10707, and M-10591.

Figure 25. antimiR-208a compounds with different chemistry patterns show miR-208a knockdown in the left ventricle when administered to rats at 25 mg/kg subcutaneously. The compounds show different levels of target de-repression.

Figures 26 to 28. Target de-repression with antimiR-208a compounds as in Figure 25.

Figure 29. Antimir-208a treatment increases miR-19b plasma levels in unstressed rodents (SD rats).

Figure 30. Studies with salt-sensitive rats show that the degree of target de-repression depends on degree of stress. Dynlt1 shows more robust de-repression with 6% salt stress.

Figure 31. Degree of target de-repression (Vcpip1) at different degrees of stress (4% and 6% salt diets) in salt sensitive rat model.

Figure 32. Degree of target de-repression (Tmbim6) at different degrees of stress (4% and 6% salt diets) in salt sensitive rat model.

Figure 33. Degree of miR inhibition in different regions of the heart, showing that more stressed regions show greater effect.

- 5 **Figure 34.** Degree of myosin expression in different regions of the heart upon antimiR-208a treatment, showing that more stressed regions show greater effect.

Figure 35. Degree of expression of certain cardiac stress markers in different regions of the heart upon antimiR-208a treatment.

- 10 **Figure 36.** Degree of target expression in different regions of the heart upon antimiR-208a treatment, showing that more stressed regions show greater effect.

Figure 37. Degree of target expression in different regions of the heart upon antimiR-208a treatment, showing that more stressed regions show greater effect.

Figure 38. Degree of Dynl1 de-repression in different regions of the heart upon atimiR-208a treatment, showing that more stressed regions show greater effect.

- 15 **Figure 39.** Degree of target de-repression in different regions of the heart upon atimiR-208a treatment, showing that more stressed regions show greater effect.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

- 20 The invention provides chemically modified oligonucleotides capable of inhibiting the expression (e.g., abundance) of miR-208 family miRNAs, including miR-208a, miR-208b, and/or miR-499. The invention provides in some embodiments, oligonucleotides capable of inhibiting, in a specific fashion, the expression or abundance of each of miR-208a, miR-208b, and miR-499. The invention further provides pharmaceutical
25 compositions comprising the oligonucleotides, and methods of treating patients having conditions or disorders relating to or involving a miR-208 family miRNA, such as a various cardiovascular conditions. In various embodiments, the oligonucleotides provide advantages in one or more of potency, efficiency of delivery, target specificity, toxicity, and/or stability.

Chemically-modified miR-208a antisense oligonucleotides

In one aspect, the invention provides an oligonucleotide capable of reducing the expression or abundance of miR-208 family miRNAs. The activity of the oligonucleotides may be determined *in vitro* and/or *in vivo*. For example, when inhibition of miR-208a, 5 miR-208b, or miR-499 activity is determined *in vitro*, the activity may be determined using a dual luciferase assay as described herein. The oligonucleotide significantly inhibits such activity, as determined in the dual luciferase activity, at a concentration of about 50 nM or less, or in other embodiments, 40 nM or less, 20 nM or less, or 10 nM or less. For example, the oligonucleotide may have an IC₅₀ for inhibition of miR-208a, 10 miR-208b, and/or miR-499 activity of about 50 nM or less, 40 nM or less, 30 nM or less, or 20 nM or less, as determined in the dual luciferase assay.

The dual luciferase assay, as exemplified by the commercially available product PsiCHECK™ (Promega), involves placement of the miR recognition site in the 3' UTR of a gene for a detectable protein (e.g., renilla luciferase). The construct is co-expressed with 15 the target miRNA, such that inhibitor activity can be determined by change in signal. A second gene encoding a detectable protein (e.g., firefly luciferase) can be included on the same plasmid, and the ratio of signals determined as an indication of anti-miR activity.

Alternatively, or in addition, the activity of the oligonucleotide may be determined in a suitable mouse or rat model, such as those described herein, where inhibition (e.g., by 20 at least 50%) of a miR-208 family miRNA is observed at an oligonucleotide dose of 50 mg/kg or less, 25 mg/kg or less, such as 10 mg/kg or less or 5 mg/kg or less. In some embodiments, the activity of the oligonucleotides is determined in an animal model described in WO 2008/016924, which descriptions are hereby incorporated by reference. For example, the oligonucleotide may exhibit at least 50% target miRNA inhibition or 25 target de-repression at a dose of 50 mg/kg or less, 25 mg/kg or less, such as 10 mg/kg or less or 5 mg/kg or less. In such embodiments, the oligonucleotide may be dosed intravenously or subcutaneously to mice, and the oligonucleotide may be formulated in saline.

In these or other embodiments, the oligonucleotides of the invention are stable 30 after administration, being detectable in the circulation and/or target organ for at least three weeks, at least four weeks, at least five weeks, or at least six weeks, or more,

following administration. Thus, the oligonucleotides of the invention have the potential to provide for less frequent administration, lower doses, and/or longer duration of therapeutic effect.

The nucleotide sequence of the oligonucleotide is substantially complementary to a nucleotide sequence of human miR-208a and/or miR-208b, and contains a mix of locked and non-locked nucleotides. For example, the oligonucleotide may contain at least five or at least seven or at least nine locked nucleotides, and at least one non-locked nucleotide. Generally, the length of the oligonucleotide and number and position of locked nucleotides is such that the oligonucleotide reduces miR-208a, miR-208b, and/or miR-499 activity at an oligonucleotide concentration of about 50 nM or less in the *in vitro* luciferase assay, or at a dose of about 50 mg/kg or less, or about 25 mg/kg or less in a suitable mouse or rat model, each as described. A substantially complementary oligonucleotide may have from 1 to 4 mismatches (e.g., 1 or 2 mismatches) with respect to its target sequence of miR-208a or miR-208b.

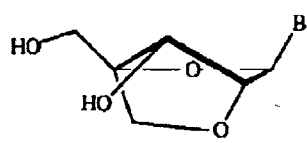
miR-208a, including its structure and processing, and its potential for treating cardiac hypertrophy, heart failure, or myocardial infarction (among other conditions), are described in WO 2008/016924, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety. The pre-miRNA sequence for human miR-208a, which may be used for designing inhibitory miRNAs in accordance with the invention, is (the underlined sequence is the mature form):

5'- ACGGGCGAGC UUUUGGCCCCG GGUUAUACCU GAUGCUCACG
UAUAAGACGA GCAAAAAGCU UGUUGGUCAG A -3'. (SEQ ID NO:5)

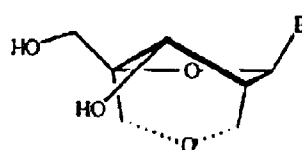
The structure and processing of miR-208b and miR-499 are also described in WO 2009/018492, which is hereby incorporated by reference. Mature miR-208b has the nucleotide sequence 5'- AUAAGACGAACAAAAGGUUGU -3' (SEQ ID NO:6), and mature miR-499 has the nucleotide sequence 5'- UUAAGACUUGCAGUGAUGUUU -3' (SEQ ID NO:7). These sequences may be used to design complementary inhibitors in accordance with the invention.

The oligonucleotide contains one or more locked nucleic acid (LNAs) residues, or "locked nucleotides". LNAs are described, for example, in US Patent 6,268,490, US

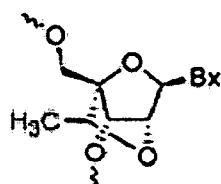
Patent 6,316,198, US Patent 6,403,566, US Patent 6,770,748, US Patent 6,998,484, US Patent 6,670,461, and US Patent 7,034,133, all of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entireties. LNAs are modified nucleotides or ribonucleotides that contain an extra bridge between the 2' and 4' carbons of the ribose sugar moiety resulting in a "locked" conformation, and/or bicyclic structure. In one embodiment, the oligonucleotide contains one or more LNAs having the structure shown by structure A below. Alternatively or in addition, the oligonucleotide may contain one or more LNAs having the structure shown by structure B below. Alternatively or in addition, the oligonucleotide contains one or more LNAs having the structure shown by structure C below.



A



B



C

Other suitable locked nucleotides that can be incorporated in the oligonucleotides of the invention include those described in US Patent 6,403,566 and US Patent 6,833,361, both of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entireties.

In exemplary embodiments, the locked nucleotides have a 2' to 4' methylene bridge, as shown in structure A, for example.

The oligonucleotide may comprise, consist essentially of, or consist of, a full length or truncated miR-208a or miR-208b antisense sequence. As used herein, the term

“full length” in reference to a miRNA sequence refers to the length of the mature miRNA antisense counterpart. Thus, the inhibitors described herein may be truncated or full-length, antisense, mature miRNA sequences, or may comprise these sequences in combination with other polynucleotide sequences. In certain embodiments, the chemical
5 modification motif described herein renders full length antisense miRNA (mature) sequences unnecessary. In these embodiments, the oligonucleotide is from 8 to 20 nucleotides in length, or is from 10 to 18 nucleotides in length, or is from 11 to 16 nucleotides in length. The oligonucleotide in some embodiments is about 12, about 13, about 14, about 15, about 16, about 17, or about 18 nucleotides in length. The truncated
10 oligonucleotide may have a sequence that targets, by antisense inhibition, a miR-208a sequence within 5'- UAAGACGAGCAAAAAG -3' (SEQ ID NO:8) or a miR-208b sequence within UAAGACGAACAAAAG -3' (SEQ ID NO:9).

The oligonucleotide generally has a nucleotide sequence designed to target mature miR-208a, miR-208b, and/or miR-499. The oligonucleotide may, in these or other
15 embodiments, also or alternatively be designed to target the pre- or pri-miRNA forms. In certain embodiments, the oligonucleotide may be designed to have a sequence containing from 1 to 5 (e.g., 1, 2, 3, or 4) mismatches relative to the fully complementary (mature) miR-208 sequence. In certain embodiments, such antisense sequences may be incorporated into shRNAs or other RNA structures containing stem and loop portions, for
20 example.

In certain embodiments, the oligonucleotide comprises a nucleotide sequence that is completely complementary to a nucleotide sequence of miR-208a or miR-208b. For example, the oligonucleotide may comprise the nucleotide sequence of 5' – TGCTCGTCTTA – 3' (SEQ ID NO:1) or may comprise the nucleotide sequence of 5' –
25 TGTTTCGTCTTA – 3' (SEQ ID NO:2). In particular embodiments, the oligonucleotide comprises, consists essentially of, or consists of the nucleotide sequence 5' – CTTTTTGCTCGTCTTA – 3' (SEQ ID NO:3) or '5- CCTTTTGTTTCGTCTTA (SEQ ID NO:4). In this context, “consists essentially of” includes the optional addition of nucleotides (e.g., one or two) on either or both of the 5' and 3' ends, so long as the
30 additional nucleotide(s) do not substantially affect (as defined by an increase in IC₅₀ of no

more than 20%) the oligonucleotide's inhibition of the target miRNA activity in the dual luciferase assay or mouse model.

The oligonucleotide generally contains at least 3, at least 5, at least 7, or at least 9 locked nucleotides, but in various embodiments is not fully comprised of locked nucleotides. Generally, the number and position of locked nucleotides is such that the oligonucleotide reduces miR-208a, miR-208b, and/or miR-499 activity as determined *in vitro* or *in vivo* as described. In certain embodiments, the oligonucleotide does not contain a stretch of nucleotides with more than four, or more than three, contiguous non-locked nucleotides. In certain embodiments, the oligonucleotide does not contain a stretch of nucleotides with more than two contiguous non-locked nucleotides. For example, the oligonucleotide may have just one occurrence of contiguous non-locked nucleotides. In these or other embodiments, the region complementary to the miR-208a, miR-208b, and/or miR-499 seed region comprises at least three or at least four locked nucleotides. These embodiments may, for example, employ a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:3 or SEQ ID NO:4.

Thus, in various embodiments, the oligonucleotide contains at least nine locked nucleotides, or at least eleven locked nucleotides. The oligonucleotide may contain at least three or at least 5 non-locked nucleotides. For example, the oligonucleotide may contain nine locked nucleotides and seven non-locked nucleotides, or may contain eleven locked nucleotides and five non-locked nucleotides.

The pattern of locked nucleotides may be such that at least positions 1, 6, 10, 13, and 15 are locked nucleotides. In certain embodiments, positions 1, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11, 13, 15, and 16 are locked nucleotides, and the remaining positions are non-locked nucleotides. In other embodiments, positions 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 13, 15, and 16 are locked nucleotides, with the remaining positions being non-locked nucleotides. In some embodiments, positions 1, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 14, and 16 are locked nucleotides, and remaining positions are non-locked nucleotides. In exemplary embodiments, such patterns find use with an oligonucleotide having the sequence of SEQ ID NO:3 or SEQ ID NO:4.

For non-locked nucleotides, the nucleotide may contain a 2' modification with respect to a 2' hydroxyl. For example, the 2' modification may be 2' deoxy.

Incorporation of 2'-modified nucleotides in antisense oligonucleotides may increase both resistance of the oligonucleotides to nucleases and their thermal stability with complementary RNA. Various modifications at the 2' positions may be independently selected from those that provide increased nuclease sensitivity, without compromising molecular interactions with the RNA target or cellular machinery. Such modifications may be selected on the basis of their increased potency *in vitro* or *in vivo*. Exemplary methods for determining increased potency (e.g., IC50) for miRNA inhibition are described herein, including the dual luciferase assay and *in vivo* miRNA expression or target de-repression.

10 In some embodiments the 2' modification may be independently selected from O-alkyl (which may be substituted), halo, and deoxy (H). Substantially all, or all, nucleotide 2' positions of the non-locked nucleotides may be modified in certain embodiments, e.g., as independently selected from O-alkyl (e.g., O-methyl), halo (e.g., fluoro), deoxy (H), and amino. For example, the 2' modifications may each be independently selected from
15 O-methyl and fluoro. In exemplary embodiments, purine nucleotides each have a 2' OMe and pyrimidine nucleotides each have a 2'-F. In certain embodiments, from one to about five 2' positions, or from about one to about three 2' positions are left unmodified (e.g., as 2' hydroxyls).

2' modifications in accordance with the invention also include small hydrocarbon
20 substituents. The hydrocarbon substituents include alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, and alkoxyalkyl, where the alkyl (including the alkyl portion of alkoxy), alkenyl and alkynyl may be substituted or unsubstituted. The alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl may be C1 to C10 alkyl, alkenyl or alkynyl, such as C1, C2, or C3. The hydrocarbon substituents may include one or two or three non-carbon atoms, which may be independently selected from
25 N, O, and/or S. The 2' modifications may further include the alkyl, alkenyl, and alkynyl as O-alkyl, O-alkenyl, and O-alkynyl.

Exemplary 2' modifications in accordance with the invention include 2'-O-alkyl (C1-3 alkyl, such as 2'OMe or 2'OEt), 2'-O-methoxyethyl (2'-O-MOE), 2'-O-aminopropyl (2'-O-AP), 2'-O-dimethylaminoethyl (2'-O-DMAOE), 2'-O-dimethylaminopropyl (2'-O-DMAP), 2'-O-dimethylaminoethoxyethyl (2'-O-DMAEOE), or 2'-O-N-methylacetamido (2'-O-NMA) substitutions.
30

In certain embodiments, the oligonucleotide contains at least one 2'-halo modification (e.g., in place of a 2' hydroxyl), such as 2'-fluoro, 2'-chloro, 2'-bromo, and 2'-iodo. In some embodiments, the 2' halo modification is fluoro. The oligonucleotide may contain from 1 to about 5 2'-halo modifications (e.g., fluoro), or from 1 to about 3 2'-halo modifications (e.g., fluoro). In some embodiments, the oligonucleotide contains all 2'-fluoro nucleotides at non-locked positions, or 2'-fluoro on all non-locked pyrimidine nucleotides. In certain embodiments, the 2'-fluoro groups are independently di-, tri-, or un-methylated.

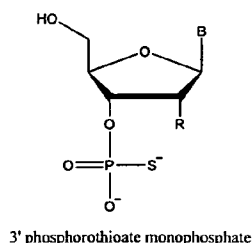
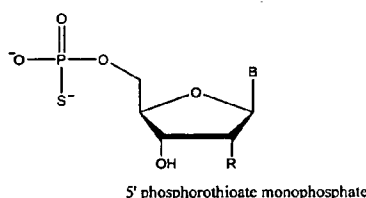
The oligonucleotide may have one or more 2'-deoxy modifications (e.g., H for 2' hydroxyl), and in some embodiments, contains from 2 to about 10 2'-deoxy modifications at non-locked positions, or contains 2'-deoxy at all non-locked positions.

In exemplary embodiments, the oligonucleotide contains 2' positions modified as 2'OMe in non-locked positions. Alternatively, non-locked purine nucleotides are modified at the 2' position as 2'OMe, with non-locked pyrimidine nucleotides modified at the 2' position as 2'-fluoro.

In certain embodiments, the oligonucleotide further comprises at least one terminal modification or "cap". The cap may be a 5' and/or a 3'-cap structure. The terms "cap" or "end-cap" include chemical modifications at either terminus of the oligonucleotide (with respect to terminal ribonucleotides), and including modifications at the linkage between the last two nucleotides on the 5' end and the last two nucleotides on the 3' end. The cap structure as described herein may increase resistance of the oligonucleotide to exonucleases without compromising molecular interactions with the RNA target or cellular machinery. Such modifications may be selected on the basis of their increased potency *in vitro* or *in vivo*. The cap can be present at the 5'-terminus (5'-cap) or at the 3'-terminus (3'-cap) or can be present on both ends. In certain embodiments, the 5'- and/or 3'-cap is independently selected from phosphorothioate monophosphate, abasic residue (moiety), phosphorothioate linkage, 4'-thio nucleotide, carbocyclic nucleotide, phosphorodithioate linkage, inverted nucleotide or inverted abasic moiety (2'-3' or 3'-3'), phosphorodithioate monophosphate, and methylphosphonate moiety. The phosphorothioate or phosphorodithioate linkage(s), when part of a cap structure, are

generally positioned between the two terminal nucleotides on the 5' end and the two terminal nucleotides on the 3' end.

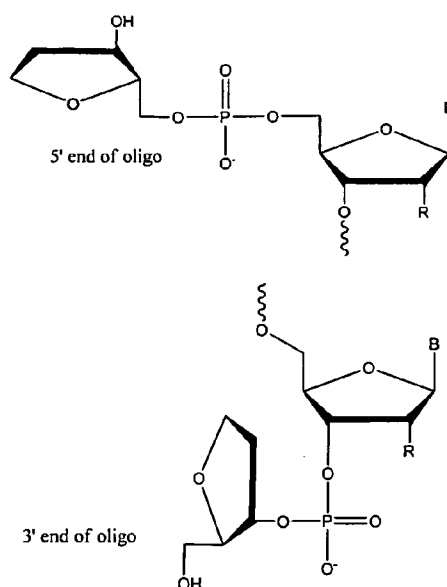
In certain embodiments, the oligonucleotide has at least one terminal phosphorothioate monophosphate. The phosphorothioate monophosphate may support a higher potency by inhibiting the action of exonucleases. The phosphorothioate monophosphate may be at the 5' and/or 3' end of the oligonucleotide. A phosphorothioate monophosphate is defined by the following structures, where B is base, and R is a 2' modification as described above:



Where the cap structure can support the chemistry of a locked nucleotide, the cap structure may incorporate a locked nucleotide as described herein.

Phosphorothioate linkages may be present in some embodiments, such as between the last two nucleotides on the 5' and the 3' end (e.g., as part of a cap structure), or as alternating with phosphodiester bonds. In these or other embodiments, the oligonucleotide may contain at least one terminal abasic residue at either or both the 5' and 3' ends. An abasic moiety does not contain a commonly recognized purine or pyrimidine nucleotide base, such as adenosine, guanine, cytosine, uracil or thymine. Thus, such abasic moieties lack a nucleotide base or have other non-nucleotide base chemical groups at the 1' position. For example, the abasic nucleotide may be a reverse abasic nucleotide, e.g.,

where a reverse abasic phosphoramidite is coupled via a 5' amidite (instead of 3' amidite) resulting in a 5'-5' phosphate bond. The structure of a reverse abasic nucleoside for the 5' and the 3' end of a polynucleotide is shown below.



5 The oligonucleotide may contain one or more phosphorothioate linkages. Phosphorothioate linkages have been used to render oligonucleotides more resistant to nuclease cleavage. For example, the polynucleotide may be partially phosphorothioate-linked, for example, phosphorothioate linkages may alternate with phosphodiester linkages. In certain embodiments, however, the oligonucleotide is fully phosphorothioate-linked. In
 10 other embodiments, the oligonucleotide has from one to five or one to three phosphate linkages.

 In some embodiments, the nucleotide has one or more carboxamido-modified bases as described in PCT/US11/59588, which is hereby incorporated by reference, including with respect to all exemplary pyrimidine carboxamido modifications disclosed
 15 therein with heterocyclic substituents.

 In exemplary embodiments, the oligonucleotide has the structure of a Compound listed in Table 1, below.

Table 1: Exemplary Oligonucleotides

Cmpd# (M)	Alias		Sequence		Length
10101	208a_DNA_LNA_16_P S	5'	lCs;dTs;dTs;dTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;lGs ;dTslCs;dTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:10)	3'	16
10570	208fam optdes1	5'	lTs;dGs;lCs;lTs;lCs;dGs;lTs;lCs;dTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:11)	3'	11
10571	208fam optdes2	5'	lTs;dGs;lCs;lTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs;dTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:12)	3'	11
10572	208fam optdes3	5'	lTs;dGs;lCs;dAs;lCs;dGs;lTs;dCs;lTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:13)	3'	11
10573	208fam optdes4	5'	lTs;lGs;dCs;dAs;lCs;lGs;dTs;lCs;dTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:14)	3'	11
10673	208a LNA C T DNA 16 1	5'	lCs;dTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;dGs ;dTslCs;dTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:15)	3'	16
10674	208a LNA C T DNA 16 2	5'	lCs;dTs;dTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;lTs;lCs;dGs ;lTs;lCs;lTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:16)	3'	16
10677	208a LNA C T DNA 16 3	5'	lCs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;lTs;lCs;dGs ;lTs;lCs;lTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:17)	3'	16
10679	208 LNA opt 1	5'	lCs;dTs;lTs;dTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;dGs ;lTs;dCs;lTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:18)	3'	16
10680	208 LNA opt 2	5'	lCs;dTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;dGs ;dTslCs;dTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:19)	3'	16
10681	208 LNA opt 3	5'	lCs;dTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;lTs;lCs;dGs ;dTslCs;dTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:20)	3'	16
10682	208 LNA opt 4	5'	lCs;dTs;lTs;dTs;lTs;lTs;lGs;dCs;lTs;dCs;lGs ;dTslCs;dTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:21)	3'	16
10683	208 LNA opt 5	5'	lCs;dTs;dTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lGs;dCs;lTs;lCs;dGs ;lTs;dCs;lTs;dTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:22)	3'	16
10707	208b_DNA_LNA_16_P S	5'	lCs;dCs;dTs;dTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;lGs ;dTslCs;dTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:23)	3'	16
10718	208a like 15 1	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs ;lCs;dTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:24)	3'	15
10719	208a like 15 2	5'	lTs;lTs;dTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs ;lCs;dTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:25)	3'	15
10720	208a like 15 3	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;dCs;dTs;lCs;dGs;lTs ;lCs;dTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:26)	3'	15
10721	208a like 15 4	5'	lTs;dTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs ;lCs;lTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:27)	3'	15
10722	208a like 15 5	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs ;lCs;lTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:28)	3'	15
10723	208a like 15 6	5'	lTs;dTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs ;lCs;lTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:29)	3'	15
10724	208b like 15 1	5'	lCs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs ;lCs;dTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:30)	3'	15
10725	208b like 15 2	5'	lCs;lTs;dTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs ;lCs;dTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:31)	3'	15
10726	208b like 15 3	5'	lCs;dTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs ;lCs;lTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:32)	3'	15
10727	208b like 15 4	5'	lCs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs ;lCs;dTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:33)	3'	15
10728	208b like 15 5	5'	lCs;dTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs ;lCs;dTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:34)	3'	15
10729	208b like 15 6	5'	lCs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;dCs;dTs;lCs;dGs;lTs ;lCs;dTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:35)	3'	15
10730	208b 15 1	5'	lCs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs ;lCs;dTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:36)	3'	15
10731	208b 15 2	5'	lCs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs ;lCs;dTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:37)	3'	15
10732	208b 15 3	5'	lCs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;lTs ;lCs;dTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:38)	3'	15
10733	208a like 15 7	5'	lTs;dTs;lTs;dTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;dCs;dTs;lCs;lGs;lTs ;lCs;lTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:39)	3'	15
10734	208b like 15 7	5'	lCs;dTs;lTs;dTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;dCs;dTs;lCs;lGs;lTs ;lCs;lTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:40)	3'	15
10735	208b 15 4	5'	lCs;dTs;lTs;dTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;dTs;lCs;lGs;lTs ;lCs;lTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:41)	3'	15
10736	208a like 14 1	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs ;dTslTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:42)	3'	14
10737	208a like 14 2	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs	3'	14

