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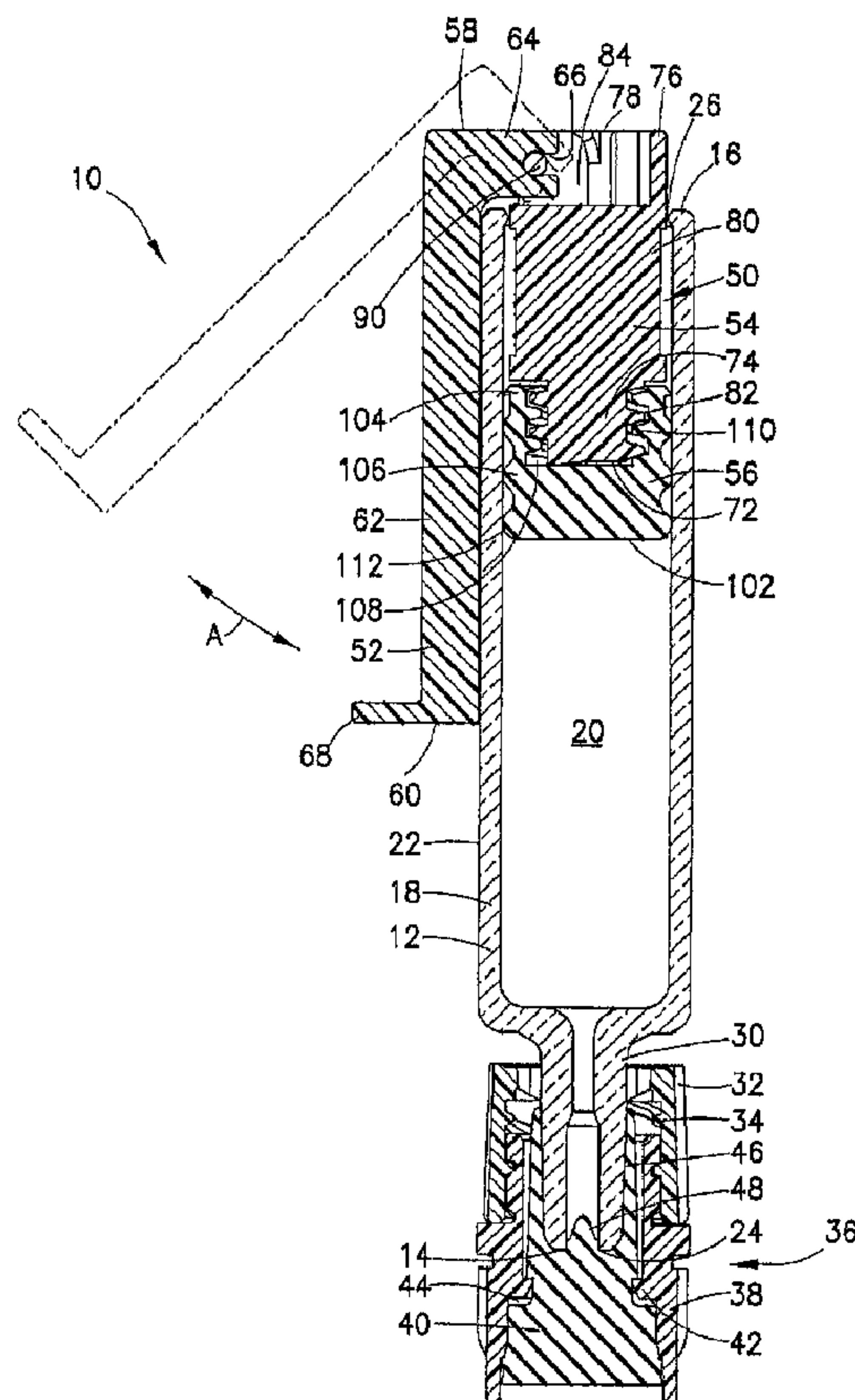
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(54) **Titre : SERINGUE AVEC TIGE DE PISTON A BRAS ARTICULE**

(54) **Title: SYRINGE HAVING PIVOTING ARM PLUNGER ROD**



(57) **Abrégé/Abstract:**

A syringe assembly comprising a syringe barrel having a chamber; a stopper in the chamber; a plunger adapter having a recessed portion, having a first area and a cross-shaped second area; a plunger rod having first and second ends, comprising an elongate



(57) Abrégé(suite)/Abstract(continued):

body and an extension extending therefrom, the first end of the plunger rod pivotally secured to the plunger adapter, the plunger rod having a pre-use position with the second end of the plunger rod adjacent the syringe barrel, and a use position with the plunger rod displacing the stopper relative to the syringe barrel, the recessed portion receiving a portion of the first end of the plunger rod in the pre-use position and the use position, wherein, in the use position, the elongate body is received within the second area of the recessed portion and the extension is received within the first area of the recessed portion.

ABSTRACT

A syringe assembly comprising a syringe barrel having a chamber; a stopper in the chamber; a plunger adapter having a recessed portion, having a first area and a cross-shaped second area; a plunger rod having first and second ends, comprising an elongate body and an extension extending therefrom, the first end of the plunger rod pivotally secured to the plunger adapter, the plunger rod having a pre-use position with the second end of the plunger rod adjacent the syringe barrel, and a use position with the plunger rod displacing the stopper relative to the syringe barrel, the recessed portion receiving a portion of the first end of the plunger rod in the pre-use position and the use position, wherein, in the use position, the elongate body is received within the second area of the recessed portion and the extension is received within the first area of the recessed portion.

SYRINGE HAVING PIVOTING ARM PLUNGER ROD

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

[0001] The present invention relates to a syringe adapted for delivery of a fluid and/or collection of a fluid, and, more particularly, to a syringe having a pivoting arm plunger rod.

Description of Related Art

[0002] Syringe assemblies, and in particular hypodermic syringes, are well known in the medical field for dispensing fluids, such as medication. A conventional syringe typically includes a syringe barrel with an opening at one end and a plunger mechanism disposed through the other end. The plunger typically includes a plunger rod extending through the barrel, with a plunger head or stopper at the end of the plunger rod within the barrel and with a finger flange at the other end of the plunger rod extending out of the barrel. In use, the plunger rod is retracted through the syringe barrel to fill the syringe barrel with a fluid, such as a medication, with the plunger rod extending out from the rear end of the syringe barrel. For delivery of the medication to a patient, the opening of the syringe barrel is adapted for fluid communication with a patient, such as through a hypodermic needle fitted at the front end of the syringe barrel or through a luer-type fitting extending from the front end of the syringe barrel for attachment with a fluid line of a patient. Upon depression of the plunger rod, the plunger rod and stopper travel through the syringe barrel, thereby forcing the contents of the syringe out through the opening at the front end for delivery to the patient. Such an operation is well known in the medical field, and medical practitioners have become well accustomed to the use of such common fluid delivery procedures through standard syringes.

[0003] Conventional syringes are well known to be used in connection with a vial of a medication, where the user draws the fluid into the syringe immediately prior to injection and delivery of the fluid to the patient. Oftentimes, hypodermic syringes may be packaged as “pre-filled” devices, wherein the syringe is pre-filled with medication prior to being packaged and delivered to the end user. In this manner, there is no need for the user to fill the device prior to injection, thereby saving time for the end user and maintaining consistent volumes for delivery.

[0004] Pre-filled syringes and pre-filled metered dose syringes are often filled with narcotics or other drugs at a production facility, packaged, and then shipped to a medical

facility. Once at the facility, these syringes are often placed in controlled storage and/or locked cabinets to reduce theft of the syringes themselves and/or theft of the contents of these syringes. The space within these controlled storage locations is often limited, thus there is a need for a syringe assembly that has a smaller packaging footprint to reduce the storage space required for containing this syringe. It is also desirable to produce syringes that are uniform in terms of an outer surface shape to allow for stacking of the syringes within the storage cabinet.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0005] In one embodiment, a syringe assembly includes a syringe barrel having a first end, a second end, and a sidewall extending between the first end and the second end. The syringe assembly further includes a stopper disposed within a chamber of the syringe barrel, a plunger adapter engaged with the stopper, and a plunger rod having first and second ends. The first end of the plunger rod is pivotally secured to the plunger adapter. The plunger rod has a pre-use position where the second end of the plunger rod is positioned adjacent to the syringe barrel and a use position where the plunger rod is configured to displace the stopper relative to the syringe barrel. A recessed portion of the plunger adapter receives a portion of the first end of the plunger rod when the plunger rod is in the pre-use position and the use position.

[0006] The stopper and the plunger adapter may be co-formed. The plunger rod may be substantially parallel to a longitudinal axis extending in a longitudinal direction through the chamber of the syringe barrel when the plunger rod is in the pre-use position and the plunger rod may be substantially aligned along the longitudinal axis of the syringe barrel when the plunger rod is in the use position. The second end of the plunger rod may engage and receive a portion of the syringe barrel when the plunger rod is in the pre-use position. The plunger rod may include an elongate body with the first end of the plunger rod including one of a receiver and an engagement pivotally secured to the other of the receiver and the engagement positioned within the recessed portion of the plunger adapter. The first end of the plunger rod may include an extension extending from the elongate body of the plunger rod.

[0007] The receiver may be positioned on the extension of the first end of the plunger rod and the engagement may be positioned within the recessed portion of the plunger adapter. The receiver may be an opening corresponding to the extension of the first end of the plunger rod, and the engagement may be a pin-shaped member configured to be received by the

receiver of the plunger rod. At least a portion of the elongate body of the plunger rod may be generally T-shaped in cross-section with the recessed portion of the plunger adapter configured to receive the extension of the plunger rod and a portion of the elongate body of the plunger rod. The recessed portion of the plunger adapter may be generally cross-shaped having a first area configured to receive the extension of the plunger rod and a second area configured to receive the T-shaped cross-section of the elongate body of the plunger rod. The first end of the plunger rod may be pivotally secured to the plunger adapter at a position spaced radially inward from an external surface of the plunger adapter.

[0008] In another embodiment, a syringe assembly includes a syringe barrel having a first end, a second end, and a sidewall extending between the first end and the second end with the sidewall defining a chamber. The syringe assembly further includes a stopper, a plunger adapter engaged with the stopper, and a plunger rod having a first end pivotally secured to the plunger adapter and a second end including a thumb press having a recessed portion configured to conform to an external surface of the syringe barrel. At least a portion of the stopper is positioned within the chamber of the syringe barrel. The plunger rod has a pre-use position where the second end of the plunger rod is positioned adjacent to the syringe barrel and a use position where the second end of the plunger rod is spaced from the syringe barrel along a longitudinal axis of the syringe barrel.

[0009] The stopper and the plunger adapter may be co-formed. The syringe assembly may further include a luer lock positioned adjacent to the first end of the syringe barrel and a cap assembly engaged with the luer lock. The cap assembly may include a cap body and a seal. The plunger rod may be substantially parallel to a longitudinal axis extending in a longitudinal direction through the chamber of the syringe barrel when the plunger rod is in the pre-use position, and the plunger rod may be substantially aligned along the longitudinal axis of the syringe barrel when the plunger rod is in the use position. The second end of the plunger rod may engage and receive a portion of the syringe barrel when the plunger rod is in the pre-use position.

[0010] The plunger rod may include an elongate body with the first end of the plunger rod including one of a receiver and an engagement pivotally secured to the other of the receiver and the engagement positioned on the plunger adapter. The plunger adapter may include a stopper engaging portion secured to the stopper body and a plunger interface portion secured to the first end of the plunger rod, with the first end of the plunger rod including one of a receiver and an engagement pivotally secured to the other of the receiver and the engagement

positioned on the plunger interface portion of the plunger adapter. The plunger rod may include an extension extending from the elongate body of the plunger rod, with a receiver positioned on the extension of the first end of the plunger rod and an engagement positioned on the plunger adapter. The receiver may include an opening defined by the extension of the first end of the plunger rod, with the engagement comprising a pin-shaped member configured to be received by the receiver of the plunger rod. A medication or drug may be disposed within the syringe barrel. The thumb press may be substantially semi-circular.

[0011] In a further embodiment, a syringe assembly includes a syringe barrel having a first end, a second end, and a sidewall extending between the first end and the second end, with the sidewall defining a chamber with a longitudinal axis extending therealong. The syringe assembly further includes a stopper disposed at least partially within the chamber, a plunger adapter engaged with the stopper and defining a recessed portion therein, and a plunger rod having a first end pivotally secured to the plunger adapter. The plunger rod is transitionable from a pre-use position in which a portion of the first end is secured to the plunger adapter and the plunger rod extends adjacent the syringe barrel, to a use position in which the first end is entirely received within the recessed portion and the plunger rod is spaced apart from the syringe barrel. The recessed portion and the first end of the plunger rod have corresponding cross-sectional geometries configured to resist pivoting of the plunger rod beyond the longitudinal axis of the syringe barrel.

[0012] The cross-sectional geometry of the first end of the plunger rod may be T-shaped, and the cross-sectional geometry of the recessed portion may be T-shaped and dimensioned to accommodate the first end of the plunger rod therein. The cross-sectional geometry of the first end of the plunger rod may be cross-shaped, and the cross-sectional geometry of the recessed portion may be cross-shaped and dimensioned to accommodate the first end of the plunger rod therein. The stopper and the plunger adapter may be co-formed.

[0013] Further details and advantages of the invention will become clear upon reading the following detailed description in conjunction with the accompanying drawing figures, wherein like parts are designated with like reference numerals throughout.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0014] **FIG. 1** is a perspective view of a syringe assembly in a pre-use position in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.

[0015] **FIG. 2** is a front view of the syringe assembly of **FIG. 1** in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.

[0016] **FIG. 3** is a right side view of the syringe assembly of **FIG. 1** in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.

[0017] **FIG. 4** is a left side view of the syringe assembly of **FIG. 1** in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.

[0018] **FIG. 5** is a top view of the syringe assembly of **FIG. 1** in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.

[0019] **FIG. 6** is a bottom view of the syringe assembly of **FIG. 1** in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.

[0020] **FIG. 7** is an exploded perspective view of the syringe assembly of **FIG. 1** in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.

[0021] **FIG. 8** is cross-sectional view of the syringe assembly of **FIG. 1** in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.

[0022] **FIG. 9** is an enlarged right side view of the syringe assembly of **FIG. 1** with the plunger rod removed in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.

[0023] **FIG. 10** is a partial perspective view of the syringe assembly of **FIG. 1** with the plunger rod removed in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.

[0024] **FIG. 11** is a cross-sectional view of the syringe assembly of **FIG. 1** showing the plunger rod pivoting away from the syringe barrel in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.

[0025] **FIG. 12** is a cross-sectional view of the syringe assembly of **FIG. 1** showing the plunger rod in a use position in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.

[0026] **FIG. 13** is a cross-sectional view of the syringe assembly of **FIG. 1** showing the plunger rod in a depressed position in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.

[0027] **FIG. 14A** is a front view of a plunger assembly from the syringe assembly of **FIG. 1** in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.

[0028] **FIG. 14B** is a cross-sectional view taken along line **14B-14B** of **FIG. 14A** showing the plunger rod in a use position in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention.

[0029] **FIG. 15** is a front view of the syringe assembly of **FIG. 1** in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention, showing a layer of shrink wrap covering the syringe assembly.

[0030] **FIG. 16** is a front view of the syringe assembly of **FIG. 1** in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention, showing a layer of shrink wrap being torn by a pivoting plunger rod.

DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0031] For purposes of the description hereinafter, spatial orientation terms, if used, shall relate to the referenced embodiment as it is oriented in the accompanying drawing figures or otherwise described in the following detailed description. However, it is to be understood that the embodiments described hereinafter may assume many alternative variations and embodiments. It is also to be understood that the specific devices illustrated in the accompanying drawing figures and described herein are simply exemplary and should not be considered as limiting.

[0032] Referring to **FIGS. 1-10**, a syringe assembly, generally indicated as **10**, adapted for the dispensing and delivery of a fluid is shown. Syringe assembly **10** is intended for use for injection or infusion of fluid, such as a medication, directly into a patient, and is generally shown and described for purposes of the present description as a hypodermic syringe. Syringe assembly **10** is contemplated for use in connection with a needle such as by connecting syringe assembly **10** to a separate needle assembly (not shown), or alternatively for connection with a separate intravenous (IV) connection assembly (not shown).

[0033] The syringe assembly **10** includes a syringe barrel **12** having a first or distal end **14** and a second or proximal end **16**, with a sidewall **18** extending therebetween and defining an interior chamber **20** of the syringe barrel **12**. The syringe barrel **12** defines a longitudinal axis **L**, as shown in **FIG. 2**, extending in a longitudinal direction through the interior chamber **20** of the syringe barrel **12**. The syringe barrel **12** has an external surface **22** and may be in the general form of an elongated cylindrical barrel, as is known in the art for the general shape of a hypodermic syringe, although other forms for containing a fluid for delivery are also contemplated by the present invention. The first end **14** of the syringe barrel **12** defines an outlet opening **24**, and the second end **16** of the syringe barrel **12** defines a rearward opening **26**. The syringe barrel **12** may be formed of glass, or may be injection molded from thermoplastic material such as polypropylene and polyethylene according to techniques

known to those of ordinary skill in the art, though it is to be appreciated that the syringe barrel **12** may be made from other suitable materials and according to other applicable techniques. In certain configurations, the syringe barrel **12** may include outwardly extending flanges **28** about at least a portion of the second end **16**. The flanges **28** may be configured for easy grasping by a medical practitioner, as will be discussed herein.

[0034] The syringe barrel **12** may include markings, such as graduations on the sidewall **18** thereof, for providing an indication as to the level or amount of fluid contained within the syringe barrel **12**. Such markings may be provided on the external surface **22**, the internal wall, or integrally formed or otherwise within the wall of syringe barrel. Alternatively, or in addition thereto, the markings may provide a description of the contents of the syringe, or other identifying information, as may be known in the art.

[0035] The first end **14** of syringe barrel including the outlet opening **24** may have a profile adapted for engagement with a separate dispensing device, such as a needle assembly or IV connection assembly, and therefore may include a mechanism for such engagement, for example, a generally tapered luer tip **30**, for engagement with a separate luer lock **32**. In one configuration, both the tapered luer tip **30** and the separate luer lock **32** may be provided with the syringe assembly. In this configuration, the luer lock **32** may be provided with an attachment mechanism, such as a threaded engagement **34**, for corresponding engagement with a cap assembly **36** having a cap body **38** and a seal **40**. The seal **40** is secured within the cap body **38** and is configured to close and seal the outlet opening **24** of the first end **14** of the syringe barrel **12** when the cap assembly **36** is engaged with the luer lock **32**. The seal **40** is secured within the cap body **38** via an inwardly extending protrusion **42** of the cap body **38** engaging a corresponding recessed portion **44** of the seal **40**. The seal **40** defines an opening **46** that receives the luer tip **30** and includes a projection **48** positioned within the opening **46** that is configured to seal the outlet opening **24**, as shown in **FIG. 11**. In another configuration, the tapered luer tip **30** may be provided for direct engagement with a separate device (not shown). In addition, a mechanism for locking engagement therebetween may also be provided. Such luer connections and luer locking mechanisms are well known in the art.

[0036] The syringe assembly **10** further includes a plunger assembly **50**, at least a portion of which is adapted to be disposed at least partially within the syringe barrel. The plunger assembly **50** provides a mechanism for dispensing fluid contained within the interior chamber

20 of the syringe barrel **12**. In particular, the plunger assembly **50** includes a plunger rod **52**, a plunger adapter **54**, and a stopper **56**.

[0037] Referring again to **FIGS. 1-10**, the stopper **56** is positioned within the interior chamber **20** of the syringe barrel **12** at a position adjacent to the rearward opening **26** of the syringe barrel **12**. The plunger adapter **54** may be secured to the stopper **56** via an engagement of a stopper engaging portion **74** with a threaded portion **110** in an opening **108** of the stopper **56**. In one embodiment, the plunger adapter **54** is formed separately from the stopper **56**. In another embodiment, the plunger adapter **54** may be formed integrally with the stopper **56**.

[0038] The stopper **56** has a first end **102** and a second end **104** and includes an elongate body **106** that is generally cylindrical. In one embodiment, the elongate body **106** of the stopper **56** may define an opening **108** configured to receive the stopper engaging portion **74** of the plunger adapter **54**, as will be discussed herein. The stopper **56** may include a threaded portion **110** positioned within the opening **108** that is configured to receive and engage a threaded portion **82** of the stopper engaging portion **74** of the plunger adapter **54**. The elongate body **106** of the stopper **56** also includes one or more annular ribs **112** extending about the outside of the stopper **56** for providing sealing engagement with the interior surface of the sidewall **18** of the syringe barrel **12**.

[0039] The plunger rod **52** has a first end **58** and a second end **60** and includes an elongate body **62** that may be generally T-shaped in cross-section. The first end **58** of the plunger rod **52** includes an extension **64** extending from the elongate body **62** of the plunger rod **52**. The extension **64** is generally rectangular and extends from the elongate body **62** substantially perpendicular to, such as at about a 90 degree angle, the elongate body **62** of the plunger rod **52**. The extension **64** of the plunger rod **52** includes a receiver **66** that is configured to receive an engagement positioned on the plunger adapter **54**. The receiver **66** is a slot-shaped opening defined by the extension **64** of the plunger rod **52**, although other suitable arrangements for receiving an engagement may be utilized. The second end **60** of the plunger rod **52** includes a thumb press **68** extending from the elongate body **62** of the plunger rod **52** and defining a recessed portion **70** that is configured to receive and engage the external surface **22** of the sidewall **18** of the syringe barrel **12**. The recessed portion **70** of the thumb press **68** is generally semi-spherical shaped and may have a radius that is about the same as a radius of the external surface **22** of the sidewall **18** of the syringe barrel **12**.

[0040] The plunger adapter **54** has a first end **72** with a stopper engaging portion **74**, a second end **76** with a plunger interface portion **78**, and an intermediate portion **80** positioned between the first and second ends **72**, **76**. The stopper engaging portion **74** of the plunger adapter **54** includes a threaded portion **82** configured to engage a corresponding threaded portion of the stopper **56**. The threaded portion **82** is a helical thread, although other suitable arrangements may be utilized. The plunger interface portion **78** of the plunger adapter **54** defines a recessed portion **84**. As shown more clearly in **FIGS. 9** and **10**, the recessed portion **84** is generally cross-shaped having a first area **86** configured to receive the extension **64** of the plunger rod **52**, and a second area **88** configured to receive the T-shaped cross-section of the elongate body **62** of the plunger rod **52**. The plunger interface portion **78** of the plunger adapter **54** also includes an engagement **90** positioned within the second area **88** of the recessed portion **84**. The engagement **90** is configured to be received by the receiver **66** of the plunger rod **52** and to allow pivotal movement of the plunger rod **52** relative to the plunger adapter **54**. The engagement **90** of the plunger adapter **54** may include a pin-shaped member generally having a cylindrical shape, although other suitable arrangements for the engagement may be utilized. The engagement **90** of the plunger adapter **54** defines a space **92** between the engagement **90** and a bottom surface **94** of the recessed portion **84** of the plunger adapter **54**. The engagement **90** of the plunger adapter **54** is spaced radially inward from an external surface **96** of the plunger adapter **54** and is positioned between the first and second ends **72**, **76** of the plunger adapter **54**. The intermediate portion **80** of the plunger adapter **54** is generally cross-shaped in cross-section, although other suitably shaped portions may be provided between the plunger interface portion and the stopper engaging portion.