Cmpd# (M)	Alias		Sequence		Length
			;dTts;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:43)		
10738	208a like 14 3	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;dCs;dTs;lCs;dGs;lTs;lCs ;dTts;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:44)	3'	14
10739	208a like 14 4	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;dCs;dTs;lCs;dGs;lTs;lCs ;dTts;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:45)	3'	14
10740	208a like 14 5	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;dCs;lTs;lCs;dGs;lTs;dCs ;lTs;lTs;dA (SEQ ID NO:46)	3'	14
10741	208a like 14 6	5'	lTs;dTs;lTs;dTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;lGs;lTs;lCs ;lTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:47)	3'	14
10742	208b 14 1	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs ;dTts;lTs;dA (SEQ ID NO:48)	3'	14
10743	208b 14 2	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs ;dTts;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:49)	3'	14
10744	208b 14 3	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;dTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs ;dTts;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:50)	3'	14
10745	208b 14 4	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;dTs;lTs;lCs;dGs;lTs;lCs ;dTts;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:51)	3'	14
10746	208b 14 5	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;dTs;lTs;lCs;dGs;lTs;dCs ;lTs;lTs;dA (SEQ ID NO:52)	3'	14
10747	208b 14 6	5'	lTs;dTs;lTs;dTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;lGs;lTs;lCs ;lTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:53)	3'	14
10748	208a like 13 1	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs;dTs ;lTs;dA (SEQ ID NO:54)	3'	13
10749	208a like 13 2	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs;dTs ;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:55)	3'	13
10750	208a like 13 3	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;lGs;lTs;lCs;lTs ;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:56)	3'	13
10751	208a like 13 4	5'	lTs;dTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;lGs;lTs;lCs;lTs ;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:57)	3'	13
10752	208b 13 1	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs;dTs ;lTs;dA (SEQ ID NO:58)	3'	13
10753	208b 13 2	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs;dTs ;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:59)	3'	13
10754	208b 13 3	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;lGs;lTs;lCs;lTs ;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:60)	3'	13
10755	208b 13 4	5'	lTs;dTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;lGs;lTs;lCs;lTs ;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:61)	3'	13
10756	208a like 11 1	5'	lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs;dTs;lTs;dA (SEQ ID NO:62)	3'	11
10757	208a like 11 2	5'	lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs;dTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:63)	3'	11
10758	208b 11 1	5'	lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs;dTs;lTs;dA (SEQ ID NO:64)	3'	11
10759	208b 11 2	5'	lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs;dTs;lTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:65)	3'	11
10760	208b 16 1	5'	lCs;dCs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;dGs ;dTts;lCs;dTs;lTs;dA (SEQ ID NO:66)	3'	16
10761	208b 16 2	5'	lCs;dCs;lTs;dTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;dGs ;lTs;dCs;lTs;lTs;dA (SEQ ID NO:67)	3'	16
10762	208b 16 3	5'	lCs;dCs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;dGs ;dTts;lCs;dTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:68)	3'	16
10763	208b like 16 1	5'	lCs;dCs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;dGs ;dTts;lCs;dTs;lTs;dA (SEQ ID NO:69)	3'	16
10764	208b like 16 2	5'	lCs;dCs;lTs;dTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;dGs ;lTs;dCs;lTs;lTs;dA (SEQ ID NO:70)	3'	16
10765	208b like 16 3	5'	lCs;dCs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;dGs ;dTts;lCs;dTs;lA (SEQ ID NO:71)	3'	16
10775	208b 15 5	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs ;dTts;lTs;dAs;lT (SEQ ID NO:72)	3'	15
10776	208b 15 6	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs ;dTts;lTs;lAs;lT (SEQ ID NO:73)	3'	15
10777	208b 15 7	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;lTs;lCs ;dTts;lTs;dAs;lT (SEQ ID NO:74)	3'	15
10778	208b 15 8	5'	lTs;lTs;dTs;lTs;dGs;dTs;lCs;lGs;lTs;lCs ;lTs;lTs;lAs;lT (SEQ ID NO:75)	3'	15
10779	208b 15 9	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs ;dTts;lTs;lAs;dT (SEQ ID NO:76)	3'	15
10780	208b 15 10	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;lTs;lCs ;dTts;lTs;lAs;dT (SEQ ID NO:77)	3'	15

Cmpd# (M)	Alias		Sequence		Length
10781	208b 15 11	5'	lTs;lTs;dTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;lGs;lTs;lCs;lTs;lTs;lAs;dT (SEQ ID NO:78)	3'	15
10782	208b 15 12	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;dTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs;lTs;lTs;dAs;lT (SEQ ID NO:79)	3'	15
10783	208b 15 13	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;dTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs;lTs;lTs;lAs;dT (SEQ ID NO:80)	3'	15
10784	208b 14 7	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs;dTs;lTs;dAs;lT (SEQ ID NO:81)	3'	14
10785	208b 14 8	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs;dTs;lTs;lAs;lT (SEQ ID NO:82)	3'	14
10786	208b 14 9	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;lTs;lCs;dTs;lTs;dAs;lT (SEQ ID NO:83)	3'	14
10787	208b 14 10	5'	lTs;dTs;lTs;dGs;dTs;dTs;lCs;lGs;lTs;lCs;lTs;lTs;lAs;lT (SEQ ID NO:84)	3'	14
10788	208b 14 11	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs;dTs;lTs;lAs;dT (SEQ ID NO:85)	3'	14
10789	208b 14 12	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;lTs;lCs;dTs;lTs;lAs;dT (SEQ ID NO:86)	3'	14
10790	208b 14 13	5'	lTs;dTs;lTs;dGs;lTs;dTs;lCs;lGs;lTs;lCs;lTs;lTs;lAs;dT (SEQ ID NO:87)	3'	14
10791	208b 14 14	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;dTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs;lTs;lTs;dAs;lT (SEQ ID NO:88)	3'	14
10792	208b 14 15	5'	lTs;lTs;lTs;dGs;dTs;dTs;lCs;dGs;dTs;lCs;lTs;lTs;lAs;dT (SEQ ID NO:89)	3'	14
10793	208b 16 4	5'	lCs;dTs;lTs;lTs;lTs;lGs;dTs;lTs;dCs;lGs;dTs;dCs;lTs;dTs;lAs;dT (SEQ ID NO:90)	3'	16
11184		5'	lCs;dTs;lTs;lTs;dTs;dTs;lGs;lCs;dTs;lCs;dGs;lTs;dCs;lTs;dTs;lAs (SEQ ID NO:91)	3'	16

Table 2: Description of Notations

deoxy A	dA
deoxy G	dG
deoxy C	dC
deoxy T	dT
lna A	lA
lnaG	lG
lna C	lC
lna T	lT
deoxy A P=S	dAs
deoxy G P=S	dGs
deoxy C P=S	dCs
deoxy T P=S	dTs
lna A P=S	lAs
lnaG P=S	lGs
lna C P=S	lCs
lna T P=S	lTs

In particular embodiments, the oligonucleotide is 10101, 10673, 10674, 10677, 10679, 10683, 10707, or 10680, or other oligonucleotide described in Table 1.

The synthesis of oligonucleotides, including modified polynucleotides, by solid phase synthesis is well known and is reviewed in New Chemical Methods for Synthesizing Polynucleotides. Caruthers MH, Beaucage SL, Efcavitch JW, Fisher EF, Matteucci MD, Stabinsky Y. Nucleic Acids Symp. Ser. 1980;(7):215-23.

5 Compositions, formulations, and delivery

 The oligonucleotide may be incorporated within a variety of macromolecular assemblies or compositions. Such complexes for delivery may include a variety of liposomes, nanoparticles, and micelles, formulated for delivery to a patient. The complexes may include one or more fusogenic or lipophilic molecules to initiate cellular
10 membrane penetration. Such molecules are described, for example, in US Patent 7,404,969 and US Patent 7,202,227, which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entireties. Alternatively, the oligonucleotide may further comprise a pendant lipophilic group to aid cellular delivery, such as those described in WO 2010/129672, which is hereby incorporated by reference.

15 The composition or formulation may employ a plurality of therapeutic oligonucleotides, including at least one described herein. For example, the composition or formulation may employ at least 2, 3, 4, or 5 miRNA inhibitors described herein.

 The oligonucleotides of the invention may be formulated as a variety of pharmaceutical compositions. Pharmaceutical compositions will be prepared in a form
20 appropriate for the intended application. Generally, this will entail preparing compositions that are essentially free of pyrogens, as well as other impurities that could be harmful to humans or animals. Exemplary delivery/formulation systems include colloidal dispersion systems, macromolecule complexes, nanocapsules, microspheres, beads, and lipid-based systems including oil-in-water emulsions, micelles, mixed micelles, and liposomes.
25 Commercially available fat emulsions that are suitable for delivering the nucleic acids of the invention to cardiac and skeletal muscle tissues include Intralipid®, Liposyn®, Liposyn® II, Liposyn® III, Nutrilipid, and other similar lipid emulsions. A preferred colloidal system for use as a delivery vehicle in vivo is a liposome (i.e., an artificial membrane vesicle). The preparation and use of such systems is well known in the art.
30 Exemplary formulations are also disclosed in US 5,981,505; US 6,217,900; US 6,383,512;

US 5,783,565; US 7,202,227; US 6,379,965; US 6,127,170; US 5,837,533; US 6,747,014; and WO03/093449, which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entireties.

In some embodiments, the oligonucleotide is formulated for conventional subcutaneous or intravenous administration, for example, by formulating with appropriate aqueous diluent, including sterile water and normal saline.

The pharmaceutical compositions and formulations may employ appropriate salts and buffers to render delivery vehicles stable and allow for uptake by target cells. Aqueous compositions of the present invention comprise an effective amount of the delivery vehicle comprising the inhibitor oligonucleotide (e.g. liposomes or other complexes), dissolved or dispersed in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or aqueous medium. The phrases "pharmaceutically acceptable" or "pharmacologically acceptable" refers to molecular entities and compositions that do not produce adverse, allergic, or other untoward reactions when administered to an animal or a human. As used herein, "pharmaceutically acceptable carrier" may include one or more solvents, buffers, solutions, dispersion media, coatings, antibacterial and antifungal agents, isotonic and absorption delaying agents and the like acceptable for use in formulating pharmaceuticals, such as pharmaceuticals suitable for administration to humans. The use of such media and agents for pharmaceutically active substances is well known in the art. Supplementary active ingredients also can be incorporated into the compositions.

Administration or delivery of the pharmaceutical compositions according to the present invention may be via any route so long as the target tissue is available via that route. For example, administration may be by intradermal, subcutaneous, intramuscular, intraperitoneal or intravenous injection, or by direct injection into target tissue (e.g., cardiac tissue). The stability and/or potency of the oligonucleotides disclosed herein allows for convenient routes of administration, including subcutaneous, intradermal, and intramuscular. Pharmaceutical compositions comprising miRNA inhibitors may also be administered by catheter systems or systems that isolate coronary circulation for delivering therapeutic agents to the heart. Various catheter systems for delivering therapeutic agents to the heart and coronary vasculature are known in the art. Some non-limiting examples of catheter-based delivery methods or coronary isolation methods suitable for use in the present invention are disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 6,416,510; U.S. Patent No. 6,716,196;

U.S. Patent No. 6,953,466, WO 2005/082440, WO 2006/089340, U.S. Patent Publication No. 2007/0203445, U.S. Patent Publication No. 2006/0148742, and U.S. Patent Publication No. 2007/0060907, which are all hereby incorporated by reference in their entireties.

5 The compositions or formulations may also be administered parenterally or intraperitoneally. By way of illustration, solutions of the conjugates as free base or pharmacologically acceptable salts can be prepared in water suitably mixed with a surfactant, such as hydroxypropylcellulose. Dispersions can also be prepared in glycerol, liquid polyethylene glycols, and mixtures thereof and in oils. Under ordinary conditions
10 of storage and use, these preparations generally contain a preservative to prevent the growth of microorganisms.

 The pharmaceutical forms suitable for injectable use or catheter delivery include, for example, sterile aqueous solutions or dispersions and sterile powders for the extemporaneous preparation of sterile injectable solutions or dispersions. Generally, these
15 preparations are sterile and fluid to the extent that easy injectability exists. Preparations should be stable under the conditions of manufacture and storage and should be preserved against the contaminating action of microorganisms, such as bacteria and fungi. Appropriate solvents or dispersion media may contain, for example, water, ethanol, polyol (for example, glycerol, propylene glycol, and liquid polyethylene glycol, and the like),
20 suitable mixtures thereof, and vegetable oils. The proper fluidity can be maintained, for example, by the use of a coating, such as lecithin, by the maintenance of the required particle size in the case of dispersion and by the use of surfactants. The prevention of the action of microorganisms can be brought about by various antibacterial and antifungal agents, for example, parabens, chlorobutanol, phenol, sorbic acid, thimerosal, and the like.
25 In many cases, it will be preferable to include isotonic agents, for example, sugars or sodium chloride. Prolonged absorption of the injectable compositions can be brought about by the use in the compositions of agents delaying absorption, for example, aluminum monostearate and gelatin.

 Sterile injectable solutions may be prepared by incorporating the conjugates in an
30 appropriate amount into a solvent along with any other ingredients (for example as enumerated above) as desired. Generally, dispersions are prepared by incorporating the

various sterilized active ingredients into a sterile vehicle which contains the basic dispersion medium and the desired other ingredients, e.g., as enumerated above. In the case of sterile powders for the preparation of sterile injectable solutions, the preferred methods of preparation include vacuum-drying and freeze-drying techniques which yield a powder of the active ingredient(s) plus any additional desired ingredient from a previously sterile-filtered solution thereof.

Upon formulation, solutions are preferably administered in a manner compatible with the dosage formulation and in such amount as is therapeutically effective. The formulations may easily be administered in a variety of dosage forms such as injectable solutions, drug release capsules and the like. For parenteral administration in an aqueous solution, for example, the solution generally is suitably buffered and the liquid diluent first rendered isotonic for example with sufficient saline or glucose. Such aqueous solutions may be used, for example, for intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous and intraperitoneal administration. Preferably, sterile aqueous media are employed as is known to those of skill in the art, particularly in light of the present disclosure. By way of illustration, a single dose may be dissolved in 1 ml of isotonic NaCl solution and either added to 1000 ml of hypodermoclysis fluid or injected at the proposed site of infusion, (see for example, "Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences" 15th Edition, pages 1035-1038 and 1570-1580). Some variation in dosage will necessarily occur depending on the condition of the subject being treated. The person responsible for administration will, in any event, determine the appropriate dose for the individual subject. Moreover, for human administration, preparations should meet sterility, pyrogenicity, general safety and purity standards as required by FDA Office of Biologics standards.

Methods of Treatment

The invention provides a method for delivering oligonucleotides to a mammalian cell (e.g., as part of a composition or formulation described herein), and methods for treating, ameliorating, or preventing the progression of a condition in a mammalian patient. The oligonucleotide or pharmaceutical composition may be contacted *in vitro* or *in vivo* with a target cell (e.g., a mammalian cell). The cell may be a heart cell.

The method generally comprises administering the oligonucleotide or composition comprising the same to a mammalian patient or population of target cells. The

oligonucleotide, as already described, is a miRNA inhibitor (e.g., having a nucleotide sequence designed to inhibit expression or activity of a miR-208 family miRNA). Thus, the patient may have a condition associated with, mediated by, or resulting from, miR-208 family expression. Such conditions include, for example, cardiac hypertrophy, myocardial infarction, heart failure (e.g., congestive heart failure), vascular damage, restenosis, or pathologic cardiac fibrosis. Thus, the invention provides a use of the modified oligonucleotides and compositions of the invention for treating such conditions, and for the preparation of medicaments for such treatments.

In certain embodiments, the patient (e.g., human patient) has one or more risk factors including, for example, long standing uncontrolled hypertension, uncorrected valvular disease, chronic angina, recent myocardial infarction, congestive heart failure, congenital predisposition to heart disease and pathological hypertrophy. Alternatively or in addition, the patient may have been diagnosed as having a genetic predisposition to, for example, cardiac hypertrophy, or may have a familial history of, for example, cardiac hypertrophy.

In this aspect, the present invention may provide for an improved exercise tolerance, reduced hospitalization, better quality of life, decreased morbidity, and/or decreased mortality in a patient with heart failure or cardiac hypertrophy.

In certain embodiments, the activity of miR-208a, miR-208b, and/or miR-499 in cardiac tissue, or as determined in patient serum, is reduced or inhibited.

In various embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition is administered by parenteral administration or by direct injection into heart tissue. The parenteral administration may be intravenous, subcutaneous, or intramuscular. In some embodiments, the composition is administered by oral, transdermal, sustained release, controlled release, delayed release, suppository, catheter, or sublingual administration. In certain embodiments, the oligonucleotide is administered at a dose of 25 mg/kg or less, or a dose of 10 mg/kg or less, or a dose of 5 mg/kg or less. In these embodiments, the oligonucleotide or composition may be administered by intramuscular or subcutaneous injection, or intravenously.

In some embodiments, the methods further comprise scavenging or clearing the miRNA inhibitors following treatment. For example, a oligonucleotide having a nucleotide sequence that is complementary to the inhibitor may be administered after therapy to attenuate or stop the function of the inhibitor.

5

EXAMPLES

Example 1: *In vitro* activity of miRNA inhibitors targeting the miRNA 208 family

A panel of miRNA inhibitors (single stranded oligonucleotides) was synthesized targeting the miRNA 208 family (miR208a, miR-208b and miR-499). The sequences and modification patterns are shown in Table 1. A description of the base codes is provided in Table 2. The panel included multiple lengths of reverse complement inhibitors ranging from 11 nucleotides to 16 nucleotides. The number of LNA modifications was varied as well as the location of the LNA modification in the oligonucleotide.

15 A small panel was initially tested in HeLa cells utilizing the dual-luciferase assay readout. The assay used the psiCHECK™-2 construct (Promega) (**Figure 1**). HeLa cells do not express the miR-208 family; therefore the corresponding mimic was also co-transfected with the plasmid.

The results show that LNA patterns have disparate activities *in vitro* as inhibitors of miR-208 family miRNAs. Some particularly potent designs are shown in **Figure 2**. For example, M-10673 has the same number of LNA modifications (9 out of 16) as M-10101, yet at 1 nM showed higher inhibition of miR-208a. In view of these results, another limited panel of inhibitors was synthesized and tested, with all being 16 nucleotides in length with 9 LNA modifications (the remaining being DNA nucleosides). **Figures 3-5** show the results of these inhibitors in dual luciferase reports for miR-208a, miR-208b, and miR-499 (respectively). M-10673 showed inhibition for not just miR-208a, but also against miR-208b and miR-499. There are two mismatches between miR-208a and miR-208b in the 16-mer inhibitors.

A more complete panel of inhibitor designs was then constructed. The structure of these molecules are shown in Table 1.

30

Example 2: *In vivo* activity of miRNA inhibitors targeting the miRNA 208 family

Three inhibitors targeting miR-208 family were synthesized and tested in normal mice for the effect on miR-208a and miR-208b levels. The mice (n=4) were dosed 2.5, 10 and 25mg/kg through a low pressure tail vein injection and heart tissue was analyzed four days later by qPCR for miRNA levels. The results (**Figure 6**) correlated well to the *in vitro* dual luciferase results. These results suggest that it may be possible to lower the dose at least 10-fold for a therapeutic effect (25 mpk to 2.5 mpk).

The above initial experiments demonstrate that there are unique LNA-containing modification motifs (including number and position of LNA) that enhance potency for miR-208 family miRNAs.

M-10101 and M-10673 were tested in the Dahl salt-sensitive rat model, which is described further below. **Figures 7 and 8** show the best survival and body weight control with M-10101.

Example 3: Therapeutic inhibition of miR-208 improves cardiac function and survival during heart failure

Previously, it was reported that genetic deletion of the cardiac specific miR-208a prevents pathological cardiac remodeling and up-regulation of Myh7 in response to stress. This example shows that systemic delivery of an antisense oligonucleotide (M-10101 from Table 1) induces potent and sustained silencing of miR-208a in the heart. Therapeutic inhibition of miR-208a by subcutaneous delivery of antimiR-208a during hypertension-induced heart failure in Dahl hypertensive rats dose-dependently prevents pathological myosin switching and cardiac remodeling, while improving cardiac function, overall health and survival. Transcriptional profiling indicates antimiR-208a evokes prominent effects on cardiac gene expression, while plasma analysis indicates significant changes in circulating levels of miRNAs upon antimiR-208a treatment. These studies indicate the potential of oligonucleotide-based therapies for modulating cardiac miRNAs, and validate miR-208 as a potent therapeutic target for the manipulation of cardiac function and remodeling during heart disease.

Chronic and acute stress to the heart results in a pathological remodeling response accompanied by cardiomyocyte hypertrophy, fibrosis, pump failure, myocyte degeneration and apoptosis, which often culminate in heart failure and sudden death (1). While classical pharmacological treatment strategies can reduce remodeling and prolong survival in heart failure patients, these therapies are ultimately ineffective in preventing progression of the disease. A hallmark of pathological hypertrophy and heart failure is the re-activation of a set of fetal cardiac genes, including those encoding atrial natriuretic factor (ANF), B-type natriuretic peptide (BNP) and fetal isoforms of contractile proteins, such as skeletal α -actin and Myh7 (β -myosin heavy chain, β -MHC) (2). Down-regulation of Myh6 (α -MHC) and up-regulation of Myh7 is a common response to cardiac injury irrespective of the species (3-5). Relatively minor increases in the ratio of Myh6 to Myh7 have been shown to have beneficial effects on cardiac contractility and performance in humans and rodents (6-8). Much attention has been focused on understanding the mechanisms that regulate cardiac remodeling and myosin switching in search for potential approaches to therapeutically manipulate these processes.

Previously, signature expression patterns of microRNAs (miRNAs) were identified that were associated with pathological cardiac hypertrophy, heart failure and myocardial infarction in humans and mouse models of heart disease (9-10). Gain- and loss-of-function studies in mice have revealed profound and unexpected functions for these miRNAs in numerous facets of cardiac biology, including the control of myocyte growth, contractility, fibrosis, and angiogenesis (reviewed in 11). Especially intriguing is miR-208, a miRNA encoded within an intron of the Myh6 gene which regulates the cardiac stress response (12-13). Although genetic deletion of miR-208 in mice failed to induce an overt phenotype at baseline, in response to several forms of cardiac stress, miR-208 null mice showed virtually no cardiomyocyte hypertrophy or fibrosis and were unable to up-regulate Myh7 expression (12).

In the adult heart, miR-208 is essential for the expression of not only Myh7, but also of a closely related myosin isoform, Myh7b (14). Remarkably, both of these genes encode slow myosins and contain intronic miRNAs (miR-208b and miR-499, respectively) (15-16). Since miR-208 (which we will refer to as miR-208a), -208b and miR-499 are related miRNAs that arise from myosin genes, we collectively refer to as myomiRs (17).

Through gain- and loss-of-function experiments in mice, we have shown that genetic deletion of miR-208a dose-dependently reduces Myh7b/miR-499 expression within the adult heart (18). Since miR-499 mutant animals show no effect on Myh7 expression or cardiac remodeling in response to stress, and reintroduction of miR-499 removes the cardiac effects seen in the miR-208a mutant mice (18), we conclude that the combined reduction in miR-208a and miR-499 is responsible for the cardioprotective effects seen in miR-208a mutant animals.

The importance of miRNAs for cardiac function and dysfunction suggests opportunities for therapeutically exploiting the biology of miRNAs in the setting of heart disease. Single-stranded RNA oligonucleotides have been shown to be effective in inactivating miRNAs *in vivo* through complementary base pairing (19-23), and represent a potentially effective means of inactivating pathological miRNAs. Here we show that systemic delivery of unconjugated, Locked Nucleic Acid (LNA)-modified antisense oligonucleotides against miR-208a is sufficient to induce specific, potent and sustained silencing of miR-208a in the heart. Moreover, antimiR-208a dose-dependently prevents stress-induced remodeling, functional deterioration, and cardiac myosin switching, while improving general health and survival in a rat model of heart failure (Dahl salt-sensitive rats). Gene expression analysis showed specific gene expression changes in response to antimiR-208a treatment, including changes in previously defined target genes. Intriguingly, these physiological effects of antimiR-208a in hypertensive rats are mirrored by significant changes in plasma levels of circulating miRNAs. Together, these studies indicate the potency of systemically delivered antimiRs in the settings of heart disease, and validate miR-208 as an important therapeutic target during heart failure.

AntimiR mediated silencing of miR-208a *in vivo*

To determine the therapeutic potential of miR-208a inhibition in cardiomyocytes *in vivo*, we designed an unconjugated LNA-containing antimiR against miR-208a (antimiR-208a, M-10101 in Table 2). AntimiR-208a targets bases 2-17 of the 5' region of mature miR-208a, and contains a combination of LNA and DNA linked by phosphorothioate bonds. Real-time PCR and Northern blot analysis one week after intravenous (i.v.) delivery of antimiR-208a to mice at doses ranging from 0.1 to 33 mg/kg indicated a dose-responsive silencing of miR-208a, while injection of a mismatch antimiR of similar

chemistry showed no inhibition of miR-208a (**Figure 12**). Notably, we observed an up-shift of miR-208 in the presence of the 16 mer LNA antimiR, reflecting the formation of a stable heteroduplex between miR-208a and the LNA antimiR. Real-time analysis of the other two myomiRs, miR-208b and miR-499, showed no inhibition following a single injection after seven days, nor did we observe any changes in Myh7 (data not shown).

To investigate the potential to deliver antimiR-208a via additional routes of administration, we injected mice i.v., intraperitoneally (i.p.), or subcutaneously (s.c.) with 25 mg/kg antimiR-208a and measured miR-208a inhibition at days 1, 4, 7, and 14. All 3 routes of administration showed robust inhibition of miR-208a (**Figure 13**), with no significant differences in antimiR-208a detection in plasma, heart, liver and kidney between the different delivery methods (not shown).

Extended miR-208a inhibition leads to Myh7 regulation *in vivo*

Since a single dose of antimiR-208a after seven days was unable to establish an effect on Myh7, as was seen in the miR-208a knockout mice, we set out to determine the dose and time required for efficient Myh7 regulation following antimiR-208a administration. Three consecutive doses of 33 mg/kg antimiR-208a robustly inhibited miR-208a for at least six weeks (**Figure 14**). miR-499, which is known to be regulated by miR-208 (18), showed a time-dependent decrease in expression from one to six-weeks after administration of antimiR-208a, going from a 35 to 75% reduction in miR-499 (**Figure 14A**). Furthermore, *Myh7* mRNA expression was significantly reduced starting at four weeks after antimiR-208a treatment, suggesting a specific threshold of miR-208a and miR-499 levels is necessary for *Myh7* expression (**Figure 14B**), which was paralleled by a reduction in Myh7 protein (**Figure 14C**). The initial spike in *Myh7* mRNA in response to antimiR-208a is not translated into increased Myh7 protein.

To establish whether the effect on Myh7 expression is based on a reduction in both miR-208a and miR-499, we injected mice for 3 consecutive days with a cocktail of antimiR-208a and antimiR-499, each at 33 mg/kg. Treatment with antimiR-208a/-499 caused robust inhibition of miR-208a and miR-499 for six weeks, and demonstrated a much more rapid regulation of Myh7 mRNA and protein, with reduced expression before two weeks after treatment (**Figure 14A-C**). AntimiR distribution data using a sandwich hybridization assay to quantify antimiR-208a in heart, liver, kidney, and plasma, indicated

that considerable amounts of antimiR-208a are still detectable 6 weeks after administration of either 33 mg/kg or 3 x 33 mg/kg of antimiR-208a (Figure 15)

Therapeutic silencing of miR-208 reduces cardiac remodeling, while improving cardiac function and survival during heart failure

5 Since previous data showed that genetic deletion of miR-208a results in a cardioprotective effect, we aimed to test the therapeutic relevance of miR-208a inhibition. To this end, we used Dahl salt-sensitive rats that were either fed a low-salt (LS) diet (0.25% NaCl) or a high-salt (HS) diet (8.0% NaCl) starting at 8 weeks of age. After one week on HS, rats were administered saline, 25 mg/kg antimiR-208a, or 25 mg/kg
10 scrambled control oligo subcutaneously every two weeks. Following 3-4 weeks on the HS diet, the saline and control treated animals showed visible signs of immobility and discomfort and death, while subcutaneous delivery of antimiR-208a was able to significantly alleviate these symptoms (Figure 16). As an indication of health, we monitored body weight during the duration of the study. Dahl rats on the HS diet injected
15 with either saline or the control oligo exhibited significant reductions in weight gain compared to LS diet controls. HS/antimiR-208a treated rats, however, showed comparable weight gain (Figure 16B). To exclude the possibility antimiR-208a treated animals were maintaining weight through ingesting less of the 8% HS diet, food intake was monitored, which showed a comparable ingestion between all HS fed groups (not
20 shown).