[0041] The first end **58** of the plunger rod **52** is pivotally secured to the plunger adapter **54** via the connection of the receiver **66** of the plunger rod **52** with the engagement **90** of the plunger adapter **54**. In particular, the engagement **90** of the plunger adapter **54** has a friction fit with the receiver **66** of the plunger rod **52** to secure the plunger rod **52** to the plunger adapter **54** and stopper **56** while still allowing pivotal movement of the plunger rod **52** relative to the plunger adapter **54**. Although a friction fit arrangement is disclosed, other suitable arrangements for pivotally securing the plunger rod **52** to the plunger adapter **54** may be utilized.

[0042] As discussed in more detail below, the plunger rod **52** has a pre-use position (shown in **FIG. 11**) and a use position (shown in **FIG. 12**). In the pre-use position, the second end **60** of the plunger rod **52** is positioned adjacent to the syringe barrel **12**. In one

embodiment, the recessed portion 70 of the thumb press 68 has a profile which substantially corresponds to the exterior surface 22 of the syringe barrel 12. In another embodiment, the recessed portion 70 of the thumb press 68 receives and engages the exterior surface 22 of the syringe barrel 12. The plunger rod 52 is substantially parallel to the longitudinal axis L of the syringe barrel 12, and the plunger interface portion 78 of the plunger adapter 54 is positioned outside of the chamber 20 of the syringe barrel 12 when the plunger rod 52 is in the pre-use position. In the use position, the second end 60 of the plunger rod 52 is spaced from the syringe barrel 12 and the plunger rod 52 is configured to displace the stopper 56 relative to the syringe barrel 12. The plunger rod 52 is substantially aligned with the longitudinal axis L of the syringe barrel 12 when in the use position. When the plunger rod 52 is in the pre-use position and the use-position, the recessed portion 84 of the plunger adapter 54 receives a portion of the first end 58 of the plunger rod 52. In particular, the first area 86 of the recessed portion 84 of the plunger adapter 54 receives the extension 64 of the plunger rod 52 when the plunger rod 52 is in the pre-use position and the use-position. In the use position, the recessed portion 84 of the plunger adapter 54 further receives a portion of the elongate body 62 of the plunger rod 52.

[0043] The syringe assembly 10 is particularly useful as a pre-filled syringe, and therefore may be provided for end use with a fluid, such as a medication, contained within interior chamber 20 of syringe barrel 12, pre-filled by the manufacturer. In this manner, the syringe assembly 10 can be manufactured, pre-filled with a medication, sterilized, and optionally packaged in separate packaging, for delivery, storage, and use by the end user, without the need for the end user to fill the syringe with medication from a separate vial prior to use.

[0044] Referring to FIGS. 11-14B, in use, a user manually pivots the plunger rod 52 from the pre-use position (shown in FIG. 11) to the use position (shown in FIG. 12). As shown in FIG. 11, the second end 60 of the plunger rod 52 is pivoted away from the syringe barrel 12 in a first direction A. The position of the plunger rod 52 between the pre-use position and the use position is shown in phantom lines in FIG. 11. As shown in FIG. 12, the cap assembly 36 is removed from the first end 14 of the syringe barrel and the second end 60 of the plunger rod 52 is further pivoted in the first direction A (shown in FIG. 11) until the plunger rod 52 is in the use position with continued pivoting of the plunger rod 52 being restricted by engagement of the first end 58 of the plunger rod 52 with the plunger adapter 54. In particular, as shown more clearly in FIGS. 12, 14A, and 14B, the recessed portion 84 of the plunger adapter 54 receives the extension 64 of the plunger rod 52 and a portion of the

elongate body **62** of the plunger rod **52**, thereby preventing continued pivoting in the first direction **A**. In other words, the recessed portion **84** of the plunger adapter **54** receives the first end **58** of the plunger rod **52** and acts as a stop to prevent further pivoting of the plunger rod **52** in the first direction **A** when the plunger rod reaches the use position.

[0045] Furthermore, the plunger rod **52** is stabilized in the use position through the positioning of the first end **58** of the plunger rod **52** within the recessed portion **84**. More specifically, the T-shaped cross-section of the elongate body **62** of the plunger rod **52** and the correspondingly shaped second area **88** of the recessed portion **84** of the plunger adapter **54** cooperate to provide multiple surfaces of engagement **114** between the plunger rod **52** and the plunger adapter **54** thereby stabilizing the connection therebetween. The engagement surfaces **114** may also be positioned substantially perpendicular, such as at 90 degree angles, relative to each other to stabilize the plunger rod **52** when torque is applied to the plunger rod **52** during deployment thereof into the syringe barrel **12**. Also, pivoting of the plunger rod **52** from the pre-use position to the use position is stabilized due to the positioning of the extension **64** of the plunger rod **52** within the first area **86** of the recessed portion **84** of the plunger adapter **54** during movement from the pre-use position to the use position. In particular, positioning the extension **64** of the plunger rod **52** within the first area **86** of the recessed portion **84** in the pre-use position provides engagement surfaces **116** on each side of the extension **64** to stabilize the pivoting movement of the plunger rod **52**.

[0046] When the plunger rod **52** is in the use position, the syringe assembly **10** can be grasped with the user's thumb on the thumb press **68** of the plunger rod **52** and with the user's fingers grasping the flanges **28**. In this manner, the syringe assembly **10** is grasped by the user in a well known and well recognized manner. As shown in **FIG. 13**, the user effects a squeezing movement between the thumb and forefingers thereby depressing plunger rod **52** into the rearward opening **26** of the syringe barrel **12**. Such movement transfers to the plunger adapter **54** and stopper **56** causing movement of the stopper **56** and plunger adapter **54** within the interior chamber **20** of the syringe barrel **12**, reducing the volume of the interior chamber **20**, and creating a positive pressure therein.

[0047] Prior to the dispensing of medication, any air trapped within interior chamber **20** may be expelled by initial movement of plunger rod **52** into syringe barrel **12** in a known manner. The user can attach luer tip **30** to a separate needle assembly or IV connection assembly and lockingly engage through threads of the luer lock **32** in a known manner. The medication fluid within interior chamber **20** is forced out through outlet opening **24** at first

end **14** of syringe barrel **12**. In this manner, the fluid medication can be expelled from the syringe barrel **12** through outlet opening **24** and into the separate needle assembly or IV assembly and into the patient.

[0048] Upon full movement of the stopper **56** through syringe barrel **12**, the stopper “bottoms out”. The stopper **56**, as shown in **FIG. 13**, is not fully depressed and is just short of bottoming out. After bottoming out and dispensing all of the fluid within the interior chamber **20** of the syringe barrel **12**, the syringe assembly **10** can be detached from the patient and appropriately discarded. Although the use of the syringe assembly **10** was described in connection with a pre-filled syringe, the syringe assembly **10** may also be utilized for aspiration by moving the stopper **56** to the position shown in **FIG. 13** and retracting the stopper **56** by moving the second end **60** of the plunger rod **52** away from the syringe barrel **12**.

[0049] The syringe assembly **10** may be positioned within a separate container or package prior to use. In particular, the syringe assembly **10** may be packaged within a blister pack, as is known in the art, although other suitable package arrangements may be utilized. Further, in storage, the syringe assembly **10** may be placed in a controlled environment in which space is limited. The profile of the syringe assembly **10** of the present invention, however, is significantly reduced from conventional pre-filled syringes having the plunger extending from the barrel prior to use. In particular, pivotally securing the plunger rod **52** to the plunger adapter **54** and stopper **56** reduces the length of the syringe assembly **10** from conventional pre-filled syringes. Also, as discussed above, the second end **60** of the plunger rod **52** of the syringe assembly **10** is configured to conform to the external surface **22** of the sidewall **18** of the syringe barrel **12** further reducing the profile or footprint of the syringe assembly **10** thereby conserving space in storage.

[0050] Referring to **FIGS. 15** and **16**, in one embodiment, the syringe assembly **10** is covered by a layer of shrink wrap **118** that extends around the perimeter of the syringe assembly **10**. The layer of shrink wrap **118** encapsulates the syringe assembly **10** to maintain the sterility of the syringe assembly **10**. As shown in **FIG. 16**, pivoting the plunger rod **52** from the pre-use position and away from the syringe barrel **12**, as described above, tears the layer of shrink wrap **118** to form an opening **120** and allows removal of the syringe assembly **10** from the shrink wrap **118**. The layer of shrink wrap **118** may include a weakened portion adjacent to the second end **60** of the plunger rod **52** to assist in tearing the shrink wrap **118** at that location upon pivoting of the plunger rod **52**.

[0051] While several embodiments of a syringe assembly were described in detail in the foregoing detailed description, other embodiments are comprehended by the invention. Accordingly, the foregoing detailed description is intended to be illustrative rather than restrictive.

CLAIMS:

1. A syringe assembly comprising:
 - a syringe barrel having a first end, a second end, and a sidewall extending between the first end and the second end, the sidewall defining a chamber;
 - a stopper disposed within the chamber of the syringe barrel;
 - a plunger adapter engaged with the stopper, the plunger adapter defining a recessed portion therein, wherein the recessed portion defines a first area and a second area, the second area being cross-shaped; and
 - a plunger rod having first and second ends, the plunger rod comprising an elongate body and an extension extending from the elongate body, the first end of the plunger rod pivotally secured to the plunger adapter, the plunger rod having a pre-use position wherein the second end of the plunger rod is positioned adjacent to the syringe barrel, and a use position wherein the plunger rod is configured to displace the stopper relative to the syringe barrel, the recessed portion of the plunger adapter receiving a portion of the first end of the plunger rod when the plunger rod is in the pre-use position and the use position,
 - wherein, in the use position, the elongate body is received within the second area of the recessed portion and the extension is received within the first area of the recessed portion.
2. The syringe assembly of claim 1, wherein the stopper and the plunger adapter are co-formed.
3. The syringe assembly of claim 1, wherein the syringe barrel defines a longitudinal axis extending in a longitudinal direction through the chamber, the plunger rod substantially parallel to the longitudinal axis of the syringe barrel when the plunger rod is in the pre-use position and substantially aligned along the longitudinal axis of the syringe barrel when the plunger rod is in the use position.
4. The syringe assembly of claim 3, wherein the second end of the plunger rod engages and receives a portion of the syringe barrel when the plunger rod is in the pre-use position.

5. The syringe assembly of claim 1, wherein the first end of the plunger rod includes one of a receiver or an engagement, wherein the receiver or the engagement is pivotally secured to the other of the receiver or the engagement, wherein the other of the receiver or the engagement is positioned within the recessed portion of the plunger adapter.

6. The syringe assembly of claim 1, further comprising an engagement positioned within the recessed portion of the plunger adapter for receiving the extension in the use position.

7. The syringe assembly of claim 6, wherein the receiver comprises an opening corresponding to the extension, and wherein the engagement comprises a pin-shaped member configured to be received by the receiver of the plunger rod.

8. The syringe assembly of claim 7, wherein at least a portion of the plunger rod is generally T-shaped in cross-section, and wherein the recessed portion of the plunger adapter is configured to receive the plunger rod therein in the use position.

9. The syringe assembly of claim 8, wherein the recessed portion of the plunger adapter is generally cross-shaped having a first area configured to receive the extension and a second area configured to receive the T-shaped cross-section of the plunger rod.

10. The syringe assembly of claim 1, wherein the first end of the plunger rod is pivotally secured to the plunger adapter at a position spaced radially inward from an external surface of the plunger adapter.

11. A syringe assembly comprising:
a syringe barrel having a first end, a second end, and a sidewall extending between the first end and the second end, the sidewall defining a chamber;
a stopper;

a plunger adapter engaged with the stopper, at least a portion of the stopper positioned within the chamber of the syringe barrel, wherein the plunger adapter defines a recessed portion wherein the recessed portion defines a first area and a second area; and

a plunger rod comprising an elongate body and an extension extending from the elongate body, the plunger rod having a first end pivotally secured to the plunger adapter and a second end comprising a thumb press having a recessed portion configured to conform to an external surface of the syringe barrel, the plunger rod having a pre-use position wherein the second end of the plunger rod is positioned adjacent to the syringe barrel, and a use position wherein the second end of the plunger rod is spaced from the syringe barrel along a longitudinal axis of the syringe barrel,

wherein the first area of the recessed portion receives the extension when the plunger rod is in both the pre-use and the use positions and wherein the second area of the recessed portion receives the elongate body when the plunger rod is in the use position.

12. The syringe assembly of claim 11, wherein the stopper and the plunger adapter are co-formed.

13. The syringe assembly of claim 11, further comprising a luer lock positioned adjacent to the first end of the syringe barrel.

14. The syringe assembly of claim 11, further comprising a cap assembly engaged with the luer lock, the cap assembly comprising a cap body and a seal.

15. The syringe assembly of claim 11, wherein the longitudinal axis extends in a longitudinal direction through the chamber, the plunger rod substantially parallel to the longitudinal axis of the syringe barrel when the plunger rod is in the pre-use position and substantially aligned along the longitudinal axis of the syringe barrel when the plunger rod is in the use position.

16. The syringe assembly of claim 15, wherein the second end of the plunger rod engages and receives a portion of the syringe barrel when the plunger rod is in the pre-use position.

17. The syringe assembly of claim 11, wherein the second end of the plunger rod engages and receives a portion of the syringe barrel when the plunger rod is in the pre-use position.

18. The syringe assembly of claim 11, wherein the first end of the plunger rod includes one of a receiver or an engagement, wherein the receiver or the engagement is pivotally secured to the other of the receiver or the engagement, wherein the other of the receiver or the engagement is positioned within the recessed portion of the plunger adapter.

19. The syringe assembly of claim 11, wherein the plunger adapter comprises a stopper engaging portion secured to the stopper and a plunger interface portion secured to the first end of the plunger rod, and wherein the first end of the plunger rod includes one of a receiver and an engagement pivotally secured to the other of the receiver and the engagement positioned on the plunger interface portion of the plunger adapter.

20. The syringe assembly of claim 18, wherein the receiver is positioned on an extension of the first end of the plunger rod and the engagement is positioned on the plunger adapter.

21. The syringe assembly of claim 20, wherein the receiver comprises an opening defined by the extension of the first end of the plunger rod, and wherein the engagement comprises a pin-shaped member configured to be received by the receiver of the plunger rod.

22. The syringe assembly of claim 11, further comprising a medication or drug disposed within the syringe barrel.

23. The syringe assembly of claim 11, wherein the thumb press is substantially semi-circular.

24. A syringe assembly comprising:

a syringe barrel having a first end, a second end, and a sidewall extending between the first end and the second end, the sidewall defining a chamber with a longitudinal axis extending therealong;

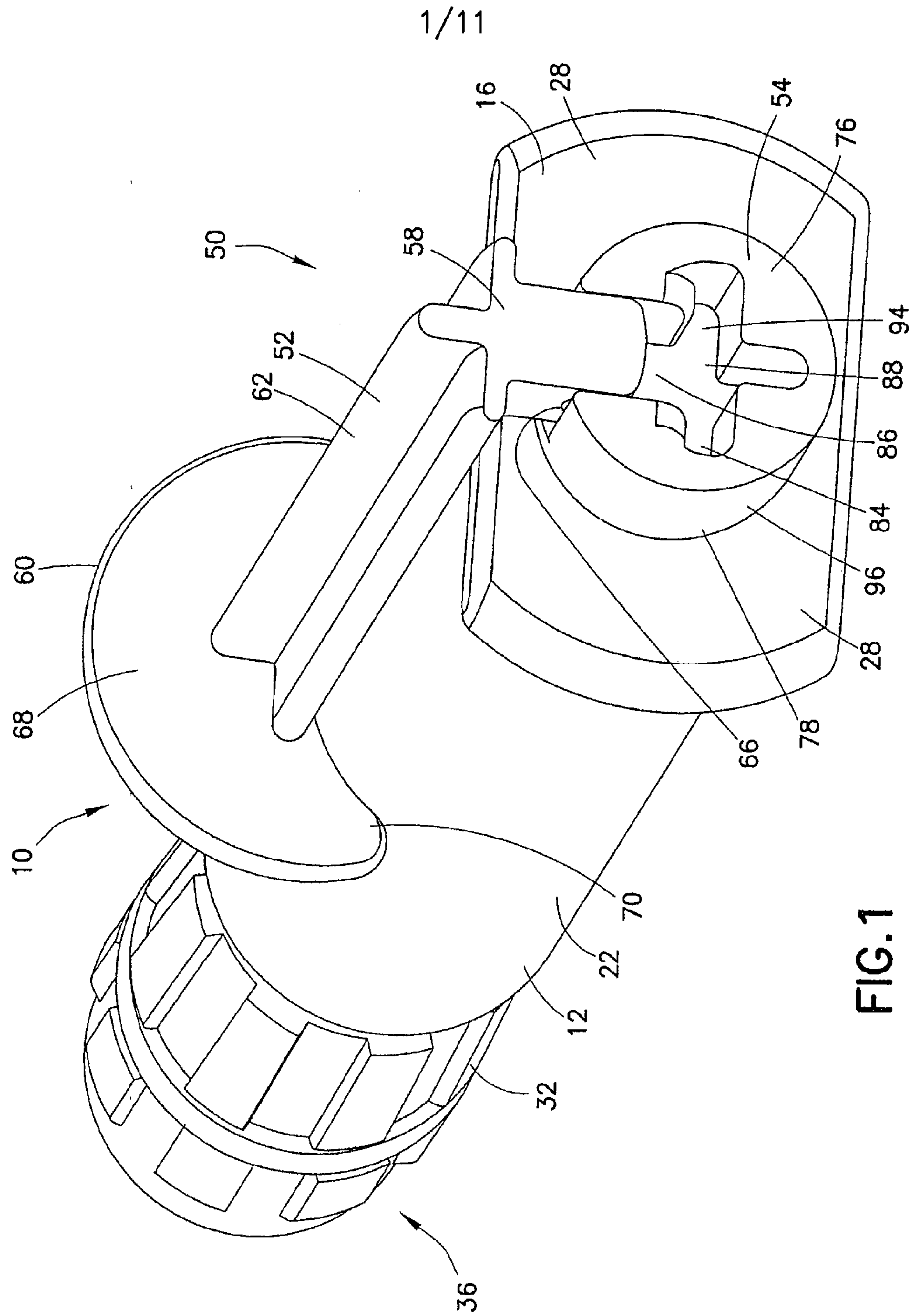
a stopper disposed at least partially within the chamber;

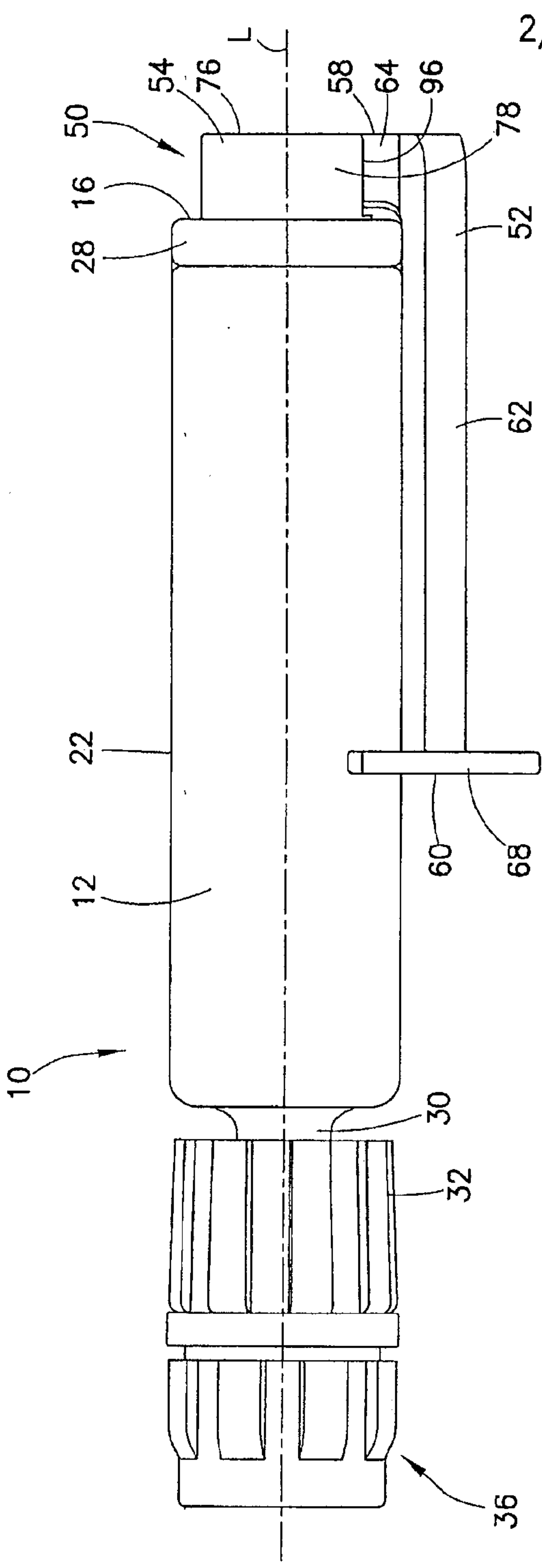
a plunger adapter engaged with the stopper, the plunger adapter defining a recessed portion therein, the recessed portion defining a first area and a second area; and

a plunger rod having an elongate body having a t-shaped cross-section and an extension extending from the elongate body, a first end pivotally secured to the plunger adapter and transitionable from a pre-use position in which a portion of the first end is secured to the plunger adapter and the plunger rod extends adjacent the syringe barrel, to a use position in which the first end is entirely received within the recessed portion and the plunger rod is spaced apart from the syringe barrel, the first area of the recessed portion receiving the t-shaped elongate body and the second area receiving the extension therein in the use position.

25. The syringe assembly of claim 24, wherein the first area of the recessed portion is T-shaped and dimensioned to accommodate the t-shaped elongate body therein.