To obtain additional insight into the protective effects seen in response to antimiR-208a, subsequent studies were done using a 4.0% NaCl diet for 9 weeks, during which the rats received either saline, 5 or 25 mg/kg of antimiR-208a, or 25 mg/kg of antimiR control every 2 weeks. Body weight analysis indicated that Dahl rats on the HS diet exhibited
25 significant reductions in weight gain compared to LS diet controls, while HS/antimiR-208a treated rats maintained their increase in weight gain (Figure 17A). Functional assessment using echocardiography of antimiR-208a treated Dahl rats showed a dose-dependent, significant improvement in measurements of diastolic function. AntimiR-208a treated rats exhibited a significant reduction in isovolumic relaxation time (IVRT)
30 compared to HS/saline controls, as well as a normalization of the mitral valve early to active filling velocity ratio (MV E/A) compared to HS/Saline controls eight weeks post

HS diet (**Figure 17B**). Quantification of cardiomyocyte size showed a significant reduction in cardiomyocyte hypertrophy following treatment with antimiR-208a (**Figure 18A, B**). Additionally, antimiR-208a treatment reduced periarteriolar fibrosis induced by HS diet as assessed by quantification of picrosirius red staining (**Figure 18A, B**).

5 miR-208a inhibition reverses the myosin switch during heart failure

To compare the physiological changes observed after antimiR-208a treatment with molecular and cellular changes, we examined myomiR expression following HS treatment. AntimiR-208a caused a dose-dependent inhibition of miR-208a in both left and right ventricles 2 weeks after the last injection, whereas a control oligo showed no
10 difference compared to saline (**Figure 19A, left panel**). miR-499 also showed a dose-dependent decrease in expression following sustained inhibition of miR-208a (**Figure 19A, middle panel**). miR-208b was induced in both HS/Saline and HS/Control treated animals, however antimiR-208a treatment resulted in a dose-dependent decrease in miR-208b levels (**Figure 19A, right panel**). This regulation of miR-499 and miR-208b was
15 confirmed by Northern blot analysis (**Figure 19B**).

To assess the regulation of the host genes, we examined *Myh6*, *Myh7*, and *Myh7b* mRNA levels. *Myh7* was significantly increased in response to HS in both the HS/saline and HS/control groups. This increase was dose-dependently blunted in response to antimiR-208a. Additionally, antimiR-208a treatment normalized the decreased expression
20 of *Myh6* mRNA observed in both HS/saline and HS/control groups (**Figure 20A**). Expression of *Myh7b* mirrored miR-499 levels, exhibiting a dose-dependent reduction upon antimiR-208a treatment. Furthermore, the dose-dependent regulation of *Myh7* was confirmed by western blot (**Figure 20B**).

25 AntimiR-208a does not induce changes in cardiac conductance or signs of toxicity

While genetic deletion of miR-208a does not affect viability or cause gross morphological heart defects, a previous report mentioned that miR-208a might be required for proper heart electrophysiology. Although we never observed any overt abnormalities in the miR-208 knockout animals, to verify whether antimiR-208a treatment resulted in cardiac conductance effects we measured ECGs in both wild-type mice and diseased rats.
30 Both species showed proper cardiac electrophysiology after antimiR-208a treatment for an extended period of time (not shown).

Independent of the route of administration, all mice and rats tolerated the antimiR-208a or control oligo well and exhibited normal behaviors, as determined by activity level and grooming throughout the study. Compared to saline, antimiR-208a or the control oligo did not induce baseline changes in body or additional tissue weights, including heart, kidney, liver, lungs or spleen up to 6 weeks after dosing (not shown). Neither antimiR-208a, nor control oligo treatment changed serum levels of the alanine aminotransferase (ALT) and aspartate aminotransferase (AST) liver enzymes in rats (not shown), suggesting that the oligonucleotides do not induce any overt liver toxicities.

AntimiR-208a induces specific gene expression changes

To establish the effect of miR-208a inhibition on gene expression changes, we performed microarray analysis on Dahl rats on HS diet that were either injected with saline, antimiR-208a or control oligo. Compared to control oligo treated animals, antimiR-208a treated animals showed that 131 genes were significantly changed. Only 15 genes (with a false positive discovery rate of 67%) were significantly different between saline and control oligo injected animals, indicating the lack of effect on gene expression by the oligonucleotide chemistry itself. As visually demonstrated in a heat map, hierarchical clustering of the expression of the 131 significantly changed genes between control oligo and antimiR-208a treated hearts showed robust clustering of up- and down-regulated genes following antimiR-208a treatment, and validated there to be no gene expression response following control oligo treatment (not shown). Gene array analysis confirmed the significant down-regulation of Myh7 and Myh7b in response to antimiR-208a compared to control oligo (-1.31, $p=0.005$ and -2.38, $p=0.037$, respectively), while Thrsp1, a previously characterized target, was increased (1.56, $p=0.49$). Out of the 13518 genes that were detected on the array, 289 genes were bioinformatically predicted to be miR-208 targets. Of these predicted targets, 28 genes showed increased expression with antimiR-208 treatment by microarray, of which several were confirmed by real-time PCR (not shown). Since the gene expression analysis was performed on cardiac samples from Dahl hypertensive rats that had been treated with saline, antimiR-208a or control oligo for 8 weeks, we suspect the remainder of the gene expression changes might be secondary to the direct gene regulatory effects of miR-208a inhibition.

BLAST analysis of the antimiR sequence against the rat genome indicated that the sequence of antimiR-208a shows close homology (at least 14 bases of complementarity) to four coding sequences; however none of these genes were regulated as determined by microarray analysis. Together these analyses indicate that the LNA-modified oligos are highly specific in targeting miR-208a without any gene expression changes induced by the chemistry class.

miR-499 is a plasma biomarker for antimiR-208a efficacy

Detection of miRNAs in plasma during various disease settings is showing increasing diagnostic promise. To determine if there is a specific miRNA to correlate with antimiR-208a efficacy, we examined a panel of muscle related miRNAs during HS treatment. Several muscle specific miRNAs tested, such as miR-1 and -133, did not show significant differences between the groups tested (not shown). Strikingly, miR-499, while only showing modest increases in plasma detection under high salt, was significantly reduced in antimiR-208a treated animals, suggesting miR-499 can act as a plasma based marker for antimiR-208a efficacy. Additionally, miR-423-5p, plasma levels of which were previously correlated to human heart failure (24), was found to be reduced in animals treated with antimiR-208a.

Discussion

Data presented here indicate that therapeutic inhibition of miR-208 leads to a profound reduction in cardiac remodeling, which coincides with a significant improvement in survival and cardiac function during heart disease.

Antisense oligonucleotides can be used to effectively silence miRNAs *in vivo* (19-23). These antimiRs are chemically modified to ensure *in vivo* stability, specificity and high binding affinity to the miRNA of interest. LNA is a nucleic acid modification that introduces a thermodynamically strong duplex formation with oligonucleotides while enhancing specificity toward complementary RNA or DNA oligonucleotides (19-20). As a consequence of the high binding affinity, biological activity for LNA-modified antimiRs is attained with shorter oligonucleotides (8-16 bases) (25). Recently, the therapeutic applicability has been reported in rodents and non-human primates, where systemic delivery of unconjugated LNA-antimiR potentially antagonized the liver-expressed miR-122

leading to an improvement in Hepatitis C Virus–induced liver pathology in chronically infected chimpanzees (23).

A key finding in the current study is that systemic delivery of LNA-modified oligonucleotides is effective in inducing potent and sustained silencing of miR-208 in the heart. Sustained miR-208a inhibition and the absence of an effect on the closely related miR-208b upon systemic delivery of antimiR-208a indicate *in vivo* stability and specificity. Based on the sustained miR-208a silencing and the downstream Myh7 regulation in time, it seems probable that antimiR-208a can accumulate in cardiac cells to silence all newly formed copies of miR-208a that are being produced by Myh6 transcription. This effect might be reinforced further by the general lack of turnover of cardiomyocytes, preventing dilution due to a decrease in the portion of cells that are targeted with the antimiR.

Although gene regulatory effects of miRNAs on direct targets are fairly immediate, miR-208a inhibition requires several weeks before it establishes an effect on Myh7b and Myh7 expression. We hypothesize that the delay in downstream biological effects is due to the requirement of alterations in the expression of many direct and indirect target genes of which the combined effects are required to induce the change. A comparable phenomenon was observed in response to miR-122 inhibition, which induces a lowering in plasma cholesterol, but not until weeks after antimiR treatment while gene expression changes were immediate (19-20). Nonetheless, the effect on Myh7b and Myh7 expression phenocopies the effects seen in the miR-208 genetic deletion (12), indicating miR-208a is effectively silenced.

The therapeutic effects of antimiR-208a in the Dahl hypertensive rat provide strong evidence that subcutaneous delivery is sufficient to effectively deliver antimiRs to the heart *in vivo* and that miR-208a inhibition prevents cardiac remodeling, functional deterioration and lethality during heart disease. Although it remains unclear whether these effects arise solely from effects on the cardiomyocyte due to miR-208a inhibition, or whether there are extra-cardiac effects in response to miR-208a inhibition currently unknown, the dose-responsiveness and the absence of an effect in animals treated with a control chemistry strongly suggest the observed effects are due to a lowering in miR-208a levels. Ongoing experiments will indicate whether this therapeutic benefit can be

established in multiple models of heart failure and whether combined antimiR dosing against miR-208a and miR-499 in parallel will elucidate the observed effects more rapidly. While the initial rodent data look very encouraging and no adverse side-effects were observed upon antimiR treatment, extensive analyses will be required to determine the long-term safety of such agents in various settings.

Recently, miRNAs were detected in serum and plasma of humans and animals, opening the possibility of using miRNAs as diagnostic biomarkers of various diseases, including heart disease (24,26-28). Plasma miRNA analysis shows that, in addition to several other miRNAs changing, antimiR-208a treatment results in a diminished detection of miR-499 in blood serum, which parallels the decrease in cardiac expression of Myh7b/miR-499 in response to antimiR-208a treatment. Given the correlation between cardiac and plasma based miR-499 levels and efficacy of antimiR-208a, these data suggest plasma miR-499 levels might act as a biomarker of effective delivery of antimiR-208a to the heart when moving into patients.

Myosin and subsequent myomiR expression differs significantly between species. While Myh6/miR-208a is the predominant myosin/myomiR isoform in the hearts of smaller rodents, larger mammals express more Myh7/miR208b (17). While miR-208a and 208b have overlapping seed sequence, they differ 3 bases in their 3' region. Subsequent pharmacokinetic and efficacy studies in larger mammals will be required to establish whether inhibition of miR-208a, miR-208b or both miR-208 isoforms is required to establish a comparable therapeutic effect in larger species. Additionally, since therapeutic use of miR-208 inhibition will likely be a combination therapy with current standard of care in heart failure patients, it will be important to assess whether antimiR-208a, in conjunction with these current treatments, adds to the beneficial effects of these drugs.

Taken together, this study demonstrates that subcutaneous delivery of LNA-based antimiRs can effectively target the heart, and further validates miR-208 as a target during cardiac disease.

Methods

Animal procedures. All animal protocols were approved by the Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee of miRagen Therapeutics, Inc.

Animals and delivery of LNA-modified antimiRs. The LNA-antimiR oligonucleotides were synthesized at miRagen Therapeutics, Inc. as unconjugated and fully phosphorothiolated oligonucleotides perfectly complementary to the 5' region of the mature miR-208a sequence. The LNA control oligonucleotide consisted of a sequence
5 directed against a *C. elegans* specific miRNA. Unless else indicated, *in vivo* delivery of the oligonucleotide chemistries was achieved by low pressure intravenous (i.v.) injections via the tail vein of either adult male C56Bl6 mice or adult male Dahl Salt-sensitive rats (Harlan, Indianapolis). All chemistries were dissolved and injected in a comparable end volume of saline after which the animals were examined for obvious side effects of the
10 chemistries. Tissue samples were collected at the indicated timepoints for molecular or histological examination. Dahl rats were maintained on 0.25 NaCl or placed on 4% or 8% NaCl diet at 8 weeks of age (Harlan, Indianapolis).

Quantitative real-time PCR analysis. For *in vivo* real-time PCR analysis, RNA was extracted from cardiac tissue using Trizol (Invitrogen) after which two µg RNA from
15 each tissue sample was used to generate cDNA using Super Script II reverse transcriptase per manufacturer's specifications (Invitrogen). To detect the level of miR-208 RT-PCR was performed using the Taqman MicroRNA assay (Applied Biosystems, ABI) according the manufacturer's recommendations, using 10-100 ng of total RNA. The expression of a subset of genes was analyzed by quantitative real time PCR using Taqman probes
20 purchased from ABI.

Northern blot analysis. Total RNA was isolated from cardiac tissue samples by using Trizol reagent (Gibco/BRL). Northern blots to detect microRNAs were performed as described previously described. A U6 probe served as a loading control (IDT). 10 µg of total RNA from cardiomyocytes or heart tissue was loaded on 20% acrylamide
25 denaturing gels and transferred to Zeta-probe GT genomic blotting membranes (Bio-Rad) by electrophoresis. After transfer, the blots were cross-linked and baked at 80°C for 1 hr. To maximize the sensitivity of miRNA detection, oligonucleotide probes were labeled with the Starfire Oligos Kit (IDT, Coralville, IA) and α -³²P dATP (Amersham or Perkin Elmer). Probes were hybridized to the membranes overnight at 39°C in Rapid-hyb buffer
30 (Amersham), after which they were washed twice for 10 minutes at 39°C with 0.5x SSC containing 0.1% SDS. The blots were exposed and quantified by PhosphorImager

analysis (GE HealthCare Life Sciences) and a U6 probe served as a loading control (ABI). The intensity of the radioactive signal was used to quantify the fold change in expression using a phosphorimager and ImageQuant (Bio-Rad).

Western blot analysis. For Western blot analysis, Myosin was extracted from
5 cardiac cells or tissue as described (29). MHC isoforms were detected by loading 0.1 ug protein lysate on a 4-15% gradient gel and separated by SDS PAGE and Western blotting was performed with mouse monoclonal anti-myosin (slow, skeletal M8421) (Sigma, MO), which is highly specific for Myh7.

Biodistribution assay. A sandwich hybridization assay was used for the
10 quantification of anti-miR-208a in plasma and tissue samples. Probes for the hybridization assay were synthesized using 2'Ome, and LNA modified nucleotides and are: bTEG-mU;IA;mA;IG;mA;IC;mG (capture probe) and mA;IG;mC;IA;mA;IA;mA;IA;mG-6FAM (detection probe). Detection was accomplished using anti-fluorescence-POD, Fab fragments (Roche) and TMB Peroxidase Substrate (KPL). Standard curves were
15 generated using non-linear logistic regression analysis with 4 parameters (4-PL). The working concentration range of the assay was 2-536 ng/ml. Tissue samples were prepared at 100mg/ml by homogenizing in 3M GITC buffer (3 M guanidine isothiocyanate, 0.5 M NaCl, 0.1 M Tris pH 7.5, 10 mM EDTA) for 2x 30 seconds using an MP FastPre-24 at a speed setting of 6.0. Plasma samples and tissue homogenates were diluted a minimum of
20 50-fold in 1 M GITC Buffer (1 M guanidine isothiocyanate, 0.5 M NaCl, 0.1 M Tris pH 7.5, 10 mM EDTA) for testing.

Echocardiography. Cardiac function was evaluated by two-dimensional transthoracic echocardiography on sedated rats (2-2.5% isoflurane) using a Visual Sonic
25 Ultrasound system with a 30 MHz transducer. The heart was imaged in a parasternal short-axis view at the level of the papillary muscles, to record M-mode measurements, determine heart rate, wall thickness, and end-diastolic and end-systolic dimensions. Fractional shortening (defined as the end-diastolic dimension minus the end-systolic dimension normalized for the end-diastolic dimension) was used as an index of cardiac contractile function. Diastolic function was assessed using trans-mitral flow Doppler from
30 an apical 4-chamber view to measure E/A ratio, isovolumic relaxation time and deceleration time of E wave velocity.

Surface ECG measurement. Mice were anesthetized with 2% isoflurane in 200mL/min O₂ and rats were anesthetized with 2% isoflurane in 500mL/min breathing air via nosecone. Body temperature for mice and rats was maintained at 37°-38° C via a Homeothermic Warming System (Kent Scientific) or a heat lamp and warming platform
5 (Visual Sonics). Lead II electrocardiograms were recorded for 10min using subcutaneous needle electrodes and an Iworx data acquisition system sampling at 1kHz. Using Labscribe software (Iworx), tracing were analyzed after 2, 4, 6, 8 and 10 minutes and were inspected for normal sinus rhythm; approximately 40 beats at each timepoint were analyzed using computerized techniques to quantify signal intervals (HR, PR, QRS, QT
10 and QTc).

Histology. Tissues used for histology were incubated in Krebs-Henseleit solution, fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde, sectioned, and processed for hematoxylin and eosin (H&E) and picosirius red staining or in situ hybridization by standard techniques (30). Images of approximately 100 cardiomyocytes per animal in cross section were
15 captured from the H&E stained sections. Cardiomyocyte cross sectional areas were measured with Image-Pro Plus software and a mean was determined for each animal. Perivascular fibrosis images were taken from epi, mid and endocardial regions from the picosirius red stained sections from each animal. Image-Pro plus software was used to determine the total vessel wall area including perivascular fibrosis. The luminal area was
20 subtracted from total vessel wall area. Perivascular fibrosis was determined via color segmentation and reported as a % of the total vessel wall area.

Gene expression analysis. Microarray profiling was performed on Illumina RatRef-12 BeadChip arrays by a service provider (Expression Analysis, Durham, NC). Total RNA was isolated from cardiac tissue as described above. Analysis of differential
25 gene expression was performed by the service provider using PADE (Permutation Analysis of Differential Expression). Note that if a gene probe does not have detection p-value ≤ 0.05 in all 12 arrays, then that gene is omitted from subsequent analysis. Differential expression graphs were provided by the service provider. Gene clustering was performed using Cluster 3.0 and heat map images were generated in Java TreeView. Gene
30 ontology was performed using the online tool found at www.pantherdb.org. Predicted miR-208 gene targets in the rat were found using targetscan.org (TargetScan), pictar.mdc-

berlin.de (Pictar), and microrna.org (miRanda). Of all the gene targets predicted by miRanda, only those with a mirsvr score of < -0.1 were included in the analysis. For the identification of miR-208 targets, a p-value cut-off for differential expression of ≤ 0.05 was used.

5 **Quantitative real-time PCR analysis from plasma.** RNA from plasma samples was isolated using Trizol LS Reagent (Invitrogen), using the manufacturer's protocol. Prior to RNA isolation, 250pmol of two different synthetic *C. elegans* miRNA sequences were added to serve as internal controls for normalization of target miRNAs. The *C. elegans* sequences used were cel-miR-2 (UAUCACAGCCAGCUUUGAUGUGC (SEQ
10 ID NO:92)), and cel-lin-4 (UCCCUGAGACCUCAAGUGUGA (SEQ ID NO:93)) (Dharmacon). The final RNA pellet was re-suspended in a final volume equal to the initial plasma volume and 5 μ l was used for subsequent RT-PCR reactions, as described above.

15 **Statistical analysis.** One-way ANOVA and Newman-Keuls Multiple Comparison Post-test were used to determine significance. $P < 0.05$ was considered statistically significant.

Example 4: Inhibitor dosing in non-human primates

Antimirs 10101 and 10707 were administered three times at a dose of 25 mg/kg to African Geen Monkeys (~3kg) by the saphenous vein. Tissue was collected after four
20 weeks and assayed for inhibitor. Results are shown in **Figure 22**. Right panel shows drug plasma clearance. Left panel shows tissue and plasma distribution (dark bars, M-10101; light bars, M-10707).

Figure 23 shows miRNA target inhibition. Left panel shows changes in miR-208a expression in left ventricle (left to right: untreated, M-10101, 10707, 10591). Right panel
25 shows changes in miR-208b in left ventricle (left to right: untreated, M-10101, M-10707, M-10591). With only two nucleotide differences between M-10101 and M-10707, the antimirs are specific for their target miR (miR-208a and miR-208b, respectively).

Figure 24 shows Mir-499 levels after treatment. Levels are shown for left ventricle (LV), right ventricle (RV), and septum. Bars are, from left to right, untreated, M-10101, M-10707, and M-10591.

Example 5: Molecular analysis of antimiR-208a treatment

5 Seven antimiR-208a chemistries were selected that showed efficacy in vivo, each having 9 LNAs and 7 DNA nucleotides. The compounds were dosed at 25 mg/kg s.c. in mice, with takedown at day 4. miRs and target expression were measured. Compounds were: M-10101, M-10680, M-10681, M-10682, M-10683, M-10673, and M-11184 (see Table 1).

10 Hepatic and renal toxicology markers did not show significant increases from saline (data not shown).

 The compounds show varying levels of target de-repression. M-10101 and M-10683 were particularly effective. **Figure 25** shows expression of miR-208a and Dynlt1. **Figure 26** shows expression of Dynlt1, Vcpip, and Tmbim6. **Figure 27** shows expression of Thrap1 and Sp3. **Figure 28** shows expression of Purb, Gata4, and Sox6.

15

 As shown in **Figure 29**, antimir-208a treatment increases miR-19b plasma levels in unstressed rodents (SD rats).

 The degree of target de-repression depends on the degree of stress, as shown using the Dahl salt-sensitive rat model. **Figure 30** shows the results for Dynlt1 expression at 4% salt and 6% salt. Dynlt1 shows more robust de-repression at 6%. **Figure 31** shows results for the target Vcpip1. **Figure 32** shows results for the target Tmbim6.

20

Figures 33 to 39 show degrees of miR inhibition in different regions of the heart, showing that more stressed regions show greater effect. **Figure 33** shows inhibition of miR-208a, miR-208b, and miR-499. **Figure 34** shows de-repression of myosin markers. **Figure 35** shows degree of expression of certain cardiac stress markers. **Figure 36** shows de-repression of Dynlt1, Vcpip, Tmbim6 and Cbx1. **Figure 37** shows expression of Thrap1, Sox6, Sp3, and pur-beta. As shown in **Figure 38**, the infarcted area showed the greatest de-repression of Dynlt1. **Figure 39** shows the de-repression of targets in different regions of the heart with M-10101.

25

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CLAIMS:

1. An oligonucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence that is substantially complementary to a nucleotide sequence of human miR-208a or miR-208b, and having a mix of locked and non-locked nucleotides,

wherein the length of the oligonucleotide and number and position of locked nucleotides is such that the oligonucleotide reduces miR-208a, miR-208b, and/or miR-499 activity at an oligonucleotide concentration of about 50 nM or less in an *in vitro* luciferase assay, or at a dose of 25 mg/kg or less in a mouse model.

2. The oligonucleotide of claim 1, wherein at least seven nucleotides are locked nucleotides and at least one nucleotide is non-locked.

3. The oligonucleotide of claim 1, wherein the oligonucleotide is from about 8 to about 18 nucleotides in length.

4. The oligonucleotide of claim 3, wherein the oligonucleotide is about 16 nucleotides in length.

5. The oligonucleotide of claim 1, wherein the nucleotide sequence is completely complementary to a nucleotide sequence of miR-208a or miR-208b.

6. The oligonucleotide of claim 5, comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:1 or SEQ ID NO:2.

7. The oligonucleotide of claim 5, having the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:3 or SEQ ID NO:4.

8. The oligonucleotide of any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein the oligonucleotide does not contain a stretch of nucleotides with more than three contiguous non-locked nucleotides.

9. The oligonucleotide of claim 8, wherein the oligonucleotide does not contain a stretch of nucleotides with more than two contiguous non-locked nucleotides.
10. The oligonucleotide of claim 8 or 9, wherein the oligonucleotide has one occurrence of contiguous non-locked nucleotides.
11. The oligonucleotide of any one of claims 1 to 10, wherein the region complementary to the miR-208a or miR-208b seed region comprises at least four locked nucleotides.
12. The oligonucleotide of claim 7, containing at least nine locked nucleotides.
13. The oligonucleotide of claim 12, containing at least eleven locked nucleotides.
14. The oligonucleotide of claim 7, containing at least three non-locked nucleotides.
15. The oligonucleotide of claim 14, containing nine locked nucleotides and seven non-locked nucleotides.
16. The oligonucleotide of claim 14, containing eleven locked nucleotides and five non-locked nucleotides.
17. The oligonucleotide of claim 7, wherein at least positions 1, 6, 10, 13, and 15 are locked nucleotides.
18. The oligonucleotide of claim 7, wherein positions 1, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11, 13, 15, and 16 are locked nucleotides, and the remaining positions are non-locked nucleotides.
19. The oligonucleotide of claim 7, wherein positions 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 13, 15, and 16 are locked nucleotides, with the remaining positions being non-locked nucleotides.
20. The oligonucleotide of claim 7, wherein positions 1, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 14, and 16 are locked nucleotides, with the remaining positions being non-locked nucleotides.

21. The oligonucleotide of any one of claims 1 to 20, wherein the nucleotides not in a locked configuration are 2' deoxy.
22. The oligonucleotide of any one of claims 1 to 20, wherein at least one non-locked nucleotide is 2' O-alkyl or 2' halo.
23. The oligonucleotide of any one of claims 1 to 22, wherein the locked nucleotides have a 2' to 4' methylene bridge.
24. The oligonucleotide of any one of claims 1 to 23, having a 5' and/or 3' cap structure.
25. The oligonucleotide of any one of claims 1 to 24, containing one or more phosphorothioate linkages.
26. The oligonucleotide of claim 25, wherein the oligonucleotide is fully phosphorothioate-linked.
27. The oligonucleotide of claim 25, having from one to three phosphate linkages.
28. The oligonucleotide of claim 7, having the structure of Compound 10101, 10673, 10674, 10677, 10679, 10683, 10707, or 10680.
29. The oligonucleotide of any one of claims 1 to 28, further comprising a pendent lipophilic group.
30. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an effective amount of the oligonucleotide of any one of claims 1 to 29, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically-acceptable carrier or diluent.
31. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 30, wherein the pharmaceutically-acceptable carrier comprises a colloidal dispersion system, macromolecular complex,

nanocapsule, microsphere, bead, oil-in-water emulsion, micelle, mixed micelle, or liposome.

32. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 30, wherein the pharmaceutically-acceptable carrier or diluent consists essentially of saline.

33. A method of reducing or inhibiting miR-208a and/or miR-208b activity in a cell comprising contacting the cell with the oligonucleotide of any one of claims 1 to 29 or the composition of any one of claims 30 to 32.

34. The method of claim 33, wherein the activity of miR-499 in the cell is also reduced or inhibited.

35. The method of claim 33 or 34, wherein the cell is a mammalian cell.

36. The method of claim 35, wherein the cell is a heart cell.

37. The method of claim 33, wherein the cell is *in vivo* or *ex vivo*.

38. A method of preventing or treating a condition in a subject associated with or mediated by miR-208a, miR-208(b), and/or miR-499, comprising administering to the subject the pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 30 or 32.