26. The syringe assembly of claim 24, wherein the stopper and the plunger adapter are co-formed.





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FIG. 2

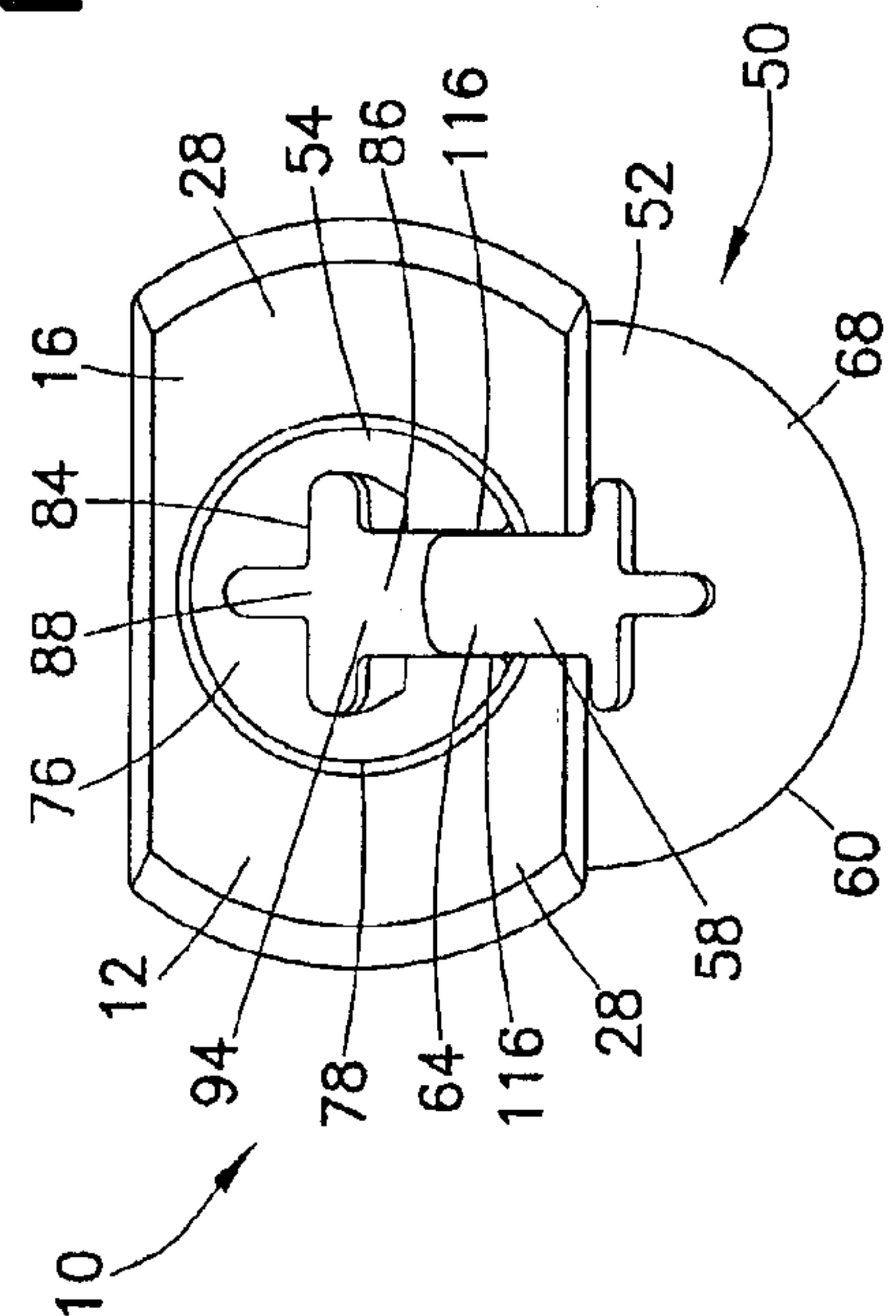


FIG. 4

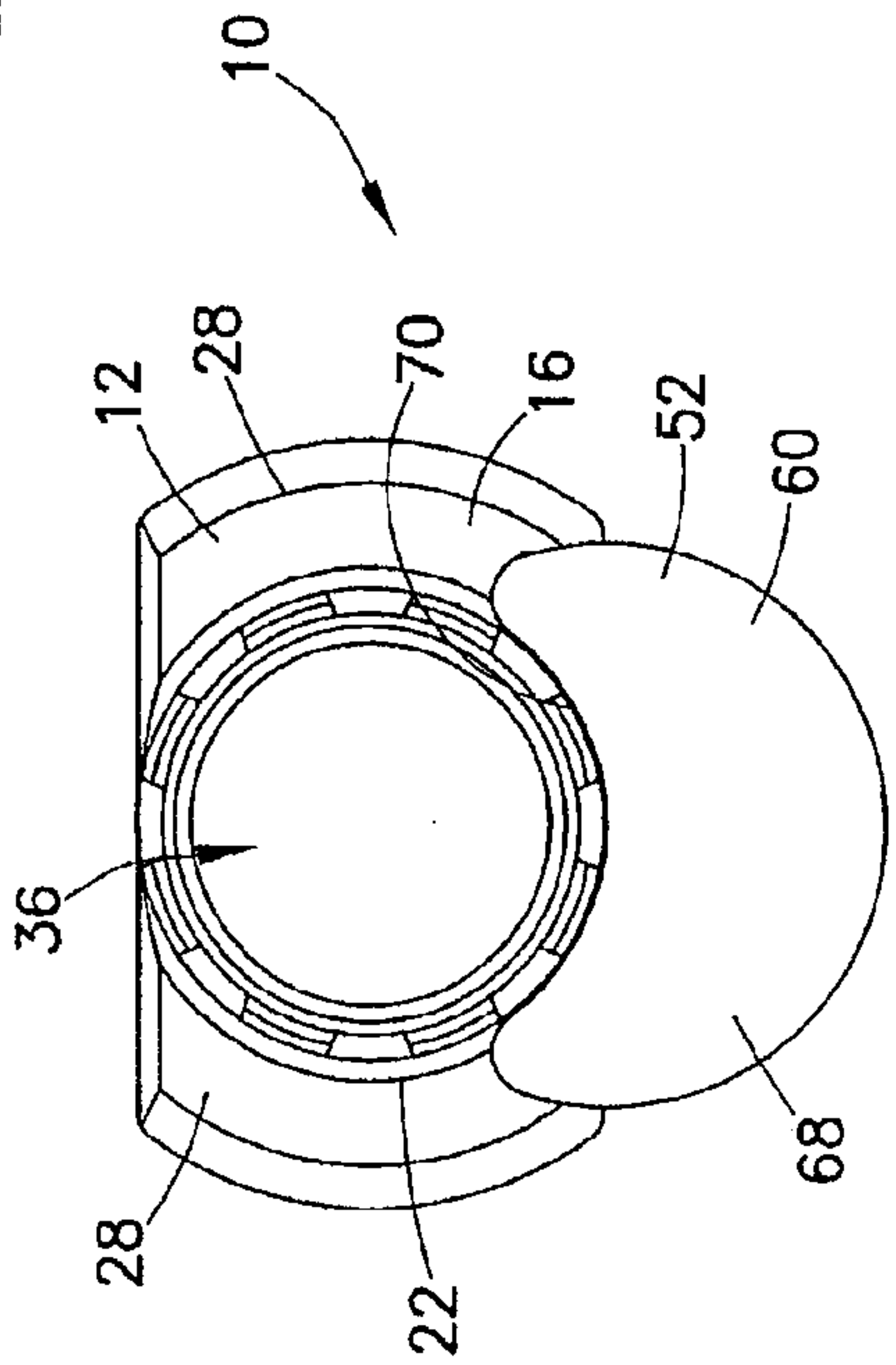


FIG. 3

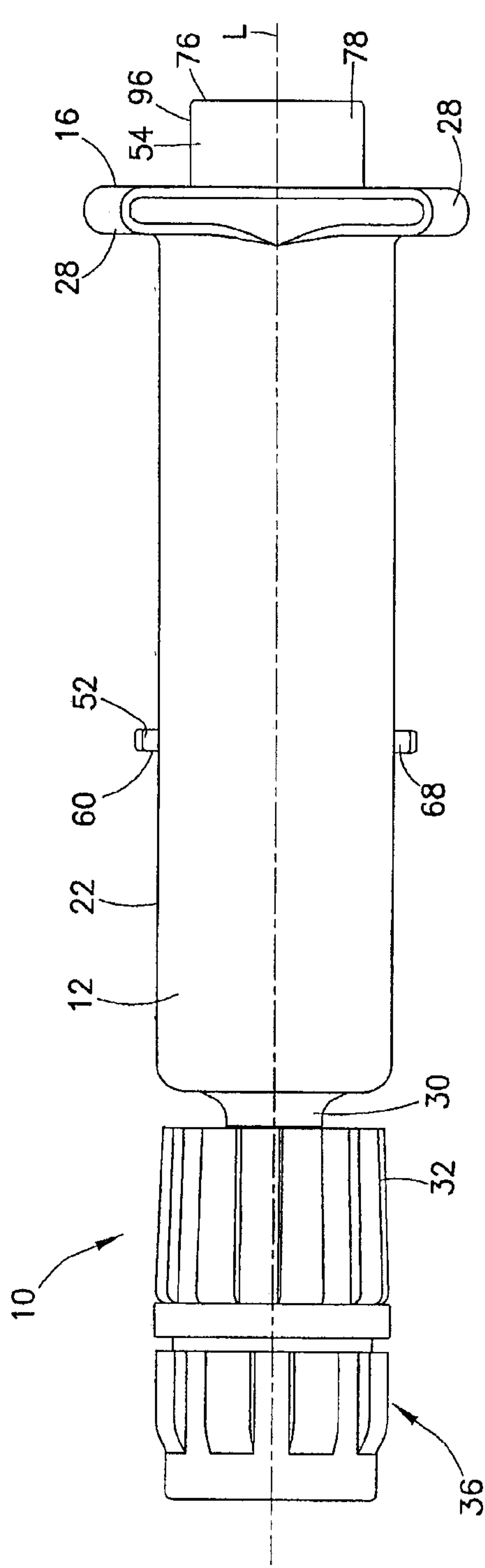


FIG. 5

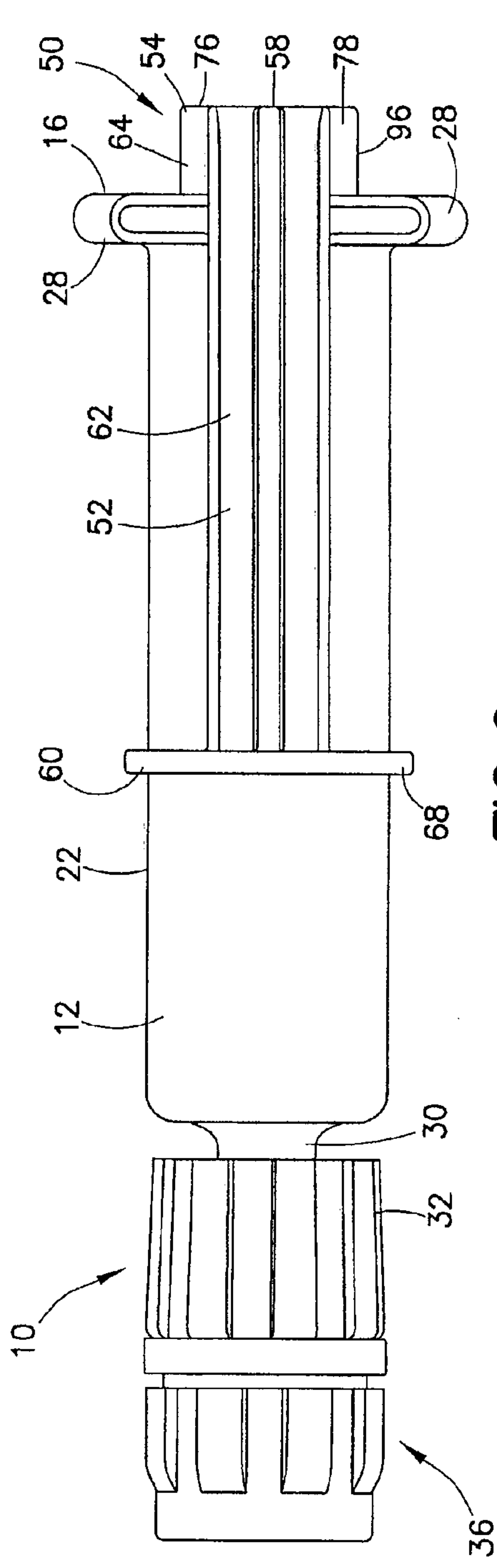
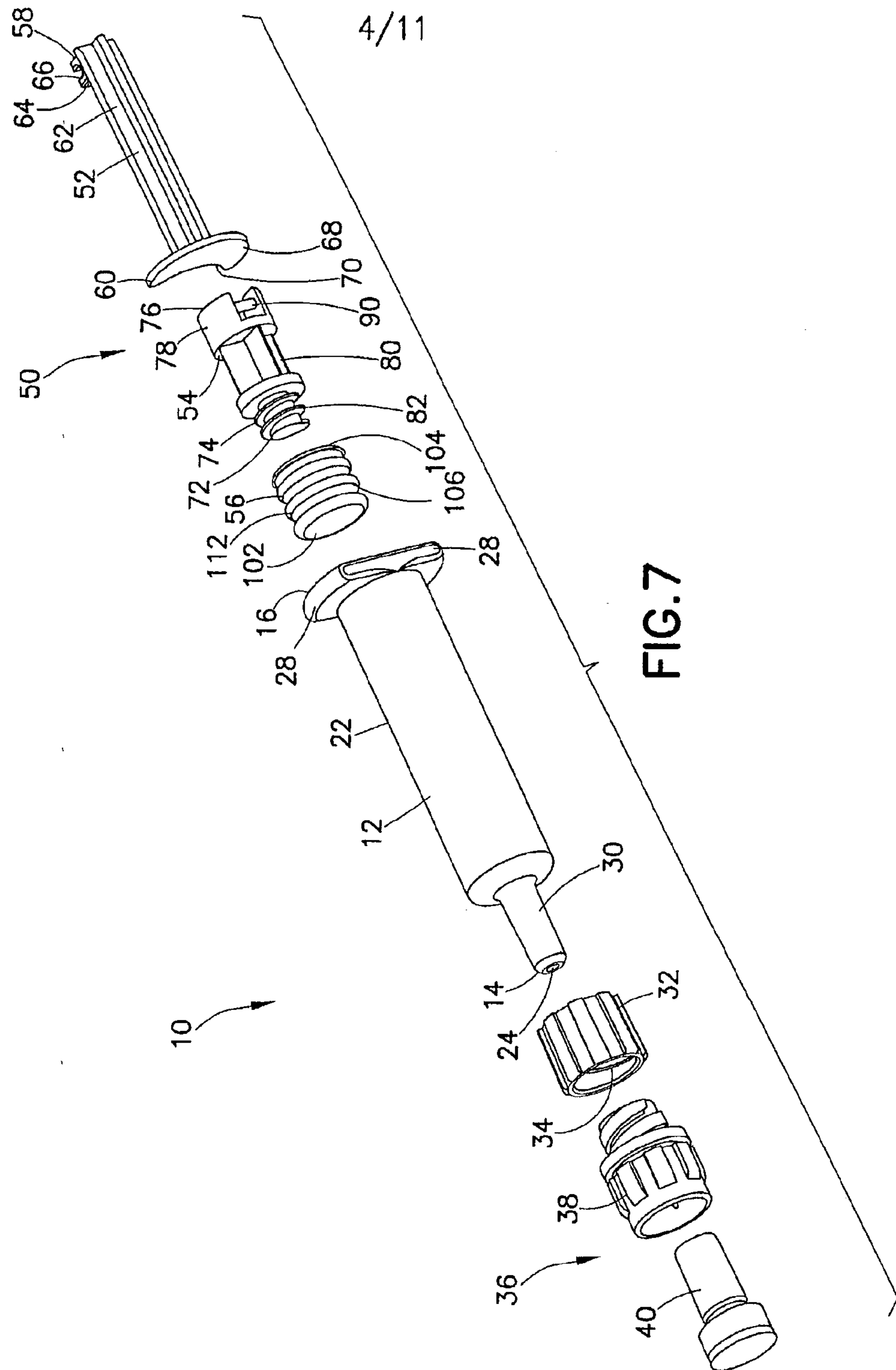