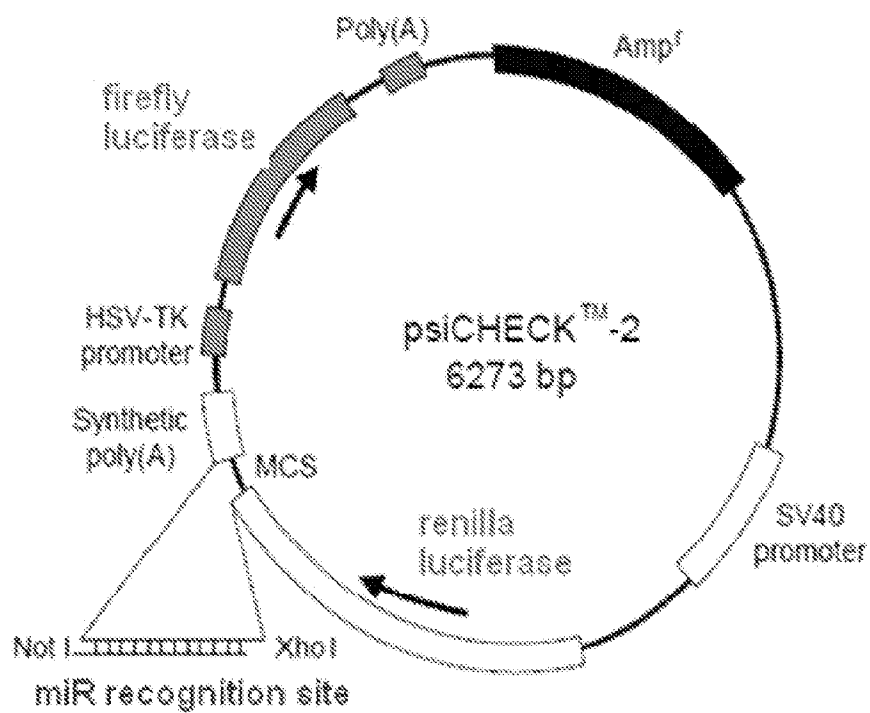
39. The method of claim 38, wherein the condition is a heart condition.

40. The method of claim 38, wherein the heart condition is pathologic cardiac hypertrophy, myocardial infarction, or heart failure.

41. The method of any one of claims 38 to 40, wherein said pharmaceutical composition is administered by parenteral administration or by direct injection into heart tissue.

42. The method of claim 41, wherein said parenteral administration is intravenous, subcutaneous, intraperitoneal, or intramuscular.
43. The method of any one of claims 38 to 42, wherein said composition is administered by oral, transdermal, sustained release, controlled release, delayed release, suppository, catheter, or sublingual administration.
44. The method of any one of claims 38 to 43, wherein said subject is human.
45. The method of any one of claims 38 to 44, wherein the oligonucleotide is delivered at a dose of 10 mg/kg or less.
46. The method of claim 45, wherein the oligonucleotide is formulated in saline, and administered subcutaneously.
47. The method of claim 46, wherein the oligonucleotide is selected from the compounds designated M-10101, M-10673, M-10674, M-10677, M-10679, M-10683, M-10707, and M-10680.

FIGURE 1



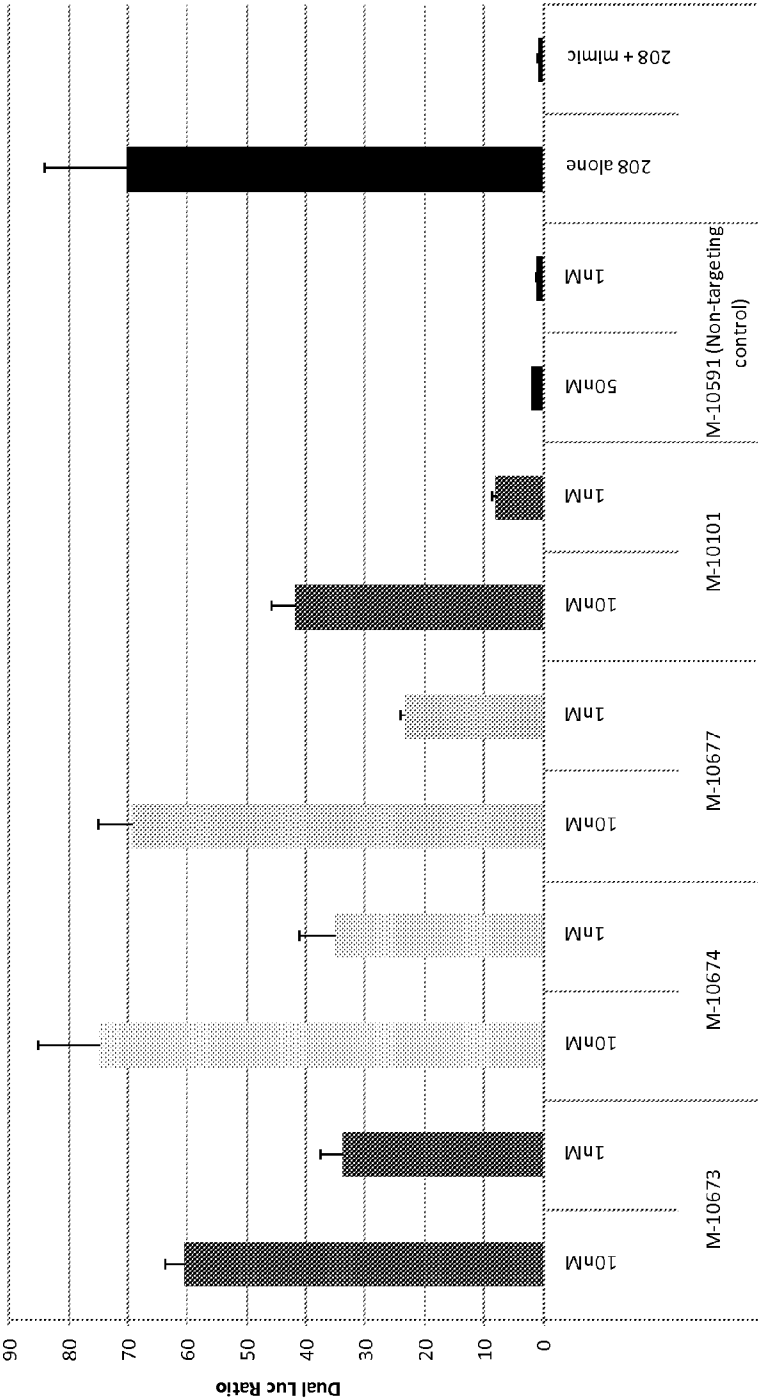


FIGURE 2

FIGURE 3

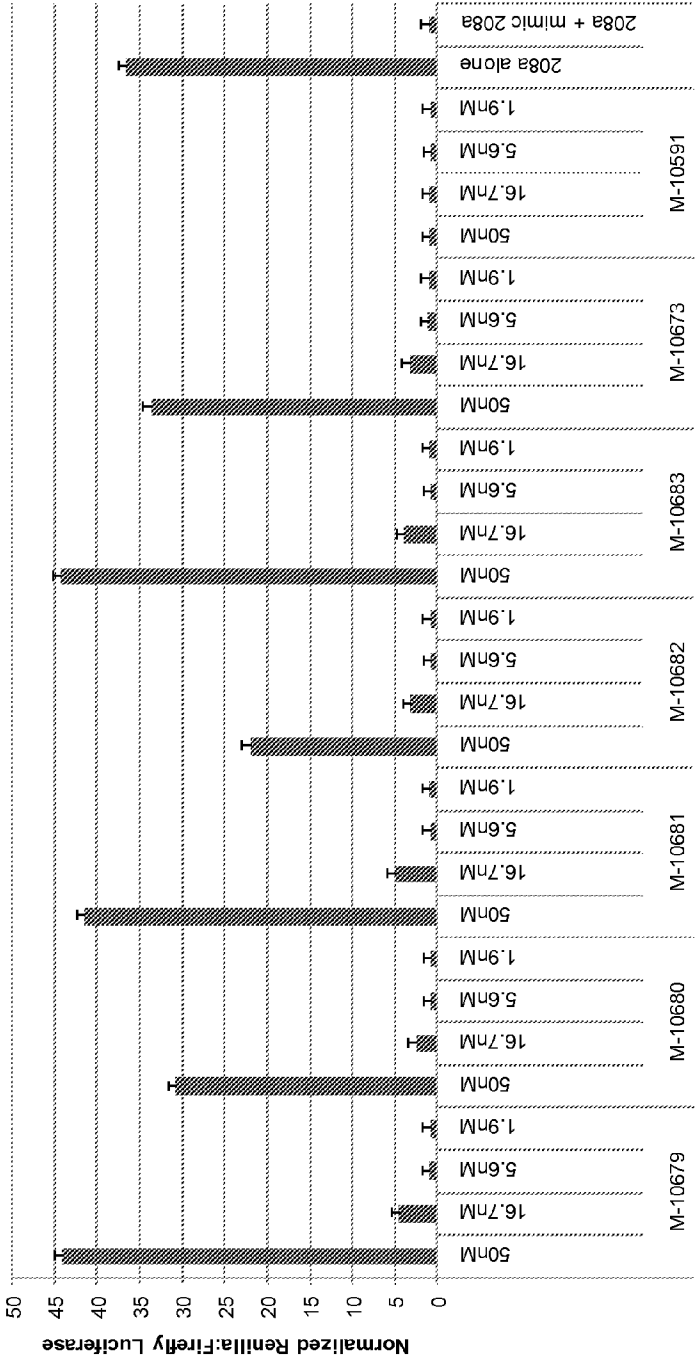


FIGURE 4

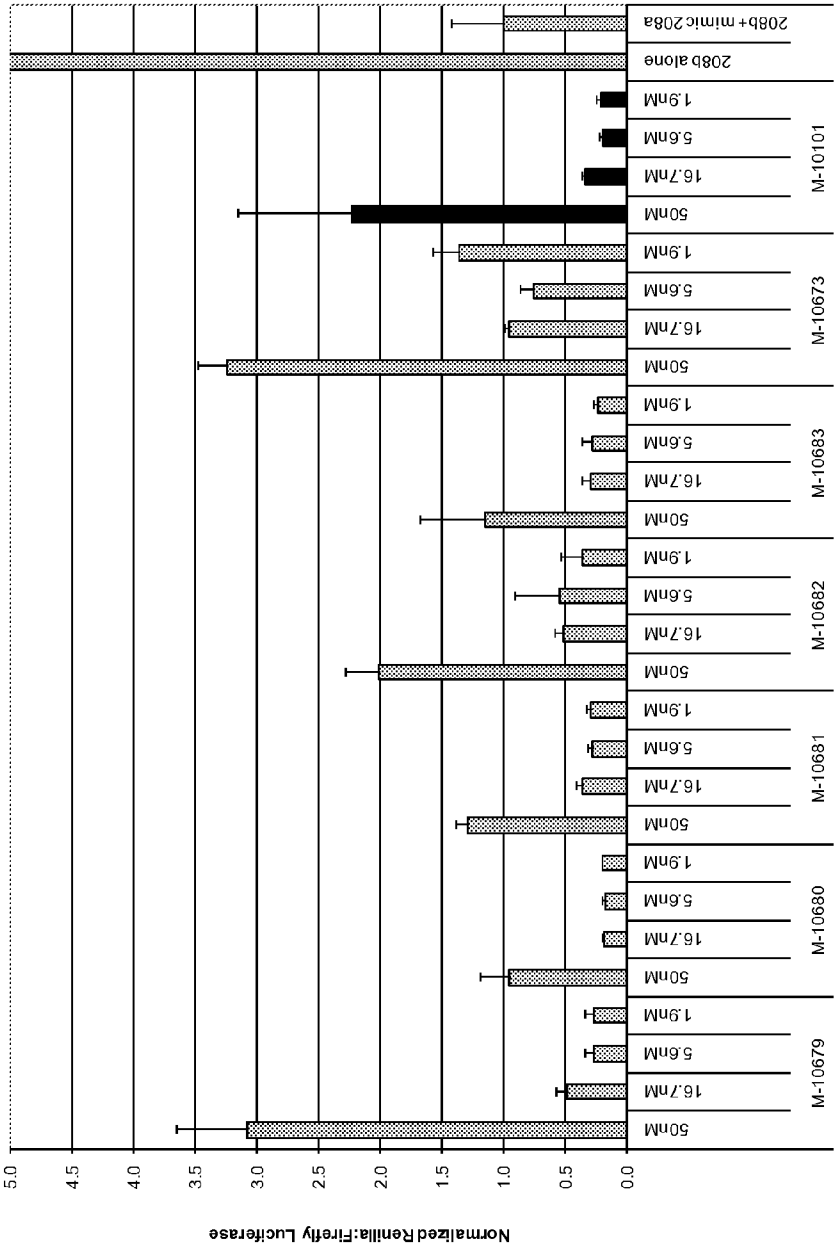


FIGURE 5

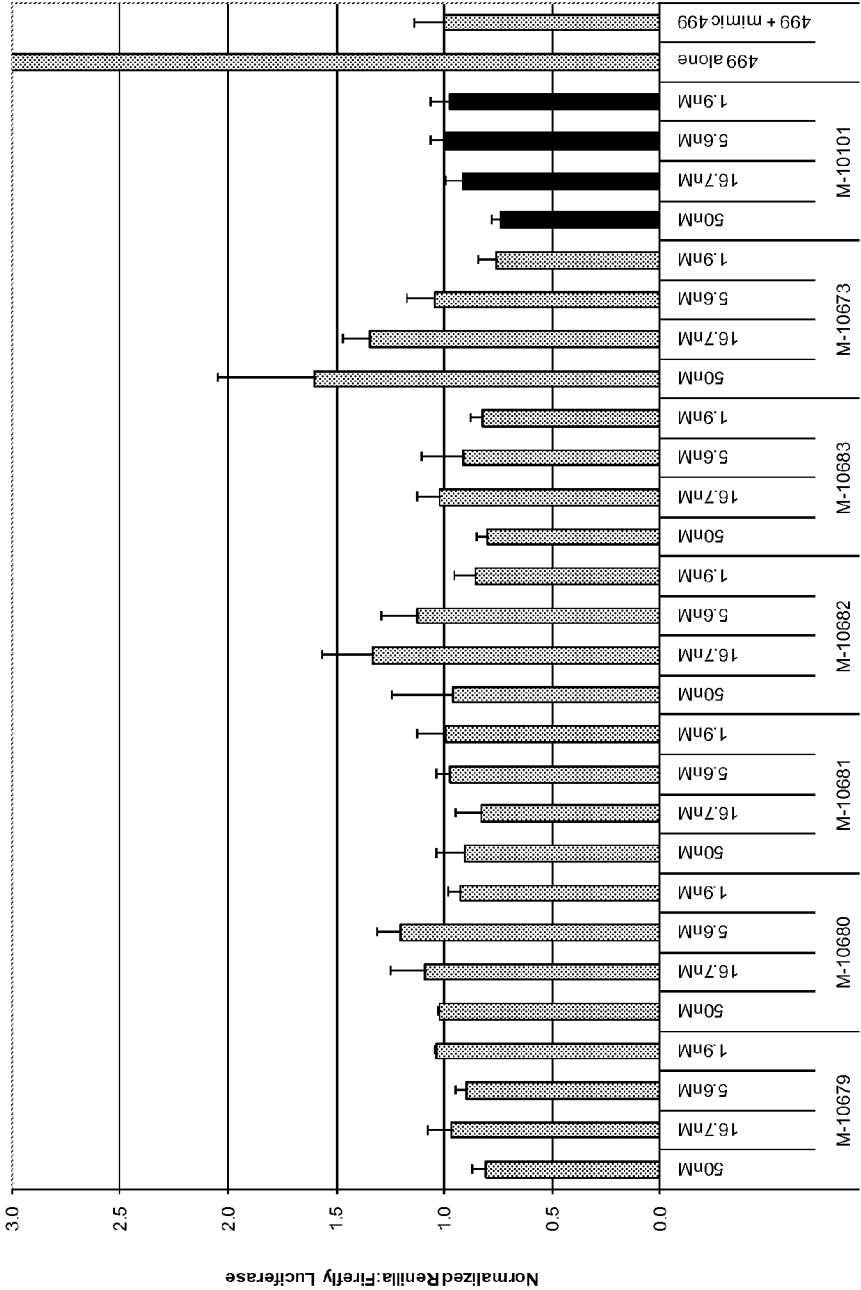


FIGURE 6

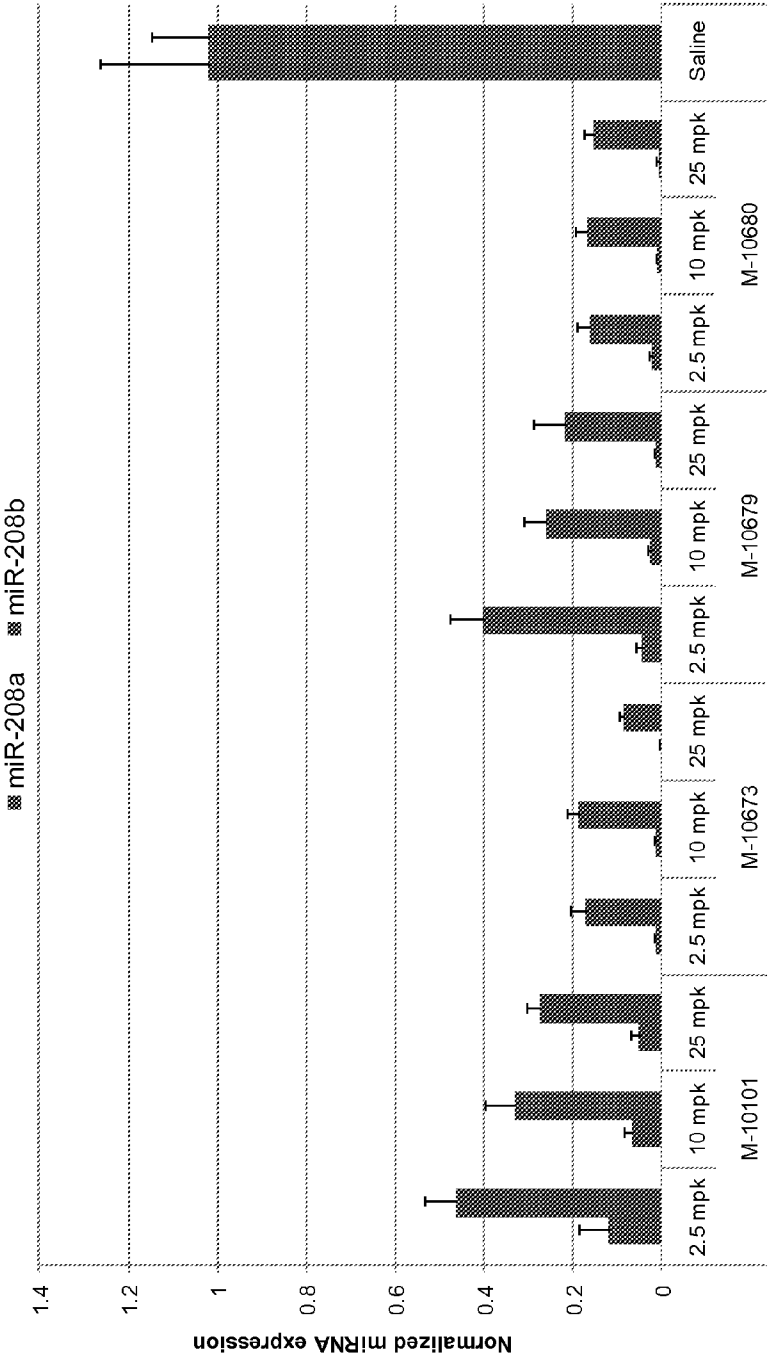


FIGURE 7

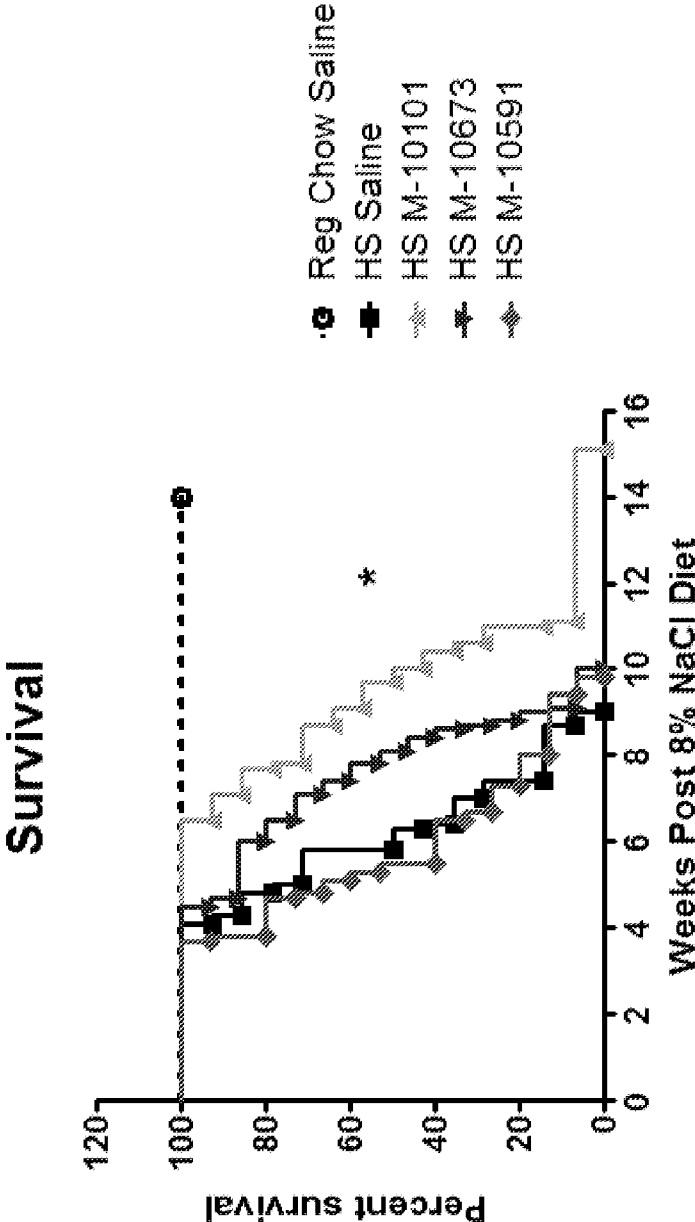


FIGURE 8

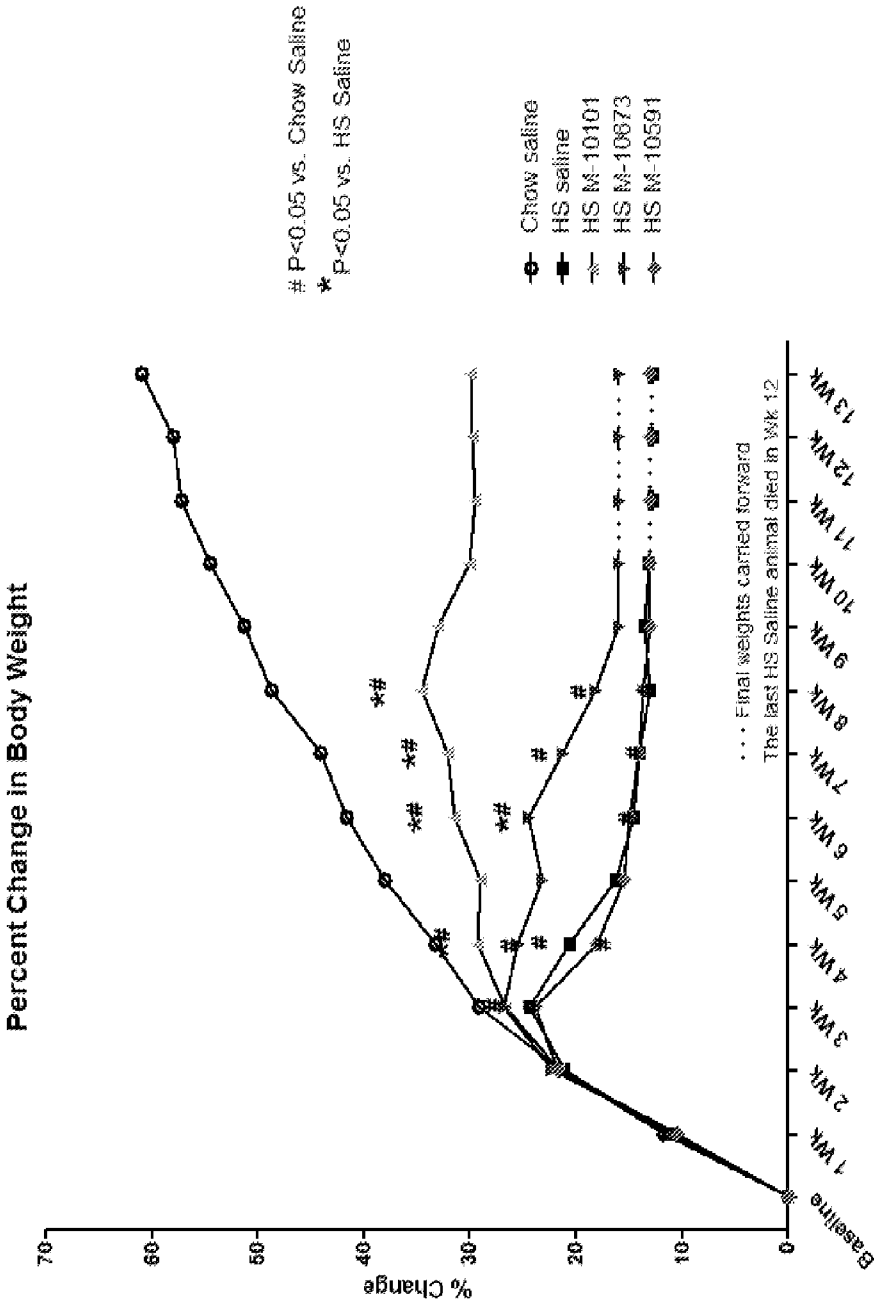


FIGURE 9

miR-208a	5'	A U A A G A C G A A A A A G C U U G U (SEQ ID NO:94)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		
			A	U	A	A	G	A	C	G	A	G	C	A	A	A	A	A	A	G	C	U	U	G	U	
			(SEQ ID NO:94)																							
			(SEQ ID NO:96)																							
miR-208a RC	5'	A C A A G C T T T T T G C T C G T C T T A T (SEQ ID NO:95)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		
			C	T	T	T	T	T	T	G	C	T	C	G	T	C	T	T	A	T						
			(SEQ ID NO:96)																							
			(SEQ ID NO:96)																							
			%LNA	100%	20%	88%	88%	88%	88%	88%	88%	90%	90%	10%	70%	60%	90%	10%	30%	90%	30%	100%	30%			
			%DNA	0%	80%	13%	13%	13%	13%	13%	10%	90%	90%	30%	40%	10%	90%	70%	10%	70%	0%	70%				
miR-208b	5'	A U A A G A C G A A A A G G U U U G U (SEQ ID NO:97)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		
			A	U	A	A	G	A	C	G	A	A	C	A	A	A	A	A	G	U	U	U	G	U		
			(SEQ ID NO:97)																							
			(SEQ ID NO:99)																							
miR-208b RC	5'	A C A A A C C T T T T G T T C G T C T T A T (SEQ ID NO:98)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		
			C	C	C	T	T	T	T	T	G	T	T	C	G	T	C	T	T	A	T					
			(SEQ ID NO:99)																							
			(SEQ ID NO:99)																							
			%LNA	100%	20%	78%	90%	90%	90%	90%	100%	0%	60%	0%	100%	20%	30%	100%	30%	90%	60%	50%				
			%DNA	0%	80%	22%	10%	10%	10%	10%	0%	100%	40%	100%	0%	80%	70%	0%	70%	10%	40%	50%				