FIG. 6



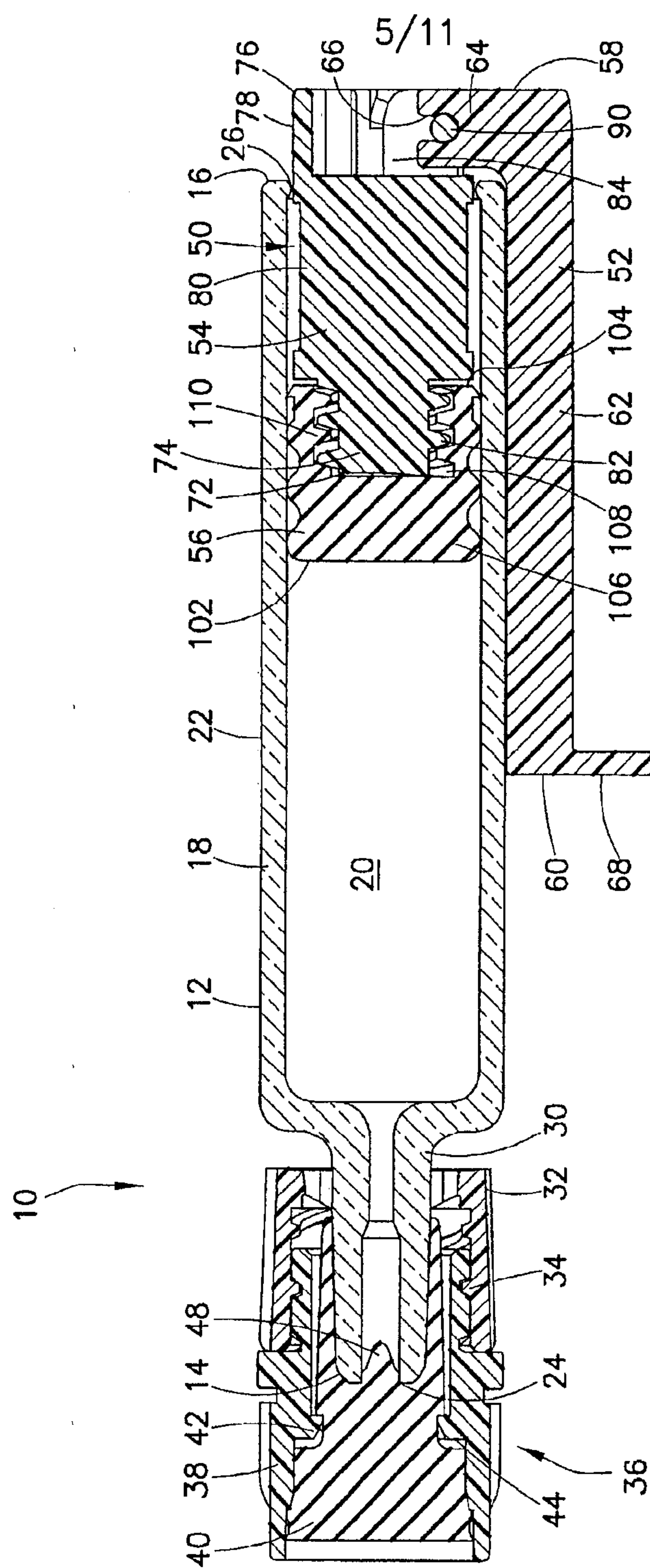


FIG. 8

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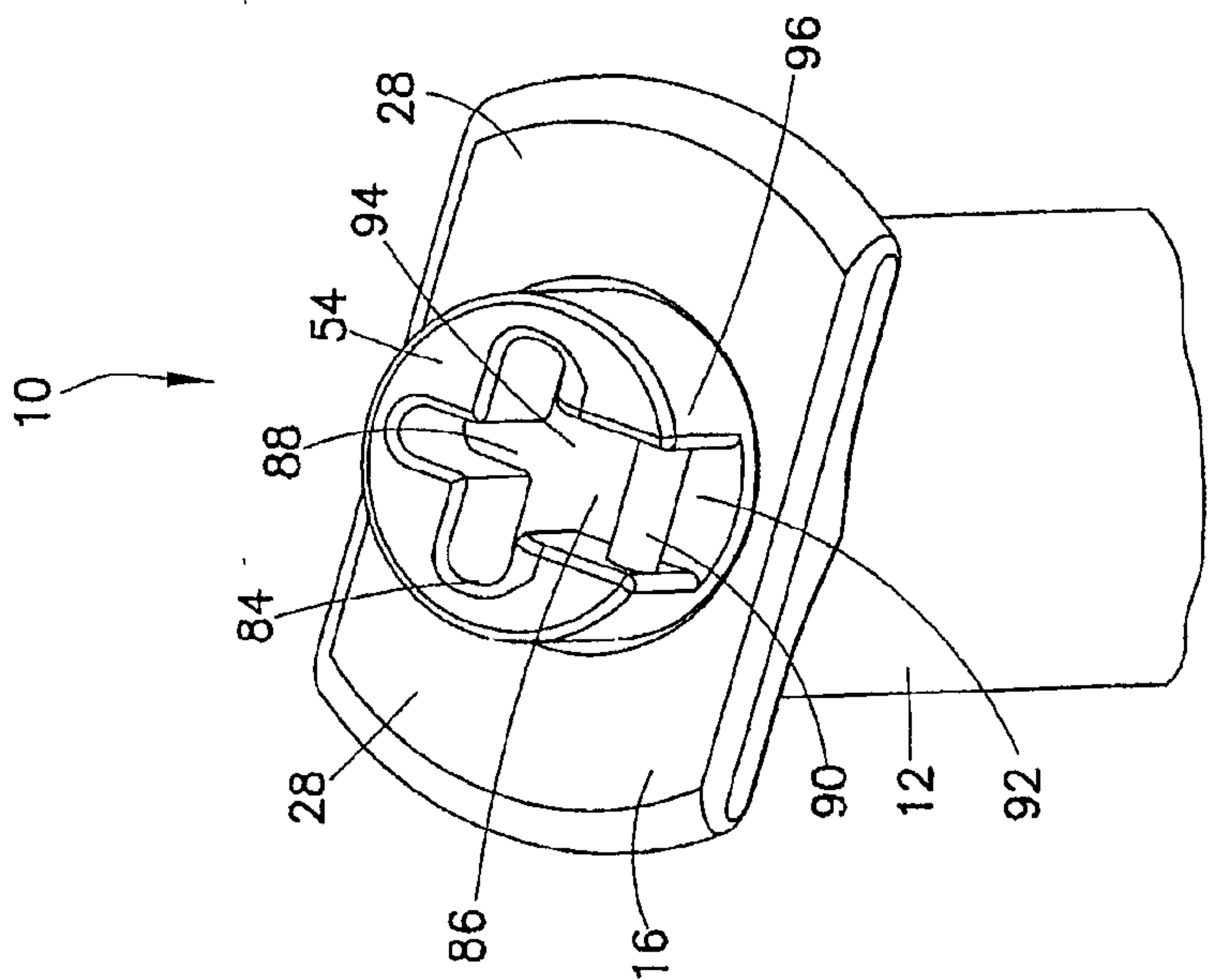