FIGURE 10

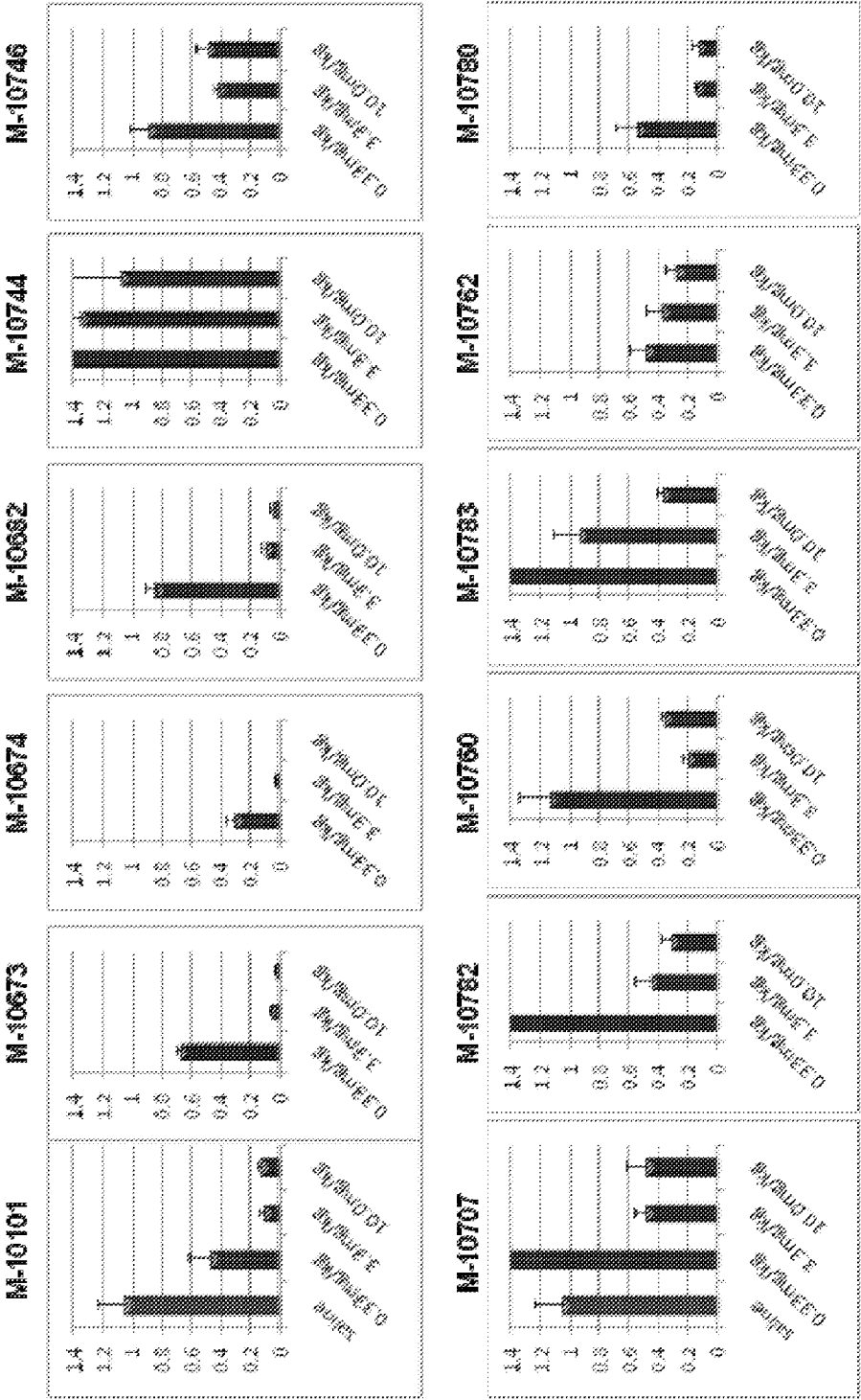


FIGURE 11

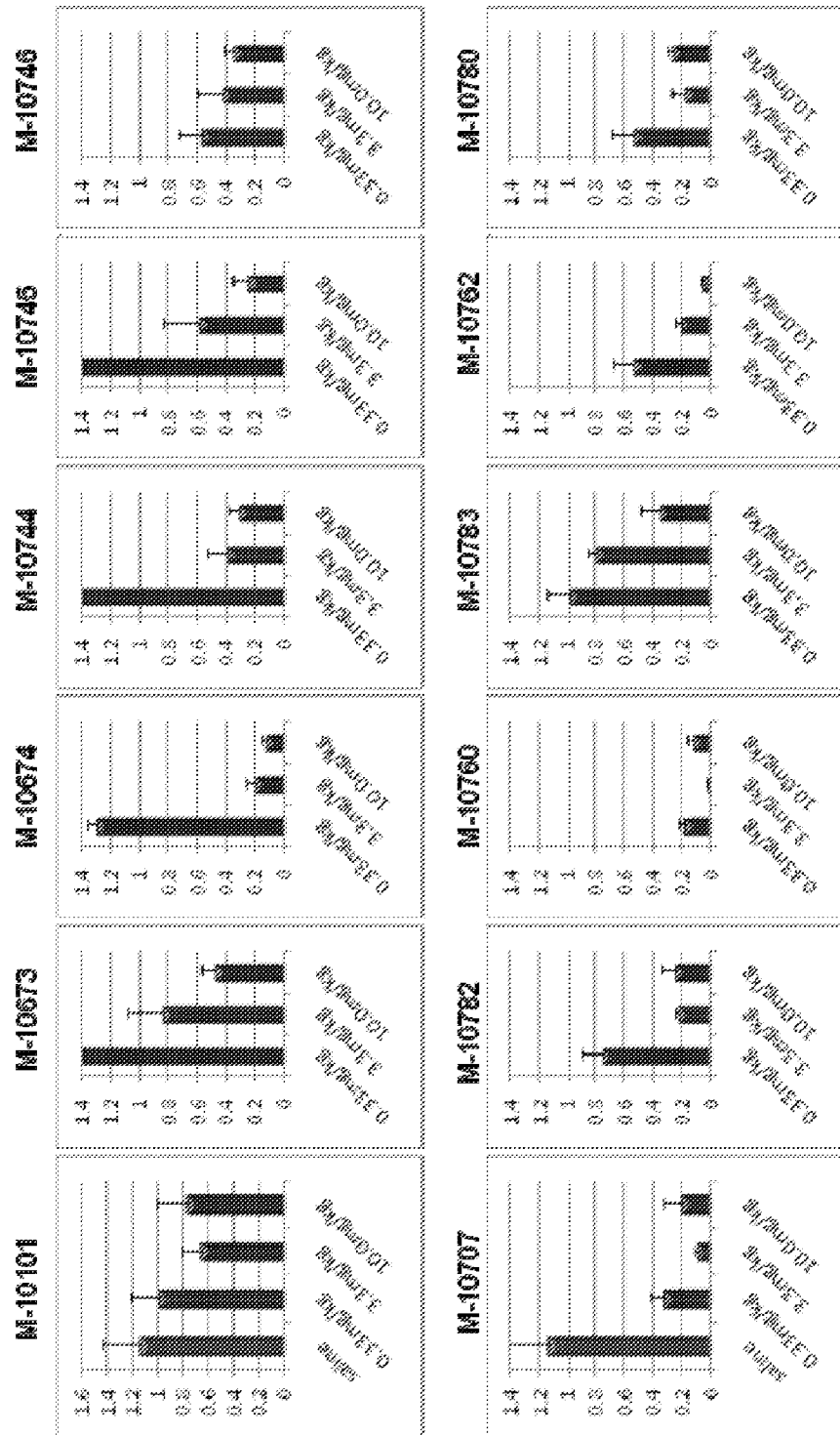


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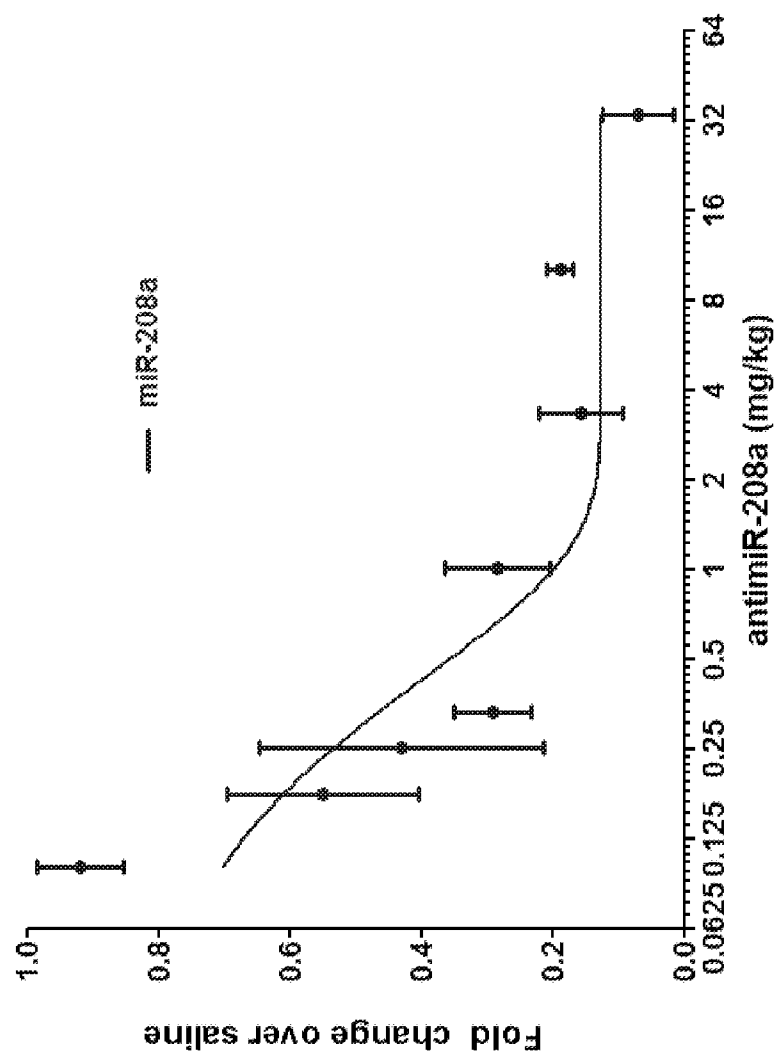


FIGURE 13

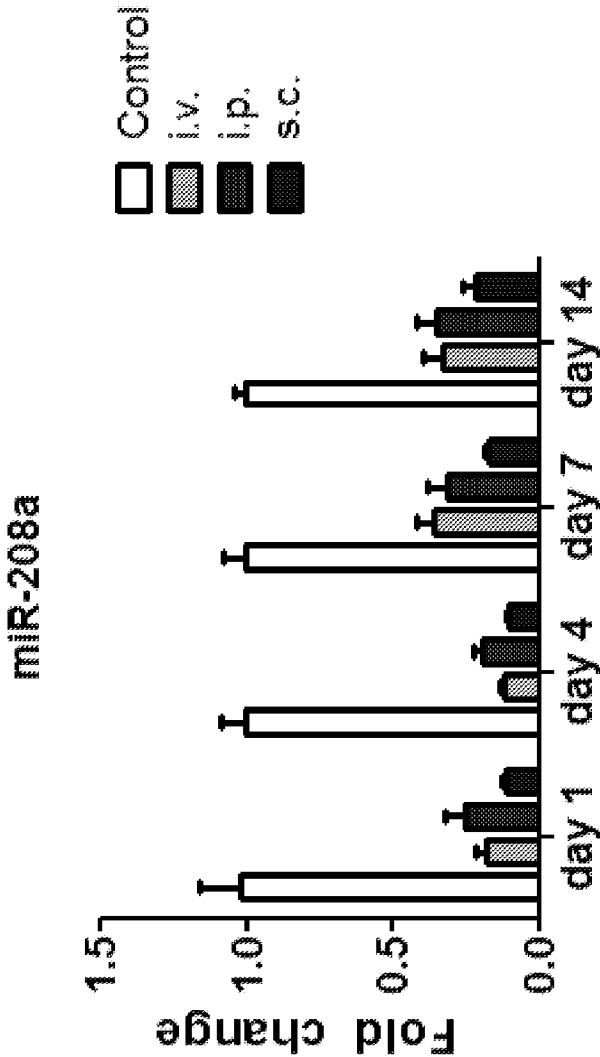


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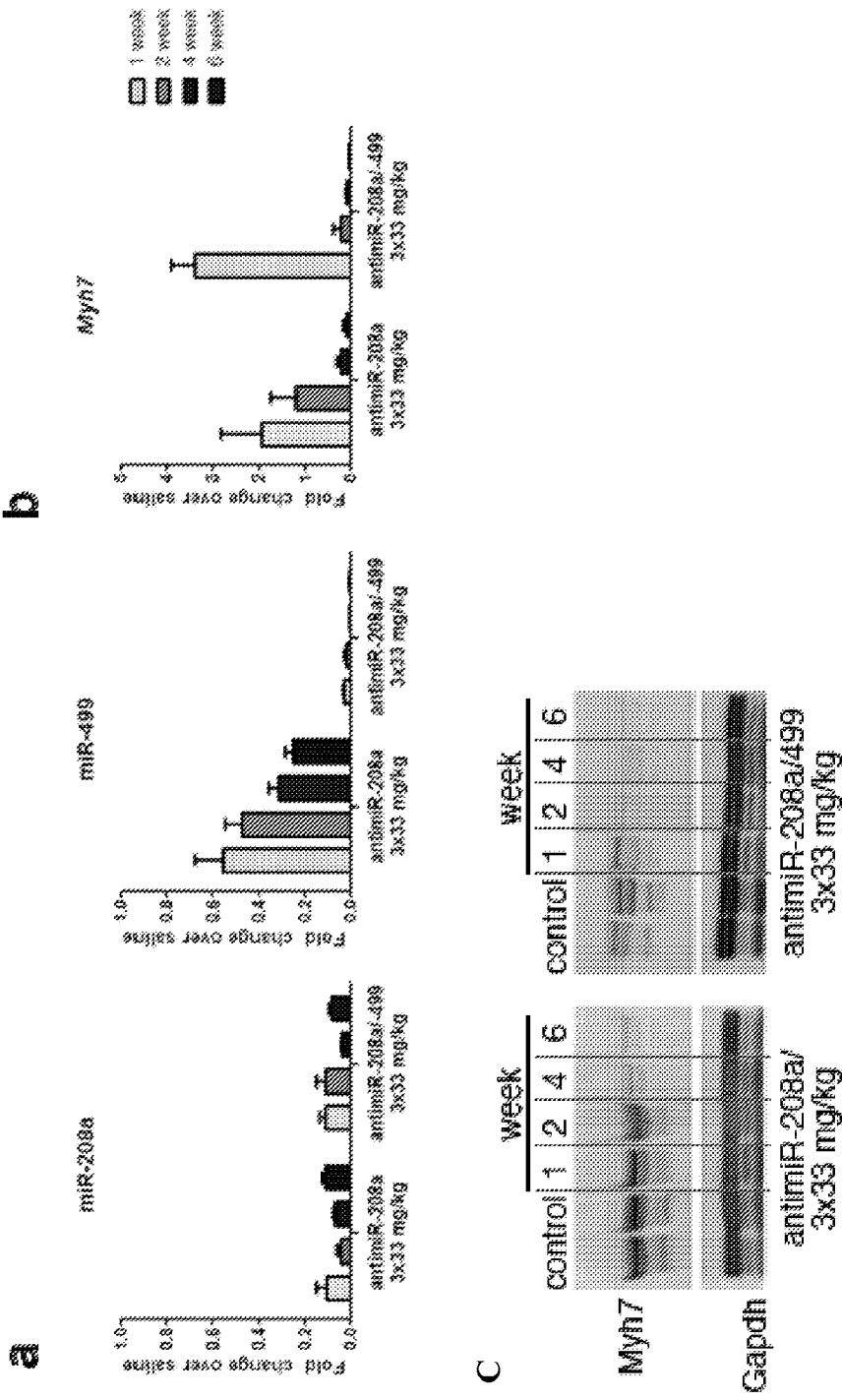


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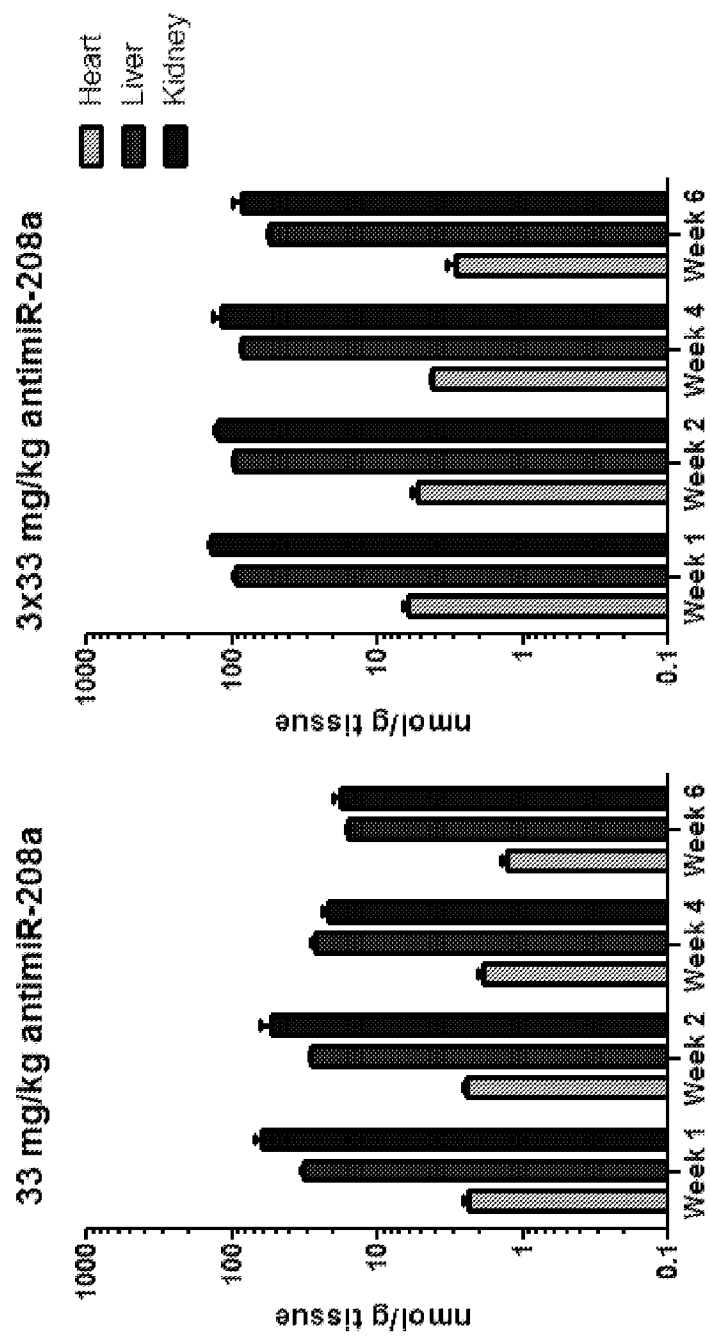


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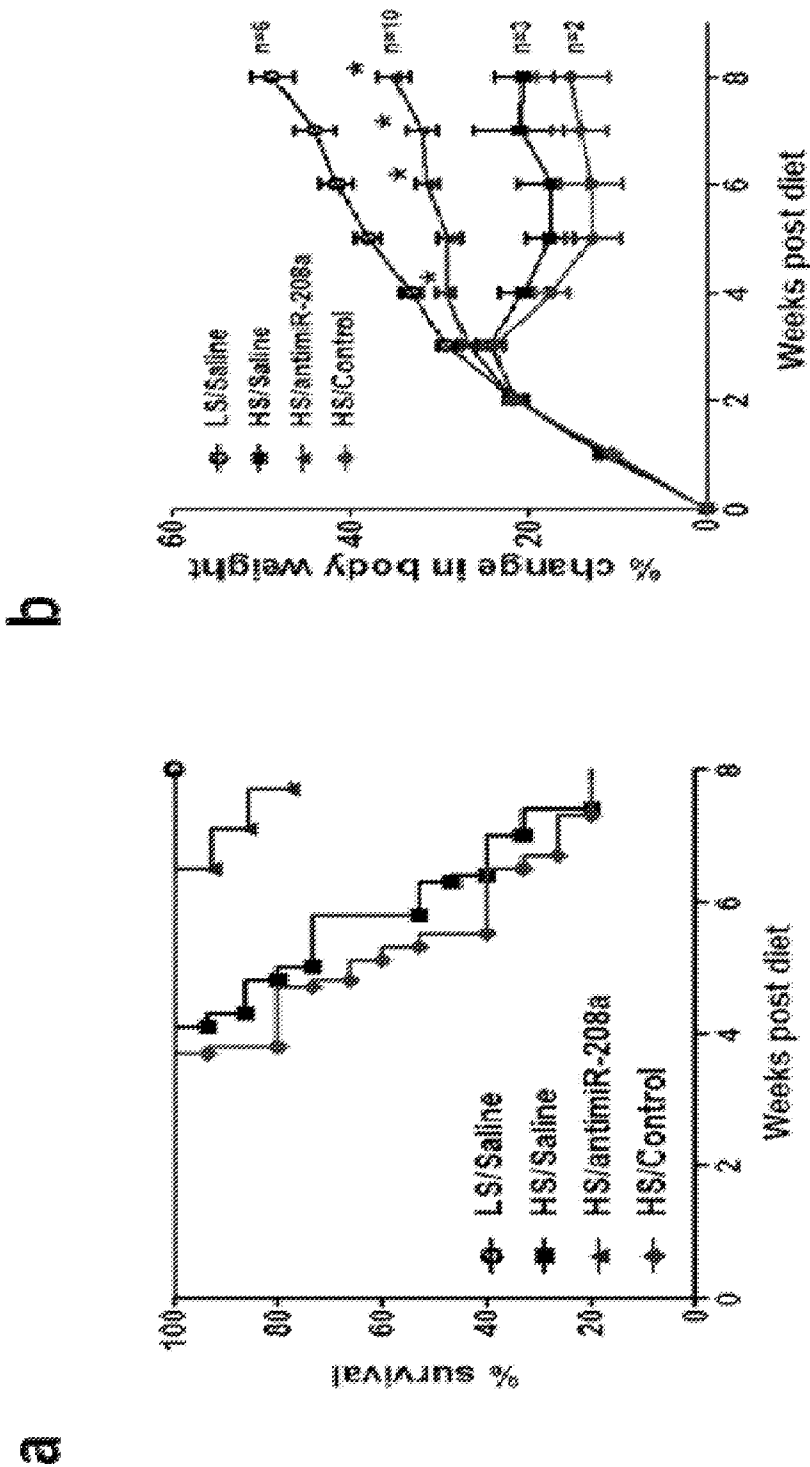


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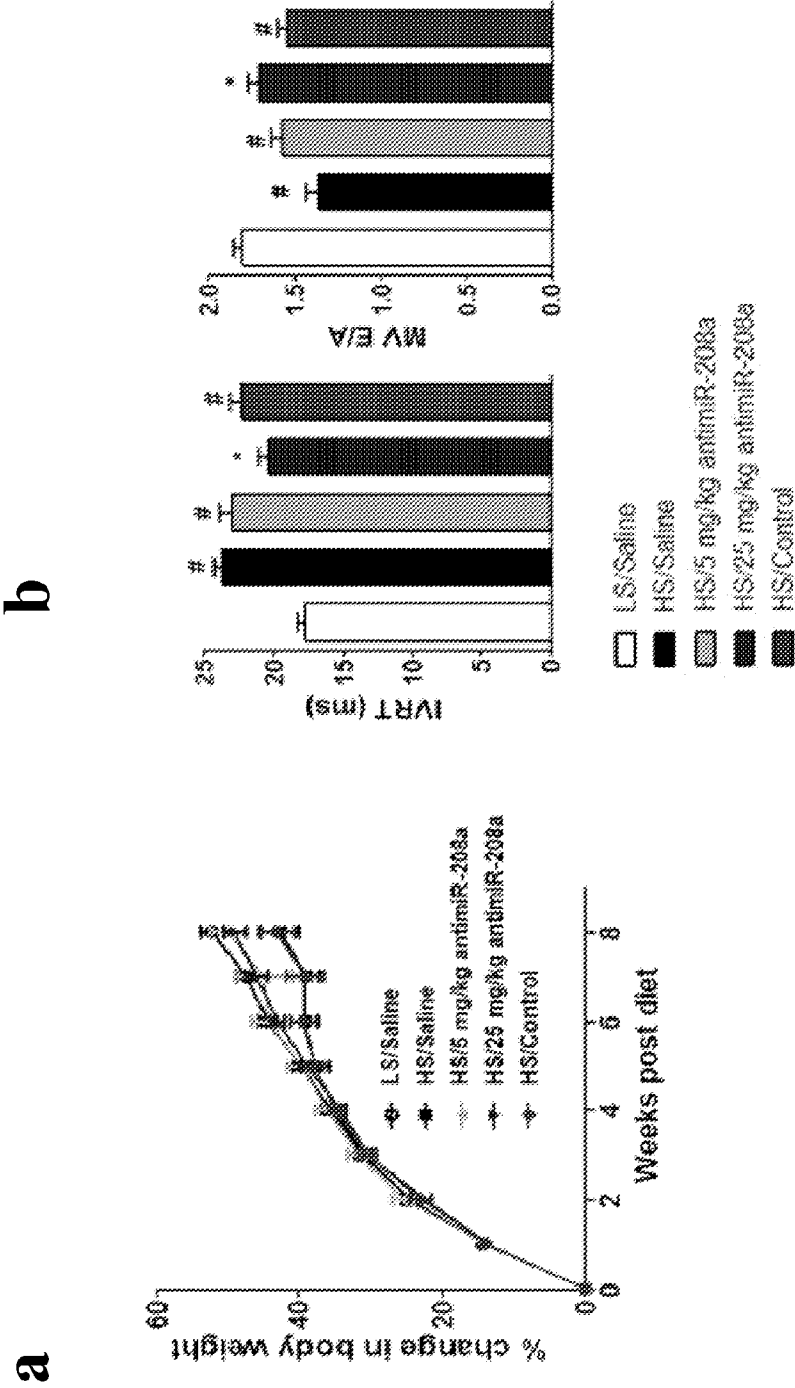


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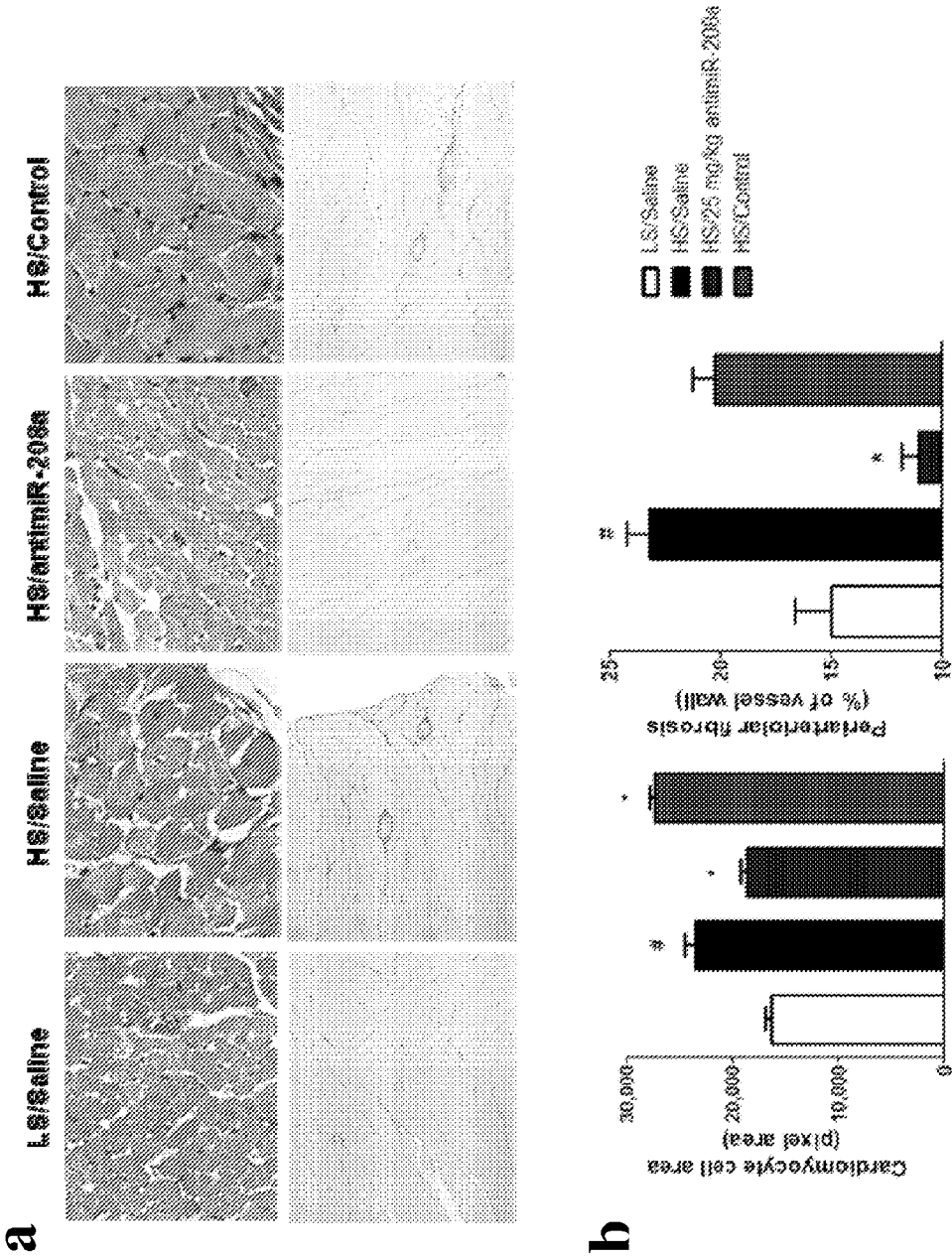


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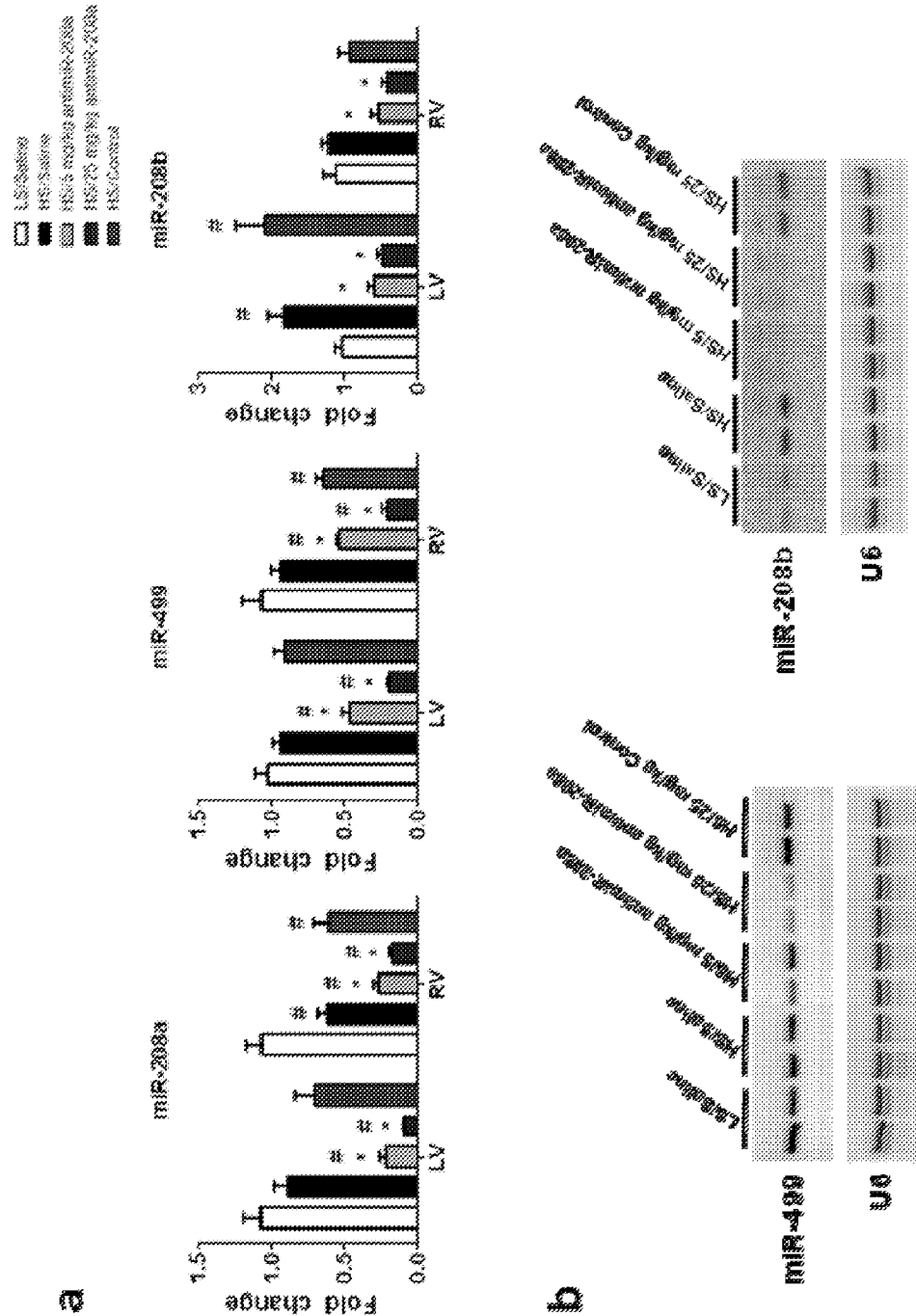
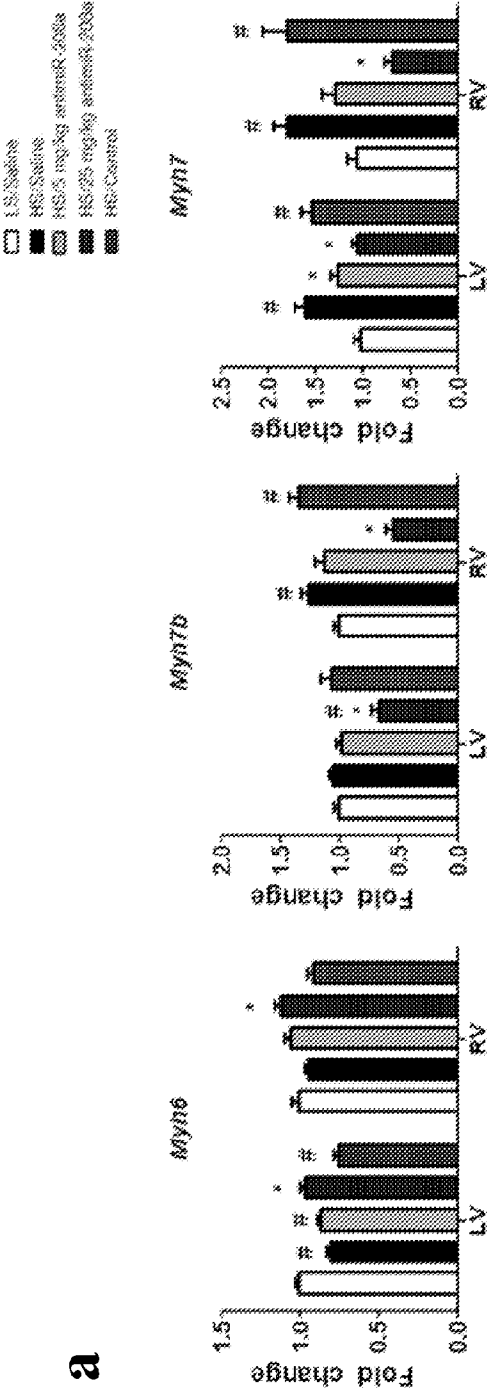
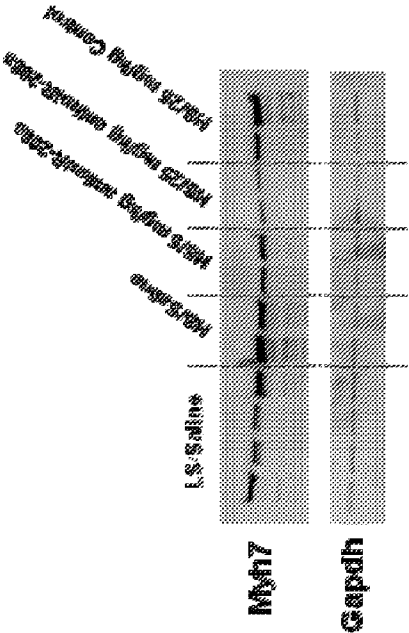


FIGURE 20

a



b



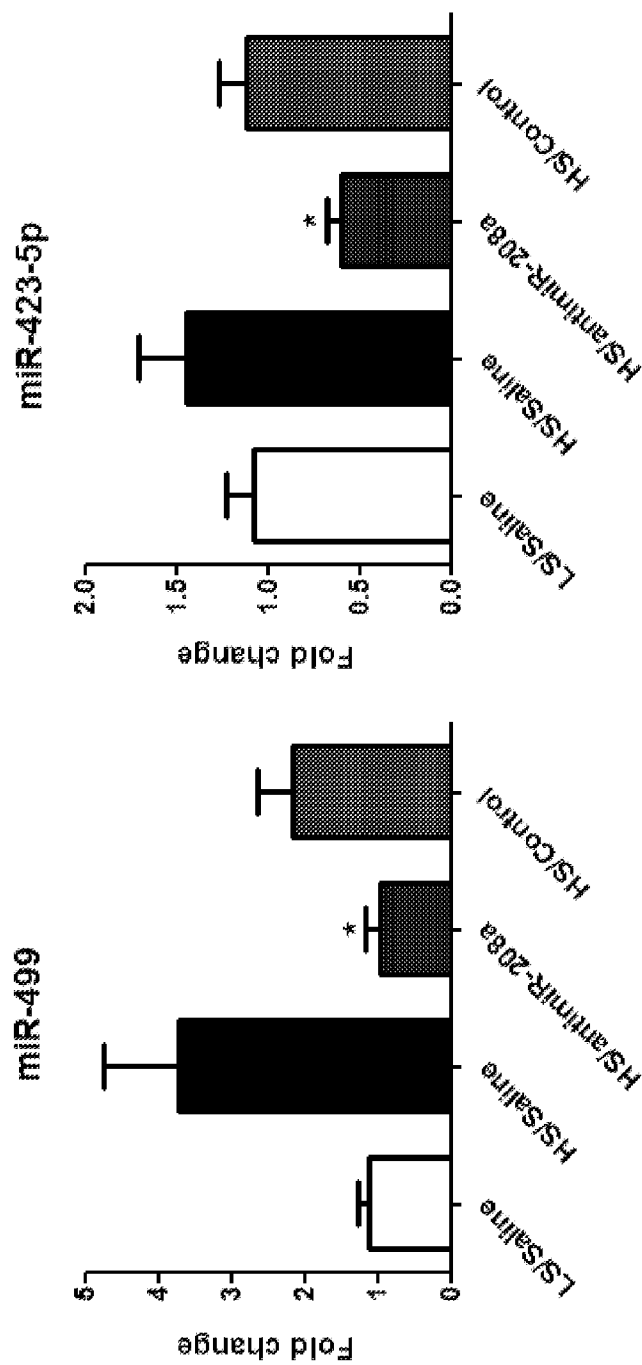


FIGURE 21

FIGURE 22

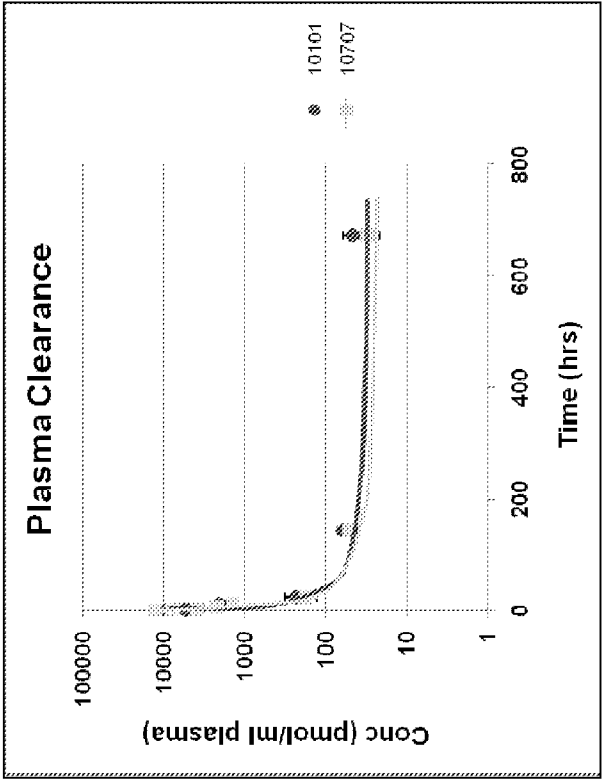
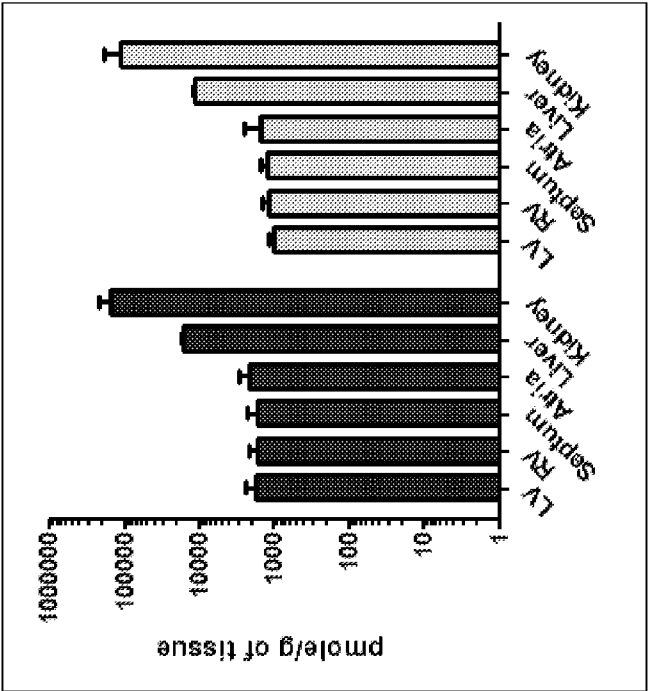
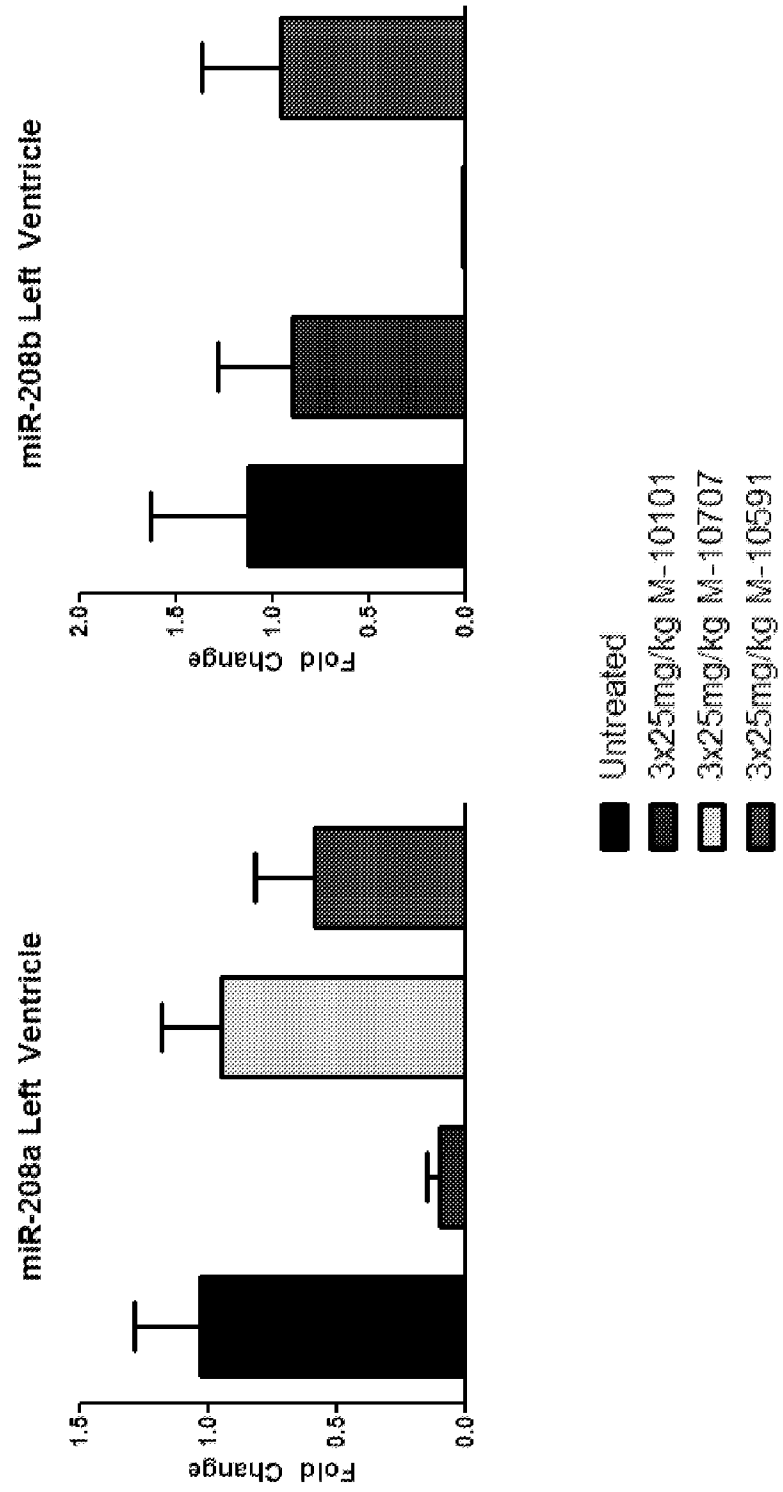


FIGURE 23



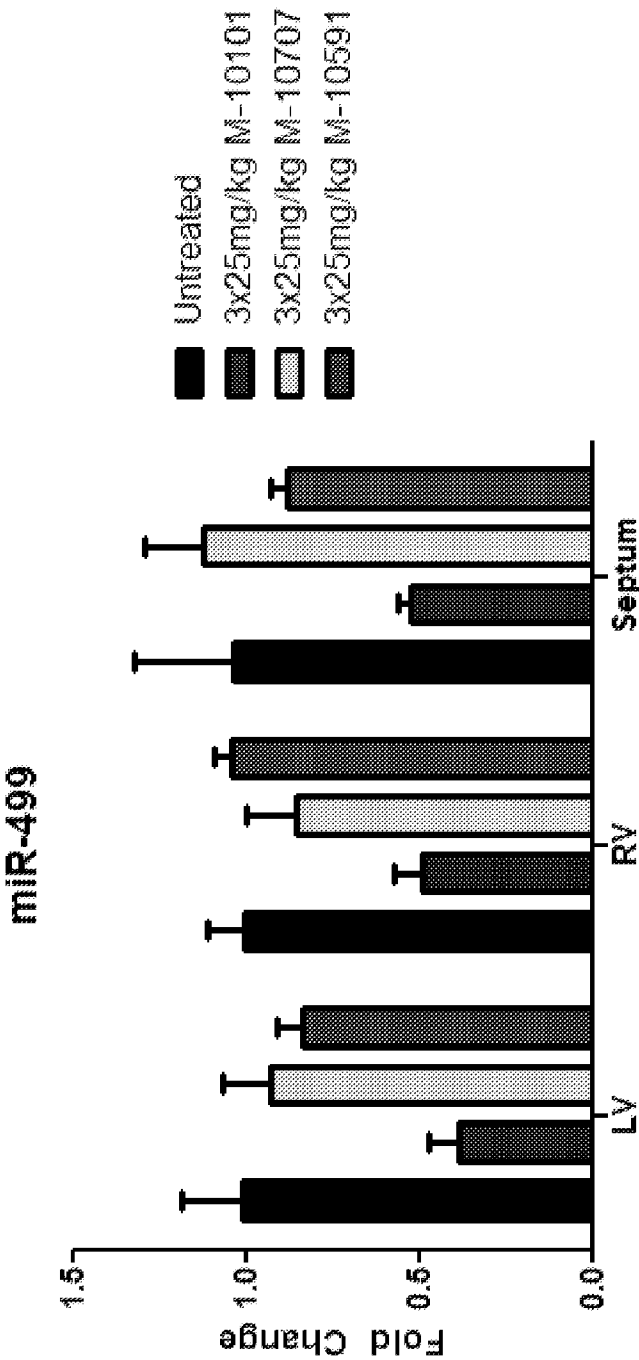


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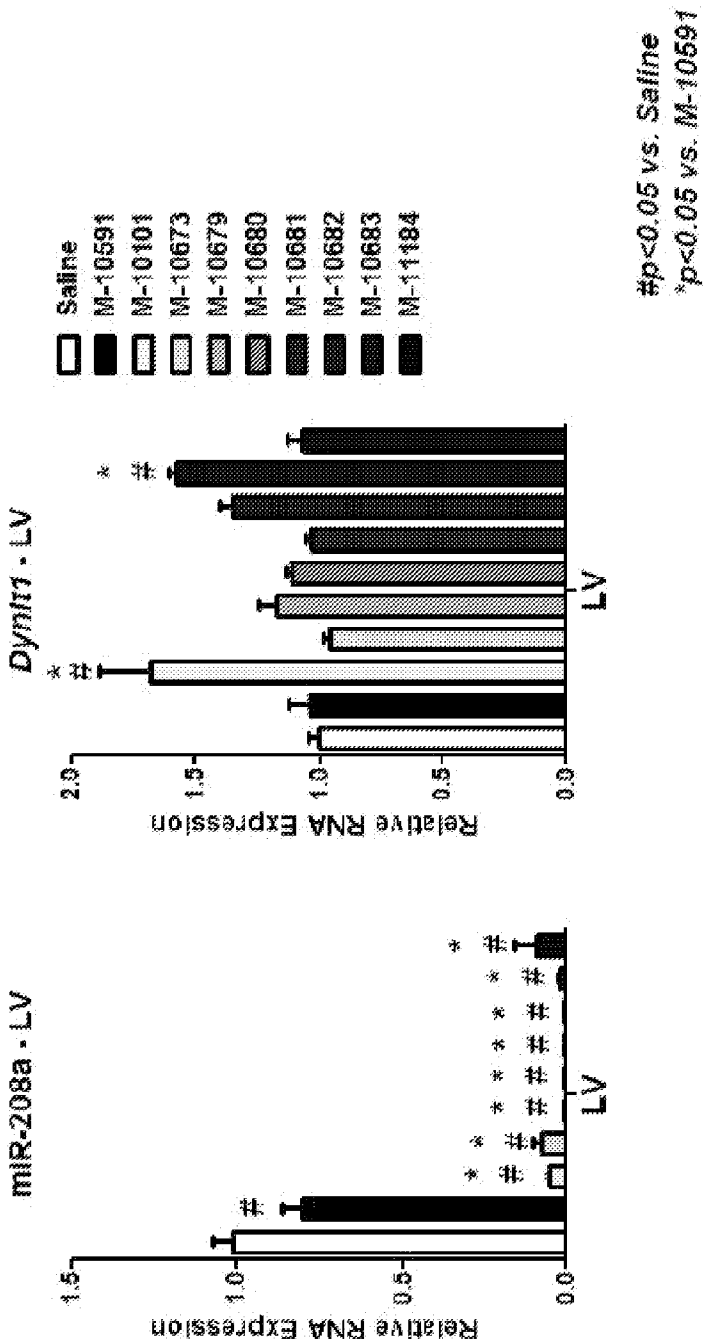