FIG.10

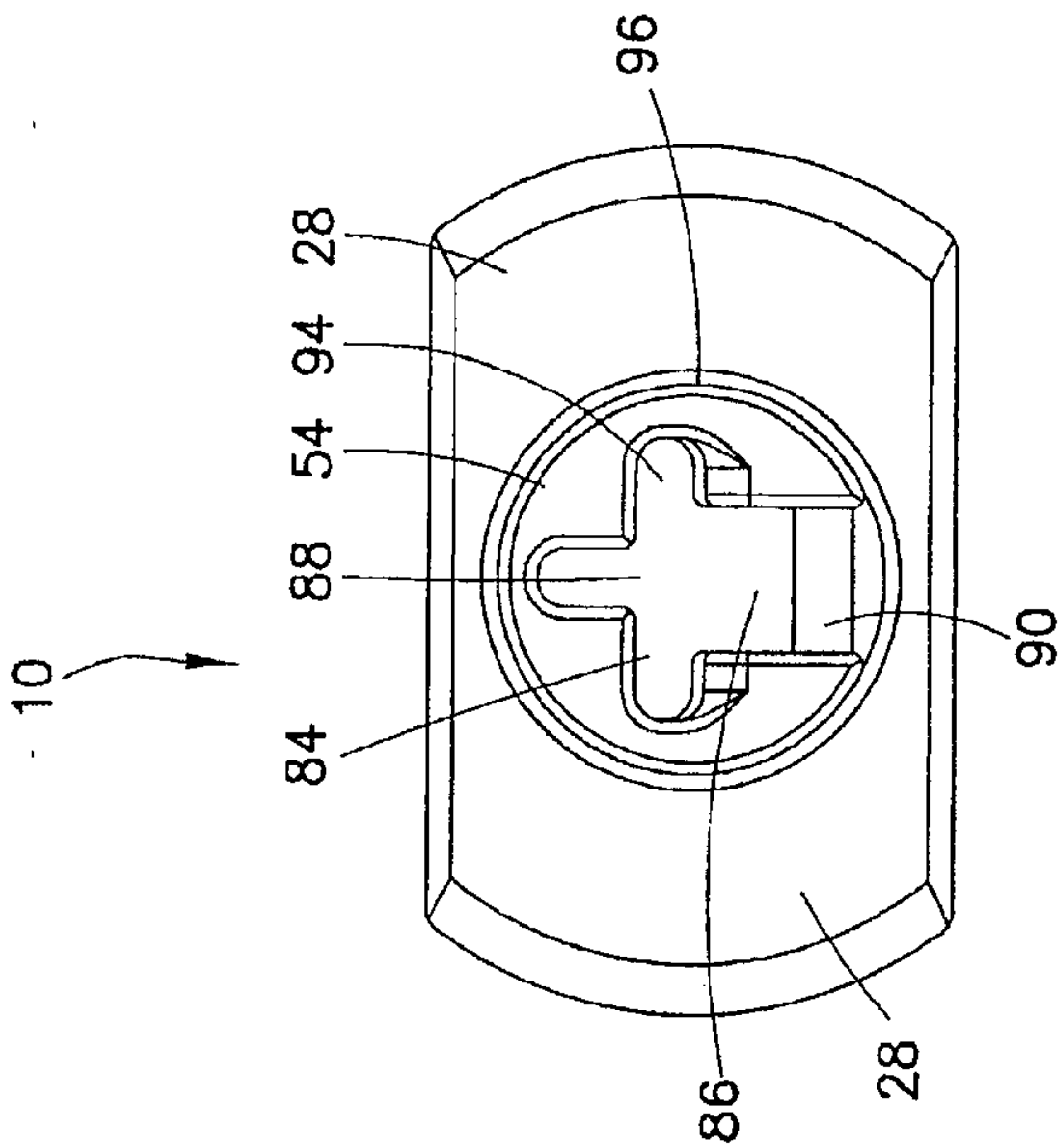


FIG.9

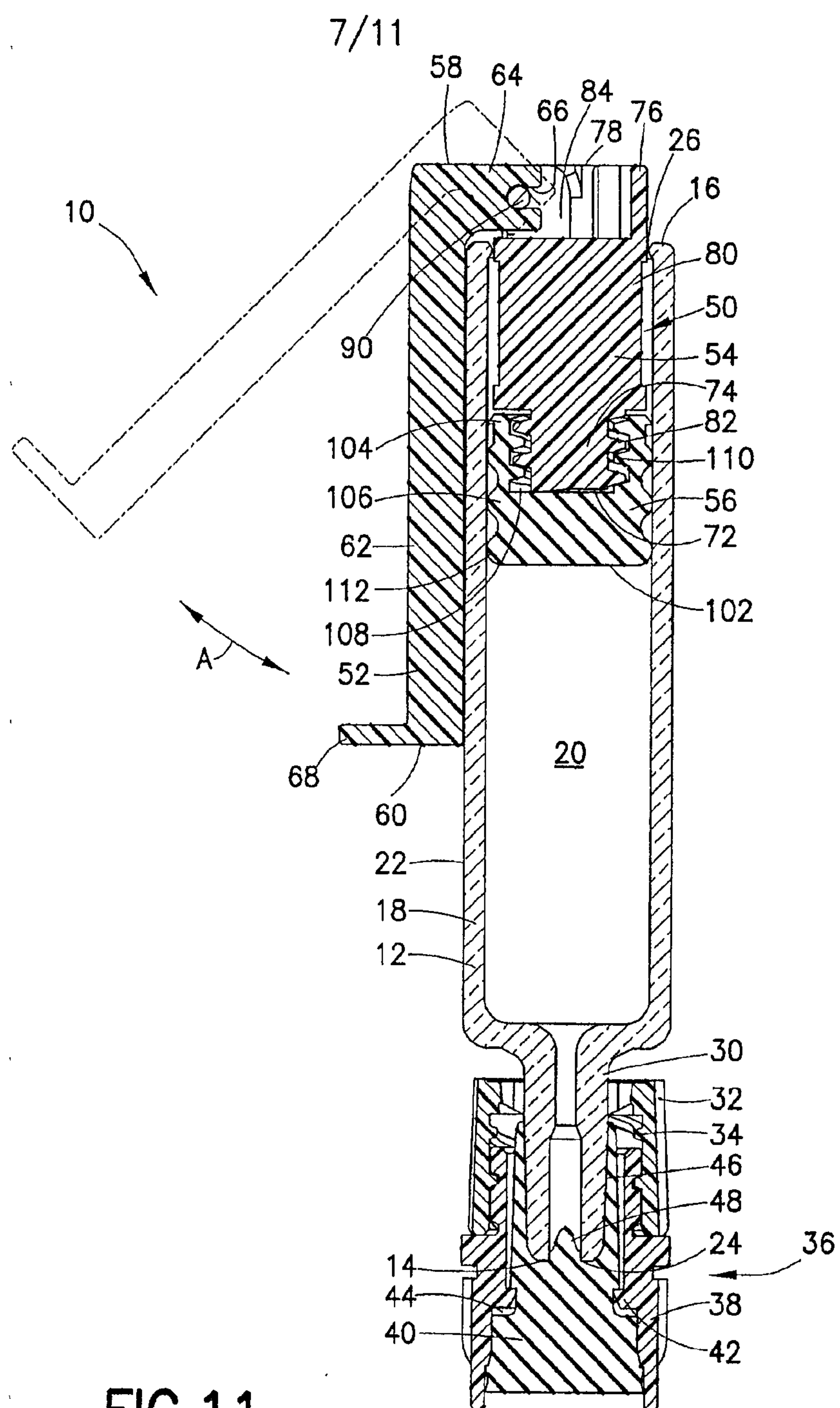


FIG. 11

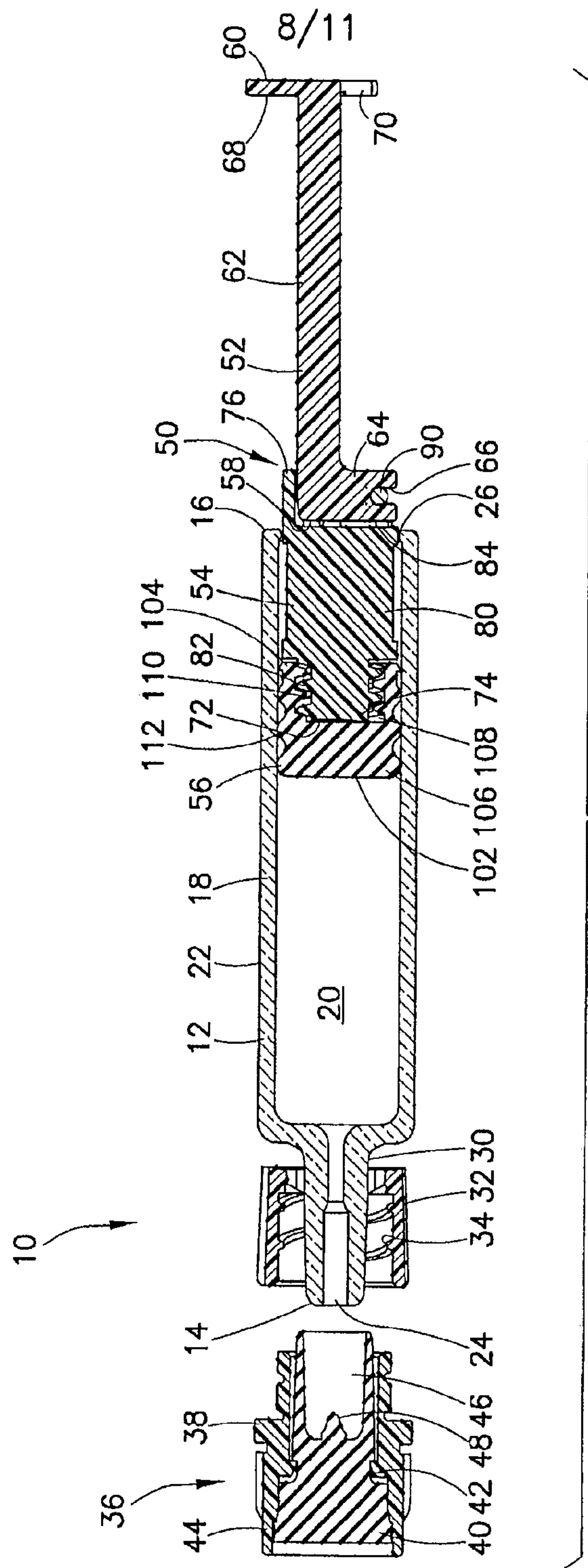
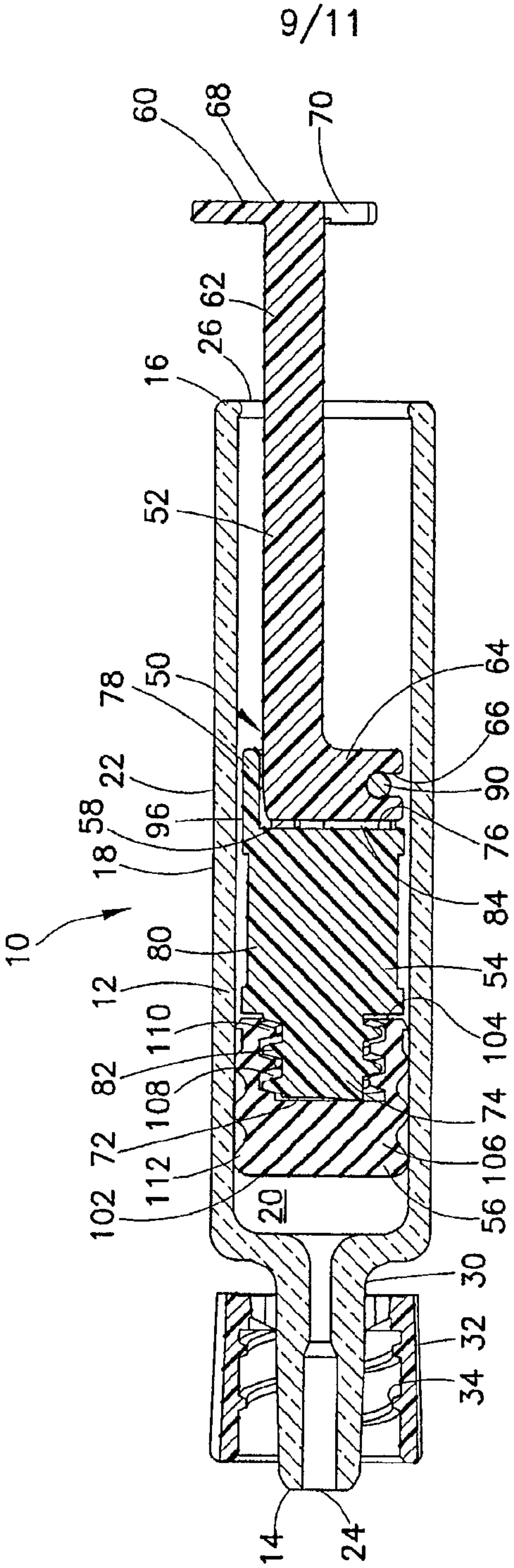
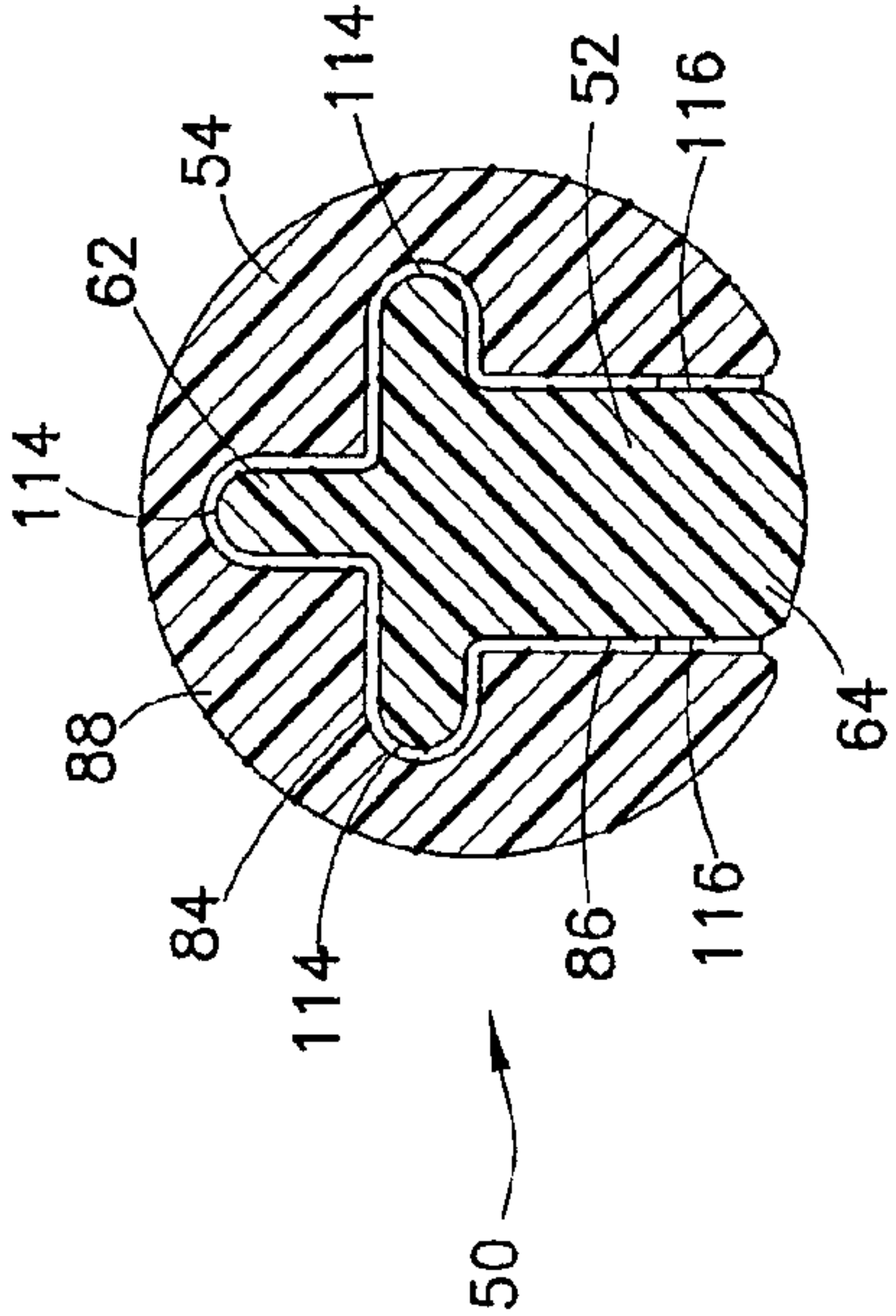
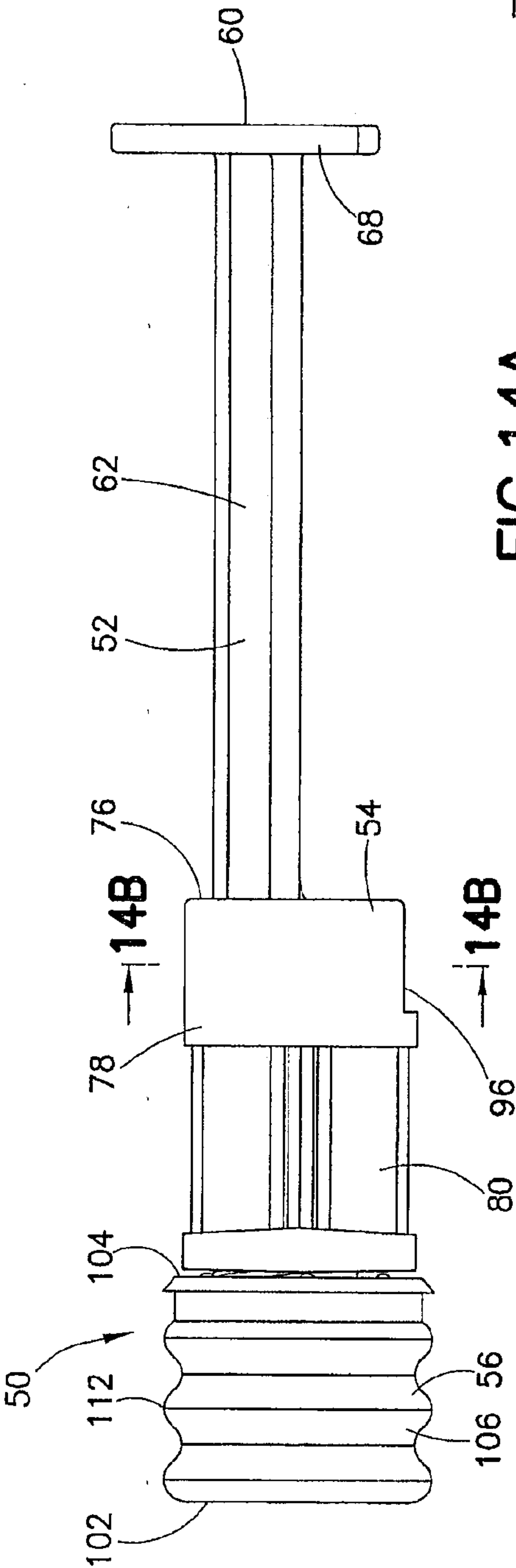


FIG. 12





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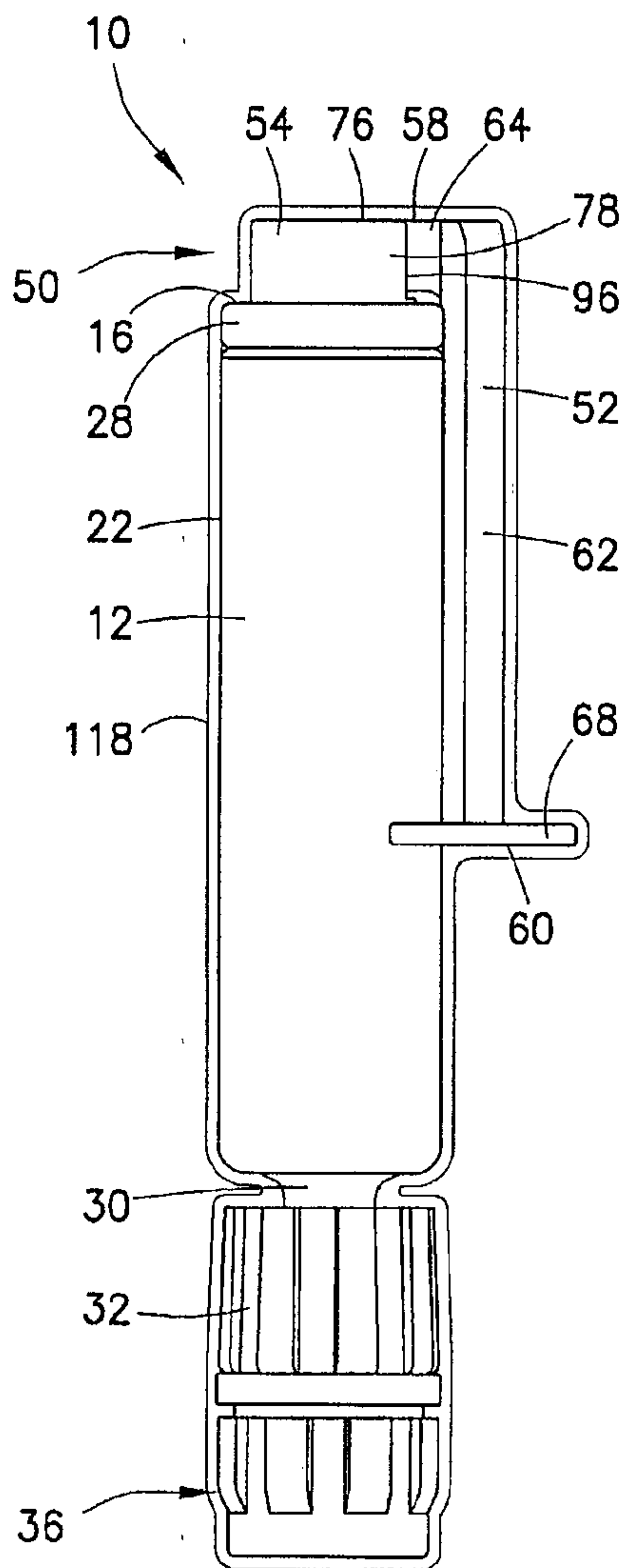


FIG. 15

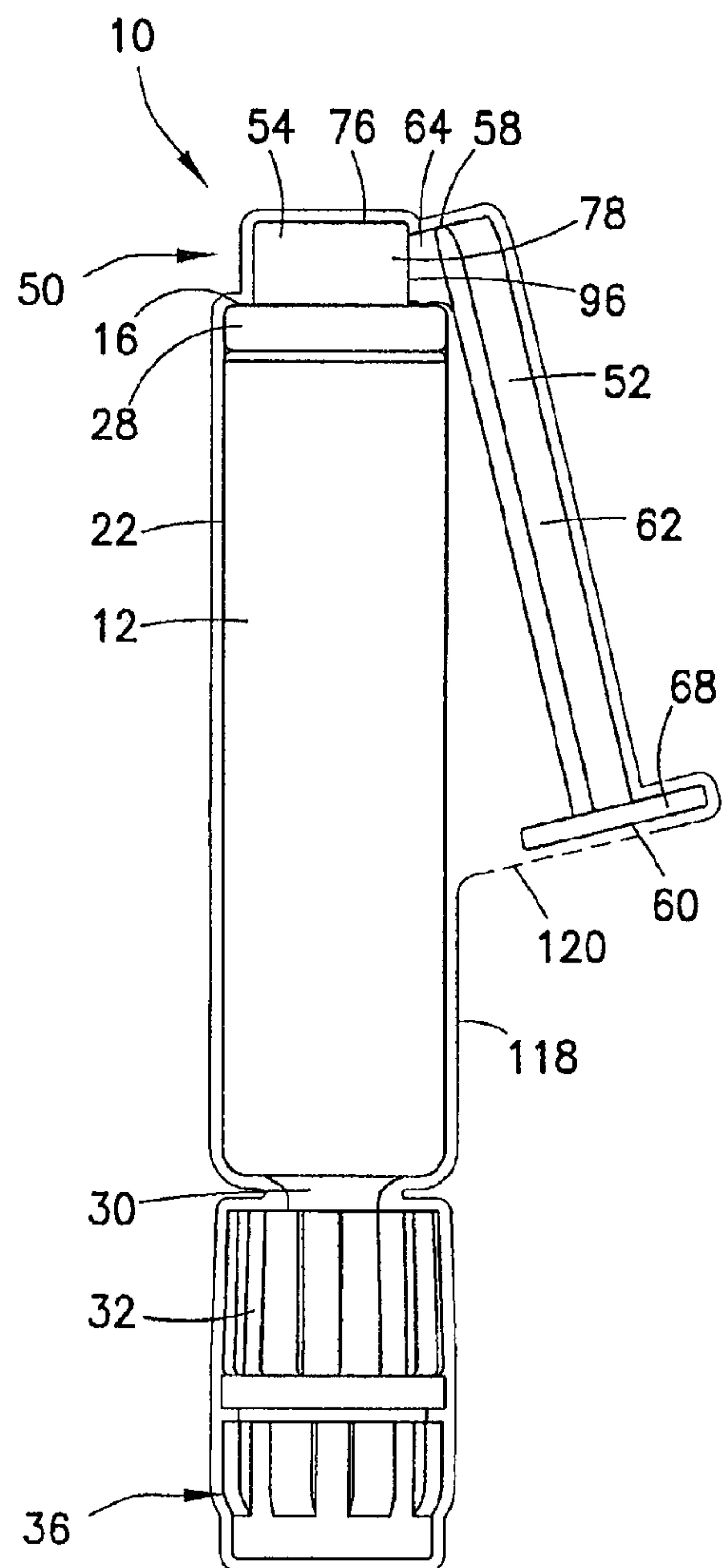


FIG. 16