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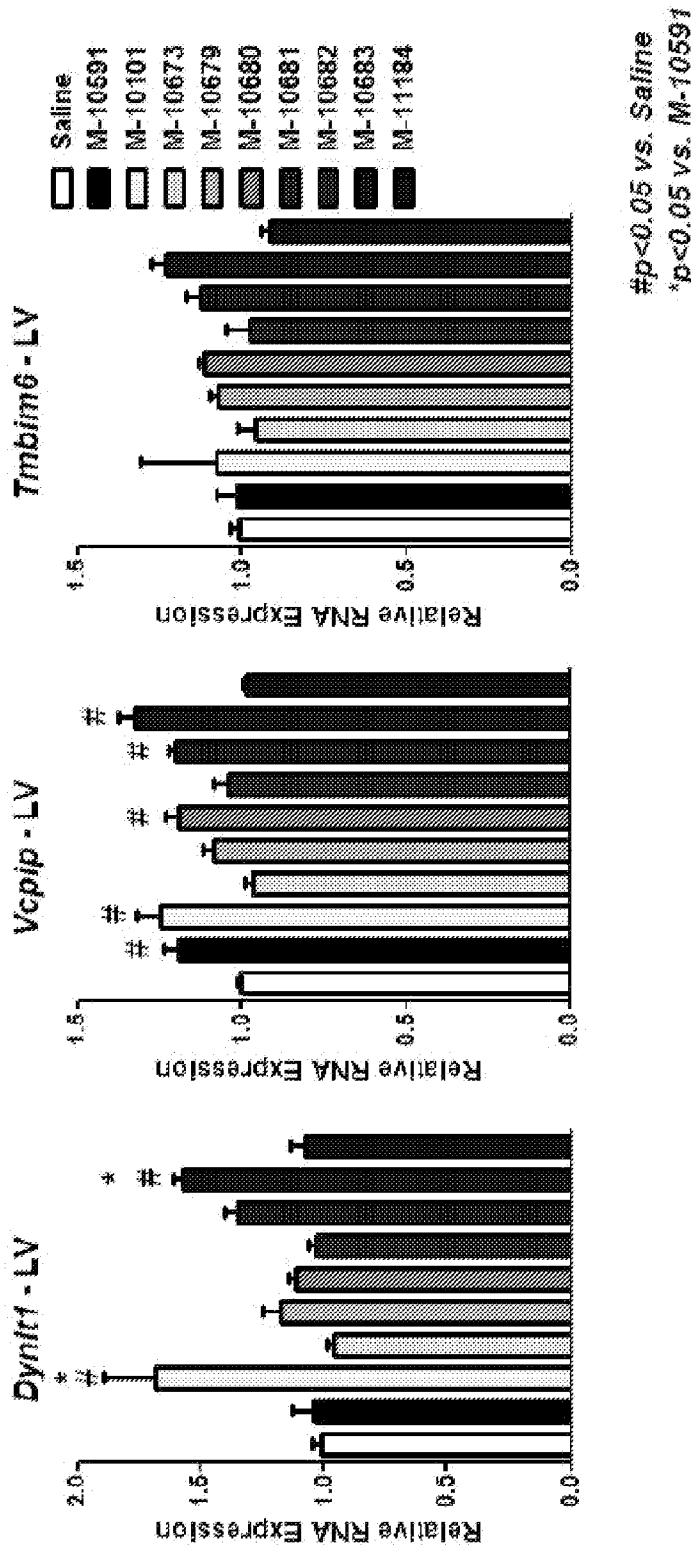


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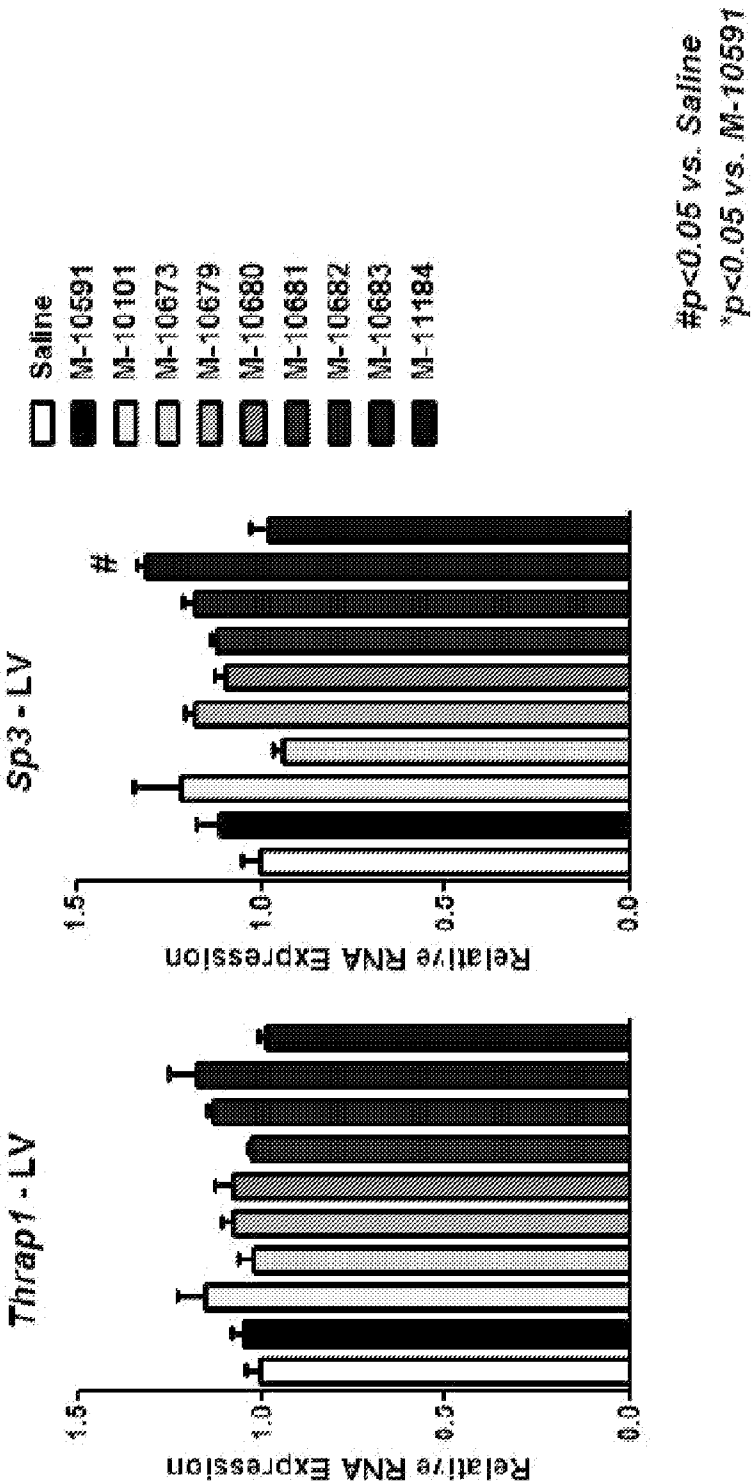


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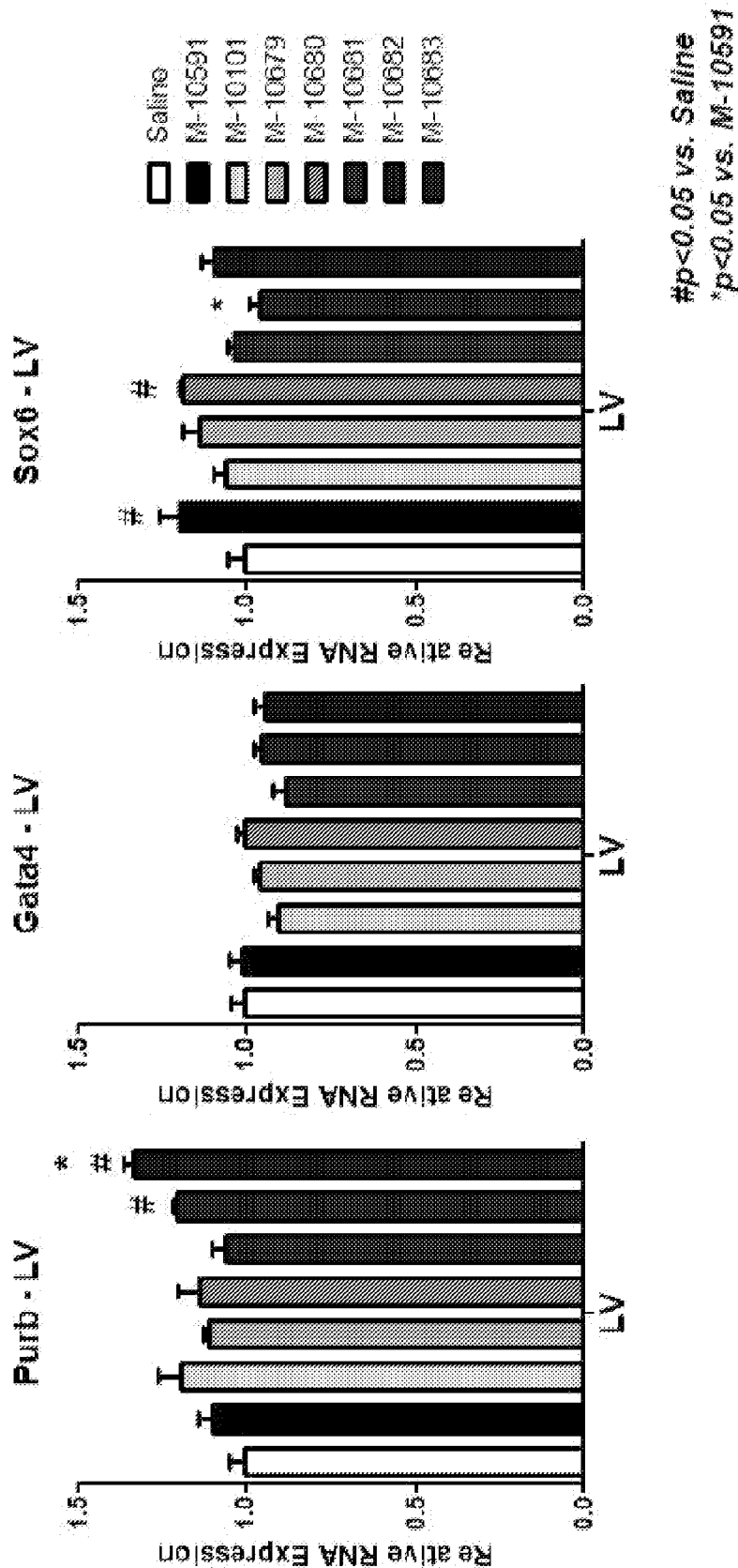
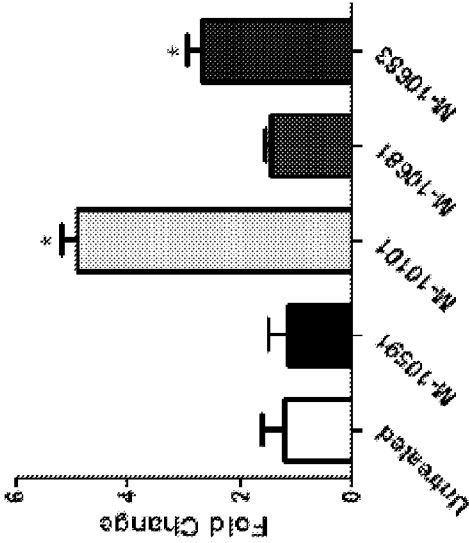


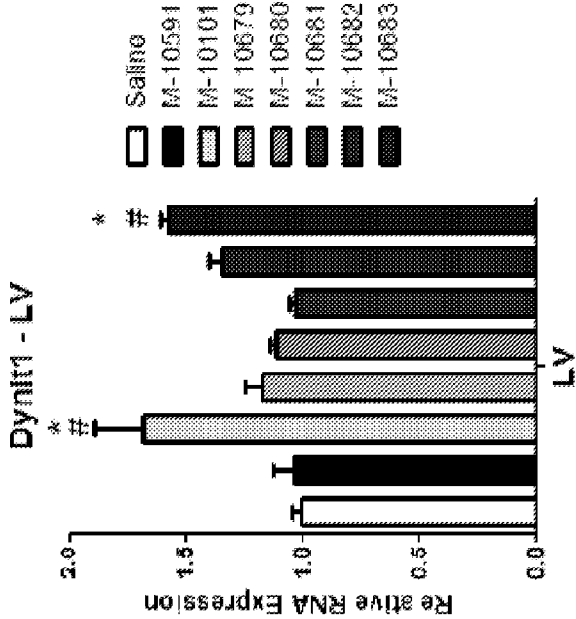
FIGURE 28

FIGURE 29

Plasma miR-19b in unstressed SD rats



* Significant from all other groups



antimiR mediated target
de-repression in LV tissue

FIGURE 30

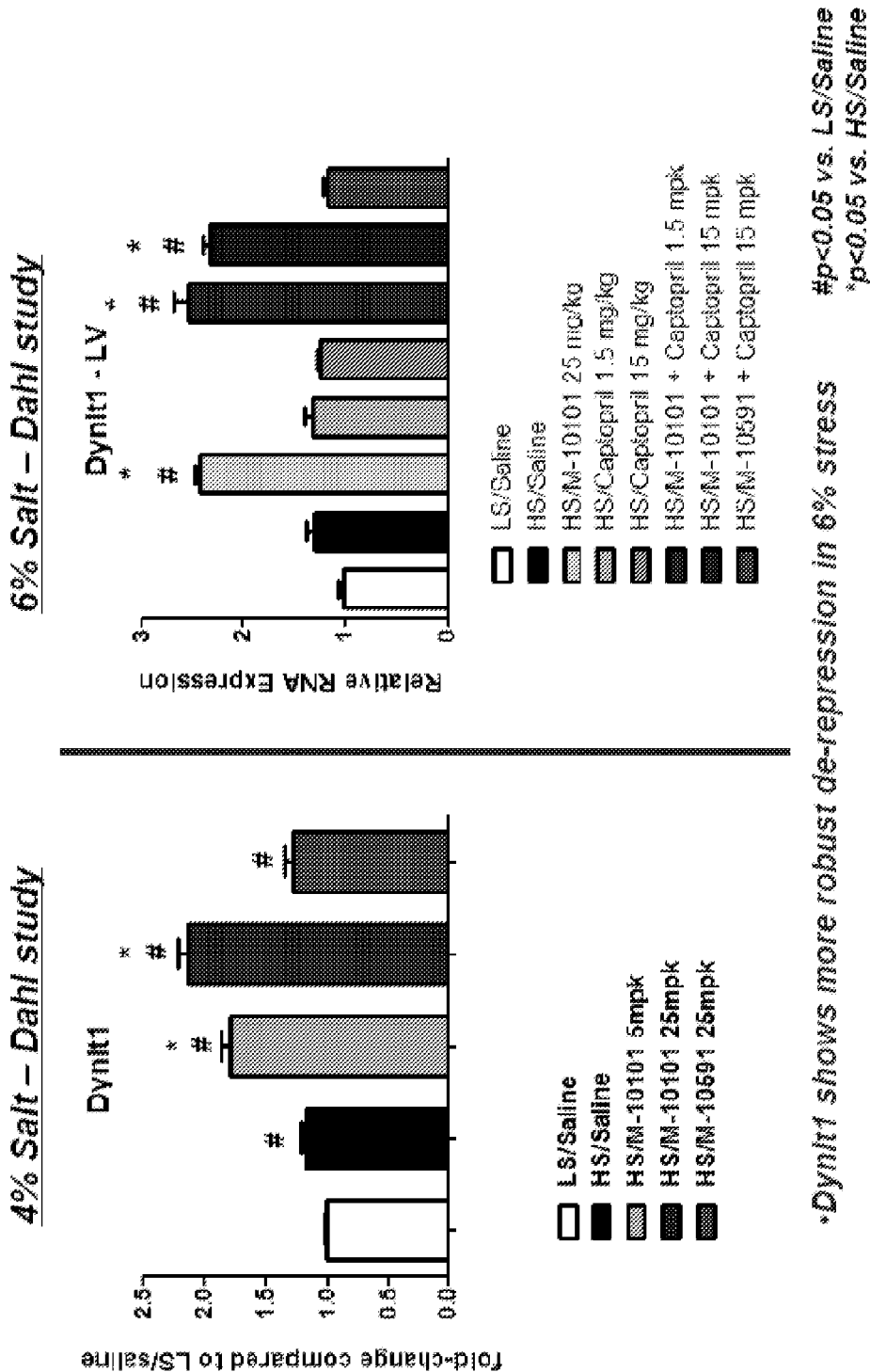


FIGURE 31

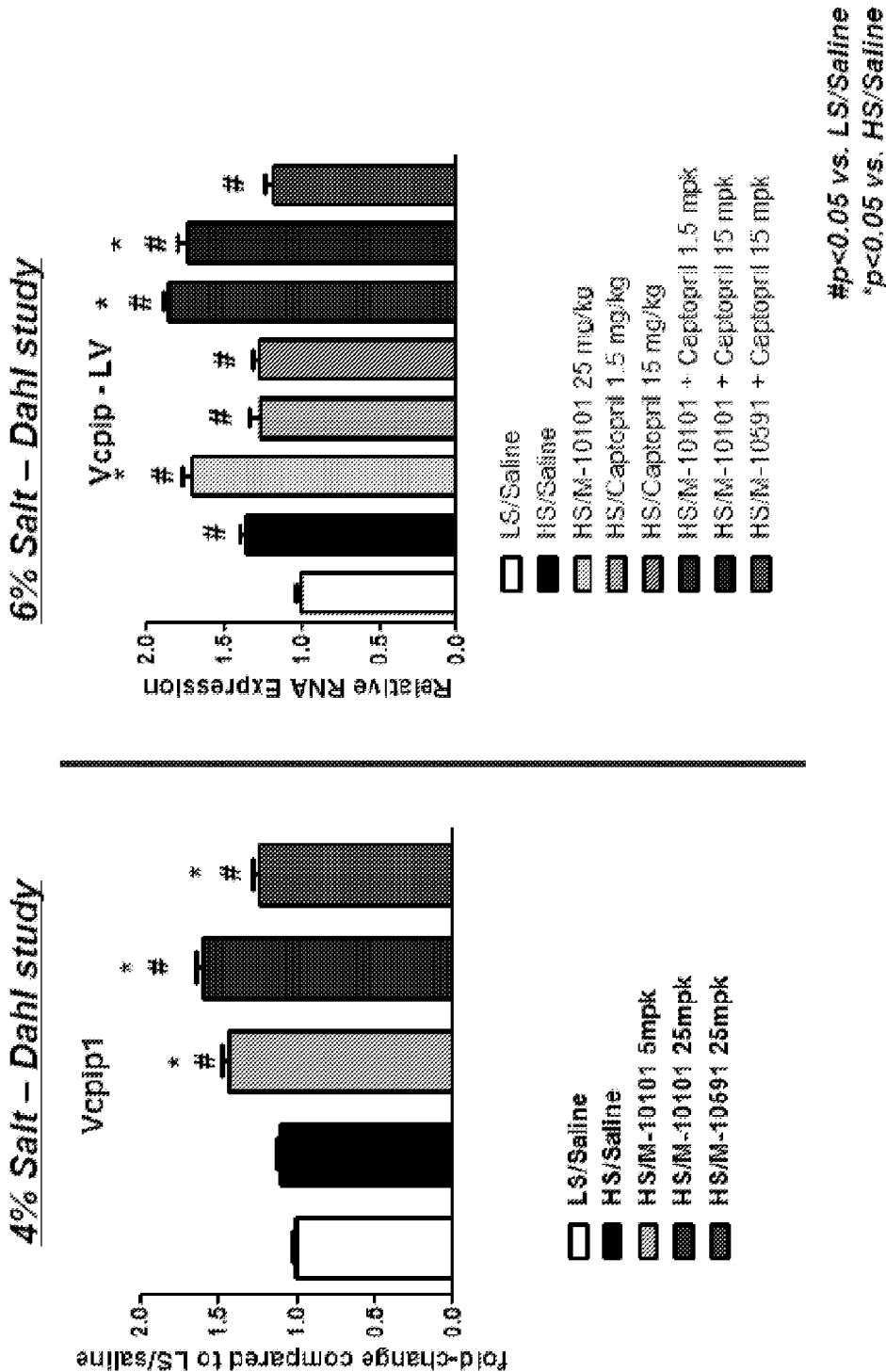


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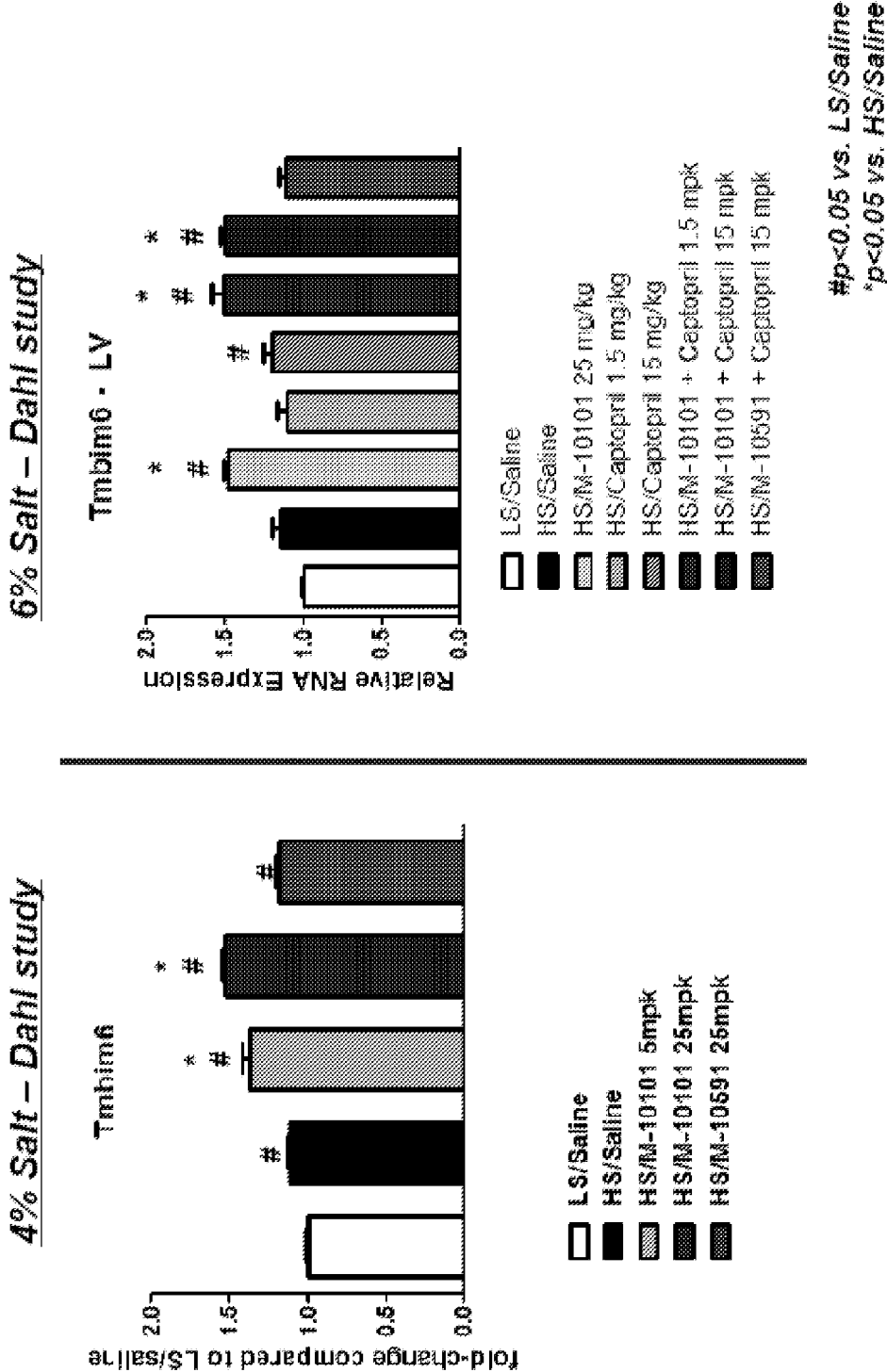


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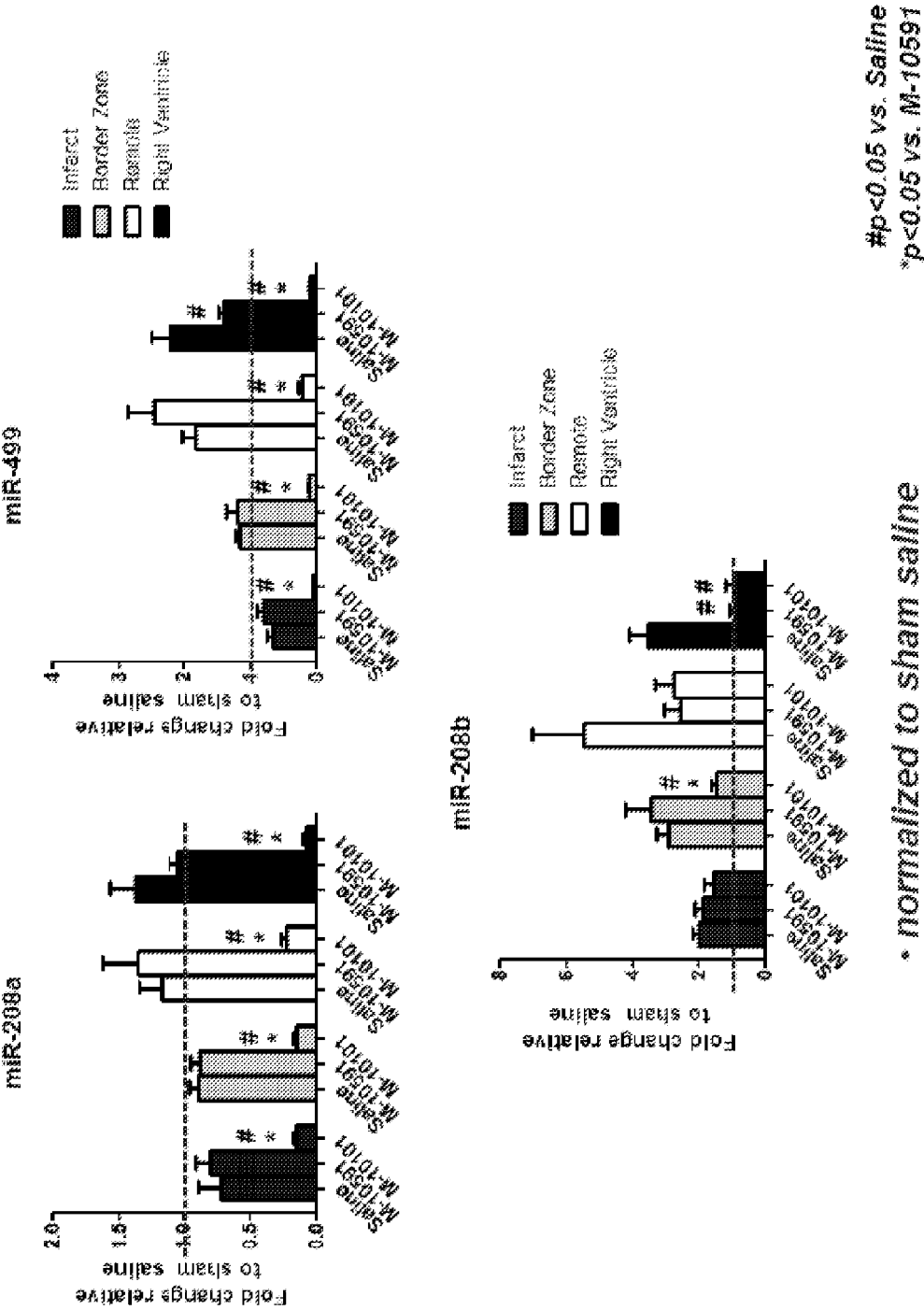


FIGURE 34

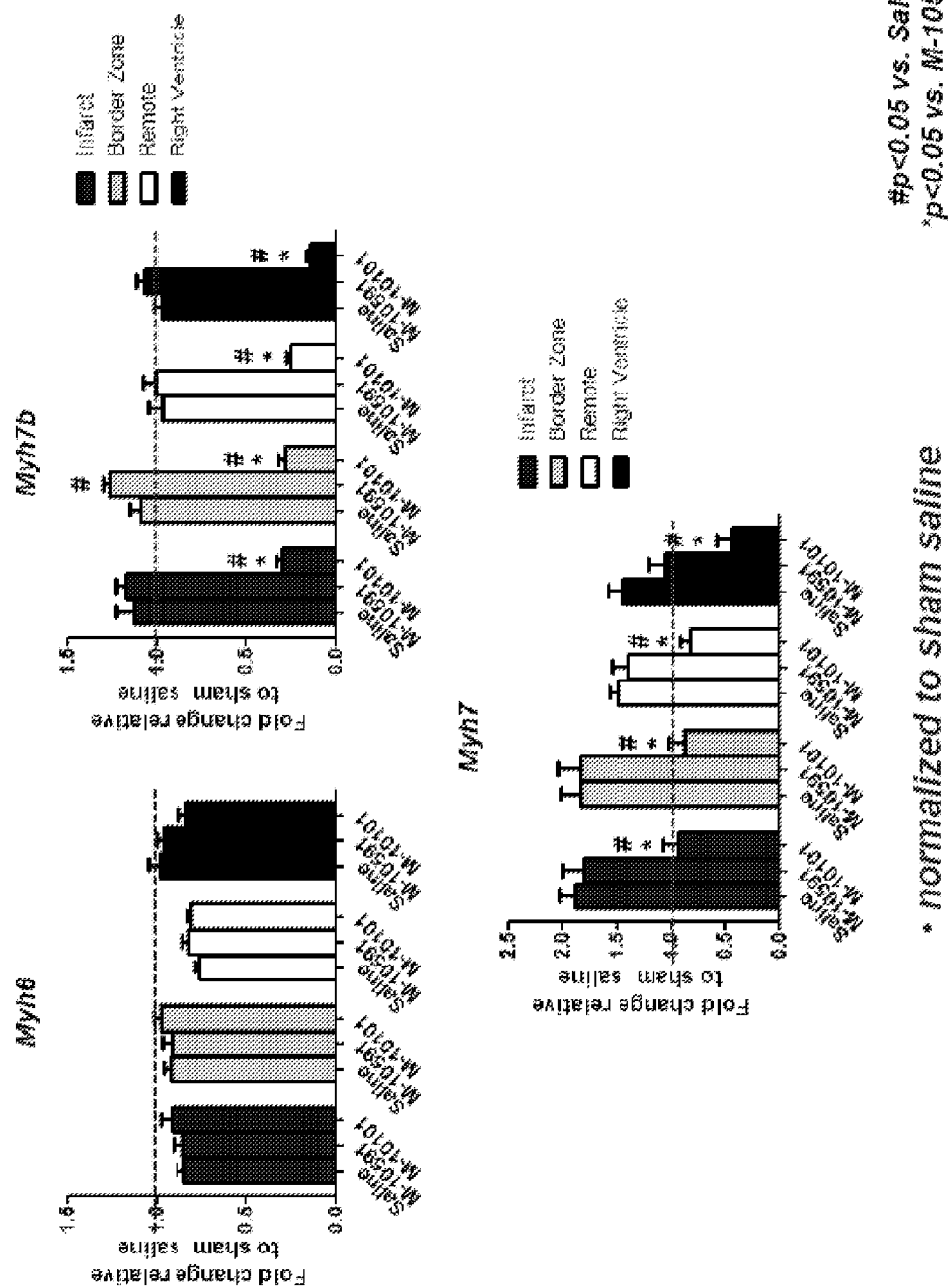


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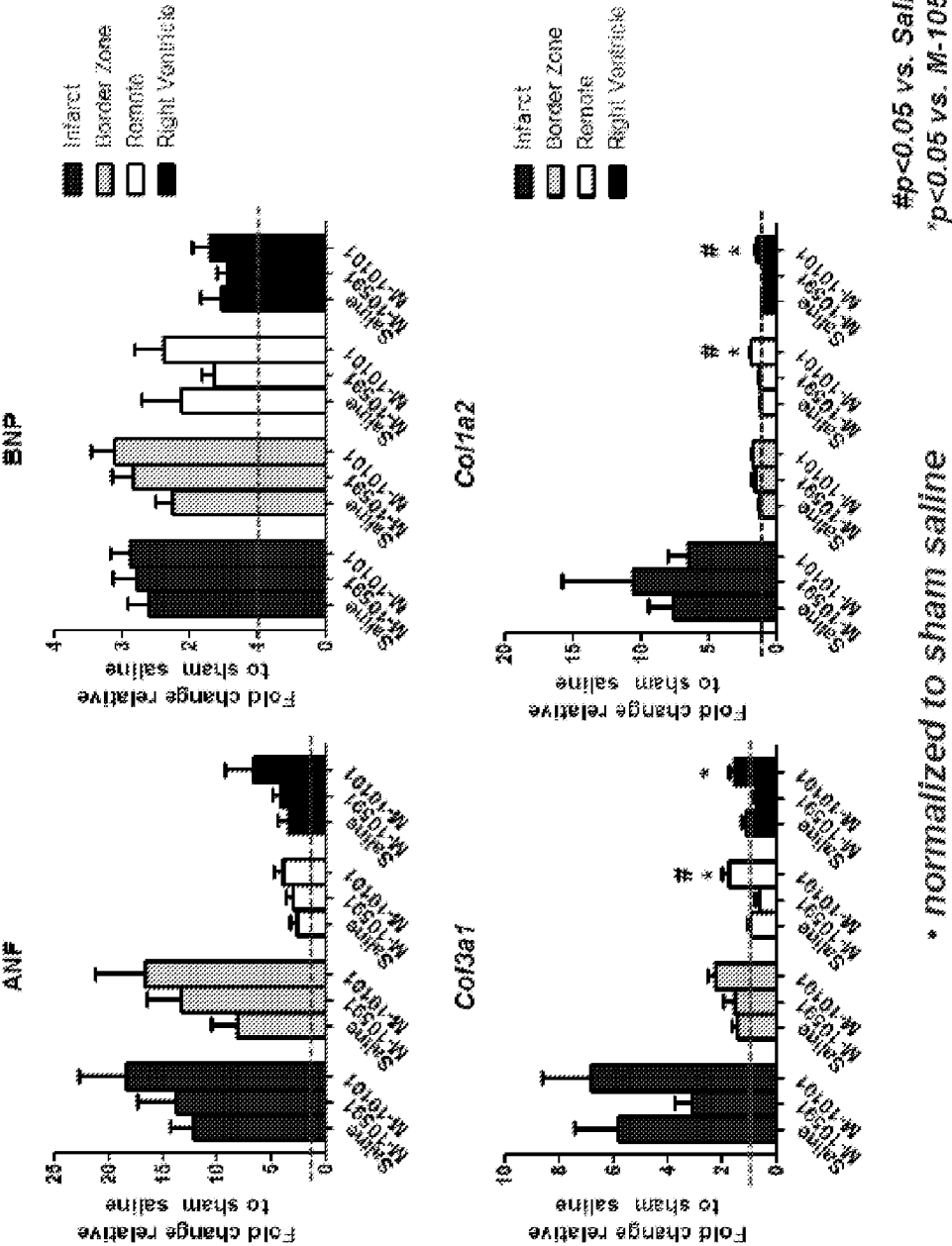


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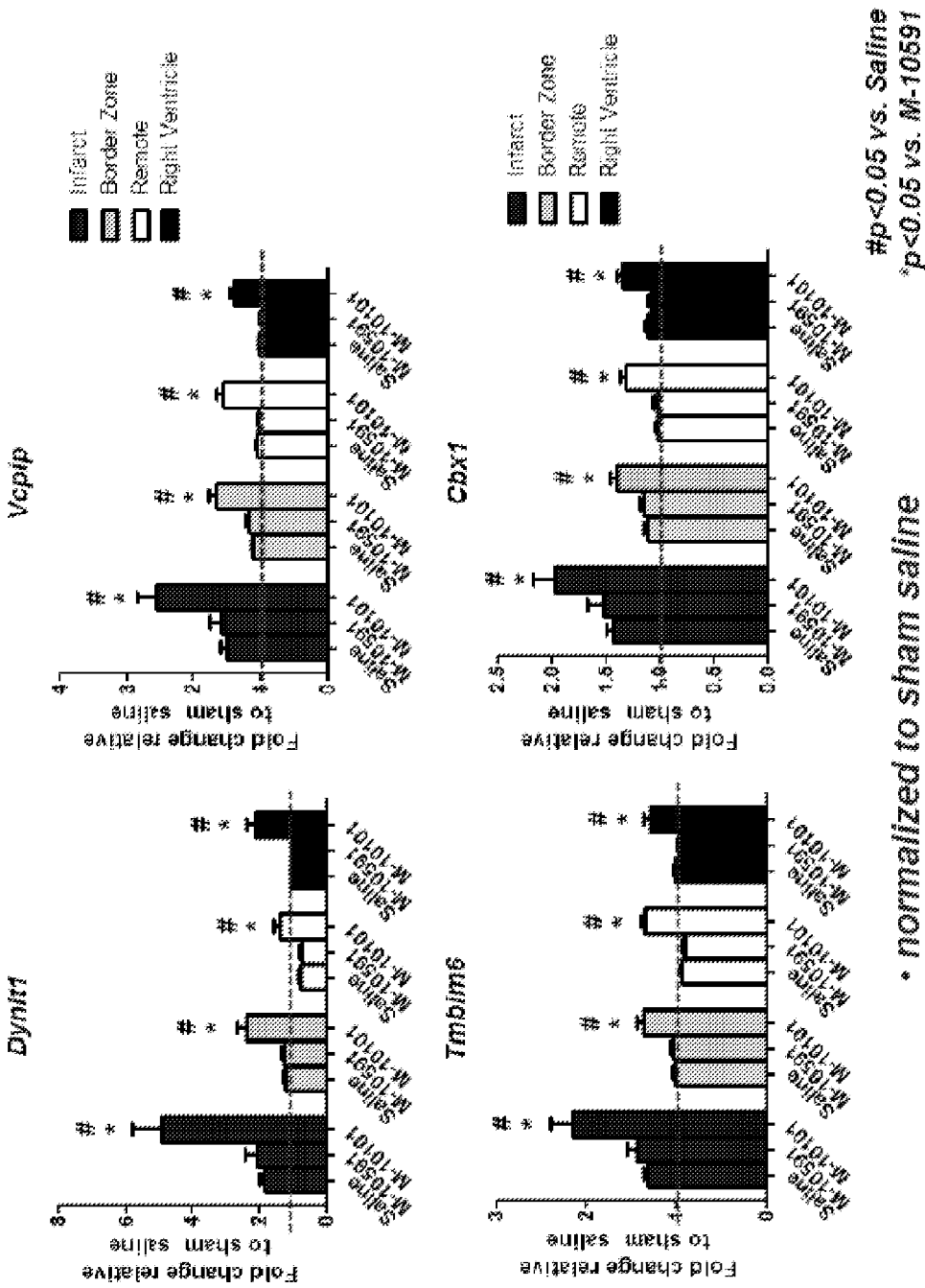


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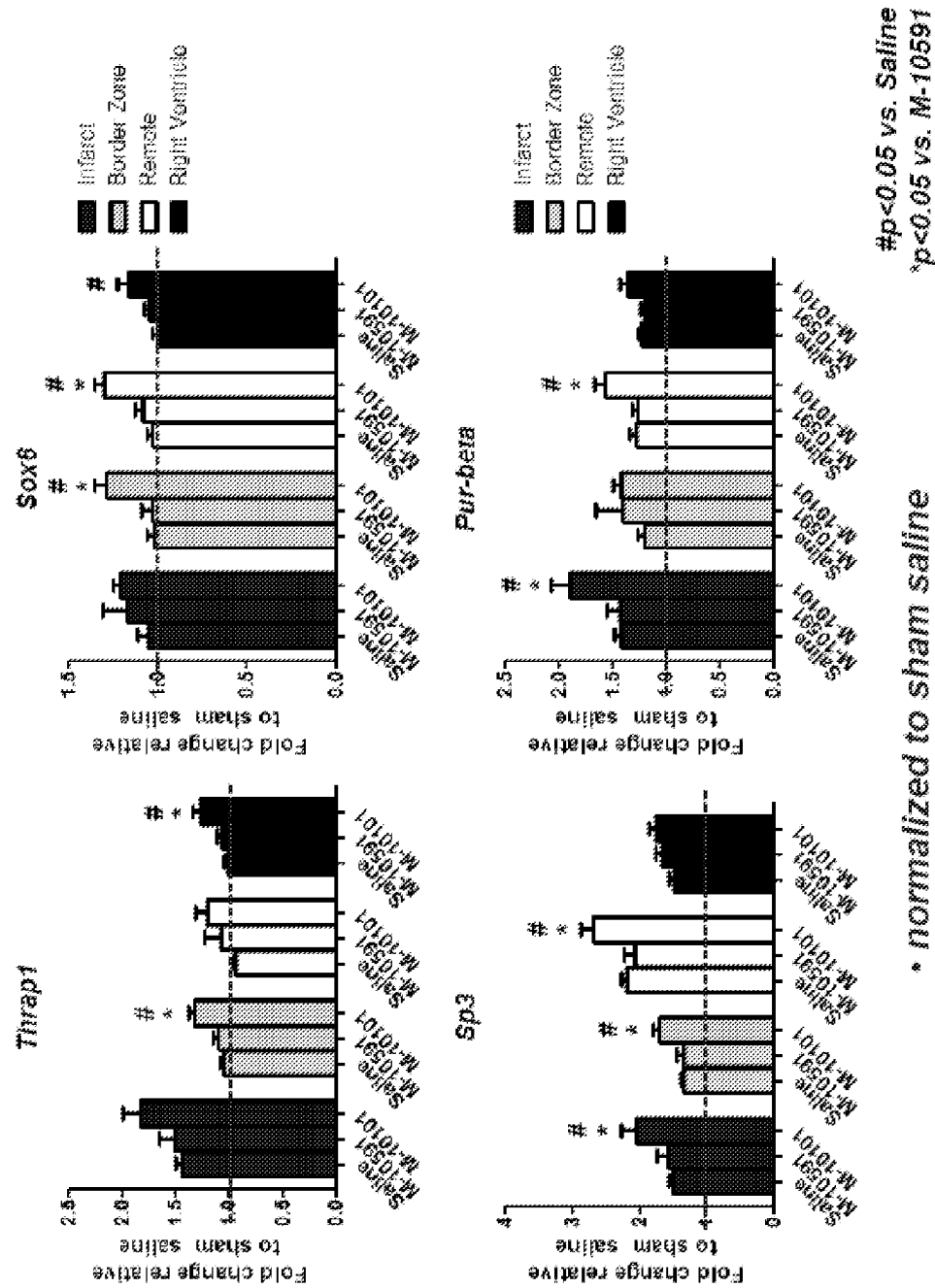
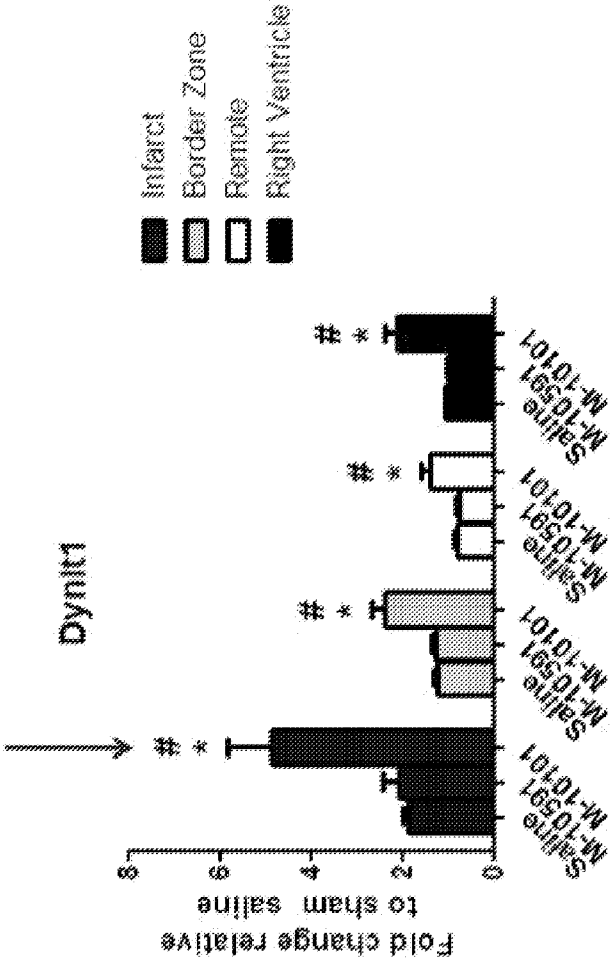
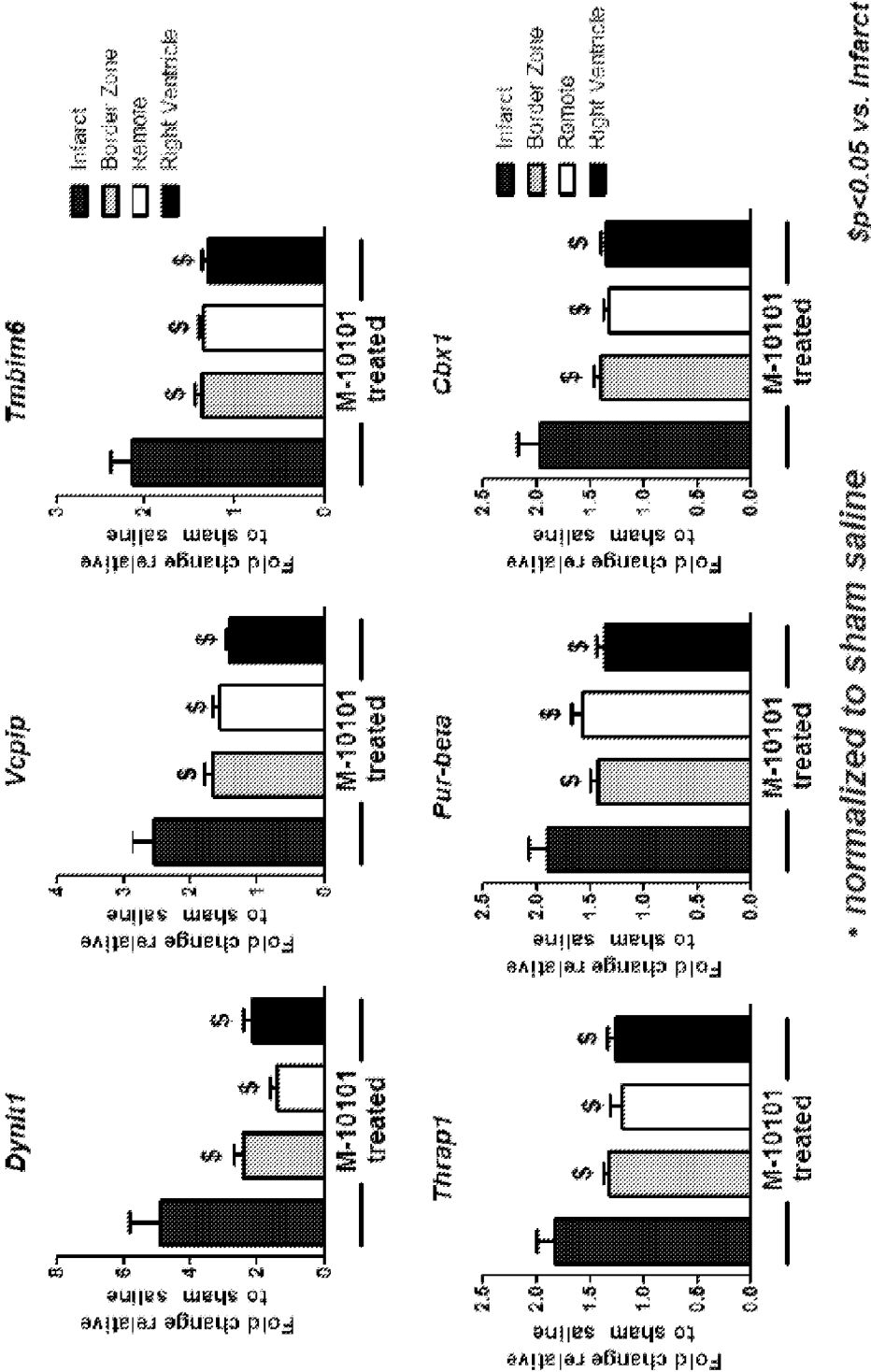


FIGURE 38



* normalized to sham saline
#p<0.05 vs. Saline
*p<0.05 vs. M-10591

FIGURE 39



* normalized to sham saline

\$p<0.05 vs. Infarct

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Marshall, William S.
van Rooij, Eva
Montgomery, Rusty

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<220>
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 <222> (3) . . (3)
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 <223> May be deoxy cytidine phosphorotriphosphate

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 <222> (14) . . (15)
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 <210> 71
 <211> 16
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 <222> (12)..(12)
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 <221> misc_feature
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 <223> May be locked nucleic acid cytidine phosphotriphosphate
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 <223> May be deoxy thymidine phosphotriphosphate
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 <222> (16)..(16)
 <223> May be locked nucleic acid adenosine

<400> 71
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16

<210> 72
 <211> 15
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
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<220>
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<222> ( 15 ) . . ( 15 )
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<400> 72
t t t t g t t c g t c t t a t

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15

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<210> 73
<211> 15
<212> DNA

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<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Anti - mi R- 208 ol i gonucl eot i de

<220>

<221> mi sc_ feat ur e

<222> (1) . . (4)

<223> May be locked nucl ei c aci d t hym di ne phosphor ot hi oat e

<220>

<221> mi sc_ feat ur e

<222> (5) . . (5)

<223> May be deoxy guanosi ne phosphor ot hi oat e

<220>

<221> mi sc_ feat ur e

<222> (6) . . (6)

<223> May be locked nucl ei c aci d t hym di ne phosphor ot hi oat e

<220>

<221> mi sc_ feat ur e

<222> (7) . . (7)

<223> May be deoxy t hym di ne phosphor ot hi oat e

<220>

<221> mi sc_ feat ur e

<222> (8) . . (8)

<223> May be locked nucl ei c aci d cyt i di ne phosphor ot hi oat e

<220>

<221> mi sc_ feat ur e

<222> (9) . . (9)

<223> May be deoxy guanosi ne phosphor ot hi oat e

<220>

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<222> (10) . . (10)

<223> May be deoxy t hym di ne phosphor ot hi oat e

<220>

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<223> May be locked nucl ei c aci d cyt i di ne phosphor ot hi oat e

<220>

<221> mi sc_ feat ur e

<222> (12) . . (12)

<223> May be deoxy t hym di ne phosphor ot hi oat e

<220>

<221> mi sc_ feat ur e

<222> (13) . . (13)

<223> May be locked nucl ei c aci d t hym di ne phosphor ot hi oat e

<220>

<221> mi sc_ feat ur e

<222> (14) . . (14)

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<220>

<221> mi sc_ feat ur e

<222> (15) . . (15)

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<400> 73

t t t t g t t c g t c t t a t

<210> 74
 <211> 15
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 <223> Anti - mi R- 208 ol i gonucl eot i de

 <220>
 <221> mi sc_ feat ur e
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 <223> May be l ocked nucl ei c aci d t hym di ne phosphor ot hi oat e

 <220>
 <221> mi sc_ feat ur e
 <222> (5) . . (5)
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 <221> mi sc_ feat ur e
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 <223> May be deoxy t hym di ne phosphor ot hi oat e

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 <221> mi sc_ feat ur e
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<210> 75
 <211> 15
 <212> DNA
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<220>
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 <222> (3)..(3)
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<220>
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<220>
 <221> misc_feature
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<220>
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<400> 75
 t t t t g t t c g t c t t a t

15

<210> 76
 <211> 15
 <212> D N A
 <213> A r t i f i c i a l S e q u e n c e

<220>
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<220>
 <221> m i s c _ f e a t u r e
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 <223> M a y b e l o c k e d n u c l e i c a c i d t h y m i d i n e p h o s p h o r o t h i o a t e

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<220>
 <221> m i s c _ f e a t u r e
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 <223> M a y b e l o c k e d n u c l e i c a c i d t h y m i d i n e p h o s p h o r o t h i o a t e

<220>
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<220>
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 <222> (8) . . (8)
 <223> M a y b e l o c k e d n u c l e i c a c i d c y t i d i n e p h o s p h o r o t h i o a t e

<220>
 <221> m i s c _ f e a t u r e
 <222> (9) . . (9)
 <223> M a y b e d e o x y g u a n o s i n e p h o s p h o r o t h i o a t e

<220>
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 <222> (1 0) . . (1 0)
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 <223> May be locked nucleic acid adenosine phosphorothioate

<220>
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<400> 76
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15

<210> 77
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<220>
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<220>
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<400> 77
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15

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ttttgttcgtcttat

15

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 <222> (1 5) . . (1 5)
 <223> M a y b e l o c k e d n u c l e i c a c i d t h y m i d i n e

<400> 79
 t t t t g t t c g t c t t a t

15

<210> 80
 <211> 15
 <212> D N A
 <213> A r t i f i c i a l S e q u e n c e

<220>
 <223> A n t i - m i R - 2 0 8 o l i g o n u c l e o t i d e

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 <221> m i s c _ f e a t u r e
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 <223> M a y b e l o c k e d n u c l e i c a c i d t h y m i d i n e p h o s p h o r o t h i o a t e

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<220>
 <221> m i s c _ f e a t u r e
 <222> (15) . . (15)
 <223> M a y b e d e o x y t h y m i d i n e

<400> 80
 t t t t g t t c g t c t t a t

15

<210> 81
 <211> 14
 <212> D N A
 <213> A r t i f i c i a l S e q u e n c e

<220>
 <223> A n t i - m i R - 208 o l i g o n u c l e o t i d e

<220>
 <221> m i s c _ f e a t u r e
 <222> (1) . . (3)
 <223> M a y b e l o c k e d n u c l e i c a c i d t h y m i d i n e p h o s p h o r o t h i o a t e

<220>
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<220>
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 <222> (6) . . (6)
 <223> M a y b e d e o x y t h y m i d i n e p h o s p h o r o t h i o a t e

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 <223> May be locked nucleic acid thymidine phosphorothioate

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<400> 84
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<210> 85
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 <223> May be deoxy thymidine phosphorotriphosphate

 <220>
 <221> mi_sc_feature
 <222> (10)..(10)
 <223> May be locked nucleic acid cytidine phosphorotriphosphate

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 <223> May be locked nucleic acid thymidine phosphorotriphosphate

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 <220>
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 <220>
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<210> 87
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16

<210> 91
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<220>

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17